

10,000 FAMOUS FREEMASONS

G. Washington
Louis Braille
G. Garibaldi
W.F. Halsey
John Hancock
Charles A. Lindbergh
Ben. Franklin
Robert Burns
G. Mazzini

BY *William R. Denslow*

FOREWORD BY HARRY S. TRUMAN

10,000 FAMOUS FREEMASONS

By

WH.LIAM R. DENSLOW

Volume I

A-D

Foreword by

HARRY S. TRUMAN, P.G.M.

Past Master, Missouri Lodge of Research

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Foreword



Harry S Truman, PGM,
Grand Lodge of Missouri

It is a great pleasure and satisfaction to me that the Missouri Lodge of Research is to publish four volumes containing the biographies of ten thousand or more Freemasons who have contributed to the history of the Free World.

We know that research is the most important step in the study of history. Comprehensive and accurate information must be available for those who would interpret trends in world happenings.

History is made by men. It is therefore necessary to know about the men who have made history. In the study of the past we must know the motives that inspired men who made history. Events and dates are of no value unless we can discover what caused those events at the dates stated in what passes for history.

Plutarch in Roman times and Abbott in recent times wrote biographies of great men. Thousands of words about the subjects of these biographies have been written by other famous men—Shakespeare, for instance, and Milton and Emerson and Toynbee.

Perhaps these Masonic biographies will cause future historians, authors and playwrights to appreciate what has been done since these great books were written. Then people of future generations will have a fair basis for the evaluation of our times.

HARRY S. TRUMAN, PGM

Past Master Missouri Lodge of Research
Independence, Missouri

December 9, 1957

Preface

This is the first of four projected volumes entitled 10,000 Famous Freemasons, a much needed Masonic research project, sponsored by the Missouri Lodge of Research.

Perhaps the title is misleading, for the men listed herein, in the main, have not been famous primarily for their contributions to Freemasonry, but they are 10,000 famous or interesting personalities who have made their names in other fields. However, they have been, or are, members of the fraternity. There are hundreds of professional Freemasons and thousands of Masonic dignitaries who will not be mentioned. Their biographies have been inscribed in the various proceedings and annals of Freemasonry and will not be given here. A few national heads, founders and Masonic authors will be the exceptions.

These volumes do not cover any particular country or time, but, on the contrary, are world-wide in scope and cover the famous men from the beginnings of Freemasonry down to, and including, the present year.

Many volumes and pamphlets have been written on "Famous Freemasons." This work will exceed them all in scope, and, we hope, in accuracy. Nevertheless it is only a start on the vast amount of material that is available in the field of Masonic biography. It is a continuing process and tomorrow may lift a brother to prominence or rob another of his laurels.

It is difficult to establish a criteria for inclusion in these volumes. The reader will note, for instance, that many famous Freemasons have been overlooked, whereas many famous

men who were anti-Masons are included. Former members who have been “back sliders” are noted as such when it comes to our attention and famous men who have been expelled are listed also. We have given the facts and have not attempted to claim what was not ours.

The last volume of this series will include an addenda of the many worthy brethren who have been omitted, and we will rely on our readers to bring these names to our attention so that they may be included.

To understand the difficulties in preparing a volume of this type, let us explain how it has been accomplished. Five years ago, we microfilmed and reprinted several thousand biographical cards in the library of the House of the Temple, Supreme Council, 33°, AASR (SJ). This kind gesture of the Southern Supreme Council is appreciated. This basic card file started our research. In the intervening five years, we have increased our 3 x 5 reference file from the original group to the amazing total of approximately 60,000 cards. To do this, we have read, marked and pasted on 3 x 5 cards, all the biographies in the current Who's Who, the two volumes of Who Was Who and the Who's Who Supplements. The majority of our references, however, have come from thousands of Masonic books and periodicals which we have indexed during this period. This is a continuing process, and we add a dozen or more biographical cards a day to our files. This card file is supplemented by an extensive biographical file for more lengthy material.

We already have mentioned the valuable assistance given by the Scottish Rite, Southern Jurisdiction, for the part it contributed to this project. The York Rite also has donated heavily by paying the salary of the author and his staff of The Royal

Arch Mason magazine for the many hours they have spent working on these volumes. They have bought card files, cards, books and other material that has been necessary in compiling the original material. The contribution of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons will run into five figures before the project is completed.

The compiler wishes to express his appreciation to Ray V. Denslow, Nada W. Hoffman and Juanita D. Denslow for their help in copyreading and proofreading and to Hazel H. Jackson for maintaining the card files.

These volumes will stand as a memorial to the criticism of our detractors. What other group of men in the world has accomplished so much? A perusal of these biographies will indicate that a great proportion of the liberators, patriots, royalty, explorers, statesmen, judges, inventors, soldiers, sailors, musicians, entertainers, aviators, and business executives have seen fit to honor our fraternity with their membership. For more than 200 years Freemasonry has produced men of leadership, morals and vision; men of knowledge; men of science; men of war; men who would free their people from the oppressor; men who would fight to maintain that liberty—and men who would offer a helping hand to the downtrodden. They are, indeed, brethren of whom we may be proud!

In these four volumes you may read their record. It will speak for itself!

WILLIAM R. DENSLOW

Compiler of the 1957 Transactions,
Missouri Lodge of Research.

A

John Aasen A giant 8' 6" tall who, when raised in Highland Park Lodge No. 382, Los Angeles on July 14, 1924, weighed 536 lbs. The raising was done by Arthur S. Crites, G.M. and all ritualistic ceremonies were observed except that 12 craftsmen were required. Fifteen hundred witnessed the ceremony. Aasen appeared in a number of motion pictures including The Circus.

Leon Abbett Governor of New Jersey, 1885–1887. Past master Mystic Tie Lodge No. 272, New York City. Demitted to Varick Lodge No. 31, Jersey City and later to Temple Lodge No. 110. Was representative to G.L. of Ireland from G.L. of New Jersey from 1886 to 1894. Member of Ancient Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., New York City.

Stephen Abbot General in American Revolution. Member Essex Lodge, Salem, Mass.

Bud Abbott Radio, stage and screen performer. b. Asbury Park, N.J., Oct. 2, 1898. Began as a cashier in theatres in 1916 and became famous with the founding of the team "Abbott and Costello." Sold 78 million in war bonds on a 31 day tour during WW2 and entertained in 300 Army and Navy camps. A Mason and a Shriner.

George B. Abbott English Masonic writer. Member of Gladsmuir Lodge No. 1385.

Leon M. Abbott (1867–1932) Grand Commander of Supreme Council AASR (NJ) PGM of Mass. Raised in Columbian Lodge, Boston, June 7, 1894. PHP of St. Paul's Royal Arch Chapter, Boston.

Robert O. Abbott (1824–1867) Surgeon General of the U.S., 1862–67. b. in Pennsylvania, he entered the army in 1849 as assistant surgeon and accompanied Magruder's battery to California. He subsequently served in the East and also in Florida and Texas. During 1861 he was assistant to the chief medical purveyor of New York and later medical director of the Fifth Army Corps. The duties of his office were arduous and he died of overwork. Mentioned as a Mason in the District of Columbia proceedings of 1865.

William R. Abbott (1869–1950) President of Illinois Bell Telephone Co. 1922–30; chairman of the board, 1930–34. b. Sept. 18, 1869 in New York City. Began as clerk for Erie Railroad in 1885 and with the Westchester (N.Y.) Telephone Company in 1888. Was with Illinois Bell from 1893, becoming general superintendent, general manager, vice president and president. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Mar. 2, 1950.

Abd-el-Kader (1807–1883) Algerian patriot and emir of Mascara. b. near Mascara, his family were Sherifs or descendants of Mohammed, and his father, Mahi-ed-Din, was celebrated throughout north Africa for his piety and charity. He received an excellent education in theology, philosophy and the manly arts such as horsemanship. After the French had taken possession of Algeria (1830) the Arabs entreated

Mahi-ed-Din to become their 1st Duke of Abercorn sultan, which he did, but immediately abdicated in favor of Abd, his son. Abd, at the head of 9,000 troops marched toward Oran to drive out the French. The fighting was bitter, but the French remained in possession of the city. For the next 13 years he stubbornly resisted the French conquest of Algeria, but in 1847 when they massed 120,000 troops against him, he was forced to surrender under these tremendous odds. Although promised that he would be allowed to go to Alexandria, he and his family were detained in Europe for five years. In July, 1860, he was active in defending the Christians against the murderous attacks of the Moslems in the Christian quarters at Damascus. In recognition of saving many lives, he received decorations and presents from many countries.. The remainder of his life was occupied in public devotions, religious instruction and practical charity. A biography published in London in 1867 records this interesting episode: "Abd-el-Kader had just succeeded in achieving, after much toil and self-abnegation, the highest distinction to be attained in a religious profession, dogmatic and exclusive. By a singular contrast he now wished to wear the badge of a society based and established on the principle of universal brotherhood. The Masonid body in Alexandria hastened to welcome the illustrious neophyte. The Lodge of the Pyramids was specially convened for the occasion on the evening of 18th of June (1867). Abd-el-Kader was initiated into the mysteries, and to the privileges of being a 'Fellow of the Prophet,' added the more time-honored privilege of being a 'Free and Accepted Mason.' He died at Damascus on May 26, 1883.

James, 1st Duke of Abercorn (1811–1885) 10th Earl, 2nd Marquis and 1st Duke of Abercorn. Grandson of 1st Marquis; lord lieutenant of Ireland(1866–68; 1874–76). Grand Master of Ireland 1874–1885.

James, 2nd Duke of Abercorn (1838–1913) Eldest brother of Lord George Francis Hamilton. Was official figurehead of the Irish landlords in land war and opposed home rule. Grand Master of Ireland in 1886 succeeding his father, the first duke.

James, 7th Earl of Abercorn (James Hamilton) (?–1744) Privy Councilor of England. Named Grand Master of England by the retiring Grand Master, Duke of Richmond, in 1725. He was at that time master of a lodge and had served on the committee of charity during that year. Succeeded his father as Earl of Abercorn in 1734. Died, 1744.

John W. Abercrombie (1866–1940) Educator and public official. President of University of Alabama 1902–11. State supervisor of teacher certification in Alabama 1935–40. Acting Secretary for U.S. Department of Labor 1918–20. Member of 63rd and 64th Congress 1913–17. Member of Alabama Senate 1896–98. Mason and 32° AASR.

Sir Ralph Abercromby (1734–1801) British general who led the expeditionary force that conquered St. Lucia and Trinidad in 1795–96. He commanded troops in the Mediterranean in 1800, defeated the French at Alexandria in 1801 and died of wounds received there. He is credited with restoring the discipline and efficiency of the British army.

Member of Canon-gate Kilwinning Lodge No. 2, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Charles Aberdour (Lord Sholto) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) from 1757–61 and 20th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1755–56. He was later the 15th Earl of Morton.

Walter S. Abernathy Transportation economist, government official.

Sir Allan Adair b. Sept. 7, 1887 at Petersburg, Va. Transportation specialist, Dept. of Commerce 1928–53; executive secretary Pan American Railway Congress since 1949. Raised in Powhatan Starke Lodge No. 124, Petersburg, Va. on Sept. 5, 1919. Member of Columbia Chapter No. 1, Washington, D.C. 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C. May 28, 1946. Member of Almas Shrine Temple, 1946; Washington Chapter No. 3, National Sojourners, George Washington Camp of Heroes of '76. Past president (1944) of advisory board of Masonic Clubs of D.C. Past deputy state president of National League of Masonic Clubs.

Robert S. Abernethy Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 5, 1874 in Gonzales Co., Texas. Commissioned lieutenant in 1897 and promoted through grades to general rank on Oct. 1, 1932. Served in the Spanish American War and in the Philippines. Commanded 175th Field Artillery Brigade, A.E.F. in WW1. His last command was San Francisco Port of Embarkation and he retired in 1938. Member of Summerton

Lodge No. 105, Summerton, N.C. and served as national president of the National Sojourners from 1937–40.

Thomas G. Abernethy Congressman from Mississippi. Member of 76th to 84th Congresses. b. May 16, 1903 at Eupora, Miss. Lawyer. Received degrees in Eupora Lodge No. 423 and presently member of Prairie Lodge No. 87 at Okolona, Miss. Member of Royal Arch Chapter and Commandery, K.T. at Okolona and Hamasa Shrine Temple at Meridian, Miss.

Edmond Francois Valentin About (1828–1885) French journalist, novelist, playwright and member of the French Academy. Author of *Le Roi des Montagnes* (1856), *Le Nez d'un Notaire* (1862) and *Madelon* (1863). Mason.

George, 5th Earl of Aboyne (George Gordon) (1761–1853) Soldier; succeeded as 5th Earl of Aboyne in 1794 and the 9th Marquis of Huntly in 1836. Was Grand Master of Scotland in 1802–03.

Antonine Firmin Abraham A Freemason who made himself notorious at Paris in the beginning of the 19th century by the manufacture and sale of false Masonic diplomas and by trading the higher degrees, from which traffic he reaped a harvest for some time.

Herbert Abraham President of Ruberoid Co. since 1903. b. July 9, 1883, New York City. President of Asphalt Roofing Industry Bureau three terms. Served on War Industries Board, Washington, 1917–18. Mason.

Allen Abrams Vice president of Marathon Corp. since 1940 and Director since 1943. Deputy Director of development and research for O.S.S. in 1943–44. b. Jan. 27, 1889. Mason.

Benjamin Abrams President of Emerson Radio and Phonograph Corp. Came to this country from Romania at the age of 12. Left school at 13 to help support his fatherless family and by the age of 29 had acquired the name, assets and presidency of the Emerson Corp. His career is studded with “firsts”; the radio–phonograph, the smallest radio and commercial television. Famed for his philanthropy to national and international projects. He is a member of Farragut Lodge No. 976, New York City.

Franz Abt (1819–1885) German composer. b. Eilenberg Saxony d. Wiesbaden. Composed a number of cantatas and songs for the lodge for use on St. John’s Feast Days. Initiated in Brunswick Lodge in 1853.

Sir Allan Adair British Major General created the 6th Baron in 1938 of baronetcy established in 1888. Served with Grenadier Guards in 1916–17 and was in command of the 3rd Bn. in 1940; the 30th Guards Brigade in 1941; and the 6th Brigade in 1942; when he was given command of the newly formed Armored Division of the Guards which he retained until the end of WW2 and led in the epic dash of 1944 from the Seine to the relief of Brussels. It was regarded as one of the most gallant achievements of the European liberation. His only son (a captain) was killed when the Guards attacked Mount Camino in Italy, Nov. 1943. Since 1951 he has been

second in command of the Queen's Bodyguard of the Yeomen of the Guard. Commander of the Bath; DSO; M.C. He entered Masonry in April, 1924 in Household Brigade Lodge No. 2614, serving as master. Appointed assistant grand master of the G.L. of England in 1953. A member of most of the Masonic rites in England.

E. Ross Adair Congressman from 4th Indiana district to 82nd Congress. b. Dec. 15, 1907 at Albion, Ind. Admitted to bar in 1933 and since practiced at Fort Wayne. Served in army overseas in WW2. Raised in Albion Lodge No. 97, Albion, Ind. in 1929. 32° AASR in Fort Wayne, Ind. Shriner, National Sojourner, Tall Cedar member.

Hugh R. Adair Justice, Supreme Court of Montana from 1943 and chief justice since 1947. b. Aug. 27, 1889 at Trego Co., Kansas. Served in both bodies of Montana state legislature and was lieutenant governor from 1937–41, addressing the Grand Lodge of Montana in this capacity in 1938. Past potentate of Algeria Shrine Temple.

Jackson L. Adair Congressman, judge. b. Feb. 23, 1888 at Clayton, Ill. Graduated from Univ. of Michigan in 1911 and admitted to bar in Michigan, Oklahoma and Illinois, first practicing in Muskogee, Okla. in 1911–13 and then in Quincy, Ill. Illinois state senator in 1928–32 and member of the 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–37) from 15th district. Has been U.S. district judge, Southern Illinois district since 1937. Mason.

Alva Adams (1850–1922) Governor of Colorado 1887–89;

1897–99. Candidate for governor in 1904 and was declared elected, being seated on Jan. 10, but on March 20, 1905 he was ousted by legislature which gave the office to James H. Peabody, who served one day and resigned. Member of first Colorado legislature in 1876. U.S. Commissioner–General to Australia, New Zealand, Java, Siam, and China. Knighted in Pueblo Commandery No. 3, K.T. Jan. 15, 1884; 32° January 29, 1890 in Denver. Active member of Supreme Council AASR (SJ). b. Iowa Co., Wis., May 14, 1850; d. Battle Creek, Mich., Nov. 1, 1922.

Alva B. Adams (1875–1941) U.S. Senator from Colorado, 1923–45. b. Oct. 29, 1875 at Del Norte, Colo. Graduate of Yale and Columbia universities, and admitted to Colorado bar in 1899, practicing at Pueblo. d. Dec. 1, 1941. Mason.

Andrew Adams (1736–1797) Signer of Articles of Confederation in 1777 and chief justice of Supreme Court of Connecticut. b. in January, 1736 in Stratford, Conn. Graduated from Yale in 1760 and practiced at Stamford and Litchfield. Member of state legislature in 1776–81; delegate to Congress in 1777–80 and again in 1781–82. Appointed judge of state supreme court in 1789, he was made chief justice in 1793. He was an adroit lawyer and an able judge. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 11, Litchfield, Conn. d. Nov. 26, 1797.

Charles F. Adams (1876–1946) Business executive who pioneered and developed National League hockey in U.S., 1925. Governor of the league 1925–37; Director and chairman of board of Eastern Racing Association 1935–43. Director Boston

National League Baseball Association 1927–35. Knight Templar and Shriner. b. Oct. 19, 1876, in Newport, Vt. d. Oct. 1, 1946.

Claude M. Adams Brigadier General U.S. Army (1943). Executive officer and aide-de-camp to General G. C. Marshall, chief of staff; military attache to Brazil 1942–44. Served in WW1 as lieutenant. Vice president of O'Donnell Shoe Corp. Mason. b. Hum-bolt, Tenn., Oct 2, 1895.

Frank R. Adams Author and playwright. Has written about 20 novels, a score of musical comedies, several motion pictures and a book of lyrics of musical comedy. b. July 7, 1883 at Morrison, Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Chicago in 1904. Mason.

Jasper Adams (1793–1841) Clergyman and educator. b. Aug. 27, 1793 in Medway, Mass. Graduate of Brown Univ. and studied theology at Andover. Math professor at Brown and at same time ordained in Episcopal church. Became president of the college of Charleston in 1824, and Hobart College (Geneva, N.Y.) in 1826. Served as professor at West Point from 1838–40. Raised in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 4, Providence, R.I. in Sept., 1821. d. Oct. 25, 1841.

John Adams American Revolution (naval). Purser on ship Raleigh during Revolution. Member St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H.

John Quincy Adams (1767–1848) Sixth President of the United States 1825–29. An anti-Mason who a year before his death published a book of his letters against the Masonic

fraternity which amounted to an expose.

John T. Adams (1873–1942) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1931–34. b. Dec. 25, 1873 at La Porte, Ind. Admitted to bar in 1900. Named to Supreme Court of Colorado as justice in 1925, serving last part of term as chief justice. Resumed law practice in 1935. Mason. d. May 13, 1942.

Karl L. Adams (1888–1948) President of Northern Illinois State Teachers College at DeKalb, Ill. from 1929. b. Sept. 5, 1888 at Lexington, Ohio. Mason. d. Dec. 6, 1948.

Kenneth S. Adams Chairman of board of Phillips Petroleum Co. since 1951. President of Phillips from 1938–51. b. Aug. 31, 1899 at Horton, Kans. Began with Phillips as a warehouse clerk in 1920. Member of Bartlesville Lodge No. 284, Bartlesville Chapter No. 55, R.A.M.; Calvary Commandery No. 26, K.T. all of Bartlesville, Okla. 33° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie, Okla.; Kara Grotto, Bartlesville; Tulsa Court No. 47, Royal Order of Jesters, Tulsa; Akdar Shrine Temple at Tulsa; Wasono Shrine Club, Bartlesville, Bartlesville Scottish Rite Club. Member, Legion of Honor, Order of DeMolay and Trustee, Masonic Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc.

Myron E. Adams (1876–1930) Social Worker. D.D. Syracuse University 1898. Ordained Baptist minister 1905. Social worker in Rochester, N.Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Buffalo and New York City. Organized and became first director of Department of Morale (under Chief of Staff U.S. Army) during WW1. Executive secretary of National Rehabilitation Comm. 1922;

associated with Marshall Field and Albert A. Sprague in the Public Service Associates, Inc., 1922–26. Mason. b. Feb. 19, 1876. d. Jan. 17, 1930.

Richard Adams Privateer and Captain during Revolution. Member of St. Peter's Lodge, Newburyport, Mass.

Samuel Adams Signer, Declaration of Independence. No record of his Masonic affiliation although purported to have been made a Mason in St. John's Lodge, Boston, Mass.

Samuel Adams Governor of Arkansas in 1844. Member of Clarksville Lodge No. 5 (Ark.) and junior grand warden pro-tem of the G.L. of Arkansas in 1844.

Samuel E. Adams Active member of Supreme Council AASR (SJ). d. March 29, 1912. Raised in Vermont Lodge No. 18, Hartland, Vt. Exalted in Burlington (Vt.) Chapter No. 3, Feb. 14, 1855. Knighted in Burlington Commandery No. 2, Sept. 19, 1855. Received 33° from G.C. Albert Pike at Minneapolis, Minn. Aug. 23, 1885.

Sherman Adams Governor of New Hampshire; advisor to President Eisenhower. Elected governor of New Hampshire in 1949 and was the 40th Freemason to serve as governor out of a total of 67 since 1785. As advisor to Eisenhower he was often called "Assistant President," and was chief of the White House staff. Described as "tough-minded, aloof, knowing all the policies, aims, purposes and background." Makes many decisions on his own and is sometimes called

“The Rock of Gibraltar.” Knight Templar, 32° and member of Bektash Shrine Temple of N.H. Served in WW1 and traces kinship back to two presidents of the U.S. Speaker of N.H. House of Representatives 1943–44 and member of the 79th Congress. b. East Dover, Vt., Jan. 8, 1899.

Wilbur L. Adams (1884–1937) Congressman from Delaware 73rd Congress. Lawyer. Democratic candidate for U.S. Senate, 1934. b. Oct. 23, 1884. d. Dec. 4, 1937. Mason.

Henry Adamson Wrote the first printed reference yet discovered showing the Master’s Word to be connected with the Rosy Cross. It occurs in his *The Muses Threnodie*—“For weare brethren of the Rosy Cross we have the Mason’s Word.”

Sir Michael Adeane Private secretary to Queen Elizabeth of England and to her father, King George VI, to whom he acted, in a sense, as a Masonic aide-de-camp on many occasions. Represented George VI at installation of the Earl of Scarbrough as GM in 1951. A Knight of the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, he served as senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1946.

Charles Adkins (1863–1941) Congressman from Illinois 69th to 72nd Congresses (1925–33). Mason. Home, Decatur, Ill.

Jesse C. Adkins (1879–1955) Judge. Special assistant to the Attorney General from 1908 to 1916. Appointed Associate Justice, Supreme Court of District of Columbia in 1930. Chairman jud. sect. American Bar Assn., 1935. Mason. 32°. b.

April 13, 1879. d. Mar. 29, 1955.

Julius Ochs Adler (1892–1955) Major General; vice-president and general manager of the New York Times. Fought in both WW1 and WW2 and was called a “Soldier’s Soldier” by President Eisenhower. Was active in many Jewish, civic and patriotic endeavors throughout his life. The rank of general—which Adler carried proudly—was not honorary. He had been a civilian soldier for forty years. Since WW1, he had served the 77th infantry division. He left it during WW2 to lead other combat troops. After the war he rejoined the 77th and became the commanding general of this New York reserve unit. He started with the New York Times in 1914, and in directing its business management as well as that of the Chattanooga (Tenn.) Times, he helped maintain the high standards that have been a credit to the world of journalism. He was a member of Justice Lodge No. 753 of New York City. Adler died on October 3, 1955 and was buried in Arlington National Cemetery on October 6.

Adolph Friedrich IV Duke of Mecklenburg–Strelitz (1738–1794) Initiated in 1772 by deputation of the lodge Irene zu den drei Sternen in Rostock, Germany. In 1774 he entered the lodge at New–Brandenburg remaining a member until his death.

Adolph Fredrik (1710–1771) King of Sweden 1751–1771. Was master of a Stockholm lodge and received the title of Protector of Swedish Freemasonry in 1762.

Baron van Aersen-Beyeren Grand Master of the Netherlands 1756–1758.

John S. Africa (1839–1900) Banker and grand master of Pennsylvania 1891–1892. Member Pennsylvania legislature, 1860. Secretary Internal Affairs of Pa. 1883–87. President Union Trust Co. of Philadelphia 1887–1900.

Gregorio Aglipay Chaplain General of the Philippine Army 1899–1901. Scottish Rite member. Later headed the Philippine Independent Church.

Andrew D. Agnew (1867–1951) Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. 1932–37. Native of Ireland. Lawyer. Active member of the Supreme Council (NJ), 1920. 33* in 1911.

Ignacio Agramonte (1841–1873) Cuban patriot and Freemason who participated in war which followed Cuba's declaration of independence in 1868. b. in Puerto Principe, he was commissioned under Cespedes and became leader of the revolts of 1868–69 against Spain. He was killed in battle.

Camillo Mora Aguilar Governor of province of San Jose, Costa Rica. Son of President Juan Rafa el Mora. An agriculturist. Member of Union Fraternal No. 10.

Joaquin Aguilar Magistrate of Supreme Court of Costa Rica. Member of the College of Lawyers. Esperanza Lodge.

Emilio Aguinaldo Philippine patriot and general. b. March

22, 1869, at Old Cavite, Luzon of Chinese and Tagalog parentage. Was educated in the home of a Jesuit priest and later in the University of St. Thomas, conducted by the Dominican friars in Manila. Was initiated Jan. 1, 1895 in Pilar Lodge under the Grand Orient of Spain, becoming master of the lodge. At the outbreak of the insurrection in August, 1896, he was mayor of Cavite Viejo. During this uprising, he took a prominent part, displaying a marked capacity for leadership. In 1898 Spain gave him a subsidy for remaining out of the country and he went to Hong Kong until the U.S. entered the war against Spain. Believing the time was ripe for a change in government, he returned immediately after the Battle of Manila, May 1, 1898, for the express purpose of assisting the American government. They gave him authority to set up a native government of which he became the head and organized an army. Having doubt as to the future freedom of his country under American rule, he began hostilities against the U.S. during the year 1899 and engaged in several pitched battles, but was driven from capital to capital until finally captured by General Frederick Funston at Palawan, Luzon on March 23, 1901. On April 19, 1901 he took an oath of allegiance to the U.S. and retired to a peaceful life. During the Spanish rebellion he organized the Triagle Magdalo, with other Freemasons and it later became Magdalo Lodge. The lodge held its meetings in Aguinaldo's residence. It was on the balcony of this residence that the proclamation of the First Republic and the unveiling of the original Philippine flag took place, June 12, 1898. Four months after his initiation into Freemasonry, he affiliated with the Katipunan, an organization patterned after Freemasonry with passwords and three degrees. Seeing this organization

was the best means of gathering support for the revolutionary movement, he encouraged all able-bodied men to join it, and the success of the revolution, at least in Cavite, may be attributed to the Katipunan. When the Grand Orient of Spain fused with the G.L. of the Philippines in February 1917, Aguinaldo became a Scottish Rite Mason. He was coroneted a 33° on Feb. 13, 1955.

Charles T. Aikens (1862–1927) University president and Lutheran minister. Ordained, 1888. President of Susquehanna University, Selinsgrove, Pa. from 1905. President of Lutheran Synod of Central Pa. 1897–1901. 32° AASR.

Marquess of Ailsa (1872–1943) Archibald Kennedy, 15th Earl of Cassillis, created Marquess of Ailsa in 1938. b. May 22, 1872. d. Feb. 27, 1943. The Kennedys are a famous and powerful Scottish family long settled in Ayrshire. Ancestor John Kennedy of Dunure obtained Cassillis and other lands in Ayrshire about 1350. John's descendant Sir James Kennedy married Mary, a daughter of King Robert III and their son Sir Gilbert Kennedy was created Lord Kennedy before 1458. Gilbert's grandson David, third Lord Kennedy, was created Earl of Cassillis before 1530. In 1831 the 12th Earl of Cassillis became the first Marquess of Ailsa, taking the title from the craig which was his property. Archibald was educated at Eton College, Trinity College, Cambridge and Edinburgh universities. Served as major in the South African War (1900–1902) and was with the British Expeditionary Forces from Dec., 1914 to May, 1919. Later became a member of the Royal Company of Archers and as such constituted a member of

His Majesty's Bodyguard for Scotland. His services were called for in every large civic or national enterprise. He had held many high offices in Freemasonry, and was head of the Grand Chapter of Scotland for 30 years, being 1st Grand Principal from 1913 until his death in 1943. He made three Masonic visits to the United States, 1924, 1927 and 1933 for the purpose of settling jurisdictional differences with the General Grand Chapter over the chapters in the Philippines. On his death his titles passed to his brother Charles q.v. Initiated in Holy-rood House Lodge No. 44, Edinburgh, Nov. 17, 1896.

Marquess of Ailsa Charles Kennedy, 16th Earl of Cassillis and 5th Marquess of Ailsa upon the death of his brother, Archibald q.v., in 1943. b. April 10, 1875, he was educated at Eton and Royal Agriculture College Cirencester. Formerly captain Ayrshire Yeomanry and lieutenant 3rd Bn. Royal Scots Fusilliers; served in South Africa 1900–1901 as captain, Prince of Wales Light Horse. As Lord Kennedy, he received most of his Masonic light in the United States, where he came after the African War. He was initiated in Acacia Lodge No. 11, A.F. & A.M. of Cheyenne, Wyoming April 4, 1905; passed May 25, 1905 and raised June 8, 1905. His petition for the capitular degrees was received by Lebanon Chapter No. 3 of Laramie, Wyo. on June 9, 1909 and was elected July 14. He received the MM and PM degrees Aug. 11, 1909. The MEM and RAM degrees were conferred by Nevada Chapter No. 56, of Nevada, Mo. by request of Lebanon chapter on March 14 and 22, 1910. About 1914 he was in Davenport, Iowa. He de-milted from the lodge in Nov. 15, 1921 and the chapter Nov. 9, 1921. In a letter to the chapter dated Dec. 10, 1919

he thanked them for remitting a year's dues because of his war service, stating that he left the U.S. in Nov., 1914 and joined the Ayrshire Yeomanry, Jan., 1915. He stated he "was passed as unfit for overseas service and at the end of 1916 was appointed an area gas officer. . . . I was attached to the 18th Division for a short time in France in 1918 on a tour of instruction. Until quite recently have been engaged in training in gas defensive measures and am now trying to get the bally stuff out of my system."

William D. B. Ainey (1864–1933) Chairman Public Service Commission of Pa. and Congressman. Member of 62nd and 63rd Congresses (1911–15). Chairman of Public Service Comm. of Pa. 1915. Delegate to Interparliamentary Conference, Geneva, 1912 and to the Hague in 1913. Delegate to Interparliamentary Union, Paris, 1927. Mason.

James Ainslie Scottish clergyman, who in 1652 was the subject of an ecclesiastical investigation because he was a Mason and "possessed the Mason Word." On appeal to the Presbytery at Kelso, he was cleared "because in the purest tymes of this kirke, maisons haveing that word have been ministers."

John C. Ainsworth (1870–1943) Financier. President of States Steamship Co.; president of Ainsworth National Bank, Portland, Oregon and its successor, the U.S. National Bank. Director of many corporations and the Federal Reserve Bank in Portland. 33° John C. Ainsworth (1822–1893) Transportation pioneer of the Pacific Northwest. Went West

with the 1850 gold rush and soon settled in Oregon where he pioneered in transportation. He was the guiding genius of river steamboat transportation and his Oregon Steam Navigation Co. grew to the Pacific Northwest division of the Union Pacific Railroad. His Portland bank was the largest in Oregon. Was an incorporator and promoter of the Northern Pacific Railway. Was raised in Farmington Lodge No. 9, Ohio and became the first master of Multnomah Lodge No. 86 (Mo. register), now Oregon No. 1. He helped organize the G.L. of Oregon and served as grand master 1854–55. In 1865 he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter. Inspector general 33° AASR (SJ).

Milburn P. Akers Editor, political and editorial writer. b. May 4, 1900. Assistant to Secretary of Interior 1939–41. Executive secretary of Illinois Development Council 1937–39. Editor of Chicago Sun, 1941–42. Mason.

George E. Akerson (1889–1937) Secretary to President Hoover 1929–31; Hoover's assistant when Secretary of Commerce 1925–28. Washington correspondent and asst. managing editor of Minneapolis Tribune 1912–25. 32° at Minneapolis Feb. 27, 1929. Received Shrine at Washington, D.C. Apr. 29, 1929 as courtesy to Zurah Temple in Minneapolis.

Spencer B. Akin Major General U.S. Army. b. Feb. 13, 1889. B.S. Virginia Military Institute 1910. 2nd Lt. U.S. Army, 1910 advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1941 and major general in 1943. Chief signal officer on staff of General MacArthur and later chief signal officer, Department of Army.

Cited by Poor Richard Club for his reorganization of Army's system of communication to needs of atomic warfare. Mason.

Sir Adeyemo Alakija (1884–1952) Nigeria spiritual and political leader. Headed the Executive Council of the Colony and Protectorate in Nigeria, also a spiritual leader among the natives and respected public figure. Member Star of Nigeria Chapter No. 255, R.A.M. 23° AASR. Appointed grand superintendent over Royal Arch in the district both English and Scottish constitutions as well as head of the District Grand Lodge. Died April 9, 1952.

Miguel Ricardo de Alava (1771–1843) Spanish general and statesman. He participated in the Peninsular War under Wellington in 1811 and in 1815 was in the service of Ferdinand VII. He was a liberal leader and president of the Cortes in 1822, in which year he aided in the deposition of Ferdinand. In 1814 he was imprisoned for being a Freemason. Upon Ferdinand's restoration by the French in 1823, Alava fled to England. He was later in' the service of Maria Christina against Don Carlos. Named ambassador to London in 1834 and Paris in 1835, retiring to France after the La Granja insurrection.

Leopold, Duke of Albany Youngest son of Queen Victoria was initiated in Apollo University Lodge No. 357, Oxford, England May 1, 1874 and in May, 1875 became a member of Lodge of Antiquity. No. 2. Served as master of Apollo Lodge, 1876.

Juan Bautista Alberdi (1810–1884) Distinguished Argentine statesman, jurist and publisher. He was noted principally for his *Bases*, a treatise on American public right. Hostile to Rosas, he exiled himself to Uruguay where he studied law, later practicing in Chile. On the overthrow of Rosas by Urquiza q.v. he was successively named by the latter as minister to Paris, Madrid, Washington and London. Mason.

Albert Victor Christian Edward (see Duke of Clarence)

Carl Albert Congressman from Oklahoma, 80th Congress (1947–49) Lawyer. b. May 10, 1908. Member of South McAlester Lodge No. 96, Mc– Alester, Okla. (1946), 32° Indian Consistory, AASR (SJ) and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Casimir August Albert Duke of Saxony–Teschén (1738–1822) Last governor of the Austrian Netherlands. Brother of King Karl Christian Joseph. Initiated in Dresden, Germany, in lodge Zu den drei Schwestern, 1764.

Prince Albert Duke of York. b. December 14, 1895, in London. Provincial G.M. of Middlesex.

Albert–Edward, Prince of Wales (1841–1910) (see Edward VII of England) Eldest son of Queen Victoria. Initiated in Stockholm in 1868 by King Charles XV and made past grand master in 1870. In 1875 he received the AASR degrees. In 1875 he succeeded the Marquis de Ripon as grand master of England, an office which he held until his death in 1910.

Manuel Masimino Alberti (1763–1811) Catholic priest and Argentine patriot. Although a Catholic priest he joined Freemasonry and was active in events that led to the “open forum” on May 24, 1810 and the revolution of that year. He was one of the “junta,” or council, then formed to rule the country.

Henri Christophe Albrecht (1763–1800) German Masonic writer. Initiated 1785. In 1792 he published at Hamburg a work entitled *Materialen zu einer kritischen Geschichte der Freimaurerei* (Collections towards a critical history of Freemasonry).

Ralph G. Albrecht Specialist in international law. Prosecuted Herman Goering and others before International Military Tribunal, 1945–46. b. Aug. 11, 1896 at Jersey City, N.J. Graduate of Univ. of Pennsylvania and Harvard. Admitted to bar in 1924. Associate counsel for American claimants against Germany in “Black Tom” and “Kingsland” explosions, 1924–39. Commander, U.S. Navy, 1941–45. Naval observer with American Embassy London, England and with Pacific Fleet, Pearl Harbor and Australia. Assistant Director O.S.S. (War Crimes) and assistant to attorney general, 1945. Raised in Dalhousie Lodge, Newtonville, Mass. on Nov. 16, 1921.

Horace M. Albright Conservationist. b. Jan. 6, 1890. Director National Park Service 1917–18; asst. director and superintendent Yellowstone National Park 1919–29. In charge of Yosemite National Park, 1927–28. Director National Park Service Jan. 12, 1929 to Aug. 10, 1933. Advisor, director and

official of many national conservation projects. Member of Livingston Lodge No. 32, Livingston, Montana, being raised in June, 1923. He was given his degrees in a period of five weeks while in charge of Yellowstone National Park so that he would be a member in time to entertain President Harding in Yellowstone on June 30 and July 1, 1923.

James L. Alcorn Former Governor and Senator from Mississippi. Member Coahoma Lodge No. 104, Friar's Point, Miss. and Jackson Chapter No. 6, Jackson, Miss.

Alvin B. Alden (1818–1882) Did much for laying foundation of Freemasonry in Wisconsin. Grand master 1861–63; grand high priest 1863; grand commander 1866–68; sovereign grand inspector general, AASR.

Chester H. Aldrich (1862–1924) Governor of Nebraska and jurist. Admitted to Nebraska bar, 1891. Member Nebraska Senate, 1907. Governor of Nebraska 1911–13. Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska 1919–25. Mason and Knight Templar.

Kildroy P. Aldrich 1st Assistant Postmaster General, 1943–45. b. Feb. 16, 1877. With postal department from 1897 to 1945, serving in various capacities from postal clerk to assistant postmaster general. Raised in Siloam Lodge No. 276, Oklahoma City, Okla. in 1913 and a life member. Member of Missouri Consistory No. 1, St. Louis, Mo. (SJ).

Nelson W. Aldrich (1841–1915) U.S. Senator from Rhode Island from 1881 to 1911. b. Nov. 6, 1841 at Foster,

R.I.; Graduate of Brown Univ. Member of R.I. House of Representatives from 1875–77, serving as speaker of same. Elected five times to U.S. Senate and declined nomination for reelection in 1910. A member of What Cheer Lodge No. 21, (past master) Providence and Providence Chapter No. 1 as well as Cavalry Commandery No. 13 which he served as commander in 1871. In 1879 he was grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. d. Apr. 16, 1915.

Elizabeth Aldworth Said to be the only woman ever regularly initiated into Freemasonry. See “Elizabeth St. Leger.”

J. Frank Alee Former U.S. Senator from Delaware. Member Union Lodge No. 7, Dover, Del.

Miguel Aleman President of Mexico 1947–52. Petitioned Antiquities Lodge No. 9 of Grand Lodge Valle de Mexico on Sept. 25, 1930 as a young man of 26. Initiated Oct. 20, 1930; passed April 27, 1931 and raised July 31, 1931. He later demitted to City of Mexico Lodge No. 35. Received AASR degrees 4th through 32nd Nov. 24, 1942 by Grand Commander Antonio Arceo. Made a noble of the Mystic Shrine in Anezeh Temple of Mexico City on Nov. 27, 1945. Son of General Miguel Aleman, who as a revolutionist against Porfirio Diaz, fled to the mountains as an open rebel for three years before the general revolution of 1910, leaving 8-year-old Miguel as head of the house. By selling papers he worked his way through the law school of the National University and on graduation set up a thriving law business principally with

labor unions and individual workers. His public life began as magistrate of the Veracruz Supreme Court. Was elected to the Senate and in 1936 was appointed Governor of Veracruz, serving until 1940. He resigned as governor to manage the election of his friend, General Avila Camacho, who, when he won, appointed Aleman as Minister of Interior. At 37, he was the youngest cabinet member and Camacho's principal trouble shooter between the federal government and the 28 states. In this capacity he won international recognition for tracking down some 2,000 German and Japanese nationals in deference to the U.S. He was nominated as president by the head of the Latin-American Federation of Labor and his campaign manager was the editor of the labor newspaper, *El Popular*. Industrialists backed him because he understood the technical necessities of Mexican industry. Scholars and professional men cheered him for his ability and brains. The old revolutionary generals liked his background and political philosophy, and the masses voted for him because he had given them more in the way of social reform than anyone within their memory. He was particularly interested in public education and transportation.

Alexander I (1777–1825) Czar of Russia from 1801–1825. b. Dec. 23, 1777 and succeeded Paul I q.v. on the throne in 1801. While he prohibited all secret societies in 1801, in 1803 he rescinded this prohibition. It is said that he was convinced by Johann Boeber q.v., later grand master of Russia, of the benefits of Masonry and he not only lifted the ban, but became a member himself. Some sources claim he was initiated in Canongate Kilwinning Lodge of Edinburgh, Scotland and in

1814 acted as master at the conferring of the degrees in a military lodge in Paris on William III, Emperor of Germany. He was, for certain, a member of the Polish Grand Orient. In November, 1815 the Polish Masons gave a banquet in his honor after which he left generous gifts for the Grand Orient. He has been accused of using Freemasonry for political purposes. d. Dec. 1, 1825 under mysterious circumstances. In 1822 he became suspicious of the political dangers inherent in some of the Russian lodges, and on the advice of Grand Master Kushelev of the Grand Lodge "Astra," banned Freemasonry on August 1, 1822. This date marks the destruction of Russian Freemasonry, for his successor, Nicholas I, confirmed the edict on April 21, 1826.

Alexander III (1241–1286) King of Scotland from 1349. Legend states he favored Freemasons and that Kilwinning Abbey was built under his guidance. Married Margaret, daughter of Henry III, in 1251. Defeated Norwegian invasion in 1263. United Hebrides and Isle of Man to the kingdom.

Abraham Alexander (?–1816) One of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council, Scottish Rite at Charleston, S. Car. He was born in London and emigrated to this country before 1764, settling in Charleston, where he became secretary to the collector of customs and later auditor. He became first secretary general of the Mother Supreme Council and seems to have been a member of Lodge La Candeur as his signature appears on the minutes of March 18, 1798. Of Jewish religion, he was chazan, or reader for Bayh Elohim congregation. He served as reader for 20 years, resigning in 1784. He died Feb.

21, 1816 and is buried in the Jewish cemetery at Charleston.

Prince Alexander of Wurtemberg Ben Alexander (1894–1944) President of Masonite Corp. Started as a laborer in the wood pulp industry in 1919 and by 1926 was president of the Masonite Corp. Director or officer of many corporations. Mason.

George F. Alexander (1882–?) Jurist. U.S. Marshal of Oregon 1917–21. Judge, 1st Division of Alaska since 1933. b. Apr. 20 1882. Mason. 32°, Shriner, president of Juneau Shrine Club 1934–39. Deceased.

Grover C. Alexander (1887–1950) Early member of Baseball Hall of Fame (1938). A great National League pitcher for two decades with the Phil-lies, Cubs and Cardinals starting in 1911. In 1926 he won the world championship for the Cardinals by striking out Lazzeri with bases full in final crisis at Yankee Stadium. He was raised in St. Paul Lodge No. 82, St. Paul, Nebraska on Feb. 8, 1923 expelled for un-Masonic conduct March 20, 1930.

Sir Harold R. L. G. Alexander 1st Viscount of Tunis. b. 1891. Served in France, 1914–18 and northwest frontier of India in 1935. Was commander of the 1st Division from 1938–40 and was in charge of the evacuation of the British army from Dunkirk. Assigned to the Burma front in March, 1942, he became commander-in-chief of the Middle East in August. As deputy allied commander-in-chief in North Africa (1943), Alexander, with General Montgomery, who mapped

the successful British campaign in Egypt. He commanded Sicilian (July 1943) and Italian (Sept. 1943) invasions. He was made field marshal in November, 1944 and was allied commander-in-chief of Italy in 1944–45. Since 1946 he has been Governor-General of Canada. Alexander is a member of Athlumney Lodge No. 3245 of London, serving as its master in 1938–39. He is a past grand steward and past grand warden of the G.L. of England and a member of the house committee of the Royal Masonic Institution for Girls. He is active in Royal Arch Masonry. Born in New Zealand, he was a well known athlete and Olympic games record holder in his youth.

Hubbard F. Alexander Steamship executive. b. Aug. 14, 1879. Began as wharf agent in Tacoma, Wash. 1894. Later president of the following: Commercial Dock Co. 1901–27; Alaska Pacific S.S. Co. 1907–08; Alaska Coast Co. 1908–11; Pacific Alaska Navigation Co. 1908–26; Pacific Steamship Co. (Admiral Line), 1916–30. Mason, 32°.

James P. Alexander Judge. (1883–1948) Chief Justice Supreme Court of Texas (1941–48). Texas lawyer since admittance to bar in 1908. District judge, 19th district of Texas 1920–24; associate justice Court of Civil Appeals, Waco, 1931 to 1940; Mason and Shriner.

John L. Alexander (1878–1932) Executive Director of American Youth Foundation 1924–32. Served in executive or secretarial capacity for many religious and youth movements including Boy Scouts, Y.M.C.A. Mason.

Lord Alexander Scottish records show him to be one of the earliest of the speculatives (July 3, 1634) Lodge of Edinburgh. He was Right Honorable Master of the Work to His Majesty.

Nathaniel Alexander (1756–1808) Governor of North Carolina, 1805–07. Surgeon in the Revolutionary War. Served as an officer of the G.L. of North Carolina in 1802, '03, '06, '07 and was senior grand deacon at his death in 1808.

Prince Alexander of Orange (Netherlands) Grand Master 1832–84.

Prince Alexander of Wurtemberg Initiated in 1808 in the Phoenix Lodge in Paris. Was uncle of Emperor Alexander of Russia.

Robert Alexander (1863–1941) Major General U.S. Army. Advanced in rank from a private in 1886 through grades to Brig. General N.A., 1918 and Maj. General 1918–19 (temp.); Brig. General 1921 and retired as Maj. General 1927. Served in Indian campaign of 1890–91, Philippines, Cuba and Mexico as well as WW1. Mason.

Algert D. Alexis Rear Admiral U.S. Navy. b. June 25, 1897. Appointed lieutenant (jg) in 1921 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1950. His speciality in the service was naval construction and he commanded many naval installations both at home and abroad, including staff commander of the service force for the invasion of Japan. He retired in 1954 and is now a consulting civil engineer. Raised in Peter

Williamson Lodge No. 323, Scranton, Pa. in 1920. Royal Arch membership in Norfolk, Va. Past president of Charleston, S.C. chapter of the National Sojourners.

Bernard Soto Alfaro Former president of Costa Rica. He developed a national spirit in the country and is one of the most eminent men produced by the Republic. He entered the lodge Esperanza when a young man and was made “Protector of the Order” in the Supreme Council, AASR.

Colon Eloy Alfaro Ambassador from Ecuador. b. Jan. 1, 1891, son of Eloy Alfaro, Ecuadorian patriot and president. Educated in Ecuador, U.S. Military Academy, German Cavalry School, and George Washington University. Served as consul general to Canal Zone, Panama, Mexico, Nicaragua, Guatamala, El Salvador, Honduras, Costa Rica, Colombia, Dominican Republic and United States. Was ambassador to U.S. 1936–44. He has also served his country on many special diplomatic missions. Has been a member of the Board of Governors of the Pan American Union at Washington, D.C., since 1947. Mason and 33° AASR. Shriner. Member of Canal Zone Consistory as are his three sons, Eloy, Jaime and Olmedo.

Eloy Alfaro (1842–1912) Ecuadorian liberator and president. b. June 25, 1842 in Montecristi. He led an uprising against President Cordero (1893–95) and declared himself anticlerical dictator and president of Ecuador from 1897–1901 and 1907–11. He led the revolt of 1906 that deposed President Lisardo Garcia and became constitutional president in 1907.

As president he reduced the power of the Roman Catholic church. More laws for the betterment of public schools and social reforms for the people were enacted during his presidency than there had been in the 120 years since the Republic was established. Most of his life was spent in exile. As a disciple of Bolivar he advocated Pan-Americanism and convened the second Pan American Congress in Mexico City in 1896. Alfaro was responsible for the introduction of the "Panama hat" to the world. While in exile in Panama, he imported the Ecuador-made toquilla hats which he sold in great numbers to travelers passing through the Isthmus. Having been purchased in Panama, the hats were presumed to be products of the country and thus became known as "Panamas." Alfaro attempted to aid Cuba in securing its independence from Spain and in 1895 sent an impassioned letter to Queen Marie Cristina of Spain, pleading for Cuban independence. He resigned as president Aug. 12, 1911 hoping to prevent a revolt and continue the liberal regime. When a new revolt broke out, he returned from his exile in Panama hoping to effect a conciliation between the factions. He was seized in Guayaquil and sent over the railway which he had built to Quito where he was thrown into jail and a few hours later (Jan. 28, 1912) was murdered. Affectionately called "Citizen of the Americas," he has been honored with monuments and statues in Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico and the United States. Busts of Alfaro in the U.S. are found in St. Augustine, Florida; Lincoln, Nebraska; House of the Temple, Washington, D.C.; Washington National Memorial at Alexandria, and Gainesville, Florida. Even Spain named a street in his ancestral town of Cervera del Rio Alhambra

for him.

Bruce R. Alger Congressman, 84th Congress from 5th Texas district. b. June 12, 1918. Owner of Alger Development Co., Bruce Alger Realtor, Modernair Construction Co., all of Dallas. 32° AASR and Shriner.

Russell A. Alger (1836–1907) Major General in Civil War, working his way from the ranks. Served as governor of Michigan from 1885–87 and was Secretary of War under McKinley from 1897–99, resigning at McKinley's request because of criticism directed against the War Department for inefficiency. Member of Corinthian Lodge No. 241 of Detroit, being raised Dec. 9, 1895.

Francois D'Alincourt French gentleman, who, in the year 1776 was sent with Don Gyres de Ornellas Pracao, q.v. a Portuguese nobleman, to prison, by the governor of the island of Madeira, for being Freemasons.

Sir Archibald Alison (1792–1867) English author. b. Dec. 29, 1792 at Kenley, Shropshire, England and d. May 23, 1867 at Glasgow, Scotland. Received his degrees at Glasgow Kilwinning Lodge in 1837. An historian; and as sheriff of Lanarkshire suppressed the riots of 1837. Author of *History of Europe during the French Revolution* (1833–42) in ten volumes and a nine volume continuation in 1852–59.

John S. Allard Brigadier General and corporation executive. b. Jan. 16, 1897. Served overseas with Air Force, 1942–45, and

promoted from colonel to brigadier general in 1944. President of Curtis–Wright Export Corp. since 1929; vice pres. of Curtis–Wright Corp. since 1929 and director of Wright Aeronautical Corp., Curtis–Wright Airplane Co., and Curtis–Wright Airports Co. Mason.

Herbert J. Allemang Vice president of Philco Corp. since 1951. b. May 3, 1902. Raised in South Bend Lodge No. 294, South Bend, Ind. in 1923. Member of AASR (NJ) in South Bend and Medinah Shrine Temple.

Alfred G. Allen (1867–1932) Congressman from Ohio to 62nd, 63rd, and 64th Congresses (1911–17). Lawyer. Mason.

Charles H. Allen (1848–1934) First governor of Puerto Rico. b. April 15, 1848 at Lowell, Mass. He was a member of the Massachusetts house of representatives in 1881 and ‘82 and in the state senate in 1883. He was a member of the 49th and 50th Congresses (1885–89), and assistant secretary of the Navy from 1898–1900. After the United States freed the island of Puerto Rico from a 400–year despotic rule of Spain he became its first governor (1900–02). He was a member of William North Lodge of Lowell, Mass.

Ethan Allen (1738–1789) Major General in Revolution. Gained fame as a colonel commanding the “Green Mountain Boys,” who with Benedict Arnold, q.v., seized Fort Ticonderoga on May 10, 1775. He was captured at Montreal and held prisoner from 1775–78, exchanged and returned to Vermont. Although he has been described as one “who seems to have

been a Master Mason” it is thought that he only received one degree at Windsor, Vt. on July 7, 1777. His brother Ira, q.v., was a member of Vermont Lodge No. 1. Probably not a Mason. Was a prisoner in England on date given for his first degree in Windsor, Vt.

Ethan N. Allen Baseball coach. b. Jan. 1, 1904. An outfielder with various National League teams 1926–36 and with Browns of American League since 1938; motion picture director of National League public relations dept. 1938–42; head coach at Yale in 1946. Has done sports announcing and written several books on baseball. Member of Yeatman Lodge No. 162, Cincinnati, Ohio, 32° Ohio Consistory at Cincinnati and Shriner.

Ezra G. Allen (1885–1952) Rear Admiral U.S. Navy. b. March 11, 1885 at Scranton, Pa. Graduated U.S. Naval Academy, 1907. Ensign. U.S. Navy in 1907, advancing to rear admiral. Mason. d. January, 1952.

Frank G. Allen Former governor of Massachusetts. b. Lynn, Mass. Oct. 6, 1874. Was raised in Orient Lodge, Norwood, Mass. June 23, 1920, receiving 33° in Northern Jurisdiction, Sept. 16, 1930.

George W. Allen (?–1928) Chief Justice Supreme Court of Colorado, 1926–28. Member Pennsylvania House of Representatives 1874–76 moving to Colorado in 1880. Judge district court, Denver 1888–1910. Republican nominee for governor 1896 and defeated for U.S. Senator 1896. Justice

of Supreme Court 1916–26. Died Jan. 29, 1928. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Henry J. Allen (1868–1950) U.S. Senator and former governor of Kansas. b. Sept. 11, 1868 in Warren Co., Pa. Began as editor of Manhattan Nationalist in 1894 and later owned and operated several daily newspapers in Kansas; chairman of board of Wichita Daily Beacon Publishing Co. Governor of Kansas from 1919–23 and appointed U.S. Senator to succeed Vice-president Curtis in 1929. Assistant to Charles G. Dawes, pres. of Reconstruction Finance Corp. in 1932. Editor of the Topeka Journal from 1935 until death. Director of publicity for the Hoover–Curtis campaign in 1928 and as president of the Great Lakes–St. Lawrence Tidewater Assn., helped prepare treaty between U.S. and Canada on that project. Active abroad in WW1 in Red Cross work. Mason. d. Jan. 17, 1950.

Hervey Allen Author, who although not a Freemason, is one of the few writers of historical novels to give credit for the part Freemasonry played in our Revolutionary period. Among his writings are *Anthony Adverse*, 1933; *The Forest and the Fort*, 1943; and *Bedford Village*, 1944. b. Dec. 8, 1889. Mr. Allen wrote on May 23, 1944 as follows: “Several members of the fraternity have written in asking if I hold membership. I do not and never have. My father and grandfather and a great many other relatives have been Masons for many generations back, but for various reasons I have never joined. My interest in the theme of Masonry in American life is purely historical, and I think that my not being a member is at this time perhaps a help in my stressing the theme, as I

can do so without any suspicion of being a special pleader from the inside. There is no doubt that for some reason or other American historians have overlooked one of the prime and deep-running influences in American life. As you know, there are many reasons for that.”

Hubert A. Allen (1872–1942) Brigadier General U.S. Army. Actively identified with Iowa national guard for 25 years. Served as captain in Spanish–American war and appointed brigadier general in 1917. Mason.

Ira Allen (1751–1814) Brother of Ethan Allen q.v. and politically active in the Revolutionary period. b. Cornwall, Conn., he with two other fellow members of Vermont Lodge No. 1 (now 18), led the fight for statehood of Vermont. The others were Thomas Chittenden q.v. and Dr. Jonas Fay q.v. Between 1780 and 1791 he was in negotiation with the British which was thought to force Congress to recognize Vermont’s claims—which they did on March 4, 1791. He assisted in the founding of the Univ. of Vermont in 1789. He was initiated in Vermont Lodge No. 1 of Charleston, N.H. in 1782.

Ivan E. Allen Business executive who gave Fort Mountain to state of Georgia; it is now one of the state parks. b. Mar. 1, 1877 at Dalton, Ga. Chairman of Ivan Allen–Marshall Co.; Ivan Allen Bldg., Atlanta Blank Book Mfg. Co., and has served on many state political and civic boards including term as state senator 1919–21. A Knight Templar and Shriner.

James M. Allen General in the Civil War. A Mason.

J. Edward Allen Educator and writer. Instructor in public school system of Warrenton, N.C. since 1907 and served as superintendent of public instruction for Warren Co. since 1919. Member board of trustees Wake Forest College since 1922; board of trustees, state school for blind and deaf; on board of Oxford Orphanage. Grand Master G.L. of North Carolina 1939–40. Also headed state York Rite bodies and Shrine. Writer of many Masonic books and articles including revision of Goulds History of Freemasonry published by Scribners in 1936. b. March 21, 1887 at Warrenton, N.C.

John Allen 3rd Viscount Grand Master, G.L. of Ireland, 1744.

John E. Allen (1873–1945) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Hampshire, 1934–43. Educated at Dartmouth and Harvard, he was admitted to N.H. bar in 1897, serving as probate judge from 1899 to 1906. He was associate justice of Superior Court of N.H. 1917–24 and 1924–34 before becoming chief justice. Mason.

John M. Allen Major in Texas–Mexican War. He came to Texas attracted by the rumors of impending conflict between Americans and Mexicans. As commander of the armed ship *Terrible*, he had been ordered to New Orleans for the purpose of recruiting soldiers for the impending conflict. While in New Orleans he received a charter from the grand secretary of the G.L. of Louisiana for Holland Lodge No. 36 to be delivered to Anson Jones q.v. General Sam Houston q.v. sent an orderly to Allen advising him of the impending clash and urging speed to the reinforcements he had. Allen joined Houston's forces,

carrying with him the charter and other communications from the G.L. of Louisiana. He met Anson Jones (to be first Grand Master of Texas) on the prairie between Croce's and San Jacinto, while Houston's army was on the march just before the battle of San Jacinto. Jones placed it in his saddlebags and carried it through the battle of San Jacinto.

Lee E. Allen Congressman from 16th district of Illinois to 73rd to 80th Congresses inclusive (1933–49). b. Oct. 5, 1898 at Elizabeth, Ill. Taught school, served as circuit court clerk and has practiced law since 1930. Mason.

Oscar K. Allen Former governor of Louisiana. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 151, Winnfield, La.

Peter B. Allen General U.S. Army. First master of Terre Haute Lodge No. 19, Terre Haute, Indiana.

William Allen Purchased the ground for the State House (Independence Hall) at Philadelphia in 1729 and gave a grand banquet in 1736 at the inauguration of the building. It was here that the Declaration of Independence was signed.

Roger Allin Former governor of North Dakota. Member of Golden Valley Lodge No. 6, Park River, N.D.

James B. Allison Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 15, 1873 at York, S. Car. Appointed 2nd lieutenant in 1898 advancing through grades to major general in 1935 when he became chief signal officer. Retired in 1937. Served in Mexican War

and WW1. Mason.

William B. Allison (1829–1908) U.S. Senator from Iowa 1873–1909. b. March 2, 1829 at Perry, O. Admitted to bar in 1850, he practiced in Ohio until 1858 when he moved to Dubuque, Iowa. Raised troops for Civil War and was U.S. Representative in Congress from 1863–71. In 1888 and 1896 he was a candidate for Republican presidential nomination. A charter member of Mosaic Lodge No. 125 of Dubuque, Iowa, he was honorary senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Iowa in 1889.

James V. Allred Governor of Texas 1935–39. b. Mar. 29, 1899 at Bowie, Texas. Admitted to Texas bar in 1924. Served as district attorney 1923–25 and attorney general of Texas 1931–35. U.S. District Judge, southern district of Texas 1939–42. Practicing attorney since 1942. Raised in Bowie Lodge No. 578 July 6, 1920. Received Scottish Rite degrees in 1926. K.C.C.H.

Avery Allyn Anti-Masonic writer. Once a member of lodge, chapter and commandery in Connecticut.

Edward B. Almon (1860–1933) Congressman from Alabama to 64th to 72nd Congresses (1915–33). b. April 18, 1860 at Moulton, Ala. Admitted to bar 1883. Member Alabama state senate 1892–96 and speaker of house of representatives in 1911. Judge of 11th circuit 1898–1906. Mason.

James L. Almond, Jr. Congressman and attorney-general of Virginia. b. June 15, 1898 at Charlottesville, Va. Served as

prosecuting attorney and judge at Roanoke and in the 79th and 80th Congresses from Virginia. Has been attorney-general of Virginia since 1948. Past potentate of Shrine.

Alfred S. Alschuler (1876–1940) Architect. b. Chicago, Nov. 2, 1876. Graduate of Armour Institute of Technology and studied at Art Institute of Chicago. Designed the following Chicago buildings: London Guarantee and Accident, Westminster, Cunard, John R. Thompson, John Sexton, Utilities, Lake Michigan, Mercantile Exchange, Adams Franklin and Garment Center buildings; plans of E. J. Brach & Son, Chicago Mail Order, Sinai Temple and Isaiah Temple. Mason.

Richard Alsop (1761–1815) American author and poet. b. Middletown, Conn. Was one of the Hartford wits, collaborating in the writing of *The Echo*, a verse satire which appeared in the *American Mercury* and published in book form in 1807. Among other works is *A Poem, Sacred to the Memory of George Washington* (1800). A member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, Middletown, Conn. There was a Richard Alsop who became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 1 at New Haven, Conn. in 1752 and may have been his father.

Wilbur M. Alter Chief justice, Supreme Court of Colorado since 1955. b. Dec. 17, 1879 at Allegheny, Pa. Admitted to Colorado bar in 1906. Judge of Supreme Court of Colorado from 1928–33; 1944–46; 1946 to present. Past state commander of American Legion. Served in WW1 as an enlisted man. Raised in Victor Lodge No. 99, Victor, Colo. in 1909. Demitted from chapter and commandery at Cripple Creek

and shrine in Denver.

Paul S. Althouse (1889–1954) American opera tenor. b. 1889 at Reading, Pa., made his debut with Metropolitan Opera Co., N.Y. in 1913. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 435, Reading, Pa. 32° AASR (SJ) at Reading, Pa. and member of Rajah Shrine Temple, Reading. d. Feb. 6, 1954 and service was conducted by Grand Lodge of New York at Rutgers Presbyterian Church on Feb. 8.

Francisco E. Alvarado Former secretary of state of Costa Rica. He also served as president of the chamber of representatives and administrator-general of railways. A member of Caridad Lodge No. 26.

Francisco P. Alvarado Costa Rican banker. He was one of the founders of the Scottish Rite of Central America. A banker and teacher, he was benefactor of San Juan de Dios Hospital. A member of Caridad No. 26.

Carlos Maria de Alvear (1789–1853) Argentine patriot, general and coworker with San Martin, q.v. He took a prominent part in the liberation wars of Argentine both politically and militarily. In 1814 he was the victorious besieger of Montevideo, Uruguay, and a year later was named "supreme administrator." In 1839 he was appointed minister to the United States, where he died. He was a founder of the Lau-taro Lodge in 1812 together with San Martin, liberator of the country.

Claude B. Alverson (1878–1922) Judge, Supreme Court of

New York, 1921–22. Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Count Goblet d' Alviella (1846–1925) Belgian writer on religious history, and politician. Also known as Comte Eugene. Was grand commander of the Supreme Council 33° of Belgium.

Richard H. Amberg Publisher of St. Louis Globe–Democrat from Sept., 1955. b. June 5, 1912 in New York City. Graduated from Harvard in 1933. Editor and publisher of newspapers in Oil City and Knox, Pa. from 1937–41 and also Sportsman's Hunting & Fishing Digest same years. He was director of publicity for the American Transit Assn. from 1945–47 and general manager of Newsday in 1947–49. In 1949–50 he was administrative assistant on the New York Herald Tribune and general manager and director of The Post Standard, Syracuse, N.Y. from 1950–52. Raised in Oil City Lodge No. 710, Oil City, Pa. in 1938. Member of Oil City Chapter No. 236, R.A.M. and Talbot Cornmandery No. 43, K.T. both of Oil City. 32° AASR, Valley of St. Louis (SJ). Member of St. Leo Conclave No. 71, Red Cross of Constantine, Syracuse, N.Y. and Moolah Shrine Temple, St. Louis, Mo.

John Frederick Amelung Early American glass manufacturer. In March, 1789 he visited George Washington at Mt. Vernon and presented him with two engraved gobets with Washington's coat of arms. A zealous Mason, he established a lodge in Frederick Co., Maryland sometime between 1790 and 1799.

James E. Ament (?–1936) College president and educator. b. Woodburn, Ill. Graduated from Illinois Normal, Transylvania Univ. and a Ph.D. from Oskaloosa College. Served as president of state teachers colleges in Oklahoma, Missouri, Indiana and Pennsylvania. Inspected educational facilities in England, Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland. Ament became president of the ultra National Park Seminary for Women at Washington, D.C. in 1916 and was president and owner until his death in 1936. He was a 32° AASR (SJ).

Leopold S. Amery (1873–1955) English publicist, statesman and mountaineer. b. Nov. 22, 1873 in India. Friend of Winston Churchill q.v. at school days in Harrow and later when he was correspondent of the Times in the South African War when Churchill was correspondent of Daily Telegraph. He served with the army in Flanders and Near East (1914–16). He became first lord of admiralty in 1922, serving until 1924 when he became secretary of state for colonies 1924–29 and secretary for dominion affairs from 1925–29. In 1945–49 he was secretary for India and Burma. Endowed with a strong physique, he was an avid mountaineer and three peaks have been named for him—one in South Africa Drakenberg, one in the Canadian Rockies and the third on Kerguelen Island on the edge of the Antarctic. Member of Canada Lodge No. 3527, London and 10th master of that lodge in 1920.

Ezra Ames (1768–1836) Portrait painter. b. Framingham, Mass. May 5, 1768. Painted portraits of Washington, Alexander Hamilton, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, Martin Van Buren, George Clinton, DeWitt Clinton. Served

as grand high priest of the G.C. of New York for 24 years, and was general grand scribe of the General Grand Chapter for ten years (1806–16). From 1816–20 he served as grand captain general of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar. Died Feb. 23, 1836.

Oliver Ames Former governor of Massachusetts. Although his membership is not known, he was made an honorary member of Columbian Lodge of Boston; was present at a meeting of Washington Lodge in Roxbury March 15, 1866; delivered a Masonic oration before Meridian Lodge, Natick, Mass., June, 1888.

Louis Amiable (1837–1897) French Masonic historian.

Arthur Oliver Villiers, Lord Ampthill (1869–1935) English nobleman of the Russell family, holding the earldom of Bedford (from 1550), dukedom of Bedford (from 1694) and barony of Ampthill (from 1881). b. Feb. 19, 1869 at Rome, Italy where his father was British ambassador. Linguist and rowing man, he saw service in WW1, being twice mentioned in dispatches and attaining the rank of brevet colonel. He served as private secretary to Joseph Chamberlain (1895–99) and was governor of Madras from 1899 to 1906. In 1904 he was appointed acting Viceroy of India. Ampthill was appointed by King Edward VII (then grand master) as provincial grand master for Bedfordshire on Nov. 17, 1891, and later served 27 years as pro grand master (1908–35) under H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught. He was one of the founders of the National Party in 1918. Member of Apollo Lodge, Oxford, England.

Roald Amundsen (1872–1928) Discoverer of South Pole. A Norwegian polar explorer. b. Borge, Norway. He discovered the South Pole in December, 1911. In 1903–06 he navigated the northwest passage and fixed the position of the North magnetic pole, and in 1926 he flew across the North pole with Lincoln Ellsworth. He disappeared in June, 1928 on flight to rescue Nobile who was lost returning from North Pole. Said by several sources to be a Freemason but no lodge ever specified.

Charles L. Anceney (1863–?) Pioneer cattle rancher of the West. b. April 17, 1863 at Denver, Colo., he was in charge of a cattle outfit at the age of 14. Anceney was with the first herd of cattle going into lower Yellowstone ranges in 1879 and was on the first drive to Bismarck, N. Dak. in 1881. At one time he swam the Missouri river and loaded a shipment of cattle to Buffalo, N.Y. Fought with Sioux, Blackfeet and Cheyenne Indians. Was an associate of Child & Anceney (Harry W. Child), 1910 in the Flying D. Cattle Ranges, covering 500,000 acres and furnishing support to 15,000 to 25,000 head of cattle. President of Gallatin Gateway State Bank, promoted Camp Creek Branch of Northern Pacific Railway which terminated at townsite of Anceney, Mont. Mason. Deceased.

William, Earl of Ancrum Fortieth Grand Master of Scotland, 1794–95 and later the 6th Marquis of Lothian.

Clinton P. Anderson U.S. Secretary of Agriculture and senator. b. Oct. 23, 1895 at Centerville, S. Dak. Was state treasurer of New Mexico 1933–34; member of 77th to 79th

Congresses from New Mexico (1941–47); secretary of agriculture in Truman's cabinet (1945–48) and elected U.S. Senator from N. Mexico in Nov., 1948. Was raised in Albuquerque Lodge No. 60 in 1917. Member of Rio Grande Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. and Pilgrim Commandery No. 3, K.T. 32° AASR in Orient of New Mexico; KCCH in 1937 and 33° in 1945. He is past potentate of Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple (1937), member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Santa Fe Conclave No. 55, Red Cross of Constantine, National Sojourners and Royal Order of Jesters.

Edward Anderson (1833–1916) Clergyman and Civil War soldier. b. Nov. 19, 1833. Studied theology and was ordained pastor in the Congregational ministry in 1858. Served pastorates in Michigan, Ill., Ohio, and Conn. In the Civil War he served with John Brown in Kansas; was chaplain of the 37th Illinois Volunteers until after the Missouri Campaign in 1862 and was colonel with the 12th Indian Volunteer Cavalry until close of war. Mason.

George T. Anderson General in Confederate army. Said to have been a Freemason.

George W. Anderson (1861–1938) Judge. b. Sept. 1, 1861 at Acworth, N.H. Attended Boston Law School and Boston University, opening practice in 1890. U.S. District Attorney of Mass. 1914–17; member interstate commerce commission 1917–18; became judge U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals, Boston, 1918. Retired. Trustee World Peace Foundation and Cushing Academy. Mason. Died Feb. 14, 1938.

Heartley W. "Hunk" Anderson Notre Dame football coach. Member of Calumet Lodge No. 271, Calumet, Michigan.

Jack Z. Anderson Congressman to 76th to 80th Congresses from California (1939–49). b. March 22, 1904. An orchardist at San Juan Bautista, Calif. since 1923. Raised in Texas Lodge No. 46, San Juan Bautista, Calif. on Dec. 20, 1946.

James Anderson (1680?–1739) Compiler of the famous Anderson's Constitutions of 1723 and 1738 which are recognized as being the first printed volumes dealing officially with Freemasonry. The records of the United Grand Lodge of England show that Bro. James Anderson was ordered to "digest the old Gothic Constitution in a new and better method," on Sept. 29, 1721. Only three months later Dr. Anderson presented his finished production to the grand lodge (Dec. 27, 1721), which has come down to us as the basis for all Freemasonry. The historical part, however, which traces the history from the Garden of Eden to 1721 is quite fanciful, unreliable and pretentious. No one today would quote that part as an authority. It was not until the following March (1722) that a committee was appointed to examine the character of the revision, and it was not until 1723 that the volume came from the printer. The first edition was followed by a second in 1738, the latter being more valuable because it contains some history about the grand lodge covering the period 1717–1738. James Anderson, M.A., D.D., was born about 1780 at Aberdeen, Scotland, and was educated at Marischal College where he received his M.A. degree and it is thought he earned his D.D. degree about 1731 from the same

college. There are no records of his life from the time of his receiving his college training until after his arrival in London. It is recorded in state records that he and his church (Scotch Presbyterian) purchased a lease of the French Protestant Chapel in Swallow St., Piccadilly on Feb. 15, 1709–10 from Rev. Jean Desaguliers, minister of the church and father of Dr. J. T. Desaguliers q.v. Anderson came from a Masonic family; his father serving as secretary of the well known Scottish Lodge Aberdeen and as master in 1688–89. It is highly possible that the son may have entered Freemasonry during the period the father served as master. Little can be learned of his Masonic connections previous to 1721. He was not at the revival of Freemasonry in 1717, but he assumed the station of grand warden of the grand lodge, January 17, 1723, and was master of Lodge No. 17 in 1723 (Masonic students have not been able to identify this lodge.) He was, however, shown as a member of Lodge of the Horn in 1723, and later of other lodges meeting in London. In addition to the Constitutions, he was the author of some non-Masonic books including *Royal Genealogies, or the Genealogical Tables of Emperors, Kings and Princes, from Adam to These Times* (1732) and *Unity in Trinity* (1733). He attended grand lodge fifteen times between 1723 and 1728, acting as grand warden on four occasions. His death was May 28, 1739, shortly after he had issued the second edition of the Constitutions. He was buried in Bunhill Fields with Masonic services, and accounted for the earliest known account of a Masonic funeral which appeared in the *London Daily Post* of June 2, 1739: "Last night (June 1) was interr'd the corpse of Dr. Anderson, a Dissenting Teacher, in a very remarkable deep Grave. His pall was supported by

five Dissenting Teachers, and the Rev. Dr. Desaguliers; it was followed by a dozen of Freemasons who encircled the Grave; and after Dr. Earle had harangued on the Uncertainty of Life &c, without one word of the Deceased, the Brethren, in the most solomn dismal Posture, lifted up their Hands, sigh'd, and struck their aprons three times in Honour to the Deceased."

Jesse T. Anderson State superintendent of education of South Carolina since 1946. b. Oct. 26, 1892 at Timmons ville, S.C. Member board of trustees of Univ. of South Carolina, The Citadel, Winthrop College and state school for the blind. Past master and member of all York Rite bodies serving as deputy grand commander in 1951.

Joseph I. Anderson (1757–1837) Senator from Tennessee from 1795–1815 and first comptroller of U.S. Treasury, 1815–36. b. White Marsh, Pa. and served through Revolutionary War as captain and brevet major. He was a member of Military Lodge No. 19 of Pennsylvania. When serving as regimental paymaster of the 1st New Jersey he was a member of Lodge No. 36 in the New Jersey Brigade. After the war he became 1st senior warden of Princeton Lodge No. 38 (N.J.).

Richard C. Anderson (1750–1826) Officer of the American Revolution. He was first master of Lexington Lodge No. 25 (now 1 of Kentucky) and was presumed to have been a member of Fredericksburg No. 4 of Va., as he was very close to General Washington. b. Jan. 12, 1750 in Hanover Co., Va. As a captain in the 5th Virginia Continentals, he led the advance of the Americans at the battle of Trenton in 1776, crossing

the Delaware in the first boat; was wounded in this action; promoted to major of the 6th Virginia in 1778 and transferred to the 1st Virginia in Sept., 1778. Fought in battles of Brandywine and Germantown and was again wounded at Savannah May 12, 1779 and taken prisoner at Charleston in May, 1780. A daring leader he was at the death-bed of Count Pulaski q.v. and the dying Pole gave him his sword as a memento. After the war he removed to the wilderness of Kentucky near Louisville, and led the life of a pioneer and Indian fighter until advancing civilization pushed the frontier farther west. He obtained the charter for the Louisville lodge from the Grand Lodge of Virginia. d. Oct. 16, 1826.

Robert Anderson (1805–1871) Major General U.S. Army who was in command of Fort Sumter at time of Confederate attack. Known as “hero of Fort Sumter.” b. in Kentucky and graduated from West Point in 1825. Raised in Mercer Lodge No. 50, Trenton, N.J. May 27, 1858. He was also an honorary member of Pacific Lodge No. 233 of New York City. In 1859 he was senior warden of Mercer lodge, but was ordered to another station and withdrew at the end of the year. He received the Knight Templar orders in Columbian Commandery No. 1 of New York City in December, 1862 and January, 1863 and was made a life member Oct. 28, 1867. d. Nice, France Oct. 27, 1871.

Robert B. Anderson Secretary of the Navy in Eisenhower cabinet (appointed in 1953) and deputy secretary of defense (which he resigned in 1955). b. June 4, 1910 at Burleson, Texas, he received his law degree from University of Texas

in 1932. While still in law school he ran for the state legislature and won. He served as assistant attorney-general of Texas in 1933 and taught law at Texas University. Anderson has served as general manager of the Waggoner estate—and largest cattle ranch in Texas—since 1941. He has probably been director and president of more large corporations than any one man in Texas. He is a member of Vernon Lodge No. 655 of Vernon, Texas and while Secretary of the Navy returned from Washington to be installed as master on Oct. 17, 1953. In December, 1953 he was appointed grand senior steward of the G.L. of Texas and addressed the G.L. at the 1954 communication. He is a member of the Chapter, Council and Commandery at Vernon, the AASR (SJ) and Maskat Shrine Temple.

Robert H. Anderson Brigadier General in Confederate Army. Served as commander of Palestine Commandery, K.T. No. 7 at Savannah, Georgia in 1886–87.

Rudolph M. Anderson Zoologist, explorer, writer and government official. b. June 30, 1876 near Decorah, Iowa. Ph.D. from University of Iowa in 1906. Taught zoology and was associated with many schools and museums in U.S. and Canada. Was chief of division of biology of National Museum of Canada from 1920–46. Active in biological and anthropological explorations to Arctic Alaska, Yukon and Northwest Territories 1908–12; chief of southern party Canadian Arctic Expedition 1913–16; naturalist on Canadian Arctic expedition to Greenland and Canadian Arctic Archipelago, 1928. Mason.

Sigurd Anderson Governor of South Dakota (1951–55). b. Arendal, Norway, Jan. 22, 1904 and brought to U.S. in 1906, becoming a citizen upon his father's naturalization in 1912. Graduated in law from the University of South Dakota in 1931. Was assistant attorney general of South Dakota in 1941–43 and later attorney general. Served as an officer in the U.S. Navy in WW2. Now with the Federal Trade Commission in Washington. He was raised in Coteau Lodge No. 54 at Webster, S. Dak. in 1943; member of Rabboni Chapter No. 23, R.A.M., Webster; Temple Council No. 7 R. & S.M. Pierre; and Damascus Commandery No. 10, K.T. Aberdeen; 32° AASR at Yankton; Yelduz Shrine Temple at Aberdeen; Order of Eastern Star, Webster; and National Sojourners in Washington, D.C. He served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of South Dakota.

Thomas O. Anderson Naval officer U.S. Navy. As a lieutenant, he assisted Commodore Decatur in destroying the ship Philadelphia in the harbor of Tripoli in 1804. Raised in Harmony Lodge No. 23 Newton, N.J. on Nov. 28, 1803.

Victor Emanuel Anderson Governor of Nebraska since 1955. b. March 30, 1902 at Havelock, Nebr. Owner of Anderson Hardware & Plumbing Co. since 1924; Victor Anderson Bottle Gas Co. since 1946; president Havelock (Nebr.) National Bank; Nebraska state senator in 1949–50. Raised in George Washington Lodge No. 250, Lincoln, Nebr. in 1928. Member of AASR (SJ) at Lincoln, Nebraska. Also member of Shrine, Jesters and DeMolay.

Wilhelm A. Anderson Brigadier General U.S. Army. b. July

22, 1894 at Hana–Maui, T.H. Served as 1st lieutenant in WW1. Called to active service in 1940 and made brigadier general (temp.) in 1942. Mason and National Sojourner.

William F. Anderson (1860–1944) Bishop, Methodist Episcopal Church. b. April 22, 1860 at Morgantown, Va. (now W. Va.) Ordained in 1887 and elected bishop in 1908, retiring in 1932. During that time he was resident bishop of Chattanooga, Tenn., Cincinnati, Ohio, and Boston, Mass. He was acting president of Boston Univ. in 1925–26. Visited many foreign missions prior to WW1 and during that war made five trips abroad as member of Emergency and Reconstruction Committee of the church. Mason and 32° AASR.

William H. Anderson Prohibitionist. b. Aug. 8, 1874 at Carlinville, Ill. Graduated from Univ. of Michigan and Illinois Wesleyan. His attorney–ship for the Anti–Saloon League of Illinois led him into a lifetime fight against alcohol. His successful fight for the Illinois local option law brought him to New York in 1906–07 as associate supt. of the New York Anti–Saloon League and state supt. of the Maryland League from 1907–14. He returned to New York in 1914 and was general state supt. of their League until 1924, securing enough congressional votes to submit the 18th Amendment. His defeat of the Tammany organization caused them to indict him in July, 1923 for an “alteration” of the League’s books (which the auditors had officially approved). He was convicted in Feb., 1924 and sent to the state prison for nine months in spite of the League’s denunciation of it as “a monstrous perversion of justice.” He founded the American Christian Alliance of

which he has been general secretary since 1926. Mason and 32° AASR.

Gomez Freire d' Andrade (1685?–1763) Portuguese general and administrator. b. Coimbra. Governor and captain general of Rio de Janerio (1733–63.) Celebrated in de Gama's epic poem, *Epicos Brasileiros*. He was a Venerable of the Lodge Virtude at Lisbon and a member of the Lusitanio Grand Orient.

General Ignacio Andrade President of the Republic of Venezuela from 1898 to 1899. A 32° Freemason.

Count Gyula (Jules) Andrassy (1823–1890) Hungarian patriot and statesman. b. March 3, 1823. Allied himself with Louis Kossuth q.v. in the revolt of 1848 and was exiled until 1857 when he returned to Austria. During his exile he became a Freemason in 1851 in France. He was elected to the diet in 1861, becoming its vice-president in 1865. He was first constitutional prime minister in 1867, foreign minister in 1871, and plenipotentiary at Congress of Berlin in 1878. d. Feb. 18, 1890.

Christopher Karl Andre Austrian cleric. An active Freemason who resided at Brunn, Moravia, where, in 1789, he was director of the Evangelical Academy.

Johann Valentin Andrea (1586–1654) Protestant theologian, alchemist, satirical writer and early Rosicrucian. Said to have been a Mason. Grandson of Jakob Andrea, theologian

active in organizing and uniting the Lutheran church in Germany.

Adolphus Andrews (1879–1948) Vice admiral commanding the Eastern Sea Frontier of WW2 (1942–43). b. Oct. 7, 1879 at Galveston, Texas and graduated from Naval Academy in 1907. Promoted through grades to rear admiral, 1934. Naval aid to Theodore Roosevelt, Harding and Coolidge. Commanded several ships including Mayflower, Massachusetts and Texas. Commanded New London, Conn. submarine base 1927–29; chief of staff Naval War College, 1931–33; chief of staff, U.S. Fleet, 1934–35; chief of Bureau of Navigation, 1935–38; Raised in Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on July 13, 1911, d. June 19, 1948.

Alexander B. Andrews (1873–1946) Lawyer, writer. b. Feb. 2, 1873 at Henderson, N.C. Admitted to N.C. bar in 1894. Prominent in Episcopal lay circles; delegate to American Council on Education 1932–37; member board of trustees Univ. of N.C. from 1927. Grand master of G.L. of N.C. 1917 and grand commander, grand commandery 1907. Wrote Digest of Masonic Law, 1841–1926. d. Oct. 21, 1946.

Charles O. Andrews (?–1946) Senator from Florida from 1936–46. b. Ponce de Leon, Fla. Admitted to bar in 1907 and served variously as judge of criminal court, assistant attorney general of Florida, circuit judge and member of Florida house of representatives. Member of Orlando Lodge No. 69, Orlando. d. Sept. 18, 1946.

Frank Andrews (1864–1936) Judge, Supreme Court of Texas from 1918. b. Fayette Co., Texas, June 15, 1864. Assistant attorney general of Texas, 1891–95; judge court of civil appeals, 1899. d. Dec. 7, 1936. Mason.

Isaac Andrews Private secretary to George Washington. A member of Dundee Lodge No. 123, Dundee, N.Y.

Robert Andrews Revolutionary chaplain of the 2nd Virginia regiment in the Continental Army. This illustrious clergyman was the acting master of the meeting at which John Blair, Jr. was chosen as the first grand master of masons in Virginia on October 13, 1778, and later presided over the grand lodge when Blair was installed. He later became grand master himself. He was past master of Williamsburg lodge at the time he opened the October 13th meeting of the grand lodge.

Thomas G. Andrews (1882–1942) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma 1929–35. b. Aug. 29, 1882. Admitted to Oklahoma bar in 1911. Active in Oddfellows, serving as G.M. of Oklahoma and representative to the supreme grand lodge for 14 years. Member of the ritual revision committee and chairman of judiciary committee (natl.). Elected grand sire 1937. He was a Knight Templar, 33° AASR and Shriner. d. Sept. 1942.

Harvey A. Andruss President of State Teachers College, Bloomsburg, Pa. since 1939. b. Feb. 19, 1902 at Fort Worth, Texas, he has had a long and distinguished career as teacher, lecturer and advisor to labor, business and government on

business law, bookkeeping, accounting and civil service. Mason, 32° AASR.

William R. Angell (1877–1950) President of Continental Aeronautic Corp. b. Feb. 10, 1877 at Jesup, Iowa. Admitted to Illinois bar in 1899, beginning with Continental Motors in 1916 and becoming president from 1930–39. In addition to the Aeronautic Corp., he has served as president of Continental Aircraft Engine Co., Continental Divco Co., Home Finance Co. and Midland Corp., as well as being a director of several other companies. Mason. d. Jan. 25, 1950.

Frank M. Angellotti (1861–1932) Justice, Supreme Court of California, 1902–14. b. Sept. 4, 1861 at San Rafael, Calif. Raised in Marin Lodge No. 191, San Rafael Feb. 3, 1886, serving as master from 1888–90 and grand master of G.L. of California 1898–99. He was a member of the jurisprudence committee from 1899 until his death May 23, 1932.

Albert H. Angstman Justice, Supreme Court of Montana. b. March 23, 1888 at Farmington, Minn. Admitted to Minn. and Mont. bar in 1912. Assist, attorney-general of Montana 1921–28; assoc. justice supreme court 1929–35; counsel Public Service Comm. of Montana 1935–37; assoc. justice supreme court 1945–51. Raised in Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Mont. in 1918 and served as its master. Member of Helena Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. and past high priest; Helena Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and Helena Commandery No. 2, K.T. 32° AASR in Helena Consistory and member of Shrine since 1925.

Levi Ankeny (1844–1921) U.S. Senator from Washington 1903–09. b. Aug. 1, 1844 near St. Joseph, Mo., he crossed plains with parents to Oregon in 1850. Early in life he was a Wells Fargo agent and later in the mercantile business in Lewiston, Idaho, where he was the first mayor. He later moved to Walla Walla, Wash. where he was president of seven banks in Washington and Oregon. He became a member of Willamette Lodge No. 2 of Portland in 1866, affiliating with Walla Walla Lodge No. 7 in 1878, serving as master in 1881. He was past high priest of Walla Walla Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and member of Washington Commandery, K.T. No. 1. He was a KCCH in Lawson Consistory, AASR and member of El Kalif Shrine at Spokane. d. March 29, 1921.

Louis Annance (1794–1875) Chief of the St. Francis Indians, a vigorous and powerful tribe of the Quebec province. b. Aug. 25, 1794 at Saint Francis du Lac in the county of Yamaska, Quebec. He received his early education from the Jesuits who subsequently secured his admission to a school in Hanover, N.H., but as he was about to enter college the war of 1812 was declared and he was summoned back to his tribe to serve under the British. In 1817 he publicly renounced Catholicism and joined the Congregationalists. It was about this time that he became, by laws and rules of his tribe, successor to his father as chief and ruler, but having become a Protestant, was subjected to persecution and annoyance so he moved to Hanover, N.H. where he connected himself with the Methodists and was made a Freemason in North Star Lodge of Lancaster, N.H. in 1834. In 1835 or 1836 he removed Matthew Arbuckle to Greenville, Maine where he

lived near Moosehead Lake. He died Dec. 25, 1875. The G.L. of Maine issued dispensation to Doric Lodge which erected a tombstone over his grave in the Greenville cemetery.

Martin F. Ansel Former governor of South Carolina. Mason.

Martin C. Ansorge Congressman, lawyer and business executive. b. Jan. 1, 1882 at Corning, N.Y. Began law practice in New York City in 1906 after graduation from Columbia Univ. Member of the 67th Congress from N.Y. in 1921–23 and author of Edge–Ansorge Port of New York Authority bills for the comprehensive development of the Port of New York. Was one of the first to advocate construction of Tri–Borough Bridge and first chairman of its committee. Attorney for Henry Ford in SapiroBernstein libel cases. Director of United Air Lines. Raised in Mt. Nebo Lodge No. 257, New York City in 1907.

Charles L. Anspach College president. b. March 5, 1895 at Fremont, Ohio. Received degrees from Ashland College, Univ. of Toledo and Ph.D. from Univ. of Michigan in 1923. Was president of Ashland College (Ohio) from 1935–39 and has been president of Central Michigan College of Education at Mt. Pleasant since 1939. Active in many civic and religious organizations on state and national scale. Member of Ashland Lodge No. 151, Ashland Chapter No. 67, RAM, Ashland Council No. 128 R. & SM., all of Ashland, Ohio, and Mansfield Commandery, K.T. No. 21 of Mansfield, Ohio. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Bay City Consistory, Bay City, Mich., and is a member of Elf Khurafeh Shrine Temple, Saginaw, Mich.

Jules Anspach (1826–1879) Lord mayor of Brussels, Belgium and master of the lodge Les Amis Philantropes.

Duke d' Antin Elected “perpetual Grand Master” of the Freemasons of France on June 24, 1738, serving until 1743.

Dr. Carl Gottlob von Anton German Masonic writer who wrote several books on Templarism. d. Gorlitz, Nov. 17, 1818.

Earl of Antrim (see William Randal)

Frank Appleby (1864–1924) Congressman from N.J., 67th Congress (1921–23). b. Oct. 10, 1864. In real estate and insurance business in Asbury Park, N.J. starting in 1885. Member N.J. State Board of Education from 1894–1902. Mason. d. Dec. 15, 1924.

Troy W. Appleby (1874–1947) President of Ohio National Life Insurance Co. b. Oct. 2, 1874 at Morrisville, Mo. Started with the Ohio company as an actuary in 1905 and served as president from 1922. Active in many youth and social organizations and Methodist church. d. April 21, 1947. Mason and 32° AASR.

Sylvanus Apps Ice hockey player. Captain of the Toronto Maple Leafs. Member of University Lodge No. 496, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Emmanuel Arago (1812–1896) French politician, senator and barrister. Mason.

Matthew Arbuckle (1774–1851) Brigadier General in Mexican War. b. Greenbrier, Va. in 1774, he entered the U.S. Army as an ensign in 1800. Was sent to the Oklahoma territory to supervise the newly removed Indian tribes in 1821, establishing Fort Gibson and Fort Towson near the Kiamichi for this purpose. Fort Arbuckle was named for him. d. June 11, 1851 at Fort Smith and buried with military and Masonic honors. The remains were afterwards reinterred at his birthplace.

John Arbuthnot (1667–1735) Scottish physician and writer. Was physician in ordinary to Queen Anne (1709). A close friend of Swift, he authored witty political pamphlets including *The History of John Bull*, a satire against the Duke of Marlborough, which popularized and fixed the modern conception of John Bull as the typical Englishman. He was also the author of a number of medical and scientific papers. Reported to be member of a London lodge.

Branch T. Archer (1790–1856) Texas patriot. b. in Virginia and came to Texas in 1831 where he was active in measures for Texas independence. He served as secretary of war of Texas under President Lamar. He was raised in Harmony Lodge No. 62 at Pridewell, Amelia Co., Va. in 1808 and later became a member of Manchester Lodge No. 14 at Manchester becoming its master in 1821. He signed the petition for St. John's Lodge No. 5 of Texas.

P. C. Archer General in Confederate Army. Member of Paris Cornmandery, K.T. No. 9 of Texas.

Leslie C. Arends Congressman from Illinois to 74th to 81st Congresses (1935–51). b. Sept. 27, 1895. Mason.

James C. Argetsinger (1883–1955) Vice president of Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. b. Dec. 12, 1883 at Burdet, N.Y. Lawyer. Secretary of the above firm from 1932–49. Vice president since 1935. Mason. d. June 16, 1955.

7th Duke of Argyle (George William) 54th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1822–23.

Richard Arlen Movie actor. Member Utopia Lodge No. 537, Los Angeles, Calif.

Modeste Armijo Former Nicaraguan minister of education and chief justice of the Supreme Court. A Masonic guest in Connecticut in June 1945.

Lewis A. Armistead (1817–1863) American army officer. b. New Bern, N.C., he served in the U.S. army from 1839–61 and in the Confederate army 1861–63, receiving the rank of brigadier general in 1862. He was killed in Pickett's charge at Gettysburg. Member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. Also charter member of Union Lodge No. 7, Ft. Riley, Kans.

David H. Armstrong (1812–1893) U.S. Senator from Missouri 1877–79. b. Oct. 21, 1812 in Nova Scotia, Canada. He received an academic education at the Maine Wesleyan seminary and moved to St. Louis in 1837 where he opened and taught the first public school in the state on April 1, 1838.

He was comptroller of St. Louis from 1847 to 1850 and a member of the board of police commissioners from 1873–75 and again in 1877. Armstrong was a member of Washington Lodge No. 9 of St. Louis.

Donald Armstrong Brigadier General, U.S. Army and business executive. b. April 15, 1889. Served in the two world wars. Promoted to general rank in 1942 and was chief of the Tank Automotive Center at Detroit in 1942; commanding general of Ordnance Replacement Training Center, Aberdeen, Md. 1943; commandant of Army Industrial College, Washington, D.C. 1944. President of U.S. Pipe and Foundry Co. since 1948. Mason.

George E. Armstrong Brigadier General U.S. Army, surgeon. b. Lawrence Co., Ind. Aug. 4, 1900. Served in Army Medical Corps since 1925. Theater surgeon of C.B.I. and later surgeon China Theater 1944–46. Deputy surgeon-general with rank of general since June 1947. Raised in Bedford Lodge No. 14, Bedford, Ind. on March 12, 1922. AASR membership in Valley of Indianapolis; 33°, honorary. Member of Murat Shrine Temple, Indianapolis.

Harry L. Armstrong President of Castle Heights Military Academy, Lebanon, Tenn. since 1929. b. July 19, 1888 at Logan, Ohio. President of Association of Military Colleges and Schools of the U.S. in 1942. Raised in Mingo Lodge No. 171, Logan, Ohio in 1909.

Harry W. Armstrong (1879–1951) American composer

famous for the all-time favorite Sweet Adeline which he wrote in 1903 with words by Richard H. Gerard. b. Somerville, Mass. He was raised Feb. 20, 1922 in Montgomery Lodge No. 68, New York City and affiliated with John Stewart Lodge No. 871 in 1932.

John Armstrong (1758 – 1843) American revolutionary officer; general in War of 1812, secretary of war, U.S. senator and minister to France. b. Carlisle, Pa. Was deputy adjutant general in the American Revolution and wounded at Germantown. In 1783 he wrote a series of anonymous letters in effort to force Congress to pay arrears to army officers. He was U.S. senator from New York from 1800–04 and U.S. minister to France 1804–10. As secretary of war 1813–14, he was held responsible by many for the military failures in the War of 1812. Raised in Army Lodge No. 19 on register of G.L. of Pennsylvania and later seems to have become a member of Old Cone Lodge No. 9 at Salisbury, N.C. He may have affiliated later in New York as there is such a name listed as a member of Hibernia Lodge No. 339.

J. P. Taylor Armstrong Business executive. b. New London, Conn. July 1, 1882. President of Belding Heminway Co. since 1937; president Corti-cell Silk Co. 1920–32, working his way up from mill clerk. Director of La France Industries, United States Testing Co., Stowell Silk Spool Co. Active in local government and charities. Mason and 32° AASR (N.J.).

Lebbeus Armstrong Anti-Mason. A clergyman who became a Scottish Rite Mason and later an anti-Mason.

Sir Richard Armstrong (?–1823) British lieutenant general commanding forces in West Canada. He entered the Queen's Rangers as a captain and afterward became major. He showed great efficiency as a partisan officer on the Royalist side during the Revolution. In 1783 he was appointed with Capt. Saunders to prepare a parting address for Col. John G. Simcoe q.v., the intrepid leader of the rangers. He was advanced to colonel in 1797; to major general in 1803 and to lieutenant general in 1809. A Mason.

Thomas Armstrong, Jr. (1857–1937) Lawyer, public benefactor. b. July 18, 1857. Admitted to Wisconsin bar in 1880 and practiced in Portage. President of 1st National Bank of Portage 1891–92, moving to Phoenix, Arizona in 1892 where he engaged in law practice and was president of the 1st National Bank of Arizona 1924–29. He was the donor of the Pueblo Grande Ancient Ruins to the city of Phoenix. d. Nov. 1937. Mason.

Edward F. Arn Governor of Kansas 1952–55. b. Kansas City, Kansas May 19, 1906. Began law practice in Wichita in 1936; attorney general of Kansas 1947–49; associate justice Supreme Court of Kansas 1949–51. Raised in Wyandotte Lodge No. 3, Kansas City, Kansas in 1927. 32° AASR (SJ), Orient of Kansas at Wichita, National Sojourners Chapter No. 24 at Wichita, DeMolay Legion of Honor and Senior member, International Supreme Council, Order of DeMolay. Member of Midian Shrine of Wichita and member of patrol from 1937–47; honorary life member of Korein Temple at Rawlins, Wyo. and deputy to imperial potentate of the Shrine in 1954–55.

Elmer R. Am (1886–1951) Surgeon. b. July 8, 1886 at Arnhelm, Ohio. Received M.D. from Univ. of Cincinnati in 1911 and did post graduate work in Berlin and Vienna Universities. Specialist in goiter. Dr. Arn became a Mason in 1908. As grand master of the G.L. of Ohio (1935–36) he devoted much of his time to the Ohio Masonic Home—a service which he continued until his death. In 1930 he received the 33° and two years later was crowned an active member of the Supreme Council being elected deputy for Ohio in 1946 and continuing until he retired in 1950. His most distinctive service to Freemasonry was his leadership of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association from 1938 until his death. In those 13 years he visited grand lodges throughout the country presenting this cause which meant most to him. He died December 24, 1951 and, in compliance with Arn's request, his ashes were dropped by airplane on the Washington memorial.

Ellis G. Arna Governor of Georgia, 1943–47. b. March 20, 1907 at Newnan, Ga. Admitted to Georgia bar in 1931. Served as member of state house of representatives and speaker pro tern from 1933–37; attorney general of Georgia 1939–43. Since 1947 he has been president of the Dixie Life Insurance Co.; president of the Society of Independent Motion Picture Producers since 1948. From 1947–51 he was a member of the National Comm. for UNESCO. Member of Cowetta Lodge No. 60 at Newnan, Ga., since 1931.

Albert F. Arnason State commissioner of higher education, North Dakota since 1943. b. Hensel, N.D., March 12, 1908.

Taught in public schools and became president of N.D. School of Forestry, 1938–43. Mason.

Thomas A. Arne (1710–1778) English musical composer. He wrote music for Joseph Addison's *Rosamund* (1733); Fielding's *Tom Thumb, or the Opera of Operas* (1733); Milton's *Comus* (1738); Thomson and Mallet's *Masque of Alfred* (1740 which included the song *Rule Britannia*). In addition to the oratorios *Abel* (1755) and *Judith* (1764), he composed many songs, as those for the *Tempest* (1746) and light operas. Mason.

Ben Arnold Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma 1941–53. b. Newark, Ark., Oct. 24, 1892. LL.B. from Univ. of Oklahoma in 1925 and admitted to bar same year. Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner.

Benedict Arnold (1741–1801) America's most notorious traitor. b. Norwich, Conn., Jan. 14, 1741. His early life was spent in trade with the West Indies, but volunteered for service at the outbreak of the Revolution and with Ethan Allen q.v. captured Fort Ticonderoga on May 10, 1775. He was the leader of an unsuccessful campaign to capture Quebec in 1775, but, as a brigadier general in 1776, stopped a British thrust from Canada down Lake Champlain. In 1777 as a major general he repulsed a British force in the Mohawk Valley and aided in forcing Burgoyne's surrender. While in Philadelphia (1778–79) as commander, he was court-martialed for irregularities and reprimanded by Washington (in kind words). It was here that he began treasonable correspondence with the British and while in command at West Point (1780), he

arranged to surrender that key position to the British. The plot was discovered by the capture of Major Andre on Sept. 23, and Arnold fled to the British. He was commissioned a brigadier general in the British army and received ~£6,315 in compensation for his property losses. He then led an expedition into Virginia which burned Richmond and made an attack on New London, Conn. in Sept. 1781, returning to London in December of that year. Disappointed at the failure of his plans and embittered by the neglect and scorn which he met in England, he gradually sank into a melancholia and died in London June 14, 1801. His last words were reported as: "Let me die in the old uniform in which I fought my battles for freedom. May God forgive me for putting on any other." There is no question that Arnold was a Freemason. Wallace in his *Traitorous Hero* says he was admitted a member in a lodge "in the West Indies" which may well be true as he was there in his early days before the Revolution. The first record in Book II of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. (April 10, 1765) record that "Br. Benedict Arnold is by R.W. (Nathan Whiting) proposed to be made a member (i.e. an affiliate) of this R.W. Lodge, and is accordingly made a member in this Lodge." This was ten years before his first action in the Revolution. His name appears frequently on the records of Hiram lodge until about 1772. After his defection the lodge erased his name from membership and he was abandoned as a Mason. On June 12, 1771 he visited Solomons Lodge No. 1 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. and on May 16, 1781 the lodge by vote "ordered that the name of Benedict Arnold be considered as obliterated from the minutes of this Lodge; a Traitor" (with figure of a hand pointing to word "traitor.") This was done

and the old records show his name partially obliterated by pen marks.

Henry H. “Hap” Arnold (1886–1950) Commanding general of the U.S. Air Force. b. June 25, 1886 at Gladwyne, Pa. Graduated from West Point in 1907 and a pioneer in military aviation, who in 1912 was awarded a trophy for “a 30-mile flight.” From a 2nd lieutenant in 1907 he advanced to the highest American rank in 1944—that of a 5-star general. He was flight commander of the U.S. Alaska Flight of 1934; assistant chief Air Corps, 1936–38; chief of Army Air Corps, 1938; commanding general Army Air Forces, 1942. He was raised in Union Lodge No. 7, Junction City, Kansas on Nov. 3, 1927, received the 32° AASR on April 11, 1929 at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas and 33° on Oct. 19, 1945. d. Jan. 15, 1950. On Nov. 21, 1958 the lodge at Edwards A.F.B., Calif. was constituted as General Henry H. Arnold Lodge No. 791.

John C. Arnold Justice, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. b. March 10, 1887 at Durwensville, Pa. Admitted to Pennsylvania bar in 1910. Judge of superior court (appellate) 1945–53. Justice of supreme court since 1953. Raised in Garfield Lodge No. 559, DuBois, Pa. on Nov. 7, 1912. Member of AASR, Valley of Williamsport, Pa. and received 33° in 1952. Member of Jaffa Shrine Temple at Altoona, Pa.

Remmie LeRoy Arnold Pen manufacturer and Imperial Potentate of Shrine (1953–54). b. Jan. 25, 1894 at Petersburg, Va. Started the R. L. Arnold Pen Co. in 1935 which has grown to the second largest pen company in the world. Served as

president of the American War Dads during WW2, making a trip to England as guest of Lord Halifax, British Ambassador, visiting camps, hospitals and front lines. On his return he toured the United States at his own expense to report directly to the American people and wrote over 5,000 letters to parents of men with whom he had talked. Served as president of the Southern States Industrial Council. Ran for governor of Virginia in 1949. Raised in Powhatan Starke Lodge No. 124, Petersburg, Va. on Feb. 24, 1928. Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar in 1930 and 32° AASR in 1928. Received Royal Arch in Petersburg Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. and knighted in Appomattox Commandery No. 6, both of Petersburg, Va. in 1930. AASR (ST) in Richmond, Va., receiving 33°. Member of Acca Temple, Royal Order of Scotland, Royal Order of Jesters in Richmond, Order of Quetzacoatl in Mexico City, National Sojourners and Heroes of '76 at Fort Lee, Va., chairman of board of Shriners Hospitals, and Legion of Honor, DeMolay.

Samuel W. "Wat" Arnold Congressman from Missouri 78th to 80th Congresses (1943–49). b. Sept. 21, 1879 near Downing, Mo. Taught school and served as superintendent from 1896 to 1903. Owner of lumber business and radio stations. Member of the following Masonic bodies of Kirksville, Mo. Adair Lodge No. 366; Caldwell Chapter No. 53, R.A.M.; Ely Commandery No. 22.

William W. Arnold Congressman from Illinois to 68th to 74th Congresses (1923–37), resigning to become member of U.S. Board of Tax Appeals (now The Tax Court of the U.S.)

on which he has served since 1937. Knight Templar and 32° AASR. Died Nov. 23, 1957.

Sir Lauriston J. Arnott Managing Director of the Irish Times, Dublin, Ireland. Served as master of Meridian Lodge XII in Dublin in 1952. Also member of Lodge of Erin No. 2895, London, England.

Jacob Aronson (1887–1951) Vice president and general counsel of New York Central Railroad since 1947. b. Jan. 2, 1887 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1908. Associated with New York Central since 1906 as attorney, general attorney and counsel. Director of several other corporations. Mason. d. Jan. 13, 1951.

J. Hugo Aronson Governor of Montana since 1952. b. Sept. 1, 1891, Gallstad, Sweden. Came to U.S. in 1911. Director of Toole Co. Bank, Shelby, Mont. since 1927 and president since 1940. Member state house of representatives 1939–45; senator 1945–53. Mason. King Gustav VI Adolf q.v. of Sweden appointed him as representative of the G.L. of Sweden to the G.L. of Montana. His appointment was in Swedish, accompanied by an English translation, but Aronson could read the original. Received degrees in Shelby Lodge No. 143, in 1924 and later demitted to Cut Bank Lodge No. 82, Cut Bank, Mont. Member of Tyrean Chapter 34, R.A.M. and Cut Bank Council R. & S.M. No. 11 at Cut Bank and Golden West Commandery 24, K.T. at Shelby, Mont. 32° AASR in Valley of Helena. Was senior steward of Shelby Lodge at time of his transfer. Member of Algeria Shrine Temple and Shelby Chapter No. 113, O.E.S.

Received “Hats Off” award from Edward C. Day Chapter, DeMolay in Helena.

Chester A. Arthur (1830–66) President of the United States, 1881–85 on death of Garfield. Was not a Mason. Although often referred to as a “Mason, brother, and worthy member of the Craft” by early publications, there is not one shred of evidence that points to his membership.

Harold J. Arthur Governor of Vermont. b. Feb. 9, 1904 at Whitehall, N.Y. Admitted to bar in 1932 and has been in civil and criminal practice since that date. Clerk of Vermont lower house 1939–43, lieut. governor of Vermont 1949–50 and elected governor in 1950. Served as an officer, U.S. Army WW2, 1941–46. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

John M. Arthur Brigadier general U.S. Marine Corps. b. April 12, 1893. Graduate of Infantry School, Fort Benning, Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Naval War College. From 2nd lieutenant Marine Corps in 1917 he advanced to brigadier general in 1946. Served in Cuba 1917–19. Aide to White House during Harding and Coolidge administrations. Subsequently served in Nicaragua, China. Legislative liaison officer of Marine Corps to Congress, 1934–37. Chief-of-staff, Fleet Marine Force 1940–41; commander of combined forces during Guadalcanal campaign 1942–43. Mason.

Thomas Arthur (1860–1925) Chief justice, Supreme Court

of Iowa (1923–25). b. July 12, 1860. LL.B. University of Iowa. Judge of district court of Iowa, 1911–20; justice Supreme Court of Iowa, 1920–23. Mason. d. Sept. 15, 1925.

Gotthardus Arthusius Wrote many works on Rosicrucianism under the assumed name of Irenaeus Agnostus. Was rector of the gymnasium of Frankfort-on-the-Main.

Earl of Arundel (Thomas Howard) (1585?–1646) Tradition places him as grand master of English Freemasons from 1633 to 1635 and the claim is in accordance with the accounts of Anderson and Preston. He was the 14th Earl, and became a Protestant in 1615; president of the committee of peers on Bacon's case in 1621; general of the army against the Scots in 1639. He was one of the first large scale collectors of art in England, and his collection of statues, pictures, guns, coins, manuscripts and marbles was presented to Oxford in 1667 by his grandson.

William Arundel (?–1816) Early American merchant and fur trader. He was first secretary of Western Star Lodge No. 107 at Kaskaskia, the first capital of Illinois. Arundel was raised in St. Andrews Lodge, Quebec, Canada. When No. 107 at Kaskaskia was formed on Sept. 27, 1805, he was a charter member. He was located at Kahokia (Ill.) as early as 1783, but had resided near Peoria at an earlier date. He had emigrated from Ireland to Canada and possessed a good education for that time.

Jacob M. Arvey Political boss of Chicago and prominent national Democratic political figure. b. Chicago, Nov. 3, 1895.

Served as state's attorney in 1918–20; master in chancery, circuit court of Cook Co. 1930–34; alderman 24th ward, Chicago, 1923–41; chairman Cook Co. Central Committee, Democratic party. Mason.

Charles G. Ashbrook President of North American Life Insurance Co. of Chicago. b. Nov. 1899 at Granville, Ohio. Graduated from Denver Univ. in 1921 and started as a clerk with North American, working his way successively up to president in 1955. Raised in Nunda Lodge No. 169, Crystal Lake, Ill. on May 7, 1938. Member of Woodstock Chapter No. 36, R.A.M. and Woodstock Council, R. & S.M. and Calvary Commandery No. 25, K.T. all of Woodstock, Illinois. Served as master of Nunda Lodge No. 169 in 1942. Joined Medinah Shrine Temple in 1943.

Frank G. Ashbrook Fur animal expert. b. York, Pa., Oct. 20, 1892. B.S. in agriculture, Pa. State College, 1914; with Bureau of Animal Industry, Dept. of Agriculture 1914–18 and on leave from dept. to French High Commission, 1919–20. In charge of fur-bearing animal work, Div. of Fur Resources, Biological Surveys, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture since 1921. Traveled in Japan and China in 1937 for Treasury Dept. to obtain information on methods of dressing dog, lamb and kid skins imported to U.S. Author of many books in field. Mason.

William A. Ashbrook (1867–1940) Congressman from Ohio to 60th to 65th Congresses (1907–21) and 74th and 75th Congresses (1935–39) from 17th Ohio district. b. July 1, 1867 at Johnstown, Ohio. Publisher and editor of Johnstown

Independent from 1885–1940. Mason. d. Jan. 1, 1940.

George F. Ashby Railroad president b. Sept 3, 1885 at Mt. Airy, N.C. Started with railroad industry as a clerk with the Atlantic Coast Line in 1906. With Union Pacific RR Co. since 1921, serving as president and director 1946–49. Also president and director of Oregon Short Line, Oregon–Washington RR and Navigation Co.; Los Angeles and Salt Lake RR; St. Joseph and Grand Island; Laramie North Park and Western; Saratoga and Encampment Valley and Des Chutes RR. Mason and Shriner.

Turner Ashby (1824–1862) Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Rose Hill, Va. He was a grain dealer in Markham, Va., and afterward a planter and politician. At the outbreak of the Civil War he raised a regiment of cavalry. Being a fine horseman and daring by nature, he soon distinguished himself. He met his death in a skirmish preceding the battle of Cross Keys, Va. on June 6, 1862. He was a member of Equality Lodge No. 44, Martinsburg, W. Va. and was buried Ma-sonically.

Bowman F. Ashe (1885–1952) President of University of Miami from 1926. b. Scottdale, Pa., April 3, 1885. Regional director Social Security Board for Southeastern States, 1936–38 and regional director War Manpower Committee for Southeastern States, 1942. Mason. d. Dec. 16, 1952.

Rev. Jonathan Ashe Author of Masonic Manual, 1814 which he copies from Hutchinson without giving credit.

Dr. Carl Wilhelm Asher First translator into German of the Halliwell or Regius Manuscript, which he published at Hamburg in 1842 under the title of *Alteste Urkunde der Freimaurerei*.

Edward Ashley (1854–1931) Clergyman, missionary to Dakota Indians. b. Road Hill, England Dec. 12, 1854, came to U.S. in 1873 and naturalized in 1889. Became Episcopalian deacon in 1877 and priest in 1881. Served as general missionary among Sioux Indians for 57 years. Mason and 33° deputy in South Dakota for Supreme Council (SJ). d. March 30, 1931.

James M. Ashley (1824–?) Governor of Montana. b. Nov. 14, 1824 near Pittsburgh, Pa. Clerked on boats of Ohio and Mississippi rivers, became editor of the *Dispatch* and later the *Democrat* at Portsmouth, O. Admitted to bar, but never practiced. Elected five times to U.S. Congress from Ohio, serving from 1859–1869. Four times chairman of the committee on territories, it was under his supervision that the territories of Arizona, Idaho and Montana were organized. Appointed governor of Montana in 1869. Raised March 2, 1853 in Toledo Lodge No. 144, Toledo, Ohio.

Elias Ashmole (1617–1692) Most learned English antiquarian of his day. A Royalist in the Civil War. In 1672 he published an exhaustive history of the Order of the Garter which is now an exceedingly rare volume. In 1677 he presented a collection of rarities to Oxford University which became the Ashmolean Museum. His importance to Freemasonry stems from the diary which he kept with great care. Masonic historians have

generally set the date of speculative Masonry as 1717 when the G.L. of England was formed. His diary entry of Oct. 16, 1646 stated that he had been made a Freemason at 4:30 p.m. at Warrington, Lancashire with Col. Henry Mainwaring of Karincham, Cheshire. At this time Ashmole was a captain in Lord Ashley's regiment and also Comptroller of the Ordnance on the King's side. Mainwaring, of whom there is frequent mention in the bulletins of the civil war, was a staunch Parliamentarian. The diary also gives the names of those that were then members of the lodge which seems to justify the conclusion that they were in the habit of associating in Masonic fellowship for some time. It is noteworthy that not a single operative Mason was present on this date. His diary therefore earned him the name of "first speculative English Freemason." d. May 18, 1692.

Henry F. Ashurst Former U.S. Senator from Arizona. Married as Catholic and afterwards withdrew from the fraternity.

John W. Askew Comptroller of Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. since 1949. b. Nov. 1, 1901. With postal service since 1920. Now regional comptroller at Atlanta, Ga. Raised Oct. 6, 1925 in Corinthian Lodge No. 266 at Norfolk, Va.

William D. Askren Justice Supreme Court State of Washington 1924–28. b. Oct. 1, 1885 Mount Ayr, Iowa. Admitted to bar 1908. Judge of Superior Court, 1920–04. Mason and past potentate Ai Shrine Temple, 1926–27.

Richard Aspinall Educator. b. Dec. 1, 1881 at Bolton, England. President Western State College, Gunnison, Colo., 1927–30. Director of student affairs and assistant to president of West Virginia University 1930–48. Superintendent of Moosehart Home and School, Moosehart, Ill. (Loyal Order of Moose) since 1948. Received his degrees in Terra Alta Lodge No. 106, W. Va. about 1922 and later member of Morgantown Union Lodge No. 4, Morgantown, W. Va. 32° AASR(SJ) at Wheeling, W. Va. and KCCH. Member of Osiris Shrine Temple at Wheeling. Served as grand prelate, Grand Lodge of West Virginia circa 1932–44. Has served many times as orator for Masonic events. Grand chaplain G.L. of W.V. 1936–43.

Wayne N. Aspinall Congressman from Colorado to 81st Congress (1949–51). b. April 3, 1896 at Middleburg, Ohio. Graduate of Univ. of Denver and Denver Law School. Admitted to bar 1925. Member of state legislature of Colorado from 1931–38 and speaker of house 1937–38. State senator 1939–48. Participated in Normandy drive WW1 as American officer with British forces. Raised in Palisade Lodge No. 125, Palisade, Colo. in 1926. Member of Grand Junction Chapter No. 24, R.A.M.; Grand Junction Council No. 16 R. & S.M. and Temple Commandery No. 23, K.T., all of Grand Junction, Colo. 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of Grand Junction, receiving KCCH. Served as master of Palisade lodge and also as secretary. Member of El Jebel Shrine Temple.

Rupert F. Asplund (1875–1952) Tax and budget expert. b. June 26, 1875 at Little Indian, Ill. M.A. and LL.D., Illinois College, Jacksonville, Ill. Instructor of Latin and Greek at Univ.

of New Mexico 1902–09. Secretary State Tax Commission (N.M.) 1917–18; director Taxpayers' Assn. of N.M. since 1918; editor and manager of N.M. Journal of Education, 1907–19; director of N.M. State Budget, 1919–41; comptroller State of N.M. 1930. Grand Master of G.L. of N.M. 1947–48. Deputy of Supreme Council AASR (SJ) for N.M. from 1935. d. Dec. 7, 1952.

John Jacob Astor (1763–1848) German–American financier and czar of the fur trade. b. Duchy of Baden, Germany, July 17, 1763, coming to U.S. in 1784 and entering the fur trade. He incorporated the American Fur Co. in 1808 and the Pacific Fur Co. in 1810. He founded the city of Astoria at the mouth of the Columbia River as a trading post but lost it to the British in 1813. During the War of 1812 he made large and profitable loans to the government. Astor invested heavily in New York real estate and by 1817 had monopolized the Mississippi valley fur trade and that of the upper Missouri from 1822–34. He sold his fur interests in 1834 and retired to administer one of the largest fortunes made in America. He was one of the first members of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City and served as master in 1788. He was grand treasurer of the G.L. of New York from 1798 to 1801; was junior grand warden pro tern on two occasions, 1798 and 1801. For a time he was secretary of a commandery (then called encampment) that met in Holland lodge room at 66 Liberty street, New York City. d. March 29, 1848.

David R. Atchison (1807–1886) Ex-officio President of the United States for one day (March 4, 1849) because President

Taylor was not sworn in until March 5. b. Aug. 11, 1807 at Frogtown, Ky. Lawyer, politician and congressman, 1843–55. Member of Platte Lodge No. 56, Platte City, Mo. (now extinct). d. June 26, 1886.

King Athelstan (895–940) King of England; son of King Edward the Elder and grandson of King Alfred the Great. His connection with Masonry is purely legendary, resting on the Old Charges. The Regius Poem states that: “Thys craft corn yn to england as y yow say yn tyme of good kynge adelsonus day.” It is further stated that he summoned an assembly of Masons for the purpose of drawing up a charter. A later manuscript refers to a charter he gave to the Masons on the intercession of his son, Edwin, but Athelstan died unmarried.

John 3rd Duke of Atholl (1729–1774) Heir to Scottish title held by Murray family. Sold the sovereignty of Isle of Man to the British Crown in 1765. Grand master, G.L. of England (Antients) 1771–74. Also G.M. of Scotland in 1773. (Scots spell it “Athole.”) John, 4th Duke of Atholl (1755–1830) Created Earl Strange in peerage of Great Britain in 1786. He succeeded his father as grand master of G.L. of England in 1775, serving until 1781 and again from 1791–1813. Was grand master of G.L. of Scotland from 1778 to 1779.

George Augustis, 6th Duke of Atholl Served as 66th Grand Master Mason of Scotland 1843–63 while Lord Glenlyon. He was grand master of England from 1843 until his death in January, 1864. The three craft degrees were conferred upon

him at the same time and he was installed as master at the same meeting in Grand Master Lodge No. 1.

John George, 8th Duke of Atholl Served as 79th Grand Master Mason of Scotland 1909–13 while Marquis of Tullibardine. He later became the 8th Duke of Atholl.

Harry W. Atkins Poultry industry executive. b. May 16, 1883 at Streator, Ill. Judged 800 poultry shows and fairs in 38 years. Supt. poultry department Iowa Farms, 1910–16. Owner of Atkins Farm Hatchery and Atkins Poultry Sales until 1943. President of American Poultry Association 1938–40 and secretary since 1940. Former concert work with Atkins Family Band and Orchestra. Organized and directed Kaaba Shrine band 1915–25. Raised in Amity Lodge No. 483, Huntington, Ind. on June 3, 1912. 32° at Davenport, Iowa in 1915. Member of Mohassan Grotto.

Smith D. Atkins General, Union Army, Civil War. Mason and Knight Templar at Galena, Ill. Member Illinois Masonic Veterans Association.

Arthur K. Atkinson President of the Wabash Railroad since 1947. b. Denver, Colo., Oct. 19, 1891. Started as office boy with the D. & R.G. Railroad in 1909. Has been with Wabash since 1922. He is also an officer and director of the following railroads: Ann Arbor Boat Co., Ann Arbor Ry. Co., Detroit & Western, Lake Erie & Fort Wayne; Manistique & Lake Superior, Menominee & St. Paul, N.J., Indiana & Illinois, Wabash Motor Transit Co., Wabash Radio Corp., American Refrigerator

Transit Co., Belt Ry. of Chicago, Chicago & Western Indiana, Kansas City Terminal. A Freemason since 1924, he is a member of University City Lodge No. 649 (Mo.), exalted in Cabany Chapter No. 140, R.A.M. Nov. 26, 1948 and knighted in St. Aldemar Commandery No. 18, K.T. March 18, 1949. Council degrees in Hiram Council No. 1, St. Louis, Sept. 3, 1952. AASR (SJ) in Valley of St. Louis in 1948; KCCH on Oct. 20, 1953, he is president of the Scottish Rite Endowment, Philanthropic and Educational Foundation and junior warden in St. Louis Lodge of Perfection. He is viceroy of St. Louis Conclave No. 42, Red Cross of Constantine and president of KCCH in 1956. Member of Moolah Shrine Temple. Member of board of governors of St. Louis Shrine Hospital. Member of board of governors of DeMolay Foundation, Inc. Active member-at-large for life of the International Supreme Council, Order of DeMolay and member of Royal Order of Jesters, St. Louis Court No. 81, since 1950.

George W. Atkinson (1845–1925) Governor of West Virginia 1897–1901. b. June 29, 1845 at Charleston, Va. (now W.Va.). Served as internal revenue agent, postmaster and U.S. Marshal. Member of 51st Congress (1889–91). Judge U.S. Court of Claims 1905–16. Raised in Kanawha Lodge No. 20, Charleston Oct. 12, 1866. Wasgrand master of W.Va. in 1876 and grand secretary of the G.L. of W. Va. from 1897 to 1901. Knight Templar. d. April 4, 1925.

Harry H. Atkinson Lawyer and U.S. Attorney for Nevada from 1926–34. b. Salt Lake City, Utah, May 22, 1881. Law degree from Stanford in 1903. Admitted to California and

Nevada bar in 1906. Served with 1st Troop, Utah, U.S. Vol. Cay. in Spanish American War. Grand master of the G.L. of Nevada 1920–21.

Theodore Atkinson Secretary of the Province of New Hampshire (before statehood) and chief justice of New Hampshire in 1754. Admitted December 22 (St. John's Day) to St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H.

William Y. Atkinson (1855–1899) Governor of Georgia, 1894–96. b. Oakland, Ga. and graduated from state university in 1877. Admitted to Georgia bar in 1878. Member of state legislature 1886–94, being speaker the last three years. In 1889 he founded the Georgia Normal and Industrial College and was president of the board of trustees. Buried Masonically.

William W. Atterbury (1866–1935) President of the Pennsylvania Railroad from 1925. b. Jan. 31, 1866 at New Albany, Ind. Graduated from Yale and started as an apprentice in the Altoona shops of the Pennsylvania R.R. in 1886. While vice president in charge of operations, he was granted a leave of absence in 1917 to direct the construction and operation of U.S. military railways in France, and was commissioned brigadier general. Was officer and trustee of many corporations. He was raised in Colonial Lodge No. 631, Philadelphia, Pa. in 1895. d. Sept. 20, 1935.

Frank E. Atwood (1878–1943) Judge, Supreme Court of Missouri 1925–35. b. Carrollton, Mo., Oct. 5, 1878. Attended Missouri University and William Jewell College. Admitted

to Missouri bar in 1904. Member of Missouri Constitutional Convention of 1922. Mason. d. March 5, 1943. Belonged to Wakanda Lodge No. 52 at Carrollton and exalted in George Washington Chapter No. 24, R.A.M. Nov. 21, 1913, demitting from latter in 1938.

Henry C. Atwood (?–1860) Masonic writer. b. Connecticut and settled in New York in 1825. Raised in York Lodge No. 197, New York in 1835. Published *The Master Workman*; or *True Masonic Guide* in 1850. Organized a lodge and introduced ritual of Jeremy L. Cross. Was a leader in establishing St. John's G.L. and was grand master at the union in 1851. d. 1860.

W. K. Au One of the leaders in the establishment of the Grand Lodge of China, and foremost Chinese Freemason of the present day. He served for several years as an officer in his lodge and grand lodge.

Lord Auckland (see William Eden)

Lord John Touchet Audley Anderson states he was Grand Master of England from 1540–1548. He was a patron of the building art in Magdalene College, Cambridge.

John James Audubon (1785–1851) American ornithologist and artist known for his imposing works in full color of *Birds of America* (1827–38). b. April 26, 1785 in Haiti. d. Jan. 27, 1851. Although Audubon referred to himself as a “Mason” and “Brother” in his diary, no proof has been found of his membership.

Berthold Auerbach (1812–1882) German patriot and writer. Known for his pictures of life in the Black Forest. His fiction includes *Spinoza* (1837); *Schwarzwälder Dorfgeschichten* (1843); *Edelweiss* (1861); *Auf der Höhe* (1865). He translated Spinoza's works in 5 volumes in 1841. Initiated in 1838.

Pierre Francois C. Augereau (1757–1816?) nee Due de Castiglione. French soldier created Marshal of France by Napoleon. Distinguished himself at Lodi and Castiglione (1796) and carried through the coup d'état of Sept. 4, 1797. He served through the Napoleonic wars throughout the empire period. Was premier grand surveillant of the Grand Lodge Symbolique of France in 1805.

Edward Augustus, Duke of York b. March 14, 1738. Brother of King George III. Was initiated in the Lodge of Friendship (later known as Royal York Lodge of Friendship) Berlin, Germany on July 27, 1765.

Frederick Augustus, Prince of Brunswick (1740–?) b. 1740 the second son of Duke Charles I. Affiliated with the Rite of Strict Observance in 1769 and declared grand master of Prussia in 1772, serving until 1799. Rendered distinguished service in the Seven Years' War and is said to have written extensively on Rosicrucianism, alchemy and magic.

Stanislas H. Augustus King of Poland. (See Stanislas).

William Augustus, Crown Prince of Prussia (1722–1758) Member of the Hohenzollern line and brother of Frederick

the Great. Not successful as a military leader and deprived of command in 1757 by Frederick. Father of Frederick William II, who succeeded Frederick the Great as king of Prussia. Member of Three Globes Lodge, Berlin. (Lodge Drei Weltkugein) William Augustus, Duke of Cumberland b. April 26, 1721 in London. Initiated in 1743.

Dr. Isaac Auld (1769–1827) Physician and 3rd grand commander, Supreme Council (SJ) (1822–26). b. Pennsylvania. Received the 33°, January 19, 1802. Died at his home “Edingsville” on Edisto Island, south of Charleston, S.C., Oct. 17, 1827.

Henry S. Aurand Lieut. General U.S. Army. b. April 21, 1894 at Tamaqua, Pa. Graduate of West Point, 1915. Promoted through grades to lieutenant general in 1948. Major in Ord. dept. during WW1. Comdg. general 6th Service Command 1942–44; comdg. officer Normandy base section, 1944; comdg. general Service of Supplies, China Theater, 1945; 6th Service Command, 1946; Africa–Middle East Theater, 1946; director of research and development War Dept. General Staff 1946–48; director of logistics General Staff from 1948. Retired. Member of Shamokin Lodge No. 255, Shamokin, Pa.; Hawaiian Chapter No. 9, National Sojourners and president of latter in 1952.

John C. W. Austin Architect. b. Feb. 13, 1870 at Bodicote, England. An architect in Los Angeles, Calif. since 1894. Designed and supervised construction of following Los Angeles buildings: Shrine Auditorium, Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, California State Building, St. Vincent’s Hospital,

Griffith Observatory, and Saint Paul's Church. Collaborated in design and construction of Los Angeles City Hall. Past president of Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce. 32° AASR (SJ) and member Al Malaikah Shrine Temple, Los Angeles.

Moses Austin (1765–1821) Secured a grant of 200,000 acres in the province of Texas (under New Spain) on Jan. 17, 1821, but died on his return trip to home in Missouri. His son Stephen F. Austin q.v. carried out the colonization by his father's dying request the following year. Although his Masonic membership has never been established, a biographer (Adella Breckenridge Moore) states in the Congressional Record, March 21, 1949 that "From things read in his printed letters I believe Moses Austin to have been a Mason, and it might have been that on some of his trips abroad he was made a Mason in London." It is noted that in his statements to the Spanish authorities in December of 1820 he answered he was 53 years old, a Catholic, and former subject of the King of Spain. This is not unusual, however, for Sam Houston q.v. the first president of the Republic, who founded the G.L. of Texas was also a Catholic. Only Catholics could hold land under the Spanish rule.

Stephen F. Austin (1793–1836) American colonizer of Texas sometimes called "The Father of Texas." b. Nov. 8, 1793 in Wythe Co., Va., son of Moses (1761–1821) Austin, settling in Missouri in 1798. He became a member of the Missouri Territorial Legislature in 1814 and served until 1820. It was in this year that his father gained a tract of land in what is now Texas. The father died before he could start his colonization

efforts and Stephen took over the project, becoming a leader in the first colony of U.S. settlers in Texas. In Missouri he was initiated in Louisiana Lodge No. 109 (first lodge West of the Mississippi) at Ste. Genevieve, on June 23, 1815 at the age of 22. The lodge was then under Pennsylvania charter. In Texas he headed the first attempt to establish a lodge when in 1828 several Masons petitioned the Yorkino G.L. of Mexico for a charter. He was named to be the first master, but the petition was lost and the lodge never founded. From 1822–32 he directed the government in the colony, encouraging immigration from the U.S. and maintaining peace and order. He was imprisoned in Mexico City (1833–34) for urging Texas statehood and separation from Coahuila. Although he was defeated for the presidency (first) of Texas in 1836 by General Sam Houston q.v., he became first secretary of state of the Republic of Texas and was commander-in-chief of the Army of Texas. Austin, Texas is named for him, as is a Masonic lodge in that state. d. Dec. 27, 1836.

Warren R. Austin United States Representative to United Nations (1947–50). b. Nov. 12, 1877 at Highgate, Vt. Admitted to Vt. bar in 1902. Served as mayor of St. Albans in 1909 and U.S. Senator being elected in 1931, 1934 and 1940. As a special ambassador of the president, he served as U.S. advisor to the United Nations in 1946, and in 1947 was named as the United States first ambassador to the U.N. with rank of ambassador E. and P. While with the U.N. he served as our representative on the Security Council, made a goodwill mission to Cuba in 1950 and was official guest of Dominican Republic, Haiti, Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico. He was

chairman of Committee for Permanent Headquarters. In 1951 he was recipient of the Distinguished Achievement medal of the G.L. of New York. He was raised in Brattleboro Lodge No. 102 at Burlington, Vt. and later affiliated with Franklin Lodge No. 4, St. Albans. A Knight Templar and Shriner he received 33° AASR in September, 1944.

Gene Autry Singer, actor, producer, writer of screen, stage, radio and TV. b. Sept. 29, 1907 at Tioga, Texas. Graduated from Tioga high school in 1925. Began as a railroad telegraph operator in Sapulpa, Okla. in 1925. Autry made first phonograph record of cowboy songs in 1929; radio artist WLS, Chicago, 1930–34; motion picture director since 1934; actor since 1934. His first picture was *In Old Santa Fe* and since that time he has starred in 55 musical Western feature pictures. Joined Army Air Force in 1942 as technical sergeant and discharged in 1945 as flight officer. With the advent of TV after WW2 he produced and starred in many productions. He has written over 250 songs including *Silver-Haired Daddy of Mine* (1931); *You're the Only Star in My Blue Heaven* (1938); *Dust* (1938); *Tears on My Pillow* (1941); *Be Honest With Me* (1941); *Tweedle O'Twill* (1942). Raised in Catoosa Lodge No. 185, Catoosa, Okla. in 1927. Life member of Long Beach, Calif. AASR (32°) and life member of Al Malaika Shrine Temple, Los Angeles, Calif.

George W. Auxier Writer, political analyst, government official. b. Nov. 27, 1905 Paintsville, Ky. A.B. and M.A. Miami Univ., Ph.D. Ohio State Univ. Served as supt. Federal archives, Ohio; research asst. in Library of Congress; asst. editor

Territorial Papers of U.S., Dept. of State; liaison officer Office of Censorship; historical officer, War Department, General Staff 1942–44; principal policy analyst, Office of Executive Sec. W.P.R., 1944–45; chief policy analysis staff, bureau of demobilization, 1945–46; asst. general managers office U.S. Atomic Energy Commission 1947; principal policy analyst U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, 1947. General director research and reports National Security Resources Board since 1947. Member of Takoma Park Lodge No. 29, Takoma Park, Md. Author of many books and articles, historical and current.

Henry G. Avers (1886–1947) Mathematician. Chief mathematician of Geodetic Survey since 1924. Member of National Geographic Society Committee of experts which determined that Commdr. Byrd q.v. reached the North Pole by airplane in 1926 and the South Pole in 1929. Mason 32° AASR, Shriner. d. Jan. 19, 1947.

Christopher L. Avery Justice, Supreme Court of Connecticut, 1929–42 (retired). b. Sept. 4, 1872. Graduate of Yale, A.B. 1893, LL.B. 1897. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1897 and moved to Connecticut in 1903. Judge, Superior Court of Conn. 1920–29. Served as quartermaster, U.S. Navy in Spanish American War. Member of House of Representatives, 1913. Mason.

Ray L. Avery Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 15, 1884, Manchester, N.H. Graduate West Point, 1908. Advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1940. Commanding general, Edgewood Arsenal, Md. 1940–46. Retired, 1946. Mason.

William H. Avery Congressman from Kansas, 84th Congress. b. Aug. 11, 1911, Wakefield, Kansas. Farmer, stockman, 1935–55; member Kansas state legislature, 1951–55. Received degrees in Wakefield Lodge No. 396, Wakefield, Kansas in 1954–55–56.

S. B. Axtell Former governor of New Mexico and Utah. Member of Amador Lodge No. 65, Jackson, Calif.

John Thomas Axton (1870 – ?) Chief of chaplains, U.S.A. b. July 28, 1870, Salt Lake City, Utah. General secretary to YMCA 1893–1902. Chaplain U.S. Army, 1902 and in 1920 appointed colonel and chief of chaplains; retired in 1928. Served in P.I. twice, Mexican border 5 years and duty at Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, N.J., WW1. He officiated at the interment of America's unknown soldier at Arlington National Cemetery Nov. 11, 1921. Mason. deceased.

Charles B. Aycock (1859–1912) Governor of North Carolina, 1901–05. b. Nov. 1, 1859 at Fremont, N.C. Degrees from Univ. of North Carolina and Univ. of Maine. Practiced law at Goldsboro, N.C. Served as county superintendent of schools, U.S. district attorney. His bust is in Statuary Hall, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C. He served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1897. d. April 4, 1912.

Atlee B. Ayers Architect. b. July 12, 1874, Hillsboro, Ohio. Architect in San Antonio since 1899. Architect of Smith–Young Plaza Hotel, Federal Reserve Bank Building and Municipal Auditorium, all of San Antonio, Texas. Collaborated in Blind

Institute, Austin, and Administration Building, Randolph Field, Texas. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ).

George F. Ayers (1865–1913) President of Lindenwood Female College, St. Charles, Mo., 1902–13. b. May 17, 1865 at Hannibal, Mo. Active Presbyterian, author and Mason. d. Oct. 23, 1913.

William A. Ayers Congressman from Kansas 64th to 66th Congresses (1915–21) and 68th to 73rd Congresses (1923–35), resigning upon appointment as Federal Trade Commissioner in 1934, reappointed in 1940 and again in 1947. Mason 33° AASR, Shriner. d. Feb. 17, 1952.

Sir George Aylwen Lord Mayor of London (circa 1949–51) Junior grand warden of the G.L. of Mark Masters of England and Wales, installed Sept. 6, 1949.

William Edmonstoune Aytoun (1812–65) Scottish poet and parodist. Educated at Univ. of Edinburgh and at Aschaffenburg, Germany. He began contributions to Blackwood's in 1836; professor of rhetoric and belles letters, Univ. of Edinburgh, 1845. Author of *Poland*, *Homer*, and *Other Poems* (1832); *Lays of the Scottish Cavaliers* (1848); *Firmilian a Spasmodic Tragedy* (1854) and *Poems and Ballads of Goethe* (1858). Annotated collection of *Ballads of Scotland*, (1858). Active member the Scottish grand lodge and representative there of the Grand Lodge Royal York of Germany.

Miguel de Azcuenaga (1754–1833) Argentine patriot.

Helped defend the city of Buenos Aires against the first British attack. Was active in the May 1810 revolution and was part of the first “junta” or governing council. Later appointed chief of the general staff.

B

Irving B. Babcock President of General Motors Truck Corp. since 1935. b. June 25, 1891 at Milwaukee, Wis. LL.B. DePaul Univ. in 1916. Also president and director of Yellow Truck & Coach Mfg. Co., vice president of General Motors Corp. since 1943 and director of several large corporations. 32° AASR.

Catherine Sweet Babington (1815–1886) A woman, who was said to have received the first three degrees of Freemasonry. Although the statement has been seriously questioned, there are several strong arguments in its favor. Her death notice which appeared in the Shelby Aurora, Shelby, N.C. which was edited by a Freemason stated: “At her death she was the only female Mason in the United States, and was well versed in the mysterious workings of the Blue Lodge. Having overheard the secrets of Masonry when she was a girl of 16 years, it was thought best to initiate her as a member and thus prevent any disclosure.” Sometime after her death, her son, J. P. Babington, a member of Cleveland Lodge 202, Shelby, N.C., (later Lee Lodge No. 253 at Taylorsville, N.C.) wrote a biography of his mother entitled Biography of Mrs. Catherine Babington, the Only Woman Mason in the World,

and How She Became a Blue Lodge Mason. It is said she hid herself in a pulpit of a lodge room in Princess Furnace, Kentucky and watched each meeting for a year and a half before being discovered by an uncle. After much discussion, the lodge obligated her but did not admit her to membership. It was claimed that she kept herself posted on Freemasonry until a short time before her death but never attempted to visit a lodge. It has been pointed out that there was never a regular lodge situated at or near Princess Furness (now Princess), Ky.

John Christian Bach (1735–1782) Musician, composer. One of the four sons of composer John Sebastian Bach—all of whom were musicians of importance. Known as “the Milan or London Bach,” he was cathedral organist at Milan in 1760 and music master to Queen Charlotte Sophia, London in 1762. He was co-founder of Bach–Abel concerts in 1765 and composed operas, arias, cantatas, chamber music, symphonies and overtures. He was an early member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 235 in London.

Nahum J. Bachelder (1854–1934) Governor of New Hampshire, 1903–05. b. Sept. 3, 1854 at Andover, N.H. He was a farmer. Mason. d. April 22, 1934.

Irving A. Bacheller (1859–1950) American novelist. b. Sept. 26, 1859 at Pierpont, N.Y. He was actively connected with the New York press for years and was an editor of the New York World from 1898–1900. When presented with the medal for distinguished achievement in the field of art by the Grand

Lodge of New York in 1937 he said: "My brothers, it seems very long ago—exactly, I think it was in 1898 (raised Dec. 5, 1899)—when I was a member of the editorial staff of the New York World—that my friend Jules Chambers proposed me for membership in Kane Lodge (No. 454) with a membership of distinguished and illustrious names. That relationship has been one of the dearest of my life, one which I have been denied the pleasure of enjoying very much, for some 20 years ago I became a citizen of Florida. . . ." Commenting on his award in 1943 he said, "I never felt so highly honored as when I got a medal from the grand lodge some years ago. I'm in my 84th year. It was my ambition to set up a woodwork-ing shop at the Masonic Home for children." Bacheller wrote more than 30 novels during his life including *The Master of Silence* (1890); *Eben Holden* (1900); *D'ri and I* (1901); *Silas Strong* (1906) ; *Keeping Up With Lizzie* (1911); *A Man for the Ages* (1919); *A Candle in the Wilderness* (1930); *The Oxen of the Sun* (1945) and *A Boy for the Ages* (1937).

Clifford J. Backstrand Vice president and director of Armstrong Cork Products Co. since 1935. b. July 21, 1897 at Los Angeles, Calif. Graduate of Pomona College (Calif.) and University of Pennsylvania, beginning as a student salesman with the Armstrong Co. in 1921. Director of Hamilton Watch Co. Served in WW1 and was head of the linoleum unit, floor covering and upholstery section of War Production Board in 1942. Mason.

Rudolph J. L. Backstrom Heraldist. b. June 16, 1894 at Philadelphia, Pa. Established portrait business, Union of S.

Africa, 1926–28. Chief heraldic designer and consultant Office of Quartermaster General, U.S. War Dept. 1942–43. Engaged in heraldic business since 1928 and director International Heraldic Institute, Ltd. Active in Shrine crippled children's hospitals. 32° AASR.

Augustus O. Bacon (1839–1914) U. S. Senator from Georgia three terms, 1894, 1900, 1907. b. Oct. 20, 1839 at Bryan Co., Ga. Graduate of Univ. of Georgia in 1860 and practiced law at Macon. Mason. d. Feb. 14, 1914.

Francis Bacon (1561–1626) English philosopher and author. Raised to peerage as 1st Baron of Verulam after serving as solicitor general (1609) attorney general (1613) and Lord chancellor (1618). Famous for his Essays; History of Henry VII; Advancement of Learning and other important works. Thought by some to be a Rosecrucian whose New Atlantis was an early influence on the development of the craft.

Frank Bacon (1864–1922) Actor and writer. b. Jan. 16, 1864 at Marysville, Calif. Wrote *Lightnin'* in collaboration with Winchell Smith, which had long Broadway run. Appeared in stage hits such as *Alabama*; *Pudd'n Head Wilson*; *Me and Grant*; *Cinderella Man*; *Fortune Hunter* and many others. Mason. d. Nov. 19, 1922.

Robert L. Bacon (1884–1938) Congressman from N.Y., 68th to 75th Congresses. b. July 23, 1884 at Boston, Mass. Served with field artillery in WW1. Mason. d. Sept. 12, 1938.

Walter W. Bacon Governor of Delaware 1941–49. b. Jan. 20, 1880 at Newcastle, Del. Served as treasurer of Buick Motor Co., Flint, Mich., 1918–30 when he retired from business. Served as mayor of Wilmington, Del. 1935–41, resigning to accept office of governor. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, New Castle, Del., being raised July 2, 1902. In 1915 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware. Member of St. John's Chapter, No. 4, R.A.M. of Wilmington and past high priest. Member of St. John's Commandery, No. 1, K.T., Wilmington and past commander. Member of Delaware Consistory, AASR (NJ) and 33°. Also member of Shrine, Tall Cedars, National Sojourners.

Robert Baddeley Comedian of Drury Lane Theatre (London). A member of St. Alban's Lodge No. 29, London.

Jesse M. Bader General secretary, World Convention of Churches of Christ (president in 1930). b. April 15, 1886. A pastor in Christian Church since 1905. Member of Washington Lodge No. 5, Atchison, Kansas.

Harry A. Badt Commodore U.S. Navy. b. Sept. 22, 1884 at Tyler, Texas. Graduated U.S. Naval Academy, 1908 and advanced through grades to commodore in 1944. Commanding officer U.S.S. Simpson 1923–24; commanding officer Aleutian Islands survey expedition in 1933; director of recruiting for U.S. Navy 1935–37; commanding officer U.S.S. Tuscaloosa 1938–40; director of enlisted personnel U.S. Navy 1940–42. Retired in 1947. Mason.

Milton B. Badt Justice, Supreme Court of Nevada since 1947. b. July 8, 1884 at San Francisco, Calif. Admitted to California bar in 1909. Raised in Elko Lodge No. 15, Elko, Nev. on Feb. 12, 1918, serving as its master in 1924. Member of Valley of Reno AASR (SJ), Elko Chapter No. 17 O.E.S. and Kerak Shrine Temple, Reno, Nev.

William A. Baehr (1873–1943) Utilities corporations president. b. Sept. 15, 1873 at Oshkosh, Wis. Graduated University of Wisconsin in 1894. President of the following: North Continent Utilities Corp., Great Falls Gas Co., Great Northern Utilities Co., Elk River Power & Light Co., Denver Ice & Cold Storage Co., Western Railways Ice Co., North Shore Coke & Chemical Co., North Shore Gas Co., the S. W. Shattuck Chemical Co., and North Continent Mines, Inc. He was director of many other corporations. Mason. d. Feb. 18, 1943.

Arthur P. Bagby (1794–1858) Governor of Alabama, U.S. Senator, Minister to Russia. b. 1794 in Virginia. Settled in Alabama in 1818 and gained a reputation as a lawyer. Member of state legislature and speaker of the house in 1820–22. Governor of Alabama from 1837–41. Member of the U.S. Senate from 1841–48 and in 1848–49 was minister to Russia. Served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Alabama. d. Sept. 21, 1858.

Charles L. Bagley Vice president American Federation of Musicians since 1931. b. April 24, 1873 at Tipton, Iowa. Was formerly a professional musician. Graduated University of Southern California in 1910 and admitted to California bar

in 1909 and has practiced in California since 1911. He was raised in Hollenbeck Lodge No. 319, Los Angeles on Aug. 31, 1897 and demitted about 1911 to Silver Trowel Lodge No. 415 of Los Angeles, serving as master in 1918. Member of Signet Chapter No. 57, R.A.M., Los Angeles Council, No. 11, R. & S.M. and Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T. all of Los Angeles. 32° AASR in Valley of Los Angeles. Served as patron of Daylight Chapter No. 265, O.E.S. in 1915, 1925, 1929 and member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple.

John J. Bagley (1832–1881) Governor of Michigan. b. July 24, 1832 at Medina, N.Y. Emigrated in early life to Michigan and at age of 15 was employed in a tobacco factory in Detroit. He later began a tobacco business of his own and operated it with financial success until his death. He was elected governor in 1872 and again in 1874. His administration was marked by benefits to educational and charitable institutions. Member of Charity Lodge No. 94, Detroit, Mich. d. July 27, 1881.

William E. Bahl Vice president of The National Cash Register Co. since 1947 (in charge of manufacturing). b. Feb. 8, 1889 at Zimmerman, Ohio, he started with the above company as an apprentice in 1906. Past master of his lodge.

Karl Friederich Bahrdt (1741–1792) German doctor of theology. A Freemason, who with other Freemasons founded the “German Union” or the “Two and Twenty” society at Halle. It was not Masonic but its object was the enlightenment of mankind. It was dissolved in 1790 by the imprisonment of Bahrdt for libel of Prussian Minister

Woeliner. Bahrdt was described by one of his biographers as being “notorious alike for his bold infidelity and for his evil life.”

Philip Milo Bail President Municipal University, Omaha, Nebr. since 1948. b. June 26, 1898. Attended Missouri Valley College and University of Iowa, receiving Ph.D. in 1931. Member of George W. Lininger Lodge No. 268, Omaha, Nebr.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Omaha and Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha.

Carl E. Bailey (1894–1948) Governor of Arkansas 1937–41. b. Oct. 8, 1894 at Bernie, Mo. Worked as a laborer, farmer, school teacher, accountant and began law practice in 1924. Served as attorney general of Arkansas 1935–37. Mason. d. Oct. 23, 1948. Received 32° at Little Rock, May 25, 1928.

Cassius M. Bailey (1876–1935) President of Lydia Cotton Mills, Clinton, S.C. b. Nov. 22, 1876 at Clinton, S.C. Mason. d. July 5, 1935.

Francis L. Bailey President of Gorham State Teachers College, Gorham, Maine since 1940. b. Nov. 18, 1894 at Wyman, Mich. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan and Columbia Univ. 32° AASR and Shriner.

Frank M. Bailey Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1919–21. b. Sept. 27, 1876 at Winona, Miss. Began law practice at Chickasha, Okla. in 1901. Retired to private law practice in 1921. Trustee of Southern Methodist Univ. Active

representative of M.E. church in jurisdictional and general conferences. Received certificate from Oklahoma Memorial Assn. in 1933 “for distinguished services to the State of Oklahoma.” 32° AASR (SJ).

George W. Bailey (1856–1909) Justice of Supreme court of Colorado, 1905–09. b. March 8, 1856 at St. Louis, Mo. Admitted to bar 1885. d. 1909.

Guy W. Bailey (1876–1940) President of University of Vermont from 1920. b. May 7, 1876 at Hardwick, Vt. Admitted to bar in 1904 but never practiced. Secretary of state of Vermont, 1908–17. Mason. d. Oct. 22, 1940.

James E. Bailey (1822–?) U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. Montgomery Co., Tenn., Aug. 15, 1822. Educated at Clarksville (Tenn.) Academy and Univ. of Nashville. Was admitted to bar and began practice at Clarksville in 1843. Elected to Tennessee lower house in 1853. Served in the Confederate army and was elected U.S. Senator from Tennessee in place of Andrew Johnson in 1876. Member of Clarksville Lodge No. 89, Clarksville, Tenn.

John O. Bailey Judge, Supreme Court of Oregon from 1933. b. Sept. 26, 1880 at Grinnell, Iowa. Graduate Harvard School, 1906. Assistant atty. general of Oregon, 1915–20. Member house of representatives, 1925–29 and state senate 1929–33. Raised in Doric Lodge No. 132, Portland, Oregon about 1920. Member of Mt. Hood Chapter No. 50, R.A.M., Portland and Oregon Commandery No. 1.

Joseph E. Bailey Union General in Civil War. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 124, Wisconsin Dells, Wis.

Leonard H. Bailey Architect. b. London, Eng., Aug. 12, 1880, coming to U.S. in 1903 and naturalized in 1917. President of Allied Architects who designed the city hall, Civic Center, Rogers Courts, Masonic Temple, Wesley M.E. Church and Liberty Theatre—all of Oklahoma City and many military buildings. Raised in Oklahoma City Lodge No. 36 in 1904. He was the last master of Oklahoma 3, which was changed to No. 36 when Indian Territory became the state of Oklahoma and was charter master of No. 36. Served as district deputy grand master in 1907–09. Member of Cyrus Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. and Bethlehem Commandery, K.T., of Oklahoma City. A Shriner and past patron of Eastern Star chapter No. 10.

Theodorus Bailey (1805–1877) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 12, 1805 in Chateaugay, N.Y. Appointed midshipman in 1818 and remained with American Navy until retired in 1866 as a rear admiral. In early years served on the Cyane, Franklin, Vincennes, Constellation, and Lexington. Took part in the Mexican War. At start of Civil war he commanded the frigate Colorado off Pensacola. Second in command of Farragut's squadron at New Orleans, he led the attack in the gunboat Cayuga. He ran the fire of five forts and was sent by Farragut to demand the surrender of New Orleans, at which time he coined the phrase "Iron Hearts and Wooden Ships." He later commanded the eastern Gulf blockading squadron. After war he was commander of the Portsmouth navy yard.

He was raised in Washington Lodge No. 21, New York City on March 3, 1829. d. Feb. 10, 1877.

Thomas L. Bailey (1888–1946) Governor of Mississippi, term of 1944–48. b. Jan. 6, 1888 at Maben, Miss. Admitted to bar in 1913. Member of Mississippi legislature from 1916–40 and speaker from 1924–36. Mason and Shriner. d. Nov. 2, 1946.

Walter C. Bain Aircraft executive. Vice president, general manager and director of the Republic Aviation Corporation, Farmingdale, L.I., N.Y. b. June 20, 1910 at Springfield, Ill. Started as a metallurgist with Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co. in 1936. Entered service USAAF as a cadet in 1932 and rose in rank to major general. Released from service in 1953. A Mason.

George W. Baird (1843–1930) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 22, 1843 at Washington, D.C. Appointed 3rd assistant engineer, U.S. Navy, Sept 19, 1862 and promoted through grades retiring with rank of rear admiral, April 22, 1905. He superintended the construction and designed the special machinery of the Albatross, famous deep sea exploring vessel. He was initiated in the French lodge Tolerancia (Tolerance) at Lisbon, Portugal on July 23, 1867 and received his FC and MM degrees one week later. In 1879 he affiliated with Naval Lodge No. 87 at Vallejo, Calif., withdrawing in 1872 to Hope Lodge No. 20, Washington, D.C. where he served as master and in 1896 was grand master of the G.L. of the District of Columbia. Baird wrote a widely published series of articles entitled Great Men Who Were Masons. He received his 32°

AASR (SJ) at Washington on Aug. 21, 1897, KCCH on Oct. 19, 1899 and 33° on Oct. 25, 1901. d. Oct. 4, 1930 at Washington.

Sir Robert Baird Former owner and publisher of the Belfast Telegraph (Ireland) and grand treasurer of the G.L. of Ireland. Also was a member of several London lodges. In 1929 a portrait bust of Baird was presented to the Belfast Museum and Art Gallery.

Albert Z. Baker President of Rotary International (1955), president of the American Stockyards Assn. and chairman of board of Cleveland Union Stockyards Co. A member of Lakewood Lodge No. 601, Cleveland Chapter No. 148 R.A.M., Forest City Council No. 111, Forest City Commandery No. 40, K.T. and AI Koran Temple, all of Cleveland. In the AASR (N.J.) he received his 33° in 1945.

Bryant Baker Sculptor. b. July 8, 1881 in London, England. Graduated from Royal Academy of Arts, London in 1910. His portrait bust of Edward VII was Queen Alexandra's favorite. He did busts of many English notables and of Prince Olav of Norway before coming to America in 1916. Here he has made busts from life of President Coolidge, Col. John Coolidge, Senators H. C. Lodge, W. A. Clark, J. H. Bankhead, generals Pershing, March and Gorgas, Chief Justices White, Taft and Hughes; John Hays Hammond, Herbert Hoover, Newton Baker, Josephus Daniels, Percival Lowell, George Harvey, Cordell Hull and heroic bronze statue of Chief Justice Edward D. White, New Orleans. He has done heroic bronze statues of Grover Cleveland, Millard Fillmore and Young Lincoln at

Buffalo, N.Y. For Delaware's Statuary Hall he executed marble statues of patriots Caesar Rodney and John M. Clayton. His Gov. Reuben Fenton statue is at Jamestown, N.Y. and the Bishop Freeman memorial is in the National Cathedral in Washington. His heroic 17-ft. bronze of George Washington at the Washington Masonic National Memorial in Alexandria was unveiled by President Truman, Feb. 22, 1950. His ideal works in permanent collections include Eros at Manchester City Art Gallery, Memory at Hull City Art Gallery in England and Pioneer Woman statue in Ponca City, Oklahoma, the latter winning him the Marland competition in a field of 12 top sculptors. Baker is a member of Constitutional Lodge No. 294 at Beverly, Yorkshire, England. He has been instrumental in keeping very much alive the communications between his home lodge in Beverly, England and Beverly Lodge in Massachusetts, as well as the Alexandria-Washington Lodge in Virginia. Died March 29, 1957. Masonic Services.

Earl D. Baker Newspaperman and publisher. b. Apr. 14, 1898, Spencer Co., Ind. Associated with Scripps-Howard Newspapers since 1918 in Evansville, Ind., Terre Haute, Ind., Washington, D.C. and San Francisco. President of the Washington Daily News from 1938-1947 and assistant general business manager of Scripps-Howard papers since 1937. Business manager of The San Francisco News since 1947. Raised in Humboldt Lodge No. 42, Terre Haute, Ind. about 1927. 32° AASR at Evansville, Ind. Member Almas Shrine Temple, Wash., D.C.

Howard H. Baker Congressman from Tennessee to 82nd

Congress (1951–53). b. Jan. 12, 1902 at Somerset, Ky. Admitted to bar in 1924. Member of Tennessee legislature, 1929–30. Nominee for governor of Tenn. in 1938 and U.S. Senator in 1940. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

James C. Baker Bishop, Methodist Church. b. June 2, 1879 at Sheldon, Ill. Received degrees from Illinois Wesleyan, Boston University and attended Cornell, College of the Pacific and Univ. of Southern Calif. Entered M.E. ministry in 1900 and was organizer and head of the Wesley Foundation Univ. of Ill. (the first Wesley Foundation in the country). Elected bishop of Methodist Episcopal Church in 1928 and assigned to supervision work in Japan, Korea and Manchuria. Later assigned to California area, and a delegate to General Conference in 1916, '20, '28 and Oxford Conference in 1947. President of Council of Methodist Bishops, 1948–49. Member of Acacia Fraternity at Univ. of Illinois. Raised in McLean Lodge No. 469, McLean, Ill. in 1906. 32° AASR at Bloomington, 111.

James M. Baker (1861–1940) Diplomat and government official. b. Aug. 18, 1861 at Lowndesville, S.C. Assistant librarian U.S. Senate, 1893–1913. Elected secretary of U.S. Senate in 1913. Deputy commissioner Internal Revenue Bureau, U.S. Treasury 1919–21. Private law practice 1921–31. American minister to Siam by appointment of Franklin Roosevelt in 1933, resigning in 1937 due to ill health. Mason. d. Nov. 21, 1940.

John F. “Home Run” Baker Member of the National Baseball Hall of Fame. b. March 13, 1886 at Trappe, Maryland. Elected

to the Cooperstown Hall of Fame in 1955. Member Coats Lodge No. 102 at Easton, Md.

Leonard T. Baker (1868–1955) President of University of South Carolina, 1944, and president emeritus from 1946. b. Jan. 22, 1868, serving the University of South Carolina as professor, administrator, acting president, vice president and dean. Mason. d. Jan. 5, 1955.

Milton G. Baker President of Valley Forge Military Academy since 1928. Commanding general of Pennsylvania National Guard, 1943–46; major general U.S. director civilian defense, Philadelphia 1941–42. b. Aug. 24, 1896 at Philadelphia. Served in WWI 1917–21 and Pennsylvania National Guard 1921–46. Mason and 32° AASR.

Nathaniel B. Baker (1818–1876) Governor of New Hampshire. b. Sept. 29, 1818 in Henniker, N.H. Graduate of Harvard in 1839 and admitted to bar in 1842. Joint owner and editor of the New Hampshire Patriot for three years. Served two terms in state legislature starting in 1851 and was speaker of the house. Presidential elector in 1852, and in 1854 was elected governor of New Hampshire, serving until 1855. In 1856 he moved to Clinton, Iowa where he practiced law. Served in the Iowa legislature in 1859–61 when he was appointed adjutant general of Iowa, a position he held until his death on Sept. 11, 1876. A member of Western Star Lodge No. 100, Clinton, Iowa.

Phil Baker Comedian of radio and stage since the early

1930's. Raised in Keystone Lodge No. 235, New York City. Baker once said "I belong to various organizations, but I have always felt that my membership in Masonry has been nearest my heart. One of the grandest compliments ever paid me was my acceptance into the fraternity."

Samuel A. Baker (1874–1933) Governor of Missouri 1925–28. b. Patterson, Mo., Nov. 7, 1874. LL.D. Missouri Valley College. Teacher, principal and superintendent of schools in various Missouri cities from 1895 to 1919. State superintendent of schools of Missouri from 1919 to 1923. d. Sept. 16, 1933. Member of Jefferson Lodge No. 43, Jefferson City Chapter No. 34 and Prince of Peace Commandery No. 29, all of Jefferson City, Mo. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1926 and delivered an oration on the support of the public school system and religious institutions.

Simon S. Baker (1866–1932) President of Washington and Jefferson College, 1921–22. b. July 11, 1866 in Washington Co., Pa. Graduated Washington and Jefferson B.S. and M.S., LL.D. University of Pittsburgh 1923. Served in public school system of Pittsburgh for 25 years. Mason. d. Oct. 11, 1932.

Walter C. Baker Major General U.S. Army. b. Sept. 22, 1877 at Chester, Pa. Graduate of Coast Artillery School, Army War College, Command and General Staff School, Army Industrial College and Chemical Warfare School. Served as enlisted man in Spanish American War with 6th Penn. Vol. Infantry, advancing through grades in U.S. Army to major general in

1937. Served as an officer in WW1 and recalled to active duty in WW2 serving from 1941–44. Mason.

Walter R. G. Baker Vice president of General Electric Co. b. Nov. 30, 1892 at Lockport, N.Y. Began as electrical engineer with General Electric in 1916; managing engineer of radio dept. 1928–30; vice president in charge of engineering and manufacturing R.C.A. Mfg. Co. 1930–36; head of radio engineering manufacturing and sales General Electric 1936–39; manager radio and television department, 1939–41. Since 1941 he has been director of many banks and corporations including General Electric (International); G. E. Supply Corp. and G. E. Credit Corp. Mason.

William C. Baker Vice president of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad since 1948 in charge of maintenance and operation. b. Feb. 18, at Baltimore, Md. Began with the B. & O. in 1906 as a clerk, advancing through assistant train master, train master, assistant superintendent, superintendent, general superintendent and general manager. Mason.

William E. Baker (1873–?) Judge, U.S. District Court, Northern District of West Virginia since 1921. b. Feb. 25, 1873 at Beverly, W. Va. A.B. and LL.B. at Western Virginia University, 1896. Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner. Deceased.

William E. Baker Vice president of Servel, Inc. b. Dec. 11, 1887 at Rushton, Ill. Graduate of Rose Poly. Institute. Started as an apprentice of Westinghouse Electric in 1911, serving as production engineer of several companies from 1912–16.

Superintendent of Delco Products Corp., 1916–24; vice president The Day Fan Electric Co. 1924–29. Mason, Shriner.

H. Sheridan Baketel (1872–1955) Physician, co-founder and editor of *Medical Economics*. b. Nov. 15, 1872. M.D. Boston College and post graduate work at Harvard Medical. Practiced in New York since 1910. Writer and editor for many medical publications. Urology was his specialty. He was vice president and chairman of the board of Columbia University College of Pharmacy from 1938–1942. Wrote several medical books. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. July 7, 1955.

Norris C. Bakke Chief justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1945 and general counsel F.D.I.C. since March, 1947. b. April 19, 1894. Degrees from University of Chicago and graduate work at Harvard. Admitted to Colorado bar, 1920. Attorney general of Colorado, 1933–36; associate justice, Supreme Court of Colorado 1936–45 and chief justice in 1945. Named associate general counsel F.D.I.C. Washington, March, 1947. Active in Salvation Army and many church and religious organizations. Raised in Sterling Lodge No. 54 in October, 1920. Member of Denver Consistory No. 2 AASR (SJ) and El Jebel Shrine Temple, Denver.

Alexander Dmitrievich Balashov (1770–1837) Governor general of several Russian provinces and Minister of Police from 1810–1816 under Alexander I. He was an aide-de-camp to Emperor Alexander I q.v. It is thought that he was directed by the government to join Freemasonry so that it could be brought under control of the ruling circle. He was appointed

Minister of Police on March 28, 1810 and in August of that year wrote the masters of all lodges that the government was going to examine their records and rules of the society inasmuch as some of the members had through their imprudence given cause for ignorant and malicious forms of misjudgments. He then called in the four masters of the Petersburg lodges and asked them if they wanted official government protection—or toleration. Rather than become a governmental agency they chose toleration. It was not until 12 years later that Freemasonry was forever banned by Alexander I.

Antonio Gonzalez Balcarce (1777–1819) Argentine patriot and general. Participated in the 1807 defense of Montevideo, Uruguay against the British. Taken prisoner, he was sent to Europe. In 1810 he returned to his native Argentina to take command of inland troops. He became Supreme Administrator in 1816. Balcarce was a member of Lautaro Lodge.

Alexander, 6th Earl of Balcarres (1752–1825) Member of the Scottish family of Lindsay whose titles date from 1365 with Sir David, 1st Earl of Crawford. Was 33rd Grand Master Mason of Scotland from 1780–1781. He was forced to surrender at Ticonderoga in 1777, became governor of Jamaica 1794–1801; a general in 1803; representative Scottish peer from 1784–1825. In 1848 the House of Lords adjudged the earldom of Crawford (dormant since 1808) to his son James, 7th Earl of Balcarres.

Bernt Balchen Explorer, air pioneer, army officer, OSS operator, and one of the most colorful characters of the 20th

century. b. Oct. 23, 1899 at Tveit, Topdal, Norway. Educated Norway air force and artillery line; War Academy at Oslo and Horton 1918–21. Came to U.S. in 1926 and naturalized in 1931. Pilot engineer with Roald Amundsen q.v. 1925–26. Piloted The America for Admiral Byrd q.v. across the Atlantic in 1927. Pilot of the Bremen relief expedition to Greenly Island, Labrador, 1928. Chief pilot Admiral Byrd's Antarctic Expedition (piloted first flight over south pole, Nov. 29, 1929) 1928–30; pilot Viking Rescue Expedition to Newfoundland, 1931; chief pilot, Ellsworth Antarctic Expedition, 1933–35; chief inspector of Norwegian Airlines 1935–40 and managing director, 1946–48. Served with R.A.F. Ferry Command as pilot-navigator 1940–41; Transferred to U.S. Air Force, 1941, building base at Bluie West 8 on Greenland and commanding officer of this station until 1943. Chief of A.T.C. for Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland, and U.S.S.R. in Stockholm, 1943–45 and during this time supported Norwegian underground resistance against German occupation forces, 1944–45. Balchen was in charge of evacuating 70,000 Russians from slave labor camps in northern Norway. Entered U.S. Air Force in 1941 and advanced to captain in 1941, then to colonel in 1942, working with the Air Force and OSS in Greenland and Scandinavia from 1943–45. Stationed in Alaska since 1948. As a U.S. colonel on the OSS he made 166 flights to Norway (Operation Carpetbagger) where his B–24 dropped allied agents and 700 tons of sabotage material. Project "Sonnie" required 270 trips between his base at Prestwyck, Scotland and the neutral airfields of Sweden. In these trips he evacuated 1,000 Americans who had crossed the border and 5,000 others, including Trygve Lie q.v. He is a member of

Norseman Lodge No. 878 of Brooklyn, N.Y. With Admiral Byrd they dropped Masonic flags over the two poles, and Balchen dropped his Kismet Temple Shrine fez over the South Pole. He is a member of the AASR (N.J.) of New York. He helped in the staggering achievement of establishing the new air base at Thule, Greenland, 900 miles from the North Pole and was one of the organizers of the "Top of the World" Masonic Square Club at that base which 500 airmen and construction workers joined. In reference to this he stated "Men needed the fellowship and warmth of Masonry at 20° below zero." In 1954 he was awarded the G.L. of New York's distinguished achievement medal.

Loomis Baldrey (1882–1954) Lawyer and grand master of Washington and Alaska, 1934–35. b. May 19, 1882 at Camden, N.J. Educated in Minnesota and New York schools, attending law school at Syracuse University. Settled in Bellingham, Wash. after his marriage in 1906 and became master of Whatcom Lodge No. 151 in 1920. He served as the Masonic reviewer for Washington for many years. Was past president of Washington State Prosecuting Attorney Assn. and past district governor of Kiwanis International. d. Aug. 8, 1954.

H. Clarence Baldrige (1868–1947) Governor of Idaho two terms (1927–31). b. Nov. 24, 1868 at Carlock, Ill. Student at Illinois Wesleyan University, Bloomington, Ill. 1890–93 and settled at Parma, Idaho in 1904 where he engaged in mercantile business and farming. He was a member of the Idaho house of representatives 1911–13 and the state senate 1913–15. He served as lieut. governor of Idaho 1923–27

and retired from mercantile business in 1942. Baldrige was raised in Parma Lodge No. 49, Parma, Idaho in 1923 and received 32° at Boise Nov. 21, 1929. d. June 7, 1947.

Kenneth F. Baldrige President of Central Newspaper Co., consisting of seven southern Iowa newspapers since 1930. Publisher of Bloomfield Democrat since 1909. b. May 25, 1886 at Bloomfield, Iowa. Started as a reporter in Bloomfield in 1903. President of National Editorial Assn. in 1934; president Iowa Press Assn. 1925. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Abraham Baldwin (1754 – 1807) Chaplain in Revolution, member of Congress of the Confederation and Constitution, signer of 1787. b. North Guilford, Conn., he moved to Georgia(1783–84) where he was a founder of the University of Georgia, originally Franklin College. He served in the Congress from Georgia 1790–99 and was U.S. Senator 1799–1807. It is not known where his original membership was, but he affiliated with American Union Lodge during the Revolution. Not a Mason. The “visiting Baldwin” was Col. Jeduthan Baldwin (1732–1788) of Mass. whose diary contains Masonic references.

Evelyn B. Baldwin (1862–1933) Arctic explorer. b. July 22, 1862 at Springfield, Mo. Graduated Northwestern College, Naperville, Ill. in 1885. Accompanied Robert E. Peary q.v. on North Greenland expedition 1893–94 as meteorologist and was meteorologist and 2nd in command of Walter Wellman's polar expedition to Franz-Josef Land 1898–99. Built and named Fort McKinley, discovered and explored Graham Bell

Land, 1889. Organized and commanded Baldwin-Ziegler polar expedition 1901-02. He was a member of Adams Lodge No. 63, Oswego, Kansas and Lake Ontario Commandery, K.T. No. 32 at Oswego, N.Y. Member of New York AASR. Baldwin reportedly carried Masonic flags with him on his expeditions. d. Oct. 25, 1933.

Henry Baldwin (1780-1844) Associate justice U.S. Supreme Court 1830-44. b. New Haven, Conn. Congressman from Pennsylvania 1817-22.

Howard C. Baldwin Corporation director. b. March 15, 1891 at Deerfield, Mich. Admitted to Michigan bar in 1912. Vice president and trustee The Kresge Foundation since 1937. Director S. S. Kresge Co. since 1931. Director of several corporations. Raised in Corinthian Lodge No. 241, Detroit, in 1916 and served as master. Member of King Cyrus Chapter No. 133, R.A.M. and Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. being past commander. 33° AASR (N.J.) in Valley of Detroit and past master of Lodge of Perfection. Shriner and member of Red Cross of Constantine.

F. W. Baldwin Brigadier General, U. S. Army. Mason and member of National Sojourners.

Joseph C. Baldwin Congressman from New York 77th to 79th Congresses (1941-47). b. Jan. 11, 1897, New York City. A reporter and associate editor on several New York papers. President and director of United Dyewood Corp. Member New York City board of alderman 1928-34 and minority

leader 1929–34. Member of New York state senate 1934–36 and Constitutional Convention of 1937. On New York City Council, 1941–47. Mason.

Raymond E. Baldwin Governor of Connecticut 1939–41 and 1943–46. b. Aug. 31, 1893 at Rye, N.Y. Admitted to Conn. bar in 1921. Member Connecticut general assembly 1931–33. U.S. Senator from Connecticut 1946–49, resigning to become justice Supreme Court of Errors of Conn. since 1949. Member St. John's Lodge No. 8, Stratford, Conn. since June 6, 1929.

Lloyd G. Balfour Jewelry manufacturer; president and treasurer of L. G. Balfour Co. since 1913. b. Jan. 6, 1887 at Wauseon, Ohio. LL.B. University of Indiana in 1907 and A.B. University of Louisville. Past grand consul of Sigma Chi social fraternity and former chairman of the National Interfraternity Conference. 32° AASR and Shriner.

Robert Arthur Lytton, 3rd Earl of Balfour Initiated Lodge Tyneside No. 714 in 1928, serving as master in 1932 and Grand Master Mason of Scotland from 1939–41.

A. P. Ball Showman. Predecessor, of P. T. Barnum as the greatest showman of his day. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 15, Bridgewater, N.Y.

Edmund F. Ball President of Ball Bros. Co. of Muncie, Ind. since 1948. b. Jan. 8, 1905 at Muncie, Ind. Grad-uated from Yale in 1928. With Ball Bros. Co. since 1928 as assistant secretary, vice president. Raised in Muncie Lodge No.

433, Muncie, Ind. Sept. 9, 1927. Member of Muncie Chapter No. 30, R.A.M. Muncie Council No. 16, R. & S.M., Muncie Commandery No. 18, 32° AASR at Indianapolis. Murat Shrine Temple and St. James Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine, both of Indianapolis. Commander of Muncie Commandery in 1938, grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Indiana in 1946–47; grand treasurer of Grand Encampment, K.T. U.S.A. in 1955.

Frank C. Ball (1857–1943) President of Ball Brothers, Muncie, Ind. b. Nov. 24, 1857 at Greensburg, Ohio. Ball Brothers donated seven million to educational and welfare work including buildings for Y.M.C.A., Ball Memorial Hospital and Masonic Auditorium in Muncie and James Whitcomb Riley Children's Hospital at Indianapolis. Raised Nov. 15, 1891 in Muncie Lodge No. 433, Muncie, Ind. Member of Muncie Chapter No. 30 R.A.M.; Muncie Council No. 16, R. & S.M. and Muncie Commandery No. 18, K.T. all of Muncie, Ind. 32° AASR at Indianapolis, Ind.

George A. Ball (1862–1955) Glass manufacturer. Chairman of board of Ball Bros. Co. at Muncie, Ind. b. Nov. 5, 1862 at Green, Ohio. Began manufacture of glass in partnership with four brothers at Buffalo, N.Y. in 1888, moving to Muncie the same year. Raised Dec. 15, 1898 in Muncie Lodge No. 433, Muncie, Ind. Member of Muncie Chapter No. 30, R.A.M.; Muncie Council No. 16, R. & S.M.; Muncie Commandery No. 18, K.T. all of Muncie, Ind. and 32° AASR in Indianapolis. Member of Murat Shrine and St. James Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine, both of Indianapolis.

John Ball Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 31, 1893 at Artesia, Calif. Enlisted in Navy, 1912 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1944. Served on U.S.S. Aroosook with North Sea Mine Force in WW1. In naval supply branch in California, Washington, Puerto Rico, Utah, and commanding officer Naval Supply Depot, Mechanicsburg, Pa., 1948–50. Retired in June, 1950. Member of Annapolis Lodge No. 89, Annapolis, Md. (EA 11 Dec. 1920; FC 3 Aug. 1922; MM 22 Aug. 1922). Received his Royal Arch degree in Borinquin Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and knighted in Puerto Rico Commandery No. 1, K.T., both in San Juan, P.R. in 1943, demitting in 1953 to Palo Alto Chapter No. 93 and Palo Alto Commandery No. 47 in Palo Alto, Calif. Member of Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco and El Camino Real Chapter No. 413 of National Sojourners being past president and regional representative for northern California.

L. Heisler Ball (1861–1933) U.S. Senator from Delaware. b. Sept. 21, 1861 near Stanton, Del. Received Ph.B. from Delaware College in 1882 and M.D. from Univ. of Pennsylvania in 1885, beginning practice of medicine that same year. Served as state treasurer of Delaware 1898–1900. Delegate at large to 57th Congress, 1901–03. Served two terms in U.S. Senate, 1903–05, 1919–25. d. Oct. 18, 1933.

Thomas R. Ball (1896–1943) Architect and ex-congressman. b. Feb. 12, 1896 at New York City. Architect and designer of many residences and buildings in eastern Connecticut. Member of 76th Congress (1939–41) from Connecticut. Mason, 32° AASR. d. June 16, 1943.

James Ballantine (1808–1877) Scottish poet and reviver of art of glass painting and maker of stained-glass windows. Author of *The Gaberlunzie's Wallet*. Mason.

James Ballantyne (1772–1833) Scottish printer, who with his brother John q.v. was an intimate friend of Sir Walter Scott and published his work from 1802–08 until ruined by bankruptcy of Constable and Co. in 1826. After that he was editor of the *Weekly Journal*. A member and past master of Kelso Lodge No. 58.

John Ballantyne (1774–1821) Scottish printer who with his brother James q.v. was a friend and business associate of Sir Walter Scott, publishing his works from 1808. He was initiated in Lodge Edinburgh St. Davids, No. 36 and afterwards master of Lodge Ayr Kilwinning, known originally as Squareman's Kilwinning Lodge No. 65, Ayr, Scotland.

William S. Ballenger Treasurer of Chevrolet Motor Co., Flint, Mich., 1911–25. b. Dec. 5, 1866 at Cambridge City, Ind. Secretary and treasurer of Flint Wagon Works 1888–1916. Director of Industrial Rayon Corp., Cleveland since 1930. Mason, 32° AASR.

George W. Balloch Union general in Civil War. Member of Stansbury Lodge No. 24, Washington, D.C.

Hosea Ballou (1771–1852) Baptist clergyman and founder of the Universalist Church. b. April 20, 1771 at Richmond, N.H. He was editor of the *Universalist Magazine* (1819–28)

and Universalist Expositor from 1830. It is not established where he first joined the fraternity, but was a member of Warren Lodge No. 23 at Woodstock, Vt. and served as master in 1807. There is also record of a "Hosea Ballou" as belonging to Mount Lebanon Lodge, Boston, Mass. (Oct. 27, 1817). Ballou died in Boston, June 7, 1852. Was grand warden of G.L. of N.H. between 1811-15.

Lord Baltimore (see Charles Calvert)

Giuseppe Balsamo (see Cagliostro)

Robert C. Baltzell (1879-1950) U.S. district judge, Indiana since 1925. b. Aug. 15, 1879 at Lawrence Co., Ill. Admitted to Indiana bar in 1904. Appointed district judge by President Coolidge. Major of infantry in WW1. Mason. d. Oct. 18, 1950.

Louis Charles Balzac French architect and sometimes poet who wrote many Masonic canticles in French among which is the well known hymn *Taisons nous, plus de bruit* with music by M. Riguel. He founded the Lodge of the Great Sphinx at Paris. Died March 31, 1820.

Fredrick B. Balzar (1880-1934) Governor of Nevada two terms, 1927-34. b. June 15, 1880 at Virginia City, Nev. Engaged in mining from 1899. Served in house of representatives (Nev.), 1905 and state senate 1909-17. Chairman state board of education from 1927. Raised Aug. 28, 1908 in Inyo Lodge No. 221 at Independence, Calif. and later affiliated with Carson Lodge No. 1, Carson City, Nevada.

Received 32° AASR at Reno, Dec. 17, 1920. d. March 21, 1934.

Simon Bamberger (1847–1926) Governor of Utah, 1917–21. b. Feb. 27, 1847 at Darmstadt, Germany coming to U.S. in 1861 and a resident of Utah from 1869. President of Barnberger Coal Co.; director Salt Lake Valley Loan & Trust Co. and Bamberger Electric Railway. Member Utah state senate 1903–07 and member Salt Lake City school board 1898–1903. Mason. d. Oct. 6, 1926.

Desire Bancel (1822–1871) French politician, publicist and orator. Mason.

Frederick Bancroft Magician, Mason.

George H. Bancroft Motion picture actor. Member Hollenbeck Lodge No. 319, Los Angeles, Calif. and Al Malaikah Temple of Los Angeles.

Jonathan Bancroft Revolutionary War soldier who witnessed the execution of Major Andre. Member St. Paul's Lodge, Groton, Mass.

Harry H. Bandholtz (1864–1925) Major General U.S. Army. b. Dec. 18, 1864 at Constantine, Mich. Graduate U.S. Military Academy 1890, advancing through grades to major general, 1923. Served with 7th Infantry during Santiago campaign and with 2nd Infantry in Philippine insurrection; governor of Tayabas Province, 1902–03; in command of district

of Southern Luzon, 1903; conducted campaign against Simeon Ola in Albay, resulting in destruction of Ola's forces; transferred to District of Central Luzon in 1905 and forced surrender of outlaws Montalan, Sakay and others. Brig. general and chief of Philippine Constabulary 1907–13. In Mexican Border campaign, 1916 and provost marshal general of A.E.F. in WWI 1918–19. Suppressed Miners' Insurrection in West Virginia in 1921, Mason, member Washington Chapter No. 3, National Sojourners. d. May 7, 1925.

Baldwin B. Bane Chief of Securities Division, Federal Trade Commission since 1933. He organized the division. b. Aug. 2, 1891 at Standards-vine, Va. Degrees from Randolph-Macon (1911) and Washington and Lee (1917). Practiced law in Virginia until 1922. Served as officer in WW1 (France). Mason.

John Hollis Bankhead (1842–1920) U.S. Senator from Alabama 1906–1920, b. Sept. 13, 1842 at Moscow, Ala. Captain in 16th Alabama Volunteers (Confederate) in Civil War, 1861–65. Wounded three times. Member Alabama house of representatives 1865–67 and 1880–81 and of the state senate from 1876–77. Warden of Alabama penitentiary 1881–85. In congress was conspicuous as a leader in the work of the Commission on Public Buildings and Rivers and Harbors. Grand master of G.L. of Alabama in 1883–84. d. March 1, 1920.

Frank A. Banks Supervising engineer of Grand Coulee Dam (1933–43) and other large engineering projects. b. Dec. 4, 1883 at Saco, Maine. Began as engineer U.S. Reclamation

Service, Lower Yellowstone Project in 1906. Construction engineer, Jackson Lake Dam, Wyo., 1913–16; Minidoka Project, 1916–20; American Falls Dam, 1920–26; Owyhee Dam & Project, 1926–33. Acting administrator Bonneville Power Project, 1939; regional director Region 1, U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1943–45. District manager, Columbia River District since 1945. Raised May 17, 1919 in American Falls Lodge No. 58, American Falls, Idaho.

Nathaniel P. Banks (1816–1894) Governor of Massachusetts (1858–61) and Civil War general. b. Waltham, Mass. Served through Civil War as major general and received thanks of Congress in 1864 for capture of Port Hudson (1863). Member of U.S. House of Representatives, 1853–57, 1865–73, 1875–79 and 1889–91. Speaker of house 1856–57. He was a member of Monitor Lodge, Waltham, Mass. and although a Union general, delivered the St. John's day address at Memphis, Tenn., on June 24, 1875.

Jose Bans One of the five Catholic friars who established the lodge Philantrophia in Santo Domingo (now Dominican Republic) in 1819 and met in the vestry of a Catholic Church called Convento Dominico.

N. Moore Banta (1867–1932) Writer of children's stories. b. Dec. 3, 1867 at Rensselaer, Ind. Editor and publisher with Flanagan & Co., Chicago from 1921. Wrote 23 children's books between 1905 and 1927. Mason. d. Feb. 5, 1932.

Parke M. Banta Congressman from Missouri, 80th Congress

(1947–49). b. Berryman, Mo. Nov. 21, 1891. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1913. Practiced at Potosi, Mo. from 1914–25. Administrator of State Social Security Comm. (Mo.) 1941–45. Circuit judge, 1935–36. Served in WW1 advancing from private to 1st lieutenant. General counsel, U.S. Dept. of Health and Education since 1953. Raised in Potosi Lodge No. 131 at Potosi, Mo. about 1916, serving as master in 1923. 32° in Missouri Consistory No. 1, St. Louis. Member of Ironton chapter No. 349, O.E.S.

Charles W. Barber (1872–1943) Brigadier General U.S. Army. b. Sept. 21, 1872. Served in Spanish–American War 1898–1899, being mustered out as a captain; served in the Philippines 1899–1908 and duty with Isthmian Canal Commission, Panama, 1908–15. Mexican border service in 1916. Brig. general N.A., July 25, 1917. Commanded the 29th Infantry Division, 1917 and 57th Infantry Brigade in front line sectors as chief of staff, Base Sector No. 2, Bordeaux, France WW1. Retired as brigadier general in 1930 serving as director, officer and special representative of several corporations. Mason. d. Jan. 7, 1943.

George C. Barber President–general of Methodist Church of Australia (1948–51) and president of Australian Council, World Council of Churches (1950–51). b. Jan. 24, 1893 at Bendigo, Australia. Graduate of Wesley College and University of Melbourne in Australia and University of London, England. Ordained Methodist ministry in 1922. President of Victoria–Tasmania Conference, 1948; chairman Australian Student Christian Movement, 1939–51. Served in WW1; military

chaplain 1936–39 and Air Force chaplain 1939–46. Chaplain of the grand lodge 1949–51. Mason.

Orion M. Barber (1857–1930) Judge, U.S. Court of Customs Appeals. b. July 13, 1857 at Jamaica, Vt. Member of Vermont house of representatives in 1892 and state senate in 1894. Was member of commission to revise Vermont statutes, state railroad commissioner and state auditor. Mason. d. March 28, 1930.

Clarence A. Barbour (1867–1937) President of Brown University 1926–36; Peddie School, 1929–36; Worcester Academy 1926–36. b. April 21, 1867. Ordained Baptist ministry in 1891. Professor of homiletics, Rochester Theological Seminary, 1915–29. President of Northern Baptist Convention, 1916–17. Author of several books on religion. He was grand chaplain of the G.L. of New York four years and of the G.L. of Rhode Island one year. d. Jan. 16, 1937.

James Barbour (1775–1842) Secretary of War, minister to England, U.S. Senator and governor of Virginia. b. June 10, 1775 in Orange Co., Va. Gained a knowledge of law while a deputy sheriff and admitted to practice when 19. Sat in Virginia House of Delegates from 1796–1812. Elected governor in 1812. After term as governor, was elected to U.S. Senate in 1815. In 1825 John Q. Adams made him Secretary of War. In 1828 he went to England as American minister, but was recalled upon the election of President Jackson. Member of Stephensburg Lodge No. 40, Stevensburg, Va. d. June 8, 1842.

Sir Charles Malcolm Barclay-Harvey (of Kinord) 95th Grand Master Mason of Scotland (1949–54) and G.M. of G.L. of Southern Australia, (1941–44). First grand principal, Grand Chapter of Scotland, 1948–53, making trip to South Africa in 1950 to visit chapters there. He was initiated in Apollo University Lodge No. 357 (E.C.) in 1908 and affiliated with Lodge Charleston of Aboyne No. 281 in 1924.

McClelland Barclay (1891–1943) Artist and illustrator. b. May 9, 1891 at St. Louis, Mo. Began as advertising illustrator in 1912 and is also known for sculpture and portrait painting. Awarded 1st prize WW1 for recruiting poster and 1st prize for Red Cross poster Fill the Breach. Creator of the Fisher Body Girl. Designer of covers for Ladies' Home Journal, Pictorial Review, Saturday Evening Post, etc. A naval camoufler in 1918. Called to active duty as lieutenant commander in Navy, 1940 and reported missing in action while passenger on ship torpedoed in Solomon Sea, July 18, 1943. Mason.

A. T. Bard President of Reliance Manufacturing Co., Chicago since 1944. b. March 18, 1889 at New Carlisle, Ind. Started with the Reliance Company in 1901 and advanced from cutting room foreman to president. Member of Republic Lodge No. 914 Chicago, Ill.

Guy Kurtz Bard (1895–1953) U.S. District Judge, Eastern Pennsylvania 1939–52, resigning to private practice. b. Oct. 24, 1895 at Lincoln, Pa. Admitted to bar in 1922. Attorney general of Pennsylvania 1938–39. Active in Democratic politics on state and national level. Mason. d. Nov. 23, 1953.

Samuel Bard (1742–1821) Famous early American physician who was personal doctor to George Washington in New York following the Revolution. He was instrumental in establishing first New York medical school and the New York hospital. Member of Union Lodge, N.Y.

Thomas R. Bard (1841–1915) U.S. Senator from California. b. Dec. 8, 1841 at Chambersburg, Pa. Graduated from Chambersburg Academy at 18 with honors and studied law. Sent by Col. Thomas A. Scott in 1865 to California to supervise his property, and remained. Was interested in farm lands and oil property. Served as U.S. Senator from 1900–1905. Member of Hueneme Lodge No. 311, Hueneme and Ventura Chapter No. 50. Also Knight Templar. d. Mar. 6, 1915.

Graham A. Barden Congressman from North Carolina to 74th to 81st Congresses (1935–51). b. Sept., 1896, Sampson Co. North Carolina. Began as school teacher in New Bern and admitted to bar in 1920. Mason and Shriner.

Clinton L. Bardo (1867–1937) President of New York Shipbuilding Co., 1928–37. b. Oct. 24, 1867 at Montgomery, Pa. With railway and steamship companies since 1885, beginning as telegraph operator. Superintendent of N.Y.C. & H. R.R. 1907–12; assistant general manager of N.Y. N.H. & H. R.R. in 1913; president of Central N.E. Ry. 1920–25. Mason. d. Aug. 2, 1937.

Winfield W. Bardwell (1872–1946) Judge and college president. b. July 18, 1872 at Excelsior, Minn. Admitted to Minn.

bar in 1893. Presiding judge, District Court of Minneapolis since 1919. President of Minneapolis College of Law since 1924 and member of faculty University of Minnesota for many years. Mason. d. Dec. 22, 1946.

Frank F. Barham Vice president and director of Hearst Consolidated Publications, Inc. and Hearst Publishing Co., Inc. b. May 24, 1879 at Anaheim, Calif. Mason.

Walter S. Baring Congressman from Nevada to 81st Congress (1949–51). b. Sept. 9, 1911 at Goldfield, Nev. Graduate of University of Nevada in 1934. Representative in Nevada state legislature 1936 and reelected in 1942. With U.S. Navy WW2. Raised in May 1941, Reno Lodge No. 13 and has served as senior deacon of same. Member of Valley of Reno, 32° AASR and member of Kerak Shrine Temple and Adah Chapter No. 4 O.E.S.

John Barker (1794–1845) A dispenser of Masonic degrees during middle of the 19th century in the United States. He appeared about ten years after Jeremy L. Cross, who was in the same “business.” It is said that he originally received his degrees from Cross. Organized councils in the south and southwest under a warrant from The Supreme Council, Southern Jurisdiction. When the Supreme Council demanded the return of the warrant, he refused. Although his purpose was mercenary, like Cross, he did much to spread the degrees throughout the country.

William J. Barker U.S. District Judge, Southern District of

Florida since 1940. b. June 25, 1886 at Marietta, Ga. Admitted to Florida bar in 1916. Florida circuit judge, 1925–40. Mason.

Countess Helene Hadik Barkoczy b. 1833. A Hungarian countess, said to have been a Freemason. The sole heir of Count Johann Barkoczy, she succeeded him on his death in 1871 in the extensive Majorat of Barkoczy. In 1860 she married Count Bela Hadik, aide-de-camp to Emperor Maximilian. She became interested in an extensive Masonic library that came with her inheritance, and being highly educated, made an earnest study of Freemasonry. She endeavoured to gain admittance as a member of the craft and through some close acquaintances who were Freemasons, was initiated in 1875 in the Lodge Egyenloseg at Unghvar, holding a warrant from the Grand Orient of Hungary. On learning of the glaring violation of its statutes, the Grand Orient instituted proceedings against the brethren who were guilty of conferring the degrees and on January 5, 1876 ordered the deputy master of the lodge forever expelled and the officers of the lodge to have their names struck off the lists. The other members were expelled for periods of three, six and twelve months. This still left the question of the Countess's standing in Freemasonry. This was resolved at a meeting of the Grand Orient held on March 10, 1876 when it held that her admission was contrary to law and therefore null and void. They forbade her admittance into any lodge under the penalty of erasure of the lodge from the rolls and requested all other grand lodges to do the same. It was demanded that she return her invalid certificate within ten days.

James A. Barksdale Commissioner of Education, Tennessee, since 1950. b. Nov. 29, 1904 at Kenzie, Tenn. A teacher and principal of Tenn. schools 1925–49. Member of Cookeville Lodge No. 266, Cookeville, Tenn. and past master of same.

Elmer E. Barlow (1887–1948) Justice Supreme Court of Wisconsin 1942–48. b. May 18, 1887 at Arcadia, Wis. Admitted to bar in 1909 and in general practice from 1909 to 1939. Mason. d. June 26, 1948.

Joel Barlow (1754–1812) American poet and diplomat. b. Redding, Conn. Served as chaplain in the Revolution. As U.S. consul to Algiers in 1795, he arranged treaties with Tunis, Algiers and Tripoli. He served as U.S. Minister to France in 1811. His works include two epic poems *The Vision of Columbus* (1787) and *The Columbiad* (1807). He was admitted (which probably meant affiliation) a member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. on Jan. 9, 1788. He died near Cracow, Poland in 1812 while trying to reach Napoleon who was then campaigning through Russian snows. Efforts to have his body removed met with no success. Barlow was chaplain at the execution of Major Andre, the spy.

Henry Clay Barnabee American actor and operatic comedian. A member of Columbian Lodge, Boston, Mass. March 2, 1865, receiving a life membership March 2, 1890. Exalted in St. Andrew's Chapter, R.A.M., Boston on June 3, 1868 and knighted in DeMolay Commandery, Boston, Sept. 23, 1868. Received 32°, Massachusetts Consistory (NJ) April 27, 1866.

Ernest S. Barnard (1874–1931) President of the American Baseball League 1927–31. b. July 17, 1874 at West Columbia, W. Va. Was sports editor of Columbia Evening Dispatch 1898–1902; secretary of the Cleveland Ball Club Co., 1903–10, vice president 1911–15 and president 1922–27. He was vice president of the Acetylene Stove Mfg. Co. of Cleveland. A member of both York and Scottish Rites. d. March 27, 1931.

Isaac D. Barnard (1791–1834) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1827–31. b. July 18, 1791 at Aston, Pa. Began study of law, but War of 1812 intervened and he served as captain and major in the 14th Infantry. Was at capture of Fort George and Lyon's Creek. In 1815 he resumed his legal studies and admitted to bar in 1816. In 1820 he was elected to the state senate and in 1826 became secretary of state for Pennsylvania. A Mason. d. Feb. 28, 1834.

Cassius McD. Barnes Territorial governor of Oklahoma Territory. Active in all branches of Freemasonry, he attended the grand lodge session of 1902 as master of Guthrie Lodge No. 35. He took an active part in cornerstone laying and assisted in the organization of the Grand Chapter of Oklahoma. He was one of the three original petitioners to the Grand Encampment, K.T. for a commandery and was first commander of Guthrie Commandery No. 1 and first grand commander of the Oklahoma Territory.

James M. Barnes Congressman from Illinois 76th and 77th Congresses (1939–43) Administrative assistant to President of U.S. 1943–45. b. Jan. 9, 1899 at Jacksonville, Ill. LL.B., Harvard,

1924. Admitted to Ill. bar, 1924. Director National Savings and Trust Co. Member of Jacksonville Lodge No. 570, Jacksonville, Ill. and 32° AASR (NJ) at Springfield, Ill. Shriner and Jester.

Will C. Barnes (1858–1936) Author, rancher and Congressional Medal of Honor winner. b. June 21, 1858 and educated in public schools of Minneapolis. Enlisted man Signal Corps 1879–82 and received Congressional Medal at Ft. Apache, Ariz., Sept., 1881 “For bravery in action with hostile Apache Indians.” Member of Arizona state legislature 1891–92 and of New Mexico legislature 1901–02. Assistant U.S. Forester 1907–28. Mason. Wrote *Tales from the X-Bar Horse Camp* (1920), *Cattle* (1930), *Arizona Place Names*, (1934). d. Dec. 17, 1936.

Eugene E. Barnett General secretary National Council Y.M.C.A.'s since 1941. b. Feb. 21, 1888 at Leesburg, Fla. In Y.M.C.A. work since 1908. Founder of Y.M.C.A. at Hangchow, China 1910–21; secretary for China 1921–23. Raised in University Lodge No. 408, Chapel Hill, N.C. in 1910. He later became a charter member of Amity Lodge in Shanghai, China under Philippine jurisdiction.

W. J. Barnett Admiral, U. S. Navy. Member of Roman Lodge No. 223 of New York.

George A. Barnewall (1888–1952) Vice president of Brooklyn Dodgers baseball team. At his death on April 14, 1952 he was Deputy G.M. of the G.L. of New York and if he had lived a few weeks longer would have been installed as

grand master. He was raised Oct. 18, 1916 at age of 28 in Continental Lodge No. 287, N.Y. While a grand lodge officer Barnewall always arranged an afternoon “break,” so the delegates could see his team play while the committees digested the reports of the morning communication.

John Barney (1780–1847) Masonic lecturer who studied under Thomas Smith Webb q.v. b. October, 1780 at Litchfield, Conn. Raised in Friendship Lodge No. 20, Charlotte, Vt. in 1810. He was appointed “Lecturing Master” of the G.L. of Vermont in 1817, moving to Harper’s Field, Ohio in 1826 where he affiliated with New England Lodge No. 4 of Worthington in 1834 and served as grand lecturer of Ohio from 1836–43. He later moved to Chicago, Ill. where he affiliated with Apollo Lodge No. 32 and was appointed grand lecturer of Illinois in 1845. d. 1847 at Peoria, Ill.

Joshua Barney (1759–1818) Commodore American Navy, serving in Revolutionary War and War of 1812. b. July 6, 1759 at Baltimore, Md. Served throughout the Revolution, being captured three times by the British. Captured British frigate General Monk (1782). In French service 1796–1802. A privateer during War of 1812. Joined forces at Bladensburg, Md., defending Washington where he was severely wounded in 1814 and captured for the fourth time. d. Dec. 1, 1818. He was buried with military and Masonic honors at Pittsburgh, Pa. Dec. 1, 1818. He was made a Freemason in the Lodge of the Nine Sisters, Paris, France in 1799 (although other sources state that he was raised in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Pa. on May 17, 1777, and still another lists him as a member

of No. 3 on May 1, 1777). He was a visitor of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia on June 16, 1780.

Maurice V. Barnhill Judge, Supreme Court of North Carolina since 1937. b. Dec. 5, 1887 at Halifax, N.C. Admitted to bar in 1909. Member state legislature (N.C.) 1921–23; judge N.C. Superior Court, 1924–37. Mason and Shriner.

Henry A. Barnum (1833–?) Major General (Union) in Civil War. b. Sept. 24, 1833 at Jamesville, N.Y. Studied law and enlisted as a private in 12th New York volunteers in 1861, advancing through grades to major general, March, 1865. He was twice wounded. First officer to enter Savannah on Sherman's march to the sea. After war became inspector of New York prisons, harbor-master of New York and deputy tax commissioner. Member of lodge at Syracuse, N.Y. Member of Syracuse Lodge No. 102, Syracuse Chapter No. 70, R.A.M., of N.Y.

William H. Barnum (1818–?) U.S. Senator from Connecticut. b. Sept. 17, 1818. Engaged in the manufacture of car wheels and iron production. Served in the state legislature in 1852 and in U.S. Congress as representative from Connecticut from 1866–1876. Elected to U.S. Senate in 1876, serving until 1879. Member of Montgomery Lodge No. 13 at Lakeville, Conn.

Joseph L. Baron Jewish rabbi. Founder of Temple Judah, Cedar Rapids, Iowa (1918); Temple Emmanuel, Waukesha, Wis. (1938), Temple Beth El, Madison, Wis. (1939). b. May 27, 1894, Vilno, Lithuania, coming to U.S. with parents in 1907.

A.B. Columbia, 1914. Ph.D. Univ. of Chicago, 1932. Professor and faculty member of State Teachers College, Milwaukee and University of Wisconsin. Editor of *Young Judean*, 1914. Member national council of Jewish education, 1927–30. Author. Member of Wisconsin Lodge No. 13 at Milwaukee; 32° AASR (SJ) at Davenport, Iowa and also Shrine at Davenport. Honorary member of Tripoli Shrine Temple in Milwaukee.

Norris S. Barratt (1862–1924) Judge (president) of Common Pleas, Pennsylvania from 1913. b. Aug. 23, 1862 at Philadelphia, Pa. Admitted to bar 1883. Served in various public capacities. Judge, Court of Common Pleas from 1902, and president from 1913. Author of *Freemasonry of Pennsylvania 1827–1907* (3 vols.) with Dr. J. F. Sachse (1909), *History of St.*

Paul's Church, Philadelphia; *Colonial Wars in America* and several other works. Mason. d. April 26, 1924.

Jesse W. Barrett (1884–1953) Attorney general of Missouri, 1821–25. b. March 17, 1884 at Canton, Mo. Graduated cum laude Christian Univ. (now Culver–Stockton) Canton, Mo. 1902 and LL.D. 1923; LL.B. George Washington U. 1905. Began practice, St. Louis, 1906. Mason 33° honorary (SJ). d. Nov. 12, 1953.

Lawrence P. Barrett (1838–1891) American actor. b. Paterson, N.J. April 4, 1838. Joined Boston Museum Company (1858–59). Served in Civil War. In partnership with the famous Shakespearean actor Booth q.v. 1886–91. Excelled in Shakespearean roles. Raised in Oriental Lodge No. 144,

San Francisco, Calif. July 19, 1870, Royal Arch membership in New York and member of Adelpic Commandery No. 59, New York City. d. New York City March 20, 1891 and buried by Catholic church.

Oscar F. Barrett (1860–1935) President of The Barrett Line (operators of tow-boats and barges on Ohio and Mississippi rivers) 1897–1907; president of Barrett Line, Inc. from 1927. b. April 27, 1860 at Racine, Ohio. Associated with father in John Barrett & Son from 1882. Vice president of Columbia Life Ins. Co.; president of National Board of Steam Navigation 1928–30. Mason. d. Aug. 12, 1935.

Robert S. Barrett Physician, diplomat, philanthropist. b. March 30, 1877, at Richmond, Va. Educated in the University of the South and George Washington Univ. In 1897 he went to Mexico where he was editor and publisher of the Mexico City Daily Record; returned to the U.S. in 1907. For many years he served the U.S. in quasi-political positions abroad. In 1910, with Charles H. Callahan, he inaugurated the movement to establish the George Washington National Masonic Memorial Association which resulted in the erection of that famous memorial. He served as grand master of the G.L. of Virginia in 1942. From 1925 to 1950 he served as president of the Florence Crittenden Mission, an organization of which his mother was one of the founders. He is 33° Sovereign Grand Inspector General for Virginia AASR (SJ). Dr. and Mrs. Barrett have erected a hospital at the Masonic Home in Virginia (1940) and given an auditorium for the Elks Home at Bedford, Va. (1945). He was grand exalted ruler of

the Elks, U.S.A. in 1944–45. In 1946 they gave a library to the city of Alexandria, Va. as a memorial to his mother, and in 1947, gave \$1,000,000 to the Barrett Foundation for philanthropic and educational purposes. Barrett is the author of several volumes including *Standard Guide to Mexico* (1900) ; *Blue Book of Mexico* (1905); *Fifty Years Work With Girls, I Was an Unmarried Mother*. He was raised in Puritan Lodge No. 7, Mexico City in 1902, and affiliated with Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, of Alexandria, Va. in 1910. He is a member of Mount Vernon Chapter No. 14 R.A.M. and Old Dominion Commandery, K.T. of Alexandria. While in Mexico, he was one of the organizers of the Anezeh Shrine Temple in 1907.

Samuel A. Barrett Anthropologist and explorer. b. Nov. 12, 1879 at Little Rock, Ark. Received B.S., M.S. and Ph.D. at University of Calif. Ethnologist with George G. Hey Expedition, 1908–09 in South America. Cur–ator of anthropology, Milwaukee Public Museum since 1909 and director 1920–40. Director emeritus since 1940. Active in research and ethnology of Pomo and Miwok tribes of California; also Cayapa Indians of Ecuador. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Carter T. Barron (1905–1950) Theatre executive. Manager of Loew's Eastern Division of Theatres including D.C., Md., Va., Del. and Pa. since 1934. b. Clarkesville, Ga. Jan 30, 1905. B.S. Georgia Institute of Tech., 1927. Assist. manager and manager of theaters from 1905. Vice president of Kes–Bar, Inc.; director of Washington Board of Trade since 1949; executive vice

chairman of National Capitol Sesqui-Centennial Comm. since 1948; Chairman entertainment comm. President's Birthday Balls 1934-46. Head of music and entertainment committee National Democratic Convention, 1940. Mason. d. Nov. 16, 1950.

Dionysius Barron Male alto singer. Raised in St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City on Oct. 7, 1873.

Clark DeBlanc Barrow President of Southeastern Louisiana College at Hammond since 1952. b. June 8, 1894 at Plaquemine, La. Graduate of Louisiana State and Columbia. Mason.

Chester W. Barrows (1872-1931) Judge, Supreme Court of Rhode Island, 1925-31. b. July 4, 1872 at Woonsocket, R.I. LL.B. Harvard, 1898. Admitted to R.I. bar, 1898. Associate Justice Superior Court of R.I. 1913-25. Mason. d. Feb. 19, 1931.

Lewis O. Barrows Governor of Maine 1937-41. b. June 7, 1893 at Newport, Maine. Secretary of Liberty Mutual Insurance Co. and United Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Boston. Maine secretary of state 1935-36. Member of lodge, chapter, council, commandery and consistory.

Augustin Barruel (1741-1820) An anti-Mason better known as the Abbe. Born in Villeneuve de Berg, France, he was a prolific writer but owes his reputation principally to his *Recollections to Serve for a History of Jacobinism* (1797).

He sought to trace the origin of Freemasonry to the Templars, accusing them of having an “impious code and vows of vengeance against kings and priests.” Educated by the Jesuits and entered the society. When they were suppressed in France, he went to Moravia and Bohemia.

John Barry Commodore, U.S. Navy in American Revolution. Initiated in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, Pa. on Oct. 12, 1795. Suspended NPD in 1800.

William T. Barry (1785–1835) Postmaster General of the U.S. under President Jackson and U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. Feb. 5, 1785. Served in the war of 1812. Lawyer and statesman. Was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. and later of Daviess Lodge No. 22 of Lexington. On Jan. 4, 1830 he was elected an honorary member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C.

John L. Barstow (1832–1913) Governor of Vermont. b. Feb. 21, 1832 at Shelburne, Vt. Served as major in Union army from 1861–64 and was made brigadier general of state troops at time of the St. Albans raid. Member of Vermont house 1864–65 and senate, 1866–68. Became 39th governor in 1880, serving two terms until 1885. Mason. d. June 28, 1913.

Oliver E. Barthel Engineer and inventor. b. Oct. 3, 1877 at Detroit, Mich. Has been designer and engineer with Ford, Cadillac, Oldsmobile and Standard Steel Car Co. Holder of 35 patents. Designed and built outboard motor in 1906;

streamlined automobile in 1912; all-steel automobile body in 1917. Mason and Knight Templar.

Frederic A. Bartholdi (1834–1904) Designer of Statue of Liberty in New York harbor. b. April 2, 1834 at Colmar, Alsace, France. He was one of the early members of Lodge Alsace–Lorraine, Paris (Oct. 14, 1875) which was composed of prominent intellectuals, writers and government representatives. When his famous statue Liberty Enlightening the World was achieved, Bartholdi convened his lodge to review it, even before the statue was shown to the U.S. committee. On June 19, 1884, the lodge, as if it were a pilgrimage, went in a body to review his masterpiece that was to be the gift of the French people to the United States. On Nov. 13, 1884 Bartholdi delivered a lecture and gave the lodge a report on the history and various methods used in the execution of his statue. Again the lodge witnessed his emotion when he came back from his visit to U.S. in 1887, and he told them of the ardent welcome he had received and of the wide enthusiasm created by his work. Another famous work by Bartholdi is Le Lion de Belfort, commemorating the defense of Belfort in Franco–Prussian War.

Frank H. Bartholomew President and general manager of United Press Association since April, 1955. b. Oct. 5, 1898 at San Francisco, Calif. Began as a reporter in 1918 on Portland and Vancouver (B.C.) papers, starting with United Press as the Portland Bureau manager. During WW2 he was in charge of all correspondents covering the Pacific War and a correspondent himself in New Guinea, Aleutians, Luzon. He covered

the Japanese surrender aboard the U.S.S. Missouri in Tokyo Bay in Sept., 1945 and the atomic bomb test at Bikini in 1946. Member of Temple Lodge No. 14, Sonoma, Calif., and Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco.

H. Roe Bartle Lawyer, youth leader, college president. b. Richmond, Va. Admitted to Kentucky bar in 1920 and Missouri bar in 1921. President of Missouri Valley College, Marshall, Mo. 1948–51. Long-time scout executive for Kansas City area, Boy Scouts of America. Member of 17 boards of directors and owns 5,000 acres in Missouri and Oklahoma. Makes some 200 public speeches a year ranging upwards from \$1,000 per speech—much of which he turns over to the American Humanities Fund of which he has been administrator since 1947. Elected mayor of Kansas City in 1955. Member Ararat Shrine Temple; Lebanon Lodge No. 87 (Ky.) Independence Chapter, R.A.M. No. 12 and Palestine Commandery No. 17, K.T. of Independence, Mo.

Frederick B. Bartlett (1882–1941) Bishop, Protestant Episcopal Church. b. Aug. 23, 1822 at South Manchester, Conn. Graduate of Trinity College, Episcopal Theological School and Harvard. Served as deacon and priest from 1908. General secretary National Council. P. E. Churches 1925–31 and consecrated bishop of North Dakota Dec. 16, 1931, transferring to Missionary District of Idaho in 1935. Mason. d. Dec. 15, 1941.

John H. Bartlett Governor of New Hampshire and 1st Assistant Postmaster General in Coolidge Cabinet. b. Sunapee,

N.H., March 15, 1864. Member of DeWitt Clinton Commandery, K.T. (N.H.). Birth date March 15, 1869.

Josiah Bartlett (1729–1795) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. Not to be confused with Josiah Bartlett (1759–1820) who was also a physician q.v. b. Amesbury, Mass. Nov. 21, 1729. Practiced medicine at Kingston, N.H. (1750–95). Was a delegate to Continental Congress (1773–76) (1778–79). Associate justice (1782–88) and chief justice (1788–90) of superior court of New Hampshire. He was "President" of New Hampshire, 1790–93 and its first governor from 1793–94. d. May 19, 1795 at Kingston, N.H. Although his lodge is not known, his great grandson, Levi S. Bartlett, has a letter written by Josiah to his son Ezra saying, "I attended a Mason meeting last night, and as soon as you can I wish you would join the Masons."

Josiah Bartlett (1759–1820) Revolutionary physician and grand master of the G.L. of Mass. Not to be confused with Josiah, the signer of the Declaration of Independence, who was also a physician q.v. b. Charlestown, Mass. Aug. 11, 1759. He was elected and initiated in Union Lodge at Danbury, Conn. (now No. 40 on the roll) on April 13, 1780; passed April 24 and raised May 2, same year. The history of that lodge, written in 1926, says in discussing the installation of the first master that a meeting was held on April 13 at the home of Mrs. Mary White, "to consider the request of Dr. Josiah Bartlett whose inclination to be a Freemason was so great he was determined if possible to be initiated so as to join this Lodge on the day appointed for the installment of

the Wor. Master” He later became a charter member of King Solomon’s Lodge, Charleston, Mass. in Mass. in Sept., 1783. The 150th anniversary history of that lodge confirms his original membership by stating that he was barely 21 years old when in 1780 he received his degrees in Union Lodge at Danbury. Bartlett followed Paul Revere q.v. as grand master of Massachusetts (after union of March, 1792), serving in 1798, 1799 and 1810. d. March 2, 1820 at Charlestown.

Murray Bartlett Organizer and first president of University of Philippines (1911–15). b. March 29, 1871 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Graduate of Harvard, Gen. Theol. Sem., Univ. of Rochester, Trinity College, Columbia and Hobart. Protestant Episcopal rector and dean, serving Cathedral of St. Mary and St. John, Manila, P.I. 1908–11. Founder of Tropical Medicine and Public Health school. Chaplain with U.S. Infantry in WW1, wounded in Marne–Aisne offensive Mason. 33° AASR.

Robert A. Bartlett (1875–1946) Explorer. b. Aug. 15, 1875 at Brigus, Newfoundland. Began explorations wintering with R. E. Peary at Cape D’Urville, Kane Basin 1897–98; on a hunting expedition, Hudson Bay and Strait in 1901; captain of a sealer off Newfoundland coast, 1901–05; commanded the Roosevelt, 1905–09, taking active part in Peary’s expedition to the pole, reaching the 88th parallel; with Canadian government Arctic expedition 1913–14 as captain of the cutter Kariuk which was crushed by ice in January, 1914. He reached Wrangel Island with 17 persons, and leaving 15 on the island, he crossed ice to Siberia with one Eskimo and returned with a rescue party in Sept., 1914. They reached Nome, Alaska a year later with

13 survivors. In the service of the U.S. government, National Geographic Society and various museums, he made exploration trips until 1944 to Arctic ocean, Greenland, Alaska, Baffin Land, Siberia, and Hudson Bay. Received many national and international honors for his explorations. Author of several books. Mason. d. April 28, 1946.

Francesco Bartolozzi (1727–1815) Famous Italian designer and engraver. b. Florence, Italy. Studied on the continent and settled in London in 1764. He was an early member of the Lodge of Nine Muses No. 235, London, and collaborator of Cipriani q.v. the painter, who was a member of the same lodge. He was one of the four members of this lodge to be original members of the exclusive Royal Academy at its foundation in 1768. He engraved works of Guercino, Annibale Carracci, Giordano, Reynolds, Gainsborough, Cosway and Angelica Kauffmann. The frontispiece of the 1784 edition of the Book of Constitutions is his engraving. He became engraver to the King (England), later moving to Lisbon where he became head of the Royal Academy at Lisbon (1802–15).

Sir Edmund Barton (1849–1920) First prime minister of Australian Commonwealth (1901–03). Speaker of legislative assembly, New South Wales, 1883–87 and attorney general in 1889 and 1891–93. He led the delegation presenting Australian Commonwealth Constitution bill to British Parliament in 1900. Nearly one-third of the members of the first Australian parliament were Freemasons. He was judge of the Australian high court from 1903 until his death in 1920. Barton was a member of Australia Lodge of Harmony No. 556 (initiated March

3, 1878) which later became No. 5 with the establishment of the United Grand Lodge of New South Wales in 1888. He was invested as senior deacon of the lodge on June 9, 1880.

LeRoy Barton Architect. b. Dec. 14, 1887 in New York City. An architect in New York City, 1910–34. Assistant to Secretary of Treasury 1934–39 and acting supervising architect to Treasury Department. Architectural supervisor Public Buildings Administration, 1939–40. Now practicing as consultant architect. Served in both WW1 and WW2, retiring as colonel in 1948. Raised in Wamponamen Lodge No. 437, Sag Harbor, N.Y. on March 3, 1921. Member of Manhattan (N.Y.) Chapter No. 86, National Sojourners and Martyr's Camp, Heroes of '76.

William Barton (1748–1831) Colonel of American Revolution. b. May 26, 1748 at Providence, R.I. Noted for his daring capture of British General Prescott in the latter's house at Newport. He was imprisoned at Danville, Vt. from 1810–24 for refusing to pay judgment on his land in Vermont. The judgment was paid by General Lafayette q.v. on his visit to America in 1824. He became a member of St. John's Lodge, Providence, R.I. in 1779. d. at Providence, Oct. 22, 1831.

Sydney N. Baruch Research engineer who invented the depth bomb successfully used in destruction of submarines in WW1 and WW2. b. March 1, 1890 at Mamaroneck, N.Y. Chief engr. Federal Telephone Co. (radio division of Postal Telegraph Co.) 1919–20. President of Public Service Corp. of Calif. 1916–20. Conductor of private research laboratories

in New York City since 1930. Inventor of thermo relay and other devices, also thyatron and nortron type mercury rectifier tubes and sound recording on film (1934). Designer of 300,000 volt direct current transmission system of Bonneville Project. Mason and Shriner.

Charles Baskerville (1870 – 1922) Chemist who discovered the chemical elements, carolinium and berzellum. b. June 18, 1870 at Noxubee Co. Miss. Author of many books on chemistry. Mason. d. Jan. 28, 1922.

Edward Bass (1726–1803) First Protestant Episcopal bishop of Massachusetts in 1797. His bishopric included Rhode Island and New Hampshire. b. Dorchester, Mass. Nov. 23, 1726. Served as pastor at Newbury, Mass. from 1752–1803. Admitted a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Portsmouth, N.H. April 12, 1758. In 1768 he served as grand chaplain of the G.L. of Mass.

Perkins Bass Congressman from New Hampshire to 84th Congress. b. Oct. 6, 1912 at East Walpole, Mass. Admitted to N.H. bar in 1938. Member N.H. state legislature, 1939–43 and 1947–49. President of N.H. state senate 1949–51. Member of Altemont Lodge No. 26, Peterborough, N.H. 32° AASR (NJ) in Nashua, N.H. Member of Bektash Shrine Temple, Concord, N.H.

Norman L. Basset (1869–1931) Justice, Supreme Court of Maine 1925–31. b. June 23, 1869 at Winslow, Me. Graduate of Colby College, Harvard and University of Maine. Mason. d. Sept. 29, 1931.

Richard N. Batchelder (1832–1901) Quartermaster General of U.S. Army. b. July 27, 1832 at Lake Village, N.H. Entered volunteer service in 1861 and rose through ranks to brigadier general on March 13, 1865. Was awarded Congressional Medal of Honor in Civil War. Entered regular service after war and made Quartermaster General in 1890. A member of Lafayette Lodge No. 41 at Manchester, N.H. d. 1901.

Robert F. Batchelder Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. March 27, 1895 at Worcester, Mass. Commissioned ensign in supply corps of Navy in 1921 and advanced through grades to commodore in Nov., 1945. With Atlantic fleet in WW2, Sicilian occupation and Normandy invasion. Deputy administrator, War Assets Admin., 1946–47; assistant chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, U.S. Navy since 1947. Retired. Raised in Quinsigamond Lodge, Worcester, Mass. in 1922. Life member of Eureka Chapter, R.A.M., Worcester, Mass.; life member California Consistory AASR (SJ) at San Francisco; life member of Chapter No. 3, National Sojourners and Heroes of '76, Washington, D.C.

Willis T. Batcheller President and chief engineer of Canadian Alaska Railway Co., involving 3,300 mile trans-continental system from Seattle and Vancouver to Fairbanks, Alaska. b. Dec. 23, 1889 at Joliet, Ill. President and chief engineer of Portland Canal Power Co. Served as engineer on many hydro-electrical developments, including Grand Coulee, Skagit River, Nimpkish River pulp plant and Quincy Valley Irrigation Dist. Raised in Green Lake Lodge No. 149, Seattle in April, 1921. Member of Ballard Chapter No. 26, R.A.M.

Seattle Council No. 6 R. & S.M., Bethlehem Cornmandery, K.T. No. 19 all of Seattle. Active worker in Commandery 32° AASR (SJ) in 1921 and KCCH in 1945. Past wise master of Rose Croix, 1944. Member of Nile Shrine Temple since 1921 and past patron of University Chapter, O.E.S.

James C. Batchelor (1818–1893) Succeeded Albert Pike as 9th grand commander of Supreme Council AASR (SJ) in 1891, serving until death in 1893. b. July 10, 1818 at Quebec, Canada. Was a physician in New Orleans and distinguished himself in the yellow fever epidemic. Initiated in Eureka Lodge No. 64, Greenville, Ala. April 11, 1846 and Royal Arch in Polar Star Chapter No. 21, New Orleans Aug. 17, 1857. Joined Orleans Council R. & S.M. Feb. 15, 1859 and Jacques DeMolai Commandery, K.T. No. 2, New Orleans, Feb. 17, 1860. 32° AASR in New Orleans Dec. 17, 1856 and 33° on Feb. 14, 1857. d. July 28, 1893 at Washington, D.C.

William B. Bate (1826–1905) U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. Oct. 7, 1826 near Castilian Spring, Tenn. Was a steamboat clerk on Mississippi river and served as private in Mexican War in Louisiana and Tennessee regiments. He served in the Tennessee legislature and graduated from Lebannon Law School in 1852, practicing at Gallatin, Tenn. Entering the Civil War as a private, he advanced to major general, C.S.A. 1861–65, being wounded three times. After the war he practiced law at Nashville and was U.S. Senator from 1887 until his death in 1905. He was a member of King Solomon Lodge No. 94 (successor of No. 6).

Edward Bates (1793–1869) Attorney General of United States in Lincoln's cabinet. b. Sept. 4, 1793 at Belmont, Va. of Quaker parentage. He came to Missouri in 1814 at the age of 21, his brother Frederick q.v. then being secretary of the territory. Admitted to bar in 1816 after studying with Rufus Easton q.v.. He was a member of the convention of 1820 that framed the state constitution of Missouri, and appointed by Gov. McNair q.v. as first attorney general. In 1822 he was a member of the legislature and in 1824 was appointed by President Monroe q.v. as U.S. Attorney for the District of Missouri. He was the second representative in Congress from Missouri being elected to the 20th Congress in 1826, but declined re-election. In 1830 he served as state senator and in 1834 as state representative. In 1850 President Fillmore q.v. appointed him Secretary of War and he was confirmed by the Senate, but declined the position. In 1853 he was elected judge of the St. Louis Land Court and in 1856 he was presiding officer of the Whig national convention in Baltimore. President Lincoln named him Attorney General of the U.S. in 1861 and he served until 1863 when he resigned. He was the first cabinet member from west of the Mississippi river. He was a member of Missouri Lodge No. 12, under Tennessee charter (later Missouri No. 1) and was active in the formation of the Grand Lodge of Mo. He was elected to preside at the preliminary convention and was later made permanent chairman. A preamble and resolution was drawn up, evidently the work of Bates. Two months later the delegates again assembled to consider the matter of organizing a grand lodge with Bates presiding. Bates served four terms as grand master, 1825–26–27–31. In his last term as grand

master he introduced a resolution to be submitted to all subordinate lodges of the state (height of Anti-Masonic period) which ended: "Be it Resolved, that immediately after the close this evening, this Lodge shall cease to act as an organized body, and that its charter be surrendered and returned to the Grand Lodge." As far as known, Edward Bates never thereafter appeared at a Masonic meeting. d. March 25, 1869.

Frederick Bates (1777–1825) Second governor of Missouri, 1824–25. b. June 23, 1777 in Belmont, Va. of a Quaker family. Older brother of Edward Bates q.v. In 1797 he settled in Detroit, Mich. where he engaged in the mercantile business and served as postmaster, U.S. Receiver of Public Money and named in 1805 by Jefferson as the first U.S. Judge for the Territory of Michigan. He first appeared in St. Louis in 1806 where he was first recorder of the Board of Land Commissions. On May 7, 1807, Jefferson appointed him as the second secretary for the Territory of Louisiana, a position he held 13 years until the formation of the state government. As Territorial secretary he compiled the Laws of the Territory of Louisiana, which was the first book printed in the territory. He was probably made a Freemason in Michigan for he is listed as a charter member of St. Louis Lodge No. 111 (Pennsylvania charter) in 1809. He succeeded Meriwether Lewis as Master. He is also listed as a charter member of Missouri Lodge No. 1 (12 under Tenn.) when the Grand Lodge of Missouri was formed in 1821. He was elected grand master on Oct. 3, 1821 and turned it down for reasons of heavy business and poor health. This was probably true as he died Aug. 4, 1825 after having served as governor for less than a year.

Isaac B. Bates (1780–1845) U.S. Senator from Massachusetts. b. May 14, 1780 in Granville, Mass. Graduated at Yale in 1802 and studied law, practicing in Northhampton, Mass. First elected to Congress as an anti-Jackson man, and reelected three times, serving from 1827–1835. In 1841 he was elected to U.S. Senate where he served until his death. He opposed the admission of Texas to the union. Member of Jerusalem Lodge at Northhampton, Mass. d. March 16, 1845.

John L. Bates (1859–?) Governor of Massachusetts, 1903–04. b. Sept. 18, 1859 at Easton, Mass. Practiced law at Boston since 1885. Member state house of representatives 1894 – 99 (speaker 1897–99); lieutenant governor of Mass. 1900–02. President of Mass. Constitutional Convention of 1917–18–19. President board of trustees Boston University 1907–27. Member Baalbec Lodge, East Boston and St. John's Royal Arch Chapter of Boston. 33° AASR (NJ). Deceased.

Joseph B. Bates Congressman from Kentucky, 75th to 80th Congresses (1937–49). b. Oct. 29, 1893 at Republican, Ky. Teacher and school superintendent for 16 years and county clerk of Greenup County, Ky. from 1922–38. Mason.

John S. Battle Governor of Virginia, 1950–54. b. July 11, 1890 at New Bern, N.C. Admitted to bar in 1913 and began practice at Charlottesville, Va. Member of Virginia general assembly in 1920 and state senator from 1934–49. Served in WW1. He is a member of Charlottesville Lodge No. 55 and a past master. A member of Keystone Chapter No. 58, R.A.M. and past high priest. Member of Charlottesville Commandery

No. 3, K.T. and Acca Shrine Temple, Richmond, Va.

Laurie C. Battle Congressman from Alabama to 80th and 81st Congresses (1947–51). b. May 10, 1912 at Wilsonville, Ala. Graduate of Birmingham–Southern College and Ohio State Univ. Has been a laborer, clerk, salesman, personnel worker and teacher of sociology at Ohio State Univ. Served in WW2 Pacific Theatre and rose from private to major. Member of Docena Lodge No. 815, Docena, Ala.; 32° AASR at Birmingham, Zamora Shrine Temple; High Twelve and O.E.S. chapter No. 118, Birmingham.

Arthur A. Batts Chairman of the board of the Carborundum Co. b. June 25, 1884 at Syracuse, N.Y. With the Carborundum Co. since 1901 as bookkeeper, office manager, assistant secretary, secretary (1827–42); president (1942–46) and chairman of the board since 1947. Mason.

Clyde M. Bauer Geologist, naturalist. With National Park Service. b. April 5, 1886 at Bristol, Ind. Taught school; was high school principal from 1908–11. With U.S. Geological Survey 1911–16. Commercial geologist 1916–31. Park naturalist, Yellowstone National Park 1932–46 (chief naturalist 1943–46). Director of Yellowstone Library and Museum Association, 1932–46. Wrote *The Story of Yellowstone Geysers* (1937) and *Yellowstone—Its Underworld*. Raised in Bartlesville, Okla. in 1917 and now life member of Columbia Lodge No. 14, Boulder, Colo. 32° AASR (SJ) at Billings, Mont. and member of Al Bedoo Shrine Temple, Billings.

Howard K. Bauernfeind President of J. B. Lippincott Co. Philadelphia, book publishers since 1949. b. April 12, 1900 at Council Bluffs, Iowa. Graduate of Central College, Naperville, Ill. and Univ. of Chicago. School superintendent from 1921–30. With Lippincott Co. since 1930 as editor, managing editor and vice president. Raised in Monmouth Lodge No. 37, Monmouth, Ill. in 1922. Member of Monmouth Chapter No. 30, R.A.M.

Harry L. Baum (1887–1951) Physician and author of several Masonic plays. b. Sept. 7, 1887 at Shelbyville, Ill. Graduated in medicine from University of Pennsylvania and removed to Denver, Colo. where he specialized in diseases of ear, nose and throat. Was first master of Emulation Lodge No. 154 of Denver and served as grand master of the G.L. of Colorado 1937–38. Was chairman of the correspondence committee of the G.L. for many years. 33° AASR (SJ) in 1929. Best known for his Masonic plays, John Brent and Prelude to Victory. d. March 25, 1951.

Warren W. Baumgartner Artist and illustrator. b. Oakville, Mo. March 15, 1894. Student at Art Institute of Chicago and Grand Central School of Art, N.Y. Illustrator for national magazines since 1938. Exhibited at National Academy American Water Color Society. Awarded Adolph and Clara Obrig prize in 1941 and Hans Obst prize in 1945. Mason.

Bruce R. Baxter (1892–1947) Bishop, Methodist Church 1940–47. b. Aug. 18, 1892 at Rock Run, Ohio. Assistant to president of University of Southern California 1924–30 and

president of Willamette Univ., Salem, Ore. 1934–40. President of Oregon Assn. of Independent Colleges 1939–40. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR. d. June 20, 1947.

James P. Baxter (1831–1921) Author. b. March 23, 1831 at Gorham, Me. President of Savings Bank of Portland and mayor of Portland six terms (1893–97) (1904–05). Organized and established Portland Society of Art in 1883 and Associated Charities. Built and donated libraries to Portland (1888) and Gorham (1907) and conveyed the family mansion to city of Gorham for a museum. President of the Maine Historical Society from 1890. Author of many historical works including *The Trelawney Papers* (1884); *George Cleve and His Times* (1885); *The British Invasion from the North* (1887); *The Voyages of Jacques Cartier* (1906), and edited 20 volumes of documentary history of Maine. Mason. d. May 8, 1921.

Jedediah H. Baxter Surgeon General, U.S. Army. Member of Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T. at Washington, D.C. d. Dec. 4, 1890.

John B. Mac. Baxter (1868–1946) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Brunswick from 1935. b. Feb. 16, 1868 at Saint John, N.B., Canada. Began as an attorney in 1890. Attorney general of New Brunswick 1916–17; premier of New Brunswick, 1925–31; member of Canadian Parliament 1921–25 and judge of Supreme Court, N.B. from 1931–35. Mason and 33° AASR. d. Dec. 27, 1946.

Warner Baxter Movie actor. Member Cahuenga Lodge No. 513, Hollywood and of the “233 (Masonic) Club.”

Francis Baylies Lawyer, author, member of Congress and U.S. Minister to Buenos Aires. Original lodge not known, but made honorary member of Mount Lebanon Lodge, Boston, Mass. on Jan. 26, 1835.

Hojjah Baylies Aid to General Washington in Revolutionary War. Held rank of major and was member of Masters’ Lodge No. 2, New York.

William Baylis (1848–1919) Architect, inventor and Sovereign Grand Commander, Supreme Council. b. Nov. 8, 1848 at Pictou, N.S., Canada. Became superintendent hospital construction, office of surgeon general, U.S. Army in 1882 (Major). Invented combination steam and hot water heating system in 1893.

Samuel H. Baynard, Jr. (1879–1947) Secretary General of AASR (NJ). b. June 3, 1879 at Wilmington, Del. Graduated B.A. from Delaware College in 1900. Admitted to bar in 1904. Raised in Eureka Lodge No. 23, Wilmington. Author of two volume history of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite (Northern Jurisdiction) in 1938. d. Sept. 9, 1947.

Alfred W. Bays Lawyer, president of The Abbott Foundation and vice chairman of board of Abbott Laboratories since 1947. b. July 12, 1876 at Vermont, Ill. Graduate of Northwestern Univ. School of Law, 1904. Professor of law, 1912–37 at

Northwestern. Trustee Northwestern Univ., Lake Bluff Orphanage, Ravenswood and Evanston hospitals and others. Editor and compiler of American Commercial Law Series (9 vols.) and other law works. Mason.

Etienne–Francois Bazot b. March 31, 1782 at Nievre, France. Wrote a Masonic dictionary and manual.

George L. Beal Union general in Civil War. b. May 21, 1825 in Norway, Maine. He left Portland on Oct. 6, 1861 as colonel of 10th Maine regiment. Appointed by president as brigadier general of volunteers Nov. 30, 1864 and mustered out of service Jan. 15, 1866. Member of Oxford Lodge No. 18, Norway, Maine.

Jack Beall, Jr. Radio commentator and newspaperman. b. Dec. 6, 1898 at Waxahachie, Texas. Graduate of Princeton (1921), and Yale Law School, 1924. Admitted to Texas bar in 1924, but gave up practice in 1929 to become newspaperman. With Dallas Times–Herald and New York Herald Tribune and then London correspondent and later Washington correspondent covering White House, Senate and State Department (1937–43). Entered radio field in 1944, with WLW, Cincinnati. Now Washington correspondent for A.B.C. with Headline Edition; News of Tomorrow and This Week Around the World. Mason.

Walter B. Beals Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Washington (1933–34 and 1945–46) and presiding judge for the War Crimes Tribunal in Nurnberg, Germany, 1946–48 (with

military leave of absence from Supreme Court of Washington). b. July 21, 1876 at St. Paul, Minn. Admitted to Washington bar in 1901. Judge of Supreme Court of Washington 1928 to 1952. Advanced from private to lieutenant colonel in WW1, served in Meuse–Argonne offensive. Mason and 32° AASR.

Rosenham (Jack) Beam Brigadier General U.S. Air Force. b. June 11, 1895 at Bardstown, Ky. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant Infantry in 1916 and advanced through grades to brigadier general, Air Force, 1948. Served in WW1 with Aviation Section, Signal Corps. Commanded the 12th Air Support Command in invasion of North Africa 1932–43. Commander of various air force bases since 1944. Commanding general of Air Force Technical School, Lowry Air Force Base, Denver since 1945. Mason, National Sojourner and Shriner.

Alexander G. E. Beaman (1885–1943) Insurance executive and Masonic editor. b. June 23, 1885, Hartford, Conn. Started as shorthand teacher with Gregg School, Chicago and later as executive assistant of railroads and banks. Organized the A. G. Beaman Agency, Ltd. and headed since 1929. President of Fire–Police Commission, City of Los Angeles and director of Hollywood Academy of Fine Arts. Managing editor of Masonic Digest, 1923–25 and secretary of Masonic Periodicals Corp. 1923–25. Active for many years in the care of homeless and transients. Editor of Los Angeles Consisterry Bulletin from 1912. d. Oct. 22, 1943.

John V. Beamer Congressman from Indiana to 82nd Congress (1951–53). b. Nov. 17, 1896 in Indiana. A.B. from

Wabash College, 1918. Farm owner and operator since 1943. Member of Hanna Lodge No. 61; Wabash Chapter No. 26, R.A.M.; Wabash Council No. 13, R. & S.M.; Wabash Commandery, No. 37, K.T. all of Wabash, Ind. and Capital Forest No. 104, Tall Cedars of Lebanon at Washington, D.C.

Henry J. Bean (1853–1941) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon (1930–32 and 1937–38). b. Nov. 13, 1853 at Bethel, Maine. Admitted to bar, 1881. Member of Oregon house of representatives 1889, district attorney, county co-judge, circuit court judge. Justice of Supreme Court of Oregon, 1911 to term expiring in 1944. d. May 9, 1941.

Cyrus Beard (1850–1920) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Wyoming, 1911–13. b. Aug. 1850 in Venango Co., Pa. Began practice of law in Washington, Iowa, 1874. Removed to Harlan, Iowa, 1878 and to Evanston, Wyo., 1890. Justice of Supreme Court of Wyoming, 1904 to term expiring in 1921. d. Dec. 17, 1920.

Daniel Carter Beard (known as Dan Beard) (1850–1941) American painter, illustrator and organizer of the Boy Scout movement in the United States. b. June 21, 1850 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Started as book and magazine illustrator and teacher of drawing. Originator and founder of the first boy scout society from which others were modeled. National Scout Commissioner and honorary vice-president of B.S.A. Awarded the Golden Eagle, by B.S.A., the only one ever given. Chief scout, dept. of woodcraft at Culver (Ind.) Military Academy (1911–15). Mt. Beard, the peak adjoining Mt. McKinley is

named for him. Wrote many books on scouting and wilderness lore including: *Moonlight and Six Feet of Romance* (1890); *American Boys' Handy Book* (1882); *Boy Pioneers and Daniel Boone* (1909); *Shelters, Shacks and Shanties* (1914); *Bugs, Butterflies and Beetles* (1915); *Signs, Signals and Symbols* (1918); *American Boy's Book of Wild Animals* (1921) and at least a dozen others. Associate editor of *Boy's Life*. Chief of School of Woodcraft. Raised in Mariners' Lodge No. 67, New York City and later a member of Cornucopia Lodge No. 563, Flushing, N.Y. at the time of his death on June 11, 1941. Raised Nov. 30, 1917.

Arthur L. Beardsley (1869–1944) President of Miles Laboratories, Inc. b. Dec. 27, 1869. Employed by hardware companies until 1900 and with Cleveland Twist Drill Co. 1902–20. With Miles Laboratories since 1920, purchasing agent, plant manager, treasurer, general manager and president and treasurer. Mason, Knight Templar, Shriner. d. Jan. 4, 1944.

William S. Beardsley (1901–1954) Governor of Iowa 1949–54. b. May 13, 1901 at Beacon, Iowa. Retail druggist and jewelry business, 1922–38. Operator of 900-acre farm from 1938. Member of Iowa state senate, 1932–40 and house of representatives, 1947–48. Killed in highway accident while governor on Nov. 21, 1954.

Theodore P. Beasley President, owner and general manager of Republic National Life Insurance Co., Dallas since 1937. b. June 29, 1900 at Mt. Ayr, Iowa. Started in insurance

business, Joplin, Mo. in 1928. Director of several companies. Active nationally and internationally in Y.M.C.A. and Salvation Army work. Member of Washington Lodge No. 1117, Dallas, Texas. 32° AASR, Dallas and Bella Shrine Temple.

Mrs. Beaton (1717–1802) A lady of Norfolk, England, who it was said, concealed herself in a lodge room and learned the secrets of the first degree before she was discovered, upon which she herself was initiated. The only reference to the occurrence, which is probably tradition, is found in A General History of the County of Norfolk (1829). It gives the following: “Died in St. John’s Madders-market, Norwich, July, 1802, aged 85, Mrs. Beaton, a native of Wales. She was commonly called the ‘Freemason’ from the circumstances of her having contrived to conceal herself one evening in the wainscoting of a lodge room, where she learned the secret, the knowledge of which thousands of her sex have in vain attempted to arrive at. She was, in many respects, a very singular character, of which one proof adduced is, that the secret of Freemasons died with her.”

John Beatty Commissioner General of prisoners (with rank of Colonel) in Revolutionary War. Raised in Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J. A past master of that lodge, he was elected grand master of the G.L. of New Jersey Jan. 11, 1791. In 1792 he transferred his membership to Solomon’s Lodge No. 1.

Troy Beatty (1866–1922) Bishop, Protestant Episcopal Church. b. Nov. 12, 1866 at Tuscaloosa, Ala. Deacon, 1891;

priest, 1892. Rector in various churches in Tennessee and Georgia until 1919 when consecrated coadjutor bishop of Tenn. (Sept. 18). Deputy to General Convention from 1901. Mason. d. April 23, 1922.

Henry, 5th Duke of Beaufort Grand master of G.L. of England, 1767–71. Of the Somerset family holding earldoms and later marquess of Worcester, merging in 1682 with dukedom of Beaufort. Its founder was Charles Somerset (1460?–1520) illegitimate son of Henry Beaufort, 3rd Duke of Somerset.

Eugene de Beauharnais (1781–1824) Viceroy of Italy. b. Paris. Served with Napoleon in Egypt, 1798–99. Napoleon made him viceroy of Italy in 1805. He married Princess Amalie Auguste of Bavaria in 1806. In the same year he was formally adopted by Napoleon and made heir apparent to the throne of Italy. He commanded the army corps in Russia (1812), retiring to Bavaria in 1814 and became the Duke of Leuchtenberg and Prince of Eichstatt. He was Grand Commander of the Supreme Council of Italy.

Campbell E. Beaumont Judge, U.S. District Court of Southern California since 1939. b. Aug. 27, 1883. Admitted to bar in 1912. Served as assistant and district attorney. Was judge of Calif. Superior Court, 1921–39. Mason.

Chevalier d'Eon de Beaumont (1728–1810) A French political adventurer and Freemason who was thought to be an hermaphrodite or a woman. The full name was Charles

Genevieve Louis Auguste Andre Timothee de Beaumont. “He” was born at Tonnerre, Burgundy, France on October 5, 1728. In 1755 Beaumont received an appointment at the court of Louis XV and was sent to Russia as a secret agent in woman’s dress. In 1762 he was sent to London as an agent and later became minister plenipotentiary. In 1764 doubts began to be expressed as to Beaumont’s sex and between 1769 and 1777 the matter became so notorious that a scheme of “insurance on the sex of M. le Chevalier (or Mlle. la Chevalhere) d’Eon” resulted in policies to the amount of £120,000. While the discussion was at its height, Beaumont was initiated a Freemason in La Lodge de l’Immortalite No. 376. It was a French lodge under English constitution and met at the Crown and Anchor tavern on the Strand in London. “He” received the third degree in January, 1769 and was appointed junior warden the same year. Fearing an attempt at kidnapping might be made by those who had effected “policies” on the issue, Beaumont was sheltered by Earl Ferrers at Staunton Harold near Ashby-de-la-Zouch. Ferrers was grand master of England in 1762–63. In 1777 an action was brought by a policyholder against an insurance broker to recover the sum secured by the policy, and when two witnesses swore in court that, of their own personal knowledge, the Chevalier was a woman, Beaumont admitted that “he” was a female. In order to receive a pension from France, Louis XVI decreed that Beaumont should wear woman’s dress to the end of “his” life. Beaumont never again entered a Masonic lodge.

William Beaumont (1796–1853) Pioneer physician who laid the foundations for the present medical knowledge of

how the human stomach functions. b. in Lebanon, Conn. He was a surgeon with the U.S. Army and when stationed at Mackinac, Mich. in 1822, he was called to treat a young Canadian half-breed named Alexis St. Martin, who had been wounded in the stomach by the accidental discharge of a gun in the store of the American Fur Co. The opening in the stomach failed to close and while alleviating the boy's suffering, Beaumont studied his stomach through this opening, noting the structure and action of gastric juices. He noted that when St. Martin was upset by fear or anger the secretions of acid in his stomach would increase. He observed the effects of alcohol and time required for various foods to digest. His work *Experiments and Observations of the Gastric Juice and the Physiology of Digestion* (1833) is considered the greatest single contribution ever made to the knowledge of gastric digestion. Although he did not expect St. Martin to live more than 36 hours, the youth survived Beaumont by many years. Beaumont was raised in Harmony Lodge, Champlain, N.Y. holding a certificate from that lodge dated April 11, 1820. He also held a certificate dated April 3, 1820 from the "Mark Master Masons Lodge in the town of Plattsburg, N.Y." A third certificate was issued to him by Plattsburgh Chapter No. 39, N.Y. dated April 3, 1820, which vouched for him as a Royal Arch Mason. After resigning from the Army, he practiced at St. Louis, Mo. where he died on April 25, 1853. In 1954 the Michigan State Medical Society sponsored the reconstruction of the retail store of the American Fur Co. on Mackinac Island where St. Martin was shot, as a memorial to Beaumont. Beaumont Ave. in St. Louis is named for him.

Pierre G. T. Beauregard (1818–1893) Confederate General, Civil War. b. near New Orleans. Graduate of West Point, 1838 and served through Mexican War. Superintendent of West Point at outbreak of Civil War but resigned to enter Confederate Army. As brigadier general he was in command of the bombardment of Fort Sumter, serving through the Civil War at Bull Run, Shiloh and Corinth. He was manager of the Louisiana lottery, 1780–88 and commissioner of public works of New Orleans, 1888. Author of *Principles and Maxims of the Art of War* (1863) and *A Commentary on the Campaign and Battle of Manassas* (1891). Mason and Knight Templar.

Charles H. Bebb (1856–1942) Architect of Washington State Capitol and other west coast buildings. b. April 10, 1856 at West Hall, Surrey, England. Began practice in Chicago, 1886, and moved to Seattle in 1893, where as member of Bebb and Jones, designed buildings for University of Washington, residence and commercial buildings and supervising architect of state capitol from 1911. Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner. d. June 21, 1942.

Robert C. Becherer President of Link–Belt Co., Chicago since 1952. b. June 25, 1902 at Indianapolis, Ind. Graduate of Purdue, 1923. With Link–Belt Co. since 1923. Raised in Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. in 1924.

J. George Becht (1865–1925) State superintendent of public instruction of Pennsylvania 1923–25. b. July 17, 1865. President of State Normal, Clarion, Pa. 1904–12 and with State Board of Education from 1912. Mason. d. April 26, 1925.

Stephen Bechtel President of W. A. Bechtel Co. since 1936; vice president of Six Companies, Inc. (builders of Hoover Dam) and of Bridge Builders, Inc. (foundations of San Francisco Bay bridges). b. Sept. 24, 1900 at Aurora, Ind. Vice president and director of a score of firms allied with the ship-building, pipe line and heavy construction field. Raised June 30, 1923 in Oakland Lodge No. 188, received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oakland Consistory in 1924; member of Aahmes Shrine Temple, all of Oakland, Calif.

Adam L. Beck (1862–1939) Organizer and president of three Portland Cement Companies, Oklahoma (1906) Great Lakes (1925), Indiana (1917). b. May 9, 1862 at Huntington, Ind. Construction engineer from 1883–87 followed by organization of several limestone companies. Mason. d. Aug. 10, 1939.

Edward A. Beck (1885–1925) City manager of Goldsborough, N.C. (1917–18) ; Auburn, Me. (1919–20) and Lynchburg, Va. from 1920. b. Jan. 19, 1885 at Peru, Ind. Mason. d. Oct. 18, 1925.

Robert Mc. Beck, Jr. Major General U.S. Army. b. May 9, 1879 at Westminster, Md. Graduate of West Point, 1901. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant, Cavalry 1901 and promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1936 and major general in 1938. Served in Philippines 1903–05 and 1909–11. Participated in many large offensives in WW1. Instructor in army service schools and chief of staff, Operations and Training Div. of War Department General Staff, 1938–39. Retired, 1939. Mason.

T. Romeyn Beck (1791–1885) Physician and author. b. Schenectady, N.Y. Collaborated with his brother John B. in *Elements of Medical Jurisprudence* (1823). Member of Masters Lodge No. 5, Albany, N.Y.

Arthur D. Becker (1878–1947) Osteopathic physician, president of American Osteopathic Assn. 1931–32 and president of American College of Osteopathic Internists since 1944. President of Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy, 1935–42. President of Associated Colleges of Osteopathy 1938–39. Mason. b. Aug. 20, 1878, at Austin, Minn. d. May 16, 1947.

Rudolph Zacharias Becker (1752–1822) German popular writer, journalist and active Freemason of Gotha. Edited *Allgemeiner Reichsanzeiger* (from 1791), *Nationalzeitung der Deutschen* (1796). In 1786 he published an historical essay on the Bavarian Illuminati titled *Grundsätze Verfassung und Schicksale des Illuminaten-Ordens in Baiern*. He also wrote *Noth- und Hulfsbuchlein* (1788), *Mildheimisches Liederbuch* (1799), and a description of his experiences in prison in 1814.

John C. W. Beckham Governor of Kentucky. Member of Duvall Lodge No. 6, Bardstown, Ky. (June, 1901) A Knight Templar.

John J. Beckley First clerk of the House of Representatives and first Librarian of Congress. Member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va.

Johann Beckmann (1739–1811) German technologist and

educator. Professor of economics, Gottingen (from 1770) and author of a history of inventions. Mason.

Marc, Michel and Joseph Bedarride Three brothers classed as Masonic charlatans who were active in the “Rite of Mizraim” during the middle of the 19th century.

Elbert Bede Editor and publisher of several periodicals. b. June 28, 1881. Retired in 1936, moving to Portland, Ore. where he purchased the *Masonic Analyst*, changing its name to *Oregon Mason* in 1938 and later to *Oregon Freemason*. Raised in Chicago Lodge No. 271, North Branch, Minn. and later affiliated with Ashlar Lodge No. 209 of Portland, Ore. Raised in Cisago Lodge 232 (Ill). Member of Cottage Grove (Oreg) Lodge No. 51.

Gunning Bedford, Jr. (1742–1812) Constitution signer of 1787. b. Philadelphia. Colonel and aide to General Washington in Revolution. Washington appointed him the first judge of the U.S. District Court of Delaware, a position which he held until his death. He was the first grand master of Delaware (1806–08). Graduated from Nassau Hall (now Princeton) with distinction. Studied law in Philadelphia and practiced in Delaware. He was raised on Sept. 11, 1782 in Washington Lodge No. 14 (under Pa.) and now No. 1 of Delaware. He served as master of the lodge but the date is not known. It was through his efforts that two U.S. senators were obtained for Delaware. He died March 30, 1812 at Wilmington and was buried with honors by the G.L. of Delaware on the lawn of the Masonic Home on Lancaster Pike about three miles from Wilmington.

Joseph D. Bedle Governor of New Jersey. Raised in Olive Branch Lodge No. 16, Freehold, N.J. on April 24, 1857.

Bernard B. Bee, Jr. Confederate General in Civil war. Graduate of West Point. Bee named General T. J. Jackson “Stonewall” in the first battle of Bull Run where Bee was killed. A Knight Templar in Texas.

Hamilton P. Bee Confederate General in Civil War. Member of Austin Lodge No. 12, Texas.

Lewis C. Beebe Brigadier General U.S. Army. b. Dec. 7, 1891. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1917 advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. Served as regimental staff officer 3rd Inf. Division in WW1. Deputy chief of staff for General MacArthur on Corregidor and chief of staff for General Wainwright until surrender of U.S. forces in Philippines. Japanese prisoner of war from 1942–1945. Later served in Europe. Mason.

Royden E. Beebe Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 14, 1878 at Burlington, Vt. Graduated in chemistry cum laude, Univ. of Vermont, 1900. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant, Infantry, U.S. Army in 1901, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. His son, Royden E., Jr., is also a brigadier general. Served 82nd division WW1 and commanding general of Fort Jackson, S.C. in 1941–43. Retired. Mason.

R. Livingston Beeckman (1866–1935) Governor of Rhode Island. b. April 15, 1866 in New York City. Banker and member

of New York Stock Exchange, 1887–06. Member R.I. house of representatives, 1909–11 and state senate, 1912–14. Served three terms as governor, 1915–21. Mason. d. Jan. 21, 1935.

Carroll L. Reedy (1880–1947) Congressman from Maine to 67th to 73rd Congresses (1921–35). b. Aug. 3, 1880 at Phillips, Maine. LL.B. Yale, 1906. Began practice at Portland in 1907. Practiced law in Washington, D.C. from 1935. Mason. d. Sept. 20, 1947.

Frederick W. Beekman American clergyman, dean of Nativity Pro-Cathedral of the Holy Trinity, Paris, France since 1918 (Protestant and Episcopal). b. Feb. 14, 1871 at Newbury, Mass. Ordained priest, 1905. Founder of American Students and Artists Center, Paris since 1919. Founder of American Battle Cloister, Paris, 1923. Served in Spanish–American War 1898. Mason.

Alfred B. Beers (1845–1920) Commander in Chief of G.A.R., 1912–13. b. April 23, 1845 at New Rochelle, N.Y. Served as enlisted man Civil War, 1861–65. Lawyer in Bridgeport, Conn. from 1871. Mason. d. March 30, 1920.

Wallace Beery (1889–1949) Movie star, actor. b. in Kansas City, Mo. and attended Chase School in that city. He ran away from home to join a circus and became an elephant trainer. He was first identified with the film world as a female impersonator. He is noted for his character roles in such films as *Big House*, *Hell Divers*, *The Champ*, *Grand Hotel*, *Stable Mates*, *Sergeant Madden*, and *Bad Man of Brimstone*. Was awarded

gold medal as "World's best actor" by the International Motion Picture Exposition at Venice, Italy in 1934. Was a member of the advisory board of the Bank of America. Beery belonged to Blaney Lodge No. 271 of Chicago, 32° AASR and a Shriner. d. April 25, 1949.

Fred I. Holt Beever His Masonic burial was the first Masonic ceremony held in the present state of N. Dak. While carrying orders from General Sibley to Col. Crooks, near the conjunction of Apple Creek and the Missouri River, Beever took the wrong route and was ambushed and killed by the Indians. A marker erected on the spot by the Grand Lodge of North Dakota to his memory, bears the following inscription: "On this spot, July 31, 1863, occurred the first Masonic Ceremony held in the present State of North Dakota. It was the Masonic funeral of Lieutenant Fred I. Holt Beever, an Englishman and Oxonian, and a volunteer soldier attached to the staff of General H. H. Sibley. He was killed in a skirmish with the Indians and was buried in the rifle pits which were dug along this ridge. Deputy Grand Master John C. Whipple of Minnesota, convened an emergency Masonic Lodge, with brothers A. J. Edgerton as Worshipful Master, J. C. Braden, Senior Warden, and Patch, Junior Warden, and the body of Brother Beever was here consigned to earth with Masonic Services. This tablet and marker has been placed by the Grand Lodge A.F. & A.M. of North Dakota, 1920, to commemorate the fact that while Lieutenant Beever died far away from home and among strangers, yet he was among brethren, who saw that the honors so justly his due were paid him."

Harvey A. Beffa Brewery executive and past imperial potentate of Shrine. b. June 19, 1900 at St. Louis, Mo. With Anton Beffa & Son Wrecking Co., 1915–33. With Falstaff Brewing Corp., St. Louis since 1933 being vice president and director in 1935 and now executive vice president and general manager. Raised in Purity Lodge No. 658, St. Louis, Mo. in 1925, serving as master in 1935. Member of Cabany Chapter No. 140, R.A.M. and St. Aldemar Commandery No. 18, K.T. 32° AASR (SJ) Valley of St. Louis. Potentate of Moolah Shrine temple in 1940. Member of Grotto and O.E. S. Imperial potentate, North America from 1952–53 of Shrine and honorary life member of 75 Shrine temples.

Lyall T. Beggs National commander Veterans of Foreign Wars, 1948. b. Nov. 1889 at Plainfield, Wis. Graduate of University of Wisconsin, 1925. Admitted to bar in 1926. Member of Wisconsin legislature 1940–46. Mason, 32°, Shriner.

Josiah W. Begole Former Governor of Michigan. Member of Flint Lodge No. 23, Flint, Mich.

Herman A. Behrens (1883 – 1945) President of Continental Assurance Co. from 1928. b. Sept. 29, 1883 at Hamburg, Germany. With Pacific Mutual Life of California from 1903–12, coming to Chicago in 1907 where he became vice president and manager of Continental Casualty Co. in 1912–28. Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner.

H. Frederick Behrens (1870–1935) President of Sterling Products, Inc. and Bayer Co., Inc. b. Aug. 4, 1870 at Wheeling,

W. Va. Trustee of Washington and Jefferson College. Mason.
d. Jan. 17, 1935.

William W. Behrens Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. June 6, 1898 at Lancaster, Pa. Commissioned ensign in 1918 and advanced through grades to commodore in 1945. Executive officer of USS Concord during Pearl Harbor attack and subsequent duty in Pacific. Mason.

Lynden E. "Bee" Behymer (1862–1947) Impresario and manager of world celebrities on the Pacific coast. b. Nov. 5, 1862 at New Palestine, Ohio. Presented La Boheme first time in America on Oct. 14, 1897 at Los Angeles. In 1898 he formed and managed for 20 years the Los Angeles Symphony Orchestra. Presented Metropolitan Opera Co. on west coast in 1901, 02, 04, 06 and Boston Opera in 1910, 12. Chicago Opera Co. 1914, 16, 18. Brought the following to the west coast for tours: Sarah Bernhardt, Eleanora Duse, Enrico Caruso, Sir Henry Irving, Edwin Booth, Paderewski, Rabindranath Tagore, Jacob Riis, Feodor Chaliapin. Presented Lawrence Tibbett, Maud Allan and Isadore Duncan in first concerts. Knight Templar, AASR member and Shriner. d. Dec. 16, 1947.

William A. Beiderlinden Brigadier General U.S. Army. b. March 4, 1895 at Springfield, Mo. Graduate Drury College, Springfield, Mo., and army service schools. Commissioned 1st lieut. in 1917 and advanced through grades to brig. general in 1943. Commanded 44th Div. Arty. in WW2 and later assistant chief of staff G-1 GHQ, SCAP and FEC, Tokyo, 1946. Mason.

Robert S. Beightler Brigadier General U.S. Army. b. March 21, 1892 at Marysville, Ohio. Student at Ohio State University and of service schools. Member of engineering firm in Columbus, Ohio since 1930 and from 1912–30 was highway engineer, serving as chief engineer of Ohio State Highway Department. Enlisted in 4th Ohio Infantry in 1911, served on Mexican border and WW1. Promoted to major general in 1940 and permanent major general in 1944. Commanded 37th Division in WW2, 43 months in Pacific. Member War Department General Staff, Washington 1932–36; commanding 5th Service Command 1946–47; president of Army Personnel Board 1947–48; commanding general, Camp Chaffee, Ark. and 5th Armored Division since 1948. Mason. Received 33° Sept. 25, 1945.

Edwin J. Beinecke President and chairman of board of The Sperry and Hutchinson Co. since 1923. b. Jan. 6, 1886 in New York City. Graduate of Yale in 1907. President of Henry Maurer & Son, 1921–23; president and chairman of board of U.S. Realty & Improvement Co. 1936–42; chairman of board Plaza Hotel Co. 1936–42; and present director of 13 large corporations. Served as captain in WW1 and department commander of Red Cross in England in WW2. Mason.

Ian Hay Beith (1876–1952) British major general, author and playwright. Served as junior grand deacon of the G.L. of England in 1934. Widely known to literary public and playgoers under pseudonym of his two christian names of “Ian Hay.” d. Sept. 1952.

Jonathan Belcher (1681–1757) Colonial governor of Massachusetts, and New Hampshire (1730–41) and of New Jersey in 1747. b. Jan. 8, 1681 at Boston and claimed by some to be the first native born American to become a Freemason. He was raised in an old “Guilde Lodge” in England in 1704–13 years before the founding of the G.L. of England. Others have claimed this honor for John Moore q.v. and John Skene q.v. Belcher is also reported as having been on the rolls of the craft in Nova Scotia at an early date. He graduated from Harvard in 1699, later affiliating with St. John’s Lodge in Boston, Mass. In 1756 the trustees of Princeton University wanted to name Nassau Hall after Belcher stating “when your Excellency is translated to a house not made with hands, eternal in the Heavens, let Belcher Hall proclaim your beneficent acts.” Upon his retirement as governor in 1741 the First Lodge of Boston called upon him to thank him for the many favors bestowed upon Freemasonry. In reply, he wrote the lodge: “. . . It is now thirty–seven years since I was admitted into the Ancient and Honorable Society of Free and accepted Masons, to whom I have been a faithful Brother & well–wisher to the Art of Masonry . . .” d. August 31, 1757 at Elizabethtown, N.J.

Clark Belden Advertising and public relations expert b. April 4, 1896 at Falls Village, Conn. Student at Brown, Cornell and Northwestern Universities. Started as a reporter, 1914 in Hartford, Conn. In advertising with Insurance companies from 1919 to 1924. With Connecticut Chamber of Commerce 1924–29 as secretary, vice president and director. Lecturer, advisor and public relations expert for many corporations,

universities and quasi-governmental organizations. Mason.

Manuel Belgrano Argentine patriot who designed that country's flag. b. June 3, 1779 at Buenos Aires. Studied in Spain and returned to River Plate as consul. Ardent supporter of the 1810 revolution, he formed part of the junta that governed the country for a short time. Was made a general and commanded an unsuccessful military expedition against Paraguay. After this defeat, he created the Argentine flag. He returned to Spain to negotiate recognition of the new state and on his return was given another command, with which he defeated the Spanish Royalists. For these successes he received a substantial grant which he turned into the building of schools.

Robert Edward, 11th Lord of Belhaven (and Stanton) Was 87th Grand Master Mason of Scotland 1931–32.

Brian Bell (1890–1942) Newspaperman and chief of Washington Bureau of Associated Press from 1939. b. March 30, 1890 at York, S.C. Began as a reporter in Columbia, S.C. and has been with Associated Press since 1924 as staff member in Atlanta, Ga., chief of New Orleans Bureau, general staff in New York (1926–30); chief of Los Angeles Bureau (1930–36); news editor, Western division (1936–39). Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner. d. June 8, 1942.

Charles J. Bell Congressman from Missouri 74th to 80th Congresses (1935–49). b. Jan. 16, 1885 at Lake City, Colo. LL.B. Kansas City School of Law, 1913 and began practice in Kansas

City same year. Member of city council of K.C. 1926–30 and judge of 16th Mo. Circuit Court 1931–34. Member of Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City, Mo.

Charles J. Bell (1858–1929) Banker, organizer of Bell & Co., Washington, D.C. in 1881. b. April 12, 1858 at Dublin, Ireland. Educated in Wesleyan College, Dublin. Came to U.S. in 1873. General manager of National Telephone Co. in 1880, organizing exchanges in north of England. Chairman of board of Terminal Cold Storage Co., Washington, from 1893. Trustee of George Washington National Memorial Association and National Geographic Society. Mason. d. Oct. 2, 1929.

Charles S. Bell (1880–1945) Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio from 1942. b. Oct. 8, 1880 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Admitted to bar in 1910. Served as local solicitor and prosecutor and judge of court of common pleas, Hamilton Co. Mason, Shriner. d. Aug. 22, 1945.

Frank Bell Acting Governor of Nevada. Member of Reno Lodge No. 13, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada.

George M. Bell Publisher of The Albertan, Calgary, Alta, Canada since 1943. b. Oct. 13, 1911 at Regina, Sask., Canada. Graduate of McGill Univ. 1932. Liberal. Member of Perfection Lodge No. 9, Calgary, Alta. and Al Azhar Shrine Temple of Calgary.

John Bell Former Governor of New Hampshire. Member of

St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N. H.

John Bell (1797–1869) Secretary of War, U.S. Senator from Tennessee and speaker of U.S. House of Representatives. b. Feb. 15, 1797 near Nashville, Tenn. Member of state senate in 1817. Elected to Congress in 1827 over Felix Grundy q.v. and reelected six times, serving until 1841. Elected speaker of house in 1834. Was one of the founders of the Whig party. Named Secretary of War in 1841 by Harrison. Elected to U.S. Senate in 1847, remaining in that body until 1859. Member of King Solomon Lodge No. 6 at Gallatin, Tenn., and was probably a member of Nashville Lodge No. 37 before he affiliated with the former lodge.

John A. Bell Organizer of Negro “bogus” lodges in competition with legitimate Prince Hall (Negro) Grand Lodges.

Lawrence D. Bell Founder of Bell Aircraft Corp., 1935. (Buffalo, N.Y.) b. April 5, 1894 at Mentone, Ind. Started with Glenn L. Martin Co., airplane mfgs. as shop foreman in 1912 and became vice president and general manager. Then moved to Consolidated Aircraft Corp., (1928) and became vice president and general manager. Organized Bell Aircraft with associates in 1935. Completed the Airaconda, a twin-engine fighting plane with two cannons in 1937; began making the Airacobra, a pursuit plane with one cannon, in 1939 in mass production for U.S. Army. President of Aircraft War Production Council, East Coast, Inc.; president of National Aircraft War Production Council. Received trophy for aid in supersonic flight. Mason.

Robert C. Bell Federal judge. b. Nov. 1, 1880 at Harrisonville, Mo. LL.B. University of Missouri, 1908. U.S. district judge since 1933. U.S. Attorney General 1916–21; attorney for Red Lake Indians (Minn.) 1927–33; attorney for Pillager Indians (Minn.) 1930–33; Minnesota state senator, 1928–33; Author of Minnesota Income Tax Law. Mason.

Rev. Francis J. Bellamy (1855–1931) Author of the American “Pledge of Allegiance” to the flag. Member of Little Falls Lodge No. 181, Little Falls, N.Y. The original pledge as written by Bellamy did not contain the words “of the United States of America,” or “under God.” The Order of Eastern Star erected a memorial tablet to him in 1955 at the O.E.S. Home in Oriskany, N.Y.

Johann Joachim Bellermann (1754–1842) German Theologian and Freemason.

George, Viscount of Bellfield Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1774. Later became 2nd Earl of Belvedere.

Perry Belmont (1851–1947) Lawyer and philanthropist. b. Dec. 28, 1851 in New York City, son of August Belmont a noted financier. His grandfather was Commodore Matthew C. Perry q.v. Raised in Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City on June 11, 1878 and received 50–year medal and palm on April 28, 1941. Graduated from Harvard in 1872 and Columbia law school in 1876. Practiced in New York until 1881 when he was elected to Congress and served until 1887.

Charles S. Belsterling Vice president of U.S. Steel Corp. since 1932. b. May 31, 1874 at Philadelphia, Pa. Admitted to Pennsylvania bar in 1904; general commerce attorney for U.S. Steel Corp. from 1914 to 1932. Life member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia and 50-year veteran. Member of Keystone Chapter No. 175, R.A.M. (life) and Corinthian Commandery (life), both of Philadelphia. Life member of Zamora Shrine Temple, Birmingham, Ala. as well as Lu Lu Temple, Philadelphia.

Harry H. Belt Associate justice, Supreme Court of Oregon since 1925. b. Nov. 24, 1883 at Salem, Oregon. Mason.

Giovanni Battista Belzoni (1778–1823) Italian explorer and archaeologist. Explored Egyptian antiquities (1815–19); opened temple of Abu-Simbel (1817); discovered tomb of Seti I, Thebes (1817); opened second pyramid of Giza; transferred bust Young Memnon from Thebes to Alexandria. The Norfolk Remembrancer (England) in August 1821 said, “Mr. Belzoni, the celebrated traveller and discoverer of Egyptian antiquities, visited Norwich; he stayed with Jeremiah Ives, Esquire, of St. Catherine’s Hill; previous to his departure he received the high masonic degree of Knight Templar.” He was referred to as “Bro. Belzoni” when his widow was helped by the Lodge of Emulation (London) in 1825. Bedford Lodge No. 183 (England) also contributed to his widow.

Thomas Benbury Brigadier General of Militia in American Revolution. Served as Master of Unanimity Lodge No. 7, Edenton, N.C.

Charles A. “Chief” Bender (1883–1954) Baseball player. b. May 5, 1883 at Brainerd, Minn. A Chippewa Indian who was elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame in 1953 for winning over 200 games. He pitched for the Athletics in the 1905, 1910, 1911, 1913, 1914 world series. He defeated the New York Giants 3–0 for the Athletics’ only victory in 1905. He was first pitcher in world series of six games (1911) to pitch three complete games. In 1910 he pitched a no-hit game against Cleveland. He petitioned Robert A. Lamberton Lodge No. 487 of Philadelphia, Pa. when 27 years of age and was raised on April 4, 1911. He was suspended NPD in 1938, but reinstated in 1943.

Andrew B. Benedict (1885–1953) University administrator. President of Ward–Belmont, 1938–39 and trustee of Vanderbilt University from 1930–53. b. July 21, 1885 at Nashville, Term. Mason.

David Benedict (1779–1874) Early Baptist minister and author. b. Oct. 10, 1779 at Norwalk, Conn. Studied shoemaker’s trade, but became interested in religion and graduated from Brown Univ. in 1806. Although he did not hold a regular pastorate, he preached with great vigor until 92 years old. Devoted much time to historical research and wrote *History of the Baptists* (1813), *History of all Religions* (1824), *History of the Baptist Denominations in America and all Parts of the World* (1848), *Fifty Years among the Baptists* (1860), and several others including poems and a hymn book. He was raised in Newport Lodge No. 1, Newport, Rhode Island on June 24, 1827 and was a member

of Pawtucket Chapter No. 4 at Pawtucket, R.I. d. Dec. 5, 1874.

Pope Benedict XIV (1675–1758) Anti-mason who issued a Papal Bull on May 18, 1751, renewing and perpetuating that of his predecessor which excommunicated all Freemasons (see Pope Clement XII). His real name was Prospero Lambertini and he served as Pope from 1740, succeeding Clement XII, to his death in 1758. He greatly encouraged education, literature and science and was liberal in his policy toward foreign powers. He was, however, an implacable enemy of secret societies.

William L. Benedict Surgeon, president of staff of Mayo Clinic 1932–34. b. Feb. 13, 1885 at Springport, Ind. Received M.D. degree at University of Michigan in 1912. In private practice until 1917 when he went with the Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn. as head of section of Ophthalmology. Member of Rochester Lodge No. 21 and Halcyon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., both of Rochester, Minn.

Eduard Benes (1884–1948) President of Czechoslovakia. Educated in universities of Prague, Paris, and Dujon. A disciple of Masaryk, he worked in Paris with him from 1915–19 in Czech nationalist movement. He was Czech delegate at peace conference in 1919–20 and first foreign minister of Czechoslovakia from 1918–35 and prime minister from 1921–22. He was co-founder of the Little Entente. Elected president of Czechoslovakia in 1935, he resigned in October, 1938 on German occupation of Sudetenland. Was appointed professor of sociology at the University of Chicago in 1939. President

of the Czechoslovak government in exile with headquarters in England from 1939–45, returning to Czechoslovakia in March, 1945 and was re-elected president in 1946. Buried in the garden of his country home at Sezimovo Usti, September 10, 1948, with both Catholic and Protestant services. When elected President of Czechoslovakia, he withdrew from Masonic activities, but remained interested in the fraternity and rendered his full moral and financial support in London where the National Grand Lodge of Czechoslovakia in Exile was established as well as the Comenius in Exile Lodge. Benes was initiated in the Jan Amos Komensky Lodge No. 1 of Prague (the oldest modern Czechoslovak lodge) about 1924–25 and he later became a member of Pravda Vitezi (Truth Shall Prevail) Lodge of Prague, being passed and raised in the latter about 1927–28.

Conrado Benitez Philippine statesman, serving under Quezon. Helped write the Philippine constitution. A past grand master of the Philippines. Appointed a member of the Philippine delegation to the Manila Treaty Conference by President Magsaysay. A 33° AASR, he served for a time as acting sovereign grand commander. Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Philippine Woman's University, president of the Y.M.C.A. and director of the Rotary Club of Manila.

Louis Benjamin (1883–?) Newspaper publisher. b. London, England, Nov. 8, 1883 and brought to the U.S. as a child. Publisher of the Erie (Pa.) Dispatch–Herald from 1925. Became president of Benjamin Advertising Corp. in 1913 and was president of the Erie Dispatch–Herald Broadcasting

Corp. A director of Zem Zem Shrine Hospital for children and member of board of governors of B'nai B'rith. Mason. Deceased.

Aleksandr Khristoforovich Benkendorf (or Benckendorff) (1783–1844) Russian general and statesman. Family was originally German. He engaged in campaigns against Napoleon in 1813–15 and became Chief of Gendarmes under Nicholas I. Nicholas I banned Freemasonry in an edict dated April 21, 1826 just as his predecessor Alexander I q.v. had on Aug. 1, 1822. Benkendorf was a member of the Lodge of United Friends in Petersburg.

Winthrop W. Benner Rubber executive. b. Minneapolis, Minn. March 25, 1881. President of National Synthetic Rubber Corp. from 1942 until retirement in 1948. Began as chemist for Oliver Iron Mining Co. in 1903 and later with Zenith Furnace Co., Atikokan Iron Co., production superintendent for Firestone Tire and Rubber Co. from 1909–14 and vice president of Lee Rubber Tire Corp. from 1915–26. Mason.

Augustus W. Bennet Lawyer, congressman. b. Oct. 7, 1897 in New York City. Graduated from Amherst and Columbia Universities. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1921 and practiced since in Newburgh, N.Y. Member of the 79th Congress (1945–47) from 29th N.Y. district. Served in Navy Air Corps in WW1. A past district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York. Member of Hudson River Lodge No. 607, Newburgh, N.Y., serving as master in 1930. Member of Highland Chapter, R.A.M. No. 52, Newburgh and Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

William S. Bennet Lawyer, congressman. b. Port Jervis, N.Y., Nov. 9, 1870. Member of 59th to 61st Congresses (1905–11) from 17th N.Y. district and 64th Congress (1915–17) from 23rd N.Y. district. Declined appointment as U.S. District Judge in 1906. Assistant treasurer of the United States in 1911; appraiser of Port of New York in 1912; assistant attorney general of U.S. in 1929; delegate to state constitutional convention in 1938; member of the U.S. Immigration Commission 1907–10. He moved to Chicago in 1920 as vice president and general counsel of Edward Hines lumber interests, returning to New York City in 1933 where he resumed practice. Mason and 32° AASR.

Andrew C. Bennett Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Goodland, Kansas. Graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1912 advancing from ensign to rear admiral in 1942. He commanded submarines and submarine units for 24 years, also serving on battleships and cruisers. Commanded light cruiser U.S.S. Savannah from 1940–42; unit commander at Oran, Algeria area of invasion of North Africa in WW2. Commandant of 8th Naval District Hdqs. in New Orleans from 1943. Mason, 32° AASR. Deceased.

Burton E. Bennett (1863–?) Lawyer, who as early district attorney for Alaska secured first convictions in that territory for murder, adultery and illicit sale of intoxicants; secured 99 convictions out of 101 cases in spring term of 1898. b. April 17, 1863 at Brookfield, N.Y., he received three degrees from Cornell University. Practiced law in New York but early moved to Seattle, Washington. Mason.

Caleb P. Bennett (1758–1836) Governor of Delaware. b. Nov. 11, 1758 in Chester Co., Pa. He entered the Delaware regiment of the Revolution as a private and rose to 1st lieutenant, serving in the Battle of Brandywine and was wounded at Germantown. At Valley Forge during winter of 1777 and in command of battery at surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown. In the War of 1812 he was a major of the Delaware State Militia. His grandmother was Mary Boone, daughter of the famous Daniel Boone. He was governor of Delaware from 1832–36. He adhered to the old fashioned style of dress, low shoes, silver knee and shoe buckles, long silk stockings, white breeches, velvet coat with brass buttons, ruffled shirt bosom, powdered hair and cue. He was raised in Lodge No. 14 at Christina Ferry, Del., Jan. 16, 1781. d. July 11, 1836.

Charles E. Bennett Lawyer, congressman. b. Dec. 2, 1910 at Canton, N.Y. Graduated University of Florida in 1934 and admitted to Florida bar that year, since practicing in Jacksonville. Member of Florida State Legislature in 1941 and member of 81st Congress (1949–51) from 2nd Florida dist. Served in south Pacific in WW2, advancing from private to captain. Member of Riverside Lodge No. 266, Jacksonville, Fla.

Charles Edwin Bennett Public utilities executive. b. May 21, 1888 at Ft. Collins, Colo. Graduated University of Wisconsin in 1912. President and director of the following companies: Manufacturers Light and Heat Co., Natural Gas Co. of W. Va., Cumberland & Allegheny Gas Co., Home Gas Co., Binghamton Gas Works, The Keystone Gas Co., Inc., Eastern Pipe Line Co., Gettysburg Gas Corp. Mason.

Charles H. Bennett President of Daisy Manufacturing Co. (air rifles) since 1920. b. Plymouth, Mich., July 27, 1863. Began as salesman for Daisy Co. at Plymouth, Mich. in 1888. Was vice president from 1888–1920. Mason.

Charles R. Bennett (?–1855) His tombstone bears the inscription “Capt. Charles Bennett was discoverer of gold in California.” He came to California as a mule hostler with General Fremont, q.v., in 1845. While satering his mules at their camp on the American River, in what is now El Dorado Co., he picked up a small nugget which he recognized as gold. He showed it to Fremont who paid little attention to the incident. Bennett afterwards moved to Oregon, but in company with Stephen Staat and James W. Marshall, returned to Calif. and was employed by Sutter to assist Marshall in the construction of the mill at Coloma. Bennett was present at Coloma when Marshall picked up the piece of gold which precipitated the gold rush. Staat said that Bennett picked up the original piece of gold before Marshall saw it. As soon as Sutter recognized the extent of the discovery at his mill, he sent Bennett to Monterey in an effort to induce Governor Mason to lease him the land surrounding the mill with mineral rights. The governor refused, believing the land was still held under Mexican law. After mining for some time on the lode Bennett returned to Oregon with a large quantity of gold and built the first hotel in Salem, located where the present Masonic temple stands today. Hotel keeping was a little tame for him, and soon he became captain of the Salem Oregon Mounted Rifles, and while leading the company in the Yakima Indian War, he was killed at Walla Walla in 1855. His body was returned to Salem

where it was interred with Masonic honors by Salem Lodge No. 4. Bennett was the first candidate to have been initiated in that lodge. Name on original petition is spelled "Bennet".

Granville G. Bennett Bishop, Protestant Episcopal church. b. Nov. 28, 1882 at Deadwood, S.D. Degrees from University of Nebraska, Seabury Divinity School and Brown University. Priested in 1907, he served in Faribault, Minn., Holdrege, Nebr., Bozeman, Mont., Great Falls, Mont., and Minneapolis, Minn. He was bishop coadjutor of Duluth from 1920–22 and bishop of Duluth from 1922–32 when he became auxiliary bishop of R.I. In 1946 he was named bishop of R.I. Mason.

Henry G. Bennett College president. b. Dec. 14, 1886 in Nevada Co., Ark. College degrees from Ouachita College, University of Oklahoma and Columbia University. Has served as president of Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College since 1928. Previous to that he had served as superintendent of schools of Choctaw County, Okla. and at Hugo, Okla. He was president of Southeastern State Teachers College from 1919–1928. Mason.

Philip A. Bennett (1881–1942) Congressman. b. March 5, 1881 in Dallas Co., Mo. Began as school teacher in 1899 and was publisher of the Buffalo (Mo.) Reflex from 1904–21. Served as state senator, 19th dist. of Mo. 1921–25 and lieutenant governor of Mo. from 1925–29. Was a member of the 77th Congress (1941–43) from 6th Mo. dist. Director of O'Bannon Banking Co. from 1919–36. Died Dec. 7, 1942 at Springfield, Mo. Mason.

Richard Bedford Bennett (1870–1947) Prime minister of Canada. Statesman, minister of justice and attorney general 1921, served as prime minister from 1930 to 1935. Viscount Bennett was raised in Miramichi Lodge No. 18 at Chatham, N.B., and affiliated with Ashlar Lodge No. 28, Calgary, Alta., on April 14, 1910.

Robert R. Bennett (1865–1933) Explorer, lawyer. b. Dec. 12, 1865 at Toledo, Ohio. LL.B. from George Washington Univ. in 1904. Served as special agent of the U.S. Dept. of Justice in 1917 as well as confidential agent of War Dept. Later a captain of Intelligence, General Staff. Sent on confidential mission to Central America in 1919 and conducted expedition to Yucatan, exploring ancient ruins for Museum of American Indian, N.Y. in 1930. Mason. d. Dec. 12, 1933.

Thomas Bennett Governor of South Carolina who was a member of Solomons Lodge No. 1, Charleston, S.C.

Henry A. Benning Business executive. b. Aug. 8, 1882 at Lyons, N.Y. President and general manager of Amalgamated Sugar Co., Ogden Transit Co. Director of First Security Bank, Mountain States Implement Co., Utah Power and Light Co. and U.S. Beet Sugar Assn. Residence, Ogden, Utah. Mason and Shriner.

Pierre L. L. Benoit (1834–1901) Belgian composer and director of Antwerp Conservatory of Music. A leader in Flemish musical circles, composing oratorios, operas, cantatas, religious dramas, hymns and songs. A Freemason according

to Cock's Dictiarmaire Macanique, published in Brussels.

August Benson Clothing manufacturer. b. Nov. 29, 1892 at Simrishamm, Sweden. Vice president and designer of Richmond Bros. (clothiers), Cleveland, Ohio, since 1922. Earlier he was designer for Society Brand Clothes of Chicago. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Carville D. Benson (1872–1929) Congressman from 2nd Maryland dist. b. Baltimore Co., Md. Aug. 24, 1872. Received law degree from Baltimore Univ. and practiced at Baltimore from 1893. Served in Maryland's lower house of legislature from 1904–10 inclusive and again in 1918, beingspeaker in 1906. Member of Maryland Senate 1912–14 and served in 65th and 66th Congress. Mason. Died Feb. 8, 1929.

Elmer A. Benson U.S. Senator and governor of Minnesota. Raised in Appleton Lodge No. 137, Appleton, Minn. on Jan. 3, 1917.

William E. Benswanger Insurance and baseball executive. b. Feb. 22, 1892 at New York. In insurance business from 1911–31 and in baseball from 1931 to 1946. President, treasurer and director of Forbes Field Co.; director of the National League and former president of the Pittsburgh Pirates (he sold in 1946). Served in Air Service (balloon) during WW1. Now devotes himself to many musical activities. Director of Pittsburgh Symphony Society, president of Pittsburgh Concert Society and has written extensively on music. Has been annotator of the Pittsburgh Symphony since 1926. A member of

Lodge No. 45 and Zerubbabel Chapter No. 162 of Pittsburgh as well as Islam Grotto.

Charles Bent (1799–1847) Pioneer and first American governor of New Mexico. b. at Charleston, Va. (now W. Va.) November 11, 1799. His father, Judge Silas Bent, emigrated to St. Louis, Mo. in 1806 and became a famous Missouri jurist. Both were members of Missouri Lodge No. 1, Charles being initiated on June 8, 1822. He attended West Point, but resigned from the army to engage in the fur trade in Colorado and New Mexico. With his brother, William, and Ceran St. Vrain, organized a trading company and built an adobe fort known as Bent's Fort on the bank of the Arkansas River where the Santa Fe Trail crossed. When New Mexico was formed into a territory, he was named as first governor and thereby was ex-officio superintendent of Indian Affairs. He left Santa Fe for Taos on Jan. 14, 1846 to return his family after hearing rumors of Mexican and Indian uprisings. Reaching Taos on Jan. 18 he was shot, and scalped while still alive in an Indian–Mexican raid of that evening. He was closely associated with Kit Carson q.v.

Alvin M. Bentley Congressman and foreign service officer. b. Aug. 20, 1918 at Portland, Me. Graduated from Univ. of Michigan in 1940. Was a foreign service officer in Mexico City, 1942–44; Bogata, Colombia, 1945–46; Budapest, Hungary, 1947–49; and Rome, Italy 1949–50. Vice president of Lake Huron Broadcasting Co., Saginaw, Mich. since 1952. Member of U.S. Congress from 8th Dist. Mich. since 1953. Member of Owosso Lodge No. 81, Owosso Chapter No. 89, R.A.M.,

Owosso Comrnandery No. 49, K.T. all of Owosso, Mich. 32° AASR (NJ) in Bay City, Mich. and Elf Khurafeh Shrine Temple of Saginaw, Mich.

George A. Benton (1848 –1921) Judge. b. May 7, 1848 at Tolland, Conn. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1874. Served as justice of Supreme Court of N.Y. from 1907–1918 when he was retired by age and appointed official referee. Mason. Died Sept. 10, 1921.

Joseph Horace Benton (see Joseph Bentonelli)

Thomas Hart Benton (1782–1858) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1821–51. Defender of sound money; supported Jackson q.v. in his campaign against the national bank; often called “Old Bullion.” In slavery issue he opposed secession, which resulted in his defeat in 1850 for another senate term. He did return to Washington from 1853–55 as congressman. His political autobiography is contained in his *Thirty Years’ View*. His daughter, Jessie, married John C. Fremont q.v. and his nephew and namesake q.v. became a Civil War general and grand master of Iowa. Benton was a charter member of Missouri Lodge No. 1 at St. Louis until the anti-Masonic days of 1831 when he withdrew for political reasons. Painter Thomas Hart Benton is his grandnephew.

Thomas Hart Benton (1816–1879) Civil War general. b. Sept. 5, 1816 in Williamson Co., Tenn. Nephew of Missouri senator of same name q.v. Raised July 16, 1849 in Iowa City Lodge No. 4, Iowa City, Iowa and later a member of Bluff City

Lodge No. 71, Council Bluffs, Iowa. Served as grand master of Iowa from 1860–62. As a Union general he saved the valuable Masonic library of Confederate General Albert Pike q.v. by placing a guard of Federal troops around Pike's Little Rock, Ark. home. d. April 10, 1879 at St. Louis, Mo.

William P. Benton (1828–1867) Brigadier general (Union) in Civil War. b. Dec. 25, 1828 Newmarket, Md. When 18 years old, enlisted as a private in Mexican War and fought at Contreras, Churubusco, Chapultepec and Mexico City. Returning to home at Richmond, Ind. he re-entered college and was admitted to bar in 1851. Early volunteer for Civil War and raised first company from Wayne Co., Ind. Fought battles at Pea Ridge, Port Gibson, Jackson, Champion Hills, Black River Bridge, Vicksburg and Mobile. At close of war he returned to Richmond and resumed practice of law. He was a member of Webb Lodge No. 24 at Richmond, Ind. and King Solomon Chapter No. 4. d. March 14, 1867 at New Orleans, La.

Joseph Bentonelli (Joseph Horace Benton) Lyric tenor. b. Sept. 10, 1898 at Kansas City, Mo. Holds three degrees from Univ. of Oklahoma and later studied with Jean de Reszke. Made debut in Don Giovanni at Nice, France in 1924 and created the world premieres of two operas—// Vassallo at Trieste in 1930 and Cecilia at Rome in 1934. Was with the Chicago Civic Opera in 1934 and made debut with Metropolitan Opera in 1936, when he took the lead on 33 hours notice. Has been tenor of the Metropolitan Opera Quartet since 1936. In 1934 he was voted one of Italy's four most popular tenors by the Italian Fascist Society of Musicians. Has served as advisor to

dept. of voice at University of Oklahoma since 1944. In 1934 he was the star on three major radio hours of the NBC and guest on seven other radio hours. He gives yearly concert tours from coast-to-coast. Raised in Norman Lodge No. 38, Norman, Okla. on Nov. 22, 1920 and received 32° at Guthrie, Okla. Oct. 24, 1940. Present home is Norman, Okla.

Lloyd Bentsen Congressman, judge. b. Feb. 11, 1921 at Mission, Texas. LL.B. Univ. of Texas in 1942. Practiced law at McAllen, Tex. from 1945–1948; judge of Hidalgo Co., Texas from 1946–48. Elected member of 80th Congress in 1948 to fill unexpired term. Member of 81st Congress (1949–51) from 15th Texas dist. Entered WW2 as private and rose to major in 1945. Served in European theater as squadron commander of bombers. Mason and Shriner.

Paul F. Berdanier Artist. b. March 7, 1879 at Frackville, Pa. Illustrator for St. Louis Post–Dispatch from 1902–18. Painted St. Louis Veiled Prophet Ball in permanent collection of Missouri Historical Society; Canal at Moret, France in permanent collection, Museum of Fine Arts, Foret, France; six etchings on aviation themes in permanent collection of National Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C.; four etchings (satire) in John Vanderpoel Memorial Museum, Chicago; 19 etchings in permanent collection of New York Public Library; one etching in Library of Congress. Now a cartoonist with United Feature Syndicate, Inc. Mason.

Victor L. Berger (1860–1929) Socialist leader and editor. Born in Austria and came to United States in 1879, settling in

Milwaukee, Wis. Edited the Milwaukee Daily Vorwaerts from 1892–98, the Social Democrat Herald in 1900 and Leader (socialist daily) from 1911. Berger, a pioneer in U.S. organizing Socialists, became a member of the U.S. House of Representatives from 1911–13, being the first Socialist elected to Congress. He was elected again in 1918 and 1919, but excluded by Congress on the ground of disloyalty to the United States (1919). He was finally elected and seated in 1923, serving until 1929. He was sentenced to prison for 20 years on charge of giving aid and comfort to the enemy in time of war, (1918–19) but the sentence was reversed by the U.S. Supreme Court in 1921. He was raised in Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee, Wis. on Feb. 26, 1889.

George E. Bergstrom Architect. b. March, 1876 at Neenah, Wis. B.S. in architecture from Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1899. After 14 years with architectural firms, went into business alone in 1913. Chief architect of The Pentagon, War Department building in Washington, D.C., 1942. Also chief architect of the Pasadena Civic Auditorium; the Los Angeles County Hospital; Los Angeles Hall of Justice; Los Angeles Museum of History, Science and Art. Served as president of the Los Angeles Housing Commission in 1916; editor of the Uniform Building Code, State of California 1938–39; chief consulting architect to U.S. War Department in 1941. Mason.

Randolph C. Berkeley Brigadier general, U.S. Marine Corps. A Mason and Sojourner.

Richard C. Berkinshaw President and general manager of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Ltd. b. Sept. 2, 1891 at Toronto, Ontario. Graduated in law, 1916 and has been with Goodyear since 1920. Has served in capacities as assistant secretary, secretary, general counsel, assistant to president, and treasurer. Also vice president and director of The Goodyear Improvement Co., Ltd.; Toronto Elevators Ltd. and chairman of board of Easy Washing Machine Co., Ltd. Other directorates include Bank of Montreal, Mutual Life Assurance Co., Crown Trust Co., Phoenix Assurance Co. Raised in Georgina Lodge No. 343, Toronto on Nov. 2, 1929 and also charter member of Kingsway Lodge No. 565, Lamberton Mills, Ont. Past master of his mother lodge. Past grand senior warden of grand lodge and presently member of the board of general purposes and chairman of the audit and finance committee, Grand Lodge of Canada. Life member of both St. Patrick's Chapter No. 145, R.A.M. and Cyrene Preceptory. 33° AASR in Moore Consistory, Hamilton, Ont. and Rameses Shrine Temple.

Irving Berlin Composer. b. May 11, 1888 in Russia, the son of Moses and Leah (Lipkin) Baline, who brought him to the United States in 1893. His only education was two years in the public schools of New York City. Served in WW1 as infantry sergeant at Camp Upton, N.Y. Is president of the Irving Berlin Music Corporation. Among his most famous compositions are: Alexander's Ragtime Band, A Pretty Girl Is Like a Melody, Easter Parade, Blue Skies, O, How I Hate to Get Tip in the Morning, White Christmas, God Bless America, All Alone, Remember, Always, Russian Lullaby, Because I Love You. On several songs he has turned over all royalties to a

foundation to assist youth in “less chance” areas. He received the first three degrees of Freemasonry in Munn Lodge No. 190, New York City on May 12, May 26 and June 3, 1910, becoming a life member of the lodge on December 12, 1935. Berlin received the 32° AASR (N.J.) on December 23, 1910 and was initiated into Mecca Shrine Temple on January 30, 1911, becoming a life member of the Shrine in December, 1936.

Morton M. Berman Rabbi, Temple Isaiah Israel, Chicago, since 1937. b. Aug. 23, 1899 at Baltimore, Md. Degrees from Yale, Jewish Institute of Religion and studied in Palestine, France and Germany. From 1927 to 1937 was rabbi at temples in Davenport, Iowa and New York City. With 6th Marine division at Okinawa as chaplain, U.S.N.R. during WW2. Author of A Jew’s View of the Crucifixion, Role of the Rabbi and other works. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Remigio Morales Bermudez (1836–1894) President of Peru from 1890–94, dying in office. Previously he was a military leader and general. Mason.

Jean Baptiste Bernadotte (see Charles XIV John, King of Sweden)

John Charles Bernadotte (see Charles XV, King of Sweden)

David Bernard Anti-Mason. An expelled member who had received degrees up to “Intimate Secretary,” and in 1829 published a pretended expose entitled Light on Masonry. The book was one of the fruits of the anti-Masonic excitement

of that period. It was a worthless production, intended as a libel on the craft.

Max Bernd-Cohen Artist, lecturer and critic. b. May 7, 1899 at Macon, Ga. Graduated from Columbia Univ. B.A. and LL.B. and studied art in Paris and Madrid. Painter of portraits, landscapes and murals. Has held one-man expositions in Madrid; Morgan Galleries, New York; Durand Ruel Galleries of New York and Paris; Boyer Galleries, Philadelphia, and Del Gado Museum at New Orleans. Among his murals have been the Florida building at Chicago Century of Progress Exposition and The Sermon on the Mount for the First Methodist Church of Canon City, Colo. Served in WW1 and with the American Red Cross in Pacific during WW2. Mason.

Ben Bernie (1893–1943) Orchestra leader and entertainer. b. May 31, 1893 at Bayonne, N.J. He first studied engineering and later became a violin salesman but switched to vaudeville in 1910. His real name was Abramowitz and he was known to his radio audiences as the “Old Maestro.” From 1914–1917 he teamed up with Phil Baker. From 1923–1928 he was an orchestra leader in New York and later in London. Bernie served as master of ceremonies on many radio shows during his day. d. Oct. 20, 1943. He was a member of Keystone Lodge No. 235, New York City.

Armand Berquin (1750–1791) French literary man called “The Friend of the Children.” Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Berridge, H. H. British General. Present at the consecration of Lodge of Aviation in London on Sept. 5, 1952.

George L. Berry (1882–1948) Union official and U.S. Senator. b. Sept. 12, 1882 at Lee Valley, Tenn. Started to work at age of 9½ years with the Jackson Evening News (Miss.), and held every position in printing offices of various cities including St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco. Was president of the International Pressmen and Assistants Union of North America from 1907 until his death. Organized the movement and built the Pressmen's Home in Tennessee where he died on Dec. 4, 1948. Appointed U.S. Senator from Tenn. May 7, 1937 to fill unexpired term of Nathan L. Bachman. Private, 3rd Marines (Miss.) in Spanish–American War.; major AEF during WW1. Delegate to Britain representing A.F. of L. to British Trades Union Congress, Newport, Wales in 1912; delegate to International Economic Congress in Zurich, 1912; delegate to International Printer's Congress, Stuttgart, Germany in 1912. One of the founders of the American Legion and past national vice commander. Defeated by three votes for vice presidential nomination in 1924 and declined to have name submitted in 1928. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. Honorary member of St. Brides Lodge of England. d. Dec. 4, 1948.

Hiram G. Berry (1824–1863) Union Major General in Civil War. b. Aug. 27, 1824 at Thomaston (now Rockland) Maine. Learned the carpenter's trade as well as navigation. Served as mayor of Rockland and organized a company of volunteers. At beginning of Civil War he entered as a colonel of the 4th Maine Infantry and took part in the battles of Bull

Run, Yorktown, Williamsburg, Fair Oaks, 2nd Bull Run and Chantilly. Had risen to the rank of major general when he was killed at battle of Chancellorsville on May 2, 1863. His orders on that date were "Go in, general; throw your men into the breach; don't fire a shot—they can't see you!" Berry was junior deacon of Aurora Lodge No. 50, Rockland, Maine.

James D. Berry, Jr. Oil producer and cattle breeder. b. March 25, 1914. An oil producer in the Penn. field since 1934. A breeder of registered Guernsey cattle, Titusville, Pa. since 1939. A director of Quaker State Oil Refining Corp. since 1940. Secretary and director of Oil City National Bank since 1945. Member of Fraternal Lodge No. 483, Rouseville, Pa.; Oil City Chapter No. 236, R.A.M. and Talbot Commandery No. 43, K.T. all of Oil City. Served as commander of his commandery. 32° AASR (SJ) at New Castle, Pa. and member of Zem Zem Shrine Temple, Erie, Pa.

Kearie L. Berry Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 6, 1893 at Denton, Texas. Attended University of Texas and officer's training camp, commissioned 2nd lieutenant of infantry on Aug. 15, 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general (Temp.) on Jan. 18, 1946. Served on Mexican Border in 1916 and during WW1 in Siberia, Philippines and Hawaii. Later in China, and back to Philippines where at outbreak of WW2 he commanded 1st Philippine division until captured at Bataan on April 9, 1942. Prisoner of war in Luzon, Formosa, Kyushu and Manchuria until Aug. 20, 1945. He was appointed adjutant general of Texas in 1947 and major general of Texas National Guard in August, 1947. Retired from regular army as

brigadier general in June, 1947. Received first two degrees in Southern Cross Lodge No. 6, Manila, P.I. and 3rd in Schofield Barracks Lodge No. 443, T.H. in 1921, transferring to Fort Benning Lodge No. 579 in 1926. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Salina, Kansas in 1946 and transferred to Austin, Tex. in 1947. Member of Ben Hur Shrine Temple, Austin, Tex. and Court 35, Royal Order of Jesters.

Thomas M. Berry Governor of South Dakota from 1933 to 1937. Member of White River Lodge No. 181, White River, S. Dak. and received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oriental Consistory at Yankton, S. Dak. in May, 1933. d. Oct. 30, 1956.

Clifford K. Berryman (1869–1949) Cartoonist. b. April 2, 1869 at Versailles, Ky. He was self-taught in drawing and received an honorary A.M. from George Washington Univ. in 1921. He started as a draftsman in the U.S. Patent Office in 1886 and turned to general illustrating in 1891, switching to cartooning in 1896. Was with the Washington Post from 1896–1907, going to the Washington Evening Star on Feb. 1, 1907 where he remained until his death. He was the originator of “Teddy Bear” and winner of the Pulitzer Prize in 1943. He is the author of *Berryman’s Cartoons of the 58th House* (probably the only cartoonist who has cartooned every member of any one Congress). He was a past master of Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32 of Washington, D.C., a Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Dec. 11, 1949.

William A. Berryman Vice president of Gulf Oil Corp. b. Jan. 22, 1892 at Enterprise, Va. With the Gulf interests since

1933, first in the European marketing field, then as assistant to the vice president and then vice president since 1949. He is also vice president of Gulf European Co., Gulf Exploration Co., Gulf Refining Co. and Gulf Research and Development Co. Is a director of 11 Gulf foreign oil companies. Mason.

Paul Bert (1833–1886) French physiologist and politician. Governor general of Annam and Tonkin (1886) and author of scientific works, including *Lecons d'Anatomie et de Physiologie Animales* (1885). International Masonic Congress Bulletin of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Bartholomew Berthold (1780–1831) Pioneer fur trader who helped lay foundation for the American Fur Company. b. in 1780 in the city of Trent, Tyrol, a province of Austria that is now part of Italy. He came to Philadelphia in 1798 and in 1809 moved to St. Louis, Mo. with a stock of goods and entered business with Rene Paul. On Dec. 27, 1809 he joined Louisiana Lodge No. 109 at St. Genevieve, Missouri's first lodge. The lodge was chartered by Pennsylvania and records show that on June 2, 1810, dues from the lodge in the amount of \$32.49 were delivered to the Grand Secretary of Pennsylvania by Berthold. He withdrew from the lodge on June 9, 1812, the records noting that he had "withdrawn and removed." He was married to Pelagie, the only daughter of Major Pierre Chouteau, Sr. and in 1812 built a brick house and store building on Main St. in St. Louis—the first west of the Mississippi river. In the same year he formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Peter Chouteau, Jr. q.v. under the name of Berthold & Chouteau. To this firm they added two

partners, John P. Cabanne and Bernard Pratte, Sr. This firm was later combined with the Columbia Fur Company under John Jacob Astor q.v. as the great American Fur Company. d. April 20, 1831.

Julius Bertin Actor who played the role of “Abie” in *Abie’s Irish Rose* on the New York stage. He was a member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, and Corinthian Chapter No. 159, R.A.M. of New York City. d. Oct. 3, 1945.

Abbe Bertolio French Roman Catholic abbe who was a member of the Lodge Social Contract of the Grand Orient of France and the first master of the adoptive lodge (for both sexes) formed by that lodge. His co-officer in the adoptive lodge was Princess Lamballe q.v., who served as the first Grand Mistress when the lodge was formed in 1780.

Francisco Bertrand President of Honduras from 1913–15 and again from 1916–20. Was initiated in the Lodge Francisco Morazan.

Antonio Luis Berutti (1772–1846) Argentine patriot who as a colonel distinguished himself in many military engagements and became successively, governor of the province of Santa Fe and Tucuman and minister of war after the formation of the new country. Mason.

Jons Jakob Berzelius (1779–1848) Swedish chemist and baron. Taught medicine, pharmacy and chemistry at Stockholm from 1807. Created a baron in 1835 because of

scientific achievements. He determined the atomic and molecular weights of many substances, using oxygen as a standard. He discovered the elements selenium, cerium and thorium and first isolated columbium and silicon. He was initiated in 1805 in St. John's Lodge St. Erik, at Stockholm.

Sir Walter Besant (1836–1901) English novelist. Educated in King's College, London and Christ's College, Cambridge. Was co-author with James Rice of a series of novels including Ready-Money Mortiboy (1872) and The Seamy Side (1881). Sole author of All Sorts and Conditions of Men (1882) and Children of Gibeon (1886). He was raised in Mauritius Lodge in 1862 and became master of Marquis of Dalhousie Lodge No. 1159, London, in 1873. He conceived the idea of establishing a lodge of research and as a result became one of the founders of the famous Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076 of London, serving as its treasurer at one time. d. Hempstead, England, June 10, 1901.

Dale P. Bessire Artist. b. May 14, 1892 at Columbus, Ohio. His paintings represented in the Indiana building at Chicago Century of Progress; Gary, Lafayette and Indianapolis public schools; Muncie Indiana Art Assoc.; Ball collection of Indiana Univ.; public library at Bedford; DePauw Univ.; and others. His works have won numerous art awards through the years. Raised in Nashville Lodge No. 135, Nashville, Ind., Sept. 1, 1917.

William N. Best Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. July 14, 1887 at Los Angeles, Calif. Served in WW1 as 2nd

lieutenant Marines and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1946. Service included United States, Haiti, Hawaii, Santo Domingo, China, Nicaragua, Philippines, Cuba and at sea with fleet. He retired Dec. 1, 1946. Mason.

William T. Best (1826–1897) Famous English organist who edited the works of Handel and Bach and was a composer of anthems and fugues. Mason.

James A. Bethea Major General, Army Medical Corps. b. Oct. 30, 1887 in Marion Co., S.C. Received M.D. degree from Tulane Univ. in 1913 and graduated from Army Medical School in 1917. A director of the 4th Division Field Hospital in WW1, rising through the grades to major general in 1948. Now chief surgeon of Far East Command, Tokyo, Japan. Mason.

Edwin S. Bettelheim, Jr. b. April 11, 1887 at New York City. B.S., Columbia Univ. 1911, LL.B. George Washington Univ. 1924, LL.M., 1925, A.B., 1926, A.M., 1927. Graduate of Command and General Staff School, 1938. Served in Mexican Border conflict and WW1 in field artillery, rising to colonel. He became assistant chief of staff of the military district of Washington and military analyst of the U.S. Dept. of State as well as biographer of the Inter-American Military Association. Has been adjutant general and executive officer of the Order of World Wars since 1931. Headed expedition in 1929 to northern Russia to search for and return the bodies of Americans lost in the Polar Bear Campaign. A past president of the National Sojourners and past commander of the Heroes of '76 (both Masonic military organizations). Past

grand master of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia. Shriner and Knight Templar.

Jackson E. Betts Congressman from 8th Dist. of Ohio in 82nd, 83rd and 84th Congresses (1951–1957). b. May 26, 1904 at Findlay, Ohio. Law–yer, member of General Assembly of Ohio from 1937–47, serving as house speaker in 1945–46. Member of the Judicial Council of Ohio, 1941–45. Raised in Findlay Lodge No. 227, Findlay, Ohio in 1931. Member of Findlay Chapter No. 58, R.A.M. and Findlay Council No. 50 R. & S.M. 32° AASR (NJ) in Toledo.

James A. Betts (1853–1928) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1898–1912, 3rd judicial district and associate justice of the appellate division, 1910–12. b. March 18, 1853 at Broadalbin, N.Y. After serving as a school principal for two years, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1880, practicing at Kingston. Mason.

Frank A. Beu Educator and president of Western Illinois State Teachers College at Macomb, Ill., since 1942. b. Sept. 2, 1898 at Huntley, Ill. B.A. and M.A. degrees from Northwestern Univ. and Ph.D. from Univ. of Chicago. Taught and served as administrator in Illinois public schools and in 1928 became professor of education at Eastern Illinois State Teachers' College, serving until 1933 when he became dean. Raised in Hebron Lodge No. 604, Hebron, Ill. Received 32° at Quincy, Ill. in 1947. Member of O.E.S. in Hebron.

Pierre de Reil, Marquis of Beurnonville (1752–1821)

Marshal of France. He served as minister of war in 1793, ambassador to Berlin in 1800, ambassador to Madrid in 1802. In 1814 he supported Louis XVIII and was named marshal in 1816. He was a zealous Freemason and became grand master "adjoint" in the Grand Orient of France.

Albert P. Beutel Business executive. b. Nov. 13, 1892 at Cleveland, Ohio. Started with Dow Chemical Co. in 1914 as draftsman. General manager of the Texas division of Dow Chemical Co. at Freeport, Texas since 1940; director and assistant secretary of Dow Chemical Co.; president and director of Dowell, Inc., Midland, Mich.; vice president and director of Dow Magnesium Corp. Mason.

Thomas D. Beven President and director of Elgin, Joliet and Eastern Railway Co. since 1946. b. Dec. 23, 1898 at New Orleans, La. Started with the Central and Elgin, Joliet & Eastern Railway companies in 1912. Served in U.S. Marine Corps in WW1. Mason and Shriner.

Albert J. Beveridge (1862–1927) U.S. Senator and historian. b. in Highland Co., Ohio. Served as member of U.S. Senate from Indiana from 1899–1911 and was a supporter of Theodore Roosevelt and his policies. He was the author of *The Life of John Marshall* (2 vols., 1916, 1919). Member of Oriental Lodge No. 500, Indianapolis, Ind.

Frank Stanley Beveridge (1879–1956) Founder of Stanley Home Products, Inc. b. April 17, 1879 at Yarmouth, N.S. From 1904–09 he was a photographers' representative. Became

associated with the Fuller Brush Company in 1913 and rose to vice president in charge of sales from 1921–29. From 1929–31 he was associate sales manager of Real Silk Hosiery Mills, founding the Stanley Home Products, Inc. in 1931, serving as president until 1950 when he became chairman of the board. Received a citation from Pope Pius XII in 1949. Member of Port Byron Lodge No. 130, New York.

James R. Beverley Governor of Puerto Rico 1932–33. b. June 15, 1894 at Amarillo, Tex. A.B., A.M. and LL.B. from Univ. of Texas and honorary LL.D. from Polytechnic Institute of Puerto Rico. Practiced law in Corpus Christi. Special adviser to Public Service Commission of Puerto Rico from 1925–27; assistant attorney general 1927–28 and attorney general, 1928–32. Acting governor of Puerto Rico various times. Served as officer in field artillery during WW1 and lieutenant commander, U.S. Coast Guard Reserve in WW2. Mason.

Howard L. Bevis Chairman of the President's Committee on Scientists and Engineers from 1956. b. Nov. 19, 1885 at Bevis, Ohio. A.B. and LL.B. from Univ. of Cincinnati; S.J.D. and LL.D. from Harvard. Practiced law from 1910–18. Served as director of finance of Ohio from 1931–33; judge of Ohio Supreme Court, 1933–35; professor of law and government at Harvard, 1935–40 and president of Ohio State Univ. from 1940–56. Raised in McMakin Lodge No. 120, Mt. Healthy, Ohio in 1911 and served as master of same in 1916. York rite memberships in Cincinnati and Columbus. Received AASR (N.J.) in 1921 and 33° in 1942. Member of Syrian Shrine Temple, Cincinnati.

Raymond H. Beyer Engineer and designer. b. Dec. 11, 1902 at South Bend, Ind. An engineer and designer since 1920. Built and flew first airplane in Indiana; designer of amphibian plane in 1920, helicopter in 1943. Has been associated with Dodge Mfg. Corp., Westinghouse, U.S. Airlines, Bendix Aviation, Rockne Motors, Chevrolet Motors, Glen L. Martin, Emerson Electric, South Bend Bait Co., National Pressure Cooker, AC Spark Plug. With Armour Research Foundation since 1950. Mason.

Francois Louis de Beyerle French Masonic writer and member of the French Constitutional Convention of 1792. He was a leading member of the Rite of Strict Observance in which his adopted name was Eques a Fiore. He wrote a criticism on the Masonic Congress of Wilhelmsbad and translated Frederic Nicolai's essay on the Templars.

Osborne Bezanson Vice president and director of Monsanto Chemical Company since 1942. b. Nov. 10, 1888 at Woburn, Mass. Started as chemist with Merrimac Chemical Co. of Woburn, Mass. in 1906 and became vice president in 1930. When Monsanto liquidated Merrimac in 1935 he became assistant vice president of the Everett division. Has served as general manager of the Texas division and the organic chemicals division and a member of the Monsanto executive committee since 1948. Mason.

George M. Bibb (1776–1859) Secretary of Treasury under President Tyler (1844–45). b. Oct. 30, 1776 in Prince Edward Co., Va. He served two terms as U.S. Senator from

Kentucky—1811–14 and 1829–35. He was the first master of Russellville Lodge No. 17, Russellville, Ky. and was master of Hiram Lodge No. 4, Frankfort, Ky. He was also past master of Lexington Lodge No. 1 at Lexington, and served as secretary in 1804. In 1804 he was grand master of Kentucky. Past high priest of Frankfort Chapter No. 3, Frankfort, Ky. and was adjunct professor of ancient languages in the primary department of the Masonic College of Kentucky. d. April 14, 1859 at Georgetown, D.C.

Thomas Bibb Governor of Alabama (1820–21). He succeeded his father (Wm. W.) as governor when the latter died in office. Member of George Lodge No. 32, Warminster, Va.

Joseph H. Biben Newspaper publisher. b. Oct. 27, 1900 at Kiev, Russia and came to United States in 1902. Editor and publisher of the Jewish Ledger publications; in Rochester, N.Y. since 1928, in Washington, D.C. since 1930, in Albany, N.Y. since 1931, in Syracuse, N.Y. since 1932. Publisher of the American Hebrew in New York since 1936. Mason.

Dana X. Bible Athletic director, Univ. of Texas since 1947. b. Oct. 8, 1891 at Jefferson City, Tenn. An athletic director since 1912 with Brandon Training School (Tenn.), Mississippi College, Louisiana State Univ., Texas A. & M. College, Univ. of Nebraska. With University of Texas as football coach from 1937–47. Served with the A.E.F. in WW1 as a pursuit pilot. Author of Championship Football, A Guide for Coach, Player and Fan. Member of the National Football Rules Committee and past president of American Football Coaches Association.

Member of Mossy Creek Lodge No. 353, Jefferson City, Tenn.; Jefferson Chapter No. 81, R.A.M., Jefferson City, Tenn.; Lincoln Council No. 4 R. & S.M. and Mt. Moriah Commandery, K.T. both of Lincoln, Nebr. Member of Ben Hur Shrine Temple, Austin, Texas.

Thomas W. Bickett (1869–1921) Governor of North Carolina 1917–21. b. Feb. 28, 1869 at Monroe, N.C. Graduated from Wake Forest College (N.C.) and studied law at Univ. of North Carolina, practicing at Monroe and later Danbury. Member of state house of representatives in 1907–08 and attorney general of N.C. 1906–16. He was raised in Louisburg Lodge No. 413, Louisburg, N.C. on Oct. 2, 1901, demitting to William G. Hill Lodge No. 218 at Raleigh in 1921. In 1917 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. d. Dec. 28, 1921.

Edward Biddle Delegate to first Continental Congress in 1774. Raised in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, Pa. March 29, 1763.

Benjamin A. Bidlack (1804–1849) American diplomat. b. at Paris, N.Y. U.S. charge d'affaires in New Granada (Colombia) and negotiated a treaty with that country in 1846 for U.S. right-of-way across the Isthmus of Panama. Raised in Lodge No. 61, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. on May 1, 1826.

John Bidwell (1819–1900) California pioneer and politician. b. Aug. 5, 1819 in Chautauqua Co., N.Y. Taught school in Pennsylvania and Missouri and in 1841 emigrated to California, being one of the first to make the hazardous journey overland.

He served in the Mexican War with Fremont's Battalion and became the state's first great agriculturist, owning an immense estate of several thousand acres. Gov. Leland Stanford q.v. commissioned him brigadier general of California Militia, and he later was made a regent of the Univ. of Calif. In 1849 he was a member of the state constitutional convention and the same year became state senator. Representative to U.S. Congress from California 1865–67. He was raised in San Jose Lodge No. 10 in 1851 and later affiliated with Chico Lodge No. 111.

Marshall S. Bidwell Organist. b. Dec. 24, 1893 at Great Barrington, Mass. Studied music at New England Conservatory, Fontainebleau, France, Coe College (Ia.), Univ. of Pittsburgh. Served as organist of several large churches and from 1919–32 was organist and director of music at Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Ia. Has been organist and director of music of Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa. since 1932. Raised in Mt. Herman Lodge No. 263, Cedar Rapids, Ia. in 1926. Member of Scottish Rite in Cedar Rapids.

Baron Jacob Frederick Bielfeld (1717–1770) German merchant. b. March 31, 1717. d. April 5, 1770. He was one of the founders of the Lodge of the Three Globes in Berlin.

Daniel L. Biemesderfer President, State Teachers College, Millersville, Pa. since 1943. b. Jan. 19, 1894 at Kissel Hill, Pa. Teacher and schoolprincipal in Pennsylvania from 1911–1943. Member of Charles M. Howell Lodge No. 496, Millersville, Pa., and past master of same. 32° AASR (NJ)

at Harrisburg, Pa. and member of Zembo Shrine Temple, Harrisburg.

Lucius V. Bierce Led an expedition into Canada in 1838 to “save” the Canadians from the “Crown.” He headed an abortive attempt to raid Windsor, Canada from Detroit with a rabble of 200 men. The raid was easily repulsed. Bierce was grand master of Ohio in 1854. Raised in Unity Lodge No. 12, Ravenna, Ohio on Oct. 12, 1826 and demitted to Akron Lodge No. 83 as charter member on Oct. 1, 1841, serving that lodge as master a number of times.

Albert Bierstadt (1830–1902) American landscape painter of the Hudson River school. b. in Solingen, Germany and came to the United States in 1831. His paintings include Sunshine and Shadow, Rocky Mountains, Valley of the Yosemite. His historical works include Discovery of the Hudson River, Settlement of California, and Entrance into Monterey. Bierstadt was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City.

Leslie L. Biffle Secretary of the U.S. Senate, 1945–47. b. Oct. 9, 1889 at Boydsville, Ark. Secretary of the majority, U.S. Senate from 1933–45; executive director of Democratic Policy Committee, U.S. Senate, 1947–49. Member of American Battle Monument Commission, 1941–45. Member of Piggott Lodge No. 545, Piggott, Ark.

Horace F. Bigelow Admiral of the U. S. Navy. Made a Shriner at a ceremonial in Tokyo, Japan in November, 1956.

Timothy Bigelow (1767–1821) Massachusetts lawyer and politician. b. April 30, 1767 at Worcester, Mass. He was the son of Timothy Bigelow, Revolutionary War patriot. Graduated from Harvard in 1786, studied law and practiced at Groton, Mass. from 1789–1807, when he moved to Medford and opened a law office in Boston. He was an active Federalist and was elected to the legislature in 1790, serving there 20 years, eleven of which he was speaker of the house. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts two terms, 1806–08 and 1811–13. It is said that in the course of his 32 years practice he argued 15,000 cases. d. May 18, 1821.

George C. Biggers President of the Atlanta Journal since 1946. b. Jan. 24, 1893 at Louisville, Ky. Began journalism career with the Louisville Herald in 1910 and subsequently with the Indianapolis Star, The Courier-Journal, Louisville Times, Birmingham Age-Herald, Atlanta Georgian, Atlanta Constitution, and Birmingham News. Went to the Atlanta Journal as business manager in 1934; vice president and general manager in 1939 and president since 1946. Mason.

Benjamin T. Biggs (1821–?) Governor of Delaware in 1887–91. b. Oct. 1, 1821 at Summit Bridge, Del. Congressman from Delaware 1860–71. Member of state constitutional convention of 1852. Member of Union Lodge No. 5, Middletown, Del.

Burton B. Biggs Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. July 3, 1898 at Elliott, W. Va. Graduated U.S. Naval Academy in 1921. Ensign with Navy June 5, 1920 and advanced through grades to rear admiral, May 1, 1948. Mason and member of Scottish Rite.

John Bigler (1804–1871) Governor of California. b. Jan. 8, 1804 in Cumberland Co., Pa. Learning the printer's trade, he became a journalist and afterwards a lawyer, moving to Illinois in 1846. In 1849 he emigrated to California and there became a prominent Democratic politician, gaining the name "Honest John Bigler." From 1852–1856 he was governor of the state. His brother, William, was governor of Pennsylvania at the same time. Bigler was initiated in Pacific Lodge, Long's Bar, Butte Co., Calif. in 1850 and later a member of Tehama Lodge No. 3, Sacramento and Washington Lodge No. 20, Sacramento.

Louis Pierre Edouard Bignon (1771–1841) French statesman and historian. Designated by Napoleon in his will to write the history of France from time of Consulate, he produced *Historie de France depuis le 18-Brumaire jusque'en 1812*. (1829–38) A Freemason.

Theodore G. Bilbo (1877–1947) U.S. Senator and Governor of Mississippi. b. Oct. 13, 1877 at Juniper Grove, Miss. Attended Univ. of Nashville, Vanderbilt Univ. and Univ. of Michigan. Taught school for six years and admitted to bar in 1908. Member of Miss. state senate, 1908–12, lieutenant governor of Miss. 1912–16. Twice governor of Miss. 1916–20 and 1928–32, elected three terms as U.S. Senator from Miss., 1935, 1941, 1947. He was raised April 17, 1899 in Claiborn Lodge No. 293 at Nashville, Tenn. and affiliated with Sherrard Byrd Lodge No. 353 at Poplarville, Miss. Received AASR 32° in Hattiesburg, Miss. in 1925 and was suspended NPD in 1929 from those bodies. d. Aug. 21, 1947.

W. Chester Billings (1872–1939) Senior surgeon and medical director of U.S. Public Health Service. b. April 15, 1872 at Hartford, Conn. Received M.D. from Harvard in 1894 and after private practice in Springfield, Mass. of four years entered U.S. Public Health Service as surgeon. Was senior surgeon from 1929 and medical director from 1930–33, serving in 19 different stations including chief medical officer at Angel Island, Calif. and Ellis Island and chief surgeon of U.S. Coast Guard and medical adviser to American Consulates in Liverpool and London. Mason. d. Aug. 16, 1939.

Clayton O. Billow (1860–1945) Pioneer in burning oil for industrial use. b. June 14, 1860 at Shelby, Ohio. Carried on experiments with crude oil for fuel for the Champion City Oil Co. from 1884–88 and was general western manager of Pasteur–Chamberlain Filter Co. in 1888, later organizing the National Supply Co. for furnaces, forges, kilns, etc. for oil burning. Inventor of many appliances incidental to oil burning. Knight Templar, 33° AASR, Grand Sovereign, Grand Imperial Council of the Red Cross of Constantine (1938–39). Decorated Knight Grand Cross, 1938. d. March 19, 1945.

Thomas H. Binford Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 25, 1896, at Durant, Miss. Graduate Naval Academy in 1919, advancing through grades to vice admiral in 1954. In 1942 he commanded the destroyer division of the Asiatic Fleet and participated in entire Java Sea campaign. He commanded the cruiser U.S.S. Miami and participated in first strikes on Tokyo and raids on Chichi Jima, Iwo Jima, Kyushu, Okinawa. Commanded cruiser division one of Pacific Fleet from 1949.

Assisted in establishing Enlisted WAVE program of Navy.
Retired. Mason.

George Bingaman Judge, Supreme Court of Oklahoma. b. Sept. 15, 1904 at Princeton, Kansas. Admitted to Oklahoma bar in 1928 and practiced law in Purcell, Okla. from 1929–50. Has been judge of Supreme Court of Oklahoma since 1951. Raised in Purcell Lodge No. 27, Purcell, Okla. on Dec. 15, 1925 and has served as master and secretary of same. Member Purcell Chapter No. 10, R.A.M. and Norman Council, R. & S.M. of Norman, Okla. 33° AASR (SJ) in Guthrie Consistory. Member of India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Malcolm W. Bingay (1884–1953) Newspaper editor and Pulitzer Prize winner. b. Dec. 16, 1884 at Sandwich, Ont., Canada and was brought to United States in infancy. Began at 17 as reporter for Detroit News, rising as sports editor, city editor, managing editor and in charge of the London Bureau of the News. Became editor of the Detroit Free Press in May 1930, serving until his death. Author of *Detroit Is My Own Home Town* (1946) and *Of Me I Sing* (1949). He became a member of City of the Straits Lodge No. 452, Detroit, June 19, 1920 and successively joined Peninsular Chapter No. 16, R.A.M. Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. and Scottish Rite, being coroneted a 33° Sept. 15, 1925. He was known to Masonic readers for his series of brilliant word sketches on English Freemasonry. d. Aug. 21, 1953.

Hiram Bingham Governor and Senator from Connecticut,

explorer and aviator. b. Nov. 19, 1875 at Honolulu, T.H. His father and grandfather (both named Hiram) were missionaries. His grandfather reduced the Hawaiian language to writing and his father, a missionary to Gilbert Islands, did the same for the Gilbert language. Holds degrees of A.B., M.A., Ph.D. and Litt.D. Taught in Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Johns Hopkins Universities. Explored Bolivar's route across Venezuela and Colombia in 1906–07, the Spanish trade route from Buenos Aires to Lima, 1908–09 and the Inca ruins in Peru, 1911–15. Served as lieutenant governor of Connecticut, 1923–24 and governor, 1924, resigning in 1925 to become U.S. Senator and serving until 1933. Chief of Air Personnel Division at Washington 1917–18. A member of both Scottish and York rite bodies as well as the Shrine. Has written on Masonic subjects. Chief writings are on exploration, his latest being *Lost City of the Incas*. (1948) Robert Bingham (1838–1927) Educator. b. Sept. 5, 1838 at Hillsboro, N.C. Captain in 44th N.C. troops, Army of Northern Virginia, C.S.A. Surrendered with General Lee. Was superintendent of the Bingham School (which his grandfather founded in 1793) from 1873–1920. Grand Master of North Carolina 1883–85.

Robert W. Bingham (1871–1937) U.S. Ambassador to Great Britain from 1933–37. b. Nov. 8, 1871 in Orange Co., S.C. Degrees from universities of North Carolina, Virginia, Kentucky and Louisville. Publisher of both the *Louisville Courier-Journal* and *Times*. He was past master of Falls City Lodge No. 376 of Louisville and a member of York and Scottish Rites as well as the rank of KCCH. At a meeting of the Grand Lodge of England, in the presence of the King and

8,000 Masons, he was created a past senior grand warden of that grand lodge. d. Dec. 18, 1937.

Claude V. Birkhead (1880–1950) Lawyer and Major General (NGUS). b. May 27, 1880 at Phoenix, Oreg. Practiced law at San Antonio from 1904, serving as district judge and city attorney. He was special attorney appointed by the Texas legislature to represent the state's coastal land claims before Congress in 1939. In WW1 he served as a colonel with the 131st Field Artillery in France and as chief of staff of Texas 36th division national guard. He was elevated to brigadier general in 1923 and major general, commanding the 36th division in 1936; commanding general of Camp Bowie, Texas 1940–41; commanding general Internal Security Forces, 3rd Service Command, 1942, retiring from active service that year. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Nov. 19, 1950.

Leon M. Birkhead Clergyman, author. b. April 28, 1885 at Winfield, Mo. Served as minister of Methodist churches in New York City and St. Louis and Unitarian churches in Wichita, Kansas and Kansas City, Mo. In 1937 he founded "Friends of Democracy" and has been national director since. He was technical advisor to Sinclair Lewis during his writing of *Elmer Gantry* (1926–27). He has written numerous "Little Blue Books" including *Is Elmer Gantry True?*, *Religious Bunk*, *Over the Radio*, *Can Man Know God*, *President Hoover* and *Quakerism*, and *The Religion of a Free Man*. Mason.

Matthew Birkhead English singer, composer and actor who wrote the Enter'd 'Prentice's Song first printed in Read's

Weekly Journal in 1722. It was immortalized by being printed in the first Book of Constitutions after his death in 1723. He was not only a composer, but a singer and actor at the famous Drury Lane Theater in London. Mackey says he was master of Lodge V at the time Anderson was preparing his constitutions. d. December, 1722.

Ormand N. Birkland President of S. H. Kress & Co. b. July 26, 1890 at Chicago, Ill. Started with S. H. Kress & Co. in 1916 as a stockman in the Little Rock, Ark. store and rose to presidency in 1948. Served in WW1. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Hammond D. Birks Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 5, 1896 at Chicago, Ill. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945. Served with the AEF in WW1. In WW2 he was commander of the 120th Infantry Combat Team of the 30th Division and assistant division commander of 9th Infantry Division, participating in battle of Mortain and other important engagements of European Theater. Mason.

David B. Birney (1825–1864) Union Major General of Civil War. b. May 29, 1825 at Huntsville, Ala. Studied law in Cincinnati and after engaging in business in Michigan, began practice of law in Philadelphia in 1848. Entered army as lieutenant colonel at beginning of war and was made colonel of the 23rd Pennsylvania volunteers, which he raised principally at his own expense in 1861. Distinguished himself in battles of Yorktown, Williamsburg, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville

and Gettysburg. At death of General Berry he commanded the division, and was commissioned major general May 23, 1863. He commanded the 3rd Corps at Gettysburg and later the 10th Corps. Died of disease contracted in the service on Oct. 18, 1864 at Philadelphia. He was initiated in Franklin Lodge No. 134 of Philadelphia on Oct. 31, 1850.

Hoffman Birney Writer of fiction, juvenile, historical and biographical books. b. April 1, 1891 at Philadelphia, Pa. Among his books are: *King of the Mesa*, *The Masked Rider*, *Steel-dust*, *Vigilantes*, *The Canyon of Lost Waters*, *Roads to Roam*, *The Pinto Pony*, *Zealots of Zion*, *Two Little Navajos*, *Kudiu*, *the Eskimo Boy*, *Barrier Ranch*, *Forgotten Canon*, *Eagle in the Sun*, *Mountain Chief*, *Ann Carmeny*, *Brothers of Doom*. Mason.

Eben F. Bishop (1863–1943) Sugar executive. b. Oct. 27, 1863 at Naperville, Ill. Started with C. Brewer & Co., sugar factors at Honolulu, TH in 1883. Was chairman of the board and director of Hilo Sugar Co., Onomea Sugar Co., Pepeekeo Sugar Co., Honomu Sugar Co., Waimanalo Sugar Co., and Matson Navigation Co. Trustee of the B. P. Bishop Museum of Polynesian Ethnology. Mason. d. Feb. 11, 1943.

George T. Bishop (1864–1940) Financier. b. Ravenna, Ohio, Oct. 11, 1864. A director of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., Sherwin-Williams Co., Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. Mason. d. Aug. 24, 1940.

Sir Henry Rowley Bishop (1786–1855) English composer who introduced the air of *Home Sweet Home* and was first

musician to be knighted (1842). He composed operas, burlettas and incidental music to Shakespeare's plays. Mason.

Herbert P. Bissell (1856–1919) Justice of Supreme Court of New York 1912–19. b. Aug. 30, 1856 at New London, N.Y. Graduated at Harvard, 1880 and practiced law in Buffalo. Mason. d. April 30, 1919.

Andrew G. Bisset Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 4, 1893 at Washington. Entered Navy in 1917 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1947 and retired in July, 1950 as vice admiral. Was treaty engineer to Republic of Haiti, 1924–28, officer in charge of construction, U.S. Naval Academy 1936–39, Portsmouth, N.H. and Norfolk, Va. navy yards 1939–41. Commanded Seabees in South Pacific and Okinawa operations WW2. Member of William R. Singleton Lodge No. 30 (1922) and William R. Singleton Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. both of Washington, D.C.

Van A. Bittner (1885–1949) Labor official. b. Mar. 20, 1885 at Bridgeport, Pa. A labor representative since 1908, representing the United Mine Workers of America from 1908–42 and steelworkers from formation in 1936 until meeting of constitutional convention in 1942, when it became United Steelworkers of America, C.I.O. At death on July 20, 1949 he was vice president and national director of the C.I.O. Organizing Committee. Served as labor representative on National War Labor Board in 1943. Mason.

William B. Bizzell (1876–1944) University president. b.

Oct. 14, 1876 at Independence, Texas. Held degrees from Baylor Univ., College of Law, Chicago, Univ. of Chicago, and Columbia. Was superintendent of public schools in Navasota, Texas 1900–10, president of College of Industrial Arts, at Denton 1910–14, president of Texas A. & M. 1914–25 and president of the Univ. of Oklahoma, 1925–41. From 1941 until his death on May 13, 1944, he was president emeritus of Univ. of Oklahoma. Author of several books including *Judicial Interpretation of Political Theory*, *Teaching of the Jewish Prophets*, *Farm Tenantry in the United States*, and *The Green Rising*. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Sveinn Bjornsson First president of Iceland. He was one of the founders of Edda Lodge in Reykjavik on Jan. 6, 1919 under the authority of the National Grand Lodge of Denmark. At that time he had the 6th degree of the 11-degree Denmark system. At the time of his death on Jan. 25, 1952 he had received the highest degree and was grand master of Icelandic Freemasonry. The Sovereign Grand Jurisdiction of Iceland was constituted on July 23, 1951.

Alfred W. Bjornstad (1874–1934) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 13, 1874 at St. Paul, Minn. Served as captain in the Spanish–American War. Promoted through grades to brigadier general in Jan. 1925. Engaged in 34 battles and actions in Philippines 1898–1904. Later on duty with general staff, military attache, instructor at army schools. At beginning of WW2 he directed the 16 training camps for officers which produced the original 25,341 officers of WW2. He organized and directed the Army General Staff College in

France in 1919. Commanded the 13th brigade in France and participated in all major engagements. Retired Aug. 21, 1928. Mason. d. Nov. 4, 1934.

Frank S. Black (1853–1913) Governor of New York. b. March 8, 1853 at Limington, Maine. While reading law he was part time editor of the Johnstown Journal (N.Y.) and later a reporter on the Troy Whig. Admitted to the bar in 1879, he practiced in Troy until 1898 when he moved to New York City. Served his district in the 54th Congress (1895–97) and was governor of New York from 1897–99. He was raised in King Solomon's Primitive Lodge No. 91 of Troy and later affiliated with Roman Lodge No. 223 at Rome. d. March 21, 1913.

Hugo La Fayette Black U.S. Supreme Court Justice. b. Feb. 27, 1886 at Harlan, Ala. Received LL.B. from Univ. of Alabama in 1906 and began practice in Birmingham the next year. Served as police judge and prosecuting attorney and in general practice until 1927 when he was elected U.S. Senator from Alabama for two terms (1927–37). Nominated associate justice of the supreme court by Franklin D. Roosevelt Aug. 12, 1937, confirmed Aug. 17 and took his seat Oct. 4. Black was raised in Ashland Lodge No. 356, Ashland, Ala. in 1909 and later became life member of Birmingham Temple Lodge No. 636, Birmingham, Ala. He is a 32° AASR (SJ) member, Knight Templar and Shriner.

James D. Black (1849–1938) Governor of Kentucky. b. Sept. 24, 1849 in Knox Co., Ky. Member of Kentucky lower house 1876–77. Elected governor of Kentucky in 1915 for term of

1916–17 inclusive and again served as governor from May to Dec., 1919. President of Union College, Barbourville, Ky., 1910–12. Was grand master of Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1888–89. d. Aug. 5, 1938.

John Black (1800–1854) U. S. Senator from Mississippi. Member of Rising Virtue Lodge No. 7.

John C. Black (1839–1915) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Jan. 27, 1839 at Lexington, Miss. Received A.M. and LL.D. from Knox College. Entered service as private and advanced to brigadier general “for gallant services in assault on Ft. Blakely, Ala.” Awarded medal of honor for Battle of Prairie Grove, Ark. in which he was severely wounded. Admitted to Illinois bar in 1867 and practiced at Danville until his death on Aug. 17, 1915. Was U.S. Commissioner of Pensions 1885–89 and member of the 53rd Congress from Ill. at large (1893–95), president of the U.S. Civil Service Commission 1904–13. Commander-in-chief of the G.A.R. in 1903–04. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 38, Danville, Ill. and grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1894 and again in 1895.

Lloyd L. Black Federal Judge. b. March 15, 1889 at Leavenworth, Kans. Received A.B. (cum laude) and LL.B. from Univ. of Washington and admitted to Washington bar in 1911. Associated with father in firm Black & Black 1913–32, served as prosecuting attorney, attorney for Port of Everett and special counsel for City of Everett as well as judge of superior court. Was appointed U.S. Judge for Western District

of Washington in 1949 and Eastern and Western Districts in 1940. Mason.

Samuel W. Black Governor of Nebraska, 1859–61. In 1849 he was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 219, Pittsburgh, Pa.

S. Rexford Black Lumber executive. b. April 30, 1894 at Flint, Mich. Chairman of board of C. D. Johnson Lumber Corp., president of Springfield Plywood Corp., Acme Door Corp., and Whatcom Timber Co. Mason and Shriner.

Joseph C. S. Blackburn (1838–1918) U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. Oct. 1, 1838 in Woodford Co., Ky. A.B. and LL.D. from Centre College, (Ky.). First practiced law in Chicago. After serving in Confederate forces during Civil War resumed his practice in Kentucky. Member of house of representatives (Ky.) 1871–75; member of 44th to 48th Congresses (1875–85); and U.S. Senator, 1885–97 and again from 1901–07. Member of Isthmian Canal Commission and head of department of civil administration, Canal zone, 1907–09. Mason, Knight Templar. d. Sept. 12, 1918.

Luke P. Blackburn (1816–1887) Governor of Kentucky in 1879. Member of Landmark Lodge No. 41, Versailles, Ky. and Webb Chapter, R.A.M. No. 6 of same city.

Robert Blackburn (1870–1935) Congressman from Kentucky. b. April 9, 1870 in Estell Co., Ky. Traveling salesman, merchant, insurance and stock brokerage business in Stanton, Ky. and later Lexington. Served in Spanish American

War. Member of Kentucky lower house in 1904–05. Elected to 71st Congress (1929–31). Mason. d. Sept. 20, 1935.

Isaac N. Blackford (1786–1859) Jurist. b. Nov. 6, 1786 at Bound Brook, N.J. Graduated from Princeton, 1806 and moved to Indiana in 1812 and settled in Vincennes. Clerk of the territorial legislature in 1813 and judge of the first judicial circuit in 1814–15. He was speaker of the first state legislature in 1816 and judge of the supreme court of Indiana from 1819–35. From March, 1855 until his death on Nov. 6, 1786 he was judge of the U.S. Court of Claims in Washington. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 11 at Brookville, Ind.

Samuel H. Blackmer (1902–1951) Supreme Court Justice, Vermont. b. March 2, 1902 at Bennington, Vt. A.B. from Yale and LL.B. from Harvard. Elected one term to Vermont lower house, served as states attorney, municipal judge and superior judge, being appointed associate justice of Vermont Supreme Court in 1949. Raised in Mount Anthony Lodge No. 13 on Dec. 25, 1923, serving as junior warden in 1932–33; member of Temple Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., Bennington Council No. 3, R. & S.M.; Taft Commandery No. 8, K.T., all of Bennington, Vt. Member of Vermont Consistory, Burlington, Vt. and received 33° AASR (NJ). Member of Cairo Shrine Temple of Rutland, Vt.

William W. Blackney Congressman from Michigan. b. Aug. 28, 1876 at Clio, Mich. Law degree, Univ. of Michigan, 1912. Member of 74th and 76th to 81st Congresses (1936–37, 1939–51). Mason and 32° AASR.

J. Stuart Blackton (1875–1941) Pioneer motion picture producer. b. Jan. 5, 1875 at Sheffield, Eng., coming to the United States in 1886. Started as newspaper writer and artist and entered the motion picture industry in 1896. Associated with Albert E. Smith, 1900 in organizing the Vitagraph Co.—first to make screen plays—of which he was vice president. In 1910 he founded Motion Picture Magazine. In 1915 he organized the Motion Picture Board of Trade of America and was its first president. He produced *The Christian, Island of Regeneration, Battle Cry of Peace, The Glorious Adventure* (in color), *The Clean Heart, The Happy Warrior and Bride of the Storm*. Member of Centennial Lodge No. 763, New York City. d. Aug., 1941.

Ibra C. Blackwood (1878–1936) Governor of South Carolina. b. Nov. 21, 1878 at Blackwood, S.C. Admitted to bar in 1902 and practiced at Spartanburg, S.C. Member of house of representatives 1903–05, solicitor 7th Judicial Circuit, 1916–31 and governor of South Carolina 1931–35. Raised in Spartan Lodge No. 70, Spartanburg, S.C. on Aug. 20, 1903. Past grand master of Grand Lodge of S.C. d. Feb. 12, 1936.

Norman J. Blackwood (1866–1938) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 3, 1866 at Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy and received M.D. from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia in 1888. Entered navy in 1890 and advanced through grades to rear admiral Oct. 10, 1929. Served in Spanish–American War, Cuban Insurrection, WW1. Commanded naval hospitals in the Philippines and U.S. and the ships U.S.S. *Solace* and U.S.S. *Mercy*. Retired

from active service Jan. 3, 1930 and became medical director of Provident Hospital, Chicago. Mason and member of the National Sojourners. d. April 1, 1938.

Robert L. Blaffer (1876–1942) President of Humble Oil & Refining Co. b. Aug. 5, 1876 at New Orleans, La. Began with Monongahela Coal & Coke Co., New Orleans, 1894. Entered oil business in 1902 and from 1917–33 was vice president and treasurer of Humble Oil & Refining Co., becoming president in 1933 and chairman of the board in 1937. Mason. d. Oct. 22, 1942.

James G. Blaine Bank president. b. Jan. 10, 1888 in New York City. Began with New York Life Insurance Co. in 1911. Vice pres. Liberty National Bank, 1919–21, vice pres. New York Trust Co. 1921–27, president Fidelity Trust Co. 1927–30. President and director of Marine Midland Trust Co. 1930–54 and chairman of the board since 1955. He is a director of the following: Fidelity Safe Deposit Co., Remington Rand, Inc., Studebaker-Packard Corp., Pepsi Cola Co. In 1948–49 he was chief of the E.C.A. Mission to Belgium and Luxembourg and has served on many national and by Washington as a justice on the first Supreme Court of the United States. b. Williamsburg, Va. in 1732. Graduated from William and Mary College and studied law at the Temple, London, soon becoming prominent in his profession and was a member of the legislature as early as 1765. In 1776 he was a member of the committee that drew up a plan for governing the state and was chosen to the council and in 1777 became a judge of the court of appeals for Virginia. He was afterward chief justice

and in 1780 was judge of the high court of chancery. A delegate to the convention that drew up the Federal Constitution and with Washington and Madison voted for its adoption—the other Virginians dissenting. In 1789 Washington named him as one of the justices of the first Supreme Court of the U.S. and he served until 1796 when he resigned. He is often confused with his father, John Blair (1689–1771), who was president of the Council of Virginia under British rule (same as governor). A member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. he was passed Aug. 3, 1773, raised Dec. 23, 1773. Where he was initiated is not known, but it is thought it may have been at the Lodge of St. James, England. The records of Williamsburg Lodge show that on Sept. 7, 1773 he was fined “1 shill, 3 pence for absence this evening,” and that he signed the by-laws on July 6, 1773. He was elected master in May, 1774 and served as the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia from 1778–84. d. Aug. 31, 1800.

Edgar Blake (1869–1943) Methodist bishop. b. Dec. 8, 1869 at Gorham, Maine. Graduate of Boston Univ. School of Theology, 1898; D.D. from Nebraska Wesleyan Univ., 1909 and LL.D. from DePauw Univ. Ordained in 1899 and held pastorates in New Hampshire from 1895–1908. Secretary international charitable organizations. Mason.

David E. Blair Lawyer, jurist. b. Aug. 16, 1874 at Salina, Kans. LL.B. Univ. of Kansas, 1899. Law practice at Joplin, Mo. Judge, Circuit Court, 25th Judicial Circuit 1908–17; member Public Service Commission of Mo. 1917–20; associate justice Supreme Court of Mo., 1921–30 and chief justice, 1925–26.

Practiced law in St. Louis 1931–34 and returned to Joplin, 1934. Elected to Springfield Court of Appeals in 1944 for 12 year term, making him the only Missourian elected to all three benches. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

James 1'. Blair (1871–1944) Jurist. b. Nov. 11, 1871 at Loudon, Tenn. Father of James T. Blair, Jr. q.v. Taught school before starting law practice in 1896. President of Obion (Tenn.) College 1895. Member of committee to revise statutes of Mo. 1909–11; judge of Supreme Court of Mo. 1915–25 and chief justice, 1921–22. Re-entered law practice at St. Louis in 1925. Member of the Appellate Judicial Commission of Missouri from 1941 until death on April 12, 1944. Mason.

James T. Blair, Jr. Governor of Missouri, 1957–60. b. March 15, 1902 at Maysville, Mo. Admitted to bar in 1924 and since practiced in Jefferson City, Mo. Member of house of representatives 1928–32 and majority leader in 1931. Mayor of Jefferson City 1947–49 and lieutenant governor of Mo. from 1949–56 when elected governor. Served as lieutenant-colonel, U.S. Army, 1942–45. Raised in Jefferson Lodge No. 43, Oct. 14, 1925; exalted March 24, 1926, Jefferson City Chapter No. 34; Ezra Council No. 32 R. & S.M., March, 1936; Knighted Prince of Peace Commandery No. 29, K.T. March 27, 1939, all of Jefferson City, Mo. Shriner.

John Blair, Jr. (1732–1800) Named 102 Antonio Guzman Blanco of Board of Sunday Schools 1912–20. Made a bishop on May 18, 1920. Mason and Knight Templar. d. May 26, 1943.

Henry S. Blake (1888–1956) President of Capper Publications, Topeka, Kans. b. Feb. 14, 1888 at Minneapolis, Minn. Joined the Capper Publications in 1920 as business manager and was selected vice president and general manager in 1937, taking over the presidency in 1952 on the death of Senator Arthur Capper. As president of the largest publishing firm west of the Mississippi he was executive officer of the following publications with a circulation of 5 million; Capper's Weekly, Topeka Daily Capital, Kansas City Kansan; two national magazines, Household and Capper's Farmer and five state farm papers, Kansas Farmer, Missouri Ruralist, Michigan Farmer, Ohio Farmer, and Pennsylvania Farmer. Capper Publications also include radio stations WIBW, Topeka and KCKN, Kansas City and television station WIBW-TV at Topeka. He was a Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. March 12, 1956.

William Rufus Blake (1805–1863) Actor. b. in Halifax, N.S. and first appeared on the stage of that city when 17 as the Prince of Wales, in Richard the Third. His first New York appearance was in 1824 at the Chatham theatre as Frederick in The Poor Gentleman. While playing at the Tremont theatre, Boston in 1827, he received the first call before the curtain ever given to an actor in this country. In 1839 he visited England, making his first appearance there in the Haymarket theatre, London. On April 21, 1863, while playing Sir Peter Teazle, in the Boston theatre, he was suddenly taken ill and died the next day. He was the author of several plays including Nero and The Turned Head. Blake was a member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2 of New York City.

Raymond B. Blakney President of Olivet College (Mich.) b. Nov. 4, 1895 at Boston, Mass. Ordained Congregational minister in 1918 and taught physics at Fukien Christian Univ., Foochow, China from 1920–27. Served as pastor in Sanford, Me., and Williamstown, Mass. Returned to Orient as missionary for American Board Commissioners (Cong.) at Peking and Mindanao, Philippines until 1949. Served as chaplain, U.S. Army in WW1 and WW2. President of Olivet College since 1950. In 1957 he became president of Pierce College, Athens, Greece. Raised in Foochow Lodge, Foochow, China in 1923 and now member of International Lodge, Peking, China (in exile). 32° AASR (SJ) in Peking, Orient of China and served as secretary of the Scottish Rite bodies of North China (in exile) from 1948–57. KCCH.

Antonio Guzman Blanco (1829–1899) President of Venezuela three terms. b. in Caracas. Served as vice-president of Venezuela 1863–68. Following the overthrow of Falcon in 1868, as a general he led a successful revolution. He was president from 1870–72 and on alternate two years until 1889 when deposed by Congress. He was practically a dictator for the entire period. As president he decreed that the Grand Lodge of Venezuela could send out communications postage free, a privilege which has since been rescinded. He erected the beautiful Masonic temple at Caracas, the largest and most complete in South America. He established the separation of the Catholic church and the state and abolished the convents and transformed Catholic churches into monuments such as the Capitol and the Pantheon for their independence heroes. He also installed compulsory education. He was a 33° AASR.

Died in Paris, France—where he liked to live even when he was president.

John R. Bland (1851–1923) Organizer and president of the U.S. Fidelity & Guaranty Insurance Co. in 1896. b. March 24, 1851 at Bridgeton, Mo. d. Jan. 6, 1923. Mason.

Richard P. Bland (1835–1899) U.S. Congressman from Missouri for 25 years. Known as “Silver Dick.” b. Aug. 19, 1835 near Hartford, Ky. Moved to Missouri in 1855 and thence to California on a mining expedition. He then removed to that part of Utah which is now Nevada and practiced law at Virginia City. He returned to Missouri in 1865 and practiced law at Rolla until Aug. 1869 when he moved to Lebanon. As a member of Congress from 1873–95 and 1897–99, he was the author of the Bland bill for the coinage of not less than two million and not more than four million in silver bullion per month which was passed in 1878 and repealed in 1891. In 1896 he received many votes for president. He was a member of Rolla Lodge No. 213, Rolla, Mo. and was exalted in Rolla Chapter No. 32 in 1868. He later transferred as a charter member of Lebanon Chapter No. 64 and served as high priest in 1871. Knighted in St. John’s Cornmandery No. 33, Springfield and later affiliated with Lebanon Commandery No. 33 at Lebanon. d. June 15, 1899 and buried with Masonic and Knight Templar honors in a Catholic cemetery in Lebanon, Mo.

Theodoric Bland (1742–1790) Revolutionary soldier, doctor and member of Continental Congress. b. in Prince George Co.,

Va. he was educated in England and studied medicine at Univ. of Edinburgh. After being admitted to medical practice he returned to America in 1764. Wrote against the English governor under the pen name "Cassius" and was one of those who removed arms and ammunition which Lord Dunmore had taken from the public arsenal. He became captain of the first group of Virginia cavalry and later colonel. He distinguished himself at the battle of Brandywine and had the confidence of General Washington. He served one term during the war in the Virginia senate and was elected to the Continental Congress from 1780–83. He was a member of the Virginia convention of 1788 and was among those opposed to the adoption of the federal constitution. He became representative from Virginia to the first Congress, taking his seat March 30, 1789. Although his lodge is not known, he was present at Williamsburg Lodge No. 6 on July 7, 1778. d. June 1, 1790.

William T. Bland (1861–1928) U.S. Congressman from Missouri, 66th Congress (1919–21). b. Jan. 21, 1861 at Weston, Va. Law degree from Univ. of West Virginia in 1884. Practiced law in Atchison, Kans. and was elected judge of 2nd Judicial District from 1896–1904 but resigned in 1901 to engage in wholesale drug business as vice president and later president of McPike Drug Co., Kansas City, Mo. Mason. d. Jan. 16, 1928.

Alexander H. Blankingship Episcopal Bishop. b. Nov. 30, 1894 at Richmond, Va. Graduate of Univ. of Richmond (A.B. and D.D.); Yale Divinity School (A.B.) and B.D. Virginia Theological Semin. Served as rector of Emmanuel Episcopal Church in Alexandria, Va. 1924–27 and dean of Holy Trinity

Cathedral, Havana, Cuba, 1927–39. Has been bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Missionary District of Cuba since Feb. 1939. Served in Mexican Border conflict of 1916 and WW1. Received degrees in Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. in 1925 and presently a member of Island Lodge No. 56, Island Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Havana Commandery No. 1, K.T. and 32° Santiago Consistory, Havana, Cuba. Member of Mahi Shrine Temple, Miami, Florida and Havana Shrine Club. Has served as chaplain of his blue lodge and commandery.

John D. Blanton (1859–1933) President of Ward Belmont School, Nashville, Tenn. b. March 26, 1859 in Cumberland Co., Va. Taught and supervised schools in Missouri until selected as vice-president of Ward Belmont in 1913. Became president in 1915. Mason. d. Oct. 6, 1933.

Henry G. Blasdel First Governor of Nevada. Member of Santa Cruz Lodge No. 38, Santa Cruz, Calif. and later past master of Carson Lodge No. 1, Carson City, Nevada.

Samuel Blatchford (1820–?) U.S. Supreme Court justice. b. March 9, 1820 in New York. Became private secretary to Gov. William H. Seward in 1839 and military secretary on his staff until 1843. Admitted to bar in 1842 and settled in Auburn, N.Y. where he was associated with Seward as a law partner. Moved to New York in 1854. Named associate justice of U.S. Supreme Court in 1882 and served eleven years (1893). He was raised in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, New York City on Jan. 16, 1863.

Valentine Blatz Founder of Blatz Brewing Co. and member of Aurora Lodge No. 10, Milwaukee, Wis.

Cadwallader, 9th Lord of Blayney (1720–1775) Grand Master of the Moderns from 1764–67 and of Ireland in 1768. It was under his authority that the Charter of Compact was drawn up with the Royal Arch Grand Chapter. During his grandmastership 74 lodges were constituted as contrasted with the 20 charters issued by the “Ancients.”

Jesse Bledsoe (1776–1837) U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. April 6, 1776 in Culpepper Co., Va. Became secretary of state of Kentucky in 1808 and member of the state legislature in 1812. Served as U.S. Senator, 1913–15. From 1917–20 he was state senator and in 1822 was appointed circuit judge in the Lexington district. In 1833 he removed to Mississippi and in 1835 to Texas. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. and past master of same; grand tyler of the G.L. of Kentucky in 1808. Member of Frankfort Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. at Frankfort, Ky. d. June 30, 1837.

Samuel T. Bledsoe (1868–1939) President of A.T. & S.F. Railroad and affiliated companies. b. May 12, 1868 in Clinton Co., Ky. Practiced law in Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma. First associated with A.T. & S.F. in 1908, becoming president in 1933. Director of Railway Express Agency. Mason. d. March 8, 1939.

Harman Blennerhassett (1764–1831) Associate of Aaron Burr and controversial figure of the post–Revolutionary

period. b. Oct. 8, 1764 (or 1765) in Hampshire, England. Of a wealthy family he studied at Westminster, London and Trinity college, Dublin, receiving B.A. and LL.B. degrees in 1790. In 1797 he disposed of his estates, and sailed for New York, determined to spend the rest of his life in study and leisure. In 1798 he purchased an island in the Ohio river a few miles below Parkersburg called Backus island—and afterwards Blennerhassett island. Here he erected an elaborate mansion which he filled with costly pictures, statues and books. Settling down to a life of study on the sciences such as chemistry and astronomy, he was known for his lavish hospitality and soon became the social leader of the area. On Aug. 12, 1797 he visited American Union Lodge No. 1 at Marietta and in 1798 was made its secretary. Where he received his degrees is not known. Among the many distinguished guests to share his hospitality was Aaron Burr in 1805. Burr succeeded in interesting him in his scheme for the invasion of the Mexican territory west of the Mississippi and setting up a private “nation.” It is probable that Blennerhassett did not realize that Burr’s scheme was treasonable, and he invested large sums in boats, arms and provisions for the expedition. When Jefferson issued a proclamation against the scheme, Blennerhassett fled with Burr, was arrested and freed but arrested again at Lexington, Ky. and placed in prison. Even the legal services of Henry Clay could not effect his release, but when the treason charges against Burr failed, he was released in 1807. His property had been seized and then accidentally burned. Blennerhassett then settled in Natchez, Miss. where he purchased 1,000 acres of ground. He was admitted a member of Harmony Lodge No. 1 at Natchez on March 4, 1816

and was shown as a member of that lodge until the returns of 1819 when he removed to Montreal where he began the practice of law. When he failed to receive a judgeship from his friend and schoolmate, the Duke of Richmond, he sailed for Ireland in 1822 hoping to recover his estates, but failed. He died Feb. 1, 1831 on the Isle of Guernsey.

1st Earl of Blesington (Viscount Mountjoy) (1709–1769) First grand master of the Ancients, 1756–60. It was to him that Laurence Dermott dedicated his Ahintan Rezon probably in an effort to secure his acceptance of the office. He was privately installed in his own library. Previously, as the 3rd Viscount Mountjoy, he had ruled the Irish craft in 1738–39, and had been responsible for the foundation of Irish Masonic charity. He was a kinsman of the Hon. Elizabeth St. Leger q.v. the lady Freemason.

Archie Bleyer Musician, composer and orchestra leader. Made a hit of the Davy Crockett song in 1954. President of Cadence Records. A member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City.

Reynolds E. Blight (1879–?) Writer and lecturer. b. May 19, 1879 at Torrington, Eng., coming to United States in 1896. Lectured for churches and Southwestern Univ. Editor of several publications—*Liberal Review* 1918–19; *Masonic Digest*, 1921–23 and 1925–33; *New Age* 1923–25; *California Certified Public Accountant*, 1935–41; and *Los Angeles Churchman*, 1935–43. President of Pierce Insurance Co. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ), Knight Templar and Red Cross of Constantine. Field

secretary of Los Angeles AASR bodies, since 1944. Member of committee on Masonic Information, G.L. of Calif. and Masonic Homes Endowment Fund Board. Author of *What I Believe and Why*; *Freemasonry at a Glance*.

Aaron T. Bliss (1837–1906) Governor of Michigan. b. May 22, 1837 at Smithfield, N.Y. Served in New York militia during Civil War, captured and spent six months in prisons, eventually escaping and making way back to Union lines nearly starved. Engaged in lumbering at Saginaw, Mich. from 1865 until his death in 1906. Served in many local, state and national public offices, including state senator, member of U.S. Congress from 8th Mich. dist. in 1889–91. Elected twice as governor of Michigan, serving from 1900–04. Member of Saginaw Valley Lodge No. 154 at Saginaw.

Cornelius N. Bliss (1833–1911) Secretary of Interior under McKinley. b. Jan. 26, 1833 at Fall River, Mass. Engaged in dry goods business most of his life. Trustee and director of several large corporations. Served as chairman of the New York Republican Committee and treasurer of National Republican Committee. Named by McKinley as Secretary of the Interior in 1897 and resigned in 1899. Declined to be a candidate for governor of New York in 1885 and 1891. Member of St. Johns Lodge, Boston, joining in 1858. d. 1911.

Herbert Bliss Brigadier General, U. S. Army. 33° AASR and member of National Sojourners.

Raymond W. Bliss Surgeon General, U.S. Army. b. May 17,

1888 at Chelsea, Mass. Graduated Tufts Medical College in 1910, Army Medical School, 1913, Harvard Medical School, 1921 (C.S.) and 1943 (D.Sc.). Commissioned 1st Lt. in Medical Reserve Corps, 1911 and advanced through grades to major general in 1943. Appointed Surgeon General in June, 1947. Mason.

Antonio Blitz (1810–1877) Magician. b. June 21, 1810 in Deal, England. An early magician who in those days were known as “prestidigitateurs.” He began his career at the age of 13 in Hamburg, Germany and after travelling two years in northern Europe, he returned to England, appearing first in Dover in Dec. 1825. He then visited Ireland and Scotland and in 1834 came to the United States, travelling through the country, Canada and West Indies. On his return from the South he settled in Philadelphia, Pa. where he resided until his death on Jan. 28, 1877. He was author of *Fifty Years in the Magic Circle*. Although his original lodge is not known, he was made an honorary member of Montgomery Lodge No. 19 of Philadelphia.

V. Harwood Blocker Consul General of United States. b. June 8, 1903 at Hondo, Texas. Entered U.S. consular service in 1926 and has served as clerk, vice consul, sec. consul in Peru, Mexico, Paraguay, Morocco, Honduras, Martinique, Brazil, Victoria. Consul general at Athens, Greece since 1954. Hondo Lodge No. 756, Hondo, Texas.

William P. Blocker (1892–1947) Consul General of United States. b. Sept. 30, 1892 at Hondo, Texas. Entered consular

service in 1913 and served in various capacities in consular offices of Mexico and Cuba. Was consul general at Ciudad Juarez, Mexico from 1938. Mason. d. Feb. 28, 1947.

Timothy Bloodworth (1736–1814) U.S. Senator from North Carolina. He was a member of the Continental Congress of 1786–87 and for thirty years a member of the legislative assembly of N.C. Served in U.S. Congress from 1790 to 1791 and as U.S. Senator from 1795–1801. After his senatorship, he was collector of the port of Wilmington. He grew up in poverty and followed in turn the professions of farmer, smith, preacher, doctor, wheelwright and politician. He was noted for his benevolence. In 1805 he represented St. Tammany Lodge No. 30, Wilmington, N.C. at the G.L. of N.C. d. Aug. 24, 1814.

Henry Bloom General in the war of 1812. His grave has a Masonic headstone.

Sol Bloom (1870–1949) U.S. Congressman from 20th New York district from 68th to 81st Congresses (1923–51). b. March 9, 1870 at Pekin, Ill. Had a varied career in newspaper, theatrical and music publishing businesses. In 1893 he was superintendent of the construction of the Midway Plaisance of the Chicago Exposition. Moved to New York City in 1903 and engaged in real estate and construction business. He was chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. His greatest service to the U.S. was as director of the U.S. George Washington Bicentennial Commission in 1932. He was also chairman of committee on the celebration of the

150th anniversary of the U.S. Supreme Court and director general of the U.S. Constitution Sesquicentennial Commission. He was a signer of the United Nations Charter and delegate to U.N. conferences in San Francisco, London and New York. A member of Pacific Lodge No. 233 (1903), New York City, he was a 32° AASR (NJ) member and Shriner. d. March 7, 1949.

Joseph Bloomfield (1753–1823) Governor of New Jersey. b. Oct. 5, 1753 at Woodbridge, N.J. Studied law until beginning of the Revolutionary War when he was made a captain in Dayton's regiment of the 3rd New Jersey in 1776 and served through the war, attaining the rank of major. Following the war he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Burlington until he became attorney general of the state. During the War of 1812 he was a brigadier general. From 1801–12 he was governor of New Jersey, and member of U.S. Congress from 1817–21. He was raised in Bristol Lodge No. 25, Bristol, Pa. and served as master in 1782. He affiliated with Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J. in 1790 and in 1799–80 was grand master of the G.L. of New Jersey. d. Oct. 3, 1823.

Sumner N. Blossom Magazine editor. b. Kansas City, Mo. Attended public schools and Univ. of Missouri. Started journalism career with the Kansas City Star, 1912–14 and with the Associated Press, 1914–16. Was correspondent with the U.S. punitive expedition in Mexico, 1916. From 1919–22 was with the New York Daily News. Editor of Popular Science Monthly, 1922–29, and editor of The American Magazine since 1929 and director of Crowell–Collier Publishing Co. Raised in Ivanhoe Lodge No. 446, Kansas City, Mo. about

1913. Member of the Grand Council, Order of DeMolay.

Willie Blount (1767–?) Governor of Tennessee, 1809–15. b. in North Carolina and was a half-brother of William Blount, the Constitution signer. He was secretary to his brother while the latter was territorial governor of Ohio, and afterward moved to Montgomery Co., Tenn. Member of Unanimity Lodge No. 54 of North Carolina.

Gebhard Leberecht von Blucher (1742–1819) Field Marshal General of Prussia and Prince of Wahlstadt. Entered Swedish service in 1756 and captured by Prussians in Seven Year's War. He then entered Prussian army. Discharged in 1770 but rejoined in 1787. Took part in Dutch and Pomeranian campaigns and commissioned lieut.-general in 1801, serving as governor of Munster in 1803. Captured by French in 1806 but was exchanged for a French general. In the War of Liberation he led Prussian troops under Russian command and became commander in chief of the Silesian army, in war against Napoleon in 1813; defeated Macdonald at Katzbach and Marmont at Mockern. Crossed the Elbe and was first to enter Leipzig. Created field marshal general, he crossed the Rhine in 1814 and besieged Napoleon at La Rothiere, but was forced to retreat. He defeated Napoleon at Laon and entered Paris in 1814 for which he was created Prince of Wahlstatt (in Silesia). As commander of Prussian forces in Belgium, 1815, he was defeated at Ligny, but aided Wellington in the victory of Waterloo. His original lodge is not known, but he was a constant visitor in the Lodge "Pax Inimicamalis" at Emmeriah in 1800–01; and in

1814 the Lodge “Archimedes” at Altenburg received him as an honorary member. His nickname was “Marshal Forward.”

Monte Blue Movie actor. b. Indianapolis, Ind. His father was a railroad engineer who was killed when Monte was 5, and when his mother died six years later, he and his brothers were placed in an orphans’ home at Knightstown, Ind. Worked his way through school and turned to his father’s trade of railroading. After working as a fireman on the Big Four, he became a soldier of fortune, trying almost everything—cowboy, lumberjack, sailor, with a circus and finally the silent films, where he was a popular Warner Brothers star. A member of Utopia Lodge No. 537 of Los Angeles, he was a member of the Los Angeles Consistory AASR and was noted for his impressive degree work in that branch of Freemasonry. He was also a member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple and the famous “233 Club”—a movie-Masonic club.

Robert D. Blue Governor of Iowa (1945–49). b. Sept. 24, 1898 at Eagle Grove, Ia. In law practice at Eagle Grove since 1922. Served as state representative, Republican floor leader, speaker of the house and lieutenant governor. Mason, Shriner, member of Eastern Star and White Shrine.

Fred H. Blume Chief justice, Supreme Court of Wyoming. b. Jan. 9, 1875 at Audubon, Ia. Admitted to Iowa bar in 1899 and practiced at Audubon until 1904 when he moved to Sheridan, Wyo. Member of Wyoming lower house 1907–09 and senate, 1909–13. Has been a justice of the Supreme Court of Wyoming since 1921, serving as chief justice

1927–31, 1937–39 and 1945–47. Mason.

4th Lord of Blythswood (Archibald Douglas Campbell) 85th Grand Master Mason of Scotland (1926–28). b. April 25, 1870 at London, Eng. Active member of the Supreme Council of Scotland.

Elijah Boardman (1760–1823) U.S. Senator from Connecticut. b. March 7, 1760 at New Milford, Conn. Served several terms in the lower branch of the Connecticut legislature and in 1821 was elected to the U.S. Senate, serving in the 17th Congress. He died Oct. 8, 1823 at Boardman, Ohio, a town in which he was interested. He was a member of Columbia Lodge No. 25 at Stepney, Conn., and in 1809 of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven.

Harold S. Boardman President of University of Maine 1926–34. b. March 31, 1884 at Bangor, Me. A civil engineer with degrees from Maine State, Mass. Institute of Technology, Univ. of Maine, Colby, Rhode Island College and Bates College. Alternated between teaching and practical engineering work, specializing in bridges and hydrographic, structural and hydraulic highway projects. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Victor V. Boatner (1881–1950) President of Chicago Great Western Railroad and Peoria & Pekin Union Railroad. b. May 6, 1881 at Bethlehem, Mass. Began railroad career with Yazoo & Mississippi Valley in 1901. Served as director of railway transport in Office of Defense Transportation,

1942–44. Mason, AASR and Shriner. d. Feb. 11, 1950.

Hiram Abiff Boaz Methodist bishop. b. Dec. 18, 1866 at Murray, Ky. Licensed to preach in 1889 and ordained Methodist minister in 1891. Held several pastorates in Texas before becoming president of Polytechnic College at Fort Worth 1902–11; vice president of Southern Methodist Univ., Dallas, 1911–13; and president of Texas Woman's College, 1913–18. From 1918–20 he was president of S.M.U. In 1922 was elected bishop M.E. Church and assigned to superintend church work in China, Japan, Siberia and Manchuria. From 1926 until his retirement in 1938 he headed various conferences in Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas and Mexico. A member of Granger Lodge No. 677, Granger, Texas, he served as grand chaplain of the G.L. of Texas in 1953. Active in York Rite Masonry, he is a noted Masonic speaker.

E. Manchester Boddy Newspaper executive. b. Nov. 1, 1891 at Lake Tapps, Wash. Began as salesman for Encyclopedia Britannica in New England, 1916. Owner and editor of Huntington Park Signal and Los Angeles Daily News. Is associate editor of L. D. Powell Co., book publishers. Served as infantry officer in WW1 and was disabled in Argonne Forest. Member of Craftsmen Lodge No. 559, Los Angeles, Calif.

Johann Joachim Christoph Bode (1730–1793) German musician, book-dealer and translator. Translated Sterne, Fielding, Goldsmith, Burney, Montaigne and others. Wrote extensively on Freemasonry and was one of the

most distinguished Masons of his time. b. Jan. 16, 1730 in Brunswick. He was initiated in 1791 and is listed as a member and past master of Lodge Absalem at Hamburg. He served as deputy grand master of the G.L. of Hamburg.

Thomas Bodley (1744–?) American general who served in Wayne's Indian campaign. b. Feb. 2, 1744. A member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky., serving as master in 1798 and grand master of the G.L. of Kentucky in 1818.

Joseph R. Bodwell (1818–1887) Governor of Maine. b. June 18, 1818 in Methuen, Mass. Opened quarries in 1852 on an island in Penobscot Bay and in 1870 organized the Bodwell and Hallowell granite company. Served twice in the legislature and was elected governor in 1886. A member of Rockland Lodge No. 79, Rockland, Me. d. Dec. 15, 1887.

Johann Boeber Russian Royal Councilor of State and director of the School of Cadets at St. Petersburg during the reign of Alexander I q.v. It was presumably through his influence that Emperor Alexander revoked the edict against Freemasonry and became a member of the craft himself. Boeber was grand master of the G.L. of Russia from 1811–14. He became a member of the Lodge "Alexander of Charity of the Crowned Pelican" in 1808 or 1809. This lodge worked under the Swedish system.

Jacob Boehmen (also Bohm, Boehme) See Bohme J. Caleb Boggs Governor of Delaware. b. May 15, 1909 at Cheswold, Del. Received A.B. from Univ. of Delaware and

LL.D. from Georgetown Univ. Practiced law in Wilmington. U.S. Congressman from 1946–52. Active service in WW1 as army colonel. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 23; 32° Delaware Consistory, both of Wilmington. Member of Nur Shrine Temple, Wilmington; Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Milford; National Sojourners, DeMolay, Jesters, of Wilmington.

Lewis V. Bogy (1813–1877) U.S. Senator from Missouri. b. April 9, 1813 at St. Genevieve, Mo., a descendant of the early French settlers of the region. Studied law in Illinois and Kentucky and graduated from Lexington Law School in 1835 and set up practice in St. Louis. Served several terms in Missouri legislature and in 1867–68 was commissioner of Indian affairs. Interested in the development of the mineral resources of the state, he was a founder and president of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain railroad. Elected to U.S. Senate as a democrat in 1873. Member of Polar Star Lodge No. 79 of St. Louis.

Jakob Bohme (1575–1624) Also Boehmen, Bohm, Boehme. Leading German theosophist and mystic. In later years some of his disciples who were Freemasons, sought to incorporate his dogmas into Freemasonry and to make the lodges schools of theosophy. The Theosophic Rites of Freemasonry, which prevailed to a great extent in France and Germany can be traced to Bohme's ideas. In 1634 he published *Aurora*, order die Morgenrote im Auf gang which was condemned as heretical by the church.

Simon Bolivar (1783–1830) The “George Washington” of

South America, who in 20 years of warfare liberated from Spanish tyranny the area which is now Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia. b. in Caracas, Venezuela. He joined Freemasonry in Cadiz, Spain and received the Scottish Rite degrees in Paris and was knighted in a Commandery of Knights Templar in France in 1807. While on a diplomatic mission to London in 1810 he was active in Freemasonry in that country. He founded and served as master of Protectora de las Vertudes Lodge No. 1 in Venezuela and in 1824 founded the Lodge Order and Liberty No. 2 in Peru. In 1828, when the anti-Masonic wave was sweeping over the world, Bolivar forbade meetings of Masons in Venezuela. His Scottish Rite collar and apron are on exhibit in the New York Grand Lodge museum. Catholic born, he broke away from the church when, in his liberation movement, he found that the clerics who ruled with an iron hand under the Spanish administration were among his chief opponents. On his death bed in 1830 he returned to Catholicism for spiritual aid. Nevertheless it was as a Freemason that he performed the deeds which established him as one of the greatest liberators of the world.

Frank C. Bolles Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 25, 1872 at Elgin, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1896 and promoted through grades to major general in 1935. Served in Spanish American War, Philippine Insurrection and WW1. Wounded twice and gassed once. Commanded 39th Infantry in WW1, later 30th Infantry at Presidio, Calif. Was commanding general of Ft. Russell, Ft. Stotsenburg, Fort Sheridan, Fort Sam Houston and 7th Corps Area. Retired in 1936. President

of Union State Bank, South San Antonio, Texas since 1937. Mason and member of National Sojourners.

Jerome Bonaparte (1784–1860) Brother of Napoleon I q.v. b. Nov. 15, 1784. Served as lieutenant on an expedition to Haiti in 1803 and took refuge from British in United States where in 1803 he married Elizabeth Patterson of Baltimore. The marriage was annulled in 1805 as Napoleon did not recognize it. He later married Princess Catherine of Wurtemberg. He was made King of Westphalia in 1807 by Napoleon and was afterwards known as the Duc de Monfort. At Napoleon's defeat in 1814, he settled in Florence, returning to France in 1848; was made a Marshal of France in 1850 and served as president of the Senate. He was grand master of the Grand Orient of Westphalia. d. June 24, 1860.

Joseph Bonaparte (1768–1844) Eldest of the four brothers of Napoleon who were all Freemasons. b. Jan. 7, 1768. He was a member of the Council of Five Hundred in 1798 and councilor of state in 1799. Napoleon made him King of Naples from 1806–08 and King of Spain from 1803–13. From 1815–32, following Napoleon's defeat he lived in the United States under the name of Comte de Survilliers. He was made a Freemason at the Tuilleries in April, 1805 by a commission composed of "Bros. Cambaceres, Kellerman, Hugh Maret and several others" and in the same year was appointed as grand master of the Grand Orient of France by Napoleon. d. July 28, 1844.

Louis Bonaparte (1778–1846) Brother of Napoleon I and

King of Holland. b. Sept. 2, 1778. Made King of Holland in 1806 by Napoleon, abdicating in 1810, when he assumed the title of Comte de St. Leu. In 1805 he was governor of Paris, and when his brother, Joseph was named grand master of the Grand Orient of France in 1805, he was named deputy grand master. d. July 25, 1846. Father of Emperor Napoleon III.

Lucien Bonaparte (1775–1840) Brother of Napoleon I and a member of the Grand Orient of France. As president of the Council of Five Hundred in 1799, he aided Napoleon in securing dictatorship of France. He was named ambassador to Madrid in 1800 and negotiated a treaty between Spain and Portugal in 1801, but in 1810 was exiled for opposing Napoleon's policies and while on way to United States was captured by the English and held as prisoner of state in England. In 1814 he was given the title of Prince of Canino. b. May 21, 1775. d. June 29, 1840.

Napoleon Bonaparte See Napoleon I.

Shadrach Bond (1773–1832) First governor of Illinois. b. Nov. 24, 1773 in Frederick Co., Md. He moved to Kaskaskia (Ill.), then in Indiana territory and was a member of the legislature of the Illinois territory and its first delegate to Congress, serving from 1812–14. In 1814 he was appointed receiver of public monies and when Illinois became a state he was elected its first governor, serving 1818–22. He was initiated in Temple Lodge No. 26, Reisterstown, Md. and affiliated with Western Star Lodge No. 107 at Kaskaskia, Ill. on Dec. 27, 1806, serving as master of the lodge in 1815–18–27–28–29.

He was first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1822, which later became defunct. d. April 12, 1832.

Thomas Bond (1712–1784) Distinguished early day physician who founded the Pennsylvania hospital. He was closely associated with Benjamin Franklin and Dr. John Bartram, the botanist, in a literary society of Philadelphia. In 1749 he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.

August (Anshel) Bondi (1833–1907) Compatriot of free-stater John Brown q.v. b. July 21, 1833 Vienna, Austria. An adventurer whose last request was that he be known as a “fighter for freedom,” he first saw action at the age of 14 in the Metternich revolution after which he migrated to the United States. He joined a group going to Cuba to fight the Spaniards, but this venture failed. He also attempted to join Perry’s first expedition to Japan. Finally settling in Kansas, he joined John Brown and his free-staters and participated in the battles of Blackjack and Osawatimie. At the outbreak of the Civil War he joined the 5th Kansas Cavalry and participated in the battles of Black River, Pine Bluff; and was left for dead on the battlefield at Monticello Cross Roads (Ark.) A few months later he was mustered out of the service. His many business ventures failed, due mainly to his wanderlust. He died Sept. 30, 1907 in St. Louis and was buried in Salina, Kansas with Jewish and Masonic rites.

William W. Bondurant Educator and college president. b. Rice, Va. Professor of Latin. President of Daniel Baker College, Brownwood, Texas, 1915–16. Superintendent of Texas Military

Institute from 1926–47 (emeritus since 1952). Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Manual Jose Carazzo Bonilla Vice president of Costa Rica (1936–40) under President Castro. Was secretary of state. A brilliant student, he was active in many political fields. Member of Caridad Lodge No. 26. Ygnacio Bonillas (1858–1944) Ambassador from Mexico to United States from 1917. b. Feb. 1, 1858 at San Ygnacio, Sonora, Mexico. Studied at Mass. Inst. of Tech. Mining inspector, state of Sonora 1911–13. Secretary in first Carranza cabinet 1884–88. Member of 23rd Congress, State of Sonora and member of commission to settle difficulties arising from Villa's attack on Columbus, N. Mex. and Pershing expedition. Mason. d. Jan. 31, 1944.

Nicholas de Bonneville (1760–1828) French writer, book-seller, man of letters and president of one of the Paris districts at outbreak of French Revolution in 1789. b. March 13, 1760 at Evreux. In 1788 he published a book entitled *The Jesuits driven from Freemasonry and their weapon broken by the Freemasons* (translation). His theory was that the Jesuits had introduced the history of the life and death of the Templars into the symbolic degrees, and the doctrine of vengeance for the political and religious crime of their destruction. He is best known for his *History of Modern Europe*. (1792).

Milton O. Boone Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. June 15, 1891 at Oakland, N.J. Commissioned in 1917, rising to rank of brigadier general in 1948. Served in A.E.F. during WW1. During WW2 was commanding general of California

Quartermaster Depot at Oakland and later of the European command from 1946–48. Retired, 1948. Mason.

William J. Boone (1860–1936) Founder and president of College of Idaho, 1891–1936. b. Nov. 5, 1860 at Cannonsburg, Pa. Received B.A., M.A., D.D. from Wooster College (Ohio) and LL.D. and S.T.B. from Western Theological Seminary. Ordained Presbyterian minister in 1887. Mason. d. July 8, 1936.

Ballington Booth (1859–1940) Reformer and founder of The Volunteers of America. b. July 28, 1859 at Brighouse, Yorkshire, England, second son of General William Booth, founder of the Salvation Army. Ballington was in charge of the Salvation Army in Australia from 1885–87 and in the United States from 1887 to 1896 when he withdrew from the army after disagreement with his father on the method of operation in America. He then organized a similar group, The Volunteers of America. His wife, Maud Charlesworth, aided him in founding the Volunteers and directed its prison work. She was one of the founders of the Parent–Teachers Association. Booth was a member of Montclair Lodge No. 144, N.J. about 1899, and later Charter Oak Lodge No. 249, New York City. He was past grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York and member of York and Scottish rites as well as Kismet Temple, AAONMS. d. Oct. 5, 1940.

Charles B. Booth Reformer and welfare worker, head of The Volunteers of America since 1948. Son of Ballington Booth q.v., founder of the Volunteers, and grandson of

General William Booth, founder of the Salvation Army. b. Dec. 26, 1887, Brooklyn, N.Y. Was general secretary of the Volunteer Prison League 1906–15 and national field secretary of the Big Brother and Big Sister Federation, 1925–29. Associated with The Volunteers of America since 1930 in Detroit, Pittsburgh and Kansas City, Mo. Western area secretary 1938–39, national field secretary, 1939–45, central area commander, 1945–49, and general commander in chief since 1949. Raised in Montclair Lodge No. 144, Montclair, N.J. and demitted to Morton Lodge No. 63, Hempstead, N.Y.

Edwin T. Booth (1833–1893) Famous Shakespearean actor of the American stage. b. Nov. 13, 1833 at Belair, Md. Member of a famous stage family, his father was Junius Brutus and his brother, John Wilkes, who assassinated Lincoln on April 14, 1865. Edwin first appeared on the stage in 1849 and by 1855 was a well established actor. His later travels carried him throughout the world. He was greatly admired for his moral strength in rising above periods of poverty and hunger, his father's addiction to drink and periods of insanity, and his brother's act of assassination and death. He was initiated in New York Lodge No. 330 on Sept 11, 1857 and raised Sept. 23. His love of Freemasonry is attested by his bequest of five thousand dollars to the Hall and Asylum Fund, and his statement that “. . . to be worshipful master and to throw my whole soul in that work, with the candidate for my audience, and the lodge for my stage, would be greater personal distinction than to receive the plaudits of the people in the theaters of the world.” He was an honorary member of the Masonic Veterans Association of New York, and on at least

two occasions gave dramatic recitals in Independent Lodge. While visiting a lodge in Omaha, Nebr. he was called upon to give a short talk and when asked what his favorite hymn was, he answered Jesus Lover of My Soul, and recited it. Asked for his favorite prose, he called the members to stand and repeated The Lord's Prayer. In 1925 Booth was elected to the American Hall of Fame. d. June 7, 1893.

John L. Booth Broadcasting and newspaper executive. b. June 13, 1907 at Detroit, Mich. Founder, president and owner of Booth Radio & TV Stations, Inc., which includes WJLB, Detroit; WBBC, Flint; WSGW, Saginaw; WBKZ-TV, Kalamazoo-Battle Creek; WSBM-TV, Flint-Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, since 1939. As director of Booth Newspapers, Inc., he is owner and operator of the Grand Rapids Press, Flint Journal, Saginaw News, Bay City Times, Muskegon Chronicle, Kalamazoo Gazette, Jackson City Patriot, and Ann Arbor News. Mason.

Sir Robert Laird Borden (1854-1937) Prime minister of Canada, 1911-1920. 1:). in Nova Scotia where he was a member of the craft. Member of Parliament from 1896, and leader of Conservative opposition in House of Commons, 1901. Served as delegate to Paris Peace Conference in 1919 and was representative of Canada on Council of League of Nations.

James B. Boren President of Midwestern University, Wichita Falls, Texas. b. Nov. 16, 1905 at Ennis, Tex. Served as a public school superintendent from 1931-39, organizing and

establishing Mangum (Okla.) Junior College in 1937, serving as president until 1939. From 1939–42 he was president of Southwestern Institute of Technology at Weatherford, Okla., and since 1939 has been president of Midwestern University (Hardin College). Mason.

Gutzon Borglum (John Gutzon de la Mothe Borglum) (1871–1941) Sculptor and painter, best known for the gigantic Mt. Rushmore national memorial in the Black Hills of S.D. b. March 25, 1871 in Idaho and educated in public schools of Nebraska. Studied art in San Francisco and Paris. M.A. from Princeton Univ. and L.L.D., Oglethorpe Univ. Painted, studied and traveled in Spain, Europe, England until 1901 when he settled in New York. Among his many marbles and bronzes are Sheridan Equestrian, Washington, D.C. and Chicago, Ill.; colossal marble head of Lincoln in rotunda of Capitol in Washington; bronze group, Mares of Diomedes in Metropolitan Museum; Lincoln, Newark, N.J.; Trudeau memorial, Saranac Lake; Trail Drivers Memorial, Texas. He designed and began carving the Confederate Memorial on the face of Stone Mountain, Ga., but a controversy arose with the association and he destroyed all plans and models. Borglum designed the Confederate half-dollar. His greatest work, however, is the Black Hills carving which he designed and officially started on August 10, 1927, when President Coolidge dedicated it. He lived to see the fourth head unveiled in 1939, but not to complete the work—which was done by his son, Lincoln q.v. in 1941. Borglum was an active Mason, being raised in Howard Lodge No. 35, New York City on June 10, 1904, and serving as its master in 1910–11. In 1915 he

was appointed grand representative of the Grand Lodge of Denmark near the Grand Lodge of New York. He received his Scottish Rite Degrees in the New York City Consistory on Oct. 25, 1907, but was suspended in 1921. His lodge possesses the gavel used by him in the form of a bronze lion's paw, holding a stone from Solomon's Temple. He executed the bust of Edward M. L. Ehlers, who was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of New York, that is now in the grand lodge library. His memorial "Silence" is in the Soldiers' and Sailors' Memorial Hospital at the Masonic Home in Utica, N.Y. The cornerstone of his studio on the hills above Stamford, Conn. was laid with Masonic ceremonies by the grand master of New York under special dispensation from Connecticut. d. March 6, 1941.

Lincoln Borglum Sculptor. b. April 9, 1912 at Stamford, Conn., son of Gutzon Borglum q.v. the famous sculpture under his father for 12 years and also in Europe. With the National Memorial, Black Hills, S.D. since 1932. He was in charge of measurements and enlarging models from 1934–38 and superintendent of the memorial since 1938. Following the death of his father in 1941, he was assigned to complete the memorial. Lincoln was raised in Battle River Lodge No. 92 of Hermosa, South Dakota.

Ernest Borgnine Stage and screen actor, who in 1956 won an "Oscar" and more honors than any other actor for a single performance (in Marty) . Served ten years in U.S. Navy during WW2 and studied acting under the GI bill. Started on legitimate stage with Barter theater in Virginia and later to

New York. With Shakespearean group that gave eleven performances of Hamlet at Kronburg castle, Elsinore and then entertained soldiers in Europe. Back in America he was with a road show, playing the lead in Born Yesterday, winding up on Broadway in Mrs. McThing with Helen Hayes. Turning to TV he took the part of Captain Video and did some 200 radio and TV shows. The Mob brought him to Hollywood where he made From Here To Eternity and Marty. Borgnine is a member of Abingdon Lodge No. 48, Abingdon, Va.

Solon Borland (?–1864) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, Confederate brigadier general, minister to Nicaragua. Studied medicine and settled in Little Rock, Ark. Served in Mexican War and taken prisoner. Returning to Arkansas, he was appointed to fill Senator Sevier's unexpired term, 1948–53. Appointed minister to Nicaragua in 1853, serving until 1854. On his return he declined the governorship of New Mexico offered by President Pierce. Entered Civil War early and rose to rank of brigadier general in Confederate service. d. Jan. 31, 1864.

Henry V. Borst (1857–1925) Justice of Supreme Court of New York. b. July 6, 1857 at Cobleskill, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell Univ. and Albany (N.Y.) Law School. Admitted to New York bar in 1877 and became justice of Supreme Court of New York, 4th Dist., 1913, serving until his death Nov. 26, 1925. Mason.

Joseph Boruwlaski Celebrated dwarf of the 18th century known as "Count Borulaski" who was made a Mason at

Warsaw, Poland and raised to the 3rd degree in the City of Chester, England (Feather's Lodge) on Nov. 15, 1783. English records show that he visited many Masonic lodges.

Frederick W. Boschen (1876–1942) Major General, U.S. Army. b. May 9, 1876 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Entered army as a private in 1898 and advanced through grades to major general in 1936. Served in Spanish American War and in WW1. Was chief of finances, U.S. Army from 1936 until retired. Mason. d. April 1, 1942.

Sir Alexander Boswell (1775–1822) Antiquarian and poet. Son of James Boswell q.v. the famous biographer of Dr. Johnson. He issued reprints of old poems from his private press and was a Conservative M.P. from 1818–21. He was ex-officio provincial grand master of Ayrshire and master of Canongate–Kilwinning Lodge No. 2 in Edinburgh when he was killed in a duel in 1822.

Elmer E. Boswell Hotel executive. b. Feb. 2, 1891 at Canton, Ill. Started as bell boy with Sheraton Hotel Corp. and rose to vice president in charge of all hotel operations and general manager since 1943. Director since 1952. Mason and Shriner.

James Boswell (1740–1795) Biographer of Dr. Samuel Johnson q.v. A Scottish lawyer who was acquainted with the literary greats of his age such as Voltaire, Rousseau and Wilkes. He met Dr. Johnson in London in 1763, visiting him frequently between 1772 and 1784 and touring the Hebrides with him in 1773. He took voluminous notes of Johnson's

conversations. In 1782 he succeeded to his father's estate and was called to the English bar in 1786. He was raised in Canongate–Kilwinning Lodge, Edinburgh, on Oct. 14, 1759 and was master of the lodge in 1773–75 and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Scotland from 1776–78. In Feb. 1777 he was made an honorary member of Lodge of Edinburgh No. 1. d. May 19, 1795. His son Alexander q.v. was active in Freemasonry as well as his uncle, John, q.v.

John Boswell One of the earliest known speculative Freemasons and ancestor of James Boswell q.v. the famous biographer of Samuel Johnson. Known as the Laird of Auchinleek (laird meaning property holder), he was present at a meeting of the Lodge of Edinburgh on June 8, 1600, and like his operative brethren, attested to the minutes by his mark.

John Boswell, M.D. Uncle of biographer James Boswell q.v. who was Censor of the Royal College of Physicians in Edinburgh. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Scotland in 1753–54.

Giovanni Bottesini (1821–1889) Italian musician and composer reputed to be the world's greatest contrabassist. He was director of the Conservatory at Parma. Among his compositions are the opera *Cristoforo Colombo* (1887), symphonies, and overtures. He was initiated June 20, 1849 in the Bank of England Lodge No. 263, London, England.

Karl August Bottiger (1760–1835) Famous German

archaeologist and scholar. Initiated in the Lodge of the Golden Apple, Dresden, on November 8, 1781.

C. A. Bottolfsen Governor of Idaho. b. Oct. 10, 1891 at Superior, Wis. Began as a printer in Fessenden, N. Dak. and became publisher and owner of the Arco Advertiser in 1910. Elected governor of Idaho in 1939, serving two terms until 1945. Was member of the Idaho legislature four terms and speaker of the house in 1931. Served in WW1 as corporal in the army. A member of Arco Lodge No. 48, Arco, Idaho and a past district deputy grand master. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Raymond V. Bottomly Justice, Supreme Court of Montana. b. July 16, 1885 at Cederville, Kans. Admitted to bar in 1915. Was assistant attorney general of Montana for several years and attorney general from 1942–49. Elected justice of Supreme Court terms 1949–55 and 1955–61. Raised in Gaylord Lodge No. 183, Gaylord, Kansas in 1906 and demitted to become a charter member of Harlam Lodge No. 108, Harlam, Mont. 32° AASR (SJ) at Great Falls, Mont. Member of Algeria Shrine Temple, Helena, Mont.

Francis E. Bouck (1873–1941) Chief Justice Supreme Court of Colorado. b. Nov. 25, 1873 at New York City. Admitted to Colo. bar in 1896 and practiced at Leadville. Elected justice of Supreme Court of Colorado for term 1933–43 and served as chief justice from 1941 until death on Nov. 24, 1941. Mason.

Thomas Boude The brick mason for Independence Hall in Philadelphia, which after two centuries is still sound. He was

the first secretary of St. John's Lodge in Philadelphia which laid the cornerstone of the hall with Benjamin Franklin as grand master. Boude later became deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.

Elias C. Boudinot (1835–1890) Indian chief and one of the most noted characters of Indian Territory. b. Aug. 1, 1835 in Cherokee nation near Rome, Ga. Orphaned when young, he was raised by relatives. Settled in Fayetteville, Ark., studied law and admitted to bar in 1858, but soon turned to journalism and became editorialwriter. Elected secretary of the Arkansas secession convention in 1861 and helped General Standwaite raise an Indian regiment. In 1863 he was elected delegate for Indian Territory to the Confederate Congress. Spent his later years in Washington working for his Cherokee nation. He was an advocate of education for the Indian, the breaking up of tribal relations and of allotting the lands in severalty. It is believed that Albert Pike conferred the 32° on him in 1886. He died Sept. 27, 1890 and was buried with Masonic honors by Belle Point Lodge No. 20 of Fort Smith, Ark.

Louis de Bourbon-Conde (Comte de Clermont) (1709–1771) Elected Grand Master of France Dec. 2, 1743. He made many improvements in Freemasonry during his early years, but in the latter part of his life he delegated the work to others and on his death in 1771 left the craft weaker than when he first took over. It was during his grandmastership that the name was changed from the “English Grand Lodge of France” to the Grand Lodge of France.

Duchess of Bourbon First grand mistress of the French adoptive Freemasonry. Installed on March 25, 1775 in a fete d' adoption given by the Lodge of Candour under the constitution of the Grand Orient of France. The Duke of Chartres q.v. presided in his capacity as grand master of the Grand Orient. Other female members of note were the Duchess of Chartres, Princess Lambelle, Countess Polignac, Countess Choiseul-Gouffier and the Marchioness of Coutebonne q.v.

Thomas E. Bourke Major General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. May 5, 1896 at Saverna Park, Md. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced through grades to major general in 1945. Promoted to lieutenant general on retirement in 1946. Served in both World Wars including Virgin Islands, Nicaragua, Pearl Harbor, Guadalcanal, Tarawa, Saipan and Leyte. Mason.

Augustus O. Bourn Former governor of Rhode Island. He was raised May 18, 1860 in What Cheer Lodge No. 21, Providence, R. I.

Clarence M. Boutelle Author of *The Man Of Mount Moriah*, a novel with Masonic significance. Was raised in Rochester Lodge No. 21, Rochester, Minn. in 1885.

Warren E. Bow (1891–1945) President of Wayne University, Detroit, Mich. b. June 2, 1891 at Detroit. Received degrees from Univ. of Illinois, Univ. of Michigan and Battle Creek College. Teacher, principal and dean of schools. Superintendent of the Detroit Public Schools from 1942

and president of Wayne Univ. since 1942. Mason, Knight Templar, AASR and Shriner. d. May 12, 1945.

Sir Mackenzie Sowell (1823–1917) Prime Minister of Canada. b. at Rockinghall, England, he came to Canada in 1833. Represented North Hastings in Parliament from 1867–96 and served as Minister of Customs 1878–91. In the cabinet of Sir John A. Macdonald q.v. 1891–94 as Minister of Militia and later as Minister of Trade and Commerce. Served as Prime Minister from Dec. 21, 1894 to April 27, 1896, and thereafter for ten years was a member of the Senate and Conservative Party leader. He was knighted by Queen Victoria in 1895. While residing at Belleville, he was editor and publisher of the Belleville Intelligencer. He was raised in St. Lawrence Lodge No. 640 (English const. now No. 14 R.Q.) of Montreal in 1864. On Feb. 4, 1897 he affiliated with Eureka Lodge No. 283 (GL of Canada in Ont.), at Belleville, and was later a charter member of Moira Lodge No. 11 at Belleville.

John C. Bowen U.S. District Judge, western district of Washington. b. May 12, 1888 at Newbern, Tenn. Degrees from Univ. of Tennessee and Harvard Law School. Practiced in Washington. Member of Columbia River Basin Committee which promoted Grand Coulee Dam and assisted in letting the first construction contract. Was collector of internal revenue for Washington and Alaska 1933–34. U.S. district judge since 1934. Mason.

John Wesley Edward Bowen Methodist bishop. b. Sept. 24, 1889 at Baltimore, Md. Ordained to ministry of Methodist

church in 1917. Held pastorates in Jackson, Miss., Shreveport and New Orleans, La.; dean of Walden College; field agent for Board of Sunday Schools. Editor of the Central Christian Advocate, 1944–48. Resident bishop of the Atlantic Coast Area, Methodist Church since 1948. Served in WW1 as chaplain. Mason.

Oliver Bowen (?–1800) Commodore of American Navy in the Revolutionary War. A revolutionary patriot of Augusta, Ga., who was successful in the early days of the war in seizing a large quantity of powder stored on Tybee Island, near Savannah, Ga., July 10, 1775. He joined the unsuccessful expedition against Wilmington in 1778. He has been called the “First Admiral of the American Navy.” A member of Solomon’s Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga., he was later suspended for visiting an illegal lodge at Sunbury, Ga.

Thomas Bartholomew Bowen (1741–1816) One of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council AASR (SJ) at Charleston, S.C. Born in Ireland, he emigrated to Pennsylvania and entered the Continental Army rising to rank of major with various Pennsylvania regiments, serving from April 6, 1776 to Jan. 1, 1781. He was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati. He was raised in Lodge No. 2 at Philadelphia on June 28, 1784 and entered the Scottish Rite the following year. He demitted from his original lodge May 8, 1785 upon moving to Charleston and was named first senior warden of a new lodge (No. 27) chartered by Pennsylvania. He was active in founding the Grand Lodge of South Carolina and in 1792 became its third grand master. As a printer, he published the

South Carolina Weekly Messenger and Columbian Herald or Patriotic Courier of North America, and was also printer for the Supreme Council, AASR.

Oden Bowie Former Governor of Maryland. Member of Centre Lodge No. 108, Baltimore, Md. and reported as such in the grand lodge proceedings of 1895.

Henry L. Bowles (1866–1932) U.S. Congressman from 2nd Mass. district to 69th and 70th Congresses (1925–29). b. Jan. 6, 1866 at Athens, Vt. Began in lunch business with \$1,000 borrowed capital in 1897 and extended business to ten cities in U.S. and Canada as Bowles Lunch, Inc. Mason. d. May 17, 1932.

John Bowles President, Rexall division of Rexall Drug Co. b. Nov. 16, 1916 at Monroe, N.C. Graduated from Univ. of N.C. in 1938 and began with Rexall Drug Co. in Los Angeles in 1949 as a stockroom clerk. Successively was field representative, district sales manager, regional sales manager and vice president. Director since 1955 and president of the Rexall division since 1955. Mason.

William Augustus Bowles (1763–1805) White man who became war chief of the Five Civilized Tribes. b. in Frederick Co., Md., the son of an English schoolmaster. He ran away when 13 and joined the British army obtaining a commission, later deserting at Pensacola, where he joined the Creek Indians and married an Indian woman. He led the Indian contingent at the surrender of Pensacola and was reinstated in

the British Army for his service. He turned his Indians against the Spanish as well as the Americans to promote the British cause. On a trip to England, he was “admitted an honorary member” of Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London on Jan. 20, 1791. It is thought he was initiated at another place. He was made “Provincial grand master to the Creek, Cherokee, Chickasaw and Choctaw Indians” by the Grand Lodge of England. Twice captured by the Spaniards, he finally died prisoner in Morro Castle at Havana, Cuba, Dec. 23, 1805.

Frank L. Bowman (1879–1936) Congressman from 2nd W. Va. district to 69th to 72nd Congresses (1925–33). b. Jan. 21, 1879 at Masontown, Pa. Practiced law at Morgantown, W. Va. in 1905 and served as postmaster and mayor of that city. Mason. d. Sept. 15, 1936.

Grover C. Bowman President of Massachusetts State Teachers College since 1937. b. Dec. 15, 1884 at Covington, Ind. Degrees from Williams, Yale, Columbia, and Rhode Island College of Education. Taught school in 1906 and since has been associated with schools in supervisory and executive capacities. Mason.

Robert J. Bowman President of Pere Marquette Railroad since 1942 and Chesapeake & Ohio since 1946. b. April 15, 1891 at Fostoria, Ohio. Began as clerk in N.Y.C. & St. Louis R.R. in 1907. Mason.

James Bowron (1844–1928) President of Gulf States Steel Co. b. Nov. 16, 1844 in England and became U.S. citizen

in 1885. Began in glass trade. Served as president of Gulf States Steel Co. 1913–21 and afterwards as chairman of the board. He built the town of South Pittsburgh, Tenn. which was started by his father. Is credited with having brought Alabama to the front as an active factor in the production of steel. Mason. d. Aug. 25, 1928.

Sir Leslie Boyce (1895–1955) Lord Mayor of London and corporation executive. b. July 9, 1895 at Taree, N.S.W. Educated at Oxford and called to the bar in 1922. Conservative member of Parliament from Gloucester, 1929–45; high sheriff of Gloucester, 1941–42; alderman, City of London since 1942 and lord mayor of London 1951–52. He is chairman and managing director of the Gloucester Railway Carriage & Wagon Co. and William Gardner & Sons, Ltd. Chairman and director of numerous other firms. Baroneted in 1952 and Knight Commander, O.B.E. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1948 and grand scribe N of the Grand Chapter of England in 1952. d. 1955.

David R. Boyd (1853–1936) University president. b. July 31, 1853 at Coshocton, Ohio. President of Univ. of Oklahoma, 1892–1908 and afterwards president emeritus. President of the Univ. of New Mexico 1912–19. Superintendent of Presbyterian Board of Home Missions, 1908–12. Mason. d. Nov. 17, 1936.

James E. Boyd Former Governor of Nebraska. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebr.

Thomas Boyd (?–1779) A lieutenant in the American

Revolution whose life was spared by Indian Chief Joseph Brant when the former gave a Masonic sign. Brant turned him over to either Colonel John Butler q.v. or his son Captain Walter Butler who allowed the Senecas to torture and kill him when he refused to give information on the movements of General Sullivan's q.v. army. Boyd was probably a member of Military Lodge No. 19 under warrant from the grand lodge of Pennsylvania (now Montgomery No. 19, Philadelphia). It was this lodge that gave his remains Masonic burial.

William L. Boyden (1866–1939) Masonic librarian and author. b. Jan. 6, 1866 at Washington, D.C. Served as librarian for Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, Southern Jurisdiction for many years and wrote extensively on Masonic subjects. Raised in Osiris Lodge No. 26, Washington, D.C. in 1891. Was charter member, secretary and master of Albert Pike Lodge No. 36, Washington. d. Dec. 1, 1939.

Jean Pierre Boyer (1776–1850) President of Haiti from 1818–43. b. Feb. 28, 1776 at Port au Prince. He was a free mulatto and first became known in the revolution of 1792, fighting first against the planters and then against the negroes. He fled to France but returned to Haiti with Gen. Victor Leclerc to fight for the restoration of the colony to France. Afterwards he joined Petion and Christophe in the revolution to establish a republic. He succeeded Petion in 1818 as president of the southern portion and after the death of Christophe in 1820, the entire island was brought under his presidency. His maladministration caused the revolution of 1843 and brought his fall. He emigrated to Jamaica and

thence to France, dying in Paris on July 9, 1850. He was grand commander of the Supreme Council AASR of Haiti, 33° and "Protector of the Order." According to the Magazine of American History (Vol. 13, p. 259, 1885) he was a frequent visitor to Somerset Lodge No. 34, Norwich, Conn.

Frank W. Boykin Congressman from 1st Alabama district 74th to 84th Congresses (1935–56). b. Feb. 21, 1885 at Bladon Springs, Ala. Started own business manufacturing railroad crossties and now identified extensively with real estate, farming, livestock, timber, lumber and naval stores in southern Alabama with headquarters at Mobile. Mason, AASR member, Shriner and Eastern Star.

Emerson R. Boyles Justice of Supreme Court of Michigan. b. June 29, 1881 in Eaton Co., Mich. Admitted to bar in 1903 and began practice in Charlotte, Mich. Served as probate judge, deputy attorney general of Michigan, member of Michigan Public Utilities Commission and legal advisor to the governor. Justice of the Supreme Court of Michigan since 1940. Mason and Knight Templar.

James S. Boynton Former Governor of Georgia. Reported as a member of St. John's Lodge No. 45, Jackson, Ga. in the grand lodge proceedings of 1862.

Paul Boynton (1848–?) Famous swimmer and adventurer. b. June 29, 1848 in Dublin, Ireland. Raised in Lodge of Friendship No. 206, London, England on May 21, 1875. With Gen. Pedro Martinez in revolution in Sonora, Mexico, followed

by life-saving service on Atlantic coast where in years 1867–69 he saved 71 lives. He then served in the Franco–Prussian war and afterwards to African diamond fields. In 1874 he made a spectacular leap from a ship off the coast of Ireland in a storm and by means of a rubberized, inflated suit he had invented, gained land 40 miles away. He gained world wide renown with his suit, propelling himself feet forward with a double-bladed paddle. Among his exploits were: crossed English channel in 24 hours (1875); paddled Rhine 430 miles (1875); Alton, Ill. to St. Louis, Mo. on the Mississippi (1876) and same year Bayou Goula to New Orleans, 100 miles in 24 hours; 400 miles on the Danube in six days (1876); navigated all important rivers of the continent, passed through canals of Venice and crossed the straits of Gibraltar; returned to the U.S. and floated from Oil City, Pa. to the Gulf of Mexico—2,342 miles in 80 days. His longest voyage was in 1881 when he started at Cedar Creek, Mont. and ended at St. Louis, Mo., 3,580 miles. In 1880–81 he was a commander of the Peruvian torpedo service, captured by the Chilians and ordered executed, but escaped by sea.

John Bracken Leader of Progressive Conservative Party of Canada and former premier of Manitoba. b. June 22, 1883 at Seeley's Bay, Ont. An agriculturist, he was professor of field husbandry at the Univ. of Saskatchewan, 1910–20 and president of Manitoba Agricultural College, Univ. of Manitoba, 1920–22. Member of Manitoba legislature and premier of Manitoba 1922–42. Elected to Canadian House of Commons, 1945. Leader of the Progressive Conservative Party, 1942–48. Mason.

Hugh H. Brackenridge (1748–1816) Justice, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania from 1799–1816. b. near Campbellton, Scotland. Brought to United States when five years old. Graduated from Princeton in 1771 in same class as James Madison. Went to Philadelphia in 1776 and edited the United States Magazine. Served as a chaplain in the Revolution. d. June 25, 1816. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Theophilus Bradbury (1739–1803) Justice, Supreme Court of Massachusetts. b. Nov. 13, 1739 in Newbury, Mass. Graduated at Harvard in 1757 and studied law while teaching at Falmouth (now Portland) Maine. Practiced law in Falmouth until 1779 when he returned to Newbury, served in both houses of the state legislature and twice elected to U.S. Congress, but resigned in 1797 to accept appointment of judge on the Massachusetts Supreme Court. Mason and member of Newburyport Commandery K.T. d. Sept. 6, 1803.

Thomas Bradford (1745–1838) Son of Col. William Bradford, known as the “patriot printer of 1776.” b. May 4, 1745 at Philadelphia. He entered his father’s printing office and became his partner and associate editor of the Pennsylvania Journal which he changed to the True American in 1801. It was printed in the same building occupied by his great-uncle, Andrew (8 Front St.) who published the American Weekly Mercury, the first newspaper in Philadelphia (1719) in which Benjamin Franklin q.v. first worked as a compositor. Thomas became captain of a military company in Philadelphia in 1775 and later was commissary-general of the Pennsylvania division of the Continental Army. After founding of federal

government, he became printer to Congress. He was a member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia as was his brother, William, Jr. q.v. d. May 7, 1838.

William Bradford, Jr. (1755–1795) Son of Col. William Bradford who was known as the “patriot printer of 1776,” and brother of Thomas q.v. b. Sept. 14, 1755 at Philadelphia. Graduated from Princeton in 1772 and studied law. Served in the Revolutionary War as lieut. colonel. In 1780 was appointed attorney general of Pennsylvania and justice of supreme court of Pennsylvania in 1791. On Jan. 8, 1794 he succeeded Edmund Randolph q.v. as the second attorney general of the United States and served until his death on Aug. 23, 1795. Member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia.

Henry D. Bradley President of the St. Joseph News–Press–Gazette Corp. b. Jan. 10, 1893 at Detroit, Mich. Was with the Toledo Blade (Ohio) from 1906–23 and in 1923 was with Lord Beaverbrook on the London Express (Eng.) in advisory capacity. From 1924–26 he was general manager of Norristown Times–Herald (Pa.) and president and general manager of the Times–Star at Bridgeport, Conn. He was publisher of the News Press and Gazette at St. Joseph from 1939 and president from 1950. He has recently turned the active managership over to his son, David. He is a member of Sanford L. Collins Lodge No. 396 of Toledo, Ohio, and a KCCH in the St. Joseph (Mo.) Consistory AASR (SJ).

Joseph S. Bradley Major General, U.S. Army. b. June 9, 1900 at Vancouver, Wash. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy,

1919 and advanced through grades to major general in 1944. Served with American occupation forces following WW1 and with infantry regiments in U.S., China and Philippines. With 32nd Division in S.W. Pacific in 1942. Now chief of training group, War Department General Staff, G-2. Mason.

Omar N. Bradley General of the Army (5-star). b. Feb. 12, 1893 at Clark, Mo. Graduated from West Point in 1915; Infantry School, 1925; Command and General Staff School, 1929; and Army War College, 1934. He has since received honorary LL.B. and other degrees from 20 institutions of higher learning. Advanced from 2nd lieut. in 1915 to brigadier general, 1941; major general, 1942; lieut. general, 1943; general, 1945 and general of the army, 1950. In WW2 he commanded the 2nd Corps in the Northern Tunisian and Sicilian campaigns; the 1st U.S. Army in the Normandy campaign and the 12th Army Group in France, Belgium, Holland, Luxembourg and Germany. He was chief of staff, U.S. Army 1948-49 and chairman U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, 1949-53. In 1945-47 he was administrator of Veterans Affairs. Since 1953 he has been chairman of the board of Bulova Research and Development Labs., Inc. He was raised in West Point Lodge No. 877, Highland Falls, N.Y. in 1923.

Willis W. Bradley (1884-1954) Naval officer, governor of Guam, U.S. Congressman. b. June 28, 1884 at Ransomville, N.Y. Graduated U.S. Naval Academy, 1907. Commissioned in Navy, 1907 and advanced through grades to captain in 1933, retiring in 1946. Governor of Guam 1929-31. Member of Congress from 18th dist. of California 1947-49. Awarded

Congressional Medal of Honor in WW1 and Silver Medal from Pope Pius XI. Mason, 32° AASR, Knight Templar and Shriner. Past national president of National Sojourners. d. Aug. 27, 1954.

Aaron Bradshaw Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 1, 1894 at Washington, D.C. Graduated U.S. Military Academy, 1917 and commissioned, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1943. Recipient of many decorations including Papal Lateran Cross. Editor of Coast Artillery Journal, 1936–40. Mason.

De Emmett Bradshaw Former president of Woodmen of the World Life Insurance Society and now chairman of the board. b. Jan. 5, 1869 in Izard Co., Ark. Practiced law since 1894, first in Arkansas and later in Nebraska. General attorney for Woodmen 1916–32 and president, 1932–43. Director of Omaha National Bank and Western Union Telegraph Co. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

John Bradstreet (1711–1774) British Major General of the French–Indian Wars. b. in Horbling, England. Sent to America as a young officer and remained here the rest of his life. Served in the expedition against Louisburg in 1745 as lieut. colonel of Pepperell's regiment. Made captain in 1745 and the following year appointed lieutenant governor of St. John's, Newfoundland. Defeated a strong party of French between Oswego and Albany, N.Y. Participated in the attack on Ticonderoga in 1758 and was made quartermaster general with the rank of colonel. In Aug. 1758 he captured

Fort Frontenac, which he razed to the ground and served under Amherst in his expedition against Crown Point and Ticonderoga in 1759. He was advanced to major general in 1772 and fought in Pontiac's war, negotiating a treaty of peace in Detroit in 1764. He was a member of the craft in Nova Scotia. d. Sept. 25, 1774 in New York City.

John M. Bradstreet American lawyer and businessman, who, in 1849 established Bradstreet's Improved Mercantile Agency, which in 1876 was called the Bradstreet Co. In 1933 it merged with the R. G. Dunn and Co. to form Dunn and Bradstreet, Inc., a firm furnishing financial data and credit ratings of American businesses and businessmen. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City.

Hugh Brady (1768–1851) Major General in War of 1812. b. in Northumberland Co., Pa. Joined the army as an ensign in March, 1792 and served in the western expedition under General Wayne. In War of 1812 he led the 22nd Infantry in Battle of Chippewa and distinguished himself in battles of Lundy's Lane and Niagara. Made brigadier general in 1822 and major general in 1848. Initiated June 9, 1797 in Lodge No. 22, Sunbury, Pa. and withdrew Jan. 15, 1805. d. April 15, 1851.

James H. Brady (1862–1918) U.S. Senator from Idaho. b. June 12, 1862 in Indiana Co., Pa. Moved to Idaho in 1894 and became governor of the state from 1909–11. Elected U.S. Senator in Jan. 1913 for term 1913–15 and again in 1914. Mason. d. Jan. 13, 1918.

James T. Brady (1815–1869) Famous criminal lawyer. b. April 9, 1815 in New York City. Admitted to the bar in 1836. It was said that he never lost a case in which he was before the jury for more than a week. At one time he successfully defended four clients charged with murder in a single week, and all without fee or reward. Made a Mason at sight by the grand master of New York in 1866 in Ivanhoe Lodge No. 610. d. Feb. 9, 1869.

David L. Brainard (1856–1946) Arctic explorer and brigadier general, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 21, 1856 in Norway, N.Y. Entered army as a private in 1876 and rose to brig. general in 1918. Served in Sioux, Nez Perce and Bannock campaigns (1877–78). Detailed for duty with Howgate Arctic exploring expedition in 1880. He was with Lady Franklin Bay Arctic expedition under Lt. Greely from 1881–84 and was one of the seven survivors rescued by Comdr. W. S. Schley. On May 13, 1882, he with two others reached the most northerly point attained up to that time (83°, 24', 30"). Received many awards and decorations for his services in the Arctic. Member of Marathon Lodge No. 438, Marathon, N.Y. in 1885. d. March 22, 1946.

William G. Bramham (1874–1947) Baseball executive. b. July 13, 1874 at Hopkinsville, Ky. Admitted to N.C. bar in 1905 and practiced at Durham. President and treasurer of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, 1933–46 and from 1946 until death, consultant to the president of the National Association. He also served as president of the following professional baseball clubs: South Atlantic,

Piedmont League, Eastern Carolina League, Virginia League.
Mason and Shriner. d. July 8, 1947.

Thomas E. Bramlette (1817–1875) Governor of Kentucky.
b. Jan. 3, 1817 in Cumberland Co., Ky. Admitted to bar in
1837 he was judge of the sixth district in 1856 but resigned
in 1861 to raise the 3rd Kentucky Infantry, and became its
colonel. He was elected governor of Kentucky as a Union man
in 1863 and by re-election until 1867. He was past master
of Albany Lodge No. 260, Albany, Ky. and a Knight Templar.
d. Jan. 12, 1875.

Cardinal Brancafarte Casanova, in his Memoirs wrote of
him: “The first day of the year, 1772, I presented myself to
the Cardinal Brancafarte, Legate of the Pope, whom I had
known at Paris 20 years previously when he was sent by
Benoit (Benedict XIV) to carry the blessed linen clothes to
the new-born Duke de Bourgoyne. We had been together in
a Lodge of Freemasons for the members of the Sacred College
who thundered against the Freemasons and knew well that
their anathemas impressed only the weak, whom a too lively
light might dazzle.”

John Branch (1782–1863) Secretary of the Navy, Governor
of North Carolina, Governor of Territory of Florida, U.S.
Senator. b. Nov. 4, 1782 at Halifax, N.C. Studied law and
became judge of the superior court and was state senator
from 1811–17, 1822, 1834. Elected governor in 1817 and
was U.S. Senator from 1823–29, resigning when appointed
Secretary of the Navy by Pres. Jackson. In 1844–5 he was

governor of the territory of Florida, serving until the election of a governor under the state constitution. Member of Royal White Hart Lodge No. 2, Halifax, N.C. d. Jan. 4, 1863.

James T. Brand Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon. b. Oct. 9, 1886 at Oberlin, Ohio. Degrees from Oberlin College, Harvard and Willamette Univ. Began private law practice in 1914 after three years as a forest ranger. Served as circuit judge 1927–41 and since that time has been associate justice of the Supreme Court of Oregon and chief justice in 1951–52. He was appointed judge of the military tribunal for trial of major war criminals at Nurnberg, Germany in 1947. Mason.

William A. Brandenburg (1869–1940) President of Kansas State Teachers College, 1913–40. b. Oct. 10, 1869 at Clayton Co., Iowa. Teacher and school superintendent in Iowa, Oklahoma and Kansas. Mason. d. Oct. 29, 1940.

Rodney H. Brandon Organizer of Loyal Order of the Moose. b. Sept. 21, 1881 at Monroe Co., Ind. One of the founders of the Loyal Order of the Moose in 1906 and an official in it until 1929. In 1913 he supervised the construction of Mooseheart and established Moosehaven, Fla. in 1922. Organizer of the Progressive Party in Indiana in 1912, moving to Illinois in 1913 where he was delegate to state constitutional convention in 1919. From 1929–33 he was director of Department of Public Welfare of Ill. In 1926 he was special investigator for U.S. of child welfare conditions in Europe. Lecturer in criminology, social hygiene and medical jurisprudence, Univ. of Illinois since 1933. Mason.

William W. Brandon (1868–1934) Governor of Alabama. b. June 5, 1868 at Talladega, Ala. Admitted to bar in 1892 and practiced at Tuscaloosa. Became successively a member of state house of representatives, clerk of Alabama constitutional convention, state auditor and probate judge. Served as governor from 1923–27. A major in Spanish American War, he was brigadier general and adjutant general of the Alabama national guard from 1898–1907. d. Dec. 7, 1934. Member of Rising Virtue Lodge No. 4 at Tuscaloosa.

Samuel Brannan (1819–1889) Mormon pioneer of California. b. in Saco, Me., he was an editor and printer and elder in the Mormon church, editing Mormon journals. He was leader of the Mormon colony that arrived in San Francisco in July, 1846 on the ship Brooklyn from New York. The discovery of gold in 1848 led to the dissolution of the Mormon community in California and a little later to Brannan's apostasy from the Mormon church, an event that followed a quarrel with Brigham Young and other Utah leaders. Brannan was practically first in everything in the San Francisco area. He preached the first Protestant sermon in California and solemnized the first Protestant marriage in the state. He was the subject of the first jury trial and organized the first newspaper, *The California Star* in San Francisco (2nd in the state). He brought the first gold from Coloma and thereby started the first stampede from that village to the new diggings on the American River. He was the first to offer a resolution to exclude slavery from California. He was California's first millionaire, built the first flour mill in San Francisco and was a member of California Lodge No. 1, of San Francisco.

Melvin A. Brannon (1865–1950) College president and biologist. b. Sept. 11, 1865 at Lowell, Ind. Taught science and biology 1890–1914. Organized School of Medicine, Univ. of North Dakota in 1905. President of Univ. of Idaho 1914–17 and Beloit College 1917–23. Chancellor University of Montana 1923–33. Mason. d. March 26, 1950.

John Brant (1794–1832) Indian chief of the Mohawks and son of the more famous Joseph Brant q.v. His Indian name was Ahyouwaighs. b. Sept. 27, 1794 at Mohawk Village, Upper Canada. Served the British with distinction in the War of 1812. Visited England in 1821 in effort to settle differences between the Mohawks and the government of Upper Canada and correspondence shows that he was also commissioned by the grand lodge at Niagara to place the state of the Craft before the English Masonic authorities. He succeeded his father, the noted Joseph, as principal chief of the Six Nations in 1807. He died in Sept. 1832 of Asiatic cholera, having been elected to the parliament of Upper Canada only shortly before. It is supposed that he was initiated about 1815 in Union Lodge No. 24 which first met in Flamborough Village and afterwards at Dundas and Ancaster. He received his second degree on May 10, 1818. On Nov. 7, 1818 he was acting secretary of the lodge and was elected junior warden on Dec. 27, 1819.

Joseph Brant (1742–1807) Mohawk Indian chief and later principal chief of the Six Nations. He was the first Indian-Freemason of which there is record and the most famous Indian of the Revolutionary period. b. on the banks of the Ohio river in 1742. Sir William Johnson q.v. became interested

in him and educated him in Eleazar Wheelock's school. Johnson also was the common-law husband of Brant's sister, Molly. In 1771 Brant became chief sachem of the Six Nations at the age of 29. He fought with Johnson in Battle of Lake George (1755); Niagara campaign (1759) and Pontiac's War (1763). He became secretary to Guy Johnson q.v., superintendent of Indian affairs and nephew of Sir William, in 1774. Sent to England in 1775 where he was made a Freemason in Hiram's Cliftonian Lodge No. 417, London, early in 1776. Returning to America, he participated as a colonel in the Cherry Valley massacre (1778); Minisink, Fort Stanwix and Oriskany (1779). At the war's end in 1783, he settled with his Mohawks on a six square mile grant on the Grand River in Ontario (Upper Canada). During the war Brant was credited with saving the lives of several Freemasons who appealed to him Masonically. They were: Col. John McKinstry (May 20, 1776); Lt. Johnathan Maynard (May 30, 1778); Major John Wood (July 19, 1779); Lt. Thomas Boyd (Sept. 13, 1779) who was later killed by the whites (q.v. each of the above names). In 1785 Brant again visited England in connection with a land grant and in 1796 was present at the first meeting of Barton Lodge No. 10, being listed as a member. In 1798 a charter was issued to Lodge No. 11, Brantford, Mohawk Village and named Joseph Brant as first master. He died Nov. 24, 1807 at the Brant mansion in Wellington Square, Ont. and his son John (Ahyouwaighs) was named principal chief as his successor q.v.

Charles W. Brashares Methodist Bishop. b. March 31, 1891 at Williamsport, Ohio. Attended Ohio Wesleyan, Boston Univ.,

Harvard and Cornell, receiving degrees of A.B., D.D., LL.D. Ordained Methodist Episcopal church in 1917 and served as pastor in Mass., Maine, Ohio, and Mich. from 1917–44. Bishop of Des Moines area from 1944–52 and bishop of Chicago area since 1952. Mason. Raised in Harmony Lodge No. 38, Gorham, Me. about 1918 and received AASR degrees in Dayton, Ohio. Demitted.

Alva J. Brasted Chief of chaplains, U.S. Army. b. July 5, 1876 at Findley Lake, N.Y. Ordained to Baptist ministry in 1905 and held pastorates in N. Dak., Minn., and Iowa until 1913 when commissioned chaplain in U.S. Army, rising to rank of colonel and chief of chaplains 1933–47. Now retired. Raised in Wauconda Lodge No. 298, Wauconda, Ill. and presently member of Sojourners Lodge No. 51, Washington, D.C. 32° AASR (SJ) in Fargo, N. Dak. in 1916.

Sam G. Bratton U.S. Senator from New Mexico and federal judge. b. Aug. 19, 1888 at Kosse, Texas. Educated in public schools and admitted to Texas bar in 1909, moving to Clovis, N. Mex. in 1915. Judge of the district court, 5th judicial dist. of N. Mex. 1919–22; associate justice supreme court of New Mex. 1923–24; U.S. Senator from N. Mex. 1925–33. Judge, U.S. Court of Appeals, 10th circuit since 1933. Member of Clovis Lodge No. 40, Clovis, New Mexico, 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of Santa Fe; Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple, Albuquerque, N.M. and Honorary Legion of Honor, Order of DeMolay.

Mason Brayman (1813–?) Major General in Civil War (Union). b. May 23, 1813 in Buffalo, N. Y. Brought up as a

farmer, but became a printer and edited the Buffalo (N. Y.) Bulletin, later studying law and taking up practice in Monroe, Mich. in 1838. In 1842 he opened a law office in Springfield, Ill. In 1845–46 he was special attorney to prosecute offenses growing out of the Mormon difficulties and negotiated a peace between the followers of Joseph Smith q.v. and their enemies at Nauvoo, Ill. Joined volunteer army in 1861 and was major in the 29th Illinois regiment, being promoted to major general at the close of the war. After war he engaged in railroad enterprises, edited the Illinois State Journal and moved to Wisconsin in 1873 and in 1876 was appointed as governor of the Territory of Idaho for four years, later returning to Wisconsin and practicing law at Ripon. Mason. Member Springfield (Ill) Lodge No. 4.

David Brearley (1745–1790) Revolutionary soldier, member of Constitutional Convention, chief justice of New Jersey and first grand master of New Jersey. b. June 11, 1745 near Trenton, N.J. He practiced law in Allentown and took an early part in the controversy with England for which he was arrested for high treason but set free by a mob of his fellow citizens. He was a member of the first convention to frame a constitution prior to 1781, and was an officer in the Revolutionary War. Elected chief justice of New Jersey in 1779, he served until 1789, when he was appointed U.S. District judge. He was one of the compilers of the Protestant Episcopal prayer-book of 1785 and was first grand master of New Jersey, serving from 1786 until his death on Aug. 10, 1790. Mason.

John Breathitt (1786–1834) Governor of Kentucky. b. Sept. 9, 1786 near New London, Va., he moved to Kentucky with his father in 1800 where he was a surveyor, teacher, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1810. A Jacksonian Democrat, he served several years in the legislature and was lieut. governor of Kentucky in 1828–32 and governor in 1832–34. He was a member of Russellville Lodge No. 17 and Russellville Chapter No. 8, R.A.M.

Daniel Breck (1788–1871) Judge, Supreme Court of Kentucky and U.S. Congressman. b. Feb. 12, 1788 at Topsfield, Mass. Graduated at Dartmouth in 1812, studied law and began practice in Richmond, Ky. in 1814. He became judge of the Richmond County court, was a member of the Kentucky house of representatives from 1824–29 and a judge of the supreme court of Kentucky from 1834–49. He served in the 31st Congress from 1849–51. A past master of Richmond Lodge No. 25, he served as grand master of Kentucky in 1827–28.

John Cabell Breckinridge (1821–1875) 14th Vice President of the United States, U.S. Senator, major general in Confederate army and secretary of war of the Confederate states. b. Jan. 21, 1821 near Lexington, Ky. A grandson of John Breckinridge, U.S. Senator and attorney general. Educated at Centre College and Transylvania Institute, he resided in Burlington, Iowa for a short time before settling at Lexington, Ky. where he practiced law. While in Burlington he petitioned Des Moines Lodge No. 41 (now 1) on Feb. 7, 1842 and on Dec. 5, 1842 was elected senior warden of the lodge, and

re-elected on June 5, 1843. Served as a major in the war with Mexico in 1847, returning to Kentucky to be elected first to the house of representatives and then to the U.S. Congress in 1851 and again in 1853. Elected vice president of the U.S. in 1856, serving from 1857–1861. As a presidential candidate in 1860 he received 72 electoral votes. The same year he was elected U.S. Senator from Kentucky to succeed John J. Crittenden q.v. At the beginning of the Civil War, he defended the south in the Senate and soon entered the Confederate service for which he was expelled from the senate on Dec. 4, 1861. On Aug. 5, 1862 he was made major general and for the next two years fought in many battles. He was secretary of war in Jefferson Davis's cabinet from Jan. 1865 until the close of the conflict when he fled to Cuba and then to Europe. He returned to the states in 1868 determined to have no further part in politics. He became a member of Good Samaritan Lodge No. 174 at Lexington, Ky. by affiliation; was suspended in 1861 and reinstated on Nov. 16, 1871. He was a member of Temple Chapter No. 19, R.A.M., Webb Commandery No. 2, K.T., both of Lexington and received the 33° AASR (SJ) on March 28, 1860. d. May 17, 1875 at Lexington, Ky. and was buried with Knight Templar services.

Robert Jefferson Breckinridge (1800–1871) Clergyman, lawyer, author and principal author of the public school system of Kentucky. b. March 8, 1800 at Cabell's Dell, Ky. Attended Princeton and practiced law for eight years, but in 1829 he determined to enter the ministry and was licensed to preach in 1832. Held several Presbyterian pastorates including Martimore and Lexington, Ky. Served four years in Kentucky

legislature. Edited several religious magazines and wrote a number of books. He was opposed to slavery even though his nephew John C. Breckinridge q.v. was secretary of war in Jefferson Davis's cabinet. He presided over the national Republican convention in 1864 which renominated Lincoln. His nephew, John C., was Lincoln's closest contender in the previous election. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1 and Lexington Chapter No. 1 of Lexington, Ky. d. Dec. 27, 1871.

William C. P. Breckinridge (1837–1904) Member U.S. Congress (1884–95) from 7th Kentucky district. First cousin of John C. Breckinridge q.v. vice-president of the United States. b. Aug. 28, 1837 at Baltimore, Md. son of Robert J. Breckinridge q.v. Although his father was opposed to slavery, William entered the Confederate army as a captain in 1861 and became colonel of the 9th Kentucky cavalry and commanded the brigade when it surrendered. Became professor of equity jurisprudence in Cumberland Univ., Term. A member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Ky., he delivered the oration at the cornerstone laying of the Masonic Temple in Richmond, Virginia in 1888.

Ernest R. Breech Chairman of the board of Ford Motor Company. b. Lebanon, Mo. Feb. 24, 1897. Began as an accountant with Fairbanks, Morse & Co. in 1917. Assistant treasurer of General Motors Corp., 1929–33 and vice president, 1933–42; chairman of board of North American Aviation 1933–42; president of Bendix Aviation Corp., 1942–47. Executive vice president and director of Ford Motor Co. from 1946–1955 and chairman of the board since. Holds directorates of several

large corporations. Raised in Austin Lodge No. 850, Chicago, Ill. in 1924. AASR (NJ) at Detroit and sovereign grand inspector general, 33°, since Sept. 1956.

R. E. Breed (1866–1926) Organizer and president of American Gas & Electric Co. b. March 17, 1866 at Pittsburgh, Pa. Director of many corporations. Mason. d. Oct. 14, 1926.

Robert G. Breene Major general, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 17, 1894 at Dayton, Ohio. Graduated with B.S. in M.E. from Purdue Univ. in 1917. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced through grades to major general in 1943. Mason.

Edmund Breese (1871–1936) Actor. b. June 18, 1871 at Brooklyn, N.Y. On the legitimate stage from 1896. Played lead roles in Neil Gwynn, Marie Stuart and Frou Frou. With James O'Neil in Merchant of Venice (1898); all star cast of Monte Cristo (1899), Romeo and Juliet (1899), Ransom's Folly (1904), Strongheart (1905). Originated "John Burkett Ryder" in The Lion and the Mouse which he played in New York and London. Later played "Richard Brewster" in The Third Degree. Star of The Earth in 1909. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 6, Norwalk, Conn. d. April 6, 1936.

Sidney Breese (1800–1878) U.S. Senator from Illinois and chief justice, Supreme Court of Illinois. b. July 15, 1800 at Whitesboro, N.Y. Moved to Illinois in 1821 where he became assistant secretary of state the following year and advanced to state attorney, U.S. attorney, circuit judge and in 1841 elected to the supreme court of that state. From 1843–49 he

was U.S. Senator from Illinois. In 1857 he was again elected to the supreme court and in 1873 became chief justice, holding that position until his death. Served in the Black Hawk War; a regent of the Smithsonian Institution; one of the organizers of the Illinois Central Railroad. He was a member and past master of Scott Lodge No. 79, Carlyle, Ill. d. June 27, 1878.

Walter E. Brehm U.S. Congressman from 11th Ohio district 78th to 81st Congresses (1943–51). b. May 25, 1892 at Somerset, Ohio. Practiced dentistry at Logan, Ohio 1917–42. Served in Ohio legislature two terms. Initiated in Somerset Lodge No. 76 in 1915 and presently member of Mingo Lodge No. 171, Logan, Ohio. Exalted in Somerset Chapter No. 61, R.A.M. presently member of Logan Chapter No. 75. Took his council and commandery work at New Lexington, Ohio and presently member of those bodies at Logan. Member of Consistory (32°) AASR (NJ) at Columbus and Aladdin Shrine at Columbus. Has served as master of his lodge, high priest of chapter, commander of commandery and also secretary of lodge.

Sereno E. Brett (1891–1952) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 31, 1891 at Portland, Oreg. Commissioned in 1916 and rose to brigadier general in 1942. A pioneer in tank warfare, he organized and commanded the 327th Battalion Tank Corps in June 1918, and as a major led the first American tank attack with the 326th battalion at St. Mihiel, Sept. 12–15, 1918. Commanded 1st American Tank Brigade throughout Meuse–Argonne. He was chief of staff of the Armored Force in 1940–41 and commanded the Fifth Armored Division from

1942 until retirement Oct. 31, 1943. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, Hawaiian Chapter No. 9 of National Sojourners and Lafayette Chapter No. 7, Heroes of '76 at Baltimore. d. Sept. 9, 1952.

Basil Brewer Newspaper and radio executive. b. July 22, 1884 at Rush Hill, Mo. With Scripps-Howard papers from 1908-21 in Cincinnati, Cleveland and Omaha, Nebr. Now publisher and controlling owner of New Bedford (Mass.) Standard-Times and Cape Cod Standard-Times, Hyannis, Mass. and radio stations WNBH, WFMR and WOCB in Mass. Mason.

Earl LeRoy Brewer (1869 – 1942) Governor of Mississippi. b. Aug. 11, 1869 in Carroll Co., Miss. Received LL.B. from Univ. of Mississippi in 1892 and practiced law at Water Valley, Miss. 1882-1901. Member of Mississippi state senate 1895-99 and governor of the state from 1912-16. Ma-on. d. March 10, 1942.

Few Brewster Justice, Supreme Court of Texas. b. May 10, 1889 at Corn Hill, Texas. Graduate of Howard Payne College (Texas) and Univ. of Texas. Admitted to bar in 1915 and held offices of county attorney, district attorney, district judge and judge of court of appeals. Has been associate justice of the supreme court of Texas since 1945. Served as 2nd lieutenant of Infantry in WW1. Raised in Killeen, Texas in 1910.

Owen Brewster Governor of Maine and U.S. Senator. b. Feb. 22, 1888 at Dexter, Me. Graduated from Bowdoin College, Harvard and Univ. of Maine. Member of the Maine house of

representatives, 1917–19, 1921–23 and of the state senate in 1923–25. He served two terms as governor of Maine, 1925–29 and was a member of the 74th to 76th Congresses from Maine 3rd district (1935–41). Elected U.S. Senator, serving from 1941–53. Member of Penobscot Lodge No. 39, Dexter, Maine, as was his father and grandfather, before him; St. John's Chapter No. 25, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery, K.T. both of Dexter. 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Anah Shrine Temple, Bangor, Maine. When Harry S. Truman, a fellow-senator, was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, Brewster spoke at the grand lodge session at Truman's request.

Charles R. Brice Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Mexico. b. Aug. 6, 1870 at Terrell, Texas. Admitted to Texas bar in 1893, moving to Carlsbad, N. Mex. in 1903. Served as justice of the supreme court of New Mexico from 1935 to 1951, being chief justice in 1941–42, 1947–51. Returned to private practice in Roswell, 1951. Mason and 32° AASR.

Jean Joseph Brice English strong man. Member of St. James Union Lodge No. 177, London on Dec. 12, 1866.

John W. Bricker Governor and U.S. Senator from Ohio. b. Sept. 6, 1893 in Madison Co., Ohio. A.B. and LL.B. from Ohio State Univ. Admitted to bar in 1917 and became assistant attorney general of Ohio in 1923, serving until 1927. Became attorney general in 1933 serving until 1937. Elected governor of Ohio in 1939 and re-elected two more terms until 1945. In 1944 he was the Republican candidate for vice president of the United States. Was elected to the U.S. Senate from Ohio

in Nov. 1945 and has served continuously since that time. An active Mason, Bricker is a member of Mt. Sterling Lodge No. 269, Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Community Chapter No. 227, R.A.M., Columbus Council No. 8, R. & S.M., Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, Scioto Consistory (AASR-NJ), receiving honorary 33° in 1942, and Aladdin Temple AAONMS.

Mead L. Bricker Banker and former vice president of Ford Motor Co. b. April 24, 1885 at Youngstown, Ohio. Began as a machinist in 1904 and became vice president and director of manufacturing of Ford Motor Co., resigning to become director of City Bank of Detroit and director of several corporations. Raised in Friendship Lodge No. 417, Detroit, Mich. in May, 1914 and is life member of the lodge. Is president of the Detroit Masonic Temple Building Fund and member of Grand Lodge of Michigan foreign relations committee. Member of King Cyrus Chapter No. 133, R.A.M. of Detroit and 33° AASR (NJ), Detroit; Moslem Shrine Temple; St. Clement Conclave No. 39, Red Cross of Constantine and The Royal Order of Scotland.

Styles Bridges Governor of New Hampshire and U.S. Senator. b. Sept. 9, 1898 at West Pembroke, Me. Graduate of Univ. of Maine and Dartmouth with LL.D. degrees from several universities. Began as instructor in Sandhurst Academy, Ashfield, Mass. 1918, later county agent and extension specialist for Univ. of New Hampshire. Later of Granite Monthly magazine and director of New Hampshire Investment Co. Governor of New Hampshire, 1935-37 and U.S. Senator since 1937. Republican leader of Senate in 1952 and president pro

tern in 1953. Received his degrees in Morning Sun Lodge, Conway, Mass. and is member of Eureka Lodge, No. 70, Concord, N.H. Member of Trinity Chapter No. 2, Concord, N.H. and Mt. Horeb Commandery, as well as Bektash Shrine Temple, all of Concord.

Ansel W. Briggs (1806–1881) Inaugurated first governor of the newly constituted State of Iowa on December 3, 1846. His Masonic membership is obscure. He was often in the company of many active Masons, Robert Lucas q.v., the first territorial governor, being among them. The confused records of Nebraska Lodge No. 1, Bellevue, Nebr. which was organized in 1854, gives him as a charter member in one official account issued by the Grand Lodge of Illinois (from whence the charter came) and in another his name does not appear. At this time Briggs was at a hamlet on the Missouri River called St. Mary's not far south of where Omaha now stands and opposite the town of Bellevue in the Territory of Nebraska.

Asa G. Briggs (1862–1945) Director U.S. Chamber of Commerce (1930–34). b. Dec. 20, 1862 at Arcadia, Wis. Admitted to Minn. bar in 1887. An officer of the Great Lakes, St. Lawrence Tidewater Assn. and St. Paul Chamber of Commerce and director on the national board for Camp Fire Girls. Mason and Shriner. d. Aug. 31, 1945.

Eugene S. Briggs President of Phillips University, Enid, Okla. since 1938. b. Feb. 1, 1890 in Howard Co., Mo. B.S. Central College (Mo.); B.S., M.A. and Ph.D. Univ. of Missouri.

High school principal in Missouri and Okla. 1913–23. President State Teachers College, Durant, Okla. 1928–33; director adult education Mo. State Dept. of Education 1934–35; president of Christian College, Columbia, Mo. 1935–38 and president of Phillips Univ. since 1938. Elected to Oklahoma Hall of Fame in 1951. Member of Garfield Lodge No. 501, Enid, Okla. and Enid Commandery No. 13, K.T., Enid. Member of Trenton Chapter No. 66, R.A.M. and Trenton Council No. 37, R. & S.M., both of Trenton, Mo. Member of Akdar Shrine Temple of Tulsa. Charter member and first president of High Twelve at Okmulgee and past president of the Enid High Twelve Club. Member of DeMolay Legion of Honor. Brother of Frank P. Briggs q.v.

Frank A. Briggs Former Governor of North Dakota. Was 32° AASR and KCCH in Scottish Rite, being buried Masonically.

Frank P. Briggs U.S. Senator from Missouri and newspaper owner. b. Feb. 25, 1894 at Armstrong, Mo. Graduate of Univ. of Missouri 1914. Edited newspapers in Fayette, Moberly, Trenton, Mo. and Shawnee, Okla. Editor and owner of the Macon Chronicle–Herald (Mo.) since 1924. Member of Missouri state senate from 1933 to 1945, serving as president 1941–45. Appointed U.S. Senator from Mo. Jan. 18, 1945 to fill unexpired term of Harry S. Truman q.v. by Governor Donnelly q.v. Member of Missouri Conservation Commission since 1947. Past grand high priest of the Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons of Missouri and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri (1957). Raised in Fayette Lodge No. 47, Fayette, Mo. on Aug. 17, 1915; later a member of Trenton

Lodge No. 111, Trenton, Mo. (1917–24) and presently member of Censer Lodge No. 172, Macon. Member of Macon Chapter No. 22, R.A.M. and past high priest; Centralia Council No. 34, R. & S.M. and past master, and Emmanuel Commandery No. 7, Macon. Ararat Shrine Temple of Kansas City.

Leon E. Briggs Treasurer of Ford Motor Co. b. Jan. 31, 1892 at Syracuse, N.Y. Started with Ford Motor Co. as a stenographer in 1914, advancing as branch auditor, branch comptroller, traveling auditor, assistant general auditor, general auditor and treasurer since 1946. He is vice president and treasurer of the Ford Motor Co. Fund. Served in navy in WW1. Mason.

Elbert S. Brigham U.S. Congressman, 69th to 71st Congresses (1925–31) from first district of Vermont. b. Oct. 19, 1877 at St. Albans, Vt. President of the National Life Insurance Co., Montpelier, Vt. retiring in 1948 and is now president of the Franklin Co. Savings Bank & Trust Co. of St. Albans. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 4, St. Albans, Vt. and 33° AASR (NJ) at Burlington, Vt.

Howard R. Brinker Episcopal bishop. b. Oct. 20, 1893 at Nashotah, Wis. Graduate of the Univ. of Pennsylvania (1918) and ordained priest in the Episcopal Church in 1919. Served as rector in Wyoming and Illinois and dean of the Chicago South Deanery, 1935–39. A member of the diocesan council 1924–40, chairman of department of publicity, 1939 and chairman department of missions 1930–38. Bishop of Nebraska, 1943, provisional bishop of Missionary District,

Western Nebraska, 1943 and bishop of reunited diocese and district since 1946. Raised in Ashlar Lodge No. 10, Douglas, Wyo. about 1920 and presently a member of Nebraska Lodge No. 1, Omaha, Nebr.

George F. Briston Composer. Member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, New York City.

Marquis de Britigney Served as a colonel in the American Revolution. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 3, New Bern, North Carolina.

James L. Britt (1861–1939) U.S. Congressman to 64th and 65th Congresses (1915–19) from 10th North Carolina district. b. March 4, 1861 at Johnson City, Tenn. Practiced law at Asheville, N.C. Special attorney for department of justice 1906–9 and special assistant to attorney general in 1910 for prosecution of civil cases for Post Office dept. Minority leader of N.C. senate in 1909. Mason. d. Dec. 26, 1939.

Edwin F. Britten, Jr. President of Monroe Calculating Machine Co. b. Feb. 2, 1885 at Jersey City, N.J. Graduated from Cornell Univ. 1907. Employed as a mechanical engineer and executive from 1907–17 by several companies. In 1917 he became vice president in charge of manufacture of the Monroe Co. and has been president since 1937. Holds many patents on calculating and office machines. Mason.

Daniel Broadhead (1736 – 1809) Revolutionary soldier. In 1775 he raised a company of riflemen who served in the

battle of Long Island. He was appointed colonel of the 8th Pennsylvania regiment, and in April 1778, led a successful expedition against the Muskingum Indians. He made two important treaties with the Indians and received the thanks of Congress, being made brigadier general after the war. He was a member of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Pa. d. Nov. 15, 1809.

James O. Broadhead First president of the American Bar Association, congressman and diplomat. When the American Bar Association was founded in 1878, James O. Broadhead of St. Louis was chosen its first president. His original membership is not known, but at his death in 1898, he was a member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360 of St. Louis, Mo.

Glen P. Brock President of Gulf, Mobile and Ohio Railroad. b. Nov. 22, 1896 at Alden, Ia. Graduated from Univ. of Illinois in 1922. Started with the Illinois Central Railroad in 1912, going to the Gulf and Mobile in 1923 as assistant to general manager. Was general manager from 1934; vice president and general manager from 1940. President since June, 1957. Raised in Palestine Lodge No. 849, Palestine, Ill. in 1921. 32° AASR in Mobile, Ala. and member of Abba Shrine Temple of Mobile.

William Brockmeier (1866–1947) Conducted 5,586 Masonic funeral services. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 40, St. Louis, Mo. He started keeping records of the funerals in 1911, although he had attended many before that time. The dignity and eloquence he developed through the years resulted in requests from other lodges for his services and

he eventually represented 48 lodges, serving each without remuneration. As a stationary engineer with the American Brake Co., he worked a night shift and thus had free time in the day. He attended his last funeral on May 29, 1947 at the age of 81—it was his own.

Charles Brockwell English clergyman, who it is claimed, delivered the first recorded Masonic sermon on Dec. 27, 1749 at Christ Church, Boston, Mass.

Edward E. Brodie (1876–1939) U. S. Envoy and Minister to Siam and Finland. b. March 12, 1876, at Fort Stevens, Oreg. A newspaper man, he began with the Morning Enterprise, Oregon City in 1901 and later became owner and publisher until 1935. Became Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Siam in 1921, resigning in 1925. In 1930 he was E.E. and M.P. to Finland, serving until 1933. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. June 27, 1939.

William A. Brodie Laid the foundation stone of the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor on August 5, 1884 as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Kazimierz Brodzinski (1791–1835) Polish epic poet and scholar. Was professor of Polish literature at Warsaw from 1826. A Freemason. His best known work was Wieslaw, written in 1820.

Samuel Broers President Firestone International Co. b. Jan. 1, 1892 in Amsterdam, Holland, coming to the U.S. in 1909.

Began career as shipping clerk in 1910 and started with Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio as an export clerk in 1914, rising through field manager, export manager, and in charge of all overseas operations since 1934. Raised in Adoniram Lodge No. 517, Akron, Ohio in 1922.

Willis J. Brogden (1877–1935) Justice, Supreme Court of North Carolina. b. Oct. 18, 1877 at Goldsboro, N.C. Admitted to bar in 1907 and practiced at Durham. Elected associate justice of the supreme court in 1926. Mason. d. Oct. 29, 1935.

Henry P. H. Bromwell (1823–1903) Masonic author. b. Aug. 26, 1823 in Baltimore Co., Md. Moved to Illinois, studied law and became judge of the circuit court of Fayette Co. He later edited a newspaper and served in the state legislature from 1865–69. A member of the Illinois Constitutional Convention in 1869. He was raised in Temperance Lodge No. 16, Vandalia, Ill. in 1854, master in 1856 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1864. Was grand orator of the grand lodge four times; high priest of Edgar Chapter No. 32, R.A.M. in 1858, knighted in Elwood Commandery No. 6, 1861 and received the AASR from A. G. Mackey in 1877. Moved to Colorado and became active in the Grand Lodge of Colorado, affiliating with Denver Lodge No. 5. Grand orator of Colorado in 1874. Author of the ponderous volume *Restorations of Masonic Geometry and Symbolism*. d. Jan. 9, 1903.

Green C. Bronson (1789–1863) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New York. b. in Oneida, N.Y. Practiced law at Utica, N.Y. and elected attorney general in 1829. At this time he

came under attack for being a “high Mason” by the Anti-Masonic Enquirer published at Rochester. Became chief justice of supreme court in 1945 and two years later one of the judges of the court of appeals, just organized. He left the bench and practiced law in New York City. d. Sept. 3, 1863. Chief justice in 1845.

John R. Brooke (1838–1926) Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 21, 1838 in Montgomery Co., Pa. Enlisted in –the 4th Pennsylvania Infantry in 1861. Participated in Civil War battles of Cold Harbor, Gettysburg, Spottsylvania Court–House and Tolopotomy and made brigadier general for gallantry. Resigned from volunteer service and entered regular army as lieutenant colonel, rising to major general in 1897. Was head of the military commission and governor general of Puerto Rico and governor general of Cuba. Retired in 1902. Mason and member of Columbia Chapter No. 21, R.A.M. Philadelphia, Pa. d. Sept. 5, 1926.

Laurens Brooke Surgeon and medical officer to John Paul Jones q.v., father of the American Navy. Was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Va. He served on Jones’ ships Ranger and Bon Homme Richard.

Robert Brooke Governor of Virginia from 1794–96. He also served as attorney general of Virginia ,Ä¢ from 1798–1800 and it was during this period that Henry Clay q.v. studied in his law office. At the outbreak of the Revolution he was a medical student at the University of Edinburgh and returned to America to serve as a first lieutenant of cavalry. A member

and past master of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, he became grand master of Virginia on Nov. 23, 1795.

Walker Brooke (1813–1869) U.S. Senator from Mississippi. b. Dec. 13, 1813 in Virginia. Graduated from Univ. of Virginia in 1835, studied law, emigrated to Kentucky where he taught school two years and then took up practice in Lexington, Miss. Elected senator and served from March, 1852 to March, 1853. He was a member of the Mississippi seceding convention of 1861. He was a member of the Confederate congress, but was defeated for the Confederate senate. He was a member of Hill City Lodge No. 121, Vicksburg, Miss. past high priest of Lexington Chapter No. 9, Lexington, Ky. and the second grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mississippi (1848). He demitted from the chapter in 1858. d. Feb. 19, 1869.

Bryant B. Brooks (1861–1944) Governor of Wyoming. b. Feb. 5, 1861 at Bernardston, Mass. A livestock grower in Wyoming from 1882, was president of Consolidated Royalty Oil Co. and Wyoming National Bank, serving in the Wyoming legislature in 1892. He was a presidential elector in 1900 and governor of Wyoming from 1905–11. He was a member of Ashlar Lodge No. 10 at Douglas, Wyo. and later of Casper Lodge No. 15, Casper, of which he was past master. In 1940 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Wyoming. d. Dec. 7, 1944.

C. Wayland Brooks (1897 – 1957) U.S. Senator from Illinois. b. March 8, 1897 in West Bureau Co., Ill. Student

at Wheaton College and Univ. of Chicago, receiving LL.B. from Northwestern Univ. in 1926. Admitted to bar in 1926 and practiced in Chicago. Elected U.S. Senator in 1939 and reelected in 1942 for six-year term. Served with Marines in WW1 and was wounded seven times, receiving D.S.C. from both Army and Navy and was retired at age of 21. Member of Wheaton Lodge No. 269, Wheaton, Ill., being raised Jan. 24, 1920. Grand Orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1946. 33° AASR (NJ), York Rite Mason and member of St. John's No.1, Red Cross of Constantine. d. Jan. 14, 1957.

Henry L. Brooks U.S. District Judge (Ky.). b. Dec. 9, 1905 at Louisville, Ky. Graduate of Univ. of Wisconsin and Jefferson School of Law. Admitted to bar in 1928 and practiced at Louisville. Judge of Jefferson Circuit Court, 1946–48 and U.S. District Judge since 1954. Member of Louisville Lodge No. 400, Louisville, Ky. AASR in Valley of Kentucky (KCCH).

John Brooks (1752–1825) Governor of Massachusetts. First elected in 1816 and re-elected seven years in succession, finally declining to again be a candidate. b. May 31, 1752 at Medford, Mass. Studied medicine under Dr. Simon Tufts and settled at Reading, Mass. as a physician. Drilled a company of minute-men and was present at the Battle of Lexington. Participated in Fort Stanwix expedition and Battle of Saratoga. He was then promoted to colonel (1778) and was associated with Baron von Steuben q.v. in training the Continental Army. A friend of Washington, he was major general of the militia for many years, practicing law at Medford, Mass. From 1812–15 he was adjutant general of Mass. He received his E.A.

degree in American Union Lodge (Military) on Aug. 28, 1779 and later a member of Washington Lodge No. 10 (Military) under Grand Lodge of Mass. d. March 1, 1825.

Overton Brooks U.S. Congressman from 4th Louisiana district, 75th to 81st Congresses (1936–51). b. Dec. 21, 1897 at East Baton Rouge, La. Received LL.B. from Louisiana State Univ. 1923, practicing law at Shreveport. Served in WW1 in 1st Division field artillery. Raised on Joppa Lodge No. 362, Shreveport, La. about 1921. 32° AASR (SJ), Shriner and honorary member of National Sojourners.

Samuel P. Brooks (1863–1931) President of Baylor University, 1902–1931. b. Dec. 4, 1863 at Milledgeville, Ga. Graduate of several universities, including Baylor, Yale and Univ. of Chicago. Was vice president of the Southern Baptist Convention in Baltimore, 1910 and president of the Baptist General Convention of Texas, 1914–17. A Mason, he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1914 and 1922. d. May 14, 1931.

Stratton D. Brooks (1869–1949) University president b. Sept. 10, 1869 at Everett, Mo. Principal of high schools from 1890–99 in Illinois and Michigan; assistant professor of education and high school inspection, Univ. of 1899–1902; assistant superintendent of schools, Boston, 1902–06; superintendent of schools, Cleveland, O., 1906; superintendent of schools, Boston, 1906–12; president of Univ. of Oklahoma, 1912–23; president of Univ. of Missouri, 1923–31. Educational director, Order of DeMolay from 1931. Member of Norman

(Okla.) Lodge No. 38; Columbia (Mo.) Chapter No. 17, R.A.M. (1923); St. Graal Commandery (Mo.) No. 12, K.T. (1924). d. Jan. 18, 1949.

Wiley G. Brooks College president. b. Oct. 24, 1886 at Adelphia, Ohio. Superintendent of schools in Idaho, Nebraska and Iowa from 1910–37. President and trustee of Illinois Wesleyan Univ. 1937–40 and president of Nebraska State Teachers College, Chadron, since 1941. Mason, 32° AASR, Knight Templar.

Jacob Broom (1752–1810) Signer of Federal Constitution in 1787. One of the delegates from Delaware to the Philadelphia convention meeting on May 14, 1787 and was among the signers of Sept. 17. He was a member of the Delaware legislature from 1784–88 and the first postmaster of Wilmington in 1790–92. He was a school teacher, real estate dealer and surveyor. Two weeks before the Battle of Brandywine, he drew a map of this area for the use of General Washington. An early member of Lodge No. 14, Christiana Ferry (Wilmington) Del., he was elected secretary and treasurer on June 24, 1780, junior warden June 25, 1781 and again treasurer in 1783. d. April 25, 1810.

Joseph J. Broshek Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 1, 1886 at New Bedford, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1908 and Columbia Univ. in 1915. Commissioned ensign in 1910, advancing through grades to rear admiral in 1942 and retired in 1946. Served on U.S.S. George Washington in WWI and was head of maintenance, Bureau of Ships, Navy Dept.

to retirement in 1946. Member of Mistletoe Lodge No. 647, Brooklyn, N.Y. Deceased.

Henry Peter Brougham (Baron Brougham and Vaux) (1778–1868). Lord High Chancellor of England from 1830. b. Sept. 19, 1778 at Edinburgh, Scotland. With Sydney Smith and Jeffrey, founded the Edinburgh Review in 1802. Practiced at English bar in 1808 and member of parliament in 1810. He carried the measure making slave trade a felony and defended Queen Caroline as her attorney general in trial (1820). He was a founder of London Univ. in 1828 and by a famous speech in 1831 helped pass the Reform Bill. He was the original “learned friend” in Peacock’s Crochet Castle. The brougham (carriage) is named for him. He was initiated, passed and raised in Fortrose Lodge, Stornoway, Scotland on Aug. 20, 21, 1799 and on June 24, 1800 affiliated with Canongate Kilwinning Lodge in Edinburgh. d. May 7, 1868.

John Brougham (1810–1880) Actor and playwright. b. May 9, 1810 in Dublin, Ireland. Orphaned early in life, he was raised by an eccentric uncle. Studied medicine, but took to the stage to make a living, first appearing in the Tottenham theatre in Dublin in July, 1830. His first hit was as O’Slash in *The Invincibles*. His first 20 years were passed in Dublin and the remainder was divided between runs in New York and London. Made his first appearance on the American stage as O’Callaghan in *His Last Legs* on Oct. 4, 1842 at the Park theatre in New York City. In addition to acting he wrote about 100 plays. Misfortune struck him in later years and a benefit performance was given at the New York Academy of

Music which netted \$10,279 with which his friends bought him an annuity. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City. d. June 7, 1880 in NYC. Member of Antiquity Lodge No. 11, N.Y.C.

William E. Brougher Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 17, 1889 in Miss. Commissioned 2nd lieut. in 1911 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1941 (advanced by Gen. MacArthur for leadership in Philippines). Served in WW1 as major of infantry. Served through Bataan campaign, Philippines and taken prisoner by Japanese and liberated in Aug., 1945. Became commanding general of Ft. McClellan, Ala. in 1946 and later Camp Gordon, Augusta, Ga. Mason, 32° AASR.

J. M. Broughton Former Governor of North Carolina. Member of Wake Forest Lodge No. 282, receiving his degrees on Oct. 17, 1909 and Jan. 18 and Feb. 1, 1910.

Aaron V. Brown (1795–1859) Postmaster General of U.S. and Governor of Tennessee. b. Aug. 15, 1795 in Brunswick Co., Va. Graduated from Chapel Hill (N.C.) in 1814 and moved with parents to Tennessee in 1815 where he studied law and became the partner of James K. Polk q.v. From 1821–32 he was almost continuously a member of the state legislature. He was elected to Congress in 1839, 1841 and 1843. From 1845–47 he was governor of Tennessee. As postmaster general in Buchanan's cabinet q.v. he shortened the oceanic mail route to California and the routes from St. Louis westward before the construction of the railroads. A member of Pulaski

Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Tenn. he was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1825. d. March 8, 1859, and buried Masonically at Nashville on March 14.

Albert G. Brown (1813–1880) Governor of Mississippi and U.S. Senator. b. May 31, 1813 in Chester Dist., S.C. Was made brigadier general in Mississippi state militia when only 19 years old. A lawyer, he was a member of the state legislature from 1835–39 and member of the U.S. Congress from Miss. in 1840–41; from 1841–43 he was circuit judge, and governor of Mississippi from 1843–1848. He was again a member of Congress from 1848–54 and U.S. Senator from 1854–58. Reelected in 1859 for six years, he resigned in 1861 to join the Confederate forces with his colleague of the senate, Jefferson Davis. d. June 12, 1880. Member of Gallatin Lodge No. 25, Gallatin, Miss. and later Silas Brown Lodge, U.D.

Anthony Brown (see 6th Viscount Montagu)

Charles W. Brown (1858–1928) President of Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. from 1916. b. June 14, 1858 at Newburyport, Mass. Was master mariner in charge of vessels in Chinese and Australian trade for six years. Was identified with the manufacture of plate glass from 1898 until his death, Mar. 6, 1928. Mason and Knight Templar.

Clarence J. Brown U.S. Congressman from 7th Ohio dist., 76th to 84th Congresses (1939–1956). b. July 14, 1893 at Blanchester, O. Purchased first newspaper in 1917 and has been in publishing business since that date. President of

The Brown Publishing Co. Was lieut. governor of Ohio from 1919–23 and secretary of state, 1927–33. Was a member of the Hoover commission for organization of the executive branch of the Federal government. Mason, 33° AASR (N.J.).

Clarence J. Brown Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 15, 1895 at Plum City, Wis. Received B.S. from Univ. of Wisconsin in 1915 and M.D. from Washington Univ. in 1917, entering Navy Medical Corps in 1917, advancing to rear admiral in 1946, and retired as vice admiral in 1954. Assistant chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery of Navy 1947–49 and general inspector, 1949; deputy surgeon general of the Navy from 1950 and presently chief of medical services, State of California, Youth Authority. Raised in Maiden Rock Lodge No. 196, Maiden Rock, Wis. in 1916; member of Mt. Horeb Chapter No. 6, Pensacola, Fla. and Coeur le Leon Commandery No. 1, Pensacola.

D. Russell Brown (1848–1919) Governor of Rhode Island, 1892–95. b. March 28, 1848 at Bolton, Conn. Publisher of the Evening News in Providence, R.I. Mason. d. Feb. 28, 1919.

Egbert B. Brown (1816–?) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Oct. 24, 1816 in Brownsville, N.Y. Elected mayor of Toledo, Ohio in 1849. Spent four years in the Pacific on a whaling vessel returning to St. Louis, Mo. as a railway manager from 1852–61. He was instrumental in saving the city of St. Louis from southern hands at start of Civil War. Was severely wounded at Battle of Springfield (Mo.) in 1863. Served through Civil War in Missouri, Arkansas and Texas.

From 1866–68 he was U.S. pension agent at St. Louis, retiring to a farm near Hastings, Ill. in 1869. Member of Toledo Lodge No. 144, Toledo, Ohio.

Everett C. Brown (1863–1937) Livestock commission man and Olympic committee member. b. Oct. 14, 1863 at Oneida, Ill. Started in livestock industry, Chicago, 1881 and later general manager of Brown–St. John Commission Co. In 1918–19 he was chairman of the Price Control Commission of Live Stock, U.S. Food Administration; president of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange 1916–20 and 1923–28; president of the National Live Stock Exchange 1918–23. Member of the Chicago Plan Committee. President of the National Amateur Athletic Union in 1910. Member of the executive committee of American Olympic Committee in charge of Olympic teams to London in 1908, Stockholm, 1912, Antwerp, 1920 and Paris, 1924. Mason and Knight Templar. d. April 11, 1937.

Fred H. Brown Former U.S. Senator from New Hampshire. A Mason and Knight Templar.

Gustavus R. Brown One of the physicians called into consultation during the last illness of George Washington. He was one of the organizers of St. Columbia Lodge No. 10, Port Tobacco, Md., and was the fifth grand master of Maryland (1797).

Guy L. Brown Head of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. b. Aug. 22, 1893 at Boone, Ia. Locomotive fireman and engineer on the C. & N.W. Railroad from 1909–1945

when he assumed office in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; assistant grand chief engineer 1950–53 and grand chief since that date. Raised in Mount Olive Lodge No. 79, Boone, Iowa in 1941. Member of Tuscan Chapter No. 31, R.A.M.; Gebal Council No. 5, R. & SM.; Excalibar Commandery No. 13, K.T. all of Boone, Iowa. 32° AASR (NJ), Cleveland, Ohio and Al Koran Shrine Temple of Cleveland.

Harvey W. Brown (1883–1956) International president of International Association of Machinists. b. Oct. 28, 1883 in Schuylkill Co., Pa. After serving as a machinist apprentice from 1902–05, he became business representative for International Association of Machinists for Anthracite Coal Region in 1911; general vice president in 1921 and president in 1938. Elected international president in 1940. Member of American Federation of Labor executive council, 1940–43. Member of Roseville Lodge No. 143, Newark, N.J. d. Sept., 1956.

Jacob Brown (1775–1828) Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Army (1821–28) and major general in War of 1812. b. May 9, 1775 in Bucks Co., Pa. Taught school and did surveying in Ohio until 1798 when he moved to New York and settled at present town of Brownsville. Having had military experience as secretary to Alexander Hamilton q.v. he was made colonel of militia in 1809 and advanced to brigadier general in 1810. In command of a 200 mile section along Canadian border in 1812 and repulsed several attacks from superior British forces including fights at Ogdensburg, Sackets Harbor, Chippewa and Lundy's Lane. Made brigadier general of regular army in

1813 and major general in 1814. At the close of the war he commanded the northern division of the army and on March 10, 1821 became general-in-chief of the U.S. Army. He was initiated in Ontario Lodge at Sackets Harbor, N.Y. on Jan. 2, 1806 and was probably raised there. He later became a member of Watertown Lodge No. 49, Watertown, N.Y. d. Feb. 24, 1828 and buried in Congressional cemetery, Washington, D.C.

James W. Brown President of Editor and Publisher, 1912–52 and chairman of the board since 1953. b. Oct. 20, 1873 at Detroit, Mich. With Detroit News and Tribune 1891–95; Chicago Journal, Chicago American and Chicago Tribune 1895–1903. General manager of the Louisville Herald 1903–11. Raised April 29, 1907 in Louisville Lodge No. 400, Louisville, Ky. and at present a member of Publicity Lodge No. 1000, New York City. Member of DeMolay Commandery, K.T. No. 12 of Kentucky.

James W. Brown, Jr. Newspaper executive. b. Jan. 1, 1902 at Chicago, Ill. With Editor and Publisher for 23 years and was president, member of the board and chairman of the executive committee 1941–48, and general manager since 1953. With Chicago Tribune–N.Y. Daily News Syndicate as sales manager 1948–51. Member of Publicity Lodge No. 1000, New York City and master in 1937. Member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. and Coeur de Leon Cornmandery No. 23, K.T., both of New York City.

Joe E. Brown Stage and screen star. b. July 28, 1892 at Holgate, Ohio. Began as a circus acrobat in 1902 and was with

burlesque and vaudeville from 1916–19. From 1919–27 was with musical comedies including *Ten Lester*, *Greenwich Village Follies*, *Captain Jinks* and others. Leading roles in movies of which *Crooks Can't Win* was his first “silent” and *Painted Faces* his first talking. Made the “Elmer” films famous. Member of Rubicon Lodge No. 237, Toledo, Ohio and of Al Malaikah Shrine in Los Angeles.

John Brown (1800–1859) American abolitionist fanatic, regarded by some northern sympathizers as a martyr. Brown's cause was glorified by the famous marching song, *John Brown's Body*. He was a Freemason who later turned anti-Mason. b. May 9, 1800, he was executed on Dec. 2, 1859 in Charlestown, Va. From 1856 on, he was obsessed with the idea of abolishing slavery by force. When a pro-slavery massacre occurred at Lawrence, Kans., Brown killed five slavery adherents at Pottawatomie, Kans. in retaliation. He next made a heroic stand at Osawatomie, Kans. against a raid by pro-slavery forces from Missouri. He conceived a plan of establishing a new state as a refuge for negroes. With help from Massachusetts abolitionists, he seized the government arsenal at Harpers Ferry, Va. in 1859, intending the action as a signal for a general insurrection of slaves. Overpowered and convicted of treason, he was hanged Dec. 2, 1859. Brown was raised in Hudson Lodge No. 68, Hudson, Ohio, on May 11, 1824, serving as junior deacon in 1825–26. His uncle was the first master of the lodge. Shortly after 1826 he moved to Pennsylvania and with the anti-Masonic movement, he renounced Freemasonry and continued to do so on every possible occasion. His son, John Brown, Jr. became a Freemason

and was buried with Masonic honors. His daughter, Sarah, once told a biographer that Brown had stated that “the forms of the initiatory ceremonies of the Masons struck him as silly,” and in a negro newspaper Brown wrote, “another of the few errors of my life is that I have joined the Freemasons, Oddfellows, Sons of Temperance, and a score of other secret societies instead of seeking the company of intelligent, wise and good men.”

John Brown (1757–1837) First U.S. Senator from Kentucky and last survivor of the Continental Congress. b. Sept. 12, 1757 at Staunton, Va. Was a student at Princeton when the Revolutionary army retreated through N.J. and he joined it, serving until the close of the war. Admitted to bar in 1782, he practiced at Frankfort, Ky. He was elected to the Virginia legislature from the district of Ky. and from the same district to the Continental Congress of 1787–88. Later he was congressman from this district (1789–92) and became the first U.S. Senator from Kentucky, serving from Nov. 5, 1792 until March 3, 1805. He took a prominent part in the Indian warfare, the admission of Kentucky into the union and in securing navigation of the Mississippi for the west. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. and Lexington Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. d. Aug. 29, 1837.

John C. Brown (1827–1889) Major General, C.S.A. and twice governor of Tennessee. b. Jan. 6, 1827 in Giles Co., Tenn. Joined the Confederate army at start of war and rose to major general. Left almost destitute at close of war, he was employed as a railroad surveyor and rose to president

of the Nashville Railroad. He later had charge of the Texas Pacific's construction to the Rio Grande and was receiver of the entire property. President of the constitutional convention of Tennessee, he was twice governor (in 1870 and 1875). A member of Pulaski Lodge No. 101, Pulaski, Tenn., he served three terms as master and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1869. Received his Royal Arch degree in Pulaski Chapter No. 20 on Mar. 28, 1871 and Knight Templar in Pulaski Commandery No. 12 on April 26, 1871. d. Aug. 16, 1889.

John H. Brown (1820–1895) Early Texas newspaper editor, soldier. b. Oct. 20, 1820 in Pike Co., Mo. Moved to Texas in 1840 with his uncle, Dr. James Kerr, and worked on the Texas Sentinel. As first sergeant of the “Minute Men” he engaged in several Indian campaigns and after being wounded in the Battle of Salado in 1842 was discharged in 1843. Worked on the Victoria Advocate and accepted a position of colonel in state militia. In 1854 he bought an interest in the Galveston Civilian and in 1858 became editor of the Belton Democrat. Attended the Secession Convention of 1861 and served in the Confederate army until 1862 when he was named adjutant general. Following the war he went to Mexico and became commissioner of immigration under Maximilian, returning to Texas in 1871. Represented Dallas in legislature in 1873 and member of the 1875 Convention. He was revising editor of the Encyclopedia of the New West and wrote History of Dallas County, Life and Times of Henry Smith, History of Texas (2 volumes) and Indian Wars and Pioneers of Texas. Was raised in Clarksville Lodge No. 17, Clarksville, Mo. March 1, 1845 (on

a visit to his old state), demitting the same date and became one of the original signers for a charter of Victoria Lodge No. 40, Victoria, Tex. d. May 31, 1895.

Louis M. Brown President of Eberhard Faber Pencil Co. b. Aug. 25, 1896 at Atlanta, Ga. Started with Eberhard Co. in 1923, successively Canadian representative, advertising manager, assistant sales manager, sales manager, general manager, vice president and president since 1952. Mason.

Mordecai P. C. Brown (1876–1949) Elected to Baseball's Hall of Fame in 1949. b. Oct. 19, 1876 at Nyesville, Ind. Full name was Mordecai Peter Centennial and was called "Three Fingered" as he lost two digits of his pitching hand in an accident during his coal mining days. His two fingerstumps helped give his pitches strange and baffling twists and curves. Throwing right handed, he was aswitch batter. Was the ace hurler of Chance's Chicago Cubs and for six straight seasons (1906–11) won 20 or more games for the Cubs. His lifetime major league record was 239 wins against 130 losses. A good hitter, he was one of the best fielding pitchers of all time. In 1908 he accepted 108 chances without an error. The same year he hurled four shutout games in a row—the first major league pitcher to perform such a feat. He was often pitted against the other pitching star of that era—Christ/ Mathewson q.v. and their duels were classics. In 24 meetings Brown was victorious over Mathewson 13 times. He was a member of Edward Dobbins Lodge No. 164, Lawrenceville, Ill. receiving his degrees on March 24, May 19 and July 7, 1925. At the time his petition was presented it was referred to the

DDGM, Byron R. Lewis, for determining whether the loss of two fingers would disqualify him for Masonic membership. d. Feb. 14, 1949.

Norris Brown Former U.S. Senator from Nebraska. A Mason, he served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska.

Prentiss M. Brown U.S. Senator from Michigan, lawyer, business executive. b. June 18, 1889 in St. Ignace, Mich. Graduate of Albion College and Univ. of Michigan. Practiced law since 1914. Member of 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–37) from 11th Mich. district. Appointed to U.S. Senate in 1936 and elected for term 1937–43. Administrator, Office of Price Administration, 1943. Chairman of the board of the Detroit Edison Company since 1944. Chairman of the Mackinac Bridge Authority. President, vice president and director of many corporations. Member of St. Ignace Lodge No. 369, St. Ignace, Mich. he received the 33° AASR (NJ) in October, 1955.

Rex I. Brown President of Mississippi Power and Light Co. b. Aug. 22, 1889 at Lowell, Mich. Began with Little Rock Railway & Electric Co. in 1880 as clerk. With Arkansas Power & Light Co. 1927–32. In 1932 he became vice president and general manager of the Mississippi Power & Light and president since 1936. Member of Trinity Lodge No. 694, Little Rock, Ark.; Union Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Occidental Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and Hugh de Payens Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., all of Little Rock, Ark. 32° AASR (SJ) at Little Rock April 23, 1925. Member of Wahabi Shrine Temple, Jackson, Miss.

Roy H. Brown University president, Presbyterian missionary. b. May 2, 1878 at Girard, Kans. Ordained Presbyterian minister in 1903 and from that date was a pioneer missionary in the Philippines, establishing 79 churches and receiving over 2,500 members. Held pastorates in U.S. from 1922–32, but returned to the Philippines to be president of Silliman Univ., the largest theological evangelical institution in the islands. Interned prisoner by the Japanese for 3½ years and freed by U.S. troops during WW2. Mason and 32° AASR.

Thomas Brown Former Governor of Florida. Raised in Hiram Lodge No. 59 of Virginia in August, 1807, he became a member of Jackson Lodge No. 1, Tallahassee, Fla. serving as secretary in 1833 and master in 1855 and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1849. He was also grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1834–35. He assisted in the formation of the grand lodge in 1830. A member of Florida Chapter No. 1, Tallahassee and Mackey Council No. 1 of the same city, he was grand treasurer of the grand chapter in 1848–59 and grand high priest in 1851.

Wallace E. Brown (1868 – 1939) Methodist bishop. b. Oct. 30, 1868 at Chittenango, N.Y. Ordained Methodist minister in 1894, holding pastorates in New York state until 1924 when ordained bishop. He was director of the Epworth League of the church and member of the general conferences of 1912–16–20–24 and the Ecumenical conference of London in 1921. Mason. d. Nov. 18, 1939.

Wilfred J. Brown Railroad executive. b. Aug. 10, 1893 at

Plymouth, Mass. Graduate of Harvard, 1917. President and director of Consolidated Railroads of Cuba and The Cuba Railroad Co., 1941–48 and chairman of the board from 1948 until retirement in 1954. Served in Navy during WW1. Mason.

William A. Brown Bishop, Protestant Episcopal Church. b. Jan. 3, 1878 at Albemarle Co., Va. Ordained in 1901, serving churches of Virginia until ordained bishop in 1938, serving Diocese of Southern Va. Mason.

Wm. Moseley Brown Educator, explorer, army officer, linguist and personnel consultant. b. Feb. 27, 1894 at Lynchburg, Va. B.A. from Washington and Lee Univ. in 1914; M.A. from Washington and Lee, Columbia, and Ph.D. from Columbia. Professor of language, biology and psychology in Washington and Lee from 1913–29. President of Atlantic Univ. (Va.) 1929–32. Personnel director of Vick Chemical Co. 1937–42 and personnel consultant since 1947. Served in WW1, advancing from private to 2nd Lt. In WW2 as major and Lt. colonel, 1942–47. Independent Republican candidate for governor of Virginia in 1929 and to Congress in 1932. Was U.S. representative on Ulrich expedition to interior of Brazil in 1931–32 and “Rio Brown” discovered and so named for him by the Brazilian government. Also representative on similar expedition to interior of Brazil in 1933–34. 33° AASR (SJ), past grand master of Grand Lodge of Virginia, past high priest of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Virginia and past grand commander, Grand Commandery, K.T. of Virginia. As president of the National Sojourners, his name was placed on the black list of the Vichy French government during WW2. Author of many volumes

including *Character Traits as Factors in Intelligence Test Performance* (1923), *Best Books on the Choice of a Career* (1926), *History of Freemasonry in Virginia* (1935), *Temp/ary in the Old Dominion* (1937), *The Making of a Mason* (1949), *German Psychological Warfare* (1941), *Highlights of Templar History* (1943).

Charles F. Browne (1834–1867) (originally “Brown”) American humorist who wrote under the pseudonym of “Artemus Ward.” b. in Waterford, Maine. Learned the printer’s trade at age of 14 on a Maine newspaper and later employed by the Plain–dealer in Cleveland, O. where his first series of Artemus Ward’s Sayings were printed. When the Vanity Fair was established in New York he was asked to be a contributor, and later its editor. He then gave humorous lectures throughout the country, 1861–1866, and an English tour, 1866–1867. He died in Southampton, England of tuberculosis on March 6, 1867. He received his degrees in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, New York City on Sept. 4, 25, and Oct. 2, 1863.

Edward E. Browne (1868 – 1945) U.S. Congressman, 63rd to 71st Congresses (1913–31) from 8th Wis. district. b. Feb. 16, 1868 at Waupaca, Wis. Graduate of Univ. of Wisconsin. In law practice at Waupaca from 1892. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Jefferson B. Browne (1857–1937) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Florida. b. June 6, 1857 at Key West, Fla. Received LL.B. from Univ. of Iowa in 1880. In Key West he was successively city attorney, postmaster and collector of customs. Member of Florida state senate from 1891–95 and en–officio

lieut.-governor 1891–93. Was chief justice of Supreme Court of Florida from 1917–23 and associate justice 1923–25, resigning to become judge of 20th judicial circuit. Mason, Knight Templar and 32° AASR (SJ). d. May 4, 1937.

J. Lewis Browne (1866–1933) Organist. b. May 18, 1866 at London, Eng., coming to America in 1875. Studied in U.S. and Europe. Was soloist at Royal Academy of St. Cecilia in Rome, 1901. Organist at Wanamaker's Egyptian Hall, Philadelphia 1908–10 and the St. Louis and Jamestown world fairs. Organist and choirmaster of St. Patrick's Church, Chicago from 1912. Faculty member, Univ. of Notre Dame. Designed the great organ in Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago and conducted symphony concerts there. Director of music public schools of Chicago from 1928. Composed the opera *La Corsicana* (1923) which was produced in the Chicago Playhouse. His *Ecce Sacerdos Magnus* was produced by the Paulist Choristers of Rome in 1912. In 1921 he wrote *Missa Immaculatae Conceptionis B.V.M.* for the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Catholic Diocese of Cincinnati. Also wrote more than 60 songs, pieces for organ, orchestra, piano, etc. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Oct. 23, 1933.

John Browne Englishman who in 1798 published in London one of the first ciphers of the Masonic ritual. It was entitled: *The Master Key Through All the Degrees of a Freemason's Lodge, to Which Is Added, Eullogiums and Illustrations Upon Freemasonry*. In 1802 he published a second edition under a much lengthier title. The works are now very rare. Browne claimed to have been past master of six lodges, and

his ciphers are considered to be a very complete representation of the monitorial Prestonian lectures. He stated that he printed them not as an offensive expose, but as a means of giving Freemasons instruction and the key to the cipher was only given personally.

John M. Browne (1831–1894) Surgeon General of U.S. Navy. b. May 10, 1831 at Hinsdale, N.H. Graduated from Harvard Medical School in 1852, entering Navy following year as assistant surgeon. Sent to Calif. in 1854, he served aboard the storeship Warren at Sausalito and was then transferred to the Mare Island Navy Yard. In the Civil War he saw much service in Atlantic waters and was surgeon on the U.S.S. Kearsarge in its engagement with the Alabama in 1864. According to one account in the files of Naval Lodge, he was also surgeon in the battle between the ironclads, the Merrimac and the Monitor. Following the war, Browne was back at Mare Island where he was Medical Inspector in 1871 and Director in 1878. His next promotion was to surgeon-general, the highest medical rank in the Navy. He retired as commodore in 1893 at the age of 62. Browne was initiated just 24 days after he was 21 in Philesian Lodge No. 40, Winchester, N.H., receiving all the degrees the night of June 3, 1852 by special dispensation. In 1866, on returning to California after the Civil War, he affiliated with Naval Lodge No. 87 of Vallejo. He was elected master in 1870. In 1871 he was named grand orator of the Grand Lodge of California and in 1875 was elected grand master for the first of the four terms he was to serve (1875–79). A member of Naval Chapter No. 35, R.A.M., he served as grand high priest of Calif. in 1878; a member of

California Commandery No. 1, K.T. (knighted in 1867). In the Scottish Rite he received his 33° on Oct. 20, 1880 and on Oct 18, 1886 was elected treasurer general of the Supreme Council (S.J.). His wife was a daughter of Francis Scott Key, author of the national anthem. d. Dec. 7, 1894.

Thomas C. Brownell (1779–1865) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 19, 1779 at Westport, Mass. Ordained deacon in 1816. Consecrated bishop of Connecticut in 1819. First president of Washington (now Trinity) College in 1829. During his last 12 years, he was by seniority the presiding bishop of the United States. He retired in 1851. Received his degrees in Ade1phi Lodge No. 63, New Haven, Conn. in 1824. d. Jan. 13, 1865.

Gordon Browning Governor of Tennessee. b. Nov. 22, 1889 in Carroll Co., Tenn. Admitted to bar in 1915 and began practice at Huntingdon. Member of 68th to 73rd Congresses (1923–35) from 7th Tenn. dist. Governor of Tennessee in 1937–39 and again in 1949–51. In WW1 he served ten months overseas and in WW2 served three years in European theater. Member of Huntingdon Lodge No. 106, Huntingdon, Tenn., receiving his degrees on Aug. 8, Oct. 6, 1919 and Aug. 24, 1920. Was officially received in the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1952. 32° AASR in Valley of Tennessee (SJ) and member of Al Menah Shrine Temple.

Charles B. Brownson U.S. Congressman from 11th Indiana dist. to 82nd, 83rd, 84th Congresses. b. Feb. 5, 1914 at Jackson, Mich. Established Central Wallpaper and Paint

Corp., in Indianapolis, 1936. In WW2 he served as infantry lieutenant and later as executive officer to assistant chief of staff, G-1, 1st Army in the invasion planning staff of the Normandy invasion, European campaign and the Philippines. Raised in Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398 of Indianapolis, Ind. in 1950. 32° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis and Murat Shrine Temple of same city.

Nathan Brownson (1742–1796) Member of the Continental Congress, Revolutionary surgeon and Governor of Georgia. b. May 14, 1742 at Woodbury, Conn. Graduated from Yale in 1761 and studied medicine, practicing in Liberty Co., Ga. An early supporter of the American cause, he was for some time a surgeon in the Revolutionary army. He was a member of the provincial congress of 1775 and was a delegate to the Continental Congresses of 1776 and 1778. As speaker of the Georgia legislature, he was chosen by that body as governor of the state in 1781. He was again speaker in 1788 and president of the state senate in 1789–91. In 1789 he was a member of the convention that framed the state constitution. He was a member of North Star Lodge of Manchester, Vt. d. Nov. 6, 1796.

Eli Bruce Resident of Lockport, N.Y. and sheriff of Niagara Co. at the time of the William Morgan affair. He aided in releasing Morgan to unknown persons for which Governor DeWitt Clinton q.v. removed him from office and he was later sent to prison for “aiding and abetting the unlawful abduction.” Bruce later wrote a book on the Morgan episode. He was a member of Lockport Lodge No. 73 and Ames Chapter No. 88, both of Lockport, N.Y.

James Bruce (1730–1794) Scottish explorer. Explored Africa, and was known as “The Abyssinian Traveller.” Was British consul at Algiers from 1763–65. In 1770 he rediscovered the source of the Blue Nile. Author of *Travels to Discover the Source of the Nile* (1790 in 5 vols.) Raised in Canongate Kilwinning Lodge, Edinburgh, Scotland on Aug. 1, 1753.

James Bruce Executive and former U.S. Ambassador to Argentina (1947–49). b. Dec. 23, 1892 at Baltimore, Md. Served as officer overseas in WW1 with 2nd Infantry Division; special aide to President Wilson; military attache in Italy and representative at Versailles Peace Conference. In 1949–50 he was the first director of the Mutual Defence Assistance Program. Has served as vice president of several banks, including Chase National, Atlantic Exchange and president of Baltimore Trust Co. He is a director of many large corporations including Revlon, American Airlines, American–Hawaiian Steamship, AVCO Mfg., Fruehauf Trailer and Technicolor, Inc. Mason and 32° AASR.

Robert le Bruce (1274–1329) King and liberator of Scotland. Opposed to Edward I of England as King of Scotland in 1296 and fought against him in 1298, but adhered to him during invasion of 1302–4. He murdered John Comyn in 1306 and was crowned as Robert I, King of Scotland, at Scone in 1306. In the same year he was defeated by the English and took refuge on the coast of Ireland, excommunicated and outlawed. He returned the following year and in two years wrested most of Scotland from the English, routing Edward II’s army at Bannockburn in 1314. He repulsed the English

time after time until Edward III recognized the independence of Scotland and Bruce's right to rule by the treaty of 1328 at Northampton. He died of leprosy. He is traditionally said to have introduced Freemasonry into Scotland and in 1314 established the Order of Heredom for the reception of those Knights Templar who had taken refuge in his dominions from the persecutions of the Pope and King of France. As part of a combined order, he is said to have established the Royal Order of Scotland at the Battle of Bannockburn in recognition of the Freemasons who helped him defeat the English. His descendant, Lord Elgin q.v., is present head of the Royal Order of Scotland and the possessor of the great sword of Robert le Bruce.

Wallace Bruce (1844–1914) Poet, author and orator. b. Nov. 10, 1844 at Hillsdale, N.Y. Engaged in literary work from 1868 on. Was U.S. consul at Edinburgh, Scotland 1889–93. Was poet and orator at numerous centennial and memorial occasions in U.S., Scotland and England, delivering the Burns anniversary addresses at Ayr, Edinburgh and Kilmarnock. Among his writings were *The Land of Burns* (1878), *The Yosemite* (1879), *The Hudson*, (1882), *Old Homestead Poems* (1887), *Leaves of Gold* (1907), and *Wanderers* (1907). Member of Hudson Lodge No. 7, Hudson, N.Y. d. Jan., 1914.

Walter Bruchhausen U.S. District Judge for eastern district of New York since 1953. b. May 29, 1892 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of New York U. in 1912 and admitted to bar in 1919, practicing in New York City. Mason and 32° AASR (N.J.).

Wilber M. Brucker Secretary of Army, Governor of Michigan. b. June 23, 1894 at Saginaw, Mich. Received LL.B. from Univ. of Michigan in 1916. Admitted to bar in 1919 and began practice at Saginaw. Attorney general of Michigan 1928–30 and governor of the state from 1931–33. Named general counsel of Department of Defense, Washington in 1954 and on June 23, 1955 President Eisenhower appointed him Secretary of the Army. Filed his Masonic petition on his 21st birthday and was raised in Salina Lodge No. 155 on Sept. 15, 1915, later serving as its master. A member of King Cyrus Chapter No.133, R.A.M. of Detroit and Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T., he served the latter as commander in 1943 and was grand commander of Michigan in 1951. He belongs to Detroit Consistory AASR (NJ) and Moslem Shrine Temple.

Henry Bruckner (1871–1942) U.S. Congressman from N.Y. 63rd to 65th Congresses from 22nd N.Y. dist. b. June 17, 1871 in New York City. President of Bruckner Bros., manufacturers. Member of New York Assembly 1900–01, and commissioner of public works for New York from 1902–06. Mason. d. April 14, 1942.

James Bruff Commandant of Upper Louisiana Territory shortly after the U.S. took over the Louisiana purchase. In the Revolutionary War he was a 1st lieutenant with the 7th Maryland regiment. A close associate of General James Wilkinson q.v., governor of the Louisiana Territory, he no doubt received his appointment as commandant through his influence. He signed a petition to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, asking for a dispensation for a lodge in St.

Louis, Mo., signing "J. Bruff, R.A.M." His original lodge is unknown. He is listed as a visitor to American Union Lodge and as being "from Baltimore." He was present on Dec. 27, 1799 at Morristown, N.J. when a petition was filed nominating General Mordecai Gist q.v. to represent the lodge at a convention to select a grand master of the United States (to be Washington, but he declined). (1734–1815) Member of Lodge No. 7, Chestertown, Md.

Clement Brumbaugh (1863–1921) U.S. Congressman 63rd to 66th Congresses (1913–21) from 12th Ohio dist. b. Feb. 28, 1863 at Greenville, O. Founder and principal of Van Buren Academy, 1887. Admitted to bar in 1900 and practiced at Columbus. Mason. d. Sept. 28, 1921.

David E. Brumbaugh U.S. Congressman 79th Congress (1945–47) from 22nd Pa. dist. b. Oct. 8, 1894 at Martinsburg, Pa. In insurance, lumber and banking fields since 1914. Served as enlisted man in WW1. Member of Woodbury Lodge No. 539 at Roaring Spring, Pa.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Altoona, also past potentate of Jaffa Shrine Temple; Royal Order of Jesters and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Martin G. Brumbaugh (1862–1930) Governor of Pennsylvania. b. April 14, 1862 in Huntington Co., Pa. Received the degrees of B.E., M.E., M.S., A.M., Ph.D. from Juniata College and Univ. of Pa. He was president of Juniata College from 1895–1906 and again from 1924 until death. He was superintendent of Philadelphia schools 1906–15; first commissioner of education for Puerto Rico (1900–02). Elected

governor of Pennsylvania serving 1915–19. Author of many educational books. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 300, Huntington, Pa. d. May, 1930.

Avery Brundage Amateur sportsman who was president of the U.S. Olympic Association and Committee from 1939–45 and president of the Cimate Internationale Olympique since 1952. b. Sept. 28, 1887 at Detroit, Mich. Graduated in engineering from Univ. of Illinois in 1909. Was American all-around amateur champion in 1914, 1916 and 1918. President of Avery Brundage Co. builders 1915–47, chairman Roanoke Real Estate Co. since 1932; president Roanoke Hotel Corp., 1939–45. A collector of Oriental art, he is a trustee of the Art Institute of Chicago. Received many foreign decorations for his devotion to amateur athletics. Member of North Shore Lodge No. 937, Chicago, Ill. 32° AASR (NJ) at Chicago and member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago.

Guillaume M. A. Brune (1763–1815) French army officer who was Marshal of France in 1804. Was murdered by a royalist mob during the White Ter-ror at Avignon on Aug. 2, 1815. In 1814 he was grand administrator of the Grand Orient of France.

Albert, Prince of Brunswick–Luneburg Prussian Major General. Initiated in the Lodge “Jonathan” at Brunswick in 1744.

Ferdinand, Duke of Brunswick (1721–1792) Prussian Field Marshal. b. in Wolfenbittel, son of Ferdinand Albert II.

Entered Prussian service in 1740 and fought with Frederick the Great, who was for many years his close companion. He rendered distinguished service at Hohenfriedeberg in 1745 and was one of the ablest commanders of the Seven Years' War. Was governor of Madgeburg in 1755–57 and 1763–66, when in the latter year he became estranged from Frederick and resigned from his service, devoting himself to Freemasonry. Initiated in 1740 in the Lodge of Three Globes, Berlin, he received his Master's degree in 1743 at Breslau. Became protector of the Lodge St. Charles, Brunswick in 1764 and English past grand master of Brunswick in 1770. In 1771 he was protector of Von Hund's Strict Observance and in 1772 was declared grand master of the Scottish lodges. He was present in 1782 at the convent at Wilhelmsbad when the Templar system was supposedly disbanded and while there was declared general grand master of the assembled lodges. When presiding at the St. John's festival at Brunswick in 1792, he proudly stated that he had been a Freemason for 50 years.

Maximilian, Prince of Brunswick Youngest son of Duke Charles I. Educated at the Collegium Carolinum and went to Italy in 1775. Admitted in the Saint Charles Lodge, Brunswick in 1770, becoming its protector. Served Frederick the Great with honors.

William, Prince of Brunswick Third son of Duke Charles I of Brunswick who joined the Lodge St. Charles in 1769. Died, 1770. His brothers, Maximilian and Frederick Augustus q.v. were prominent members of the Craft.

Alvin G. Brush Business executive. b. Sept. 16, 1896 at Dunton, N.Y. In accounting field from 1919–32 when he became president of R. L. Watkins Co., mfgs. of Dr. Lyons tooth powder until 1934. President of Affiliated Products Co., cosmetics mfg. until 1935 and chairman of the board of American Home Products, mfgs. of drugs and household items since 1935. Raised in Garden City Lodge No. 1083, Garden City, L.I., N.Y. in Nov., 1917.

George W. Brush (1842–1927) Congressional Medal of Honor winner, physician. b. Oct. 4, 1842 at West Hills, L.I., N.Y. Served in U.S. Volunteers, 1861–65 from private to captain, receiving Medal of Honor in 1897. First practiced dentistry and later went into medicine. Retired from medical practice in 1906 to devote his time to civic betterment. Served terms in both N.Y. houses of legislature. Mason. d. Nov. 18, 1927.

Henry Brush (1778–1855) Judge of Supreme Court of Ohio and member of Congress from Ohio (1818–21). b. in June, 1778 in Dutchess Co., N.Y. Member of Scioto Lodge No. 2, Chillicothe, O., he was grand master of Ohio. d. Jan. 19, 1855.

Louis H. Brush (1872–1948) Newspaper publisher. b. Jan. 24, 1872 at Alliance, O. Purchased the Salem News in 1897; East Liverpool Review in 1901; and with others the Marion Star, 1923; Steubenville Herald-Star, 1926; Canton Repository, 1927; Portsmouth Times, 1930. In 1927 he organized the Brush–Moore Newspapers, Inc. of which he was president. Ma-son, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. June 24, 1948.

Nathaniel Brush Revolutionary War colonel who headed the Bennington (Vt.) militia at the battle of Bennington in Aug. 1777 which later proved to be the turning point in the Revolution. He was a charter member and first master of North Star Lodge, Manchester, Vt., formed in 1785.

William Bryan Brigadier General of militia in the Revolutionary War. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, North Carolina.

William Jennings Bryan (1860–1925) Secretary of State, U.S. Congressman and presidential nominee three times. b. Mar. 18, 1860 at Salem, Ill. Admitted to bar in 1883 and began practice at Jacksonville, Ill. moving to Lincoln, Nebr. in 1887. Was member of 52nd and 53rd Congresses (1891–95) from 1st Nebr. dist. Edited Omaha World-Herald in 1894–96. As a delegate to the Democratic convention of 1896 he wrote the famous “silver plank,” of its platform and was nominated for President, but defeated by McKinley 176 to 271 electoral votes. In the Spanish-American war he was colonel of the 3rd Nebraska regiment. Was again defeated for President by McKinley in 1900 155 votes to 292. Nominated for third time for President in 1908, he was defeated by Taft, 162 votes against 321. As secretary of state in Wilson's cabinet (1913–15) he negotiated 30 treaties. He was raised in Lincoln Lodge No. 19, Lincoln, Nebr. on Apr. 15, 1902 and later affiliated with Temple Lodge No. 247, Miami, Fla. d. in Miami July 26, 1925.

Joseph R. Bryson (1893–1953) U.S. Congressman 76th to 82nd Congresses (1939–53) from fifth S. Car. Dist. b. Jan. 18,

1893 at Brevard, N.C. Graduate of Furman Univ. and Univ. of South Carolina. Member of state legislature 1921–24 and senate 1929–32. Mason, 32° AASR, (SJ) and Shriner. d. March 10, 1953.

Charles William, Duke of Buccleuch (See Earl of Dalkeith) Francis, 2nd Duke of Buccleuch (See Earl of Dalkeith) Earls of Buchan Henry David, 10th Earl was the 10th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1745–46. David, 11th Earl was 34th Grand Master Mason 1782–83 and Henry David, 12th Earl was 59th Grand Master Mason, 1832–33.

James Buchanan (1791–1868) Fifteenth President of the United States (1857–61). b. April 23, 1791 near Mercersburg, Pa. He was U.S. minister to Russia from 1832–34, U.S. senator from Pennsylvania 1834–45, secretary of state in Polk's cabinet 1845–49 and U.S. minister to England 1853–56. His undated petition to Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa. stated that he resided in the borough of Lancaster, age 25 and was an attorney at law. One of the signers was Malton C. Rogers q.v. who was later secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for 25 years a justice of the supreme court of that state. Buchanan was initiated Dec. 11, 1816 by John Reynolds, passed and raised Jan. 24, 1817 by George Whitaker. On Dec. 13, 1820 he was elected junior warden and on Dec. 7, 1822 unanimously elected master. On Dec. 27, 1823 he was appointed as the first district deputy grand master of that district. On March 10, 1858 he donated \$100 to the lodge and was elected an "honorary" member, the record book being changed from "life" to "honorary." On May 15, 1865 he

attended a special meeting of No. 43 which was his last attendance. A history of Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa. states that Buchanan never failed to visit Perseverance during the earlier days of his life if in town. He was exalted to the Royal Arch degree in Chapter No. 43 at Lancaster. On Feb. 22, 1860 he assisted in the Masonic dedication of the George Washington statue in Washington Circle, Washington, D.C. and delivered the dedicatory address. d. June 1, 1868 and was given Masonic burial by his home lodge at Lancaster on June 4. Four thousand persons attended the funeral.

James T. Buchanan (1853-?) Business executive and authority on Masonic history, literature and doctrines. b. Aug. 3, 1853 at Hamilton, Ont., Canada, settling in Pennsylvania in 1877. He was at one time president of the Pittsburgh Trust Co., and Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse & Transfer Co. Raised in Strict Observance Lodge at Hamilton, Ont. on Aug. 17, 1875. Knighted in Talbot Commandery No. 43, K.T., Oil City, Pa. on July 23, 1883 and received council degrees in Mt. Moriah Council No. 2, R. & S.M. at Pittsburgh on Dec. 3, 1883. At time of his death he was dean of the Northern Supreme Council AASR.

John P. Buchanan Former Governor of Tennessee. Member of Charles Fuller Lodge No. 412, Rutherford Co., Tenn. which was later Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 18, of Murfreesboro.

George Villiers, 2nd Duke of Buckingham (1628-1687) b. Jan. 30, 1628. A questionable character whom Dryden described as the "epitome of mankind" and Dr. Anderson

stated was the grand master of England in 1674. He joined the Royalists in 1640 and served under Prince Rupert, later joining Lord Holland's rising in Surrey in 1648. He engaged in a series of intrigues and caused much scandal by his personal immorality. He was attacked in parliament as a promoter of popery and arbitrary government, and dismissed from office in 1674. Remembered as Simri in Dryden's *Absalom and Achitophel* and a figure in Scott's *Peveril of the Peak*. A poet and author, himself, his best known is the burlesque, *The Rehearsal* (1671). d. April 16, 1687.

James T. Buckley President of Philco Corp. b. Oct. 13, 1896 at Philadelphia, Pa. Began as a laboratory assistant with Philco in 1912, rising as chief draftsman, assistant engineer, general purchasing agent, treasurer and president from 1939–43. Chairman of executive committee since 1943 and chairman of the board since 1949. Member of Palestine Lodge No. 470, Philadelphia; Germantown Chapter No. 208, and 32° AASR (NJ) all of Philadelphia.

Alexander Buckner (1785–1833) U.S. Senator from Missouri and first grand master of Indiana in 1818. b. in Jefferson Co., Ky., he practiced law in Charlestown, Ind. as early as 1812. He was probably raised in Union Lodge No. 29, Madison, Ind. for he demitted from there on May 6, 1816, affiliating with Blazing Star Lodge No. 3, Charleston, Indiana Territory and by 1818 was a past master of that lodge. Shortly after serving as the first grand master of Indiana (1818) he moved to Missouri. While grand master he engaged in a duel with another Ma son, Col. Thomas H. Blake. In Missouri he

became the first master of Unity Lodge No. 6, Jackson, Mo. He was a member of Missouri's state constitutional convention of 1820 and served several terms in the state legislature. Was U.S. Senator from 1831 until his death on June 6, 1833.

Simon Bolivar Buckner (1823–1914) Lieutenant General in Confederate Army and Governor of Kentucky. b. in Hart Co., Ky. April 1, 1823. Served with distinction in war with Mexico being advanced from 2nd lieut. to captain. Taught at West Point, re-signing from U.S. Army in 1855. He was inspector general of Kentucky from 1860–61 and at start of Civil War was made brigadier general, advancing through major general to lieutenant general in 1864. Was prisoner of war for two months in 1862. Governor of Kentucky in 1887–91. He was a candidate for vice president of the United States on the "Gold Ticket" in 1896. d. Jan. 8, 1914. Listed as a Freemason in the Grand Lodge of Kentucky proceedings of 1891.

Frederick G. Budlong (1881–1953) Protestant Episcopal bishop of Connecticut. b. July 10, 1881 at Camden, N.Y. Ordained deacon and priest in 1907, serving churches in St. Paul, Minn., Winnetka, Ill., Chicago, Pittsburgh and Greenwich, Conn. until 1931 when he was consecrated bishop-coadjutor of Connecticut and bishop in 1934. Mason. d. Sept. 25, 1953.

Buffalo Bill (See William F. Cody)

Howard Buffett U.S. Congressman, 78th to 80th Congresses (1943–49) from 2nd Nebr. dist. b. Aug. 13, 1903 at Omaha,

Nebr. Began as journalist and bond salesman. President of Buffett & Co. since 1931 and South Omaha Feed Co. since 1938. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. Raised in Covert Lodge No. 11, Omaha, Nebr. in 1930; 32° and KCCH in AASR (SJ) at Omaha and past master of Mt. Moriah Lodge of Perfection. Past president of Omaha Square and Compass Club, member of Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha.

Charles H. Buford President of C.M. St.P. & P. Railroad. b. Feb. 5, 1886 at Newport, Ark. Graduated from Univ. of Arkansas in 1907. Started with the C.M. St.P. & P. as engineer of track elevation in 1907 and worked way up to presidency in May, 1947. Was vice president of Operations and Maintenance Dept. of the Association of American Railroads from 1939–46. Member of Ottumwa Lodge No. 16, Ottumwa, Ia.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Sioux City, Ia. and member of Zorah Shrine Temple, Terre Haute, Ind.

Rivers H. Buford Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Florida. b. Jan. 18, 1878 at Pulaski, Tenn. Admitted to Florida bar in 1900. Served in many public capacities as prosecuting attorney, state's attorney, and attorney general of the state (1921–25), resigning to be appointed supreme court justice and has served on the court since that date. Was chief justice from 1931–33 and 1943–45. Mason and Shriner.

Johann Gottlieb Buhle (1753–1821) Professor of philosophy in the University of Gottingen, who, although not a Freemason, published a work in 1804 entitled *Origin and the Principal Events of the Order of Rosicrucianism* and

Freemasonry. His theory was that Freemasonry was invented in the year 1629 by John Valentine Andrea q.v.

William F. Bulkley Protestant Episcopal Archdeacon for Utah, (1924–49). Now retired. b. April 21, 1881 at Tashua, Conn. Ordained deacon in 1908 and subsequently, priest, and general missionary. Raised in Wasatch Lodge No. 1, Salt Lake City, Utah in 1916 and presently member of Story Lodge No. 4, Provo, Utah. Member of Utah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and past grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Utah in 1927; Utah Council No. 1, and past grand illustrious master in 1942; Utah Commandery No. 1, K.T. and past grand generalissimo of Grand Commandery of Utah in 1928. Served as master of his lodge, president of Order of High Priesthood, master of Order of Silver Trowel; prior of K.Y.C.H. and presently prelate of national K.Y.C.H. Member of El Kalah Shrine Temple; 32° AASR (SJ) at Salt Lake City.

Chief Crazy Bull Great grandson of Sitting Bull is said to have been a member of Suffolk Lodge No. 60, Port Jefferson, N.Y.

Daniel F. Bull President of the Cream of Wheat Corp. b. at Grand Forks, N.D. in 1886. Graduated from Univ. of North Dakota in 1906. In engineering from 1908–18 when he became associated with the Cream of Wheat Corp. as assistant general manager and has been president and general manager since 1940. Director of a number of large corporations. Mason.

Harold R. Bull Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 6, 1893 at Springfield, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1914. Served in WW1 with 3rd Division, A.E.F. In WW2 he was with the Allied Force Headquarters in North Africa (1943), commanding general of the III Corps (1943); assistant chief of staff, G-3, Supreme Headquarters, Allied Expeditionary Force, 1943-45; deputy chief of staff and chief of staff U.S. Forces, European theater (1945 -46) . Received rank of lieutenant general in 1949. Mason and National Sojourner.

Ole B. Bull (1810-1880) Famed Norwegian violinist. b. Feb. 5, 1810 in Bergen, Norway. Studied under Spohr and Paganini and toured as virtuoso throughout the world. Made five tours through North America (1843-79) and eventually spent each summer in America and the winters in Norway. In 1852 he attempted to found a Norwegian colony in Pennsylvania, but he had been deceived by land titles and lost a fortune. His own lodge is not known, but he was a visitor to St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 of New York City in March, 1868 and the Lodge of St. Andrew in Massachusetts. His business manager in this country was Fred Widdows, past master of Clinton Lodge No. 453, N.Y. On Oct. 30, 1845 Bull gave a concert for the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund of the Grand Lodge of New York which netted \$1,400. d. Aug. 18, 1880.

Egbert F. Bullene Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 25, 1895 at Salinas, Calif. A graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy in 1917, he was commissioned that year and advanced through grades to general officer in 1943. During WW1 he was a battalion commander in 4th Division. In 1944 he commanded

a joint American–British secret Army–Navy project. Served in European and Pacific theaters in 1945. He was a member of the military commission that tried and convicted General Yamashita. Mason.

H. Edmund Bullis b. July 24, 1888 at Manlius, N.Y. Engaged in chamber of commerce organization 1910–17. Sent by General Leonard Wood q.v. on special mission to rulers of Indo–China, Siam, Malay, Borneo 1922–23. Chief of Organized Reserve Section, General Staff, U.S. Army, 1924–27. Active in associations for mental hygiene, dementia praecox and human relations. Served in both world wars. In WW2 he was on claims commission for England, French Morocco, North Africa, Sicily, Italy. Author of several volumes including *The Land of Masonic Romance and Human Relations in Action*. Raised in Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, of Va. in 1910; member of Lake Ontario Chapter No. 165, R.A.M. at Oswego, N.Y. and Lake Ontario Commandery, K.T. of same city. 32° AASR (NJ) in Wilmington, Del.; Media Shrine Temple of Watertown, N.Y.; past president of DuPont Chapter of National Sojourners; organizing president of Rockefeller Square Club in N.Y.C. (1935); served as ceremonial director for Afifi and Nile Shrine Temples in the Philippines in 1922–23.

Archibald Bulloch (1730–1777) President of Georgia, holding that office in 1776–77 just before the state constitution came into existence. b. in Charleston, S. Car. he studied law, was admitted to the bar and settled in Georgia. In 1772 he became speaker of the commons house and in 1775 was elected a member of the provincial congress, and became its

president. The next year he was again elected and presided over the second provincial congress and was sent as a delegate to the Continental Congress at Philadelphia. He missed signing the Declaration of Independence as he was in Georgia at the time. His son, William B. q.v. was later a U.S. Senator from Georgia. Member of Solomons Lodge No. 1, Savannah.

William B. Bulloch (1776–1852) U.S. Senator from Georgia. b. in Savannah, he was the son of Archibald Bulloch q.v. Became a prominent lawyer and in 1809 was elected mayor of Savannah. Subsequently he was collector of the port. Served in War of 1812 in Savannah heavy artillery. Appointed U.S. Senator to fill a vacant term and served in year 1813. His lodge is not known, but probably was Solomon's No. 1, Savannah. He wrote an address on Masonry about 1810–15 and the original copy is in the House of the Temple, Washington.

Edward G. E. Bulwer-Lytton (1803–1873) First Baron Lytton of Knebworth and brother of Sir Henry Bulwer. English novelist and politician. His first novel was *Faulkland* (1827) followed by *Pe/ham* (1828). He was a member of Parliament from 1831–41 during which time he produced three plays, *The Lady of Lyons*, *Richelieu* and *Money*. Returning to politics he was a member of parliament from 1852–66 and colonial secretary 1858–59. Created baron in 1866. Among his historical and romantic novels are *Eugene Aram* (1832), *The Last Days of Pompeii* (1834) and *Rienzi* (1835) on which Wagner's opera of the same name is based. Among his poems is *The World May Rail at Masonry*. Mason.

Alfred L. Bulwinkle U.S. Congressman, 67th to 70th Congresses (1921–29) and 72nd to 81st Congresses (1931–51) from 11th N. Car, district. b. April 21, 1883 at Charlestown, S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1904. Served overseas as major in WW1. Member of executive board of United Lutheran Church in America. Mason.

Horace A. Bumby Manufacturing executive. b. Aug. 22, 1890 at Burnett, Wis. President and general manager of Speed Queen Corp., Ripon, Wis. since 1940. President and director of Ripon Foods, Inc., since 1930. Officer and director of several corporations. Mason.

Edward Buncombe (?–1777) Colonel in American Revolution, b. in the West Indies, he was educated in England and inherited a large estate. Came to America in 1776, settling in Tyrrel Co., N. Car. He raised and commanded the 5th N. Car. regiment and fought in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown, being wounded and taken prisoner in the latter, dying of wounds at Philadelphia. In 1791 his name was given to a county in N. Car. The Americanism “speaking for Buncombe,” signifying any speech made solely to please a constituency, is derived from a congressional representative from that county who was in the habit of making speeches to which no one listened. One day, observing many members were leaving the house, he declared that he did not care how many left—he was not speaking to them, but to Buncombe! Buncombe was a member of Unanimity Lodge No. 7 at Edenton, N. Car. His degree dates were May 16, May 26, June 3, 1776.

Charles E. Bunnell First president of University of Alaska. b. Jan. 12, 1878 at Dimock, Pa. Received A.B., A.M. and LL.D. from Bucknell Univ. Arrived in Alaska in 1900 and taught school, being admitted to bar in 1908. Appointed judge of U.S. District Court, 4th Division, serving 1915–21. First president of Alaska Agricultural College and School of Mines (now Univ. of Alaska) from 1922–35 and president of the Univ. of Alaska from 1935. Mason.

George A. Bunting President of Noxzema Chemical Co. b. April 3, 1870 at Bishopville, Md. A.B. and A.M. from Washington College, Md. and Ph.G. from Univ. of Maryland School of Pharmacy. First with public schools of Bishopville, Md. as principal then proprietor of Bunting's Drug Store in Baltimore (1902–22) where he originated the Noxzema formula in 1914. Established the Noxzema Co. in 1917 and was president until 1949, being chairman of the board since that time. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

John Bunyan (1628–1688) Preacher and most celebrated allegorical writer of England. b. at Elstow, near Bedford, he served in the Parliamentary army from 1644–46. Moved by two devotional books of his wife's, he gave up amusements and swearing and joined the nonconformist church in Bedford in 1653. He began to preach in 1657 and published his first writings against the Quakers in 1656. Served 12 years (1660–72) in prison for preaching without a license. Wrote nine books while in prison. During a short imprisonment in 1675 he is supposed to have written the immortal *Pilgrim's Progress*, published in 1678. Although it is not known whether he

was a Freemason or not, his little-known work Solomon's Temple Spiritualized contains so much Masonic phraseology and dogma that it would be hard to believe that he did not have some knowledge of the Craft.

Luther Burbank (1849–1926) Horticulturist and naturalist. b. March 7, 1849 at Lancaster, Mass. Spent his boyhood on the farm and became interested in plant life at an early age. He moved to Santa Rosa, Calif. in 1875 where he established Burbank's Experimental Farms. The first practical result of his experiments was the Burbank potato. Others were a rapid-growing, edible, thornless cactus; 11 types of plums and four types of prunes; a new fruit, the "plumcot"; Peachblow, Burbank and Santa Rosa roses; gigantic forms of amaryllis, tigridian, the Shasta daisy and various new apples, peaches, nuts, berries, trees, fruits, flowers, grasses, grains and vegetables. Burbank was raised in Santa Rosa Lodge No. 57 on August 13, 1921 and coroneted an honorary 33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 20, 1925. d. April 11, 1926.

Henry Burbeck (1754–1848) Founder of West Point, soldier of the Revolution and War of 1812. b. June 8, 1754 at Castle William in Boston harbor. His father, William, was commanding officer of Castle William and as senior grand warden of St. John's Provincial Grand Lodge in Boston, he had signed the warrant for American Union Lodge. Henry was commissioned as lieutenant of artillery in May, 1775 and his commission was signed by Joseph Warren q.v. He served under such famous artillerymen (and Masons) as Gridley, Knox and Crane q.v. In the Revolution he was at the battles of Long Island,

Brandywine and Germantown, wintering at Valley Forge. He was stationed at West Point and commanded the troops that took over New York City from the British on Nov. 25, 1783. He was discharged from service in 1784 but re-entered the army and was in command of his birthplace, Castle William in 1786. He served again at West Point, building Ft. St. Tammany and was with Wayne in the Northwest Territory in 1792. In 1800 he was named Chief of Artillerists and Engineers and recommended the establishment of a military school for training cadets that later developed into the U.S. Military Academy at West Point. When the Corps of Engineers was created in 1801, Burbeck was its first chief. In the War of 1812 he commanded the harbor defenses of New York, New London and Newport. It is no doubt that under his instructions volunteer working parties of Freemasons marched to those several sites where earthworks were raised under the name of Fort Hiram, Fort Masonic, etc. Burbeck retired in 1815 as a brigadier general. He was a member of St. John's Lodge, Boston, as was his father. In the spring of 1792 he commanded a force sent to Fort Recovery, Ohio to bury over 200 Americans that had fallen there on Nov. 4 of the preceding year under General St. Clair when the Miami Indians overwhelmed them. At his direction they were all buried in a common grave and both military and Masonic ceremonies were given over the grave. d. Oct. 2, 1848.

Thomas G. Burch (1869–1951) U.S. Congressman, 72nd to 77th Congresses (1931–43) from 5th Virginia dist. b. July 3, 1869 in Henry Co., Va. In banking business. U.S. Marshal Western Dist. of Va. from 1914–21. Mason and Shriner. d. March 20, 1951.

Clark Burdick (1868–1948) U.S. Congressman 66th to 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 1st R.I. dist. b. Jan. 13, 1868 at Newport, R.I. Practiced law at Newport from 1894. Served as city solicitor, mayor, and in the state house and senate. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Aug. 27, 1948.

Usher L. Burdick U.S. Congressman 74th to 78th and 81st to 84th Congresses from North Dakota at large. b. Feb. 21, 1879 at Owatonna, Minn., he was raised among the Sioux Indians. Received law degree from Univ. of Minnesota and admitted to N. Dak. bar in 1904. He has been a member of the N. Dak. house, speaker of the house, lieutenant governor, states attorney and assistant federal attorney of N. Dak. Author of several books including *The Last Battle of the Sioux Nation* (1928), *Tragedy in the Great Sioux Camp* (1939), and *Tales from Buffalo Land* (1940). Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 51, Williston, N. Dak. Dimitted from York and Scottish Rite.

Gottfried A. Burger (1747–1794) German romantic poet and writer of ballads. Translated Homer and Shakespeare. His ballad *Lenore* (1773) is considered to be his masterpiece. Also wrote *Die Kuh* (1784), *Der Wilde Jager* (1785), *Der Kaiser und der Abt* (1785) and *Lenardo und Blandine*. Edited the first German version of *Baron Munchausen*. Was initiated in 1775.

William O. Burgin (?–1946) U.S. Congressman 76th to 78th Congresses (1939–45) from 8th N. Car. dist. b. at Marion, N. Car. Practiced law in Lexington. Served in N. Car. house and senate. Mason. d. April 11, 1946.

Father Jose Burgos (?–1872) Catholic priest, who although not a Freemason, had a Scottish Rite chapter of Rose Croix named for him—Burgos Chapter, Manila, Philippines. A liberal-minded native priest, he campaigned vigorously for reforms in religion and government in the Philippines in the second half of the 19th century. In opposing the despotic powers of the Spanish friars, he was on the side of many Masons, who while they were in accord with the spiritual side of the Catholic Church, resisted the subjugation of the people under the cloak of religion. For this, he with two other priests were put to death Feb. 17, 1872 by garroting.

Andrew H. Burke Former Governor of North Dakota. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ).

Edmund Burke (1729–1797) British statesman and orator who gained fame by favoring the cause of the American colonies. b. in Dublin of Protestant father and Catholic mother, he was brought up a Protestant. He abandoned legal studies for writing. Became a member of Parliament in 1765 and gained high position among the Whigs through his eloquence on the American question. Delivered a nine-day speech for the impeachment of Warren Hastings. Advocated abolishment of the slave trade, advocated free trade with Ireland and emancipation of Catholics; denounced use of Indians in American war. He was thought to be a member of Jerusalem Lodge No. 44, Clerkenwell, London which was sometimes referred to as “Burke’s Lodge.” Burke championed John Wilkes q.v. when he was imprisoned for libel, writing the political pamphlet *Thoughts on the Present Discontents* in his defense. It is

significant that members of Jerusalem Lodge No. 44 went to the King's Bench Prison on March 3, 1769 and made John Wilkes a Mason. d. July 9, 1797.

Edward R. Burke Former U.S. Senator from Nebraska. Member of Omaha Lodge No. 288, Omaha, Nebr. receiving his Scottish Rite (SJ) in 1927 and KCCH on Oct. 17, 1933.

Haslett P. Burke Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado. b. April 28, 1874 in Monona Co., Iowa. Admitted to bar and moved to Colorado in 1896. Served as clerk in district court of Logan Co. and then as district judge from 1907–19. Served as judge of the supreme court from 1919 until voluntary retirement in 1949. He was chief justice in 1927, 1937, 1938. Declined appointment as U.S. Senator in 1941. Served in Spanish American War. Self educated, the first time he ever set foot on a campus of higher learning was to deliver the commencement address, and the first time he entered the door of a law school was as a teacher of constitutional law. Raised in Sterling Lodge No. 34 in 1903 and elected master three months later. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1920–21. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1905, KCCH in 1909; 33° in 1914 and GCCH in 1939. Appointed deputy in Colorado in 1940; crowned active member in 1941 and in 1955 elected as lieutenant grand commander of the Southern Jurisdiction. d. 1957.

Elmer J. Burkett (1867–1935) U.S. Senator from Nebraska. b. Dec. 1, 1867 in Mills Co., Iowa. LL.B. and LL.M. from Univ. of Nebraska and entered law practice in 1891 at Lincoln,

Nebr. Member of the Nebraska lower house for one term and U.S. Congressman, 56th to 59th Congresses (1899–1905) from 1st Nebr. dist. U.S. Senator 1905–11. Mason and 32° AASR. d. May 23, 1935.

Edwin C. Burleigh (1843–1916) U.S. Senator and Governor of Maine. b. Nov. 27, 1843 at Linneus, Me. Taught school and was land surveyor in early life, later publisher of the *Kennebec Journal* (1887 on). He was state treasurer from 1885–88 and governor of Maine 1889–92. A member of the U.S. Congresses, 1897–1911 from 3rd Maine dist. and U.S. Senator 1913 until death on June 16, 1916. Member of Augusta Lodge No. 141, Augusta, Me.

Albert S. Burleson (1863–1937) Postmaster General of U.S. b. June 7, 1863 at San Marcos, Tex. Received degrees from Baylor Univ. and Univ. of Texas and admitted to bar in 1885. Member of 56th to 62nd Congresses (1899–1903) from 9th Texas dist. Also congressman from 10th dist. in 1903–13. Resigned from 63rd Congress to accept postmaster generalship in cabinet of President Wilson, serving from 1913–21. Member of the Masonic bodies of Austin, Texas. d. Nov. 24, 1937.

Edward Burleson Vice President of Republic of Texas. Member of Clinton Lodge No. 54, Bolivar, Tenn. Initiated March 22, 1826.

Anson Burlingame (1820–1870) U.S. Minister to China. b. Nov. 14, 1820 in New Berlin, N.Y. Graduated from Harvard

law school in 1846 and practiced in Boston, serving in the state senate and a member of the state constitutional convention. U.S. Congressman to 34th, 35th and 36th Congresses, he was one of the founders of the Republican party in 1855. He gained national fame when he denounced the assault by Preston S. Brooks on Senator Sumner over the slavery question, and when Brooks challenged him to a duel, he promptly accepted, naming rifles as the weapons and the place to be Navy island above Niagara Falls. Brooks backed down. President Lincoln appointed him as minister to Austria, but the government refused to receive him as he had spoken in favor of Hungarian independence. He was then named minister to China in which capacity he served with distinction and in 1867 Prince Kung, regent of China, named him as special envoy to the United States and European powers to frame treaties of amity with those nations. It became known as the "Burlingame Treaty." He died in St. Petersburg, Russia on Feb. 23, 1870 while completing his mission for China. He was made a Freemason in Amicable Lodge, Cambridge, Mass. on Jan. 5, 1854.

David G. Burnet (1788–1870) President of Texas, soldier of fortune, lawyer, jurist b. April 1, 1788 at Newark, N.J., son of Dr. William Burnet, first master of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10, Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1806 he joined the liberator Miranda q.v. on the ship *Leander* in an attempt to free Venezuela, and was with him again in 1808 on another attempt. Afterwards studied law at Newark. On Nov. 24, 1813 he petitioned St. John's Lodge of Newark and the minutes of Dec. 8, 1813 state that his petition was laid over for further consideration.

Failing in health, he drifted to the plains in 1817 and lived with the Comanches for two years. He returned to Ohio where his family lived and then to Louisiana where he practiced law for six years. He migrated to Texas in 1826 and in 1833 he wrote the document sent by the convention of American settlers to the Mexican government. In 1834 he was appointed one of the first three district judges of Texas. When Texas declared her independence from Mexico on March 2, 1836, Burnet was chosen as the first president of the Republic to serve until the adoption of a constitution which took place on Oct. 22, 1836. During his eight months as president many important events occurred including the Battle of the Alamo, Goliad and San Jacinto as well as the capture of Santa Anna q.v. In 1838 he was elected vice president, and was president in 1840 during the illness of President Lamar. It was while vice president that he was initiated in Holland Lodge No. 1 of Houston the dates being Jan. 18, Jan. 24, and May 21, 1839. He de-mitted April 13, 1842 and there is no later Masonic record of him. He was defeated for presidency in 1841 by Sam Houston q.v. and was first secretary of state under Governor Henderson q.v. He then retired to his farm and died Dec. 5, 1870. His brother Jacob q.v. was U.S. Senator from Ohio and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

Jacob Burnet (1770–1853) U.S. Senator from Ohio, pioneer jurist and political figure. b. Feb. 22, 1770 at Newark, N.J., son of Dr. William q.v. and brother of David G. q.v. Graduated at Princeton in 1791 and in 1796 was admitted to the bar and settled in Ohio where he became a leading citizen. In 1799 he was appointed to the legislative council of the Northwest

Territory and was active in forming the state government. In 1812 he was a member of the state legislature and judge of the supreme court in 1821–28. From 1828–31 he served Ohio as U.S. Senator. He was first president of the colonizing Society of Cincinnati. In 1799–1801 he was master of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10 (now N.C. Harmony, No. 2) at Cincinnati. His father was first master of this lodge. He also is listed in the grand lodge proceedings as a past master of Scioto Lodge No. 6. A Royal Arch Mason, he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1810–12 and at one time served as grand orator of that body. d. May 10, 1853.

William Burnet (1730–1791) Pioneer physician, member of Continental Congress of 1776. b. Dec. 13, 1730 at Newark, N.J., he was the son of a physician who came from Scotland. Two of his six sons became famous, David G. q.v. being the first President of Texas and Jacob q.v., U.S. Senator from Ohio. He graduated from Princeton in 1749—the school's second year. He was a member of Congress in 1780–81. From 1776 until the close of the war, he was surgeon general of the eastern district of the United States. When the grand lodge of New Jersey chartered Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10 at Cincinnati on Sept. 8, 1791 he was named as first master. Shortly after this (Oct. 7, 1791) he died.

George H. Burnett (1853–1927) Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon from 1892–1911. b. May 9, 1853 in Yamhill Co., Ore. Practiced law at Salem, Ore. 1876–92 and then served as district attorney, court reporter and circuit judge. Mason. d. Sept. 10, 1927.

James Burnett (Lord Monboddo) q.v. (1714–1799) Scottish judge and pioneer anthropologist. Samuel Johnson visited him in 1773. He was the author of *The Origin and Progress of Language* (1773–92) which brought man into affinity with orangutans and traced elevation of man to a social state as a natural process. The *Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress* (1917) states that he was a Freemason.

Henry E. Burnham (1844 –1917) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire. b. Nov. 8, 1844 at Dumbarton, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1867 and admitted to bar in 1868. Held several political offices and was U.S. Senator from 1901–13. A member of Washington Lodge No. 61, Manchester, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1885. A 33° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 8, 1917.

George Burnham (1868–1939) U.S. Congressman, 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–37). b. Dec. 28, 1868 in London, England. Came to United States in 1881 and naturalized in 1890. Began as a clerk in store, became engaged in ranching and real estate and banking. From 1917–27 was vice president of the Southern Truce & Commerce Bank; from 1927–30, vice president of Bank of Italy; and from 1930–32, vice president of its successor, the Bank of America. Past grand commander, Grand Commandery, K.T. of Calif. d. June, 1939.

Lord Burnham (Edward Frederick Lawson) English peer and managing director of the *London Daily Telegraph*, founded by his family. He was educated at Eaton and Oxford and served with distinction in WW1, receiving the D.S.O.

In WW2 he was recalled to service as a major general and appointed director of public relations in 1941 at the War Office. He was senior military adviser to the Ministry of Information, remaining in that capacity long after the end of the war. As Edward Frederick Lawson, he succeeded his father to the barony in 1943 at the latter's death. In 1942 he was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England and since 1944 Masonic ruler of the Province of Buckinghamshire.

Wilbur H. Burnham Artist and designer of stained glass windows. b. Feb. 4, 1887 at Boston, Mass. Studied both at home and abroad, beginning as designer of stained glass in 1906. Has designed scores of church, cathedral and memorial windows including Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Washington Cathedral, Riverside Church (N.Y.), Princeton Univ. Chapel, Rollins College (Fla.) Chapel, Univ. of Southern Calif. Chapel, Belleau Chapel, France, American Church of Paris. Mason.

Bob Burns (1890–1956) Actor and humorist. b. Aug. 2, 1890 at Van Buren, Ark. Attended the Univ. of Arkansas but did not graduate. Started his professional career on vaudeville stage in 1911, but gained his fame through homely philosophy in movies and particularly radio. His famous homemade musical instrument the “bazooka” was immortalized in WW2 with the infantry rocket launcher being given that name. Mason. d. Feb. 2, 1956.

Gilbert Burns (?–1827) Brother of Scottish poet, Robert Burns q.v. who together farmed 118 acres at Mossiel,

Scotland. Raised in St. James Lodge, No. 178 Tarbolton on March 1, 1786. d. April 27, 1827.

Robert Burns (1759–1796) Scottish national poet. b. Jan. 25, 1759 at Alloway, near Ayr, the son of a gardener. He first worked as a farm laborer and from 1784–88 farmed with his brother Gilbert q.v. on 118 acres at Mossgiel where he wrote some of his best poems. Constantly plagued with financial trouble and affairs of the heart, he determined to go to Jamaica as a plantation overseer, but when the edition of poems he published to raise his fare became a success, he decided to stay and moved to Edinburgh where he was lionized by literary circles. He was made a Freemason in St. David's Lodge No. 174 at Tarbolton, Scotland being initiated on July 4, 1781 and passed and raised Oct. 1, same year. He was one of those who withdrew from the lodge in 1782 and constituted St. James Lodge No. 178 in the same town. On July 27, 1784 he was made deputy master of the lodge and held that office until 1788. He was made an honorary member of St. John's Lodge No. 22, Kilmarnock, Scotland on Oct. 26, 1786. He was also a member of the Loudoun Kilwinning Lodge No. 51, Newmilns, Scotland. On Feb. 1, 1787, he became a member of the famous Lodge Canon-gate Kilwinning No. 2 at Edinburgh and was made poet laureate of the lodge on March 1, 1787. While on a visit to St. Andrew's Lodge No. 179, Dumfries, Scotland on Dec. 27, 1788 the brethren "assumed" him as a member of that lodge. On May 19, 1787 he received the Royal Arch de-gree in St. Ebbe Lodge at Eyemouth, Scotland.,Ä¢ Although Robert Ainslie who was exalted at the same time paid one guinea dues, the

minutes testify “but on account of R. Burns’ remarkable poetical genius, the encampment unanimously agreed to admit him gratis” and considered themselves “honoured by having a man of such shining abilities as one of their Companions.” He wrote several Masonic poems including “Farewell to the Brethren of St. James Lodge, Tarbolton” and “The Freemasons’ Apron.” d. July 21, 1796.

Robert E. Burns President of College of the Pacific. b. July 26, 1909 at Flat River, Mo. Received A.B. and A.M. from College of the Pacific and LL.D. from Willamette Univ. Began as field secretary of College of the Pacific in 1931, later becoming alumni and placement secretary, registrar, assistant to president “and has been president since 1946. Raised Jan. 20, 1945 in San Joaquin Lodge No. 19, exalted Oct. 29, 1952 in Stockton Chapter No. 28, R.A.M.; greeted in Stockton Council No. 10, R. & S.M. Oct. 29, 1952 and knighted in Stockton Commandery No. 8, K.T. Dec. 1, 1953. Received 32° AASR (SJ) Nov. 18, 1945. Served as grand chaplain, Grand Lodge of California in 1955 and grand high prelate, Red Cross of Constantine, 1956–57.

Aaron Burr (1756–1836) American Revolutionary officer; third vice-president of the United States. He fell into disrepute by killing Alexander Hamilton in a duel (1804) and later by conspiring to seize territory from Spanish America to create a new republic in the Southwest. In spite of the fact that many authorities have claimed he was a Mason, there is not a shred of proof as to his membership. It is true that many of his close associates were Freemasons. He is often confused with

another contemporary “Aaron Burr” who was a member of Union Lodge No. 40, Danbury, Conn., being initiated June 13, passed July 3 and raised Sept. 13, 1806. That summer Burr was in New Jersey with his daughter and left for the Southwest in Sept. of that year. There is also a record of “Aaron Burr” visiting Western Star Lodge No. 107 at Kaskaskia, Ill. on April 4, 1812. At this time he was either in England or aboard the ship *Aurora* which reached Boston in May, 1812. During the Anti-Masonic period, those opposed to the Craft associated Burr’s name with the fraternity as a traitor who used the Craft to further his plans. The following from an address in 1829 before a citizens meeting in Philadelphia is indicative of the times: “It was the key of the Royal Arch degree which was used by the celebrated Aaron Burr, in conducting his correspondencies, during his treasonable conspiracies against our liberties. That arch intriguer travelled over the United States; visited the Lodges and Chapters; communicated his private designs where the members were bound by oath to conceal the disclosures of their brethren.” d. Sept. 14, 1836.

Jonathan Burrall (1753–1834) Revolutionary soldier. Joined the northern army under Schuyler in 1776. He soon became assistant paymaster and at the close of the war he was on the commission to settle the accounts of the commissary and quartermaster departments. He was later assistant postmaster general and cashier of the U.S. branch bank of New York and manager of the New York state lotteries. Admitted to Masters’ Lodge No. 2 at Albany, N.Y. in 1778. d. Nov. 18, 1834.

George Burrington (?–1759) Twice colonial governor of

North Carolina under the British. First appointed on Jan. 15, 1724 because his father had been active in support of British on accession of George I. He was removed and succeeded by Sir Richard Everard on April 7, 1725 as being "ignorant and profligate." He was ordered tried for his actions but did not appear at the trial and left for England. Although removed in 1730, he was again sent to North Carolina as governor, in Feb., 1731. Again he conducted himself with want of prudence and when he learned that the chief justice of the colony had been sent to England to protest against him, he left in April, 1734 for the British Isles. Shortly after his arrival, he was found murdered one morning in St. James' Park, London. He was a member of the lodge at the "King's Arms on New Bond Street" in London and his name also appears on the list of members of "Bear and Harrow in Butcher Roe," London in 1730. Murdered in London, Feb. 22, 1759.

Harry E. Burroughs (1890–1946) Lawyer and founder of the Burroughs Newsboys Foundation, a charitable organization for the benefit of newsboys, shoeblacks, etc. b. April 15, 1890 in Kashoffka, Russia. Received degrees from Suffolk Law School and Boston Univ., being admitted to Mass. bar in 1912 taking up practice in Boston. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Dec. 18, 1946.

Julius C. Burrows (1837–1915) U.S. Senator from Michigan. b. Jan. 9, 1837 at Northeast, Pa. Began law practice in Kalamazoo, Mich. in 1861. Member of 43rd, 46th, 47th and 49th to 54th Congresses. U.S. Senator from 1895 to 1911. Was temporary chairman of the Republican National Convention

in Chicago, 1908. Past master of Anchor Lodge of Strict Observance No. 87 at Kalamazoo and member of Kalamazoo Chapter, R.A.M. No. 13 and Peninsular Commandery No. 8, K.T. of same city. d. Nov. 16, 1915.

Lansing Burrows (1843–1919) Soldier and clergyman. Secretary of Southern Baptist Convention from 1881–1914. b. April 10, 1843 at Philadelphia, Pa. and educated in Richmond College (Va.), Wake Forest College (N.C.), Princeton, Madison, Univ. Bethel College (Ky.). Served with C.S.A., enlisting in 1861, captured at Winchester, Va. in 1864. Ordained to Baptist ministry in 1867 serving churches in Mo., N.J., Ky., Ga. and Tenn. d. Oct. 17, 1919. Mason.

Calvin C. Burt Achieved prominence in the Rite of Memphis, but was expelled from his lodge in Michigan, said expulsion being confirmed by the Grand Lodge of Michigan when appealed.

Harold H. Burton Associate Justice, Supreme Court of United States. b. June 22, 1888 at Jamaica Plain, Mass. Educated in Bowdoin College and Harvard Univ., practicing law in Cleveland, Ohio from 1912. Served as an officer in 91st Infantry Div. in WW1 in France and Belgium. Acting mayor of Cleveland in 1931–32 and mayor from 1935–40. Member of the Ohio house of representatives in 1929 and U.S. Senator from Ohio from 1941–45. Associate Justice of Supreme Court of U.S. since Oct. 1, 1945. Member of Pythagoras Lodge No. 682 of Cleveland; 33° AASR (NJ) and member of Al Koran Shrine Temple, Cleveland.

Hutchins G. Burton (?–1836) Former Governor of North Carolina. Grand master of North Carolina in 1826–27. Was governor in 1824–27. His lodge memberships are not clear. In 1803 there was a H. G. Burton as a member of Hiram Lodge No. 24, Williamsborough, N.C.; said brother represented this lodge at grand lodge in 1817. However there was another H.G. Burton a member of Phalanx Lodge No. 31, Charlotte, N.C. in 1813. A brother of the same name represented Mount Morris Lodge No. 27 of Iredell Co., N.C. as well as Phalanx Lodge No. 31 at the grand lodge in 1809. A brother of the same name is listed in the proceedings of 1805 as a representative of Philanthropic Lodge of Tennessee (in Grand Lodge of Kentucky proceedings). To further complicate the matter, there was an “H. G. Burton” listed as a member of Royal White Hart Lodge No. 2 at Halifax, N.C. in the proceedings of 1836.

John Hill Burton (1809–1881) Scottish historian. He achieved fame with his *Life of David Hume* in 1846 and was editor with Sir John Bowring, of Bentham’s works. Made a Freemason in Glenkindil Lodge No. 333, Scotland on Aug. 17, 1827.

Sir Richard F. Burton (1821–1890) British explorer and writer. He joined the Indian army in 1842 and recorded his experiences in *Scinde, or the Unhappy Valley* in 1851. In 1853 he made a pilgrimage to Mecca disguised as Pathan, which he described in *Personal Narrative* (1855). With Speke, he explored Somaliland in 1854, Lake Tanganyika region in 1858 and accompanied Capt. Cameron to the Gold Coast in 1881. His *First Footsteps in East Africa* was published in

1856. He was British consul at Fernando Po, Damascus and Trieste from 1861–82. Member of Hope Lodge, Kurrachee, Scinde, India.

Robert Burton (1747–1825) Quartermaster General of militia in American Revolution and member of the Continental Congresses from North Carolina from 1787–88. b. in Mecklenburg, Va. Oct. 20, 1747, he was a planter, removing to Granville, S. Car. about 1775. In 1801 he was a member of the commission to fix the boundary between the Carolinas and Georgia. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 24 of Williamsborough, N. Car.

Theodore E. Burton (1851–1929) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Ohio. b. Dec. 20, 1851 at Jefferson, Ohio. Graduate of Oberlin, being admitted to bar in 1875 and practicing at Cleveland. Served in 51st, and 54th to 60th Congresses from 21st Ohio dist. Resigned from 61st Congress to be U.S. Senator from Ohio from 1909–15. Again served in 67th to 70th Congresses (1921–29) from 22nd Ohio dist. Member of Iris Lodge No. 229, Webb Chapter, R.A.M., Orion Commandery, K.T. and Al Koran Shrine Temple, all of Cleveland. d. Oct. 28, 1929.

William Burton Governor of Delaware for term starting 1861. Member of Temple Lodge No. 9 and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware from 1851–52.

Harlan J. Bushfield (1882–1948) U.S. Senator and Governor of South Dakota. b. Aug. 6, 1882 at Atlantic, Iowa. Graduate of

Dakota Wesleyan Univ. and Univ. of Minn. Admitted to S. Dak. bar in 1904 and began practice in Miller. Served as governor of S. Dak. from 1938–42 and U.S. Senator from 1943. He was a member of St. Lawrence Lodge No. 39 at Miller, Oriental Consistory AASR at Yankton, La–Co–Tah Commandery K.T. No. 6 at Huron and El Riad Shrine at Sioux Falls. d. Sept. 27, 1948.

Asa S. Bushnell (1834–1904) Governor of Ohio. b. Sept. 16, 1834 at Rome, N.Y., moving to Cincinnati in 1845. Received a common school education and rose from a dry goods clerk to president of Warder, Bushnell & Glessner Co. mower and reaper manufacturers. Served as company commander in 152nd Ohio volunteer infantry in Civil War. Elected governor of Ohio for two terms, 1895–99. Was made a Mason “at sight” and received the 33° AASR (N.J.).

George E. Bushnell Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan and Sovereign Grand Commander of Scottish Rite, Northern Jurisdiction. b. Nov. 4, 1887 at Roanoke, Va. Graduate of Virginia Poly. Inst. and Detroit College of Law with honorary LL.D. degrees from Detroit College of Law, Wayne Univ., Boston Univ., and Univ. of Michigan. His early years were spent as an advertising salesman from Denver, Colorado to London, England. Later he was supervisor for Canada Life Assurance Co. of Toronto. In 1915 he was admitted to the Virginia bar in the following year to the Michigan bar. In 1933 he was elected justice of the Supreme Court of Michigan, and reelected until he resigned in 1954 to accept the chieftainship of the Northern Jurisdiction of the AASR,

upon the retirement of Melvin M. Johnson q.v. He was raised in Taylor Lodge No. 23 at Salem, Va. in 1909 and served as master of Sojourners Lodge No. 483 of Detroit in 1925. He received his 33° in 1924. Bushnell was a member of the Masonic Service Association European Committee sent abroad in 1945 to investigate the state of the Craft in Europe following the war.

Anastasio Bustamante (1780–1853) President of Mexico and soldier. b. in Jiquilpan, Michoacan, he fought in the Spanish army against revolution.. ists as early as 1808, but in 1821 supported Iturbide q.v. and his plan for government. He was vice-president of the republic under Guerrero q.v. in 1829, but joined Santa Anna q.v. in a revolt against him. He was president of Mexico from 1829–32, but was driven out by Santa Anna. After the latter's downfall in 1836, Bustamante again became president from 1837–39. He was a Royal Arch Mason.

Benjamin F. Butler (1818–?) Union Major General in Civil War and lawyer. b. Nov. 5, 1818 at Deerfield, N.H. Practiced law at Lowell, Mass. Entered war in 1861 as brigadier general of militia and promoted to major general the same year. He occupied Baltimore with 900 men and later commanded Fort Monroe in Virginia. He captured Forts Hatteras and Clark on the North Carolina coast and then formed an expedition for the Gulf of Mexico. On May 1, 1862 he took possession of New Orleans. After he hanged a man for pulling down the U.S. flag, issued "Order No. 28" to prevent women from insulting soldiers and confiscated \$800,000 from the Dutch consul,

he was recalled and placed in command of the department of Virginia and N. Carolina. In North Carolina he issued general order No. 38 which had to do with the care of Confederate Masonic property at New Bern. In 1865 Grant removed him from command and he returned to Massachusetts where he engaged in politics and practiced law. In Lowell, Mass. he was a member of Pentucket Lodge, Mt. Horeb Chapter, and Pilgrim Commandery. He was made a 33° honorary of the AASR (NJ) on March 16, 1864.

Burridge D. Butler (1868–1948) Publisher. b. Feb. 5, 1868 at Louisville, Ky. Founded Omaha Daily News in 1899, St. Paul Daily News in 1900, Minneapolis Daily News in 1900. Sold these properties in 1909. Became owner and publisher of The Prairie Farmer in 1909, also president of WLS Agricultural Broadcasting Co., Chicago. Mason. d. March 30, 1948.

Charles C. Butler (1865–1946) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado. b. Feb. 6, 1865 at Milwaukee, Wis. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan in 1891 and admitted to Colorado bar same year. Practiced at Denver. Judge of Colorado district court 1913–27 and justice of supreme court 1927–37, being chief justice part of that time. Initiated in Union Lodge No. 7, Denver on April 27, 1935. d. Nov. 16, 1946.

David Butler First Governor of Nebraska. Governor when Nebraska was admitted to statehood on March 1, 1867. Butler affiliated with Pawnee Lodge No. 23 at Pawnee City in 1879. His original lodge is not known.

Hugh A. Butler (1878–1954) U.S. Senator from Nebraska. b. Feb. 28, 1878 at Missouri Valley, Iowa. Became engineer for C.B. & Q. Railroad in 1900 and in 1908 a grain miller at Curtis, Nebr. and was associated with the grain trade the rest of his life. Elected U.S. Senator from Nebraska in 1941, serving until 1952. He was raised in Wellsville Lodge No. 194, Wellsville, Mo. and later became a member of St. John's Lodge No. 25 of Omaha, Nebr. 32° AASR. d. July 1, 1954.

John Butler (1728–1794) Colonel in the British service during the American Revolution. b. in New London, Conn. At outbreak of war he recruited a force of Indians and rangers known as "Butler's Rangers." An expert in Indian tactics, he participated in many battles with them including Oriskany, the Wyoming massacre and raids on the Schoharie and Mohawk settlements. Many atrocities have been attributed to him. He was a close friend of Joseph Brant q.v., the famous Indian chief. After Brant had saved the life of Lt. Thomas Boyd on Sept. 13, 1779 near Genessee when Boyd had given a Masonic sign, he was turned over to either Col. Butler or his son, Walter, who in turn let the Indians torture and kill him. Previous to the war he had been made deputy superintendent of Indian affairs in New York and after the war when he removed to Canada he was special Indian agent. He was probably raised in Union Lodge No. 1, Albany, N.Y. and became the first secretary of the famous St. Patrick's Lodge No. 8 at Johnstown, N.Y. which first met on August 23, 1766. In Canada, after the war, he became a charter member of St. John's Lodge of Friendship No. 2 and served as its master. He became the first grand senior warden of the Provincial Grand

Lodge of Upper Canada. Barton Lodge No. 6 (then 10) had many of his former rangers as members, and Brant himself was at one time a member of this lodge.

Richard Butler (1743–1791) Major General, U.S. Army. b. April 1, 1743 at Dublin, Ireland, coming to America with his parents before 1760. A lieut. colonel in the Pennsylvania line at the beginning of the Revolution; with Morgan's rifles in 1777. While with Lafayette's detachment near Williamsburg, Va. in 1781, he attacked Simcoe's rangers and defeated them. Promoted to colonel in the 9th Pennsylvania regiment at close of war. Was Indian agent in Ohio in 1787, and in the St. Clair's expedition against the Indians, he commanded the right wing with the rank of major general. He was killed in the attack on Ft. Recovery on Nov. 4, 1791, tomahawked and scalped. He was initiated in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia on April 14, 1779, passed April 20 and raised April 27. He later affiliated with Pennsylvania–Union Lodge—a lodge of the Pennsylvania line and on January 9, 1787 is recorded as having been admitted to Lodge No. 45 of Pittsburgh. Lodge records show that he visited St. George's Lodge of Schenectady, N.Y. in June, 1779 and later American Union Lodge (military).

Robert Butler General in War of 1812. On the roll of the Grand Lodge of Alabama when it was organized on June 3, 1825 and member of Jackson Lodge No. 23, Tallahassee, Fla. He was charter member and master for four years, being grand master of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1833.

William Morgan Butler Former U.S. Senator from

Massachusetts. Although his membership is not known he is listed in a Masonic publication of 1925 as “prominent in Masonic circles.” b. Jan. 29, 1861. d. March 29, 1937. Received degrees in Star In The East Lodge of New Bedford, Mass. in 1886.

Isaac Butt (1813–1879) Irish lawyer and nationalist leader. Formed coalition between Irish Protestants and other nationalists and inaugurated home-rule movement in 1870. Member of Lodge No. 2, Dublin.

George C. Butte (1877–1940) Acting Governor General of Philippines and Puerto Rico. b. May 9, 1877 at San Francisco, Calif. Educated home and abroad. Practiced law in Oklahoma and Texas. Attorney general of Puerto Rico 1925–28. Vice governor of Philippines 1930–32. Acting governor of Puerto Rico three times. Associate justice supreme court of Philippines 1932–36. In WW1 served as chief of foreign intelligence section of the General Staff, U.S. Army. Mason. d. Jan. 18, 1940.

John S. Buttles (1877–1949) Justice, Supreme Court of Vermont. b. Jan. 20, 1877 at Troy, N.Y. Admitted to Vermont bar in 1906. Member of Vermont house of representatives in 1919, superior judge 1926–37; associate justice supreme court, 1937–49. Retired. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. d. May 18, 1949.

Harold Bye Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 16, 1886 at St. Paul, Minn. Enlisted in U.S. Navy in 1907 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1947, retiring from service

that year. Raised in Bremerton Lodge No. 117, Bremerton, Wash. in 1922. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Honolulu in 1935; member of Aloha Shrine Temple of Honolulu and was president of the Shrine Club at Sandpoint, Idaho in 1953.

Clovis E. Byers Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 5, 1899 at Columbus, Ohio. Graduated U.S. Military Academy in 1920, advancing through grades to major general in 1944. With War Dept. General Staff 1940–42, chief of staff, 77th Div. 1942; chief of staff 1st Corps 1942–43; chief of staff 8th Army, 1944; commanding general 82nd Airborne Div. from 1948–49; chief of staff, G1 Dept. of Army 1949–51; commanding general X Corps in Korea, 1951, XVI Corps, Japan, 1952. Presently military adviser to assistant secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs). Received EA degree on April 1, 1923 in Laredo Lodge No. 547, Laredo, Texas and the FC on Nov. 2, 1925. MM degree in Star of the East Lodge No. 650 in Yokahama, Japan on Nov. 3, 1947.

Harry C. Byrd President, University of Maryland. b. Feb. 12, 1889 at Crisfield, Md. Graduated from Univ. of Maryland in 1908 and after law studies at several universities returned to his alma mater in 1912 as English and history instructor, later serving as director of athletics, football coach, assistant to president, vice-president, acting president and president since 1936. Raised in Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C. in 1914. Member of chapter, council and commandery (Hyattsville) and 32° AASR (SJ) at Washington; Tall Cedars, Shrine and Jesters.

Harry F. Byrd Governor and U.S. Senator from Virginia. b. June 10, 1887 at Martinsburg, W. Va., he is a brother of Admiral Richard E. Byrd q.v. the explorer. Started with the Winchester (Va.) Star at the age of 15 and now owns the paper as well as the Harrisonburg Daily News Record. Actively interested in peach and apple culture, owning orchards and cold storage facilities. Served in Virginia senate from 1915–25 and a leader in establishing state highway system. He served as governor of Virginia from 1926–30. In 1933 he was appointed to fill unexpired term in U.S. Senate and has served in that body continuously since. He was raised in Hiram Lodge No. 21 at Winchester in Nov., 1925 and a member of the AASR (SJ) at Alexandria, Va. receiving the degrees in Oct. 1929. In 1943 he received the 33°.

Richard E. Byrd (1888–1957) Polar explorer, naval officer, pioneer aviator. b. Oct. 25, 1888 at Winchester, Va., a brother of Harry F. Byrd q.v., governor and senator. Graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1912 and advanced to lieut. commander at retirement in 1916 and later promoted to commander after flight over North Pole in 1926. Given rank of rear admiral in 1930. During WW1 he entered the Aviation Service and commanded U.S. Air Forces until armistice. In WW2 he served with Admiral King in Washington and Nimitz in the Pacific, going overseas four times. He was highly decorated including the Congressional Medal of Honor in 1926 and special Congressional Medals in 1930, 37 and 46. Made plane flight over North Pole on May 9, 1926 with Floyd Bennett. In 1927 he made trans-Atlantic flight of 4,200 miles with three companions—New York to France. His first Antarctic expedition

was in 1928–30 and his second in 1933–35. Discovered Edsel Ford Mountains and Marie Byrd Land. He spent five months alone near the South Pole. In 1939 he was made commander of the U.S. Antarctic Service and again went to the South Polar region, discovering five new mountain ranges, five islands and more than 100,000 square miles of area. In 1946 he was named commanding officer of the U.S. Navy Antarctic Expedition and again in 1956 headed the U.S. expedition in Antarctic exploration. He became a member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on March 19, 1921 and affiliated with Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City, Sept. 18, 1928 (see Elisha Kent Kane). He is a member of National Sojourner Chapter No. 3 at Washington. He and his pilot, Bernt Balchen q.v. dropped Masonic flags on the two poles—Balchen also added his Shrine fez. In the Antarctic expedition of 1933–35, 60 of the 82 members were Freemasons and on Feb. 5, 1935 established First Antarctic Lodge No. 777 of New Zealand constitution. d. March 11, 1957.

Frank M. Byrne (1858–1927) Governor of South Dakota. b. Oct 23, 1858 at Volney, Iowa. Moved to Sioux Falls in Dakota Territory in 1878 and took homestead in McCook Co. Was a farmer and real estate dealer. He served in the first state senate in 1890 and also sessions of 1907 and 1909; lieut. governor 1909–13 and governor 1913–17. Mason. d. Dec. 25, 1927.

James F. Byrnes Secretary of State; Justice, Supreme Court of U.S.; Governor of South Carolina; U.S. Senator. b. May 2, 1879 in S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1903. First edited a newspaper

and then served as court reporter. Was a member of the 62nd to 68th Congresses (1911–25) from 2nd S. Car. dist. Served as U.S. Senator two terms, 1931–43. Appointed justice of supreme court in 1941 but resigned to become director of economic stabilization in 1942; director of war mobilization 1943–45 and secretary of state 1945–47. Governor of S. Car. 1951–55. Raised in Aiken Lodge No. 156 on Jan. 12, 1911 and affiliated with Spartan Lodge No. 70, July 5, 1926. Received Royal Arch Nov. 21, 1911 in Kadoshlayah Chapter No. 41, Aiken and affiliated with Chicora Chapter 23, Spartanburg in 1934. Received into Aiken Council R. & S.M. No. 23, Nov. 26, 1920 and affiliated with Blakce Council No. 19 Oct. 22, 1945. Knighted in Columbia Commandery No. 2 Oct 20, 1916 and affiliated with Aiken Commandery No. 14 in 1923 and Spartanburg Commandery No. 3 in 1934.

Joseph W. Byrns (1869–1936) Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives. b. July 20, 1869 at Cedar Hill, Tenn. Graduate of Vanderbilt Univ. Served many years in the lower house (1895–1900) (1909–33) (1933–37). He died on June 4, 1936 before his term in the 74th Congress had expired. He was twice speaker of the house, 1899 and 1936. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° KCCH and Shriner. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 131 and Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Nashville. Son, Joseph W. Jr. was also a congressman (1939–41) and member of Phoenix Lodge.

John Byrom (1692–1763) English poet, hymnologist and inventor of an early shorthand system that was copyrighted in 1742. He was the author of the famous phrase “tweedledum

and tweedledee.” He is listed as a member of a lodge held at The Swan in Long Acre, England, 1750.

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Pierre Jean Georges Cabanis (1757–1808) French surgeon, philosopher and writer. Was administrator of Paris hospitals and physician to Mirabeau. A sympathizer with the revolutionists, he was a member of the Council of Five Hundred. He is often called the founder of modern physiological psychology. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress, 1917, Geneva, Switzerland, lists him as a Freemason.

James A. Cabell (?–1930) Governor of Virginia and Judge, Supreme Court of Appeals. Served as governor of Virginia 1805–08; judge of the general court 1808–11; judge of supreme court of appeals 1842–51 and president of that court 1842–54. He revived the Virginia Society of the Cincinnati and was first president of the temporary organization in 1889. Mason. d. July 22, 1930.

Robert H. Cabell (1867–1947) President of Armour & Co. b. Dec. 1, 1867 at Brunswick, Mo. Began as a salesman with Armour in 1892; managing director of European interests with headquarters in London, 1913–34; general manager, Chicago, 1934 and president from 1935 until retirement in 1940. Mason. d. Dec. 12, 1947.

William H. Cabell (1772–1853) Governor of Virginia for three years (1805–07). b. Dec. 16, 1772 at Boston Hill, Va. Graduated from William and Mary College and admitted to the bar in 1794. Was elected to house of delegates in 1796 and frequently reelected. He served on the Virginia Court of Appeals from 1811 until his death on Jan. 17, 1853, at which time he was president of the court. A member of George Lodge No. 32, Warminster, Virginia, he served as master and treasurer.

John L. Cable U.S. Congressman 67th to 68th (1921–25) and 71st and 72nd (1929–33) Congresses from 4th Ohio dist. b. April 15, 1884 at Lima, Ohio. Practiced law at Lima from 1909. Mason.

Charles L. Cadet–Gassincourt (1769–1821) A French anti–Mason who later became a Freemason. b. Jan. 23, 1769 at Paris. A victim of political persecution, he attributed his sufferings to the influence of Masonic lodges in France and published the book *Le Tombeau de Jacques de Molay* in 1796 in which he attempted to show that Freemasonry was the instigator of all the European political revolutions. He later changed his views and became a member of the Lodge l'Abeille in Paris, serving as master in 1805. d. Nov. 21, 1821.

Charles Wakefield Cadman (1881–1946) American composer. b. Dec. 24, 1881 at Johnstown, Pa. Began as music critic and organist in Pittsburgh. His best known songs are *From the Land of the Sky Blue Water* and *At Dawning*. He became interested in American Indian music, basing many

of his songs and operas on that theme. Composed cantatas, chamber music, sonatas, quintets, symphonies, suites and operas. Member of Albert Pike Lodge No. 484, Los Angeles, received 32° AASR (SJ) May 26. 1923. Member of York Rite and Shrine. d. Dec. 30, 1946.

S. Parkes Cadman (1864–1936) Clergyman. b. Dec. 18, 1864 at Wellington, Salop, England. Received honorary degrees from a dozen universities. Served as pastor of the Central Congregational Church of Brooklyn for many years, starting in 1901. From 1924–28 he was president of the Federal Council, Churches of Christ in America and as radio minister of the same, starting in 1928, he was one of the most popular radio artists of that decade. Contributed to the daily press and wrote many books. He was noted for his broad and liberal attitude with regard to the religious opinions of others. It has been said that in his generation no man exerted more influence for the brotherhood of man. A member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, New York City, he was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York for 28 years. Once in a question period, he was baited with a question concerning membership in secret societies. He answered thus: “That question is aimed at the Masons. I am a Mason and I know Masonry to be a broad-minded, Christ-like institution. Masons are friendly and as a Christian minister, I can say that they fear God and are the orchestra of God toward bringing about fraternity, and for that reason I am and shall always remain a Mason.” d. July 12, 1936.

John Cadwalader (1742–1786) Brigadier General in

American Revolution. b. Jan. 10, 1742 at Philadelphia. Took an active part in public affairs previous to the war and was captain of a military company. On the formation of the city battalions, he was placed in command of one and promoted to brigadier general in command of the Pennsylvania militia. He cooperated in the capture of the Hessians at Trenton and was at the battles of Brandywine, Germantown and Monmouth as a volunteer. In the fall of 1777 he organized the militia of western Maryland at the request of Washington. After the war he moved to Maryland and became a member of the state legislature. He was a member of Lodge No. 8 in Philadelphia. d. Feb. 11, 1786. Also master of Military Lodge No. 55.

Thomas Cadwalader (1707–1779) Revolutionary surgeon. b. in Philadelphia in 1707, he was medical director of the Army hospital at Philadelphia in 1776. He was senior grand warden of first St. John's lodge of Philadelphia in 1738. d. at Trenton, N.J. in 1779.

James H. Cafferty (1819–1869) Painter. He began as a portrait painter and attained a wide reputation as such, but in his later years he turned to still life painting. He was chosen an associate member of the national academy of design in 1849 and in 1853 became an academician. His most notable paintings were *My Girl*, *My Father* and *Brook Trout*. Member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, New York City.

Count Alessandro di Cagliostro (1743–1795) Italian imposter, charlatan. Real name was Giuseppe Balsamo. b.

June 8, 1743 in Palermo, Italy of poor parents, he was placed in the convent of the Good Brotherhood at Castiglione where he was assistant to the apothecary of the monastery and picked up some knowledge of chemistry and medicine. He fled the monastery and after many brushes with the law, left Italy to travel in Greece, Egypt, Arabia, Persia, Rhodes and Malta, picking up the title of "count." Back in Italy he married Lorenza Feliciani q.v. who later was to play an important part in his "Masonic" career. In 1776 he appeared in London and during the early part of that year was initiated in Esperance Lodge No. 289 which met at the King's Head Tavern, Soho, London. The lodge was founded as a French lodge in 1768 under English constitution. The next year (1777) while still in London, he was said to have invented his grand scheme of Egyptian Freemasonry. He assumed the impressive title of Grand Master Supreme of the Egyptian Freemasonry of High Science, Grand Cophta of Europe and Asia. Searching for more lucrative fields, he moved his operations to the continent, posing as a physician, alchemist, neo-romancer and Freemason. In addition to his "Masonic" activities he practiced many frauds, selling love philters, elixirs of youth, etc. It is claimed that he was driven from England by exposes of the editor Morand in the *Courier de l'Europe*, and although he had several "Egyptian lodges" established, he appears to have lost his popularity. The last official Masonic record we have of him was when he visited the Lodge of Antiquity in London on November 1, 1786. He left England permanently in May, 1787. In Europe he was the associate of princes, prelates and philosophers. He established his Egyptian rite throughout the continent, admitting women as well as men. In 1789 he

daringly organized a lodge in Rome under the very shadow of the Vatican. That was the last straw and the Holy Inquisition caught up with him, tried and sentenced him to death. The penalty was later commuted to life imprisonment. He spent four years in the prison of St. Leo, in the Duchy of Urbino, and in 1795 died in a fit of apoplexy.

Holly M. Cain (1882–1947) President of Abbot Laboratories. b. Jan. 14, 1882 in Davies Co., Ind. President of Swan–Myers Co., Indianapolis 1913–30 and when company merged with Abbott Lab. Chicago, he became vicepresident, and in 1943 president and director of Abbott Labs. International. Mason. d. Feb. 21, 1947.

Wellins Calcott English Masonic writer of the 18th century, ranking with Anderson, Hutchinson and Preston. He has been called the father of the didactic school. His work, *A Candid Disquisition of the Principles and Practices of the Most Ancient and Honourable Society . . .*” was published in 1769. At that time it is thought that he was past master of the Palladian Lodge of Hereford, now No. 120. He twice visited America. On Jan. 20, 1779 was made an honorary member of Apollo Lodge at York, England.

William M. Calder (1869–1945) U.S. Senator from New York. b. March 3, 1869 at Brooklyn, N.Y. As a contractor he erected over 4,000 houses in Brooklyn and was building commissioner of Brooklyn in 1902–03. A delegate to the national Republican convention nine times, he was U.S. Senator from 1917–23. Mason. d. March 3, 1945.

Harmon W. Caldwell President, University of Georgia. b. Jan. 29, 1899 in Meriwether Co., Ga. A.B. Univ. of Georgia and LL.B. from Harvard with honorary degrees from Emory, Mercer and Tulane. Practiced law at Atlanta from 1926 to 1933 with exception of four years when he was professor of law at the Univ. of Georgia. Became president of the Univ. of Georgia in 1935, serving until 1948 when he became Chancellor of the university system of Georgia. Raised in John W. Akin No. 537, Taylorsville, Ga. in 1920; 32° AASR (SJ) at Atlanta and Yaarab Shrine Temple of Atlanta.

Joseph Caldwell (1773–1835) President of University of North Carolina. b. April 21, 1773 at Lammington, N.J. He graduated from Princeton in 1791 and after teaching school he became professor of mathematics in 1796 at the Univ. of North Carolina when it was just five years old. The school was in a feeble state and in 1804 he was made president, serving until his death on Jan. 24, 1835. He was raised on April 14, 1798 by Eagle Lodge No. 19 of Hillsboro, N. Car., the lodge going to Chapel Hill where the university was located, to confer the degrees.

Millard F. Caldwell, Jr. Governor of Florida, U.S. Congressman, 73rd to 76th Congresses (1933–41) from 3rd Florida dist. b. Feb. 6, 1879 at Knoxville, Tenn. Practiced law and elected to Florida state legislature in 1928 and 1930. Governor of Florida from 1945–49. Was chairman of the National Governors Conference in 1946–47; a delegate of the Interparliamentary Union at the Hague in 1938 and at Oslo in 1939. Served in field artillery in WW1. Member and past

master of Santa Rosa Lodge No. 16, Milton, Fla., but was raised in a lodge in Macon, Miss. 32° AASR (SJ) at Meridian, Miss. and member of Morocco Shrine Temple, Jacksonville, Fla.

Galloway Calhoun Lawyer and Imperial Potentate of the Shrine of North America in 1948–49. b. Aug. 22, 1894 at Athens, Texas. Admitted to Texas bar in 1915 and served as district attorney of 7th judicial dist. of Texas; assistant attorney general of the state and special assistant to attorney general of the U.S. on Selective Service matters during WW2. In WW1 he was band leader of the 144th Inf. band. An active Methodist, his lectures to the men's bible class at Tyler, Texas are broadcast. In 1944 he was a delegate to the general conference of the Methodist Church. In 1936 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas. Raised in St. John's Lodge No. 53, Tyler, Texas, Aug. 18, 1916. Member of Tyler Chapter No. 24, R.A.M., George M. Patrick Council No. 13, R. & S.M.; Ascension Commandery No. 25, K.T. and past commander of same. 33° AASR (SJ), Dallas. Chairman of board of trustees for Shriners Hospitals for Crippled Children; grand junior general Empire of the West, Red Cross of Constantine; active member Supreme Council of DeMolay.

Norman Call President of the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad since 1932. b. March 29, 1880 at Richmond, Va. Began with Richmond Locomotive Works and started with the R.F. & P. as secretary to the president in 1900. Member of Dove Lodge No. 51 and Meridian Lodge No. 284; Washington Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. and Richmond Cornmandery No. 2, K.T. all of Richmond, Va. Member of Acca Shrine Temple.

Richard K. Call (1791–1862) Governor of Florida, Brigadier General. b. near Petersburg, Va. Was brigadier general of Florida militia in 1833, and led the army against the Seminoles in 1836 in second and third battles of Wahoo Swamp. Served as governor of Florida from 1835–40, but in a controversy with Joel R. Poinsett, q.v. secretary of war, he was removed from office. President Harrison again appointed him governor from 1841 to 1844 and he was an unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1845 when Florida became a state. He joined Cumberland Lodge No. 8 at Nashville, Tenn. in 1821 and later of Centerville Lodge No. 18, Leon Co., Fla. of which he was master in 1851. In 1853 he affiliated with Concordia Lodge No. 28, Gadsden Co., Fla. He assisted in the formation of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1830 and was grand master in 1851. In 1847 he was made an honorary member of Florida Royal Arch Chapter No. 1 (formerly No. 32) and an honorary member of the Grand Chapter of Florida the same year. d. Sept. 14, 1862.

Charles H. Callahan (1858–1944) He is credited with the idea that brought into being the George Washington National Masonic Memorial at Alexandria, Va. He was commissioner of revenue of Alexandria for 44 years and a member of Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia from 1924–26 and was the author of the noted book, *Washington, the Man and the Mason*. b. Aug. 22, 1858 at Acquia Mills, Va., he died July 31, 1944 at Alexandria.

Albert S. Callan Newspaper publisher. b. July 27, 1884 at Albany, N.Y. Graduate of Hobart College, 1907. President of the Chatham Courier Co. since 1912. Member of New York general assembly 1909–10 and delegate to Republican state convention 17 times. Served in WW1 as captain and in WW2 as lieutenant colonel. Member of New York National Guard 1906–17. Raised in Valatie Lodge No. 362, Kinderhook, N.Y. in 1908.

Llewellyn L. Callaway (1868–1951) Chief justice, Supreme Court of Montana. b. Dec. 15, 1868 at Tuscola, Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan, 1891. Practiced law in Montana from 1891. Appointed chief justice of Montana supreme court in 1922, retiring in 1935. Past grand master of Montana, 33° AASR, past grand commander, Knights Templar, past grand high priest, Royal Arch Masons, and member of Supreme Council, Scottish Rite and inspector general for same in Montana. d. Aug. 6, 1951.

Plutarco Elias Calles (1878–1945) President of Mexico. b. Sept. 25, 1878 at Guaymas, Sonora, where he was later a schoolteacher, farmer and tradesman. From 1913–15 he served in the army under Obregon and Carranza. In 1917 he was governor of Sonora. He held cabinet positions under Carranza in 1919–20 and under Obregon in 1920–24. Calles served as President of Mexico from 1924–28, during which time he carried out reforms in an administration marked by struggle between the church and the state. He fought for control of the government with Cardenas in 1935 and in 1936 was driven into exile in the United States. He was

made a Freemason in Helios Lodge in his home town of Guaymas and at one time served as its secretary.

Charles Alexandre de Calonne (1734–1802) French minister of finance under Louis XVI. From 1868–74, he held government positions at Douai, Metz and Lille. When he became controller general of finance in 1783, he found the state treasury in hopeless disorder, without money or credit. He is said to have been one of the principals who precipitated the French Revolution. In 1787 he opened the Assembly of Notables and proposed the taxation of nobles and clergy, which received violent opposition, causing his removal from office. He then lived in England from 1787 until 1802 when Napoleon allowed him to return to France a month before his death. His lodge is not known, but he is recorded as a visitor to the Loge des Maitres at Amiens, France.

Charles Calvert 5th Baron (Lord) Baltimore Member of the English family that obtained patent for the colonization of Maryland. He was the first Protestant in his family's line since his ancestor, George, 1st Baron, turned Roman Catholic in 1625. Charles was proprietary governor of Maryland from 1715 to 1751. He was made a Mason about April, 1730 at Goodwood, Sussex, England, and was one of the eight brethren present when Dr. Dessaugliers q.v. initiated at the Castle Kew on April 28, 1737.

Francisco Calvo (1820–1890) Catholic priest of the Jesuit order, who established Freemasonry in Costa Rica in 1865. At that time he was canon of the San Jose Cathedral. He

received his degrees in Lodge Cruz Austral No. 5 in 1862 at Callao, Peru. He obtained a charter for Caridad Lodge No. 26 at San Jose from the Grand Orient of Spain, then operating in Colombia. Out of this lodge developed the Supreme Council 33° AASR of Central America, which covers five republics, and which chartered lodges of its own until the turn of the 20th century. Calvo served as master of Caridad Lodge No. 26 and eventually became the first sovereign grand commander of the Scottish Rite, a position which he held until his death. The Masonic temple in San Jose now displays the gavel he used. Others who were active with Calvo in the founding of the Scottish Rite were Dr. Jose Maria Castro q.v., president of the Republic in 1847–49, who served as grand chancellor in 1866–68 and was also founder and rector of Santo Tomas University; Dr. Lorenzo Montufar q.v., lawyer, historian, and rector of Santo Tomas University, serving also as grand minister of state; Francisco Poralto Alvarado, teacher, banker and benefactor of San Juan de Dios Hospital, who was first grand representative.

Renah F. Comelier Commissioner of Washington, D.C. b. Oct. 8, 1890. Lawyer by profession. Was 2nd assistant secretary of the Navy in 1917–20; examiner of Federal Trade Commission, 1925–27; assistant U.S. Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice 1927–30; fuel coordinator O.P.A. 1942–43. Appointed commissioner of Washington in 1954 by President Truman. Raised Sept. 18, 1922 in Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C., serving as master in 1932 and grand master of District of Columbia in 1952. Honorary member of Hope Lodge No. 20, Samuel Gompers Lodge No. 45 and

Washington–Centennial Lodge No. 14 of District of Columbia. Member of Mt. Vernon Chapter No. 3, R.A.M.; Adoniram Council No. 2, R. & SM.; Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T.; Kallipolis Grotto; Tall Cedars of Lebanon; National League of Masonic Clubs; Masonic Boosters Club; Masonic Veterans Association National Sojourners, Heroes of '76; past potentate of Almas Shrine Temple of Washington, D.C. (1949). In AASR, he received KCCH in 1949 and 33° in 1953. He served as sovereign of St. Simeon Stylites Conclave No. 51, Red Cross of Constantine and grand marshal of the Grand Imperial Council in 1957. Member of Royal Order of Scotland, being at present provincial first grand steward.

Duke Jean Jacques Regis Cambaceres (1753–1824)

Archchancellor of the French Empire. One of the greats of the Napoleonic period, he was a jurist and statesman who was a member of the convention of 1792. In 1794 he was president of the Committee of Public Safety and also of the Committee of Five Hundred in 1796. In 1799 he was minister of justice and second consul in 1799. Above all, he was the friend and chief counselor of Napoleon, who made him chief counselor of the Empire in 1804. In 1808 he was created Duke of Parma. A Mason, he became grand commander of the Supreme Council of France and was so recognized in the official register of the Supreme Council (SJ) .

Comte Pierre Jacques Etienne Cambronne (1770–1842)

Commander of a division of the French Imperial Guard at the Battle of Waterloo in 1815. He served with distinction in the campaigns of 1812–14 and accompanied Napoleon to Elba.

He was active in the founding of French military lodges.

C. B. Camerer Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 20, 1882 at Kinmundy, Ill. Received M.D. from St. Louis Univ. School of Medicine in 1909. Entered U.S. Navy as a medical officer in 1909 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1945. He was with the Root Commission to Russia in 1917 and brigade surgeon for the Marine Corps in WW1. In WW2 he was medical officer for the 9th Naval district and with the 14th Naval district from 1945–46. His specialty in the service was eye, ear, nose and throat. Returned from active service in 1946. After retirement he engaged in Red Cross work. Mason and member of the National Sojourners.

Augustus G. Cameron Vice president of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Export Co. b. Mar. 21, 1880 at Knightstown, Ind. Began in the wholesale grocery business at Indianapolis in 1910 and first employed by Goodyear in 1913, rising to his present position in 1939. Raised in Golden Rule Lodge No. 16, Knightstown, Ind. on April 3, 1903 and served as its master. Presently a member of Joppa Lodge No. 666, Akron, Ohio. Received Royal Arch in Knightstown Chapter No. 33, Knightstown, Ind. (now Akron No. 209) and served as high priest. Cryptic degrees in Knightstown Council R. & S.M. No. 29 Dec. 10, 1909. Knighted in Knights-town Commandery No. 9, K.T. (now Bethany No. 72 of Akron) March 6, 1906, serving as prelate of both No. 9 and 22. Tadmor Shrine Temple of Akron.

Ralph H. Cameron Former U.S. Senator from Arizona.

Member of Flagstaff Lodge No. 7, Flagstaff, Ariz. and member of El Zaribah Shrine Temple of Phoenix.

Simon Cameron (1799–1889) Secretary of War in Lincoln's cabinet. b. March 8, 1799 in Lancaster Co., Pa. and orphaned at an early age. Worked as a journeyman and edited newspapers before becoming interested in banking and railroad construction. Became Republican political czar of Pennsylvania and served three terms in the U.S. Senate, 1845–49, 1857–61, 1867–77. For a time he was adjutant general of Pennsylvania. Named by Lincoln as Secretary of War in his first cabinet; resigned in 1862 when criticized for manner of awarding army contracts, but immediately appointed U.S. Minister to Russia by Lincoln. He served but six months as U.S. Minister, resigning on Nov. 8, 1862. Initiated in Perseverance Lodge No. 21 at Harrisburg, Pa., on July 12, 1826, he served as master in 1833. He was a member of Perseverance Chapter No. 21, R.A.M. at Harrisburg and St. John's Commandery No. 4, K.T. at Philadelphia. Strangely, he received the Order of the Temple on Oct. 25, 1826 and the Red Cross and Malta on Oct. 30, 1826.

Albert S. Camp (1892–1954) U.S. Congressman from 4th Georgia dist. in 76th and 78th–83rd Congresses. b. July 26, 1892 in Coweta Co., Georgia. Admitted to Georgia bar in 1915. Practiced law in Newnan and was U.S. attorney for Northern Dist. of Ga. in 1934–39. Served overseas with Army in WW1. Mason and Shriner. d. July 24, 1954.

Thomas J. Camp Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 10,

1886 at Seymour, Conn. Received B.A. from Yale in 1908 and M.A. in 1915. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1912 and rose to temporary brigadier general in 1942. Served in Hawaii from 1912–17; instructed in first officers training camp in 1917; battalion commander in France in 1918; on War Department General Staff from 1937–41; organized 51st Armored Infantry in 1941; edited Infantry Journal from 1931–34. Raised in Pyramid Lodge No. 92, New Egypt, N.J. in 1918. 32° AASR (SJ) at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Alexander W. Campbell (1828–?) Brigadier General, Confederate Army in Civil War. Raised in Jackson, Tenn. June, 1858. Royal Arch Mason in same year and knighted in Jackson Commandery, K.T. on April 3, 1874.

Archibald Douglas Campbell (see 4th Lord of Blythswood)

Arthur G. Campbell Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 15, 1884 at Lexington, Va. Commissioned in 1908 in Coast Artillery and promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1940. Served with A.E.F. in WW1 and was member of War Department General Staff from 1918–21; assistant chief of staff of 6th Corps Area 1928–32 and 8th Corps Area 1939–40. Retired in 1944. Mason.

Doak S. Campbell President of Florida State University since 1941. b. Nov. 16, 1888 at Tate, Arkansas. Received degrees from Ouachita College, George Peabody College, Stetson Univ. and Florida Southern. Was superintendent of Columbus, Ark. high school from 1911–14; vice-president of

Central College, Ark. 1916–20 and president 1920–28; with George Peabody College 1928–41. Has written several books on education. Raised in Buck Range Lodge, Howard Co., Ark. and presently a member of Jackson Lodge No. 1, Tallahassee, Fla. Has served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Florida.

Douglas L. Campbell Prime Minister of Manitoba, Canada. b. May 27, 1895 at Portage la Prairie. Owner and operator of a farm near High Bluff, Manitoba since 1918. Served as a member of the Manitoba legislature since 1922; member of the ex–ecutive council in 1936 and minister of agriculture and immigration from 1936–48. Elected premier of Manitoba in 1948 and has since been the leader of the Liberal–Progressive Party. He was initiated in Assiniboine Lodge No. 7 at Portage La Prairie in 1917 and served as master in 1922. Also member of Keystone Chapter No. 2 of the same place.

Dwight Campbell Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota. b. Nov. 5, 1887. Graduate of Iowa College, 1909 and Harvard, 1912. Began practice in Aberdeen, S.D. in 1919. Appointed judge of Supreme Court of S.D. in 1925, serving until 1937 when he resigned to re–enter private practice. Mason, 32° and Shriner.

George W. Campbell (1768–1848) Secretary of the Treasury and U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. 1768 in Tenn. Graduated from Princeton in 1794. Served in U.S. Congress as representative from 1803–09. Elected U.S. Senator in 1811, but resigned in 1814 to become Secretary of the Treasury. He was again elected to the Senate in 1815, serving until 1818

when he was appointed U.S. Minister to Russia, returning to the United States in 1820. He served as master of Greenville Lodge No. 43, Greenville, Tenn. and is also reported to have held offices in three other Tennessee lodges: Knoxville No. 2, Mount Libanus No. 59 and Tennessee No. 41, all of Knoxville.

Jacob M. Campbell Union General in Civil War. Became a member of Cambria Lodge No. 278 at Johnstown, Pa. on Oct. 26, 1858, but demitted April 13, 1875 to become a charter member of Johnstown Lodge No. 538, serving as first senior warden.

James Campbell (1813–?) Postmaster General of the United States under President Pierce, 1853–1857. b. in Philadelphia, son of an Irish emigrant. Admitted to bar in 1834, becoming attorney general of the state in 1852. His lodge is not known, but he was a member of Harmony Chapter No. 52, R.A.M. of Philadelphia.

James U. Campbell (1866–1937) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon. b. Aug. 29, 1866, Prince Edward Island, Canada and educated in Prince of Wales College, studying law privately. Came to the U.S. in 1887 and was naturalized in 1893. Began teaching public schools in 1884 and admitted to Oregon bar in 1893. Served as circuit judge of the 5th district five times. Elected to supreme court in 1930 and was chief justice from 1935 until his death on July 16, 1937.

John Campbell, 2nd Marquess of Breadalbane (1796–1862) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Scotland between

1824 and 1826. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1834 and made a Knight of the Thistle in 1838. The following year he was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Argyllshire.

John Campbell 4th Earl of Loudoun (1705–1782)

Governor of Virginia and commander of all British forces in America in 1756. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1736. He was the first PGM of England to visit a grand lodge in America, when on Jan. 31, 1757 the Festival of St. John the Evangelist was postponed by the Provincial Grand Lodge in Boston so that he might attend. A special working lodge was opened and four members of Campbell's staff "were made enter'd Prentices & Pass'd Fellow crafts" with Richard Gridley q.v. in the chair." Commissioned in the Scots Greys at an early age, he succeeded his father to the title and became one of the 16 representative Scottish peers in Parliament. As a mark of royal esteem, he was made governor of Stirling Castle and Edinburgh, and was aide-de-camp to the king, serving in the Flanders campaigns and the rebellion of 1745. Following the disastrous expeditions of 1755 against the French and Indians in America, and the death of General Braddock, General Campbell was appointed governor of Virginia (as asinecure) and to command all British forces in America. Due to politics at home and poor handling of colonial authorities in the new world, he served only from July 23, 1756 until December, 1757. The earl was said to have resembled "Saint George on the tavern sign—always on horseback, but never advancing." He lost Forts Oswego and William Henry, and failed in the planned invasion of French Canada. However, he was far from discredited with the king

or later ministries. In 1762 he took part in the Peninsular Wars in Portugal, where although second in command, he was actually first in the field. He was promoted to full general in 1770. He retired to Scotland as titular governor of Edinburgh until his death in 1782.

Sir Malcolm Campbell (1885–1948) English businessman and famed automobile racer. Employed in 1906 on the staff of Lloyds of London. He served through WW1 from 1914–18, the last two years, being an airplane pilot. He began motor racing as a hobby in 1910 and later established many world records for speed at Daytona Beach, Fla. and Salt Lake City, Utah. He wrote *Speed*, 1931; *The Romance of Motor-Racing*, 1936; and *The Roads and the Problem of Their Safety*, 1937. A Freemason, he was made a member of the Azngi Grotto of Daytona Beach, Fla.

Price Campbell President of West Texas Utilities Co. b. Jan. 22, 1890 at Weatherford, Texas. Received B.S. and E.E. from Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College. With the American Public Service Co. since 1915 and a director of many public utilities. Mason.

Thomas D. Campbell Agricultural engineer and Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 19, 1882 at Grand Forks, N.D. Graduate of North Dakota, Cornell and Southern Calif. universities. Engaged in farming since 1898, operating 95,000 acres of wheat and flax land in Montana. President of Campbell Farming Corp. since 1922. In 1929 he was special adviser for Russian government to assist in operation of 10 million

acres in Russia. Was special advisor to British government on increased wheat production in 1941. Made report for French government on wheat production in North Africa in 1948. Served as colonel with Air Corps from 1942 and made brigadier general in 1946; now general U.S. Army Reserve. Inventor of Campbell grain dryer and developer of Campbell windrow method of harvesting grain. Raised in Acacia Lodge No. 4, Grand Forks, N. Dak. on Nov. 29, 1907. 32° AASR (SJ) and member of Kem Shrine Temple, Grand Forks.

Wayne Campbell Actor and university professor. b. May 9, 1872. Taught school and worked on his father's newspaper in Waterville, Kansas before becoming an entertainer with the Lyceum Bureau. Barnstormed with repertory and stock companies and was leading character actor from 1915. Head of the drama department of Oklahoma City University since 1922. Author and producer of annual pre-dawn Easter play, *Life, Lord of Death* from 1937–43, and the annual passion play *Via Crucis* produced at the Guthrie Masonic Temple since 1940. Has written several books on writing and acting. Mason, member of Scottish Rite.

Lord William Campbell (?–1778) English governor in America. He was appointed governor of Nova Scotia in 1766 and was the last British governor of South Carolina (1773), which he unsuccessfully attempted to keep loyal to the Crown.

Sir William Campbell (?–1834) Chief Justice of Upper Canada from 1826–29. Served with the British in the American

Revolution. Founded Guysboro and Temple Lodge No. 7 in 1785. He was appointed attorney general of the province of Cape Breton and while there was identified with Freemasonry in Sydney. He went to England in connection with the affairs of the province, and while there, was appointed a justice of the King's Bench, Upper Canada in 1811, becoming chief justice in 1826 and resigning in 1829. He was the founder of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 16 in Toronto. Campbell was knighted and died in 1834.

William B. Campbell (1807–1867) Governor of Tennessee. b. Feb. 1, 1807 in Sumner Co., Tenn. Practiced law in Carthage, Term. Raised a cavalry company and commanded it in Creek and Florida wars of 1836. From 1837–43 was Whig member of U.S. Congress from Tennessee. Was major general of militia in 1844 and served in the Mexican War, distinguishing himself in the battles of Monterey and Cerro Gordo. He served as governor of Tennessee, 1851–53. From 1857 he served as judge of the state circuit court. Lincoln appointed him brigadier general in the Federal Army in 1862, but he was forced to retire in 1863 due to ill health. He was a member of Lebanon Lodge No. 98, Lebanon, Term. d. Aug. 19, 1867.

Joachim Heinrich Campe (1746–1818) German writer and educator. Studied theology and was tutor to the Humboldt family in Berlin in 1769 and 1774–75. He was director of the schools in Dessau and Hamburg, 1786–1805 and head of the Brunswick educational book house from 1787–1808, which published many of his own writings including *Robinson der Jungere*, based on Defoe. He was a learned and zealous

Freemason as shown by his correspondence with Gotthold Lessing q.v.

Edward R. S. Canby (1819–1873) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. Born in Kentucky, his family later moved to Indiana and he graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1835. He served in the Florida Indian War and assisted in the removal of the Five Civilized Nations to Oklahoma. In the Mexican war he saw action in most of the important engagements and was promoted to captain. As a major in 1855 he served the next three years on frontier duty and when the Civil War broke out, he was on an expedition against the Navajos in the Southwest. Made colonel, he commanded the New Mexico forces that repelled a Confederate thrust into that area. He was then made brigadier general and called to Washington to assist Secretary of War Stanton. He then saw service in New York, Mississippi Valley, Virginia, Louisiana, Alabama. After the War he served in Washington, D.C. and was then sent to California, where he attempted to bring the Modoc Indians to terms with the government. On April 11, 1873 he met “Capt. Jack,” the Modoc leader on neutral ground, but the Indians waylaid Canby and two other officers at the meeting place and killed them. The principal Indians were later tried and executed. General Canby “was a member of a lodge in the East. His body was escorted under auspices of the Craft to the Masonic Temple at Yreka and afterwards conveyed East where he was buried with Masonic honors.”

Allen D. Candler Former Governor of Georgia. Member of Gainesville Lodge No. 219, Gainesville, Ga.

John S. Candler (1861–1941) Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia 1902–06. b. Oct. 22, 1861 at Villa Rica, Ga. Alderman of City of Atlanta and president of the general council in 1911, 12, 14. Served in Spanish American War as colonel. Member of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church five times between 1890 and 1934, being a member of the commission on unification of the two branches. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Dec. 9, 1941.

Thomas S. Candler Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia since 1945. b. Dec. 15, 1890 at Blairsville, Ga. Engaged in law practice from 1915–39. Judge of Superior Court, N.E. Judicial Circuit, 1939–45. Mason.

William Candler (1890–1936) President of Atlanta Biltmore Hotel Co. from 1923 and vice president of Coca-Cola Bottling Co. of N.Y. from 1925. b. Jan. 24, 1890. Former director of U.S. Chamber of Commerce and officer and director in several corporations. Mason. d. Oct. 2, 1936.

Gordon Canfield U.S. Congressman 77th to 84th Congresses from 8th N.J. district. b. April 15, 1898 at Salamanca, N.Y. Received LL.B. from National Univ. in 1928. Began as news-boy in Binghamton, N.Y. in 1912, later clerk for Western Union, reporter for Passaic (N.J.) Daily News and for 17 years secretary to Congressman George N. Seger. He served in WW1 in the Signal Corps and in WW2 was on active duty with the Merchant Marine (incognito) in the North Atlantic. He visited Buchenwald concentration camp in Germany as an observer at request of General Eisenhower in 1945, made a

30,000 mile inspection trip of island bases in Pacific in 1946 and visited 16 European and Middle East countries in 1947 on investigating committee. In 1952 he inspected the Pacific defenses and the Korean front. Mason.

Erwin D. Canham Editor of Christian Science Monitor. b. Feb. 13, 1904 at Auburn, Maine. Received B.A. and Litt.D. from Bates College; L.H.D. Boston University and was Rhodes Scholar at Oxford Univ. England, receiving B.A. and M.A. in 1936. Began with the Christian Science Monitor, in 1925 and has covered many important national and international stories for his paper including the League of Nations assemblies of 1926–28, Ramsay MacDonald's tour of the U.S.; London Naval conference; trips of American presidents; nationwide political surveys; inauguration of Philippine Commonwealth. He was head of the Washington Bureau from 1932–39; general news editor 1939–41, managing editor, 1941–44 and editor since 1945. Mason.

Ralph J. Canine Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 9, 1895 at Flora, Ind. A graduate of Northwestern Univ. and several army schools, he advanced through grades from 2nd lieutenant in 1917 to lieutenant general in 1953. In WW2 he served as commanding general of First Infantry Division Artillery in Europe. He is now serving with the Department of Defense, Washington, as director of the National Security Agency. Raised in East Chicago Lodge No. 595, East Chicago, Ind. in 1917. 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie, Oklahoma and member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, Mo.

George Canning (1770–1827) English statesman who served as Foreign Secretary, Chancellor of the Exchequer and Prime Minister. Educated at Oxford, he was a brilliant orator. Member of parliament in 1793, he became under-secretary for foreign affairs in Pitt's administration (1796–99), but was barred from advancement because of poverty and his merciless wit, which he directed against the Whigs. Chief confidant of Pitt, he left office as treasurer of the Navy on Pitt's death in 1806. Was foreign sec-retary from 1807–10. After 12 years of minor offices he again became foreign secretary in 1822, succeeding Castlereagh as leader of the House of Commons. In 1827 he succeeded Liverpool as prime minister and chancellor of the exchequer. He was a member of Royal Somerset House and Inverness No. 4, but the date of his initiation is not known. In 1810 he became a dual member and "was admitted" to the Lodge of the Antiquity No. 2, resigning in 1811 and being reinstated in 1812.

Clarence Cannon Missouri Congressional representative continuously since the 68th (1923) Congress. b. April 11, 1879 at Elsberry, Mo., he is a graduate of LaGrange College, William Jewell College and the Univ. of Missouri. Was professor of history at Stephens College, Columbia, Mo. 1904–08, beginning practice of law at Troy, Mo. in 1908. Has been parliamentarian of the House of Representatives for many years, both in Republican as well as Democratic administrations, and parliamentarian for the Democratic National Conventions since 1920. He is regent of the Smithsonian Institute. He is the author of *Synopsis of the Procedure of the House* (1919), *Cannon's Procedures* (1928), *Convention Parliamentary*

Manual (1928, 1951) and other writings. Member of Troy Lodge No. 34, Troy, Mo. Exalted in Troy Chapter R.A.M. No. 85, (now extinct) and transferred to Mexico Chapter No. 27, Mexico, Mo.; Crusade Commandery No. 23, K.T. Mexico and AASR, Valley of St. Louis. Died, 1964.

Joseph G. Cannon (1836–1926) Served in the U.S. House of Representatives for 50 years (1872–1923) with the exception of two terms. “Uncle Joe” was speaker of the House from 1903–11, ruling that body with a stern and august hand. b. May 7, 1836 at Guilford, N.C., he was admitted to Illinois bar in 1858. After serving eight years as state’s attorney he began his long service in Congress. Was made a Mason in Shelbyville, Ill. in 1858 and later affiliated with Olive Branch Lodge No. 38 of Danville in Feb., 1888. In Jan., 1888 he was exalted in Vermilion Chapter No. 82, R.A.M. and on Feb. 9, knighted in Athelstan Commandery No. 45, K.T. both of Danville, Ill. d. Nov. 12, 1926 at age of 90 and was buried with Masonic honors.

Newton Cannon (1781–1842) Governor of Tennessee, 1835–39. b. in N. Carolina and after public school education removed to Tennessee where he was a member of the legislature in 1811–12. Served in the Tennessee Mounted Rifles as a colonel in 1813 and commanded the left column in the Battle of Tallushatchee with the Creek Indians on Nov. 3, 1813. Elected to Congress in 1814 to fill vacancy of Felix Grundy q.v. and served until 1817, and again from 1819–23. In 1819 he was appointed one of the two commissioners to treat with the Chickasaw Indians by President Monroe.

A member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, he was present at a called meeting of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1825. d. Sept. 29, 1842.

Archbishop of Canterbury (see Henry Chicheley)

James Cantey Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. Member of Kershaw Lodge No. 29, Camden, S. Car.

Eddie Cantor Stage, screen and radio star. b. Jan. 31, 1892 in New York City, he was educated in the public schools and at Wood's Business School, Williamsburgh, N.Y. Married Ida Tobias in 1914; they have five girls—Marjorie, Natalie, Edna J., Marilyn and Janet. He began as a vaudeville and burlesque entertainer and later with Morosco, the Shuberts and Florenz Ziegfeld. In 1916 he toured the country as "Sam Beverly Moon" in Canary Cottage. He played in Broadway Brevities (1920), Make It Snappy (1922), and starred in Kid Boots (1923–26), Whoopee (1929–30), making his first motion picture appearance in 1926. He is known for his charitable work with Christians as well as Jews, and founded the Eddie Cantor Camp which sends poor and undernourished boys to the country. He has served as president of the Jewish Theatrical Guild of America, and president of the American Federation of Radio Artists. He was initiated in Munn Lodge No. 190, N.Y.C. on Nov. 6, 1919 and raised on June 23, 1921.

Homer E. Capehart U.S. Senator from Indiana. b. June 6, 1897 at Algiers, Ind. Began as salesman with Burton–Paige Mfg. Co., Chicago, in 1919. From 1927–33 he was president

of The Capehart Corp., mfgs., Fort Wayne, Ind., and vice president of The Wurlitzer Co. from 1933–40. He is chairman of the board of Packard Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, and owner of the Capehart Farms, Washington, Ind. Served in army during WW1 (1917–19). Elected U.S. Senator in 1944 and again in 1950. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Joseph P. E. Capelle (1757–1796) Surgeon of the American Revolution, he was born in Flanders, coming to America with Count Rochambeau q.v. and later served on General Lafayette's q.v. staff as surgeon. After the Revolution, he settled in Wilmington, Del., and was both popular and successful as a physician. He was one of the incorporators of the Delaware State Medical Society. He was raised in Lodge No. 14 at Wilmington (under Pennsylvania charter) on Aug. 21, 1783. He served as master in 1786 and again in 1792. He was treasurer of the lodge from 1788–91. On Aug. 6, 1789, he was in the first group of Delaware Masons to receive the Royal Arch Degree, conferred in his own lodge, and played a prominent part in the effort to establish a grand lodge in Delaware. He died on Nov. 5, 1796 and was buried with Masonic services in Old Swedes Cemetery. As the Masonic rites began, the sky suddenly darkened, and winds of near-hurricane velocity tore at the graveyard, forcing a number of crows to the ground among the onlookers, where they helplessly flapped their wings over the grave. The strange incident so terrified some of the onlookers, that they sprang over the cemetery wall and forever after talked of the strange alchemy and close affinity the Freemasons had with evil spirits.

Luigi Capello (1859–?) Italian General of World War I. He commanded the army which captured Gorizia in August, 1916 and the 2nd Army in the Italian offensive of Bainsizza plateau the following year. He retired in July of 1918. An opponent of Fascism, Mussolini called on him to choose between Freemasonry and Facism. He chose the craft and in Nov., 1925 he was arrested and accused of plotting against Mussolini's life. He was not brought to trial until the spring of 1927 when he was convicted and sentenced to 30 years' penal servitude.

William T. Capers (1867–1943) Bishop of Protestant Episcopal Church. b. Aug. 9, 1867 at Greenville, S.C. Graduate of Theological Seminary of Virginia, State Univ. of Kentucky and Univ. of the South. In business from 1887–90. Became P.E. deacon, 1894; priest, 1895 and served as rector in Anderson, S.C., Vicksburg, Miss., Asheville, N.C., Lexington, Ky., Philadelphia, Pa. from 1895–1913. Elected bishop of missionary district of Spokane in 1913 but declined. Was then named bishop co-adjutor of Diocese of West Texas, serving from 1913–16 and bishop of West Texas from Oct. 16, 1916. Mason, 32° AASR. d. March 29, 1943.

Arthur Capper (1865–1951) U.S. Senator, Governor of Kansas and publisher. b. July 14, 1865 at Garnett, Kans. Began as a compositor on the Topeka Daily Capital in 1884 and by 1892 owned and published the paper. Eventually he added the following publications to become one of the largest publishers in the world: Cap-per's Weekly, Kansas Farmer, Household Magazine, Capper's Farmer, Missouri Ruralist,

Ohio Farmer, Pennsylvania Farmer, Michigan Farmer, Kansas City Kansan. He also owned radio stations KIBW, Topeka and KCKN, Kansas City, Kans. Elected governor of Kansas, 1915–19 and served Kansas as U.S. Senator from 1919–1951. He was a member of Orient Lodge No. 51 of Topeka and received his 33° AASR, (SJ) in Oct. 1948. d. Dec. 19, 1951.

John H. Capstick (1856–1918) U.S. Congressman from 5th N.J. district in 64th Congress (1915–17). b. Sept. 2, 1856 at Lawrence, Mass. Business interests were dyeing, printing and bleaching of textile fabrics. Mason. d. March 16, 1918.

Thaddeus H. Caraway (1871–1931) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, 1921–33, dying in office. b. Oct. 17, 1871 in Stoddard Co., Mo., he was admitted to Arkansas bar in 1900. He served in the U.S. House of Representatives from the 1st Arkansas district in the 63rd to 66th Congresses (1913–21). Mason and member of Sahara Shrine Temple at Pine Bluff, Ark. d. Nov. 6, 1931.

Giosue Carducci (1835–1907) Considered the national poet of modern Italy. b. in Valdicastello, Tuscany, his early pseudonym was Enotrio Romano. From 1861–1904 he was professor of literary history at Bologna. He was awarded the Nobel prize for literature in 1906. Wrote many volumes of verse and historical studies in literary criticism. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Henry C. Carey (1793–1879) Political economist. b. in

Philadelphia, the son of Mathew Carey, an Irish publisher who fled to America in 1784 to escape prosecution for attacks on British government. Henry continued his father's publishing and bookselling business from 1817–35 when he retired to devote himself to study and writing. He was the author of *Principles of Political Economy* (1837–40) in three volumes, and *The Principles of Social Science* (1858–59) in three volumes. He was raised in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia on January 21, 1817.

James B. Carey Judge, Delaware Supreme Court since 1945. b. Feb. 17, 1905. Graduated from Univ. of Delaware (1926) and Temple Univ. (1931). Admitted to Pennsylvania bar in 1931 and Delaware bar in 1936. Practiced law in Georgetown, Del. from 1936–45. Member and past master of Franklin Lodge No. 12, Georgetown, Del. Past grand marshal of Grand Lodge of Delaware. Member of Hope Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. and Joppa Council No. 3, R. & S.M. both of Georgetown; 32° AASR (NJ) at Wilmington; Evergreen No. 49, Tall Cedars and member of Kent and Sussex Past Masters' Association.

Jeremiah Carhart (1813–1868) Inventor. b. Sept. 1813 in Dutchess Co., N.Y., he received no extended education, but when 15 learned the cabinet making trade and became adept in the use of tools. He moved to Buffalo where he perfected several inventions between 1836–46, including the exhaustion bellows and tubular reed-board for reed instruments. With E. P. Needham, he founded firm of Carhart and Needham, moving to New York City where they manufactured melodeons and organs. His Blue Lodge is not known, but he was a

member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, N.Y.C. d. Aug. 16, 1868.

1st Marquess of Carisbrooke (Alexander Albert Mountbatten) b. Nov. 22, 1886. His father was the third son of Prince Alexander, of Hesse, brother of the ruling grand duke, Prince Louis of Battenberg, later the Marquess of Milford Haven, was the elder brother of Prince Henry, and married Princess Victoria of Hesse, granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria. Their eldest daughter, Princess Alice of Battenberg married Prince Alexander of Greece and is the mother of H.R.H., Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburg and royal consort of Queen Elizabeth. The family name was changed from Battenberg to Mountbatten in 1914 at the outbreak of WW1 when there was a popular outcry against names of Teutonic origin. The marquissate of Carisbrooke was created in 1917, taking its name from Carisbrooke Castle on the Isle of Wight. The Marquess was educated at Wellington College and went to sea as a midshipman on the H.M.S. Britannia, the royal yacht, remaining in the navy from 1902–08. Commissioned as lieutenant in the Grenadier Guards in 1911, he was promoted to captain three years later. He served throughout the War of 1914–18, subsequently on the staff, retiring in 1919. A member of Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, the lodge connected with the royal family, he served as master in 1952 and as grand steward of the Grand Lodge of England in that year. In 1956 he was master of Royal Colonial Institute Lodge No. 3556. He has served on the board for the Royal Masonic Institution for Boys for several years.

Carl XIII King of Sweden (see Charles XIII)

Carl XIV, John King of Sweden (see Charles XIV)

Carl XV, Ludwig Eugen King of Sweden (see Charles XV)

Father Antoine Caries (?–1824) French Catholic priest, an Austrian by birth, who was chaplain of L'Esperance Lodge in Savannah, Georgia. This lodge was composed of French Roman Catholic refugees from the “black uprising” of San Domingo. He first settled in Pennsylvania, but in 1803 moved to Savannah. He was associated with John Paul Jones q.v. in France as well as Benjamin Franklin q.v. French Naval Captain Denis Nicholas Cottineau was buried from his home on Broughton St. in Savannah on Nov. 30, 1808. He returned to France after the Bourbons were restored and died in 1824, just after completing Easter services at the Cathedral of Bordeaux.

James H. Carleton (1814–1873) Major General U.S. Army. Fought in the Aroostook war of 1839 as a lieutenant of the Maine volunteers on the N.E. boundary of the U.S. Later with the 1st U.S. Dragoons and was with Kearny's expedition to the Rocky Mountains in 1846. In the Mexican War he was made captain and then major, serving with General Wool in Mexico and cited in the battle of Buena Vista. After the Mexican War, he engaged in exploration and expeditions against hostile Indians. In one expedition against the Utes and Apaches, Kit Carson q.v. was his guide. He led the “California Column” in the Civil War across the Yuma and Gila deserts to Mesilla, on the Rio Grande, and in April, 1862 was ordered

to relieve General Canby q.v. as commander of the department of New Mexico, where he remained for several years. Advanced to brigadiergeneral in 1865 and major general in U.S. forces. He was raised in Montezuma Lodge No. 109 in New Mexico, chartered by the Grand Lodge of Missouri, and is later thought to have belonged to San Diego Lodge No. 35, San Diego, Calif.

Will Carleton (1845–1912) American poet. b. Oct. 21, 1845 at Hudson, Mich. In newspaper work at Hillsdale, Mich., Detroit, Chicago, Boston and New York and became editor of *Everywhere*, a monthly published in Brooklyn. Lecturer and reader of his own works in U.S. and Europe. Author of *Farm Ballads*, *Farm Legends*, *Farm Festivals*, *Young Folks' Rhymes*, *City Ballads*, *City Legends*, *City Festivals*, *Rhymes of Our Planet*, *The Old Infant* and many others. Mason. d. Dec. 18, 1912.

Richard Carlile (1790–1843) Printer and bookseller of London who wrote and published several pretended exposes of Freemasonry, which after his death, were collected in one volume under the title of *A Manual of Freemasonry* (in three parts). An atheist and freethinker, he was imprisoned for the publication of Paine's *Age of Reason* and Palmer's *Light of Nature*. His Masonic works are interspersed with considerable learning, and are not as abusive of the craft as most expositions generally are.

Carlini English sculptor. Early member of the Lodge of Nine Muses No. 325 in London, and one of the four members of

this lodge to be original members of the Royal Academy at its foundation in 1768.

Evans F. Carlson (1896–1947) Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Feb. 26, 1896 at Sidney, N.Y. Entered army in 1912 and served in Philippines, Hawaii, Mexican border, France and Germany and was member of Pershing's staff. Entered Marine Corps in 1922 and served in West Indies, Nicaragua, and observer with Chinese armies. He joined Chinese guerrilla forces in penetrations behind Japanese lines. Resigned from Marine Corps to lecture and write in 1939 but reentered in 1941 as commander of 2nd Marine Raider Bn. which became known as "Carlson's Raiders," advancing from colonel to brigadier general. Retired in 1946 as result of wounds. d. May 27, 1957. Mason, member of Scottish Rite.

Frank Carlson Former Governor and U.S. Senator from Kansas. b. Jan. 23, 1893 at Concordia, Kansas. Farmer and stockman since 1914; member of Kansas state legislature, 1929–33 and governor of Kansas, term of 1947. U.S. senator from Kansas, 1951–57. Served as private in army, WW1. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 113, Concordia and 33° AASR (SJ).

George A. Carlson (1876–1926) Governor of Colorado from 1915–17. b. Oct. 23, 1876 at Alta, Iowa. Graduate of Colorado State Normal and Univ. of Colorado. Admitted to Idaho bar in 1904 and practiced at Lewiston, removing to Colorado in 1905, practicing at Fort Collins. After governorship he resumed practice at Denver. d. Dec. 6, 1926. Mason.

Wilbur G. Carlson Dairy expert b. May 11, 1904 at Madison, Wis. Editor of Pure Milk Products Press in 1931–32; director of Wisconsin Agricultural Authority, 1939–39; executive with Kraft Foods, 1940–49. Technical specialist with Quartermaster Corps in WW2 in France and Germany. Director of livestock products, division of Foreign Agricultural Service, Dept. of Agriculture since 1954. Cofounder of American Dairy Association. Was secretary general of first World Congress for Milk Utilization in 1953. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Doyle E. Carlton Governor of Florida from 1929–33. b. July 6, 1887 at Wauchula, Fla. Graduate of Univ. of Chicago and Columbia Univ. Admitted to Florida bar and began practice at Tampa in 1912. Member of Florida state senate from 1917–19. He received his first degree on April 27, 1909 in St. John's Lodge No. 37, DeLand, Fla., his second degree on July 7, 1911 in Damascus Lodge No. 888, Chicago, and his third in Hillsborough Lodge No. 25, Tampa, on Sept. 29, 1915, affiliating with the latter lodge.

Newcomb Carlton (1869–1953) President (ret.) of Western Union Telephone and Telegraph Co. 1914–33, chairman of the board 1933–43 and honorary chairman 1943–49. b. Feb. 19, 1869 at Elizabeth, N.J. Graduate of Harvard and Colgate. Began as a mechanical engineer in Buffalo, N.Y. in 1891, becoming vice president of Bell Telephone of Buffalo in 1902 and vice president of Westinghouse Electric in 1904. In 1910 he was made vice president of Western Union. Life trustee of American Academy in Rome, grand officer of Crown of Italy, and holder of French Legion of Honor.

Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City. d. March 12, 1953.

Henry, 4th Earl of Carnarvon (Henry Howard Molyneux) (1831–1890) Undersecretary for the colonies in 1858–59 and colonial secretary, 1866–67, 1874–78. He presented bill for the federation of North American provinces in 1867, abolished slavery on the African Gold Coast in 1874 and favored federation for South Africa. Resigned in 1878 in opposition to breach of neutrality in Russo–Turkish conflict. As lord lieutenant of Ireland (1885–86), he favored limited self government, and resigned in opposition to Gladstone’s home rule bill. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1870–74, and from 1874–90 served as pro–grand master for H.R.H. Albert Edward, later King Edward VII. The office of pro–grand master must be held by a peer of the realm and is created only when the grand master is a king or prince of royal blood.

Henry, Marquis of Carnarvon (see 2nd Duke of Chandos)

James, Marquis of Carnarvon (see 3rd Duke of Chandos)

L. J. J. Caron Governor of the Celebes in Dutch East Indies, he was elected grand master of the Netherlands in 1945 succeeding the late General H. van Tongeren. The Chinese government conferred the high distinction of “Brilliant Jade of China” on him. He was a member of the committee sent to Syria by League of Nations when that nation declared its independence. At the German invasion of Holland in 1938,

he was grand orator and senior surviving grand officer after liberation. He was head of the first chapter of Royal Arch Masons established in Holland on Feb. 3, 1949 by the Grand Chapter of England. Grand Secretary, Sir Sydney White, of England was present at the consecration of the chapter as were other English notables.

Admiral Carraciola Italian naval officer and Freemason who during the uprising at Naples in 1799 was hanged from the masthead of his own vessel and his body thrown into the sea.

Lord Carrington (Archibald Philip, 5th Earl of Primrose) (1847–1929). Left Oxford without a degree because he owned race horses. An avid sportsman, he won the Derby three times (1894, 1895, 1905). Was prime minister of Britain (1894–95) following Gladstone. Undersecretary for home department with charge of Scottish affairs from 1881–83; visited Australia in 1883–84. Foreign secretary under Gladstone 1886, 1892–94, holding to policy of distrust of Russia; firmness with France during Egyptian trouble. Was governor of New South Wales from 1888–1891 and at the same time served as the first grand master of the United Grand Lodge of New South Wales, being installed Sept. 18, 1888. Prior to the union he was provincial grand master under English constitution. He was leader of the liberal opposition from 1895–96.

Frank Carrington Theatrical producer. b. Sept 13, 1901 at Angel Island, Calif. Began acting at the Pasadena Community Playhouse in 1915 and in 1925 he organized his

own Shakespeare company. In 1944–45 he was producer for Theatre Guild and the Shuberts. He was the co-founder of The Paper Mill Playhouse, N.J. in 1934 and since that time has directed over 150 plays and musicals. He studied subsidized theatres in England, France and Germany in 1937 and was with the U.S. Navy in WW1. Raised Oct. 24, 1923 in Hope Lodge No. 124, East Orange, N.J.

Charles Carroll, Jr. Son of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, last surviving signer of the Declaration of Independence. Although the family was strong Roman Catholic, Schultz in his History of Freemasonry in Maryland states that Charles, Jr. was a Freemason in a Maryland Lodge. Daniel Carroll q.v., cousin of Charles Carroll of Carrollton was definitely a Mason.

Daniel Carroll (?–1829) Member of the Continental Congress of 1780–84 and a delegate to the convention that framed the U.S. Constitution. He was also a representative in congress in 1789–91, when in the latter year he was appointed commissioner for surveying the District of Columbia. His farm formed the site of the present city of Washington, D.C. He was a cousin of Charles Carroll, signer of the Declaration of Independence (see Charles Carroll, Jr.). He was raised in Maryland Lodge No. 16, Baltimore, Md. on May 8, 1781. His birth date is not known, but he lived to an advanced age.

Horace Bailey Carroll Historian, editor and college professor. b. April 29, 1903 at Gatesville, Texas. Taught at Texas Technical College, Texas Univ., Texas Wesleyan, Hillsboro College, West Texas State College, Eastern New Mexico

College, Texas Agricultural College. Professor of history in Texas Univ. since 1946. Director of Texas State Historical Association since 1946. Editor of *Southwestern Historical Quarterly*. Associate editor of *Panhandle-Plains Historical Review*. Editor of several volumes on S.W. American history. Member of Yellowhouse Lodge No. 841, Lubbock, Texas.

Thomas K. Carroll Governor of Maryland in 1829. Joined Somerset Lodge No. 49, Princess Anne, Md. "upon reaching his maturity." Later associated with Washington Lodge No. 3, Baltimore and Concordia Lodge No. 13, Baltimore. Served as deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland.

Arthur J. Carruth, Jr. Journalist and editor. b. July 26, 1887 at Clinton, N.Y. With the *Topeka State Journal* since 1908. Managing editor in 1914. Columnist, editor and co-publisher from 1933-40. Director of North American Light & Power Co. since 1942. Mason.

Christopher "Kit" Carson (1809-1868) One of America's most famous plainsmen, Indian scouts, guide, trapper and soldier. b. Dec. 24, 1809 in Madison Co., Ky. While an infant, his parents moved to Howard Co., Mo. which was then a wilderness. At the age of 15 he was apprenticed to a saddler, but ran away after two years (in 1826) to join a party of hunters in Santa Fe, N.M. His employer advertised in the *Missouri Intelligencer*, offering one cent reward for his return. For eight years he lived the life of a plains trapper and was then appointed hunter for the garrison at Bent's Fort, where he remained eight more years. Carson was closely associated

with Charles Bent q.v. and married Josefa Jaramillo, sister of Bent's wife. Next he served as guide for General John C. Fremont q.v., "The Pathfinder," on his first expedition—and later others, including the famous one to California in 1843–44. In 1851 he settled down to ranching, 50 miles east of Taos. In 1853, he drove 6,500 head of sheep over the mountains to Calif.—a hazardous undertaking at that time, and on his return to Taos, was appointed Indian agent. He was perhaps better known among the western Indians than any other white man. He knew their habits, customs; understood their mode of warfare; and spoke their language as a mother tongue. Under this appointment, he was largely instrumental in bringing about the treaties between the Indians and the U.S. At the advent of the Civil War he was made colonel of a New Mexico regiment and later breveted brigadier-general for his achievements. After the war, he returned to his appointment as Indian agent. Unlike most frontiersmen, he was modest almost to the point of bashfulness. He received his degrees in Montezuma Lodge No. 109 (then under Missouri charter): EA March 29, 1854, FC June 17, 1854; MM Dec. 26, 1854. When Bent Lodge No. 204 (named after his friend) was chartered by Missouri in Taos on Dec. 15, 1859, Carson demitted to it on April 30, 1860 and became its first junior warden. However circumstances forced the lodge to surrender its charter in 1864 and in 1865 Carson again affiliated with his mother lodge (Montezuma) and remained a member until his death on May 24, 1868. Carson City, Nev. is named for him, as is Carson Lodge No. 1, Nev. His brother was Moses B. Carson q.v.

Enoch Terry Carson (1822–1899) Masonic scholar. b. Sept. 18, 1822 in Hamilton Co., Ohio. An active worker in all rites and bodies of Freemasonry. Was an active 33° and deputy for Ohio in the AASR. He printed, at his own expense, many important works on Freemasonry, including the first facsimile of the Book of Constitutions of 1723 in 1855. His valuable Masonic library was acquired by General Samuel C. Lawrence of Medford, Mass. q.v. at the close of the last century. General Lawrence bequeathed it to the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. Carson was raised in Cynthia Lodge No. 155 in 1846 and served as its master. He was also the founder and first master of Kilwinning Lodge No. 356 in 1865.

Harry R. Carson (1869–1948) Bishop of Protestant Episcopal Church. b. Dec. 8, 1869 at Norristown, Pa. Deacon, 1895; priest, 1896; general missionary (La.) 1895–98; chaplain 2nd La. Vol. Inf. of Spanish–American War; rector at Franklin and Monroe, La.; archdeacon of Northern La. 1910–12; chaplain of Ancon Hospital, Canal Zone 1913–22 and also archdeacon of Panama; bishop of Haiti from Jan. 10, 1923 and also in charge of Dominican Republic from 1928–43. Mason.

Henderson H. Carson Congressman, 78th and 80th Congresses (1943–45, 1947–49) from 16th Ohio district. b. Oct. 25, 1893 at Cadiz, Ohio. Lawyer. With legal department of Pennsylvania Railroad in 1915. Entered private practice, but retained railroad connection. Specializes in insurance law. Served in field artillery in WW1. Raised Feb. 21, 1928 in Lathrop Lodge No. 676, Canton, Ohio. 32° AASR (NJ) April 6,

1928 at Cleveland and member of Al Koran Shrine Temple and Nazir Grotto.

Ken Carson Radio star. Born at Carman, Canada in 1910. Member of Hollywood Lodge No. 355, Hollywood, Calif.

Moses B. Carson Founded Missouri Fur Company with two other Freemasons—Joshua Pilcher and Joseph Perkins. They were in competition with the American Fur Company headed by brothers Pierre Chouteau, Jr. and Bartholomew Berthold. Moses was a brother of Kit Carson q.v., the famous plainsman. Their father brought them from Kentucky and they settled at Old Franklin in Howard county on the Missouri river. It was here that Moses was initiated, passed and raised in Franklin Union Lodge No. 7 in 1826. He was a member of a military company at Fort Hempsted in 1812.

William L. Carss (1865–1931) Congressman from 8th Minnesota dist. to 66th, 69th and 70th Congresses (1919–21 and 1925–29). b. Feb. 15, 1865 at Pella, Iowa. Mason.

Benjamin E. Carter (1894–1943) Justice, Supreme Court of Arkansas. b. Nov. 1, 1894 at Texarkana, Ark. Graduate of Harvard in 1916. Practiced law in Texarkana from 1922. Named to supreme court in 1943. d. April 11, 1943. Mason.

Edward F. Carter Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska since 1935. b. March 11, 1897 at Middlebranch, Nebr. Admitted to bar in 1919 and practiced in Bayard, Nebr. until 1927 when he became judge of the 17th district. He served as judge on

the 5th Military Tribunal, Nurnberg, Germany, to try major German war criminals in 1947–48. Served in WW1. Raised in Scotts Bluff Lodge No. 201, Gering, Nebr. Feb. 22, 1929 and past master of same. Grand master of Grand Lodge of Nebraska in 1941. Member of Oregon Trail Chapter No. 65, R.A.M., Gering; Lincoln Council No. 4, R. & S.M. and Mt. Moriah Cornmandery No. 4, K.T. of Lincoln; consistory membership at Alliance; 33° AASR (SJ); member of Shrine, Red Cross of Constantine, High Twelve and Eastern Star.

Frank J. Carter Vice president of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. b. Dec. 20, 1900 at Warren, Ark. Started with Goodyear as a trainee in 1922, advancing to vice president in charge of industrial relations in 1956. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Fred A. Carter (1870–1948) President and general manager of American Textile Woolen Co. from 1910. b. Oct. 14, 1870 in Sweetwater, Tenn. Started as a laborer, clerk and bookkeeper and became secretary–treasurer of Sweetwater Woolen Mills in 1892, going to the American Textile Woolen Co. in 1906 in the same position. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Feb. 17, 1948.

George H. Carter (1874–1948) Public printer of the U.S. from 1921–34. b. Sept. 10, 1874 at Mineral Point, Wis. Degrees from Univ. of Iowa and George Washington Univ. Worked as editor and political writer of several Iowa newspapers from 1890 to 1907 when he went to the Washington (D.C.) Post. He served as secretary of the Printing Investigation Commission in Washington in 1910–11 and as clerk of the

Joint Committee on Printing, U.S. Congress from 1911–21. Mason, 33° AASR, Knight Templar, Shriner and member of Royal Order of Scotland. d. Oct. 23, 1948.

Jesse F. Carter (1873–1943) Justice, Supreme Court of South Carolina. b. Sept. 12, 1873 at Lodge, S.C. Admitted to bar in 1905 and practiced in Bamberg, S.C. until 1927 when he was elected associate justice of the state supreme court. He was reelected in 1930 and again in 1940. He was a member of the state senate in 1925–27. Mason. d. Nov. 5, 1943.

Jesse W. Carter Justice, Supreme Court of California. b. Dec. 19, 1888 at Carrville, Calif. Admitted to California bar in 1913 and practiced in San Francisco and then Redding. Appointed to supreme court bench in 1939. Raised in Western Star Lodge No. 2, Shasta, Calif. in 1914, serving as master in 1922 and senior grand steward of the Grand Lodge of California in 1922. 32° AASR (SJ) in Sacramento Consistory; Ben Ali Shrine Temple of Sacramento and honorary life member of Al Malaikah Temple, Los Angeles. Honorary member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Joseph H. Carter President of Pittsburgh Steel Co. b. 1893 in Harvey, Ill. Graduate of Rose Polytechnic Institute in 1916. Mason and Shriner.

Thomas J. Carter Commanding officer, U.S. Naval Hospital at Portsmouth since 1953. b. July 3, 1899 at Lawrence, Kans. Served in Navy in WW1. Commissioned in 1927, advancing to captain in 1943. Has served as naval medical officer

throughout the world. Raised in Lawrence Lodge No. 6, Lawrence, Kansas in 1926.

Thomas M. Carter Bandmaster. Made a Mason in Newburyport, Mass. Knighted in Boston Commandery in 1889, he took an active part in the musical side of Freemasonry. He is the composer of the Boston Commandery March.

William C. Carter President of Link-Belt Co. 1942–46 and chairman of executive committee since 1946. b. Oct. 10, 1881 at Homer, Ill. Graduated from Univ. of Illinois and started with Link-Belt Co. in 1902 as a draftsman. Raised in Olympia Lodge No. 864, Chicago, Ill. in 1904.

William S. Carter (1859–1923) Labor executive. b. Aug. 11, 1859 at Austin, Texas. Was fireman and engineer on railroads in Texas, Colo. and Mexico from 1889–94, and editor of *Locomotive Firemen, and Engineer's* magazine until 1903, when he became general secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. He was president of the organization from 1909 until 1918. In 1918 he became director, Division of Labor of U.S. Railroad Administration. In 1920 he was elected president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, a position which he held until his death on Mar. 15, 1923. Mason.

Julius Victor Carus (1823–1903) German zoologist and a professor at Leipzig from 1853. He authored a history of zoology and translated most of Darwin's works. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress lists him as a Freemason.

Ugo Carusi Former U.S. Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization (1945–47) and chairman of Displaced Persons Commission since 1948. b. Mar. 17, 1902 in Carrara, Italy and brought to the U.S. in 1902. Was secretary and assistant to U.S. attorney general from 1925–30. Was official delegate of U.S. at first international congress on criminology in Rome, 1938. Raised in Justice Lodge No. 46, Washington, D.C. on May 31, 1927. 32° AASR (SJ) in Washington, D.C. and presently guardian of the temple in Evangelist Chapter of Rose Croix. Member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington.

Elbert N. Carvel Governor of Delaware, 1949–53. b. Feb. 9, 1910 at Shelter Island Heights, N.Y. Graduated from Univ. of Baltimore in 1931. President of Valliant Fertilizer Co. of Laurel, Del. since 1945. Lieutenant governor of Delaware from 1945–49. Raised in Hope Lodge No. 4, Laurel, Del. in 1946 and junior steward of his lodge in 1957. 32° AASR (NJ); Nur Shrine Temple; Evergreen Forest, Tall Cedars and National Sojourners.

Edgar M. Carver Vice President of Dodge Mfg. Company. b. Oct. 22, 1886 at Morton, Ind. B.S. and M.E. degrees from Purdue. Employed by the Dodge company since 1909, beginning as a draftsman. Was general superintendent from 1927 and now vice president and director. Served in WW1 with Army Ordnance. Raised in Tippicanoe Lodge No. 492, Lafayette, Ind. about 1907.

Glover H. Cary (1885–1936) Congressman from Kentucky to 72nd and 74th Congresses (1931–33 and 1935–37) and

73rd Congress (1933–35). b. May 1, 1885 at Calhoun, Ky. Admitted to Kentucky bar in 1909 and began practice in Owensboro. Mason. d. Dec. 5, 1936.

John Proby, 1st Lord Carysfort Grand master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) from 1752 to 1754.

Thomas Casady Bishop, Protestant Episcopal church. b. June 6, 1881 at Des Moines, Iowa. Graduate of Univ. of Iowa in 1902. Deacon, 1906; priest, 1907. Served as rector in Oelwein and Des Moines, Iowa, Pueblo, Colo. and Omaha, Nebr. Elected bishop of Oklahoma on June 2, 1927, and consecrated Oct. 2, 1927. Elected president of the Province of the Southwest in 1944. Mason.

Peter Casanave Master of Georgetown Lodge No. 9 of Maryland (now Potomac No. 5 of D.C.) who laid the cornerstone of the White House on Oct. 17, 1792. Like James Hoban q.v. the architect, Casanave was a devout Romanist. At the time of the cornerstone laying, Casanave was probably a young man in his mid-twenties. A copy of his will dated April 14, 1856 and probated March 31, 1860, is in the archives of Potomac Lodge. Casanave gave “an oration well adapted to the occasion” at the laying of the stone.

Casanova, or Casanova de Seingalt (1725–1798) Born Giovanni Jacopo in Venice, Italy, of family of actors. He was educated for the priesthood and showed brilliance of mind and wit, but was expelled for scandalous conduct from Seminary of St. Cyprian in 1741. He then became secretary

in the household of Cardinal Aquaviva, followed by a spell in the Venetian army at Corfu. He was by turn a preacher, abbe, alchemist, cabalist, gambler, and violin player. For 20 years he roamed Europe, alternately in fortune and distress. Skeptic and sensualist, he was involved in one intrigue after another. He was imprisoned as a spy in Venice in 1755. As director of the state lotteries in Paris, he accumulated a fortune. He was an agent of Louis XV. He made acquaintance with the great of his day, including the pope (who bestowed him with the papal order of the Golden Spur). He was alternately forced to flee Russia, France, Spain and Italy. He is best known for his *Memoirs*, which although a cynical record of his rogueries and amours, is of great historical importance. He was thought to have entered Freemasonry in Lyons in 1750. The Craft must have had a mighty appeal to this wild adventurer without morals, for scattered through his *Memoirs* are numerous references to Freemasonry. He advised all young men, well-born, who wished to become of value in society to become Freemasons "even though it would only be to know superficially what it is." He defended the fraternity with unmeasured scorn from those who thought it political, anarchistic or subversive. He asked young men to "choose well the Lodge, for although bad company cannot work in the Lodge, it may however be found there and the candidate ought to guard himself against dangerous associations." What is really remarkable, however, is his reverent appreciation of the inner content of the art. He asserted that the real secrets of the fraternity were not in its symbols or words, but were to be found only in reflection, reason, comparison and deduction. He averred

that the secret of Freemasonry, discovered by the individual, cannot be imparted to another.

Clarence E. Case Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Jersey. b. Sept. 24, 1877 at Jersey City, N.J. Admitted to N.J. bar in 1903. Judge of county court, secretary to president of N.J. senate, member of senate from 1918–29; acting governor of New Jersey in 1920. Justice of N.J. supreme court, 1929–46 and chief justice from 1945–48 when court was terminated. Was senior associate justice on the new court from 1948. Mason.

Francis H. Case U.S. Senator from South Dakota. b. Dec. 9, 1896 at Everly, Iowa. Graduate of Dakota Wesleyan, and Northwestern Universities. Was assistant editor of the *Epworth Herald*, Chicago in 1920–22 and afterward editor of *Rapid City (S.D.) Daily Journal*, *Hot Springs (S.D.) Star*, *Custer (S.D.) Chronicle*. He was Congressman from 2nd S.D. dist. to 75th to 81st Congresses (1937–51), and U.S. Senator from South Dakota since 1951. Served in Marine Corps, WW1, as a private and later a major in Marine Corps Reserve. Member of Custer City Lodge No. 66, Custer, S. Dak.; Black Hills Chapter No. 25, R.A.M.; Black Hills Council No. 3, R. & S.M.; Schrader Commandery No. 9, K.T. all of Rapid City, S. Dak. Was member of Acacia fraternity at Northwestern Univ.

Norman S. Case Governor of Rhode Island, three terms (1928–33). b. Oct. 11, 1888 at Providence, R.I. Graduate of Brown, Harvard and Boston Universities. Admitted to bar in 1911. Was lieutenant governor of Rhode Island in 1927–28.

Member of Federal Communications Commission 1934–45 and now senior member of law firm of Case & Wozencraft, Washington, D.C. Served as an officer in Mexican border campaign and overseas in WW1 with a machine gun battalion and later with General Staff, A.E.F. Raised in Corinthian Lodge No. 27, Providence, R.I. on May 8, 1817 and a past master of his lodge. Member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

Robert O. Case Author of western books. b. Oct. 8, 1895 at Dallas, Texas. Graduate of Univ. of Oregon. After serving as reporter and financial editor of the Morning Oregonian, Portland, he began as a professional writer in 1924. Among his many books are: Just Buckaroo Riders of the Grande Ronde, The Yukon Drive, A Pair O'Mavericks, Dynamite Smith—Cowboy, Whispering Valley, The Loop, Big Timber, Wings, North, Golden Portage, West of Barter River and The Empire Builders. Contributor of fiction to Saturday Evening Post and Colliers. Mason.

Charles C. Casey (1881–1946) President of Western State College of Colorado from 1930. b. Dec. 5, 1881. Was principal of high school and supt. of schools in Longmont,– Colo. from 1909–30. Mason, 32° AASR. d. July 31, 1946.

John E. Caskey Vice president of U.S. Rubber Company. b. Feb. 29, 1892 in Fairmont, Ind. Graduate of Ohio State Univ. in 1915. Has been with U.S. Rubber since graduation from college, becoming vice president in 1953 and general manager of the Naugatuck (Conn.) chemical division. Raised in Shepherd Lodge No. 478 at Naugatuck, Conn. in 1924 and

served as master of same. Member of Allerton Chapter No. 39, R.A.M. Naugatuck.

Marion M. Caskie Vice President of Reynolds Metals Company. b. July 29, 1890 at Remington, Va. First an accountant for Southern Railroad, he engaged in practice before Interstate Commerce Commission and came to Reynolds Metals as traffic executive in 1930. He has been executive vice president and director of Reynolds Metals since 1940. Mason.

Albin R. Caspar Vice President of Great Northern Paper Company. b. July 20, 1896 at Lisbon Falls, Me. With Great Northern since 1919, successively as pulp mill foreman, assistant superintendent of paper and pulp mill, assistant manager of manufacturing and vice president and manager of sales. Mason. Served in Navy in WW1.

Lewis Cass (1782–1866) General, Governor of Michigan, Secretary of War, Minister to France, U.S. Senator, Secretary of State and candidate for president. b. Oct. 9, 1782 at Exeter, N.H., he practiced law at Zanesville, Ohio in 1802. He was made a Mason in old American Union Lodge No. 1 at Marietta, Ohio (EA Dec. 5, 1803, FC April 2, 1804, MM May 7, 1804). He was admitted a member of Amity Lodge No. 5, Zanesville June 24, 1805. After a term in congress he was named U.S. marshal of Ohio (1807–13). An early volunteer in the War of 1812 he became a brigadier general. Following the defeat of the British in the Battle of the Thames, he was given command of the garrison at Detroit and in 1813 appointed civil governor of the territory of Michigan—a position he held

for nearly 18 years. During this time his constructive administration opened up the territory. Traveling 5,000 miles by canoe, he negotiated more than 20 treaties with the Indians. In 1831–36 he was secretary of war in Jackson's cabinet. In 1836–42 he was U.S. minister to France, and returned home to run for president, but a deadlock with Van Buren resulted in election of Polk. Michigan sent him to the U.S. senate from 1845–57. He again ran for president against Zachary Taylor and was defeated. Buchanan appointed him secretary of state in 1857, but when he found himself to be a mere figurehead, he resigned in 1860 and retired to his home in Detroit. Cass received the four degrees of the chapter in American Union Royal Arch Chapter on the same day—Aug. 17, 1804. He later became the first high priest of Monroe Chapter No. 1, Detroit on Feb. 7, 1821. He helped organize the Grand Lodge of Ohio and was its grand master from 1810–13. Upon moving to Detroit, he affiliated with Zion Lodge No. 1 and was the first grand master of Michigan in 1826. Was the first high priest of Monroe chapter under charter. d. June 17, 1866.

Andres Cassard Masonic writer, member of La Fraternidad Lodge No. 387, New York City. Senior grand deacon of Grand Lodge of New York in 1859 and 33° AASR.

Archibald, 15th Earl of Cassillis (see Marquess of Ailsa)

John, 7th Earl of Cassius Prominent figure in the Revolution of 1688. He was deacon, or head, of the Lodge Kilwinning in 1672.

Stephen Cassin (1783–1857) U.S. naval officer. b. Feb. 16, 1783 in Philadelphia, Pa. and entered the navy as a midshipman in 1800. Advanced through lieutenant (1807), master (1814) and captain (1825). Both he and his father (another naval officer) served in the War of 1812. Stephen served with distinction in the war with Tripoli and commanded the Ticonderoga in Macdonough's victory on Lake Champlain. For this he was awarded a gold medal by congress. He was a terror to the pirates that infested the West Indies, and captured four of their vessels in Sept., 1822. He was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. Aug. 29, 1857.

Emilio Castelar (y Ripoll) (1832–1899) Spanish statesman, orator and writer. Was professor of history in Madrid 1856–65, exiled to France in 1866, returning to teach again from 1868–75. As a deputy to the Cortes in 1869 he advocated the republic and separation of church and state. After the proclamation of the republic in 1873 he was minister of foreign affairs and prime minister 1873–74 and deputy 1876–93. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress (1917) lists him as a Freemason.

Juan Jose Castelli (1764–1812) Argentine patriot, lawyer and politician of indomitable courage. He was a member of the Lautaro Lodge and took an active part in the struggle for independence. He was a member of the first governing "junta."

Francisco Pio Pacheco Castilla (1826–1896) Roman

Catholic priest of Costa Rica who was a member of Esperanza Lodge No. 2 and Maraville Lodge No. 12. b. July 9, 1826, he was ordained priest in 1849. In 1851 he was in Guatemala at the consecration of Monsignor Llorente and returned with him to Costa Rica. In 1874 he was a deputy to the constitutional congress. Served as orator and junior warden of his lodge. d. Aug. 20, 1896.

Alejandro Aguilar Castillo Costa Rican patriot. Deputy to constitutional congress in 1874. Spoke against the Jesuits in 1875 and aided in their expulsion from Costa Rica. A charter member of Esperanza Lodge No. 2, he founded Maraville Lodge No. 12 and Lodge No. 19 in San Jose. Was officer of Supreme Council AASR.

William J. Castle (1836–1909) Operatic tenor. b. Dec. 22, 1836 in England. Studied music in New York, London and Milan and was leading tenor of English opera for 30 years. Made debut as concert singer in New York, 1861 and in opera in 1864. Sang in Europe 1872–74 and retired from stage in 1891. Later he became vocal director of the Chicago Musical College. He was raised in St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City on Jan. 20, 1867. d. in 1909.

Jose Antonio Pinto Castro Governor of San Juan, Costa Rica, secretary of state and president of the supreme court at his death. He prohibited the Jesuits from entering the country. He belonged to Lodge Caridad No. 26 and was master of No. 3.

Dr. Jose Maria Castro (1818–1892) President of the Republic of Costa Rica in 1847–49 and again 1866–68. He was founder and rector of Santo Tomas University and was one of the founders of the Scottish Rite of Central America and its first grand chancellor.

Julian Castro Venezuelan General and tenth President of the Republic of Venezuela (1858–1860). He was 18°, AASR.

Tobias Zuniga Castro Diplomat and former Secretary of State of Costa Rica. Was candidate for president, deputy to constitutional congress and president of the charity board of San Jose. Member of Union Fraternal Lodge No. 19.

Richard Caswell (1729–1789) General of American Revolution, Governor of North Carolina and member of Continental Congress. b. Aug. 3, 1729 in Maryland, he moved to North Carolina in 1746. Became a colonel early in the Revolution and was in command at battle of Moore's Creek where he defeated a large body of Loyalists. Delegate to congress in 1774–75 and again in 1787–89 when the Federal constitution was framed and ratified. He was president of the provincial congress which framed the state constitution in Nov. 1776 and governor of the state in 1777–79 and again in 1784–86. In 1780 he led state troops in the disastrous battle of Camden. Where he was initiated is unknown, but he was "healed" Dec. 28, 1772 in St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, N.C. He was elected deputy grand master of North Carolina Dec. 11, 1787 and grand master Nov. 18, 1788. d. Nov. 20, 1789.

Thomas H. Caswell (1825–1900) 11th Grand Commander, Southern Supreme Council AASR (1894–1900). b. Aug. 10, 1825 at Exeter, N.Y. He served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of California, R.A.M. and was grand secretary of the same —also grand lecturer for 37 years. He was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Calif. and served as recorder of that state body for 20 years. He was also grand recorder of the Grand Council of Calif. He was initiated in Lafayette Lodge U.D. at Nevada City, Calif. on Dec. 10, 1850 and received his other degrees in Nevada Lodge No. 13, Nevada City in May 1851. Received his 32° AASR at San Francisco on Oct. 17, 1867, 33° July 9, 1868 and crowned active member of Supreme Council May 3, 1870. d. Nov. 13, 1900.

Louis S. Cates Mining executive. b. Dec. 20, 1881 at Boston, Mass. Graduate of M.I.T. in 1902. Began as mine operator in Mexico; in charge of construction at Bingham Canyon, Utah for Boston Consolidated Mining 1904–08 and was general manager in 1909. With Utah Copper Co. 1919–30, first as assistant general manager, general manager and vice president; president of Phelps Dodge Corp., 1930–47 and chairman of board since 1947. Developed system making it economically possible by underground methods, to mine low grade ores. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City and past master of Canyon Lodge No. 13 Brigham City, Utah. 32° AASR (SJ) at Salt Lake City, Utah and El Kalah Shrine Temple, same city.

Catherine I, Czarina of Russia (1684?–1727) She was of Livonian peasant origin, taken prisoner in 1702 and made a

serf of Prince Menshikov. She attracted the attention of Peter I (The Great) q.v. who established the first Masonic lodge in Russia. First she was his mistress and advisor. Later married him and succeeded him as empress in 1725–27. Shortly after their marriage in 1712 she obtained permission from Peter to found the Order of St. Catherine, an order of knighthood for women only of which she was grand mistress. It was a quasi-Masonic body.

Catherine II (The Great) Empress of Russia (1729–1796)

In 1762 she issued an edict against all Masonic meetings in her dominions, but subsequently learned the true character of the institution, and not only revoked her order, but invited the Freemasons to reestablish their lodges and constitute new ones. She reigned from 1762–96, and was followed by her son Paul I q.v., who during the early part of his reign was a Freemason, but later fell under the influence of the Jesuits and Knights of Malta and banned Freemasonry.

John D. Caton (1812–?) Chief Justice, Illinois Supreme Court. b. March 19, 1812 in Monroe, N.Y. Set up law office in Chicago, Ill. 1833. He became judge of Illinois supreme court in 1842 and chief justice in 1855. He resigned in 1864, having acquired wealth in business. He traveled widely through Europe, China and Japan, and wrote extensively on his travels and nature subjects. A member of Occidental Lodge No. 40, Ottawa, Ill., he was master in 1846, 1851 and 1852.

John Catron (1778–1865) Associate Justice, U.S. Supreme Court (1837–65). b. in Wythe Co., Va. Studied law and served

in the New Orleans campaign under Jackson in War of 1812. Returned to Nashville, Tenn. to practice, and in 1824 was chosen one of the judges of the state bench and was its chief justice from 1830–36, when he retired. While on the bench, he did his utmost to suppress the practice of duelling, although he had been a noted duelist himself. He was a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn.

Thomas B. Catron (?–1921) U.S. Senator from New Mexico, 1912–17. b. in Lafayette Co., Mo. he received A.B. and A.M. from Univ. of Missouri. Began practice of law in New Mexico in 1867. Member of N. Mex. legislature for several terms and attorney general from 1869–72. He was U.S. attorney, dist. of N. Mex. 1872–79 and a delegate from his state to U.S. Congress in 1895–96. He was the first senior warden of the Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection (AASR).

Roscoe A. Cattell Chief of petroleum and natural gas division of Bureau of Mines since 1933. b. Jan. 6, 1892 at New Sharon, Ia. Graduate of Univ. of Calif. 1916. Employed by oil companies in Calif., Okla., England and Algeria from 1916–20 and with Bureau of Mines since 1921. From 1925–33 he was chief of helium division, in charge of research, construction and operation of plants which produce the world's supply of helium gas. Member of Bartlesville Lodge No. 284, Bartlesville, Okla. since 1924.

Henry S. Caulfield Governor of Missouri 1929–33. b. Dec. 9, 1873 at St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of Washington Univ. 1895. Began law practice in St. Louis in 1895. Member of the 60th

Congress from 11th district (1907–09) and judge of St. Louis court of appeals 1910–12. Raised May 9, 1922 in Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, Mo.

Peter F. Causey Former Governor of Delaware. Member of Temple Lodge No. 9 at Milford and at one time was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Delaware.

Anthony Cavalcante U.S. Congressman, 81st Congress (1949–51) from 23rd Pa. district. b. Feb. 6, 1897 at Vanderbilt, Pa. Graduate of Dickinson College and admitted to bar in 1924. Member of Pennsylvania state senate, 1935–43. Chief counsel for United Mine Workers of America, Dist. 4. Served overseas with 110th Inf., 28th Div. in WW1. Mason. Member of Order of Sons of Italy.

Peter A. Cavicchia U.S. Congressman 72nd–74th Congresses (1931–37) from New Jersey. b. May 22, 1879 in Italy and brought to U.S. at age of nine. Graduate of American International Coll. Began law practice at Newark, N.J. Mason. Past grand master of N.J. for Order Sons of Italy.

Duque de Caxias (Luiz Alves de Lima e Silva) (1803–1880) Brazilian general and statesman. b. in Rio de Janeiro. He was commander in chief of the Brazilian army in war against Argentina in 1851–52 and as marshal in 1862 commanded forces in successful war against Paraguay. Made duke by Dom Pedro I and was prime minister in 1850, 1856–57, 1861–62 and 1875–78. Mason.

Roland B. Caywood (1890–1952) President of H. D. Lee Co., wholesale grocers. b. Aug. 24, 1890 at New Hartford, Iowa. Was with H. D. Lee Company, Kansas City, Mo. from 1910; vice president and general manager from 1935. Mason. d. Jan. 7, 1952.

Elford A. Cederberg U.S. Congressman 83rd and 84th Congresses from 10th Michigan dist. b. March 6, 1918 at Bay City, Mich. Manager of Nelson Mfg. Co., Bay City, 1946–52. Mayor of Bay City 1949–53. Served in WW2 as Infantry major and was in Normandy invasion. Mason.

Charles F. Cellarius Architect. b. July 28, 1891 at Dayton, Ohio. Graduate of Yale and M.I.T. An architect since 1921. At Berea College, Ky. he designed the library, Draper, and Art buildings; dormitories at Miami Univ.; Norwood, Ohio Masonic Temple; Eastern Hills Y.M.C.A. and Bond Hill school at Cincinnati; and was supervising architect for model town of Mariemont, Ohio. Served as Infantry lieutenant in WW1. Raised in Norwood Lodge No. 576, Norwood, Ohio, about 1916 and also member of Trinity Commandery No. 193, K.T. of that city. 32° AASR (NJ) at Cincinnati and member of Syrian Shrine Temple, Cincinnati.

Miguel Juarez Celman (1844–1902) President of the Argentine Republic from 1886–90. A “get-rich-quick” fever, accompanied with unrestrained speculation on the stock market and corrupt public administration led to an unsuccessful revolt in 1890. It was led by L. N. Alem (who became grand master). In spite of the failure of the revolt, Celman was

forced to resign. He was succeeded in office by Pellegrini q.v. another Mason.

Anton J. Cermak (1873–1933) Mayor of Chicago, Ill. 1931–33. b. May 9, 1873 in Prague, Bohemia and came to U.S. with parents in 1874. Engaged in coal mining in Illinois until 1892 and in coal and wood business in Chicago until 1908. Organized partnership of Cermak & Serhant, real estate in 1908. Member of the 43rd to 46th general assemblies of Illinois. He was fatally wounded on Feb. 15, 1933 in Miami, Fla. by a bullet intended for President F. D. Roosevelt and died March 6. He was a member of Lawndale Lodge No. 995, Chicago, Columbia Commandery, K.T., Chicago, the Shrine and Grotto.

Joseph Cerneau French jeweler who founded spurious rite in competition with Scottish Rite, known as “Cerneauism.” b. in Villeblevin, Yonne, a department of central France. He was probably a member of a French lodge, but migrated to the West Indies and became a member of Lodge Reunion des Coeurs at Port-au-Prince, Santo Domingo and in 1802 was junior grand warden of the provincial grand lodge for the Island of St. Domingo. In 1804 the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania granted dispensation for a new lodge in Havana, Cuba named Le Temple des Vertus Theologalis No. 103. Joseph Cerneau was its first master. In 1807 his lodge in Cuba expelled him and on petition to the governor of Cuba, he was expelled from the island, coming to New York City about 1807 where he was proposed in Washington Lodge No. 21 on Jan. 2, 1810 and elected Jan. 16, 1810. His son, Augustus

T. Cerneau joined the same lodge by affiliation Jan. 20, 1824. In New York he founded his spurious Sovereign Grand Consistory of Supreme Chiefs of Exalted Masonry, According to the Ancient Constitutional Scottish Rite of Heredom in 1807 and it continued until 1827. In 1823 it was presided over by none other than De Witt Clinton, governor of New York and grand master of the grand lodge. He also established a separate degree called Aaron's Band which worked as a separate body, but in 1825 the grand chapter, R.A.M. stopped it as an infringement on its degrees. Cerneau was also a member of the York Rite and in April, 1814 he is recorded as having visited Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, N.Y.C. and acted as senior warden. The New York Grand Encampment Constitution of 1820 lists him as a past officer of the Grand Encampment of New York. His rite spread to Puerto Rico and other states. He subsequently fell into disrepute and he left for France in December, 1827, where he died between the years 1840 and 1845 in comparative poverty.

Cenon S. Cervantes Philippine patriot and past grand master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines (1951). b. March 29, 1903 at Davao City. During WW2 he received worldwide attention by concealing \$1,720,000 in Philippine and American funds during the Japanese occupation and returning it to the reorganized government after liberation. He also served as an under-cover man for Col. Macario Peralta in Panay, risking his life on a number of occasions in the transmission of reports on enemy movements. He was made a Freemason in Pangasian Lodge No. 56 in 1933. He has been a bank manager for many years and is technical

assistant to the president of the Philippine National Bank.

S. F. Chadwick Former Governor of Oregon. Past master of Laurel Lodge No. 13, Roseburg, Oregon.

Chaillou (de Joinville) Prominent French Freemason of the middle 18th century. Played a large part in the schisms that developed in that period. He was an active member of the Council of Emperors of the East and West, or Rite of Perfection, and signed the patent of Stephen Morin q.v., authorizing him to extend the order in America, which was the first step that subsequently led to the establishment of the Scottish Rite in the United States. In 1762 the Prince of Clermont, grand master of the Grand Lodge of France removed Locorne as his substitute general and put de Joinville in his place. This action created a schism in the grand lodge, but de Joinville eventually became as notorious as his predecessor by issuing irregular charters and deputations. On the death of Clermont in 1771, de Joinville, himself, seems to disappear from the field of French Freemasonry and Masonic intrigues.

Thomas Chalmers Scottish theologian and philosopher. Initiated in Lodge St. Vigean No. 101, Arbroath, Scotland April 26, 1800.

Frank Chamberlain (1826–1910) Brigadier General of U.S. Army. b. Dec. 1826 at Romulus, N.Y. Studied law under Gov. William H. Seward, but did not enter the profession. Engaged in grain and milling business in Seneca Falls and

Albany, N.Y. In Civil War he was Commissary General. Mason. d. 1910.

George E. Chamberlain (1854–1928) U.S. Senator and Governor of Oregon. b. Jan. 1, 1854 at Natchez, Miss. Graduate of Washington and Lee Univ., 1876. Went to Oregon in 1879, serving in the house of representatives, district attorney, attorney general and elected governor (11th) for terms 1903–11, but resigned in 1909 on election as U.S. Senator for term 1909–15 and reelected from 1915–21. Member of U.S. Shipping Board, 1921–23. Past master of St. John's Lodge No. 62, Albany, Ore. and representative of Grand Lodge of England near Oregon. d. July 9, 1928. Was grand highpriest, Royal Arch Masons of Oregon in 1892.

Joshua L. Chamberlain (1828–1914) Major General, Union forces, Civil War and Governor of Maine. b. Sept. 8, 1828 at Brewer, Me. Awarded Congressional Medal of Honor for "Daring heroism, holding position Little Round Top and carrying Great Round Top in Battle of Gettysburg on July 3, 1863. Three times wounded. Governor of Maine from 1866 to 1871. Was professor of rhetoric, oratory and modern languages of Bowdoin College and president of that institution from 1871–83. Member of United Lodge No. 8, Brunswick, Maine. d. Feb. 24, 1914.

Richard H. Chambers Federal Judge. b. Nov. 7, 1906 at Danville, Ill. Admitted to Arizona bar in 1932 and practiced at Tucson. Judge of circuit court of appeals 9th circuit from 1954. Served as major in USAAF, 1942–45. Mason.

Alexander W. Chambliss (1864–1947) Chief Justice Supreme Court of Tennessee. b. Sept. 10, 1864 at Greenville, S.C. Admitted to Virginia bar in 1884 and began practice at Chattanooga, Tenn. in 1866. Vice president of Provident Life & Accident Ins. Co.; member of Tenn. state senate, mayor of Chattanooga and judge of state court of civil appeals. Apointed justice of state supreme court in 1923, elected to same in 1924 and chief justice from 1947. Mason. d. Sept. 30, 1947.

Sebastian Roch Nicholas Chamfort (1741–1794) French writer, scholar and wit. At outbreak of Revolution he joined the Jacobins and took part in the storming of the Bastille. He bitterly attacked the National Convention and mortally wounded himself when about to be arrested by order of that body. He is best known for his *Maximes*, published posthumously, but was also the author of comedies, literary criticisms, letters and verse. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Adelbert von Chamisso (1781–1838) German romantic writer and naturalist. Born in Champagne, France but his family was forced to flee by the Revolution. Served in Prussian army from 1798 to 1807. In 1815–18 he made a scientific voyage around the world. He was curator of the Berlin botanical gardens in 1818. He wrote much, but is best known by the prose tale, *Peter Schlemihls Wunderbare Geschichie* (1814), the humorous story of a man who sold his shadow. The International Masonic Congress bulletin of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

John W. Champlin (1831–1901) Judge, Supreme Court of Michigan from 1884–91. b. Feb. 17, 1831 at Kingston, N.Y. Moved to Grand Rapids, Mich. in 1854 and admitted to bar following year. Mayor of Grand Rapids in 1867. Professor of law at Univ. of Michigan from 1892–96. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan. d. 1901.

Albert B. “Happy” Chandler Governor of Kentucky and former baseball commissioner. b. July 14, 1898 at Corydon, Ky. Graduate of Transylvania College and Univ. of Kentucky. Began practice of law at Versailles, Ky. in 1924. Served in state senate and as lieutenant governor, being elected governor 1935–39, but resigned in 1939 when appointed U.S. Senator to fill vacancy of Logan. He was reelected in 1940 and again in 1942. In 1945 he was elected high commissioner of baseball and served until 1951. Member of Landmark Lodge No. 41, Versailles, Ky. being raised Feb. 4, 1924. He is also an honorary member of Monitor Lodge No. 528, New York City. Also a member of Webb Chapter No. 6 (Sept. 14, 1931) and Versailles Commandery No. 3, K.T. (Nov. 19, 1931) both of Versailles, Ky.; 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of Louisville as well as Oleka Shrine Temple in Lexington. Member of board of state Shrine Hospital.

Bert D. Chandler (1874–1947) Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan. b. March 19, 1874 in Lenawee Co., Mich. Admitted to Michigan bar in 1895. Was circuit judge in 1914 and elected associate justice, Michigan supreme court in 1936. Mason. d. Dec. 13, 1947.

Harry Chandler (1864–1944) Publisher of Los Angeles Times and real estate speculator. b. May 17, 1864 at Landaff, N.H. Began as clerk in circulation dept. of Los Angeles Times and became chairman of the board of Times–Mirror Co. In 1899 organized syndicate that purchased 862,000 acres in Lower Calif. and president of Calif.–Mexico Land & Cattle Co. In 1909 he purchased 47,000 acres of land adjoining Los Angeles and sold entire area for homes in seven years. In 1912 he organized a syndicate that purchased the Tejon Ranch of 281,000 acres in Los Angeles and Kern counties, and in 1927 he helped organize the Vermejo Club and purchased the Bartlett ranch in Colorado, famous for its 340,000 acres as a sportsman's paradise. Mason, 33° AASR and Shriner. d. Sept. 23, 1944.

John Chandler (1760–1841) U.S. Senator from Maine (1820–29) and Brigadier General in War of 1812. b. in Epping, N. Hamp. He was a blacksmith who gained much wealth. Member of Congress from 1805–08. In War of 1812 he was wounded and made prisoner at battle of Stoney Creek, Upper Canada. He was collector of Portland, 1829–37, trustee of Bowdoin college and sheriff of Kennebec Co. His lodge membership is not known, but he attended a session of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1820. d. Sept. 25, 1841.

Joseph R. Chandler (1792 –1880) Journalist and member of U.S. Congress (1848–55). b. Aug. 25, 1792 in Kingston, Mass. Moved to Philadelphia, Pa. in 1815 where he and his wife opened a private school. In 1822 he took over the United States Gazette, and developed it into a prominent

Whig journal. r Buchanan appointed him U.S. Minister to Sicily in 1858. Raised in Columbia Lodge, Boston, Mass., on Oct. 28, 1813 and later became member of Phoenix Lodge No. 130, Philadelphia and Columbia Mark Lodge of same city. He served as high priest of Harmony Chapter No. 52, Philadelphia, and served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Pennsylvania five years (1836–40). He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania two terms, 1841–42.

Paul G. Chandler President of Clarion (Pa.) State Teachers College since 1937. b. Nov. 7, 1889 at Princeton, Ky. Graduate of Kentucky Wesleyan and Columbia. Began as a rural teacher in 1908. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Stephen S. Chandler U.S. Judge, western district of Oklahoma since 1943. b. Sept. 13, 1899 at Blount Co., Tenn. Graduate Univ. of Kansas 1922. Practiced law in Oklahoma City 1922–43. Mason, Shriner.

Zachariah Chandler (1813–1879) U.S. Senator from Michigan and Secretary of Interior under Grant. b. Dec. 10, 1813 in Bedford, N.H. Moved to Detroit, Mich. in 1833, where he engaged in dry goods business and became mayor of Detroit in 1851. Elected to U.S. Senate in 1857 to succeed General Lewis Cass q.v., serving until 1875 and again in 1879. He was outspoken for Republicanism, Lincoln and the Union. Grant named him as secretary of Interior in his second cabinet and he served from 1875–77. He was raised in Detroit Lodge No. 2, Detroit, Mich. on July 7, 1857. d. Nov. 1, 1879.

Henry, 2nd Duke of Chandos As Marquess of Carnarvon, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1738.

James, 3rd Duke of Chandos As Marquis of Carnarvon, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) from March, 1754 to May 1757.

George Channing (1888–?) Editor of Christian Science Journal, Sentinel and Herald since 1949. First reader, mother church, Boston, Mass., 1941–42. b. Nov. 21, 1888 at Providence, R.I. Studied at Brown, Yale and Boston Univ. Began journalistic work on Providence (R.I.) Journal 1913. Was city editor of Seattle Star, 1921–23. Mason, 32° AASR. Deceased.

Albert K. Chapman President of Eastman Kodak Co. since 1952. b. May 31, 1890 at Marysville, Ohio. A.B. and A.M. from Ohio State Univ. and Ph.D. from Princeton. With Eastman since 1919 as head of development dept., assistant to vice president, production manager, vice president and assistant general manager. Director of Eastman since 1943. Served in WW1 with Army Ordnance. Mason.

Arthur Chapman Justice, Supreme Court of Maine 1925–42. b. Aug. 6, 1873 at Portland, Me. Admitted to Maine bar in 1900. Was assistant U.S. attorney 1905–16 and U.S. commissioner 1917–25. Justice of supreme judiciary court of Maine 1942–45 and active retired justice since 1946. Mason.

Roy H. Chapman (1885–1952) Chief Justice, Supreme Court

of Florida. b. July 15, 1885 at Lake Butler, Fla. Graduate of Florida and John B. Stetson Universities. Admitted to bar and began practice in Lake City. On supreme court of Florida and chief justice from 1945. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Aug. 9, 1952.

Virgil M. Chapman U.S. Congressman from Kentucky to 69th, 70th, 72nd, 73rd and 74th to 80th Congresses. b. March 15, 1895 in Simpson Co., Ky. Graduate of Univ. of Kentucky. Admitted to bar in 1917 and practiced at Irvine, Ky. Mason, York Rite and Scottish Rite as well as Shrine.

Ellwood B. Chappell Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska since 1943. b. May 4, 1889 at Osmond, Nebr. Graduate of Univ. of Nebraska and admitted to bar in 1916, practicing in Lincoln. Served as municipal judge, district judge. Mason and 32° AASR.

Sidney L. Chappel Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. July 22, 1886 at Washington, D.C. Received M.D. degree from George Washington Univ. in 1909. Entered Medical Corps as 1st lieutenant in 1913 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945, retiring in 1946. Raised in Watertown Lodge No. 49, Watertown, N.Y. in 1918 and joined Wm. R. Singleton Lodge No. 30, Washington, D.C.

Charlemagne, Charles, King of France (742–814) A number of Masonic writers have claimed him as a “patron of Freemasonry,” inasmuch as he encouraged the arts and invited the traveling Freemasons to come to France and

construct importing buildings. He ascended the throne in 768, ruling until his death; first as King of the Franks and later as Emperor of the West. His benefaction was obviously to operative masons and not the speculative craft which grew out of it.

Charles XIII, King of Sweden (1748–1818) Second son of Adolphus Frederick and younger brother of Gustavus III. Commanded Swedish fleet against Russia in 1788–90. Last of the Holstein–Gottorp dynasty, his reign lasting from 1809 to 1818. As Duke of Sodermanland, he was made regent after the assassination of Gustavus III (his brother) and again regent on the deposition of Gustavus IV (his nephew). As king, he signed a new constitution restoring limited monarchy. Compelled by peace with Russia in 1809 to give up Finland. During reign, Norway united with Sweden (1814) and much material progress was made. As duke of Sodermanland (or Sundermania) in 1778, he became grand master of the VII Province. In 1780 King Gustavus III became interested in the fraternity and through his instigation the IX Province of the Rite of Strict Observance was created in Sweden. The Duke of Sodermanland was named as grand master and “Vicarius Salomonis” of the rite in that year. In 1777, becoming dissatisfied with the rite, he ordered all rituals returned and from 1778 to 1780 he personally rewrote and revised them. They can be seen today in his own handwriting. After his ascension to the throne, he instituted the 11th Degree of the Swedish Rite—the Civil Order of Charles XIII, of highly restricted membership (1811). Since his reign, each King of Sweden has been either grand master or “protector” of the Craft in Sweden.

Charles XIV John, King of Sweden and Norway (1764–1855). b. at Pau, France, he entered the army in 1780 and served in the French Revolution. In diplomatic service for Napoleon from 1798–99, he rose from ranks to become one of Napoleon’s marshals in 1804. His original name was Jean Baptiste Jules Bernadotte. He was named Prince of Pontecorvo in 1805. Named Crown Prince of Sweden in 1810 and in 1818 succeeded Charles as King of Sweden and Norway, thereby establishing the Bernadotte line. He allied himself with Czar Alexander of Russia in 1812 and the following year commanded an allied army against Napoleon, aiding in winning the battle of Leipzig. His reign was peaceful and profitable to both kingdoms, although he was criticized at times for ultraconservative views. Since the time of Charles XIII (Bernadotte’s predecessor) each King has been Grand Master or “Protector” of Freemasonry. Bernadotte assumed the grandmastership in 1811.

Charles XV, King of Sweden (1826–1872) King of Sweden and Norway from 1859–72. Son of Oscar I. He instituted legal reforms in 1865, especially of the estates, and promulgated the decree of 1866 by which a two-chamber parliament (one electoral) was established. He was popular in both kingdoms and was a writer, poet and artist of ability. His family name was John Charles Bernadotte. He was grand master of Sweden and a 33° AASR.

Charles Martel (689?–741) Grandfather of Charlemagne, who was the founder of the Carolingian dynasty. Martel governed France from 720–741 as Duke of the Franks, with the

nominal kings being only puppets. Legend only, states that he was a patron of the Freemasons and gave them charters from “yeare to yeare” and “sent many workmen and Masters into England.”

William B. Charles (1862–1950) Congressman from 30th N.Y. dist. to 30th Congress (1915–17). b. April 3, 1862 at Glasgow, Scotland and came to U.S. in 1884. Dealer in cotton and mill supplies. Mason. d. Nov. 25, 1950.

Joseph Charless Catholic and Freemason who published the first newspaper west of the Mississippi. Born in Ireland, he was implicated in the Irish Rebellion of 1795 when but 23. He fled to France and then to New York, arriving in 1796. Next he found employment in Philadelphia as a printer on the *Aurora*, being published by William Duane. In 1800 he moved to Lexington, Ky. where he established a newspaper, and in 1806 he was in Louisville. On July 12, 1808 the first issue of *The Missouri Gazette* appeared on the streets of St. Louis with Charless as its editor. He changed the name of the paper in November, 1809 to *Louisiana Gazette*, and back to its original name in 1812. He also printed the first book published in the Territory of Louisiana, *The Laws of the Territory of Louisiana*. His Masonic history is somewhat obscure. He was a member of Missouri No. 111, and later of Missouri No. 12. He was in the lodge limelight on several occasions, and as a result of one such experience, was indefinitely suspended on Feb. 2, 1824. He was also one of the organizers of the “Erin Benevolent Society” in 1818, which strangely enough met at the home of Brother Jeremiah

Connor with Brother Thomas Brady of Missouri No. 12 as chairman. Brothers Arthur Magenis, Hugh O'Neill and Robert Ranken also participated in the organization. b. 1772.

Earle P. Charlton (1863–1930) One of the founders of F. W. Woolworth Co. in 1912, at which time he was operating 54 stores. b. June 19, 1863 at Chester, Conn. Began in 5 & 10 cent business at age of 17. He separated from his partner in 1895, dividing the stores; he then organized the E. P. Charlton Co. He pioneered 5 & 10 stores west of the Rocky Mountains and in Canada. He built Charlton Mills in Fall River, Mass. in 1909 and was its president. He was also vice president of F. W. Woolworth Co. Mason. d. Nov. 20, 1930.

Francis Charteris Sixth Earl of Wemyss. Was grand master of Scotland in 1747. Another Francis Charteris, afterwards Lord Elcho, was deputy grand master of Scotland in 1786–87.

Louis Philippe Joseph, Duc de Chartres (1747–1793) Was Duc de Montpensier from his birth until 1752, when he became Duc de Chartres; in 1785, on the death of his father, he inherited title of Due d'Orleans. A reformer with liberal views, he was a friend of the common people. He advocated the cause of the American colonies and aided French revolutionists in 1789. He incurred the enmity of Louis XVI and the queen and was sent abroad by Louis, but returned in 1790 to work with Mirabeau and Danton against him. He renounced his title and became Citizen PhilippeEgalite (Equality). In 1793 his estates were confiscated by the Jacobins and he was imprisoned at Marseilles and sentenced to death by the

Revolutionary tribunal at Paris and guillotined. He was grand master of the Grand Orient of France in 1771, but failed to apply himself to the office. His wife, the Duchess of Chartres q.v., was prominent in French Adoptive Masonry. Their son, Louis Philippe became King of France (1830–48).

Duchess of Chartres (Louise Marie Adelaide de Bourbon-Penthievre) (1753–1821) Wife of Louis Philippe Joseph, Duc de Chartres q.v. who was grand master of the Grand Orient of France in 1771. She was an early member of French Adoptive Freemasonry and was present at the fete d' adoption given by the Lodge of Candour (a regular lodge under the Grand Orient of France) when the Duchess of Bourbon q.v. was installed as first grand mistress of French Adoptive Freemasonry. Her husband presided over the occasion attended by 1,000 of the French elite, as grand master.

Benjamin F. Chase (1869–1925) U.S. Consul. b. Feb. 1, 1869. Graduate of law at Univ. of Michigan in 1891 and practiced in Clearfield, Pa. U.S. Consul at Catania, Italy, 1905–07; Leeds, England, 1909–13; Leghorn, Italy, 1913–14; Fiume, Hungary, 1914–16; San Jose, Costa Rica, 1916–20; Trondhjem, Norway and Messina, Italy. Mason. d. Nov. 23, 1925.

Carlton Chase (1794–1870) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Feb. 20, 1794 at Hopkinton, N.H. Graduated from Dartmouth in 1817 and was ordained deacon in 1818, priest in 1820. Served in Bellows Falls, Vt. for 24 years and consecrated first bishop of N.H. in Philadelphia on Oct. 20, 1844, after which he moved to Claremont, N.H. Mason. d. Jan. 18, 1870.

Charles “Charlie” Chase (1893–1940) Movie comedian of the silent films famous for his “Charlie Chase Comedies.” Member of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 458, Los Angeles, Calif.

Dudley Chase (1771–1846) U.S. Senator from Vermont and Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Vermont b. Dec. 30, 1771 in Cornish, N.H. Graduated from Dartmouth in 1791 and admitted to bar in 1793. Member of state constitutional conventions of 1814 and 1822 and state legislature from 1805–12, serving as speaker his last four years. U.S. senator from Vermont 1813–17 and 1825–31. From 1817–21 he was chief justice of the Vermont supreme court. Retired in 1831 to farm. Served as master of Federal Lodge No. 15, Brookfield, Vt. d. Feb. 23, 1846.

George W. Chase Masonic author who in 1864 published *The Freemason’s Pocket Library*, composed of a working monitor for the degrees in lodge, chapter, council and commandery; a Masonic dictionary and a manual of Masonic law.

Harrie B. Chase Judge. b. Aug. 9, 1889 at Whitingham, Vt. Admitted to Vermont bar in 1912 and practiced at Brattleboro. Judge of superior court of Vermont 1919–27 and chief judge his last two years. Associate justice supreme court of Vermont from 1927–29 and judge of U.S. circuit court of appeals since 1929. Mason.

Norman S. Chase Former Governor of Rhode Island. Received his degrees in Corinthian Lodge No. 27 at Providence, R.I. in 1917.

Philander Chase (1775–1852) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Ohio and later Illinois. b. Dec. 14, 1775 at Cornish, N.H., he graduated from Dartmouth in 1795. Ordained deacon in 1798 and priest in 1799, he first served in western New York and then in New Orleans, La. He returned to Hartford, Conn. in 1811, and feeling the urge to establish his church in the west, he moved to Ohio in 1817. On a trip to England he raised \$30,000 with which he purchased 8,000 acres of land and laid the foundations of a college and theological seminary, naming them after two English contributors—Kenyon and Gambier. He was ordained bishop of Ohio Feb. 11, 1819. When difficulties arose over the handling of the funds, he resigned and moved to Michigan, doing missionary duty. He again visited England and obtained \$10,000 for educational work and he founded Jubilee college in 1838 at Robin's Nest, Ill. He was chosen bishop of Illinois in 1835 and served until his death. He received his third degree at the hands of Thomas Smith Webb q.v. in Temple Lodge No. 14, Albany, N.Y. Webb also exalted him to the Royal Arch in Worthington, Ohio on Oct. 26, 1818. His name appears in the proceedings of the Grand Chapter of Ohio in 1818 as a member of Horeb Chapter No. 3. d. Sept. 20, 1852.

Benedict Chastanier French surgeon, who introduced a modification of the Rite of Pernetty, in nine degrees, into England in 1767. He established a London lodge called Illuminated Theosophis. It soon abandoned its Masonic form and became a theosophic sect intended to propagate the religious system of Swedenborg.

Fennimore Chatterton Former Governor of Wyoming. Member of Rawlins Lodge No. 5, Rawlins, Wyo. and past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Wyoming.

Louis W. Chaudet Movie director and actor. He organized the "233 Club" a Masonic ritualistic group composed of Hollywood actors that sought to bring out character delineations in the ritual. Organized in 1926, many famous movie stars were on the teams. Chaudet directed more than 150 feature films and was raised in Kaskaska Lodge No. 86, Evansville, Ill.

Isaac Chauncey (1772–1840) American naval hero of War of 1812. b. Feb. 20, 1772 at Black Rock, Conn. He entered merchant service at an early age and commanded a ship at 19, making several voyages to the East Indies in the ships of John Jacob Astor q.v. On the organization of the navy he was made a lieutenant in 1798 and distinguished himself in several actions off Tripoli. He became captain in 1806. When the War of 1812 broke out he was in command of the Navy yard at New York and was given command of all the lakes except Champlain. He built and equipped with unequalled rapidity a number of ships including the Mohawk, a 42-gun frigate which was launched in 34 days after her keel was laid and the corvette Madison, launched in nine weeks after the first tree of her frame was cut from the forest. He aided in the capture of York (now Toronto) and Fort George, and put to flight the British fleet under Sir James Yeo. He later served on the board of navy commissioners at Washington from 1833 until his death. He was a member of Independent

Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, New York City in 1796 and was later suspended. d. Jan. 27, 1840.

Robert S. Cheek Corporation executive. b. Jan. 14, 1878 at Burkesville, Ky. With father, in 1900, he engaged in coffee business which was sold to Postum Co. and later was absorbed by General Foods Corp. Member of board of directors of General Foods; director of National Life and Accident Insurance Co., Nashville Trust Co.; trustee of Vanderbilt Univ. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Frank L. Chelf Congressman 79th and 80th Congresses (1945–49) from 4th Kentucky dist. b. Sept. 22, 1907 at Elizabethtown, Ky. Admitted to bar in 1931 and since practiced at Lebanon. Served with Navy and Air Corps as major in WW2. Raised in Lebanon Lodge No. 87, Lebanon, Ky. in 1937. Member of chapter, council and commandery at Lebanon, serving as commander of Marion Commandery No. 24, K.T. in 1945. Chelf states that he believes he is the only former member of a “Masonic Home” (orphanage) that was ever elected to Congress.

1st Viscount of Chelmsford (Frederic John Napier) (1868–1933) Governor of Queensland from 1905–09 and of New South Wales 1909–13 at which time he was also grand master of the United Grand Lodge of New South Wales. As Viceroy of India from 1916–21, he formulated a system of reforms which were rejected by the followers of Gandhi. He was first lord of admiralty in the Labor ministry of 1924 and agent-general for New South Wales from 1926–28.

Edward S. Chenette Composer and director. Has composed over 300 pieces for band, orchestra and voice. Was band and orchestra director at age of 17. He enlisted with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces in 1916 and conducted the “American Band,” also known as the “Concert Band,” of the Canadian Army. Later was director of music at Iowa State College; led Chicago Regimental Band and Illinois State Legion Band. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Jerome L. Cheney (1863–1932) Justice Supreme Court of New York, 1921–32. b. June 18, 1863 at Baldwinsville, N.Y. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1884. Raised in Central City Lodge No. 305, Syracuse, in 1900 and served as master in 1906. Knighted in Central City Commandery No. 25, K.T. in 1902, Syracuse. Received 33° AASR in 1911 and in 1915 became active member of Supreme Council (NJ). Exalted in Central City Chapter No. 70, R.A.M. in 1901. d. Nov. 29, 1932.

Person C. Cheney Governor of New Hampshire 1875–77. Raised in Altemont Lodge, No. 26, Peterborough, N.H., March 19, 1853 and served as master in 1862.

Claire L. Chennault Air Force Major General famous for his “Flying Tigers” in WW2. b. Sept. 6, 1890 at Commerce, Texas. Commissioned 1st lieutenant of Infantry in 1917 and transferred to aviation section of Signal Corps. Retired from Army in 1937 to become advisor to Chiang Kai-shek q.v. until 1941 when he was recalled to active duty and promoted to brigadier general in 1942. He activated the 14th Air Force and commanded it from 1943–45. Was made major general

in 1943 and retired again in 1945 to organize the CNRRA Air Transport, now Civil Air Transport, of which he became president in 1948. Bro. Chennault writes "You will note that my Masonic affiliations are widely scattered—Texas to China to California. This is particularly unfortunate since I now divide my time between Louisiana and Formosa—Free China." Member of League City Lodge No. 1053, League City, Texas. 32° AASR Orient of China at Shanghi (in exile) and member of Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco, Calif. d. July 27, 1958.

J. Edgar Chenoweth Congressman from 3rd Colorado dist. to 77th to 80th Congresses (1941–49). b. Aug. 17, 1897 at Trinidad, Colo. Admitted to Colorado bar in 1925, and began practice at Trinidad. Member of Trinidad Lodge No. 89, Trinidad, Colo., being raised in 1922. 32° AASR (SJ).

Ernest H. Cherrington (1877–1950) Editor and temperance leader. b. Nov. 24, 1877 at Hamden, Ohio. Edited Kingston (Ohio) Tribune in 1900 and became active in Ohio Anti-Saloon League in 1902. Edited The Pacific Issue (Washington), The Citizen (Seattle) and The American Issue from 1909; The American Patriot and The Voice from 1936 as well as others. He was general secretary of the World League Against Alcoholism; U.S. delegate to 13th, 14th, 16th, 17th International Congresses on Alcoholism, meeting throughout the world, and secretary of the 15th congress that met in Washington, D.C. A lay delegate to the general conference of the Methodist church eight times. Mason, 33° AASR, Knight Templar. d. Mar. 13, 1950.

Francis A. Cherry Governor of Arkansas, 1953–55. b. Sept. 5, 1908 at Fort Smith, Ark. Admitted to Arkansas bar in 1936 and practiced law at Jonesboro until 1942 when elected district judge of the 12th circuit. Raised in Jonesboro Lodge No. 129, Jonesboro, Ark. in 1944. Member of Union Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Occidental Council No. 1 and Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 1, all of Little Rock. 32° AASR in Valley of Little Rock; Sahara Shrine Temple at Pine Bluff, Ark. and member of O.E.S. and Amaranth.

James W. Cherry (1872–1949) Justice, Supreme Court of Utah 1923–32 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Utah in 1914. b. Apr. 5, 1872 in Hancock Co., Ill. Admitted to Utah bar in 1893 and practiced successively at Salt Lake City, Manti, La Grande, Oreg., and Mt. Pleasant, Utah. He was a member of Damascus Lodge No. 10, Mt. Pleasant, serving as master in 1909. Received his Scottish Rite degrees in Valley of Salt Lake in April, 1918. d. March 23, 1949.

Robert Gregg Cherry Governor of North Carolina 1945–49. b. Oct. 17, 1891 in York Co., N.C. Graduate of Duke Univ. in 1914, and admitted to bar same year. Has engaged in practice at Gastonia, serving as mayor from 1919–23. Served as state representative, speaker of the house and state senator. Served in 30th Div. overseas in WW1. State commander of American Legion in 1928. Mason and Knight Templar. Raised in Gastonia Lodge No. 369 on July 23, 1915.

Philip, 4th Earl of Chesterfield (Philip Dormer Stanhope) (1694–1733) English statesman and man of letters who was

intimate with the great men of his day such as Voltaire q.v., Pope, Swift and Dr. Johnson q.v. Effective orator in House of Lords, he was a Whig M.P., ambassador to the Hague (twice); lord high steward. As lord lieutenant of Ireland (1745–46) he established schools, encouraged manufacturers and conciliated Orangemen and Catholics. He was raised in Lodge No. 4, one of the “old lodges” established in 1717, that met in Horn Tavern. He was active in Masonic work and was once asked to preside in the Grand East, but was unable to do so because of an impending foreign assignment.

Augustus L. Chetlain (1824–?) Major General, Union army, Civil War. b. Dec. 26, 1824 at St. Louis, Mo. of French Huguenot stock. He became a merchant in Galena, Ill. and early volunteered for service in the Civil War. He was chosen captain of a company which General Grant (then captain) and declined. In December, 1863 he was promoted brig. general. Participated in Smith’s campaign on Tennessee river to Fort Henry, and led his regiment at Fort Donelson, Shiloh and Corinth. Brevetted major general in 1864 for raising a force of 17,000 men. He commanded the post of Memphis and then Talladega, Ala., and was mustered out on Feb. 5, 1866. In 1867–69 he was assessor of internal revenue for Utah and U.S. consul at Brussels, Belgium until 1872 when he established himself in Chicago as a banker and stockbroker. Lodge is not known but he was exalted in Washington Chapter No. 43, R.A.M. Chicago, Ill. on Sept. 11, 1885.

Ng Poon Chew (1866–1931) Established the first Chinese daily paper in America in 1899. b. Mar. 14, 1866 at Sun Ning,

Canton Province, China. Educated in Occidental School, San Francisco and San Francisco Theological Seminary. Was placed in training for Taoist priesthood, but was converted to Christianity and entered ministry in San Francisco. He resigned from ministry in 1899 and established the Chung Sai Yat Po daily newspaper, of which he was managing editor until his death on Mar. 13, 1931. He was vice consul of China at San Francisco from 1913. Mason.

Chiang Kai-shek Although some sources state that this famous Chinese Nationalist leader is a member of “Pagoda Lodge” under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Mass., the grand secretary of Massachusetts does not have any record of his membership.

Henry Chicheley Archbishop of Canterbury (1364–1443) English prelate and diplomat, who according to William Preston in his *Illustrations of Masonry*, gave permission for a lodge to be held in the year 1429 at Canterbury under his patronage with Thomas Stapylton as master. Tradition states that Chicheley was grand master of English Masons until 1443.

Jonas Chickering (1797–1853) Piano inventor and manufacturer. b. April 5, 1797 at New Ipswich, N.H. Son of a blacksmith, he learned the trade of cabinet making, and became a workman in a Boston piano manufactory. He went into business for himself in 1823 and later in partnership with John Mackay in 1830. Mackay was a shipmaster and they imported fine woods for piano cases. When Mackay

was drowned at sea in 1841, Chickering carried on alone. He received a number of patents on piano construction and improvements. He was initiated in St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, Mass. in 1821; was a member of St. Andrews Chapter, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery, K.T. as well as 32° AASR. d. Dec. 8, 1853.

Merrill Chilcote Managing editor and director of St. Joseph News-Press (Mo.). b. Feb. 23, 1905 at Conway, Iowa. After some time with newspapers in Bedford, Iowa, he came to the News-Press in 1926 and has been editor since 1949. Member of Brotherhood Lodge No. 269, St. Joseph, Mo.

George M. Chilcott (1828–1891) U.S. Senator from Colorado in 1882.

George W. Childs b. Jan. 2, 1828 at Trough Creek, Pa. Moved to Iowa with his family in 1844, serving as sheriff of Jefferson Co. in 1853. Moved to Nebraska in 1856; elected to state legislature in that year. In 1859 he went to Denver, Colo., and in 1860 settled in southern Colorado. He was a member of the constitutional convention of that state and served in the territorial legislature during the first two sessions (1861–62). Served in U.S. congress in 1867–69. He was a member of Pueblo Lodge No. 17, Pueblo, Colo. and affiliated with Golden City Lodge No. 1, Golden City, June 19, 1869. He was knighted in Pueblo Commandery No. 3, K.T. on March 24, 1876. d. Mar. 6, 1891.

George W. Childs (1829–?) Pennsylvania publisher and

philanthropist. b. May 12, 1829 in Baltimore, Md. Headed book-printing firm of Childs & Peterson and owned the Public Ledger, Philadelphia newspaper, which was quite prosperous. Childs made liberal use of his wealth for benevolent purposes, including a stained glass window in Westminster Abbey in memory of poets Cowper and Herbert and fountain in Stratford-on-Avon in honor of Shakespeare. Mason. Member of Industry Lodge No. 141, Philadelphia.

Thomas Childs (1796–1853) Brigadier General in Mexican War. b. in Pittsfield, Mass. Graduated from West Point in 1814. Distinguished himself at Fort Erie and Niagara in 1814. Took part in the Seminole Indian War in Florida in 1840–42. In the Mexican War he was at Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, La Hoya and Puebla. Brevetted brigadier general on Oct. 12, 1847 for gallantry at Puebla. He commanded eastern Florida sectors from 1852 until his death Oct. 8, 1853. Member of Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va.

William E. Chilton (1858–1939) U.S. Senator from West Virginia, 1911–17. b. March 17, 1858 at St. Albans, W. Va. Began practice of law at Charleston, W. Va. in 1880. Served as secretary of state for West Virginia 1893–97. Mason. d. Nov. 7, 1939.

William P. Chilton (?–1871) Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Alabama. b. in Kentucky, he was at times a member of each house of the Alabama legislature. In 1848 he was elected to the supreme court of Alabama, serving for ten years. Part

of this time he was chief justice. During the existence of the Confederate government (1861–65) he was a member of its congress. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Alabama in 1869–70.

Carl R. Chindblom Congressman, 66th to 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 10th Illinois dist. b. Dec. 21, 1879 at Chicago, Ill. Admitted to Illinois bar in 1900. Master in chancery, circuit court of Cook Co. (Chicago) from 1916–19. Referee in bankruptcy, U.S. district court, northern dist. of Ill., 1934–42. Mason.

Daniel Chipman (1765–1850) Lawyer and author. b. Oct. 22, 1765 at Salisbury, Conn. Graduated at Dartmouth in 1788 and studied law with his brother Nathaniel q.v. at Rutland, Vt. Made a member of the American Academy in 1812. Was in state constitutional conventions of 1793, 1816, 1850, and was often a member of the legislature. U.S. congressman from 1815–17. Published a volume on Seth Warner q.v. and Gen. Thomas Chittenden q.v. and another on his brother, Nathaniel q.v. Mason. d. April 23, 1850.

John Chipman (1744–1829) Revolutionary soldier. b. Oct. 22, 1744 at Salisbury, Conn. He was present at the capture of Fort Ticonderoga, Montreal and St. John. He was captain in the Revolution, participating in the battles of Hubbardton, Bennington and Saratoga. Raised in Union Lodge, Albany, N.Y. prior to Oct., 1779, he was passed and raised in Maters Lodge, Albany on Oct. 19, 1799 and was a charter member of Dorchester Lodge, Vergennes, Vt. and Union Lodge,

Middlebury, Vt. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Vermont from 1797–1814 and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Vermont from 1813–15. d. Aug. 28, 1829.

Nathaniel Chipman (1752–1843) U.S. Senator from Vermont, 1797–1803, 1806–1811. b. Nov. 15, 1752 at Salisbury, Conn., he was a brother of Daniel Chipman q.v. Served as a lieutenant in the Revolutionary War and was at Valley Forge in the winter of 1777; present at battles of Monmouth and White Plains. Served in Vermont legislature; judge of state supreme court in 1786 and chief justice in 1789. In the latter year he was one of the commissioners in behalf of Vermont to adjust differences with New York, and in 1791 to negotiate the admission of Vermont into the Union. George Washington appointed him judge of the U.S. district court of Vermont in 1791; he resigned in 1793, but was appointed chief justice of the supreme court in 1796, and again from 1813–15. In 1826 he revised the laws of Vermont. He was probably raised in a military lodge, but in 1795 he was a member of Center Lodge No. 6, Rutland, Vt. and its first master. He affiliated with Rainbow Lodge in Middletown, Vt. d. Feb. 15, 1843.

Martin Chittenden (1769–1841) Governor of Vermont 1813–14, and son of Thomas Chittenden q.v. first governor of Vermont. b. March 12, 1769 in Salisbury, Conn. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1789. He engaged in farming and was a member of the con-vention that adopted the U.S. Constitution. From 1803–1813 he was a member of congress and judge of probate from 1821–22. As governor, he refused to comply with the request of General Macomb for the state militia and

this prevented his reelection. Member of Washington Lodge No. 7, Burlington, Vt.; and was one of the petitioners for a new lodge to be named “Chittenden” at Williston, Vt. in honor of his father. d. Sept. 5, 1841.

Thomas Chittenden (1730–1797) First Governor of Vermont, 1778–1797 and father of Martin Chittenden q.v. a later governor. b. Jan. 6, 1730 in East ‘Guilford, Conn., Chittenden, together with two fellow members of Vermont Lodge (now 18, Windsor) . . . Ira Allen q.v. and Dr. Jonas Fay q.v., led the fight for statehood in the face of considerable opposition from New York. Statehood was granted to Vermont as the 14th state by congress on March 4, 1791. Previous to this, he had been president of the council of safety in which were invested the powers of government. About this time he became charter master of Dorchester Lodge of Vergennes, chartered in 1791 by the Grand Lodge of Canada, and now No. 1 under the Grand Lodge of Vermont. d. Aug. 24, 1797.

John M. Chivington (?–1895) Minister, missionary and soldier. He was, paradoxically, both a Methodist missionary to the Indians and an Indian fighter. Born in Ohio, he came to Kansas City, Kansas, in 1854 as a missionary to the Indians. While there he became the first master of the first lodge in Kansas—Wyandotte Lodge No. 3, established Aug. 11, 1854. From Kansas he went to Omaha, Nebr. and served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska. In 1860 he accepted the assignment as presiding elder of the Methodist church in the new gold mining district of Colorado. In 1861 he became the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado. Later

Chivington Lodge No. 6 (now extinct) was named for him and the lodge at Central City now has the old bible of this lodge. When the 1st Colorado cavalry was organized in 1862, he resigned as presiding elder of the church and was commissioned major in the regiment. He distinguished himself in the Apache Canyon fight, known as the Battle of Glorieta, when he led 500 men in a rear attack on the Confederate troops who were attempting to invade Colorado from New Mexico. His attack saved Colorado and her gold deposits for the Union. For this he was made colonel. Indian massacres were troubling Colorado and Governor John Evans called for volunteers who, under Chivington engaged the Indians at Sand Creek near Ft. Lyon on Nov. 29, 1864 and killed several hundred of them, including women and children. For this he was “defrocked” by the Methodist church. This action, plus attacks by the “eastern press” forced him to leave Colorado for several years. He was potentially a national hero, but fell into near disgrace. He moved to Oregon where he lived for many years, returning to Denver where he was once more identified with the church and fraternity. More than 500 brethren attended his funeral.

Isaac W. Choate (1882–1953) Justice, Supreme Court of Montana, 1947–49. b. Sept. 12, 1882 near Peacham, Vt. Graduate of Univ. of Minnesota, 1904. Practiced at Bozeman, Helena and Miles City, Mont. Member of Helena Lodge No. 3. d. Oct. 23, 1953.

Rufus Choate (1799–1859) U.S. Senator from Massachusetts, 1841–45, succeeding Daniel Webster. b. Oct. 1, 1799 in Essex,

Mass. Valedictory graduate of Dartmouth in 1819, he was an outstanding scholar and known for his command of language. At the age of six he could repeat large portions of Pilgrim's Progress from memory. In the Senate he delivered many brilliant orations on such subjects as the Oregon boundary, the tariff, the fiscal bank bill, the Smithsonian Institution and the annexation of Texas, the latter of which he opposed. After his term in the senate he returned to Boston and continued the practice of law. Following his graduation from Dartmouth, he entered the law office of William Wirt, q.v. then attorney general of the U.S. and later the Anti-Masonic Party's candidate for president. Choate was a member of Jordan Lodge, Peabody, Mass. d. July 13, 1859.

Countess of Choiseul-Gouffier An early member of French Adoptive Freemasonry, a female organization which received quasi-Masonic recognition from the Grand Orient of France. Other famous names who were her contemporaries were the Duchess of Chartres q.v., Countess of Polignac and Marchioness of Conte-bonne.

Pierre Choteau, Jr. (1789–1865) One of the founders of the American Fur Company and grandson of Laclede, founder of St. Louis. b. Jan. 19, 1789 in St. Louis. Entered fur trade as young man following Indians from point to point—St. Joseph, Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Fort Pierre, Fort Berthold, Fort Union and Fort Benton. He also established trading posts along the Mississippi from Keokuk to St. Paul. With two other Freemasons, Bernard Pratte and Bartholomew Berthold q.v., he purchased the American Fur Co. from John Jacob Astor

q.v. another partner in 1839. The trading area of the new company (P. Choteau, Jr. & Co.) extended from Texas to the Blackfeet country on the north and also the trade of Santa Fe. He was a member of the first constitutional convention of Missouri, in 1820, together with his partner, Bernard Pratte. In 1807 he was associate judge of the court of common pleas and in 1808 was captain in a volunteer company of mounted troops in St. Louis. He received his degrees in Lodge L'Amenite No. 73 at Philadelphia, Pa. and in 1808 was one of the organizers of St. Louis Lodge No. 111 in St. Louis. d. Sept. 8, 1865 in St. Louis.

Morgan H. Chrisler Union Brigadier General in Civil War. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 22 of New York. Master of the lodge in Greenfield Center, N.Y. in 1861.

Edward R. Chrisman (1866–1939) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 13, 1866 at Connersville, Ind. Graduate of West Point in 1888. Retired in 1921. Participated in Sioux Indian Campaign of 1890, Spanish American War, Cuba in 1898, Philippine Insurrection of 1890. Commanded U.S. forces in Puerto Rico during WW1. Mason. d. Jan. 15, 1939.

Christian VII, King of Denmark (1749–1808) King of Denmark and Norway from 1766 to 1808. Neglected in childhood, he was brought up by a cruel tutor. He became depraved and when hopelessly insane relinquished control to Crown Prince Frederick who ruled as regent from 1784–1808 and later as king. He was a stepbrother to Christian VIII q.v. In 1780 newspaper accounts carried the story that lodges

in Denmark and Holstein were subordinate to the Grand Lodge of Sweden, whereupon Christian VII directed notice to be sent that lodges in Denmark did not recognize a foreign prince as grand master, and after the passing of Ferdinand of Brunswick q.v. then general grand master, that no foreigner could rule the Danish craft except with the consent of the king. After the Masonic congress of Wilhelmsbad in 1872, when the Rectified Rite was developed, the Landgrave of Hesse q.v. was inducted and in 1786 he became provincial grand master of Denmark, though Ferdinand of Brunswick was recognized as general grand master until his death in 1792. In that year Christian VII named the Landgrave of Hesse as general grand master, who held the office until his death in 1836 and was succeeded by the crown prince who was later Christian VIII q.v.

Christian VIII, King of Denmark (1786–1848) He was appointed viceroy of Norway in 1813 and when he refused to consent to the union of Norway and Sweden, was driven out of Norway in 1814 with his second wife, living in retirement from 1815 to 1831. From 1831–39 he was a member of the council of state. He was king of Denmark and Norway from 1839–48. He opposed liberal projects and in trying to appease the Germans in Schleswig and Holstein, he helped bring about the war of 1848. He became the protector of Danish Freemasonry in 1836, taking over from the Landgrave of Hesse on the latter's death and becoming grand master. His son, King Frederick VII q.v. succeeded him on the throne and also as grand master.

Christian IX, King of Denmark (1818–1906) Was King of Denmark and Norway from 1863–1906. A direct descendent of King Christian III, he was brought up by King Frederick VI as guardian. Succeeded to throne on death of Frederick VII q.v. in 1863. He was the father of Frederick VIII q.v. of Denmark. He received the title of Protector of Danish Freemasonry.

Christian X, King of Denmark (1870–1947) Son of Frederick VIII q.v. He was King of Denmark from 1912–47 and of Iceland from 1918–44. He studied for a military career and during WW1 established closer relations with other Scandinavian countries. Under him, a new constitution was enacted in 1915, enfranchising women. Christian X became grand master of the National Grand Lodge of Denmark upon the death of his father, Frederick VIII, who had served in that capacity since 1872. King Christian was made an honorary past grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1946.

Christian Ludwig, Prince of Hesse–Darmstadt (1763–1834) He was initiated in 1778 and was one of the founders of the Darmstadt Lodge “Johannes der Evangelist zue Eintracht.”

George B. Christian Private secretary to President Harding. Was a member of Marion Lodge No. 70, Marion Chapter No. 62, Marion Council No. 22, Marion Commandery—all of Marion, Ohio and Aladdin Temple at Columbus, Ohio.

Hugh C. Christian British Naval Admiral. Became member of Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, England on Nov. 5, 1788.

James G. Christiansen Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 23, 1897 at Portland, Oreg. Graduated from West Point in 1918. Made brigadier general in 1943 and major general in 1944. He is former chief of staff of Army Ground Forces, commanding general 2nd Armored Division and Camp Hood, Texas. He also commanded the 6th Armored Division and Fort Leonard Wood, Mo. He retired in 1954 and is now with the Hoover commission in Washington. Mason.

Adolph M. Christianson (1877-?) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of North Dakota. b. Aug. 11, 1877 at Brummundalen, Norway. He was brought to the U.S. in 1882. Served as justice of North Dakota Supreme Court from 1915-45 and as chief justice 1945-49. He was a member of the national council, Boy Scouts of America and president of the Missouri Valley Area Council. From 1933-34 he was administrator of the Federal Civil Works Administration. Raised Feb. 20, 1902 in Mouse River Lodge No. 43; exalted in Mystic Chapter No. 13 April 24, 1902; greeted in council of R. & S.M. on Nov. 14, 1911—all of Towner, N.D. He was knighted in Cyrene Commandery No. 7, K.T. at Devils Lake on June 23, 1902. He later affiliated with Fargo Council No. 1, R. & S.M. then Lebanon No. 2 at Rugby and finally Twin City Council at Bismarck. He was grand master of the Grand Council of S.D. in 1922 and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. in 1919. The 4th to 32 degrees AASR (SJ) were communicated to him by Walter R. Reed in Jan., 1929 and he demitted on June 26, 1929. Deceased.

Theodore Christianson (1883-1948) Governor of

Minnesota three terms (1925–31). b. Sept. 12, 1883 in Lac qui Parle Co., Minn., he graduated from the Univ. of Minnesota with A.B. and LL.B. Admitted to bar in 1909 he began practice at Dawson. From 1909–25 he was the publisher of the Dawson Sentinel. He served in the state house of representatives from 1915–25 and was a member of the 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–37). He is the author of Minnesota, A History of the State and Its People. Member of Atelier Lodge No. 202 at Dawson, Minn., he received his 32° AASR in Minneapolis on Dec. 19, 1925.

W. W. Christman (1865–1937) Poet and farmer. b. May 30, 1865 at Delanson, N.Y. He spent his entire life farming. In 1934 he was awarded the Burroughs medal by John Burroughs Memorial Assn. for the best nature book published that year. He is the author of Songs of the Helderhills, Songs of the Western Gateway and Wild Pasture Pine. Mason. d. Feb. 26, 1937.

George H. Christopher U.S. Congressman from Missouri. b. Dec. 9, 1888 at Butler, Mo. Member of 81st Congress (1949–51). Elected a second term in 1956. Engaged in farming. Raised Feb. 22, 1938 in Amsterdam Lodge No. 141, Amsterdam, Mo. 32° AASR (SJ) in Kansas City and member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City. O.E.S. in Columbia Chapter No. 15, Washington, D.C. d. Jan. 23, 1959.

Charles A. Christopherson (1871–1951) U.S. Congressman to 66th to 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 1st South Dakota dist. b. July 23, 1871 in Fillmore Co., Minn. Admitted to bar in

1893 and practiced at Sioux Falls, S.D. Member of state house of representatives 1912–16 and speaker in 1914. Served as grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of South Dakota in 1917. Past potentate of Shrine. d. Nov. 2, 1951.

Morgan H. Chrysler, (1826–?) Union Major General in Civil War. b. Sept. 30, 1826 in Ghent, N.Y. Farmed most of his life. Enlisted as a private in the 30th N.Y. volunteers in 1861 and was promoted to major general in March, 1865. Served in the Army of the Potomac and later in the Army of the Gulf, commanding all the troops in northern Alabama. He was present at the capture of Mobile. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 22, Greenfield Center, N.Y. and served as master.

Walter P. Chrysler (1875–1940) Motor car manufacturer. b. April 2, 1875 at Wamego, Kansas, he was a descendant of Tuenis Van Dolsen, the first male child born in Manhattan, N.Y. He started as a machinist's apprentice on the railroad. In 1910 he was assistant manager of the Pitts-burgh works of the American Locomotive Co., and was manager in 1911. From 1912–16 he was works manager of Buick Motor Co. and president and general manager from 1916–19. He was vice president in charge of operations of General Motors Corp. from 1919–20 and executive vice president of Willys-Overland Co. 1920–22. He was later chairman of the board of Chrysler Corp. Mason. d. Aug. 18, 1940.

Conrad N. Church Newspaper editor. b. Feb. 1, 1894 at St. Louis, Mo. Graduated from Univ. of Michigan in 1917. Began with Ann Arbor News in 1919 as a reporter; was city editor

in 1920 and managing editor from 1921–23. Began with the Pontiac Daily Press as a reporter in 1924; was managing editor from 1926 and editor since 1945. Mason.

Earl F. Church Photogrammetrist, astronomer, civil engineer. b. Aug. 11, 1890 at Parish, N.Y. Was topographer and astronomer on Alexander Hamilton Rice expedition up Amazon and Negro rivers, Brazil, 1916–17. Field officer in northwestern states and Alaskan coast, U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1911–13; mathematician, U.S. Boundary Commissions, 1913–15. Served in AEF during WW1 in charge of geodetic computations for intelligence section of 2nd Army. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Edward B. Church (1844–1904) Founder of Irving Institute (for higher education of young ladies) at San Francisco, Calif. in 1881. b. Sept. 7, 1844 in Greenville, Miss. Made deacon of Protestant Episcopal church in 1868; priest, 1874. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of California from 1896–1902. d. 1904.

Ralph E. Church (1883–1950) U.S. Congressman to 74th to 76th Congresses (1935–40), 78th to 80th Congresses (1943–48) and 81st Congress (1948) from Illinois. b. May 5, 1883 in Vermilion Co., Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan and Northeastern. Admitted to bar in 1909 and practiced at Chicago. Served as state representative from 1917–32. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. March 21, 1950.

Lord Randolph Henry Churchill (1849–1895) British

statesman, third son of 7th Duke of Marlborough and father of Winston L. Churchill q.v. Married Jennie Jerome of New York in 1874. As an M.P. from 1874 he led the Tory front, assailing Gladstone and the conservatives. He was secretary of state for India from 1885–86 and was chancellor of exchequer and leader of the House of Commons in 1886, resigning due to ill health. He returned to parliament in 1892. He is recorded as having visited Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C. on Oct. 15, 1873.

Sir Winston L. Churchill British statesman and author, son of Lord Randolph Henry Churchill q.v. b. in 1874. One of the most outstanding leaders of the 20th century in both national and international levels. Sir Sidney White q.v. grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of England states that “Sir Winston Churchill was initiated into Freemasonry as a young man, but he never progressed in the Order, and has taken no part for many years.” He was initiated in Studholme Lodge No. 1591, London and raised March 25, 1902 in Rosemary Lodge No. 2851.

Joseph Cilley (1735–1799) Revolutionary soldier and first Major General of New Hampshire militia. b. in Nottingham, N.H. where his father was one of the first settlers. He was one of the party in Dec. 1774 that dismantled the fort at Portsmouth; and immediately after the Battle of Lexington, he raised a company of volunteers and led them into Boston. In May 1775, he was a major in Poor’s regiment and was commissioned colonel in April, 1777 in the 1st New Hampshire regiment, succeeding General Stark. He served at Ticonderoga,

Battle of Monmouth, with Wayne in the storming of Stony Point and in Sullivan's expedition against the Indians in New York. After the war he was appointed major general of militia in 1786. He was successively treasurer, vice president and president of the Society of the Cincinnati in N.H. His grandson, Joseph Cilley q.v. became U.S. Senator from N.H. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H. on June 15, 1775 and his fees were waived due to his service to his country. d. Aug. 25, 1799.

Joseph Cilley (1791–1887) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire and grandson of Joseph Cilley q.v. Revolutionary soldier. b. Jan. 4, 1791 at Nottingham, N.H. Fought as a lieutenant in the Infantry in the War of 1812. He participated in the battles of Chippewa, Lundy's Lane and Chrysler's Field. At Lundy's Lane, his company led the famous charge of Col. Miller's regiment on the British battery, where nearly half of his men were either killed, wounded or missing. Every officer in Cilley's company was either killed or wounded. Subsequent to the war, he held appointments in the New Hampshire militia. He was elected to the senate in June, 1846 to fill a vacancy and served until March, 1847, when he retired to his farm in Nottingham. At the time of his death, Sept. 16, 1887, he was the oldest living U.S. senator. Cilley was a member of Sullivan Lodge No. 19, Lee, New Hampshire, and was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1848–49.

Giovanni Battista Cipriani (1727–1785) Italian historical painter, designer and engraver who came to England in 1755 and cooperated with the production of the frontispiece of the

1784 edition of the Book of Constitutions. He was an early member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 325 in London and painted the officers' jewels of the lodge that are still worn today. He was one of the four members of this lodge to become original members of the exclusive Royal Academy at its foundation in 1768.

Jean Civiale (1792–1857) French surgeon, famous for his method of crushing the stone in the bladder (lithotritry). Member of the lodge La Bonne Union at Paris, being initiated in 1825.

Nathaniel H. Claiborne (1777–1859) U.S. Congressman from Virginia from 1825–1837. b. Nov. 14, 1777 in Franklin Co., Va. a brother of William C. C. Claiborne q.v. first governor of Louisiana. He served for many years in both branches of the state legislature where he achieved a reputation as reformer of extravagance and abuses of government. He was the author of Notes on the War in the South. Claiborne was a member of Abingdon Lodge No. 48, Washington Co., Va. d. Aug. 15, 1859.

William C. C. Claiborne (1775–1817) First Governor of Louisiana. b. in Sussex Co., Va., he was the older brother of Nathaniel H. Claiborne q.v. congressman and author. Following his admission to the bar, he settled in Nashville, Tenn., and soon received the appointment of territorial judge, assisting in the framing of the state constitution in 1796. He was elected to the U.S. congress and served from 1797–1801. In 1802 he was appointed governor of Mississippi, and in

1803 became commissioner, with General James Wilkinson q.v. to take possession of Louisiana when it was purchased from France. After the establishment of the new government in 1804, he was made governor, and when it became a state, he was elected by the people to the same office. He was elected to the U.S. senate, but died before taking his seat. His name was on the 1810 roster of Perfect Union Lodge No. 1, New Orleans, La. d. Nov. 23, 1817.

Matthew W. Clair (1865–1943) Methodist bishop. b. Oct. 21, 1865 at Union, W. Va. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1889, subsequently serving in Harpers Ferry, W. Va., Staunton, Va., Washington, D.C. In 1920 he was elected bishop and assigned to Monrovia, Liberia. Mason. d. June 28, 1943.

Moses E. Clapp (1851–1929) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1901–17. b. May 21, 1851 at Delphi, Ind. Graduated in law at Univ. of Wisconsin in 1873 and admitted to bar same year, practicing subsequently at Hudson, Wis., Fergus Falls, Minn. and St. Paul, Minn. Was attorney general of Minnesota from 1887–93. In 1917 he resumed law practice in Washington, D.C. He was raised in Hudson Lodge, Wis. in 1872; past commander of Palestine Commandery, K.T., and received AASR degrees in St. Paul in 1897. d. March 6, 1929.

Martin Clare (?–1751) An English schoolmaster who wrote *A Defence of Masonry* in 1730 which was later reproduced in *Anderson's Constitutions* of 1738. It was written as a reply to Prichard's expose, *Masonry Dissected*. He was grand steward

in 1734, grand junior warden in 1735 and deputy grand master in 1741. He was authorized by the grand lodge to prepare a system of lectures. It is believed that he was initiated in the Old King's Arms Lodge (now No. 28). He was master of what is now Lodge of Friendship No. 6. d. May 19, 1751.

Clare de Gilbert (1243–1295) Marquis of Pembroke, 9th Earl of Clare, 7th Earl of Hertford, 8th Earl of Gloucester. Married niece of Henry III in 1253. Joined Monfort in 1263 and with Prince Edward in repelling de Montfort in 1265. He took London in 1267, but became reconciled to Henry III. He later married Joan, daughter of Edward I (1290). Tradition states that he, with Ralph Lord Monthermer, and Walter Gifford, Archbishop of New York, was given charge of the operative masons in 1272.

William, Duke of Clarence (See William IV, King of England) Duke of Clarence and Avondale (H.R.H. Albert Victor Christian Edward) (1864–1892) He was the eldest son of King Edward VII q.v. and brother of King George V. He entered naval training on the ship *Britania* in 1877 and was aide-de-camp to Queen Victoria in 1889. He was betrothed to Princess Mary of Teck in 1891 but died before the marriage. Mary later became Queen Mary, consort of his brother, King George V. He was initiated on March 17, 1885 in Royal Alpha Lodge No. 16 by his father, Edward VII, while the latter was grand master of England. In 1890 he was installed provincial grand master for Berkshire, by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Jules Claretie (1840–1913) French novelist, journalist and

director of the Comedie Francaise in 1885. Wrote many novels including *Une Drolesse*, *Un Assassin*, *Monsieur le Ministre*, *La Cigarette*. His historical works included *Les Derniers Mcrntagnards*, *Historie de la. Revolution de 1870–71*, *Le Drapeau*. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Albert M. Clark (1879–1950) Judge of Supreme Court of Missouri. b. March 4, 1879 at Lawson, Mo. Admitted to bar in 1900 and began practice at Richmond. He was a member of the state legislature from 1917–20 and of the state senate from 1931–38. He was judge of the supreme court of Missouri from Jan. 1, 1939 until his death on Jan. 9, 1950. A Mason, he wrote a paper on “Judges of the Supreme Court (Mo.) who have been Masons” which was read at the 1949 communication of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. He was a member of Richmond Lodge No. 57, Cyrus Chapter No. 36, and Richmond Commandery No. 47, K.T., all of Richmond, Mo.

Arthur H. Clark (1868–1951) Publisher, author, manufacturer. b. Dec. 20, 1868 in London, England, coming to U.S. in 1888 and naturalized in 1895. Founder and president of the Arthur H. Clark Co., publishers in 1902. President of the Cleveland Worm & Gear Co. 1920–28; president of the Cleveland Laboratory Co. 1922–37. Founder and president of the Cleveland Institute of Aviation, 1928–34. Author of *Bibliography of Books on History of States, Counties, Etc. of U.S.* in 1928. Mason. d. May 15, 1951.

Bennett Champ Clark (1890–1954) U.S. Senator from Missouri. b. Jan. 8, 1890, son of Champ Clark q.v. Graduate of Univ. of Missouri and George Washington Univ. He was parliamentarian for U.S. house of representatives from 1913–17. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1914, he practiced in St. Louis from 1919. Served in WW1 as a colonel on the General Staff. Elected senator from Missouri 1933–1945. Was associate justice of the U.S. court of appeals, District of Columbia from 1945 until his death on July 13, 1954. He was initiated in Phoenix Lodge No. 136, Bowling Green, Mo. on July 5, 1912 and was suspended NPD on June 1, 1950.

Champ Clark (1850–1921) U.S. Congressman from Missouri. b. March 7, 1850 in Anderson Co., Ky., his full name was James Beauchamp. Educated in Kentucky Univ., Bethany College and Cincinnati Law School, he was president of Marshall College (W. Va.) in 1873–74. He served as congressman from Missouri from 1893–95 and 1897–1921, being speaker from 1911–19. He was a prominent candidate for Democratic presidential nomination in 1912 and led on 27 ballots, having a clear majority on eight, but lost when Wm. J. Bryan turned his influence to support Woodrow Wilson. His son, Bennett Champ q.v. was a U.S. senator. He was a member of Perseverance Lodge No. 92 at Louisiana, Mo.

Clarence D. Clark (1851–1930) U.S. Senator from Wyoming, 1895–1917. b. April 16, 1851 at Sandy Creek, N.Y. Attended Iowa State Univ. and admitted to the bar in 1874. He practiced in Delaware Co., Iowa from 1874–81 and then moved to Evanston, Wyoming, where he resumed practice. He was

appointed associate justice of the supreme court of Wyoming in 1889, but declined. He was U.S. congressman to 51st and 52nd congresses from Wyoming in 1889–93. He was raised in Evanston Lodge No. 4, March 21, 1883; member of Evanston Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Albert Pike Commandery, K.T. all of Evanston. He received his 32° AASR (SJ) on Aug. 6, 1885 and 33° on Oct. 22, 1897. d. Nov. 18, 1930.

Edgar E. Clark (1856–1930) Labor leader and Interstate Commerce Commissioner. b. Feb. 18, 1856 at Lima, N.Y. Entered railroad service in 1873 and remained until 1889 when he went with the Order of Railway Conductors of America; was grand chief conductor from 1890–1906. Member of Interstate Commerce Commission from 1906–1921, and afterward member of the firm of Clark & La Roe. Mason. d. Dec. 1, 1930.

Edward Clark Former Governor of Texas. Member of Austin Lodge No. 12, Austin, Texas.

Frank S. Clark General manager of Portland Cement Co. b. Mar. 7, 1868 at Middletown, Conn. He was captured by the Sioux Indians when his parents crossed the plains in 1872 and was not found by his father until four years later. However, he spent most of his time until manhood with the Indians. Started as an electrical engineer with a railroad. He was assistant to president and assistant general manager of U.S. Cement Co., Bedford, Ind. in 1908–09. In 1910 he was general manager of Continental Portland Cement Co., President of Frank S. Clark & Co., and treasurer of U.S. Mail Box Co. Mason, 32° AASR.

George Rogers Clark (1752–1818) Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. Nov. 19, 1752 near Monticello, Va. Became a surveyor in Kentucky where he organized and led the frontiersmen in defense against Indian attacks in 1776–77. He gained the approval of Patrick Henry, governor of Virginia for an expedition to conquer territory in what is now Illinois, and he captured the key points of Kaskaskia in 1778 and Vincennes in 1779, saving the Illinois and Kentucky region for the colonies. He was engaged in fighting the British and Indians in that territory until 1783. He died in poverty. Dr. Richard Ferguson, master of Abraham Lodge No. 8, Louisville, Ky. was the surgeon who amputated General Clark's leg, with music from a drum and fife furnishing the only anesthetic. His lodge is unknown, but he was buried Masonically by Abraham Lodge No. 8, Louisville. d. Feb. 13, 1818. He was the older brother of the explorer William Clark q.v.

Henry T. Clark Former Governor of North Carolina. Member of Concord Lodge No. 58, Tarboro, N.C., serving as its master in 1852 and 1865. He represented the lodge at grand lodge in 1852, 1853 and 1865. Member of Concord Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. and active in the Grand Chapter of N.C. He was a trustee of St. John's Masonic College.

James Clark Territorial Governor of Iowa. Initiated in Des Moines Lodge No. 1 at Burlington, Iowa on March 1, 1841.

James Clark (1779–1839) Governor of Kentucky. b. in Bedford Co., Va., he moved with family to Kentucky when a child. Practiced law at Winchester and was a member of the

state legislature several times. Was judge of court of appeals in 1810, and served in U.S. congress from 1813–16 and 1825–30. In 1832 he was elected to the state senate, becoming its speaker; and in 1836 was elected governor, serving until his death on Aug. 27, 1839. Mason.

James W. Clark (1877–1939) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma. b. Dec. 8, 1877 at Allisona, Tenn. He began law practice in Atoka Co., Okla. in 1909. He was justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma from 1925–33 and vice chief justice from 1931–33. Mason. d. Feb. 24, 1939.

Jerome B. Clark U.S. Congressman from North Carolina to 71st and 72nd Congresses (1929–33) and 73rd to 80th Congresses (1939–49). b. April —5T–1882 at Elizabethtown, N.C. Began practice in Elizabethtown in 1906. Mason.

Joel Clark (1730–1776) Colonel in Revolutionary War and founder of famous American Union Lodge (military). He was a farmer and trader of Farmington, Conn. and when a boy of 15 served on the expedition against Louisbourg in 1745 and later in the French and Indian Wars. In the Revolution he served in the siege of Boston and the defense of New York. He was wounded at the Battle of Long Island and taken prisoner. Confined to a filthy prison, he died in December of his wounds. He had been made a Mason during his frequent business trips to New Haven in old Hiram Lodge No. 1 on Feb. 20, 1763. Two years later he was named junior warden in the charter granted a lodge at Waterbury (present King Solomons No. 7 of Woodbury). There is also reason to

believe that he was later active in the lodge at Wallingford, now Compass No. 9. In February 1776, he was commissioned by the grand master of St. John's Provincial Grand Lodge at Boston to organize American Union Lodge among the Freemasons holding military commissions in the Connecticut line regiments. This famous military lodge numbered many American patriots among its members. Clark was founding master. It traveled with the Continental Army throughout the war, working in New Jersey and New York. After the war the charter was carried west and it was established in Marietta, Ohio, where it is No. 1 on the Ohio register and one of the most famous lodges of the country.

John Clark Governor of Delaware in 1817. Member of Lodge No. 14 at Christiana Ferry, Del., being initiated March 20, 1783.

John M. Clark Brigadier General U.S. Air Force. b. Nov. 1, 1893 at Lockhart, Tex. Commissioned lieutenant in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942. Retired in 1946. Mason.

John R. Clark (1888-?) Justice Supreme Court of Colorado. b. Dec. 19, 1888 at Louisville, Colo. Admitted to bar in 1911. Appointed to supreme court in 1951 and elected to ten year term in 1952. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1944-45 and 33° AASR (SJ). Member of Rio Blanco Lodge No. 80 at Meeker, Colo.; Meeker Chapter No. 37, R.A.M.; Meeker Commandery No. 33, K.T. and 33° AASR (SJ). Deceased.

Joseph J. Clark Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 12, 1893 of Cherokee Indian blood. He graduated from the Naval Academy in 1917, advancing through the grades to vice admiral and commander of the 7th Fleet. Now retired, he is vice president of Radio Receptor Co. He was raised on December 6, 1945 in Chelsea Lodge No. 84, Chelsea, Okla. with many old time Cherokee leaders present. Clark was treated like just plain Joe Clark, Indian boy in his fifties, come home to be a Master Mason in his home lodge.

Mark Wayne Clark General, U.S. Army. b. May 1, 1896 at Madison Barracks, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1917, he later graduated from many service schools and has received honorary degrees from a dozen universities both here and abroad. He was commissioned 2nd lieutenant in April, 1917 and advanced to full general in 1945. Led a battalion in WW1 and was wounded. Participated in St. Mihiel and Meuse–Argonne offensives. In WW2 he became deputy chief of staff, then chief of staff of the Army Ground Forces in 1942. He was one of the officers landed in Africa by submarine to confer with representatives of General Giraud on the forthcoming invasion by Allied forces. He subsequently was commander of the 5th Army (first active in the ETO) in 1943, commanded the 15th Army group, (U.S. and British armies) in Italy, 1944–45; commander-in-chief of U.S. occupation forces in Austria. In 1952 he was commander in chief of the United Nation Command in Korea and commanding general of all U.S. forces in the Far East. He retired in 1953 to accept the presidency of The Citadel, a military college in Charleston, S. Car. Clark was raised in Mystic Tie Lodge

No. 398 at Indianapolis on Dec. 30, 1929, later affiliating with Hancock Lodge No. 11 at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas. He received his 32° AASR in Indianapolis in 1930 and affiliated with the Scottish Rite in Leavenworth in 1934, removing his membership back to Indianapolis and receiving his 33° in 1946. In 1954 the Supreme Council AASR (NJ) presented him the Gourgas Medal, their highest decoration, which has been given only to six others. It is "in recognition of notably distinguished service in the cause of Freemasonry, humanity or country."

Melville Clark Harpist, inventor. b. Sept. 12, 1883 at Syracuse, N.Y. Has been in music business since 1899 and is president of Clark Music Co. His harp inventions have included a perfect portable harp, the Clark nylon harp string; a plastic and nylon harp impervious to weather. He has given more than 4,000 harp concerts in U.S., Canada and England. He perfected plan for aero-stations to distribute literature, used by England in WW1. Mason, Scottish Rite member.

Stephen C. Clark President of Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Aug. 29, 1882 at Cooperstown, N.Y. Graduate of Columbia and Yale Universities. He is vice president of the Safe Deposit Co. of New York and director of Singer Manufacturing Co. Served in 80th division during WW1 with rank of lieutenant colonel. Member of Otsego Lodge No. 138, Cooperstown, N.Y.

Thomas C. Clark U.S. Attorney General and Associate Justice of U.S. Supreme Court. b. Sept. 23, 1899 at Dallas,

Texas. Attended Virginia Military Institute and graduated from Univ. of Texas in 1921, being admitted to bar the following year. With Department of Justice from 1937–45, serving as Attorney General of the U.S. from 1945–49 at which date he was appointed associate justice of the U.S. Supreme Court in August. Served in 153rd Inf. during WW1. Member of Washington Lodge No. 1117 at Dallas, Texas, and received his 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas in 1930.

Thomas D. Clark Historian. b. July 14, 1903 at Louisville, Miss. Graduate of Mississippi, Kentucky and Duke Universities. History professor in turn at Western State Teachers College (Tenn.), Univ. of Tenn., Univ. of Rochester, Duke Univ., Univ. of North Carolina, Univ. of Chicago and with the Univ. of Kentucky since 1931. Among his many books are: History of Kentucky, The Rampaging Frontier, Exploring Kentucky, The Kentucky (Rivers of America Series) Pills, Petticoats and Plows. Mason.

William Clark (1770–1838) Famed partner of the Lewis and Clark Expedition to the Northwest, brigadier general, U.S. Army and territorial governor of Missouri. b. Aug. 1, 1770 in Virginia, he was a brother of the famous George Rogers Clark q.v. of Revolutionary fame. He early became acquainted with Indian warfare when his family moved to site of present city of Louisville and his brother, George Rogers, built a fort. He migrated to St. Louis and in March, 1804 Jefferson appointed him a lieutenant of artillery with orders to join Capt. Merriwether Lewis' expedition from St. Louis across the Rocky mountains to the mouth of the Columbia River. Clark

was really the principal military director of the expedition, materially assisting Lewis in the arrangements and kept a journal, which was afterward published. His intimate knowledge of Indian habits and character had much to do with the success of the expedition. He resigned from the army in 1807 and officiated as Indian agent until appointed by Congress as brigadier general for territory of Upper Louisiana. President Madison appointed him governor of Missouri Territory in 1813 and he held the office until Missouri became a state in 1822. He ran, against his will, for the governorship at that time, but was defeated. President Monroe then made him superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and he held the office until his death on Sept. 1, 1838 in St. Louis. He was a member of St. Louis Lodge No. 111 (under Pennsylvania charter) and was buried in Bellefontaine Cemetery, St. Louis, with Masonic honors. A large monument with the square and compasses is over his grave.

William A. Clark (1839–1925) U.S. Senator from Montana, 1901–07. b. Jan. 8, 1839 at Connellsville, Pa. Although he studied law, he did not enter the profession, but taught school in Missouri, Colorado and then Montana. In Montana he became a banker, mine owner and president and director of many enterprises including railroads, sugar production and realty. He led the Butte battalion in the Nez Perce campaign of 1878 and was president of the constitutional convention of 1884 and 1889. He claimed election to U.S. Senate as Democrat in 1890 but was denied seat. Elected again in 1898, a contest ensued at Washington, but before the investigation was concluded, he resigned. He was variously a member of Virginia

City Lodge No. 1, Morning Star Lodge No. 5, Helena, and Deer Lodge No. 14, Deer City, Mont., serving as master of the latter. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Montana in 1877. d. Mar. 2, 1925.

Bascom B. Clarke (1851–1929) Editor and president of Clarke Publishing Co., Madison, Wis. b. June 24, 1851 in Lexington, Va. Started in publishing business in 1898. Editor of *American Thresherman* and founder of Brotherhood of Threshermen. Mason and author of *Uncle Silas' Gospel of Freemasonry*, 1920, and *The Gospel of DeMolay*, 1924. d. March 17, 1929.

Bruce C. Clarke Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. April 20, 1901 at Adams, N.Y. Graduate of West Point in 1925, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Member of General Staff in 1942–43; combat commander of armored division 1943–45; staff member of Army Ground Forces, 1945–48 and assistant commandant of The Armored School since 1948. Mason.

Sir Casper P. Clarke (1846–1911) Director of Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City. b. Dec. 21, 1846 at London, England and educated in England and France. He was director of the Victoria and Albert Museum of London until 1905 when he came to America to be director of the Metropolitan Museum. He was created a knight in 1902 and received the Chevalier Legion d'Honneur from France in 1878; Companion of the Order of the Indian Empire in 1883; Commander Victorian Order in 1905; and Commander's Cross Order of

the Crown (German). He was a member of Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076 of London. d. 1911.

Hopewell Clarke (1854–1931) One of the developers of the Mesabi Iron Range in Northern Minnesota. b. March 10, 1854 at Williamsport, Pa., he studied civil and mining engineering. Was with various Minnesota railroads in the early day as a surveyor and an early settler of far northern Minnesota. During controversy over the source of the Mississippi River, he made a survey of its headwaters. Mason. d. Feb. 3, 1931.

James P. Clarke (1854–1916) U.S. Senator and Governor of Arkansas. b. Aug. 18, 1854 at Yazoo City, Miss. Graduated from Univ. of Virginia in 1878 and admitted to bar in that year, moving to Helena, Ark. in 1879, where he practiced until 1897 and then removed to Little Rock. Served in both houses of state legislature and was attorney general of Arkansas. He was governor from 1895–97, and U.S. senator from Arkansas for three terms, 1903–21, dying on Oct. 1, 1916 before completing his last term. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 2, Little Rock, Ark.

John H. Clarke (1857–1945) Justice of U.S. Supreme Court and pacifist. b. Sept. 18, 1857 at Lisbon, Ohio. Graduate of Western Reserve Univ. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1878 and practiced at Lisbon, Youngstown and Cleveland. Was U.S. district judge for Northern Ohio, 1914–16, and associate Justice of the U.S. Supreme court from July 14, 1916 to Sept. 1922. He resigned in order to give his entire time to cultivating public opinion favorable to world peace. He was president of

the League of Nations Non-Partisan Association of the U.S. from 1922-30, trustee of World Peace Foundation. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 21, Youngstown, Ohio. d. March 22, 1945.

Robert Clarke Architect of the U.S. Capitol at Washington, D.C. Served as high priest of Washington Chapter No. 16. Was later suspended.

Angelo R. Clas Architect. b. Feb. 13, 1887 at Milwaukee, Wis. Graduated from Harvard in 1909. Began in manufacturing business and later partner with D. H. Burnham & Co. in Chicago. In 1935-36 was director of housing for Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works. He is now an architect and consultant. Recent works include Federal Loan Agency, Maritime buildings, Statler Hotel, Y.M.C.A. addition, all of Washington, D.C. and large scale private housing developments in Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania and Tennessee. Mason.

Charles R. Clason Congressman to 75th to 80th Congresses (1937-49) from 2nd Mass. district. b. Sept. 3, 1890 at Gardiner, Maine. Graduate of Bates College, and Rhodes scholar from Maine in 1917. Admitted to Mass. bar in 1917, practicing in Boston and later Springfield. Served in WW1. Mason.

David G. Classon (1870-1930) U.S. Congressman 65th to 67th Congresses (1917-23) from 9th Wisconsin dist. b. Sept. 27, 1870 at Oconto, Wis. Admitted to bar in 1891 and practiced at Oconto. Judge of the 20th judicial circuit of Wisconsin from 1928 until his death Sept. 6, 1930. Mason.

Carl H. Claudy (1879–1957) Writer. b. Jan. 13, 1879 in Washington, D.C. In 1898 he was a prospector and pioneer in Alaska. He was editor of *American Inventor* from 1900–04; *Prism*, 1908–09; *Cathedral Calendar*, 1921–27, and *The Master Mason*, 1924–30. He was later a free-lance writer and aviation correspondent for *New York Herald* at Washington. He was director of publicity for National Highways Association from 1911 and executive secretary of the Masonic Service Association since 1929. He was raised in Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C. in 1908, serving as master in 1932 and grand master of Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1943. A member of chapter, council and commandery he was a 33° AASR (SJ) and holder of many grand lodge medals and honorary memberships. He is the author of many books, plays and short stories including *Press Photography*, *Battle of Baseball*, *First Book of Photography*, *Tell Me Why Stories*, *About Mother Nature*, *Making Pictures of Children*, *Partners of the Forest Trail*, *Pirates by Force*, *The Gold He Found*, *Dangerous Waters*, *The Girl Reporter*, *Beginner's Book of Model Airplanes*, *Mystery Men of Mars*, *Thousand Years a Minute*, *Land of No Shadow*, *Treasures of Darkness*, and many others. His Masonic writings include hundreds of short talk bulletins and digests for the Masonic Service Association representing some of the best Masonic writing and research available. Masonic books are *The Lion's Paw*, *The Master's Book*, *Washington's Home and Fraternal Life*, *The Unknown Mason*, and *Introduction to Freemasonry* (2 volumes). His best known Masonic plays are: *Greatest of These*, *He That Believeth*, *Greater Love Hath No Man*, *A Rose Upon the Altar*, *Judge Not and Hearts of the Fathers*. d. May 27, 1957.

Henry C. Clausen Lawyer. In charge of the investigation of the Pearl Harbor disaster of WW2. Admitted to California bar and practiced in San Francisco since 1927. Served in WW2 in Judge Advocate General's dept. Member of Ingleside Lodge No. 630, San Francisco, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of California in 1954–55. 33° AASR (SJ), he is sovereign grand inspector general of Calif. Member of Islam Shrine Temple.

George Claussen (1882–1948) Chief Justice. Supreme Court of Iowa, 1934–35. b. Aug. 6, 1882 at Clinton, Ia. He graduated from Univ. of Iowa and practiced in Clinton. Mason. d. Dec. 18, 1948.

F. T. Begue Clavel A French abbe and Masonic writer who in 1842 published *Picturesque History of Freemasonry and of Ancient and Modern Secret Societies*. Because he published the work without the consent of the Grand Orient of France, he was suspended for two months and condemned to pay a fine. In 1844 he began the publication of a Masonic journal called *Grand Orient*, later changing it to *Orient*. Again he failed to receive the approval of the grand lodge and was sentenced by it to perpetual exclusion in spite of his popularity within the Craft.

Brooke Claxton Canadian Minister of Health and National Welfare 1944–46 and Minister of National Defense 1946–54. Presently president and general manager of Canadian Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. b. Aug. 23, 1898 at Montreal, P.Q. Canadian representative at UNRRA in 1943–44;

International Labor Organization, 1945, International Health Conference, 1946, and head of the Canadian delegation to Conference of Nations of British Commonwealth in 1947. Mason.

Cassius M. Clay (1810–1903) American abolitionist, politician and U.S. Minister to Russia. b. Oct. 19, 1810 in Madison Co., Ky., son of Green Clay q.v. General of the War of 1812. Graduated from Yale in 1832. Practiced law in Kentucky and was elected to legislature in 1835, 1837, 1839, 1840. In 1845 he issued an antislavery paper in Lexington called *The True American* and was almost lynched for it. He was continually involved in quarrels and bloody encounters and was constantly armed. Taken prisoner in Mexican War and later exchanged. Was made major general of volunteers in 1862. He was minister to Russia in 1861–62 and again in 1863–69. He was a member of Davies Lodge No. 22, Ky.

Clement C. Clay (1789–1866) U.S. Senator and Governor of Alabama. b. Dec. 17, 1789 in Halifax Co., Va. Son of a Revolutionary officer; his family moved to Tennessee after the war. Clay was admitted to the bar in 1809 and began practice in Huntsville, Ala. in 1811. Served in Creek War of 1813 and elected to territorial council in 1817. Delegate to state constitutional convention in 1819 and chosen circuit judge by first legislature in 1820. Served as chief justice from 1820–23. Served in U.S. Congress from 1829–35 and elected governor of Alabama in 1835 and again in 1837, resigning before the expiration of term to fill U.S. Senate vacancy. Member of Alabama Lodge No. 21.

Green Clay (1757–1826) General in War of 1812. b. Aug. 14, 1757 in Powhatan Co., Va. he was the father of Cassius M. Clay q.v. American abolitionist and a cousin of Henry Clay q.v. He emigrated to Kentucky before he was 21 and acquired a fortune as a surveyor. He was a representative of the Kentucky district in the Virginia legislature and a member of the convention that ratified the Federal constitution and a leading member of the Kentucky constitutional convention of 1799. He served many years in both branches of the state legislature, and was at one time speaker of the senate. In 1813 when General Harrison was besieged by the British at Fort Meigs, he came to his relief with 3,000 volunteers and forced the enemy to withdraw. He was left in command of the fort and defended it with skill against the British and Indians under Proctor and Tecumseh. He was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. Suspended in 1805 and reinstated in 1808. d. Oct. 31, 1826.

Henry Clay (1777–1852) U.S. Senator, Congressman, and Secretary of State. b. April 12, 1777 in Hanover Co., Va. Self educated, he studied law under Robert Brooke q.v. of Virginia and moved to Lexington, Ky. in 1797, where he practiced law. A successful lawyer, he once defended Aaron Burr q.v. He was U.S. senator from Kentucky from 1806–07, 1831–42, 1849–52. Served in U.S. congress from 1811–21 and 1823–25 and was speaker of the house. From 1825–29 he was Secretary of State. He was raised in Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky., sometime between 1798 and 1801, served as its master and was grand master of Kentucky in 1820. He was one of the proponents of a general grand lodge, and offered

a resolution to that effect at a Masonic conference held in the senate chambers on March 9, 1822 in Washington, D.C. After the defeat of the idea he demitted from his lodge on Nov. 18, 1824, but seemingly reinstated, as he was present at the grand lodge sessions in 1829. He was an honorary member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City. During the anti-Masonic period he flirted politically with members of that party. When questioned as to his views on Masonry he answered, "But it must not be said that I concur in the denunciation of Masonry. Nor must it be expected that I will make any formal renunciation of it. I believe it does more good than harm, although it does not practically effect all that it theoretically promises. I would not denounce and formally renounce it to be made President of the United States." He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1806, 1807 and 1809. He was buried with Masonic honors and his monument was Masonically dedicated on July 4, 1858. d. June 29, 1852.

John G. Claybourn Dredging engineer. b. May 23, 1886 at Albert Lea, Minn. Was employed as rodman, levelman and transitman on the Isthmian Canal from 1910-14 and with the Panama Canal from 1914 to 1948. Now retired, he is a consultant on rivers, harbors, and canals. He has invented and collaborated on many new designs of dredges, compressors and motors. With Columbia and Venezuela harbor development in 1948; construction engineer of Dique canal, Colombia, 1917, Costa Rica, 1925-46 and Trans-Florida ship canal, 1933. He has written *Dredging on the Panama Canal*, *Evolution of the Panama Canal* and other works. Raised

in Western Star Lodge No. 26, Albert Lea, Minn. about 1907. Member of Canal Zone Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Canal Zone Council No. 1, R. & S.M.; Canal Zone Commandery No. 1, K.T. and San Lorenzo Conclave No. 70, Red Cross of Constantine at Ancon, Canal Zone.

Moses Cleaveland (1754–1806) Founded Cleveland, Ohio in 1796, which was first called “Cleaveland.” b. at Canterbury, Conn., he was at Yale when the Revolution broke out. He rushed to Boston to volunteer, but was persuaded to return and finish his education. In 1777 he was commissioned in Col. Blatchley Webb’s Continentals (sometimes called the “Yale” regiment). After the war he practiced law in Connecticut and rose to a position of influence in the state. He represented his town in the general assembly for 18 sessions and commanded the 5th Militia Brigade for ten years. He led the exploration and survey party as an official of the Connecticut Land Company which had purchased land in the Northwest Territory (later Ohio) and laid out several million acres into townships. The venture was far from successful for the immediate investors. He was made a Mason in American Union Lodge (military) in September 1779 while the army was stationed in the Hudson Highlands. At Litchfield, Conn. he affiliated with St. Paul’s Lodge in 1781, and in 1791 was named master of Moriah Lodge—the first to be chartered by the new Grand Lodge of Connecticut. He also appears in the grand lodge minutes as grand junior warden pro-term at one communication, and was the first appointed grand marshal. As deputy for the grand master, he instituted Putnam Lodge at Pomfret in 1801.

Patrick R. Cleburne (1828–1864) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. March 17, 1828 in County Cork, Ireland. He came to the U.S. and settled at Helena, Ark. where he studied law and later engaged in a successful practice. He joined the Confederate army as a private, planned the capture of the U.S. arsenal in Arkansas in 1861, and received various promotions to major general in Dec. 1862. He commanded the 2nd brigade of the 3rd corps at Shiloh, was wounded in the battle of Perryville, and commanded a division of the right wing at Murfreesboro and Chickamauga. He distinguished himself in the rear guard action at Missionary Ridge and defended Ringgold Gap. At Jonesboro he covered the retreat of Hood and commanded a corps at Franklin, where he was killed on Nov. 30, 1864. He was a favorite with the Irish brigade and was called the “Stonewall of the West.” He instituted the Order of the Southern Cross and was among the first to advise the use of colored troops in the armies of the Confederacy. Cleburne was a member of Lafayette Lodge No. 16 at Helena, Ark. and treasurer of the same.

Hugh H. Clegg Former Assistant Director of F.B.I. b. July 17, 1898 at Mathiston, Miss. Professor of history, Latin, chemistry and science before entering the F.B.I. as a special agent in 1926. He later served as special agent of field divisions at Atlanta, Washington and Chicago. From 1932–54 he was assistant director in charge of training and inspection division. He was in charge of the F.B.I. National Academy from 1935 and in charge of special mission making wartime studies in intelligence, defense and enforcement in England, 1940–41. Retired. Raised Mathiston Lodge No. 491, Mathiston, Miss. in Sept., 1923.

Robert I. Clegg (1866–1931) Mechanical engineer. b. May 13, 1866 in Lancashire, England. Became U.S. citizen in 1891. Held several important positions in professional societies and edited technical journals. He wrote extensively for Masonic periodicals and made complete revisions of Mac-key's History of Freemasonry, Encyclopedia of Freemasonry, Jurisprudence of Freemasonry, and Symbolism of Freemasonry. He was 12th president of the National League of Masonic Clubs and at one time president of the Masonic History Co. of Chicago. He was raised in Tyrian Lodge No. 370, Cleveland, Ohio on Oct. 25, 1905, 33° AASR (NJ) and member of practically every Masonic body. d. Dec. 3, 1931.

Samuel L. Clemens (1835–1910) American author and humorist. b. Nov. 30, 1835 at Florida, Mo. He was apprenticed to a printer at 12 and was Mississippi River pilot for a short time. He went west as secretary to his brother who had been appointed territorial secretary of Nevada. Was city editor of the Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise in 1862, and alternated between mining and newspaper work, until, becoming noted as a humorist, he began lecturing and writing books. He founded the publishing house of C. L. Webster & Co. in 1884 and its failure nearly ruined him financially. Among his many famous books are *The Innocents Abroad*, *Roughing It*, *Adventures of Tom Sawyer*, *The Prince and the Pauper*, *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*, *A Yankee at the Court of King Arthur*, etc. He was a member of Polar Star Lodge No. 79, St. Louis, Mo. (EA May 22, 1861, FC, June 12, 1861, MM July 10, 1861). He was later suspended and reinstated on April 24, 1867. He dimitted Oct. 8, 1868 and presumably never again

affiliated with any lodge. He is recorded as having visited Carson City Lodge, U.D. in Feb. and March of 1862. During his trip to Palestine, he sent his lodge a gavel with this note: "This mallet is a cedar, cut in the forest of Lebanon, whence Solomon obtained the timbers for the temple." Clemens cut the handle himself from a cedar just outside the walls of Jerusalem. He had it made in Alexandria, Egypt and it was presented to the lodge on April 8, 1868. d. 1910.

William M. Clemens (1876–1932) Newspaper editor. b. April 30, 1876 at Louisville, Ky. He edited the following papers: Memphis News–Scimitar, 1906, Birmingham News, 1912, Mobile Item, 1915, Atlanta Georgian, 1920, Knoxville Journal, 1922, Flushing Journal (L.I.), 1929–31. Served in Spanish American War. Mason. d. Nov. 23, 1932.

Augustus Clement (1770—1766) Duke of Bavaria and Elector of Cologne, who was a Freemason until 1738, when at the publication of Pope Clement XII's Bull against Freemasonry, he withdrew from the Craft at least openly, although it is said he privately maintained his affiliation and founded the Society of Mopses.

Clement V (1264–1314) The 195th Pope. Originally Bertrand de Got. He was Archbishop of Bordeaux. As a friend of King Philip the Fair, he moved the papal residence from Rome to Avignon, France in 1309 and thus created a schism in the church with Popes and Antipopes. As the price of his papal crown, he is said to have made an agreement with Philippe le Bel for the destruction of the Knights Templar (1312). It

is also recorded that either Jacques de Molay, or Guy, the Dauphin d'Auvergne, when at the stake, summoned Clement V before God in forty days. A few days after the execution (March 11, 1314), an illness began for Clement, ending in his death on April 20, 1314.

Clement XII The 248th Pope, he issued the first Papal Bull against Freemasonry on April 24, 1738. Entitled *In Eminenti Apostolatus Specula*, it stated in part: "For which reason the temporal and spiritual communities are enjoined, in the name of holy obedience, neither to enter the society of Freemasons, to disseminate its principles, to defend it, nor to admit nor conceal it within their houses or places, or elsewhere, under the pain of excommunication ipso facto, for all acting in contradiction to this, and from which the pope only can absolve the dying." He served as Pope from 1730–40 and was a bitter persecutor of the Craft. He caused his secretary of state, Cardinal Firrao q.v. to issue a more stringent order on Jan. 14, 1739 that pertained to the Papal states in which death was the penalty for membership.

Charles M. Clement (1855–1934) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 28, 1855 at Sunbury, Pa. Served in Spanish American War, Mexican border conflict and WW1. Enlisted as private in Pennsylvania National Guard in 1877, advancing through grades to major general in 1915, retiring in 1919. He commanded the 28th Division at Camp Hancock, Ga., in 1917. Mason and 33° AASR (NJ). d. Sept. 9, 1934.

Frank G. Clement Governor of Tennessee. b. June 2,

1920 at Dickson, Tenn. Graduated from Vanderbilt Univ. in 1942. Admitted to bar in 1941, he practiced in Nashville and Dickson from 1946–50. He was with the F.B.I. from 1941–43. He has served as governor of Tennessee since 1953. Served as lieutenant in Army in WW1. In 1948 was named outstanding young man by Tennessee Junior Chamber of Commerce and as one of the nation's 10 outstanding young men by the U.S. Junior Chamber of Commerce in 1953. Was state commander of the American Legion in 1948. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. A member of Dickson Lodge No. 468 at Dickson, Term., he attended the Grand Lodge of Tennessee at its sessions in 1954 and 1956.

John P. Clement Officer, British forces, War of 1812. Member of Niagara Lodge No. 2, G.R.C. of Ontario. Served as captain in the 8th Foot and during a skirmish on July 5, 1814, he saw an Indian in the act of killing an American prisoner, who gave him a Masonic sign. Clement rescued the brother and took him to a farm house and cared for him until well enough to be sent home. Some months after, Clement was taken prisoner and his jailor turned out to be the very man he had succored. His jailor informed him that a conveyance would return him to Canada the next morning. Clement died in 1845.

Earle C. Clements U.S. Senator and Governor of Kentucky. b. Oct. 22, 1896 at Morganfield, Ky. Served as official in Kentucky for 28 years, successively as sheriff, county clerk, judge and state senator. Congressman to 79th and 80th congresses (1945–49). Governor of Kentucky, 1947–50 and U.S.

senator from Kentucky since 1950. Member of Morgan-field Lodge No. 66, Morganfield, Ky.

Chauncey F. Cleveland (1799–1887) Governor of Connecticut in 1842. b. Feb. 16, 1799 at Hampton, Conn. Admitted to bar in 1819. First elected to state legislature in 1826, and reelected eleven times. Served as U.S. Congressman for terms starting in 1849 and 1851. Member of the peace congress of 1861. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 44, Windham. Initiated in 1821 and later served as junior warden. d. June 6, 1887.

Chester W. Cleveland Magazine editor. b. Aug. 11, 1898 at Plymouth, Ind. Editor of The Magazine of Sigma Chi, also The Sigma Chi Bulletin since 1921. Edited The Quill, official publication of Sigma Delta Chi professional journalistic fraternity, 1922–25. Author of History of Sigma Chi (7 volumes), Saga of a Hoosier Boy, The Norman Shield, George Ade: The Great American Humorist, Indiana Is So Rich. (lyrics), Fielding H. Yost: Football Immortal, Booth Tarkington, The Great American Novel–ist and others. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Grover Cleveland (1837–1908) Twenty-second and twenty-fourth President of the United States (1885–89, 1893–97). Not a Freemason, but favorable to the fraternity. At the banquet following the dedication by the Grand Lodge of Virginia of the monument erected to Mary, the mother of Washington, he said he “regarded it as his misfortune that he had never been made a Mason.” At one time there was talk of making

him a Mason “at sight” in the Grand Lodge of New Jersey, but it was never accomplished.

Cliff Clevenger Congressman, 76th to 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 5th Ohio dist. b. Aug. 20, 1885 at Long Pine, Nebr. Entered dry goods business at Marengo, Iowa in 1901. President of The Clevenger Stores, Bowling Green, Ohio 1915–26, and manager of F. W. Uhlman Stores, Bryan, Ohio, 1927–38. Raised in Waverly Lodge No. 51, Appleton, Wis. in 1913 and presently a member of Bryan Lodge No. 215, Bryan, Ohio. Dimitted from chapter, council and commandery at Appleton, Wis. and life member, 32° AASR (SJ) at Toledo. Member of Zenobia Shrine Temple, Toledo.

Edgar L. Clewell Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 22, 1896 at Bethesda, Minn. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced to brigadier general in 1942. Executive officer of Ft. Monmouth, N.J. 1940–42. Director of Signal Supply, E.T.O., 1944. Chief of Procurement & Distribution Service, 1945–46. Retired, Nov. 30, 1946. Raised in St. Johns Lodge No. 9, Seattle, Wash. in 1918, 32° AASR in Caldwell Consistory at Bloomsburg, Pa., Aloha Shrine Temple at Honolulu, T.H. and National Sojourners at Harrisburg, Pa.

Walter D. Cline Oil producer and Imperial Potentate of Shrine, 1939–40. b. March 26, 1883 at St. Helena Parish, La. Was successively teacher, mule driver, carpenter, time-keeper. Moved to Texas in 1905 and brought in Fowler Well No. 1, the discovery well of the Burkburnett Pool. A pioneer operator in the Panhandle field of West Texas, he brought

in the first well north of the Canadian River in 1922.

Charles Clingman Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Jan. 19, 1883 at Covington, Ky. Graduate of Kenyon College in 1905. Made deacon in 1907, priest in 1908. Served as rector in churches at Newport, Ky., Dallas Texas, Birmingham, Ala., 1908–36. Elected bishop diocese of Kentucky on Jan. 24, 1936. Initiated in Fort Thomas Lodge No. 808, Ft. Thomas, Ky. in April, 1910. Charter member, life member and first chaplain of Washington Lodge No. 1117, Dallas, Texas. 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas, Texas and member of Arabia Shrine Temple at Houston, Texas.

DeWitt Clinton (1769–1828) Governor of New York, U.S. Senator from New York, Mayor of New York City, and instigator of the Erie Canal. b. March 2, 1769 in New Windsor, Conn. Graduated from Columbia in 1786, studied law, but practiced very little, devoting most of his time to politics. He became private secretary to his uncle, George, q.v. in 1790, then governor of New York. Served in the lower house in 1797 and state senate from 1798–1802. While in the latter, he worked to secure public defense, passage of sanitary laws, abolition of slavery and promotion of steam in navigation. Elected to the U.S. senate in 1802, he resigned to take the office of mayor of New York City, to which his uncle George, then governor for the second time, had appointed him. He continued as mayor until 1815 with the exception of the years 1807–09 and 1810–11. During this time he was again state senator from 1805–11 and lieutenant governor from 1811–13. He was a promising candidate for the presidency on

the Peace Party ticket in 1812 but was defeated by Madison. As mayor of New York he promoted the establishment of public schools, founded institutions of literature and art and helped to give the city a metropolitan character. As early as 1809 he had been appointed one of the seven commissioners to examine and survey a route for canal from the Hudson to the great lakes. He was sent by the legislature in 1812 to congress to urge the adoption of the project. In 1815, he petitioned the state legislature for immediate construction of the Erie and Champlain canals and the motion was carried in 1817. He was elected governor in 1817, again in 1819 and the third time in 1826, holding that office at his death on Feb. 11, 1828. It was during the last term that the Morgan q.v. incident took place in New York. In Oct., 1825 the Erie canal was opened with great ceremony and Clinton was carried on a barge in a triumphal procession from Lake Erie to New York. He was raised in Holland Lodge No. 16 (now No. 8) Sept. 3, 1790, serving as its master in 1793 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1806–19. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of New York in 1798 and general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter of the U.S. from 1816–26. He was knighted in “Holland Lodge” May 17, 1792, served as grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York from 1814–28 and was grand master of the Grand Encampment of the U.S. from 1818–28. d. Feb. 11, 1828.

George Clinton (1739–1812) Member of Continental Congress (1775–1776); Governor of New York (1777–95 and 1801–04); Vice-President of the United States (1805–12),

Brigadier General in American Revolution (1777). b. July 26, 1739 in Little Britain, N.Y. He was an uncle of DeWitt Clinton q.v. He missed signing the Declaration of Independence as Washington asked him to take a post in the highlands as a general of militia. In 1758, he participated in the expedition against Fort Frontenac with his father and brother James. In 1780 he thwarted an expedition led by Sir John Johnson q.v. and Joseph Brant q.v. into the Mohawk Valley. As governor, he took a great interest in education and initiated the movement for the organization of a common school system in his address to the legislature in 1795. His Masonic membership is hazy, but he appears to have been a member of Warren Lodge No. 17, N.Y.C., serving as master in 1800 and representing the lodge at the Grand Steward's Lodge on May 28, 1800. The following year he is referred to as a past master and also an honorary member of Courtland Lodge No. 34. There is also record of a George Clinton, Jr., who in 1799 was secretary of Howard Lodge No. 35, N.Y.C. and senior warden in 1800. From 1806 to 1819 there was a rash of five lodges named "Clinton" chartered in New York and they were undoubtedly named for George rather than his nephew DeWitt, for the latter had not reached his peak of fame by that time. The numbers of these lodges were 143 (present in the 1818 proceedings); 151 at Plattsburg (warranted in 1806); 183 (in Clinton) warranted in 1809; 202 (Watervliet) warranted in 1812; and a 278 represented in the proceedings of 1819. d. April 20, 1812 in Washington, D.C.

Arthur R. Clippinger Bishop, United Brethren Church. b. Sept. 3, 1878 in Franklin Co., Pa. Ordained U.B. minister

in 1905, serving pastorates in New Cumberland, Pa. and Dayton, Ohio until 1918 when elected bishop in May, 1921. He has been senior bishop of the Evangelical United Brethren Church since Nov. 1946. Raised June 7, 1920 in Miami Valley Lodge No. 660, exalted to Royal Arch in Unity Chapter No. 16, R.A.M., Feb. 24, 1921 and knighted in Reed Cornmandery No. 6, K.T. April 5, 1921. 32° AASR in Valley of Dayton and 33° at Philadelphia, Pa. on Sept. 27, 1950. d. July 18, 1958.

Roy Clippinger U.S. Congressman, 79th and 80th Congresses (1945–49) from 24th Illinois Dist. b. Jan. 13, 1886 at Fairfield, Ill. With the Norris City Record (Ill.) from 1896–1909 and publisher of the Carmi Democrat Tribune since 1909. Past president of Illinois Press Association. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Henry R. Cloud (1886–1950) Superintendent of Haskell Institute. b. Dec. 28, 1886 in Thurston Co., Nebr. of Indian parents and married Elizabeth Bender, Chippewa. Received A.B. and A.M. from Yale; B.D. from Auburn Theol. Seminary and D.D. from Emporia (Kansas) College. He was an ordained Presbyterian minister, teacher, edited The Indian 'Outlook and president of the American Indian Institute from 1915. He was chairman of the official delegation of Winnebagoes to the President in 1912–13, and member of the Committee of 100 appointed by secretary of Interior in 1925. Appointed superintendent of Haskell Institute in Aug., 1933 by executive order of President Roosevelt. Received Indian achievement award in 1935. Mason. d. Feb. 9, 1950.

J. W. Clous Brigadier General, U.S. Army. Member of Normal Lodge No. 523, New York City.

Leo Cluesmann Secretary, American Federation of Musicians. b. Dec. 17, 1885 at Newark, N.J. Graduate of National Conservatory of Music in 1904, and L.B. from New Jersey Law School. Admitted to bar in 1927. Was assistant to president of American Federation of Musicians from 1939–42 and secretary since 1942. Editor and publisher of *International Musician* since 1942. Mason and Shriner.

William G. Clyde (1868—1931) President of Carnegie Steel Co. b. July 29, 1868 at Chester, Pa. Began as a civil engineer. Was vice president and general manager from 1918–25 and president from 1925. Also president of Clairton Steel Co., Carnegie Land Co., Clairton By-Products Coke, Co., Carnegie Land Co., Girard Land Co., Conneaut Land Co., Sharon Land Co., Sharon Coke Co., and Bessemer Electric Power Co. d. March 23, 1931. Mason, received 33° AASR from Northern Supreme Council on Sept. 19, 1929.

Andrew J. Cobb (1857–1925) Presiding Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia. b. April 12, 1857 at Athens, Ga. Practiced law in Athens, professor of law and dean of Atlanta Law School. Associate justice of supreme court of Georgia from 1896–1907, serving as presiding justice from 1905–07. Judge of superior court for Western Georgia from 1917–21. Mason. d. March 27, 1925.

Cully A. Cobb Editor of *Progressive Farmer* and *Southern*

Ruralist since 1930. b. Feb. 25, 1884 at Prospect, Tenn. Teacher, high school superintendent, state agricultural agent and in charge of boy's agricultural club work from 1910–19. Member of Battle Hill Lodge No. 523, and 32° AASR (SJ) at Atlanta, Ga.

Ernest Cobb Author of children's books. b. Dec. 3, 1877 at Newton Upper Falls, Mass. Studied at Harvard, Sorbonne. In early life was a newspaper reporter, high school principal, music teacher and school superintendent. Among his many works are Garden Steps; The Hen at Work; Around the World With Father Time; Metcalf Readers; Busy Builders' Books; Europe Today and Yesterday; Arlo; Anita; Allspice; Dan's Boy; Pennie; Andre; Picore and Robin. Mason.

Howell Cobb (1815–1868) Secretary of Treasury, Governor of Georgia and Confederate General. b. Sept. 7, 1815 in Cherry Hill, Ga. Entered congress as a Democrat in 1843 and served by reelections until 1851, serving as speaker in 1849. Elected governor of Georgia in 1851 by the Union party. Returned to congress in 1855 and supported Buchanan. On his election, Buchanan named Cobb as secretary of the Treasury in 1857. He resigned in 1860 to return to Georgia where he urged secession. He presided over the sessions of the provisional congress which adopted the constitution of the Confederacy. He was made a brigadier general and later a major general, but took very little part in military movements. He was a member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 22, Athens, Ga., serving as master in 1843. He acted as grand junior warden of the Grand Lodge of Georgia on Nov. 13, 1843. He became an

active member of the Southern Supreme Council AASR on March 31, 1860. d. Oct. 9, 1868.

John B. Cobb (1857–1923) Capitalist. b. Oct. 5, 1857 in Caswell Co., N. Car. He borrowed \$500 at age of 19 and entered leaf tobacco business, becoming associated with American Tobacco Co. in 1890 as leaf buyer and serving as vice president of same from 1896–1908. Also director and officer of affiliated companies, retiring in 1908. Mason. d. April 9, 1923.

Rufus W. Cobb Former Governor of Alabama and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Alabama in 1882.

Sylvanus Cobb, Jr. (1823–1887) Author of fiction. b. in Waterville, Maine, the son of Rev. Sylvanus Cobb, noted Universalist, who was leader in anti-slavery and temperance movements. His most noted work is *The Caliph of Bagdad*. Others include *The King's Talisman*; *The Patriot Cruiser*; *Ben Mimed*, etc. He was a member of Oxford Lodge No. 18, Norway, Maine, serving as master for five years (1858–61 and 1866). He served as high priest of Norfolk Chapter, R.A.M., master of Hyde Park Council R. & S.M. and commander of Cyprus Commandery, K.T. all of Hyde Park, N.Y. Also member of Scottish Rite. d. July 20, 1887.

Tyrus R. "Ty" Cobb Member of Baseball Hall of Fame. b. Dec. 18, 1886 in Narrows, Banks Co., Ga. Played with the Detroit American League team from 1905 until 1926 and with Philadelphia from 1927–28. He led the American League in

batting 12 times and created or equalled more major league records than any other ball player. He retired with 419 major league hits. His all-time high batting average for lifetime is .369. He was one of the first four elected to Baseball's Hall of Fame. He is a member of Royston Lodge No. 426 (now No. 52), joining in 1907 at the age of 21. He received his 32° AASR (NJ) in Detroit on Jan. 25, 1912. He was elected honorary life member of City of Straights Lodge No. 452, Detroit, on May 7, 1921. Joined Moslem Shrine Temple, Detroit, in 1912. A Shrine class was named for him in Newark, N.J. in Dec. 1955. His father, Wm. H. Cobb, was master of Royston Lodge No. 426 from 1899 to 1903 and organized a fine fellowcraft team that traveled over Georgia.

Charles D. Coburn Stage and screen actor. b. June 19, 1877 in Savannah, Ga. Became manager of Savannah Theatre at 18 and took up the stage as a profession at 22. He served in stock companies through the South and Middle West and became a leading man. He starred as John Storm in *The Christian*. In 1906 he organized the Coburn Players and he and Mrs. Coburn played the principal parts in *Electra* of Euripedes, *Iphigenia in Tanis*, *The Canterbury Pilgrims*, *Jeanne d'Arc*, *The Rivals* and 16 Shakespearean plays from 1906–17. He then moved to the legitimate stage in New York and for 20 years was one of the most famous actors of that period. He made the monocle famous. He was closely associated with the greatest writers and producers of the time, and for a while was under the management of George M. Cohan q.v. In 1935 with Mrs. Coburn and Dixon Ryan Fox, he founded the Mohawk Drama Festival Institute of Theatre at Union

College. He made his first appearance in moving pictures in 1937, appearing in *Of Human Hearts* and 41 other pictures including *Idiot's Delight*, *The Story of Alexander Graham Bell*, *Stanley and Livingstone*, *Kings Row*, *George Washington Slept Here*, *The Constant Nymph*, *Princess O'Rourke*, *Heaven Can Wait*, *Knickerbocker Holiday*, *Rhapsody in Blue*, *The Impatient Years*, *Shady Lady*, *The Green Years*. He was raised in Prince of Orange Lodge No. 16, New York City on Feb. 6, 1913. He was exalted in Constitution Chapter No. 230, R.A.M. and knighted in Palestine Commandery No. 18, K.T. in 1913 and created a noble in the Mecca Shrine Temple in Jan. 1914. He is a life member of lodge, chapter, commandery and Shrine. On May 19, 1957 he received the gold medal for distinguished service from the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons.

Frank S. Cocheu (1871–1940) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 22, 1871. Graduate of West Point in 1894, advancing through grades to major general in 1934. He participated in the Santiago Campaign in 1898, the Philippine Insurrection, 1899–1902, in France 1918–19. Member of General Staff 1907–11, 1914–17 and 1921–25. Retired in 1935. Mason, Knight Templar and member of National Sojourners. d. July 11, 1940.

Robert L. Cochran Governor of Nebraska, 1934–41. b. Jan. 28, 1886 at Avoca, Nebr. Graduate of Univ. of Nebraska in 1910. Employed as a country surveyor, railroad surveyor, state bridge inspector, district engineer, and state engineer from 1923–34. He served three terms as governor, starting in 1934. He was with the UNRRA in the Mediterranean Theater from

1944–45 and chief of civil works branch, Bureau of Budget, since 1945. He served in WW1 as an army officer. Member of Gothenberg Lodge No. 249, Gothenberg, Nebr. 32° AASR (SJ) at Lincoln, Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha and member of Royal Arch chapter and commandery, K.T.

Thomas C. Cochran Congressman, 70th to 73rd Congresses (1927–35) from 20th Pa. dist. b. Nov. 30, 1877 in Mercer Co., Pa. Studied law and admitted to bar in 1903. Congressional delegate to Interparliamentary Union at Paris, 1927, Berlin, 1928, Geneva, 1929 and London, 1930. Mason.

Gordon S. “Mickey” Cochrane Member of Baseball Hall of Fame. b. April 6, 1903 at Bridgewater, Mass. He played for the Philadelphia Athletics as catcher from 1925 to 1933 and for the Detroit American League team from 1934–37. He was later manager at Detroit and at present is a Yankee scout, doubling as a coach. A fiery catcher, he compiled a notable record both as a player and manager. He was the spark of the Athletic’s championship teams of 1929, 1930, 1931 and had an average batting mark of .346 for those three years. He led Detroit to two league championships and a world series title in 1935. He was raised in Fellowship Lodge of Bridgewater, Mass. about 1925 and member of Al Bedoo Shrine Temple of Billings, Mont. in 1952.

Sir George Cockburn (1772–1853) British Naval Admiral who burned the White House in 1814. b. April 22, 1772 in London. He entered the navy when 9. He became a rear admiral in 1812 and took a conspicuous part in the war with the

United States. In 1813 he posted his squadron in Lynn Haven Bay and sent off marauding expeditions in all directions. He burned towns, carried off property and slaves and took the fortified works at Hampton on June 26. In August, 1814 he accompanied the expedition against the city of Washington, and in conjunction with General Ross, defeated a small force of Americans at Bladensburg, Md., four miles from the capitol on Aug. 24. They then entered Washington accompanied by a guard of 200 men and burned the public buildings. They were unsuccessful in their attempt to capture Baltimore the next month. In 1815 he received the Order of the Bath and in the autumn of that year carried Napoleon q.v. to St. Helena. He served repeatedly as a member of parliament and lord of the admiralty, being made admiral of the fleet in 1851. In 1852 he inherited a baronetcy from his brother. He was made a member of Royal Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4, London on Nov. 25, 1811, and in 1812 was admitted to the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, London. d. Aug. 19, 1853.

John Cocke (1772–1854) Major General in War of 1812. b. in Brunswick, Va. and migrated early with his father to Tennessee. He was admitted to the bar and was a member of the first legislature in 1796 and speaker of the house for many years. Afterwards he was a state senator. Was made major general of the East Tennessee Volunteers in Sept., 1813 and commanded them in the Creek War. He served under Jackson at New Orleans in 1814. Was U.S. congressman from 1819–27. Member of Rising Star Lodge No. 44, Rutledge, Tenn.

John H. Cocke (1780–1866) Brigadier General in War of

1812. b. Sept. 19, 1780 in Surry Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary in 1798 and was general commanding the Virginia troops at Camp Carter and Camp Holly in 1812–13 and in the defense of the city of Richmond. He was vice-president of the American Temperance Society and a member of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia. An extract from his diary gives an account of the Masonic cornerstone laying of the University of Virginia at Charlottesville in 1817 which was attended by presidents Monroe, Jefferson and Madison. He received his E.A. degree in Jefferson Lodge No. 65 at Surry Court Court House, Va. according to the proceedings of the grand lodge in 1804. Later he seems to have become a member of Philanthropic Lodge No. 127 for he was suspended from it on May 18, 1827 for “gross unmasonic conduct.”

John A. Cockerill Author, journalist, and editor of New York World. Member of Republic Lodge No. 690 and served as trustee of same for three years.

Sir James Cockle (1819–1895) English lawyer and mathematician. First chief justice of Queensland, Australia from 1863–79. He made important contributions to theory of differential equations. Member of Lodge of Nine Muses No. 325, London, England.

David F. Cocks Vice President and Treasurer of Standard Oil Co. of Kentucky since 1948. b. Sept. 17, 1897 in New York City. Started as office boy with Standard Oil in 1917. Raised in Louisville Lodge No. 400, Louisville, Ky. about 1920.

Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 12, K.T., 32° AASR and past potentate of Kos-air Shrine Temple, all of Louisville.

George P. Codd (1869–1927) U.S. Congressman, 67th Congress (1921–23) from 1st Michigan dist. and circuit judge from 1924–27. b. Dec. 7, 1869. Lawyer in practice in Detroit from 1892. Mason. d. Feb. 16, 1927.

William F. Cody (1846–1917) Better known as “Buffalo Bill,” the famous pony express rider, Indian fighter, scout, plainsman and showman. b. Feb. 26, 1846 in Scott Co., Iowa. His father was killed in the Kansas border war. He was a pony express rider from 1860–61 with the famous “Russell, Majors & Waddell” q.v. From 1861–65 he was a government scout and guide with the 7th Kansas Cavalry. He contracted to furnish the Kansas Pacific Railroad with all the buffalo meat required to feed the laborers engaged in road construction and in 18 months (1867–68) killed 4,280 buffalo, earning the name “Buffalo Bill” by which he is best known. From 1868–72 he was again a government scout and guide, operating against the Sioux and Cheyenne. He killed Yellow Hand, the Cheyenne chief, in a hand-to-hand fight. He served as a general in the Nebraska national guard during the Sioux outbreak in 1890–91. In 1872 he was a member of the Nebraska legislature. He was in the Battle of Wounded Knee. From 1883 on he headed the famous “Wild West Show” that toured America and Europe. He was president of the Shoshone Irrigation Co. and co-author of The Great Salt Lake Trail. He was raised in Platte Valley Lodge No. 32, North Platte, Nebr. on Jan. 10, 1871. Member of Euphrates Chapter No. 15 at North Platte,

and when he received his mark master degree, appropriately selected a buffalo's head as his mark. d. Jan. 10, 1917 and was buried with Masonic honors on Lookout Mountain near Golden, Colo.

Charles F. Coe Author and lawyer. Outstanding penologist and criminologist and writer of special articles on crime. b. Nov. 25, 1890 at Buffalo, N.Y. Practicing attorney in Palm Beach, Fla. Author of *Me . . . Gangster*, *The River Pirate*, *Swag*, *Hooch*, *Triumph*, *Votes*, *In This Corner* (with Jack Dempsey) q.v., *Pay Off*, *The Other Half*, *Show Down*, *Vigilanti*, *Ransom*, *G-Man*, *Lifer*, *Knockout*, *Law and the Profits* and many others. Mason.

John A. Coe (1868–1948) President of Anaconda American Brass Co. With American Brass Co. from 1903. Mason. d. Aug. 4, 1948.

John A. Coe, Jr. President of American Brass Co. b. Nov. 14, 1897 at Shelton, Conn., Æ Joined American Brass in 1920 and president since 1950; director since 1941. Also president and director of Anaconda American Brass. Served in army in WW1. Mason.

Louis A. Coerne (1870–1922) Composer. b. Feb. 27, 1870 at Newark, N.J. Composer of 182 works of vocal and instrumental music. Ph.D. from Harvard in music. Taught music in Olivet College, Univ. of Wisconsin, Buffalo, N.Y., Harvard. Served as organist and choirmaster in many churches. Mason. d. 1922.

John M. Coffee Congressman 75th to 79th Congresses (1937–47) from 6th Washington dist. b. Jan. 23, 1897 at Tacoma, Wash. Graduate of Univ. of Washington and Yale. Lawyer, practicing at Tacoma from 1922. Raised in Tacoma Lodge No. 22, Tacoma, Washington in Nov., 1936.

Leslie Coffelt Secret Service man who was killed on Nov. 1, 1950 by a Puerto Rican who was attempting to force his way into the Blair House and kill President Truman q.v. Truman was at this time living at the Blair House while the White House was being remodeled. Coffelt was a member of Potomac Lodge No. 5, Washington, D.C., being raised on Sept. 28, 1945. The lodge gave Masonic burial in Arlington Cemetery with President and Mrs. Truman present. Seven Freemasons of the White House Police were active pallbearers and six other Masonic White House guards were honorary pallbearers.

Walter C. Coffey President of University of Minnesota. b. Feb. 1, 1876 at Hartsville, Ind. Taught animal husbandry and related subjects in public schools of Indiana and later Univ. of Minn. President of the university from 1941–45 and emeritus since 1945. Mason.

Thomas C. Coffin (1887–1934) Congressman, 73rd Congress (1933–35) from Idaho. Lawyer practicing at Pocatello, Idaho. Assistant attorney general of Idaho from 1913–15. Mason. d. June 8, 1934.

William C. Coffin (1862–1944) Architect who designed and

built some of the largest blast furnaces, steel plants and oil refineries in the United States and Canada, Ireland, Scotland and England. b. Sept. 7, 1862 at Pittsburgh, Pa. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Dec. 4, 1944.

John D. Coffman Chief Forester, Department of Interior, 1933–52. b. May 10, 1882 at Allentown, Pa. Graduate of Yale. With Forestry Service from 1909 as forester at Inyo National Forest, Shasta National Forest, Trinity National Forest. Awarded Department of Interior Distinguished Service medal in 1952. Raised in Easton Lodge No. 152, Easton, Pa. on Feb. 5, 1904 and received his 50-year pin Jan. 7, 1954. Was senior deacon of the lodge in 1903 when he left for Cornell Univ. Charter member (1907) of Cornell chapter of Acacia fraternity. Dimitted from chapter and cornmandery at Easton, Pa. and also Islam Shrine Temple of San Francisco, Calif.

Chandler C. Cohagen Architect. b. April 24, 1889 near Pierson, Iowa. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan. President of McIver, Cohagen & Marshall, architects of Billings and Great Falls, Mont. 1915–20 and of McIver & Cohagen, 1920–36. Independent practice since 1936. Member of executive board, grand council, Order of DeMolay since 1929. Grand master of Order of DeMolay, 1938. 33° and inspector general of AASR (SJ) since 1937. Raised in Billings Lodge No. 113, Billings, Mont., July 9, 1917 and past master of same. Grand master Grand Lodge of Montana in 1951. Member of Billings Chapter No. 6, R.A.M., Adoniram Council No. 8, R. & S.M. and Aldemar Commandery all of Billings. Grand treasurer of DeMolay since 1955. Founder of Rocky Mountain Masonic Conference in 1952.

George M. Cohan (1878–1942) Actor, playwright, comedian, composer and producer. Both a Roman Catholic and a Freemason. b. July 4, 1878 at Providence, R.I. He made his first professional appearance at 9 years in *Daniel Boone* at Haverstraw, N.Y. Later in vaudeville, he appeared in *Peck's Bad Boy*, *The Four Cohans*, *Little Johnny Jones* and *George Washington, Jr.* He authored the following plays: *The Wise Guy*, *The Governor's Son*, *Running for Office*, *Fifty Miles From Boston*, *The Man Who Owns Broadway*, *The Yankee Prince*, *The Little Millionaire*, *Seven Keys to Baldpate*, *Hit-the-Trail Holiday*, *The Song and Dance Man*, *American Born*, *The Merry Malones* and many others. He also wrote many popular songs and starred in *I'd Rather Be Right* in 1937–38. He was a life member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City, being raised on Nov. 16, 1905. He received his 32° AASR (NJ) on Feb. 3, 1906 and was a life member. He was also a life member of Mecca Shrine Temple, New York City. At his death on Nov. 5, 1942, he was buried with Catholic services.

William W. Cohen (1874–1940) Congressman, 70th Congress (1927–29). b. Sept. 6, 1874 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Brokerage business in New York City from 1902. Mason. d. Oct. 12, 1940.

Arthur C. Coit (1869–1929) Lyceum manager. b. April 8, 1869 at Shalersville, Ohio. Began in lyceum and chautauqua business in 1895 and was president of Coit Lyceum Bureau, Coit-Alber Chautauquas, Coit-Alber Independent Chautauqua Co., Dominion Chautauqua (T or on t o). Served as YMCA secretary overseas in 1918. Retired in 1924. Mason. d. Aug. 3, 1929.

James L. Coke Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Hawaii. b. Aug. 31, 1875 in Marshfield, Oreg. Lawyer.

Richard Coke Territorial senator of Hawaii in 1912. President Wilson appointed him circuit judge in 1916 and associate justice of supreme court of Hawaii in 1917 and chief justice following year for four year term. He retired in 1922 to private practice and was appointed by Pres. Roosevelt as chief justice in 1934 and reappointed in 1939. Mason 32° AASR (SJ), Shriner and Jester.

Richard Coke (1829-?) U.S. Senator and Governor of Texas. b. March 13, 1829 at Williamsburg, Va. Removed to Waco, Texas and practiced law. Served in the Confederate army first as a private and later as captain. In 1866 he was elected judge of the supreme court and was removed a year later by General Sheridan on the grounds that he was an impediment to reconstruction. In 1873 he was elected governor and in 1876 was reelected. He resigned as governor on March 4, 1877 to take his seat in the U.S. senate, being reelected to that body in 1883. Member of Waco Lodge No. 92, Waco, Texas.

Bainbridge Colby (1869-1950) Secretary of State under President Wilson. b. Dec. 22, 1869 at St. Louis, Mo. A lawyer, he practiced in New York from 1892. He represented Samuel L. Clemens q.v. in settlement of his bankrupt publishing house. He was active in pushing Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency and was one of the founders of the Progressive National Party in 1912. Appointed commissioner of U.S.

Shipping Board in 1917. He was named secretary of state by Wilson in 1920, serving a year. He then became the law partner of Wilson from 1921–23. He was raised in Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City on Nov. 18, 1902. In May, 1931 he addressed the Grand Lodge of New York.

Leonard W. Colby (1846–1925) Soldier and lawyer. b. Aug. 5, 1846 at Ashtabula Co., Ohio. Earned four degrees from Univ. of Wisconsin. Served as Nebraska district judge, assistant attorney general of U.S., and state Nebraska senator for two terms. With Nebraska troops in Sioux Indian campaign of 1890, commanding a brigade. Rose from lieutenant to brigadier general in Nebraska national guard. Was brigadier general of U.S. Volunteers in 1898–99 during Spanish American War and adjutant general of Nebraska 1901–03. In 1897 he organized the Cuban–American Volunteer Legion. Mason. d. Nov. 15, 1925.

Charles F. Colcord (1859–1934) Capitalist. b. Aug. 18, 1859 at Bourbon Co., Ky. and was self educated. He was a range rider in Texas when 12, and making the run into Oklahoma in 1889, he staked lots in present Oklahoma City. He was organizer and first president of the Commercial Natl. Bank in that city. He entered the oil business in 1903, drilling first wells at Red Fork and discovered the Glen Pool, the great oil field of Oklahoma in 1906. In 1917 he discovered and developed the South Bend, Texas oil field. He was first sheriff of Oklahoma County in 1889, deputy U.S. marshal in 1893 and first chief of police of Oklahoma City in 1889. Mason. d. in Dec., 1934.

Lincoln Colcord (1883–1947) Author. b. Aug. 14, 1883 at sea off Cape Horn. Spent his boyhood days to age of 14 with his father at sea, mostly on voyages to China. He began writing short stories in 1909, and was editor of *American Neptune* from 1941. Among his writings are *The Drifting Diamond*, *The Game of Life and Death*, *Vision of War*, *Instrument of the Gods* and others. Mason. d. Nov. 16, 1947.

R. K. Colcord Former Governor of Nevada. Member of Silver Star Lodge No. 5 at Goldhill, Nev. and of Carson Lodge No. 1, Carson City, Nevada. Fullname was Russell K. Past master of Carson Lodge; Royal Arch Mason and oldest living Mason in Nevada at death on Oct. 20, 1939.

Cadwallader D. Colden (1769–1834) Soldier, politician who succeeded DeWitt Clinton q.v. as mayor of New York. b. April 4, 1769 in Springhill, N.Y. Practicing lawyer in New York City most of his life. Served in a volunteer regiment in 1812 and one term in congress. In 1824–27 he was a state senator. He is variously listed as a member of Clinton Lodge No. 453, Brooklyn (dimitted Dec. 9, 1817) and Albion Lodge No. 31, New York City. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of New York for five years. In the anti-Masonic period he denounced Freemasonry for political gain, but failed to be elected governor of New York. d. Feb. 7, 1834.

Charles S. Colden Justice, Supreme Court of New York. b. June 3, 1885 at Whitestone, N.Y. Worked as a teacher, newspaper reporter, lawyer and banker. Justice of supreme court since 1943. Charter member of Whitestone Lodge No. 973,

New York City and in 1955 was named grand representative for the Netherlands near New York.

Benjamin Cole English engraver, who in 1728 and again in 1731 published the old constitutions engraved on 30 copper plates under the title of A Book of The Ancient Constitutions of the Free and Accepted Masons. He printed a third edition in 1751 changing the title, and subsequent editions were published up to 1794.

Ernest E. Cole (1871–1949) President of University of State of New York, 1940–42 and lawyer. b. Nov. 18, 1871 at Savona, N.Y. Admitted to bar in 1895. Was principal of public schools in several New York cities and in private law practice in Bath, N.Y. from 1916. Served in both state legislative branches. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 19, 1949.

Frank L. Cole Brigadier General U.S. Medical Corps. b. June 11, 1890 at Paris, Idaho. M.D. degree from Univ. of Illinois in 1914. Entered army in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1948. Served in Honolulu, Letterman, Walter Reed and Hot Springs general hospitals. Commanding general of Letterman General Hospital since 1948. Raised in Eagle Rock Lodge No. 19, Idaho Falls, Idaho in spring of 1920.

George M. Cole Major General, U.S. Army. Mason and member of Hartford Chapter No. 56 of National Sojourners.

George W. Cole (1858–1923) Justice, Supreme Court of New

York, 1916–23. b. Dec. 31, 1858 at Humphrey, N.Y. Mason. d. Mar. 30, 1923.

Russell D. Cole President of Cornell College since 1943. b. March 4, 1900 at Northwood, Iowa. Vice president and secretary of the college from 1939–43. Raised in Crescent Lodge No. 25, Cedar Rapids, Iowa and present membership in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 112, Mt. Vernon, Iowa. 32° AASR at Cedar Rapids and member of Za–Ga–Zig Shrine Temple, Des Moines.

Thomas Cole (1801–1848) American painter who was one of the first landscape artists of this country. b. Feb. 1, 1801 at Bolton–le–Moor, England, he came to the U.S. with his father in 1819, settling in Ohio, where Cole took lessons from a mediocre portrait–painter named Stein. In 1825 he settled in New York and did much painting of Hudson River scenes. Later he made professional visits to England and Europe. His most popular paintings were *Course of Empire* and *Voyage of Life*. Others were *The Tomb of General Brock*; *A View of the United States*; *Garden of Eden*; *Expulsion From Paradise*; *Catskill Creek*; *Conway Peak*; *Mount Etna*. He was raised in Amity Lodge No. 5, Zanesville, Ohio in 1822. d. Feb. 11, 1848.

William C. Cole Congressman from Missouri to 78th to 80th and 83rd Congresses from third and sixth districts. b. Aug. 29, 1897 at Filmore, Mo. Admitted to bar in 1928 and practiced at St. Joseph, Mo. since. Served as mounted scout in Mexican Border and on U.S.S. *Machias* 14 months in WW1. Member of Charity Lodge No. 331, St. Joseph, Mo.; 32° AASR and Moila

Temple at St. Joseph. Honorary Legion of Honor, DeMolay.

W. Sterling Cole Congressman from New York (39th dist.) to 74th to 84th Congresses (1935–55). b. April 18, 1904 at Painted Post, N.Y. Graduate of Colgate and Albany Law School. Taught school and began law practice at Bath, N.Y. in 1936. Trustee of Colgate Univ. since 1945. Member of Steuben Lodge No. 112, Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C., DeMolay Commandery No. 22, K.T. in Hornell, N.Y.

Holmes Colebert, Sr. Chickasaw Indian chief who received the 32° AASR from Albert Pike in the spring of 1860.

Benjamin W. Coleman (1869–1939) Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Nevada. b. July 1, 1869 at Ballsville, Va. Graduate of Richmond College and began practice of law in Denver, Colo. in 1893 and at Cripple Creek in 1897. Moved to Nevada in 1906 and practiced in Ely. Member of the supreme court from 1915 until death and chief justice from 1919–20, 1925–26, 1931–33, 1937–38. Mason.

Frederick W. Coleman (1878–1945) Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 16, 1878 at Baltimore, Md. Appointed Infantry lieutenant in 1898 and advanced through grades to major general and chief of finance, U.S. Army from 1932–36. Retired Sept. 30, 1936. Served in Spanish–American War, Philippine Insurrection, Mexican border and with 91st Division in WW1. Mason. d. Jan. 5, 1945.

John S. Coleman President of Burroughs Adding Machine

Co. since 1946. b. Oct. 12, 1897 at Charlestown, W. Va. Graduate of Georgetown Univ. in 1924. Started as salesman with Burroughs in 1920. Director of Standard Accident Ins. Co., Fruehauf Trailer Co. Served overseas in 1917–18. Mason.

J. Winston Coleman, Jr. Author and tobacco planter. b. Nov. 5, 1898 at Lexington, Ky. Holds degrees from Univ. of Kentucky, Lincoln Memorial Univ. Engaged as an engineer from 1920–23 and president of Coleman & Davis Inc., general contractors from 1924–36. Owner and operator of Win-burn Farm, specializing in tobacco and hemp at Lexington, Ky. since 1936. Author of *Masonry in the Bluegrass*, *Stage-Coach Days in the Bluegrass*, *The Court Houses of Lexington*, *Lexington During the Civil War* *Slavery Times in Kentucky*, *A Bibliography of Kentucky History*, *150 Years of Freemasonry in Lexington* and *Historical Sketch of Lexington Lodge No. I*. Raised in Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. in 1920. Member of Lexington Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Washington Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and Webb Commandery No. 1, K.T. all of Lexington and 32° AASR at Covington, Kentucky. Member of Oleika Shrine Temple, American Lodge of Research, The Philalethes Society, Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076 (England) and Societas Rosicruciana, Virginia College, VII*.

Leighton Coleman (1837–?) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Delaware. b. May 3, 1837 in Philadelphia, Pa. and graduated from the General Theological Seminary, N.Y. in 1861. After holding pastorates in Philadelphia, Wilmington, Del. and Mauch Chunk, Pa., he became rector of Trinity church, Toledo,

Ohio in 1874. In 1875 he was elected bishop of Fond du Lac, Wis., but declined. He resided abroad for several years, and on June 6, 1888 was chosen bishop of Delaware. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania and was a Knight Templar.

Sydney H. Coleman President of American Humane Association from 1927–46 and editor of the *Humane Review* since 1934. b. Aug. 31, 1886 at Bellona, N.Y. Began in social service work as general manager of the Erie County Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in 1910. Mason.

William T. Coleman (1824– ?) California pioneer and vigilantes leader. b. Feb. 29, 1824 in Cythiana, Ky., he migrated to San Francisco in 1849 and became a wealthy shipping and commission merchant. He became nationally famous as a vigilante leader when he organized the citizens of San Francisco in 1851 and again in 1856 to restore law and order from gangs of hoodlums. His business took him to New York in 1856 and in 1863 when the disastrous “draft riots” swept New York City, Governor Horatio Seymour called upon Coleman to organize the law-abiding elements, which he did with great success and became known as “The Lion of the Vigilantes.” On his return to California in 1877 and when hoodlums were committing depredations in the Chinese quarter, he again organized the citizens into an army wielding hickory clubs. He was made a Mason in Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City in 1863 and was past commander of California Commandery No. 1, San Francisco.

Henry, 3rd Lord of Coleraine Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1727.

Schuyler Colfax (1823–1835) Vice President of the United States, 1869–73. b. March 23, 1823 in New York City. Settled with family in Indiana in 1836. Became owner and editor of St. Joseph Valley Register of South Bend. He was a member of congress from Indiana from 1855–69 and was speaker of the house from 1863–69. He declined the offer to be secretary of state from Grant in 1871 and was prominently mentioned as a presidential candidate in 1872. He declined the editorship of the New York Tribune in 1872. In 1873 he was implicated in charges of corruption brought against members of congress who had received shares of stock in the credit mobilier of America, and although they were never proved, it ruined him politically. He was initiated in Lebanon Lodge No. 7, Washington, D.C. on Aug. 15, 1856, and the other two degrees given him by St. Joseph Lodge No. 45, South Bend, Ind. He was dropped from the roll of Lebanon Lodge on Dec. 16, 1864. d. Jan. 13, 1885.

Frederic R. Colie Justice, Supreme Court of New Jersey. b. May 4, 1895 at East Orange, N.J. Practiced law in New Jersey from 1922. Appointed to supreme court in 1941 and again in 1948. Mason.

Vincente Mejia Colindres President of Honduras from 1929–33. A Freemason.

Raymond S. Coll Editor of Honolulu Advertiser since 1922.

b. Jan. 22, 1875 at Pittsburgh, Pa. Began in newspaper work in 1893. Was managing editor of Bisbee (Ariz.) Review; editor of Douglas (Ariz.) Dispatch and managing editor of Pittsburgh Dispatch from 1916–21. Member of Lodge le Progres de l'Oceania No. 371; Honolulu Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Honolulu Commandery No. 1, K.T.; Honolulu Chapter No. 11, National Sojourners; Aloha Shrine Temple, all of Honolulu Hawaii.

Edgar B. Colladay Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 8, 1885 at Madison, Wis. Graduate of Univ. of Wisconsin in 1909. Commissioned in 1910 and advanced to brigadier general in 1940. Mason.

Jacob Collamer (1791–1865) U.S. Senator from Vermont and Postmaster General under President Taylor. b. Jan. 8, 1791 at Troy, N.Y. Graduated from Univ. of Vermont in 1810 and served in the militia in the frontier campaign of War of 1812. Practiced law in Vermont and was elected associate justice of supreme court of Vermont from 1833–42. U.S. congressman from 2nd dist. in 1844 and 1846, declining to be a candidate in next election. Named as postmaster general in March, 1849, he resigned with the rest of the cabinet on the death of Taylor. He was again elected to supreme court of Vermont, and held the office until 1854 when he was chosen U.S. senator, an office he held until his death on Nov. 9, 1865. He was a member of Rising Sun Lodge No. 7, Royalton, Vt.

John Caskie Collett (1898–1955) Judge of the U.S. Court of Appeals, 8th Judicial Circuit from 1947. b. May 25, 1898 at Keytesville, Mo. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1902. He was

appointed to Missouri supreme court in 1935 and elected for 10 year term in 1936. In 1937 he was appointed judge of U.S. district court for Western Mo. Member of Salisbury Lodge No. 208, Salisbury, Mo. and exalted to Royal Arch in Salisbury Chapter No. 133 on March 22, 1923. d. Dec. 5, 1955.

George R. Collett (1872 – 1942) President of the Kansas City Stock Yards Co. from 1921. b. Jan. 6, 1872 at Hartford, Mich. Began as a railroader and after six years turned to the cattle industry, being associated with Armour & Co., and the stockyards in Milwaukee, St. Louis and Kansas City. Was vice president of Morris & Co. of Chicago from 1918–21. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. July 4, 1942.

Edward Trowbridge Collins (1888–1953) Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame. b. May 2, 1888 at Millerton, N.Y. He was known as “Cocky” and also played under the name of “Edward T. Sullivan.” He played with the American league from 1906 to 1930, a very long time for a professional ball player. During this time he was either with Philadelphia or Chicago. He was the greatest 2nd baseman ever to play ball. Famed as a batsman and base runner and field captain, he was second only to Ty Cobb q.v. in base stealing. His batting average was .333 and he made 3313 hits in 2826 games. He was elected to the Hall of Fame in 1939. He was initiated in Solomons Lodge No. 466 at Tarrytown, N.Y. at the age of 22 on Jan. 19, 1911, passed Feb. 2, 1911 and raised Feb. 16, 1911. He demitted March 17, 1921.

John B. Collins (1850–1917) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Jan.

20, 1850 at New Orleans, La., he graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1870. From a midshipman in 1866 he became captain in 1906 and commodore in 1909 when he retired. He served in the Behring Sea, Atlantic, Pacific and Indian oceans. He commanded the Princeton, Rainbow, Brooklyn, and Indiana. d. April 12, 1917. Mason.

Ross A. Collins Congressman from Mississippi to 67th to 73rd Congresses (1921–35) and 75th to 77th Congresses (1937–43) from 5th dist. b. April 25, 1880 at Collinsville, Miss. Graduate of Kentucky, Mississippi and Transylvania universities. A lawyer, he was attorney general of Mississippi in 1911–15. In the U.S. congress as chairman of the military appropriation committee he fought for mechanized weapons during the early 30's, and is credited with bringing the "Flying Fortress" into being. Mason.

William M. Colmer Congressman from Mississippi to 73rd to 80th Congresses (1933–49) from 6th dist. b. Feb. 11, 1890 at Moss Point, Miss. Admitted to bar in 1917. Served in WW1. Member of Pascagoula Lodge No. 419, Pascagoula, Miss. and 32° AASR (SJ) at Gulfport, Miss.

Sir Ian Colquhoun (1887–1948) Chief of the clan of Colquhoun of Scotland, he was 89th Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1935 and as such installed King George VI q.v., who was then duke of York, as grand master mason. He was a member of Dumbarton Kilwinning Lodge No. 18. He held the DSO for gallantry in action in 1916. He was an amateur boxer and lightweight champion of the British army.

He held the rank of lieutenant colonel and was a fisherman and hunter of renown. He was lord high commissioner to the general assembly of the church; scout commissioner; chairman of Scotland's National Trust; Knight of the Thistle and holder of many titles and official positions. b. June 20, 1887; d. Nov. 18, 1948.

Samuel Colt (1814–1862) Inventor of the Colt firearms. b. July 19, 1814 at Hartford, Conn. Apprenticed in his father's factory, but ran away in 1827 for an East India voyage, returning to his father's factory in the dyeing department. He again left home to seek his fortune at age of 17 and toured the continent under the name of "Dr. Coult," giving lectures on chemistry and making a considerable profit from them. The first model of his pistol was made of wood in 1829. In 1835, when but 21, he took out his first patent for revolving firearms. He established the Patent Arms Company and supplied the government with revolvers for the Seminole War and for the Texas and Indian frontiers. Colt was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 4; Pythagoras Chapter No. 17 and Washington Commandery No. 1, all of Hartford, Conn. d. Jan. 10, 1862.

Lord Alexander Colville (1710–1770) English Vice Admiral. He was the 8th Baron Colville in the peerage of Scotland; entering the navy at an early age, he commanded the North American station before the revolution. He was present at the capture of Louisburg in 1758 and served in the expedition against Quebec in 1759, and in command of the fleet at the recapture of Newfoundland in 1762, for which he was promoted to rear admiral a short time later. In 1770 he

received the rank of vice admiral. Colville was the first initiate of St. Andrews Lodge No. 1 at Halifax, Nova Scotia in July, 1749, receiving his degrees at the hands of General Edward Cornwallis q.v., founder and first governor of Nova Scotia. The following year Colville became master of the "2nd lodge at Boston," which he represented at every meeting of the provincial grand lodge until his appointment as deputy grand master of North America in 1752. d. May 21, 1770.

Sir Stapleton Cotton Combermere (1773–1865) English Field Marshal. Born in Wales, he served at Cape of Good Hope in 1796; against Tipu Sahib in 1799; in Ireland in 1800. He commanded the cavalry in the Peninsular War of 1803–12; fought at Salamanca in 1812; was commander-in-chief in Ireland in 1822–25; in India 1825–30 and named field marshal in 1855. He was provincial grand master of Chester from 1830 until his death.

Gilbert R. Combs (1863–1934) Musician. b. Jan. 5, 1863 at Philadelphia. He studied under the best American and foreign masters. He founded Combs Broad St. Conservatory of Music, and was one of the founders and president of Sinfonia, national music fraternity. A founder and vice president of National Association of Schools of Music. Was composer for orchestra, piano, voice and violin. Mason. d. June 14, 1934.

Lewis B. Combs Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 7, 1895 at Manchester Centre, Vt. Commissioned in U.S. Navy in 1917 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1942. Deputy chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks, Washington,

D.C. 1938–46, and director of Atlantic division of the bureau in 1946. Retired in 1947. Appointed head of department of civil engineering of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. Raised in Greenbush Lodge No. 337, Rensselaer, N.Y. about 1917. 32° AASR at Portsmouth and Dover, N.H. Member of National Sojourners.

Braxton B. Corner Former Governor of Alabama. His original lodge is not known, but he affiliated with Anniston Lodge No. 443 at Anniston, Ala. on May 8, 1888 and demitted from same in 1889. On Nov. 6, 1888 he was one of the petitioners for the establishment of Anniston Chapter No. 105, and was designated as its first high priest, but later reports show no record of him.

Hugh M. Corner President and Treasurer of Avondale Mills, cotton manufacturers since 1945. b. June 9, 1892 at Birmingham, Ala. Also president and director of Comer-Avondale Mills, N.Y. City and director of several other companies. Mason.

Henry S. Commager (1825–1867) Union Brigadier General in Civil war. A prominent Democratic politician in Toledo, Ohio, who in 1864 was unsuccessful candidate for congress. A colonel in the 67th Ohio regiment in war, he was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers on Feb. 27, 1865. Member of Northern Light Lodge No. 40, Toledo. d. Sept. 5, 1867.

Ignacio Comonfort (1812–1863) President of Mexico and soldier. b. March 12, 1812 in Pueblo, he entered the Jesuit

college in his native city in 1826; became a captain of cavalry in 1832 and allied himself to the liberal party. A member of congress in 1842 and took part in the revolution of 1846. He became third *alcalde* of the capital and prefect of western Mexico, but left to engage in the war with the United States. After the American victory he organized guerrillas in the West for another campaign, and was a member of the Queretero congress which made peace with the U.S. and was then chosen senator by his native state, serving until 1851. He joined Alvarez in an insurrection against Santa Anna, and after a trip to New York for financial aid, forced Santa Anna to abdicate in 1855. Alvarez assumed the government, but retired on Dec. 11 and made Comonfort provisional president. He was vigorously opposed by the clergy, the army and the conservatives, and on Dec. 19 the junta of Zacapoastla declared their opposition. They massed a force against him, but he forced their surrender on March 20, 1857. On March 31 he issued a decree confiscating church property, followed by another on June 28, forbidding the clergy to hold landed estate. On March 11, 1857, congress promulgated a new constitution, vesting in itself all control over religious and military affairs. Comonfort was proclaimed constitutional president with extraordinary powers. When the army deserted him, Comonfort appointed Benito Juarez q.v. provisional president and fled first to the U.S. and then to France. When his friend Juarez won over the church party in 1859, and the French invaded Mexico, Comonfort returned, was appointed commander-in-chief of the troops and showed great skill and bravery. On his way from Mexico to San Luis Potosi, on Nov. 13, 1863, he was murdered by bandits. He was grand

commander, 33°, of the Supreme Council AASR of Mexico at Vera Cruz.

F. Ray Comstock (1880–1949) Theatrical producer. b. in Buffalo, N.Y., he began as a theatrical producer in 1900. He was the producer of *Very Good Eddie*, *Oh Boy*, *Oh, Lady, Lady*, *Oh My Dear*, *Nobody Home*, *Rose of China*, *Leave It to Jane*, *Sitting Pretty*, *Let Us Be Gay*, *Polly Preferred*, *Adam and Eva*, *Chu Chin Chow*, *Mecca* and *The Miracle*. He brought Balieff's *Chauve-Souris* to the U.S. as well as the Moscow Art Theatre and The Moscow Art Theatre Musical Studio, and presented Mme. Eleanora Duse for her last tour of America. Mason and Shriner. d. Oct. 15, 1949.

William A. Comstock (1877–1949) Governor of Michigan 1933–34. b. July 2, 1877 at Alpena, Mich. he graduated from Univ. of Michigan in 1899 and engaged in the construction and operation of electrical railroads until 1922. Was vice president of Gale Mfg. Co. from 1926, and had several other manufacturing and real estate interests. Served as private during 1917. Member of Alpena Lodge No. 199, Alpena, Mich. d. June 16, 1949.

Samuel S. Conant (1831–1885?) Editor of *Harper's Weekly* from 1869 until January 1885, when he mysteriously disappeared. b. Dec. 11, 1831 at Waterville, Maine, he studied at Madison Univ., Hamilton, N.Y. and went abroad in 1858, studying in Berlin, Heidelberg and Munich. He contributed to many periodicals and translated from the Russian, through the German, Lermontoff's *Circassian Boy*. He was a

member of Commonwealth Lodge No. 409, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Frederick P. Cone (1871–1948) Governor of Florida, 1937–41. b. Sept. 28, 1871 at Benton, Fla. Admitted to Florida bar in 1892, he served in state senate from 1907–13 and was president of that body in 1911. Member of Lake City Lodge No. 27, Lake City, Fla. d. July 28, 1948.

S. H. Cone A Seneca Indian chief who received the three degrees in Manhattan Lodge No. 370 of New York City on June 5, 1840.

Abraham B. Conger (1887–1953) U.S. District Judge of Georgia from 1949. b. July 14, 1887 near Ty Ty, Ga. Practiced law at Bainbridge, Ga. from 1912. Served in Georgia lower house and was mayor of Bainbridge. For his work in both WW1 and WW2 he was cited by Presidents Wilson and Truman. Mason and Shriner. d. Dec. 9, 1953.

Edwin H. Conger (1843–1907) Diplomat. b. March 7, 1843 in Knox Co., Ill. Served in Civil War and was brevetted a major. Practiced law in Galesburg, Ill. from 1866–68, when he moved to Iowa and became a farmer, banker and stockman. Was state treasurer of Iowa from 1882–85 and member of U.S. congress from 1885–91. He was named minister to Brazil from 1891–93 and again in 1898. He was transferred to China in 1898 and was in Peking during the Boxer siege, where he conducted negotiations on the part of the U.S. He was head of the commission which negotiated a new commercial treaty with China in 1902. Was appointed

ambassador to Mexico in 1905 but resigned the same year. Mason.

Omar D. Conger (1818–?) U.S. Senator from Michigan. b. in Cooperstown, N.Y., he removed to Huron Co., Ohio with his family in 1824 and was graduated at Western Reserve in 1842. He was engaged in the geological survey of the Lake Superior iron and copper region from 1845–47, and in 1848 became a lawyer in Port Huron, Mich. A state senator from 1855–61, he served as president of that body in 1859. A member of the state constitutional convention in 1866, he was U.S. congressman from 1869–81, at which time he was elected U.S. senator. Member of Pine Grove Lodge No. 11, Port Huron, Mich.

Roscoe P. Conkling (1889–1954) Justice, Supreme Court of Missouri from 1947, Chief Justice, 1953. b. May 3, 1889 at Carrollton, Mo. Attended Univ. of Missouri and admitted to bar in 1912, practicing at Kansas City and later St. Joseph. Member of board of curators of Stephens College, Mo. He was a member of Zeredatha Lodge No. 189, 32° AASR (SJ) and Moila Shrine Temple, all of St. Joseph, Mo. d. Oct. 28, 1954.

William G. Conley (1866–1940) Governor of West Virginia, 1929–33. b. Jan. 8, 1866 at Kingwood, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia Univ. in 1893, he first taught school and in 1893 began practice of law at Parsons. He was editor and part owner of the Parsons Advocate from 1896–1903. He was assistant secretary of the Republican national convention of 1896. Was raised in Preston Lodge No. 90, Kingwood, W. Va.

on Dec. 7, 1903, affiliating with Charleston Lodge No. 153 upon removal to Charleston on Nov. 13, 1919. He was 32° and KCCH in the AASR (SJ). d. Oct. 21, 1940. Only W.V. governor at that time to have received 33°.

G. C. Conn Manufacturer of musical instruments. Raised in Kane Lodge No. 183, Elkhart, Ind. in 1870 and master of the lodge in 1873. He was also a member of Elkhart Chapter No. 81, R.A.M. in 1873; joined Bashar Council R. & S.M. at Goshen, Ind. in 1875 and South Bend Corn-mandery No. 13, K.T. at South Bend in 1877, serving as commander of same in 1881. At formation of Elkhart Commandery, he was commander of it from 1884–86.

Tom Connally U.S. Senator from Texas from 1929–1953. b. Aug. 19, 1877 in McLennan Co., Texas. Graduate of Baylor and Univ. of Texas. Admitted to Texas bar in 1898, he served in state house of representatives from 1901–04 and was U.S. congressman from the 11th dist. to the 65th–70th congresses (1917–29). As chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee from 1941–51 he had great power on the international scene during these crucial years. He was a delegate to the Inter-Parliamentary Union in meetings at Geneva, London, Constantinople and Rome from 1924–48. He was vice chairman of the United States delegation to United Nations Conference on International Organization at San Francisco in 1945, and served as U.S. delegate to the 1st General Assembly of the United Nations in London in 1946. He was advisor to the Secretary of State at the following meetings: Council of Foreign Ministers, Paris, 3rd Council of Foreign Ministers in

New York. He served with the 2nd Texas Inf. Volunteers in the Spanish American War in 1898, and was captain and adjutant of the 22nd Infantry of 11th Division in WW1. He is a member of Marlin Lodge No. 152, Marlin, Texas, being raised July 24, 1904. He received his 32° AASR (SJ) on May 7, 1931 and is a 33° H.R.H. Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught (and Strathearn) (1850–1942) His full name was Arthur William Patrick Albert. He was the third son and 7th child of Queen Victoria. He married Princess Louise Marguerite of Prussia. He joined the Royal Engineers in 1868 and held a command in India from 1886–90. Was made general in 1893 and was commander-in-chief in Ireland in 1900, and in the Mediterranean from 1907–09. In 1911–16 he was governor general of Canada. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of England longer than any other grand master—38 years from 1901–1939. He was raised in Prince of Wales Lodge, March 24, 1874 by his elder brother, the Prince of Wales, who was later King Edward VII q.v. When he became king, Edward relinquished the office of grand master which he held for 27 years to Prince Arthur. Arthur was installed as provincial grand master for Sussex in 1886 and two years later district grand master for Bombay. He ruled over the Irish Knights Templar as grand prior from 1878 to 1895 when the Convent General was dissolved. He was sovereign grand inspector general of the Supreme Council 33° for England and Wales and was the originator of the Masonic Million Dollar Memorial Fund for the erection of the present London temple as a tribute to the Masons who lost their lives in WW1. He was succeeded as grand master by H.R.H. Prince George q.v. When Prince Albert invested Prince George as senior grand warden, Albert's two brothers—both to become

kings—were present. They were H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, later Edward VIII and now Duke of Windsor q.v. and H.R.H. the Duke of York, later King George VI q.v.

William E. Connelley (1855–1930) Author. b. March 15, 1855 in Johnson Co., Ky. Connected with banking interests in Kansas City, Kans., he wrote call for the first meeting of oil men in Kansas in 1905, which resulted in organization of Kansas Oil Producers' Assn. and began the crusade against Standard Oil Co., which resulted in the dissolution of that corporation by the supreme court. Author of *The Provisional Government of Nebraska Territory*, *Quantrill and the Border Wars*, *Eastern Kentucky Papers*, *History of Kansas* (5 volumes), *History of Kentucky* (5 volumes). He prepared the only vocabulary ever written of Wyandot Indian language, and made extensive investigations in language and history of Delawares, Shawnees and other tribes. d. July 15, 1930. Mason.

James Conner (1829–1883) Confederate General, Civil War. b. Sept. 1, 1829 at Charleston, S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1852 and appointed—— U.S. district attorney for S. Car. in 1856. Entered Confederate army as captain in 1861, serving in many campaigns and rising to the rank of brigadier general, commanding a division in the latter part of the war. d. June 26, 1883. He was a member and past master of Landmark Lodge No. 76, Charleston, and in 1868 served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina.

Martin S. “Mike” Conner Governor of Mississippi from

1932–36. b. Aug. 31, 1891 at Hattiesburg, Miss. he graduated from Univ. of Miss. in 1910, and law degree cum laude from Yale in 1913. Began practice at Seminary, Miss. in 1913. Was speaker of the state lower house from 1916–24. Now member of Conner & Nobles. Mason and Shriner, received his KCCH in Scottish Rite (SJ).

Donald H. Connolly Major General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 11, 1886 at Fort Mojave, Ariz. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1910 and in Corps of Engineers since that time. Saw foreign service in Canal Zone, Philippines and France. Member of general staff from 1918–22. With headquarters, Army Air Forces in Washington in 1942, and commanded the Persian Gulf Command from 1942–44. Retired in 1948, and since that time has been director of department of aviation, City of Baltimore. Life member of Lebanon Lodge No. 7, Washington, D.C.

Frank L. Conrad (1886–1949) Utilities executive. b. Sept. 15, 1886 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Was president and director of the following companies: United Light & Railways Co.; American Light & Traction Co.; Continental Gas & Electric Corp; United Light & Railways Service Co. Was director of half a dozen other corporations. Mason. d. Oct. 22, 1949.

Marchioness of Contebonne An early member of French Adoptive Freemasonry, a female organization which received quasi-Masonic recognition from the Grand Orient of France. Other famous contemporaries in the order were the Duchess of Chartres q.v., Duchess of Bourbon q.v., Princess Lambelle

q.v., Countess of Polignac q.v. and Countess of Choiseul-Gouffier q.v.

Julius Converse Governor of Vermont in 1872–74. His lodge membership is not known, but on Sept. 21, 1831 he was a visitor at Rising Sun Lodge No. 7 of Royalton, Vt.

Edmond E. Cook (1874—1931) Newspaper editor. b. Jan. 21, 1874 at Dalton, Ohio. Began as reporter on Columbus Press-Post in 1895. Became editor in chief of central group (Ohio) of Scripps-Howard newspapers with headquarters in Cleveland, 1922, returning to Columbus in 1922 to head a similar group. Mason. d. May 3, 1931.

H. Earl Cook Chairman of the Board, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Director of same since 1947. Retired, Nov. 1, 1957. b. June 19, 1886 at Bucyrus, Ohio. With 2nd National Bank of Bucyrus from 1907–46, being president of same from 1929–46. Was superintendent of banks of Ohio from 1943–47. Raised in Bucyrus Lodge No. 139 in June, 1908, serving as master and was treasurer of lodge for 30 years. Member of Bucyrus Chapter No. 160, R.A.M., Bucyrus Council No. 83, R. & S.M. (past master and secretary for three years) and Marion Commandery No. 36, K.T. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1937 and is life member of Toledo Consistory. Member of Aladdin Shrine Temple, Columbus, Ohio; Red Cross of Constantine, Toledo and Royal Order of Scotland in Washington, D.C.

James Cook (1728–1779) English explorer, mariner and

circumnavigator. b. Oct. 28, 1728 in Martin, Yorkshire. He entered the British navy as a common seaman in 1755 and by 1759 was master of a vessel. He surveyed the St. Lawrence channel in 1759, coast of Newfoundland and Labrador from 1763–67. Explored the South Pacific in the Endeavour in 1768, charting the coasts of New Zealand, Australia and New Guinea and returning by way of Cape of Good Hope in 1771. With the Resolution and the Adventure he conducted an expedition in search of the great southern continent then believed to exist in 1772–75. On this trip he skirted the Antarctic ice fields, visited Tahiti, New Hebrides and discovered New Caledonia. His last trip was with the Resolution and the Discovery, starting in 1776 to discover a passage around North America from the Pacific. He rediscovered the Sandwich Islands (Hawaii) and charted the Pacific coast of North America as far as the Bering Strait. He was killed on Feb. 14, 1779 in Hawaii in a scuffle with natives over a stolen boat. Although no proof of his membership is available, he is constantly referred to as a member of the Craft.

Lawrence F. Cook Chief Forester of National Park Service. b. May 21, 1900 at Newton Center, Mass. B.S. in forestry from Syracuse Univ. in 1923. Served as park ranger, chief ranger and forester in charge of Western division of National Parks until 1937 when he became assistant chief forester of the service at Washington, and chief forester since June 1952. Mason.

Robert C. Cook President of Mississippi Southern College since 1945. b. July 6, 1903 at Fayette, Ala. Teacher and principal of high schools until 1937 when he became professor of

education at his alma mater, the Univ. of Mississippi. Served as dean of the school of education until 1943. Mason.

William L. Cook (1869–1942) Justice, Supreme Court of Tennessee from 1926–42. b. Dec. 6, 1869 at Bon Aqua, Tenn. Admitted to bar in 1892 and practiced at Charlotte. Member of state general assembly, circuit court judge from 1908–23. Mason. d. March 5, 1942.

George Cooke An impostor. It is not often that the Grand Lodge of England allows itself to be hoodwinked, but it so happened in 1847 when a visiting American, who styled himself Major General George Cooke, LL.D., and said that he was a chancellor of the University of Ripley, joined the Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259. A generous supporter of the Masonic charities, he became vice president of the Girls' School and a life governor of the Boys' School and of the Benevolent Institution. Before he left England, the grand master conferred on him the rank of past grand warden and appointed him his representative at the Grand Lodge of New York. A fund was even raised for the purpose of putting his bust in Freemasons' Hall. It was not until Cooke was safely back in the states that it came to light he was a mere medical quack who advertised his wares. He was accordingly stripped of his grand rank, expelled from the grand lodge and reimbursed the sums he had subscribed to charity.

George A. Cooke (1869–1938) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Illinois, 1913–14. b. July 3, 1869 at New Athens, Ohio. Graduate of Knox College in 1892. Served in Illinois

lower house for four years and elected to supreme court of Illinois in 1900, serving until he resigned in 1918. He resumed private practice in Chicago in 1919. Mason. d. Dec. 6, 1938.

Harold G. Cooke President of Mc-Murry College, Abilene, Texas since 1942. b. June 12, 1890 at Scatterwood, S.D. Admitted to Texas bar in 1912 and ordained to Methodist ministry in 1913. He served as a pastor from 1913–38 and was professor of homiletics at Southern Methodist Univ. from 1928–30. Member of Abilene Lodge No. 559 of Abilene, Texas.

L. Perry Cookingham City Manager of Kansas City, Mo. since 1940. b. Oct. 23, 1896 at Chicago, Ill. He first served as city manager of Clawson, Mich. from 1927–31, then Plymouth, Mich. from 1931–36 and Saginaw, Mich. from 1936–40. Served as president of the International City Managers' Assn. in 1940 and received the LaGuardia q.v. Memorial Award for achievement in municipal administration. Member of Anchor Lodge No. 980 of Danville, Ill. since 1920. Shriner and member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Calvin Coolidge (1872–1933) Thirtieth President of the United States. A non-Mason, his wife was a member of the Order of Eastern Star and his son, John, became a member of Wyllys Lodge No. 99, West Hartford, Conn. on Oct. 18, 1944. While governor of Mass. Coolidge addressed the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, having this to say: "It has not been my fortune to know very much of Freemasonry, but I have had the great fortune to know many Freemasons, and I have been able in that way to judge the tree by its fruits. I know

of your high ideals. I have seen that you hold your meetings in the presence of the open Bible, and I know that men who observe that formality have high sentiments of citizenship, of worth, and of character. That is the strength of our Commonwealth and Nation.”

Samuel H. Coon U.S. Congressman from Oregon to 83rd and 84th Congresses. b. April 15, 1903 at Boise, Idaho. Graduate of Univ. of Idaho in 1925. A cattle rancher since 1929. Was state senator in 1951–52. Raised in Baker Lodge No. 47 in 1948 and 32° AASR (SJ), both in Baker, Oreg.

Robert E. Coontz (1864–1935) Admiral, U.S. Navy and Commander-in Chief of the U.S. Fleet. b. June 11, 1864 at Hannibal, Mo. Graduated U.S. Naval Academy in 1885. Was commissioned ensign in 1887 and promoted through grades to rear admiral in 1917 and full admiral on Oct. 24, 1919. He was in Alaska six years as a pilot, and in 1908 was executive officer of the Nebraska on a trip around the world. In 1910–11 he was commandant of midshipmen at the Naval Academy, and governor of Guam in 1912–13. From 1913–15 he commanded the Georgia. In WW1 he commanded the 7th Division, U.S. Atlantic Fleet in 1918 and commanded U.S.S. Wyoming, flagship of the Pacific Fleet. He was confirmed by the senate as chief of naval operations in 1919 and commanded the U.S. Fleet from Aug. 4, 1923 to Oct. 3, 1925. He retired in 1928, but was recalled in 1930 to investigate Alaskan railroads. He was raised in Naval and Military Lodge No. 206 at Bremerton, Wash. on Oct. 23, 1915 and served as master of same (now William H. Upton Lodge). He was grand

orator of the Grand Lodge of Washington in 1925. He was a member of Olympia Chapter No. 27, R.A.M. of Bremerton and Albert Pike Consistory, AASR (SJ), Washington, D.C. receiving 33° on Oct. 23, 1931. On June 14, 1930 he was elected president of the National Sojourners in convention at Atlantic City, N.J. d. Jan. 26, 1935.

Sir Ernest Cooper British industrialist. b. June 10, 1877 in Clinton, Huron Co., Ontario, Canada, of British parents. He graduated from Toronto Univ. in 1900 and left Canada for England in 1908. During WW1 he served with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces from 1916–19, retiring with rank of captain. Cooper is chairman of Gillette Industries, Ltd., the European counterpart of the Gillette Safety Razor Co. in the United States, of which American company he is vice president and director. In 1941–43 he served as industrial adviser to the government of Northern Ireland, and in 1943–46 was director of Information Services in London. In 1940–41 he was England's minister of aircraft production. In 1944 he was created a knight at the hands of late George VI q.v. in recognition of his services in industry and production. He was initiated July 25, 1911 in Canada Lodge No. 3527, London, serving as its master in 1917. He has served on the Grand Lodge of England's board of general purposes since 1939 and has been chairman of the board since appointed as such by the late Earl of Harewood in 1946. He has received many Masonic honors. In 1951 the late Duke of Devonshire q.v. then grand master, conferred on him the rank of past grand warden. He is also a senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Scotland, past deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge

of Nova Scotia, past grand registrar of the Grand Lodge of Canada (Ontario), and past grand warden of the National Grand Lodge of France. In May, 1956 the Grand Lodge of New York bestowed its exclusive award for distinguished achievement on him.

Henry Cooper (1827–?) U.S. Senator from Tennessee from 1871–77. b. Aug. 22, 1827 in Columbia, Tenn., he graduated at West Tennessee Univ. in 1847. Admitted to bar in 1849, he practiced at Shelbyville. He was elected to the state's legislature in 1853 and again in 1857. He served in the state senate in 1869–70. He was raised in Shelbyville Benevolent Lodge No. 122 on Jan. 6, 1849 and later demitted to Euphemia Lodge No. 195 of Columbia. He was exalted in Tannehill Chapter No. 40, R.A.M. in Jan. 1852, and knighted in Nashville Commandery No. 1, K.T. on Oct. 13, 1853.

Jere Cooper U.S. Congressman 71st to 84th Congresses from Tennessee (1929–56). b. July 20, 1893 in Dyer Co., Tenn. Admitted to bar in 1915 and practiced at Dyersburg. Served with A.E.F. in WW1 as captain. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. Member of Hess Lodge No. 93, Dyersburg, Tenn.

Robert A. Cooper (1874–1953) Twice Governor of South Carolina (1919–22) and federal judge. b. June 12, 1874 at Laurens Co., S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1898 and began practice at Laurens. Member of the Federal Farm Loan Board 1922–27. Was U.S. district judge of Puerto Rico from 1934–47. He was raised in Ornan Lodge No. 69, Fork Shoals, S. Car., afterwards demitting to Princeton Lodge No. 129 and then

to Palmetto Lodge No. 19. He was the first elected master of Laurens Lodge No. 260, Laurens, and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina from 1915–17. He also served as potentate of Omar Shrine Temple at Charleston. d. Aug. 7, 1953.

Samuel I. Cooper Architect. b. Feb. 14, 1894 at Atlanta, Ga. Graduate of Univ. of Pennsylvania in architecture, he was president of Cooper & Cooper from 1925–42; vice president of Cooper, Bond & Cooper, Inc. 1945–52, and president of same since 1952. Architect on many public and residential buildings, schools, colleges, libraries, dormitories, gymnasium, office buildings and public housing. Mason.

Thomas A. Cooper (1776–1849) Actor. b. in London, England. His first stage appearance was in Stephen Kemble's company in Edinburgh and later at Covent Garden, London, with great success as Hamlet and Macbeth. In Dec., 1796 he made his first appearance in Philadelphia as Macbeth at the Chestnut Street Theatre and in August of the following year played in the Greenwich Street Theatre in New York as Pierre in *Venice Preserved*. He returned to England in 1802, and for several years held a foremost rank on the English stage. He returned to New York in 1804, and for a long time was lessee of the Park Theatre. He made one more trip to England, but returned to America and continued to play until advanced years. His daughter, having married the son of President Tyler, he held several public offices, including surveyor to ports of New York and Philadelphia. He was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. April 21, 1849.

Wyllis Cooper Radio writer and producer. b. Jan. 26, 1899 at Pekin, Ill., he has been a radio writer since 1929 and motion picture writer from 1936–39. He was continuity editor of Columbia Broadcasting System, central division from 1930–32. He originated the radio dramatic series *Lights Out*, in 1933, directing it until 1936. He directed a number of other series including *Empire Builders*, *Immortal Dramas*, *Hollywood Hotel*, *Good Neighbors*, *Spirit of '41*, *Quiet Please*, and was writer and producer of *The Army Hour* by the War Department in 1943. Mason.

Robert W. Copelan Managing Editor of Cincinnati Times–Star since 1952. b. Dec. 22, 1894 at Cincinnati. He began as a reporter for the Cincinnati Enquirer in 1914, turning to advertising and insurance business from 1920–24, and back to newspaper work with the Times–Star in 1924, successively as reporter, rewrite, make up editor, assistant city editor, news editor and associate managing editor. Served as an officer in both WW1 and WW2. Member of Chevoit Lodge No. 140, Cincinnati, Ohio, being raised in 1915; McMillan Chapter No. 19 and Trinity Commandery No. 44, K.T.; Syrian Shrine Temple—all of Cincinnati. Served as commander of his commandery in 1932.

Royal S. Copeland (1868–1938) U.S. Senator from N.Y. and physician. b. Nov. 7, 1868. Received M.D. degree from Univ. of Michigan in 1889, and took postgraduate work in England, France, Germany, Switzerland and Belgium. He practiced in Bay City, Mich. from 1890–95, and was professor of ophthalmology at the Univ. of Michigan from 1895–1908. He

moved to New York and held the same position in the Flower Hospital Medical College from 1908–18. He was commissioner of health and president of the New York City board of health from 1918–23, and then served three terms as U.S. senator from New York (1923–41), dying on June 17, 1938 before his third term was completed. He was a member of Bay City Lodge No. 129, Bay City, Mich., and Ann Arbor Commandery No. 13, K.T. at Ann Arbor as well as Moslem Shrine Temple. On Dec. 4, 1920 he delivered an address before Stuyvesant Lodge No. 745, N.Y. There was a Knight Templar guard of honor at his funeral.

William D. Copeland College President. b. Jan. 9, 1897 at Denver, Colo. Degrees from Colorado College, James Millikin Univ. and Lincoln Memorial Univ. After teaching in Colorado College and Harvard, he became president of Lincoln (Ill.) College from 1935–44, then vice president of Lake Forest (Ill.) College from 1944–46, and president of Rocky Mountain College (Mont.). Presently pastor of 1st Presbyterian Church in Poison, Mont. Raised in Tejon Lodge No. 104, Colorado Springs, Colo. in 1920 and member of chapter and council in Colorado Springs. 32° AASR (ST) in Denver.

Charles H. Copestake (?–1956) Masonic historian. Known for his research work on Masonic subjects, he was raised in Column Lodge No. 120, Trenton, N.J., but demitted to Christopher Yates Lodge No. 971, Schenectady, N.Y. when he moved there and served as master in 1939. He was active in almost all Masonic fields, especially the American Lodge of Research, which he had served as master. He was a 33° AASR

(NJ) and a member of the special committee on history and a consultant archivist of the Supreme Council in New York City. d. Feb. 25, 1956.

Ira C. Copley (1864–1947) Publisher, U.S. Congressman and philanthropist. b. Oct. 25, 1864 in Knox Co., Ill. Became associated with public utilities early in life, and was president of Western United Corp. until 1926. Among the various newspapers he published at one time or another were The Aurora Beacon News, Elgin Courier, Joliet Herald News, Illinois State Journal, Illinois State Register and chairman and president of The Copley Press, Inc., Aurora—all of Illinois. He was also the owner of the San Diego Union and Tribune, San Diego Sun and papers now comprising the Southern California Associated Newspapers, Los Angeles. He served as congressman from 62nd to 67th Congresses (1911–23) from 11th Illinois dist. He gave site and building fund as well as a million dollar endowment to a hospital at Aurora which was renamed Copley Memorial Hospital. Mason. d. Nov. 2, 1947.

George H. Coppers President of the National Biscuit Co. since 1945. b. Nov. 29, 1902 in New York City. Graduated LL.B. cum laude from Fordham Univ. in 1929. He entered the employ of National Biscuit in New York City as an office boy in 1920, rising as clerk, accountant, law clerk, assistant secretary, general counsel and finally director and president. His record also includes directorships and trusteeships of many important corporations. Member of Charter Oak Lodge No. 249 of New York City.

Pompeo Coppini Sculptor and painter. b. May 19, 1870 in Moglia, Mantua, Italy, he came to America in 1896 and was naturalized in 1902. He has executed 45 public monuments in various cities, including such notable ones as the equestrian statue of Gen. J. H. Morgan, Lexington, Ky.; George Washington, Mexico City; Senator John H. Reagan, Palestine, Tex.; Terry's Ranger, Austin, Tex.; Falkenberg monument, Denver, Colo.; Gen. J. C. Root monument, Memphis, Tenn.; Stephen F. Austin statue, Austin, Tex.; Gen. Sam Houston memorial, Huntsville, Texas; U.S. Senator James P. Clarke of Ark. for Statuary Hall in national capitol; Confederate Memorial at Corpus Christi, Tex.; allegorical bronze doors of Scottish Rite Cathedral, San Antonio, Tex.; centotaph "Heroes of the Alamo" at Waco; and many others. He was raised in Italia Lodge, Pitrasanta, Italy and is an honorary member of Mazzini Lodge No. 824, New York City, a 32° AASR, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Robert L. Copsey Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Feb. 15, 1896 at Broken Bow, Nebr., he attended Univ. of Nebraska until 1918 when he was commissioned 2nd lieut. in U.S. Army and rose to major general in 1953. From 1928–31 he was president of the Metropolitan Airways, Inc., Newark Air Service, Inc., and from 1931–49 was commissioner of aviation, State of N.J. From 1947–50 he commanded the 91st Air Division and 63rd Troop Carrier Air Wing USAF Reserve. Was recalled to active duty in 1950 in the Office of Chief of Staff, USAF. Since 1953 he has been director of Joint Air Transportation Board, Dept. of the Air Force. Mason and Shriner.

George Copway (1818–1863) Chippewa Indian chief. b. near mouth of Trent river in Ontario, his Indian name was Kah-ge-ga-gah-bowh and his father was a tribal medicine man. Copway became a Methodist missionary among his people, converted many of them including his father. He married a white woman (Elizabeth Howell), who accompanied him on many dangerous trips among hostile tribes. He received his degrees in Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. sometime prior to 1848 as he is listed as a member in that year. He appealed to Masonic lodges on several occasions to help support educational institutions for Indian children. In his writings he frequently referred to Freemasonry. A man of pronounced likes and dislikes, he wrote on them at length. He loved his family, his tribe, nature, the Christian religion, fellow Methodists and missionaries. He abhorred whisky, tobacco, the Sioux and cash payments to the Indians by the government.

Harvey W. Corbett (1873–1954) Architect who designed the Rockefeller Center and the George Washington Masonic National Memorial. b. Jan. 8, 1873 at San Francisco. He graduated from Univ. of California and also studied abroad. He lectured in architecture at Columbia Univ., and was member of advisory board of school of architecture, Princeton Univ. Among the many buildings of his design are the Holy Innocents Church, Brooklyn; Bush Terminal Office Building, N.Y.; Bush House, London; Metropolitan Life Ins. Building, N.Y.; Roerich Museum, N.Y. His wife, Gail Sherman Corbett, is a sculptress who executed a portrait of Washington for the Masonic Memorial at Alexandria, Va. which her husband

designed. Corbett was a member of Sagamore Lodge No. 371, being raised on Feb. 15, 1922. d. April, 1954.

William W. Corcoran (1798–1888) American financier and philanthropist. b. Dec. 27, 1798 in Georgetown, D.C. Amassed great wealth first in dry goods (which was lost) and later in real estate and banking. At one time he held 12 million in U.S. 6% loans. When the interest fell he went to England and enlisted the aid of the great banking houses of that nation to such an extent that there was a premium on the money and it laid the basis for his great wealth. He retired from the banking business in 1854 to manage his own estate. The art gallery in Washington, D.C., bearing his name was his gift to the nation in 1869. He was a member of Potomac Lodge No. 5, Georgetown, D.C. from July 26, 1827. d. Feb. 24, 1888.

Oscar L. Cordell President of Bareco Oil Co. since 1939. b. May 26, 1887 at Helenwood, Tenn. In petroleum refining and marketing since 1907. Member of Siloam Lodge No. 276, Oklahoma City, Okla. and past master of same. 32° AASR (SJ) in McAlester and India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City.

Abbe Cordier French Catholic clergyman, who in spite of threats from the Roman hierarchy, was a prominent member of the Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris, France. It was Cordier and Benjamin Franklin q.v., who supported the author Voltaire q.v. during his initiation into that famous lodge.

Ralph J. Cordiner Vice President of General Electric Co. since 1945. b. March 20, 1900 at Walla Walla, Wash. With

power and appliance companies since 1922. President of Schick, Inc., Stamford, Conn., 1939–42. Served with U.S. Navy in WW1. Mason.

Guy Cordon U.S. Senator from Oregon. Raised April 10, 1912 in Laurel Lodge No. 13, Roseburg, Oregon and master of the lodge in 1919.

George C. S. Corea Ambassador of Ceylon to U.S.A. since 1948. b. Sept. 5, 1895 near Colombo, Ceylon. Admitted to bar of Ceylon in 1916 and practiced in Chilaw from 1916–31. President of Ceylon National Congress, 1934–36 and minister of Labour Industry and Commerce of Ceylon from 1936–46. High commissioner for Ceylon in United Kingdom 1946–48. President of Boy Scouts of Ceylon from 1942–46. He is a member of Orion Lodge No. 5130 and founding member of Ceylon Lodge No. 6436 of London, England. He is credited with winning independence for Ceylon.

Herbert F. Corn Newspaper editor. b. Jan. 23, 1897 at Metropolis, Ill. With the Washington Herald in 1920 and Washington Evening Star since 1921, being managing editor since 1942. President of Associated Press Managing Editors Assn. in 1952 and member of White House Correspondents Assn. Member of Temple–Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. and Mount Pleasant Chapter No. 13, R.A.M., Washington.

Duke of Cornwall (see Edward VII)

Lord Charles Cornwallis (1738–1805) British General

of American Revolution who surrendered to Washington at Yorktown and thus ended the war. b. Dec. 31, 1738 in Suffolk. He was 2nd Earl and first Marquis of Cornwallis. A major general in the American Revolution, he was created full general in 1793. He fought in Germany in 1761–62 and defeated Greene at Guilford Court House in 1781, but was besieged at Yorktown and forced to capitulate. He was governor general and commander-in-chief of India in 1786, and viceroy of Ireland from 1798–1801, resigning because of the king's refusal to grant Roman Catholic emancipation. He negotiated the treaty of Amiens in 1802, and was again governor general of India in 1805. He performed the grand honors of Masonry at the funeral of Major General DeKalb q.v. who had been wounded and taken prisoner on Aug. 17, 1780 at the battle of Camden. d. Oct. 5, 1805.

Edward Cornwallis English Lieutenant General; founder and first governor of Nova Scotia. He sailed to North America in 1749 with 1,140 settlers and landed safely in Nova Scotia on June 21. Almost as soon as there was a house erected, he established a lodge under provincial dispensation from Major E. J. Phillips, P.G.M. of Annapolis Royal, N.S., representing Henry Price of Boston, who was grand master for North America. This lodge is the oldest Canadian lodge and is now St. Andrews Lodge No. 1, Halifax. The dispensation was received in July, 1749 “and on the same evening Captain Lord Colville q.v. and a number of the Navy gentlemen, were entered Apprentices in this Lodge.” Previously, while fighting in Germany, Cornwallis was one of the three founders of another lodge in the 20th Foot under Irish constitution. The

warrent for same was received in Dec. 1748, and after the regiment's glorious action in the battle of Minden in August 1759, the lodge was named Minden Lodge No. 63. In 1768 while governor of Gibraltar, he founded a third lodge—No. 426 of the 24th Foot under the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia.

Lord Fiennes Stanley Wykeham Cornwallis (1864–1935) b. at Chalcombe Priory near Banbury on May 27, 1864 and educated at Eton. He served as a colonel of the West Kent Queen's Own Imperial Yeomanry. He was prominent in various sports including hunting, cricket and shooting. He was Master of the Linton Beagles from 1888 until a few years before his death. In public life, he had a distinguished career, representing Maidstone in the House of Commons from 1888–1895 and again from 1898 to 1900. He was president of the Royal Agricultural Society of England in 1906. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England from 1926–35. He was raised in Douglas Lodge No. 1725, Maidstone, and served as master. He subsequently joined Crane Lodge No. 2660, Cranbrook and served twice as master. He was also the founder of East Kent Masters' Lodge No. 3931, in 1919, and was its first master. He attained grand rank in 1901 as junior grand warden and in 1905 was appointed provincial grand master for Kent. He was exalted in Montreal Chapter No. 2046 and served it as first principal and later as grand superintendent for Kent. In 1926 he was appointed as 2nd grand principal for the Supreme Grand Chapter in succession to his uncle, the third Earl Amherst. He was chairman of the annual festival of the Royal Masonic Benevolent Institution in 1920 and the Royal Masonic Girls' Institution in

1930. The peerage was reestablished in his name in 1927, thus restoring the Cornwallis name to the House of Lords after a long absence. In 1931 he visited the United States, attending the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania and dedicating a statue of his ancestor Lord Charles Cornwallis at Yorktown, where he had surrendered to Washington. d. Sept. 27, 1935, he was succeeded in title and Masonic offices by his son Wykeham Stanley Cornwallis q.v.

Lord Wykeham Stanley Cornwallis 2nd Baron Cornwallis, succeeding his father Lord F. S. W. Cornwallis on the latter's death q.v. in 1935. Educated at Eaton, he entered the Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst and saw service with the Royal Scots Greys during WW1, in which he was wounded and earned the Military Cross. He was on the General Staff, both in France and Flanders. He is now a colonel of the Thames and Medway Heavy Regiment, Royal Artillery. Since 1944 he has been Her Majesty's Lord Lieutenant of Kent and also one of Her Majesty's lieutenants for the City of London. He entered Douglas Lodge No. 1725 and was its master in 1928. His father had served as master 34 years earlier. He was appointed as junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1935 and ruler of the Masonic province of Kent—a position held by his father for 30 years.

John J. Cornwell Governor of West Virginia 1917–21. b. July 11, 1867 in Ritchie Co., W. Va. He has been principal owner of The Hampshire Review since 1890. He financed and built the Hampshire Southern Railroad (40 miles long) and is president of the Bank of Romney. Was five times a

delegate to Democratic National Convention. Mason.

Buenaventura Correoso President of the extinct state of Panama; minister of Colombia to Costa Rica, president of the Colombian Congress; judge, prefect, deputy, secretary of government and member of Supreme Council AASR of Central America.

Fred P. Corson Methodist bishop. b. April 11, 1896 at Millville, N.J. A graduate of Dickinson (1917), and Drew Univ. (1920), holding honorary degrees from nine other colleges and universities. Ordained in 1920, he served as pastor in Jackson Heights, N.Y., New Haven, Conn., Port Washington, N.W. until 1929 when made superintendent of the Brooklyn Southern Dist., N.Y. He has been president of Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa. since 1934. Elected bishop in 1944. A Mason, he was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1947 and grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Pennsylvania in 1942.

Publio Cortini Italian industrialist and grand master of the Grand Orient of Italy in 1956. When Marconi was studying the problem of radio-telephone transmission by the Fleming tube, Cortini worked with him as an officer of the Wireless Signal Section of the Italian Army, and under his guidance did the first transmission, beginning from a distance of 300 yards, and finishing, after three months of experimentation, with the transmission of over 1,000 miles. The latter transmission was from Rome to Tripoli. At the conclusion of WW1 Cortini began his work with manufacturing electrical

machinery. During the Mussolini regime, Cortini hid the documents of the Grand Orient of France in his factory notwithstanding the danger to his life that such an act represented. A member of Coli di Firenze Lodge in Rome, he is a member of Trenton Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons and Trenton Council No. 37, R. & S.M., both of Trenton, Mo. He has also received the honorary Order of High Priesthood from the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Missouri and honorary member of Order of Silver Trowel, Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Missouri. Cortini has visited in the United States several times since WW2.

Thomas Corwin (1794–1865) Ohio Congressman, Senator, Secretary of the Treasury and Minister to Mexico. b. July 29, 1794 in Bourbon Co., Ky. His family moved to Lebanon, Ohio when he was four. Admitted to the bar in 1818 and developed an extensive practice. He was elected to the state legislature in 1822, serving until 1829. Next elected to the U.S. congress, he served from 1830–40, resigning to become candidate for governor and was elected to serve 1840–42. In 1844 he was elected to the U.S. senate, where in 1847 he made a notable speech against the war in Mexico. He served in the senate until 1850, when President Fillmore named him as secretary of the treasury. He served two more terms in congress; starting in 1858, and when Lincoln became president, Corwin was named as minister to Mexico. He became a member of Lebanon Lodge No. 26, Lebanon, Ohio in 1819, serving as master; and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1828. He had also served as grand orator and deputy grand master. He was a member of Lebanon Chapter

No. 5, R.A.M. and knighted in Mount Vernon Commandery, K.T. on Jan. 13, 1826. d. Dec. 18, 1865.

George Cosgrave (1870–1945) Federal Judge, Southern district of California from 1930. b. Feb. 20, 1870 at Calaveras Co., Calif. Admitted to bar in 1895 and practiced at Fresno. Mason. d. Aug. 4, 1945.

Edward B. Cosgrove Industrialist. b. July 7, 1888 at Le Sueur, Minn. Graduate of Univ. of Minnesota, 1910. Began as secretary of Minn. Valley Canning Co. at Le Sueur in 1913 and president since 1929. President of Minnesota Valley Corp. and chair-man of the board of Fine Foods of Canada, Ltd. A director of Pillsbury Mills, Inc., First Nat. Bank of St. Paul and other corporations. Mason and Shriner.

Samuel G. Cosgrove Eighth Governor of Washington. Member of Evening Star Lodge No. 30, Pomeroy, Washington.

Oliver P. Coshov (1863–?) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon. b. Aug. 14, 1863 at Brownsville, Oreg. Admitted to bar in 1890 and practiced at McMinnville and Roseburg. Member of state senate from 1905–09. Associate justice of supreme court from 1924 and chief justice from 1929–30. Mason. Deceased.

Sir Michael Andrew Agnus Costa (1808–1884) Italian composer and conductor who resided in England from 1829 and was knighted. He conducted opera at Her Majesty's Theatre, London from 1832–46, and at Covent Garden from 1846. He

was the composer of oratorios, operas and ballets and served as grand organist of the Grand Lodge of England. Costa was initiated May 3, 1848 in the Bank of England Lodge No. 263, London, and served as its master in 1852–53.

William C. Costello Vice president and director of R.F.C. Mortgage Co. and director of Federal Nat. Mortgage Assn. b. April 6, 1894, Columbus, O. Mason.

Charles de Coster (1827–1879) Belgian author. His chief work was *La Legende de Thy/ Ulenspiegel et de Lamme Goedzak*, written in old Flemish in 1868. It was a romance of the 16th century which stressed Belgian patriotism. In his late years he taught general history and French literature at a military school. He was born in Munich and died in Brussels. Also author of *Legendes Flamandes* in 1858. According to Maurice Cock's *Dictionnaire Maconique*, published in Brussels, Coster was a Freemason.

S. Kent Costikyan (1867–1949) Merchant and importer. b. Jan. 23, 1867 in Marsovan, Asia Minor. Came to U.S. in 1884 and naturalized in 1891. Organized firm of Costikyan Feres, importers, at Rochester in 1886 and reorganized as Kent–Costikyan, Inc., New York City in 1900. He maintained a school for orphans and needy children at Marsovan, Asia Minor from 1900–1915. Decorated by Shah of Persia for promoting commercial relations between Persia and the U.S. in 1907. Mason. d. July 3, 1949.

Miguel Hidalgo y Costilla (1753–1811) Catholic priest

who led the first revolt against the Spaniards in Mexico and started the Mexican revolution that resulted in their freedom five years later. In an attempt to improve the condition of the natives, he proclaimed a revolt on Sept. 16, 1810 against the Spanish government. He seized Guanajuato and Guadalajara and was joined by Allende and Aidama. With an army of 80,000 he marched on Mexico City in October, 1810, winning the first battle, but was forced to fall back when defeated by Spanish forces under Felix Calleja on Nov. 6. He was overwhelmed by Calleja in January, 1811 near Guadalajara and was forced to flee north. He was betrayed to the Spaniards, and after being degraded from the priesthood, was executed at Chihuahua on July 30, 1811. He joined Arquitechtura Moral Lodge of Mexico City in 1806.

Norman D. Cota Major General, U.S. Army. b. May 30, 1893 at Chelsea, Mass. Graduated U.S. Military Academy in 1917 and advanced through grades to major general. In WW2 he commanded the 28th Infantry of the 1st Division. Now executive director of Philadelphia Civil Defense Council. Raised in Robert Lash Lodge of Chelsea, Mass. on Oct. 24, 1917.

Thomas P. Cothran (1857–1934) Associate Justice Supreme Court of S. Carolina, 1921–34. b. Oct. 24, 1857 at Abbeville, S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1878 and practiced at Abbeville. Member of S. Car. lower house, 1904–10 and 1914–21, being speaker of the house from 1918–21. Mason. d. April 11, 1934.

Capt. John Cotton Naval officer of the Revolutionary War. He was one of the early initiates of St. John's Mark Lodge of

Middletown, Conn. (1st in the U.S.). By resolution of congress, it was directed that two frigates of 36 and 28 guns be built in Connecticut. Gov. Trumbull and his council voted on Feb. 17, 1777 that one of these vessels "should be built at Chatham (across from Middletown) on the Connecticut River, under the supervision of Capt. John Cotton of Middletown." The records of the mark lodge contain this interesting item: "On a motion made by Bro. John Cotton that his Mark he purchased from this Wor. Mark Master Lodge, which was Inker and Pen, should be altered to the mark of Hope and Anchor, which last mark he purchased of Bro. John DeKoven, who is now absent, and never likely to return. Accordingly, was voted to be altered, and ordered to be recorded as such, and there to remain as such until honestly redeemed."

Norris Cotton U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1954–56. b. May 11, 1900 at Warren, N.H. Editor of the Granite Monthly, Concord, N.H. 1923–24; admitted to bar in 1928 and practiced in Concord and later Lebanon. Served in 80th–83rd congresses from 2nd N.H. dist. and elected to senate to fill unexpired term of Charles Tobey q.v. Director of Lebanon Woolen Mills, Inc. and Lebandale Mills, Inc. Grand master of Odd Fellows in 1943. Raised in Moosehillock Lodge No. 63, Warren, N.H. in 1924 and presently a member of Franklin Lodge No. 6, Lebanon, N.H. Also member of St. Andrews Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and Washington Council No. 10, R. & SM., both of Lebanon; 32° AASR (NJ) at Nashua and member of Bektash Shrine Temple, Concord, N.H.

Charles P. Couch Utilities and railroad executive. b. Aug.

16, 1890 at Magnolia, Ark. Began as a railroad fireman. From 1923–27 was vice president and general manager of Mississippi Power & Light Co. Was vice pres. of Louisiana & Arkansas Railroad in 1929–32 and president from 1932–41, becoming chairman of the board from 1941–44. From 1939–41 he was president of Kansas City Southern Railroad and chairman of the board from 1941–44. Mason and Shriner.

Harvey C. Couch (1877–1941) Utilities executive. b. Aug. 21, 1877 at Calhoun, Ark. Began as drug store clerk. Organized and operated North Louisiana Telephone Co. from 1904–12. In 1913 he organized and was president of the Arkansas Power & Light Co.; in 1925 organized and was president of Mississippi Power & Light Co. and in the same year organized and was president of the Louisiana Power & Light Co. He was president of the Louisiana & Arkansas Railway from 1928–32; chairman of the board of Kansas City Southern Railway and president from 1939. In 1933 he was selected by citizens as Arkansas' most outstanding citizen and presented with a plaque in recognition of services to nation and state in fields of industry. Mason. d. July 30, 1941.

Joseph B. Coghlan (1844–1908) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy and hero of Manila Bay. b. Dec. 9, 1844 at Frankfort, Ky. Graduated from Naval Academy in 1863. He was advanced six numbers in rank for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle of Manila Bay where he commanded the Raleigh under Dewey. He later commanded the Naval War College, North Atlantic Fleet and New York Navy Yard. Retired in 1906. He gained wide publicity by reciting the poem "Me

and Gott,” ridiculing the Kaiser. He was a member and past master of Solano Lodge No. 229, past high priest of Naval Chapter No. 35, and member of Naval Commandery, K.T. all of Vallejo, Calif.

James A. Coulter Vice president of Colgate–Palmolive 1933–45. b. May 27, 1882 at Oxford, Ohio. Graduate of Miami and Oxford Universities. He was a chemist and plant superintendent for Procter & Gamble from 1905–23, and in foreign service of Palmolive Co. from 1923–28. Now retired as vice president, he continues as director of Colgate–Palmolive, Co. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Antoine Court de Gebelin (1725–1784) French scholar and author. Son of Antoine Court, a French Protestant clergyman. He wrote *Le Monde Primitif* (1773–84) *Affaires de l’Angleterre et de l’Amerique* (1776) and others. He is named a Freemason by the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917.

Raphael Courteville English Organist at St. James Church, Westminster, in Picadilly, London and composer of the song named for this church. He was a member of a lodge meeting at The George, Charing Cross, circa 1723.

Wirt Courtney U.S. Congressman 76th to 80th Congresses (1939–49) from 7th Tennessee dist. b. Sept. 7, 1889 at Franklin, Tenn. Admitted to bar in 1911 and engaged in private practice. Served as lieutenant of Infantry in WW1 and was wounded. Became adjutant general of Tennessee in 1932; brigadier

general in Tennessee National Guard. Served as circuit judge from 1933–39. Raised in Hiram Lodge No. 7, Franklin, Tenn. in 1912. Also member of chapter, council and commandery in that city; Al Menah Shrine Temple in Nashville.

James R. N. Stopford, Earl of Courtown Succeeded his father in 1933 as the seventh Earl of Courtown, the earldom dating back to 1762 with a barony in the Peerage of Ireland and also a barony of Saltersford in the Peerage of England. He attended Eton and served in the South African War, 1900–01, for which he holds the Queens Medal. He was in active service throughout WW1, being mentioned in dispatches and created O.B.E. in 1919. During WW2 he was deputy assistant adjutant general at the British War Office. He was grand senior warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1938, and is ruler of both the Craft and Royal Arch provinces of Bedfordshire. Since 1935 has been supreme grand ruler of the Order of the Secret Monitor, and was appointed first grand constable in the Order of Knights Templar in 1940.

John P. Courtright President of Marion Steam Shovel Co. since 1952. b. Dec. 25, 1896 at Ashville, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State, 1918. Began as salesman for Marion Steam Shovel Co. in 1927. Member of Marion Lodge No. 70, Marion, Ohio and 32° AASR at Columbus, Ohio.

John Coustos A Freemason who was a victim of the Inquisition. Born in Berne, Switzerland, the son of a naturalized Englishman, he moved to England in 1716 and was initiated in Britannia Lodge No. 33, London. In 1740 he moved

to Lisbon, Portugal where he founded a lodge and served as its master. He was a dealer in precious stones. In 1738 Pope Clement XII q.v. issued his Bull condemning Freemasonry, and in 1743, Coustos was seized by the Inquisition, and after imprisonment and torture, condemned to the galley for refusing to divulge the secrets of the craft. Falling ill, he was sent to the infirmary, and was able to contact his brother-in-law, the Duke of Newcastle. Admiral Matthews was ordered to anchor his fleet in the Tagas for 24 hours, thus causing the release of Coustos, who was returned to England where he was welcomed by the fraternity and wrote his narrative entitled *The Sufferings of John Coustos for Freemasonry, and for Refusing to Turn Roman Catholic, in the Inquisition at Lisbon.*

William E. R. Covell Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 29, 1892 at Washington, D.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1915. Commissioned in Corps of Engineers in 1915. Retired from army in 1940 as lieutenant colonel, and became general manager and director of Crossett-Ark. Co. Was recalled to duty in 1941, made brigadier general in 1943, and major general later the same year, retiring from service again in 1946 to become civilian engineer. Director general of Damon, Dinerman & Cia, S.A., Buenos Aires since 1948. Mason.

Edgar Cowan (1815–1885) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1861–67. b. Sept 19, 1815 at Sewickley, Pa. Graduate of Franklin College, Ohio in 1839. Admitted to bar in 1842 and practiced at Greenburg, Pa. Was appointed as minister to

Austria in 1867, but the senate failed to confirm the appointment. Returned to private practice after his second senatorial term. Mason.

Roy T. Cowdrey Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 4, 1898 at Milwaukee, Wis. Graduated, cum laude from U.S. Naval Academy in 1920 and also M.S. cum laude from Mass. Inst. Tech., 1923. Commissioned ensign in 1919, advancing through grades to rear admiral in 1948. Raised March 31, 1932 in Darien Lodge, Balboa, C.Z. Honorary member of Lodge of United Services No. 1118, New York City. Received 32° AASR in Honolulu, Hawaii Dec. 9, 1948 and dimitted to Brooklyn, N.Y. on March 5, 1956. Member of Aloha Temple AAONMS of Honolulu and ambassador at large of same. Member of Court No. 30, Royal Order of Jesters, Past president of Sinclair Inlet Chapter No. 80 and N.Y. Chapter No. 13 of National Sojourners. Honorary member of Karem Shrine Temple and Masonic Square Club of the N.Y. Naval Shipyard.

Myron M. Cowen U.S. Ambassador. b. Jan. 25, 1898 at Logan, Iowa. Admitted to bar in 1919 and practiced at Des Moines, Ia. until 1933 when he moved to Washington, practicing there until 1948. He was ambassador to Australia in 1948–49, ambassador to Philippines, 1949–51; and ambassador to Belgium 1952–53. He addressed the Grand Lodge of the Philippines in 1951. Raised in Home Lodge No. 370, Des Moines, Iowa about 1920. 32° AASR (SJ).

Thomas J. Cowie (1857—1936) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 15, 1857 at Montezuma, Ia. He was appointed assistant

postmaster of the Navy in 1880 and promoted through various grades to postmaster general with rank of rear admiral in 1910. He was also chief of Bureau of Supplies and Accounts. Mason. d. July 16, 1936.

John H. Cowles (1863–1954) Sovereign Grand Commander of the Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite(SJ) from 1921 to 1953. b. Aug. 22, 1863 at Dripping Springs, Ky. He held honorary degrees from Cumberland and George Washington Universities and William Jewell College. He was in the whole-sale mercantile business at Louisville at one time and head of the John H. Cowles & Co., brass founders. He served as a captain in the 1st Kentucky Volunteer Infantry in the Spanish–American War in 1898. He was raised in Louisville Lodge No. 400, Louisville, Ky. on Oct. 16, 1888 and served as master four years. Organized Kentucky Army Lodge No. 1, U.D. and was first master during Spanish–American War. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1909, and was president of the Masonic Relief Association of the United States and Canada 1907–09. Cowles was a Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar 63 years and a Royal and Select Master for 60 years. He was a 33° Mason for 54 years. d. June 18, 1954 and is buried in the House of the Temple at Washington, D.C.

Hereford T. Cowling Photographer and explorer. b. Aug. 20, 1890 in Nansemond Co., Va. Was chief photographer for U.S. Reclamation Service in 1906–16 traveling extensively in U.S., Canada and Mexico. Headed cinematographic expedition to Formosa, Philippines, Indo–China, Siam, Tasmania,

and South Sea islands, producing semi-educational movies in 1917. Was chief cinematographer for Paramount (Burton Holmes Travel Films). He has also been technical advisor for Eastman Kodak, official photographer of Century of Progress in Chicago, technical director for U.S. National Archives, Washington, chief of photographic services, Dept. of Labor. In 1922 was on expedition to East Africa, Uganda, Congo and The Sudan. Made movies in Tibet and was China war correspondent in 1924. Member of Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Columbia Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Columbia Commandery No. 3, K.T. all of Washington, D.C. Kena Shrine Temple at Alexandria, Va. and National Sojourners at Dayton, Ohio.

Allyn Cox Mural painter. b. June 5, 1896 in New York City. Studied at National Academy of Design, Art Students' League, American Academy in Rome from 1911-20. Has been mural painter since 1921. In 1952 he was chosen by a congressional committee to finish the uncompleted frieze in the U.S. Capitol rotunda and he completed it in 1953. In 1954 he painted the 18 x 47 foot murals for the George Washington National Masonic Memorial, representing Washington laying the cornerstone of the U.S. Capitol and Washington celebrating St. John's Day in Philadelphia. In 1955 he painted the murals for the Royal Arch room of the Washington Memorial, and in 1957 the murals for the Cryptic room of the same memorial. Other works consist of ceilings of the W. A. Clark, Jr. Library of Los Angeles; panels of the law building of the Univ. of Virginia; Continental Bank and Cosmopolitan Club of New York City; S.S. America; Guaranty Trust Co., N.Y. He has served as president of the National Society of Mural Painters;

a fellow of the American Academy in Rome; an associate of the National Academy of Design; member of Fine Arts Federation of New York and trustee of the Abbey Fund. He served with the American Red Cross in Italy in 1918. He is a member of Holland Lodge No. 8 and Phoenix Chapter No. 2 of New York City and Trenton Council No. 37, R. & S.M. Trenton, Mo.

Channing H. Cox Governor of Massachusetts, 1921–24. b. Feb. 28, 1879 at Manchester, N.H. Member of lower house of Mass. from 1910–15 and speaker of same from 1915–18. Lieut. governor of state, 1919–20. Has been president of Mass. Committee on Public Safety since 1940. He is president of the Old Colony Trust Co., and a director of a dozen or more corporations including United Fruit, Revere Sugar, First National Bank of Boston, U.S. Smelting & Refining. His Masonic memberships in Boston include St. John's Lodge, St. Andrew's Chapter, R.A.M., St. Bernard Commandery, K.T., 33° AASR (NJ) , and Aleppo Shrine Temple.

Edward E. Cox (1880–1952) Congressman, 69th to 81st Congresses (1925–51) from 2nd Georgia dist. b. April 3, 1880 at Mitchell Co., Ga. Began law practice in Camilla, Ga. in 1902. Mason. d. Dec. 24, 1952.

James M. Cox (1870–1957) Served three terms as Governor of Ohio (1913–15, 1917–19, 1919–21) . b. March 31, 1870, he was raised on a farm, worked in a printer's office and became a newspaper reporter. His newspaper chain included the Dayton Daily News, Dayton Journal Herald, Springfield

Sun, Springfield News, Miami (Fla.) Daily News, Atlanta (Ga.) Journal and Atlanta Constitution. He also operated stations WHIO and WHIO-TV in Dayton, WSB and WSB-TV in Atlanta and WCKT and WCKR radio and TV stations in Miami, Fla. In 1920 he was the Democratic presidential nominee with F. D. Roosevelt q.v. as his running mate. He was, however, defeated by another Ohio newspaper publisher, Warren G. Harding q.v. He was a member of the 61–63rd congresses from 3rd Ohio dist. in 1909–13. He was a member of Jefferson Lodge No. 90, Middletown, Ohio, being raised June 1, 1891. d. July 15, 1957.

Palmer Cox (1840–?) Artist. b. April 28, 1840 in Granby, Quebec, Canada. From 1863–75 he made San Francisco his home. In 1875 he settled in New York where he followed his artistic pursuits. He distinguished himself chiefly by illustrating his own writings with characteristic drawings as shown in *The Brownie Stories*. He published *Squibs of California*, *Hans von Pelter's Trip to Gotham*, *How Columbus Found America* and *That Stanley*. He was past master of Mission Lodge No. 169, San Francisco, Calif.

Richard F. Cox Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 26, 1886 at Graceville, Minn. Graduated from Coast Artillery School in 1915 and was commissioned in 1910, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1940, retiring in 1944. Mason.

Richard G. Cox President of Gulf Park College, Gulfport, Miss. since 1919. b. Jan. 1, 1881 at Ebensburg, Pa. Taught in

several colleges and was at one time dean of Ward–Belmont in Nashville and president of Nashville College for Young Women. He was president of the American Association of Junior Colleges in 1931, and president of the Mississippi Association of Colleges in 1948. Mason and 32° AASR.

William R. Cox (1832–1919) Soldier, Congressman and cotton planter. b. March 11, 1832 in Halifax Co., N. Car. Brigadier general, C.S.A. in Civil War, he was wounded 11 times. He served in the 47th to 49th Congresses (1881–87) and was secretary of the U.S. senate from 1893–99. He was president of the Chatham Coal Field Railroad in 1866, and judge of the 6th district of N. Car. in 1877–80. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina for four years. He was a member of William G. Hill Lodge No. 218. d. Dec. 26, 1919.

Daniel Coxe (1673–1739) First provincial grand master in America. b. Aug. 31. 1673 in London, he was a member of Lodge No. 8 on the rollof the Grand Lodge of England. An American landed–proprietor, he was appointed first provincial grand master for New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania in 1730 by the Duke of Norfolk. The following year he attended a meeting of the Grand Lodge of England and his health was drunk as “a provincial grand master for North America.” There is unfortunately no record of any Masonic activity by Coxe in his province and it is unusual that his memoir in the Pennsylvania Gazette which was edited by Benjamin Franklin q.v. made no mention of his membership. d. April 25, 1739.

William B. Coxe (1869–1927) Shipbuilder. b. Feb. 25, 1869

at Reading, Pa., he served apprenticeship as marine engineer in Scotland and Bremerhaven, Germany. As assistant general superintendent of Wm. Cramp & Sons Shipbuilding Co., Philadelphia, he delivered the battleship *Retvizan* and cruiser *Variag* to Russia and the cruiser *Kasagi* to Japan. Was president of Harlan & Hollingsworth Corp., Wilmington for 13½ years and president of Reading Paper Mills Co. Served in U.S. Navy in Spanish–American War. Mason. d. July 4, 1927.

John G. Crabbe (1865–1924) College president. b. Nov. 29, 1865 at Mt. Sterling Ohio. Served as supt. of schools in Kentucky and as state supt. of public instruction for that state. President of Eastern Kentucky State Normal at Richmond, 1910–16, and president of Colorado State Teachers College, Greeley from 1916. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Jan. 20, 1924.

Samuel C. Crafts Former Governor and U.S. Senator from Vermont. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 14, St. Johnsbury, Vt. and also given as member of Meridian Sun Lodge No. 17 at Hardwick, Vt.

Aaron H. Cragin (1821–?) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1865–77. b. Feb. 3, 1821 at Weston, Vt. Admitted to New York bar in 1847, removing to Lebanon, N.H. where he took up practice. Elected to N.H. state legislature, 1855–65. Was one of the commissioners appointed for the sale of the Hot Springs of Arkansas. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 6, Lebanon, N.H.

Thomas S. Crago (1866–1925) U.S. Congressman to 62nd

(1911–13) and 64th to 67th Congresses (1915–23). Served in Spanish–American War in Pennsylvania Volunteers. Mason, 33° AASR (NJ). d. Sept. 12, 1925.

Burt J. Craig Vice President and Treasurer of Ford Motor Co. b. Aug. 7, 1885 at Detroit, Mich. Was accountant with Ford from 1907–08; secretary, 1918–43; vice president and treasurer, 1943–46; and secretary, treasurer and trustee of Ford Foundation from 1946. A director in several other corporations. Mason. Deceased.

Cornelius A. Craig Former president of National Life and Accident Ins. Co. of Nashville (1902–32). b June 15, 1868 at Pulaski, Tenn. Started as clerk and druggist and entered insurance business in 1896. Chairman of Board of National Life 1932–43, and chairman of executive committee from 1943. Son, Edwin W. Craig q.v. now president. Mason.

Edwin W. Craig President of National Life and Accident Ins. Co., Nashville since 1943. Son of Edwin W. Craig q.v. former president. b. March 8, 1893 at Pulaski, Tenn. With National Life since 1913. Mason and Shriner.

Frank Craig (1870–1926) President and founder of City National Bank, McAlester, Okla. b. April 29, 1870 at Ghent, Ky. Admitted to bar in 1891 and practiced first at Wichita, Kansas and later at McAlester until 1901, when he entered banking business. President of Oklahoma Bankers' Ass'n in 1904. Regent of Univ. of Oklahoma 1924–28. Initiated in Albert Pike Lodge No. 303, Wichita, Kans. Dec. 30, 1896. Received

33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 25, 1907, and made sovereign grand inspector general for Oklahoma. d. July 14, 1926.

Isaac Craig Revolutionary Naval officer who served as a captain under John Paul Jones. Member of Military Lodge No. 19 (now Montgomery No. 19 of Philadelphia, Pa.) and was master of the lodge.

James E. Craig Editor. b. Oct. 8, 1881 at Norborne, Mo. Served as a reporter successively in Kansas City and St. Louis, editorial writer for St. Louis Post–Dispatch and then city editor for St. Louis Globe–Democrat. After a stay as editor of Brownsville (Tex.) Herald in 1920, he went to New York where he became first, city editor of New York Evening Mail, editorial writer for New York Sun, and chief editorial writer for that paper from 1940 until 1951 when it closed publication. He then became managing editor of the Protestant World, a new weekly tabloid. He has written the correspondence report for the Grand Lodge of New York, and with H. L. Haywood was co–author of History of Freemasonry. Craig served as master of Mosaic Lodge No. 418, New York in 1927, and was a charter member of the American Lodge of Research (N.Y.).

Locke Craig (1860–1925) Governor of North Carolina, 1913–17. b. Aug. 16, 1860 in Bertie Co., N.C. Graduate of Univ. of N.C. and admitted to bar in 1883, practicing at Asheville. Member of N.C. lower house in 1899 and 1901. Raised in Mt. Hermon Lodge No. 118 at Asheville on July 2, 1891; suspended in 1895; reinstated in 1897; suspended in 1905

and 1909 but reinstated in a short time. At one time served as grand orator of Grand Lodge of North Carolina. d. June 9, 1925.

Malin Craig (1875–1945) Full General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 5, 1875 at St. Joseph, Mo. Commissioned an Infantry lieutenant in 1898, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1924, major general, 1924, and full general in 1935. Retired in 1939. He served as chief-of-staff of the U.S. Army from 1935–39. A member of Union Lodge No. 7, Junction City, Kans., he was made 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C. on May 25, 1936 and received his KCCH on Oct. 19, 1937, but demitted on Nov. 19, 1940. d. July 25, 1945.

William Craig (1807–1869) Plainsman, fur trader, Indian fighter and first homesteader of Idaho; was thought to have given the state its name. He was born in Greenbrier Co., Va. and was first settler in Idaho, being Nez Perce Indian agent in 1848, and interpreter at Walla Walla, Flathead and Blackfoot councils in 1855. He was a lieutenant colonel in the Washington Territory Volunteers and fought in the Indian Wars of 1861. He was first postmaster of Walla Walla in 1858. He married an Indian woman. Craig is thought to have been a member of Multnomah Lodge No. 1 of Oregon City, Oreg.

George Washington Craik Son of Dr. James Craik, q.v. who was personal physician of George Washington and present at Washington's death. Dr. Craik named his son for Washington and Washington educated him. He later served

as private secretary to Washington. Member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va.

Dr. James Craik (1731–1814) Close friend and personal physician of George Washington, and attended him in his last illness. He named his son George Washington Craik q.v. b. in Scotland, he was educated to be a surgeon in the British army, but came to Virginia early in life and accompanied Washington in the expedition against the French and Indians in 1754, attending Braddock in 1755 after his defeat and dressing his wounds. In the Revolution he rose to surgeon general of the Continental Army and was first U.S. surgeon general. He was active in disclosing the conspiracy of 1777 to remove Washington as commander-in-chief, and in 1781, as director-general of the hospital at Yorktown, was present at the surrender of Cornwallis. After the war he removed to the neighborhood of Mount Vernon at Washington's request, and was one of the three physicians who attended him in his last illness. He was also present at the death of Martha Washington. A member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22 at Alexandria, he was initiated when it was No. 39 under Pennsylvania charter. d. Feb. 6, 1814. Washington referred to him as "My compatriot in arms, my old and intimate friend."

Kenneth F. Cramer (1894–1954) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 3, 1894 at Gloversville, N.Y. Graduate of Princeton Univ. in 1916 and 1917. He first taught school and later went into wholesale coal business, being president of the K. F. Cramer Coal Co., Inc. from 1927–52. Entered WW1 as a lieutenant in reserve corps and was discharged in 1919. Continuing

his reserve status, he was inducted into army in 1941 and promoted to brigadier general in 1942 and major general commanding 43rd Infantry Division in 1946. He was again recalled to active duty in 1950 to command that division, and was commanding general of the Southern Area Command from 1952 until his death. Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner and National Sojourner. d. Feb. 20, 1954.

William C. Cramer U.S. Congressman 84th Congress from 1st Florida dist. b. Aug. 4. 1922. Graduate of Univ. of North Carolina and Harvard. Admitted to Florida and Massachusetts bars in 1948 and practiced at St. Petersburg. Member of Florida lower house 1950–52 and minority leader in 1951. Served as naval lieutenant in WW2. Charter member of Sunshine Lodge No. 288, St. Petersburg, Fla. and Sunshine Commandery No. 20, K.T. of the same city; 32° AASR (SJ) at Tampa; Selama Grotto, National Sojourners, DeMolay, Eastern Star, Amaranth.

Louis C. Cramton U.S. Congressman, 63rd to 71st Congresses (1913–31) from 7th Michigan dist. b. Dec. 2, 1875 in Lapeer Co., Mich. Practiced law and published newspaper in Lapeer from 1899–1923. Served as clerk of state senate for three sessions and one term as state representative in 1909. Decorated by Serbia and Greece. Mason.

Earl of Cranbrook Fourth earl on the earldom that dates back to 1892, succeeding in 1915 on the death of his father. He was only 15 at that time and was a student at Eton. He served as junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1939.

Charles H. Crandon Wholesale druggist. b. Nov. 9, 1886 at Acushnet, Mass. Organizer and president of The Crandon-Hunter Co., 1916-25 and president of Crandon Wholesale Drug Co. 1935-43. Vice president and director of 1st National Bank of Miami; president and director of The Cranter Corp.; president of Fairchild Tropical Garden. Active in Dade Co. (Fla.) civic improvement associations, and had a six million dollar park on Biscayne Key named in his honor. Mason and Knight Templar.

Arthur G. Crane Governor of Wyoming, 1949-51, and president of Univ. of Wyoming, 1922-41. b. Sept. 1, 1877 at Davenport Center, N.Y. Was supt. of schools in Minto, N. Dak.; principal of High School in Lewistown, Mont.; supt. of schools, Jamestown, N. Dak. and president of State Normal School, Minot, N. Dak., having built and organized the latter in 1912. He was later principal of the State Normal School at Edinboro, Pa. Mason.

Frank Crane (1861-1928) Journalist and minister. b. May 12, 1861 at Urbana, Ill. Ordained a Methodist minister in 1882 and served as pastor at Trinity and Hyde Park churches in Chicago 1896-1903 and then at Union Congregational Church in Worcester, Mass. He entered journalism in 1909 and was editorial writer for syndicate of 100 newspapers and edited Current Opinion. He is best known for his short common sense essays published in ten volumes (1920). Other writings were The Religion of Tomorrow, Vision, The Song of the Infinite, Human Confessions, God and Democracy, Lame and Lovely, Foot Notes to Life, War and World Government, Just

Human, Adventures in Common Sense, The Crane Classics (10 volumes) and others. He was a member of Home Lodge No. 508, Chicago, and served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Illinois. d. Nov. 6, 1928.

John Crane Member of the Boston Tea Party, served as a general in the Revolution and was made a Mason in American Union Lodge (Military) while encamped at West Point in 1781.

Robert C. Crane Editor and publisher of Elizabeth (N.J.) Daily Journal since 1948. b. Sept. 25, 1920 at Pittsburgh, Pa., he graduated from Dartmouth in 1941. Became associated with the Daily Journal in 1946. He is also director, president and treasurer of station WPOE. Served overseas with Quartermaster Corps in WW2, advancing from private to captain. Mason and Shriner.

R. Newton Crane (1848–1927) Diplomat, journalist and lawyer. b. April 1, 1848 at Long Branch, N.J. Graduate of Wesleyan Univ. (Conn.), he started on the editorial staff of Newark Daily Advertiser, in 1867, and in 1869 founded with R. W. Gilder the Newark Morning Register. In 1873 he became managing editor of the St. Louis Globe–Democrat. From 1874–80 he was U.S. consul at Manchester, England. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1880 and called to English bar in 1894. He was representative of the U.S. in the South African deportation claims commission in 1901; chancellor of the Episcopal Diocese of Missouri in 1894; grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1908 and grand herald of the Great Priory of K.T. of England in 1907. d. May 6, 1927.

David M. Crawford Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 10, 1889 at Flanders, N.J. Graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1912 and rose to brigadier general in 1942. Was instructor in chemistry at West Point from 1916–21 and again from 1927–28. With the Signal Corps of army, serving as signal officer in Panama Canal Zone, II Corps Area, VII Corps, and communications chief coordinator of U.S. Joint Army–Navy Communications Board and Inter–Allied Combined Communications Board, 1942–46, retiring in 1946. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. but was raised in summer of 1924 by Washington Lodge No. 9, Freehold, N.J. Member of Albert Pike Consistory AASR (SJ), Washington, D.C. and Almas Shrine Temple of Washington.

Earl of Crawford (John Lindsay, 20th Earl) Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1734. He was raised in the Lodge of Edinburgh in 1733, and five months afterwards was introduced to the English fraternity by the Earl of Strathmore, a captain in Barrel's Foot. Crawford succeeded Strathmore as grand master in 1734. He served as a colonel in the 3rd Regiment of Foot Guards and later in the 42nd Foot. Served with the Germans against France and with the Russians against the Turks. Afterwards he greatly distinguished himself at the battles of Dettigen and Fontenoy. He later commanded the 2nd Troop of Horse Grenadier Guards (1740) and was colonel of the Royal Regiment of North British Dragoons.

Harry J. Crawford (1867–1953) Oil executive and banker. b. Jan. 19, 1867 at Emlenton, Pa., he began as foreman for South

Penn. Oil Co. in 1888. Became president of 1st National Bank of Emlenton and Oil City National Bank. He was chairman of the board of nine corporations, including Quaker State Oil Refining Corp. and director of five others. Mason and 33° AASR (NJ). He presented a high school building to Emlenton, an administration building to Grove City College, and a home for the blind in Venango Co., Pa. d. in Nov., 1953.

John Crawford (1746–1813) An M.D. who held a chair in the Medical College in Baltimore, Md. and was the first physician to introduce vaccination in Baltimore. b. May 13, 1746 in Ireland. He was the founder of the Baltimore General Dispensary, Bible Association of Baltimore and Maryland Society of Useful Knowledge. He was the first grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Maryland. A member of Amicable Lodge No. 25, Baltimore, he served as master in 1799. From 1801–13 he served as both grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland and grand commander of Knights Templar in the state. d. May 9, 1813.

Nelson A. Crawford Editor and author. b. May 4, 1888 at Miller, S. Dak. Graduate of Iowa and Kansas Universities. Engaged in newspaper work in 1906, and then taught English and journalism in a number of colleges and universities. Managing editor of Kansas Industrialist 1914–26; editor Kansas Churchman, 1916–18; was director of information for U.S. Department of Agriculture from 1925–28. Has been editor in chief of Household magazine since 1928. As an author he has written a number of novels, fiction, poems and textbooks, and has edited a dozen other volumes. He has contributed

to Encyclopedia Britannica, Columbia Encyclopedia, Reader's Digest, Coronet, American and others. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 16, Manhattan, Kansas. Demitted from chapter, council, commandery and consistory.

Samuel J. Crawford (1835–1913) Governor of Kansas, 1865–69. b. April 15, 1835 in Lawrence Co., Ind. Admitted to bar in Indiana in 1856 and removed to Garnett, Kansas in 1859. Served as captain in 2nd Kansas Cavalry in 1861 and made colonel of 83rd U.S.C.T. in 1863, resigning in 1864. Was breveted brigadier general of volunteers in 1865 for “meritorious services.” Farmed in Kansas from 1869. Member of Orient Lodge No. 51, Topeka, Kansas. d. Oct. 21, 1913.

William J. C. Crawley (1884–1916) Irish Masonic historian best known for his work *Caementaria Hibernica*. He was a member of Scientific Lodge No. 250, Dublin, being raised in 1872. The lodge later merged with Trinity College No. 357. He served as master in 1876 and was secretary for seven years. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Instruction (Ireland) and was grand treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Ireland from 1904 until his death.

William M. Creasy Major General, U.S. Army. b. April 26, 1905 at Wilmington, N.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1926. Advanced through grades to major general in 1950. Was chief of strategic planning staff of China–Burma–India Theater, 1944–45 and department commander of Service of Supply in China Theater, 1945. Chief chemical officer, Department of Army since 1954. Raised in St. John's Lodge,

No. 1, Wilmington, N.C. June 27, 1939. 32° AASR (SJ) in Army Consistory No. 1, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas. Member of Sahara Shrine Temple, Pine Bluff, Ark., National Sojourners and Court No. 38, Royal Order of Jesters.

Cecil W. Creel Agriculture expert. b. Oct. 22, 1889 at Angola, Ind. Began career at Agricultural Experiment Station, Purdue Univ. in 1911, and in 1912 went with the Indian Service, Dept. of Interior. In charge of campaign to stimulate food production in N.W. during WW1. Dean of Agriculture, Univ. of Nevada 1945–49. Went with the Foreign Service dept. of Dept. of Agriculture in 1953, being sent to Israel. In 1954 became consultant to Foreign Operations Administration. Republican nominee for U.S. senate from Nevada in 1942. President of Association of Land Grant Colleges in 1938. Raised Feb. 22, 1912 in Reno Lodge No. 13, Reno, Nev. Member of Reno Chapter No. 7, R.A.M.; Reno Council No. 4, R. & S.M., DeWitt Clinton Commandery No. 1, K.T.; 32° AASR (SJ) and Kerak Shrine Temple, all of Reno. Past master of his council and past grand master of Grand Council R. & S.M. of Nevada. Past potentate of Kerak Shrine Temple; past director of Reno Court No. 33, Royal Order of Jesters, and past sovereign, Joan of Ark Conclave No. 38, Red Cross of Constantine.

Joseph P. Creesey Commander of world-renowned clipper “Flying Cloud.” Member of Philanthropic Lodge at Marblehead, Mass.

Andrew E. Creesy Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Nov. 7, 1893 at Beverly, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy

in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Commanding general Office Q.M.C., Marine Corps Headquarters, Washington. Mason.

Adolphe Cremieux (1796–1880) French lawyer and politician. His real name was Isaac Moise. Was a member of the Chamber of Deputies 1842–48; 1849–51; 1869–70; 1871–75. He was minister of justice in 1848; 1870–71 and in 1875 was appointed senator for life. Member of Lodge Alsace Lorraine.

John Crerar (1827–1889) American businessman and philanthropist. b. in New York City, he endowed John Crerar Library in Chicago. He was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City (1857).

Joaquin Crespo (1845–1898) Venezuelan General and twice President of Venezuela. b. in San Francisco, Cuba, he was a supporter of Guzman Blanco and served as figure-head president under Blanco's dominance from 1884–86. He led the revolution deposing President Andueza Palacio in 1892 and set up a dictatorship in 1892–94. Served again as president from 1894–98, this time being elected. He was killed in the unsuccessful defense of his successor, Ignacio Andrade q.v. Crespo was the 20th sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council 33° AASR for Venezuela from 1894–98.

Herbert A. Cresswell Vice President of Canadian Steamship Lines, Ltd. since 1948. b. May 6, 1901 in

Nottingham, England. Became associated with the steamship line in 1916, and has been a director since 1951. Also director of several allied corporations. Mason.

Leslie F. Crews Managment Consultant and Vice President of Montgomery Ward & Co. 1945–47. b. Nov. 19, 1896 at New Canton, Ill. Graduate of LaSalle Univ. in 1922. Began as a buyer for Marshall Field & Co. and later entered C.P.A. firm, going to Montgomery Ward in 1928. Has been management consultant since 1949. Member of New Canton Lodge No. 821, New Canton, Illinois, AASR at Minneapolis and Zuhrah Shrine Temple.

Douglas Henry Crick Bishop, Church of England. Studied at Winchester College and later New College, Oxford, England. After his ordination, he served as chaplain to the Mersey Mission for Seamen for four years, followed by another four year period at the Maltby Main Colliery Village until 1916 when he became assistant master at Winchester College, leaving in 1918 as housemaster at Bradfield College. Known as England's tallest bishop (6 ft. 4 in.). He succeeded the present Archbishop of Canterbury, Geoffrey Fisher q.v., as Bishop of Chester in 1939. He followed Fisher as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England, holding the position for two years.

Lloyd K. Crippen Vice president of Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co. since 1937. b. Jan. 4, 1895 at Jackson, Mich. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan in 1921. Joined Acacia Mutual in 1921. Raised March 3, 1923 in Osiris Lodge No. 26, Washington, D.C.

Donald Crisp Movie Actor. Member of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 548, Los Angeles, Calif.

Francisco Crispi (1819–1901) Italian statesman and Premier of Italy in 1887–91 and 1893–96. b. at Ribera, Sicily. He aided Garibaldi q.v. in expedition to Sicily in 1860 and was first representative from Palermo to the Italian parliament in 1861. He was the leader of the radical Left and president of the Chamber of Deputies in 1876. In 1877–78 he was minister of interior. He advocated the Triple Alliance of Germany, Italy and Austria and sought Italian protectorate over Abyssinia. He was deposed after Italian defeat at Aduwa in 1896. According to Bulletin of International Masonic Congress, 1917, he was a Freemason.

Daniel H. Crissinger (1860–1942) Governor of Federal Reserve Board, 1923–27. b. Dec. 10, 1860 in Marion Co., Ohio and began practice of law in Marion in 1886. Owner of several farms, he had supervision of National City Bank & Trust of Marion, becoming president in 1920. From 1921–23 he was U.S. comptroller of currency. After resigning as governor of the Federal Reserve, he was chairman of the executive committee of the F. H. Smith Co., Washington from 1927 until his death. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. d. July 12, 1942.

William E. Crist Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 10, 1898 at Harrisburg, Pa. Graduated U.S. Military Academy in 1920 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1951. He served on the War Dept. General Staff in Military Intelligence from 1939–43 and then became assistant division

commander of the 91st Infantry division. He served on the U.S. Military Mission to Moscow in 1944 and with the military government of Okinawa in 1945. Later with First Army staff in Nanking, China and Tokyo, Japan. Has been assistant chief of staff of the Allied Land Forces (G-2), Central Europe since 1954. Mason and National Sojourner.

Arthur S. Crites (1879–1957) Banker. b. Feb. 4, 1879 on Bear Mountain, Kern Co., Calif. A self-made man of considerable wealth, during his youth he rode the ranges as a cowboy, pulled the jerk line over an eight-horse plow, freighted on the Mojave Desert, worked in the hayfields on a hay baler and cut and hauled wood until 1898 when he rode 30 miles out of the mountains to volunteer for the war with Spain. Following the war he worked as a messenger for the Kern Valley Bank. He advanced in the California banking world to become president of several banks, which by merger, later became part of the Bank of America system. He served the Bank of America as executive vice president until 1932 when he retired to look after his extensive business and oil interests. Active in Republican politics, he was a delegate to several national conventions and took an active part in the work of the Republican central committee. He was a close personal friend of Chief Justice Earl Warren q.v. and Senator William Knowland q.v. In 1956 he attended the White House Conference on Education, serving as chairman of one of the panels. Crites was grand master of the grand lodge of California in 1923, grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of California in 1932. He served the grand lodge on the finance committee for 27 years and was treasurer

of his blue lodge for 45 years. He died April 28, 1957, only a few days before he was scheduled to preside over the Red Cross of Constantine meeting as its national grand sovereign.

John J. Crittenden (1787–1863) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, Governor of Kentucky and Attorney General of the United States. b. Sept. 10, 1787 in Woodford Co., Ky. He served four terms as U.S. senator—1817–19; 1835–41; 1842–48; 1855–61. He was U.S. attorney general in 1841 and again from 1850–53. He served as governor of Kentucky from 1848–50. In 1860 he introduced the “Crittenden Compromise” in the U.S. senate as a measure of conciliation between the North and South, but it was defeated in committee. He was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. and later of Russellville Lodge No. 17, Russellville. His nephew, Thomas T. Crittenden q.v. became governor of Missouri. d. July 26, 1863.

Robert Crittenden First Secretary of Arkansas Territory. When congress defined the Arkansas Territory in 1819, Robert Crittenden, a Kentucky Mason and charter secretary of Arkansas Post Lodge No. 59, was selected as territorial secretary. He was also a member of Webb Royal Arch Chapter No. 6, Versailles, Ky.

Thomas L. Crittenden Union General of Civil War. Mason. Visited Ward Lodge, an army lodge, during the war.

Thomas T. Crittenden (1832–1909) Governor of Missouri, 1881–85. b. Nov. 21, 1832 at Shelby Co., Ky. Served as lieutenant colonel in 7th Missouri Cay. from 1862 until close of

Civil War, practicing law after the war. He filled an unexpired term as attorney general of Missouri, and was a member of congress in 1877–81 from the 7th Missouri dist. He was U.S. consul at Mexico City, Mexico, 1893–97. Belonged to Masonic bodies in Kentucky.

Marcellus M. Crocker (1830–1865) Union Brigadier General of Civil War. b. Feb. 6, 1830 in Franklin, Ind. He entered the U.S. Military Academy in 1847, but left at the end of his second year, studied law and practiced in Des Moines, Iowa. He entered the service as a major of the 2nd Iowa Infantry in 1861. He fought at Shiloh, Vicksburg and was with Sherman in his Georgia campaign, commanding a division part of the time. He was suffering from consumption during the whole of his military duty. d. Aug. 26, 1865 in Washington, D.C. Member of Pioneer Lodge No. 22, Des Moines, Iowa.

David Crockett (1786–1836) American frontiersman. b. Aug. 17, 1786 in Limestone, Tenn. His father was a veteran of the American Revolution and was of Irish birth. Unable to read or write, he was nevertheless a shrewd man. His ability to tell humorous stories and shoot a rifle enabled him to be elected to the U.S. congress from Tennessee for two terms, 1827–31 and 1833–35. He served under Jackson in the Creek War in 1813–14, but later opposed Jackson q.v. politically. Jackson had a strong following in western Tennessee, and Crockett eventually fell from popular favor and joined the Texans in their struggle for Independence. His life ended at the Alamo, where as one of the six survivors of a band of 140 Texans, he surrendered to Santa Anna q.v., only to be shot by order

of that Mexican general on March 6, 1836. Crockett is often referred to as a Mason, but no proof of his membership has been found. In 1897 it was claimed that a Mr. E. M. Taylor of Paducah; Ky. was in possession of his Masonic apron. On April 21, 1936 the Grand Lodge of Texas dedicated a Masonic memorial on the San Jacinto (Tex.) battlefield. The plaque on the monument carried a list of 48 names, including that of Crockett, stating "A tribute to the fidelity of pioneer Masons under whose outstanding leadership was laid the cornerstone of the Republic of Texas."

Edward Croft (1875–1938) Major General, U.S. Army and Chief of Infantry, U.S.A. 1933–38. b. July 11, 1875 at Greenville, S.C. Commissioned in 1898, advancing through grades to major general in 1933. Mason. d. Jan. 28, 1938.

Frederick S. Crofts (1883–1951) Book publisher. b. Jan. 10, 1883 at Hudson, N.Y. Managed the educational department of Harper & Brothers from 1919–24, and founded the F. S. Crofts & Co. in Oct. of the latter year, being president and director. He was also vice president and director of Appleton–Century Crofts, Inc., and a director of Cornell Univ. Press and Comstock Publishing Co. Mason. d. Sept. 16, 1951.

William M. Croll (1866–1929) U.S. Congressman to 68th Congress (1923–25) from 14th Pennsylvania dist b. April 9, 1866 in Upper Macungie, Pa. Engaged in general merchandise and clothing business. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ). d. Oct. 22, 1929.

George, Earl of Cromarty Scottish nobleman who

succeeded William St. Clair as the 2nd Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1737. He afterwards engaged in the rebellion of 1745, and, with 400 of his clan, took part in the Battle of Falkirk. He and his son, Lord Macleod, were taken prisoners. Both pleaded guilty, but were pardoned.

Harry F. C. Crookshank British politician. b. May 27, 1893. Attended Eton as King's Scholar and later Magdalen College, Oxford. He served throughout WW1, first with the Hampshire regiment and from 1915 with the Grenadier Guards. Was twice wounded. He entered the diplomatic service after the war and was third secretary in the foreign office and in 1921 was 2nd secretary at Constantinople. In 1924 he was stationed at the British Embassy in Washington, D.C. His mother was of American birth. He has served as a member of Parliament from Lincolnshire for over 30 years, and at one time was leader of the House of Commons and Lord Privy Seal. In 1934 he was appointed Parliamentary Undersecretary to the Home Office and became successively Secretary for Mines, Financial Secretary to the Treasury and Postmaster General. He served the Grand Lodge of England as senior grand deacon in 1935 and junior grand warden in 1947. In the Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons of England he was past grand sojourner in 1935, and grand superintendent for Lincolnshire in 1946, He served the Mark Grand Lodge of England as grand senior warden in 1943. A Knight Templar, he was first grand constable in 1941. He is a member of the supreme council 33° AASR.

Marshall F. Cropley (1882–1957) Vice President of Matson Navigation Co. from 1947. b. May 26, 1882 in San Jose, Calif.

Worked as a stenographer for Rock Island Railroad, cashier of Alaska Pacific Steamship Co., general agent for Pacific Steamship Co. and later became manager. Went with Matson as assistant freight traffic manager in 1925. Mason and Shriner. d. Aug. 28, 1957.

Harley N. Crosby (1873–1955) Presiding Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1940–43. Retired. b. June 25, 1873 at Parish, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell and Syracuse universities. Justice of supreme court from 1922–28 and associate justice appellate division, 1929–39. Member of Republican Lodge No. 325, Parish, N.Y.

William G. Crosby (1806–1881) Governor of Maine for two terms beginning in 1853. Graduate of Bowdoin and practiced law in Belfast. He was prominent in promoting the public school system of Maine. Member of Timothy Chase Lodge No. 126, Belfast and master of his lodge twice.

Bert S. Cross Vice president of Minnesota Mining and Mfg. Co. since 1948. b. Oct. 16, 1905 in Superior, Wis. Began as office boy for General Mills in Minneapolis, going with Minn. Mining and Mfg. Co. in 1926 where he was successively manager of the abrasive division, new products manager, and general manager of scotchlite division. He holds several patents in the field of abrasives, paper, printing, coating and scotchlite reflectors. Member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, St. Paul, Minn.; Minnesota Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Damascus Commandery No. 1, K.T. and Osman Shrine Temple, all of St. Paul, Minn.

Burton M. Cross Governor of Maine in 1953. b. Nov. 15, 1902 in Augusta, Maine. He began as a florist in Augusta and now president of Cross Flowers, Inc. in Farmingdale. Member of the Maine lower house in 1940–43 and state senate from 1944–52, serving as majority floor leader in 1946–49 and president of the senate 1948–52. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Edward E. Cross (1832–1863) Journalist and soldier. b. April 22, 1832 in Lancaster, N.H. He began as a journeyman printer, going to Cincinnati in 1852 and becoming editor of the Cincinnati Times in 1854. He was employed as an agent of the St. Louis and Arizona Mining Co. and subsequently became a large stockholder. In 1860 he held a lieutenant colonel's commission in the Mexican army, and when the news of the attack on Fort Sumter reached him, he resigned and hastened to Concord, N.H. where he recruited a regiment and was made its colonel. The regiment distinguished itself in many battles and was known as the "Fighting Fifth." He was mortally wounded at the battle of Gettysburg, and died July 2, 1863. A member of North Star Lodge No. 8, Lancaster, N.H.

Jeremy L. Cross (1783–1861) Masonic ritualist and organizer. b. in Haverhill, N.H. on June 27, 1783, he was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H. in 1808 and affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. in 1818. He received the Mark Master degree in Aurora Mark Master Lodge No. 7, Bradford, Vt. and the Royal Arch degree in Champlain Chapter No. 2, St. Albans, Vt., in July, 1815. Admitted to Harmony Council No. 8, New Haven, Conn. on

Oct 16, 1818, serving as master in 1822 and 1827. He was knighted in St. John's Commandery, K.T. No. 1, Providence, R.I. in 1819. Received 33° AASR. He organized a number of councils of royal and select masters throughout the country. His education was poor, but his memorizing of the work enabled him to teach in all the recognized divisions of Masonry. His True Masonic Chart or Hieroglyphic Monitor, which went through at least two dozen editions, is his greatest contribution. He worked with another famous ritualist, Thomas Smith Webb q.v. for a time.

Sir Ronald Cross Governor of Tasmania. Initiated in Fidelity Lodge No. 63, Tasmania, in 1953 while serving as governor.

Wilbur L. Cross (1862–1948) Four times Governor of Connecticut, 1931–39. b. April 10, 1862 at Mansfield, Conn. A.B. and Ph.D. degrees from Yale, and honorary degrees from 12 universities and colleges. Was a professor of English, author and editor. Dean of Yale graduate school from 1916–30. Wrote eight books on biography and edited a score of classics. Raised in Trumbull Lodge No. 22, New Haven, Conn. on April 21, 1932. d. Oct 5, 1948.

Horace Crotty (1886–1951) Bishop of Church of England. b. Oct. 8, 1886 at Bleasby, near Nottingham. Educated in Australia, graduating from Melbourne Univ. with honors. He entered the holy orders in 1909, being appointed vicar of Ivanhoe, Melbourne and later rector of St. Thomas in North Sydney. Served in WW1 in France with the Australian expeditionary forces and on his return was appointed dean of

Newcastle (N.S.W.). He was consecrated bishop of Bathhurst (N.S.W.) in 1928 and served until his resignation in 1936. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New South Wales and provincial grand chaplain in England. d. Jan. 16, 1951.

William E. Crow (1870–1922) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1921–23. b. March 10, 1870 at Fayette Co., Pa. Admitted to bar in 1895. Member of state senate three terms. Member of Fayette Lodge No. 228, Uniontown, Pa. d. Aug. 2, 1922.

Benjamin W. Crowninshield (1772–1851) Secretary of the Navy under Madison and Monroe. b. Dec. 27, 1772 in Boston, Mass. He engaged in business in Salem, Mass. and during the War of 1812, commanded several ships. He was state senator in 1811 and appointed secretary of Navy in 1814 by Madison, resigning in 1818. He returned to the state senate in 1822–23 and was elected to U.S. congress from 1823–31. Member of Essex Lodge, Salem, Mass. d. Feb. 3, 1851.

Frank Crowther (1870–1955) Congressman to 66th to 77th Congresses (1919–43) from 30th New York dist. b. July 10, 1870 at Liverpool, England. Graduate of Harvard Dental School in 1898. Mason. d. July 20, 1955.

John T. Croxton (1837–1874) Union Major General in Civil War and U.S. Minister to Bolivia. b. Nov. 20, 1837 in Bourbon Co., Ky. He graduated from Yale in 1857 and was admitted to bar in 1858, practicing in Paris, Ky. from 1859. In 1861 he

began raising Union troops and was made an officer, rising to major general. He participated in the battles of Sherman's army, and at the close of the war was put in command of the military district of southwest Georgia. He resigned from the army in 1865 and returned to Kentucky where he resumed the practice of law. He was named minister to Bolivia in 1873 and accepted the office in the expectation that it would be beneficial to his health, but it was too late and died in La Paz, Bolivia April 16, 1874. He was given Masonic burial.

Lee Cruce (1863–1933) Governor of Oklahoma, 1911–15. b. July 8, 1863 in Crittenden Co., Ky. Began law practice in Ardmore, Indian Territory in 1891, and went with the Ardmore National Bank in 1901, becoming president of it in 1903. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Jan. 16, 1933.

Robert T. Crucefix (1797–1850) The doctor was both an M.D. and LL.D. and founded what is now the Royal Masonic Benevolent Institution in England. He started The Freemasons' Quarterly Review in 1843 to promote the cause of the home for aged and decrepit Freemasons, and on his motion in 1837, the Grand Lodge of England recommended the home. However the Duke of Sussex was opposed to the idea, favoring an annuity fund. Dr. Crucefix used some intemperate words at a meeting and in 1839 was suspended for six months. He then wrote a strong letter to the grand master and was ordered to appear at a special meeting of the grand lodge and apologize or be expelled—he apologized. d. Feb. 25, 1850.

Charles Craft (?–1883) Union Major General in Civil War. He was commissioned an officer of volunteers from Indiana in 1862, and became major general in 1865. He served with distinction in the battles fought near Richmond, Ky. on Aug. 29–30, 1862, commanding a brigade. His Masonic memberships were in Terre Haute, hid. Lodge No. 19; Chapter, R.A.M. No. 11; Council R. & S.M. No. 8; and Commandery No. 16, K.T. of which he was past commander. He also was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Indiana in 1873. d. March 23, 1883.

Thomas Cruse (1857–1943) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 29, 1857 at Owensboro, Ky. He graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1879. Commissioned in that year, he advanced through the grades to brigadier general in 1917. He was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for “distinguished gallantry in action with hostile Indians” in 1882. Mason. d. June 8, 1943.

Walter B. Cruttenden (1873–1949) Insurance executive. b. Jan. 27, 1873 at Madison, Conn. Graduate of Yale and engaged in practice of law from 1896–1900. Vice president and director of Fire & Marine Ins. Co. from 1924; same for Sentinel Fire Ins. Co. from 1926; New England Fire Ins. Co. from 1927; Michigan Fire & Marine Ins. Co. since 1927; N.E. Casualty Ins. Co. from 1939. Mason, 32° AASR. d. Sept. 5, 1949.

Samuel H. Cuff Writer and news analyst. b. Oct. 17, 1901 in American colony at Jerusalem. He was taken as a hostage by the Turks in the evacuation of Jerusalem in 1917, and acted

as hostage-interpreter for them. In 1927 he organized the Travel Institute of Bible Research in New York, London and Jerusalem. From 1932–35 he assisted the Greek government in cooperation with Princeton Univ. and Brooklyn Museum in reviving interest in classic monuments and study. He has served as a public relations consultant for various Balkan and European countries. In 1939 he visited Panama at the invitation of the governor to write a historic guide of that country (*This Is Panama*). He has been a news analyst for National Broadcasting Co. since 1951. Mason.

Charles A. Culberson (1855–1925) U.S. Senator and Governor of Texas. b. June 10, 1855 at Dadeville, Ala. He settled in Texas in 1856 and practiced law at Dallas from 1887. Served two terms as governor of Texas, 1894–98 and four terms as U.S. senator from Texas, 1899–1923. Member of Jefferson Lodge No. 36, Jefferson, Texas and Ben Hur Shrine Temple of Austin. d. March 19, 1925.

Frank P. Culver, Jr. Justice, Supreme Court of Texas since 1953. b. Sept. 25, 1889 at Birmingham, Ala. Graduate of Vanderbilt and Texas universities. Began practice of law at Ft. Worth in 1914. From 1928 he served as district judge, associate justice of court of civil appeals. Served in both WW1 and WW2. Raised in Julian Field Lodge No. 908, Fort Worth, Texas in 1914, serving as master in 1922 and district deputy grand master in 1936. Member of Texas Chapter, R.A.M. and Worth Commandery, K.T. as well as Moslah Shrine Temple, all of Fort Worth.

Ernest Augustus, Duke of Cumberland (1771–1851)

First King of Hanover serving from 1837–51. He was a son of King George III of England. Was created Duke of Cumberland in 1799, the title previously being held by his uncle Henry Frederick q.v. who was grand master of England. He became King of Hanover on the separation of the English and Hanoverian crowns in 1837 upon the accession of Victoria as queen of England. He was succeeded on the throne by his son George V q.v., who ruled until 1866 when Hanover was annexed to Prussia. He was initiated at a special meeting held in the house of the Earl of Moira q.v., the acting grand master, on May 11, 1796. He was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Hanover on Nov. 1, 1828.

Henry Frederick H.R.H., Duke of Cumberland (1745–

1790) Brother of King George III of England. He was initiated in Royal Lodge No. 313 (later Royal Alpha No. 16) on Feb. 10, 1767. He was the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of England of royal blood, serving from 1782–90. At that time (April, 1782) the grand lodge resolved “that whenever a prince of the blood did the society the honour to accept the office of grand master, he should be at liberty to nominate any peer of the realm to be acting grand master.” Thus was created the office of pro-grand master.

William Augustus, Duke of Cumberland (1721–1765)

Third son of George II, King of England and Queen Caroline. Educated for the navy, he was privy councilor in 1742. He was commander-in-chief of the British, Hanoverian, Austrian and Dutch forces that unsuccessfully engaged Marshal Saxe

at Fontenoy in 1745. He quelled the Jacobite uprising headed by Prince Charles Edward, and suppressed Jacobitism with utmost severity, thus acquiring the nickname of "The Butcher." He was again defeated by Saxe at Lauffeld in 1747 and defeated by d'Estress at Hastenbeck in 1757, thus capitulating Hanover. After this he retired to private life. He was initiated in 1743. b. April 26, 1721. d. Oct. 31, 1765.

Thayer Cumings Vice president and director of the advertising firm of Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn since 1951. b. March 16, 1904 in New York City. He graduated from Harvard in 1926. Served as officer in Navy during WW2. Mason., Homer S. Cummings (1870–1956) Attorney General of U.S. under Franklin Roosevelt, 1933–39. b. April 30, 1870 at Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Yale, he practiced at Stamford, Conn. from 1893 until 1923 and since 1939. Delegate to National Democratic Convention seven times, delivering keynote speech in 1920. He was floor leader for F. D. Roosevelt in 1932. As attorney general he was the author and sponsor of many reforms in the Department of Justice and Federal judicial system, including new rules of civil procedure, creation of administrative office for federal courts, juvenile delinquency act; he extended and improved prison system, established Alcatraz; called national conference on crime; widened scope of Federal power in matter of kidnapping and inter-state crime. He was raised in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. Aug. 5, 1892. d. Sept. 10, 1956.

0. Sam Cummings Organizer of Kiwanis, International. b. July 9, 1893 in Evanston, Ill. Owner of 0. Sam Cummings

Agency (ins.), and state agent for Kansas City Life Ins. Co. in Texas. He is recognized internationally for development of Kiwanis organization in the U.S. and Canada. He was first international executive secretary of the Kiwanis clubs of the U.S. and Canada from 1918–21, and international president in 1928. Mason.

Albert B. Cummins (1850–1926) U.S. Senator and Governor of Iowa. b. Feb. 15, 1850 at Carmichaels, Pa. Admitted to Illinois bar in 1874 and practiced in Chicago until 1878, when he removed to Des Moines, Iowa. He served in the Iowa lower house in 1888, and was governor of Iowa three terms (1902 – 08, and U.S. senator from Iowa from 1908–27. He succeeded Calvin Coolidge as president of the senate in 1923. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 110, Des Moines and Za–Ga–Zig Shrine Temple of Des Moines. d. July 30, 1926., Robert R. Cummins Railroad executive. b. Sept. 30, 1884 at Marion, Ala. Began with Central of Georgia Railroad in 1909. Presently president and director of Sylvania Central Railway, Albany Terminal Co., Macon Terminal Co., Chatham Terminal Co., and Central of Georgia Motor Transport Co. Vice president and director of three other terminal companies. Mason.

Albert B. Cunningham Author and educator (pen name of Garth Hale). b. June 22, 1888 at Linden, W. Va. Served as dean of Lebanon Univ. and College of Puget Sound, and has taught English at Washington State, State Teachers College, Shippensburg, Pa. and has been professor of English at Texas Technical College since 1929. He has written 23 fiction books such as *Singing Mountains*, *Old Black Bass*, *Murder at Deer*

Lick, Murder at the Schoolhouse, The Strange Death of Manny Square, Murder Before Midnight, After The Storm, The Victory of Paul Kent, and others. Member of Village Lodge No. 274, Burton, Ohio, but now demitted.

Edward H. Cunningham (1869–1930) Member of Federal Reserve Board, 1923–30. b. Dec. 14, 1869 at Burlington, Wis. Farmed in Iowa from 1889. He was a member of the lower house of Iowa three terms, 1909–13 and speaker of house in 1913. Mason. d. Nov. 28, 1930.

Paul H. Cunningham U.S. Congressman to 77th to 81st Congresses (1941–51) from Iowa. b. June 15, 1890 in Indiana Co., Pa. Admitted to Michigan bar in 1915 and Iowa bar in 1920. First practiced at Grand Rapids and Grand Haven, Mich. and in Des Moines since 1920. Served as first lieutenant in WW1. Mason.

William Cunningham (?–1791) English Captain and Provost Marshal of the American Revolution who was notorious for his treatment of American prisoners. He arrived in New York in 1774, where he broke horses and gave riding lessons. His conduct was obnoxious to the Whigs in New York and he fled to Boston where he attracted the attention of General Thomas Gage, who appointed him provost marshal. In 1778 he had charge of the prisons in Philadelphia and later of those in New York. In both places his cruelties to the prisoners became notorious. More than 250 were hanged without trial and 2,000 starved to death. His only known virtue was in the recovery of the stolen jewels, books and records of Lodges

No. 2 and 3 in Philadelphia. His own lodge is not known, but he was a visitor to Lodge No. 3 on Oct. 10, 1777. Later he resided in London where he became dissipated, and for forging a draft was convicted and executed on Aug. 10, 1791.

George R. Currie Justice of Supreme Court of Wisconsin since 1951. b. Jan. 16, 1900 at Princeton, Wis. Graduate of Univ. of Wisconsin in 1925. Practiced law in Sheboygan from 1925–51. Mason.

Charles F. Curry (1858–1930) U.S. Congressman, 63rd to 71st Congresses (1913–31) from 3rd California dist. b. March 14, 1858. Member of the California Assembly in 1887 and superintendent of Station B. postoffice in San Francisco from 1890–94. Secretary of State of California in 1899–1911. Mason. d. Oct. 10, 1930.

Andrew G. Curtin (1815–?) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1860–65. b. April 22, in Bellefonte, Pa. He was admitted to the bar in 1839. Was appointed secretary of the commonwealth and ex-officio superintendent of common schools in 1854, and did much toward reforming the public school system of Pennsylvania. As governor he instituted a system of caring for the children of men killed in the Civil War, and thus became known in the ranks as “the soldiers friend.” President Grant appointed him minister to Russia in 1869. He served in the U.S. congress three consecutive terms from 1881–1887. Member of Bellefonte Lodge No. 268, Bellefonte, Pa.

Carl T. Curtis U.S. Congressman 76th to 80th Congresses

(1939–49) from Nebraska. b. March 15, 1905 at Minden, Nebr. Began law practice in Minden in 1930. Raised in Minden Lodge No. 127, Minden, Nebr. and 32°, KCCH in AASR (SJ) at Hastings. Member of Tehama Shrine Temple at Hastings and Royal Order of Jesters. Elected U.S. senator in 1955.

Jesse W. Curtis Justice, Supreme Court of California for terms 1926–50, retiring in 1945. b. July 18, 1865 in San Bernardino, Calif. Began practice of law at San Bernardino in 1891, serving as judge and district attorney of several courts. Mason and Knight Templar.

John J. Curtis (1857–1931) Publisher. b. Jan. 21, 1857 at Indianapolis, Ind. Became vice president of Bowen, Stewart & Co. (now Bobbs–Merrill Co.) book publishers. Was known as “dean of modern book advertising” and originator of colored pictorial book jackets. Mason. d. July 22, 1931.

Sir Lucius Curtis Admiral of English Navy. Initiated in Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, Eng. June 13, 1827, serving as master in 1833 and provincial grand master from 1840–57.

Merritt B. Curtis Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Aug. 31, 1892 at San Bernardino, Calif. Graduate of Univ. of California and George Washington Univ. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Chief disbursing officer of supply department U.S. Marine Corps at Washington from 1946. Member of the bar in California and District of Columbia, and admitted to practice in supreme court. Dual membership in Sojourners

Lodge No. 51, Washington, D.C. (1941) and life member of International Lodge (Mass.) of Peking, China (1928). 32° AASR, Peking, China in 1929. Member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C. National president of National Sojourners, 1948–49 and national secretary–treasurer–editor of same, 1949–53.

Newton M. Curtis (1835–?) Union Major General in Civil War. b. May 21, 1835 in DePeyster, N.Y. On April 14, 1861 he enrolled a company of volunteers from New York and was made their captain. During the progress of the war he was advanced through the ranks to major general of volunteers in Oct., 1864. He served in the Army of the Potomac, commanded a brigade in the Battle of Cold Harbor, and was known as the “hero of Ft. Fisher.” In 1865 he was given command of southwest Virginia with headquarters at Lynchburg, and was mustered out of service on Jan. 15, 1866. He later served as a member of the New York legislature, special agent of the U.S. Treasury and collector of customs. He received his degrees in Ogdensburg, N.Y., and his chapter degrees there on St. John’s Day, Dec., 1858. He became a member of DeMolay Cornmandery No. 4, Lynchburg, Va. about the close of the Civil War.

Oakley C. Curtis (1865–1924) Governor of Maine, 1915–16. b. March 29, 1865 at Portland, Me. He was manager of Randall & McAllister, wholesale coal from 1894; served in the state house of representatives 1903–04; state senator, 1905–08 and was mayor of Portland from 1911–14. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 22, 1924.

Sir Roger Curtis Admiral in British Navy. Made a Mason in Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, Eng. on Aug. 1, 1787.

Samuel R. Curtis (1807–1866) Union Major General in Civil War. b. Feb. 3, 1807 in New York state, he graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1831, but resigned from army in 1832 and became a civil engineer. He then studied law and practiced in Ohio from 1841–46. Active in the state militia, he was adjutant general of Ohio, and organized volunteers for the Mexican War. He served as colonel in that war, and was governor of Saltillo, Mexico in 1847–48. Elected to congress for three terms beginning in 1857, he resigned in 1861 to become colonel of the 2nd Iowa regiment. He was in charge of a large camp of instruction near St. Louis in 1861 and commanded the southwestern district of Mo. He gained a decisive victory at Pea Ridge, Ark. against Generals Price and McCulloch, and was promoted to major general in 1862. He later commanded Fort Leavenworth and defeated General Price's army, and at close of war was commander of the department of the Northwest. A Mason, he was buried by the Knights Templar. d. Dec. 26, 1866.

Caleb Cushing (1800–1879) Brigadier General of Mexican War and Attorney General of U.S. (1853–57). b. Jan. 17, 1800 at Salisbury, Mass., he graduated from Harvard in 1817, studied law and practiced at Newburyport, Mass. He served several terms in the state senate and house of representatives and was elected four terms to U.S. congress. He was nominated as secretary of the Treasury by President Tyler, but the senate refused to seat him. He was subsequently

confirmed as commissioner to China and made the first treaty between that country and the U.S. In 1847 he raised a regiment for the Mexican War at his own expense, and eventually became brigadier general. In 1853 President Pierce appointed him U.S. attorney general, and he held that office until he retired in 1857. Later he was sent to Bogota on a special diplomatic mission, and served as minister to Spain. He was a member of St. John's Lodge, Newburyport, Mass. d. Jan. 2, 1879.

Nathaniel Cushing (1753–1814) Major of the American Revolution who was first master of Farmers Lodge No. 20, Belpre, Ohio. b. April 8, 1753 in Pembroke, Mass. Fought with Massachusetts troops from 1775–1782 and at close of war moved to Belpre, Ohio. d. Aug. 1814.

William Cushing (1732–1810) First appointed Justice of U.S. Supreme Court (1789). In 1796 Washington named him chief justice, but he declined. b. March 1, 1732 in Scituate, Mass., he graduated from Harvard in 1751, studied law with Jeremy Gridley q.v. and became attorney general for Mass. In 1772 he became judge of the Massachusetts superior court and chief justice in 1777. In 1780 he was chosen the first chief justice—of the state under the state constitution. He was one of the founders of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in 1780 and was vice president of the Mass. convention that ratified the federal constitution. Member of St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, Mass. d. Sept. 13, 1810.

Nathan Cutler Former Governor of Vt. Member of

Maine Lodge No. 20, Farmington, Maine. Was delegate to the grand lodge in 1919.

Richard R. Czerwonky (1886–1949) Violin virtuoso. b. May 23, 1886 at Birnbaum, Posen, Germany. He made his debut with the Philharmonic orchestra in Berlin in 1910 and played throughout Europe. He was assistant concertmaster of the Boston Symphony in 1907–08 and concertmaster and soloist for Minneapolis Symphony 1909–18. From 1918–32 he was head of the violin dept. of the Bush Conservatory of Music in Chicago and was vice president of the Chicago Conservatory from 1932–35. He founded the Women's Symphony Orchestra of Chicago and was conductor of the Chicago Philharmonic from 1925–45. Composed extensively for violin, piano, voice and orchestra. Czerwonky became a citizen in 1915. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. April 16, 1949.

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Hippolyte J. DaCosta (?–1823) Masonic victim of the Inquisition. A native of Colonia-do-Sacramento on the River La Plata, he was made a Freemason in Philadelphia, Pa. He settled in Lisbon and came to England in 1802 to negotiate a treaty between the grand lodges of England and Portugal, whereby the brethren under each jurisdiction also enjoyed the privileges of the other. On his return he was arrested by the Inquisition and kept in solitary confinement for six months and after three years imprisonment, was able to effect his

release through some English Freemasons. He then dwelt in England the rest of his life. Sources do not agree on his lodge affiliations in England. Some say it was the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 325 while others say he joined Antiquity Lodge in 1808, and Inverness Lodge (now Royal Somerset House and Inverness No. 4) on Feb. 2, 1815. In 1813 he was appointed provincial grand master for Rutlandshire—a curious appointment, for at that time there were no Masonic lodges in the county. In 1819 he was one of a notable trio, which included the Duke of Sussex q.v. and the Duke of Leinster q.v., grandmasters of England and Ireland, respectively, to whom a patent was issued by the French Supreme Council of the Ancient and Accepted Rite, constituting them a supreme council for the British Isles and possessions. The project, however, came to nothing at that time. In 1811, he published an account of his sufferings at the hands of the Inquisition.

Manuel Deodoro da Fonseca (1827–1892) First president of Brazil (1889–1891). A Brazilian general, he was active in the war with Paraguay in 1868–70; served as governor of Rio Grande do Sul, 1887–89 and leader in the movement against Emperor Dom Pedro which dethroned him in 1889 and placed da Fonseca in as provisional president. He was sovereign grand commander of the Grand Orient.

David Daggett (1764–1851) U.S. Senator and Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Connecticut. b. Dec. 31, 1764 at Attleborough, Mass. He graduated from Yale in 1783 and practiced law in New Haven, Conn. Was member of state

legislature from 1791–1813; elected U.S. senator in 1813, serving until 1819. From 1826–32 he was judge of the Connecticut supreme court, and chief judge until 1834. He was initiated in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven on June .21, 1891, serving as master from 1796–99 and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut from 1798–1810. d. April 12, 1851.

Benjamin D. Dagwell Episcopal Bishop. b. July 21, 1890 at Susquehanna, Pa. Ordained deacon in 1916 and priest in 1917, and bishop of the diocese of Oregon since 1936. He served churches in Keyport, N.J., Pueblo, Colo. and Denver. Raised in Caesarea Lodge No. 64, Keyport, N.J. about 1918 and presently a member of Imperial Lodge No. 159, Portland, Oreg. Served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Oregon. 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH at Portland, Oregon. Member of Al Kader Shrine Temple, Portland and served as chaplain.

John A. Dahlgren (1809–1870) Union Rear Admiral in Civil War. b. Nov. 13, 1809 in Philadelphia, where his father was Swedish consul until his death in 1824. He entered the U.S. Navy as a midshipman in 1826, and with the exception of a few years when he retired to a farm for his health, he remained the rest of his life in the navy. He had a scientific mind and invented many improvements for the navy, particularly in guns and gunnery, serving as chief of Naval Ordnance. During the Civil War he secured the Potomac River; commanded the Southern Atlantic blockade squadron; attacked Charleston and silenced Fort Sumter. He led a force

up the St. John's river and cooperated with Sherman in the capture of Savannah. In 1866 he was given command of the South Pacific squadron. Mason. d. July 12, 1870.

John E. Dahlquist Major General, U.S. Army. b. March 12, 1896 at Minneapolis, Minn. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced through grades to major general in 1943. He was on the War Department General Staff from 1937–41 and commanded a division overseas from July, 1944. Mason.

Joseph E. Daily Justice, Supreme Court of Illinois since 1948. b. Jan. 22, 1888 at Manito, Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Illinois and Yale, he was an attorney at Peoria from 1911–15, and later circuit court judge of 10th circuit. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

J. Dodson Daintree British Naval Captain who was co-founder of Daintree Lodge No. 2938 in Wei-hai-Wei, Shantung, China in September, 1902. The lodge was named for him. In 1939 the charter and lodge effects were smuggled out of China on a submarine by the senior warden, Mohammed Nemazee, an Indian brother, and taken to Hong Kong. In June, 1947, the lodge was reconstituted at Fareham, England, and Capt. Daintree, in his 87th year, was present again at its rebirth. Daintree was past grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England.

Frederick Dalcho (1770–1836) b. in London, England of Prussian parents, his father, also a Freemason, had served under Frederick the Great and retired to England. At the death

of his father, he came to Baltimore, Md. to live with an uncle. There he studied medicine and practiced as an army doctor. He later became an Episcopal priest, serving as assistant rector of St. Michael's P. E. Church in Charleston in 1819 in his 50th year. He was mainly responsible for bringing about the union of the two rival English grand lodges (Ancients and Moderns) in South Carolina in 1817. He affiliated with Union Kilwinning Lodge No. 4, Charleston, and served as master. In 1801 Dr. Dalcho received the 33°, and on May 31 of that year was instrumental in the establishment of the Supreme Council, Southern Jurisdiction at Charleston and was appointed grand secretary and later served as the second grand master, holding it until 1823, when he became involved in a controversy with his associates and resigned, never again participating actively in Freemasonry. d. Nov. 24, 1836.

Albert E. Dale (1890–1954) Newspaper editor. b. Nov. 4, 1890 at Whitehall, N.Y. Began as a reporter in Albany, N.Y. Managing editor of Albany Evening News, 1922–29; Detroit Times, 1929–30; Wisconsin News (Milwaukee) 1931–32; news editor of New York Evening Journal, 1932; editor of Detroit Times, 1932–36; Pittsburgh Sun.–Telegraph, 1936–38; Chicago American, 1938–39 and Times Herald, Washington, 1940. Served as public relations director for N.B.C., New York City from 1941–45 and editor of the Sun–Telegraph, Pittsburgh from 1951. Mason. d. Nov. 21, 1954.

Charles M. Dale Governor of New Hampshire, 1944–48. b. March 8, 1893 at Brown's Valley, Minn. Graduate of Univ. of Minn. and engaged in law practice since 1920 at Portsmouth.

State senator for three terms and president of the senate 1935–36. President of WHEB, Inc. (radio) and director of the New Hampshire National Bank. Served in WW1. Raised in Cataract Lodge No. 2, Minneapolis, he affiliated with Saint Andrew's Lodge No. 56, Portsmouth. He was exalted in Washington Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Portsmouth, Dec. 10, 1924; greeted in Davenport Council R. & S.M. April 6, 1925; knighted in DeWitt Clinton Commandery June 12, 1925 and received the AASR degrees in bodies at Dover and Portsmouth. He was high priest of his chapter in 1932, and when elected governor was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of New Hampshire.

Charles Dale The “Charlie Dale” of the Smith and Dale vaudeville team. They have been together for 59 years in their act. When Variety magazine polled the veteran stars on the best acts of the vaudeville era a few years ago, the Smith and Dale team won the top spot with their “Dr. Kronkite” sketch. Both Dale and Joe Smith are Masons.

Fox–Maule Dalhousie (1801–1874) 11th Earl of Dalhousie and 2nd Baron of Panmure. He was grandson of 8th Earl (George) q.v. He was grand master Mason of Scotland in 1867–69, his grandfather having also served in that capacity. He served in the army from 1820–32 and was a member of parliament in 1835. From 1835–41 he was undersecretary for home affairs, and secretary for war from 1846–52 and 1855–58. He was censured for the management of the Crimean War. In 1861 he assumed his surname of Ramsay.

George, Earl of Dalhousie (8th Earl of) He served as the 26th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1767–68.

George, Earl of Dalhousie (1770–1838) (9th Earl of) The 45th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1804–05. He was one of Wellington's generals. Served as governor-in-chief of the Canadian colonies from 1819–28 and was commander-in-chief in India. His third son, James Andrew Broun q.v. also served as grand master Mason of Scotland in 1836–37.

James Andrew Broun Dalhousie (1812–1860) 10th Earl and 1st Marquis of Dalhousie; third son of George, 9th Earl of Dalhousie q.v. He served as grand master Mason of Scotland, 1836–37, as his father had before him. He graduated at Oxon in 1833 and entered the House of the Lords in 1838. He succeeded Gladstone as president of the board of trade in 1845 and was the youngest governor general of India ever appointed (1847–56). Under his administration of India, he acquired territory, developed resources, reformed the administration and annexed Junjab, Pego, Lower Burma, Jaitpur, Sambalpur, Jhansi, and Nagpur. He established public works, engineering colleges, built railways, bridges, telegraph system and post offices. b. April 22, 1812. d. Dec. 19, 1860.

Charles William, Earl of Dalkeith The 43rd Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1800–01. He was later the 4th Duke of Buccleuch.

Francis, Earl of Dalkeith Grand Master of the. Grand

Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1723. He was afterwards the 2nd Duke of Buccleuch.

Charles D. Dallas President of Revere Copper & Brass Co. b. Oct. 24, 1881 in Hamilton, Ontario, Canada. Began as office boy for American Brass Co. in Chicago in 1902. Became associated with his father in 1906 in organizing the Dallas Brass & Copper Co. of which he was president, treasurer and director until the merger of five large brass and copper companies into the Revere Copper & Brass, Inc. of which he was president until 1947, being chairman of the board since that date. He is also a director of several other large corporations including General Cable Co., American Smelting and Gov. Copper and Brass Research Assn. Mason.

George Mifflin Dallas (1792–1864) 11th Vice President of the United States. b. July 10, 1792 at Philadelphia. His father, Alexander James, was secretary of the U.S. treasury in 1814–16. Dallas was mayor of Philadelphia in 1828, and U.S. senator from Pennsylvania in 1831–33. From 1837–39 he was minister to Russia, and vice president of the United States from 1845–49. He was appointed minister to Great Britain in 1856–61. He was initiated March 21, 1818 in Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia and became senior warden the following year and elected master in 1820 and again in 1821. He started in the grand lodge line as junior grand warden in December, 1828 and was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in December, 1834 at the height of the anti-Masonic period. In 1821 he delivered three different lectures on the origin, benefits, science and

principles of Masonry before his lodge. In January 18, 1822, he was appointed on a committee from his lodge to form a grand committee with representatives of other lodges to consider the grievances of the subordinate lodges in Pa. In Feb., 1825 he was chosen proxy of Perseverance Lodge No. 21 of Harrisburg to the grand lodge and for many years held this position. His lodge (Franklin) ceased its labors in 1832, probably due to the anti-Masonic crusade, but he remained with it until the last. On its reorganization in Oct, 1846, he did not rejoin it. At that time he was vice president. On June 24, 1834 he delivered an oration at the celebration of St. John's Day by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and it was on this date that he prepared for the grand lodge the resolutions of condolence for the death of the Marquis de Lafayette. In January, 1836, during the anti-Masonic fever, some members of the state legislature had carried through a proposition to appoint a committee on an act to suppress secret societies, with power to send for persons and papers. He was summoned among others to testify against the order. But in a staunch and masterly argument, he refused to be sworn and the investigation failed. On May 1, 1847 he was at the Masonic cornerstone laying of the Smithsonian Institution. On Sept. 14, 1847, he visited St. John's Lodge No. 219, Pittsburgh, on which occasion were also present the members of lodges No. 45 and 221. After being welcomed, he replied in kind, after which the lodge was called off for 15 minutes for personal introductions and social conversation. On July 4, 1848, he was present at the Masonic cornerstone laying of the Washington Monument by the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia. d. Dec.

31, 1864. The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania held memorial services for him in 1865.

S. P. Dalton Judge, Supreme Court of Missouri (1950–64). b. Nov. 16, 1892 near Nevada, Mo. Graduate of Westminster College and Univ. of Missouri. Admitted to bar in 1917 and practiced at Cape Girardeau. Member of Elvins Lodge No. 599, Flat River, Mo.; exalted in Wilson Chapter No. 75, R.A.M., Cape Girardeau in May 1927; received in Cape Council No. 20, R. & S.M. and Knighted in Cape Girardeau Commandery No. 55, K.T.

Count Goblet d'Aviella (?–1925) Belgian nobleman and member of parliament who was sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council of Belgium. d. Sept. 9, 1925 in Brussels.

Sir Charles Dalrymple 74th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1894–96.

Sir David Dalrymple 30th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1774–75. Later Lord Westhall.

Ralph S. Damon (1897–1956) Aviation executive. b. July 6, 1897 at Franklin, N.H. Graduate (cum laude) of Harvard in 1918. Began as millwright's assistant and employed by Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Co. in 1922, ending as president in 1935. He developed the Curtiss–Wright “Condor,” a commercial transport, in 1933. He was vice president in charge of American Airlines operation from 1936–41, vice president and

general manager, 1943–45, and president, 1945–49. He was president of Republic Aviation Corp, 1941–43 and president and director of TWA, Inc. from 1949. Mason. d. Jan. 6, 1956.

James F. Dana (1793–1827) Early chemist. b. Sept. 23, 1793 at Amherst, N.H., he graduated from Harvard in 1813 and in the medical dept. in 1817. He was selected by Harvard to procure a new chemical laboratory for the school, and spent six months in England under leading chemists, training and securing equipment. He practiced medicine in Camden, taught chemistry at Dartmouth, and became professor of chemistry in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York in 1825, serving until his death on April 14, 1827. His lodge and chapter membership is not known, but he was knighted in Vermont Commandery at Windsor, Vt. and became a member of Trinity Commandery No. 1, Manchester, N.H. in 1822.

Judah Dana (1772–1845) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1836–37. b. April 25, 1772 at Pomfret, Conn., his mother was the eldest daughter of General Israel Putnam q.v. Graduated at Dartmouth in 1795, studied law and began practice in Fryeburg, Maine and later in Massachusetts. Served as judge of court of common pleas and circuit court. He was a delegate to the convention that framed the state constitution of Maine in 1819. He was a member of Pythagorean Lodge No. 11, Fryeburg, was delegate to the grand lodge and served as deputy grand master in 1819. d. Dec. 27, 1845.

Lynn B. Dana (1875–1941) Musician. b. Oct. 15, 1875 at Middleport, N.Y. He was a concert pianist and accompanist

from 1896 and director of Dana's Symphony Orchestra from 1906. He was president of Dana's Musical Instruments, and was actively connected with the music department of the Chautauqua institution for 15 years. He was director of the National Music Convention and Chautauqua at Lockport, N.Y. and founder of Tau Delta Beta, national musical fraternity. He served with the 2nd Ohio Infantry in the Spanish-American War. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Sept. 22, 1941.

Robert M. Danford Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 7, 1878 at New Boston, Ill. Graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1904 and commissioned that year, rising through grades to major general in 1938.

John W. Daniel Served in Philippines, 1907-08 and with field artillery assignments in colleges and camps until WW1, when he commanded the 129th F.A. at Camp Doniphan, Okla. and F.A. replacement depot in Camp Jackson, S.C. From 1919-23 he was commandant of cadets at the U.S. Military Academy. With the office of chief of field artillery in Washington, chief of staff of 6th Corps Area at Chicago, and from 1938 until retirement in 1942 was chief of field artillery, U.S. Army. Mason.

John W. Daniel (1842-1910) U.S. Senator from Virginia five terms, 1887-1917, dying before entering his last term. b. Sept 5, 1842 at Lynchburg, Va., he fought with the Confederate Army in the Civil War and was wounded four times. He became adjutant general on General Early's staff. He studied law at the Univ. of Virginia after the war and was admitted to

bar in 1866. He was a member of both houses of the Virginia legislature and member of the 49th U.S. congress. Member of Marshall Lodge No. 39, Lynchburg, Va.

Price Daniel U.S. Senator and Governor of Texas. b. Oct. 10, 1910 in Dayton, Texas. A.B. and LL.B. from Baylor Univ. Before graduating from college, he was a reporter for the Fort Worth Star Telegram (1927–29) and Waco News Tribune (1929–31). He was admitted to the bar in 1932 and practiced at Liberty, Texas. He was speaker of the house of representatives in 1943, and attorney general of Texas from 1946–53. In 1953 he was elected U.S. senator from Texas and governor of the state in 1956. Co-publisher of Liberty Vindicator and Anahuac Progress since 1939. Served with U.S. Army as an officer in WW2, 1942–46 in Pacific area. Past master of Liberty Lodge No. 48, Liberty, Texas; member of chapter, council and commandery and KCCH in AASR.

Clarence H. Danielson (1889–1952) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 7, 1889 at Lead, S. Dak. Graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1913, advancing through grades to major general in 1944. Saw Mexican border service from 1913–17 and with Mexican punitive expedition in 1916, and during WW1 was with the Hawaiian Department and Inspector General's Dept. in the U.S. He later served with the Adjutant General's Dept. in the Philippines, Hawaii, U.S. Military Academy, and Governors Island, N.Y. At his retirement in 1946 he was commanding general of 7th Service Command. Mason. d. May 22, 1952.

Harris L. Danner (1888–1941) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1938–41. b. Feb. 13, 1888 near Astoria, Ill. Taught in rural Illinois schools before being admitted to Oklahoma bar in 1909, practicing in Oklahoma City. Served in WW1 as a private. Mason. d. Jan. 7, 1941.

Georges Jacques Danton (1759–1794) French revolutionary leader. A founder of the Cordelier in 1790, he advocated extreme action. Was forced to flee to England in 1791 but returned and incited the Tuileries riots of 1792. He assumed the leadership of the revolutionaries and was minister of justice. When elected to the National Convention in 1792 he voted for the death of the king. In 1793 he was elected president of the Jacobin Club, whose aim was the unity of the country and a stable republican government. When his followers were overcome by the more radical Robespierre, he was seized, imprisoned, given a farcial trial, and guillotined on April 5, 1794. He was a member of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris.

Harry Darby U.S. Senator and owner and chairman of board of The Darby Co., manufacturers of steel, aluminum, corrosion resistant products, railroad cars and ships, at Kansas City, Kansas. b. Jan 23, 1895 in Kansas City, Kansas. Began with the Missouri Boiler Works, Co. in 1911 as a helper, rising to vice president in 1919. He established the Darby Corp. in 1920. Director of a dozen corporations, banks and railroads. U.S. Senator from Kansas 1949–50. Raised in Westgate Lodge No. 438, Kansas City, Kansas, Jan. 23, 1931. Member of Wyandotte Chapter, R.A.M. No. 6 and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 21, K.T.

both of Kansas City, Kans. 32° AASR in Orient of Kansas. Abdallah Shrine Temple, DeMolay Legion of Honor, Royal Order of Jesters Court 93.

John S. Darcey (1788–1863) Physician and fast president of what is now the Pennsylvania Railroad. b. Feb. 24, 1788 in Hanover, N.J. He studied with his father who was also a physician. When the Asiatic cholera broke out in the U.S. in 1832 he moved to Newark, N.J., and by his skill in the treatment of that disease, attained a practice more extensive than any other in the state. However it impaired his health. In 1835–41 he was U.S. marshal for New Jersey. On the incorporation of the New Jersey Railroad Co. he was elected president and held that office for thirty years until his death. He was initiated in Cincinnati Lodge No. 17 in Oct., 1808 and served as master in 1819. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey in 1826–27. On May 28, 1851 he affiliated with St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Newark.

Colegate W. Darden, Jr. Congressman, Governor of Virginia and president of the University of Virginia. b. Feb. 11, 1897 in Southampton Co., Va. Graduate of Univ. of Virginia and Columbia Univ. Studied on Carnegie Fellowship at Oxford, England. Entered legal profession. Member of the state general assembly for two terms (1930–33) and served in the 73rd, 74th and 75th U.S. congresses. Governor of Virginia for term ending 1946, and president of the University of Virginia since 1947. Served in Marine Corps and with French Army in WW1. He was initiated in Franklin Lodge No. 151, Franklin, Va. on May 25, 1920 and raised on Dec. 21 same year. He affiliated

with Corinthian Lodge No. 266, Norfolk on April 12, 1938 and holds joint membership in both lodges. Received AASR degrees in Norfolk in 1941.

Miles Darden (1798–1857) A giant seven feet, six inches in height and at his death weighed more than one thousand pounds. Until 1853 he was active, energetic, and able to labor, but from that time on he was obliged to remain at home, or be moved about in a wagon. In 1850 it required thirteen and a half yards of cloth one yard wide to make him a coat. He was six feet four inches around the waist. He died in Henderson Co., Tenn. on Jan. 23, 1857 and The Lexington Progress stated: “The funeral sermon of Mr. Miles Darden, who died at his residence in Henderson Co. will be preached on the fourth Sunday in this month, five miles southwest from Lexington, Tenn. The Masonic fraternity will be in attendance in full regalia on this occasion. The deceased was, beyond all question, the largest man in the world. His height was seven feet six inches—two inches higher than Porter, the Kentucky giant. It required seventeen to put him in his coffin, which took over 100 feet of lumber to make.” Mrs. Darden, wife of the large man, weighed only 90 pounds.

William H. V. Darell (1878–1954) English Brigadier General. He retired from the army in 1929 after fighting gallantly in the South African and First World Wars, having been Adjutant-General and commanded both the Coldstream and Irish Guards. He was the first assistant grand master of England, 1937–54 and was grand master of the Mark Grand Lodge of England, 1948–54, and grand treasurer of the Knights Templar

to 1948. He was lieutenant grand commander of the Supreme Council AAR; past grand scribe of the Grand Chapter R.A.M. of England, and past grand principal conductor of the work in the Grand Council Royal and Select Masters.

Herbert A. Dargue (1886–1942) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov; 17, 1886 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1911 and advanced through grades to major general in 1941. Formerly commanded the Observers School of the Air Corps, and then the 1st Air Force at Mitchell Field, New York from 1941. Mason and Shriner. d. Dec. 8, 1942.

James H. Darlington (1856–1930) Episcopal Bishop. b. June 9, 1856 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Princeton, 1880, 1885. Ordained deacon and priest in Protestant Episcopal church, 1882. Consecrated first bishop of Harrisburg in 1905, and was archdeacon of Brooklyn, 1896–98. Honorary orders conferred on him by France, Greece, Serbia, Spain, Italy and Belgium. He was chairman of commission to confer with Eastern Orthodox Churches and the Old Catholics from Episcopal Church of U.S. in 1910–25, and arranged and signed the concordat between Eastern and Western churches. Mason. d. Aug. 14, 1930.

Edward, 2nd Earl of Darnley Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1737.

Leslie R. Darr U.S. Judge of eastern and middle districts of Tennessee since 1939. b. Nov. 8, 1886 in Jasper, Tenn. Graduate of Cumberland Univ. He was admitted to Tennessee bar in

1910, and practiced at Jasper until 1926 when he became a circuit judge. Raised in Olive Branch Lodge No. 297, Jasper, Tenn. serving as master three terms and also as secretary several times. 32° AASR (SJ) in Nashville, Tenn. and member of Alhambra Shrine Temple, Chattanooga since 1922.

Delmar D. Darrah (1868–1945) Masonic editor and author. b. July 15, 1868 at Tolono, Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Illinois and instructed at Wesleyan Univ. for 20 years. Editor of the Illinois Freemason for 33 years, he is best known for his *Evolution of Freemasonry*. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1911–12. Active 33° AASR (NJ) in 1911 and deputy for Illinois from 1932. Raised in Bloomington Lodge No. 43, and served twice as master. First master of Arts and Crafts Lodge No. 1017. d. March 5, 1945.

Whitney Darrow Vice President of Charles Scribner's Sons, publishers since 1931. b. May 16, 1881 at Geneva, N.Y. Graduate of Princeton in 1903. Manager and secretary of the Princeton Univ. Press 1905–17 and president since 1948. Mason.

Thomas C. Darst (1875–1948) Episcopal Bishop. b. Nov. 10, 1875 in Pulaski, Va. Ordained priest of Protestant Episcopal Church in 1903, serving churches at Fairmount, W. Va., Meade and John's parishes, Va., Richmond and Newport News. Consecrated bishop of Eastern Carolina in 1915. Retired in 1945. Mason. d. Sept. 1, 1948.

Raymond O. Dart Physician and Brigadier General, U.S.

Army. b. July 5, 1890 in Kansas City, Kans. Graduated from Univ. of Kansas and Rush Medical College. Commissioned 1st lieutenant in Medical Corps of U.S. Army in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1948. Commanding officer of 105th General Hospital in S.W. Pacific, 1942–43. Director of Army Institute of Pathology, Washington from 1946. Raised in Acacia Lodge No. 18, Washington, D.C. about 1916.

William Legge, 7th Earl of Dartmouth English nobleman. b. Feb. 22, 1881, he was educated at Eton and Oxford. Elected to parliament from West Bromwich in 1910, retaining the seat until 1918. From 1928 to 1936 he was lord great chamberlain of England, succeeding his father the 6th Earl in 1936 to the title. He also served many years as high bailiff of Westminster. In 1941 he became ruler of the Craft in the province of Staffordshire, a position his father had held for 44 years. In 1952 he was appointed as grand superintendent of the Royal Arch in Staffordshire, an appointment his father had held for 33 years.

Erasmus Darwin (1731–1802) English physiologist and poet who was the grandfather of Charles Robert Darwin, the great naturalist and author of Darwin's *Origin of Species*. In addition to being an eminent physician, poet and scientist, Dr. Darwin was the first man in England to suggest those ideas which were later to be embodied in the Darwinian Theory by his grandson and to be brought into the stream of popular discussion by Tennyson and Herbert Spencer. He was a practicing physician at Litchfield from 1757 where he

cultivated an 8-acre botanical garden. He moved to Derby in 1781 where he founded the Philosophical Society in 1784, which was the fountainhead for the ideas developed by his grandson, Charles. Among his books were *The Loves of the Plants*, *Economy of Vegetation*, *Botanic Garden*, *The Temple of Nature*. He was made a Mason in the famous Canon-gate Kilwinning Lodge No. 2 of Edinburgh, Scotland.

George Dasch Musician. b. May 14, 1877 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Member of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra from 1895–98, joining Theodore Thomas Orchestra in Chicago in 1898 and continuing with same and its successor, the Chicago Symphony Orchestra until 1923. He was assistant conductor of the Chicago Civic Orchestra under Frederick A. Stock for four years, and conductor of the Little Symphony Orchestra since 1921. Taught at Northwestern, and since 1945 has been faculty member of Evanston College. Mason.

Fifield d'Assigny (1707–1744) A physician of Dublin, Ireland, who in 1744 wrote *A Serious and Impartial Inquiry Into the Cause of the Present Decay of Freemasonry in the Kingdom of Ireland*. An exceedingly rare pamphlet of 400 copies, which had among the subscribers the names of Laurence Dermott q.v. and Elizabeth St. Leger q.v., the Lady Freemason. It is important inasmuch as it is the first written reference to Royal Arch Masonry, i.e. "I am informed in that city (York) is held an assembly of master masons, who in their qualifications and excellencies are superior to others; they receive a larger pay than working Masons." It was reprinted in 1893.

Harry M. Daugherty (1860–1941) Attorney General of the U.S. under Harding and Coolidge, 1921–24. b. Jan. 26, 1860 in Washington Courthouse, Ohio. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan in 1881, and began practice of law at Washington Courthouse, moving to Columbus, Ohio in 1893. Resigned from attorney-generalship, and was indicted on charges of conspiracy to defraud the U.S. government, but was acquitted of the charge. Member of Fayette Lodge No. 107, Washington C.H., Ohio and LaFayette Lodge No. 19, Washington, D.C. Wrote *The Inside Story of the Harding Tragedy*. d. Oct. 12, 1941.

Erie V. Daveler Mining engineer and executive. b. Dec. 31, 1885 in Denver, Colo. Graduate of Univ. of Calif. Variouslly with Utah Copper Co., Ray Consolidated Copper Co., Alaska Gold Mines, Butte & Superior Co. He is vice president, treasurer and director of Nevada Consolidated Copper Corp, Utah Copper Co., Bingham & Garfield Railway, Ray & Gila Valley Railway and others. Also vice president and director of American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Co. in 1943, and vice president and director of Mesabi Iron Co. Trustee or director in a dozen other corporations. Mason.

George W. Davenport Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 14, 1870 at Brandon, Vt. Ordained deacon in 1893 and priest in 1896, serving churches in Baltimore, Md., New York City, Richmond Hill, L.I., N.Y., Astoria, N.Y., Danbury and Burlington, Vt. Consecrated bishop in 1920, retiring in 1938. Mason.

Thomas Davenport (1802–1851) Inventor in field of electro-magnetism. b. July 9, 1802 in Williamstown, Vt.

Apprenticed at age of 14 to a blacksmith and in 1832 began study of electro-magnetism, exhibiting in 1835 a rotary engine driven by electricity at Rensselaer and Franklin institutes. Set up a company to manufacture the engines and it went broke through the dishonesty of an agent. His experiments were numerous and costly and exhausted his resources, forcing him to return with his family to his home in Brandon, Vt. in 1842. Member of Washington Lodge No. 21, Brandon. d. July 6, 1851.

Martin L. Davey (1884–1946) Governor of Ohio, member of Congress and President of The Davey Tree Expert Co., Inc. b. July 25, 1884 at Kent, Ohio. Served from Ohio to the 65th, 66th, and 68th to 70th Congresses (1918–29). Elected twice as governor of Ohio–1934 and 1936. Initiated in Rockton Lodge No. 316, Kent, Ohio on May 25, 1910. Exalted in Tyrian Chapter No. 91, R.A.M., Ravenna, Ohio on Oct. 24, 1911. Also Knight Templar and Shriner. d. March 31, 1946.

David I (1084–1153) King of Scotland, who, tradition states, was the protector of Freemasons (operative) and patron of the building art. He was called the “Scotch Justinian.” Gained the earldom of Huntingdon by marriage, and on the death of King Edgar in 1107 received southern Scotland and in 1124, on the death of brother Alexander, became ruler of all Scotland. He unsuccessfully invaded England in 1149. He founded bishoprics and monasteries and furthered the process of feudalizing Scotland.

Howard C. Davidson Major General, U.S. Air Force. b.

Sept. 15, 1890 at Wharton, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1913, advancing through grades to major general in 1944. Appointed commander of 10th Air Force, India, in 1942. Raised in Mystic Lodge No. 405, Dayton, Ohio, in 1920. 32° AASR (NJ) and Antioch Shrine Temple, all of Dayton.

James E. Davidson (1865–1947) Shipbuilder and banker. b. Dec. 7, 1865 at Buffalo, N.Y. Was president of the Inter–Ocean Steamship Co., Continental Steamship Co., Duluth Steamship Co., Globe Steamship Corp. (Ind.), United Steamship Co., Triton Steamship Co., Sumatra Steamship Co., Consolidated Steamship Co. (Del.). He was also vice president, Count Goblet d’Aviella treasurer and director of the American Ship Building Co. at Cleveland and director of many corporations. Was chairman of board of Hillsdale County Natl. Bank and Bay Trust Co. and president of Peoples Commercial and Savings Bank. Former director of Detroit branch of Chicago Federal Reserve Bank and served as president of Michigan Bankers Assn. in 1934. 33° AASR (NJ), he served as grand commander of the Grand Cornmandery, K.T. of Michigan in 1923, having previously served as commander of Bay City Commandery No. 26, K.T. He was past potentate of his Shrine temple and member of the board of control of the Michigan Masonic Home. d. July 25, 1947.

James E. Davidson (1879–1949) Public utilities executive. b. Nov. 10, 1879 at Flint, Mich. President of Consolidated Lighting Co. at Montpelier, Vt. until 1910 when he became general manager of Pacific Power & Light Co., Portland, Oreg. until 1917, moving to the Nebraska Power Co. at Omaha in

that year and becoming president of same in 1928, serving until 1946. Was also vice president and general manager of the Citizens Power & Light Co. of Council Bluffs, Ia. from 1917–36. Was director of many corporations including Chicago Great Western Railway, Union Stock Yards Co. of Omaha and a trustee of Father Flanagan's Boys' Home. Elected as Omaha's first citizen in 1929 and cited for outstanding civic service by Veterans of Foreign Wars in 1942. Member of National Sojourners, Joseph Warren Camp of Heroes of '76 and past potentate of Tangier Shrine Temple. d. Nov. 12, 1949.

James O. Davidson (1854–1922) Governor of Wisconsin 1907–11. b. Feb. 10, 1854 in Norway, coming to U.S. in 1872 where he engaged in the milling and mercantile business at Soldier's Grove, Wis. from 1877. Member of state legislature from 1893–99; state treasurer, 1899–1903; lieutenant governor, 1903–06. Mason. d. Dec. 16, 1922.

William R. Davie (1756–1820) Governor of North Carolina, Revolutionary War officer and member of the Constitutional Convention. b. June 20, 1756 in Egremont, England, coming to U.S. with father in 1763. He graduated from Princeton in 1776 and entered the war. He fought with distinction at battles of Stone Ferry, Hanging Rock, Rocky Mount and Charlotte (N.C.). He later became major general of militia. Although he was active in the framing of the Federal constitution, he was not a signer, being sick at home at that time. He drew up the act to establish the Univ. of North Carolina. He was elected governor of North Carolina in 1799. He was raised in Occasional Lodge No. 1791 and served as grand master of

North Carolina from 1792–98 although he had never served as master of a lodge. d. Nov. 8, 1820.

Count Goblet d'Aviella (1846–1925) Belgian nobleman, and statesman. A learned man, he held several honorary doctorates and was professor of history of religion at Brussels Univ. From 1878–84 he sat in the Belgian chamber as deputy for Brussels. In 1900 he was elected to the senate, of which he became vice president in 1912. At the outbreak of WW1, he was made minister of state and from January, 1917 until peace was declared, he was a member of the de Broqueville cabinet. A member of the lodge Les Amis Philanthropes No. 2 of Brussels, he served it as master and was past grand master of Belgium. During the war he fled to England and became associated with an English lodge and did considerable writing for the Lodge Quatuor Coronati including The Quatuor Coronati in Belgium; Mithraic Rites; A Belgian Daughter of the Grand Lodge of Scotland; The English Provincial Grand Lodge of the Austrian Netherlands; and The Papal Bulls and Freemasonry in Belgium. d. Sept. 7, 1925.

Elmer D. Davies U.S. District Judge of Tennessee. b. Jan. 12, 1899 at Magnolia, Ark. Graduate of Vanderbilt and admitted to bar in 1921. Member of state senate from 1935–39 and U.S. district judge since 1939. Mason. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Fred A. Davies Oil executive. b. April 17, 1894 at Aberdeen, S. Dak. Began as metallurgist and oil geologist becoming president of California Arabian Standard Oil Co. (now Arabian American Oil Co.) in 1940. Has been chairman of board and

chief executive officer since 1952. Member of Cascade Lodge No. 34, Great Falls, Mont.

Joseph H. Daviess (1744–1811) Hero of Battle of Tippecanoe and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky at the time. b. March 4, 1774 in Bedford Co., Va., he moved with parents to Kentucky in 1779. He served in the Indian campaign of 1793 and then studied law, practicing in Danville, Ky. His eccentricities made him famous. Instead of “riding the circuit” he would shoulder his rifle and range the woods from town to town, usually appearing in court in a hunting costume. In 1799 he acted as a second to John Rowan q.v. for a duel in which Rowan’s antagonist was killed. All associated with the duel fled to avoid prosecution and Daviess was for some time a fugitive. Both Rowan and Daviess were members of Lexington Lodge No. 1. Later, hearing that Rowan had been arrested, Daviess returned and appeared in court as his counsel and secured his acquittal. It is said that he is the first western lawyer to appear before the U.S. supreme court. He came to Washington in a dilapidated hunting uniform, gained an important decision and returned home in the same peculiar costume. About this time he married a sister of Chief Justice Marshall q.v. and afterward became attorney general for Kentucky. In this capacity, he ordered Aaron Burr q.v. to appear in 1806 to answer a charge of levying war against a nation with which the U.S. was at peace. Burr hired Henry Clay for a lawyer and won the case. In 1811 Daviess joined the army of General William H. Harrison as a major and served in the campaign against the northwestern Indians. In the Battle of Tippecanoe, seeing that an exposed angle

of the line was likely to give way, he led a cavalry charge at that point and was killed. The date was Nov. 7, 1811. He was grand master of Kentucky at the time. In September he had visited Vincennes Lodge No. 1 Vincennes, Ind. and presided at meetings of the lodge on the 18th, 19th and 21st of that month. It was probably the last Masonic work he conducted. His sword and camp knife were later presented to the Grand Lodge of Kentucky.

Charles K. Davis President of Remington Arms, Inc., Bridgeport, Conn. 1933–54. b. Jan. 7, 1889 at Lebanon, Pa. Began as a chemist with Aluminum Co. of America in 1905 and later with American Steel Foundries, American Smelting & Refining and E. I. du Pont de Nemours. He was president and director of DuPont Viscoloid Co. from 1919–31 and president, general manager and director of Roessler & Hasslacher Chemical Co. 1932–33. He is founder and trustee of the American Wildlife Foundation. Chairman of the board of Remington since 1954. Received E.A. degree in 1911 in Santiago, Chile; F.C. degree in 1916 in DuPont Lodge of Hopewell, Va. and M.M. degree in Mountain Lodge No. 214, 1920 at Upper Montclair, N.J. A 32° AASR (N.J.) in 1921 in Jersey City, N.J. He is a life member of Salaam Shrine Temple of Newark, N.J.

Charles S. Davis (1877–1954) President and Chairman of Board of Borg-Warner Corp., Chicago. b. Feb. 2, 1877 at Terre Haute, Ind. Began with the New York Times editorial staff in 1899 and became a coal miner and jobber in 1901. From 1907–18 he was an officer and general manager of Glascock

Bros. Mfg. Co., Muncie, Ind. and president of Borg-Warner from 1929–50 and chairman of board from 1950 to death on July 2, 1954. Officer and director of several corporations. Mason, 32° AASR and Knight Templar.

Clifford Davis U.S. Congressman, 76th to 80th Congresses (1939–49) from 10th Tenn. district. b. Nov. 18, 1897 at Hazelhurst, Miss. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. Member of Stonewall Lodge No. 723 and Memphis Chapter No. 95, Memphis, Tenn.

David Davis (1815–1866) Judge of U.S. Supreme Court from 1862. Friend of Abraham Lincoln who administered the latter's estate. He died June 26, 1866 and was buried with Masonic ceremonies in Bloomington, Ill.

David J. Davis (1878–1938) U.S. District Judge of Alabama from 1935–38. b. Oct. 15, 1878 at Weedowee, Ala. Graduate of Yale in 1906 and admitted to Alabama bar in 1906, practicing in Birmingham. At one time he was a law partner of Hugo L. Black, q.v. supreme court justice. Mason. d. Dec. 7, 1938.

David W. Davis Governor of Idaho, 1919–23. b. April 23, 1873 in Wales, being brought to U.S. in infancy. When 12 years old he was a coal miner and at 16 a clerk at Dawson, Iowa. Entering the banking business he became organizer and president of the First National Bank at American Falls, Idaho in 1907 and later joint owner of the American Falls Press. He was a member of the state senate in 1912–14 and in 1923 was special assistant secretary of the Interior. From 1923–24

he was U.S. commissioner of reclamation and the following two years was director of finance for the Reclamation Bureau. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH. Now resides in Orlando, Fla.

Edmond J. Davis Former Governor of Texas. Member of Rio Grande Lodge No. 81, Brownsville, Texas. Edwin L. Davis (1876–1949) Former Chairman of Federal Trade Commission and U.S. Congressman, 66th to 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 5th Tennessee dist. b. Feb. 5, 1876 in Bedford Co., Tenn. A lawyer, practicing at Tullahoma from 1899. Member of Federal trade commission from 1933–46 and chairman in 1935–40–45. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ) . d. Oct. 23, 1949. Member of Tullahoma Lodge No. 262 and Tullahoma Chapter No. 193 (Tenn.) . Fred H. Davis (1894–1937) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Florida. b. May 18, 1894 in Greenville, S.C. Admitted to Florida bar in 1914 and practiced at Tallahassee. Served as county attorney, county prosecutor and assistant U.S. attorney. Served in WW1 as private and later 2nd lieutenant of Infantry. Was attorney general of Florida in 1927 and elected again in 1928. A judge of Florida supreme court from 1931 and chief justice, 1933–35. Mason. d. June 20, 1937. Garrett Davis (1801–1872) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1861–67. b. Sept. 10, 1801 in Mount Sterling, Ky. Admitted to the bar in 1823 and three times elected to state legislature, beginning in 1823. Was member of state constitutional convention from 1838–47, when he served one term in the U.S. congress. In 1864 he was appointed regent of the Smithsonian Institution. He was elected to a second term in the senate in 1867–73. Early in life he became the friend of Henry Clay q.v. and his speeches were characterized by sarcasm and fierce

invective. He served the Grand Lodge of Kentucky as grand orator at one time. d. Sept. 22, 1872.

George H. Davis (1876–1955) President of U.S. Chamber of Commerce, 1937–38. b. April 7, 1876 in Amboy, Ill. Began as a clerk in 1891 and entered grain business with own firm from 1898. He was chairman of the Missouri State Highway Commission from 1942–46, president of the Kansas City Board of Trade in 1912; president of American Royal live stock show, 1938–40, and chairman of the code authority, grain exchange, United States N.R.A. 1934–35. Mason and Shriner. d. May 5, 1955.

Glenn R. Davis U.S. Congressman, 80th to 84th Congresses from 2nd Wisconsin dist. b. Oct. 28, 1914 in Vernon, Wis. He instructed in public high schools of Wisconsin and began law practice in Waukesha in 1940. Was member of state assembly in 1941–42. In 1948 he was named as one of the 10 outstanding young men in America by United States Junior Chamber of Commerce. Mason.

Harry L. Davis Former Governor of Ohio. Mason and member of Al Sirat Shrine Temple.

Harry O. Davis Editor. b. July 15, 1877 at Cadiz, Ohio. He built and operated the Panama California Exposition in San Diego in 1913. He was vice president and general manager of Universal Film Mfg. Co. from 1915–17 and same for Triangle Film Corp. 1917–18. In 1920 he was editor of Ladies' Home Journal and was in general management of Hearst

Corporations from 1922. In 1933 he was a member of the executive council of the Olympic games. Raised in Momence Lodge No. 481 of Momence, Ill. about 1899. Member of Coachella Valley (Calif.) High Twelve Club.

Henry G. Davis (1823–1916) U.S. Senator from West Virginia, 1871–83, declining renomination. Was Democratic nominee for vice president of the U.S. in 1904. b. Nov. 16, 1823 in Baltimore, Md. Being left fatherless, he went to work at an early age. Became manager of a plantation then brakeman, conductor and agent of the B. & O. Railroad. He promoted and built the West Virginia Central & Pittsburgh Railroad (sold to Wabash) and then the Coal & Coke Railroad of which he was president. Member of Elkins Lodge No. 108, Elkins, W. Va. d. March 11, 1916.

Jacob E. Davis Vice President of The Kroger Co. since 1945 and U.S. Congressman to 77th Congress (1941–43) from 6th Ohio dist. b. Oct. 31, 1905 at Beaver Pike Co., Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State and Harvard Universities. Admitted to bar in 1930 and practiced at Waverly, Ohio. Served in Ohio general assembly and was speaker pro tern and majority floor leader. Served as judge of common pleas court and special assistant to the under secretary of the Navy in 1943–44. Mason.

James J. Davis (1873–1947) Secretary of Labor under three presidents and U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania. b. Oct. 27, 1873 in South Wales, coming to U.S. with parents in 1881. He began as a puddler's assistant in an iron works at Sharon. Pa. at the age of 11 and at 16 was a puddler. Moving to

Elwood, Ind. in 1893, he worked in steel mills until he became city clerk in 1898 and county recorder in 1903. In 1906 he became director general of Loyal Order of Moose and under his supervision they increased from 247 members to over 600,000. President Harding appointed him secretary of labor on March 5, 1921, and he was continued under Presidents Coolidge and Hoover until Dec. 9, 1930. He was appointed U.S. senator from Pennsylvania in 1933 and reelected for the next two terms (1933–45). He was the founder of Mooseheart Home and School and chairman of Mooseheart governors as well as Home for Old Folks, Moosehaven, Fla. He was a member of Quincy Lodge No. 23, Elwood, Ind. Received 32° in Albert Pike Consistory No. 1, Washington, D.C. on Dec. 15, 1925 and 33° on Sept. 19, 1929. Also member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon and Syria Shrine Temple of Pittsburgh. d. Nov. 22, 1947.

Jefferson Davis (1808–1889) President of the Confederate States of America. He was not a Mason although his father, Samuel and brother, Joseph E., were members of the craft. He was, however, friendly to the fraternity. Following the war this statement was made in a magazine article against Davis: “Jefferson Davis, a Free and Accepted Mason, headed the great rebellion, and the fact did not even taint his Masonic standing, but did have much to do in receiving his pardon.” In answering this to an inquirer, Davis wrote, in part: “(I) regard the fraternity with respect and have never felt any disapproval of it other than that which pertains to every secret society. Viewing Freemasonry from a distance, and judging the tree by its fruits, I have believed it to be in itself good.”

Jefferson Davis (1862–1913) U.S. Senator and Governor of Arkansas. b. May 6, 1862 in Little River Co., Ark. Graduate of Vanderbilt Univ. in 1884, he was admitted to bar in that year. Was governor of Arkansas from 1900–1907 and U.S. senator from Arkansas from 1907–13. Member of Russellville Lodge No. 274. d. Jan. 3, 1913.

John W. Davis (1799–1859) Governor of Oregon, 1853–54. b. July 17, 1799 in Cumberland Co., Pa. Was a member of the Indiana house of representatives for several years, being speaker in 1832. In 1834 he was named as commissioner to negotiate a treaty with the Indians. He served in the U.S. congress from 1835–41 and 1843–47 and during his last term was speaker of the house. He was U.S. commissioner to China in 1848–50. He presided over the convention in Baltimore in 1852 that nominated Franklin Pierce for the presidency. Mason. d. Aug. 22, 1859.

John W. Davis (1873–1955) Democratic presidential candidate in 1924 and Ambassador to England, 1918–21. b. April 13, 1873 at Clarksburg, W. Va. A graduate of Washington and Lee Univ. (A.B. and LL.B.) , he held honorary degrees from 14 universities and colleges including Yale, Dartmouth, Princeton and Oxford. He was admitted to the bar in 1895 and practiced at Clarksburg. He was elected to 62nd and 63rd congresses (1911–15) but resigned to become solicitor general of U.S. on Aug. 30, 1913, serving in that capacity until 1918. He became a member of Herman Lodge No. 6, Clarksburg, W. Va. in 1898 and member of the AASR bodies at Wheeling. In July, 1919, he was the first non-British Freemason to be made senior

grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England. The honor was conferred on him by the Duke of Connaught q.v. the grand master in a ceremony attended by 10,000 persons. In 1952 he received the New York grand lodge award for his work in humanities. d. March 24, 1955. Received 33° in 1953.

Jonathan M. Davis (1871–1943) Governor of Kansas 1923–25. b. April 26, 1871 in Bourbon Co., Kansas. He was a member of the Kansas lower house for four terms (until 1913) and of the senate from 1913–17. He was endorsed by the Kansas Democrats for president in 1924 and received 55 votes on the ballot. Mason and member of Mirza Shrine Temple at Pittsburg, Kansas. d. June 27, 1943.

Leonard M. Davis (1864–1938) Artist. b. May 8, 1864 at Winchendon, Mass. Studied art in New York and Paris. Began as wood finisher, printer, lithographic artist in 1884. He was portrait painter, art teacher, gold miner in Alaska and landscape painter and lectured on art for the board of education in New York for nine years. His permanent representations are in the American Museum of Natural History Planetarium (27 views of the aurora borealis); children's ward of Los Angeles Co. General Hospital (mural, Involution and Evolution) and also in State Museum of New Mexico and Seattle Public Library. Mason. d. May 5, 1938.

Merle H. Davis Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 5, 1893 at Cambridge, Vt. Commissioned in 1917, he rose through grades to brigadier general in 1950. He is a specialist in ammunition. Retired in 1953. Raised in Waterman Lodge No.

83, at Johnson, Vt. in 1916. During his 37 years of army service he was president of three Masonic clubs. Member of National Sojourners. Has given many lectures before Blue Lodges and Masonic clubs on "Masonry's Two Great Poets" (Burns and Kipling).

Monnett B. Davis (1893–1953) U.S. Diplomat. b. Aug. 13, 1893 in Greencastle, Ind. and graduated from Univ. of Colorado in 1917. Served as American consul in South Africa and Mexico and with State Department in Washington as chief of visa office and foreign service inspector. In 1933–34 he was consul general at Stockholm, Buenos Aires in 1938–41 and chief of division of foreign service, 1941–43. In 1945 he was minister to Denmark and to China in 1946. In 1948 he was named as ambassador to Panama. Member of Ben Hur Lodge No. 322, Kansas City, Kansas. d. Dec. 26, 1953.

Thomas Davis A chaplain of the 1st Continental Dragoons in Revolutionary War. Rev. Davis was a member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. and officiated at the burial of George Washington.

Thomas J. Davis Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 19, 1893 at West Union, S.C. Entered WW1 as an enlisted man and rose through grades to brigadier general in 1942. With army of occupation in Germany after WW1 until 1923. In WW2 he was adjutant general of Allied Forces, North Africa in 1942–43 and same with Supreme Headquarters, A.E.F., 1944–45. Has been assistant to the Adjutant General, War Dept., Washington since 1946. Mason and 32° AASR.

Westmoreland Davis (1859–1942) Governor of Virginia 1918–22. b. Aug. 21, 1859 of American parents at sea. Admitted to New York bar in 1885 and practiced in New York City, but moved to Loudoun Co., Va. in 1901 where he began farming. Was president and publisher of the Southern Planter. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 114, Leesburg, Va. d. Sept. 2, 1942.

F. Trubee Davison President of American Museum of Natural History. b. Feb. 7, 1896 in New York City. Graduate of Yale and Columbia universities. Admitted to New York bar in 1922, practicing in New York City. In 1926–32 he was assistant secretary of War (Air) and has been president of the Museum of Natural History since 1933. Rose to brigadier general in the Air Force in 1945, having served as assistant chief of staff for Air Force Combat Command. Mason.

Peter W. Davison (1869–1920) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. May 15, 1869 at Waupun, Wis. and graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1892. Advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1918. Served in China, Spanish–American War, Cuba, Philippines, Texas border, Alaska. Raised in Beaver Dam Lodge No. 72, on Dec. 30, 1902 and exalted in Beaver Dam Chapter No. 26, Dec. 30, 1906—both of Beaver Dam, Wis. d. Feb. 12, 1920.

Henry L. Dawes (1816–1903) U.S. Senator from Massachusetts, 1875–93. b. Oct. 30, 1816 at Cummington, Mass. A graduate of Yale, he edited the Greenfield Gazette and later the Adams Transcript. He was admitted to the bar in 1842 and was a member of the state legislature from 1848–50

and state senate, 1850–52. From 1857–73 he served in the U.S. congress. In 1893 he was chairman of the commission to the Five Civilized Tribes, Indian Territory. A member of Lafayette Lodge, North Adams, Mass. he was marshal in January, 1853 and in Dec., 1853 was one of the stewards.

William Dawes Revolutionary patriot of Lexington. He was dispatched to Lexington with Paul Revere on April 18, 1775 and rode through Roxbury—Revere going by way of Charlestown. In the morning of the 19th, the message from Warren reached Adams and Hancock. Revere and Dawes, joined by Samuel Prescott, from Concord, rode forward calling the inhabitants. At Lincoln they were surprised by a party of British officers, and both taken to Lexington, Prescott making his escape to Concord.

Cecil F. Dawson President of Dixie Cup Co. since 1948. b. Feb. 13, 1893 at Hardin, Mo. Began as a salesman in 1914 and later in manufacture of paper products, chiefly drinking cups and containers. Was vice president of Dixie Cup Co., Easton, Pa. from 1926–47, and is also president and director of the Canadian Dixie Cup Co. Raised in Excelsior Lodge No. 195, New York City in 1916. Member of Easton Chapter No. 173, R.A.M., Easton, Pa. and Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 19 of Easton. Member of Rajah Shrine Temple, Reading, Pa.

Donald S. Dawson Administrative assistant to President Truman from 1947. b. Aug. 3, 1908 at Eldorado Springs, Mo. Graduate of Univ. of Missouri and George Washington Univ.

A lawyer, he was with the R.F.C. in Washington and also the Federal Loan Administration. His second marriage was to Ilona Massey, Hungarian screen actress and singer. Raised in Clintonville Lodge No. 482, El Dorado Springs, Mo. Oct. 23, 1942. DeMolay Legion of Honor.

John Dawson (1762–1814) U.S. Congressman from Virginia for nine consecutive terms (1797–1814). He was a Harvard graduate, studied law and was admitted to the bar. He was a presidential elector on the Washington ticket in 1793 and a member of the Virginia legislature. He was bearer of dispatches from President Adams to France in 1801 and in the War of 1812 was one of General Jackson's aides. Member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Virginia. d. March 30, 1814.

William C. Dawson (1798–1856) U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1849–55. b. Jan. 4, 1798 in Green Co., Ga. Was admitted to bar in 1818 and settled in Greensboro. He was a member of U.S. congress from 1836–42, being chairman of the military committee and committee on claims. He published Laws of Georgia in 1831. A member of St. Marino Lodge No. 28 of Greensboro, he became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Georgia. He was a member of Columbia Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. and Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T. both of Washington, D.C. d. May 5, 1856.

Arthur H. Day Judge. b. Feb. 1, 1890 in Pandora, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan and Baldwin universities. Admitted to bar in 1916 and since practiced at Cleveland. He was judge of the supreme court of Ohio from 1935–41

and is now judge of court of common pleas of Cuyahoga Co. Served in state senate in 1921–22. Served overseas as captain in WW1. Raised in Hiram Lodge No. 18, Delaware, Ohio in Feb., 1912 and demitted to become charter member of Service Lodge No. 658 of Cleveland in 1920. 32° AASR (NJ) in Columbus, Ohio. He served as first marshal of Service Lodge. Member of Al Sirat Grotto and past chairman of its legal committee and current chairman of jurisprudence committee. Honorary member of Police Fellowcraft Club, Post Office Fellowcraft Club and Firemen's Square Club.

Edward Day Served under George Washington in the Pennsylvania "Whiskey Insurrection" as commissary general. He was a member of Lodge No. 35 at Joppa, Md., and was its first junior warden and master in 1784. He was present in Cincinnati, Ohio at the organization of Nova Cesarea Lodge and was appointed its first master.

James E. Day President of Chicago Stock Exchange. b. May 31, 1905 at Cuba, Ill. Graduate of Univ. of Arizona in 1930. Was vice president of E. S. Wooley, New York City and Banning & Co., Chicago. Going to Ryan Nichols & Co., Chicago in 1939 as vice president, he became president. From 1944–46 he was vice president of the Chicago Stock Exchange and president of same since May, 1946. Mason and 32° AASR.

Karl S. Day Lieutenant General, U.S. Marine Corps and airline executive. b. May 30, 1896 in Ripley Co., Ind. Operations manager of Curtiss–Wright Flying Service, 1929–32 and with American Airlines since 1932 successively as pilot, check

pilot and flight superintendent. Served with Marine Corps in both WW1 and WW2, advancing from lieutenant to lieutenant general. Retired. Now director, American Airlines. Received third degree on Dec. 3, 1917 in Norwood Lodge No. 576 at Norwood, Ohio and 32° AASR (SJ) in Miami, Fla.

Ralph E. Day (1885–1946) President of Bridgeport Brass Co. b. in Peckville, Pa. President and general manager of the brass company from 1930–42 and director of several corporations. Mason and Shriner. d. May 2, 1946.

Gilbert W. Daynes (1886–1931) English Masonic writer. A solicitor by profession. Served in WW1 as colonel with distinction, being mentioned in dispatches. He was initiated in Union Lodge No. 52 in 1920 and at the time of his death was senior warden. In 1927 he was master of Norfolk Lodge No. 2852. Was installed as master of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge in Nov., 1930. Among his writings are *Growth of Speculative Masonry*; *The Untrodden Paths of Masonic Research*; *Two Hundred Years of Freemasonry in Norfolk*, and *The Birth and Growth of the Grand Lodge of England*. He was associate editor for England of the American Masonic magazine *The Builder*. d. Jan. 9, 1931.

Elias Dayton (1737–1807) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. in Elizabethtown, N.J., he began his military career by joining the British forces and fought under Wolfe at Quebec as well as the campaigns against the northern Indians. At the beginning of the Revolutionary war, he was a member of the Committee of Safety and served as a

colonel of the 3rd New Jersey regiment, being made brigadier general in 1783. His son Jonathan q.v. was paymaster of the regiment and later U.S. senator from New Jersey. Elias took a prominent part in the battles of Springfield, Monmouth, Brandywine and Yorktown. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1787–88. Upon the founding of the New Jersey Society of the Cincinnati, he was elected president and held the office until his death. He was a member of Military Lodge No. 19 of Pennsylvania registry and is recorded as a visitor to American Union Lodge. d. July 17, 1807.

Jonathan Dayton (1760–1824) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, officer of American Revolution and speaker of U.S. House of Representatives. b. Oct. 16, 1760 at Elizabethtown, N.J., son of Elias Dayton q.v. a general in the Revolution in whose regiment Jonathan served as paymaster (3rd New Jersey). He graduated from Princeton in 1776 and then studied law. He was in many battles, including Yorktown, and had a command under Lafayette q.v. He served in the New Jersey legislature and a delegate to the convention that framed the Federal Constitution in 1787. He was elected to U.S. congress from N.J. in 1791 and re-elected three consecutive terms, serving until 1799. He served as U.S. senator from 1799–1805. He was arrested for alleged conspiracy with Aaron Burr q.v. but was not tried. Probably a member of Temple Lodge No. 1 at Elizabethtown and was present at the Grand Lodge of New Jersey on Dec. 30, 1788. d. Oct. 9, 1824.

Michael F. Dazard (1781–?) French Masonic student who was op–posed to the Supreme Council AASR and wrote a 48–page brochure against it in 1812.

Joseph T. Deal (1860–1942) U.S. Congressman, 67th to 70th Congresses (1921–29) from 2nd Virginia dist. b. Nov. 19, 1860 in Va. Was a lumberman, acquiring large holdings in South Carolina and Virginia. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. d. March 7, 1942.

Edward M. (Ted) Dealey Publisher. b. Oct. 5, 1892. Graduate of Univ. of Texas and Harvard. Began as a reporter on the Dallas News in 1915. Since 1940 has been president of the A. H. Belco Corp. which publishes the Dallas Morning News and Texas Almanac. Member of the editorial board of This Week magazine. Mason and 32° AASR.

George B. Dealey (1859–1946) Publisher. b. Sept. 18, 1859 in Manchester, England, coming to the U.S. in 1870 where in 1874 he became office boy of the Galveston News. He became vice president and general manager of the paper in 1906, as well as others owned by the A. H. Belo & Co. and in 1926 purchased controlling interest of the firm and reorganized it. He served as president from 1926–40, when he turned the reins over to his son, Edward M. q.v. and became chairman of the board. Other newspapers and periodicals included the Texas Almanac; ,State Industrial Guide and radio stations WFAA and KGKO. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ) Knight Templar and Shriner. He was a director of the Dallas Scottish Rite Temple Assn. d. Feb. 26, 1946.

James R. Dean (1862–1936) Judge, Supreme Court of Nebraska, 1909–35. b. Sept. 15, 1862 in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan in 1885 and began law practice in Chicago, moving to Broken Bow, Nebr. in 1890. Mason. d. Jan. 5, 1936.

Jefferson DeAngelis (1859–1933) Dramatic actor, comedian, light opera star. b. Nov. 30, 1859 in San Francisco. He entered the theatrical profession as a child, appearing in vaudeville in 1874. In 1880–84 he toured Australia, China, Japan, Burma, India and South Africa with his own company. He was with the McCaull Opera Co. from 1887–90 and leading comedian at the Casino in New York City from 1890–93. He starred in *Fantana* in 1904; *The Great White Way*, 1907; *The Beauty Spot*, 1908; and played the role of Ko-Ko in 12 productions of the *Mikado*. He sang in more than 100 operas. His dramatic performances included *Revelry*; *School for Scandal*; *The Royal Family* and *Apron Strings*. He was a member of Carnarvon Lodge No. 1735 at Cape-town, South Africa and an honorary member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 in New York City. He also belonged to the Scottish Rite. d. March 20, 1933.

Henry Dearborn (1751–1829) Major General, U.S. Army. Secretary of War (1801–09) under Jefferson. b. Feb. 23, 1751 in North Hampton, N.H. He fought in both the Revolutionary War and War of 1812. He was a practicing physician in Nottingham, N.H. when the word came of the stand made by the Americans against the British at Lexington on April 4, 1775. He hastily gathered 60 men together and arrived

there the next day. He took part in the Battle of Bunker Hill where he covered the retreat of the American forces. He accompanied Benedict Arnold's q.v. expedition to Canada and was taken prisoner at Quebec on Dec. 31, being released in May, 1776 and exchanged in March, 1777. He was made major in Scammell's regiment and took part in the battles of Stillwater, Saratoga, Monmouth and Newton. In 1781 he joined Washington's staff as a colonel and was at the siege of Yorktown. After the war he was made major general of N.H. militia in 1795. He served in the 3rd and 4th congresses (1793-97). In Jan., 1812 he was named senior major general of the U.S. Army and given command of the Northern Department. He captured York (now Toronto) and Fort George and was recalled in July, 1813 for political reasons and given command of New York City. He served as minister to Portugal from 1822-24. He was initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H. on March 3, 1774, and also passed that night, but it was not until April 18, 1777 that he was raised a Master Mason. He is recorded as a visitor to American Union Lodge of Conn. on April 7, 1779. He had three wives and his several sons were named for his brother Masons who were his comrades in the army. Fort Dearborn, present site of Chicago, was named for him. d. June 6, 1829.

Russell L. Dearmont President of the Missouri Pacific Railroad from May 15, 1957. b. Feb. 22, 1891 at Mound City, Mo. Graduate of State Teachers College at Cape Girardeau and Univ. of Missouri. Admitted to bar in 1914 and began practice at Cape Girardeau. He was general counsel for the trustee of the Missouri Pacific from 1936. He is chairman

of the board of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis. He was a member of the state senate in 1929–32. Member of St. Marks Lodge No. 93, Wilson Chapter No. 75, R.A.M. and Cape Commandery No. 55, K.T. all of Cape Girardeau, Mo. He is past high priest of his chapter and past grand sentinel of the Grand Chapter of Missouri.

Luere B. Deasy (1859–1940) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Maine, 1929–30. b. Feb. 8, 1859 in Gouldsboro, Maine. Admitted to bar in 1884 and practiced at Bar Harbor. Was president of the Maine senate. A justice of the supreme court until 1930 when he resigned to practice law. Mason. d. March 13, 1940.

Bascom S. Deaver (1882–1934) U.S. District Judge of Georgia, 1928–44. b. Nov. 26, 1882 at Union Co., Ga. Admitted to bar in 1910. Mason. d. Oct. 13, 1944.

Dan DeBaugh (?–1946) Treasurer of Ringling Brothers Circus. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois. Honorary 33° AASR (NJ). He died in 1946.

William DeBeck (1890–1942) Cartoonist who created Barney Google. b. April 16, 1890 in Chicago. Educated in Chicago Academy of Fine Arts. Began as a contributor to the Chicago Daily News in 1908 and became a political cartoonist for the Pittsburgh. Gazette Times and Chronicle Telegraph from 1912–16. He was with the Hearst publications from 1918. He created the series “Married Life” and also created “Barney Google” in 1918; “Spark Plug” and “Bunky” in 1922;

“Snuffy Smith” in 1934; “Feather Merchants” in 1938; U.S. Army “Yard Bird” in 1940. Member of North Shore Lodge No. 936, Chicago. d. Nov. 11, 1942.

Xavier B. DeBray Confederate General in Civil War. Member of Austin Lodge No. 12, Texas, serving as secretary of same from 1859–61. Became a member of Holland Lodge No. 1, Texas in 1866.

Stephen Decatur, Sr. (1751–1808) Naval officer of the American Revolution and father of Stephen, Jr. q.v. another famous American naval officer. b. in Newport, R.I., his father was a French naval officer who had emigrated to the U.S. and married an American woman. Stephen was captain of a merchantman at an early age, and during the Revolution commanded the privateers, *Royal Louis*; and *Fair American*. He was appointed post-captain in the Navy in 1798 at the beginning of hostilities with France and commanding the *Delaware*, 21-gun sloop of war, he captured several French vessels off the coast of New England and in the West Indies. He commanded a squadron of 13 vessels on the Guadeloupe station in 1800. He retired from the sea in 1801 and engaged in business in Philadelphia. He was a member of Lodge No. 16 in Baltimore, Md. being initiated in Aug. 1777. He received his master’s degree in Lodge No. 3 of Pennsylvania charter on April 18, 1780, paying \$100.00. d. Nov. 14, 1808.

Stephen Decatur, Jr. (1779–1820) Son of Stephen, Sr., q.v. also an American naval officer. b. Jan. 5. 1779 at Sinnepuxent, Md., he made a voyage with his father when but eight years

old. He commanded the schooner *Enterprise* in Tripolitan waters in 1803 and performed the daring exploit of burning a frigate captured and held by the Tripolitians in 1804. He was promoted to captain for this and commanded a division of gunboats in attacks on Tripoli in 1804. In the War of 1812 he commanded the *United States* in victory over the British ship *Macedonian* in 1812 and the *President* in victory over the *Endymion* in 1815. He commanded a squadron which sailed to Algeria and forced a peace on American terms in 1815. In a banquet on his return, he gave the famous toast: "Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong!" He was killed by James Barron, a naval officer, in a duel on March 22, 1820. He was thought to have been a member of Saint Johns Lodge, either of Maryland or Rhode Island on Oct. 12, 1799. If it was of Maryland, then it was the same lodge in which his father had been initiated for No. 16 of Baltimore under Pennsylvania constitution later became Saint Johns No. 20 (1785) of Fells Point, Baltimore, and later went out of existence.

Elie, Duke of Decazes (1780–1860) Premier of France, and barrister. Served as minister of police in 1815 and minister of the interior and premier of France in 1819–20. He was created Duc Decazes and peer of France in 1820, serving as ambassador to Great Britain in that year. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

John L. Decell (1887–1945) Bishop of Methodist Church.

b. Aug. 12, 1887 at Brookhaven, Miss. Licensed to preach in Methodist Episcopal Church, South in 1906 and admitted to Mississippi Annual Conference in 1910. He held pastorates in Osyka, Mt. Olive, Waynesboro, McComb, Meridian and Jackson—all of Miss. and at Fresno, Calif. Elected bishop in 1938. Mason. d. Jan. 10, 1945.

George H. Decker Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 16, 1902 in Catskill, N.Y. Commissioned in 1924, advancing through the grades to lieutenant general in 1952. During his career, he has served with the following Infantry divisions: 26th, 35th, 29th, 7th, 10th, 39th and 9th. On War Department General Staff 1941–42 and deputy chief of staff of Third Army, 1943–44. Chief of staff of Sixth Army 1944–46; deputy commander and chief of staff of U.S. Army in Pacific, 1946–48, commanding general of 5th Infantry 1948–50 and at present commanding general of VII Corps. On June 28, 1949, Col. James F. Risher, grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina made Decker a Mason “at sight” in Theatre No. 3 at Fort Jackson, S.C. It was the sixth time in the 213 years of existence of the grand lodge that such a ceremony was conducted.

Charles de Coster (see Coster)

Edward A. Deeds Chairman of Board of National Cash Register Co. b. March 12, 1874 at Granville, Ohio. Graduate of Denison Univ. in 1897. Mason and 33° AASR (NJ).

Harry J. DeFoe Shipbuilder. b. Sept. 2, 1875 in Bay City, Mich. Began as a schoolteacher and has been engaged

in shipbuilding since 1905. Managing partner of DeFoe Shipbuilding Co. He began boat building by construction of wooden boats to 80 feet in length, shipped chiefly in knock-down form. During WW1 he established a steel shipyard and in 1940 when tremendous expansion of U.S. shipbuilding required conservation of both manpower and space, he devised the “bottom up and roll over” method of construction by which steel hulls of ships between 300–400 feet were built bottom up on building forms, then rolled over to upright position by means of two wheels which encircled the hull and rested on heavy steel tracks. This made possible vast savings in man-hours. Mason.

J. M. DeFrenne (1767–1848) First grand master of the symbolic rite in Belgium.

Edwin B. De Golia Financier and hotel owner. b. March 17, 1869 at Placerville, Calif. Began in insurance business in 1888 and became president of the Central Eureka Mining Co. and Atolia Mining Co. Builder and owner of Maurice Hotel. Owner of President Hotel, Palo Alto; Sir Francis Drake Hotel, San Francisco and part owner of St. Francis Hotel, San Francisco; Eureka Inn, Eureka; Shasta Springs Resort, Shasta Springs. He is the owner of several gold dredging companies operating in California. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Lawrence De Graff (1871–1934) Justice, Supreme Court of Iowa, 1921–23. b. June 24, 1871 at Apple River, Ill. Practiced law in Chicago, but moved to Des Moines in 1898. Mason. d. July 7, 1934.

Joseph De Grasse Movie actor and director. Member of Mount Olive Lodge No. 506, Los Angeles, Calif.

Count Alexandre Francois Auguste de Grasse-Tilly (1776-?) One of the two Catholics who were founders of the Mother Supreme Council AASR (SJ), the other being his son-in-law, J. B. N. M. Delahogue q.v. The count was the most famous of all the early members. The son of French Admiral Francois J. P. Marquis de Grasse-Tilly, who began his naval career at 15 in the service of the Knights of Malta, and whose fleet cooperated with Washington's army and made possible the victory at Yorktown. The children moved to America after the family fortune was ruined by the French Revolution and the count seems to have settled in Charleston, S.C. He was a member of the Lodge Contrat Social of Paris, and in 1796 became one of the founders and in 1798 the master of Lodge La Candeur of Charleston. On Aug. 4, 1799 he demitted and six days later became a founder of Lodge La Reunion Francaise, of which he also was master. In 1801 he became grand master of the South Carolina (Ancient) Grand Lodge. On Dec. 12, 1796 he received a patent from Hyman I. Long naming him, and others, as "Deputy Grand Inspector General, etc." Early in the following year, he helped to found the first Council of Princes of the Royal Secret in the U.S. On Feb. 21, 1802 he was named "Grand Commander, for life, in the French West India Islands." Going to the West Indies with Napoleon's forces in 1802, he was one of the founders of Lodge Sept Freres Reunis on June 24, 1802 at Cap Francais, Ste. Dominique and the following year he established the Supreme Council for the Windward and Leeward

West Indian Islands at Port-au-Prince. When the French met disaster in the West Indies, de Grasse-Tilly returned to France, where on Sept. 22, 1804, together with others, he established a Supreme Council, 33° AASR for France at Paris. He became grand commander and served as such until Sept. 8, 1818 when he resigned. On Sept. 17, 1818, he was charged before a self-constituted tribunal with usurpation of power, and in his absence was “deposed and degraded from all Masonic rank and his functions declared to devolve on the Lt. Gr. Commander Delahogue.” He was also instrumental in establishing the Supreme Council for Italy at Milan on March 5, 1805; the Supreme Council for Spain at Madrid in October, 1809; and the Supreme Council for Belgium on May 11, 1817.

Earl de Grey (1827–1909) Full name was George Frederick Samuel Robinson. Succeeded his uncle as Earl de Grey in 1852 and his father as Earl of Ripon. He was grand master of the United Grand Lodge of England in 1870–74, resigning the title when he became converted to Roman Catholicism in the latter year. He was liberal M.P. in 1852. Joining the Christian Socialist movement, he pleaded for democracy in tract *The Duty of the Age*. He was secretary for war in 1863 and secretary for India in 1866. In Gladstone’s administration (1863–73) he was lord president of the council. He was governor general of India from 1880–84; first lord of admiralty in 1886; colonial secretary in 1892–95; lord of privy seal and liberal leader of house of lords from 1905–08.

Richard E. S. Deichler Vice president of American Airlines, Inc. in charge of customer service. b. April 21, 1910 in

Lancaster, Pa. Graduate of Univ. of Pennsylvania. He was a hotel manager before becoming vice president of the airline in charge of sales, 1946–54, and of customer service since 1954. Also director of Air Cargo, Inc. and Sky Chefs, Inc. Served in Air Force in WW1 and was discharged with rank of colonel. Raised April 11, 1939 in Jephtha Lodge No. 494, Huntington, L.I., N.Y. 32° AASR (SJ) in San Antonio, Texas. Was a DeMolay in Harrisburg, Pa. in 1927. Member of National Chapter of National Sojourners.

Baron Johann de Kalb (1721–1780) Major General in Continental Army. b. June 29, 1721 at Hattendorf, Germany. He served in the French army from 1743–64 and was sent on a confidential mission to America in 1768. In 1777 he was commissioned major general in the American army and served with valour in the cause of the colonies. He was mortally wounded in action near Camden, S.C. on Aug. 16, 1780 and was buried there on Aug. 19 with the British general, Lord Cornwallis q.v. giving the grand honors of Masonry. It is not known where he held his Masonic membership although it may have been in Army Lodge No. 29, chartered by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in the Maryland Line (which DeKalb commanded). His biographer, Frederick Kapp, stated him to be a Freemason. The lodge at Camden erected a monument over his grave in 1825 with Masonic emblems. Lafayette laid the cornerstone of the monument and deposited within it a Masonic apron and the constitution of the lodge at Camden. The grand lodge remitted the dues of this lodge in 1824 to help them pay for the monument. The De Kalb statue at Annapolis, Md. was unveiled by the Grand Lodge of Maryland.

Sir Polydore De Keyser Lord Mayor of London in 1887–88. Member of Lodge of Emulation No. 21, London.

Reginald De Koven (1859–1920) American composer. Born in Middletown, Conn., he organized and led the Washington Philharmonic Orchestra in 1902–05. Among his light operas are *The Begum*; *Robin Hood*; *The Fencing Master*; *Rob Roy*; *The Highwayman*; *The Three Dragoons*; *Happy Land* and *Student King*. He wrote *The Canterbury Pilgrims* and is probably best known for his song *O Promise Me*. The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1913 state he was made a Mason while at Oxford University in England.

Sir Rupert de la Sere Lord Mayor of London in 1951. b. in 1893, he has been alderman of Tower ward since 1943 and was sheriff of London in 1941. Served as a member of parliament in 1952. He was initiated in Felix Lodge No. 1494 of Middlesex and served as master of Pelipar Lodge No. 2693 (attached to the Worshipful Company of Skinners, one of the Great Twelve of the City Guilds) in 1951. When he became lord mayor he affiliated with Guildhall Lodge No. 3116 of the City Corporation and was its master as is the custom of Masonic lord mayors in the year of their capacity.

Baron de la Brede (see Charles-Louis de Secondat)

William Delafield (1792–1853) New York merchant, who with his twin brother, Henry, established the firm of H. & W. Delafield, dealing first with England, then with China, India and South America. Later they dealt almost entirely with the

West Indies. Held many responsible positions in corporations. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York. b. July 19, 1792. d. Nov. 20, 1853.

Jean Baptiste Noel Marie Delahogue (often de la Hogue) (1744–?) One of the two Catholics who were founders of the Supreme Council AASR (SJ), the other being his father-in-law, Count de Grasse-Tilly q.v. Born in Paris, he was a member of the Lodge de la Constance of the Orient of France. He was also a founder and first master of Lodge La Candeur. He received a demit from the same on Nov. 2, 1799, but was later reinstated. On Dec. 12, 1796 he received the 33°. He seems to have continued as a member of the Mother Supreme Council as late as 1804, for on July 29 of that year a patent was issued to him signed by the grand and lieutenant grand commander and the treasurer, authorizing him to establish bodies under its authority in New Orleans. He is there described as a “Sovereign Grand Inspector General of the 33rd Degree and lieutenant grand commander in the French West Indies.”

Joseph Jerome Delalande (1732–1807) Distinguished French astronomer of the 18th century who organized the Lodge of the Nine Sisters (or Muses) in Paris to unite Freemasons in the study of sciences. It became one of the most famous lodges in the world; Benjamin Franklin became its master and Voltaire was a member. b. at Bourg-en-Bresse, France, July 11, 1732, his name was Joseph Jerome Lefrancais, but when a young man, he was received at the Court of King Frederic II, he called himself Lefrancais de la Lande, which

has since become Delalande. He was also one of the founders of the Grand Orient of France and in 1774 published the History of Freemasonry. d. April 4. 1807.

Walter A. DeLamater Major General of New York National Guard, business executive and 38th Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, U.S.A. b. April 18, 1880 in New York City. Began as manufacturers agent in textile business. President and director of Ex-pansible Vehicles, Inc.; vice president, secretary and director of Hub Industries, Inc.; director of Rygold Trailer Co.; vice president and director of Phoenix Machine Tool Corp.; vice president of Synchronies, Inc.; vice president of Ozonator Corp., Electroaire Corp. Administrator of Federal Works Administration of New York in 1934 and member of executive board of N.Y. City Tunnel Authority in 1936. Enlisted as a private in the N.Y. National Guard and advanced to major general. Served on Mexican border and WW1 through the major campaigns. With national guard as commander of 87th Brigade from 1936 until retirement in 1940. He is a past master of Kane Lodge No. 454 of New York City. Coronetted 33° AASR (NJ) in 1947. Past potentate of Mecca Shrine Temple, N Y.C.; grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York in 1934; past prior of Knickerbocker Priory No. 5, K.Y.C.H. and member of Knights of the York Grand Cross since 1949. Sovereign of St. Paul's Conclave No. 12, Red Cross of Constantine in 1940 and grand high prelate of Grand Imperial Council in 1946. d. Aug. 25, 1973.

Emanuel de la Motta (1761–1821) One of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council, Scottish Rite at Charleston, S.C.

b. Jan. 5, 1751, his birthplace is variously given as St. Croix and Spain. He was a commission merchant and auctioneer. Like Abraham Alexander q.v. another founding member, he was of Jewish faith and took Alexander's place as chazan, or reader, of Congregation Bayh Elohim in Charleston. He was a member of Lodge La Candeur No. 12 and his signature appears on the minutes of July 8, 1798. He was also a charter member and senior warden of American Eagle Mark Lodge No. 1, organized in 1802. Sometime afterward he affiliated with Friendship Lodge No. 9 and became its master. De la Motta was the first treasurer-general of the Supreme Council and continued as such until as late as 1813.

Paul S. Deland Managing editor and member of editorial council of The Christian Science Monitor since 1945. b. at North Brookfield, Mass., he was first a real estate dealer before turning to journalism in 1905. He served as a reporter and feature writer on papers in Worcester, Mass., New Haven, Conn. and Boston. Has been with The Christian Science Monitor since 1908. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Columbus Delano (1809–1896) Secretary of the Interior from 1870–75. b. June 5, 1809 at Shoreham, Vt., moving to Mt. Vernon, Ohio in 1817 where he was admitted to the bar in 1831. Member of the Ohio lower house in 1863 and elected to congress in 1844, 1864 and 1866. He was appointed by President Grant as commissioner of internal revenue. A trustee of Kenyon College, Ohio, he endowed a grammar school called Delano Hall. While secretary of the Interior, charges of fraud in the Bureau of Indian Affairs brought congressional

investigation and findings of neglect and incompetence. He resigned in 1875. He served as junior deacon of Mt. Zion Lodge No. 9 at one time.

Princess de Latour French Grand Mistress of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem—an early emanation of Freemasonry in the 18th century. Other grand mistresses were Countess of Maille (France); Princess of Rochelle (Italy) and Duchess of Wissembourg (Germany).

Francois H. Stanislaus Delaunay A French historian and author. His most important Masonic book was Handbook of the Thirty-three Degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite.

Francisco A. Delgado Former Resident Commissioner for the Philippines at Washington. Made 33° AASR (SJ) in October, 1935. From 1954–55 he was a member of the Philippine Economic Mission on duty in Washington, D.C.

Israel de Lieben (1740–1807) One of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council AASR (SJ) at Charleston, S.C. Born in Prague, Bohemia, he emigrated to America and located at Charleston in 1770. A prosperous merchant, he was known as “the liberal-handed Jew” who was “tolerant in his religious opinions.” He became a member of Orange Lodge No. 14 at Charleston on Jan. 9, 1797. A patent dated Feb. 21, 1802 names him as grand inspector general, 33rd and grand treasurer of the empire. d. Jan. 28, 1807 and is buried in the old Jewish cemetery in Charleston.

Jacques Delille (1738–1813) French abbe and poet. He was the author of a verse translation of Virgil's *Georgics* and *Aeneid* as well as Milton's *Paradise Lost*. The *Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress* (1917) gives him as a Freemason.

Philip Deloria (1854–1931) Sioux Indian chief who became an Episcopal priest. Known to his own people as Tipi Sapa (black lodge), there is a statue of him in the marble reredos of the Jerusalem High Altar of the National Cathedral in Washington, D.C. Converted to Christianity in the early 1870's, he was sent to Nebraska City to school and later to Shattuck Military School at Faribault, Minn. He became a lay reader and missionary teacher at St. Paul's School for Indian Boys and studied for the ministry under William H. Hare, the first bishop of South Dakota. In 1890 he became superintending presbyter of all the Episcopal church's work at Standing Rock Reservation and labored there with his people for 40 years. He was given the coveted Cross of Sangrael in 1925 for his service. He became a Freemason in Aberdeen Lodge No. 38 at Aberdeen, S.D. in 1911, being raised on June 27. Subsequently he received the 32° AASR (SJ). d. May 8, 1931.

Charles de Lorraine (1712–1780) Served as governor of the Austrian Netherlands for 40 years. He had been appointed to the position by his sister-in-law, Maria Theresa of Austria. A Mason, he not only attended the lodge, but helped to found at least two: the first, in 1762 at Brussels, was named "La Loge de St. Charles" in his honor, and the second in 1765 at Tournai was named "L'Unanimite." Charles was protector of

the regular lodges in the Austrian Netherlands until his death.

Marcelo H. del Pilar (1850–1896) Known as the “father of Filipino Masonry.” b. Aug. 29, 1850 at Bulacan, Philippines. He served as master of the famous Solidaridad Lodge of Madrid, to which many Filipino patriots belonged. He secured the necessary authority for organizing Filipino lodges on the islands from Grand Master Miguel Morayta of Spain, thereby meriting the name “father of Filipino Masonry.” d. July 4, 1896 at Barcelona, Spain.

Rafael del Riego y Nunez (1785–1823) Spanish Marshal and patriot who was grand master of the National Grand Orient of Spain. He was active in the Peninsular War against Napoleonic domination and military leader of the Revolution of 1820. He was president of the Cortes from 1822–23, but was captured in the latter year while resisting intervention of the Holy Alliance at Malaga and executed as a traitor. Executed Nov. 7, 1823.

Daniel DeLuce Foreign correspondent. b. June 8, 1911 at Yuma, Ariz. and graduate of Univ. of California at Los Angeles in 1934. Has been with the Associated Press since 1929, with the exception of one year as a reporter with the Los Angeles Examiner. He was assigned to the Balkan bureau in 1939, covered war in Poland, Albanian front, AngloSoviet occupation of Iran, AngloChinese defeat in Burma, allied campaign in Tunisia. He entered Italy on D-Day in 1943, obtained first interviews with Tito's partisan forces on Yugoslav soil, entered Rome with American Army, entered Warsaw with

first press party from Moscow and covered Palestine War in 1948. Member of Southland Lodge No. 618, Los Angeles, Calif., receiving degrees in 1934.

Earl B. Delzell Librarian of Iowa Masonic Library and Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Iowa. b. Aug. 17, 1883 at Idaville, Ind. A Masonic historian, he heads one of the foremost Masonic libraries in the world. Past master of Mt. Hermon Lodge No. 263 (1937) of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, he has been grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Iowa since 1945. Served as high priest of Trowel Chapter No. 49, R.A.M. in 1947 and grand treasurer of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Iowa in 1950. He is past master of Palestine Council (1936) and past commander of Apollo Commandery, K.T. (1940), all of Cedar Rapids. He served as grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Iowa in 1948, sovereign of the Red Cross of Constantine (St. Ignatius Conclave) in 1954; was sovereign grand master of the Grand Council, A.M.D. in 1955 and in 1956 was grand preceptor of the Holy Royal Arch Knight Templar Priests. In 1955 he was president of the Conference of Grand Lodge Secretaries, and is president of the Masonic Relief Association of the United States and Canada. He is a member of the board of publication of the Royal Arch Mason magazine.

Enrique de Marchena Lawyer and diplomat of the Dominican Republic. b. Oct. 13, 1908 in Trujillo City. Graduate of Univ. of Santo Domingo and studied at Tulane and Institute of International Education in the— U.S. Practiced law and has been professor of international and American law at Univ. of

Santo Domingo since 1945. Was undersecretary of state for external affairs 1947–48, minister counselor to Dominican U.N. delegation; alternate delegate to U.N.; delegate plenipotentiary to 2nd, 3rd U.N. Assemblies and M.P. and E.E. to U.N., 1948. His biography in *Who's Who* lists him both as a Catholic and a Mason.

H. Armand de Masi Newspaper editor. b. Nov. 6, 1890 at Joliet, Ill. Served in various editorial capacities with Minneapolis Tribune, Milwaukee Sentinel, Evening Wisconsin. News editor of Chicago Journal; managing editor of Havana American; makeup editor of New York Press; Paris correspondent for New York Sun. With New York Evening Journal and Journal-American since 1933 as chief copy editor. Served in WW1 as ordnance captain U.S. Army and assistant military attache of U.S. legation in Portugal in 1918–19. During WW2 he was with Allied military government in North Africa and Italy and member of military intelligence reserve from 1946–51. Mason, Shriner and 33° AASR.

Cecil B. de Mille Motion picture producer. b. Aug. 12, 1881. Educated in Pennsylvania Military College and American Academy of Dramatic Art, N.Y.C. Was organizer and president of the Mercury Aviation Co., Hollywood, Calif. (1918–23), the first commercial aviation company to carry passengers on regular flights. He has been identified with the motion picture industry since 1913 as a playwright, actor and producer. He produced the Lux Theater radio programs from 1936–45. As president of Cecil B. de Mille Productions, Inc., he gave the world the greatest spectacular movies ever produced,

including Ten Commandments; The Volga Boatman; The Kings of Kings; The Sign of the Cross; Cleopatra; The Crusades; The Plainsman; The Buccaneer; Union Pacific; North West Mounted Police; Reap the Wild Wind; Unconquered; Samson and Delilah, etc. Member of Prince of Orange Lodge No. 16, N.Y.C. and Al Malaikah Shrine Temple, Los Angeles.

Henry C. Deming (1815–1872) U.S. Congressman and orator. b. in Middle Haddam, Conn., he graduated from Yale and Harvard and entered law practice in New York City, but devoted himself chiefly to literature, editing the *New World*, a literary monthly. Moving to Hartford, Conn. in 1847, he served in both houses of the state legislature and was twice mayor of Hartford. Reluctant to support the Union cause in the Civil War, he finally entered the army and became a colonel. Was at the capture of New Orleans and acting mayor of that city. Elected to congress for two terms starting in 1863. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford and a Knight Templar. d. Oct. 9, 1872.

William C. Deming (1869–1949) Editor and publisher. b. Dec. 6, 1869 at Mt. Olivet, Ky. He was editor and manager of Warren (O.) Tribune from 1894–1901, when he moved to Wyoming in the latter year and was editor and publisher of the Wyoming State Tribune–Leader and Wyoming Stockman–Farmer until 1937 when he sold his interest and retired. From 1923–30 he was president of the U.S. Civil Service Commission. He served in the Wyoming lower house, was receiver of public moneys at U.S. Land Office in Cheyenne, president of board of trustees of Univ. of

Wyoming. Mason and 32° AASR. d. April 9, 1949.

Francisco de Miranda (1750?–1816) Venezuelan patriot and revolutionist. b. in Caracas, he served in the Spanish army from 1773–82. In 1792–93 he was a general of a division in the French revolutionary armies. He led the Venezuelan army in the revolt under Simon Bolivar q.v. in 1810 and was dictator of Venezuela in April, 1812. The liberation of the South American republics was planned by Freemasons in Spanish lodges meeting in London. The initial credit must be given to De Miranda, who in December, 1807, constituted a “Gran Oriente” composed of three lodges Lautaro, Caballeros Racionales and Gran Reunion Americana. This “Oriente” today would be considered irregular, but a century and a half ago, Masonic rules were less strict. There is no question of the regularity of the Masonry of Miranda, for he was initiated in 1796 and proposed by no less a personage than General Lafayette q.v. He fought vainly against the Royalists and was finally forced to sign a treaty on July 25, 1812, yielding the country to them. He was arrested, sent to Spain and died in prison.

Jacques de Molay (1243?–1314) Last Grand Master of the Knights Templar. b. in Besancon, Burgundy, he was the descendant of an old noble family. He received the Order of Knights Templar in 1265 and was elected grand master while in the Holy Land about 1298. Philip IV (Philip the Fair), King of France and Pope Clement V had him imprisoned in 1307. On March 11, 1314 he was burned at the stake in a public ceremony before Notre Dame Cathedral in Paris. The Order

of DeMolay for boys is named after this famous martyr as well as many commanderies of Knights Templar.

Baron de Montesquieu (see Charles-Louis de Secondat)

William Harrison “Jack” Dempsey Former world’s heavy-weight boxing champion. b. in 1895 in Manassa, Colorado. He won the heavyweight championship by defeating Jess Willard at Toledo, Ohio on July 4, 1919 and lost the title to Gene Tunney at Philadelphia on Sept. 23, 1926. Member of Kenwood Lodge No. 800, Chicago, Ill.

Edwin Denby (1870–1929) U.S. Secretary of the Navy under Harding (1921–24). b. Feb. 18, 1870 at Evansville, Ind. He was a member of congress from 1905–11. As secretary of the Navy he was criticized for allowing the transfer of administration of naval oil reserves from the navy department to the department of interior. His signature on leases of Teapot Dome oil lands involved him in the scandal, but he was not accused of corruption. He resigned on March 10, 1924 to lessen the embarrassment to President Coolidge. He was raised in Oriental Lodge No. 240, Detroit, Mich. on June 11, 1912 and received the 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 16, 1924 in Boston, Mass. d. Feb. 8, 1929. Received 32° Oct. 24, 1919 in Detroit.

Charles S. Deneen (1863–1940) U.S. Senator and Governor of Illinois. b. May 4, 1863 at Edwardsville, Ill. He practiced law at Chicago from 1890 with sporadic retirements to serve in public offices. He was a member of the Illinois lower house, state’s attorney, and governor of Illinois, 1905–09. Appointed

U.S. senator in 1925 and elected to same office for term 1925–31. He served as the grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, was member of Oriental Consistory AASR (NJ), Chicago and received the 33° on Sept. 19, 1922. Also member of Medinah Shrine Temple of Chicago. d. Feb. 5, 1940.

DuPont de Nemours (see DuPont)

William D. Denney Former Governor of Delaware and past master of Union Lodge No. 7, Dover, Del.

Emery B. Denny Justice of Supreme Court of North Carolina. b. Nov. 23, 1892 at Pilot Mountain, N.C. Graduate of Univ. of North Carolina and began practice of law in 1919. Appointed associate justice in 1942. Served as enlisted man in Signal Corps of WW1. Raised in Gastonia Lodge No. 369, Gastonia, N.C. on July 30, 1920 and demitting on July 15, 1930 to become charter member of Holland Memorial Lodge No. 668, same city. Member of Gastonia Chapter No. 66, R.A.M. and Gastonia Cornmandery No. 28, K.T. He is a past master of Holland Memorial Lodge; past high priest of Gastonia Chapter and past grand marshal of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. Also member of St. Titus Conclave No. 72, Red Cross of Constantine; N.C. College B.R.I.C.F.; St. John of Damascus Council No. 8, A.M.D.

Ray V. Denslow Masonic author. b. March 6, 1885 at Spickard, Mo. Graduated from Univ. of Missouri in 1907. With father in photographic and newspaper business until 1909, publishing Trenton (Mo.) Daily News. Entered postal

service and was assistant postmaster of Trenton, resigning in 1921. Raised in Twilight Lodge No. 114, Macon, Mo. on April 24, 1906, he served as master of Trenton Lodge No. 111, Trenton, Mo. in 1912 and 1937. Was grand master of Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1931. A member of Trenton Chapter No. 66, R.A.M.; Trenton Council No. 37, R. & S.M. and Godfrey de Bouillon Commandery No. 24, K.T. all of Trenton, Mo. and past head of each. He is the oldest living past grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Missouri, serving in 1919. He served as general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter from 1942–45. A 33° AASR (SJ), he holds active and honorary memberships in practically every Masonic organization known both in the United States and abroad. He has served as grand secretary and recorder of the Grand Chapter, Grand Council and Grand Commandery of Missouri since 1923. As chairman of the foreign relief committee of the Masonic Service Association, he was sent to Europe in 1945 and again to Germany in 1949 to investigate postwar conditions. He has been editor of the Royal Arch Mason magazine since 1942; editor of the Missouri Lodge of Research transactions since 1943; and The Masonic World since 1933 (25 volumes). Among his best known books are Territorial Masonry; A Missouri Frontier Lodge; The Masonic Conservators; History of Royal Arch Masonry in Missouri (2 volumes); York Rite Encyclopedia; Freemasonry and the Presidency; Freemasonry in the Eastern Hemisphere; Freemasonry in the Western Hemisphere; Masonic Rites and Degrees; History of the Cryptic Rite (with Hinman and Hunt in 2 volumes); History of Royal Arch Masonry (with Turnbull in three volumes), etc. d. Sept. 10, 1960.

Eley P. Denson Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 29, 1884 at Trinity, N.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1909, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942, retiring in 1946. Raised, 1921 in Numa F. Reid Lodge No. 344, High Point, N.C. Member of Army Consistory No. 1, AASR (SJ) at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas. Member of Puget Sound post of National Sojourners and Heros of '76.

Simon D. Den Uyl President of the Bohn Aluminum and Brass Co. b. April 21, 1896 in Holland, Mich. Began as a clerk in the accounting department of the company in 1919 and has been director since 1938 and president since 1949. Served in army in WW1. Mason and Shriner.

Charles d'Eon de Beaumont (see under Beaumont)

Martinez de Pasqually About 1754 he organized groups of French lodges into what he termed Elect Cohenism, or Rite des Elus Cohens. He was somewhat of an obscure character, but his rite eventually dominated the Rite of Strict Observance. He was evidently Hebrew by birth, though it appears that he embraced Christianity and Catholicism later in life. His teachings were a curious mixture of the Jewish cabala and the mystical teachings of Jacob Bohme q.v. along with a smattering of ceremonial magic. De Pasqually's rite would probably have passed into oblivion had it not been for the fact that one of his disciples, Louis Claude de Saint-Martin, carried it on.

Chauncey M. Depew (1834–1928) U.S. Senator from New

York, 1899–1911, lawyer and railroad president. b. April 23, 1834 at Peekskill, N.Y. Graduate of Yale in 1856 and admitted to bar in 1858. Secretary of state of New York in 1863. He was appointed and confirmed U.S. minister to Japan but declined and also declined appointment as secretary of state under Harrison. Was president of the New York City and Harlem Railroad and the West Shore Railroad. He received 99 votes for presidential nomination at the Republican convention of 1888. He was the orator at the unveiling of the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor. He was raised in Courtland Lodge No. 34, Peekskill, N.Y. on July 25; 1861 and demitted to Kane Lodge No. 454, NYC on Oct. 20, 1885. Received 33° AASR (NJ) and was made a Shriner in New York's Mecca Temple in June, 1911. d. April 5, 1928.

Ned E. Depinet President of RKO Radio Pictures, Inc. from 1942 and president of Radio–Keith Orpheum Corp. from 1948. b. Sept. 9, 1890 in Erie, Pa. Began as a film salesman in New Orleans in 1907, becoming district sales manager for Universal Film Co. in Dallas until he became general sales manager in New York in 1924. He was vice president of First National Pictures, Inc., 1925–31; vice president of RKO Radio Pictures from 1931–42 when he became president. Mason, 32° AASR, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Thomas De Quincey (1785–1859) Famous for his *Confessions of an English Opium Eater*, published in 1821. Wrote anti-Masonic book based on unfounded assumptions.

Pierre A. C. B. Derbigny (?–1829) Fifth Governor of

Louisiana. Born in France, he was compelled to leave during the Revolution and went first to Santo Domingo and then to the U.S., locating successively in Pittsburgh, Missouri, Florida and Louisiana. Active in politics he served the territory as clerk of court of common pleas, secretary of the legislative council, member of the lower house of the first state legislature and judge of the supreme court. He delivered the first Fourth of July oration made in the state and was appointed in 1820 to revise the laws of Louisiana with Livingston and Moreau. As a personal friend of General Lafayette q.v. he was his legal representative in Louisiana. He was governor in 1828. He was killed soon after the expiration of his first year as governor when he was thrown from his carriage. Mentioned as a Mason in the Louisiana proceedings of 1828. d. Oct. 6, 1829.

Edward John Stanley, Earl of Derby 18th Earl of Derby and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England. Initiated in 1946, serving as master of Social Lodge No. 62 in 1948. Member of Social Chapter, No. 62, R.A.M., and served as first principal. His father (Lord Stanley) and grandfather (Earl of Derby) both served as grand wardens of the Grand Lodge of England.

George H. Derby (1823–1861) Army officer, wit and humorist. Wrote under the pen name of “John Phoenix.” b. April 3, 1823 in Dedham, Mass., graduating from West Point in 1846. Assigned to the corps of topographical engineers, he surveyed the harbor of New Bedford, Mass., was wounded in battle of Cerro Gordo and was at siege of Vera Cruz. Serving

for a time in the topographical bureau in Washington he conducted various surveys from 1847–48 and explorations in Minnesota territory in 1848–49. Later he was sent to Texas and California, being on the staff of the commanding general, Department of the Pacific. Attained rank of captain and constructed lighthouses on the Florida and Alabama coasts. His lodge memberships changed as rapidly as his government orders, but he seemed to be constantly active in Masonry. He was either raised or affiliated with Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on Aug. 8, 1848, serving as junior warden in 1849, demitting the same year. Next he appears as a member of Benecia Lodge No. 5, Benecia, Calif. and was master of Temple Lodge No. 14, Sonoma, Calif. in 1851. On April 23, 1853 he was first master of San Diego Lodge No. 35 and afterwards secretary. He was also a member of Columbia Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. and Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T. both of Washington, D.C. d. May 15, 1861.

Laurence Dermott (1720–1791) The first grand secretary and moving spirit of the English Grand Lodge of the Ancients, set up in opposition to the Grand Lodge of the Moderns in 1751. A highly controversial character of that period. He has been variously described as “sarcastic, bitter, uncompromising, and not altogether sincere or veracious” on one hand and as “the most remarkable Mason that ever existed” on the other. Born in Ireland, he was initiated in 1740 and installed as master of Lodge No. 26 at Dublin in 1746. Coming to England shortly afterwards, he was elected grand secretary of the newly established grand committee of the “ancients” in 1752, holding that office until 1771

when he was appointed deputy grand master, serving for six years and again from 1783–87. He wrote their book of constitutions calling it *Ahiman Rezon* which went through several editions, the last of which was edited in 1813 by Thomas Harper, then deputy grand master. When he came to England as a journeyman painter he first affiliated with a lodge under the “Moderns,” but later transferred his membership to Lodges No. 9 and 10 of the “Ancients” (they are now Kent Lodge No. 15 and Royal Athelstan Lodge No. 19). He was always enthusiastic about the Royal Arch, which he held to be “the root, heart and marrow of Masonry,” and although he greatly influenced its progress, he cannot be considered responsible for its introduction as some have asserted. He died in 1791.

George H. Dern (1872–1936) U.S. Secretary of War under F. D. Roosevelt q.v. 1933–36; Governor of Utah, 1925–32; Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Utah, 1913. b. Sept. 8, 1872 in Dodge Co., Nebr. Began mining in Utah in 1894 and was treasurer of the Mercur Gold Mining and Milling Co. 1894–1900. In 1900 he became general manager of Consolidated Mercur Gold Mines. Was member of Utah state senate from 1915–23. He was raised May 7, 1897 in Wasatch Lodge No. 1, Salt Lake City. A Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar, he received the 33° AASR (SJ) Oct. 21, 1927. Was also Shriner and honorary member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon. d. Aug. 27, 1936. Received 32° at Salt Lake City, Nov. 17, 1904.

Andree Joseph Etienne Derouge (1766–1834) A French Freemason who edited Masonic journals and whose valuable

collection of printed and manuscript Masonic degrees was sold at auction Jan. 7, 1935.

Santiago Derqui (1809–1867) President of Argentina, 1860–62. After the battle of Pavon, Derqui resigned and retired to private life. He was a member of Union Del Plata Lodge at the same time as Urquiza, Mitre and Sarmiento q.v.—all presidents of the Republic. The lodge is the oldest one in the register of the Grand Lodge of Argentina, the first—Lautare—ceased to exist during Rosas' tyranny.

Charles Radcliffe, 5th Earl of Derwentwater (1693–1746) A brother of James, 3rd Earl and Jacobite hero who was beheaded in London in 1716. Charles, who had been arrested with his brother for his part in the effort to restore the house of Stuart to the throne, escaped to France and thence to Rome. He later returned to Paris where he assumed the title of 5th Earl on the death of his brother's son. Tradition credits him with having established the Lodge Au Louis d'Argent in Paris (1725, 1729 or 1732, accounts differing). It was at this lodge that Chevalier Ramsey q.v. is said to have delivered his celebrated oration in 1937. On the establishment of several other lodges, Radcliffe be-came the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of France. When the house of Stuart made another attempt to excite a rebellion in 1745, Radcliffe sailed from France to join them, but was captured by an English cruiser, carried to London and beheaded on Dec. 8, 1746.

Marc Antoine Desaugiers (1772–1827) French singer, ballad-maker and vaudeville actor, son of composer of same

name. He was director of the Theatre du Vaudeville in Paris in 1815 and wrote many songs and vaudeville sketches. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress (1917) states that he was a Freemason.

John Theophilus Desaguliers (1683–1744) Distinguished scientist, educator, minister, lecturer, writer and friend of Sir Isaac Newton. He is known as “the father of modern speculative Freemasonry.” b. March 12, 1683 in Rochelle, France, the son of a French Protestant clergyman. When his father was forced to flee to England as a refugee on the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, young John entered Christ Church, Oxford where he studied under the celebrated Keill in experimental philosophy. Received the degree of Master of Arts in 1712 and succeeded Keill as lecturer on experimental philosophy. His reputation as a philosopher obtained for him a fellowship in the Royal Society. He was the inventor of heating by steam for various manufacturing purposes. He became the third grand master of England in 1719 and through his influence many men of learning and position flocked to the fraternity. His lodge membership has been attributed to several London lodges, but his original membership is not known. History mentions him as a member of Antiquity No. 2; Royal Somerset House and Inverness No. 4; “The Horn” meeting at Westminster; and St. Georges and Corner Stone Lodge No. 5. He probably did more than any other man to perfect the ritual and organize the Craft. He was deputy grand master in 1722, 1723 and 1725. As deputy to the Earl of Wharton in 1723 he wrote the preface to Anderson’s Book of Constitutions q.v. in which he also figures in a black gown

in the frontispiece. His last appearance in grand lodge was in 1742.

William F. Desaussure U.S. Senator from South Carolina. Member of Richland Lodge No. 39, Columbia, S.C.

Wihnot G. Desaussure (1822–1886) Confederate Brigadier General of Civil War. b. July 23, 1822 at Charleston, S.C. Admitted to bar in 1843 and was a member of the state legislature for 10 years. As a lieutenant colonel he commanded the artillery on Morris Island during the bombardment of Fort Sumter in April, 1861. He was state president of the Society of the Cincinnati. He served as state treasurer of S.C. and later as adjutant general. He was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. in 1873–78; grand master of the Grand Lodge of S.C. in 1875–77; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of S.C. in 1878–79. He also served as grand master of the Oddfellows. d. Feb. 1, 1886.

Nicholas C. Des Etangs (1766–1847) French Masonic reformer who set up his own rite of Freemasonry with five degrees. After being initiated in the Lodge l'Heureuse Rencontre, he moved to Paris where in 1822 he became master of the Lodge of Trinosophs, holding the chair for nine years. He thought that the French Masonic ceremonies did not uphold the dignity of Freemasonry so established his own series of degrees.

Joseph Desha (1768–1842) Major General and Governor of Kentucky from 1824–28. b. Dec. 9, 1768 in Pennsylvania,

moving to Kentucky in 1781 where he served in the Indian Wars under Generals Wayne and Harrison, fighting at the Battle of the Thames in 1813 as a major general. He served his own state legislature and was U.S. congressman from 1807–1819. He was a member of Lodge No. 74 in Kentucky and Maysville Chapter No. 9, R.A.M., and of Cynthiana Chapter, U.D. in 1832. d. Oct. 13, 1842. His original lodge membership seems to have been in St. John's Lodge No. 11, Flemingsburgh, Ky., being raised March 20, 1806, demitting Nov. 7, 1812.

Frederic Desmons (1832–1910) French Protestant clergyman who was a senator and vice president of the French Senate. He was president of the Grand Orient of France nine times.

Camille Desmoulins (1760 – 1794) French Revolutionist. His full name was Lucie Simplicie Camille Benoit

Charles Louis de Secondat (1689–1755) Also Baron de la Brede et de Montesquieu. Born near Bordeaux, France. He was lawyer, author and political philosopher. He was counselor of the Bordeaux parliament in 1714 and its president in 1716. He withdrew from the practice of law to devote himself to study writing. His book *Spirit of the Laws*, is a study of three forms of government—republican, monarchy and despotism— regarded as one of the most important political studies of all time. His *Lettres Persanes* was a clever criticism of French society of the day by representing it as seen through the eyes of two Persians traveling in Europe.

De Secondat was made a Mason in 1720 while on a visit to London. In 1725, he helped to set up the first lodge in Paris.. He studied law, but was not successful in practice. On July 12 he harangued crowds urging revolt. This was the actual beginning of the Revolution and the Bastille was taken two days later. He wrote many revolutionary pamphlets including *La France Libre*. He won the friendship of Mirabeau and later joined Denton in calling for more moderation. He was arrested by Robespierre, given a mock trial and executed with Dan-ton on April 5, 1794. His wife was guillotined a few days later. He was a member of Loge des Maitres, Amiens, France.

John Despard British Major General who was commandant in Cape Breton, N.S. about 1800. He was on the rolls of the craft in Nova Scotia.

Count Jean Baptiste Charles Henri Hector d'Estaing (1729–1794) French admiral who commanded a squadron aiding the Americans during American Revolution. He was appointed admiral of France in 1792 and guillotined in Paris on April 28, 1794. A member of the Lodge of Nine Sisters, Paris, France, he once visited Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va.

John R. Dethmers Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan since 1946. b. Oct. 15, 1903 at Plessis, Ia. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan, 1927, and practiced law at Holland, Mich. until 1945. Attorney general of Michigan 1945–46. Member of East Lansing Lodge No. 480, Capital Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. and Lansing Commandery No. 25, K.T., all of Lansing, Michigan.

Alexander Deuchar (1777–1844) Brought about the formation of a supreme Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons and supreme Court of Knights Templar by his own exertions heading each group and becoming grand master ad vitam in 1811. A descendant of the old Forfarshire family of Leuchar, Scotland, he was initiated in Lodge St. David's No. 36, Edinburgh, in May, 1801, and passed and raised in Edinburgh Mary's Chapel Lodge in Nov., 1802. He served the latter as master three times. He was a seal-engraver; eminent genealogist and authority on heraldry.

Sir Thomas DeVeil English noble who was represented by the artist William Hogarth q.v. as the drunken master of a lodge in his famous caricature entitled Night. Hogarth was a member of the same lodge as DeVeil. It met at the Hand and Apple Tree Tavern on Little Queen St. in London, being constituted in 1725 and erased in 1737.

Joseph M. Devine Former governor of North Dakota. Member of Mackey Lodge No. 18, Larimore, N.D.

Edward Wm. Spencer, 10th Duke of Devonshire (?–1950) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England, 1947–50. His widow, Mary, duchess of Devonshire became mistress of the robes to Queen Elizabeth in 1952. His mother held the same title to Queen Mary. The duke died Dec. 6, 1950 shortly after a visit to Malta where he had performed some of his Masonic duties.

Harry S. DeVore (1891–1947) President of Central College,

Fayette, Mo. from 1942. b. July 27, 1891 at Johnstown, Pa. Graduate of Southern Methodist Univ. in 1918. He was a Methodist minister in Oklahoma from 1920 serving churches in Oklahoma City, Elk City, Miami, Sapulpa and Ardmore. He was later minister at Texarkana, Ark. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Oct. 14, 1947.

Arthur G. Dewalt (1854–1931) U.S. Congressman to 64th to 66th Congresses (1915–21) from 13th Pa. dist. b. Oct. 11, 1854 at Bath, Pa. Admitted to bar, served in state senate from 1902–10. Mason. d. Oct. 26, 1931. Wesley A. D'Ewart U.S. Congressman to 79th to 81st Congresses (1945–51) from Mont. b. Oct. 1, 1889 at Worcester, Mass. He has been a rancher in Park Co., Montana since 1918 and served eight years in the state legislature. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Charles A. Dewey U.S. Judge, southern district of Iowa from 1928 (retired). b. Sept. 11, 1877 at Washington, Ia. Graduate of Oberlin (Ohio) Academy and Univ. of Iowa in 1901. He practiced law at Washington, Iowa. He served in the Iowa National Guard during the Spanish–American War and again entered the guard service in WW1. He served as city attorney, county attorney and district judge of Iowa from 1918–28. He was made a Freemason in Washington Lodge No. 26, April 23, 1903, serving as master in 1908. He became a member of the chapter, council and commandery, serving as head of each local body. In 1915 he was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Iowa; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Iowa in 1916 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Iowa in 1929. He holds membership in the

K.Y.C.H. and the Red Cross of Constantine, serving the latter as sovereign in 1934. He was one of the first three individuals to receive the gold award of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. d. March 2, 1958.

Godfrey Dewey President and Treasurer of Dewey Shorthand Corp. since 1937; executive officer of Lake Placid Co. and allied corporations, 1908–32; president of Emerson College since 1949 and president of the 3rd Olympic Winter Games, 1929–32. b. Sept. 3, 1887 in New York City. Graduate of Harvard. He is the author of numerous articles chiefly on shorthand, simplified spelling and winter sports. Received his degrees in Harvard Lodge, Cambridge, Mass. in 1923–24 and at present, member of Lake Placid Lodge No. 834, Lake Placid, N.Y.

Thomas E. Dewey Governor of New York three terms (1942, 1946, 1950) and twice Republican nominee for President of the United States (1944, 1948). b. March 24, 1902, at Owosso, Mich. Graduate of Univ. of Michigan and holds honorary degrees from more than a dozen other institutions. He was admitted to the N.Y. bar in 1926. Did outstanding work as chief assistant U.S. attorney and special assistant to U.S. attorney general and special prosecutor of Investigation of Organized Crime in New York, 1935–37. Was elected district attorney for New York County in 1937. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City; received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1948 and member of Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn, N.Y. In 1940 Dewey stated “I believe that, if there were fifty million Masons in the United States instead of three million, there

‘would be no fear of any invasion of foreign ideas contrary to the spirit of religious and personal freedom of America.’

Maharaja Dhuleep Singh (1837–1893) His father founded the Sikh kingdom and he succeeded him under the regency of his mother. He was deposed in 1849 as a result of two anti-British outbreaks and was pensioned, living in Suffolk, England. He was initiated in Eastern Star Lodge at Calcutta on March 13, 1861.

Jose de la Cruz Porfirio Diaz (1830–1915) President and Dictator of Mexico. b. Sept. 15, 1830 in Oaxaca, Mexico. He distinguished himself as a soldier in the war with the U.S. (1846–48); in the War of the Reform (1858–60); in support of Juarez, and the struggle against the French in 1863–67. He was an unsuccessful candidate for president in 1867 and 1871. He finally overthrew Lerdo de Tejada, the provisional president in 1877 and was elected that year, serving until 1880. He served again as president from 1884–1911, a total of seven terms, by having the constitution amended to allow for his continuance in office. His administrations were marked by peace, material prosperity, and foreign investments, but also by dictatorial methods with little improvement in the condition of the masses. He was forced to abdicate in May, 1911 and leave Mexico. He died in Paris, in exile, July 2, 1915. He was a member of Toltecas Lodge No. 8 and grand commander of the Supreme Council, 33° of Mexico. He was also an honorary member of the Southern Supreme Council, U.S.A. and the first Mexican president to join the Shrine. There is an unverified story of his life being saved by Alex.

K. Coney, member of Loge la Parafite Union No. 17 of San Francisco, Calif., the purser of a ship bound for Vera Cruz in 1870 on which Diaz was a passenger. Diaz had told him that he was a Mason and that there was also a \$50,000 reward for his capture. Nevertheless, Coney attempted to land him on a secret Mexican beach and saved his life when the ship was boarded by Mexican soldiers.

Charles Dibdin (1745–1814) English actor and composer, known particularly for his sea songs. He produced *The Waterman* and *The Quaker* and satirized Garrick in *The Comic Mirror*. He is said to have written upwards of 1400 songs and 30 dramatic pieces. His first sea song was *Blow High, Blow Low*. His grandson stated that he was a Freemason. His son Thomas q.v. was a playwright.

Thomas John Dibdin (1771–1841) English playwright and son of composer Charles Dibdin q.v. His *Jew and the Doctor* was produced at Convent Garden in 1798. In 1797 he wrote *The British Raft* and in 1801 produced his best opera, *The Cabinet*. He is said to have written 2,000 songs and 200 operas and plays. He was initiated into Freemasonry in the “Kent Circuit” and became a Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar.

Elisha Cullen Dick (1762–?) One of the three doctors who attended George Washington in his last illness. b. near Marcus Hook, Pa. on March 15, 1762, he was made a Mason in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia in 1779. He was one of the organizers of Alexandria (Va.) Lodge No. 39, later known as

Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22. As senior warden of the lodge in 1783, he was one of those greeting Washington in a letter upon his return to private life. He served as master of the lodge in 1788 and from 1789 to 1795 and again in 1799. He was master of the lodge when Washington was buried Masonically by the lodge; also laid the cornerstone marking the Southeast corner of the District of Columbia at Jones Point at the mouth of Great Hunting Creek, April 15, 1791. Was present as master of Alexandria Lodge No. 22 at the laying of the cornerstone of the U.S. Capitol on Sept. 18, 1793. He received the degree of Secret Master of the Lodge of Perfection at Philadelphia in 1785. A diploma issued to him by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, dated Sept. 24, 1779 is one of the valued relics in possession of Alexandria Lodge. Questionable birth date.

Charles T. Dickeman Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 11, 1894 in New York City. Appointed Lt. (j.g.) in Civil Engr. Corps, U.S. Navy in 1921, retiring in 1947 as commodore. Has served in naval construction throughout the world. Was in charge of construction of battleship dry dock at Pearl Harbor in 1939–41; member of Maxwell Mission to Middle East in 1941; director of several advance bases during WW2. Now vice president of Michigan–Wisconsin Pipe Line Co. and Michigan Consol. Gas Co. Mason (life member).

Charles Dickens (1812–1870) English novelist and anti-Mason. One of the greatest writers of all times. His childhood was filled with poverty and hardship. Among his many famous books are *Oliver Twist*, *A Christmas Carol*, *David*

Copperfield, *A Tale of Two Cities*, *Pickwick Papers* and *Old Curiosity Shop*. Early publications often referred to him as a “brother” and there was at one time a lodge called “Charles Dickens” at Chigwell, Essex, England. Far from being a Mason, his writings ridicule the ceremonies of the fraternity and he pictures the work in a satyric manner even to the extent of writing “Freemasonry” with a small “f.”

Denver S. Dickerson (1872–1925) Governor of Nevada, 1908–11. b. Jan. 24, 1872 at Millville, Calif. Served in Spanish–American War with Troop D. 2nd U.S. Vol. Cay. Served as county clerk and recorder of White Pine Co. and as lieutenant governor, 1906–08. Owner and editor of *White Pine News* and later of *Ely Mining Expositor*. President of Blaine Gold Mining & Milling Co., Robinson Mining Co., White Pine Co., Abstract Co. Mason. d. Nov. 28, 1925.

Joe T. Dickerson, Jr. Vice President Shell Oil Co. since 1951. b. Oct. 7, 1898 at Marion, Kans. Graduate of Univ. of Oklahoma. Began law practice in 1921 and started in legal department of Skelly Oil Co. in 1923. With Shell Oil since 1933, first in legal dept. of Tulsa and later St. Louis and Houston. He was area manager from 1947–51 and vice president in charge of Midland area since 1951. Mason.

Mahlon Dickerson (1770–1853) U.S. Secretary of the Navy under Jackson, Governor and U.S. Senator from New Jersey. b. April 17, 1770 in Hanover, N.J. He graduated from Princeton in 1789, studied law and admitted to bar in 1793, practicing in Philadelphia. From 1805–08 he was quartermaster general

of Pennsylvania and from 1808–10 recorder of city court of Philadelphia. He returned to New Jersey to become a judge of the supreme court and served in the state legislature from 1811–13. In 1815 he was elected governor of New Jersey, and at the close of his term was sent to the U.S. senate where he was repeatedly reelected, serving from 1817–1833. President Jackson appointed him secretary of the Navy in 1834 and Van Buren continued him until 1838. He was a brother of Philemon Dickerson q.v. He was made a Mason in Cincinnati Lodge No. 17, Morristown, N.J. on June 17, 1816 (now No. 3). He demitted and affiliated with St. Tammany Lodge No. 28 of Morristown, N.J. and served as senior warden of the same in 1916–17. d. Oct. 5, 1853.

Philemon Dickerson (1788–1862) Governor of New Jersey, 1836–38. b. in Morris Co., N.J., he studied law and practiced at Paterson. He was a brother of Mahlon Dickerson q.v. He served in the U.S. congress in 1833–35 and 1840–41. He was later judge of the U.S. district court in New Jersey. He was made a Mason in St. Tammany Lodge No. 28, Morristown, N.J. on March 9, 1814. In 1816 he affiliated with Paterson–Orange Lodge No. 13 (now No. 43) at Paterson and served as its master. On May 7, 1827 he affiliated with Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J. and served as its master. He was grand steward of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey in 1829 and in 1831–32 was deputy grand secretary of the grand lodge. d. Dec. 10. 1862.

William Dickey Early English Mason who was a member of Lodge No. 14 of the “Antients.” In 1765 he was “remade” in a

“Moderns” lodge. Three years later, however, he was elected as deputy grand secretary to the Antients’ grand lodge, but as such had frequent disputes with the grand secretary, Laurence Dermott q.v. whom he succeeded in 1771 both as grand secretary and deputy grand master to the 4th Duke of Atholl q.v. He was president of the grand committee in 1872 and again deputy grand master from 1794 until his death in 1800.

Daniel S. Dickinson (1800–1866) U.S. Senator from New York. b. Sept. 11, 1800 in Goshen, Conn., he became a clothiers’ apprentice, later taught, did surveying, studied law and admitted to bar in 1828, settling in Binghamton, N.Y. which was thenceforth his home. He was elected state senator in 1836 and elected lieutenant governor of New York in 1842. He was appointed to a U.S. senate vacancy in 1844 and was subsequently elected to a full term. At one time he was a strong contender for the presidential nomination. He was a member of Binghamton Lodge No. 177, Binghamton, N.Y.

Jacob M. Dickinson (1851–1928) Secretary of War under Taft, 1909–11. b. Jan. 30, 1851 at Columbus, Miss. Studied law at New York Univ., Leipzig, Paris. Admitted to bar in 1874 and practiced at Nashville until 1899 when he moved to Chicago. Served as assistant attorney general of the U.S. and was counsel for the U.S. in the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal in 1903. Was solicitor general for the Illinois Central R.R. and receiver for the Rock Island Lines from 1915–17. A member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn., he received his 32° AASR (SJ) in Trinity Consistory, Nashville on Oct 11, 1909. He was present at the raising of Lawrence Washington q.v.

the last male of the George Washington line in Alexandria, Va. on Feb. 22, 1910. d. Dec. 13, 1928.

John Dickinson (1732–1808) Known as the “Penman of the Revolution.” He was president of both Delaware and Pennsylvania and was a signer of the Constitution. b. Nov. 13, 1732 in Maryland, he studied law in Philadelphia and later England. Returning to America he practiced law in Philadelphia. He was a member of the Pennsylvania assembly in 1764 and of the Colonial Congress convened in New York to oppose the stamp act in 1765. He was a member of the first Continental Congress. In 1776 he opposed the adoption of the Declaration of Independence and refused to sign, deeming it premature. During the Revolution he served as a private and in 1777 was commissioned brigadier general of Delaware militia. On Nov. 13, 1781 he became the fifth president of Delaware, serving until Nov. 4, 1782 when he resigned to accept the presidency of Pennsylvania, serving until 1785. He founded Dickinson College at Carlisle, Pa. He was raised in Lodge No. 18, Dover, Delaware (under Pennsylvania charter). d. Feb. 14, 1808. Raised Jan. 11, 1780.

Samuel Dickstein Justice, Supreme Court of New York for term 1946–55. b. Feb. 5, 1885 in Russia, being brought to the U.S. at the age of three. Admitted to New York bar in 1908. He served in the lower house of New York and then as U.S. congressman to 68th to 79th congresses (1923–47) from 12th N.Y. dist. He has been chairman of the Immigration and Naturalization Com. since 1931. Mason and Shriner.

Denis Diderot (1713–1784) French encyclopedist and philosopher. Educated by the Jesuits. Was thrown into prison when his first philosophic work was published in 1749. Labored 20 years on the *Encyclopedie* (1751–72) and was at times aided by Voltaire, Montesquieu, Rousseau, Buffon, Turgot and others. The work was published in 28 volumes and later increased by eight volumes of supplements. His work was an active force during the period of enlightenment. Sources differ as to whether he was a Freemason. He is credited with an address at Paris in 1778 before the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters, but a history of French Masonry published in 1925 says he was not.

Christopher Diehl (1831–1912) Established first public Masonic library in the United States. b. March 22, 1831 at Butzbach, Germany, he came to the United States when 22. He was raised in Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 70 (now 2) in Salt Lake City on Jan. 17, 1872. He served as grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Utah from 1872–1912, signing charters of the first 15 lodges in Utah as well as three organized before the grand lodge was established. He wrote the Utah correspondence reports for 40 years. He established the first Masonic public library and was its librarian for 20 years. When 10,000 volumes were accumulated, they were transferred to Salt Lake City to become the nucleus of the present public library. d. Sept. 17, 1912.

George W. Diemer (1885–1956) President of Central Missouri State Teachers College. b. Dec. 11, 1885 in Arkansas City, Kans. Graduate of state teachers colleges at Kirksville

and Warrensburg, Mo. and AM. degree from Columbia Univ. Taught and served as principal and superintendent of rural and town schools in Missouri from 1905–21. Was principal of Henry C. Kumpf School in Kansas City until 1923 when he became president of the Teachers College of Kansas City. He became president of the Central Missouri State Teachers College at Warrensburg, Mo. in 1937. Retired July 1, 1956. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 73 at Brunswick, Mo.; exalted in Houston Chapter No. 37, R.A.M. at Brunswick in 1913 and suspended in 1933; knighted in Amand Commandery No. 64, K.T. in Excelsior Springs in 1914 and suspended in 1929. d. Aug. 13, 1956.

Ludwig August Dieskau (1701–1767) French General who commanded troops against the British in Canada in 1755, but was defeated in an assault on the British camp at Lake George. His opponent and victor was General William Johnson q.v., provincial grand master of New York. Although his membership has never been proven, he is often referred to as a Mason. d. Sept. 8, 1767 as a result of wounds suffered at Lake George.

Charles H. Dietrich (1853–1924) Governor and U.S. Senator from Nebraska. b. Nov. 26, 1853 at Aurora, Ill. Early in life he worked on farms and plantations in the South; stores in St. Joseph, Mo. and Chicago. Tried mining in the Black Hills and moved to Hastings, Nebr. in 1878 where he engaged in business. In 1900 he received Republican nomination for governor by acclamation and was elected, but resigned and was elected U.S. senator, serving from

1901–05. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. April 10, 1924.

Richard P. Dietzman (1883–1943) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Kentucky, 1931–35. b. Aug. 13, 1883 at Louisville, Ky. Graduate of Harvard and practiced law at Louisville from 1907. He was a justice of the high Kentucky court from 1924 to 1935, returning to private practice after that date. Mason. d. Dec. 22, 1943.

Roland Diggle (1885–1954) Composer and organist. b. Jan. 1, 1885 in London, England, coming to America in 1904 and being naturalized in 1914. He was organist and choirmaster at St. John's Episcopal Church, Wichita, Kans. from 1907–11; St. John's Cathedral, Quincy, Ill., 1911–14; St. John's Church, Los Angeles, Calif. from 1914. He was recitalist at San Diego and San Francisco expositions and has made several organ recital tours of the U.S. His orchestral compositions have been performed by the Los Angeles Symphony. He was raised in Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 458, Los Angeles, Calif. on June 16, 1921. He served his lodge as organist for many years, dying on Jan. 13, 1954 only four days after his installation as organist for the 31st time.

Norman S. Dike (1862–1953) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1920–33. b. Oct. 22, 1862 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Brown and Columbia Law School. Mason. d. April 15, 1953.

James Dill U.S. General of American Indian Wars. Member

of Lawrenceburg Lodge No. 4, Lawrenceburg, Ind. and junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1819.

Julien Dillens (1849–1904) Belgian sculptor. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress published in 1917 states that he was a “distinguished” Freemason.

Charles, 11th Viscount Dillon (1745–1813) Raised a Roman Catholic, he renounced his family faith in 1767 and in that year became grand steward of the Grand Lodge of England and deputy grand master the following year. While serving in this capacity, it was his suggestion that the first Freemasons’ Hall be built on Great Queen Street and suggested the means by which it could be financed. The hall was opened in 1776. From 1770 to 1774 he was a member of parliament and was made a privy councillor in 1774. He became the 11th Viscount in 1788.

Richard C. Dillon Governor of New Mexico, 1927–31. b. June 24, 1877 in St. Louis, Mo. He began as a railroad laborer in 1892. Since 1900 he has been in the mercantile and stock business. Served two years in New Mexico state senate. Raised in Vaughn Lodge No. 43, Vaughn, N.M. in 1919, and life member of same. 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe and life member of Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple of Albuquerque.

LaVern R. Dilweg Athlete, lawyer and U.S. Congressman to 78th Congress (1943–45) from 8th Wis. dist. b. Nov. 1, 1903, he graduated from Marquette Univ. in 1927 where he was All-American end in 1925. From 1927–34 he played professional

football as end on the Green Bay Packers team. Admitted to Wis. bar in 1927. He was All-American end three years. He was a founder and director of the Bluejay Baseball Team of Green Bay. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Everett M. Dirksen U.S. Senator from Illinois since 1950. b. Jan. 4, 1896 at Pekin, Ill. Student at Univ. of Minnesota, 1913–17. He served in the U.S. Army as a private during WW1 and later as a lieutenant in the A.E.F. He served as U.S. congressman from 73rd to 80th congresses from 16th Ill. dist. A member of Pekin Lodge No. 29, Pekin, Ill., he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1954. Received 33° AASR (NJ) at Boston on Sept. 29, 1954.

Wesley E. Disney U.S. Congressman, 72nd to 78th Congresses (1931–45) from 1st Oklahoma dist. b. Oct. 31, 1883 in Shawnee Co., Kans. Graduate of Univ. of Kansas. Began law practice in Muskogee, Okla. in 1908. Member of Oklahoma lower house from 1919–24. Was chairman of board in impeachment of Governor Walton in 1923. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Benjamin Disraeli (1804–1881) Prime Minister of England under Queen Victoria and author. He was titled the 1st Earl of Beaconsfield. Although he was not a Freemason, Beaconsfield Lodge No. 1662 of London was named for him and consecrated Feb. 24, 1877 with his permission to use his title as Earl of Beaconsfield and his armorial bearings. Of Jewish descent, his father, Isaac D'Israeli had his children baptized into the Anglican Church.

J. William Ditter (1888–1943) U.S. Congressman to 73rd to 78th Congresses (1933–45) from 17th Pennsylvania dist. b. Sept. 5, 1888 at Philadelphia, Pa. Mason. d. Nov. 21, 1943.

John A. Dix (1860–1928) Governor of New York, 1910–12. b. Dec. 25, 1860 in Glens Falls, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell. In stone and lumber business. Trustee of Cornell Univ. Mason. d. April 9, 1928.

Richard Dix (1895–1949) Movie actor and idol of the silent films. Member of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 458, Los Angeles, Calif.

Archibald Dixon (1802–1876) U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. April 2, 1802 in Caswell Co., N.C. Admitted to Kentucky bar in 1824. Served in state legislature in 1836, state senate in 1841 and was lieutenant governor in 1843–47. Served in U.S. senate 1852–55. Buried Masonically with Henderson Commandery No. 14 of Kentucky present at the ceremonies. d. April 23, 1876.

Frank M. Dixon Governor of Alabama, 1939–43. b. July, 1892 at Oakland, Calif. Admitted to Alabama bar in 1917, practicing in Birmingham. Was chairman of the Southern Governors' Conference in 1941–42. Served as lieutenant in Coast Artillery during WW1 and was attached to French Army as aerial observer. Member of Birmingham Lodge No. 757.

James Dixon (1814–1873) U.S. Senator from Connecticut. b. Aug. 5, 1814 at Enfield, Conn. He studied law and practiced

at Enfield, removing to Hartford to enter partnership with Judge W. W. Ellsworth. Elected to lower house of legislature in 1837, 1838 and 1844. He served in the U.S. house of representatives from 1845–49, retiring that year but being elected to his own state senate and reelected in 1854. He was elected to the U.S. senate in 1857 and again in 1863. He was one of the few Republicans who refused to vote for the impeachment of President Johnson q.v. thus sounding his death knell politically. He then withdrew from politics, refused a mission to Russia and devoted his time to literature. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. being made a Mason on Feb. 27, 1856. d. March 27, 1873.

Joseph M. Dixon (1867–1934) Governor and U.S. Senator from Montana. b. July 31, 1867 at Snow Camp, N.C. Graduate of Guilford College, N.C. in 1889. Admitted to Montana bar in 1892 and member of state legislature in 1901. Served in 58th through 59th congresses (1903–07) from Montana at large and was U.S. senator from 1907–13. He was governor of Montana 1921–25, and first assistant secretary of the Interior 1929–33. He served as master of Missoula Lodge No. 13, Missoula, Mont. and was a member of Algeria Shrine Temple at Helena. d. May 22, 1934.

Nathan F. Dixon U.S. Senator from Rhode Island, 1889–92. Not to be confused with his father and grandfather of same name. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 20, Westerly, R.I.

Wesley M. Dixon President of Container Corp. of America. b. May 16, 1896 at Chicago, Ill. Vice president and director of

the Container Corp. 1920–25 and president since 1946. Served in WW1 as lieutenant in Field Artillery. Raised in Lake Forest Lodge No. 1026, Lake Forest, Ill. in 1921. Member of Siloam Commandery No. 54, K.T. at Oak Park, Ill.

William N. Doak (1882–1933) Secretary of Labor in Hoover cabinet, 1930–33. b. Dec. 12, 1882 at Rural Retreat, Va. Was general chairman of Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Norfolk & Western System, 1908–16 and vice president of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen 1916–28. He was editor and manager of *The Railroad Trainman* from 1928, and member of the U.S. Railway Board of Adjustment during WW1. His blue lodge is not known, but he received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Alexandria, Va. April 25, 1919 and was elected to receive the 33°, but died before the honor could be conferred. d. Oct 23, 1933.

Leland I. Doan President of Dow Chemical Co. b. Nov. 4, 1894 at North Bend, Nebr. Has been with Dow Chemical Co. since 1917 beginning in sales dept., and successively as assistant sales manager, general sales manager, vice president and secretary, 1938–49 and president since 1949. He is also secretary of Dow Chemical of Canada, Ltd.; vice president of Dowell, Inc.; treasurer of Dow Magnesium Corp. and director of U.S. Alkali Export Association. Raised in Centre Lodge No. 273, Midland, Mich. on May 12, 1921. 32° AASR (NJ) on May 19, 1921 at Bay City, Mich. and 33° on Sept. 20, 1953. Member of Elf Khurafeh Shrine Temple, Saginaw, Mich.

Hoyt McW. Dobbs (1878–1954) Methodist Bishop. b.

Nov. 16, 1878 at Antioch, Ala. Licensed to preach in M.E. Church, South in 1901; deacon in 1904 and elder in 1908. Served several churches in Birmingham, Ala. from 1904–09, then churches in Kansas City, Mo. and Fort Worth, Texas until 1916. He was then a professor of theology in Southern Methodist Univ. and was elected bishop May 16, 1922, being first assigned to Brazil with residence at Sao Paulo (1922–26). From 1926–30 he served the district of Louisiana and Arkansas and 1930–34 to Louisiana and Mississippi. Retired in 1944. Mason, Knight Ternplar, K.C.C.H., Red Cross of Constantine and Shriner. 33° AASR (SJ). d. Dec. 9, 1954.

R. Howard Dobbs, Jr. President of the Life Insurance Co. of Georgia. b. May 16, 1906 at Atlanta, Ga. He joined the company in 1925, became assistant treasurer, treasurer, 1st vice president and has been president since 1948. Served as captain in A.A.F. 1942–45. Mason and Shriner.

Alexander M. Dockery (1845–1926) Governor of Missouri, U.S. Congressman and Assistant Postmaster General. b. Feb. 11, 1845 in Daviess Co., Mo. Received M.D. degree from St. Louis Medical College in 1865, and LL.D., Univ. of Missouri in 1906. Practiced medicine in Chillicothe, Mo. 1866–74, removing to Gallatin, Mo. where he organized the Farmers' Exchange Bank of which he was cashier until 1882. He served 16 years as U.S. congressman (1882–98) from the Missouri 3rd dist. (48th to 55th congresses) and was governor of Missouri from 1901–05. He was 3rd assistant postmaster general of the U.S. from 1913–21. He was raised in Jackson Lodge No. 82, Linneus, Mo. on Aug. 20, 1866; exalted in Lone Star Chapter

No. 30, R.A.M. of Chillicothe, Mo. Jan. 9, 1868; received as member of Solomon Council No. 26 R. & S.M. Jan. 25, 1909 and knighted in Kadosh Commandery No. 21, K.T. Cameron, Mo. May 6, 1879. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1887 and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Missouri in 1883. He was also grand master of Oddfellows in Missouri. d. Dec. 26, 1926.

John Doctoroff Portrait painter. b. July 19, 1893 in New York City. Studied at Cooper Union and Chicago Art Institutes. Was an illustrator, 1912–24 and has engaged in portrait painting since that time. His portraits commissioned include Herbert Hoover, Wendell Winkle, General Pershing, Governor Henry Horner, Julius Rosenwald, Dr. Louis L. Mann, Edwin Markham and many other famous men. Mason and Shriner.

William Dodd (1729–1777) English preacher, who was the first grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England (1775–77) and who was hanged on June 27, 1777 for forgery. b. in Lincolnshire, he graduated from Cambridge in 1750 and achieved almost immediate popularity as a preacher, author and editor. He became chaplain to King George III in 1764. He was the author of *The Beauties of Shakespeare* and *Reflections on Death*, together with many others. He was forced to flee England because of his wife's attempt to bribe the wife of the lord chancellor to gain preferment for him in 1774. He forged a bond for ~£4,200 in the name of his patron and pupil, the 5th Earl of Chesterfield. Arrested, he returned ~£3,000 and offered security for the rest. He was nevertheless tried and convicted. The sentence for forgery at that time was

death, and despite the efforts of Dr. Samuel Johnson and others, who appealed to the king, he was hanged. Dodd was initiated in St. Alban's Lodge No. 29 in 1775. He was admitted to the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2 in the same year and was its junior warden as well as grand chaplain of the grand lodge at the date of his expulsion—Jan. 15, 1777. His eloquent oration on Masonry at the dedication of the first Freemasons' Hall in 1776 was published and recommended by the grand lodge. He also advertised a history of Freemasonry, but did not live to finish it.

Alexander Dodds (1874–1920) Editor. b. April 5, 1874 at Allegheny, Pa. and was a newspaper writer and editor from 1890. He was associate publisher of *The Builder*, Pittsburgh from 1894–96 and was later with the *Pittsburgh Dispatch* and *Gazette Times*, both of Pittsburgh and managing editor of the *Christian Science Monitor* from 1908–14. From 1914–16 he was managing editor of the *Los Angeles Herald* and vice president of the United Press Assn. 1909–12. Mason. d. Nov. 30, 1920.

Henry Dodge (1782–1867) General and Indian fighter; U.S. Senator from Wisconsin and Governor of Wisconsin. b. Oct. 12, 1782 at Vincennes, Ind. He fought as an officer in the War of 1812 and in the Black Hawk War of 1832. Was commissioned in the U.S. Rangers in that year and was successful in making peace with the frontier Indians in 1834. In 1835 he commanded an important expedition to the Rocky mountains. Congress voted him a sword for his services. He resigned from military service in 1836, having been appointed

by President Jackson as governor of Wisconsin territory and superintendent of Indian affairs. He held this office untill 1841 when he was elected U.S. congressman, serving two terms. In 1846 he was again made governor of Wisconsin and at the admission of that state to the union, was one of its first U.S. senators, serving from 1848 to 1857. He was initiated Dec. 6, 1806 in Western Star Lodge No. 107, Kaskaskia, Ill. (then Indian Territory). He later affiliated with Louisiana Lodge No. 109 (Missouri's first lodge) at St. Genevieve, Mo. and served as its master for three years. He was the installing officer at the institution of Unity Lodge No. 6, Jackson, Mo. Fort Dodge was named for him. d. June 19, 1867.

Ossian E. Dodge (1820–1876) Vocalist. b. Oct. 22, 1820 in Cayuga, N.Y. Was a professional singer of moral comic songs, which he composed himself. In 1845, together with Bernard Covert, composer of the song *The Sword of Bunker Hill*, he organized a concert group and gave entertainments throughout the U.S. He was the first to take a company overland from New York to California and was the first manager to give a program in the Mormon tabernacle at Salt Lake City. Became wealthy through real estate investments, mainly in St. Paul, Minn. Said to have been a Mason but no lodge affiliations given. d. Nov. 4, 1876.

Robert Dollar (1844–1932) Pioneer shipping magnate and organizer of “The Dollar Line.” b. March 20, 1844 in Falkirk, Scotland, he came to the U.S. in 1856 and was naturalized in 1888. He settled in San Francisco, Calif. and became founder and president of the Dollar Steamship Co., Robert Dollar Co.,

Dollar Portland Lumber Co. and Canadian Robert Dollar Co. He was one of the largest operators of ocean vessels in the world. He was a charter member of Bracebridge Lodge No. 360, Brace-bridge, Ont., Canada. d. May 16, 1932.

James I. Dolliver U.S. Congressman, 79th and 80th Congresses (1945– 49) from 6th Iowa dist. b. Aug. 31, 1894 at Park Ridge, Ill. Admitted to Iowa bar in 1922 and practiced at Fort Dodge. Served with Signal Corps, U.S. Army in WW1. Mason.

Jonathan P. Dolliver (1858–1910) U.S. Senator from Iowa. b. Feb. 6, 1858 near Kingwood, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia Univ. 1875. Admitted to bar in 1878 and established practice at Fort Dodge, Iowa. Elected to 51st through 56th congresses (1889–1901) from 10th Iowa dist. Appointed U.S. senator in 1900 and elected two more terms, serving from 1900 to 1913. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 111, Fort Dodge, Iowa. In 1910 he delivered an address before the Grand Lodge of Delaware.

Tancrede Dolomieu (1750–1802) French geologist and mineralogist for whom the mineral “dolomite” is named. Full name was Deodat Guy Silvain Tancrede Gratet de Dolomieu. Was professor in the French School of Mines and scientist on Bonaparte’s expedition to Egypt in 1798. On return trip he was captured and imprisoned at Messina for 21 months. While in prison he made pen of wood and using soot from a lamp wrote two books on the margins of his Bible. Stated to be a Mason by the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917.

Joseph N. Dolph (1835–?) U.S. Senator from Oregon in 1883. b. Oct. 19, 1835 in Hector, N.Y. Admitted to bar in 1861 and practiced in Schuyler Co., N.Y. until 1862 when he enlisted and joined the “Oregon Escort” which was raised under an act of congress for the purpose of protecting emigration to the Pacific coast against hostile Indians. He settled in Portland, served in the Oregon senate in 1866, 1872 and 1874. He was a member of Portland Lodge No. 55, Portland, served as its master and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1882.

John O. Dominis (?–1891) Consort of Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii. His petition was received April 30, 1858 in Lodge le Progres de l’Oceanie while King Kamehama IV was master of the lodge and he was raised August 15, 1858. He served as master of the lodge in 1863, 1864 and 1868 and was one of the first two Scottish Rite Masons in Hawaii to receive the 33° AASR (SJ) on July 14, 1878. d. Aug. 27, 1891.

George W. Donaghey (1856–1937) Governor of Arkansas, 1909–11, 1911–13. b. July 1, 1856 at Oakland, La. Began as a carpenter and contractor. Built state capitol building of Arkansas. President of board of control, State Eleemosynary Instns. 1922–26, and president of board that built two bridges across Arkansas River at Little Rock. Mason. d. Dec. 15, 1937.

Lloyd Francis Donald Vice President of Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad. b. April 4, 1894 at Savanna, Ill. Joined the railroad in 1912. Was general manager of western lines, at Seattle 1942–46, and eastern lines

at Chicago 1946–50. Vice president in charge of operations since 1950. Mason.

Jesse M. Donaldson Postmaster General of the U.S. under President Truman. b. Aug. 17, 1885 in Shelby Co., Ill. Was postal employee and supervisor in Illinois and Oklahoma from 1908–15 and inspector in charge of division at Chattanooga, Tenn. and Kansas City 1915–33. Was deputy 2nd assistant postmaster general at Washington, 1933–36 and deputy 1st assistant postmaster general 1936–43. From 1943–45 was chief post office inspector and first assistant postmaster general from 1945–47. Truman named him postmaster general on Nov. 27, 1947 and reappointed him in 1949. Raised in Oconee Lodge No. 392, Oconee, El. on April 24, 1907.

George A. Dondero U.S. Congressman, 73rd to 81st Congresses (1933–49) from 17th Michigan dist. b. Dec. 16, 1883 at Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Detroit College of Law in 1910, practicing since 1910. Raised in Royal Oak Lodge No. 464, Royal Oak, Mich. about 1916. 32° AASR (NJ) at Detroit; High Twelve Club of Royal Oak and honorary member of same at Pontiac.

Arthur, 3rd Viscount of Doneraile Grand master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1740.

Carl G. Doney (1867–1955) President of West Virginia Wesleyan Univ. (1907–15) and Willamette Univ. 1915–34. Born near Columbus, Ohio, he earned his way through Ohio State as a truck farmer and thresher. Between 1893

and 1907 he held Methodist pastorates in several Ohio cities and Washington, D.C. He retired in 1934. Was the author of numerous books. d. Nov. 5, 1955. Mason.

Brian Donlevy Movie actor. Member of Mount Olive Lodge No. 506, Los Angeles, Calif.

Edward W. Donn, Jr. Architect. b. April 2, 1868 at Washington, D.C. He was the architect for the restoration of "Wakefield," birthplace of George Washington and for "Kenmore," home of Betty Washington at Fredericksburg, Va.; also Woodlawn Mansion, Virginia and terminal buildings at Mt. Vernon gate. He was chief designer in office of architect of the Treasury, Washington, 1900-03. Mason.

Forrest C. Donnell Governor and U.S. Senator from Missouri. b. Aug. 20, 1884 at Quitman, Mo. Received A.B. and LL.B. from Univ. of Missouri and admitted to bar in 1907, practicing in St. Louis. He was governor of Missouri from 1941-45 and U.S. senator, 1945-51. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, he was the only man to preside over the Grand Lodge of Missouri as grand master while governor of the state (Sept., 1943). He succeeded Harry S. Truman as grand master. A 33° AASR (SJ), he served as master of the Missouri Lodge of Research in 1951, succeeding Truman in that station.

Otto D. Donnell President of Ohio Oil Company, 1927-48 and director, 1910-48. b. Sept. 26, 1883 at Allentown, N.Y. Began with the Ohio Oil Co. as a mechanical engineer in

1906. Director of Erie Railroad. He is the donor of the J. C. Donnell Memorial Stadium at Findlay, Ohio (1928) in honor of his father. Mason, 33° AASR (NJ).

Phil M. Donnelly Governor of Missouri two terms, 1944–48 and 1952–56. b. March 6, 1891 at Lebanon, Mo. Graduate of St. Louis Univ. and admitted to bar in 1912, practicing at Lebanon since that time. Served as prosecuting attorney of Laclede Co. and city attorney for Lebanon. He was elected to house of representatives in 1922 and the senate in 1924, being reelected in 1928, 1932, 1936 and 1940. He was twice president pro tern and twice Democratic floor leader of the senate. In 1929 and again in 1939 he was chairman of the Statute Revision Commission. A member of Laclede Lodge No. 83, he was exalted in Lebanon Chapter No. 64, R.A.M. on June 25, 1921, received into Zabud Council No. 25, R. & S.M. (Springfield) Nov. 16, 1921 and knighted in Lebanon Commandery No. 33, K.T. Nov. 29, 1921. He served as commander of his commandery in 1925 and was awarded the Distinguished Service citation by the Grand Commandery of Mo. in 1949. He is a Scottish Rite Mason and served as grand master of the Order of Odd Fellows of Mo.

John, 7th Earl of Donoughmore Succeeded his father the 6th Earl q.v. to the title on the latter's death in Oct., 1948. Resided at Knocklofty, near Clommel Co., Tipperary, the family seat. In 1952 he was installed master of Erin Lodge No. 2895, London. His father was the founder and second master of this lodge.

Richard, 2nd Baron and 1st Earl of Donoughmore (?–1813) Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland from 1789 to 1813. This period was known as the “Donoughmore period” in Irish Masonic history due to the fine administration of the 1st Earl. He served as grand master for 24 years and it was through his efforts that the difficulties which beset the grand lodge were smoothed over.

Richard, 6th Earl of Donoughmore (?–1948) Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, 1913–48, a term of 35 years, which was the longest ever served by an Irish grand master. He was initiated in United Lodge No. 1629 in London at the age of 21. Later he joined Donoughmore Lodge, Clommel, in Ireland, became master and by the time he was 38 was chosen grand master of Ireland. The earldom was created in 1800 in favor of the holder of the barony of Donoughmore, dating back to 1783. Richard, 1st Earl q.v. became grand master of Ireland in 1789, serving until 1813. The earldom is of the Irish peerage with a contingent viscounty of Suirdale, held as courtesy by the heir to the earldom. To it was added in 1821 a viscounty of Hutchinson in the United Kingdom. d. Oct., 1948 and was succeeded in title by his son, John, 7th Earl q.v.

Herman L. Donovan President of University of Kentucky since 1941. b. March 17, 1887 at Maysville, Ky Degrees from Univ. of Kentucky, Columbia, Univ. of Chicago and George Peabody College. Honorary degrees from Georgetown College and Berea College. Was teacher, principal and superintendent of schools in various Kentucky cities. Is director of Kentucky

Home Mutual Life Co. and served as Army psychologist in WW1. Mason.

Henry C. Dooling Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. June 23, 1887 at Clayton, N.J. Received M.D. degrees from MedicoChirurgical College, Philadelphia in 1908. Practiced in Norwood, Pa. until 1917 when he entered Medical Corps and advanced through grades to brigadier general. Served as chief health officer of Panama Canal; in France during WW1; later assignments at Walter Reed, Gorgas and William Beaumont General Hospitals. Retired in 1947 and now medical director of state sanatorium, South Mountain, Pa. Mason.

Amos Doolittle (1754–1832) Early American engraver. b. in Cheshire, Conn., he was entirely self-taught, and after serving an apprenticeship with a silversmith, began business as an engraver in 1775. While a volunteer at Cambridge, he visited the battleground at Lexington and on his return to New Haven made an engraving of the action, his first attempt in that art. This is believed to have been the first historical engraving made in America. He engraved and designed many Masonic jewels and executed the engravings in Jeremy Cross' True Masonic Chart. He was raised July 20, 1792 in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. and was junior deacon in 1793. A member of Franklin Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., he was king in 1811; was principal conductor of Harmony Council No. 8 in 1819 and charter member of New Haven Commandery No. 2, K.T. in 1825. d. Jan. 31, 1832.

James H. Doolittle Famous aviator and Lieutenant General U.S. Air Force. He led the first bombing force on Japan proper in 1942. b. Dec. 14, 1896 at Alameda, Calif. Graduate of Univ. of California and Mass. Institute of Technology. Was U.S. Army aviator from 1917–30 when he resigned to manage aviation department of Shell Petroleum Corp. until 1940. In 1940 he accepted rank of major in Army Air Corps and rose to lieutenant general in 1944. Commanded 12th Air Force in North Africa; also commanded Strategic Air Force, 15th, 8th Air Forces. On inactive duty since 1946, he is at present vice president and director of Shell Oil Co. Awarded Congressional Medal of Honor. As a speed pilot he won the Schneider, Mackay, Harmon, Bendix and Thompson trophies. He received all three degrees in Hollenbeck Lodge No. 319, Los Angeles, Calif. on Aug. 16, 1918; 32° AASR (SJ) in San Diego Consistory on Dec. 14, 1918 and 33° on Oct. 19, 1945.

Dr. Karl Doppler Former grand master of the Grand Lodge of Austria. Doppler said he was approached by Himmler, chief- of Hitler's Gestapo who suggested that "I should draft a scheme for the foundation of a sort of Freemasonry exclusively confined to members of the elite only of Hitler's Storm Troop officers."

James D. Doty (1799–1865) Territorial Governor of Wisconsin and Utah. Accompanied General Lewis Cass q.v. on 4,000 mile canoe trip making treaties with Indians. As member of Michigan legislature he introduced a bill that led to the division of Michigan and creation of Wisconsin and Iowa territories. One of founders of present city of Madison,

Wis. Governor of Wisconsin Territory 1841–44 and member of constitutional convention of 1846. Served three terms in U.S. congress. Named governor of Utah Territory by President Lincoln in 1864. It is stated that he was a Mason, but no record of his membership is available.

Stephen A. Douglas (1813–1861) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Illinois who gained fame by his debates with Abraham Lincoln. b. April 23, 1813 in Brandon, Vt. He was admitted to the Illinois bar in 1834 and practiced at Jacksonville. He was a judge of the Illinois supreme court in 1841 and a member of the U.S. house of representatives from 1843–47. As a U.S. senator (1847–61), he drafted the Kansas–Nebraska Bill in 1854 which left decision as to slavery to the territories themselves and thus caused bitter struggles. Defeated by Buchanan for Democratic nomination to presidency in 1856, he withdrew support from Buchanan in 1868 when he learned he would approve a pro-slavery constitution for Kansas. In campaign of 1858 he engaged with Abraham Lincoln in a series of platform debates on slavery, from which Lincoln emerged as a figure of national importance. Nominated for president by Democratic party in 1860 he was defeated by Lincoln. He loyally supported Lincoln's administration. A member of Springfield Lodge No. 4, Springfield, Ill., he was initiated June 11, 1840; passed June 24 and raised June 26, 1840. In October of the same year he was elected grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois. In December of 1840 he was junior warden of his lodge, but resigned by letter. He was exalted in Quincy Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Quincy, Ill. He had previously received the Mark

Master degree in Springfield Chapter No. 1 on Aug. 22, 1842. In 1849 he attended each day of the grand lodge sessions. He was buried Masonically by request. A monument was dedicated to him Masonically at Chicago on Sept. 6, 1866 and Andrew Johnson q.v. attended as president. d. June 3, 1861.

Thomas C. Douglas Prime Minister of Saskatchewan. b. Oct. 20, 1904 in Falkirk, Scotland. Graduate of Brandon College (Manitoba) and McMaster Univ. (Ontario). Ordained to ministry of the Baptist church in 1930, he served in Weyburn, Sask. until 1935. He was a member of the Dominion house of commons from 1935–44, representing the constituency of Weyburn. He was premier of Saskatchewan in 1944; minister of public health of Sask., 1944–49; minister of cooperatives since 1949. Member of Weyburn Lodge No. 20, Weyburn.

William Alexander, Marquis of Douglas 60th Grand Master Mason of Scotland from 1833–34. He was later 11th Duke of Hamilton.

William O. Douglas Associate Justice, U.S. Supreme Court since 1939. b. Oct. 16, 1898 at Maine, Minn. Graduate of Whitman College (Wash.) and Columbia Univ. Admitted to New York bar in 1926 and practiced law in New York City until 1927. Member of law faculty at Columbia, 1925–28 and at Yale, 1928–34. Later with Yale Institute of Human Relations and U.S. dept. of commerce. Nominated to supreme court by President Roosevelt March 20, 1939. Served as a private in WW1. Member of Mt. Adams Lodge No. 227, Yakima, Wash.

Paul Doumer (1857–1932) 13th President of the Republic of France. b. in Aurillac, he was a deputy from 1888–95; minister of finance 1895–96; governor general of French Indo-China, 1897–1902; again deputy in 1902–12; president of the chamber of deputies, 1905–06; senator representing Corsica in 1912; cabinet member in 1917, 1921–22, 1925–26; president of the senate, 1927–31 and president of France, 1931–32. He was assassinated May 7, 1932 by Paul Gorgoulov, a Russian. He was initiated in Lodge L'Union Fraternelle of Paris on Dec. 1, 1897. He was one of the founders of Voltaire Lodge, also of Paris. It was reported in 1906 and again in 1931 that Doumer had severed his connections with Freemasonry, but each time he denied the rumor.

Lord Francis Doune 41st Grand Master Mason of Scotland 1796–97. Later 9th Earl of Moray.

John Dove (1792–1876) Early Virginia Masonic author and ritualist. b. Sept. 2, 1792 at Richmond, he received an extensive education in medicine but gave up his practice to devote himself to Freemasonry. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 36 at Richmond. He was exalted in Richmond Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. in 1814 and was knighted in 1818. In 1818 he was elected grand secretary of the Grand Chapter of Virginia and served as such 58 years. In 1846, he resigned as grand junior warden of the grand lodge to become its grand secretary and served until his death—42 years. He also served the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Virginia as grand recorder for 31 years. He received the 32° but declined the 33°. In May, 1843 he was chosen chairman of the Baltimore convention. This

gathering was composed of representatives of grand lodges who had assembled to produce a more uniform ritual. He was Virginia's greatest authority on Masonic history and ritual and wrote much concerning both. d. Nov. 16, 1876 while the grand commandery was in session at Alexandria.

Howard M. Dow (1837–1912) Musician and composer. b. March 11, 1837 at Boston, Mass. Began music studies at age of seven under distinguished teachers. He was a church organist at 16 and continued for 52 years serving at South Congregational Church, Arlington St. Church, Unity Church and Second Unitarian Church. He could interpret the most difficult scores at sight and gained wide recognition as an accompanist for leading artists. He won national reputation in Masonic circles as an organist, composer and choir leader, his works being used in lodges throughout the country and Canada. He retired in 1905. Mason and author of *The Masonic Orpheus*. d. June 12, 1912.

Lorenzo Dow (1777–1834) Famous eccentric, itinerant preacher, who probably preached to more people than any other person of his time. b. Oct. 16, 1777 in Coventry, Conn. He was disturbed by religious speculations in his youth. Made an unsuccessful attempt for admission into Connecticut conference of Methodist church in 1796; was accepted two years later and in 1799 appointed to the Cambridge circuit, N.Y. He was later transferred to Pittsfield, Mass. and afterward to Essex, Vt., but remained there only briefly as he believed he had a driving call to preach to the Catholics of Ireland. He made two visits to Ireland and England in 1799

and 1805. His eccentric manners and eloquence drew large crowds. He introduced camp meetings into England, and the controversy about them resulted in the organization of the Primitive Methodists. In 1802 he preached in the Albany, N.Y. district against "atheism, deism, Calvinism and Universalism." He passed the years 1803 and 1804 in Alabama, delivering the first Protestant sermon in that state. In 1807 he extended his labors into Louisiana and followed the settlers to the extreme borders of civilization. After 1799 he had no official connection with the church, but continued to adhere to the Methodist doctrines. During his later years his efforts were more specially directed against the Jesuits, whom he regarded as dangerous enemies to religion and democracy. His mannerisms and mode of dress caused him to be called "Crazy Dow." His Masonic record was also unusual. He was initiated in St. Albans Lodge, Bristol, R.I. on Dec. 25, 1824. On the day following, which was Sunday, he preached in the Methodist Church; when the proposal was made to him to receive the Fellowcraft and Masters degree on the same day, he readily assented, saying there was nothing in the Masonic doctrine or practice that would forbid a God-loving creature from engaging in it on the Lord's Day—so he received the remainder of the lodge degrees that afternoon in time for him to hold evening church services. He was exalted in Washington Chapter No. 3, Portsmouth, N.H., Feb. 9, 1825. On June 11, 1827 he was present in Vincennes Chapter No. 7 (Ind.) as a visitor. His petition for affiliation was received, the by-laws were dispensed with and he was elected to membership, dues remitted and he was elected high priest of the chapter. On March 5, 1827 he was knighted in Lebanon

Commandery No. 2, Lebanon, Ohio. In his travels he was a constant visitor to lodges, chapters and commanderies. He died in Georgetown, D.C. Feb. 2, 1834 at the house of past master George W. Haller. Potomac Lodge interred his remains with Masonic honors in the Holmead's Burying Ground, North Washington.

Williard H. Dow (1897–1949) President of Dow Chemical Co. b. Jan. 4, 1897 at Midland, Mich. Began as a chemical engineer with Dow in 1919; director from 1922; assistant general manager, 1926–30; president from 1930; chairman of board 1941–47. Was also director of several other Dow corporations. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. March 31, 1949.

Cassius C. Dowell (1864–1940) U.S. Congressman, 64th to 72nd Congresses (1915–33) and 73rd and 75th Congresses from Iowa. b. Feb. 29, 1864 near Summerset, Iowa. Degrees from Drake Univ. Admitted to bar in 1888 and practiced in Des Moines. Served three terms in Iowa's lower house and one term in senate. Mason. d. Feb. 4, 1940.

John Downes (1786–1855) Commodore, U.S. Navy in War of 1812. b. in Canton, Mass. he entered navy as a midshipman in 1802 and fought in the naval war with Tripoli. His first command in War of 1812 was captured ship Essex Junior. He served under Decatur q.v. who took him on his own ship the Guerriere. He commanded ships in the Pacific and Mediterranean and the Pacific Squadron from 1832–34. Afterwards he commanded the navy yard at Boston. A member of Rising Star Lodge at Stoughton, Mass. he was initiated

Oct. 23, passed, Nov. 20 and raised Dec. 4, all in 1806. d. Aug. 11, 1855.

John G. Downey (1827–?) Governor of California, 1860–62. b. June 24, 1827 in Castle Sampson, Roscommon, Ireland. He was a Roman Catholic whose ancestors included chiefs, bishops and abbots. Although a prominent member of the Catholic community in California his charities were not limited to that particular faith. Among other gifts, he donated land to the University of Southern California, a Methodist institution. He was educated in the national schools of Ireland and attended a Latin school in Maryland where he lived with his two sisters who desired that he become a priest. He was apprenticed to learn the drug business in Washington, D.C. and later operated drug stores in Vicksburg and Cincinnati, coming to California in 1849 by way of Panama. He landed in San Francisco with 10 dollars and a gold watch. He pawned the watch and went to Sacramento and Marysville where he tried his hand at mining. In 1850 he opened the first pharmacy in Los Angeles. Selling the drug store at a profit, he invested in land and accumulated about 75,000 acres, mostly city property, but also engaged in cattle and sheep business. He was a member of Los Angeles Lodge No. 42 and Los Angeles Chapter No. 33, R.A.M. Downey, Calif. is named for him. When Downey Lodge No. 220 was named in his honor, he presented it with a set of jewels still being worn by the officers. On May 15, 1861, he assisted in the Masonic laying of the cornerstone of the state capitol at Sacramento while governor.

Wall Doxey U.S. Senator and Congressman from Mississippi. b. Aug. 8, 1892 at Holly Springs, Miss. Degrees from Univ. of Mississippi. Admitted to bar in 1914 and practiced at Holly Springs. Served in 71st through 73rd congresses (1929–35) and later as U.S. senator. Raised in Holly Springs Lodge No. 35 October 25, 1920. Shrine.

Austin K. Doyle Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 7, 1898 at Staten Island, N.Y. Graduate of Naval Academy in 1919 and advanced through grades to rear admiral. He commanded Fighting Squadron Three, 1938–39; air group, U.S.S. Saratoga, 1939–40; U.S.S. Nassau, 1942–43; U.S.S. Hornet, 1944–45; commandant of naval base at Bermuda, 1943–44, and now chief of Naval air reserve training. Mason.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle (1859–1930) English physician, novelist and detective story writer who created the character of Sherlock Holmes and Dr. Watson. b. at Edinburgh, Scotland, he practiced medicine at South-sea from 1882–90 and then turned to writing. His novels include Micah Clarke, The White Company, The Refugees, The Great Shadow, Rodney Stone and Sir Negel. He is best known for his Sherlock Holmes stories which include: The Sign of the Four, Adventures of Sherlock Holmes, The Memoirs of Sherlock Holmes, The Hound of the Baskervilles and Return of Sherlock Holmes. He wrote several historical works including: The Great Boer War and History of The British Campaign in France and Flanders(in 6 volumes). In later years he became interested in spiritualism and wrote History of Spiritualism. He was raised in Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, in 1893.

Sir John Doyle (1756–1834) British General who served in American Revolution. b. In Dublin, Ireland, he graduated at Trinity College and entered the army. Was a lieutenant of light infantry at Boston in 1775. He served as adjutant at the battles of Long Island and Germantown and as captain of the volunteers of Ireland and later as major of a brigade at the capture of Charleston and in the battles of Camden and Hobkirk's Hill. Commanding a corps of light cavalry, he operated against General Marion in spring of 1781, destroying his camp on Snow Island, but was pursued by Marion and escaped with the loss of his baggage. He served in Holland in 1794 and in 1796 was made a colonel and soon afterward appointed secretary of war in Ireland. He served as brigadier general with Abercrombie in Egypt in 1800 and was made a baronet in 1805, and a full general in 1819. He was appointed as deputy grand master of the United Grand Lodge in 1822 by H.R.H. the Duke of Sussex q.v. He was initiated May 2, 1792 as a major in the Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259. This lodge had been formed five years earlier by George, Prince of Wales (afterwards George IV q.v.) for the use of his personal entourage. d. Aug. 8, 1834.

John P. Doyle Brigadier General, U.S. Air Force. b. Oct. 1, 1904 at Washington, D.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1926, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1944. He commanded the Far East Air Material Command and is now director of transportation, Hdqrs., U.S.A.F. Raised in Pythagoras Lodge No. 123, Baltimore, Md. in July, 1926. 32° AASR (SJ) in San Jose, Calif.

James C. Dozier Soldier and Congressional Medal of Honor winner in WW1. b. Feb. 17, 1885 at Galivants Ferry, S.C. Employed by Butler Brothers in New York City in 1908 and later with National Union Bank, Rock Hill, S.C. He served as secretary of State Board of Public Welfare and adjutant general of South Carolina. He served on Mexican border in 1916 and as a lieutenant won the Medal of Honor being cited "for conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty." He single-handedly wiped out a machine gun nest with hand grenades and a pistol and took a number of prisoners. The motion picture *The Price of Peace* shows Lt. Dozier in the act of charging the machine gun nest. It was made under the auspices of the U.S. government. Mason.

George L. Draffan President of Ohio Brass Co. since 1946. b. March 1, 1898 at Buffalo, N.Y. With Ohio Brass since 1916, first as a copywriter, sales, general sales manager, vice president. Also president of Canadian Ohio Brass Co. Vice president, director of Richland Hotel Co. and director and officer in several other corporations. Mason.

Francis Drake (1695–1770) English antiquary, historian and grand master of the Grand Lodge of All England in 1761. He was historian of "The City and Cathedral Church of York" published in 1736 and was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in June, 1736. On Sept. 6, 1725 he was admitted into the "Antient Society of Free-Masons" at the Star Inn, Stone-gate, York and the following Dec. 27th was appointed junior grand warden. In that year he delivered an important

speech containing early references to the three craft degrees of Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft and Master Mason.

Francis M. Drake (1830–1903) Governor of Iowa, 1896–98. b. Dec. 30, 1830 at Rushville, Ill. Moved with family to Ft. Madison, Ia. and from there to Davis Co. where they founded the village of Drakeville. Crossed the western plains twice, the first time had a severe encounter with Pawnee Indians and on the second decided to return by water and was wrecked on the steamer Yankee Blade and lost in the Pacific. Served in Civil War from private to brvt. brigadier general. After war practiced law and engaged in railroad and banking enterprises at Centerville and Albia. He liberally endowed Drake Univ. at Des Moines and was president of board of trustees. He was a member of Unionville Lodge No. 119, Unionville, Iowa where his name appears as secretary and junior warden in the early sixties. He was admitted a member of Jackson Lodge No. 42, Centerville on March 30, 1866.

Herbert J. Drane (1863–1947) U.S. Congressman, 65th to 72nd Congresses (1917–33) from 1st Florida dist.; founder of city of Lakeland, Fla. b. June 20, 1863 in Franklin, Ky. Went to Florida in 1883 as a railroad builder and later engaged in fire insurance, real estate and orange growing. Served in both houses of the Florida legislature. Drane Field, U.S. Army air base at Lakeland is named in his honor. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Aug. 12, 1947.

William F. Draper (1842–1910) Union Brigadier General in Civil War and U.S. Ambassador to Italy, 1897–1900. b. April

9, 1842 at Lowell, Mass. Enlisted in the 25th Mass. in 1861 and served through war. Following war he engaged in manufacture of cotton machinery. Served as U.S. congressman 1892–97. Member of Montgomery Lodge at Milford, Mass.

John Drayton (1766–1822) Governor of South Carolina, 1800–02 and 1808–10. Educated at Princeton and in England, he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Charleston. Elected lieutenant governor in 1798. While governor in 1801, he used his influence for the establishment of South Carolina College. Was appointed by President Madison as U.S. judge for the district of S.C., serving until his death. A past master of Lodge No. 8 at Charleston, he was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina on Dec. 14, 1799 and had the distinction of serving as governor and grand master at the same time. d. Nov. 22, 1822.

Louis Dreller Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. March 6, 1897 at Portsmouth, N.H. Degrees from Univ. of New Hampshire and attended postgraduate school at U.S. Naval Academy. M.A. from Columbia. Commissioned ensign in 1918 and served in WW1, advancing through grades to rear admiral in 1946. Service included sea duty on battleships, destroyers, aircraft carriers. Engineering specialist. In WW2 he was attached to Scouting Force Staff and production of Philadelphia Navy Yard. He commanded Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard in 1946–48 and has been chief of industrial survey for secretary of Navy since 1948. Mason. Member of Faith Lodge, Charleston, Mass. AASR membership in Washington, D.C.

Frank G. Drew (1872–1928) President of Winchester Repeating Arms Co. from 1924. b. Dec. 1, 1872 at Philadelphia, Pa. Was in wholesale hardware business at Philadelphia from 1887–1903 at which time he went with the Winchester Co. Served in Spanish–American War as captain. Mason. d. Oct., 1928.

John Drew (1825–1862) Actor. b. Sept. 3, 1825 in Dublin, Ireland. He made his first appearance on the stage at the Bowery Theatre in New York in 1845 as Dr. O'Toole in *The Irish Tutor*. After acting for several seasons in Albany, N.Y. he went to Philadelphia where he was a favorite, appearing there for the first time at the Chestnut Street Theatre on Aug. 28, 1852 as Trapanti in *She Would and She Would Not*. Became manager of Arch Street Theatre in Philadelphia in 1853. After acting throughout the U.S. he visited England in 1855 and Australia in 1859. Returning to this country in 1862 he made his last appearance on May 9, 1862, dying 12 days later. He was considered the best Irish comedian on the American stage. He was a member of Phoenix Lodge No. 130 of Philadelphia (May 18, 1853) and was buried Masonically.

Richard C. Drum (1825–?) Brigadier General in Civil War. b. May 28, 1825 in Pennsylvania, he entered the army as a private in the 1st Pa. Volunteers in 1846. He was at the siege of Vera Cruz and the Battle of Chapultepec. Following the Mexican War he transferred to artillery and fought in various Indian encounters of the western plains. From 1856–58 he was acting assistant adjutant general of the Department of the West and at the beginning of the Civil War was named

assistant adjutant-general of the U.S. Army. After the war he continued in army service and was adjutant general of the army from 1880. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, Calif.

Josiah Hayden Drummond (1827–1902) Lawyer, politician, Masonic writer. b. Aug. 30, 1827 at Winslow, Maine. He was admitted to the bar and practiced at Portland. He was a member of the Maine lower house and speaker of same in 1858 and 1869; state senator in 1859 and attorney general of Maine from 1860–64. He was a director of the Maine Central Railroad from 1865 as well as a director of the Union Mutual Life Insurance Co. Raised in Waterville Lodge No. 33, Jan. 1, 1849, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1860; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Maine in 1866 and grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Maine in 1878. He went on to head three national Masonic bodies, being general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter, general grand master of the General Grand Council R. & S.M. and served for 12 years (1867–79) as sovereign grand commander of the Northern Scottish Rite. He was chairman of the Maine committee on correspondence for 35 years. The Grand Lodge of Maine presents the Josiah Hayden Drummond medal in his honor. Wrote Masonic Text Book for Use in Lodges and History of Masonic Jurisprudence. d. Oct. 25, 1902.

William J. Duane (1780–1865) Secretary of the Treasury in 1833 but removed by Jackson when he refused to withdraw government deposits from United States Bank. Was on staff

of his father's newspaper Aurora in Philadelphia and became a well known lawyer. Initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 115 of Philadelphia on Dec. 3, 1811 and withdrew Dec. 7, 1814.

Fernard Dubief (1850–1916) French Minister of Commerce and also Minister of Interior. Said by bulletin of International Masonic Congress (1917) to be a Freemason.

Fred T. Dubois (1851–1930) First U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1891–97 and 1901–07. b. May 29, 1851 in Crawford Co., Ill. Graduate of Yale in 1872. He went to Idaho in 1880 and was U.S. marshal from 1882–86. He was active in the anti-Mormon agitation. Served in 50th and 51st congresses (1887–91) and was instrumental in securing admission of Idaho to statehood in 1890. A delegate to three Republican national conventions, he withdrew from party when they adopted gold-standard platform. Became a Democrat and was in charge of Champ Clark's q.v. presidential campaign in 1912. Member of Portneuf Lodge No. 18, Pocatello, Idaho. d. Feb. 14, 1930.

P. Francois Duburg First grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana at the same time his brother was Abbe Duburg, Catholic Archbishop, stationed at the St. Louis Cathedral and in charge of the New Orleans diocese. The abbe welcomed General Andrew Jackson q.v. at the door of the cathedral and conducted him into the edifice to attend the Mass that was said in honor of the victory of the Battle of New Orleans.

Edward A. Ducker (1870–1946) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Nevada. b. Feb. 26, 1870 at Visalia, Calif. Admitted to

Nevada bar in 1902 and practiced at Winnemucca. He served as a supreme court justice from 1918, being chief justice in 1923, 1924, 1929, 1930, 1935, 1936, 1941 and 1942. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada in 1925; grand high priest, Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Nevada, 1927–28; grand commander, Grand Commandery, K.T. of Nevada in 1941. Member of Red Cross of Constantine. d. Aug. 14, 1946.

William H. Duckworth Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia since 1948. b. Oct. 21, 1894 at Blairsville, Ga. Admitted to bar in 1919 and practiced at Cairo. Mason.

Elie Ducommun (1833–1906) Swiss founder of International Bureau of Peace at Bern, 1891. Received the Nobel peace prize in 1902. He was grand master of the Swiss grand lodge from 1890–95.

Benjamin W. Dudley (1785–1870) Noted surgeon. b. April 12, 1785 in Spottsylvania Co., Va., he studied at Transylvania Univ. and was graduated in the medical department of the Univ. of Pennsylvania in 1806. From 1810–14 he studied in Europe under several famous physicians and settled in Lexington, Ky. on his return to this country. He achieved the reputation of being the most successful surgeon west of the Alleghenies. He operated for gall stones 225 times, losing but six patients. In England he was declared to be “the lithotomist of the 19th century.” He was active in the organization of the medical department of Transylvania Univ. and for many years held professorships in anatomy and surgery. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1. d. Jan. 20, 1870.

Charles E. Dudley (1780–1841) U.S. Senator from New York, 1829–33. The Anti-Masonic Enquirer of Rochester, N.Y. on Jan. 20, 1829 stated that he was a Mason and master of a lodge. No other verification can be found.

James H. Duff Governor of Pennsylvania, term starting 1946. b. Jan. 21, 1883 at Mansfield, Pa. Graduate of Princeton and Univ. of Pittsburgh. Practiced law from 1907–43 when he became attorney general of Pennsylvania on the latter date. Member of Lodge No. 652.

Sir Robert William Duff Governor of New South Wales from 1893–95, serving as grand master of the United Grand Lodge of New South Wales at the same time.

Benjamin L. Dulaney (1857–1930) Financier who developed the Black Mountain Coal Field in Virginia and Kentucky (1890–1914) and was a founder of the Boy Scouts of America and its vice president for 14 years from its origin in America. b. Sept. 11, 1857 in Blountville, Tenn. Taught school for two years. Built Bristol (Tenn.) Iron Furnace and Bristol, Elizabethton & Carolina R.R., 1880–90; organized Va. & S.W. Railroad and Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Co. Succeeded in making Charleston, S.C. a coal loading port for all southeastern coal mines. Mason. d. March 4, 1930.

George W. Dulany, Jr. Organizer in 1916 of the Society for Prevention of Calling Sleeping Car Porters “George.” It grew to 40,000 members! Graduate of Phillips Academy and Yale. A civil engineer, he organized the Eclipse Lumber Co. in

Minneapolis and moved it to Clinton, Iowa in 1910. Also president of Fullerton Minerals Co. and Gulf Lumber Co. A director of 13 other corporations. Served as a seaman in the Spanish American War and with U.S. Army in WW1 with 34th Division. Raised in Winona Lodge No. 18, Winona, Minn. about 1900 and is 50-year-member. Between 1912–15, he was a member of chapter, council and commandeer in Clinton, Iowa. Received 32° AASR in Winona and later demitted to DeMolay Consistory in Clinton. Member of Kaaba Shrine Temple at Davenport, Ia.

Walter A. Dumas (1893–1952) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 25, 1893 at Sherman, Texas. Graduate B.S. and M.A. from Davidson (N.C.) College and several Army service schools. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1943. With Siberian A.E.F. in 1919–20 and Philippines 1920–22. Later instructor at Fort Benning, Ga. and U.S. Military Academy. Commanded 317th Infantry and in 1942–43 commanded Tank Destroyer Replacement Training Center. Was with general staff overseas in 1943 in South Pacific. With MacArthur's general staff Far East Command from 1945–47 and retired for disability in 1947. Mason, Knight Templar, Shriner and National Sojourner. d. Sept. 11, 1952.

Patrick, 5th Earl of Dumfries 28th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1771–72.

Jean Henri Dunant (1828–1910) Swiss philanthropist and founder of the Red Cross. Inspired by compassion of witnessing the Battle of Solferino in Northern Italy (1859) in which

casualties totaled 50,000, he labored for the creation of an organization to aid wounded soldiers and succeeded in bringing about a conference at Geneva in 1863 from which came the Geneva Convention of 1864 and the establishment of the International Red Cross. With Frederick Passy, he shared the first Nobel peace prize in 1901. He devoted his entire fortune to charity. A Mason.

Clarence M. Dunbar (1871–?) Imperial Potentate of Shrine. b. Oct. 29, 1871 in Wakefield, Mass. Raised in Bristol Lodge, Attleboro, Mass., Nov. 19, 1896; Royal Arch in King Hiram Chapter Oct. 13, 1898; knighted in Bristol Commandery No. 29, Feb. 1, 1902, all of Attleboro. 32° AASR (NJ) in Rhode Island Consistory June 23, 1908; member of Palestine Shrine Temple at Providence, R.I., March 3, 1903 and elected imperial potentate of Shrine June 15, 1927. Deceased.

James W. Dunbar (1860–1943) U.S. Congressman, 66th, 67th and 71st Congresses from 3rd Indiana dist. b. Oct. 17, 1860 at New Albany, Ind. Began with New Albany Gas Co. as a street gas lamp lighter in 1872 and became vice president of same, resigning in 1918. He was secretary of the American Gas Institute, 1906–08 and president of the Indiana Gas Association, 1908–10. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana, 1902–03. d. May 18, 1943.

Ulric S. J. Dunbar (1862–1927) Sculptor. b. Jan. 31, 1862 at London, Ont., Canada. Professionally engaged as a sculptor from 1880. Did figures for Atlanta, Buffalo, St. Louis, San Diego and San Francisco expositions for which he received

medals and di-plomas. He executed over 150 portrait busts, principally of prominent men for U.S. Capitol, Corcoran Gallery of Art, Washington state capitol, St. Paul Union Club, American Museum of Natural History, etc. Mason. d. May 7, 1927.

James Duncan (1857–1928) Labor leader. b. May 5, 1857 in Kincardine Co., Scotland. Was a granite cutter from 1873. President of the Granite Cutters' International Assn. from 1895 he successfully struck for 8-hour workday in 1900. In 1894 he was elected vice president of the American Federation of Labor and 1st vice president from 1902. Represented the American labor movement to British Trades Congress in England, 1898; represented A.F. of L. at International Secretariat Conference at Budapest in 1911; appointed diplomatic envoy extraordinary to Russia in 1917 and member of American Labor Mission to Peace Conference, Paris, 1919. Mason. d. Sept. 14, 1928.

Thomas Dunckerley (1724–1795) The most famous English Freemason of the 18th century. b. Oct. 23, 1724 the natural son of King George II and Mary Dunckerley. His birth was kept secret from George II, but he was recognized by George III and pensioned. At the age of 10 he ran away to sea and served with distinction in the Royal Navy for 36 years, attaining the rank of warrant officer–gunner. In 1774 he was admitted to the bar. He was initiated on Jan. 10, 1754 at Three Tuns Lodge No. 31 of Portsmouth. Four years before leaving the naval service he obtained a warrant for a lodge to be held aboard the Vanguard, the ship on which he was

serving. In 1761 he was assigned to the Prince, and as a lodge was warranted to be held aboard that ship in 1762, there can be no doubt that Dunckerley was responsible. In 1764 the lodge is recorded as being held on the HMS Guadeloupe, in which vessel Dunckerley sailed for the Mediterranean. Later the lodge was brought by him to London and was recorded as meeting at Somerset House in the Strand, which was then used as a home for pensioners of the Crown. The following year it is described as Somerset House Lodge meeting at the "Kings Arms" in New Bond Street. In 1768 the lodge which had been held aboard the Vanguard was revived in London with Dunckerley as first master. Today it is known as the London Lodge No. 108, meeting in Prince's Restaurant, Piccadilly. Dunckerley's attention to business is attested to by the minutes of No. 108 in March, 1769 when the minutes recorded "It was unanimously agreed, that the Company would be better entertained with a few promiscuous songs from the Brethren than by any lecture or further proceedings of Masonry." In 1767 he was a joining member of the present Lodge of Friendship No. 6, where he frequently presided at the meetings and in 1785 was responsible for forming a lodge at Hampton Court, now Lodge of Harmony No. 255. In 1787 he was elected a member of the Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259. While serving aboard the Vanguard Dunckerley held a commission from the grand lodge to inquire into the state of the Craft wherever he might be, and while at Quebec in 1760, he installed Col. Simon Frasier q.v. as provincial grand master of Canada. In 1767 Dunckerley was appointed provincial grand master of Hampshire. In 1776 he was named provincial grand master of Essex and at different times had charge

of the provinces of Bristol, Dorsetshire, Gloucestershire, Somersetshire and Herefordshire. In the Royal Arch he had even wider authority, supervising as many as 18 different counties. He did more to extend Royal Arch Masonry than any other man of his time. In 1791 he was the first grand master of the Knights Templar in England. Although his pension had been increased from ~£100 a year to ~£800, he died in poverty at Portsmouth in 1795.

Thomas Dundas (see Earl of Zetland)

Frank C. Dunham Rear Admiral, U.S.A. Navy. b. Sept. 8, 1891 at North Bennington, Vt. Graduate of Norwich and Harvard Universities and various service schools. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1949. Mason and National Sojourner.

George C. Dunham Major General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. July 27, 1887 at Mitchell, S.D. Medical degrees from Univ. of Oregon and Johns Hopkins. Began practice of medicine in 1914 and entered Army Medical Corps in 1916, advancing to major general in 1944 and retiring in 1945. Commanded Army hospitals in WW1 and later taught in Army Medical School and was chief of preventive medicine of Medical Field Service School. From 1931–35 was advisor on public health to governor general of Philippines. Director of Army Medical School in 1939–40 and president of Institute of Inter-American Affairs 1943–45. Mason.

Daniel Dunklin (1790–1844) Fifth Governor of Missouri. b.

Jan. 14, 1790 in Greenville, S.C. His family moved to Caldwell Co., Ky. in 1806. When the father died in 1810 the family removed to Ste. Genevieve, Mo., remaining there but two months and then purchasing a farm near Potosi. Here Dunklin enlisted under General Dodge q.v. and served through three campaigns against the British and Indians. At conclusion of war, in 1815, he was appointed sheriff of Washington Co. by his friend, General William Clark q.v. He established the Potosi Academy and donated 500 books to start a library. From 1822–23 he represented the county in the state legislature, served as lieutenant governor and in 1832 was elected governor. He is often called the father of Missouri's public school system and labored tirelessly to establish the system on a sound basis. He forced the issue before the legislature in 1834 and bluntly told them that public schools must be established. The legislature passed it and President Jackson q.v. wrote him: "This is your bid for eternal fame." He resigned from governorship three months before the end of his term and was appointed surveyor general for Missouri and Illinois. Among other things he recommended on Nov. 18, 1834, that a site for the state university be established. Even after his retirement he urged support of the school system. In 1840 he moved to Herculaneum where he purchased a large tract of land and established his home. He farmed for three years and in 1843 was named commissioner representing Missouri to adjust the boundary line between that state and Arkansas. It is not known where he received his degrees, but undoubtedly in Missouri—probably at Potosi where a lodge had been established in 1816 by the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. On April 7, 1825 a lodge was chartered at Caledonia, Mo. and

his name appears in the minutes of Tyro Lodge even before he was reported as affiliated. He attended grand lodge in 1825 and 1826 and was a steward of Tyro Lodge No. 12 in 1826 and junior warden in 1828. He attended grand lodge in 1831 and was again listed as junior warden. Lodge records indicate he served as master pro tern on many occasions. d. Aug. 25, 1844.

John Dunlap (1747–1812) American printer and patriot who first printed the Declaration of Independence. b. in Strabane, Ireland and when a boy went to live with an uncle, William Dunlap, a printer and publisher in Philadelphia. In 1771 he began the publication of the Pennsylvania Packet. This paper was changed into a daily in 1784, the first in the United States. It afterwards became the North American and United States Gazette. He was appointed printer to congress and in this capacity first printed the Declaration of Independence. He was an officer in the first troop of Philadelphia cavalry which became the bodyguard of Washington at Trenton and Princeton. In 1780 he gave £4,000 to supply provisions to the Revolutionary Army. Member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. d. Nov. 27, 1812.

Robert P. Dunlap (1796–1859) Governor of Maine, 1834–38 and U.S. Congressman 1842–47. b. Aug. 15, 1796 in Brunswick, Maine. Graduated at Bowdoin in 1815 and admitted to bar in 1818. When he inherited a fortune, he gave up his law practice. He was a member of the lower house of Maine in 1821–22 and of the state senate in 1823 and its president in 1827–29 and again in 1831–33. He was made a Mason in

United Lodge of Topsham, now No. 8 of Brunswick on Jan. 9, 1816 and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1830. In 1820 he was corresponding grand secretary. Received his capitular degrees in Newburyport, Mass. in Feb., 1816 and on Dec. 7, 1819 became charter member and first high priest of Montgomery Chapter No. 2 at Bath, Me. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Maine in 1823 and president of the Council of High Priesthood. He served as general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter of the United States for nine years (1847–56). He was the first grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Maine and the first resident of Maine to receive the degrees of the Scottish Rite. He organized Scottish Rite Masonry in Maine, bringing a charter to Brunswick in 1851. In 1851 he was first active member of the Supreme Council from Maine. He was knighted in Maine Commandery No. 1, Feb. 9, 1824 and was prelate of the commandery in 1847–49. d. Oct. 20, 1859.

William Dunlap (1766–1839) American painter, playwright and historian. b. in Perth Amboy, N.J. Studied under Benjamin West in London. Began portrait painting in 1777. In 1783 he finished portrait of Washington. In 1789 *The Father*, one of his best plays were produced on the stage. He wrote, translated or adopted 63 plays and is sometimes called “father of American Drama.” Bankruptcy ended his management of a New York theatre in 1805 and he returned to painting. He is a founder of the National Academy of Design in 1826. He wrote *History of the American Theatre* and *History of the Rise and Progress of the Arts of Design in the United States*. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. Sept. 28, 1839.

Harvey Dunn Artist. b. March 8, 1884 at Manchester, S.D. Has been magazine illustrator since 1906 for leading publications. Also painted murals and portraits. Was official artist with A.E.F. in WW1. Mason.

James E. C. Dunne Publisher. b. Aug. 31, 1891 at Louisville, Ky. Practiced law and served as a judge in 1907–11. Founded American Insurance Digest, Chicago in 1920. Purchased The Insurance Index of London and New York in 1930. Publisher of Dunne's Reports since 1931. Cited by Knights of Columbus for defense of that order in Massachusetts, 1949. Raised in Parkland Lodge No. 638, Louisville, Ky. in Feb., 1913. Member of King Solomon Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 12, K.T., both of Louisville. 32° AASR (SJ) in Louisville and founder of High Twelve Club No. 1 in Louisville.

John W. Dunsmore (1856–1945) Artist. b. Feb. 29, 1856 near Oxford, Ohio. Studied art in U.S. and Paris. Director of Detroit Museum of Art, 1888–90, Detroit School of Arts, 1890–94. Specialized in historical subjects. Exhibited in U.S., England and France. Is represented in National Academy of Design, New York Historical Society, Cincinnati Museum of Art and others. Member of Puritan Lodge No. 185, Hoboken, N.J. d. Sept. 30, 1945.

Louis E. C. M. Duparty (?–1851) Author of a number of Masonic songs in the *Annales Maconniques*. In 1810 he collaborated in a comic opera entitled *Cagliostro ou les Illumines*. In 1818 he published a Masonic tale entitled *l'Harmonie*.

Became a member of the French Academy in 1835.

Peter Stephen (Etienne) Du Ponceau (1760–1844)

Lawyer and writer. b. at St. Martain, Ille de Re, France and accompanied Baron von Steuben q.v. to America as his secretary in 1777. He served in the American Revolution as aide-de-camp to Steuben from 1777–79. He became a naturalized citizen in Pennsylvania in 1781 and was admitted to the bar in 1785. He practiced in Philadelphia. His writings include legal and historical works and treatises on philology, including original studies of various North American Indian languages. He petitioned Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia on Feb. 14, 1782, was elected April 9, 1782 and probably received the first two degrees on August 14, 1782. On that date reference is made “paid the remainder of his fees,” but no reference of Master Mason degree.

Victor Marie DuPont (1767–1827) Diplomat and industrialist. b. in Paris, France, he was in the U.S. as attache of the French legation from 1787 to 1789. From that year until 1792 he was aide-de-camp to Lafayette. He was second secretary of the French legation from 1791–92 and first secretary 1795–96. In 1800 he became naturalized and settled in the U.S. His mercantile business V. du Pont de Nemours & Co. in New York failed as did a land development project in 1809. He then became manager of his brother Irenee’s woolen mills near Wilmington, Del., but was unsuccessful. He became a director of the Bank of the United States at Philadelphia. He was one of the original petitioners for Lafayette Lodge No. 14, Wilmington, whose charter was granted Jan. 17, 1825.

Although his original membership is not known, he signed a petition for the establishment of a lodge at Angelica, N.Y. Jan. 9, 1808. He was admitted into Washington Lodge No. 1 of Del. on April 1, 1813 and demitted Sept. 4, 1817 and elected to membership in Temple Lodge No. 11 on Feb. 11, 1819. In 1819 he was grand marshal of the Grand Lodge of Delaware and in 1825 was grand treasurer. d. Jan. 30, 1827.

Henry Fowle Durant (1822–1881) Founder of Wellesley College in Mass. His original name was Henry Welles Smith, which he changed because it was too common. b. at Hanover, N.H., he practiced law at Lowell from 1843–48 and at Boston, Mass. 1848–63. Affected by the death of his young son, he gave up law and became a lay preacher and conducted revival meetings in Mass. and N.H. In 1870 he founded Wellesley College and served as treasurer until 1881. His lodge is not known, but he was exalted in St. Andrew's Royal Arch Chapter of Boston on June 1, 1852.

Winfield T. Durbin (1847–1928) Governor of Indiana 1901–05. b. May 4, 1847 at Lawrenceburg, Ind. Served as colonel in 161st Indiana Regiment in Spanish–American War. Banker and interested in public utilities (gas) company. Became a member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 319, Indianapolis on Feb. 21, 1871. Made a Royal Arch Mason in 1875; Knight Templar in 1877 and became grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Indiana. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1899 and made emeritus member of Supreme Council in Sept., 1928. d. Dec. 18, 1928.

Albrecht Durer (1471–1528) German painter and engraver who is regarded as the leader of the German renaissance school of painting. He studied under Wohlgrmuth and was court painter for emperors Maximilian I and Charles V. He is regarded as the inventor of etching. One of his copper plate engravings entitled Melancholy has been suggested as Masonic in origin and indicates that Durer was familiar with the fraternity at the time, and possibly a member of the Nuremberg lodge. It was at this time that Emperor Maximilian was patron and honorary member of the lodge and Durer being court painter would likely to have been associated with that lodge.

Carl T. Durham U.S. Congressman, 76 to 80th Congresses (1939–49). b. Aug. 28, 1892 at Chapel Hill, N.C. He is a pharmacist at Chapel Hill from 1912. Raised in University Lodge No. 408 in 1919. Served as junior warden and was treasurer of lodge for 20 years.

Earl E. Dusenbery General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. b. March 20, 1888 near Oskaloosa, Iowa, his family being Iowa pioneers. He served for three years as deputy clerk of Mahaska Co., Iowa and then entered the flour business, being a flour salesman for thirteen years before organizing a flour brokerage company under his own name. His company confines its sales to direct carload shipments. Raised May 17, 1912 in Tri Luminar Lodge, Oskaloosa, Ia. he demitted as a charter member of New Century Lodge No. 656 at Des Moines in 1945 and served as master in 1947. Exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 14, R.A.M.

of Des Moines in 1923 he served as grand high priest of Iowa, 1934–36. He served as general grand high priest from 1948–51. He is a member of Alpha Council No. 11, R.S.M. and Temple Commandery No. 4, K.T., both of Des Moines and has served all bodies as presiding officer. In 1956 he served as national head of the Knights of the York Cross of Honour. He is a 32° AASR (SJ), member of Za–Ga–Zig Shrine Temple, Red Cross of Constantine (past sovereign), Royal Order of Scotland, Knight Templar Priests, Allied Masonic Degrees, and Knights Beneficent of the Holy City. Holds many honorary grand chapter memberships.

John P. Duval (1790–1855) Secretary of the Territory of Florida. b. June 3, 1790 in Richmond, Va. he was a brother of William P. Duval q.v. governor of Florida. Admitted to Virginia bar in 1811, serving in War of 1812 as captain. He migrated to Florida Territory where his brother was governor, but as the climate was detrimental to his health he moved to Bardstown, Ky. where he remained until 1836 when he organized volunteer forces during the war between Texas and Mexico. Held rank of brigadier general with Texas militia. He returned to Florida as secretary of the territory and gained a high reputation there as a lawyer, writing a digest of the laws of Florida in 1840. He was for a time acting governor of the state. A member of Jackson Lodge No. 1 at Tallahassee, he was first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1830. A member of Fayette Chapter No. 26, Middleburg, Va. he later became member of Florida Chapter No. 32 chartered by Virginia in 1827 and served as grand high priest of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Florida.

William P. Duval (1784–1854) Governor of Territory of Florida from 1822–1834. Admitted to Kentucky bar, he practiced at Bardstown until 1822 when he was named territorial governor by President Monroe. He was continued by presidents Adams and Jackson. He served in the War of 1812 against the Indians and was elected to U.S. congress from Kentucky from 1813–15. His life and character has been portrayed in history by James K. Paulding as “Nimrod Wildfire” and Washington Irving, who drew from him the character of “Ralph Ringwood.” His brother, John Pope Duval q.v. was at one time secretary of the territory of Florida. Duval was a member of Jackson Lodge No. 1 (then No. 23), Tallahassee in 1829 and assisted in the formation of the Grand Lodge of Florida in 1830 (his brother was first grand master). He was raised Aug. 13, 1804 in Washington Lodge No. 6, Bardstown, Ky. and served as senior warden of the same in 1816. He was an honorary member of Florida Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. at Tallahassee. Duval signed the treaty with James Gadsden q.v. for the United States with the Indians which defined certain areas into which the Indians were to remove. d. March 19, 1854.

Henry C. Dworshak U.S. Senator from Idaho. Elected 1946, 50, 54. b. Aug. 29, 1894 at Duluth, Minn. Learned printing trade at Duluth and became manager of printer's supply business in Duluth from 1920–24 and later worked in the mechanical and editorial departments of several newspapers. From 1924–44 he published the Burley (Idaho) Bulletin. He was U.S. congressman to 76th to 79th U.S. congresses (1939–47) from Idaho 2nd dist. Served overseas with U.S. Army

in WW1. Received his degrees in Lakeside Lodge No. 281, Duluth, Minn. in 1923. Now member of Burley Lodge No. 68, Burley, Idaho. 33° AASR (SJ) at Boise and member of El Korah Shrine Temple, Boise, Idaho.

Elisha Dyer (1839–1906) 41st Governor of Rhode Island, 1897–1900, serving three terms. b. Nov. 28, 1839 at Providence, R.I. Served in Marine Corps during Civil War. He served in both houses of Rhode Island and was made adjutant general of the state in 1882, retiring as brigadier general in 1895. There was also an Elisha Dyer who was the 22nd governor of Rhode Island. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Providence, Providence Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., St. John's Commandery, Aleppo Shrine Temple and 33° AASR (NJ).

10,000 FAMOUS FREEMASONS

By

WH.LIAM R. DENSLOW

Volume II

E-J

Foreword by

HARRY S. TRUMAN, P.G.M.

Past Master, Missouri Lodge of Research

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Henry P. Eames (1872–1950) Pianist and lecturer. b. Sept. 12, 1872 in Chicago, Ill. Studied in U.S. and abroad under private teachers including Madam Clara Schumann and Ignace Paderewski. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1894. He established the Omaha School of Music and was connected with the musical departments of several schools including U. of Nebr., Illinois Wesleyan U.; U. of Calif.; U. of Hawaii; U. of N. Mex. Published over 30 songs and choruses. Made 14 annual concert–lecture tours of America and several abroad. Member of Lancaster Lodge No. 54, Lincoln, Nebr., receiving degrees on March 13, April 17 and May 29, 1903; suspended April 7, 1916. d. Nov. 25, 1950.

Harry B. Earhart (1870–1954) Shipowner, manufacturer and oil executive. b. Dec. 21, 1870 at Worthington, Pa. From 1888–1904 he was owner of vessels on the Great Lakes; from 1904–10 was engaged in the manufacture of machinery and from 1910–32 was president and chairman of the board of the White Star Refining Co., and during the same period was director of Vacuum Oil Co. He was director of the National Safety Council at one time. Raised Nov. 13, 1893 in Ionic Lodge No. 186, Duluth, Mimi. and affiliated with Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit on April 13, 1913, becoming a life member of same Jan. 7, 1937. Member of Scottish Rite. d. Oct. 21, 1954.

R. E. W. Earl American artist. Painted numerous portraits of Andrew Jackson, q.v., member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8,

Nashville, Tenn.

Clarence E. Earle (1893–1953) Chemical engineer. b. Aug. 27, 1893 at Bengies, Md. He graduated from George Washington U. in 1923. Employed by U.S. government and many private firms as a chemical engineer and was president of Breco Mfg. Co. and director of Medical Chemicals, Inc., as well as Insl-X Co. He discovered and developed lithium soap lubricating greases used in aircraft manufacture. Also originated and developed all-purpose hydraulic oil and chemical polar compounds for thin film preservation of metallic surfaces against corrosion. He developed an aircraft carbon monoxide detector and pioneered the discovery of a series of chemical compounds known as phenyl-ammonio salts used as a mycotic drug in South Pacific. Raised in Delnorta Lodge No. 105, Delnorta, Colo. and affiliated with Jephthah Lodge No. 222 (Md.) on June 17, 1952. d. Nov. 15, 1953.

George H. Earle Governor of Pennsylvania, 1935–39. b. Dec. 5, 1890 in Devon, Pa. Holds honorary degrees from several universities. Associated with father in sugar industry at Philadelphia and later in Chicago. He founded Flamingo Sugar Mills in Philadelphia and was active in various business activities until appointed envoy and minister (E.E. and M.P.) to Austria in 1933–34. In 1940–41 he was minister to Bulgaria and in 1943 assistant naval attache at Istanbul, Turkey. Served in army on Mexican Border and in WWI entered navy and was commander of U.S.S. Victor, submarine chaser. Received Navy Cross. Member of Lodge No. 9 in Philadelphia, Pa. and Shriner.

Roy B. Earling Vice president of U. S. Smelting, Refining & Mining Co. and in charge of Alaska operations since 1935. b. May 29, 1887 at Milwaukee, Wis. With U. S. Smelting since 1925. Mason.

Claudius M. Easley (1891–1945) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 11, 1891 at Thorp Spring, Tex. Graduated from Texas A. & M. Coll. in 1916 and graduate of several Army service schools. Commissioned in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general. Mason. d. June 19, 1945 and buried in 96th Infantry Div. Cemetery in Okinawa.

Edmund P. Easterbrook (1865–1933) Chief of chaplains, U.S. Army, 1928–30. b. Dec. 22, 1865 in Torquay, England. He was ordained as a Methodist minister in 1889. He served as a chaplain in the Spanish–American War and in Cuba with the Army of Occupation. He was commissioned a chaplain in the Army by President McKinley in 1900 and served as such in the Philippine Insurrection from 1900–05. He was in WWI with U.S. forces in Germany from 1919–23. On return to U.S. was stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. and Fort Monroe, Va. Mason. d. Jan. 18, 1933.

Rufus Easton (1774–1834) First postmaster West of the Mississippi River (St. Louis) and first attorney general of Missouri. b. May 4, 1774 at Litchfield, Conn. He studied law in the office of Ephraim Kirby, q.v., and was admitted to the bar in 1795. In 1803 he went to Washington, D.C. where he met a number of prominent statesmen. Following his death, letters were found in his effects from Col. Aaron Burr, Postmaster

General Gideon Granger, Governor DeWitt Clinton and others. It was his intention to locate in New Orleans, but upon reaching Vincennes, Ind. in 1804 he decided to remain there and practice in the courts of the territory. He accompanied General Harrison to St. Louis and took up residence there. In 1815 President Jefferson gave him a commission as judge of the Territory of Louisiana. Following Missouri's admission as a state, President Monroe appointed him U.S. attorney general for the state, an office which he held until his retirement in 1826. He also served Missouri in the U.S. Congress. As postmaster of St. Louis he had difficulties with General James Wilkinson, q.v., who was one of the conspirators with Aaron Burr. Easton supported the policies of Jefferson and complained of "spies and informers" of the Wilkinson camp. He entered Freemasonry through Roman Lodge No. 82 of New York and assisted in the organization of Western Star Lodge No. 107, Kaskaskia, Ill. When St. Louis Lodge No. 111 was organized, he became a charter member and officer. Easton was one of the incorporators of the first territorial bank of St. Louis in 1813, being elected a director in 1814. He also was land agent from 1808–18. In 1822 he moved to St. Charles, Mo., where he died July 5, 1834. He left a large family, one daughter marrying Henry S. Geyer, later U.S. senator; another married Governor Hamilton Gamble. His daughter, Mary, married George C. Sibley and together they founded Lindenwood College at St. Charles in 1831.

Stanley A. Easton President of Bunker Hill & Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Co.—one of the largest lead and silver mines in the world. b. April 7, 1873 at Santa Cruz, Calif.

Graduate of U. of Calif. Coll. of Mines in 1894. He is also president of Sullivan Mining Co. and Caledonia Mining Co. Mason.

Barney E. Eaton (1878–1944) President of Mississippi Power Co. from 1924. b. Dec. 5, 1878 at Taylorsville, Miss. Graduate of Millsaps Coll., Jackson. Admitted to the bar in 1903 and practiced at Hattiesburg. He affiliated with Gulfport Lodge No. 422 on May 1, 1919, Gulfport, Miss. and dimitted Aug. 3, 1933. d. July 18, 1944.

Hubert Eaton Originator of the “memorial-park” plan for cemeteries, substituting tablets set level with the lawn for tombstones, providing art collections, historical buildings, etc., thereby revolutionizing cemeteries throughout the U.S. He is known as “the builder” of Forest Lawn Memorial Park, Glendale, Calif., which is noted for its collection of stained glass works of American sculptors and recreations of Last Supper and Calvary. b. June 3, 1881 at Liberty, Mo., he graduated from William Jewell Coll. in Liberty in 1902. A chemist, he has been associated with many of the main mining companies of America including Anaconda, Teziutlan Copper (Mexico), Adaven Mining (Nev.). Raised in Euclid Lodge No. 58, Great Falls, Mont. in 1905 and presently member of Southern California Lodge No. 278, Los Angeles. Member of Liberty Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Liberty, Mo., Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T., Al Malaikah Shrine of Los Angeles and of Shrine Patrol. Served as junior deacon of his lodge.

James M. Eaton Vice President of American Overseas Airlines. b. Feb. 15, 1888 at Palatka, Fla. Graduated from

U. of Maine in 1910. Eaton became interested in airplanes when he made his first flight with Ed Wiggins in 1913. In 1914 he assisted in establishing service between Tampa and St. Petersburg, Fla. (21 miles), which is now credited as the world's first scheduled airline. In 1920 he went to Europe to investigate the possibility of using wartime aircraft for commercial operation, but concluded they were not adequate. He was later with Pan American Airways and president of Ludington Airlines (New York to Washington every hour). Mason.

John H. Eaton (1790–1856) U.S. Secretary of War under Jackson, 1829–31; U.S. Senator from Tennessee; Governor of Territory of Florida, 1834–36; U.S. Minister to Spain, 1836–40. b. in Tenn. He studied law and after admission to the bar, practiced in Nashville. He is the author of *Life of Andrew Jackson* (1824), and was a personal friend of the president. Eaton was a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville; was elected an honorary member of Federal Lodge No. 1 at Washington, D.C. on Jan. 4, 1830; was an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of Florida. He was present at the communication of the Grand Lodge of Tenn. in 1825 and participated in the meeting at the U.S. Capitol in 1822 for the purpose of forming a general grand lodge. He is also recorded as a visitor at Nashville Lodge No. 37 (Tenn.) on June 2, 1825. d. Nov. 17, 1856.

William Eaton (1764–1811) Soldier and early political figure. b. Feb. 23, 1764 at Woodstock, Conn. He entered the Revolutionary army at age of 16 and served 19 years. He

graduated at Dartmouth in 1790 and in 1797 was appointed consul to Tunis and for several years was engaged in altercations with the bey in regard to the annual "blackmail" payments this country made to Tunis to prevent them from molesting American ships. He returned to the U.S. in 1803 and was appointed U.S. naval agent to the Barbary states. In this capacity he embarked on a romantic attempt to restore the exiled pasha, Hamet, to the throne, carrying out a small war with 500 men on his own initiative and utilizing two ships of the U.S. fleet. His attempt failed, but Mass. granted him 10,000 acres of land for his "heroic enterprise." In 1806 Aaron Burr, q.v., attempted to enlist Eaton in his conspiracy and at Burr's trial in Richmond, Eaton was one of his accusers. He was made a Mason in North Star Lodge, Manchester, Vt. in 1792. At one time he wrote a eulogy for George Washington, "composed for the celebration of St. George at Monson, 22nd inst." The last verses conclude: "Approving Heaven, with fostering hand, Gave Masons triumph through this land; And firmly to secure our craft, From bigot rage and envy's shaft, Sent a Grand Master, Freedom's son, The God-like patriot, Washington!" d. June 1, 1811.

William R. Eaton (1877–1943) U.S. Congressman, 71st and 72nd Congresses (1929–33) from 1st Colorado dist. b. Dec. 17, 1877 at Pugwash, N.S., Canada and brought to U.S. by parents the following year. Graduate of U. of Denver in 1909, he was admitted to the bar that year. He served two terms in the state senate. Raised March 22, 1902 in Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo.; exalted Feb. 14, 1912 in Colorado Chapter No. 29, R.A.M. and knighted March 14, 1922 in Denver Commandery

No. 25, K.T., all of Denver. Received 32° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 22, 1921 in Colorado Consistory No. 1, Denver and was KCCH. d. Dec. 16, 1942.

Charles H. Ebbets (1859–1925) Owner of the Brooklyn Dodgers (National League) and non-playing manager for the team in 1898. b. Oct. 29, 1859 in New York City. He was president of the National League from 1898–1925 and is a member of Baseball's National Hall of Fame as an owner. Ebbets Field is named for him. Member of Greenwood Lodge No. 569, New York City. d. April 18, 1925.

George A. Eberly Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska, 1925–43. b. Feb. 9, 1871 at Ft. Wayne, Ind. Received LL.B. and LL.M. from U. of Mich. Resident of Nebraska from 1873 and admitted to the bar in 1893. He served in the Spanish–American War in 1898 and Mexican border service in 1916. He was a colonel in WWI. In 1949 he was commander-in-chief of the Spanish–American War Veterans. Member and past master of Northern Light Lodge No. 41, Stanton, Nebr. He holds membership in the York Rite bodies of Omaha and is 32° AASR (SJ) in the Valley of Omaha; National Sojourner, and member of Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha.

Frederick H. Ecker President of Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. 1929–36. b. Aug. 30, 1867 in Phoenicia, N.Y. With Metropolitan since 1883; comptroller in 1905; treasurer in 1906; director in 1909, vice president in 1919, and chairman of board of directors after retirement as president in 1936. Also vice-president and trustee of Union Dime Saving Bank;

trustee of Consolidated Edison Co. and director of Chase National Bank and Western Union Telegraph Co. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City, receiving degrees on May 20, June 3 and June 17, 1902; received 50-year membership award in 1953; served a number of years on the Kane-Pearry Room committee of his lodge.

Henry Eckford (1775–1832) Early American naval architect. b. March 12, 1775 in Irvine, Scotland. At 16 he was placed with a naval constructor at Quebec and in 1796 moved to New York, where he introduced important changes in the art of shipbuilding. His vessels were superior in strength and speed to all others and in the War of 1812 he was employed by the U.S. government to build ships. Following the war he built the steamer Robert Fulton. In 1820 he was appointed naval constructor at Brooklyn and he built six ships of the line including the famous Ohio which was claimed to be the finest in the world. Disagreeing with the naval commissioners, he left government service and built a sloop-of-war for Sultan Mahmoud of the Ottoman empire and was solicited to enter his service. This led him to a visit to Turkey where he established a navy yard and died at Constantinople on Nov. 12, 1832. He was a member of Fortitude Lodge No. 48 (now No. 19) of Brooklyn, N.Y. and was first junior warden of the lodge.

Karl F. Eckleff (1723–1789) German physician who was active in the propagation of the high grades of Freemasonry in Sweden between 1752 and 1759. It was in the latter year that the “secret constitutions” were adopted. In 1766 he sold

to Berlin Masons such rights and rituals as he held and tried to do the same insofar as Sweden was concerned. However, he finally relinquished all rights to the Duke of Sudermania, q.v. in 1774 and the duke (later King Charles XIII, q.v.), who gained control of the symbolic degrees through the resignation of Count Scheffer, became the head of all forms of Freemasonry in Sweden.

Zales N. Ecton U.S. Senator from Montana, 1948. b. April 1, 1898 at Weldon, Ia. He was state representative from 1933–37 and state senator, 1937–46. He is secretary and director of the Flying D, Inc., a ranch and cattle company at Gallatin Gateway, Mont. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. At one time he was in the line of the Grand Lodge of Montana and at the annual communication in 1952 addressed the grand lodge.

Paul D. Eddy President of Adelphi College, Garden City, N.Y. since 1937. b. Feb. 18, 1895 in Montgomery, Ala. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania and ordained to ministry of Methodist Church, serving several Pennsylvania churches. He was director of the Wesley Foundation in the Philippines in 1929–30 and executive director of the Religious Educational Foundation, 1931–37. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Member of Garden City Lodge No. 1083, Garden City, L.I., N.Y. and chaplain of same several years.

Samuel Eddy (1769–1839) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Rhode Island, 1827–35 and U.S. Congressman, 1819–25. b. March 31, 1769 in Johnston, R.I., he graduated at Brown U. in 1787 and studied law. He was clerk of the R.I. supreme court

in 1790–93 and secretary of state from 1798–1819. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1 at Providence, being initiated Feb. 1, 1792. d. Feb. 2, 1839.

William H. Eddy (1817–1859) Hero of the Donner Party trapped in the Sierra Nevada mountains in winter of 1846–47. b. in Providence, R.I. in 1817. In 1845 he was working as a wheelwright in Belleville, Ill. He joined the Donner Party for the trip to California and with James Frazier Reed, q.v., and William McCutchen, q.v., is referred to as one of the “big three” of that ill-fated group. Eddy's privations and experiences were particularly harrowing, for his wife and two children perished of cold and starvation. He led the “Forlorn Hope” group—ten men and five women, who made a desperate attempt to escape from their snowy prison and obtain relief for the rest of the party. It took them 32 days to get out and all the men except Eddy and a William Foster died on the way. They left bloody footprints on the snow as their shoes wore out and their shredded clothing was frozen to their bodies. His exertions led to his early death on Dec. 24, 1859 of angina pectoris. On July 11, 1850 he was one of the 15 brethren at San Jose who petitioned the grand lodge for a dispensation to open a lodge in that city. His name later appears on the records of San Jose Lodge No. 10 as a charter member. This shows he was a Mason before coming to San Jose, but there is no available record of his original membership. Unfortunately he was suspended NPD in 1857.

William Eden (1744–1814) (Lord Auckland) English barrister who served at different times as Secretary of State for

Ireland, privy councillor and ambassador to France, Spain and Holland. Was made an Irish peer in 1789 with the title Baron Auckland, receiving the same title in the English peerage in 1793. He was one of the three commissioners sent by Lord North in 1788 to treat with the Americans. In 1770 he was grand steward of the Grand Lodge of England. d. May 28, 1814.

Arthur H. Edens President of Duke University since 1949. b. Feb. 14, 1901 at Willow Grove, Tenn. Degrees from Emory and Harvard U. Was dean at Emory Jr. Coll. and Emory U. until 1948. Mason.

Walter E. Edge (1873–1956) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, 1919–29; Governor of New Jersey during WWI and also WWII (1917–19 and 1943–46) and ambassador to France 1929–33. b. Nov. 20, 1873 in Philadelphia. He began as a printer's "devil" on the *Atlantic Review*, Atlantic City, N.J., and during his lifetime made a fortune in the advertising and publishing business. He is credited with helping to promote Atlantic City into prominence as a vacation spot. He was one of the first prominent men to back Eisenhower for the presidency in 1951. As ambassador to France, he won the admiration and respect of the French people and was instrumental in negotiating important trade treaties. He was raised Feb. 4, 1896 in Trinity Lodge No. 79, Atlantic City and affiliated with Belcher Lodge No. 180, Atlantic City on April 9, 1904. He was a visitor to the grand lodge sessions in 1917. Member of Evergreen Forest No. 49, Tall Cedars of Lebanon at Milford, Del. on June 9, 1923 and member of Crescent Shrine Temple,

Trenton, N.J. d. Oct. 29, 1956.

Alonzo Jay Edgerton (1827–1896) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, March–Oct., 1881. b. June 7, 1827 in Rome, N.Y. Graduate of Wesleyan U. at Middletown, Conn. and settled in Mantorville, Minn. in 1855 where he practiced law. Was brigadier general in Civil War. Served terms in state senate. Moved to Kasson, Minn. in 1878. He was appointed chief justice of the territorial supreme court of Dakota and when South Dakota was admitted as a state, he was made U.S. judge of that district. He served as president of the constitutional convention of South Dakota. Made a Mason in 1851 in Grenada Lodge No. 31 of Miss. and later a member of Mantorville Lodge No. 11, Mantorville, Minn. He was grand scribe of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Minn. in 1875 and also served as senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota. d. Aug. 9, 1896.

Harold E. Edgerton Electrical engineer and inventor of stroboscopic high-speed motion and still photography apparatus. b. April 6, 1903 in Fremont, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebr. and Mass. Institute of Tech. Employed as electrical engineer by Nebr. Light & Power Co., and General Electric Co. and professor at M.I.T. Member of Acacia fraternity. Raised in Aurora Lodge No. 68, Aurora, Nebr. and presently a member of Richard C. Maclaurin Lodge, Cambridge, Mass.

H.R.H. Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh Consort of Queen Elizabeth, q.v. b. June 10, 1921. Although a prince of the royal house of Greece, Philip is a descendant of the

English royal house and of Queen Victoria. Victoria's third child, H.R.H. Princess Alice, who married Prince Louis, grand duke of Hesse, was the mother of Victoria Alberta, who married the Marquess of Milford Haven. Their eldest child, Alice, married Prince Andrew of Greece. They, in turn had five children, Philip being the youngest. He married H.R.H. Princess Elizabeth in November, 1947. Philip was initiated in Navy Lodge No. 2612 of London on Dec. 5, 1952. Present at the initiation were the Earl of Scarbrough, grand master, q.v., and Geoffrey Fisher, archbishop of Canterbury. The lodge has many ties with the royal family as King Edward VII served as its first master in 1896 when he was Prince of Wales, q.v., King George VI, q.v., served as master when he was Duke of York. In 1928 H.R.H. Duke of Kent, q.v., was master and later became grand master of the Grand Lodge of England.

William Henry, Duke of Edinburgh (see Duke of Gloucester)

Douglas L. Edmonds Justice, Supreme Court of California, 1936–56. b. in Chicago, Ill. Admitted to California bar in 1910 and practiced in Los Angeles until 1926 when he became municipal court judge and later superior court judge. Mason.

George W. Edmonds (1864–1939) U.S. Congressman, 63rd to 68th and 73rd Congresses (1913–25 and 1933–35) from 4th Pa. dist. b. Feb. 22, 1864 (and thus named George Washington). Was in retail drug business until 1887, when he became an organizer of the Black Diamond Coal Co. He continued throughout his life in the wholesale coal business. Received

his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 59, Philadelphia on Jan. 10, March 14 and Oct. 9, 1906; affiliated with Olivet Lodge No. 607, Philadelphia on Sept. 24, 1907. d. Sept. 28, 1939.

Ed Edmondson U.S. Congressman to 83rd through 85th Congresses from 2nd Okla. dist. b. April 7, 1919 in Muskogee, Okla. Brother of J. Howard Edmondson, q.v., governor of Okla. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma and Georgetown U. Was a newspaperman with the Muskogee Daily and United Press, 1936–40 and a special F.B.I. agent, 1941–43. In 1946–47 while studying law at Georgetown U., he was Washington correspondent for four Okla. newspapers. Admitted to the bar in 1947 and practiced in Muskogee with his brother. Served as a Naval lieutenant in WWII. Member of Muskogee Lodge No. 28; 32° AASR (SJ) in Indian Consistory at McAlester and member of Bedouin Shrine Temple of Muskogee.

J. Howard Edmondson Elected Governor of Oklahoma in 1958. b. Sept. 27, 1925 in Muskogee, a brother of Congressman Ed Edmondson, q.v. Graduated in law from U. of Oklahoma and served four years as county attorney of Tulsa Co., Okla. Served in Air Force in WWII and was flight commander. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 430, Muskogee, Okla. and 32° AASR (SJ) in Indian Consistory of McAlester, Okla.

George F. Edmunds (1828–1919) U.S. Senator from Vermont, 1866–91, resigning in the latter year. b. Feb. 1, 1828 at Richmond, Vt. Graduate of U. of Vt. in 1855. Member of Vermont lower house, 1854–59 and upper house, 1861–62. He authored the act in 1882 for suppression of polygamy

in Utah and disfranchisement of those practicing it. It was known as the "Edmunds Act." He was president protem of the U.S. Senate during Arthur's presidency. Received 34 votes for Republican presidential nomination in 1880 and 93 in 1884. Member of Washington Lodge No. 3, Burlington, Vt. d. Feb. 27, 1919.

William R. Edrington (1872–1932) Capitalist. b. Feb. 22, 1872 in Madison Parish, La. He began in the investment business at Fort Worth, Texas in 1897, and became president of the Edrington–Minot Corp., Edrington Investment Co., and vice president of Minot Holding Corp. Member of Fort Worth Lodge No. 148, Fort Worth, Texas, receiving degrees on Dec. 27, 1897, May 13, 1898 and Feb. 13, 1899. d. Nov. 6, 1932.

Samuel C. Edsall (1860–1917) Episcopal Bishop. b. March 4, 1860 in Dixon, Ill. Was ordained deacon in 1888; priest in 1889. He founded St. Peter's Mission of Chicago in 1887. From 1889–99 he was rector of St. Peter's Church, Chicago and became missionary bishop of N.D. in 1899. In 1901 he was elected coadjutor bishop of Minn. d. Feb. 17, 1917. He was a member of Minneapolis Lodge No. 19, Minneapolis, Minn.

Merritt A. Edson (1897–1955) Major General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. April 25, 1897 in Rutland, Vt. Advanced to brigadier general in 1943, retiring as major general in 1947. Awarded Congressional Medal of Honor. Was with Marines in France in WWI and later served as a Marine aviator in the Pacific and Central America. A small arms expert, he taught and served in ordnance depots. From 1937–39 he was with 4th

Marines in China and as commander of 1st Raider bn. participated in the Tarawa operations. He was assistant division commander of 2nd Marines in Saipan–Tinian operations and later commanding general of the service command of the Fleet Marine Force, Pacific. From 1946–47 he was member of staff of Chief of Naval Operations. After his retirement he became Vermont's first public safety commissioner. Raised in Olive Branch Lodge No. 64, Chester, Vt. on Feb. 24, 1926. d. Aug. 14, 1955.

Edward VII (1841–1910) King of England, 1901–10. Of the house of Saxe–Coburg, he was called The Peacemaker. Eldest son of Queen Victoria, he was created Prince of Wales in 1841. Studied at Edinburgh, Oxford, and Cambridge and served as a colonel in the army in 1858. He was the first British royal prince to visit a colony, visiting Canada in 1860, where on Sept. 1, he laid the cornerstone of the Canadian Parliament building at Ottawa. It is interesting to note that the government would not allow the Freemasons to take part in the ceremonies, but told them that they were welcome to appear in their regalia. It was on this trip that he visited the St. Louis, Mo. agricultural and mechanical fair on Sept. 26, arriving from Canada by way of Detroit and Chicago, and by steamer from Alton. He bought a fast trotting horse at the fair and dined on buffalo tongue, quail, prairie chicken and Missouri wine, departing the next day for Cincinnati. In 1863 he took a seat in the house of lords as Duke of Cornwall. His mother, Queen Victoria, would not allow him to take part in foreign negotiations until Gladstone's last ministry in 1892–94. He was chancellor of the U. of Wales, arranged the queen's jubilees,

assisted in promoting the Royal College of Music, and won the Derby three times with his horses. As king, he promoted international amity by visits to European capitals. He brought the crown into active participation in public life and with all sections of the empire. He was initiated into Freemasonry in 1868 at Stockholm, Sweden by King Adolphus Frederick, q.v., who was also grand master of Sweden. He was master of Apollo University Lodge at Oxford in 1873; master of Prince of Wales Lodge No. 250, London and also of Royal Alpha Lodge, London. He was patron of the Grand Lodge of Scotland and Ireland and was honorary member of Edinburgh Lodge No. 1. He was patron of the Supreme Council of the 33° of England. Edward was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of England on April 28, 1875 and installed that date in a ceremony at Albert Hall conducted by the Earl of Carnarvon, q.v., in the presence of 10,000 brethren. It was probably the most brilliant Masonic function ever held. He served as grand master until 1901 when he ascended the throne and took the title of "protector of the craft." Queen Alexandria Lodge No. 2932 of London was named for his queen with her permission and good wishes.

Edward VIII King of England, Jan. 20–Dec.11, 1936, abdicating to marry Mrs. Wallis Simpson, an American. Eldest son of George V. and Queen Mary, his full name is Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David. Before ascending to the throne, he was Prince of Wales, and after abdication, Duke of Windsor. He was prepared for the Navy at Osborne and Dartmouth and created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester in 1911. At his investiture in Carnarvon Castle, he was the first

English prince to address the Welsh in their own tongue. He served as a midshipman on the H.M.S. Hindostan and in WWI was with the B.E.F. in Flanders, France and on the Italian front. He was on the staff of the commander of the Mediterranean Force in Egypt and also with the Canadian Corps. Taking up his public duties in 1919, he toured Canada, U.S., Africa, and South America as England's favorite "Ambassador of the Empire." When he succeeded his father in 1936, he was the first bachelor king in 176 years. When he proposed to marry Mrs. Simpson nee Warfield and elevate her as queen, it raised a storm of protest resulting in his abdication. He later visited Germany to study social and housing conditions, and in 1939 was a major general attached to the B.E.F. staff in liaison work in France. From 1940–45 he was governor of the Bahama Islands. Edward was initiated by H.R.H. Arthur, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, q.v., on May 2, 1919 in the Household Brigade Lodge No. 2614—one of the lodges of which the grand master is permanent master. He was appointed senior warden of the lodge in 1920 and elected deputy master in 1921. On Oct. 25, 1922 he was installed as senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in Royal Albert Hall in the presence of nearly 9,000 brethren. He was named provincial grand master for Surrey on July 22, 1924 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1936. He also served as grand superintendent of Royal Arch Masonry for Surrey. He was an honorary 33° of the Supreme Council, Scottish Rite of England.

Edward Augustus (Duke of Kent) (1767–1820) Fourth son of George III of England and father of Queen Victoria. A

soldier, he became major general in 1793; lieutenant general in 1796, and full general in 1799. He was commander-in-chief of the forces in British North America in 1799–1800. From 1802–03 he was governor of Gibraltar and in 1805 was created field marshal. He was initiated in 1790 in Union Lodge of Geneva. In 1813 he was elected grand master of the Athol Grand Lodge, accepting the office in order to unite the two rival grand lodges. When his purpose had been accomplished, he resigned the grand-mastership and suggested his younger brother, Augustus Frederick, q.v., Duke of Sussex as grand master. This was accomplished, and Augustus Frederick became the first grand master of the United Grand Lodge of England, serving from 1813–43. While serving in the British military establishment in North America, Edward Augustus was on the rolls of the Craft in Nova Scotia.

Clarence R. Edwards (1860–1931) Major General U.S. Army. b. Jan. 1, 1860 at Cleveland, Ohio and graduated U.S. Military Academy in 1883. Commissioned in the latter year, he advanced through grades to major general in 1917. He organized the 26th Infantry Division and commanded it for 10 months on the front lines in France. Held numerous commands on his return to the U.S. He retired in 1922. Member of Euclid Lodge in Boston, Mass. d. Feb. 14, 1931.

Edward I. Edwards (1863–1931) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, 1923–29 and Governor of New Jersey, 1920–23. b. Dec. 1, 1863 at Jersey City, N.J. He was connected with the First National Bank of Jersey City from 1882. He was a state senator from Hudson Co. in 1919, resigning to become governor.

Member of Bergen Lodge No. 47, Jersey Ctiy, being initiated on Feb. 6, 1891. 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Jan. 26, 1931.

Gus Edwards (1879–1945) Theatrical producer, composer and vaudeville star. Raised Jan. 16, 1904 in Independent Lodge No. 185, New York City. Dimitted May 4, same year and reaffiliated May 19, 1906.

Henry W. Edwards (1779–1847) U.S. Senator from Connecticut, 1823–27 and Governor of Connecticut, 1833–38. b. in New Haven, Conn., the son of Pierpont Edwards, q.v., first grand master of Connecticut. He studied at the Litchfield law school and settled in New Haven where he was twice elected to congress as a Democrat, serving from 1819–1823. He also served in the two state legislative bodies. He was initiated in Hiram Lodge No. 1 of New Haven on Feb. 2, 1809 and elected secretary of the lodge the same year. He was exalted in Franklin Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. of New Haven on June 14, 1810 and greeted in Harmony Council, R. & S.M. on Oct. 16, 1818. d. July 22, 1847.

John Edwards (1748–1837) One of the first two U.S. Senators from Kentucky, 1791–1795. Born in Virginia, he moved to that portion of the state now comprising Kentucky in 1780, where he owned some 23,000 acres of land. He was a member of the state legislature from 1781–85 and again from 1795–1800. He was elected to the convention that ratified the Federal constitution as well as his own state conventions of 1785–88. Member of Abraham Lodge No. 8, Louisville, Ky.

Morton Edwards English sculptor. Made a Mark Master in Thistle Lodge No. 8, London, England on Oct. 1, 1869.

Ninian Edwards (1775–1833) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1818–24; Governor of Illinois Territory, 1809–18 and Governor of Illinois, 1826–30. Born in Maryland, he was educated at Dickinson College in Pennsylvania and moved to Kentucky at age of 20. At one time his education was directed by William Wirt, q.v., the presidential candidate on the anti-Masonic ticket. A lawyer, he became chief justice of the supreme court of Kentucky at the age of 32. He moved to Illinois when President Madison appointed him governor of the territory and remained there until his death. He was one of the first two U.S. Senators from Illinois just as his uncle, John Edwards, q.v., had been in Kentucky. He was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. d. July 20, 1833.

Pierpont Edwards (1750–1826) Member of the Continental Congress of 1787–88. b. April 8, 1750 in Northampton, Mass., his father was a missionary to the Stockbridge (Mass.) Indians and young Pierpont became so proficient in the Indian language that he said he “often thought in Indian.” He graduated from Princeton in 1768 and began practice of law in New Haven, Conn. in 1771. He was appointed administrator of the estate of Benedict Arnold, q.v., at the time of his treason. He took an early stand in favor of independence and served in the Revolutionary Army, taking part in two battles. At the time of his death he was a judge of the U.S. district court. He was initiated in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Dec. 28, 1775, serving as master of the lodge in 1777–78, and was the first

grand master of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut, 1789–90. His son, Henry W., q.v., became U.S. senator and governor of Connecticut. d. April 5, 1826.

Willard E. Edwards Originator of The Perpetual Calendar. b. Dec. 11, 1903 at Chatham, Mass. He was educated at Mass. Inst. of Tech.; B.S., U. of Oklahoma and graduate work at U. of Southern Calif. He originated The Perpetual Calendar in 1919, which was officially endorsed by Hawaiian legislature in 1943 and by Mass. in 1952. The calendar has been proposed by congressional resolution in 1943, 45, 47, 49, 51, and 53. A writer and lecturer since 1922, he has been a research engineer with Radio Corp. of America, Alexander Aircraft Co., American Telephone & Telegraph Co. and others. In WWII he served as a lieutenant commander in the U.S. Navy. Raised in Wollaston Lodge, Quincy, Mass. on March 17, 1925. He later affiliated with Norman Lodge No. 38, Norman, Okla. (1929–33); Silveyville Lodge No. 201, Dixon, Calif. (1933–35); Fullerton Lodge No. 339, Fullerton, Calif. (1936–46) and Honolulu Lodge No. 409, Honolulu, Hawaii since 1947. Received AASR (SJ) degrees in 1958. Life member of Square and Compass Club of Midway Island.

Edwin Early Masonic tradition claims him as the son of Athelstan (895–940), King of England, who was the son of King Edward the Elder and grandson of King Alfred. Practically all of the Old Charges, after the first two, refer to Athelstan as having a son called Edwin, “and hee loued masons much more than his father . . . and a Comifision to hould euer yeare and Afsembly.” By tradition, the first was

held at York in 926. Whether Athelstan had a son named Edwin is doubtful. Historians have agreed that he had a brother of that name, but the brother was drowned in his youth (933). A theory has been advanced that the “Edwin” referred to in the Old Charges may have been Edwin, King of Northumberland (585?–633).

David Edwin (1776–1841) American engraver. b. Dec., 1776 in Bath, England. His father, John, was a comedian. David was apprenticed to Jossi, a Dutch engraver residing in England, who soon returned to Holland, taking David with him. Disagreeing with his master, he left before his apprenticeship was over and shipped as a sailor on an American vessel bound for Philadelphia, hoping eventually to reach London. He arrived in Philadelphia in December of 1797, and obtained employment from an English publisher, and later worked for Edward Savage, the painter. His specialty was engraving portraits and his work was credited with being the best produced in America up to that time. His copies of Gilbert Stuart’s paintings were especially good. He made copies of portraits by the artists Peale, Waldo, Wood, Jarvis, Sully and Neagle. After 20 years of application, his eyesight failed and he was compelled to resort to other work to earn a living. He was initiated in Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia on March 1, 1806 and later served as master of the lodge. d. Feb. 22, 1841.

Stillman W. Eells (1873–1937) American foreign service officer and businessman. b. April 24, 1873 at Cleveland, Ohio. Graduated from Yale in 1895. Became president of the

Wheeler Mfg. Co. and the Alignum Co., retiring from active business in 1904. From 1918–35 he served as U.S. consul in British East Africa, Bermuda, Kenya, Madeira, Leeds, England, Ceylon, Cardiff, Wales, and Valencia, Spain. Member of Albion Lodge No. 26, New York City, receiving degrees on Jan. 9, Jan. 23 and Feb. 13, 1899. He was junior warden of his lodge in 1901–02. d. May 12, 1937.

Charles Howard, 2nd Baron of Effingham (1536–1624)

Of the English house of Howard, he was also the 1st Earl of Nottingham. Ambassador to France in 1559; lord chamberlain from 1574–85, and as lord high admiral from 1585–1618, he held the chief command against the Spanish Armada in 1588, which he defeated. He was the commissioner for the trial of Mary, Queen of Scots in 1586. According to William Preston, q.v., he was grand master of England from 1579–88.

Thomas, 3rd Earl of Effingham Served the Grand Lodge of England as pro grand master from 1782–90 in place of the Duke of Cumberland, who was of royal blood.

Philippe Egalite (see Due de Chartres)

W. Grant Egbert (1869–1928) Musician. b. Dec. 28, 1869 at Danby, N.Y. Received M.A. in music from Syracuse U. in 1904 and studied in Europe under several masters. He made his debut at age of eight as a violinist, touring the U.S. and the capitals of Europe. He was concert-meister and assistant conductor of the Sevcik Orchestra at Prague for three years, and in 1892 founded and directed the Ithaca Conservatory

of Music, bringing Cesar Thomson and O. Sevcik to the U.S. as instructors. Member of Fidelity Lodge No. 51, Ithaca, N.Y., receiving degrees on April 15, May 6 and May 20, 1902. d. Dec. 18, 1928.

Edward Eggleston (1837–1902) American author. b. Dec. 10, 1837 in Vevay, Ind. He was a Methodist pastor and Bible agent in Minnesota from 1858–66, but his poor health forced him to turn to other occupations for a living, which as he stated were “always honest, but sometimes undignified.” In 1866 he moved to Evanston, Ill., where he was associate editor of the *Little Corporal*, a children’s paper, to which he had previously contributed. Within a year he became the editor of *Sunday School Teacher* and gained a reputation as a speaker. During this time he was a contributor to the *New York Independent*, and in 1870 moved to New York and became its literary editor, and later the editor. In 1871 he became editor of *Hearth and Home*, but resigned in a year due to ill health, and spent the remainder of his life writing. Among his novels depicting early life in Indiana are *The Hoosier Schoolmaster*; *The End of the World*; *The Circuit Rider*; *Roxy*; *The Hoosier Schoolboy*; *The Graysons*, and *The Faith Doctor*. He received his degrees in Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, St. Paul, Minn., in 1863.

William H. Egle (1830–1901) Historian and physician. b. Sept. 17, 1830 in Harrisburg, Pa. He spent three years as a printer on the *Pennsylvania Telegraph* and later became editor of *Literary Companion* and also *Daily Times*. He graduated in medicine from U. of Pennsylvania in 1859 and served

during the Civil War as a surgeon, being chief medical officer of General Birney's division. From 1871, he turned his attention to historical research, and, in 1887 was appointed state librarian of Pennsylvania. Most of his writings are on Pennsylvania history including *Notes and Queries Relating to Interior Pennsylvania*; *History of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania*; *Pennsylvania in the Revolution*, and many others. He was a member of Perseverance Lodge No. 21 of Harrisburg, Pa., receiving degrees on Oct. 9, Nov. 9, 1854, serving as master in 1866 and resigning in 1870. d. in 1901.

Alexander, 10th Earl of Eglinton Grand Master Mason (15th) of Scotland in 1750. House of Montgomerie.

Archibald, 16th Earl of Eglinton Grand Master Mason (82nd) of Scotland in 1920. Also Earl of Winton.

Archibald William, 17th Earl of Eglinton House of Montgomerie, Scottish peer of the realm. Initiated in Apollo University Lodge No. 357 in 1936. Affiliated with Lodge No. 0 in 1947 and master of same in 1953. Substitute grand master in 1955.

Fausto Ehluller, with the Arago brothers, is said to have established the first Masonic lodge in Mexico City; he enlisted the support of the most distinguished men of Mexico, including the Mexican national hero, Miguel Hidalgo, curate of the village of Hidalgo, state of Guanajuato; he later was known as the father of Mexican Independence. He was initiated in 1808. He was defeated at the River Santiago, 1811, and

betrayed into the hands of the Spaniards, q.v.

John C. B. Ehringhaus (1882–1949) Governor of North Carolina, 1933–37. b. Feb. 5, 1882 at Elizabeth City, N.C. Graduate of U. of N.C., and admitted to bar in 1903, practicing at Elizabeth City. After a term as governor, he practiced at Raleigh. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 317 of Elizabeth City (EA Nov. 13, 1917; FC Feb. 18, 1918; MM Feb. 26, 1918). Exalted in Cherokee Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. on Oct. 14, 1920 and knighted in Griggs Commandery No. 14, K.T. on Feb. 1, 1921—all of Elizabeth City, N.C. d. July 29, 1949.

Robert L. Eichelberger Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. March 9, 1886 at Urbana, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1909 and advanced through grades to major general in 1941 and lieutenant general in 1942. He served on Mexican border in 1911, Canal Zone, 1911–15, and major of infantry in 1918–19. He was with the Siberian Expeditionary Forces in 1918; Philippines, 1920; China and Japan, 1920–21; General Staff, 1921–24; adjutant general of U.S. Military Academy, 1931–35; sec. General Staff at Washington, 1935–38; commander of the Presidio, San Francisco and 30th Infantry, 1938–40; superintendent of U.S. Military Academy, 1940–42. In WWII he commanded the 77th Infantry div., 1st Corps, and participated in Philippines reoccupation, New Guinea and New Britain campaigns. He commanded the 8th Army from 1944–48 and the allied and U.S. occupation forces of Japan from 1946–48 when he retired. Author of *Our Bloody Jungle Road to Tokyo*. Member of Pike Lodge No. 36, Washington, D.C., 32° AASR in Army Consistory, Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

on Nov. 28, 1925. d. Sept. 26, 1961.

Rudolph Eickemeyer (1831–1895) American inventor. b. in Altenbamberg, Bavaria, coming to the U.S. in 1850. He patented about 150 inventions including a hat-manufacturing machine that helped revolutionize that industry; a differential gear for mowing and reaping machine in 1870; many electrical machines and devices, including the first symmetrical drum armature iron-clad dynamo, direct-connected railway motor and others. He was the discoverer and first employer of Charles P. Steinmetz. Member of Rising Star Lodge No. 450, Yonkers, N.Y.

Carl Ben Eielson (1897–1929) Aviator and Arctic explorer. b. July 20, 1897 at Hatton, N.D. Early Arctic aviator who taught others about Arctic flying and flew Sir Hubert Wilkins over the North Pole. The plane in which they made the trip is in the North Dakota state historical building at Bismarck, where it is deposited as a memorial to Eielson. A member of Garfield Lodge No. 105 at Hatton, N.D., his degrees were conferred March 31, June 3, Sept. 16, 1921. He was lost while on a rescue mission in the Siberian Arctic on Nov. 9, 1929.

Arthur B. Eisenhower (1886–1958) Executive Vice President of Commerce Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo., and brother of President Eisenhower. b. Nov. 11, 1886 at Hope, Kans. With the Commerce Trust since 1905. Was a director of several banks and corporations including TWA airlines. Member of Rural Lodge No. 316 of Kansas City. Member of Orient Chapter No. 102, R.A.M. and Oriental Commandery

No. 35, K.T., but withdrew from each in 1937. Also withdrew from Ararat Shrine Temple in 1938. d. Feb., 1958.

Dwight D. Eisenhower President of the United States. He is not a Freemason, but holds the fraternity in high regard. On February 24, 1955 he addressed 1,100 Freemasons at a breakfast given by Frank S. Land in the Statler Hotel in Washington, D.C. At this time he stated: "I feel a distinct sense of pride in appearing before this group which takes on its own shoulders the care and welfare of the unfortunate. This group, by action, recognizes the responsibilities of brotherhood by helping one another . . . you are setting an example to all of us that we must do our duty if we are to prove the Communists to be in error—to be liars."

Milton S. Eisenhower President of Pennsylvania State University since 1950. b. Sept. 15, 1899 at Abilene, Kans. Graduate of Kansas State Coll. in 1924. Honorary degrees from 17 colleges and universities. City editor of the Abilene Daily Reflector in 1918 and 1920–21. From 1924–26 he was U.S. vice consul at Edinburgh, Scotland. From 1926–40 he was with the U.S. department of agriculture as assistant to the secretary and director of information. He was director of the War Relocation Authority in 1942 and associate director of the Office of War Information 1942–43. From 1943–50 he was president of Kansas State Coll. He has served on many national and international committees on education, relief, etc., including membership on the executive board of UNESCO special ambassador and personal representative of the President on Latin American affairs, and director of

Freedoms Foundation. Made a Mason “at sight” by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania on Nov. 5, 1951 by William E. Yeager, grand master; petitioned State College Lodge No. 700 at State College, Pa., on May 13, 1952 and was admitted June 10, 1952.

Walter E. Ekblaw (1882–1949) Geographer. Geologist and botanist on Crocker Land Arctic Expedition of 1913–17. b. March 10, 1882 at Rantoul, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois including Ph.D. He was research associate of American Museum of Natural History, 1917–22, consultant geologist until 1924 and editor of *Economic Geography* from 1924. Member of Rantoul Lodge No. 470, Rantoul, Ill., receiving degrees on June 5, June 21 and Aug. 30, 1906. d. June 5, 1949.

Samuel Elbert (1743–1788) Revolutionary Brigadier General; Governor of Georgia, and last grand master of Georgia to be appointed by the United Grand Lodge of England. b. in Prince William parish, S.C., he was orphaned at an early age and went to Savannah. In 1774, he was elected captain of a grenadier company and entered the Continental army with rank of lieutenant colonel in 1776. He participated in an expedition against the British in East Florida and later captured Fort Oglethorpe. At the action of Brier Creek, where he commanded 60 continentals and 160 militia, he was surrounded on three sides and made a valiant stand. He was captured and wounded in this action and according to accounts was saved by a British officer who drew him out of the line of fire when he had given a Masonic sign. He was a member of Solomon Lodge No. 1, Savannah. He resigned as grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Georgia

(under English constitution) on Dec. 16, 1786 in order that the new Grand Lodge of Georgia might be organized. He was made brigadier general in 1783 and subsequently held the rank of major general of Georgia militia. Elbert county, Ga., was named in his honor. d. Nov. 2, 1788.

Samuel H. Elbert (1833–1899) Governor of Colorado Territory in 1873. b. in Logan Co., Ohio. Following his term as governor, he was justice of the supreme court of Colorado. He was initiated in Plattsmouth Lodge No. 6 of Nebraska and was a charter member and first master of Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo. in 1863, serving again in 1869. He was also a charter member of Denver Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. and member of Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T., Denver. d. Nov. 27, 1899.

Francis, Lord Elcho Grand Master Mason (57th) of Scotland in 1827–29. He was later the 8th Earl of Wemyss.

Francis Charteris, Lord Elcho Grand Master Mason (36th) of Scotland in 1786–87.

Bowman Elder (1888–1954) President of Southern Indiana Railway and veterans' organization executive. b. March 4, 1888 at Indianapolis, Ind. Entered real estate business with father in 1912. Vice president of Circle Agencies, Inc., and consular agent for France at Indianapolis, 1934–40. Served in France during WWI. In 1927 he was chairman of the France Convention Committee of the American Legion when 20,000 legionnaires, known as the "2nd A.E.F." went to France. It

was the largest peace time movement in history. He was national treasurer of the American Legion, 1928–33. Received his degrees in Oriental Lodge No. 500, Indianapolis, Ind., on Oct. 21, Oct. 28, Nov. 4, 1919. d. June 10, 1954.

Harry S. Eldred Executive Vice President of Armour & Co., since 1950. b. Jan. 21, 1889 at Colfax, Ind. He was an auditor from 1909 until 1919 when he became plant manager of Morris & Co., Kansas City. In 1923 he went with Armour as plant accountant, becoming general auditor in 1925, assistant to vice president in charge of operations in 1930, general manager of plants in 1934, vice president in charge of operations in 1936 and executive vice president and member of executive committee since 1950. Mason.

Charles, 5th Earl of Elgin Grand Master Mason (23rd) of Scotland, 1761–62. Also the 7th Earl of Kincardine.

Edward James Bruce, 10th Earl of Elgin Grand Master Mason (83rd) of Scotland, 1921–22. Also 14th Earl of Kincardine. Initiated in Lord Elgin and Bruce Lodge No. 1077 in 1912 and served as master in 1913 and 1922. He affiliated with Lodge No. 77 and was master in 1914. Also member of Old Etonian Lodge No. 4500 (English) and master of it in 1928. Founding member of Librarius Lodge No. 6966 (English); member of Royal Altha Lodge No. 16 (English) and master of same in 1948. Honorary past master of Elgin Lodge No. 7 (Quebec) in 1923. He is past senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England and an active Royal Arch Mason. He is the head of the Royal Order of Scotland, an organization

traditionally founded by his ancestor, Robert le Bruce. The earl lives at Broomhall, Dunfermline, and in the entrance hall is displayed the famous sword of Robert le Bruce, q.v., that has been handed down through the family.

John Eliot (1604–1690) “Apostle of the Indians,” minister and author. b. in Widford, Hertfordshire, England on Aug. 5, 1604. He graduated from Cambridge in 1622, and after teaching school, he entered the holy orders of the Church of England. On Nov. 4, 1631 he landed in Boston, Mass. He first preached in a Boston church and then moved to Roxbury where he taught the Indians for 60 years. He saw much of his work with the Indians destroyed by King Philip’s War. He was the author of *A Primer or Catechism, in the Massachusetts Indian Language* (1654); *Up-Bookum Psalmes* (1663) and many others. His Indian translation of the Bible in 1663 was the first Bible printed in North America. Although he is thought to have been a Freemason, no record has been found. Mackey’s *Encyclopedia* shows a facsimile of a shipping mark with Masonic emblems sent to Eliot from England.

Elizabeth I (1533–1603) Queen of England and Ireland from 1558–1603. Anderson referred to her in his first *Book of Constitutions of the Grand Lodge of England*. After stating that no woman should be admitted as a member of a Masonic lodge, he said: “The learned and magnanimous Queen Elizabeth, who encourag’d other Arts, discourag’d this; because, being a Woman, she could not be made a Mason, tho’, as other great Women, she might have much employ’d Masons like Semiramis and Artemisia.” He continued,

“Elizabeth being jealous of any Assemblies of her Subjects, whose Business she was not duly appris’d of, attempted to break up the Annual Communication of Masons, as dangerous to her Government. But as old Masons have transmitted it by Tradition, when the noble Persons her Majesty had commissioned, and brought a sufficient Posse with them at York, on St. John’s Day, were once admitted into the Lodge, they made no use of Arms, and returned the Queen a most honorable Account of the ancient Fraternity, whereby her political fears and doubts were dispell’d, and she let them alone as a People much respected by the Noble and Wise of all the polite Nations, but neglected the Art all her Reign.” In his edition of 1738, Anderson added the following: “Now Learning of all Sorts revived, and the good old Augustan Style began to peep from under its rubbish. And it would have soon made great progress if the Queen had affected Architecture. But hearing the Masons had certain secrets that could not be reveal’d to her (for that she could not be Grand Master) and being jealous of all Secret Assemblies, she sent an armed force to break up their annual Grand Lodge at York on St. John’s Day, 27th December, 1561. But Sir Thomas Sackville, Grand Master, took care to make some of the chief men sent Free-Masons, who then joining in that Communication, made a very honourable report to the Queen, and she never more attempted to dislodge or distrust them, but esteem’d them as a peculiar sort of men that cultivated peace and friendship, arts and science, without meddling in the affairs of Church and State.” This is undoubtedly pure fiction.

Elizabeth II Queen of England. She is grand patroness

of each of the three Royal Masonic Benevolent Institutions conducted by the Grand Lodge of England—one for old people and one each for boys and girls. When she married Lord Mountbatten, now Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, q.v., the United Grand Lodge of England presented her with a gift costing \$2,500 in appreciation of the services her father, King George VI, q.v.; rendered to the Craft.

Stephen B. Elkins (1841–1911) U.S. Secretary of War, 1891–93, and U.S. Senator from West Virginia, 1895–1911. b. Sept. 26, 1841 in Perry Co., Ohio, moving to Missouri in his youth and attending the U. of Missouri in 1860. He served as a captain of the 77th Missouri regiment in the Civil War and later went to New Mexico, where he was admitted to the bar in 1864. He accumulated a fortune in stock raising and mining and was a member of the territorial legislature in 1865–66 and U.S. district attorney in 1870–72. He was then elected a delegate to congress and served two terms, 1873–77. In 1875 he became interested in West Virginia railroads, founding the town of Elkins, W.Va. and moving there about 1890. He was a member of Montezuma Lodge No. 109, New Mexico. At one time he was captured by Quantrill's band, tied up and ready to be shot, when, it is claimed, he gave a Masonic sign and was enabled to make his escape.

William L. Elkins Founder of the Pennsylvania Masonic Home for Girls. He became a member of Harmony Lodge No. 52 of Philadelphia on June 4, 1864.

Henry Ellenbogen U.S. Congressman, 73rd to 75th

Congresses (1933–38) from 33rd Pa. dist. b. April 3, 1900. Graduate of Duquesne U. He has been judge of the court of common pleas of Allegheny Co. since 1938. Active in labor arbitration, he is a member of the national panel of arbitrators of American Arbitration Assn. Member of Oakland Lodge No. 535, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mizpeh Chapter No. 288, R.A.M. and Allegheny Council No. 18, R. & S.M. of Pittsburgh and Islam Grotto.

William Ellery (1727–1820) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. Dec. 22, 1727 at Newport, RI., where his father was a successful merchant and politician. Like his father, he attended Harvard, graduating in 1747. He later engaged in business in Newport and began the practice of law there in 1770. He took his seat in the Continental Congress in May, 1776 and was an influential member. In 1785 he was an active supporter of Rufus King, q.v., in his effort to abolish slavery throughout the country. He served in congress until 1786 with the exception of the years 1780 and 1782. d. Feb. 15, 1820. It cannot be said for certain that Ellery was a Freemason. There is record of a “William Ellery” being made a Mason in St. John’s Lodge of Boston on Oct. 12 and also Oct. 25 of 1748. Ellery had graduated from Harvard in Boston the year before. The same Ellery was present at the celebration of St. John the Evangelist Day by the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts on Dec. 27, 1753 and also attended a sermon with the grand lodge at Boston’s Trinity church on Oct. 1, 1755. His name on the list of members of St. John’s gives the date of reception, but under the column for withdrawal or death, no entry was made, indicating they had no

knowledge of what became of him. There was also such a name on the rolls of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn., showing he was admitted Feb. 8, 1763 and was treasurer of the lodge later in the year.

Aaron Elliott (?–1811) First American physician west of the Mississippi and first master of the first lodge west of that river. He came to Missouri from Connecticut, settling near Ste. Genevieve. Land records of 1798 show that he purchased a tract from Maxwell, the Cure, that year. He probably received his degrees in the East, for he is found as a visitor at Kaskaskia No. 107 (across the river in Illinois) on Dec. 27, 1806 at the feast of St. John the Evangelist. He next appears as one of the signers of the application for a dispensation for Louisiana Lodge No. 109, being recommended in the petition (to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania) as master of the lodge. The first returns of the lodge (1808) gives his name as master and charter member. When St. Louis Lodge No. 111 applied for a dispensation on Aug. 2, 1808, it had to have the approval of the nearest lodge—which was No. 109 at Ste. Genevieve. Their action was prompt, for six days later, on Aug. 8, Elliott as master signed the request directed to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, stating . . . “we do further recommend Brother Meriwether Lewis, q.v., a Past Master Mason, Thomas Fiveash Riddick, q.v., a Master Mason, and Brother Rufus Easton, q.v., a Master Mason, as proper persons to fill the respective offices to which they have been nominated in a new Lodge to be constituted in the town of St. Louis. . . .” His family was closely allied with the old established families of Ste. Genevieve, one daughter marrying William C. Carr and another Leon

Delassus. d. July, 1811.

Byron K. Elliott President of John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co. b. May 5, 1899 at Indianapolis, Ind. Degrees from Indiana and Harvard universities. Admitted to Indiana bar in 1921, practicing at Indianapolis. Was judge of the superior court of Indiana from 1926–29, resigning in the latter year. President of the Curtis–Wright Flying Service of Ind. 1927–29. Went with John Hancock in 1934 as a solicitor, becoming general counsel, director, executive vice president and president. Served as lieutenant in WWI. Mason, receiving 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept., 1957.

Erroll T. Elliott College president, editor and executive of Friends of America. b. Nov. 10, 1894 at Carthage, Mo. Degrees from Friends U. (Wichita, Kans.) and U. of Colorado. A pastor of the Friends church from 1926–30 and secretary of Five Years Meeting of Friends in America, 1930–36. President of William Penn Coll. at Oskaloosa, Ia., 1942–44. Since 1944 he has been executive secretary of Five Years Meeting of Friends and editor of *The American Friend* at Richmond, Ind. Mason.

Francis P. Elliott (1861–1924) Editor. b. July 29, 1861 at Nashville, Tenn. Taught and supervised schools in early years. With Harper & Bros., New York, 1898–1900; managing editor of *Home Magazine*, New York, 1900–03; *The New Age*, Washington, 1903–04; *The Great Southwest*, Denver, 1906–08. Author of *Pals First*; *Lend Me Your Name*; and *The Shadow Girl*. Mason. d. Aug. 13, 1924.

I. H. Elliott Union Brigadier General, Civil War. Brevetted March 13, 1865 in Volunteers. Member of Bureau Lodge No. 112, Princeton, Ill.

James D. Elliott (1859–1933) U.S. District Judge, District of South Dakota, 1911–33. b. Oct. 7, 1859 at Mt. Sterling, Ill. Admitted to S.D. bar in 1884 and practiced at Tyndall, and later, Aberdeen. Raised in Mount Zion Lodge No. 6, Springfield, S.D. on March 27, 1887, affiliating with Bon Homme Lodge No. 101 at Tyndall as a charter member on June 18, 1888; was senior deacon of the latter in 1889–90. d. Jan. 30, 1933.

Kenneth B. Elliott Vice President of the Studebaker Corp. from 1941. b. Jan. 22, 1896 at Lebanon, Mo. Graduate of Drury Coll., Springfield, Mo. in 1916. Began as an accountant and auditor. Went with the Studebaker Corp. in 1928 as assistant treasurer and was later assistant comptroller and assistant to president. Member of Laclede Lodge No. 83 and Lebanon Chapter No. 64, both of Lebanon, Mo.

Clyde T. Ellis U.S. Congressman, 76th and 77th Congresses (1939–43) from 3rd Ark. dist. b. Dec. 21, 1908 near Garfield, Ark. Admitted to bar in 1933 and practiced at Garfield and Bentonville. Served terms in both bodies of the state legislature. Member of Bentonville Lodge No. 48, Bentonville, Ark.

Crawford H. Ellis President of Pan American Life Insurance Co. from 1912 and Vice President of United Fruit Co. from 1909. b. Aug. 26, 1875 at Selma, Ala. He began as an

accountant in 1893 and in 1899 was manager of the United Fruit Co., serving in that capacity until 1909 when he became vice president. Mason and Knight Templar.

Griffith O. Ellis (1869–1948) Editor, publisher and Boy Scout founder. b. Nov. 19, 1869 at Urbana, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Michigan. Became connected with the Sprague Publishing Co., Detroit in 1891 and was president of it from 1908–39. He was editor of the *American Boy* published by the above house from 1908–40. Also president of the Wm. A. Scripps Co. He participated in the organization of the Boy Scouts of America in 1910 and has served on the national council since that time. Received the award of Silver Buffalo in 1931 from Boy Scouts. Was an officer of two banks and president of the Detroit Street Railway Commission from 1920–30 which municipalized Detroit's system. Raised April 11, 1911 in Oriental Lodge No. 240; 32° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 4, 1948.

John W. Ellis (1820–1861) Governor of North Carolina, 1858–61, dying in office. b. Nov. 25, 1820 in Rowan Co., N.C. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1841 and admitted to bar following year. A member of the state house of commons from 1844–48 when he was elected judge of the superior court of N.C. As governor he took possession of the U.S. arsenal at Fayetteville and the U.S. mint at Charlotte in 1861. He was a member of Fulton Lodge No. 99, Salisbury, N.C. and master of same in 1853. In 1850 he represented Wm. R. Davie Lodge No. 119 at the grand lodge sessions. Also member of Salisbury Chapter No. 20, R.A.M.

Thomas Q. Ellis General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, 1954–57. b. Dec. 11, 1890 near Bolling Green, Miss. Educated in public schools and business college. For 20 years he was a train dispatcher for the Illinois Central Railroad, but turning to politics in 1931, he was elected clerk of the supreme court of Mississippi over five opponents in the largest vote ever given a statewide candidate, and took office in Jan., 1932. Since that time he has been reelected five times without opposition. He is a life member of Valley City Lodge No. 402, Water Valley, Miss., and past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi; life member of McConico Chapter No. 96, R.A:M., Water Valley, and grand high priest of the state in 1941; life member and past master of J. J. Melton Council No. 50, R. & S.M.; life member and past commander of St. Cyr Commandery No. 6 and past grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Mississippi. He is past sovereign of St. Leonard Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine; member of Delta Consistory, AASR (SJ) and KCCH. Ellis is much in demand as a public speaker.

William H. Ellis (1867–1948) Justice, Supreme Court of Florida, 1911–38. b. Sept. 17, 1867 in Pensacola, Fla. Admitted to bar in 1889. Served Florida as state auditor and attorney general. Mason. d. April 14, 1948.

George R. Ellison (1881–1957) Judge, Supreme Court of Missouri, 1931–1955. b. July 22, 1881 at Canton, Mo. Graduate of Harvard U. in 1903, he studied law at U. of Missouri and was admitted to bar in 1904, practicing at Maryville. He was a commissioner of the state supreme court from 1927–30.

Member of Nodaway Lodge No. 470, Maryville, Mo., receiving degrees on Jan. 13, June 13, Aug. 1, 1912. d. July 17, 1957.

Lee Ellmaker (1896–1951) Publisher. b. Aug. 7, 1896 at Lancaster, Pa. Began as a newspaper reporter in 1913; vice president of the National City Bureau in Washington, D.C. 1918–25; correspondent for International News Service, 1919–23. In 1926 he organized the Philadelphia Daily News, and has since been its publisher. While with the Macfadden Publications from 1927–31, he published Liberty and other publications for them. From 1931–33 he published Pictorial Review and from 1932–40, Woman's World. Served with U.S. Navy in WWI. Member of Keystone Lodge No. 271, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on Dec. 8, 1919, Nov. 29, 1920 and April 18, 1921. d. March 27, 1951.

Oliver Ellsworth (1745–1807) Third Chief Justice of U.S. Supreme Court; first U.S. Senator from Connecticut. b. April 29, 1745 in Windsor, Conn. He entered Yale U. in 1762, but afterward went to Princeton U. where he was graduated in 1766 with high honors. It was while a student at Princeton that he became a charter member of St. John's Lodge at Princeton, N.J. on Dec. 27, 1765. He studied theology for a year and abandoned it for law, being admitted to the bar in 1771. In 1778 he took his seat as a delegate to the Continental congress, serving until 1783. In 1784 he accepted the assignment of judge of the Connecticut superior court and held it until he became a member of the Constitutional convention of 1787. It was through his insistence that the words "national government" were removed from the draft and "government

of the United States” substituted. He was an advocate of state’s rights at the convention, but did not have an opportunity to sign the Constitution as he was called home at that time. He was U.S. senator from Connecticut from 1789 to 1796 and was on the committee for organizing the U.S. judiciary, the bill being in his own handwriting. He was the Federalist leader in the senate. The mission of John Jay to England in 1794 was at his suggestion; and in 1799 he was named with Patrick Henry and William R. Davie for a special mission to France to negotiate with that country at a time of strained relations. He later served as chief justice of the supreme court of Connecticut, but ill health forced his resignation after serving a short term. d. Nov. 26, 1807.

Dave Elman Actor, radio writer and director. b. May 6, 1900, in Park River, N.D. From 1914–22 he was an actor and from 1922–24 a song writer. In the latter year he became a radio writer, director and producer. He originated and produced the radio feature Hobby Lobby in 1938. He is a lecturer on the value of hobbies and in 1939 wrote Hobbies on Parade. Mason.

Charles H. Elston U.S. Congressman to 78th through 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 1st Ohio dist. b. Aug. 1, 1891 at Marietta, Ohio. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1914 and practiced at Cincinnati. In aviation service during WWI. Member of Walnut Hills Lodge No. 483, Cincinnati, receiving degrees on March 16, April 27 and May 25, 1915; 32° AASR (NJ), Shriner, member of Royal Order of Jesters and Grotto.

Julian Eltinge (1883–1941) Actor. b. May 14, 1883 at Boston, Mass. He began his professional career at Keith's Theatre, Boston. He was famous for his female impersonations. Eltinge was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 233 of New York City and a charter member of the "233 Masonic Club" of Hollywood, Calif. d. March 7, 1941.

Ford Q. Elvidge Governor of Guam, 1953–56. b. Nov. 30, 1892 at Oakland, Calif. Admitted to Washington bar in 1918 and practiced at Seattle. Active in many civic enterprises and organizations. Served as a lieutenant in WWI with 13th Infantry. Governor of Washington State Bar Assn., 1943–46; past president of English Speaking Union. A past master of Arcane Lodge No. 87, Seattle, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Washington for 16 months (1944–45). He served on the grand lodge jurisprudence committee from 1945–53. A member of both York and Scottish Rites, he received his 33° AASR (SJ) on Dec. 11, 1943. In 1956 he was vice president of the American Baptist convention. Grand Sovereign of the national Red Cross of Constantine (1957).

John W. Elwood Business executive. b. July 17, 1895 at Illion, N.Y. He was assistant to vice president of General Electric Co. in 1947–48 and assistant secretary of same in 1918–22. Later he was secretary of Radio Corp. of America and vice president of Federal Telegraph Co. of Delaware. In 1927–29 he was assistant to the president of National Broadcasting Co., program manager of the same from 1928–29 and vice president, 1929–34. For a time he was a public relations consultant. He was manager of the international

division of NBC and since 1942 has been general manager of NBC-KNBC at San Francisco. Mason.

Philip H. Elwood, Jr. Landscape architect and regional planner. b. Dec. 7, 1884 at Fort Plain, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell U. Organized department of landscape architecture at Ohio State U. in 1915 and head of same department at Iowa State Coll. since 1923. Landscape engineer for Argonne cemetery (France) in 1919. At various times he has been consultant or advisor to Columbus, Ohio; Iowa Conservation plan, Iowa Planning Board, National Resources Commission, Missouri Valley Regional Planning Commission, Ames, Iowa; Iowa Roadside Improvement Council, American Association of Highway Officials, U.S. Army Engineers, Boys Town, Nebr.; Pi Beta Phi settlement school (Tenn.), and National Park Service. Mason, 32° AASR.

Frank C. Emerson (1882–1931) Governor of Wyoming, 1927–30. b. May 26, 1882 at Saginaw, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1904. Entered general engineering practice in Wyoming in 1904 and was chief engineer of the Wyoming Land & Irrigation Co. and Wyoming Irrigation Co., 1907–15. From 1915–19 he was superintendent of the Big Horn Canal Association and Lower Hanover Canal Association and also state engineer of Wyoming from 1919–27. He was made a Mason Feb. 5, 1807 in Cheyenne Lodge No. 1 at Cheyenne and affiliated with Greybull Lodge No. 34, Greybull on June 5, 1914. On Jan. 25, 1919 he affiliated with Cloud Peak Lodge No. 27 at Worland. He was made a Knight Templar in Wyoming Commandery No. 1 and

received 32° AASR (SJ) on Dec. 13, 1907. d. Feb. 18, 1931.

Nehemiah Emerson A captain in the Revolutionary War who was one of the guards at the execution of Major Andre, q.v. Received his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 10 (military) and was later a member of Merrimack Lodge at Haverhill, Mass.

DeWitt McKinley Emery (1896–1955) Founder of National Small Business Men's Association in 1937 and president of same. b. Dec. 12, 1896 at Grove City, Pa. President and treasurer of Monroe Letterhead Co. since 1929. Mason. d. July 23, 1955.

Louis L. Emmerson (1863–1941) Governor of Illinois, 1929–33. b. Dec. 27, 1863 at Albion, Ill. He entered the mercantile business in Mt. Vernon, Ill. in 1883 and in 1901 organized and was president of the Third National Bank, Mt. Vernon. Active in Republican politics, he was chairman of the state central committee, served on state board of equalization and was elected secretary of state in 1916, 1920 and 1924. He was initiated on Dec. 8, 1890 in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 31 and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1929. 33° AASR (NJ). He was also grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Illinois and in 1929 was appointed grand treasurer of the Grand Encampment, K.T. In 1913 he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Illinois. d. Feb. 4, 1941.

Raoul Engel Belgian Masonic martyr. A past grand master of

the Grand Lodge of Belgium. He was one of 112 Freemasons murdered during the Nazi occupation of this country. Others included Georges Petre, grand commander of the Scottish Rite in Belgium, the lieutenant grand commander, General Emile Lartigue and eleven of the twelve members of the supreme council. Broadcasts over the Nazi radio stations in 1941 accused Freemasonry thusly: "To sabotage everything, to befoul everything, to lead the people to ruin, to sow hatred and despair everywhere, sums up the whole activity of the Freemasons."

Fred Englehardt (1885–1944) President of the University of New Hampshire from 1937. b. April 15, 1885 at Naugatuck, Conn. Graduate of Yale, Columbia and Harvard universities. Taught and administered schools until 1919. Was director of administration in Pennsylvania state department of education and professor and dean at U. of Pittsburgh and U. of Minnesota. Member of No. Constellation Lodge No. 291, Malone, N.Y. d. Feb. 3, 1944.

Elbert H. English (1816–1884) Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Arkansas, 1854–1884. b. March 6, 1816 in Madison Co., Ala. He studied law and practiced at Athens, Ala. until 1844 when he moved to Little Rock, Ark. He was general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter from 1874–77. Raised in Athens Lodge No. 16, Athens, Ala. In 1843 he affiliated with Western Star Lodge No. 2 in Little Rock and was master in 1845 and served as grand master of Arkansas in 1849. In 1859 he was again elected grand master and served continuously for ten years. He was exalted in

Union Chapter No. 2, Little Rock, in 1846 and was a member of the convention that formed the Grand Chapter of Arkansas in 1851, being elected first grand high priest in 1851, 1857, 1858, 1869 and 1870. The cryptic degrees were communicated to him by Albert Pike, q.v., in 1853 for the purpose of organizing Occidental Council No. 1. When the Grand Council of Arkansas was organized in 1860, he was elected grand recorder. In 1865, 1866, 1871 and 1872 he was grand master of the same. English was knighted in Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 1, Little Rock, on its organization in 1853 and assisted in organizing the Grand Commandery of Arkansas in 1872. He was grand commander in 1876–77. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1859 and made grand inspector general and honorary member of the Supreme Council. d. Sept. 1, 1884.

James E. English (1812–1890) U.S. Senator and Governor of Connecticut. b. March 13, 1812 in New Haven, Conn. He was apprenticed in a carpenter's shop and by the time he reached his majority was a master builder. He engaged in the lumber business, real estate, banking and manufacturing and became one of the richest men in the state. He served in both legislative bodies of the state in the 1850's and was U.S. congressman from 1861–65. Served as governor of Connecticut from 1867–70 and elected U.S. senator in 1875. Member of Trumbull Lodge No. 22, New Haven. d. March 2, 1890.

William E. English (1854–1926) U.S. Congressman to 48th Congress (1883–85), from Indiana. He declined reelection. b. Nov. 3, 1854 at English-ton Park, Ind. He practiced law at

Indianapolis until 1882. Served in both state legislative houses and was in the Spanish–American War under General Joseph Wheeler, being seriously wounded in the battle of Santiago. Raised in Centre Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis on March 17, 1890 and was master of same in 1893, 1894 and 1898, serving as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1904. A member of Indianapolis Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. he was high priest in 1900; greeted in Indianapolis Council No. 3, R. & A.M., he was master in 1900; knighted in Raper Commandery No. 1, K.T. and member of AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis. He is the author of *History of Masonry in Indianapolis* (190.). d. April 29, 1926.

William H. English (1822–1896) U.S. Congressman from Indiana, 1853–61. b. Aug. 27, 1822 in Lexington, Ind. A lawyer, he was secretary of the state convention that framed the constitution for Indiana, and was a member and first speaker of the house of representatives. From 1853–61 he was one of the regents of the Smithsonian Institution. He was nominated for vice president in 1880 on the Democratic ticket with General Hancock. Author of *Conquest of the Northwest* and other works. He became a member of Center Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis, when past 71 years of age (1893). d. Feb. 7, 1896.

John Entick (1703–1773) Church of England clergyman and schoolmaster. He is chiefly remembered in Freemasonry for his edition of the *Book of Constitutions*, published in 1756. It omitted some additions to the ancient charges which had marred Anderson's second edition of 1738. He was grand

steward in 1755 and junior grand warden in 1758. His name appears on the title page of the next Book of Constitutions (1767), but it is improbable that he had much to do with its preparation as at that time he was in ill repute Masonically, as a complaint had been lodged against him regarding his administration of accounts of his lodge. His Latin dictionary was in use for many years by schools.

Eugene C. Eppley President of Eppley Hotels Co. since 1915, operating 20 hotels. b. April 8, 1884 at Akron, Ohio. Began with McKinley Hotel at Canton, Ohio in 1903. He is a director of the Sheraton Corp. of America, Mid-Continent Airlines, and served as national food administrator for hotels in WWI. In WWII he was food consultant to the secretary of war. He is a director of the Mt. Rushmore National Memorial Society of the Black Hills (S.D.) and was King Ak-Sar-Ben of the legendary Nebraskan Empire of Quivera at Omaha in 1933. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Jean Jacques Duval Epremesnil (1746–1794) Sometimes spelled Epremenu and Espremesnil. French jurist and politician. b. Dec. 5, 1745 at Pondicherry, India. He was educated in Paris and became a member of the French parliament, where, in 1788, he vigorously defended its rights against the royalty. For this he was imprisoned for four months. On his return to Paris, he was hailed as a hero and was chosen first deputy by the nobility. When he defended the royal cause as a member of the national assembly in 1791, and protested against the new constitution, he was attacked by a mob, wounded and rescued by the state troops. He escaped to his property near

Havre, but was arrested there and condemned to death by a revolutionary tribunal at Paris and was guillotined on April 22, 1794. His wife, Francoise Augustine, who was called Mere des Pauvres, because of her many charities, was guillotined at the same time. Epremesnil was a member of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris, his name being on the calendar for 1788 as a “deputy” of the lodge.

George B. Erath (1813–1891) Indian fighter, soldier, surveyor. b. Jan. 1, 1813. He was a major in the battle of San Jacinto, Texas and later surveyed the site on which the city of Waco is located. Erath County, Texas is named for him. His original lodge is not known, but he was a charter member and first treasurer of Bosque Lodge No. 92, Waco (now Waco No. 92) in 1852. He served as secretary through 1855, was suspended NPD on Aug. 1, 1889, but reinstated in Dec. of that year. d. May 13, 1891.

Otto Linne Erdmann (1804–1869) German chemist who was known for his research on nickel, indigo, illuminating gas, and for determinations of atomic weights. Bulletin of International Masonic Congress (1917) states he was a Freemason.

John E. Erickson (1863–1946) U.S. Senator and Governor of Montana. b. March 14, 1863 at Stoughton, Wis. Admitted to Kansas bar in 1891 and moved to Montana in 1894 where he practiced at Kalispell; was county attorney and district judge. He was governor of Montana two terms, 1925–33, and on March 14, 1933 was appointed U.S. senator to fill a vacancy,

serving until Nov. 6, 1934. He was a member of Chateau Lodge No. 44, later dimitting to Kalispell Lodge No. 42, which he served as master. Member of Cyrene Commandery No. 10, K.T. at Kalispell; 32° AASR (SJ) at Helena and Algeria Shrine Temple at Helena. d. May 25, 1946.

Leif Erickson Justice, Supreme Court of Montana. b. July 29, 1906 at Cashton, Wis. Graduate of U. of Chicago, he was admitted to Montana bar in 1934, serving as justice on supreme court from 1939–45. He received Democratic nomination for governor in 1944 and U.S. senator in 1946. Mason.

Milton S. Erlanger President of B.V.D. Co., 1929–48 and chairman of board of directors since 1948. b. Feb. 28, 1888 in Baltimore, Md. Graduate of Johns Hopkins U. in 1907. Joined B.V.D. Co. in 1907 and was elected vice president in 1909. Also director of N.C. Finishing Co., Salisbury–Erlanger Mills, Inc., Alexander Mfg. Co., and Lynchburg Garment Co. Member of Mount Nebo Lodge No. 257, New York City and Mecca Shrine Temple, New York City.

Mitchell L. Erlanger (1857–1940) Justice, Supreme Court of New York. He received a public school education and was self-educated in the classics. As sheriff of New York Co. in 1904–05 he effected many reforms and secured the release of many prisoners. Served on supreme court bench from 1907–1927 when he retired and was appointed official court referee for life. Received his degrees in True Craftsmen's Lodge No. 651, New York City on Jan. 23, Feb. 13 and Feb. 27, 1889; affiliated with Munn Lodge No. 190, New York

City on April 13, 1893; affiliated with Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City on Oct. 1, 1903. Member of the grand lodge committee on Hall and Asylum, 1905–06. d. Aug. 30, 1940.

Ernest Augustus (see Duke of Cumberland)

Ernest II, Duke of Saxony–Coburg (1818–1893) Full name was August Karl Leopold Alexander Eduard. The older son of Ernest I, he became duke on his death in 1844. Born in Coburg, he was educated at Bonn and traveled extensively. He fought successfully in the war against Denmark in 1849. His liberal policies prevented disturbances in his duchy during the revolutionary crisis of 1848–49. A nationalist, he favored Austrian leadership and long opposed Bismarck, later siding with Prussia in the Seven Weeks' War, and took part in Franco–Prussian War of 1870. He was known as an excellent musician and wrote several operas. He was a cousin of Queen Victoria of England and a brother of the Prince fl,Ä¢ Samuel J. Ervin, Jr. consort, Albert, and nephew of Leopold I of Belgium. He founded the Lodge Ernst zum Compass at Gotha in 1857 and was master of the same.

Ernest Ludwig II. Duke of SaxeGotha–Altenburg (1745–1804) Initiated in Lodge Kosmopolit at Altenburg in July, 1774. In 1775 he accepted grandmastership of the National Grand Lodge of Berlin, but was obliged to resign the office a year later.

Ernst Gottlob Albert, Prince of Mecklemburg–Strelitz (1742–1785) Brother of Duke Karl Ludwig Friedrich. He

became a major general in the English Army. Member of Lodge Irene zu den drei Sternen at Rostock from 1773 until his death.

Richard P. Ernst (1858–1934) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1921–27. b. Feb. 28, 1858 in Covington, Ky. B.A. at Centre Coll. in 1878 and LL.D. from same college. LL.B. from U. of Cincinnati in 1880. Admitted to bar in 1880, entering practice at Covington. Long active in educational and church (Presbyterian) work. Raised in Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C., and became member of Col. Clay Lodge No. 159 at Covington. d. April 13, 1934.

Leon Errol (1881–1951) Movie comedian. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City.

Lord Henry Erskine (1746–1817) Scottish orator and wit. He was lord advocate of Scotland in 1783, and again in 1806, and dean of the faculty of advocates from 1785–95. He failed at reelection because of his condemnation of the government's sedition and treason bills as unconstitutional. He was an eloquent and witty orator at the Scottish bar and was the author of *The Emigrant*, an *Eclogue*, and several poems. He was master of Canon-gate Kilwinning Lodge at Edinburgh in 1780.

Robert Erskine (1735–1795) Surveyor General and Geographer to the Army of the United States during the Revolutionary War. b. Sept. 7, 1735 in Scotland, the son of a Presbyterian minister, he graduated at the U. of Edinburgh

and became a renowned mathematician and hydraulic engineer. He was honored with membership in the Royal Society at the same time as Benjamin Franklin. He invented a hydraulic pump used in draining coal, mines and wrote on bridge design, water flow in navigation, canal improvement and tidal influences. In 1770 he came to America as a representative of a London syndicate to salvage some of their investment in the New Jersey iron mines at Ringwood. At the outbreak of the Revolution, he espoused the colonial cause and turned the iron production over to the American army. It was Erskine's iron that formed the chain boom across the Hudson at West Point. His many field survey parties ran their lines all the way from Philadelphia to Boston, and up the Hudson and into the Mohawk Valley. More than 200 maps, the results of his cartographic skill, may be seen among the collections of the New York Historical Society. He is on record as one of the visitors to American Union Lodge at Morristown on Dec. 27, 1779, when the famous military traveling lodge entertained a distinguished assemblage, headed by General Washington. Erskine is supposed to have been made a Mason in Edinburgh or London. d. March 9, 1795.

Lord Thomas Erskine The 14th Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1749.

Samuel J. Ervin, Jr. Justice of Supreme Court of North Carolina since 1948. Congressman from N.C. in 1946–47. b. Sept. 27, 1896 at Morganton, N.C. Degrees from U. of North Carolina and Harvard. Admitted to bar in 1919, he served as judge of criminal and superior courts. Served with First

Infantry division (28th regiment) in WWI and was twice wounded in action. Member of Catawba Valley Lodge No. 217, Morganton, N.C.; Catawba Chapter No. 60, R.A.M., Hickory, N.C.; Lenoir Cornmandery No. 33, K.T., Lenoir, N.C. and 32° AASR (SJ) at Charlotte, N.C.

James B. Erwin (1856–1924) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 11, 1856 at Savannah, Ga., he graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1880. He advanced through the grades to brigadier general in 1917. He participated in the Indian campaigns of 1885–86 and in 1897–98 he was superintendent of Yellowstone National Park. In WWI he commanded the 6th and 92nd divisions in France and took part in two major offensives as commander of the 12th brigade. Mason. d. July 10, 1924.

Marion C. Erwin Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. March 15, 1893 at Hartsville, Tenn. He enlisted in the Navy as an apprentice seaman in 1910; was commissioned ensign in 1917 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1946, retiring from active duty that year. In WWI he was with the armed guard and British grand fleet. In WWII he was with the amphibious forces in Africa, Solomons, Guam, Iwo Jima, Philippines and Japan landings (1941–45). Mason.

Von Steinbach Erwin (1244?–1318) A distinguished German architect, who, as his name implies, was born at Steinbach, near Buhl. He was master of the works at the Cathedral of Strasburg. He was the head of the German fraternity of stonemasons, who were the precursors of the

modern Freemasons. He began the cathedral tower in 1275 and finished it and the doorway before his death in 1318. His son, namesake, and successor worked with him on the Strasburg cathedral.

Mariano Escobedo (1827–1902) Mexican General, who as commander-in-chief of the Mexican army defeated, captured and executed Maximilian, q.v., at Queretaro in 1867. Born in Galeana, state of Nuevo Leon, of humble parentage, he first tasted the military life when he fought against General Zachary Taylor in the war with the United States. From that time on he was almost constantly fighting for political causes. He aligned himself with Juarez, q.v., and the liberal party and fought against the Roman Catholic church parties. When Juarez established his government in Mexico City, in January, 1861, he made Escobedo a brigadier general. He was twice taken prisoner and escaped. At the intervention of Napoleon III in Mexican affairs, he began his long fight against the foreign rule. When the empire was established in June, 1864, with Maximilian as emperor of Mexico, he was obliged to give up the struggle and escaped into Texas where he set up a resistance headquarters at San Antonio. By November, 1865, he was ready to return to Mexico with a recruited force of American Negroes, ex-confederate soldiers and Mexican refugees. With the capture of the garrison at Monterrey, his good fortune continued until he had control of all the northern states and an army of 15,000 men. In 1867 Juarez made him commander-in-chief of all the Mexican republican armies, and he rapidly pushed into the interior and broke the French rule with the capture of Emperor Maximilian himself. He

then retired, but was called back to put down a revolution of the church party in 1874. He led forces against General Diaz's, q.v., revolution in 1876 and was named secretary of war. When it became apparent that the revolution was a success, he organized a body of troops and made possible the escape of President Lerdo de Tejada and his cabinet to the Pacific coast where the entire party sailed to New York. He again found his way to San Antonio and issued a manifesto against Diaz. Later Diaz allowed him to retire to his estate in San Luis Potosi and eventually he even held a government position under Diaz' government. Escobedo was a member of the Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite of Mexico.

Joseph B. Esenwein (1867–1946) Editor and author. b. May 15, 1867 in Philadelphia, Pa. Editor and manager of Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, 1905–14 and editor of The Writer's Monthly from 1915. He was an instructor in public speaking and a lecturer on educational, ethical and popular topics. Among his many writings are Writing the Short Story; Lessons in the Short Story; Writing the Photoplay; The Art of Story Writing; Writing for Magazines; The Art of Public Speaking (with Dale Carnegie). He also published many songs and hymns. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on Jan. 31, Feb. 28 and March 30, 1907. He was master of his lodge in 1912. d. Nov. 7, 1946.

Ascension Esquivel President of the Republic of Costa Rica, 1902–06. He was also secretary of state; a diplomat and jurist. Member of Esperanza Lodge No. 2 and Union Fraternal No. 19.

Jesse F. Essary (1881–1942) Journalist. b. Aug. 22, 1881 at Washburn, Tenn. Began on a Virginia paper as a reporter in 1903. In 1908 he became financial editor of the Baltimore Star, and, in the period 1910–12, he was Washington correspondent for the Baltimore News, New Orleans Item and Boston Journal. He served the Baltimore Sun in that capacity from 1912. In 1926 he was London correspondent for the Sun. Mason. d. March 11, 1942.

Count Estaing (see D'Estaing)

Joe E. Estes U.S. District Judge at Dallas, Texas since 1955. b. Oct. 24, 1903 at Commerce, Tex. Graduate of U. of Texas and admitted to bar in 1923. Member of John Peavy Lodge No. 1162, Fort Worth, Texas; 32' AASR (SJ) at Dallas and member of Hella Shrine Temple, Dallas.

Alvin C. Eurich University president and vice president and director of the Ford Fund for Advancement of Education since 1951. b. June 14, 1902 at Bay City, Mich. Degrees from North Central Coll., U. of Maine and U. of Minnesota, with honorary degrees from a number of other institutions. He was acting president of Stanford U. in 1948 and first president of State U. of New York, 1949–51. He was raised in Justice Lodge No. 753, New York City.

William Eustis (1753–1825) Governor of Massachusetts 1823–25; Secretary of War, 1807–13; U.S. Congressman from Mass., 1801–05 and 1820–23. b. June 10, 1753 at Cambridge, Mass., he graduated from Harvard in 1772, studied medicine

under Dr. Joseph Warren, q.v., and entered the Revolutionary army as a regimental surgeon, serving throughout the war. For some years he was stationed opposite West Point, at the house of Col. Beverly Robinson, where Arnold had his headquarters. He was U.S. minister to Holland from 1814–18. Eustis was raised in St. Andrew's Lodge of Boston on Feb. 6, 1795. d. Feb. 6, 1825.

Edward A. Evans Brigadier General in Officers Reserve Corps and executive director of the Reserve Officers Association of the U.S. b. Sept. 17, 1895 in Muskogee, Okla. He was commissioned in the reserve in 1919 and advanced through grades to brigadier general. He saw active duty in both World Wars. Member of Monrovia Lodge No. 308; Foothill Chapter No. 129, R.A.M.; Foothill Commandery No. 63, K.T., all of Monrovia, Calif. He served as senior warden of his lodge and is past commander of his commandery. Member of Mahi Shrine Temple and Miami Court No. 88, Royal Order of Jesters, both of Miami, Fla.

Henry R. Evans (1861–1949) Author, student of psychical research and Masonic antiquities. b. Nov. 7, 1861 at Baltimore, Md. Graduate of U. of Maryland in 1884. Among his Masonic writings are *History of the York and Scottish Rites*, and *Cagliostro and His Egyptian Rite of Freemasonry*. Other writings include: *The Napoleon Myth*; *The Spirit World Unmasked*; *The Old and the New Magic*; *The House of the Sphinx*; *Adventures in Magic*; *Life and Adventures of Robert Houdin*, etc. He was raised May 16, 1894 in Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C., receiving 32° AASR

(SJ) in Washington, D.C. in 1902 and 33° on Oct., 1907. d. March 29, 1949.

Sir Horace Evans English doctor who was physician in ordinary to Queen Mary and was in attendance at her death in March, 1953. He enjoyed the personal confidence of the queen. A Freemason, he was consultant physician at the Royal Masonic Hospital.

John Evans (1814–1897) Second Territorial Governor of Colorado in 1862–65. He helped establish the Chicago public school system and was a planner of Northwestern University. Evanston, Ill., where the University is located, is named for him, as is Evans Lodge No. 524, which was established there in 1866, while he was yet alive. b. March 9, 1814 in Waynesville, Ohio, he studied medicine. In 1842 he campaigned for a state mental institution for Indiana and was later made superintendent of it. He came to Chicago as a lecturer at Rush Medical Coll. President Lincoln named him territorial governor of Colorado in order to save that territory for the Union cause. When he arrived there, he found that many of the Freemasons in Denver Lodge No. 5 were outspoken against the Union, so he and others organized Union Lodge No. 7 in 1863. He was raised July 6, 1844 in Attica Lodge No. 18, Attica, Ind., and was first master of Marion Lodge No. 35 at Indianapolis. He became a Royal Arch Mason in Indianapolis Chapter No. 5 in 1846. He was a charter member of Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T. in Denver. As president of the Denver Pacific Railway, he drove the last spike to complete its entry into Denver in 1870. He was also an incorporator of the Denver

Street Car System. He was buried by Union Lodge No. 7 and Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T. on July 6, 1897. d. July 3, 1897.

John Gary Evans (1863–1942) Governor of South Carolina, 1894–97. b. Oct. 15, 1863 at Cokesbury, S.C. Admitted to bar in 1886 and served terms in both state legislative bodies. In 1895 he was president of the S.C. constitutional convention. Served in Spanish–American War as a major and assisted in organizing the civil government of Havana after the war. Member of Spartan Lodge No. 70, Spartanburg, S.C. d. June 27, 1942.

John W. Evans (1855–1943) Artist, engraver, philosopher and idealist. b. March 27, 1855 at Brooklyn, N.Y. He exhibited at the Chicago Exposition of 1893, Paris Exposition of 1900, and also in London, Berlin, Vienna, Munich and New York. He won the bronze medal at the Buffalo Exposition in 1901, St. Louis Exposition in 1915, and silver medal at Panama Exposition of 1915. He was a member of Commonwealth Lodge No. 409, New York City and master of same in 1886. d. March 10, 1943.

Lewis A. Evans President and General Manager of The Belt Railway Co. of Chicago since 1953. b. June 22, 1907 at Brownsville, Pa., he graduated from Carnegie Inst. of Tech. in 1928 and began his railroad career as engineer assistant with the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1928. He became superintendent of the Indianapolis division in 1948 and resigned in 1951 to become vice president and general manager of the C. & W.I. as well as the Belt in Chicago. Mason.

Ray O. Evans (1887–1954) Cartoonist. b. Dec. 1, 1887 at Columbus, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1910, began as an advertising artist for the Columbus Dispatch in 1910. He later was a cartoonist for the Dayton News, Baltimore American, and member of Puck art staff. He returned to the Columbus Dispatch in 1922 and has remained there since. He has created several special features including Maryland Movies; Snapshots at Annapolis; Pertinent Portraits; Kindly Karicatures and Uncle Funny Bunny for children. Member of Humboldt Lodge No. 476, Columbus, Ohio, receiving degrees on Jan. 10, Feb. 9, and Mar. 1, 1948; 32° AASR (NJ) in Columbus and member of Aladdin Shrine Temple, Columbus. d. Jan. 18, 1954.

Hal G. Evarts (1887–1934) Author. b. Aug. 24, 1887 at Topeka, Kans. In his early life he was a surveyor in the Indian Territory, rancher, trapper and guide. Among his writings are Passing of the Old West; The Yellow Horde; The Settling of the Sage; Fur Sign; Tumbleweed; Spanish Acres; The Painted Stallion; The Moccasin Telegraph; Fur Brigade; Tomahawk Rights; The Shaggy Legion and Short-grass. Mason. d. Oct. 18, 1934.

Sir Richard Everard (?–1733) Last proprietary governor of North Carolina (1725–1729) and first governor under the Crown (1728–1731). He took the place of George Burrington, q.v. in July, 1725 and was succeeded by him on Feb. 25, 1731. His administration was disturbed by frequent disagreements with the council. He is recorded as a member of the Ross Tavern Without Temple Bar, London, England in the returns

of 1730. This lodge was founded in 1730, and erased in 1736.
d. Feb. 17, 1733 in London.

David C. Everest (1883–1955) President and General Manager of the Marathon Corp. b. Oct. 13, 1883 in Pine Grove, Mich. He began as office boy for Bryant Paper Co. in Kalamazoo, Mich. and has been with the Marathon Corp. paper and food package manufacturers at Rothschild, Wis. since 1909, and president of same since 1939. He is also president of the Wausau Paper Mills Co. and vice president of Masonite Corp. and Longview Fibre Co. Received his degrees in Forest Lodge No. 130, Wausau, Wis. March, 1906, Nov., 1912 and Jan., 1913. Member of Wausau Chapter No. 51, R.A.M. (1914); Wausau Council No. 22, R. & S.M. (1918) and St. Omer Commandery No. 19, K.T. (1914) all of Wausau; 32° AASR (NJ), Tripoli Shrine Temple, Royal Order of Jesters. d. Oct. 28, 1955.

Frank F. Everest Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Nov. 13, 1904 at Council Bluffs, Ia. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1928 and Air Corps Technical School in 1933. He transferred to the Air Corps in 1928, having previously held a commission in the Field Artillery. In WWII he was commanding officer of the 11th Heavy Bomb Group and Army air commander of the South Pacific from 1942–43. In 1944–45 he was a member of the joint war plans commission of Joint Chiefs of Staff and later commanded the Yukon Sector of Alaska Air Command. In 1948 he was assigned to headquarters of the Air Force as assistant deputy chief of staff. Member of Bluff City Lodge No. 71, Council Bluffs, Iowa, receiving degrees on Nov. 16, Dec. 26 and Dec. 29, 1928.

Edward Everett (1794–1865) Anti-Mason; Governor of Massachusetts, 1836–40; U.S. Congressman, 1825–35; U.S. Minister to Great Britain, 1841–45; President of Harvard, 1846–49; U.S. Secretary of State, 1852. b. April 11, 1794 in Dorchester, Mass. He was a Unitarian clergyman and orator of great ability. He took sides in the politics maintained by the friends of John Quincy Adams, q.v., another anti-Mason. In 1860 he ran on the Constitutional-Union ticket for vice-president with John Bell, q.v., a Tennessee Mason, as the presidential candidate. They received 39 electoral votes. In his famous orations on Washington, q.v., and General Warren, q.v., he failed to mention either of their Masonic connections. He wrote a letter to the secretary of the Anti-Masonic Committee of Middlesex Co., Mass. on June 29, 1833, stating among other things “The supremacy of the laws is the fundamental principle of civil society. The allegiance due to the country is the highest human obligation of all men who enter into civil society; and I conceive the institution of Freemasonry to be at war with both these principles.” d. Jan. 15, 1865.

Sir Raymond Evershed English Baron and Lord Justice of Appeal. Knighted in 1944 and baroneted in 1955. He was appointed lord justice in 1947, and two years later made master of the rolls. b. Aug. 1889 at Burton-on-Trent, he was educated in Clifton Coll., Bristol, afterwards attending Oxford. Served as an officer of the Royal Engineers in WWI. He was initiated in Chancery Bar Lodge No. 2456 in April, 1947 by Edward, Prince of Wales, afterwards King Edward VII, q.v. He is a past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England.

William G. Everson (1879–1954) Baptist clergyman and Major General of National Guard. b. July 1, 1879 in Wooster, Ohio, he was ordained in the Baptist ministry in 1901 and served churches in Ind., Mass., Ky., Ohio, Colo., and Oregon. He was president of Linfield Coll., McMinnville, Oreg. from 1939–43. From 1919 he was a chautauqua and lyceum lecturer. He served in the Spanish–American War and in WWI in France, Italy, Austria, Dalmatia, Serbia and Montenegro, commanding the only American sector in Italy and all the U.S. troops east of Adriatic Sea. He represented the U.S. at Fiume and supervised investigations of food distribution in Austria and Serbia after armistice. He was discharged in 1919 with rank of colonel. In 1922 he was promoted to brigadier general in the reserves and commanded the 76th Inf. Brigade. In 1929 he was made major general, U.S. Army and chief of the National Guard Bureau until 1931; retired in 1945 with rank of major general. A member of Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg., he affiliated with it on Jan. 3, 1944 from Delaware Lodge No. 46 of Muncie, Ind. Was 32° AASR, Knight Templar, Shriner and member of Red Cross of Constantine. He was chairman of the advisory committee of the Shriners Hospital for Crippled Children at Portland, Oreg. from 1944–47. d. Sept. 3, 1954.

Frank L. Eversull Educator. b. April 19, 1892 at Cincinnati, Ohio. A.M. and Ph.B. from U. of Chicago; Ph.D. from Yale; D.D. from Marietta Coll. He was ordained to the Presbyterian ministry in 1917, serving several pastorates in Illinois. He was school principal in St. Louis and East St. Louis, and then an instructor in education at Yale. From 1934–38 he

was president of Huron Coll. (S. Dak.), and president of the North Dakota Agricultural Coll., 1938–46. In 1946–47 he was associated with higher education in Korea as advisor to Ewah College, Seoul, and member of the board of regents of Seoul National U. Since 1950 he has been a professor at Washington U., St. Louis, and pastor of the Belleville (Ill.) Presbyterian church. He is founder of the Korean Association for Advancement of Science and Korean Academy of Science. In 1946 he was selected as the distinguished graduate of the U. of Chicago and has been an elector of New York U. Hall of Fame since 1938. He has been decorated by King Christian of Denmark with the Medal of Liberation (1946). Made a Mason in Belleville Lodge No. 24 in 1918. Also member of Belleville Chapter No. 106, R.A.M. and Tancred Commandery No. 50, K.T. all of Belleville, Ill.; AASR (NJ) membership at East St. Louis and is 33°. He is past sovereign of the Red Cross of Constantine at St. Louis. In 1937 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of South Dakota. Member of Ainad Shrine Temple, East St. Louis, Ill.

Harry K. Eversull (1893–1953) Clergyman and educator. b. Sept. 20, 1893 at Cincinnati, Ohio, a brother of Frank L. Eversull, q.v. He was a graduate of Wabash Coll. and Yale and was ordained to the Congregational ministry in 1922, serving pastorates in East Haven, Conn., and Cincinnati, Ohio until 1937 when he became president of Marietta Coll., serving until 1942. In 1946 he became a Presbyterian and was pastor at Walnut Hills Presbyterian Church (Cincinnati) from 1946. He received his degrees in Gothic Lodge No. 582, East St. Louis, Ill. on Jan. 15, Feb. 9 and Feb. 20, 1915 and affiliated

with Hyde Park Lodge No. 589, Cincinnati, Ohio on June 3, 1930. He was master of Hyde Park Lodge in 1951. Harry K. Eversull Lodge No. 573, Cincinnati, has been named for him. He served as grand chaplain for both the Grand Lodge of Ohio and Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Ohio; was 33° AASR (NJ) and wrote the 17th degree of that Rite (NJ) as now used. He was also a member of chapter, council, commandery, shrine and jesters. d. Sept. 13, 1953.

Joseph L. Evins U.S. Congressman, 80th to 84th Congresses (1947–55) from 4th and 5th Tenn. districts. b. Oct. 24, 1910 in DeKalb Co. Tenn. Graduate of Vanderbilt U. and Cumberland U. and admitted to bar in 1934, engaging in general law practice at Smithville, Tenn. Assistant secretary of Federal Trade Commission 1938–40. Served in WWII, European Theatre from 1943–45 and discharged as a major in 1946. Member of Liberty Lodge No. 77, Smithville, Tenn. and 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago.

Ezra P. Ewers (1837–1912) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. April 13, 1837 in Wayneport, N.Y. Entered the army as a private of Co. E, 1st Battalion, 19th Infantry in 1862 and commissioned the following year. Later served with 37th Infantry and 5th and 9th Infantry divisions, becoming brigadier general of volunteers in 1898. He retired from the volunteers in 1899 and became a colonel with the 10th Infantry (regulars). Was retired by operation of law in 1904 as a brigadier general. Member of Sackets Harbor Lodge No. 135, Sackets Harbor, N.Y. d. Jan. 16, 1912.

Arnold H. Exo Christian Science Church official. b. in Muscatine, Iowa. He was a district advertising manager for Household Finance Corp. from 1931–41, and in 1942 became a Christian Science practitioner and later a reader. He has been 1st reader of the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston since 1956. Mason.

F

Eberhard Faber (1859–1946) Head of the Eberhard Faber Pencil Co. at Brooklyn, N.Y. and Eberhard Faber Rubber Co. at Newark, N.J. b. March 14, 1859 in New York City, he was educated in the Columbia School of Mines. In 1879 he entered the office of his father, the well-known lead-pencil manufacturer, and took charge of the business. He was a life member of Chancellor Walworth Lodge No. 271, New York City. d. May 16, 1946.

Bernard R. Fabre-Palaprat (?– 1838) The restorer, or organizer, of the Order of the Temple at Paris, of which he was elected grand master in 1804. He died at Pau, in the lower Pyrenees, Feb. 18, 1838.

James G. Fair (1831–?) Wealthy gold and silver miner of Comstock bonanza fame and U.S. Senator from Nevada from 1881–87. b. Dec. 3, 1831 near Belfast, Ireland, coming to the U.S. with his parents in 1843. The family settled in Illinois where he attended public schools and completed

his education in Chicago, where he gave much attention to scientific studies. He went to Calif. in 1849, and engaged in mining until he moved to Nevada and amassed a fortune of 50 million dollars. He was successful in the construction of quartz mills, water works, and chlorinizing furnaces. In 1865 he became superintendent of the Ophir mine, and in 1867 of the Hale and Norcross mine. In the latter year he formed a partnership with John W. Mackay, James C. Flood and Wm. T. O'Brien and purchased control of several well-known mines. He was raised in Bear Mountain Lodge No. 76 at Angels Camp, Calif. in 1858, serving as secretary in 1861 and treasurer in 1862-64.

Alfred Fairbank (1887-1945) President of Central States Life Insurance Co., St. Louis, from 1938. b. Aug. 3, 1887 at DeSoto, Mo. Taught school in Cleveland and St. Louis from 1905-11. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1909. He entered investment banking in 1920 and was vice president and trust officer of Boatmen's National Bank in St. Louis from 1930-38. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, Mo., receiving degrees on March 3, March 17 and May 15, 1914. d. March 6, 1945.

Charles W. Fairbanks (1852-1918) Twenty-sixth Vice President of the United States. b. May 11, 1852 on a farm near Unionville Center, Ohio. Received A.B. and A.M. from Ohio Wesleyan U. He was agent for the Associated Press at Pittsburgh and Cleveland from 1872-74. He was admitted to the Ohio bar in 1874, and established practice at Indianapolis, Ind. Prominent in Republican politics, he was chairman of the Indiana Republican conventions of 1892,

1898, 1914 and delegate to national conventions of 1896, 1900, 1904, 1912. He was U.S. senator from Indiana for term 1897–1903, but resigned in 1905 to become vice president under Theodore Roosevelt for term, 1905–09. He was again selected as vice presidential nominee with Charles E. Hughes by the national convention of 1916 and defeated by a narrow margin. Was made a Mason “at sight” in Oriental Lodge No. 500, Indianapolis, Ind. on Dec. 27, 1904. He became a Royal Arch Mason in Keystone Chapter No. 6 at Indianapolis on March 20, 1905 and was knighted in Raper Commandery No. 1, K.T. at Indianapolis on June 26, 1905. He received his 32° AASR (NJ) in Indiana Consistory at Indianapolis on Nov. 8, 1905 and became a member of Murat Shrine Temple, Indianapolis on April 12, 1907, being a life member of the same. On June 7, 1905 he was the orator of the day at the laying of the cornerstone of the Federal building at Flint, Mich. On Oct. 29, 1906 he was elected an honorary member of American Union Lodge No. 1 at Marietta, Ohio. During his life, he is recorded as a visitor of lodges from coast to coast. At one time he said: “I am a firm believer in the virtue of Masonry. The foundation principles of the organization are everlastingly sound.” d. June 4, 1918.

Douglas Fairbanks, Sr. (1883–1939) Movie star of the silent film era. b. May 23, 1883 in Denver, Colo. He attended Jarvis Military Academy at Denver, East Denver High School and the Colorado School of Mines. He had three marriages. He made his first stage appearance in New York City in 1901. On the stage he appeared in Hawthorne of the U.S.A.; Frenzied Finance; All for a Girl; A Gentleman from Mississippi; The

Cub; Gentleman of Leisure; Comes Up Smiling; Henrietta; Show Shop. He entered motion pictures and was head of his own producing company in 1916. His later productions were His Majesty the American; When the Clouds Roll By; The Mollycoddle; The Mark of Zorro; The Nut; The Three Musketeers; Robin Hood; The Thief of Bagdad; Don Q, Son of Zorro; The Black Pirate; The Gaucho; The Iron Mask; and The Taming of the Shrew. He was raised in Beverly Hills Lodge No. 528 on Aug. 11, 1925 and was a member of the "233 Club"—whose members were Freemasons of the movie colony. d. Dec. 11, 1939.

Lucius Fairchild (1831–1896) Governor of Wisconsin for six terms. b. Dec. 27, 1831, in Kent, Ohio. His family moved to Wisconsin in 1846 when it was still a territory. When gold was discovered in Calif., he left for that state, although only 18 years old. After several years of fruitless labor, he returned to Wis. in 1885. He entered the Union service early in the Civil War, and distinguished himself at Bull Run, Antietam, Gettysburg, losing his left arm in the latter battle at Seminary Hill. While recovering from his wounds he was commissioned brigadier general. In 1863 he was elected secretary of state in Wisconsin, serving until 1865 when he was elected for the first of his six consecutive terms as governor. He was consul general in Paris in 1878–80 and U.S. minister to Spain, 1880–82. In 1886 he was elected national commander-in-chief of the G.A.R. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 50, Madison, Wis., he received his degrees on March 19, April 16 and May 21, 1860. He was exalted in Madison Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., Madison, Wis. in Dec. 1863 and was knighted in Robert Macoy

Commandery No. 3, K.T. at Madison on July 19, 1864. He also received 95 degrees in the “Egyptian Masonic Rite of Memphis.” d. May 21, 1896.

Louis W. Fairfield (1858–1930) U.S. Congressman, 65th to 68th Congresses (1917–25) from 12th Ind. dist. b. Oct. 15, 1858 near Wapakoneta, Ohio. A teacher, he was professor of physics and philosophy at Tri-State College from 1885–1917. Member of Angola Lodge No. 236, Angola, Ind. receiving degrees on June 23, June 30 and July 21, 1913. d. Feb. 20, 1930.

Guy L. Fake (1879–1957) Judge of U.S. District Court of New Jersey since 1929 and chief Federal judge since 1948. Retired in 1951, but assigned to continue in service. b. Nov. 15, 1879 at Cobleskill, N.Y. Admitted to N.J. bar in 1903 and practiced at Rutherford. He had served as a member of the state general assembly and district judge. Served in the Spanish–American War. Raised in Boiling Spring Lodge No. 152, Rutherford, N.J. on Nov. 26, 1907. d. Sept. 23, 1957.

Juan C. Falcon (1820–1870) President of Venezuela from June 15, 1863 to 1868. His regime was overthrown by revolution in the latter year. b. in Paraguana. He was a political leader and Venezuelan general. Falcon was the 7th sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council, 33°, AASR in 1864–65. During his administration as president of Venezuela, he frequently delegated his charge, and among those Masons who served as president by his delegation were General Antonio Guzman Blanco, 33° (who was later to be elected to

three terms himself); General Jose Desiderio Trias, 18°; Rafael Arvelo, 18°; General Miguel Gil, 30°; and General Manuel E. Bruzual, 33°.

James W. Fannin (1800–1836) Texas patriot and pioneer. b. in North Carolina about 1800, he was executed by the Mexican general, Santa Anna, q.v., with 357 others on March 27, 1836. Fannin was a captain in the Texas service in 1835. On Oct. 28th of that year, with Capt. Bowie and 90 men, he defeated a superior Mexican force near Bexar. General Houston, q.v., soon afterward made him a colonel and inspector-general. In January of 1836 he set out to reinforce Dr. James Grant who was in command of an unauthorized expedition to Matamoras. When he learned that Grant's force had been destroyed, he fell back to Goliad, but by Houston's order, he marched toward Victoria, and on March 19 was attacked on the Coleta River by a Mexican force under General Urrea. When the Mexicans were reinforced by 500 men on the 20th, the American force capitulated and it was agreed that the Texans should be treated as prisoners of war and sent back to the U.S. as soon as possible. After surrendering their arms, they were taken to Toliad, where, on the 26th, a dispatch was received from Santa Anna ordering their execution. At daybreak the next morning all of the 357 prisoners but four physicians and their helpers were marched out under various pretexts "and shot in groups. Fannin was last to be killed. When Holland Lodge No. 36 of La. (later No. 1 of Texas) was organized at Brazoria, Texas, Fannin was present and acted as senior deacon, but it does not appear he became a member of that lodge. He

is believed to have been a Mason before he left Georgia.

John C. Fant (1870–1929) President of Mississippi State College, 1920–29. b. Jan. 15, 1870 near Macon, Miss. Was superintendent of schools at Water Valley and Meridian, Miss., from 1895–1910 and then professor of secondary education for the state until 1920. Received his degrees in Meridian Lodge No. 308, Meridian, Miss. on Aug. 7, 1903, June 3 and June 10, 1904. Dimitted, March 1, 1927. d. Nov. 8, 1929.

Charles B. Faris (1864–1938) Judge Supreme Court of Missouri and Federal Judge, Eastern District of Missouri. b. Oct. 3, 1864 near Charleston, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri and admitted to bar in 1891. Practiced in Caruthersville, serving as city and prosecuting attorney. Served in lower house, judge of 28th judicial circuit and judge of the supreme court for term 1912–22, resigning in 1919 to become judge of the Eastern district. He was a member of the board of curators of the U. of Missouri and member of control board of Cottey Coll. for women at Nevada, Mo. Member of Caruthersville Lodge No. 461, Caruthersville, Mo., receiving degrees on Sept. 4, Dec. 18, 1900 and Jan. 21, 1901. Suspended, NPD, June 7, 1927. d. Dec. 18, 1938.

James I. Farley (1871–1948) U.S. Congressman to 73rd to 75th Congresses (1933–39) from 4th Ind. dist. b. Feb. 24, 1871 at Hamilton, Ind. Began as a teacher in public schools in 1889, and then as a salesman for Studebaker Corp. in 1906. In 1908 he joined the Auburn Automobile Co. as a salesman, rising to presidency and retiring in 1926. He affiliated with

De-Kalb Lodge No. 214, Auburn, Ind. on Dec. 3, 1907 from Spartan Lodge No. 226 at Millersburg, Ohio. d. June 16, 1948.

James T. Farley (1829–?) U.S. Senator from California 1879–1885. b. Aug. 6, 1829 in Virginia. He moved first to Missouri and then to California where he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1854. He served two terms in the state assembly and eight years in the state senate. He was recognized as the leader of the Democratic party in California for many years. He was a member of Volcano Lodge No. 56, Volcano and Amador Lodge No. 65 at Jackson as well as Sutter Chapter No. 11, R.A.M. at Sutter Creek, Calif.

Theodore Farley Vice president of Caterpillar Tractor Co. since 1940. b. Nov. 22, 1894 at Ipswich, Mass. He was with the Holt Mfg. Co. of Peoria, Ill. from 1919–25 as export manager. When the company merged with the C. L. Best Tractor Co. in 1925 to form the Caterpillar Co., he became assistant export manager, rising to assistant to president in 1935. Served in WWI as a captain. Mason, Shriner and Jester.

Lord Farnham (?–1957) Irish Peer. In 1908 he was elected to a seat in the house of lords as an Irish representative peer. He served in the South African War in 1901–02 with the 10th Hussars and was mentioned in dispatches. He joined the newly raised North Irish Horse and went to France in WWI in command of a battalion of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers in the Ulster division. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Order. In the spring of 1918 he was taken prisoner, but escaped and made his way through Germany to Holland.

He was a member of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland and a member of the representative church body. He was president of the Hibernian Church missionary society and the Adelaide hospital. He was initiated in Lodge No. 90 at Cavan in 1901, and served as master in 1910. He was also a member of Meridian Lodge No. 12 of Dublin from 1903, and served as master in 1911. From 1928 until his death on Feb. 5, 1957, he was provincial grand master of the province of Meath and was senior grand warden of the grand lodge of Ireland at the time of his death.

David G. Farragut (1801–1870) First Admiral of the U.S. Navy. b. July 5, 1801 at Campbell's Station, near Knoxville, Tenn., son of George Farragut, naval and army officer of the American Revolution. He was adopted in 1808 by Commander Porter who educated him at Washington, D.C. and Chester, Pa. He was a midshipman at 9½ years of age and was placed in command of a prize ship when only 12. He was on routine naval duty from 1810–47 and commanded the ship *Saratoga* during the Mexican War. He was on duty on the ship that carried Ambassador Joel Poinsett, q.v., to Mexico, and also in the convoy that escorted Lafayette, q.v., back to France in 1825. He was detailed to establish the Mare Island Naval Base in San Francisco Bay. He was the outstanding naval officer of the Civil War. He was in command of the West Gulf blockading squadron with orders to take New Orleans, which he did in 1862 without bloodshed, bombarding Fort Jackson and running his ships past Fort Jackson and Fort St. Philip. In 1863 he ran his flagship, *Hartford*, and one other vessel past Port Hudson and

thereby controlled the Mississippi between Port Hudson and Vicksburg. Back into the Gulf, he silenced Fort Morgan, ran a blockade of mines, dispersed the Confederate fleet and captured Forts Morgan and Gaines. In Dec., 1864, Congress created the rank of vice admiral for him and in 1866 created the rank of admiral. He is a member of the American Hall of Fame. His lodge is not known, but he is thought to have been made a Mason on the island of Malta in 1818, when he was 17 years of age, serving in the Mediterranean under Bainbridge. He died Aug. 14, 1870, and was buried with Masonic honors by the grand master of New Hampshire and St. Johns Lodge No. 1 of Portsmouth. Admiral George W. Baird, q.v., wrote the following of him: "While Farragut's Masonic connection is beyond doubt, the writer has been unable to identify his lodge. Naval Lodge No. 87 was instituted at Vallejo, opposite the Navy Yard at Mare Island, and there are members of that lodge still living (1920) who greeted the admiral when he visited there. Surgeon General John Mills Brown, q.v., of the Navy, who was grand master of California as well as master of Naval Lodge and also an active 33rd, was intimate with the admiral in California and remembered him as a Mason and a promotor of Masonry. He did not, however, remember the name of his lodge." Admiral Baird wrote another interesting incident in connection with Farragut: "After the unveiling of the statue (of Farragut in Washington, D.C., Bartholomew Dig-gins, a member of Brightwood Lodge No. 24 in the District of Columbia, who had been in Farragut's gig crew all during the war, asked for his old flag and offered a new one for it. The secretary of the Navy granted his request. Many years afterwards, when

Dewey returned from the Philippines, Diggins asked the writer, who was about to go to New York to make arrangements for Dewey's reception, to present the flag to Dewey. The flag was duly presented and it was the only admiral's pennant ever flown by Farragut or Dewey."

Bernard G. Farrar (1785–1849) Pioneer Missouri physician. b. July 4, 1785, he was the first physician of the St. Louis area. He arrived in St. Louis in 1807. Originally a Virginian, he came from the same county as did Edward and Frederick Bates, q.v., settling first in Kentucky, near Frankfort, where he practiced medicine for a time. A brother-in-law, Judge Coburn, having received the appointment as judge of the Louisiana Territory, he was encouraged to move farther west. In St. Louis, he formed a partnership with Dr. David V. Walker. In 1815 he was one of a group who started the newspaper *Western Journal* in St. Louis. Farrar fought the first duel recorded west of the Mississippi in 1810. It was with James A. Graham. Farrar was hardly to be blamed for his participation, for at first, he was merely the bearer of the challenge to Graham. Graham declined to accept the challenge, giving as his plea that the challenger "was not a gentleman." Under the code that prevailed, Farrar became the principal. It was fought on Bloody Island, scene of many later encounters and Graham received severe wounds from which he never recovered, dying on his way East about a year later. Farrar was also the surgeon in the Benton–Lucas duel.

Frank G. Farrington (1872–1933) Justice, Supreme Court of Maine, 1929–33. b. Sept. 11, 1872 at Augusta, Me. Admitted to

bar in 1902 and practiced at Augusta. Served in both branches of Maine legislature. Raised March 31, 1903 in Augusta Lodge No. 141, and exalted Feb. 24, 1921 in Cushnoc Chapter No. 43, both of Augusta, Maine. d. Sept. 3, 1933.

Wallace R. Farrington (1871–1933) Governor of Hawaii, 1921–29. b. May 3, 1871 at Orono, Me. Graduate of U. of Maine in 1891, he began newspaper work that year with the Bangor Daily News. Worked on newspapers in Kennebec, Augusta, and was managing editor and one of the founders of the Rockland Daily Star—all of Maine. Moving to Hawaii in 1894, he became editor of the Pacific Commercial Advertiser and president of the Hawaiian Gazette Co. in Honolulu. He later became president of the Honolulu Star Bulletin. Active in many activities of the territory, particularly in the educational field, and a regent of the College of Hawaii. Mason and past master of Lodge Progress d L'Oceania No. 37. Member of AASR in Hawaii. d. Oct. 6, 1933.

Charles B. Farwell (1823–1903) U.S. Senator from Illinois 1887–91. b. July 1, 1823 at Painted Post, N.Y. In 1838 he removed to Ogle Co., Ill. and worked at farming and on government surveys until 1844 when he went to Chicago on a load of wheat with ten dollars in his pocket. Worked first as a bank teller and later county clerk of Cook Co. Formed the firm of John V. Farwell with his brother in 1891 and became president of the same. He and his brother built the Texas state capitol in 1887 and received in turn three million acres of land for it on which they stocked 150,000 head of cattle. Was a member of U.S. congress from 1871–76. Listed in Who

Was Who as a Mason, but grand lodge records of Illinois do not show membership. d. 1903.

Orval E. Faubus Governor of Arkansas from 1955. b. Jan. 7, 1910 at Combs, Ark., he was educated in the public schools of that state. His first ten years (1928–38) were spent as a rural school teacher; in 1939 he became circuit clerk and county recorder at Huntsville. In 1946–47 he was acting postmaster of Huntsville, and from 1953–54, postmaster. He is the editor, owner and publisher of Madison County Record at Huntsville since 1947. From 1949–53 he held the positions of highway commissioner, administrative assistant to the governor and directory of highways for Arkansas. He served as rural scout commissioner for Northwest Ark. for 14 years and was an Infantry major in WWII. In September, 1957 he became the most controversial figure in the United States when he refused to allow integration of white and Negro students in the Little Rock high schools. Integration was later enforced by Federal troops and the episode rocked the Southern states and focused the international spotlight on Faubus. He is a member of Huntsville Lodge No. 367, Huntsville, Ark., receiving his degrees on April 8, May 27 and June 24, 1947. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 28, 1953 at Fort Smith, Ark.; belongs to Sahara Shrine Temple at Pine Bluff and the Grotto at Fort Smith, and is a member of the Northwest Arkansas Scottish Rite Club.

Charles J. Faulkner, Jr. (1847–1929) U.S. Senator from West Virginia, 1887–99. b. Sept. 21, 1847 in Martinsburg, W. Va. He received an early education in France and Switzerland and

entered Virginia Military Inst. in 1862. He served with the cadets of the school at the battle of New Market and afterwards as aide to generals Breckenridge and Wise in the C.S.A. Graduated from U. of Virginia in 1868 and admitted to bar same year. He served seven years as a circuit judge and was a member of the British–American Joint High Commission in 1898. He was the 8th grand master of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia, serving in 1880. He was a member of Equality Lodge No. 136 (Va. charter), now No. 44 of West Virginia charter, receiving the degrees on Dec. 12, Dec. 26, 1868 and Jan. 9, 1869. He served as master of the same from 1876 to 1878. At the time of his death on Jan. 13, 1929 he was the oldest past grand master of West Virginia.

Charles J. Faulkner, Sr. (1806–1884) U.S. Minister to France in period preceding the Civil War. b. in 1806, Martinsburg, Va., he graduated at Georgetown U. and was admitted to the bar in 1829. As a member of the Virginia lower house, he introduced a bill for the gradual abolition of slavery in Virginia. He was elected to the U.S. congress four successive terms from 1851–59, accepting the ministry to France in the latter year. While in France, he encouraged Louis Napoleon to sympathize with the southern cause, and as a result was recalled by Lincoln, arrested and confined in Fort Warren as a disloyal citizen, but released on a prisoner exchange. He was disbarred from citizenship until 1872. He served another term in the U.S. congress from 1875–77. A Mason, he delivered a Masonic address on Nov. 13, 1852 at Martinsburg. His son, Charles J. Jr., q.v. became U.S. senator and grand master of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia. He received his degrees

in old Equality Lodge No. 136 (Va. charter) in 1867 and affiliated with the same lodge under West Va. charter in 1879. The lodge was then Equality No. 44. His son was a member of the same lodge. d. Nov. 1, 1884.

Edwin J. Faulkner President and director of Woodmen Accident & Life Co. and Woodmen Central Life Ins. Co. since 1954. b. July 5, 1911 at Lincoln, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska and Pennsylvania. He became treasurer of the Woodmen Central Assurance Co. in 1932, and vice president of the Woodmen Central Life Ins. Co. in 1938. Member of Lancaster Lodge No. 54, Lincoln, Nebr., receiving all three degrees in 1940.

Roy H. Faulkner Automobile executive. b. Feb. 11, 1886 at Allegheny, Pa. Automobile salesman from 1916 until he became sales manager of Oakland-Pittsburgh Co., and later general manager of Nash-Cincinnati Motor Co. He joined Auburn Automobile Co. as sales manager in 1922, advancing to vice president in 1931, resigning that year to become vice president of Studebaker Sales Corp. and Pierce-Arrow Motor Co. He returned to Auburn Co. as president in 1934. He is now owner of Roy H. Faulkner & Associates in Auburn, Ind. Mason.

Francois Felix Faure (1841-1899) Sixth President of the Republic of France. He was a cabinet officer in the department of commerce and colonies in the 1880's, and later minister of marine under President Casimir Perier whom he succeeded as president in 1895, serving until his death in

1899. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states that he was a Freemason.

George D. Fawcett (1861–1939) Actor. b. Aug. 25, 1861 in Virginia. He attended the U. of Virginia for four years and made his debut in the Manhattan Theatre in New York City in 1886. He supported Tomasso Salvini in 1890, and Alexander Salvini in 1894. In 1895–96 he was in repertoire with Nat Goodwin and with Maude Adams from 1897–99. He appeared in many productions of his own company, the Fawcett Stock Co., and in 1917 played the title role in *Great John Ganton* at Aldwych Theater in London. Later he was in vaudeville and motion pictures. He was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City and of the “233 Club” in Hollywood. d. June 6, 1939.

Novice G. Fawcett President of Ohio State University. b. March 29, 1909 at Gambier, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State in 1937. Taught and was superintendent of schools in Gambier, Defiance, Bexley, Akron and Columbus. He was named president of Ohio RR Robert Fechner State in 1956, assuming his duties on Aug. 1. He is a member of Ohio Lodge No. 199 at Bladensburg, Ohio, and received the Scottish Rite degrees in November, 1955 in the Valley of Columbus.

Bernard Fay Author, professor and anti-Mason. b. in 1893, this French historian specialized in books on American history. His writings included: *Revolutionary Spirit in France and America* (1927) ; *Franklin, the Apostle of Modern Times* (1929); *George Washington, Republican Aristocrat* (1931) and

Revolution and Freemasonry, 1680–1800 (1935). The latter book, published by Little Brown was definitely unfriendly to Freemasonry though purporting to be “factual” and “objective.” The Masonic world, therefore, could not be expected to grieve when the following was published in the New York Times on Dec. 5, 1946: “Bernard Fay, former professor of American civilization at the College de France and writer on Franco–American relations, was sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor today after his conviction on a charge of intelligence with the enemy. M. Fay has been charged with publishing documents and lists of the Freemasons for the Vichy (Nazi dominated) government. This had resulted, according to the prosecution, in deportation or death for thousands of them.”

Jonas Fay (1737–1818) American patriot, who with two other members of Vermont Lodge No. 18 (Ira Allen, q.v., and Thomas Chittenden, q.v.) led the fight that established Vermont as the 14th state. b. Jan. 17, 1737 in Hardwick, Mass. He received a good education and became a physician. He moved to Bennington, Vt. in 1766 and became prominent among the settlers on the New Hampshire grants, going as their agent to New York with Seth Warner in 1772 to lay their grievances before English Governor Tryon. It was on this trip that Fay and Warner spent some time in Albany where they were made Masons in Masters’ Lodge No. 5. He was clerk of the convention of March, 1774, that resolved to defend by force Ethan Allan and the others who were outlawed by the legislature of N.Y. Dr. Fay was surgeon under Allen at Ticonderoga, and, afterward in Col. Warner’s regiment. He

was a member of the convention of Jan., 1777, which declared Vermont an independent state. For all practical purposes it was an independent republic from this date until 1791 when it was admitted to the Union and Dr. Fay"learned, sagacious and well versed in political economy"—was mainspring and balance wheel of the movements. He was accredited to the Continental Congress year after year, but was not officially recognized as a delegate. He was secretary to the council of safety, helped draft the first constitution for Vermont and served as a member of the governor's council from 1778–85. He was probate judge at Bennington for five years and judge of the supreme court in 1782. Dr. Fay was admitted to Vermont Lodge at Springfield in 1782 and in 1793 was a charter member of Temple Lodge at Bennington. d. March 6, 1818.

Louis H. Fead (1877–1943) Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan, 1928–37. b. May 2, 1877 at Lexington, Mich. and graduated U. of Michigan in 1900. He practiced law at Newberry and served as prosecuting attorney and circuit judge. Raised in Lexington Lodge No. 61, Lexington, Mich. on July 12, 1902 and affiliated with McMillen Lodge No. 400, Newberry, Mich. on Sept. 2, 1905; was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan in 1917; 33° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 4, 1943.

Robert Fechner (1876–1939) First director of the Civilian Conservation Corps in 1933. President F. D. Roosevelt, by executive order, set aside 72,000 acres of public land on Massanutten Mountain in Virginia as the "Robert Fechner

Memorial Forest” in his honor. b. March 22, 1876 in Chattanooga, Tenn., he was a machinist, foreman and master mechanic from 1896–1912. He then became executive officer of the International Association of Machinists until 1933 when he became director of the C.C.C. He was a member of Clinton Lodge No. 56, Savannah, Ga. and Mt. Pleasant Chapter No. 13, R.A.M. of Washington, D.C. d. Dec. 31, 1939.

Ladislav Feierabend Czechoslovakian cabinet officer under President Benes, q.v. He was one of the organizers of the Grand Lodge “Comenius” in exile in England. Others who helped form the grand lodge were Dr. Vladimir Klecanda, grand master, q.v.; Dr. P. R. Korbel, grand secretary, q.v.; and Jan Masaryk, q.v., son of the first president of Czechoslovakia.

Lorenza Feliciano Also known as Madam Cagliostro, wife of the Masonic charlatan, Count Alessandro di Cagliostro, q.v. When Cagliostro set up his “Egyptian Rite,” his wife became grand mistress of the Lodge of Isis, which, in 1784, counted among its adepts some of the most prominent of the French titled women. It is said that she and her husband assumed the leading roles in the initiation. She delivered an oration advocating the emancipation of woman which was followed by the appearance of her husband as the “Grand Copt” in the nude. He then commanded the initiates to disrobe, for if they were to receive the truth, they must be “naked as truth.” It is recorded that when Cagliostro was tried by the Inquisition, she was the chief witness against him.

Grant Fellows (1865–1929) Justice, Supreme Court of

Michigan, 1917–29.b. April 13, 1865 in Hudson, Mich. Admitted to bar in 1886 and practiced in Hudson, Mich. He was attorney general of Michigan from 1913–17. Raised in Lebanon Lodge No. 26. d. July 16, 1929.

John Quincy Adams Fellows (1825–1897) Louisiana Freemason who headed all York Rite bodies of that state. b. April 3, 1825 at Topham, Vt., moving to New Orleans shortly after 1850. He was raised in Rising Sun Lodge No. 7 in Vermont in 1850 and affiliated with Marion Lodge No. 283 in New Orleans. He was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1860 and served during the stormy six years of the Civil War. By his skill and ability, he was able to keep the passions of war outside the doors of the lodges, and the Blue and the Grey met in Louisiana lodges and forgot for the moment that they were sworn enemies. It is said that he facilitated the passage of many Union Masons out of Confederate camps when they revealed to him they were brethren. Exalted in Orleans Chapter No. 1 in 1852 he was grand high priest in 1859. Greeted in Louisiana Council No. 2 R. & S.M. he was grand master in 1868. Knighted in Indivisible Friends Commandery No. 1, he was grand commander in 1865 and grand master of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. in 1871. He also rose to grand scribe in the General Grand Chapter. He was a 33° AASR (SJ). d. Nov. 28, 1897.

Christian Fenger (1840–1902) Surgeon and pathologist. b. in Copenhagen, Denmark and graduated as a doctor from the U. of Copenhagen in 1867. For the next ten years he served in a Copenhagen hospital; was a surgeon in the

International Ambulance Assn. during Franco–German War; lectured at U. of Copenhagen; and went to Egypt where he was appointed medical officer in the Khalifa quarter of Cairo. He came to Chicago in 1877 and was chief pathologist of the Cook County Hospital from 1879–93; professor of surgery at College of Physicians & Surgeons in New York City, 1884, returning to Northwestern U. in 1893 in the same capacity; and with Rush Medical College in 1899. He was raised in a Copenhagen lodge and affiliated with Ashlar Lodge No. 308 of Chicago. d. March 2, 1902.

Hart E. Fenn (1856–1939) U.S. Congressman to 67th to 71st Congresses (1921–31) from first Conn. dist. b. Sept. 12, 1856 in Hartford, Conn. He was city editor of the Hartford Post for many years and served in both legislative bodies of Conn. From 1909–14 he headed the fisheries and game department of Conn. Mason. d. Feb. 23, 1939.

Ivor D. Fenton U.S. Congressman since the 76th Congress (1939) from 12th Pa. dist. b. Aug. 3, 1889 at Mahanoy City, Pa. A physician by profession, he received his M.D. degree from Jefferson Medical Coll. in 1912 and began practice in Mahanoy City in 1914. He served in WWI as a captain in the Medical Corps with the 79th Division, A.E.F. A member of Mahanoy City Lodge No. 357, he received his degrees on March 23, April 27 and May 25, 1914. He was exalted in Mizpah Chapter No. 252, R.A.M. on June 10, 1915 and knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 31, K.T. on March 23, 1916; both being in Mahanoy City. He is a member of the Scottish Rite at Bloomsburg, Rajah Shrine Temple

at Reading, and Tall Cedars of Lebanon Forest No. 50 at Pottsville.

Ferdinand (see Duke of Brunswick)

Ferdinand IV (1751–1825) Anti-Mason. King of the Two Sicilies. Also known as Ferdinand I, and Ferdinand III. He was the son of Don Carlos of Bourbon (later Charles III of Spain). He was King of Naples from 1759–1806 and again from 1815–25 as Ferdinand IV. He expelled the Jesuits in 1767, and married Maria Carolina of Austria in 1768. Under her influence, he joined the coalition against France in 1793. At Napoleon's victory he fled to Palermo and then to Sicily, where in 1806 he ruled as Ferdinand III while Naples was ruled by Joseph Bonaparte, q.v., and Murat, q.v. He was restored to Naples in 1815, and made king of the two Sicilies as Ferdinand I. He ruthlessly repressed liberal opinion and his tyranny brought on the revolution of 1820. His last years were an era of cruel vengeance and persecution. On Sept. 12, 1775, he issued an edict forbidding the meeting of Freemasons in lodges in his dominions under the penalty of death. He revoked the edict in 1777 at the solicitation of his queen, Caroline, but in 1781 the decree was renewed.

Ferdinand VI (1713–1759) Anti-Mason. King of Spain, 1746–59. He was the second son of Philip V and Maria Louisa of Savoy. He kept Spain neutral during the first part of the Seven Years' War. He suffered from extreme melancholy which developed into insanity. His government was generally administered by ministers Jose de Carvajal and Ensenada. At the

solicitation of Joseph Torrubia, visitor of the Holy Inquisition, he enforced the Bull of Excommunication of Pope Benedict XIV, q.v., and forbade the congregation of Freemasons under the highest penalties of law (1751).

Ferdinand VII (1784–1833) Anti-Mason. King of Spain, 1814–20 and 1823–33. Son of Charles IV, he was proclaimed king after the forced abdication of his father in 1808, but Napoleon captured him on a ruse and held him prisoner until 1814, when he reinstated him. He had no sooner ascended the throne than he reestablished the Inquisition, which had been abolished by his predecessor. He ordered the closing of all lodges under the heaviest penalties. In Sept following, 25 persons, among whom were several distinguished noblemen, were arrested as “suspected of Freemasonry.” On March 30, 1818, a still more rigorous edict was issued, by which those convicted of being Freemasons were subjected to severe punishment, exile or death. His rule was cruel and tyrannical and was overthrown in 1820, but the Holy Alliance, using French troops, restored him in 1823. His further reign lost Spain all its colonies in North and South America and relegated the country to a second rate power.

Roger H. Ferger Publisher of Cincinnati Enquirer (Ohio) since 1944. b. Jan. 5, 1894 in Cincinnati. He graduated from U. of Pennsylvania in 1916. Until 1920 he was an advertising agency executive, and in that year became advertising manager for the Enquirer. He returned to the advertising field on the Pacific coast until 1933 when he became business manager of the Milwaukee Sentinel (Wis.), and in 1936, of

the Pittsburgh Post Gazette (Pa.). He returned to the Enquirer in 1940 as assistant publisher. Director of several companies and active in city and state service organizations. Member of Hyde Park Lodge No. 584, Cincinnati, since 1922; 32° AASR, (NJ) at Cincinnati, and Syrian Shrine Temple.

Homer Ferguson U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1943–54 and U.S. Ambassador to Philippines since 1955. b. Feb. 25 in Harrison City, Pa. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1913. He was admitted to the bar in 1913 and practiced until 1929, when he became a circuit judge. He was elected to the U.S. Senate in 1943, following his investigation of rackets in Detroit in 1939. City and county officials including the mayor, chief of detectives, prosecuting attorney, and sheriff were indicted as a result of his fact-finding. He also served as a professor at the Detroit College of Law. His appointment as ambassador to the Philippines was approved March 11, 1955. He is a member of Golden Rule Lodge No. 159, in Ann Arbor; Palestine Chapter No. 159, R.A.M. and Detroit Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., both of Detroit. He received his 32° AASR (NJ) in Detroit Consistory and 33° in 1952.

Homer L. Ferguson (1873–1953) Shipbuilder and President of Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co. (Va.) from 1915–46 and chairman of board, 1940–53. b. March 6, 1873 at Waynesville, N.C. He was with the Newport News company from 1905. Previously he had been in naval construction for private firms and the U.S. Navy from one coast to the other. Mason. d. March 14, 1953.

James E. Ferguson (1871–1944) Governor of Texas 1915–16. b. Aug. 31, 1871 in Bell Co., Texas. He spent two years on Pacific coast and in the Rocky Mountains as a laborer, teamster, miner and became a foreman on bridge-building crews on various Texas railways. He next engaged in farming in Bell Co. and became an extensive landowner. He was admitted to the Texas bar in 1897, and practiced at Belton, and later in Temple. He was a member of Knob Creek Lodge No. 401 at Temple and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Sept. 21, 1944.

Malcolm P. Ferguson President and Director of Bendix Products of Bendix Aviation Corp. since 1946. b. June 20, 1896, at Elmira Heights, N.Y. Graduate of Syracuse U. in 1918. He was with the Eclipse Machine Co. of Elmira, N.Y., before coming to Bendix as assistant general manager in 1936. Mason and Knight Templar.

Sterling P. Fergusson Meteorologist who conducted the first experiment of elevating a recording instrument by kites in 1894. b. Nov. 8, 1868 at Dixon's Springs, Tenn. He has been with the Blue Hills Observatory (Harvard), U.S. Weather Bureau, and with the Hobbs Greenland expedition in 1926–27, as meteorologist. He has devised many instruments and methods for use in his field. Mason.

Bert M. Fernald (1858–1926) Governor and U.S. Senator from Maine 1916–19. b. April 3, 1858 at West Poland, Maine. He was a packer of canned goods from 1888 and president of the National Cannery Assn. in 1910. He was state senator two terms and governor of Maine from 1909–11. Raised in

Tyrian Lodge No. 73 on June 25, 1896 and exalted May 27, 1910 in St. Andrews Chapter No. 51, R.A.M., both of Mechanic Falls, Maine. d. Aug. 23, 1926.

Karl Ludwig Fernow (1763–1808) German writer on art. A painter himself, he was a member of Goethe's circle. b. Nov. 19, 1763 at Pomerania, Germany. He was in Rome from 1795–1802 lecturing on archaeology. When he returned to Germany he became a professor of Italian literature at Jena. In 1804 he was librarian for the Duchess Amalia at Weimar. He was a member of the lodge Amalia, which honored his memory by a special assembly in 1809. d. Dec. 4, 1808.

Francisco Guardia Ferrer (1859–1909) Spanish free-thinker, revolutionary, educator and martyr. He was bequeathed a legacy by a Catholic woman for the purpose of founding a school. Upon learning of this, the French ecclesiastical authorities unsuccessfully sought to utilize the legacy for a church school, but Ferrer founded the Escuela Moderna at Barcelona in 1901, where he refused to teach a religious curriculum and spoke against the existing Spanish regime. In 1907 he was acquitted on charges of complicity in an attempt to assassinate the king and queen of Spain the preceding year. He went to England in 1909, but returned when he learned of an uprising in Barcelona. He was arrested on charges of aiding the uprising, convicted, and executed on Oct. 13, 1909. His trial caused the downfall of the Maura ministry and created violent antagonism abroad against Spain and Catholicism. Although his lodge is not known, he is referred to by the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917 as a Freemason.

Robert, 5th Earl of Ferrers Real name was Robert Shirley. Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England (Moderns), 1762–63. He sheltered the famous Chevalier D'Eon de Beaumont, q.v., at his home, Staunton Harold near Ashby-de-la-Zouch at one time when it appeared that the latter might be kidnapped.

David L. Ferris (1864–1947) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Dec. 31, 1864 at Peekskill, N.Y. A deacon in 1893 and priest in 1894, he served churches in New York, Conn. and Pa. from 1893 until 1920 when he was named bishop suffragan, diocese of Western New York. He was bishop coadjutor in 1924–29 and bishop, 1929–32. From 1932–38 he was bishop of diocese of Rochester, N.Y., and resigned in 1938. Raised May 19, 1908 in Hail-man Lodge No. 321, Pittsburgh, Pa.; grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania from 1908–12; affiliated with Frank R. Lawrence Lodge No. 979, Rochester, N.Y. on Feb. 10, 1913; was grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of New York from 1916–17, 1920–23; exalted in Pittsburgh Chapter No. 268, R.A.M. on Dec. 20, 1909; greeted in Doric Council No. 19, R. & S.M. in May, 1916; knighted in Monroe Commandery No. 12, K.T. in March, 1914; joined Damascus Shrine Temple in 1912; received 32° AASR (NJ) in Pittsburgh in 1909; affiliated with Rochester (N.Y.) Consistory Feb. 6, 1915; crowned 33° AASR Sept. 18, 1919. d. June 9, 1947.

Woodbridge N. Ferris (1853–1928) Governor and U.S. Senator from Michigan. b. Jan. 6, 1853 at Spencer, N.Y. In the educational field, he served as a teacher in a business college at Freeport, Ill.; a professor at Rock River U. at Dixon, Ill.; principal of the Dixon and Pittsfield, Ill., schools; and in

1885 founded, and was president, of the Ferris Institute. He was elected governor of Michigan two terms, 1913–16 and was U.S. Senator from 1923–29. He was raised in Big Rapids Lodge No. 171, Big Rapids, Mich., on Feb. 12, 1891. d. March 23, 1928.

Elisha P. Ferry Governor of Washington, 1872–80. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 13 at Olympia, Wash., and past master of same. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Washington and 32° AASR (SJ) at Olympia. Deceased.

Jules F. C. Ferry (1832–1893) French lawyer, statesman and Premier of France, 1880–81, 1883–85. Born at Saint Die, in the Vosges in 1832, he was admitted to the bar in 1851. Active in the establishment of the Republic of France, he turned to politics and opposed the party of Louis Napoleon. He gained fame for himself while serving as minister of public instruction. Through his efforts, the rule of the Jesuits was broken in 1879, and in 1882, he was instrumental in the passage of a law which made primary education free, compulsory and non-clerical. While prime minister, he directed the acquisition of colonies in Africa and Asia. At the siege of Paris during the Franco-Prussian War (1870–71), he was prefect of the besieged city and conceived the novel idea of getting the mail out by balloons, thus founding the world's first "air mail." He was a member of the Lodge Alsace-Lorraine which was constituted at Paris in Sept. 1872 under the jurisdiction of the Grand Ori- Simeon D. Fess (1861–1936) U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1923–35. b. Dec. 11, 1861 in Allen Co., Ohio. Three degrees from Ohio Northern U. at Ada, Ohio. A professor of

law from 1896–1900, he then served two years as vice president of his alma mater, and later was a lecturer at the U. of Chicago. From 1907–17 he was president of Antioch Col., Yellow Springs, Ohio. He was a member of the 63rd to 67th U.S. congresses (1915–23) before becoming a member of the U.S. Senate for two terms. A member of Yellow Springs Lodge No. 421, he was a 33° AASR (NJ) and member of Antioch Shrine Temple at Dayton. d. Dec. 23, 1936.

Samuel Fessenden (1784–1869) Lawyer and Major General of Massachusetts militia. b. July 16, 1784 in Fryeburg, Maine. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1806. In 1828 he declined the presidency of that institution. He was admitted to the bar in 1809, and began practice at New Gloucester. He was on the general court of Mass. (of which Maine was then a part) for two years and represented his district in the state senate and legislature. He served 14 years as a major general of the 12th Mass. militia. Raised Sept. 25, 1805 in Pythagorean Lodge No. 11, Fryeburg, he affiliated with Cumberland Lodge No. 12, New Gloucester on Oct. 16, 1809 and with Portland Lodge No. 1 (Portland) on March 24, 1823. He served in the grand lodge line from 1822 until 1828, when he was elected grand master. He was exalted in Mt. Vernon Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Portland on July 11, 1823, elected an honorary member in 1849, and served as deputy grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Maine in 1826–27; knighted in Maine Encampment No. 1, Portland on Nov. 24, 1823, he was commander in 1825, 1845 and 1846. In 1845 he was grand captain general of the Grand Encampment of Mass. and R.I. d. March 13, 1869.

Ignaz Aurelius Fessler (1756–1839) Hungarian ecclesiastic, historian and Masonic reformer. b. May 18, 1756 at Czarendorf, Hungary. He was educated in the Jesuit school of Raab, and took the orders in 1772. He was sent to the Capuchin monastery in Vienna. When he exposed the monastic abuses to Emperor Joseph II, he was dismissed from the order in 1781, and was converted to Lutheranism in 1791. He then taught oriental languages at the U. of Lemberg and served as private tutor to the son of Prince of Crolath. From 1791 to 1806, he was a superintendent of schools in Berlin. It was during this period that he made the attempted revision of the Royal York Lodge in Germany and documented the Rite of Fessler. He was initiated at Lemberg in 1783. He studied Freemasonry and thought it incapable of producing the moral reforms he wished. He therefore established a secret order called the Evergreen in 1788 while in Breslau. It bore a resemblance to Freemasonry, but it later failed. In June, 1796, while in Berlin, he affiliated with the Lodge Royal York, zur Freundschaft, became one of its officers, and eventually saw it grow into a grand lodge, of which he became deputy grand master. He was charged with revising the ritual, which was based on the French system of advanced degrees. Fessler, himself, did not believe in any degrees beyond that of “Master.” He worked on its revision for many years and incorporated parts of the Swedish system. When the brethren would not accept his revisions, he wearied of his opposition and renounced all the offices he had filled, resigning in 1802. His revised rite, which was soon abandoned by the grand lodge in favor of the English system, contained nine degrees—Entered Apprentice, Fellowcraft,

Master Mason, The Holy of Holies, Justification, Celebration, True Light, The Country, and Perfection. He later received relief from the German lodges. In 1808 he became a professor in the U. of St. Petersburg, Russia; ecclesiastical president of the Consistory at Saratow, and in 1827 on the invitation of Emperor Alexander, he was made ecclesiastical counselor. In Russia he became master of The Polar Star Lodge which was organized about 1809 and met in the private apartments of Baron Rosenkampf. They were called "Illuminati" or "hateful revolutionaries" by the Russian Rosicrucians. Fessler's early renunciation of the priesthood followed him all his life and forced him from one position to another as he was constantly attacked for his liberal views.

John E. Fetzer Radio executive. Co-owner Detroit Tigers Baseball Club, Am. League, since 1956. b. March 25, 1901 in Decatur, Ind. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1921. After doing experimental work on spark and vacuum tube transmitters, he built and operated the pioneer Southwest Michigan radio station KFGZ in 1923. He then did research in England, Holland, France, Germany and Switzerland. Returning to the U.S. he became president and owner of WKZO at Kalamazoo, Mich. (1939). He then established station WJEF at Grand Rapids and became vice president of KXEL at Waterloo, Ia. From 1944-46 he was assistant director of U.S. censorship in charge of radio and as such supervised 900 domestic radio stations and all short-wave overseas broadcasts, all wire services and network news rooms. Visited Europe in 1945 at invitation of General Eisenhower to study problems of use of radio in postwar Europe. Member of Anchor Lodge No. 87;

Kalamazoo Chapter No. 13, R.A.M.; Peninsular Commandery No. 8, K.T., all of Kalamazoo, Mich. 32° AASR (NJ) at Grand Rapids, Mich., and Saladin Shrine Temple of same city.

Wade Fetzer President of The Fidelity & Casualty Co. of New York. b. Nov. 22, 1879 at Ottumwa, Ia. Has been in the insurance business at Chicago, Ill., since 1897. He has been president of the W. A. Alexander & Co. since 1927 and now chairman; president of Fidelity of New York since 1930, now director. He is also director of the Continental Insurance Co. of N.Y.; La Salle National Bank of Chicago and First National Bank of Hinsdale, Ill. He was the first president of the Insurance Federation of America in 1913, and again in 1920. Mason.

Anthony Fiala (1869–1950) Explorer. b. Sept. 19, 1869 in Jersey City Heights, N.J. Began as a designer of lithography, and later a newspaper artist and cartoonist with Grit publications. He studied photo-engraving, and installed the plant for the Brooklyn Daily Eagle in 1894, and was in charge of the same. While serving in the Spanish–American War, he acted as war correspondent for that paper. He later established and was president of Fiala Outfits, Inc. He was photographer for the Baldwin–Ziegler Polar Expedition of 1901–02, and commanding officer of the Ziegler Polar Expedition of 1903–05, the latter reaching 82° 4' north and discovering and mapping new islands. They also discovered and mapped accurately the greater part of Franz Joseph Archipelago. He accompanied Col. Theodore Roosevelt, q.v., on his trip through the Brazilian wilderness in 1913–14 and explored the Papagio River and

descended the Jurnena and Tapajos Rivers of Brazil. Served in the Mexican border affair and as a major in WWI. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City. d. April 8, 1950.

Johann Gottlieb Fichte (1762–1814) German philosopher. Educated at Jena and Leipzig, Germany. After tutoring in Zurich, Switzerland, he was appointed professor of philosophy at the U. of Jena in 1793 and here wrote some of the books for which he became internationally famous. In 1798, a theological furor arose over an article which appeared in a journal he edited, and he resigned. Taking up residence in Berlin, he drew up a plan for the U. of Berlin and was its first rector (1810–14). He was the exponent of a system of transcendental idealism, emphasizing self-activity of reason, and setting forth a perfected Kantian system, or science of knowledge, in which he connected practical reason with pure reason. He was the author of *Versuche einer Kritik aller Offenbarung*, which was first attributed to Kant. Fichte was made a Mason in Zurich. There was no lodge in Jena, so he went to Rudolstadt in Thuringia, a duchy where the reigning prince was a patron of Masonry. When he went to Berlin in 1799, he became acquainted with Fessler, q.v., deputy grand master of the Royal York grand lodge and co-operated with him on the philosophical phase of additional degrees. Among his writings was a book entitled *The Philosophy of Masonry*.

Crosby Field Inventor. b. March 12, 1889 at Jamestown, N.Y. Graduate of New York and Cornell Universities. He has over 100 U.S. patents in his name for electrical, mechanical and chemical processes. His inventions include the Oxide Film

Lightning Arrester (1912) and continuous ice ribbon freezing process (1923). He was first with General Electric and then in private practice as a consulting engineer. From 1919–23 he was with National Aniline & Chemical Co. in charge of all engineering; from 1923–45 he was vice president of Brillo Mfg. Co.; has been president of Flak Ice Corp. since 1923. As an officer of Army Ordnance Dept. since 1917, he served in both World Wars. He received his third degree in Wappingers Lodge No. 671, Wappingers Falls, N.Y., on May 15, 1916 and has been in good standing since that time.

Stephen J. Field (1816–1899) Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1863–97. b. Nov. 4, 1816 at Haddam, Conn., he was admitted to the bar in 1841. He was the last justice appointed by Lincoln. His decisions were important in the development of constitutional law. He resigned in 1897. He was a member of Corinthian Lodge No. 9 (formerly Lavelly Lodge) at Marysville, Calif., and in 1866 was made a life member for his liberal donations to the lodge. d. April 9, 1899.

William C. Fields (1880–1946) Comedian of stage, motion picture and radio. b. Jan. 29, 1880 at Philadelphia, Pa. He was in vaudeville for several years and appeared in musical productions on Broadway including the Ziegfield Follies and Earl Carroll's Vanities. Among his motion pictures were: So's Your Old Man, It's the Old Army Game, The Potters, Six of a Kind, One in a Million, It's a Gift, David Copperfield, Mississippi, The Man on a Flying Trapeze, Poppy, The Big Broadcast of 1938, The Bank Dick, Never Give a Sucker an Even Break and My Little Chickadee. In 1937 he starred on

the Chase and Sanborn Radio Hour. He was famous for his bulbous nose and his Fieldisms such as “my little chickadee” and “imagine that—a check for a short beer.” He was a member of E. Coppee Mitchell Lodge No. 605, Philadelphia, Pa. d. Dec. 25, 1946.

Willam J. Fields (1874–?) Governor of Kentucky, 1924–27 b. Dec. 29, 1874 in Willard, Ky. Farmer, lawyer and real estate dealer at Olive Hill, Ky., and then a commercial traveler for wholesale groceries and drygoods from 1899–1910. Member of 62nd to 68th Congresses (1911–25). Resigned to become governor. Original lodge not known, but was admitted to Little Sandy Lodge No. 712 on Aug. 21, 1915 from “Ashland” (grand secretary’s records do not locate him in any lodges around Ashland). He was suspended Aug. 20, 1921; reinstated July 21, 1923; suspended June 20, 1925. Deceased.

James, 4th Earl of Fife Fiftieth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1814–15.

Howard W. Files (1893–1957) Vice President of Pillsbury Mills, Inc. since 1933. b. Feb. 18, 1893 at Sioux Falls, S.D. He has been employed by Pillsbury since 1912, advancing to vice president in 1933, and vice president in charge of sales and advertising since 1940. Served in WWI both as an enlisted man and officer. Member of Khurum Lodge No. 112, Minneapolis, receiving degrees July 23, Aug. 16 and Aug. 20, 1915; 32° AASR (NJ) on Nov. 12, 1921. d. Dec. 7, 1957.

Jose Quirce Filguera Costa Rican architect who

reconstructed the Cathedral of San Jose. On a voyage to Guatemala he organized Freemasonry in that country. He was master of Caridad Lodge No. 26.

Vincente Filisola Mexican general, second in command to Santa Anna during the Texas revolution. He was senior warden of La Independencia Lodge.

Millard Fillmore (1800–1874) Thirteenth President of the United States. Was an Anti-Mason. At the beginning of the Anti-Masonic period he was one of the most bitter critics of the fraternity which he characterized as “organized treason.” Later in life his views seemed to mellow, for on July 4, 1851, as President, he was present at the Masonic cornerstone laying of the extension of the Capitol in Washington and took part in the exercises, examined the stone, pronounced it laid, and said, “The Most Worshipful Grand Master of the District of Columbia will now please examine the stone and see that it is well laid.” In Sept., 1872, he attended another Masonic cornerstone laying at the Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane. His uncle, Jesse Millard of Michigan, was a Mason.

William P. Filmer (1866–1942) President of the Golden Gate Bridge and Highway District from 1929–38. b. March 2, 1866 in New York City and educated in California public schools. Began as a farmer and then went into the printing business, becoming president of the Filmer Bros. Electrotypes Co. from 1900. Initiated in King Solomon’s Lodge No. 260 in July, 1898, he was master in 1903, and held the office of treasurer from 1903 until his death. Member of chapter, council

and commandery, he received the Scottish Rite in 1900, and was grand treasurer general, 33° of the AASR (SJ). He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of California in 1911 and grand treasurer of the same from 1913 until his death on Nov. 22, 1942.

John Filson (1747–1788) Explorer and historian. b. in Chester Co., Pa. An early explorer of the western country, he had traveled throughout the central part of North America before he was 37. After spending several years in Kentucky collecting information for a history of the country, he purchased one-third interest in the present site of Cincinnati, Ohio, from Mathias Denman. While exploring the country between his new land and the Great Miami, he disappeared on Oct. 1, 1788 and was presumed to have been killed by hostile Indians. He became a member of Lodge No. 14 at Christina Ferry, Del. on Dec. 16, 1784, on a trip to Wilmington to have his first book printed, i.e., *The Discovery, Settlement and Present State of Kentucke*. He also published *A Map of Kentucky; A Topographical Description of the Western Territory of North America* and other works.

Alexander Edward, Viscount of Fincastle Sixty-first Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1835. He was later the 6th Earl of Dunmore.

William Finch (1772–1818) Controversial character of early English Freemasonry. Claimed by some to be a Masonic charlatan and imposter, he is supported by others as being a genuine student of Freemasonry. He was initiated in what

is now the United Industrious Lodge No. 31 of Canterbury. He gave up his trade as a tailor and went to London to write Masonic books, which he published in great number. The first, published in 1801, was *A Masonic Treatise, With an Elucidation on the Religious and Moral Beauties of Freemasonry*, etc. It was approved by the provincial grand master for Kent. Five years later he was censured by the grand lodge. In 1807 he was again censured by the grand lodge. He set up his own "Independent" lodge in his home in Westminster where he conducted initiations and imparted Masonic instruction and even offered correspondence courses in Freemasonry. His rituals were printed in a cypher or *The Master Key* which he varied from time to time. The first was one using Z for A, Y for B, etc. He made considerable profit from his lodge and books, but in 1815 an engraver named Smith sued him for money due for printing and Finch instituted a countersuit for money due him for initiating and instructing Smith in Freemasonry. When the grand lodge officers were called into court as witnesses, they denied that Finch had the right to make Freemasons and he lost the suit, later dying in poverty.

William G. H. Finch Inventor and radio executive. The inventor of automatic high speed radio printing system; radio relay, and recorder; high fidelity transmission system (both black and white and color); and radio broadcast facsimile system. b. June 28, 1895 in Birmingham, England, coming to the U.S. in 1906. In early years, he was an electrical engineer and radio specialist with several companies. in 1921 he has been radio engineer and editor of *International News Service*,

and radio editor of New York American and patent advisor for Popular Radio and Wireless Age since 1925. He established the first radio–typewriter press circuit between New York City and Chicago in 1932, and the first international circuit between New York City and Havana in 1933. He is the chief consulting engineer of the Hearst Newspapers, and chief engineer and secretary of Hurst’s American Radio News Corp. In 1931 he was communications aide to the Wilkins–Ellsworth Transarctic Submarine Expedition. He is vice president of WCAE, Pittsburgh, and owner of WGHF. Member of DeMolay Lodge No. 498, Buffalo, N.Y., since 1919; Ancient Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and Columbia Commandery No. 1, K.T., both of New York City; 32° AASR (SJ) at Alexandria, Va., and Washington, D. C. Chapter of National Sojourners; Mecca Shrine Temple, New York City.

Gottfried Joseph G. Findel (1828–1905) German Masonic writer, noted mainly for his General History of Freemasonry, published in 1861 and translated into English versions in 1865 and 1869. This was the forerunner of Gould’s later work. He was initiated in Lodge Eleusis zur Vershwiegenheit at Bayreuth on Oct. 19, 1856. He founded the Union of German Freemasons in 1860 and was the editor of an interesting Masonic journal at Leipzig in 1858, entitled Craft Lodge. In 1874 he published Genius and Form of Freemasonry. Of interest to Americans is the fact that in 1860 the Prince Hall (Negro) Grand Lodge of Mass. made him honorary past grand master and named him representative of the Prince Hallgroups in Germany. They presented him with a jewel, collar, and gauntlets which were on display in the museum

of the grand lodge at Bayreuth before WWII. When the Nazis overran Germany, all items were confiscated except the jewel and it is again on display in the museum. d. in 1905.

William Findlay (1768–1846) Governor of Pennsylvania 1817–20 and U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1821–24. b. June 20, 1768 in Mercersburg, Pa., he became a farmer and active in Democratic politics. He was elected to the state legislature in 1797 and 1803. From 1807–17 he was state treasurer. He was treasurer of the U.S. mint at Philadelphia from 1827–40. Member of a Pennsylvania lodge. d. Nov. 12, 1846.

Benjamin Fine Journalist and Education Editor for The New York Times. In 1943 he won the Pulitzer Award for the New York Times for “the most disinterested and meritorious public service rendered by an American newspaper during the year.” b. Sept. 1, 1905 in New York City, he is a graduate of Rhode Island State Coll., and Columbia U. He was taught and lectured in education in a number of institutions of higher learning. Among his books are *A Giant of the Press*; *Educational Publicity*; and *Admission to American Colleges*. Raised in Justice Lodge No. 753, New York City in 1937, he was master in 1946 and named representative of New Mexico near the Grand Lodge of New York in 1955; 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Mecca Shrine Temple of New York; chairman of education committee of New York Times Square Club.

John S. Fine Governor of Pennsylvania, 1950–54. b. April 10, 1893 near Nanticoke, Pa. Graduate of Trinity Coll. and U. of Dublin. Admitted to bar in 1915, he practiced in Wilkes-Barre

until 1927 when he became judge of court of common pleas of Luzerne Co. In 1947 he was named to the bench of the superior court of Pa., serving until elected governor in 1950. Mason.

George K. Finlay (1877–1938) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 1, 1877 at Greenville, S. Car. Ordained deacon in 1902 and priest in 1903. He was missionary in charge of Trinity Chapel at Clemson Coll. (S. Car.) from 1902–07, and rector of Trinity Church at Columbia from 1907–21, when he was consecrated bishop coadjutor of diocese of South Carolina. From 1922 he was bishop for diocese of upper South Carolina. Mason. d. Aug. 27, 1938.

David E. Finley Director, National Gallery of Art at Washington, D.C. since 1938. b. Sept. 13, 1890 at York, S. Car. Graduate of U. of South Carolina and George Washington Law School. He practiced law at Philadelphia from 1915–17, and after service as a lieutenant in WWI, went with the War Finance Corp. and later with the U.S. treasury. From 1933–37 he practiced law in Washington, D.C. He was president of American Association of Museums from 1945–49 and has served on national and international museum commissions. Mason. Member Philanthropic Lodge No. 32, York, S.C.

George Washington Finley (1858–1932) Piankeshaw Indian Chief whose tribal name was Te-Wah-Guah-Keillon-Ga b. b. Oct. 7, 1858 near Paola, Kans. He was raised in Miami Lodge No. 140, Miami, Okla. on Sept. 24, 1913 and served that lodge as tyler for 15 years. He received his 32° AASR (SJ)

at McAlester, Okla. on Jan. 25, 1917 and was a member of Akdar Shrine Temple at Tulsa, Okla. d. Nov. 16, 1932.

Woolsey Finnell (1866–1955) Alabama engineer who sponsored the erection of a monument to the memory of Ephriam Kirby, q.v., the first general grand high priest of the Gen-eral Grand Chapter, U.S.A. at Mt. Vernon, Ala. in 1953. b. Oct. 24, 1866 near Tuscaloosa, Ala. He was an engineering graduate of the U. of Alabama. Served in Engineer Corps as a colonel in WWI and was cited for meritorious service by General Pershing, q.v. Was judge of probate in Tuscaloosa Co. following the war and later state director of highways for Ala. Finnell was one of the co-founders of the American Legion. Raised Sept. 26, 1896 and served as head of the grand chapter, grand council and grand commandery of Alabama. Member of Red Cross of Constantine; K.Y.C.H.; 33° AASR (SJ). He was awarded the General Grand Chapter's gold distinguished service award in 1954 for his part in the erection of the Kirby monument. d. Jan. 26, 1955.

Charles G. Finney (1792–1875) Anti-Mason, clergyman, abolitionist and president of Oberlin College (Ohio) from 1851–65. He received his degrees in Meridian Sun Lodge No. 32, Warren, Conn. in 1816, and in June, 1818, made his first visit to Rising Sun Lodge No. 125 at Adams, N.Y. Although not a member of the latter lodge at the time, he was voted to serve as secretary, pro tern at a meeting on Feb. 24, 1820. On Dec. 14, 1820 he was admitted a member of the lodge and named secretary at the same meeting. On May 6, 1824, he was discharged by his own request. It was in this year that

he was licensed as a minister by the St. Lawrence Presbytery, and two years later he began conducting religious revivals throughout the Middle and Eastern states. He wrote and preached anti-Masonry wherever he was, and with Jonathan Blanchard, a Presbyterian minister and president of Wheaton College, published an anti-Masonic newspaper called *The Christian Cynosure*. He was active with Blanchard and Bishop David Edwards in the formation of the National Christian Association in 1868, whose purpose was to oppose all secret societies. This grew into the American Party in 1872, and this short-lived organization ran candidates in the 1876 and 1880 elections. Eventually dissension and petty jealousies in the anti-Masonic ranks caused the movement to die. As one biographer stated: "Were he alive today, how surprised he would be to learn that there are more Masons among the undergraduates and graduates of Oberlin College than existed during the Morgan affair in the entire state of New York."

Joseph Firrao Anti-Mason. Roman Catholic Cardinal and secretary of state to Pope Clement XII, q.v., who after his famous Bull of Excommunication on April 24, 1738 entitled *In Eminenti Apostolatus Specula*, caused Firrao to issue a still more stringent edict for the Papal states on Jan. 14, 1739 of which subjected Freemasons to death and confiscation of property, without hope of mercy" *sotto Pena della morte, e confiscazione de deni da incorressi, irremisstbilmente senz a speranza di grazia.*"

Leo H. Fischer Sports editor. b. Sept. 20, 1897 at Chicago, Ill. Has been a reporter and sports writer for *Chicago Examiner*,

Chicago Herald-Examiner, Chicago Journal, Chicago American. Has been sports editor for Chicago Herald-American since 1941. He was founder and president of the Amateur Softball Assn. in 1930-38; president of the National Professional Basketball League in 1940-44. Served in the Navy in WWI. Member of Monroe C. Crawford Lodge No. 1042, Chicago, Ill., receiving degrees on May 27, July 1, and Sept. 9, 1921. Served as senior warden at one time. Member of National Sojourners and Heroes of '76.

Bert Fish (1875-1943) U.S. Envoy and Minister. b. Oct. 8, 1875 at Bedford, Ind. Graduate of John B. Stetson U. Admitted to Florida bar in 1902, practiced in De Land, retiring in 1926. He served as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Egypt (1933), Saudi Arabia (1939), and Portugal from 1941. In 1937 he was chairman of the delegation to the Capitulations Conferences at Montreaux, Switzerland. He also was engaged in the citrus industry in Florida. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 37, De Land, Fla., receiving degrees on Feb. 14, March 14 and March 28, 1899; 32° AASR (SJ). d. July 21, 1943.

Edward L. Fishburne Justice, Supreme Court of North Carolina since 1935. b. Nov. 4, 1883 at Walterboro, S. Car. Graduate of The Citadel (S.C.). Admitted to bar in 1907 and practiced in Walterboro. Served four years in the lower house of his state. Mason.

John W. Fishburne (1868-1937) U.S. Congressman to 72nd Congress (1931-33) from 7th Va. dist. b. March 8, 1868 in

Albemarle Co., Va. Law degree from U. of Virginia in 1896, he practiced at Charlottesville. Served in lower state house and was circuit judge from 1913–30. Mason. d. June 26, 1937.

Geoffrey F. Fisher Archbishop of Canterbury. b. May 5, 1887 at Higham Rectory, Numeaton, England. He was a student at Marlborough Coll. from 1901–06 and received a B.A. from Exeter Coll., Oxford, in 1910 and an M.A. in 1913. He was ordained as a deacon in the Church of England in 1912, priested in 1913, and consecrated bishop in 1932, as bishop of Chester; bishop of London in 1939, and archbishop of Canterbury since 1945. He is known for his tolerance and unconventionality. When enthroned in 1945 as archbishop, he became one of the youngest primates of England in modern times. He has been privy councilor since 1939. Initiated in Old Reptonian Lodge No. 3725 in 1916, he later became a member of Tyrian Lodge No. 253 in Derby, and as bishop of Chester, he joined St. Anselms Lodge No. 5166 at Chester in 1935, and served as master in 1936. He has twice been grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England—1937 and 1939 and served as provincial grand master for Norfolk.

Henry C. Fisher (1867–1936) Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. May 20, 1867 in Montgomery Co., Md. Received his M.D. degree at Georgetown U. in 1891, and appointed 1st lieutenant and assistant surgeon in the Army in the same year, advancing through grades to brigadier general and assistant surgeon general in 1929, retiring in 1931. He served in the Spanish–American War, Philippine Insurrection and WWI. He commanded hospitals at Hot Springs, Ark.,

Walter Reed General Hospital, and Army Medical School at Washington, D.C. Mason. d. Dec. 18, 1936.

John S. Fisher (1867–1940) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1927–31. b. May 25, 1867 in South Mahoning Twp., Pa. Graduate of Indiana State Normal School of Pa. in 1886 and honorary degrees from several institutions. Admitted to the bar in 1893, he practiced at Indiana, Pa. He was chairman of the board of National Union Fire Insurance Co. and was chairman of the investigating committee which exposed the frauds in connection with furnishing the state capitol at Harrisburg. In 1919 he was appointed state commissioner of banking. He was made a Mason “at sight” by the grand master of Pennsylvania at a special communication of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania on March 7, 1928, and was elected to membership in Indiana Lodge No. 313 of Indiana, Pa. d. June 25, 1940.

Joshua Fisher (1748–1833) Surgeon on a privateer during the Revolutionary War. b. May 17, 1748, in Dedham, Mass. He graduated from Harvard in 1776, studied medicine and began his practice until the hostilities with Great Britain began in 1775, when he volunteered as a surgeon on a privateer out of Marblehead. He was captured, but escaped to France, again entering the service. After the war, he settled in Beverly, Mass. and attained a high reputation in his profession. He bequeathed \$20,000 to found a Harvard professorship in natural history. He was president of the Massachusetts Medical Society and published *A Discourse on Narcotics* in 1806. He was a member of Unity Lodge

at Ipswich, Mass. and served as secretary of the lodge. d. March 15, 1833.

Clark Fisher U.S. Congressman to 78th to 80th Congresses from 21st Texas dist. (1943–51). b. Nov. 22, 1903 near Junction, Texas. Admitted to bar in 1929, he served as county attorney, state representative and district attorney. Member of Concho Lodge No. 1260, San Angelo, Texas since 1922 and past master of same. Member of Acacia Fraternity, Eastern Star and Shrine.

George A. Fitch Secretary of the International Committee on Y.M.C.A. since 1909. b. Jan. 23, 1883 in Soo-chow, China. An ordained Presbyterian pastor, he entered the Y.M.C.A. work in 1909, and has served in Shanghai, Nanking, Chungking, Lan-chow, China, and in Korea since 1947. He was director of the Nanking Safety Zone during the siege and occupation of 1937–38. He has been executive adviser to Chinese Industrial Cooperatives; deputy director of UNRRA; vice president of Chinese–Foreign Famine Relief; trustee of Institution for Chinese Blind, and honorary adviser to Chinese Mission to Lepers. Mason and member of O.E.S.

John Fitch (1743–1798) Inventor of steamboats. b. Jan. 21, 1743 in East Windsor, Conn. His early years were marked by ill-treatment from his father and elder brother, and an unfortunate marriage. After serving an apprenticeship as a watchmaker, he became a wanderer in 1769. First a gunsmith to the American forces of the Revolution, he later joined the New Jersey troops and wintered at Valley Forge, later resuming his watch-making trade in Bucks Co., Pa. As a deputy

surveyor for the state of Virginia he also combined the job of selling merchandise in the back country and on one trip was captured and held prisoner by the Indians throughout one winter (1782–83) until he escaped. He first conceived the idea of steam as a motive-power in April, 1785 while in Warminster, Pa. He had been initiated into Bristol Lodge No. 25 of Bristol, Pa., just three months earlier (Jan. 4, 1785). His first thought was to use it for carriages, but then he returned to vessels. He completed his first model of a steamboat that year. Although he besieged the Continental Congress as well as the Pennsylvania legislature for aid in his project, he failed to receive it, and with \$800 of his own capital, he formed a company and began a boat of 60 tons. His second boat made its trial trip on the Delaware at Philadelphia on Aug. 22, 1787, in the presence of the members of congress met in convention to frame the Federal constitution. A still larger boat was completed in October, 1788, and another in April, 1790, the latter running the entire summer as a regular passenger boat between Philadelphia and Burlington with a speed of eight miles per hour. In 1791 he received a patent for his inventions from the government. In 1793 he went to France to build a boat, but found the country in revolution and left his plans and specifications with the American consul at L'Orient and went to London. In his absence, his drawings and papers, it is claimed, were lent to Robert Fulton who was then in Paris. He returned to America in 1794 disappointed and penniless. He then constructed one more steamboat and another model, but sometime between June 25 and July 18, 1798, he committed suicide by poison and died in a tavern in Bardstown, Ky. He wrote: "The day will come when some more powerful

man will get fame and riches from my invention; but nobody will believe that poor John Fitch can do anything worthy of attention.” In 1817, at the instigation of Governor Ogden of N.J. the original patents, drafts, specifications and models of both Fitch’s and Fulton’s boats were presented before a committee of the New York legislature which reported: “the steamboats built by Livingston and Fulton were in substance the invention patented to John Fitch in 1791, and Fitch during the term of his patent had the exclusive right to use the same in the United States.”

Lord Frederick Fitzclarence. Sixty-Fifth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1841–42.

A. L. Fitzgerald (1840–1921) President of Pacific Methodist College, 1871–75 and Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Nevada, 1907. b. Oct. 27, 1840 in Ruffin, N. Car. Graduate of U. of N. Car. Serving in the Civil War, he saw action in the battles of the Wilderness, Petersburg, and the siege of Richmond. Went to Calif. after the war and taught Greek and Latin in the Pacific Methodist College. He later became deputy superintendent of Public Instruction of the state and returned to the college in 1871 as president. He read law and was admitted to the bar in 1878, moving in that year to Eureka, Nev. He was elected district judge in 1887, and elevated to the supreme court bench in 1900. Raised in Rockwell Lodge No. 600, Ruffin, N. Car., he received the chapter and commandery degrees in Petersburg, Va. in 1863. In Nevada he affiliated with Eureka Lodge No. 16 and St. Johns Chapter No. 5, heading both bodies and becoming grand high priest of the Grand Chapter

of Nevada in 1884 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada in 1887. He received his AASR (SJ) degrees in Santa Rosa, Calif., in 1870, 33° and sovereign grand inspector general for Nevada. d. Aug. 21, 1921.

Edward Fitzgerald (1809–1883) English poet and translator. Educated at Cambridge, he is best known for his translation in rhymed verse of the Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam (1859). He was the author of two plays of Sophocles and six dramas of Calderon. Member of Doric Lodge No. 96 at Woodbridge, England.

Frank D. Fitzgerald (1885–1939) Governor of Michigan, 1935–36. b. Jan. 27, 1885 at Grand Ledge, Mich. In the service of his state from 1913, he was variously a proofreader of the lower house, bill clerk, clerk in office of secretary of state, executive secretary of Michigan Federal Food Administration, deputy secretary of state, business manager of state highway department, secretary of state, 1931–34. He was raised in Grand Ledge Lodge No. 179 on Nov. 7, 1920, and was a member of the Scottish Rite (NJ) at Grand Rapids, Mich. d. March 16, 1939.

John Fitzgerald Aide-de-Camp to General Washington in Revolutionary War. A major of the 9th Virginia Regiment, he served as Washington's aide from Nov. 1776 to July 1778. Member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6 in Virginia.

Roy G. Fitzgerald U.S. Congressman, 67th to 71st Congresses (1921–31) from 3rd Ohio dist. b. Aug. 25, 1875

at Watertown, N.Y. Admitted to bar in 1896. He served in WWI as an infantry captain overseas. He is the author of the cumulative codification system for statutory law of U.S. and District of Columbia, and has been a delegate to the conference of the Interparliamentary Union in 1927, 1928 and 1929. Member of Mystic Lodge No. 405, Dayton, Ohio, receiving degrees on Dec. 23, 1902, Feb. 4 and Feb. 16, 1903; 32° AASR (NJ).

Burton S. Flagg President of Federated Mutual Fire Insurance Co. and Cambridge Mutual Fire Insurance Co. b. Nov. 10, 1873 in Littleton, Mass. Graduate of Brown U. in 1896. Started in insurance business at Fitchburg, Mass. in 1897. Officer and director of many companies. Raised in St. Matthews Lodge, Andover, Mass. on Nov. 2, 1903; knighted in Bethany Cornmandery No. 17, Lawrence, Mass. on May 28, 1907; received 32° AASR (NJ) in Massachusetts Consistory, Boston, April 28, 1911; entered Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston, on Dec. 30, 1910.

Edmund Flagg (1815–?) Author. b. Nov. 24, 1815 in Wiscasset, Maine. He graduated at Bowdoin in 1835 and taught school in Louisville, Ky. and wrote for the Louisville Journal for 30 years. He read law in St. Louis and was admitted to the Mo. bar in 1837, also editing the St. Louis Commercial Bulletin. In 1840–41 he practiced law in Vicksburg, Miss., and was editor of the Whig at the same time. At this time he was seriously wounded in a duel with the editor of the Vicksburg Sentinel. In 1842 he owned the Gazette at Marietta, Ohio, and in 1844–45 the St. Louis Evening Gazette. He subsequently acted as official reporter of the courts of St. Louis and reported on the

debates of the constitutional convention of Mo. In 1849 he was secretary of the U.S. legation at Berlin, and in 1850–51 was U.S. consul at Venice and also correspondent for several New York papers. On his return in 1852 he took charge of a Democratic paper in St. Louis. He was afterward placed in charge of the bureau of statistics in the department of state at Washington, D.C. From 1858–60 he acted as Washington correspondent for the western press. From 1861–70 he was in charge of the U.S. copyright office and then practiced law at Falls Church, Va. Among his writings are *The Far West*; *The Howard Queen*; *Blanche of Artois*; *Edmond Dantes* (a sequel to *Monte Cristo*); *Venice, the City of the Sea*; *De Molai, the Last of the Military Grand Masters*. Although his lodge is not known, he was a member of Louisville Chapter No. 5, Louisville, Ky. and created a Knight Templar on April 26, 1851 in Louisville Commandery No. 1, K.T. He was a life member of the latter body, but dimitted to affiliate with Washington Commandery No. 1 of Washington, D.C. on March 8, 1854.

Harris Flanagan Former Governor of Arkansas. Member of Arkadelphia Lodge No. 19, Arkadelphia, Ark. In 1859 he was chairman of the committee on education of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas and junior grand deacon in 1862. A member of Whitfield Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., Camden, Ark., he became high priest of Merrick Chapter, U.D. at Arkadelphia and was deputy grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Arkansas in 1860. He served as grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Arkansas. Deceased.

John W. Flannagan, Jr. (1885–1955) U.S. Congressman to

72nd to 80th Congresses (1931–49) from 9th Va. dist. b. Feb. 20, 1885 at Trevilians, Va. Began law practice at Appalachia, Va. in 1907 and later settled in Bristol. Mason and Shriner. d. April 27, 1955.

Reuben H. Fleet President of Consolidated Aircraft Corp. b. March 6, 1887 at Montesano, Wash. He began in 1907 as a real estate operator, specializing in timber and in May, 1923, organized the Consolidated Aircraft Corp., of which he was president and general manager until 1941 and senior consultant since 1942. Served as a major in Army Air Force in WWI. Mason.

Samuel S. Fleisher (1872–1944) Wool manufacturer and philanthropist. Particularly active in juvenile fields. b. in Philadelphia, Pa., he was vice president of S. B. & B. W. Fleisher, Inc., manufacturers of worsted yarn, but retired to devote himself to community projects in Philadelphia as well as those on a national scale. Member of Keystone Lodge No. 271, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on April 6, May 9 and June 12, 1914. d. Jan. 20, 1944.

Sir Alexander Fleming (1881–1955) British discoverer of penicillin. Graduate of St. Mary's Hospital Medical School. A professor of bacteriology at the U. of London and lecturer of Royal Coll. of Surgeons. He discovered penicillin in 1928 for which he was awarded the Nobel prize in 1945. Discovered lysozyme in 1929. He was knighted by King George VI, q.v., in 1944. He was awarded the distinguished service citation of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1953. A member of several

English lodges, he was master of Misericordia Lodge No. 3286 in 1935, and later served as treasurer. He was master of Santa Maria Lodge No. 2682 in 1925, and later secretary. In 1942 he was elected senior grand deacon of the United Grand Lodge of England and promoted to past grand warden in 1948. He served as high priest of Aesculapius Chapter and in 1942 was past grand sojourner of the Supreme Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of England, and later was named past grand scribe. In the Scottish Rite, he was 30° and was sovereign of Victory Chapter of Rose Croix. He was also a member of the London Scottish Rifles Lodge No. 2310 and took special pride in the fact that he has served as a private in the Scottish Rifles Regiment of London for 14 years. d. March 11, 1955.

Dewey L. Fleming Newspaperman and Pulitzer prize winner. b. July 19, 1898 at Whitmer, W. Va. Was a reporter with Elkins Inter-Mountain (W. Va.) and Baltimore American until 1923, when he went with the Baltimore Sun. Since that time he has been with the Washington Bureau, New York correspondent, Chicago correspondent, London correspondent and chief of the Washington Bureau since 1941. He was awarded the Pulitzer prize for reporting on national affairs in the year 1943. Mason.

Raymond H. Fleming Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 5, 1889 at Waxahachie, Texas. Graduate of Trinity U. (Texas) and postgraduate work in economics and labor relations at Tulane. He enlisted as a private in the La. national guard in 1916 and was commissioned in 1917, advancing to brigadier general in the guard in 1928 and in the U.S. Army in 1940.

He served in the Mexican border conflict and with the field artillery overseas in WWI. In WWII he was state director of selective service (La.) and in 1948 was assistant director of selective service at Washington, D.C. Member of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans, La. since 1917 and a National Sojourner.

Wallace B. Fleming President of West Virginia Wesleyan College, 1915–22 and president of Baker University, 1922–36, and now president emeritus. b. Nov. 22, 1872 in Cambridge, Ohio, he holds degrees from Muskingum (Ohio), Drew, Columbia, West Virginia, Wesleyan and Baker. Ordained a Methodist Episcopal minister in 1897, he served pastorates in Paterson and Bayonne, N.J. and was later professor of Hebrew and Greek at Drew Theological Seminary (N.J.). Raised in Maple Lodge No. 196, N.J. on June 16, 1911. Later affiliated with Madison Lodge No. 93, N.J. and with Franklin Lodge No. 7, Buckhannon, W.Va. in 1918 dimitting in 1923.

Walter M. Fleming (1838–1913) Cofounder of the Ancient, Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine with William J. Florence, q.v., on June 6, 1876 and was its first imperial potentate, serving for 12 years. b. June 13, 1838 in Portland, Maine. A physician, he was raised in Rochester Lodge No. 660 on Feb. 13, 1869 and affiliated with New York Lodge No. 330 on Dec. 3, 1872. He became a member of Columbian Commandery No. 1, K.T. at New York City on Dec. 2, 1871 and was its commander from 1873–77. d. Sept. 9, 1913.

William Fleming (1734–1824) American patriot and jurist.

A graduate of William and Mary CO11. in 1763, he was a member of the house of burgesses and of the Virginia conventions in 1775–76 and a member of the committee on independence in May, 1776. He became judge of the general court and presiding judge of the court of appeals. He served as a delegate from Virginia to the Continental Congress in 1779–81. His lodge is not known, but he attended the sessions of the Grand Lodge of Virginia in Oct. 1791. d. Feb. 2, 1824.

Hugh J. Flemming Prime Minister of New Brunswick from 1952. b. at Peel, Carleton Co., N.B., Canada. Engaged in potato farming and lumbering early in life. He became a county councilor and was later elected to the New Brunswick legislature and became the leader of the opposition, in which capacity he served until the election of 1952, when the Conservatives came into power and he was called upon to form a new government. His father, John K. Flemming was premier of New Brunswick from 1911–14. He was raised in Carleton Lodge No. 35 in 1925 and took his chapter work in Woodstock Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. and was made a Knight Templar in 1929. As premier of the province, he encouraged legislation to widen the social services and develop the potential hydro resources.

Duncan U. Fletcher (1859–1936) U.S. Senator from Florida 1909–36. b. Jan. 6, 1859 at Sumter Co., Ga. Degrees from Vanderbilt U. and John R. Stetson U. He was admitted to the bar in 1881 and practiced at Jacksonville, Fla. He served as mayor of Jacksonville two terms, was a member of the lower house in Florida, and chairman of the Democratic state

committee from 1905–08. He was raised in Solomon Lodge No. 20 of Jacksonville in 1882. d. June 17, 1936.

Esten A. Fletcher (1869–?) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine in 1931–32. b. July 23, 1869 near Toronto, Canada.

Robert C. Fletcher One of the founders of Rotary International. Member of LaGrange Lodge No. 770 at LaGrange, Ill. and recorder of Trinity Commandery No. 80, K.T. of LaGrange.

Thomas C. Fletcher (1827–1899) Governor of Missouri, 1865–69. b. Jan. 22, 1827 at Herculaneum, Mo., his family came from Maryland in 1818. When 22, he was elected circuit clerk of Jefferson Co. He was admitted to the bar in 1855 and became land agent for S.W. branch of the Pacific Railroad. In 1857 he and his brother-in-law, Louis J. Rankin, laid out the town of DeSoto, Mo. In the Civil War he volunteered in April, 1861, and in 1862, recruited the 31st Missouri Infantry and was commissioned as colonel. He was wounded and captured at Chickasaw Bayou. In 1864 he organized state troops to resist the invasion of General Price, and for his successful defense of Pilot Knob under General Ewing, he was brevetted brigadier general by President Lincoln. Elected governor in Nov. 1864, he was the first native-born Missourian and the first Republican to serve as governor of the state. One of his first acts was to issue an emancipation proclamation on Jan. 11, 1865. He created a new and larger public school fund; reorganized and improved the public school system; made the first appropriation from the general revenue for the U.

of Missouri; established an an-migration board and sold railroads owned by the state through failure of the companies to pay interest on state-guaranteed bonds. At the conclusion of his term in 1869, he practiced law in St. Louis and then in Washington, D.C. He was a member of Joachim Lodge No. 164, Hillsboro, Mo. (of which his father was also a member) and of Jefferson City Chapter No. 34, R.A.M., receiving the Mark and Past Master degrees on Dec. 29, 1868 and Royal Arch on Jan. 23, 1871. He dimitted to St. Louis Chapter No. 8 on Feb. 4, 1876. He was knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 8, K.T., St. Louis on May 25, 1871 and served as commander in 1874. When he moved to Washington, he dimitted from both chapter and commandery and it is presumed that he affiliated with those bodies in the east. d. March 25, 1899.

Charles W. Flint Methodist Bishop. b. Nov. 14, 1878 at Stouffville, Ont., Canada. Received degrees from Victoria Coll. (Ont.), Drew Theological Sem.; Columbia U. and Wesleyan U. He entered the Methodist ministry in 1900, and served pastorates in Iowa, New York and Conn. From 1915–22 he was president of Cornell Coll. (Ia.) and chancellor of Syracuse U. from 1922–36. Named as bishop in 1936, he first served the Atlanta area until 1939 and then the Syracuse area until 1944. In 1944 he was moved to the Washington, D.C. area. He is a member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 112, Mt. Vernon, Iowa. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Iowa on Feb. 1, 1918, withdrawing in 1919, and later affiliating with the northern jurisdiction and receiving 33°.

Frank P. Flint (1862–1929) U.S. Senator from California,

1905–11. b. July 15, 1862 in North Reading, Mass., moving to San Francisco with parents in 1869. Studied law, became clerk in U.S. marshal's office and admitted to the bar. He served as U.S. attorney for Los Angeles and later to Southern District of Calif. Member of Eastgate Chapter No. 103, R.A.M. of Los Angeles. d. Feb. 11, 1929.

Charles T. Floquet (1828–1896) President of the French Chamber of Deputies, 1885–88. A French politician and lawyer, he opposed the second empire, and was active in government of national defense in 1870. He attempted a reconciliation between the revolutionary leaders and Versailles government during the Commune, but was briefly imprisoned at Paris for his radical sentiments (1871). In 1875 he entered the chamber of deputies. From 1888–89 he was president of the council and minister of interior. He was again president of the chamber in 1889–93. Said by the bulletin of the International Masonic Congress (1917) to be a Freemason.

William Jermyn Florence (1831–1891) The stage name for Bernard Conlin, an American actor who is recognized as the founder of the Ancient and Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. b. July 26, 1831 in Albany, N.Y. He excelled in dialect impersonation. During one of his trips abroad, he conceived the idea of the Shrine while in North Africa, and on his return conveyed the idea to his friend, Dr. Walter M. Fleming, q.v., and the two founded the organization in New York City on June 6, 1876 with Fleming as first potentate of Mecca Temple. He received all three degrees by special dispensation in Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 155, Philadelphia, Pa.

on Oct. 12, 1853 and “joined” the lodge on Nov. 22 of that year. He became a member of Zerubbabel Chapter No. 162, R.A.M. on June 12, 1854 and of Pittsburgh Commandery No. 1, K.T. on June 13, 1854. He was a 33° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 19, 1891. He was buried in a Protestant cemetery with Catholic rites, the latter being arranged by his wife.

Jean P. C. Florian (1755–1794) French author who wrote fables, romances and plays. Member of the Lodge of Nine Sisters, Paris.

Robert L. Flowers (1870–1951) President of Duke University, 1941–48. b. Nov. 6, 1870 in N. Car. He was a graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy in 1891. He was professor of mathematics at Duke U. from 1891–1934; vice president from 1925–41; trustee from 1910; treasurer 1928–48 and chancellor from 1948. Mason. d. Aug. 24, 1951.

John B. Floyd (1807–1863) Governor of Virginia, 1850–53; Secretary of War, 1857–60; Brigadier General in Confederate Army. b. June 1, 1807 in Blacksburg, Va. He graduated from Coll. of South Carolina in 1826 and moved to Arkansas for three years, returning to Virginia in 1839 to practice law. He served one term in the lower house of Virginia before becoming governor in 1850. In 1861 he was indicted in Washington as having given aid to secession leaders while he was secretary of war by dispersing the army to remote parts, transferring muskets from northern to southern arsenals and other charges. He demanded an immediate trial and in Jan. 1861, a committee from the house of representatives

completely exonerated him. In that same year he was made brigadier general in the Confederate Army. He was a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 36, Richmond, Va. and was present at a special communication of the Grand Lodge of Virginia on Feb. 21, 1850. He delivered the oration at the cornerstone laying of the Washington monument. d. Aug. 26, 1863.

Robert Fludd (1574–1637) An Oxonian philosopher who introduced Rosicrucianism into England. He wrote many works on the “Rosy Cross,” all of which were in Latin. He claimed that the Rose Croix symbolically signified the cross dyed with the blood of the Saviour—a Christian idea which was in advance of the original Rosicrucians. Although he probably was not a member of the craft, his ideas may have had an influence on speculative Freemasonry in England. He was often called “Robertus de Fluctibus.”

John J. Flynt, Jr. U.S. Congressman, 83rd and 84th Congresses from 4th Georgia dist. b. Nov. 8, 1914 at Griffin, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia and George Washington U. Admitted to bar in 1938. Served in U.S. Army from 1936–37 and 1941–45. Member of Meridian Sun Lodge No. 26, Griffin, Ga., receiving degrees on Sept. 3, Oct. 1, and Oct. 15, 1946.

Nandor Fodor Psychoanalyst. b. May 13, 1895 in Beregszasz, Hungary. Graduate of Royal Hungarian U. of Science, Budapest, in 1917. From 1934–38 he was director of research for the International Institute of Psychical Research at London, and London editor of the Journal of American Society for Psychical Research from 1935–39. Since 1939

he has been a practicing psychoanalyst in New York City. He is the author of *Encyclopedia of Psychic Science*; *Those Mysterious People*; *The Search for the Beloved*; *Freud—Dictionary of Psychoanalysis*. Mason.

James W. Foley, Jr. (1874–1939) Author and newspaperman. b. Feb. 4, 1874 in St. Louis, Mo. Student at U. of South Dakota. He began newspaper work on the Tribune at Bismarck in 1892 and was associate editor of the Evening Post at Pasadena, Calif., from 1919–29. He was the author of many poems and stories for children, and in 1924 the state department of public instruction in N. Dak. ordered his birthday to be celebrated by all public schools of that state and to be observed annually. Among his writings are *Boys and Girls*, *Plains and Prairie*, *Life and Laughter—Completed Verses* (1911); *Old Friends in Joyous Verses* (1912); *The Way of Smiles* (1913); *Tales of the Trail* (1914); *The Friendship Series* (which included 10 subjects in 1915); *The Voices of Song* (1916). He also produced several outdoor plays including *In Old Virginia*; *With Happiness to You* and *White Gods and Red*. Affiliated with Starr King Lodge No. 344, Calif. on Dec. 4, 1919 from Bismarck Lodge No. 5, S. Dak. d. May 17, 1939.

John H. Folger U.S. Congressman to 72nd and 78th to 80th Congresses (1943–49) from 5th N.Car. dist. b. Dec. 18, 1880 at Rockford, N.Car. Practiced law in N.Car. since 1901. Served in both branches of state legislature and was mayor of Mt. Airy for two terms. Mason and Shriner.

Joseph W. Folk (1869–1923) Governor of Missouri,

1905–09. b. Oct. 28, 1869 at Brownsville, Tenn. Graduated from Vanderbilt U. in 1890 and admitted to bar that year. He practiced in Brownsville, Tenn. for four years, and then moved to St. Louis, Mo. in 1894. While serving as circuit attorney of St. Louis (1900–04), he exposed a vast amount of political and official corruption and prosecuted numerous bribery cases, some involving influential St. Louis citizens. He lost two races for U.S. Senate and at one time was mentioned as a presidential candidate. He made a lecture tour of the U.S. in 1909–10 and was chief counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission from 1914–18. He was raised in Occidental Lodge No. 163 at St. Louis on June 30, 1903 by the grand master of the state, Dr. William F. Kuhn, q.v. d. May 28, 1923.

Martin Folkes (1690–1754) English scholar and antiquarian. b. Oct. 29, 1690 in Westminster, England. He entered Cambridge U. in 1707 and in 1713 was elected a fellow of the Royal Society and in 1723 was named its vice president. At the death of Sir Isaac Newton in 1727, he became a candidate for its presidency, but was defeated by Sir Hans Sloane. At the resignation of Sloane in 1741 Folkes became president and held the office until 1753, when he resigned due to ill health. He was elected a member of the Royal Academy of Sciences in Paris in 1746, and in the same year received Doctor of Laws degrees from both Oxford and Cambridge. In 1750 he was elected president of the Society of Antiquaries, holding that position until his death. It seems that he was induced to take a part in Freemasonry through his association with Sir Christopher Wren, q.v., and Dr. Desaguliers, q.v. Few records remain of his Masonic life. In 1725 he was appointed deputy

grand master of the Grand Lodge of England, serving under the Duke of Richmond. He is recorded as having given considerable attention to his duties, and presided over the grand lodge in May of that year. He is supposed to have given an address at that meeting which was preserved as the "Folkes M.S." but since lost. He visited Italy and is said to have established a lodge named Fabius Maximus in Rome. In 1742 the Freemasons of that country struck a medal in his honor with Masonic symbols on one side and his likeness on the obverse. d. June 28, 1754.

A. J. Folley Former Justice, Supreme Court of Texas. b. Nov. 28, 1896 at Oletha, Texas. Graduate of Baylor U. in 1921 and 1925. He first taught in Frederick, Okla., and in 1923, was a teacher in Baylor U. Admitted to bar in 1925, he practiced in Floydada, serving as district attorney, district judge, and associate justice of court of civil appeals. Now in private practice in Amarillo. Received his degrees in Mart Lodge No. 636, Mart, Texas in 1918 and holds dual membership in Floydada Lodge No. 712 and Amarillo Lodge No. 731, being past master of the latter and past district deputy grand master of the 96th dist. He is also a member of the chapter and council at Floydada.

Frederick V. Follmer U.S. District Judge for Eastern, Middle and Western Districts of Pennsylvania since 1946. b. Dec. 13, 1885 at Milton, Pa. Graduate of Bucknell U. and Harvard. Admitted to bar in 1910, he practiced at Milton and later served as district attorney and U.S. attorney. Member and past master of Milton Lodge No. 256, Milton, Pa.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Williamsport, Pa.

James E. Folsom Governor of Alabama since 1947. b. Oct. 9, 1908 in Coffee Co., Ala. He was a district agent of Emergency & Aid Insurance Co. at Elba, Ala., from 1937–40 and became state manager for same in 1940. He is a member of Marshall Lodge No. 209 at Guntersville and belongs to the chapter and commandery at Birmingham. In 1956 he extended his greetings to the Grand Lodge of Alabama at their annual communication. Shriner.

Jellis A. Fonda Revolutionary War officer. Sometimes referred to as “Jules” or “Jelles.” He was a major in Col. Willett’s New York Regiment. Originally initiated in St. Patrick’s Lodge No. 8 at Johnstown. This lodge became famous when the Revolution split its membership between the colonies and the crown. Such famous members as Sir William Johnson, q.v., Sir John Johnson, q.v., Col. Guy Johnson, q.v., and Col. John Butler, q.v., were British leaders while others such as Gen. Nicholas Herkimer, q.v., and Rev. Samuel Kirkland, q.v., fought with the colonies. Fonda later became a member of St. George’s Lodge No. 1 at Schenectady and served as master in 1797, 1799–1803 and in 1805.

Fonseca (see Da Fonseca).

Marquis Louis de Fontanes (1757–1821) French writer and statesman. b. March 6, 1757 at Niort, France. He was president of the Corps Legislatif in 1804, having been a member from 1802. In 1810 he was a senator under Napoleon I, q.v. He was also a member of the privy council and was created a marquis and a peer by Louis XVIII. He was a member

of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris, his name appearing on the lists of members between 1783 and 1806. d. March 17, 1821.

Percy W. Foote Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 13, 1879 at Roaring River, N.Car. Graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1901 and served through the grades to that of rear admiral in 1936, when he was retired. He was recalled to active duty in May, 1942 as inspector of Naval material at Houston, Texas. He was again retired in 1945. He commanded the U.S.S. President Lincoln when it was sunk in an engagement with the German submarine U-90 in 1918, and was in command of forces from the U.S.S. Baltimore during the Chinese uprising of 1905. From 1937-39 he was commander of the Pennsylvania motor police. Former member of Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C., now dimitted.

Joseph B. Foraker (1846-1917) U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1897-1909 and Governor of Ohio, 1885-89. b. July 5, 1846 near Rainsboro, Ohio. He graduated from Cornell in 1869 after he had served in the Civil War with the 89th Ohio Infantry from 1862 to the end of the war. He was admitted to the bar and began practice at Cincinnati in 1869. He served as judge of the superior court of Cincinnati. Running for governor four times, he was twice elected and twice defeated. A delegate to eight national Republican conventions, he presented the name of William McKinley for nomination in 1896 and 1900. He became a member of Walnut Hills Lodge No. 483 of Cincinnati on May 19, 1885 and was also a member of Walnut Hills Chapter No. 151, R.A.M., Cincinnati Cornmandery No.

3, K.T. and Al Koran Shrine Temple of Cincinnati. d. May 10, 1917.

James, 16th Baron of Forbes Nineteenth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1754.

Aaron L. Ford U.S. Congressman, 74th to 77th Congresses (1935–43) from 4th Miss. dist. b. Dec. 21, 1903 at Potts Camp, Miss. Graduate of Cumberland U. Admitted to bar in 1927. From 1943–45 he acted as special attorney for special committee of House of Representatives to investigate acts of bureaus exceeding their authority. Vice president of Burma-Cola Co. and Bantam Beverages, Inc. Former member of Ackerman Lodge No. 1191, Ackerman, Miss. Dates of degrees—Nov. 15, Dec. 6, 1928, Jan. 8, 1929; dimitted Jan. 5, 1954.

Benson Ford Vice president of Ford Motor Co. and general manager of Lincoln–Mercury division as well as vice president and group director of Mercury and special products division of Ford Motor Co. b. July 20, 1919 at Detroit, grandson of Henry Ford, q.v., founder and long-time president of the company. He was educated in the Detroit U. school, Hotchkiss school and Princeton U. From 1940–41 he was assistant purchasing agent for Ford Motor Co. and assistant superintendent, 1941–42. He is a director of the company. He is a member and trustee of The Ford Foundation and trustee and president of the Henry Ford Hospital at Detroit. Served in WWII as a captain in the Air Force. Both Benson and his brother William, q.v., were raised in Corinthian Lodge No. 241 of Detroit on May 1, 1950. On April 28, only a few days

earlier, Benson had addressed 1600 Scottish Rite Masons in the Detroit temple on “A Practical Approach to Brotherhood.” He is a 32° AASR (NJ).

Henry Ford (1863–1947) Automobile manufacturer and philanthropist. b. July 30, 1863 in Wayne Co., Mich. His inventive genius helped change the methods of transportation of the world. Early in life he learned the machinist’s trade and was chief engineer for Edison Illuminating Co. In 1903 he organized the Ford Motor Co. and built it into the largest automobile company in the world. In 1914 he made the unprecedented announcement that the company would institute a profit-sharing plan involving the distribution of 10 to 30 million dollars annually to employees. In 1915 he chartered a ship at his own expense to conduct a party to Europe with the object of organizing a conference of peacemakers to influence the belligerent governments to end the war. He returned home after reaching Christiania, Norway, but other members of his party proceeded to Stockholm, Copenhagen and through Germany to The Hague. In 1918 he was an unsuccessful candidate for the U.S. Senate. He was raised in Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich. on Nov. 28, 1894. The degree team was composed of men in overalls with whom he worked at the Edison company. He continued a staunch member of this lodge for almost 53 years. On March 7, 1935 he was made a life member of his lodge and presented with a testimonial plaque commemorating his 75th birthday. Ford made many visitations to lodges near his summer home at Traverse City and his winter residence in Georgia. He also made several visits to Zion Lodge which his brother-in-law,

William R. Bryant, served as master in 1932. On Nov. 21, 1928 he was made an honorary member of Zion Lodge No. 1 (Michigan's oldest lodge). When he received the 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept., 1940, he stated: "Masonry is the best balance wheel the United States has, for Masons know what to teach their children." Henry's only son, Edsel, was not a Mason, but two of his grandsons, Benson and William q.v., are. The third grandson, Henry II, became a Roman Catholic. d. April 7, 1947.

Hiram C. Ford U.S. District Judge, Eastern District of Kentucky since March, 1935. b. July 28, 1884 in Scott Co., Ky. Graduate of Georgetown Coll. (Ky.) and Transylvania Coll. of Law. Admitted to bar in 1907 and practiced in Georgetown. He served as county attorney and district judge of 14th state district. Member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 14, Georgetown, Ky., since 1915 and past master of same.

Samuel C. Ford Governor of Montana, 1940–48 (two terms). b. Nov. 7, 1882 in Albany, Ky. Began law practice in Helena, Mont. in 1906 and served as the first assistant U.S. Attorney for Montana from 1908–14. He was attorney general of the state from 1917–21 and associate justice of the supreme court from 1929–33. Since that date he has been in private practice. He was raised in Tyrian Lodge No. 246, Garden City, Kans. in 1905 and later affiliated with Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Mont. Member of Helena Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Helena Council No. 1, R. & SM.; and Helena Commandery No. 2, K.T., and 32° AASR (SJ), all of Helena, Mont.

Stanley H. Ford Major General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 30, 1877 at Columbus, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1898. Commissioned a lieutenant in 1898 (Infantry), he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1930 and later to major general. Served in Cuba during Spanish–American War, and in China from 1914–17. Was chief of staff of the 27th Division throughout its operations in Belgium and France in 1918, and was assistant chief of staff in Washington from 1927–30. He received the 2nd and 3rd degrees in George W. Lininger Lodge No. 268 at Omaha, Nebr. by special dispensation of the grand master. Five past grand masters were present for the occasion.

William C. Ford Vice President of Lincoln and Continental divisions of the Ford Motor Co. b. March 14, 1925 at Detroit, he is the grandson of Henry Ford, q.v., the founder of the Ford automotive empire. Graduated from Yale in 1948. He began with the company in 1942 as a laboratory technician, later in labor relations and quality control. He has been a director since 1948 and is president of the Edison Institute and Edsel B. Ford Institute for Medical Research. He is a trustee of the Thomas A. Edison Foundation and Henry Ford Hospital. He was raised in Corinthian Lodge No. 241, Detroit, Mich. on May 1, 1950 at the same time as his brother Benson, q.v. A 32° AASR (NJ) and Knight Templar.

Edwin Forrest (1806–1872) American tragedian. b. March 9, 1806 in Philadelphia, Pa. His first New York success was at Park Theatre as Othello on June 23, 1826, although he had played in small stock companies in the rural areas previous

to this. He appeared in London's Drury Lane Theatre as Spartacus in 1834. After years of success, he began a feud with the actor, Macready, over an imagined insult. As a result a mob attacked the Astor Place Opera House in London on May 10, 1849, where Macready was appearing and attempted to wreck the building. When the militia fired on them, 22 persons were killed and 36 wounded. From that time on he was given to brooding and melancholy, although during the period he appeared in some of his most successful performances. His chief roles were Lear, Coriolanus, Richard III, Virginius and Damon. He bequeathed a fortune to establish a home in Philadelphia for aged actors, but the claims of his divorced wife crippled the legacy. His lodge is not known, but in 1860 he donated \$500 he received from a libel suit to the Grand Lodge of New York for the widows and orphans home of New York. d. Dec. 12, 1872.

Sir James Forrest (of Comiston) Sixty-third Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1838. He was provost of Edinburgh.

Nathan B. Forrest (1821–1877) Lieutenant General of the Confederate Army. b. July 13, 1821 in Bedford Co., Tenn. He first farmed in Hernando, Miss. but moved to Memphis, Tenn. in 1852, and became a real estate dealer and broker in slaves. Entering the war in 1861 as a lieutenant colonel of cavalry, he distinguished himself with daring cavalry raids and was promoted to brigadier general after the attack on Murfreesboro in 1862. Following the battle at Chickamauga, he was transferred to northern Miss. and made a major general. His harassment of the Union forces by cavalry raids and

his capture of Fort Pillow in April, 1864 lead to his promotion to lieutenant general in Feb., 1865. His actions at Fort Pillow, when he moved his troops to a commanding position under a flag of truce and then gave no quarter to the Negro troops, is questioned. His own report stated: "We busted the port at niner'clock and scattered the niggers. The men is still a cillanem in the woods." He was an entered apprentice in Angerona Lodge No. 168 at Memphis, Tenn. d. Oct. 29, 1877.

Weidman W. Forster Editor of the Pittsburgh Press since 1950. b. Nov. 27, 1899 at Mercersburg, Pa. He did editorial work on the Ladies' Home Journal from 1916-17, and was with the Pittsburgh Leader from 1917-23. Going with the Press in 1923 he was successively reporter, financial editor, sports editor, news editor and managing editor. In WWI he served with the U.S. Navy. Mason.

James M. Forsyth (1842-1915) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 1, 1842 in the Bahamas, B.W.I. and was brought to the U.S. in 1853. He went to sea as a sailor before the mast in 1858, when only 16 years old. Although he served throughout the Civil War and was in many engagements including the capture of Forts Clarke and Hatteras, with Farragut on the Mississippi, and Forts Sumter and Moultrie, he was not commissioned until 1868, when he won in a competitive examination. He was promoted through the grades to captain in 1899 and retired in 1901 at his own request, as a rear admiral. He was made a Mason in Peru and later affiliated with Union Lodge No. 121, Philadelphia. He was a member of Shamokin Chapter No. 264 and Shamokin Commandery No.

77, K.T. both of Shamokin, Pa. On Nov. 5, 1909 he addressed Shamokin Lodge No. 255 on "Freemasonry Abroad." d. Aug. 3, 1915.

George F. Fort (1848–1909) Masonic author. b. Nov. 20, 1848 at Absecon, N.J. He edited the *Keystone*, a Masonic publication at Philadelphia and wrote several Masonic books including: *Early History and Antiquities of Freemasonry*; *A Historical Treatise on Early Builders' Marks*; and *Medieval Builders*. He was initiated in Camden Lodge No. 15, Camden, N.J. and was a founding member and second master (1871) of Trumble Lodge No. 117 of Camden. He was a scholar with an encyclopedic mind. He studied at Heidelberg U. and was noted for his studies of history and archeology. d. March 30, 1909.

John F. Fort (1809–1872) Governor of New Jersey, 1850–54. b. in May, 1809 in Pemberton, N.J. Graduated in medicine at the U. of Pennsylvania in 1830 and became a successful practitioner. In 1844 he was a member of the state constitutional convention, and subsequently elected to the state senate. After his service as governor, he was judge of the court of errors and appeals. He was made a Mason in Kane Lodge No. 55, Newark, N.J. on Sept. 18, 1885 and affiliated with Hope Lodge No. 124, East Orange, N.J. on July 20, 1898. He is sometimes credited with writing *Early History and Antiquities of Freemasonry*, but this was the work of his nephew, George F. Fort, q.v., who in turn is often mistaken as the former governor of New Jersey. d. April 22, 1872. Death date questioned.

Michael J. Fortier Vice President, Director and General Manager of Sherwin-Williams Co. (paint). b. Dec. 6, 1903 at Jeanerette, La. He began with the company in 1931 as a sales representative, later became division manager and district manager in both St. Louis and Cleveland. He was vice president and director from 1944, and vice president, director and general manager since 1945. He is also vice president and director of the following companies owned by Sherwin-Williams: Acme White Lead and Color Works; John Lucas & Co.; Rogers Paint Products; Martin-Senour; Hemingway & Co.; Texarkana Paint. Mason.

Joseph J. Foss Governor of South Dakota; U.S. Marine flying ace in WWII and holder of Congressional Medal of Honor. b. April 17, 1915 in Sioux Falls, S.Dak. He received an A.B. from the U. of South Dakota in 1940. He has been president of the Foss Motor Co. of Sioux Falls since 1953, and governor of South Dakota since 1955. He served in the lower house of the state from 1949-53. During WWII he served as a major in the U.S. Marine Corps, and as a pilot downed 26 Japanese planes, to become a national hero. He has been a brigadier general in the U.S.A.F. reserve, as well as the S.Dak. Air National Guard, since 1953. Foss was raised in Minnehaha Lodge No. 5 of Sioux Falls, June 29, 1943. He received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Los Angeles and is a member of El Riad Shrine Temple at Sioux Falls. Interested in crippled children, he is president of the South Dakota Society of Crippled Children, and in 1956 was chairman of the Easter Seal campaign for the National Society for Crippled Children and Adults.

Addison G. Foster (1837–1917) U.S. Senator from Washington, 1899–1905. b. Jan. 28, 1837 at Belchertown, Mass. He taught school in Illinois and moved to Wabasha, Minn. in 1859 where he engaged in the grain and real estate business until 1875. He then moved to St. Paul, and eventually to Tacoma, Wash. where he was in the lumber business and active in the development of coal mines and railways, retiring in 1914. He became a member of Wapahasa Lodge No. 14 at Wabasha, Minn. in 1861. When he moved to St. Paul, he affiliated with Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, and later with Summit Lodge No. 163 of St. Paul. d. Jan. 16, 1917.

Arthur B. Foster Justice, Supreme Court of Alabama, 1928–53 and now supernumerary justice. b. Oct. 19, 1872 at Clayton, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama. He practiced law at Troy, served in the house of representatives, was circuit judge, and then resumed practice in Birmingham until named to the supreme court bench. Mason.

Charles Foster (1828–1904) U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, 1891–93. b. April 12, 1828 near Tiffin, Ohio. His father was the founder of Fostoria, Ohio, said city being named for him. He became a partner in his father's general store at 18, and was in full charge the following year. He served his district in the U.S. Congress from 1871–79. He was governor of Ohio from 1880–84. President Harrison named him as chairman of a commission to negotiate a treaty with the Sioux Indians. He was long identified with the business interests of Fostoria and was a member of Fostoria Lodge No. 288. d. Jan. 9, 1904.

Ellsworth D. Foster (1869–1936) Encyclopedia editor. b. Oct. 2, 1869 at Clayton, Mich. He first taught school; was superintendent at Columa, Mich., until 1898, when he became associated with a textbook publisher. He began his Reference Library in 1907 and in 1914 became editor of *The World Book*. In 1931 he went to Volume Library as editor, and from 1935 was editor-in-chief of *The American Educator*. Member of Woodlawn Park Lodge No. 841, Chicago, Ill., receiving degrees on Sept. 25, Oct. 23 and Oct. 30, 1916. He was secretary of the lodge in 1920–21, 1923–25; dimitted Feb. 22, 1932. d. Nov. 7, 1936.

Ephraim H. Foster (1795–1854) U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1837–39. Studied law and was admitted to the bar and practiced in Nashville. In 1829 he was speaker of the state house of representatives. He was again elected to the senate in 1843. In 1847 he was the unsuccessful Whig candidate for governor. He was a member of Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Nashville. Inasmuch as the old records of the Grand Lodge of Tenn. were destroyed during the occupation of Nashville in the 1860's, it is difficult to determine exact membership dates. Foster was grand treasurer, pro tem, of the Grand Lodge of Tenn. on Oct. 2, 1820, and was elected grand treasurer at that meeting for the next year. In the proceedings of 1824, he is listed as a member and past grand treasurer. In the proceedings of 1820, he is listed as a past master of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, but in the records of 1825 he is not mentioned. The grand secretary of Tenn. doubts if he was actually a past master of that particular lodge, as he is not in the past master list of that lodge, published in 1951.

In 1825 he was a member of Nashville Lodge No. 37 (existed from 1821–1828). The assumption of the grand secretary is that he was a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8 in 1820 and became a charter member of Nashville Lodge No. 37 in 1821. d. Sept. 4, 1854.

John Gray Foster (1823–1874) Major General Union Army, Civil War. b. May 27, 1823 at Whitefield, N.H. Graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1846. Served in Mexican War and was wounded severely. As a lieutenant, he was an assistant professor of engineering at West Point in 1855–57. Early participant in Civil War, he was made brigadier general in 1861, and, in quick succession, lieutenant general and major general. He was in charge of the departments of Virginia and North Carolina at one time, and of Florida at another. His submarine engineering operations in Boston and Portsmouth harbors were very successful and in 1869 he published *Submarine Blasting in Boston Harbor*. Said to be a Freemason by *Freemason's Monthly Magazine* (Boston), Oct. 1864. d. Sept. 2, 1874.

Richard C. Foster (1895–1941) President of the University of Alabama from 1937. b. July 12, 1895. A.B. and LL.D. from U. of Alabama and LL.B. from Harvard. Admitted to bar in 1919. Served as captain in Field Artillery in WWI. Mason. d. Nov. 19, 1941.

Robert Foster A captain of the Minute Men in the Revolutionary War who said “hoist the draw.” He was master of Essex Lodge, Salem, Mass. Birth and death dates unknown.

Wilbur F. Foster (1834–1922) Engineer. One of the organizers of the Masonic Veterans' Association (for Civil War veterans). b. April 13, 1834 at Springfield, Mass. Past master of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn., having been raised March 26, 1857. Member and past high priest of Cumberland Chapter No. 1, Nashville. He became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Tennessee. d. March 26, 1922.

William B. Foster Father of Stephen Foster, the songwriter. He was a member of Hamilton Lodge No. 173 of Lawrenceville, Pa. The lodge was organized in 1819 and constituted Feb. 20, 1820 with William B. Foster, Sr. as treasurer. William B. Foster, Jr., a brother of Stephen, was initiated in 1828, but his certificate of membership was not issued until Sept. 19, 1831 at which time he was secretary of the lodge. The warrant of the lodge was vacated in 1837—for non-payment of dues. There is no record of Stephen Foster being a Freemason.

William W. Foster, Jr. (1849–1933) President of Clarke University, Atlanta, Ga., from 1912–18. b. July 27, 1849. Ordained a Methodist minister in 1873, serving churches in Vermont, New York and Mass. Retired in 1921. Trustee of Rust U., Beaver Coll. and Clark U. Mason. d. Feb. 22, 1933.

Roberto Brito Foucher Outstanding Mexican lawyer, known for his work among underprivileged children. A past grand master of the Grand Lodge, Valle de Mexico, he was featured in an article in Reader's Digest in May, 1952 entitled Doctor Ragpicker Finds the Forgotten Ones.

William Foulkes (1690–1754) English scholar who was elected to the Royal Society in 1714 when only 23. He was vice president of the society in 1722–23, and frequently presided in the absence of Sir Isaac Newton, the president. He was elected president in 1741 and served until 1753. In 1742 he was elected a member of the French Academy, and the same year was appointed as deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England, being the third person to hold this office. His contemporary, the painter William Hogarth, q.v., executed two paintings of him. He was born Oct. 29, 1690 on Queen St., Lincoln's Inn Fields, which almost a century later became the headquarters of Freemasonry. As a youth he attended the U. of Saumur near Tours, France, and was there recorded as "a choice youth of penetrating genius and master of the beauties of the best Roman and Greek writers." He later entered Clare College, Cambridge and was graduated in 1717 as a Master of Arts. He was made a Mason before 1723 at which date his name appears in the list of members of Bedford Lodge, Covent Garden. He is known to have been intimately connected with the Duke of Richmond. When the duke was made grand master in 1724, he appointed Foulkes as his deputy in succession to Dr. Desaguliers, q.v. On May 11 of that year, Foulkes attended the Maid's Head Lodge at Norwich Inn and thus constituted the earliest lodge in Norfolk, which seven years later raised Francis of Lorraine, later emperor of Germany, who was on a visit to England, and who had been initiated earlier at a special lodge held at The Hague by Dr. Desaguliers.

Fernand Foureau (1850–1914) French explorer in Africa

who made a special study of the Sahara region. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress (1917) states he was a Freemason.

John B. Fournet Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana since 1949. b. July 27, 1895 at St. Martinville, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. and admitted to bar in 1920. Practiced in St. Martinville, Baton Rouge, and Jennings. He served in the lower house of the legislature and was speaker of the same from 1928–32. In 1932–35 he was lieutenant governor of Louisiana. Named associate justice of the supreme court of Louisiana in 1934, he has been chief justice since Sept., 1949. Received his degrees in Albert Rousseau Lodge No. 301, St. Martinville, La. in 1916–17 and is past master of same; 32° AASR (SJ) at New Orleans and member of Jerusalem Shrine Temple of New Orleans.

Winfred E. Fouse Co-organizer of General Tire and Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio in 1914 and director of same since. b. Dec. 24, 1877 at Akron. Employed by B. F. Goodrich and Diamond Rubber Co. from 1902–05, he was credit manager for Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., 1905–09. Organized the Western Rubber & Supply Co. in Kansas City in 1909 with W. O'Neil and the General Tire Co. at Akron in 1914. Received his degrees in Gate City Lodge No. 522, Kansas City, Mo. on April 23, May 4 and May 21, 1910; admitted to Akron Lodge No. 83, Akron, Ohio, March 7, 1916. Exalted in Orient Chapter No. 102, Kansas City on April 13, 1912 and admitted to Washington Chapter No. 25, R.A.M. of Akron on March 10, 1916. Greeted in Akron Council No. 80, R. & S.M. on Nov. 22, 1946. Knighted

in Oriental Commandery No. 35, K.T. Kansas City, Mo. on Dec. 21, 1912 and admitted to Akron Commandery No. 25 March 10, 1916; 32° AASR (NJ) at Canton, Ohio on April 13, 1934 and 33° Sept. 29, 1943. Joined Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, March 21, 1913 and was a charter member of Tadmore Temple of Akron, being potentate of same in 1934.

Daniel G. Fowle (1831–1891) Governor of North Carolina, 1889–91. b. March 3, 1831 at Washington, N.Car. There is no record of his membership prior to 1864, when he was first listed as a member of Hiram Lodge No. 40, Raleigh, N.Car. On Jan. 13, 1891, while governor, he invited the members of the grand lodge to attend an informal reception at the executive mansion that evening. He was a member of Raleigh Chapter No. 10, R.A.M. receiving the degrees on Nov. 12, 1864; Jan. 27–28, 1865. d. April 7, 1891 and his funeral was conducted by Hiram Lodge No. 40, assisted by members of William G. Hill Lodge No. 218 on April 9.

Henry Fowle (1766–1837) Masonic ritualist and lecturer who was one of the organizers of the Grand Encampment, K.T. b. Sept. 1, 1766 at Medford, Mass. He was a pump and block maker. Initiated in Lodge of St. Andrew at Boston on April 10, 1793; he was first master of Mount Lebanon Lodge, Boston from 1801–03 and 1805. He returned to his mother lodge in 1805 and served it as master from 1810–17. In 1807–09 he was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. He was the leading spirit in making several important changes in the ritual which were approved by his grand lodge and almost universally adopted by other states.

He became a member of Saint Andrew's Royal Arch Chapter on Feb. 18, 1795 and served as high priest in 1804-08. He became deputy grand high priest of Mass. and was active in the General Grand Chapter. He received the Knight Templar degree in St. Andrew's Chapter on Jan. 28, 1795 and rose to deputy grand master of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. in 1819. d. March 10, 1837.

Charles H. Fowler (1837-1908) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 11, 1837 in Burford, Ont., Canada. He was educated in Genesee Coll. and Garrett Biblical Institute; studied law in Chicago, but never practiced. He was a pastor for 11 years in Chicago, and president of Northwestern U. from 1872-76. In 1876 he was appointed by the governor of Ill. to deliver an oration at the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition, and in that same year became editor of the New York Christian Advocate. He was elected bishop in 1884; visited South America in 1885; visited Japan, Korea and China in 1888. He organized Peking U. and Nanking U. in Central China and also, the first Methodist church in St. Petersburg, Russia. Returning to the U.S. after a trip around the world, visiting missions, he worked eight years on the Pacific coast and then established Maclay Coll. of Theology in Southern Calif. and assisted in founding Nebraska Wesleyan U. at Lincoln. He received his first degree in Vitruvius Lodge No. 81 at Wheeling, Ill., in 1862 and soon after moved to Minn. Jurisdiction was waived and he was raised in Minneapolis Lodge No. 19, Minneapolis, Minn. on Jan. 15, 1896. He was a member of Zion Commandery No. 2, K.T. of Minneapolis. When the Fowler Cathedral Church, bearing his name, was

erected in Minneapolis, the commandery placed in the front of the church a rose window, 18 feet in diameter, with Knights Templar emblems in its design, as a tribute to him. In 1904 Bishop Fowler was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York and grand chaplain emeritus until his death on March 19, 1908 in New York City.

Edward B. Fowler (?–1896) Union Brigadier General of Civil War. Served with the 84th N.Y. Infantry, first as a lieutenant colonel, promoted to colonel on Dec. 9, 1862, and to brigadier general on March 13, 1865 for gallant and meritorious service. Mustered out June 6, 1864. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 310, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on Oct. 23, Oct. 30 and Nov. 20, 1865 at the age of 30. d. Jan. 16, 1896.

H. Robert Fowler (?–1925) U.S. Congressman, 62nd and 63rd Congresses (1911–15) from 24th Ill. Dist. b. in Pope Co., Ill. Practiced law in Elizabethtown, Ill. Served in both legislative branches of the state and was state's attorney in Hardin Co. Received degrees in Eddyville Lodge No. 672, Eddyville, Ill., being raised July 20, 1878; dimitted Dec. 6, 1884 and on May 14, 1892; affiliated with Elizabeth Lodge No. 276, Elizabethtown, Ill.; suspended Aug. 4, 1898; reinstated Sept. 5, 1901; served as a lodge officer from 1903 until master in 1907. d. Jan. 5, 1925.

George L. Fox (1900–1943) Methodist minister who was one of the “four immortal chaplains” who gave up their lifebelts to others when the U.S.S. *Dorchester* was torpedoed in the North Atlantic on Feb. 23, 1943. b. March 15, 1900, he

served in WWI as a first aid man in Ambulance Co. No. 1, 2nd Division and won the Silver Star, Croix de Guerre with palms, Victory Medal with 6 battle bars and Purple Heart. He became a Methodist minister and was serving the Community Church of Gilman, Vt. in 1942 when he entered the Chaplain's Corps. He was a member of Moose River Lodge No. 82, Concord, Vt. He and the three other chaplains, who gave up their life belts to enlisted men and went down with the ship, were posthumously awarded the Distinguished Service Cross.

Herbert H. H. Fox (1871–1943) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. March 11, 1871 in Montclair, N.J. A deacon and priest in 1900, he first served a New York missionary district and then churches at Lockport, N.Y., Pontiac, Mich., and Detroit, Mich. and was consecrated suffragan bishop of Montana in November, 1920. He was elect-ed co-adjutor bishop in May, 1925 and retired in 1939. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 29; Billings Chapter No. 6, R.A.M.; Aldemar Commandery No. 5, K.T., all of Billings, Mont. He was grand prelate of the Grand Commandery of Montana from 1938–43. d. Nov. 24, 1943.

Philip Fox (1878–1944) Astronomer and director of Adler Planetarium and Museum of Science and Industry at Chicago. b. March 7, 1878 at Manhattan, Kans. Graduate of Kansas State Coll., Dartmouth, and student at U. of Berlin. Taught math and physics from 1899–1903 when he became a Carnegie research assistant at Yerkes Observatory, U. of Chicago and later a professor of astro-physics at that school. From 1909–29 he was professor of astronomy and director of the Dearborn Observatory at Northwestern U. He was director of the Adler

Planetarium from 1929–37 and director of the Museum of Science and Industry from 1937–40. He served as a lieutenant in the Philippine Insurrection of 1898–99 with the 20th Kans. Infantry and in WWI was an Infantry major with the 7th Division. He entered WWII as a colonel and served until his death on July 21, 1944. Mason.

James Emory Foxx Named member of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1951. b. Oct. 22, 1907 at Sudlersville, Md. He played first and third bases and also was a catcher. He was noted for his batting —particularly as a home run hitter. He collected 534 home runs in 2,317 games and had a life-time batting average of .325. In three world series he compiled a mark of .344 and in seven all-star games batted .316. Playing from 1925–45, he was with the Philadelphia American League from 1925–35; Boston American League, 1936–42; Chicago National League, 1942–44 and Philadelphia National League in 1945. His nickname was “Beast.” He received his degrees in George W. Bartram Lodge No. 298, Media, Pa. in 1930–31 while residing in Elkins Park, Philadelphia. He visited the lodge only once following his degrees and allowed himself to become suspended NPD on Dec. 9, 1946.

Joseph I. France (1873–1939) U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1917–23. b. Oct. 11, 1873. Graduate of Hamilton Coll. (N.Y.) and received M.D. degree from College of Physicians and Surgeons at Baltimore in 1903. He practiced medicine in Baltimore. He served in the Maryland senate from 1905–09. In 1931 he was a candidate against Herbert Hoover for the

Republican presidential nomination. Member of Landmark Lodge No. 127, Baltimore, Md. He received his degrees on Dec. 27, 1922, Feb. 28 and March 14, 1923. d. Jan. 26, 1939.

Francis I (1708–1765) Holy Roman Emperor from 1745–1765. b. Dec. 8, 1708 at Nancy, France, the second son of Leopold Joseph Charles, “The Good,” Duke of Lorraine. Francis Stephen succeeded his father to the duchy of Lorraine as Francis III in 1729. In 1737 he ceded it to Leszczyński, king of Poland. In 1736 he married Maria Theresa of Austria, q.v., with whom he was co-regent of Austria from 1740–45. At one time his wife issued an edict against Freemasonry. He was chosen emperor in 1745. He did not concern himself much with the wars of Frederick II, q.v., against his wife, nor the Seven Years’ War. After his death, his wife associated her son, Joseph II, q.v., with her as ruler. Their daughter was the ill-fated Marie Antoinette. Francis received the first two degrees at a special lodge in The Hague in 1731, and in the same year was raised in an occasional lodge held at Houghton Hall, Norfolk, England, by the grand master, Lord Lovel. The event is mentioned in Anderson’s Book of Constitutions. As grand duke, he refused to permit the promulgation of Pope Clement’s Bull, q.v., against Freemasonry in Austria. He protected Freemasonry as far as he could during his reign, and was grand master when he died Aug. 18, 1765.

Francis II (1768–1835) Last Holy Roman Emperor, 1792–1806: When he was forced to abdicate in 1806 he became Francis .I, emperor of Austria, until his death in 1835. Son of Leopold II, q.v., he followed his father’s course in suppressing

Freemasonry. When he ascended the throne, he requested all the German princes under him to extirpate all secret societies, by whatever name they might be called. He insisted that any person officially employed should swear that he was not then, and would never become, a member of secret societies, Freemasons, Rosicrucians, Illuminati, or whatever name they might bear. He closed the lodges in 1789, and in 1794 proposed the suppression of Freemasonry to the Diet of Ratisbon. The diet, however, controlled by the influence of Prussia, Brunswick and Hanover, in which Freemasonry was strong, refused the proposition. In 1801 he renewed his opposition to secret societies, especially the Masonic group. Although he fought against Napoleon, q.v., in four wars, his daughter, Maria Louisa, married the French emperor (and Mason) in 1810.

Francis III, Duke of Lorraine (see Francis I).

David R. Francis (1850–1927) Governor of Missouri, Secretary of the Interior, Ambassador to Russia. b. Oct. 1, 1850 at Richmond, Ky. He moved to St. Louis with his parents in 1866 and graduated from Washington U. in 1870, and U. of Missouri in 1892. He went into the grain commission business and headed his own firm. He was president of the Merchant's Exchange and mayor of St. Louis from 1885–89. From 1889–93 he was governor of Missouri, and in 1896–97 was secretary of the Interior in Cleveland's cabinet. In 1904 he was president of the Louisiana Purchase Centennial Exposition in St. Louis (World's Fair) and U.S. ambassador to Russia during WWI. He was a friend of public education and

during his governorship, he increased the endowment of the state university. When the main building of the university at Columbia burned in 1892, he called a special session of legislature and personally visited Columbia to check a threatened exodus of students. He received his degrees in Nov.–Dec., 1891 in George Washington Lodge No. 9 of St. Louis and his caputular degrees in Oriental Chapter No. 78, R.A.M. on Feb. 5, 1892. He was knighted in Ascalon Commandery No. 16, K.T. on April 2, 1892 and was elected as its commander from the floor in 1893. He led his commandery in the official triennial parade in Denver, Colo., that year while governor of Mo. He withdrew from all bodies for political reasons. The dates of withdrawal are interesting for he first withdrew from his lodge. The dates of withdrawal are: lodge, June 14, 1898; chapter Nov. 17, 1898 and commandery Sept. 16, 1899. d. Jan. 15, 1927.

John B. Francisco (1863–1931) Artist and violinist. b. Dec. 14, 1863 at Cincinnati, O. Studied painting and violin abroad. He settled in Los Angeles in 1887 and conducted an art school until 1901. He was a painter of figures and landscapes, especially of Calif. mountain scenes. Mason. d. Jan. 8, 1931.

Henry A. Francken (1720?–1795) The first deputy grand inspector general in the United States of the Scottish Rite and first propagator of these advanced degrees in America. Probably born in Holland, but came to Jamaica in 1754, where he became a naturalized British subject in March, 1758, and rose to considerable prominence in the island. He occupied the posts of appraiser, marshal and sergeant-at-arms in

the court of the vice-admiralty. Henry Moore, the lieutenant governor of Jamaica (and later governor of N.Y.), appointed Franck-en as interpreter of English and Dutch languages in the court. With the governor's permission, he came to New York in 1767 and founded the Sublime and Ineffable Lodge at Albany, creating several deputy inspectors general. The minutes of the Albany lodge state: "About the 7th October, 1767 Messrs. Pfister & Gamble were introduced at New York, to Mr. Henry Andrew Francken, who a day or two after, by Authority invested in him, initiated them in the 11 Degrees of Ancient Masonry, from the Secret Master being the 4th to the Perfection, which is the 14th and Known to be the utmost Limits of Symbolik Masonry. About a week after the above date Mr. Francken conferred on them the two first degrees of Modern Masonry or Masonry Revived, and proposed to them that if they chose he would erect a Lodge of Perfection at Albany and appoint William Bamble Master thereof (pro tempore) until Sir William Johnson, q.v., should have the refusal of it." Francken's next act was to establish a grand chapter of Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret at Kingston, Jamaica under warrant from Stephen Morin, q.v. This was done on April 30, 1770. After his return to Jamaica, he lived on government sinecure and became commissioner of the supreme court at Kingston. d. May 20, 1795.

Francisco Franco Spanish Generalissimo and dictator of Spain since 1939. Anti-Mason. Full name is Francisco Paulino Hermenegildo Teodulo Franco-Bahamonde. He served in the army in Morocco and was appointed chief of staff of Spanish army in 1935. At outbreak of the revolution, he organized

the transport of foreign legionnaires and Moorish troops in Spain and became commander of the insurgents. He received aid from Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy, and indirectly from Great Britain and the U.S. through their “nonintervention” policy, thus enabling him to buy war supplies, whereas the constitutional government could not. In 1941 he signed a concordat with the Vatican which empowered him to designate Spanish bishops, subject to ratification by the Holy See. This unholy alliance was the beginning of a modern inquisition and since that date Freemasons have been persecuted, imprisoned, and executed in Spain. Franco holds that Freemasonry is as subversive as Communism—if not more so. After winning the civil war, one of his first acts was to set up a special tribunal for the “Repression of Masonry and Communism.” It is a secret court and no reports of its activities appear in print.

Nicolas Louis Francois (1750–1828) French statesman and man of letters. Was called Francois de Neufchateau. He was minister of interior in 1797, member of the directory from 1797–98, president of the senate from 1804–06 and created a comte under the Empire. His works include the comedy *Pamela ou la Vertu Recompensee* and *Fables en Contes en Vers*. He was a member of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris and together with Comte Lacepede revived the lodge. He was on the membership list in 1783, 1784 and 1806. d. Jan. 10, 1828.

Christian J. Frank Movie actor who appeared in more than 200 pictures. He was raised in Reagan Lodge No. 1037,

Houston, Texas, and was a member of the “233 Club” degree team and took the part of a deacon. This Masonic club was made up of Freemasons in the movies.

Selby H. Frank Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 15, 1891 at Louisville, Ky. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1913. Advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945. Mason.

Walter H. Frank Major General, U.S. Air Force and business executive. b. April 23, 1886 at Humphrey, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1910. He advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1938, and major general in 1941, retiring in 1945. Assigned to the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps in WWI, he became chief of staff of the Air Force in 1938. Later a wing commander. In 1941–42 he was commanding general of the Third Air Force, and in 1942 commanded the Eighth Air Force Service Command in London, Eng. From 1942–44 he commanded the Army Air Forces Air Service Command and was a member of the Pearl Harbor Board in 1944. Since 1946 he has been president of Sears & Roebuck, S.A. Comercio e Indsl. and in charge of that companys’ foreign expansion. Mason.

Benjamin Franklin (1706–1790) American statesman, scientist, philosopher and author. b. Jan. 17, 1706 in Boston, Mass. Apprenticed to his brother, James, a printer, when only 12, he left him five years later after disagreements, and settled in Philadelphia. First employed as a printer, he became proprietor of a printing business and published The Pennsylvania

Gazette, 1730–48 and gained wide recognition with his Poor Richard's Almanack, 1732–57. In 1727 he organized the “Junto” club which became the American Philosophical Society, and in 1731 laid the foundations for a library which developed into the Philadelphia Public Library. He was instrumental in improving the lighting of city streets, invented a heating stove about 1744 (which is still being made), and, becoming interested in electricity, tried his famous kite experiments in 1752. In 1748 he sold his business to the foreman and retired to devote himself to public life. In 1754 he was Pennsylvania's delegate to the Albany Congress and from 1757–62 was in England representing Pa. in efforts to enforce taxes on proprietary estates. In 1766 he was called before the English House of Commons to explain colonial opposition to the Stamp Tax. He returned to Philadelphia when war became inevitable in 1775. He was a member of the second Continental Congress of 1775 and was on the committee to draft the Declaration of Independence, being one of its signers. In 1776 he was sent as one of a committee of three to negotiate a treaty with France. He became immensely popular during his stay which lasted until 1785, during which time he was U.S. minister. In 1781 he was named with Jay and Adams to negotiate peace with Great Britain and returned to Philadelphia in Sept. 1785. From 1785–87 he was president of the Pa. executive council. In 1727 he organized the “Leathern Apron Club” as a secret society in Philadelphia (non-Masonic); and on Dec. 8, 1730 printed an article in his paper pretending to reveal Masonic mysteries. Two months later (Feb., 1731) he received his degrees in St. John's Lodge of Philadelphia and became active in its work from the very beginning. He was secretary

of the lodge from 1735–38; elected junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania on June 24, 1732 and the grand master on June 24, 1734. He was appointed provincial grand master (first native born) by Thomas Oxnard, q.v., of Boston on June 10, 1749. He was deposed as provincial grand master by William Allen on March 13, 1750, but immediately appointed deputy grand master. On March 12, 1752 he was named to a committee for building “the Free–Mason’s Lodge” in Philadelphia and on June 24, 1755 took a prominent part in the dedication of the same as the first Masonic building in America. In 1760 he was named provincial grand master of Philadelphia. In 1734 he printed Anderson’s Constitutions as Mason Book, which was the first Masonic book printed in America. In 1759 he was a visitor to Lodge Saint David at Edinburgh, Scotland and on Nov. 17, 1760 was present at the Grand Lodge of England, held at Crown & Anchor, London as “provincial grand master.” An April 7, 1778 he assisted at the initiation of Voltaire, q.v., in the Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris, and affiliated with that lodge the same year. On Nov. 28, 1778 he officiated at the Masonic funeral services held by that lodge for Voltaire. On May 21, 1779 we find him elected master of the Lodge of Nine Sisters. He served as master for two years. On July 7, 1782 he was a member of the Respectable Lodge de Saint Jean de Jerusalem and on April 24, 1785 was elected honorary master of the same. He was also elected honorary member of the Loge des Bon Amis of Rouen, France in 1785. d. April 17, 1790.

Jesse Franklin (1760–1823) Governor and U.S. Senator from North Carolina. b. March 23, 1760 in Orange Co., Va. His

father moved to N. Car. just before the Revolution in which young Jesse served as a major. He served in both the state house of delegates and senate and was a member of the U.S. congress from 1795–97 and U.S. senator from 1799–1805, and again from 1807–13. In 1816 he was appointed by the president to treat with the Chickasaw Indians, and in 1820 he was elected governor of N. Car. Franklin was made an entered apprentice at Fayetteville, N. Car. on Dec. 23, 1793. He later became a member of Liberty Lodge No. 45, Wilkes-borough, N. Car. Although the records of the lodge were lost, he was recorded a member in 1811. d. in Sept., 1823.

William Franklin (1729–1813) Illegitimate son of Benjamin Franklin, q.v., and the last royal governor of New Jersey under the British. b. in Philadelphia. About a year after his birth, his father, who had married on Sept. 1, 1730, took the child into his home and brought him up as a son. He served in the Pa. forces during the French war of 1744–48 and became a captain before he was of age. He was at Ticonderoga. Returning to Philadelphia, where his father had gained both wealth and prestige, he became comptroller of the general postoffice and later clerk of the provincial assembly. At this time he also entered Freemasonry (about 1751) but it is uncertain whether he was a member of his father's lodge St. John's No. 1, or the Tun Tavern Lodge. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1755. He accompanied his father to London in 1757, and was there admitted to the bar the following year. He was also with his father when he visited the Grand Lodge of England on Nov. 17th at the Crown & Anchor in London, and with his father recorded on the books

as “provincial grand master,” he was registered as “grand secretary.” It was undoubtedly through his father’s influence that William was appointed royal governor of New Jersey in 1762. He was the first native-born person to receive such an appointment. Originally he had been a Whig, but as the years advanced he became a Tory and an ardent supporter of the British. His father pled with him to join the American cause, both by letter from England and in personal visits. From this point on the two went separate ways. William was eventually placed under guard and sent to England after the war where the government granted him ≈£1,800 remuneration for his losses and ≈£800 yearly pension. Although father and son became partially reconciled in 1784, his father bequeathed him only some land in Nova Scotia and released him from all debts that the executors might find due him stating: “The part he acted against me in the late war, which is of public notoriety, will account for my leaving him no more of an estate he endeavored to deprive me of.” d. Nov. 17, 1813.

Wirt Franklin Oklahoma oil producer and one of the discoverers of the Healdton oil field in 1913. b. March 22, 1883 at Richmond, Mo. He was stenographer of the commission to the Five Civilized Tribes at Muskogee, Indian Territory from 1902–04. Admitted to the bar in 1906 and practiced at Ardmore. He is president of the Franklin Petroleum Corp. From 1929–35 he was president of the Independent Petroleum Association of America. Member of Ardmore Lodge No. 31 and past master of same. Also member of Ardmore Chapter No. 11, R.A.M.; Ardmore Council No. 11, and Ardmore Commandery No. 9, K.T. all of Ardmore, Okla. 32° AASR (S.J.) at South McAlester

and member of Indian Shrine Temple of Oklahoma City, Okla.

Frank Frantz (1872–1941) Governor of Oklahoma, 1905–07. b. May 7, 1872 at Roanoke, Ill. He was with Roosevelt's Rough Riders in the Spanish–American War as a captain and participated in the Cuban campaign and the Battle of San Juan Hill. He became postmaster of Enid, Okla. in 1901 and Indian agent for the Osage Indians in 1903. After his term as governor he engaged in the real estate business and the production of oil, being president of the Roanoke Oil Co. and chairman of the board and general manager of Franko Co. Mason. d. March 9, 1941.

Alexander Fraser President of Shell Oil Corp. b. Oct. 11, 1889 at Glasgow, Scotland. Associated with the petroleum industry since 1910, and with the Shell Co. since 1929. President of Shell Petroleum Corp. since 1933; president of Shell Oil Co. 1939–47; president of Shell Union Oil Corp. since 1947. Mason.

Duncan W. Fraser President of American Locomotive Co. 1940–45 and chairman of board since 1945. b. June 2, 1875 at Churchville, N.S., Canada. Was vice president of the company from 1920–40. Director and officer of several other large corporations. Mason.

Harry W. Fraser (1884–1950) President of Order of Railway Conductors of America from 1941. b. June 7, 1884 at Topeka, Kans. Began as a railway clerk in 1900 and was later brakeman and conductor. In 1929 he became secretary to the

president of the Order of Railway Conductors, followed by the offices of chief clerk; deputy president, vice president and president. Active in Boy Scout work, he was a member of the national council in 1943. Member of National Management-Labor Policy Committee, War Manpower Commission from 1943-45. Was delegate several times to International Labor Organization. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR, Shriner and High Twelve. d. May 13, 1950.

William A. Fraser (1869-1932) President of Woodmen of the World Life Ins. Assn. from 1913 and Globe Insurance Co. from 1927. b. Jan. 29, 1869 in Woodside, Scotland. Began with the Woodmen company at Dallas, Texas in 1892. Mason. d. Nov. 6, 1932.

Samuel Fraunces (1722?-1795) Revolutionary tavernkeeper and patriot. A West Indian Negro who was the keeper of "Fraunces Tavern," New York City, between 1762-65 and 1770-89. From 1789-94 he was household steward to George Washington. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City.

Everett W. Frazar (1867-1951) Inventor, business agent, and exporter. b. Aug. 17, 1867 in Shanghai, China, of American parents. He began with the Edison Phonograph Works at West Orange, N. J. in 1890, and later transferred to the laboratory of Thomas A. Edison. He went to Europe to demonstrate an electrically propelled and operated torpedo invented by Edison and Scott, and on returning to the U.S. assisted in the development of a pneumatic dynamite gun invented by Dana Dudley. In 1896 he joined the firm of his father, Frazar

& Co. in Japan. He was in charge of the engineering department and also represented Henry Ford, Baldwin Locomotive Works, Victor Talking Machine Co. and many other American manufacturers. On declaration of war on Japan in 1941, all company assets were frozen. He was senior partner of Frazar & Co., New York and partner of Frazar and Hansen, San Francisco. Mason and 33° AASR. d. Oct. 14, 1951.

Harry H. Frazee (1880–1929) Theatrical producer and owner of Boston American League Baseball Club. b. June 29, 1880 in Peoria, Ill. At age of 16 he was on the road as an advance theatrical agent. His first road production was Uncle Josh Perkins in 1902–03. From 1904–07 he launched a number of musical comedy successes. He built and operated several theaters in Chicago and New York and produced shows in London. Among his productions were *Madame Sherry*; *Ready Money*; *Fine Feathers*; *A Pair of Sixes*; *Nothing but the Truth*; *My Lady Friends*; *No, No, Nanette*; *Yes, Yes, Yvette*. d. June 4, 1929. Member of Blair Lodge No. 382, Chicago, receiving degrees on Jan. 24, Jan. 31 and Feb. 14, 1906. d. June 4, 1929.

James B. Frazier (1856–1937) Governor and U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. Oct. 18, 1856 at Pikeville, Tenn. Graduated from U. of Tenn. in 1878 and practiced law at Chattanooga. He was governor of Tennessee two terms, 1902–06, but resigned in 1905 to become U.S. senator from the term 1905–11. Member of McWhirtersville Lodge No. 375, Donelson, Tenn. d. March 28, 1937.

Joseph Frazier (1864–1925) Army officer. b. Dec. 8, 1864

at Rolling Home, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri and U.S. Military Academy. Served in the Boxer Rebellion in 1900 and is said to have been the first American to scale the Chinese Wall, July 13, 1900. He was cited for his action and received the D.S.C. He served 30 years in the Army and from 1905–09 was commandant of cadets at Missouri U. where he did more to build up the R.O.T.C. than any of his predecessors. In 1907 he took the entire corps of cadets to the Jamestown Exposition. Member of lodge, chapter and commandery at Columbia, Mo. d. March 13, 1925.

Russell G. Frazier Explorer and surgeon. b. July 5, 1893 at Fraziers Bottom, W. Va. Received medical degree from U. of Louisville in 1919 and in 1921 became mine surgeon of Utah Copper Co., Bingham Canyon, Utah, a position he has held since that time. In 1933 he headed an expedition by boat on the Green River, Utah. In 1934 he headed another expedition from Grand Canyon, Colo., to Boulder Dam. In 1936 and 1937 he was a member of historical and archaeological expeditions in Utah, and in 1938 headed the expedition which discovered the most northern American cliff dwellings near Yampa River, Colo. He was physician and surgeon with Admiral Byrd's, q.v., third U.S. Antarctic Expedition, studying climatology and physiology from 1939–41. Now retired. Raised in Canyon Lodge No. 13, Bingham Canyon, Utah in Sept., 1914. Member of Eureka Chapter No. 101, R.A.M. of Louisville, Ky.; Utah Council No. 1, R. & S.M., Salt Lake City, Utah and Utah Commandery No. 1, K.T. as well as Shrine.

J. Allen Frear, Jr. U.S. Senator from Delaware since 1949. b.

March 7, 1903 at Rising Sun, Del. Graduate of U. of Delaware in 1924. An agriculturist, he has been a director of the Federal Land Bank at Baltimore since 1938. He is a member of Union Lodge No. 7, Dover, and served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1948–49. He is also a member of Kent Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of Dover, and St. John's Commandery No. 1, K.T. of Wilmington. He has served as master of the Delaware Consistory of the AASR (NJ) and was coroneted 33° in Philadelphia in 1950.

Frederick I (1754–1816) King of Wurtemberg in 1805. Full name was Frederick William Karl. From 1797–1804 he was Frederick II, duke of Wurtemberg. Made an elector in 1803. He protected the lodges of the rite of Strict Observance and was first master of the lodge Frederica zum Schadel in Luben, Silesia in 1778.

Frederick II (1712–1786) Known as “The Great.” King of Prussia from 1740–1786. Son of King Frederick William I. When 18, he tried to escape from his father's control, but was arrested, tried as a deserter and made to believe that he would receive severe punishment, but pardoned. As the royal prince, he engaged in literary and social pursuits from 1732 until he became king in May, 1740. Shortly thereafter he began warring against Maria Theresa, q.v., over the possession of Silesia. Her husband, Francis I, q.v., had little to do in helping his wife. His alliance with England in 1765 marked the beginning of the Seven Years' War in which he displayed great military genius and perseverance in face of great odds. Prussia emerged from the war a greatly strengthened state.

He joined Russia in the first partition of Poland in 1772. A patron of literature, he invited Voltaire, q.v., to live at his court (1750–53). A skilled administrator of national economy, he encouraged agriculture and industrial improvements and instituted many social reforms. He took a special interest in the improvement of the Prussian army. He was greatly interested in the American Revolution and an admirer of Washington. He wrote much, and his complete works are published in 30 volumes. He was initiated on the night of Aug. 14–15, 1738 in a special lodge called at Brunswick. The degrees started at midnight and ended at 4 a.m. Baron von Bielfeld, q.v., an intimate companion of the prince, was present at the initiation and left a written record of the proceedings. Bielfeld also states that in 1739, Frederick invited the Baron von Oberg and himself to Reinsberg where they founded a lodge into which Keyser-ling, Jordan, Moolendorf, Queis, and Fredersdorf, Frederick's valet, were admitted. Bielfeld also tells us that on June 20, 1740, shortly after he ascended the throne, Frederick held a lodge at Charlottenburg, and serving as master, initiated his brother, Henry Louis Frederick, prince of Prussia, q.v., Frederick William, q.v., duke of Holstein, and Charles, Margrave of Brandenburg. On July 16, 1774 Frederick granted his protection to the National Grand Lodge of Germany and officially approved of the treaty by that grand lodge with the Grand Lodge of England. He wrote the Lodge Royal York of Friendship in Berlin on Feb. 14, 1777 stating " . . . a society which employs itself only in sowing the seed and bringing forth the fruit of every kind of virtue in my dominions may always be assured of my protection. It is the glorious task of every sovereign, and I will never

cease to fulfill it. And so I pray God to take you and your Lodge under his holy and deserved protection.” It has been claimed by some that Frederick wrote and set up the Scottish Rite system of 33 degrees, but evidence indicates that it is the brain child of Stephen Morin, q.v., who in an effort to give his rite a royal background had faked Frederick’s signature on the documents while in the West Indies.

Frederick William III (1770–1840) King of Prussia. Not to be confused with William Frederick III (1831–1888) who was emperor of Germany and his grandson, q.v. He was the son of King William Frederick II, q.v., and father of William I, q.v. Although he was not a Freemason, his father, son and grandson were. He was king of Prussia from 1797–1840. Shortly after ascending the throne, he wrote on Dec. 29, 1797 the following to the Lodge Royal York of Friendship at Berlin: “I have never been initiated, as every one knows, but I am far from conceiving the slightest distrust of the intentions of the members of the Lodge. I believe that its design is noble, and founded on the cultivation of virtue; that its methods are legitimate, and that every political tendency is banished from its operations. Hence, I shall take pleasure in manifesting on all occasions my good-will and my affection to the Lodge Royal York of Friendship, as well as to every other Lodge in my dominions.” He wrote three months later to Fessler, q.v., in a similar friendly tone, and when he issued an edict on Oct. 20, 1798 that forbade secret societies, he made a special exemption in favor of the Masonic lodges. He took part in the French campaigns of 1792–94. Napoleon completely subjugated him in 1801–05, and at the insistence of the queen,

he opposed the French resulting in disastrous defeats at Jena and Auerstedt in 1806. The kingdom was then dismembered by treaty of Tilsit. The army was reorganized and finally the victory at Leipzig in 1813 liberated Germany. This was followed by Napoleon's defeat at Waterloo and Prussia was reestablished in 1814.

Frederick III (1831–1888) Emperor of Germany for three months (March 9 to June 15, 1888). Son of William I, q.v., and grandson of William Frederick III, q.v. As Frederick William, he was crown prince of Prussia from 1861–88. Educated in Bonn, he engaged in military duties and travel from 1851–58, marrying Victoria Adelaide Mary Louise, the eldest daughter of Queen Victoria, in the latter year. He was strongly opposed to Bismarck's policies for strengthening Prussia, and to the war with Austria in 1866, but took part in the war as a division commander and secured the victory at Koninggratz. He was in command of the armies of the southern states in the Franco–Prussian War in 1870, and took part in the battles of Worth, Sedan, and in the siege of Paris. He was a patron of literature and science. He developed cancer of the throat in the year before he became emperor, and his illness proved fatal in the third month of his reign. He was initiated Nov. 5, 1853 by his father in the royal palace at Berlin. The grand officers of the three Berlin grand lodges had been called together for the occasion and the degrees were given according to the ritual of the Grosse Landesloge. He became grand master of the National Grand Lodge of Germany in 1860.

Frederick VII (1808–1863) King of Denmark from 1848–63.

He was the son of Christian VIII, q.v., and his predecessors since Christian VII (1766) were probably Freemasons. He was initiated in the lodge “Mary at the Three Hearts” in Odense. When he ascended the throne he became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Denmark. In 1855 he adapted the Swedish system to the Danish lodges. His father, Christian VIII, was protector of Freemasonry from 1836–1848. He promulgated a new constitution in 1849 which deprived him of absolute power. During much of his reign he was involved in disputes with Germany and Austria over the duchies of Schleswig and Holstein. He died childless as the last of the Oldenburg line.

Frederick VIII (1843–1912) King of Denmark, 1906–12. He was the son of Christian IX, q.v., whom he succeeded as king, and father of Haakon VII, q.v., King of Norway and of Christian X, who followed him on the Danish throne. He was made a past grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1897, while crown prince of Denmark, and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Denmark from 1872 until May 14, 1912, when succeeded by his son Christian X. As many other of the rulers of Denmark, he carried the title *Vicarius Salomonis*, which means protector of the order. (Literally, “Vicar of Solomon.”) **Frederick Adolf** (1750–1803) Duke of Ostogothland (Sweden). The third son of King Adolf Frederick, q.v., who reigned from 1751–71 as the first of the Holstein–Gottorp dynasty. In 1777 he was a member of the “high chapter” and was received in Turin in the German system of Strict Observance. In 1779 he was master of the military lodge in Stockholm.

Frederick Albert, Margrave of Brandenburg-Schwedt (1705–1762) Initiated in Charlottenburg in 1740, he was master of the Scottish lodge “Union” of Berlin in 1742. In 1761 he was elected master of the Scottish lodge “Harmony.”

Augustus Frederick (1773–1843) (See Duke of Sussex.)
Frederick Augustus (1740–1805) (See Prince of Brunswick.)
Frederick Augustus, Duke of York (1763–1827) The title “duke of York” is frequently conferred by the British sovereign on his second son. Frederick was the second son of George III, and brother of George IV, q.v. He was initiated Nov. 21, 1787 in Britannic Lodge No. 29 (now 33) at a special lodge held at the Star and Garter Tavern, London. The lodge was called by the duke of Cumberland, q.v., who was his uncle and grand master of the grand lodge. He was sponsored by his brother, George III, who was Prince of Wales at that time. He succeeded his brother as master of the Prince of Wales Lodge in 1820.

Frederick Christian (?–1769) Margrave of Brandenburg-Bayreuth. An uncle of Frederick, Margrave of Brandenburg-Kulmbach, and succeeded him. He patronized the lodge in Bayreuth.

Frederick, Duke of Saxony-Hildburghausen (1763–?)
Was duke of Saxony from 1780–1826. He was initiated in the lodge Karl zum Rautenkranz at Hildburghausen in 1789. The lodge had been constituted in 1787 by the Grand Lodge of England and became one of the five independent lodges of Germany.

Frederick Eugen (1732–?) Duke of Wurtemberg from 1795–97. He was the author of several Masonic lectures printed in 1784–85.

Frederick Heinrich Eugen (1758–1822) Prince of Wurtemberg. A lieutenant general in the Prussian Army, he was initiated in a military lodge and became an honorary member of two lodges in Stargard.

Henry Frederick (See H.R.H. the Duke of Cumberland.)

Henry Frederick (1709–1788) Mar–grave of Brandenburg–Schwedt. Admitted in the Grand Lodge of The Three Globes in Berlin.

Henry Louis Frederick Prince of Prussia and brother of Frederick the Great, q.v. He was initiated by his brother, who served as master of a special lodge held in Charlottenburg on June 20, 1740.

Frederick, King of Sweden (See under Adolf Frederick.)

Louis Frederick, Prince of Wales (1707–1751) Eldest son of King George II and Queen Caroline. Father of George III. b. in Hanover, Germany, he was the first royal member of the house of Hanover to become a Mason. He was initiated in a special lodge at Kew Palace by Dr. John T. Desaguliers, q.v., on Nov. 5, 1737. Three of his sons became Freemasons—the dukes of York, Gloucester and Cumberland, q.v. He was bitter against his father for vetoing his marriage to Wilhelmina,

princess royal of Prussia, and also for refusing him an adequate allowance. For this reason, he either wrote or inspired the *Histoire du Prince Titi* in 1735, which was a caricature of his parents. His father refused him permission to command a British army against the Jacobites in 1745. He died as a result of a blow from a cricket ball. His son, William Henry, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburg, q.v., and grandson, William Frederick, Prince of Gloucester, q.v. were Freemasons.

Frederick Ludwig (?–1819) Grand Duke of Mecklemburg–Schwerin. Initiated in 1818 in Concordia Lodge in Berlin and became a member of the Grand Lodge “The Three Globes.” d. 1819.

Frederick Ludwig (1751–1820) Landgrave of Hesse–Homburg. He was initiated in 1782 at Wilhelmsbad by Prince Charles of Hesse–Cassel.

Frederick Ludwig Alexander (1756–1823) Duke of Wurtemberg. A brother of Frederick I, king and prince of Wurtemberg, q.v. He served in the Prussian army and became a field marshal. He was initiated in the lodge of The Three Globes at Berlin in 1776.

Frederick, Margrave of Brandenburg–Kulmbach (1711–?) He was initiated by Frederick the Great, q.v., in 1740 and founded a lodge in his palace at Bayreuth which later became the Grand Lodge Zur Sonne. He was succeeded by his nephew, Frederick Christian, q.v.

Frederick, Prince of Hesse-Cassel (1747–1837) A Dutch major general. He entered the rite of Strict Observance at Cassel in 1777. Also a land-grave of Hesse–Cassel.

Frederick Wilhelm Paul (1797–1861) Duke of Wurtemberg. He was initiated in the lodge Zum Verein der Menschenfreunde at Triers in 1817 and later became master of the lodge Zu den drei Cedern in Stuttgart and honorary member of the lodge in Heilbronn.

William Frederick II (1744–1797) (Also Wilhelm) King of Prussia, 1786–97. Grandson of Frederick William I; son of Prince Augustus William and nephew of Frederick the Great, q.v. His lack of administrative ability caused Prussia to decline. He joined Austria in support of French royalty in the French Revolution which involved him in war (1792–95). He was compelled by the Treaty of Basel, in the latter year, to give up Prussian territories west of the Rhine. He was made a Mason in the Lodge Drei Degen at Halle about 1769, and affiliated with the Lodge Drei Goldene &Mussel at Berlin, Oct. 1, 1777.

Frederick William, Duke of Holstein–Beck (also Friedrich Wilhelm) He was initiated on June 20, 1740 in the royal palace of Frederick the Great, q.v., who acted as master of the lodge. In 1741 he affiliated with the Grand Lodge of “The Three Globes” in Berlin, and was appointed fifth grand master of the same in 1747. He was governor of Berlin.

William Frederick, Prince of Gloucester (see under Gloucester)

Frederick William (1831–?) Prince of Hesse–Philippsthal–Barchfeld. He served in the Prussian navy. Was a member of the lodge Urania in 1856, and an honorary member of the grand lodge, Royal York a l'Amitie, in Berlin.

Frederick William Charles (1797–1881) Prince of the Netherlands. Son of King William I, and brother of King William II, q.v. He served in the Dutch army, and took part in the Belgian Revolution of 1830. In 1825, he married Princess Louise, the daughter of Frederick William III, q.v., king of Prussia. He was initiated in Berlin by a deputation of the grand lodge of “The Three Globes” in 1817, and the same year was appointed grand master of the National Grand Lodge of the Netherlands. He was a Masonic reformer who denounced the advanced degrees as being contrary to the true intent of Freemasonry, and in 1819, tried to introduce a new rite consisting of five degrees. This included the degrees of “Elect Master” and “Supreme Elect Master,” in addition to the three symbolic degrees. Only a few lodges accepted his new system.

John E Fredrick (1865–1943) Chairman of the board of Continental Steel Corp. b. Oct. 27, 1865 in Randolph Co., Ind. Received M.D. from Ohio Medical Coll. in 1892, and practiced medicine at Ridgeville, Ind. from 1892–96. Between 1896 and 1901, he organized the Kokomo Nail & Wire Co.; Kokomo Steel & Wire Co. and merged with others as Continental Steel Corp. He was co-author of the Indiana workmen's compensation law, and president of the Indiana state chamber of commerce for 18 years. He affiliated with Howard Lodge No.

93 at Kokomo, Ind., June 1, 1898. His original lodge is not known. d. March 3, 1943.

Emerich B. Freed Federal Judge, Northern District of Ohio since 1941.

Richard P. Freeman b. Nov. 22, 1897 in Hungary, and came to U.S. in 1910. Graduate of Western Reserve U. Admitted to bar in 1919, and was in private practice from 1918–29, when he became assistant prosecuting attorney for Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, and later U.S. attorney for Northern Ohio. Mason.

Alfred B. Freeman President of Louisiana Coca-Cola Bottling Co., 1943–47, and chairman of board since 1947. b. Jan. 13, 1881 in Dalton, Ga. He went with the Louisiana beverage company in 1906, as secretary and treasurer. He is also a director of Wesson Oil, and Snowdrift Co. of New Orleans, and a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Ga. Mason.

James E. Freeman (1866–1943) Episcopal Bishop of Washington, D.C., whose inspiration resulted in the building of the great national cathedral on Mt. St. Albans in Washington. Like Hiram Abif, he never lived to see his dream completed. b. July 24, 1866, in New York City. After spending 15 years in the legal and accounting departments of the New York City and Hudson River Railways, he completed a theological course under Bishop Henry C. Potter, and later received many honorary degrees from universities and colleges throughout the U.S. He was ordained a deacon in 1894, and priest in 1895,

in the Protestant Episcopal church. He then served churches in Yonkers, N.Y., Minneapolis, Minn., and Washington, D.C. He was consecrated bishop of Washington in 1923, and although elected bishop coadjutor of Western Texas in 1911, he declined. He was the author of *If Not the Sa- loon, What?; Man and the Master; Themes in Verse*, and *The Ambassa- dor*. He was raised in Nepperhan Lodge No. 736, Yonkers, N.Y., Nov. 22, 1906, passed, Feb. 18, 1907, and raised, April 1, 1907. On Oct. 12, 1922 he affiliated with Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C., and served as chaplain of the lodge. A 33° AASR, he first affiliated with the Southern Jurisdiction in Washington, and later with the Northern Jurisdiction in New York City. His bust is displayed in the national cathedral of which he is considered the "father." d. June 6, 1943.

Martin J. Freeman Author and English professor. b. May 17, 1899 at Ada, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Northern U. and Ph.D. from U. of Chicago in 1934. Was a reporter on Ohio and Illinois newspapers from 1917–19, and editor of the *Beaumont News* (Texas) in 1922. After more newspaper work in Ohio, he taught English in Iowa State Coll., and U. of Chicago, and since 1941, has been professor of English at Hunter Coll. In WWI he was an infantry lieutenant. He is the author of *The Murder of a Midget; Murder by Magic; Written Communication in Business; The Case of the Blind Mouse; The Scarf on the Scarecrow*; and *Bitter Honey*, as well as others. Initiated in Beaumont, Texas, and presently a member of Ada Lodge No. 346, Ada, Ohio.

Orville Freeman Governor of Minnesota from 1955. b.

May 9, 1918 at Minneapolis, Minn. Received B.A. and LL.B. from U. of Minnesota, and admitted to bar in 1947. Active in city and state civic movements. He served in WWII in the Marine Corps advancing from a 2nd lieutenant to major (1941–45). Member of Khuram Lodge No. 112, Minneapolis, and serving as junior warden at this time. Member of the Grotto. Initiated in 1950. Began in chairs, 1953; installed master Dec. 18, 1959.

Ralph M. Freeman Federal Judge, Eastern District of Michigan from 1954. b. May 5, 1902 at Flushing, Mich. Graduate of U. of Mich. in 1926. Was in private law practice in Flint, Mich. Member of Flint Lodge No. 23, Flint, Mich.

Richard P. Freeman (1869–1944) U.S. Congressman to 64th to 72nd Al Walker B. Freeman Congresses (1915–33) from 2nd Conn. dist. b. April 24, 1869 at New London, Conn. Graduate of both Harvard and Yale (1891 and 1894). Practiced law in New London, Conn. Served in Spanish–American War as a sergeant. Became member of Brainard Lodge No. 102, New London, Conn., Oct. 27, 1897. d. July 18, 1944.

Walker B. Freeman (1843–1935) Commander in Chief of Confederate Veterans in 1925. b. Aug. 28, 1843 in Bedford Co., Va. He was in the mercantile business from 1869–87, and after that, an agent for New York Life Ins. Co. He enlisted in the Confederate Army in June, 1861, and surrendered at Appomattox in 1865. Mason. d. Feb. 9, 1935.

Ferdinand Freiligrath (1810–1876) German poet. His works

include lyric and political poems such as Glaubensbekenntnis and Ca Ira. He also did translations from Victor Hugo, Shakespeare, q.v., and Burns, q.v. Initiated in 1842, according to the bulletin of the International Masonic Congress.

Freire de Andrade (1685?–1763) Portuguese general and administrator. Full name was Freire de Andrade de Gomez. b. in Coimbra. He was governor and captain general of Rio de Janeiro from 1733–63. He is celebrated in Gama's epic poem *Epicos Brasileiros*. A Freemason.

John C. Fremont (1813–1890) American explorer and army officer, known as “the pathfinder.” Often referred to as a Freemason, but no proof of membership can be found. He was a son-in-law of Thomas H. Benton, q.v.

Augustus C. French (?–1864) Former governor of Illinois. Listed as both a member of Lebanon Lodge No. 110, Lebanon, Ill., and Springfield Lodge No. 4, Springfield, Ill. There is no record of his original lodge, and first record is affiliation with Lebanon Lodge No. 110 in 1862. d. Sept. 5, 1864.

Benjamin B. French (1800–1870) Grand Commander of the Grand Encampment, K.T. in 1859, and Grand Secretary of the General Grand Chapter, 1850–59. b. Sept. 4, 1800 at Chester, N.H. He moved to Washington, D.C. in 1813, and became president of the board of aldermen and the common council. He was chief clerk of the U.S. House of Representatives and commissioner of public buildings and grounds. As grand master of the Grand Lodge of the District

of Columbia, he laid the cornerstones of the Smithsonian Institution, the Washington Monument, the Capitol extension, many other public buildings, and churches. (1846–55 and 1868) He served as master of Corinthian Lodge No. 28, Newport, N.H., and as grand marshal of the grand lodge in that state. In Washington, he affiliated with National Lodge No. 12 in 1846, and was elected grand master the same year. He was knighted in DeWitt Clinton Encampment, Brooklyn, N.Y., April 5, 1847, and became commander of Washington Commandery No. 1 (D.C.) on its revival in 1847, serving for 11 years. In 1850 he became grand recorder of the Grand Encampment, K.T. and served until 1859 when he became grand master of the same. At the time of his death he was lieutenant grand commander of the AASR (SJ). d. Aug. 12, 1870.

Burton L. French (1875–1954) U.S. Congressman, 58th to 72nd Congresses (1903–33) from 1st Idaho dist. with the exception of two congresses. b. Aug. 1, 1875 at Delphi, Ind., moving to Nebraska, and then to Idaho. Graduate of Idaho and Chicago universities. He was professor emeritus of government at Miami U., Oxford, Ohio. Member of Federal Loyalty Review Board in 1947. Received the degrees in Kendrick Lodge No. 26, Kendrick, Idaho, May 11, Oct. 12, and Nov. 9, 1899, withdrawing from same, May 13, 1909, and affiliating with Paradise Lodge No. 17, Moscow, Idaho, July 17, 1909; he was a member at the time of his death, Sept. 20, 1954.

Domingo French (1783–1825) Argentine patriot and Colonel who took part in many engagements in the War

of Independence, especially at the siege of Montevideo in 1814, and in Peru in 1815. He exiled himself to the U.S. from 1817–19. A Freemason.

Sir John D. P. French (1852–1925) British Field Marshal and 1st Earl of Ypres. He served in the British Navy from 1866–70, and in the army from 1874. He distinguished himself in the Nile expedition in 1884, and as a cavalry commander in the Boer War, 1899–1901. He was promoted to general in 1907, was chief of the imperial general staff in 1912–14, and field marshal in 1913. He was placed in supreme command of the British Army on the Western front in WWI and prevented the Germans from reaching Calais by the battle at Ypres. He resigned in 1915, under criticism for costly advances. He later became commander-in-chief of the United Kingdom, and lord lieutenant of Ireland (1918). He was raised June 15, 1906 in Jubilee Masters Lodge No. 2712 of London.

Hubert J. W. Frere-Orban (1812–1896) Prime minister of Belgium. A lawyer, he was leading liberal member of the lower house from 1847–94, minister of public works in 1847, minister of finance, 1848–52 and 1857–70. He was minister of state in 1861, and prime minister from 1867–70 and 1878–84. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress states that he was a Freemason.

Wilhelm Frick (1877–1946) German politician who was minister of interior from 1933–43 under Hitler and was hanged as a war criminal in 1946. Anti-Mason. Hitler's newspaper *Voelkischer Beobachter* announced the final dissolution

of all Masonic lodges in Germany on Aug. 8, 1935. The paper blamed the Order for the incidents leading to WWI, saying that Freemasonry believed the time had come for a “bloody war between nations and the erection of a world republic.” The National Socialist press gave the lodges a final obituary in which they were accused of all imaginable historic crimes, including the undermining of the German empire and the assassination at Sarajevo which precipitated WWI. Acting under a decree that had been issued by President von Hindenburg, which charged that the Masonic lodges had engaged in “subversive activities,” Dr. Frick, then minister of interior, called for the immediate disbandment of all lodges throughout Germany and the Saar and ordered a confiscation of their property. This was a step that the German Freemasons had expected for some time.

Alfred H. Fried (1864–1921) Austrian pacifist. b. in Vienna, he settled in Berlin in 1883, where he was a bookseller and author. In 1891 he founded and edited the first pacifist paper in Germany, *Die Waffen Nieder!* and in 1892 founded the German peace society. He took a leading part in all international peace movements, and in 1911, was co-winner of the Nobel Peace Prize. At the time of his death he was one of the oldest and most faithful members of Lodge Sokrates.

Theodore Friedlander President of Phoenix Hosiery Co. b. March 6, 1886 in San Francisco, Calif. Began with the hosiery company in 1909 at Milwaukee, and was later Pacific coast representative. Worked up as vice president and general manager. Mason.

Oscar J. Friend Author of Western stories. b. Jan. 8, 1897 at St. Louis, Mo. He was in the drug business with his father at Fort Smith, Ark., from 1916–23, and a freelance writer from 1923–28, returning to pharmacy in that year on the death of his father. From 1937–44 he edited western and detective magazines in Standard and Better Publications, moving to California in 1944, and again did freelance work. He returned to New York in 1948, where he purchased Otis Kline Associates, a literary agency. He has Written dozens of western and mystery novels such as The Round-Up; Gun Harvest; Bloody Ground; The Mississippi Hawk; The Long Noose; Range Doctor; The Red Kite Clue; The Hand of Horror; Murder–As Usual, etc. He is the author of numerous short stories for American magazines. Mason and Knight Ternplar.

Amos A. Fries Major General, U.S. Army, who commanded the Chemical Warfare Service in WWI. b. March 17, 1873 at Debello, Wis. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1898, and promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1918, and major general in 1925. He was chief of the Chemical Warfare Service from 1918–29, retiring on the latter date. He served in the Philippines in 1901–03, and from 1906–09, was in charge of the Los Angeles River and Harbor district, laying out a complete and modern harbor. He is a past master of Columbia Lodge No. 3, Washington, D.C.; received 32° AASR (SJ) at Washington, March 25, 1919, and 33°, Oct. 22, 1929. He was knighted in Brightwood Commandery No. 6, K.T. in Washington, June 30, 1927, and served as potentate of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington. He is also honorary past president of the National Sojourners.

Charles E. Friley President of Iowa State College since 1936. b. Aug. 27, 1887 in Ruston, La. Graduate of Sam Houston Teachers Coll., Texas A. & M., Columbia U. and U. of Chicago. He taught school in Texas and La. from 1907–10, and became registrar of Texas A. & M. in 1912, and dean of the school of arts and sciences in 1924. He went with Iowa State in 1932, as dean of the division of science, became vice president in 1935. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ), and Shriner.

Frank F. Frisch Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Sept. 9, 1898 in New York City. Known as the “Fordham Flash,” he jumped from college into the major league. He was an active player from 1919–37, and, from 1938, was a non-playing manager. Always with the National League, he played for New York from 1919–26, St. Louis from 1927–38, and Pittsburgh from 1940–46. He was an outstanding infielder, base runner, and batter. Had a life-time batting mark of .316 and holds many records. Played in 50 world series games, and managed St. Louis from 1933 through 1938, winning the world series in 1934. He managed Pittsburgh from 1940 through 1946. Member of Beacon Lodge No. 3, St. Louis, Mo.

Lawrence G. Fritz Brigadier General, U.S. Air Force and vice president of American Air Lines. b. Aug. 7, 1896 at Marine City, Mich. He was a transport pilot in 1925, and a test pilot for the Ford Airways from 1925–27. From 1927–29 he was chief pilot of the Maddux Airlines, Los Angeles. 1929–31 he was vice president of Southwest Airfast Express, Tulsa, Okla., and regional superintendent for TWA from 1931–38. From

1938–42 he was vice president of TWA in charge of operations. After military duty from 1942–46, he became vice president of American Air Lines in 1946, and retired in 1956. He served in WWI with the aviation section of the Signal Corps, and, after graduating from advanced flying school at Kelly Field in 1924, was commissioned a 2nd lieutenant in the Air Corps reserve. He was made brigadier general in 1944, and major general of Air Force reserve in 1955. He was assistant chief of staff of Air Transport Command from 1942–43; commanding general of the North Atlantic Wing, 1943–44 and commanding general of North Atlantic division 1944–45. He was raised in Alamo Lodge No. 44 of San Antonio, Texas in 1923, while serving in the Air Corps at Kelly Field.

John Frizzell (1829–1894) General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, 1887–80. b. Sept. 8, 1829 in Bedford Co., Tenn. Served as registrar of the land office at Nashville when 21 years old. Admitted to bar in 1854. Served with the Confederate Army in the Civil War. He was a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8; Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Nashville Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and Nashville Commandery No. 1, K.T. He served as head of all York rite bodies in Tenn. Received 32° at hands of Albert Pike, and honorary 33° in 1886. d. Nov. 30, 1894.

Charles W. Froessel Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1937–49, and associate judge of New York Court of Appeals since 1950. b. Nov. 8, 1892 in Brooklyn, he graduated from the New York Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1915. In 1935–37 he had charge of the slum clearance projects in New

York City as special assistant to the U.S. attorney general. He is a trustee of the New York Law School, served with naval reserve in WWI, and member of the executive board, National Council, Boy Scouts of America. A member of Tadmor Lodge No. 923, Ridgewood, N.Y., he was master in 1926; district deputy grand master in 1927–28; grand lodge law enforcement officer, 1928–39; grand treasurer, 1939–41; deputy grand master, 1942–44; grand master, 1944–46; chairman of committee on awards for distinguished achievement in 1946. On the latter committee, he has been primarily responsible for the selection of the following award recipients: General Omar Bradley, General Jonathan Wainwright, Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, Charles E. Wilson, J. Edgar Hoover, Warren R. Austin, John W. Davis, Sir Alexander Fleming, Thomas J. Watson, David Sarnoff, Sir Ernest H. Cooper, Cecil B. de Mille, Dr. Charles W. Mayo, q.v. He was honored by the Grand Lodge of Connecticut with their Pierpont Edwards, q.v., award.

John Frost (1738–1810) Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. May 5, 1738 in Kittery, Maine. He served as a captain in the Canadian campaign of 1759, and, in 1775, was a lieutenant colonel at the siege of Boston. He won distinction in several engagements that preceded the retreat of Washington to Philadelphia, and when Burgoyne invaded New York, his regiment was placed under General Gates, and later, with Washington's central division. He participated in the action of Monmouth. He left the army with the rank of brigadier general. He was a member of St. Andrews Lodge of Boston, Mass. After the war he returned to Kittery, Maine, where he was county judge, and a member of the governor's

council in Massachusetts, of which Maine was then a part.
d. July, 1810.

Leslie M. Frost Premier of Ontario, Canada, from 1949.
b. Sept. 20, 1895 at Orilla, Ont. Graduate of U. of Toronto.
He was admitted to the Ontario bar in 1922, and created
King's Counsel in 1933. He served in the Ontario legislature
in 1937, 43, 45 and 48, and became leader of the Progressive
Conservative Party in 1949. In addition to being prime min-
ister of Ontario, he is also treasurer of the province. In WWI
he was severely wounded near Arras, France, in March, 1918.
He is a member of Faithful Brethren Lodge No. 77 at Lindsay,
and a 32° AASR in the Moore Consistory at Hamilton.

M. M. Frost Vice president of Eastern Air Lines since 1950.
b. July 10, 1898 at Nashville, Tenn. He was a sales executive
for Portland Cement Co. in Tampa, Fla. from 1929–41. In
1945 he became vice president, and assistant to the president
of Eastern Air Lines, N.Y.C. and has been vice president in
charge of traffic and sales since 1950. During WWII (1942–
45) he served as a colonel with the Air Force. Mason and
Shriner.

George A. Fry Management consultant and chairman of
George Fry & Associates, Inc. since 1946. b. Oct. 20, 1901 in
Swayzee, Ind. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1924. He was
director of personnel at that university in 1924–25, becoming
associated with Edwin G. Booz Surveys in the latter year. In
1936 he became a partner of Booz, Fry, Allen & Hamilton,
and, in 1942, senior partner of Fry, Lawson & Co. In 1952

he was chairman of the Citizens for Eisenhower and Nixon Committee. Mason.

Joseph Frye (1711–1794) General in the Revolutionary War. b. April, 1711, at Andover, Mass. He was an ensign in Hale's regiment at the capture of Louisburg in 1745, and a colonel when Montcalm captured Fort William Henry in 1757. He escaped by killing an Indian that had charge of him. He was appointed major general by the Mass. provincial congress in June, 1775, and commissioned brigadier general by the Continental Congress, Jan. 10, 1776, but due to infirmities, resigned on April 23. His great grandson was William P. Frye, q.v., U.S. Senator from Maine. d. 1794 in Fryeburg, Maine. He was a member of a Mass. lodge.

William P. Frye (1831–1911) U.S. Senator from Maine, serving six terms from 1881–1911. b. Sept. 2, 1831 at Lewiston, Maine. He was the grandson of General Joseph Frye, q.v. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll., he practiced law. He was a member of the Maine legislature in 1861, '62, and '67. He served as mayor of Lewiston and attorney general of Maine. From 1871–81 he was U.S. congressman to 42nd through 46th congresses. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 105, Lewiston, Maine. d. 1911.

Dr. R. H. Fuhrmann (?–1937) St. Louis physician who, as an amateur photographer, compiled an historical collection of photographs of the growth of St. Louis. He left the collection to the St. Louis Scottish Rite bodies, stipulating that they could not be sold, and could be used only for educational,

display, and entertainment purposes. They were printed in the St. Louis Globe Democrat about 1955. He learned photography from the professional, Emil Boehi, and together they took many pictures. When Boehi died in 1919, Dr. Fuhrmann bought the hundreds of negatives he had, that date back to the Civil war, and continued to record the history of St. Louis until his own death, Dec. 20, 1937. Member of West Gate Lodge No. 445, St. Louis, Mo., he received his degrees on Feb. 23, March 1, and March 29, 1904.

James F. Fulbright (1877–1948) Judge and U.S. Congressman to 68th, 70th and 72nd Congresses from 14th Mo. dist. b. Jan. 24, 1877 in Millerville, Mo. Admitted to the bar in 1903. Served as prosecuting attorney of Ripley Co. and mayor of Doniphan, Mo. He was a member of the lower house three terms. In 1938 he was named judge of the Springfield court of appeals, and became presiding judge. Member of Composite Lodge No. 369, Doniphan, Mo., receiving degrees, March 4, 20, and 31, 1905. Suspended NPD June 22, 1937; reinstated Jan. 22, 1946. d. April 5, 1948.

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Alfred C. Fuller President of the Fuller Brush Co. b. Jan. 13, 1885 in Welsford, Nova Scotia, Canada; he became a U.S. citizen in 1918. He established the Fuller Brush Co. at Somerville, Mass., in 1906, and since, has been president and chairman

of the board. He is a director of the national Better Business Bureau in New York City. Mason, 32° AASR, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Alvan T. Fuller (1878–1958) Governor of Massachusetts, 1925–29. b. Feb. 27, 1878 in Boston. He was a wealthy auto dealer (Packard) in Boston. He was a member of the state legislature in 1915, and U.S. congressman to 65th and 66th congresses (1917–21) from Mass. He served as lieutenant governor from 1921–25. He never cashed a paycheck as governor or congressman. As governor, he was beset by pressure from near and far to intervene in behalf of the condemned Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti. After a full investigation by a committee appointed by him, he decided to back up the state judiciary, and they were executed for murder. Agitators charged that Fuller was predisposed against the immigrant, anarchist Italians because of his wealth and position. He was raised in Converse Lodge, Malden, Mass. in 1906; exalted in Tabernacle Chapter, R.A.M. in 1923, greeted in Melrose Council, R. & S.M., and knighted in Beauseant Commandery, all of Malden in 1923. He received the 32° AASR (NJ), at Buffalo, N.Y., in 1926, and 33° in 1926; member of Aleppo Shrine Temple and Omar Grotto of Boston. d. May, 1958.

Ben H. Fuller (1870–1937) Major General and Commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps. b. Feb. 27, 1870 in Big Rapids, Mich. Attended U.S. Naval Academy. He was appointed a naval cadet in 1885, and transferred to the Marine Corps as a 2nd lieutenant in 1891, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1918, and major general in 1930. He served on the

U.S.S. Columbia in the Spanish–American War, and was in the Philippines during the 1899–1901 insurrection. He was with the Boxer Relief Expedition to Peking, China in 1900, and commanded the 2nd Brigade of Marines in Santo Domingo in 1918. He served as commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps from 1930, until his retirement in 1934. Mason and member of Washington Chapter No. 3, National Sojourners. d. June 8, 1937.

Justin K. Fuller U.S. Public Health Service. b. Aug. 28, 1888 at Marysville, Calif. Graduate of Stanford U. and U. of Calif. In the public health service he rose from assistant surgeon in 1916, to medical director in 1942, and assistant surgeon general in 1944, resigning in 1948 to become medical consultant of the department of correction and health authority of Calif. Active in penal and correctional institution work, he served as clinical director of the U.S. narcotic farm at Lexington, Ky., from 1935–37, and was medical director of the bureau of prisons of the U.S. justice dept. 1937–42. Member of Washington Centennial Lodge No. 14, Washington, D.C.

Levi K. Fuller (1841–1896) Governor of Vermont in 1892–94. b. Feb. 24, 1841 at Westmoreland, N.H., moving to Brattleboro in 1854, where he was educated in the public schools. From 1866 he was associated with the Estey Organ Co., and was vice president for many years. He was a member of the state senate in 1880, and held many town and municipal offices. He organized and commanded the Fuller Light Battery of the national guard. He was lieutenant governor from 1886–88. He was raised in Columbian Lodge No. 36, Brattleboro, Feb.

19, 1863; exalted in Fort Dummer Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. in Brattleboro, April 20, 1864; and knighted in Vermont Commandery No. 4, K.T. at Windsor, prior to 1867, dimitting in 1868. d. Oct. 10, 1896.

Walter D. Fuller President of Curtis Publishing Co. 1934–50. b. June 5, 1882 at Corning, Ia. He began as a bank clerk and salesman (1899–1904), and became associated with the publishing business in 1904. He was with the Crowell Publishing Co. in 1906; the S. S. McClure Company until 1908, associating himself with the Curtis Co. in that year and advanced through various positions to president. Has been a member of Rising Star Lodge No. 126, Philadelphia, Pa., for 48 years.

Hampton P. Fulmer (1875–1944) U.S. Congressman to 67th to 78th Congresses (1921–45) from 2nd S.Car. dist. b. June 23, 1875 near Springfield, S.Car. He was a farmer. In Congress, he was the author of the U.S. standard cotton grading act and agricultural adjustment act. Mason. d. Oct. 19, 1944.

Robert Fulton (1765–1815) American engineer and inventor. Often called the inventor of the steamboat, but claim is a little broad as John Fitch, q.v., had a steamboat in operation before Fulton. Fulton is often referred to as a Mason, but no proof of his membership can be found.

Will H. Fulton Judge, Kentucky Court of Appeals, 1939–44 and chief justice from 1943–44. b. Aug. 8, 1888 in Bardstown, Ky. Graduate of U. of Va. Admitted to bar in 1909. Was circuit court judge for eight years. Resigned from court of appeals

to engage in private practice. Served overseas in WWI with field artillery. Mason.

William J. Fulton Judge, Supreme Court of Illinois since 1942. b. Jan. 14, 1875 at Lynedoch, Ont., Canada. Came to U.S. in 1881, and naturalized in 1887. Graduate of U. of Illinois, and admitted to bar in 1901. He served as law clerk, court reporter, city attorney, and circuit judge. Member of Sycamore Lodge No. 134, Sycamore, Ill., receiving degrees, March 4, April 22, 1910, and Nov. 24, 1911.

Charles E. Funk (1881–1957) Dictionary editor. b. April 4; 1881 at Springfield, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Colorado. From 1904–11 he was an engineer in the western states and then associate editor of *The Engineering Magazine*, becoming managing editor from 1915–17. From 1916–22 he was editor and secretary of the Industrial Extension Institute. His lexicography work began in 1921, as associate editor of the *New Standard Dictionary*, and in 1939, he became editor, serving as such until 1947. He was also associate editor of *New Standard Encyclopedia* in 1931, and editor of *New International Year Books* from 1932–38. He was consulting editor of *Funk & Wagnalls Co.* from 1947. He was also the author of *25,000 Words Spelled, Divided and Accented*; *A Hog on Ice and Other Sayings*; *New Comprehensive Dictionary*, 1937; *Standard Junior Dictionary*, 1939; *New Practical Standard Dictionary*, 1946; and *New College Standard Dictionary*, 1947. Mason. d. April 16, 1957.

Eugene D. Funk (1867–1944) Founder and President of

Funk Brothers Seed Co. at Bloomington, Ill., in 1901. b. Sept. 3, 1867 at Shirley, Ill. He began plant breeding in 1892, after studying both in the U.S. and abroad. He was primarily interested in corn, and he became one of the largest producers of hybrid seed corn in the world. Member of Shirley Lodge No. 582, Shirley, Ill., receiving degrees Nov. 27, Dec. 15, and Dec. 23, 1893; 32° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 28, 1944.

Frank H. Funk (1869–1940) U.S. Congressman to 67th and 69th Congresses (1921–27) from 17th Ill. dist. b. April 5, 1869 at Bloomington, Ill. Was farmer and stock raiser on fam–

88 Joseph H. Fussell ily farm, “Funk’s Grove,” from 1891. Served in state senate and was nominee for governor and U.S. senator. Raised in Bloomington Lodge No. 43, Bloomington, Ill., July 6, 1893 and dimitted Jan. 1, 1932. d. Nov. 24, 1940.

Henry Fuqua (1865–1926) Governor of Louisiana, 1924, ‘26, dying in office. b. Nov. 8, 1865 at Baton Rouge, La. Began with corps of engineers on Construction of the Yazoo & Miss. Valley Railroad, and later engaged in bridge building. He then entered the hardware business in Baton Rouge, and in 1892, organized the Fuqua Hardware Co. In 1916 he became warden of the state prison, serving until 1924. This also included the management of three large plantations owned by the state. d. Oct. 11, 1926. Member and past master of St. James Lodge No. 47 at Baton Rouge. Received his degrees, June 1, July 16, Aug. 24, 1894.

Stephen O. Fuqua (1874–1943) Major General, U.S. Army.

b. Dec. 25, 1874 at Baton Rouge, La. He was the younger brother of Henry Fuqua, q.v., governor of Louisiana. Attended Tulane and U. of La. as well as U.S. Military Academy. He was commissioned a captain of volunteers in 1898, and advanced to rank of major general in 1929, when he became chief of Infantry. He served at one time as military attache of the U.S. embassy in Madrid, Spain, and, after his retirement, was military affairs editor of Newsweek magazine in New York. Member of Sackett's Harbor Lodge No. 135, Sackett's Harbor, N.Y., receiving degrees, Feb. 26, March 12, and March 26, 1906. d. May 12, 1943.

Charles M. Furman (1797–1872) Seventh Grand Commander of the Southern Supreme Council, Scottish Rite, 1858. b. Oct. 17, 1797 in Charleston, S.Car. He was admitted to the bar in 1819, and later served as state treasurer, comptroller, and, in 1850, president of the state bank. He “resigned” from head of the AASR in the same year as he was named grand commander, and Albert Pike, speaking the year Furman died, stated “he has been as one dead to us for 13 years.” He was initiated in Solomon's Lodge No. 1 of Charleston in 1824, and became master of Kilwinning Lodge No. 4, same city. In 1838–40 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina, and held the same position again in 1847–48. He was high priest of Union Chapter No. 3 in 1846, and deputy grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of S.Car. in 1847. In 1850 he was commander of South Carolina Encampment No. 1, K.T.

Robert W. Furnas (1824–1905) Governor of Nebraska,

1873–75. b. May 5, 1824 in Miami Co., Ohio. He was a resident of Nebraska from 1855 until his death. During the Civil War, he was a colonel in the 2nd Nebr. cavalry. He was president of the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture. On retiring from public life, he engaged in farming and tree culture. He was a member of Capitol Lodge No. 3 at Omaha, and later served as master of Nemaha Lodge No. 4 at Brownville, Nebr. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska in 1865–66, and grand secretary from 1858–62. d. June 1, 1905.

Jonas Furrer (1805–1861) First President of the Swiss Confederation and founder of the Grand Lodge Alpina of Switzerland. A Swiss statesman and lawyer, he was a member of the grand council from 1834–46, and president of the same in 1837 and 1846. In 1848 he was a member of the diet council.

Joseph H. Fussell (1863–1942) Theosophist. b. in Nottingham, England, he came to the U.S. in 1890. He first taught in a private school in Savannah, Ga., and was later private tutor in N.J. and N.Y. In 1893 he became private secretary to William Q. Judge, and later secretary to Katherine Tingley (1896–1929). He was secretary general of The Theosophical Society, and a trustee of Theosophical Univ. He wrote *Theosophy and Occultism*; *More Light—A Study of Theosophy and Freemasonry*. Mason; received 32° AASR (SJ), July 31, 1912, at San Diego, Calif. and withdrew Aug. 16, 1932. He had affiliated with San Diego Lodge No. 35 in Feb. 1907, from Ancient Lodge No. 724, N.Y., and withdrew in May, 1934. d. May 7, 1942.

Junius M. Futrell Governor of Arkansas, 1933–35. b. Aug. 14, 1871 in Green Co., Ark. Member of Paragould Lodge No. 368, Paragould, Ark., and received AASR (SJ) degrees in May, 1926.

G

William H. Gabbert (1849–1923) Justice of Supreme Court of Colorado from 1898–1917 and Chief Justice, 1904–07, and 1915–16. b. Oct. 12, 1849 in Scott Co., Ia. Began law practice in Davenport, Ia. in 1870, and moved to Colo. in 1879, settling at Telluride. From 1893–97 he was district judge. In 1916 he resumed private practice. Member of Union Lodge No. 7, Denver. d. July 18, 1923.

Clark Gable Movie actor. b. in 1907 in Cadiz, Ohio. Attended Akron U. (Ohio). He began as a worker in rubber plants and oil fields. He first won recognition as an actor in *The Last Mile*, and made his film debut in *The Painted Desert*. He has appeared in many films including *Hell Divers*; *Strange Interlude*; *It Happened One Night*; *Mutiny on the Bounty*; *Strange Cargo*; *Gone With the Wind*; *The Hucksters*; *The Wide Missouri*; *Lone Star*; *Mogambo*; *Soldier of Fortune*; and *Idiot's Delight*. He received the award (Oscar) of the Academy. of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences for his role in *It Happened One Night*, in 1934. In WWII he was a 2nd lieutenant in the 8th Air Force, resigning with the rank of major. He was raised in Beverly Hills Lodge No. 528, Oct. 31, 1933, having

received his other degrees on Sept. 19, Oct. 17 of same year.
d. Nov. 17, 1960.

James Gadsden (1788–1858) U.S. Army officer and diplomat who, as U.S. minister to Mexico, concluded the treaty with that country for the re-adjustment of the boundary line between the two nations, and the acquisition of the tract of land afterwards known as the “Gadsden Purchase.” b. May 15, 1788 in Charleston, S.Car. He graduated from Yale in 1806, and moved to Florida, where he was a planter, until he joined the army and was appointed lieutenant colonel of engineers. He served with distinction in the War of 1812, and as an aide-de-camp to General Jackson, q.v., in the campaign against the Seminole Indians in 1818, and aided in the capture of the leaders Arbuthnot and Ambrister. He went with Jackson to Pensacola when the latter took possession of Florida, and was active in settling a dispute between Jackson and the Spanish governor. After his retirement from the army, he returned to farming and was a member of the legislative council of the Florida Territory. He removed the Seminoles to the southern part of Florida under a commission from President Monroe. He later returned to his native state of S.Car. and became president of the South Carolina Railroad and engaged in rice culture. In 1853, President Pierce made him minister to Mexico, and on Dec. 30 of that year he negotiated the famous treaty, setting up the new boundary. He was an early member of Jackson Lodge No. 23 at Tallahassee, Fla. which was then under the Grand Lodge of Alabama. It is now No. 1 of Florida jurisdiction. d. Dec. 25, 1858.

Johann C. Gaedicke (1763–?) Ger; man bookseller who published a number of Masonic books including the *Freimaurer-Lexicon* in 1818 which was later published in English. b. Dec. 14, 1763. He was initiated in 1804.

Henry T. Gage (1852–1924) Governor of California from 1899–1903. b. Nov. 25, 1852 near Geneva, N.Y. He was educated in the public schools of Michigan and under private tutors. He practiced law in Los Angeles. He was U.S. minister to Portugal in 1909–11. As a lawyer, he was counsel for the Southern Pacific Railroad and other corporations. He was raised in Ancient Landmarks Lodge No. 503 of Saginaw, Mich. Sept. 18, 1872. d. Aug. 28, 1924.

Jonathan Gage (1759–1841) One of the organizers of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. A shipbuilder and owner, his sloop *Polly* was stolen by the British, and his brig *Ranger* by the French prior to 1800. He built a turn-pike road; was an incorporator of the Newburyport Academy (Mass.), and also helped found a marine insurance company and a savings association. From 1802–03 he was a selectman of Newburyport, Mass., and from 1805–16, a representative of his city to the Massachusetts general legislature. He was master of St. Peter's Lodge of Newburyport in 1791. In 1797 he met with Thomas Smith Webb, q.v., and others in Boston to plan the organization of the General Grand Chapter. Both Webb and Gage were on the committee with Benjamin Hurd, q.v., to bring together the Royal Arch Masons of the various states. They met in Hartford, Conn., to perfect the organization. In 1798 he was elected first grand treasurer of the Grand

Chapter of Massachusetts, and was grand high priest of the same in 1820–22. He was a member of King Cyrus Chapter at Newburyport and served as high priest in 1801–02.

Edmund P. Gaines (1777–1849) Major General in War of 1812. b. March 20, 1777 in Culpepper Co., Va. Commissioned as a 2nd lieutenant in the 6th Infantry in 1799, and advanced to major general in 1814. He was active on the frontier for many years and was instrumental in arresting Aaron Burr, q.v. He resigned from the army in 1811, intending to become a lawyer, but returned when the War of 1812 threatened. As a brigadier general he conducted the defense of Fort Erie in Aug. 1814, and was severely wounded in repelling a superior force. In 1816 he was appointed one of the commissioners to treat with the Creek Indians, and was in the southern military district in 1817, when the Creeks and Seminoles began their depredations against Georgia and Alabama. He was a member of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, Fayetteville, N.Car. d. June 6, 1849.

John P. Gaines (1795–1858) Governor of Oregon Territory 1850–53. b. in Walton, Ky., he was admitted to the bar, and began practice in his city of birth. He served in the Mexican War as a major of Marshall's Kentucky cavalry volunteers, and was taken prisoner in Jan., 1847. He was subsequently aide-de-camp to General Scott, and distinguished himself at the battle of Molino del Rey. While still held a prisoner, he was elected to the 30th Congress as a Whig, and served from Dec. 1847 to March 1849. President Fillmore appointed him as territorial governor in 1850, and he never returned to the east. He was a member of Multnomah Lodge No. 1, Oregon City, Oreg.

Sir Charles Gairdner British Lieutenant General and Governor of Western Australia in 1952. He was initiated in Shamrock Lodge No. 101 (Irish constitution) and affiliated with Military Lodge No. 15 (Western Australia constitution), March 21, 1952. He was given the rank of past master of this lodge, and later named senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England.

John W. Galbreath Owner and President of the Pittsburgh Pirates Baseball Club. b. Aug. 10, 1897 in Derby, Ohio. Graduated from U. of Ohio in 1920, he entered the real estate business and organized the John W. Galbreath & Co., Columbus, in 1924. He was raised in University Lodge No. 631 of Columbus, Nov. 28, 1922, and received the 33° AASR (NJ) in Boston in 1954.

Jacob H. Gallinger (1837–1918) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire for five terms, 1891–1921, dying in last term. b. March 28, 1837 in Cornwall, Ont., Canada. Received medical degree from Medical Institute of Cincinnati in 1858, and practiced in Concord, N.H. from 1862–85. He was surgeon general of N.H., with the rank of brigadier general, in 1789–90. He served in both legislative bodies of his state and was a member of its constitutional convention in 1876. He served in the 49th and 50th U.S. congresses (1885–89) but declined renomination. Raised in Eureka Lodge No. 70, Concord, N.H. on Dec. 13, 1883. d. Aug. 17, 1918.

Floyd E. Galloway (1890–1955) Brigadier general in Army Air Service. b. Sept. 11, 1890 in Falmouth, Ky. Graduate of

several early Air Corps schools, and commissioned lieutenant in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. In WWI he served with the A.E.F. in Siberia and later commanded Bolling Field, Washington, D.C.; Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala.; Crissy Field, San Francisco; and Albrook Field, Canal Zone. He organized and commanded the Air Force Service Command in the Caribbean Area. Mason. d. Sept. 19, 1955.

Joseph Galloway (1729–1803) Pennsylvania lawyer of pre-revolutionary period, who was an intimate friend of Benjamin Franklin, q.v. b. in Anne Arundel Co., Md., he studied law and practiced in Philadelphia where he became intimate with Franklin. When the latter went to England in 1764, he left his valuable papers with Galloway for safe keeping. He was a member of the Pennsylvania assembly almost continuously from 1757 until the Revolution, serving as speaker from 1766 to 1774. In the early part of the colonial struggle, he sympathized with the British and grew to be an active Tory. As a member of the provincial congress in 1774, he proposed a scheme of government to consist of a president-general, to be appointed by the king, and to hold office during his pleasure, and a grand council, to be chosen once in three years by the assemblies of the various colonies. In 1775 he retired to his country place, where Franklin visited him, attempting in vain to swing him to the cause of the colonies. In 1776 he joined General Howe, the British commander and on the taking of Philadelphia, was named superintendent of the police, thus becoming virtual head of the civil government. At the evacuation of the city he retired with the British and

left for England, never to return. In 1788 the Pennsylvania assembly found him guilty of high treason and ordered his estate sold. He was a member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. d. Aug. 29, 1803.

Randolph, 12th Earl of Galloway 94th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1945–48 and First Grand Principal of the Grand Chapter of Scotland, R.A.M. since 1953.

Juan Manuel Galvez President of Honduras, 1949–55. Initiated in Lodge Agustin Disdier of the Orient of La Ceiba.

George, 8th Viscount of Galway (1882–1943) (George Vere Arundell Monckton–Arundell) British soldier and colonial governor. He served in WWI and was quartermaster general from 1917–19. From 1935–41 he was governor general of New Zealand. He was a past grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Zealand.

Leon Gambetta (1838–1882) Premier of France, lawyer and statesman. b. April 2, 1838 at Cahors. He studied law at Paris and won fame as an orator. Opposing the rupture with Germany, and leader of the party in opposition to the reign of Napoleon III, he was a member of the Government of National Defense (1870). On Oct. 8, 1870 he made a spectacular escape from the Prussian–besieged city of Paris, by balloon. He raised an army and fought to the finish. He founded the influential journal *La Republique Francaise*; succeeded in the adoption of a new constitution and massed effective opposition to the restoration of the Pope's temporal

power. He was president of the chamber of deputies from 1879–81. An accidental shot from a pistol cut his life short, Dec. 31, 1882. He was initiated in a lodge at Bordeaux, France, and July 8, 1875, he, with two others, affiliated with the lodge La Clemente Amitie at Paris.

Hamilton R. Gamble (1798–1864) Civil War Governor of Missouri. b. Nov. 29, 1798 in Winchester, Va. Educated in Hampden–Sidney Coll. and admitted to Va. bar when 18 years old. In 1818 he came to Missouri and settled in Old Franklin, Howard Co., where he petitioned Franklin Union Lodge No. 7, Jan. 4, 1822, receiving his degrees Jan. 12, 26, and Feb. 23 of that year. In March, 1822 he was secretary of the lodge, senior warden in October, and master in December. In 1824 he was named secretary of state, holding the office one year. He then moved to St. Louis where he became a successful lawyer, and presiding judge of the supreme court of the state. In St. Louis he affiliated with Missouri Lodge No. 1, Nov. 2, 1824, and was master in 1826–27. He was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1832. When Governor Claiborne F. Jackson joined the secession party, the state constitutional convention of 1861 named Gamble governor. Serving in a difficult time, he is credited with saving the state for the Union, but his duties were demanding, and he died on Jan. 31, 1864. He married Louisa, daughter of Col. Rufus Easton, q.v.

Robert J. Gamble (1851–1924) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1901–13. b. Feb. 7, 1851 in Genesee Co., N.Y. Graduate of Lawrence U. (Wis.) in 1874, admitted to the bar

the following year, and practiced at Yankton, S.D. He served as district and city attorney, state senator, and chairman of the state Republican convention. He represented his state in the 54th and 56th U.S. congresses. He became a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, June 8, 1880 and belonged to DeMolay Commandery, K.T., and Oriental Consistory AASR (SJ), at Yankton. He was a member of El Riad Shrine Temple at Sioux Falls. d. Sept. 22, 1924.

Frank E. Gannett (1876–1957) Owner of Brooklyn Eagle and 21 other newspapers. b. Sept. 15, 1876 in Bristol, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell in 1898. He first entered the newspaper field as editor of the Ithaca Daily News (N.Y.) in 1900, and built a \$3,000 stake into a newspaper empire, owning all, or controlling interest in 22 newspapers, four radio stations, and three television stations. Most of the newspapers are in New York state. Member of Hobasco Lodge No. 716 of Ithaca, N.Y.; he was a Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Dec. 3, 1957.

James Ganson (1774–1858) Morgan trial defendant. b. in Salem, Mass. He settled in Avon, N.Y. with his father and brother about 1789. He achieved notoriety in 1826 as one of the defendants in the Masonic trials for the abduction of William Morgan, q.v. He was acquitted. He was probably initiated in Genesee Lodge No. 130 at Avon, N.Y. as he is listed in the returns of 1806–12 in both the “initiation” and “quarterages” columns. He is also listed as a member on the returns of the same lodge, 1812–14. In 1816 he is listed as the charter senior warden of LeRoy Lodge No. 260, LeRoy, Genesee Co., N.Y. His attic once served as a lodge room. Rob

Morris states that he was secretary of Western Star Chapter No. 35, R.A.M. of LeRoy when William Morgan was exalted to the Royal Arch degree. He moved to Jackson, Mich. in 1827 or 1828 and died there on May 4, 1858.

Calixto Garcia-Iniguez (1836?–1898) Cuban patriot and lawyer. As a revolutionist, he became a leader in the Ten Years' War against Spain (1868–78), and led the Cuban force at El Caney in the Spanish–American War. In that year he was appointed to represent Cuba in negotiations with the U.S. for Cuban independence. Widely remembered in the U.S. through Elbert Hubbard's inspirational essay *A Message to Garcia*. Mason.

William Y. Gardiner Governor of Maine, 1929–33. b. June 12, 1892 at Newton, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1914. Admitted to Mass. bar in 1917, and Maine bar in 1919; practiced at Augusta. Served in Maine lower house 1921–25. Served in both World Wars. In WWI he was with the 56th Pioneer Infantry, and advanced from private to lieutenant. In WWII he was a major with the U.S. Air Force from 1942–45. Made a Mason March 16, 1920 in Hermon Lodge No. 32, Gardiner, Maine, and is a 33° AASR (NJ).

Frederick D. Gardner (1869–1933) Governor of Missouri 1917–21. b. Nov. 6, 1869 in Hickman, Ky. He moved to St. Louis when 17 years old and was employed by the St. Louis Coffin Co.; he became its owner. It was during his term, that the Missouri State Highway Commission was established as a nonpartisan governmental bureau. He received his degrees

in Cornerstone Lodge No. 323 of St. Louis in Jan., Feb. and March, 1891, and March 21, 1893, affiliated with Tuscan Lodge No.360. He was exalted in St. Louis Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., and knighted in Ascalon Commandery No. 16, K.T. in 1892. Also a member of the St. Louis Scottish Rite Consistory and Moolah Shrine Temple. In his will he left substantial amounts to the Masonic Home of Missouri and the Shrine Hospital. d. Dec. 18, 1933.

Henry J. Gardner (1819–1892) Governor of Massachusetts, 1855–1858. Member of Revere Lodge, Boston, Mass. and a Knight Templar. Dimitted Jan. 5, 1869.

William S. Gardner (1827–1888) Masonic writer and historian. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts three terms, and was 8th grand master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar. Received 32° AASR (NJ), in 1857, and 33° May 16, 1861. b. Oct. 1, 1827. d. April 4, 1888.

James A. Garfield (1831–1881) Twentieth President of the United States. b. Nov. 19, 1831 in Cuyahoga Co., Ohio. He was a teacher, and head of Hiram College, Hiram, Ohio from 1857–61. At the outbreak of the Civil War in 1861, he was a colonel in the Ohio volunteers, rising to brigadier general in 1862, and major general in 1863. From 1863–80 he was a member of the U.S. congress, and Republican leader of the same from 1876. He was elected president in 1880, and inaugurated, March 4, 1881. On July 2, 1881 he was shot, in the Washington railroad station, by Charles J. Guiteau, and

died Sept. 19, 1881. He was initiated in Magnolia Lodge No. 20 of Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 22, 1861; passed, Dec. 23, 1861. Owing to war duties, he did not receive the third degree until three years later, when, by request of Magnolia lodge, it was conferred on him by Columbus Lodge No. 30, Nov. 22, 1864. On Oct. 10, 1866, he affiliated with Garrettsville Lodge No. 246, and served as chaplain in 1868–73. Even before he was a member of the latter lodge, he visited them April 26, 1865, and was appointed on a committee to draft resolutions on the death of President Lincoln. His membership remained in Garrettsville lodge until he became a charter member of Pentalpha Lodge No. 23 of Washington, D.C., May 4, 1869. He was one of the petitioners for the charter. He was exalted in Columbia Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Washington, D.C., April 18, 1866. On May 18 of the same year, he was knighted in Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T. of Washington. He was made an honorary member of Hanselmann Commandery No. 16, K.T. of Cincinnati, Ohio, July 19, 1881. He received 4–14° AASR (SJ), Jan. 2, 1872 from Albert Pike, q.v., in Washington. On April 10, 1871 he attended the banquet given in honor of the Earl de Grey and Ripon, q.v., then grand master of the Grand Lodge of England. The banquet was given by the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia. In 1876 he allowed himself to be suspended in the chapter for nonpayment of dues, but was reinstated in 1877. At his inauguration as president, an honor guard of five platoons was appointed by his commandery of Knights Templar (Columbia No. 2), as an escort. On May 20, 1881, he reviewed five commanderies from Mass. and R.I. at the White House, and the following day gave a reception to DeMolay Commandery of Boston, and St. John's

No. 1 of Providence, R.I., at the White House. When his body lay in state at the U.S. capitol from Sept. 21–23, Columbia Commandery No. 2 formed part of the guard of honor and escorted his remains from Washington to Cleveland, Ohio. At the funeral, Sept. 26, nearly all the officers of the Grand Commandery of Ohio, 14 commanderies of that state, and eight commanderies from adjacent jurisdictions were present and participated in the funeral cortege. Benjamin Dean, grand master of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. also was present.

Giuseppe Garibaldi (1807–1882) Italian liberator and the “George Washington” of Italy. b. July 4, 1807 at Nice, the son of a sailor. He became associated with another Freemason and liberator—Mazzini, q.v., in 1833, joining his secret revolutionary society, Young Italy. An ill-timed plot sent him into exile in France, with a death penalty imposed upon him, in 1834. He fled to South America in 1836, where he first engaged in trade, and then joined the revolt in southern Brazil. Captured, he was tortured and held prisoner for six months. Back in Montevideo, Uruguay, he headed a small army of his own, and was an important factor in the signing of Uruguay’s freedom. Hearing that Europe was on the threshold of revolution, Garibaldi sailed for Italy with a picked company of his legion, and landed at Nice in June, 1848. He served in the army of the Roman Republic, and with his red-shirted volunteers amazed Europe with his stubborn defense of Rome in a nine-week siege. When Rome was finally captured, he fled to the U.S. where he became a naturalized citizen. For a year he was employed as a candlemaker on Staten Island, N.Y., and for three years captained trading vessels on the Atlantic and

Pacific. By this time his presence in Italy was not feared, and he returned to Genoa in May, 1854, and purchased the island of Caprera, where he built a home. On May 5, 1860 he left Genoa with 1,000 hand picked men known as “red-shirts” and captured Sicily, then, crossing to the mainland of Italy, expelled the anti-Mason, Francis II, q.v., thus defeating the so-called Kingdom of the Two Sicilies. He retired after Victor Emmanuel of Sardinia was named as king of Italy. Thus for the first time, Italy became partially united. Only Rome, in the hands of the French, and Venetia, held by the Austrians, stood in the way of Garibaldi’s dream of complete independence. Twice he organized expeditions (1862 and 1867) and marched against Rome, and was defeated by regular Italian troops. Twice, he was placed in prison. Venetia was won in 1866, and in 1870, France was compelled to withdraw her garrison from Rome to fight the Prussians. Although Garibaldi had nothing to do with the latter two actions, they fulfilled his life’s aim. In 1874 he was elected deputy for Rome in the Italian parliament. He became a member of the Lodge Les Amis de Patrie of Montevideo, Uruguay, about 1844, and when he came to the U.S., affiliated with Tompkins Lodge No. 471, Stapleton, N.Y. In 1860 he became grand master of the grand lodge at Palermo, and in 1867, called a convention to unite all the Italian bodies, but this project was not successful. He was an honorary member of the Egyptian Rite of Memphis. In 1863 he was elected grand commander of the Supreme Council, 33° AASR, in Italy. Garibaldi Lodge No. 542, New York City, was named in his honor. Warranted on June 11, 1864, while Garibaldi was grand master of Italy, he wrote, March 14, 1864, sending the lodge his blessing

and good wishes. d. June 21, 1882. The Garibaldi monument erected in Rome had large bronze wreaths superimposed on it, acknowledging him as the grand master of Italy. In the Mussolini period, they were removed, but, in 1956, replaced. Said Garibaldi: "Whenever there is a human cause, we are certain to find Freemasonry, for it is the fundamental basis of all true liberal associations. Thank all of my brethren and tell them that I am always with them with all my heart, and that forever I will pride myself upon my Masonic connection."

Clement L. Garner Hydrographic and geodetic engineer with the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey since 1907. b. Sept. 22, 1884 at Bogue, N.C. Was chief of survey party from 1913–23, and commander of the ship *Discoverer* from 1923–27. He was chief of the service from 1937–45. From 1938–40 he was chairman of the Federal Board of Surveys and Maps. Member of Dawson Lodge No. 16, Washington, D.C.; received 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, May 23, 1922. National Sojourner and member of Heroes of '76.

Alexander C. Garrett (1832–1924) First Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Dallas, Texas. b. Nov. 4, 1832 in Ballymot, Ireland. Graduated from Trinity Coll., Dublin U. in 1855. Ordained deacon in 1856, and priest in 1857. Was curate at East Worldham, Hampshire, England, from 1856–59; and from 1859–69, served as a missionary in British Columbia. He then served as a rector in San Francisco, and dean at Omaha, Nebr. from 1870–74, when, in the latter year, he was elected missionary bishop of Northern Texas, and later of Dallas. Mason and 33° AASR. He was a member of Dallas Lodge No.

760, Dallas, Texas, and served as an officer of the same. d. Feb. 18, 1924.

David Garrick (1717–1779) Regarded as the greatest actor in the history of the English stage. b. Feb. 19, 1717 in Hereford, England, of Huguenot descent, he met Samuel Johnson, q.v., while a student at Lichfield grammar school and became his first pupil at Edial. In 1737 he accompanied Johnson to London, where he made his reputation by acting in *Richard III*, Oct. 19, 1741. His success continued in other Shakespearean plays and he became co-manager of Drury Lane Theatre in 1747. Amassing a fortune, he retired to Hampton in 1776. He enjoyed the friendship of Dr. Johnson and his circle of distinguished persons of that day. A Mason, he is thought to have belonged to St. Paul's Lodge No. 194. This lodge has a snuff box which, the old minutes state, "replaces one presented to the lodge by Bro. David Garrick." d. Jan. 20, 1779.

James P. Garrick (1875–?) President of Morris College (S.C.) from 1939. b. Aug. 7, 1875 at Weston, S.C. Teacher, and Baptist minister, serving several S.C. pastorates. Mason. Deceased.

Stuart Garson Former Minister of Justice of Canada and Premier of Manitoba. b. Dec. 1, 1898 at St. Catharines, Ont. Law graduate of U. of Manitoba in 1918. He was elected to the Manitoba legislature five times, serving from 1927–48. In 1936 he was appointed treasurer of Manitoba, and in 1941, minister in charge of Manitoba Power Commission. He was sworn in as premier of Manitoba in 1943, and resigned in

1948. He became minister of Justice in St. Laurent's cabinet in that year. Mason.

Schuyler E. Garth (1898–1947) Methodist Bishop. b. Sept. 1, 1898 at Saffordville, Kans. Graduate of Baker U., Garrett Biblical Inst., and Ohio Wesleyan U. Ordained Methodist minister in 1920, serving churches in Kansas, Illinois, Florida, Pa., and Ohio. He was consecrated a bishop in 1944, and assigned to the Wisconsin area. He was later assigned, with his wife, to make a survey of the Chinese mission field. He was killed in an airplane crash near Hankow, China, Jan. 28, 1947, and buried in the International Cemetery near that city. Mason.

Will M. Garton (1875–1946) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 31, 1875 at Des Moines, Ia. A physician, he received his M.D. from the U. of Iowa in 1896, and was commissioned an ensign in the Navy in 1898, advancing through grades to rear admiral in 1930, retiring in 1939. He served in the Spanish–American War, Mexican Border, World War I, and Haitian and Dominican campaigns. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner. d. June 7, 1946.

Frank B. Gary (1860–1922) U.S. Senator from South Carolina, 1908–09. b. March 9, 1860 at Cokesbury, S.C. He was admitted to the bar in 1881, and practiced at Abbeville, S.C. He was a member of the lower house of his state from 1890–1900, and again in 1906, serving as speaker five years. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1895. Mason, and potentate of Oasis Shrine Temple in Charlotte,

N.C. d. Dec. 7, 1922. His father, Franklin F. Gary, q.v., was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of S.C. in 1880.

Franklin F. Gary (1829–1897) Surgeon in the Confederate army and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of S.C. in 1880. His son, Frank B. Gary, q.v., was U.S. Senator from S.C. b. Nov. 4, 1829 at Cokes-bury, S.C., he was a member of state legislature several terms. He served as president of the S.C. Medical Society and was chairman of the state board of health for many years. He was elected a delegate to the Medical Congress of the World at Geneva, Switzerland, but died on Dec. 31, 1897 before it convened.

Hunter L. Gary (1884–1946) Telephone company executive. b. May 27, 1884 in Macon, Mo. He was a partner of Theodore Gary & Partners, N.Y. He was also president and director of the Nemo Corp.; Adaven Corp; National Service, Inc.; Nevada Trust Co.; Natser Corp. (all of Reno, Nev.) and the Gary-Loomis Co. and Walnuts Residence Co. of Kansas City, Mo. He was chairman of the board of Associated Telephone & Telegraph Co. of Wilmington, Del., and vice president of the Anglo-Canadian Telephone Co. (Montreal); Compania Dominican de Telefonos (Dominican Republic). His chairmanships included Theodore Gary & Co. (Kansas City); York Investment Co.; Allied Syndicate, Inc.; General and Telephone Investment, Inc. (of Wilmington). He was a director in many other companies. Member of Censer Lodge No. 172, Macon, Mo. Exalted in Macon Chapter No. 22 April 17, 1907; knighted in Emanuel Commandery No. 7, K.T., May 21, 1909, both of Macon, Mo. withdrew from chapter Jan. 21,

1915, and cornmandery, March 22, 1915. d. Nov. 30, 1946.

J. Vaughn Gary U.S. Congressman, 79th to 81st Congresses (1945–51) from 3rd Va. dist. b. Feb. 25, 1892 at Richmond, Va. Graduate of U. of Richmond in 1912 and 1915. A lawyer, he first taught school. He served as counsel on the Virginia Tax Board, and later was secretary of the National Agricultural Advisory Commission in Washington. He served in the lower house of Virginia (1926–33). Raised June 14, 1918 in St. Johns Lodge No. 36, Richmond, Va. and was master of same in 1926. 18° AASR (SJ) .

Allard H. Gasque (1873–1938) U.S. Congressman, 68th to 75th Congresses (1923–39) from 6th S.C. dist. b. March 8, 1873 in Florence Co., S.C. Graduate of U. of South Carolina. He taught in the public schools and served as county superintendent of Florence Co. Died in office, June 17, 1938. Mason.

Percy L. Gassaway (1885–1937) U.S. Congressman to 74th Congress (1935–36) from 4th Okla. dist. b. Aug. 30, 1885 at Waco, Texas, moving into Indian Territory (Oklahoma) early in life. Admitted to bar in 1919, he was a district judge from 1926–34. Mason. d. May 15, 1937.

Cadet de Gassicourt A Parisian apothecary, who, in 1796, wrote a work against the Masonic fraternity. However, he later acknowledged that he had written something he knew nothing about, and in 1805, was initiated in the Lodge l'Abeille at Paris and became its master.

John Gaston Grand Duke of Tuscany. An anti-Mason, he inaugurated a persecution against the Freemasons in his dominions in 1737.

William Gaston (1820–1894) Governor of Massachusetts, 1875–76. b. Oct 3, 1820 in South Killingly, Conn. Graduate of Brown U. in 1840 and began law practice in Roxbury, Mass. in 1846. He served as mayor of Roxbury, and also mayor of Boston. He was a member of the Mass. legislature and also a state senator. He was raised in Washington Lodge, Roxbury, June 7, 1855. d. Jan. 19, 1894.

Thomas L. Gatch Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy and hero of WWII when, as captain of the battleship South. Dakota, his ship downed 32 Japanese planes in one battle in the Solomon. He is a member of Pacific Lodge No, 50, Salem, Oreg. His grandfather was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1873.

Floyd B. Gates Midget, 49 inches high and weighed 60 pounds. He was past master of James E. Dillon Lodge No. 466 at Mesick, Mich. and was frequently hailed as the “smallest past master in the world.”

Horatio Gates (1728–1806) Major General of Continental Army in American Revolution. b. in Maldon. England. He entered the British army and joined Braddock’s army in Virginia in 1755, and was wounded at Monongahela. In 1760 he was a brigade-major under Moncton at Fort Pitt, and was his aide in 1762 at the capture of Martinique. In

1772 at the invitation of Washington, he took up land in Virginia and settled down to develop it. When the Revolution broke out, he sided with the colonies and was appointed an adjutant-general with the rank of brigadier, by congress in July, 1775. The next year he was made major general and placed in command of the northern army that had been commanded by Arnold Wooster, Montgomery, and Sullivan. He was at Fort Ticonderoga for the next two years and received credit for the success in repulsing Burgoyne's army from the north, although Schuyler and Benedict Arnold, q.v., were responsible for the defense. In fact he was later charged with cowardice at this action. At this juncture his friends formed the noted Conway Cabal to place him as commander-in-chief instead of Washington. It failed, and in 1780, he lost the disastrous battle of Camden, S.C. for which he was relieved of his command; he returned to his plantation. He asked official inquiry into his conduct at the battle of Camden, but it was 1782 before congress got around to acquitting him. He served loyally under Washington for the remainder of the war. His wealthy wife spent most of her fortune on the cause of the colonies, and nursed the patriot Thaddeus Kosciusko for six months in her home, after he was wounded. Gates was probably a member of a regimental lodge at Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, Canada. There was an active regimental lodge there between 1738 and 1755, with the Philip's or 40th Foot. Practically all the officers of the regiment were members. On Dec. 18, 1778 the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts invited "the Hon'ble General Gates and such of his family who are Masons, be waited upon and invited to dine at the Feast (St. John's Day). The

minutes of St. John's Day (Dec. 28) that followed show Gates was present. d. April 10, 1806.

John H. Gates (1865–1927) Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota. b. Oct. 26, 1865 at Waterloo, Ia. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1888. Admitted to bar in 1890, and practiced at Sioux Falls, S.D. He was an associate judge of the supreme court of South Dakota from 1913, serving as presiding judge in 1917, 1920, and 1926. Member of Minnehaha Lodge No. 5, of Sioux Falls, S.D., receiving degrees, Sept. 17, Nov. 16 and Dec. 17, 1904; served in lodge line from 1905 until he was master in 1909. d. Nov. 8, 1927.

Ralph F. Gates Former Governor of Indiana. b. Feb. 24, 1893 at Columbia City, Ind. He is a member of Columbia City Lodge No. 189, receiving his degrees June 3, June 17, and July 1, 1935. Now practices law at Columbia City.

Richard J. Gatling (1818–1903) Inventor of the “Gatling Gun,” the World's first practical repeating guns which changed the tactics of warfare throughout the world. b. Sept. 12, 1818 in Hertford Co., N.C. As a boy he assisted his father in perfecting a machine for sowing cottonseed, and another for thinning cotton plants. He subsequently invented and patented a machine for sowing rice, and when he moved to St. Louis in 1844, adapted it to drilling wheat. Although he studied medicine, he never practiced as a physician. He conceived the idea of his revolving battery gun in 1861. The first was made at Indianapolis in 1862. Twelve were later manufactured and used by General Butler on the James River, Va. In 1865,

he further improved his invention, and it was adopted by the U.S. army. It was also made in Austria and England and used by several European governments. The first gun fired about 250 rounds per minute, but later improvements with a motor drive raised it to 3,000 rounds per minute. He was a member of Center Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis, Ind. d. Feb. 26, 1903.

Ga-wa-so-wa-neh (See under Dr. Arthur C. Parker.)

Edward K. Gaylord Newspaper editor. b. March 5, 1873 at Muscotah, Kans. Began as clerk of district court at Colorado Springs, Colo. in 1897 and went with the Colorado Springs Telegraph in 1901. In 1902 he was business manager of the ,St. Joseph (Mo.) Gazette. Since 1903 he has been general manager of the Daily Oklahoman, Oklahoma City Times, and Oklahoma Farmer-Stockman. He has been president of the Oklahoma Publishing Co. since 1918. He has been a director of the Associated Press, and president of several firms, including radio and real estate companies. In 1918 he was a member of the commission to construct the Oklahoma state capitol. Mason.

Frank R. Gaynor (1852-1920) Judge, Supreme Court of Iowa, 1912-20. b. Sept 2, 1852 in Hamilton, Ont., Canada, and brought to U.S. at age of three. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1877, and practiced in Marshalltown and LeMars, Iowa. Mason. Died, 1920.

John H. Gear (1825-1900) U.S. Senator and Governor of Iowa. b. April 7, 1825 at Ithaca, N.Y. He moved to Galena, Ill. in 1836, and then to Fort Snelling, Iowa Territory in 1838.

In 1843 he moved to Burlington, and was mayor of that city in 1863. He was in the state legislature six years, and speaker four years. He was governor of Iowa from 1878–82, and a member of the U.S. congress from 1887–91, and again from 1893–95. From 1892–93 he was assistant secretary of the U.S. treasury. Elected as U.S. Senator in 1894, he served until his death in 1900. Member of Des Moines Lodge No. 1, Burlington, Iowa.

John W. Geary (1819–1873) Governor of two states and Major General in the Civil War. b. Dec. 30, 1819 near Mount Pleasant, Pa. Admitted to bar, but never practiced. Employed as a civil engineer in Ky., he was named assistant superintendent of the Alleghany Portage railroad. He commanded a regiment in the Mexican War of 1846 as a lieutenant colonel, and was wounded at Chapultepec. He was made the first commander of the city of Mexico. In 1849 he was appointed the first postmaster of San Francisco. In 1850 he became the first mayor of the city and took a leading part in the formation of the new constitution for Calif. In 1852 he retired to his farm in Westmoreland Co., Pa., and remained in private life until 1856, when he was appointed territorial governor of Kansas, serving one year. At the beginning of the Civil War he raised the 28th Pa. volunteers. In 1862 he was commissioned brigadier general, and promoted to major general in 1865. He fought in the battles of Bolivar Heights, Cedar Mountain, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and Lookout Mountain. His son, Edward, was killed in the last mentioned battle. After the war, he was elected governor of Pennsylvania (1866) and served until two weeks before his death. He received the three

degrees of Masonry “at sight” on Jan. 4, 1847 in St. John’s Lodge No. 219, Pittsburgh, Pa., while on the way to Mexico with his troops. He never became a member of this lodge, but on June 11, 1855 was admitted a member to Philanthropy Lodge No. 225, Greensburg, Pa. He was a charter member of California Lodge No. 13 (now No. 1) of San Francisco, and its first secretary. On returning to Pennsylvania in 1851 he severed his connection with the California lodge. It is thought he affiliated with Concordia Lodge No. 67 of Philadelphia, on his return, as he is listed as a member in May, 1860. He received the chapter degrees in Zerubbabel Chapter No. 162, R.A.M., of Pittsburgh on July 14, 1848, as a sojourner, and the commandery orders in Pittsburgh Commandery No. 1 on Oct. 2, 1848—but resigned two days later! d. Feb. 8, 1873.

John Geddes (1773–1828) Governor of South Carolina, 1818–20. b. in Charleston, S.C. He was the son of a merchant. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1797, serving several terms in the state legislature. He was made brigadier general of militia. A past master of St. John’s Lodge No. 13, Charleston, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1826. d. March 5, 1828.

Arthur H. Geissler (1877–1945) U.S. Minister to Guatemala, 1922–29, and Siam from 1929. b. Oct. 30, 1877. Admitted to bar in 1896. He was an instructor in modern languages, president of a bank, and also of an insurance company in Oklahoma City, Okla. In 1918 he was president of the national association of Republican state chairmen. Mason and Shriner. d. Feb. 18, 1945.

Walter Geist (1894–1951) President of Allis–Chalmers Manufacturing Co. from 1942. b. Dec. 1, 1894 at Milwaukee, Wis. Joined Allis–Chalmers in 1909 and advanced from errand boy to draftsman, designer, engineer, manager, general sales manager, vice president, and president. He was a director of many large corporations. Mason and member of St. Wilfred Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine. He received his lodge degrees in Independence Lodge No. 80 of Milwaukee, March 6, May 20 and Sept. 23, 1921. 32° AASR (NJ) in Valley of Milwaukee. d. Jan. 29, 1951.

George I King of Greece (1845–1913) Full name was Christian William Ferdinand Adolphus George. He was king from 1863 to 1913. The second son of Christian IX, q.v., king of Denmark, and served in the Danish navy. After the deposition of Otto I, he was elected king of the Hellenes (Greece), in 1863, by the Greek national assembly. He married Grand Duchess Olga, niece of the czar of Russia. During his reign the greater part of Thessaly and part of Epirus were incorporated into Greece. He was involved in the First Balkan War of 1912–13, and was assassinated at Salonika. His son, Constantine I, as well as his grandson, George II, q.v., were Freemasons. George I was initiated in Denmark before becoming king of Greece.

George II King of Greece (1890–1947) He was the eldest son of Constantine I, a Freemason, and grandson of George I, q.v. b. July 20, 1890 at Tatoi, Greece. He was king from 1922–23, when his father abdicated in his favor, and again from 1935–47. He ruled with little actual authority, and was

deposed by the military junta in 1923. He was recalled to the throne by a plebiscite in 1935, but he was overshadowed by Metaxas, who became dictator in 1936, and in 1941 George fled to England for the second time to escape the Nazis. He was again restored to the throne by a plebiscite in 1946. He was initiated, Sept. 16, 1930, during his first 12-year exile in England, in Wallwood Lodge No. 5143 of London. The ceremony took place in the Grecian Temple, Great Eastern Hotel, London. On Feb. 1, 1933, he was installed as master of this lodge and served with zeal. He was a past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England at the time of his death. He was also a 33° AASR, being created in Sept. 1943.

George III (1738–1820) King of Great Britain and Ireland, 1760–1820. Although he was not a Freemason, the majority of the male members of the immediate royal family were. It is thought that his early accession to the throne (at age of 22) prevented him from joining the Craft. A grandson of King George II, his father, Frederick, Prince of Wales, was initiated in 1737. His younger brother, Prince William Frederick of Gloucester, was initiated in Britannic Lodge in 1795. Six of his seven sons as well as his nephew and son-in-law were Masons. His six Masonic sons were: George, Prince of Wales (later George IV and grand master) initiated in 1787, in a special lodge at the Star and Garter, Pall Mall; Prince William Henry, later King William IV, in Prince George Lodge No. 86 at Plymouth; the Duke of York, in Britannic Lodge No. 29, London, in 1787; Prince Edward, Duke of Kent (later grand master of the “Antients” and father of Queen Victoria) in Lodge Union des Coeurs, Geneva; Prince Ernest, later Duke

of Cumberland and King of Hanover, at the house of the Earl of Moira in 1796; and Prince Augustus William, Duke of Sussex, and grand master of the United Grand Lodge, at the Royal York Lodge of Friendship in Berlin in 1798. The only non-Mason son was Adolphus, Duke of Cambridge.

George IV King of England (1762–1830) Full name was George Augustus Frederick, of the house of Hanover. He was the son of George III. His first marriage to Mrs. Fitzherbert in 1785 was declared illegal, and he deserted her in 1794. In 1795 he married his cousin, Caroline of Brunswick, but when crowned king in 1820, he refused to allow Queen Caroline to be present at his coronation. In 1800 he attempted to get Mrs. Fitzherbert to return, but she refused until she gained assurance of papal approval of marriage. He gained the ill will of his father for his extravagances and dissolute habits. He assumed the throne when his father became permanently deranged, first, as regent in 1811, and as king in 1820. During his reign the Catholic Emancipation Act was passed. He was initiated in a special lodge, Feb. 6, 1787, meeting at the Star and Garter at London, by his uncle, the duke of Cumberland, then grand master. He succeeded his uncle in office in 1790. He joined Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London, April 16, 1787, and was master of the lodge from that date until 1820. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of England for 23 years, and in 1805 was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. When he became king, the Duke of Sussex was elected grand master, and the king took the title of grand patron. The Duke of Sussex, his younger brother, was able to bring about a union of the two English grand lodges in 1813.

George V King of England (1865–1936) Full name, George Frederick Ernest Albert of house of Saxe–Coburg–Gotha, which in 1917 changed its name to the house of Windsor. His father was Edward VII, q.v., whom he succeeded on the throne at the latter's death, May 6, 1910, and ruled until his own death in 1936. Although not a Freemason, he became grand patron of three Masonic charities of the Grand Lodge of England when he ascended the throne.

George V Last King of Hanover (1819–1878) Full name was George Frederick Alexander Karl Ernest August, son of Ernest Augustus, q.v., duke of Cumberland. He ruled Hanover from 1851–66. He refused to yield to Prussia's demands, and sided with Austria in the Seven Week's War of 1866, being forced to abdicate as a result of this conflict. In 1852 he was proclaimed protector of Freemasonry, and when he was initiated, Jan. 14, 1857 in Lodge Zum schwarzen Bar (Black Bear), the initiation ceremonies were not abbreviated at his own request. A lodge room, including ante-room and preparation chambers were set up in the royal palace and 300 brethren assembled to assist in his initiation. He was initiated at 7:15, retired, returned, and passed at 8:00; retired again, and introduced at 8:15 for the Master Mason degree. At the conclusion of the initiation he said: "I am now one of you—received and accepted as a member of your noble fraternity. I may, therefore, now say, without hesitation, that I have always longed and designed to become a worthy member of your noble institution. I was not satisfied to be merely the protector of Freemasonry; I felt that I ought to be in it and of it—that I ought to have the privilege to be called by you a brother.

You have gratified my wish, to your utmost ability, by opening wide for me the doors of the lodges of my country, and by having honored me with membership in each. For those favors bestowed upon me, accept my sincere gratitude, and with it the assurance that I will endeavor to so discharge my duty that you shall find in me all you have a right to expect. In order that I may worthily fulfill this promise, I pray that the Grand Architect may grant me the power to carry out, in practice, what is now only a sincere desire, and that I thus may prove myself a true and faithful brother to you and all good Masons.” This he did, for he became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Hanover, and although blind, regularly attended meetings of the lodges.

George VI King of England (1895–1952) Full name was Albert Frederick Arthur George of the house of Windsor (formerly Saxe–Coburg–Gotha). A son of George V, q.v., he reigned from the time his brother, Edward VIII, q.v., abdicated in 1936, until his death in 1952. He studied in Trinity College at Cambridge and served in WWI. He was created duke of York in 1920. He was initiated in Naval Lodge No. 2612 in Dec., 1919, the ceremony being conducted by Lord Ampthill. In 1922 he was appointed senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England, and in 1924 was made provincial grand master for Middlesex. He was invested and installed by his great uncle, H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, q.v. He held the latter position until he ascended the throne in 1938. As king, he accepted the rank of past grand master of the Grand Lodge of England, and was ceremonially installed at the Albert Hall in London before an audience

of Masons from all parts of the world. In 1936 he accepted and was installed grand master mason of Scotland, and affiliated with the lodge of Glamis, Scotland, where his father-in-law, the Earl of Strathmore, was a past master. He created the precedent of the English sovereign's active participation in Masonic ceremonies, and personally conducted the installation of three grand masters—the Duke of Kent at Olympia in 1939; the Earl of Harewood in Freemason's Hall in 1943; and the Duke of Devonshire in Albert Hall in 1948. Only his last illness prevented his installing the Earl of Scarbrough in 1951. Toward the end of his reign, he stated that he had always regarded Masonry as one of the strongest influences of his life. He was a Royal Arch Mason and was a first principal. He was a past grand master of the Mark Lodge and former ruler of the Mark province of Middlesex (1931–37). He held the rank of past grand master, and of knight commander of the Temple, was a 33°, and grand inspector general in the Ancient and Accepted Rite of Rose Croix. Said he of Masonry: "The world today does require spiritual and moral regeneration. I have no doubt, after many years as a member of our Order, that Freemasonry can play a most important part in this vital need."

George August (1748–?) Prince of Mecklenburg–Strelitz. Brother of Duke Karl Ludwig Friedrich and Prince Ernst Gottlob Albert. Initiated in Naples Lodge Vittoria in 1768, and in 1773 affiliated with the Lodge Irene zw den drei Sternen in Rostock.

George Frederic Karl Duke of Saxony–Meiningen.

Brother of Karl Frederick III. Initiated in 1777.

Harold L. George Lieutenant General, U.S. Air Force. b. July 19, 1893 at Somerville, Mass. Began as secretary to U.S. comptroller of currency in 1917. Commissioned lieutenant in U.S. Air Force in 1917, and advanced through grades to lieutenant general in 1944. Commanded the 2nd Bombardment Group in 1939; director of tactics and strategy, Air Corps Tactical School from 1932–35; assistant chief of staff for war plants, 1941; commanding general of Air Transport Command, AAF, 1942–46. President of Peruvian Airways, Lima, Peru, 1947–48. Since 1948 he has been vice president of Hughes Tool Co. and general manager of Hughes Aircraft Co. Raised in Aberdeen Lodge No. 187, Aberdeen, Md. about 1922. Received chapter, council, and commandery at Aberdeen about 1923.

George Karl Prince of HessaDarmstadt. b. 1754. In 1778, he introduced the system of strict observance in Holland.

George Ludwig Prince of Holstein-Gottorp (1710–1763) Became a field marshal in the Russian army. He was initiated in Dresden in 1741, and became a member of the Lodge Absalon zu den drei Nesseln in Hamburg in 1742. The second lodge Sankt Georg in Hamburg was named in his honor.

H.R.H. Prince George Duke of Kent (1902–1942) English Royal Prince. Full name was George Edward Alexander Edmund. He was the son of George V, q.v., and brother of

George VI, q.v. He was initiated at an emergency meeting of Navy Lodge No. 2612, held in the Cafe Royal, London, on April 12, 1928. He was proposed for membership by his brother, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, and seconded by his brother, H.R.H. the Duke of York, the latter being permanent master of the lodge at the time. He received his third degree in the same lodge, June 28, 1928. On Dec. 4, 1931, he was installed as master of the lodge, and, on April 26, 1933, he was invested as senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England. On July 19, 1934, he was installed provincial grand master for Wiltshire by Lord Arnpthill, q.v. He was installed first grand principal of the Supreme Grand Chapter, Royal Arch of England, May 3, 1939, by the Earl of Harewood, and installed grand master of the Mark Grand Lodge, June 6, 1939, by the Earl of Stradbroke. On July 19, 1939 he was formally installed grand master of the Grand Lodge of England by his brother, King George VI. He was killed, August 25, 1942, in an airplane accident. He was grand master only three years, which is the shortest tenure for this office on record—the longest being the Duke of Connaught, for 38 years, q.v.

Sir Robert A. George British Air Vice Marshal and Governor of South Australia. b. 1897 at Invergordon, Ross-Shire. Served in WWI with the Seaforth and Gordon Highlanders, and later with the Royal Flying Corps. From 1919–24 he was with the R.A.F. on the Northwest frontier of India, and from 1924–31 was with the R.A.F. College at Cranwell. He was senior air staff officer with the Far East Command; air attache to Turkey and Greece; with the R.A.F. in the Middle East; air officer commanding Iraq and Persia in 1944–45; and from 1945–51

was head of the R.A.F. delegation in Paris, air attache of the British embassy, and with NATO and SHAPE. Appointed governor of South Australia in 1952. Initiated in Hope Lodge No. 337 (S.C.), March 8, 1920, and raised in Hardinge Lodge No. 3754 (E.C.), a service lodge at Risalpur, India. Returning to England he affiliated with Lodge Daedalus, a R.A.F. Lodge which met in the Air Force College at Cranwell. He is still a member of that lodge, but affiliated with Lodge St. Alban No. 38 in South Australia, and served as warden and master. In 1956 he was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Australia, being the fourth governor to be so honored.

Walter F. George (1878–1957) U.S. Senator from Georgia for 34 years, 1922–57. b. Jan. 29, 1878 at Preston, Ga. Began law practice in Vienna, Ga. in 1901. He served his state as superior judge, judge of the court of appeals, and justice of supreme court of Georgia. In 1957 he was serving as Eisenhower's personal representative to the North Atlantic Treaty organization. As a foreign policy and fiscal leader, he was admired by both Democrats and Republicans. Although a Democrat, he was strongly bi-partisan when it came to foreign relations policy and was the senior member of that committee in the Senate. He was a member of Vienna Lodge No. 324, Vienna, Ga., and belonged to both the York and Scottish Rites. d. Aug. 4, 1957.

Joseph C. Gephart Editor. b. Sept. 7, 1902 at Bedford, Pa. Attended Columbia U. and was sports correspondent for the New York Times from 1921–25, and from 1927–28 a copy-reader on that paper. He served as editor of the McKeesporter

(Pa.) and of the Calumet Index (Ill.). From 1928–35 he was again with the New York Times as sports editor, and from 1936–43 as news picture editor. He has been editor of the New York Times Index since 1943, and editor of the New York Handbook and Guide from 1932–42. Member of Aliquippa Lodge No. 375, McKeesport, Pa., receiving degrees in 1925.

Alexander A. Gerebsov Russian Major General and courtier. He was raised in a Paris lodge and opened the lodge Les Amis Reunis at Petersburg, Russia, June 10, 1802. His own lodge was impregnated with French ideas, and represented the “liberal” branch of Russian Freemasonry, believing in abolishing religion, national and social differences, and forming a truebrotherhood of man. Among its famous members were the Grand Duke Konstantin, q.v.; Alexander, Duke of Wurtemberg, q.v.; Count Stanislaus Kosta–Potocky, q.v.; and Count Alexander Ostermann–Tolstoy, q.v. From 1815–17 he was grand master of the provincial grand lodge of Russia, following the dissolution of the Directorial Lodge Vladimir zur Ordnung. He was also grand prefect of Chapter Phoenix, which was in reality a ruling body for the Swedish rite union of lodges in Russia at that time.

Charles L. Gerlach (1895–1947) U.S. Congressman, 76th to 78th Congresses (1939–45) from 9th Pa. dist. b. Sept. 14, 1895 at Bethlehem, Pa. He was treasurer of the Allentown Supply Co. Member of Bethlehem Lodge No. 283, Bethlehem, Pa., receiving degrees, April 6, May 9 and June 12, 1914; 32° AASR (NJ); Shriner. d. May, 1947.

Elbridge Gerry (1744–1814) Signer of Declaration of Independence, Vice President of the United States, 1813–14, and Governor of Massachusetts, 1810–11. b. July 17, 1744 in Marblehead, Mass. He was a member of the Mass. provincial congress from 1774–75, and of the Continental Congress from 1776–81 and 1782–85. He signed the Declaration of Independence, and also the Articles of Confederation, but as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1787, he opposed the constitution as drafted. From 1789–93 he was a U.S. congressman. Gerry was a member of the famous XYZ mission to France in 1797–98, but was at odds with the other two negotiators, and attempted to obtain a separate treaty from Talleyrand. For this he was recalled. It was through his efforts of redistricting Massachusetts to give Republicans continued control that the term “gerrymander” was coined. Although no definite proof is available, it is generally understood by his friends and surviving family that he was a member of Philanthropic Lodge of Marblehead, Mass. The records of this lodge are missing from the period 1760–78 when he logically would have been initiated. d. Nov. 23, 1814.

Clark H. Getts Lecture manager. b. Aug. 5, 1893 at Whitehall, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1914, Columbia U. in 1916. In college days he managed Chautauqua tours for Wm. Howard Taft, Frederick Warde and others. Going to the Orient, he was a newspaper representative in China from 1920–26, returning to the U.S. where he lectured on the Orient until 1932. With National Broadcasting Co.’ from 1930–32, booking tours for Paderewski, Rachmaninoff, Kreisler, and others, until he established himself as Clark H. Getts,

Inc., lecture bureau, in 1937. Has done radio shows and managed the Johnson expedition to Africa, making the Stanley and Livingston motion picture for 20th Century Fox. He has arranged national tours for hundreds of personalities including Dale Carnegie, Eleanor Roosevelt, Pearl Buck, Harold Stassen, Alexander Woollcott, Amelia Earhart, etc. Mason.

Peter Getz Goldsmith and engraver of Lancaster, Pa. who is said to have engraved the George Washington Masonic medal of 1797. He was master of Lodge No. 43 at Lancaster, Pa.

Henry S. Geyer (1790–1859) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1851–57; pioner jurist. b. Dec. 9, 1790 in Fredericktown, Md. He began the practice of law in that city in 1811. In 1813 he was commissioned a first lieutenant in the 38th Infantry, and later regimental paymaster, serving until June, 1815. He then moved to St. Louis, Mo., which was a frontier village at that time. Here he married the daughter of Rufus Easton, q.v., first postmaster of St. Louis. He was a member of the territorial legislature in 1818, and a captain of the first militia company in the territory. He was a delegate to the state constitutional convention of 1820, and was chosen for the legislature five times, serving as speaker of the first three general assemblies of the state. In 1825 he was one of the revisers of the statutes, and contributed largely to the adoption of a code, which was at that time superior to that of any other western state. He declined the post of secretary of war offered him by Fillmore in 1850, and was then elected U.S. senator over Thomas H. Benton, q.v., on the 40th ballot, by a majority of five votes.

While in Washington, he was a counsel in the Dred Scott case. He also compiled a digest of the laws of the Missouri Territory in 1817. Geyer was a member of Missouri Lodge No. 12 of St. Louis, which was established under the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1815. Geyer was a member at least by 1820, as his name is found in the annual report for that year. In 1816 he had a duel with George H. Kennerly, wounded his opponent in the knee, but later they became fast friends.

Lee E. Geyer (1888–1941) U.S. Congressman to 76th Congress (1939–41) from 17th Calif. dist. b. Sept. 9, 1888 at Wetmore, Kans. He was a high school teacher in Kans. and Calif. Mason. d. Oct. 11, 1941.

Felice di Giardini (1716–1796) Italian violinist and composer of violin pieces, chamber music, and several operas. An early member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 325 in London, England.

Edward Gibbon (1737–1794) English historian who is famous for his *History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire*. b. April 27, 1737 at Putney, England. He spent 16 years in compiling his monumental work, the first volume being published in 1776, and the last in 1788. He was a member of the British parliament from 1774–80, and 1781–83. In his early days he was a Roman Catholic. He became a member of Friendship Lodge No. 6, London, England in March 1775. His close friend and fellow member of parliament, Rowland Holt, was treasurer of the lodge from 1767 to 1783, and it was Holt and Thomas Dunckerley, q.v., who proposed Gibbon's

name for the Royal Arch degree. In the circle in which Gibbon and Holt moved were such as Pope, Swift, Arbuthnot, Samuel Johnson, Boswell, Garrick, Gay, Darner, Gascoine. The majority of them were Masons, and the last two were members of Friendship lodge. The Duke of Buccleuch, q.v., a member of this lodge, became the first patron of Sir Walter Scott, q.v. Friendship lodge was constituted in 1721, only four years after the erection of the first grand lodge. In 1767 it moved from the Haymarket–Picadilly Pall Mall area to the Thatched House Tavern on Pall Mall, which was frequented by members of parliament. d. Jan. 16, 1794.

Herbert A. Gibbons (1880–1934) American author. b. April 9, 1880 at Annapolis, Md. Graduate of Princeton and U. of Pa. Ordained Presbyterian minister in 1908; from 1908–18 was correspondent for the New York Herald in Turkey, Egypt, the Balkans, and France. He also represented Century and Harper's magazines in Europe. Served in A.E.F. in WWI. Served as a history professor in both European and American universities. He managed the trans–Atlantic flight of Byrd, q.v. in 1927. Among his many books are *The Foundation of the Ottoman Empire*; *France and Ourselves*; *Introduction to World Politics*; *Life of John Wanamaker*; *Europe of Today*; *Contemporary World History*. Raised in Princeton Lodge No. 38, Princeton, N.J., Dec. 19, 1921, and dimitted Dec. 11, 1933. d. Aug. 7, 1934.

George S. Gibbs (1875–1947) Major General, U.S. Army and industrialist. b. Dec. 14, 1875 at Harlan, Iowa. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1897. Entered military service as a

private with the 51st Iowa Infantry in 1898, advancing to brigadier general in WWI, and promoted to major general in 1928, retiring from active service in 1931. He served in the Philippines in the Spanish–American War; the Philippine Insurrection; built north central section of the Alaska telegraph system in 1901–03. He was chief signal officer in Army of Cuban Pacification. In WWI he was assistant chief signal officer of the A.E.F. in France from 1917–18, followed by two years on the general staff. In 1924 he was in charge of laying the new Alaska cable. From 1928 to retirement in 1931 he was chief signal officer of the U.S. Army. At his retirement he became vice president of International Telephone and Telegraph Corp. and president of Postal Telegraph–Cable Co. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Jan. 9, 1947.

Willis B. Gibbs (1889–1940) U.S. Congressman, 76th Congress (1939–41) from 8th Ga. dist. b. April 15, 1889 at Dupont, Ga. A lawyer practicing in Jessup, Ga. Member of Jessup Lodge No. 112, Jessup, Ga., raised March 6, 1916. He was master of same in 1921, 1922, 1923 and 1937. d. Aug. 7, 1940.

Colin Wm. G. Gibson Canadian cabinet member. b. Feb. 16, 1891 at Hamilton, Ont. He was educated in the Royal Military College at Kingston. Called to the Ontario bar in 1915, and practiced at Hamilton, Ont., since 1919. Created Kings Counsel, and elected to house of Commons in 1940, serving until 1945. He was named minister of national revenue in 1940, and minister of national defense for air in 1945. In 1946 he was secretary of state, and minister of mines and

resources in 1949. Since 1950 he has been an appellate judge of the supreme court of Ontario. Served in WWI rising from captain to colonel. Was international president of Alpha Delta Phi fraternity in 1948. Mason and 32° AASR.

Edward R. “Hoot” Gibson Movie cowboy of the silent film era. He was a member of Truth Lodge No. 628 of Los Angeles, Calif.

Ernest Willard Gibson (1871–1940) U.S. Senator from Vermont. b. Dec. 29, 1871, at Londonderry, Vt., he was a graduate of Norwich U. in 1894 and 1896. He practiced law at Brattleboro from 1899. He served terms in both legislative bodies of Vermont, and was U.S. congressman to 68th to 73rd Congresses (1923–35) from 2nd Vt. dist. He was appointed to the U.S. senate in 1933 to fill an unexpired term, and reelected twice to the office. When he died, June 20, 1940, his son, Ernest William, q.v., was appointed to take his senate seat. Raised in Olive Branch Lodge No. 64 of Chester, Vt., Nov. 14, 1895, and later affiliated (Aug. 20, 1900) with Brattleboro Lodge No. 102 at Brattleboro. He was exalted in Fort Dummer Chapter No. 12, R.A.M.; admitted to Connecticut Valley Council No. 16, R. & S.M. in 1921; and knighted in Beauseant Commandery No. 7, March 27, 1902. He remained a member of the above Brattleboro bodies until his death.

Ernest William Gibson U.S. Senator and Governor of Vermont. b. March 6, 1901 at Brattleboro, Vt. Graduate of Norwich U. in 1923. He served as a teacher in a private military academy, and later as a mathematician with Geodetic

Survey; was admitted to Vermont bar in 1926, practicing law at Brattleboro since 1927. He served as secretary of the Vermont state senate from 1933–40, resigning in the latter year to be appointed U.S. senator on the death of his father, who had filled the office since 1933. He was elected governor of Vermont in 1947, reelected in 1948, but resigned in 1950 to accept appointment as Federal district judge. Served overseas in WWII as an army captain. He became a member of Columbian Lodge No. 36 of Brattleboro, Vt., Jan. 22, 1929. His father, Ernest Willard, q.v., was a member of Brattleboro Lodge No. 102, of the same city. He is a 32° AASR (NJ) in the Valley of Montpelier, and joined the Mt. Sinai Shrine Temple at Montpelier on May 13, 1949.

Herbert D. Gibson Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 27, 1891 at Schenectady, N.Y. Commissioned a second lieutenant in 1917, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942. He served with the A.E.F. in 1917–19 in WWI, and, between that time and WWII, was a military professor in several colleges and universities, including Cornell. He commanded the Canton Island Army Task Force in 1942, and was first army commander of the Marshall Islands in 1944. From 1944–46 he was organizer and commander of the replacement training command of the Air Force for the Pacific Ocean areas. Raised in DeWitt Clinton Lodge No. 15, Northfield, Vt. in 1916, and member of King Solomon Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Montpelier, Vt. Retired on disability from combat wounds in 1946.

J. Bannister Gibson (1780–1853) Chief Justice, Supreme

Court of Pennsylvania, 1827–53. b. Nov. 8, 1780 at Carlisle, Pa. He graduated at Dickinson Coll. in 1800, and was admitted to Pa. bar in 1803, practicing in Carlisle and Beaver counties. He served in the state legislature in 1813, and was named to the supreme court bench in 1816, becoming chief justice in 1827. He was raised Dec. 30, 1811 in Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa. and in March, 1814 affiliated with Lodge. No. 61 at Wilkes-Barre. He served as inn John Gibson master of the latter from 1815–16, and Dec. 1, 1823, was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. d. May 3, 1853.

John Gibson (1740–1822) Secretary of Indiana Territory and acting Governor of Indiana Territory. b. May 23, 1740 in Lancaster, Pa. He joined an expedition against the Indians in 1757. He then settled as a trader at Fort Pitt, where he was taken prisoner, but rescued from the stake by a squaw who adopted him. He married the sister of Logan, an Indian chief, and became familiar with the Indian language and customs. He again settled at Fort Pitt, and in 1774 was conspicuous in Lord Dunmore's expedition against the Shawnee towns. In the treaty that followed the Battle of Point Pleasant, he negotiated between Logan and Lord Dunmore and helped free many Indian captives. At the beginning of the Revolution, he commanded a regiment, served in New York, and in the Jersey retreat; he commanded the western military department from 1781 until peace was established. In 1788 he was a member of the Pennsylvania convention, and subsequently associate judge of court of common pleas of Alleghany Co., and major general of militia. Jefferson appointed him secretary of the Indiana territory in 1801, and he was acting governor of

the territory from 1811–13. He received his first and second degrees in Lancaster, Pa., and his third degree in Vincennes Lodge, Indiana, March 14, 1809. He is said to have been the first candidate to receive the Master's degree in Indiana territory. d. April 10, 1822.

John S. Gibson U.S. Congressman, 77th to 79th Congresses (1941–47) from 8th Ga. dist. b. Jan. 3, 1893 at Folkston, Ga. Began as a railroad laborer in 1917, and was admitted to bar in 1923, practicing at Douglas, Ga. Received his degrees in Douglas Lodge No. 386, Douglas, Ga., Nov. 9, Nov. 19, and Dec. 3, 1920.

Robert M. Gibson (1869–1949) U.S. District Judge, Western District of Pennsylvania from 1922. b. Aug. 20, 1869 at Duncansville, Pa. Graduate of Washington and Jefferson Coll. in 1889. Received degrees in Allegheny Lodge No. 23, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 24, Sept. 8, and Nov. 11, 1918, resigning Dec. 8, 1924 to become charter member and master of John Marshall Lodge No. 734, Pittsburgh, Dec. 18, 1924. d. Dec. 19, 1949.

Thomas Gibson (1750–1814) Revolutionary soldier and first state auditor of Ohio. b. in Virginia. He served in the Revolution, and became the auditor of the Northwest Territory. When Ohio became a state, he was its first auditor. He was an early member of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10, Cincinnati, Ohio, and the first master of Scioto Lodge No. 2, Chillicothe, Ohio, from 1805–07. He was exalted in Cincinnati Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Dec. 11, 1799. d. May 3, 1814.

Joshua R. Giddings (1795–1864) U.S. Congressman from Ohio from 1838 to 1858. U.S. Consul General in Canada from 1858 until death in 1864. b. Oct. 6, 1795 in Athens, Pa. His parents moved first to New York, and in 1806 to Ashtabula Co., Ohio. He served in the War of 1812. After the war he became a teacher, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1820. He was elected to the Ohio legislature in 1826, but refused re-election. In the U.S. congress, he was a champion of abolition, fighting the slavery movement for 20 years. He was raised in Jerusalem Lodge No. 19, Hartford, Ohio in 1819, and later affiliated with Tuscan Lodge No. 342 at Jefferson, Ohio. At one time he was grand junior warden of the Grand Lodge of Ohio. d. May 27, 1864 in Montreal, Canada.

Charles L. Gifford (1871–1947) U.S. Congressman to 67th to 72nd Congresses from 15th Mass. dist. (1923– 47) . b. March 15, 1871 at Cotuit, Mass. He was in the real estate business from 1900, and served on the Mass. general court and in state senate. Raised in De Witt Clinton Lodge, Sandwich, Mass. on Oct. 2, 1900. d. Aug. 23, 1947.

Lucio Martinez Gil (?–1957) Spanish Freemason, who as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Spain, was forced to seek exile in Mexico in 1939, when Franco banned Freemasonry. The grand lodges of Mexico offered asylum to him. d. April 13, 1957 in Mexico City.

Gilbert (See Clare de Gilbert).

Albert C. Gilbert President of Gilbert Paper Co., Menasha,

Wis. from 1926. b. Nov. 20, 1887 at Neenah, Wis. Became associated with the company in 1907, serving as treasurer, director, and vice president. Mason and 32° AASR.

Harvey W. Gilbert Industrialist. b. Feb. 18, 1884 in Beaumont, Texas. Began in the oil and lumber business in Texas in 1903. He is president of the the Harvey W. Gilbert Petroleum Co.; Gilbert Lumber Co.; Gilbert Tidewater Industrial Sites; Gilbert Tidewater Industries; Nona Oil Co.; Nona Lumber Mills, and Cheltenham Import & Export Co. He was the pro-motor of the Beaumont-Port Arthur Ship Channel, and builder of the Kansas City Southern Industrial R.R. Belt Line. He is also the builder and pro-motor of several other railroads, canals, highways, and dams. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Henry E. Gilbert President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen since 1953. b. Oct. 5, 1906 in Ethel, Mo. He has been with the labor group since 1927, first as local chairman, member of executiveboard, board of directors, and vice president. Member of Lawn Lodge No. 815, Chicago, Ill., receiving degrees April-June, 1942; 32° AASR (NJ) at Cleveland, Ohio; Al Koran Shrine Temple, Cleveland and O.E.S. at Lakewood, Ohio.

John Gilbert (1897-1936) Movie actor. b. July 10, 1897 at Logan, Utah. He was educated in grammar schools, and at Hitchcock Military Acad. in San Rafael, Calif. He was identified with the stage from early childhood, and later became a writer, director and cutter of motion pictures. As an actor he was a leading character in many movies including Big

Parade and Merry Widow. Mason. d. Jan. 9, 1936.

Levi Gilbert (1852–1917) Editor of Daily Christian Advocate, 1900–1917. b. Aug. 23, 1852 in Brooklyn, N.Y. He was ordained a Methodist minister in 1897, and served pastorates in Minn., Seattle, Wash., Cleveland, Ohio, , and New Haven, Conn. He was a delegate to the general conferences in 1904 and 1908, and a delegate to the Federal Council of Federated Churches of Christ in America in 1908 and 1912. Mason. d. Dec. 24, 1917.

Mahlon N. Gilbert (1848–1900) Episcopal Coadjutor Bishop of Minnesota. b. March 23, 1848 at Laurens, N.Y. He attended Hobart Coll., but was forced to leave before the end of the course because of illness. He later graduated from Seabury Divinity School in 1875. He then supervised the School of the Good Shepherd at Ogden, Utah. He was ordained deacon in June, 1875, and priest in Oct. of the same year. He was rector of St. James, Deer Lodge, Mont., from 1873–78; St. Peters, Helena, Mont., 1878–81, and Christ Church, St. Paul, Minn. from 1881–86. He was consecrated bishop on Oct. 17, 1886. He was initiated in Tienuderrah Lodge No. 605 of New York, and affiliated with Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5 of St. Paul, Minn. d. in 1900.

Sir William S. Gilbert (1836–1911) English playwright who as a librettist, collaborated with Sir Arthur Sullivan, q.v., another Freemason, to write many famous light operas. b. Nov. 18, 1836 in London, he received a B.A. from London U. in 1857, and was called to the bar in 1863. His first literary

work was *Bab Ballads* in 1869. The first Gilbert–Sullivan work was a burlesque entitled *Thespis*, published in 1871. Among the more famous of their comic operas are: *H.M.S. Pinafore*; *The Pirates of Penzance*; *The Mikado*; and *The Gondoliers*. He also wrote the following independently: *The Palace of Truth*; *Pygmalion and Galatea*; *The Wicked World*; *The Happy Land*; *Charity and Broken Hearts*. Gilbert was raised in Lodge St. Machar, No. 54 of Aberdeen, Scotland, June 23, 1871. d. May 29, 1911.

Albert W. Gilchrist (1858–1926) Governor of Florida, 1909–13. b. Jan. 15, 1858 at Greenwood, S.C. He was graduated from Carolina Military Inst. at Charlotte, and was a cadet in the U.S. Military Academy for three years. He engaged in real estate and orange growing, and was a member of the Florida state legislature four terms, being speaker in 1905. In 1898 he resigned as a brigadier general of the Florida militia, and enlisted as a private with the 3rd U.S. Volunteer Infantry and served in Cuba, being mustered out with rank of captain in 1899. In 1911 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Florida. Member of Punta Gorda Lodge No. 115, Punta Gorda, Fla., receiving degrees, April 26, May 7, and May 24, 1890. d. May 16, 1926.

William H. Gilder (1838–1900) Arctic explorer and journalist. b. Aug. 16, 1838 in Philadelphia, Pa. He enlisted as a private in the 5th New York volunteers during the Civil War, and was later on the staff of General Thomas W. Egan. In June, 1878 he accompanied Lt. Schwatka, as second in command, on his expedition to King William's Land in search of the

relics of Sir John Franklin. The expedition was marked by the longest sled journey on record at that time—3,251 miles. The expedition proved the loss of Franklin, and found some of the ill-fated expedition's records. In June, 1881 he accompanied the Rodgers expedition in search of the Jeannette. When their ship, the Rodgers, burned on Nov. 30, he made a midwinter journey from Bering Strait across Siberia, to telegraph the news of the disaster to the secretary of the Navy. He then joined in the search on the Lena delta for the survivors of the Jeannette. During these expeditions he was correspondent for the New York Herald. Gilder was a member of the "explorers" lodge, Kane No. 454 of New York City.

Malcolm R. Giles (1894–1953) Supreme Secretary, Loyal Order of Moose, 1925–49. b. May 3, 1894 in Somerset Co., Md. He was with the U.S. postal service until 1915, when he became associated with the Loyal Order of Moose, first as chief clerk, then district supervisor. He was an executive director from 1945–49, and director general from 1949. During WWI he served with the A.E.F. for 14 months. Affiliated March 15, 1932 with Jerusalem Temple Lodge No. 90, Aurora, Ill. from Tangia Lodge No. 159 of Deals Island, Md. d. Sept. 29, 1953.

Peter W. Gilkes (1765–1833) English Masonic ritualist. b. May 1, 1765 in London. He was named after Lord Petre, q.v., a Roman Catholic grand master of the Grand Lodge of England. Gilkes himself was a Roman Catholic. He was initiated in British Lodge No. 4 (now 8) in 1786. After achieving financial independence as a merchant, he devoted his life almost entirely to Freemasonry. As an active instructor in ritual, he

was prominent in the Emulation Lodge of Improvement for Master Masons. He was a member of many lodges, and served as an officer in ten of them. He was master of St. Michael's Lodge No. 211 at the time of his death. He served 11 years on the board of general purpose and finance, but declined rank in the grand lodge. d. Dec. 11, 1833.

Joseph A. Gill (1854–1933) U.S. District Judge and Chief Justice of Indian Territory Court of Appeals, 1899–1908. b. Feb. 17, 1854 at Wheeling, W.Va. He was admitted to the bar in 1880, and practiced in Illinois, Oregon and Kansas. He was one of the three commissioners on the organization of Indian Territory as part of the state of Oklahoma. Received his degrees in St. Thomas Lodge No. 306 of Colby, Kans., May 4, June 15, and July 20, 1894, affiliating with Vinita Lodge No. 5, Vinita, Okla., June 1, 1901. He was a lodge officer from 1913 until 1916 when he served as master. d. March 23, 1933.

Alexander G. Gillespie Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 19, 1881 at Gaines, Mich. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1906. Served in the U.S., Philippines and France from 1906–19. He was corps area ordnance officer at Chicago from 1924–28, and then professor of ordnance and gunnery at U.S. Military Academy until 1933, when he commanded the Rock Island (Ill.) Arsenal, and later the Watervliet (N.Y.) Arsenal until 1945. He retired in 1947. Member of William B. Warren Lodge No. 209 of Chicago, Ill.

Dean M. Gillespie (1884–1949) Business executive and U.S. Congressman to 78th and 79th Congresses, (1944–47) from

Colorado. b. May 3, 1884 at Salina, Kans. He was manager of the western district for White Motor Co. from 1913–25, and president of Dean Gillespie and Co. since 1937. He was also president of the Power Equipment Co. and Motoroyal Oil Co. A Mason, he was both a Knight Templar and Scottish Rite member. A member of the Society for Research of Meteorites, he owned one of the largest private collections of meteorites in the world. Raised in Temple Lodge No. 84, Denver, Colo., June 15, 1911; exalted in Denver Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., June 24, 1915; greeted in Denver Council No. 1, R. & S.M. Oct. 2, 1916; and knighted in Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T., Aug. 8, 1924. d. Feb. 2, 1949.

Guy M. Gillette U.S. Senator from Iowa, 1936–54. b. Feb. 3, 1879 at Cherokee, Iowa. Graduate of Drake U. (Ia.). Admitted to bar in 1900, he practiced in Cherokee, Ia. He served in the Spanish–American War as a sergeant, and as a captain in WWI. A member of the state senate from 1912–16, he was U.S. congressman to 73rd and 74th congresses from the 9th Ia. dist. A member of Speculative Lodge No. 307 at Cherokee, Iowa, he received his 50-year recognition in 1955.

King C. Gillette (1855–1932) Organizer and president of the Gillette Safety Razor Co. b. Jan. 5, 1855 in Fond du Lac, Wis. He was educated in the public schools of Chicago. He invented the Gillette razor and was president of the firm from 1901 until 1931. Mason. d. July 9, 1932.

Wilson D. Gillette (1880–1951) U.S. Congressman, 77th to 81st Congresses (1941–51) from 14th Pa. dist. b. in

Sheshequin, Pa. He began as a clerk in a general store, and was a dealer of automobiles from 1913. Member of Union Lodge No. 108, Towanda, Pa., receiving degrees, Nov. 17, Dec. 16, 1909, and Jan. 19, 1910. d. Aug. 7, 1951.

George W. Gillie U.S. Congressman, 76th to 80th Congresses (1939–48) from 4th Ind. dist. b. Aug. 15, 1880 in Berwickshire, Scotland, coming to U.S. in 1882, and becoming naturalized in 1890. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1907 in veterinary medicine. Practiced in Allen Co., Ind. from 1914. Received degrees in Summit City Lodge No. 170, Fort Wayne, Ind. in 1909; 32° AASR (NJ), and past potentate of Mizpah Shrine Temple.

Frank Gillmore (1867–1943) Actor and union executive. b. May 14, 1867 in New York City. Educated in Chiswick Collegiate School, London, England. He first appeared on the stage in 1879, playing the English provinces for three years, and on London stage five years. He then alternated appearances in U.S. and England for several years. He was leading man with Minnie Fiske, Henrietta Crosman, Mary Mannering, Bertha Kalich, and others. From 1918–29 he was executive secretary of the Actors Equity Association, an affiliate of the American Federation of Labor, and president of same from 1929–37, and later international president of the Association of Actors and Artists of America. Mason. d. March 29, 1943.

James C. Gillmore (1854–1927) Commodore, U.S. Navy, Congressional Medal of Honor winner (Spanish–American War). b. July 10, 1854 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1876. He advanced to rank of commodore,

and retired at his own request, July 1, 1911, after 40 years service. He saw service in China, Alaska, Panama, Asia, Cuba, and Europe. His last command was of the battleship Illinois. He was an esoteric Buddhist. Mason. d. June 14, 1927.

Charles Gilman (1793–1861) Grand Master of New Hampshire and Maryland, he also was tendered the grand-mastership of California. b. Dec. 14, 1793 in Meredith, N.H. He studied law and became well known in his field. He was grand treasurer of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of New Hampshire from 1830–1833; grand secretary of the Grand Chapter of Maryland, 1836–41; general grand secretary of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., and general grand recorder of the General Grand Encampment, K.T., holding both of these offices for 15 years. He served as general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter from 1856–59, and presided at the meeting in Chicago in 1859, when that organization was stripped of its power and reduced to an advisory body. d. Sept. 9, 1861.

Nicholas Gilman (1755–1814) Signer of the Federal Constitution of 1787 and U.S. Senator from New Hampshire from 1805–14. b. Aug. 3, 1755 in Exeter, N.H. He fought in the Revolutionary War, first as an adjutant in Col. Scammell's regiment, and was for some time a member of Washington's military family. It was his duty to account for the prisoners surrendered by Cornwallis at Yorktown. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1786–88, and after the adoption of the Constitution, a representative from N.H. from 1789–97. He became a member of St. John's Lodge

No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., March 20, 1777. d. May 2, 1814.

Albert F. Gilmore (?–1943) Editor of Christian Science weekly and monthly magazines, 1922–29, and president of The Mother Church, 1922–23. b. in Turner, Maine. He was a graduate of Bates Coll. He was first a high school principal, and then with a book company. From 1914–17 he was first reader of the First Church of Christ Scientist at Brooklyn, N.Y. Mason. d. June 8, 1943.

Joseph A. Gilmore (1811–1867) Governor of New Hampshire, 1863–65. b. June 10, 1811 in Weston, Vt. Opened a wholesale grocery in Concord, N.H. in 1842. He became a construction agent, later superintendent of the Concord and Claremont Railroad, and eventually superintendent of the Concord Railroad. He held this position until 1866. He served two terms in the state senate. Holding the governorship at a difficult time (Civil War), his health broke and he was forced to retire from office in June 1865. His rise in Masonry was speedy, indeed. He was made a Mason “at sight,” April 28, 1863, and received the 33° AASR (NJ), May 7, 1863. d. April 17, 1867.

Patrick S. Gilmore (1829–1892) American bandleader and composer of marches and songs. b. Dec. 28, 1829, in Dublin, Ireland. He was associated with bands from the age of 15. He came to Canada with an English band, and then went to Salem, Mass., where he led a brass band. Later, settling in Boston, he organized “Gilmore’s Band,” which became one of the most famous of that era. He took his band on

extensive tours, and in 1861 accompanied the 24th Mass. regiment to the field; in 1863 he was placed in charge of all the bands in the department of Louisiana by General Banks. He wrote *When Johnny Comes Marching Home Again* under the pseudonym of Louis Lambert. He was a member of Essex Lodge, Salem, Mass. His band participated in the centennial anniversary procession of Union Lodge at Nantucket, Mass.

Ray B. Gilmour (1888–1947) President of American Osteopathic Association, 1926–27. b. Feb. 27, 1888 at Blackfoot, Idaho. Graduate of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. in 1908. Began practice in Kirksville, Mo. in 1908, and settled in Sioux City, Ia. in 1910. He served as president of Osteopathic associations in Iowa, central states, and Northwest Iowa. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ), and Shriner. d. March 5, 1947.

George Gilpin Colonel in the American Revolution. A member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va., he served as one of the pallbearers at George Washington's funeral.

Curvin H. Gingrich (1880–1951) Astronomer and editor of *Popular Astronomy* since 1926. b. Nov. 20, 1880 at York, Pa. Graduate of Dickinson Coll. (Pa.) and U. of Chicago. He taught mathematics in colleges in Mo. and Kans. from 1903–12, and has been a professor of mathematics and astronomy since 1912. He taught at Carleton Coll., Mt. Wilson Observatory, Adler Planetarium, McCormick Observatory. He was assistant editor of *Popular Astronomy* from 1912–26,

and editor from that date. His work at Goodsell Observatory of Carleton Coll. was principally micrometric measures of comet positions and double stars, also celestial photography and photographic determinations of positions of asteroids. Member of Social Lodge No. 48, Northfield, Minn., receiving degrees, Jan. 20, Feb. 14, March 31, 1913 and master of lodge in 1933. Member of Corinthian Chapter No. 33, RAM., and high priest in 1938; member of Northfield Council No. 12, R. & SM., all of Northfield, Minn. d. June 17, 1951.

L. Holmes Ginn, Jr. Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. Sept. 3, 1902 in Berryville, Va. A graduate of Medical College of Virginia in 1927, he interned in Walter Reed General Hospital. Commissioned in 1928, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1952. As a major at Fort Knox, Ky., he developed organization of the medical service for armored troops, and the mobile surgical truck used successfully in WWII. Became 1st surgeon of 1st Armored Division in 1940, serving with it in North Ireland, invasion of North Africa (1942) and Tunisian campaign (1943). Then assigned to 15th Army Group, and was senior U.S. Medical Officer for Sicilian campaign. Surgeon of II Corps in Italy; of 15th Army in Western Europe. Established "Cordon Sanitaire," or quarantine at Rhine River to stop spread of typhus to Western Europe at close of WWII. Named surgeon of the Third Army in Southeastern U.S. in 1950. Transferred to Korea in 1952 as surgeon of Eighth Army. Now surgeon, Fourth Army at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and commanding general of William Beaumont, q.v., Army Hospital. A member of Army Lodge No. 1105, San Antonio, Texas, he was initiated May 18,

passed Aug. 5 and raised Sept. 2, in 1955. 32° AASR (SJ) in San Antonio. Member of Alzafar Shrine temple and special deputy to potentate to Armed Services in 1957. Honorary member of El Maida Temple at El Paso. Member of National Sojourners and Heroes of '76.

Stephen Girard (1750–1831) Philanthropist. b. May 20, 1750 near Bordeaux, France. The son of a sea captain, he sailed to the West Indies as a cabin-boy at an early age, and thence to New York. He became a mate, captain, and then part owner of a ship, and in 1769 settled in Philadelphia where he established himself in trade, and was alternately a shipmaster and a merchant. In 1812 he founded the Bank of Stephen Girard to take over the business of the Bank of the United States. During the War of 1812, he financed 95% of the war's cost by making five million dollars available to the U.S. government. He aided in establishing the Second Bank of the United States in 1816, of which he was a director, and largely influenced its policy. He amassed a fortune of nine million dollars by the time of his death—more than any other American. Personally, he was an enigma. He pinched pennies; gave his help no more than their just wages; was parsimonious and lived a frugal life. On the other hand, he gave his entire fortune to charity and public improvement, including \$20,000 for Masonic charity which is still administered by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. The most famous of his bequests was to Girard College at Philadelphia, a home for “poor, white, male orphans.” One clause in his will regarding the college specified: “I enjoin and require that no ecclesiastic, missionary or minister of any sect whatsoever, shall ever hold

or exercise any duty whatsoever in the said college; nor shall any such person ever be admitted for any purpose, or as a visitor, within the premises appropriated to the purposes of the said college. . . . I desire to keep the tender minds of orphans . . . free from the excitements which clashing doctrines and sectarian controversy are so apt to produce.” This would, as he explained, leave them free in future life to choose “such active religious tenets as their matured reason may enable them to prefer.” His Masonic affiliations are equally strange. The records of Royal Arch Lodge No. 3 of Philadelphia show the following on Sept. 7, 1778: “Capt. Stephen Girard was duly balloted for, unanimously approved of, initiated and accordingly paid his dues, twenty dollars, into the hands of the treasurer.” Again we find that he was made a Mason “at sight” in Union Blue Lodge No. 8, Charleston, S.C. on Jan. 28, 1788 when he was entered, passed, and raised on that date. It has been suggested that Girard was unable to prove himself to be a Mason in 1788, and was initiated a second time—an irregular proceeding, but not impossible in that formative period of the Craft. In 1809 he was appointed to the board of trustees of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and subscribed the final five thousand dollars necessary to complete the Masonic hall. Two days after his death (Dec. 26, 1831) a public notice appeared in the newspapers requesting the attendance of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania and subordinate lodges listed as well as other benevolent associations. Almost 400 Masons assembled for the funeral which was held in the German Roman Catholic Church of the Holy Trinity. When the Masons appeared, the priests refused to perform the burial rites and, after waiting for some time, the brethren then removed the

body from the church and placed it in the vault as had been desired by Girard. His body was removed in Jan. 1851 to the Girard College, and at the request of the commissioners of his estate, the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania participated. The coffin was borne by eight past masters, and a Masonic funeral dirge was composed expressly for the occasion. The heirs had objected to the removal of the remains from the church, but were ruled against by the courts.

Mordecai Gist (1743–1792) Brigadier General of the American Revolution. b. in Baltimore, Md. His ancestors were early English emigrants to Maryland. At the beginning of the Revolution he was elected captain of the “Baltimore Independent Co.,” the first raised in Maryland. In 1776 he was appointed major of a battalion of Maryland regulars, and was with them in the battle near Brooklyn. In Jan. 1779, congress appointed him brigadier general in the Continental Army, and he took command of the 2nd Maryland brigade. He fought at the battle of Camden, S.C. in 1780, joined the southern army under Greene, and was given a light corps to command. In 1782 he rallied the broken forces of the Americans under Laurens at the battle of the Combahee and defeated the British. After the war, he lived on his plantation near Charleston, S.C. He had two children whom he named “Independent” and “States.” A member of Lodge No. 16, Baltimore, Md., he received his degrees March 14, April 11, and April 25, 1775. He was the first master of Army Lodge No. 27 of the Maryland Line, chartered by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in April, 1780. He was the president of the convention of Army lodges held in Morristown, N.J. which

suggested the election of Washington as generalgrand master. He was deputy grand master of South Carolina in 1787, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina from 1789–92. d. Sept. 2, 1792.

Peter Maurice Glaire (1743–1819) b. in Switzerland. He went to Poland in 1764, and eventually became a confidant of King Stanislaus Poniatowski, who sent him on numerous diplomatic missions. While in Poland, he established a rite of seven degrees. He returned to Switzerland in 1788, and in 1810 was elected grand master for three years—at the end of which term he was elected to the position for life in the Grand Orient of Helvetia.

James Glaisher (1809–1903) English astronomer and meteorologist. He was chief of the magnetic and meteorological department at Greenwich from 1838–74 and pioneered balloon ascents to obtain meteorological data. He was admitted to Royal Union Lodge No. 382, Uxbridge, England, Jan. 16, 1864. Before this he had been a member of Britannic Lodge No. 33. **Carter Glass** (1858–1946) Secretary of the Treasury under President Wilson, and U.S. Senator from Virginia. b. Jan. 4, 1858 at Lynchburg, Va. Educated in public and private schools at Lynchburg, he later received honorary doctorates from 13 colleges and universities. He was the owner of the Daily News and Daily Advance of Lynchburg. He was a member of the state legislature several terms before serving as U.S. congressman to the 57th to 65th congresses (1902–19). He resigned from congress in 1918 to become secretary of the Treasury in Wilson's cabinet, serving until 1920, when he

resigned to accept senatorship by appointment of Virginia's governor. He served from 1920 until his death in 1946, his last re-election being in 1942. He was president pro-tem of the senate from 1941. He was chairman of the important appropriations committee of the senate and member of the foreign relations committee. He declined the secretaryship of the Treasury under F. D. Roosevelt. He was a member of Hill City Lodge No. 183 of Lynchburg; he received the 32° AASR at Lynchburg, Aug. 16, 1929. He was later coroneted 33°. In 1940 he wrote his lodge as follows: " ... It seems to me I was taken in Hill Lodge considerably more than 50 years ago. I was lectured for entrance by the late Thomas N. Davis, one of the most brilliant Masons who ever wielded a gavel; and, before I entered public life 40 years ago, I could recite the ritual backward as well as forward, and took the intensest interest in Masonic work. I have never ceased to regard the Masonic fraternity in a little less reverential vein than my church. No good Mason could fail to be a good churchman, and no churchman should omit to become a good Mason." d. May 28, 1946.

Benjamin Gleason (1777–1847) First appointed Masonic lecturer in the U.S. He was graduated from Brown U. in 1802. His original lodge is not known, but he was a member of Mount Lebanon Lodge of Mass. on June 2, 1807. He received his appointment as grand lecturer of the Grand Lodge of Mass. in 1805, holding the office until 1842. He received the lectures from Thomas Smith Webb, q.v., and, next to his mentor, he was probably the foremost ritualist in the U.S. At one time Gleason visited the Grand Lodge of England and

exemplified the work, where it was declared to be accurate. Gleason taught John Barney, who in turn taught Samuel Willson. Probably not first lecturer. Geo. Richards of N.H. may have been. Jonathean Heart was lecturer in Conn. in 1783.

Edwin F. Glenn (1857–1926) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 10, 1857 near Greensboro, N.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1877. Promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1917, and major general insame year. He instituted military training at the U. of Minnesota in 1888. He was a member of the Minn. bar. He commanded exploring and relief expeditions into Alaska in 1898–99. He served first with the –judge advocate’s department, and in WWI, organized Camp Sherman, Ohio, and the 83rd Division in 1917, commanding that division in France in 1918, and retiring at his own request in 1919. Member of St. Paul Lodge No. 3, St. Paul, Minn. d. Aug. 5, 1926.

Robert B. Glenn (1854–1920) Governor of North Carolina, 1905–09. b. Aug. 11, 1854 in Rockingham Co., N.C. Engaged in law practice, first at Danbury, N.C., and later as counsel for Southern Railway and Western Union. Served as state solicitor and member of state legislature. The Grand Lodge of North Carolina attended his inauguration as governor in a body. He was a member of Winston Lodge No. 167 of Winston–Salem, receiving his degrees Dec. 27–29, 1904, and transferring to Raleigh Lodge No. 500, Raleigh, N.C., May 19, 1905. He was a member of Raleigh Chapter No. 10, R.A.M., Raleigh Commandery No. 4, and Oasis Shrine Temple. d. May 16, 1920.

William M. Glenn Newspaper editor and co-founder of the national professional journalism fraternity, Sigma Delta Chi (1909 at DePauw U.). b. April 21, 1888 at Hillsboro, Ohio. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1910. From 1910–14 he was a reporter on newspapers in Indiana and Illinois, becoming editor of Orlando Morning Sentinel (Fla.) in 1914, until 1925, when he became publisher. In 1931–34 he was editorial writer for the Daily Times of Tampa and returned as publisher of the Orlando paper from 1939–43. Since 1943 he has been an editor with the Florida Sun of Miami Beach. Mason, he is past commander of Olivet Commandery, K.T. of Orlando, Fla. He is the author of several books.

Glenn F. Glezen U.S. Lieutenant Commander and Arctic explorer. Member of the Byrd Antarctic Expedition of 1955–58, as administrative officer on staff of Admiral George Dufek, commanding Task Force H-3 in operational control of ships. Has served in the Navy since age of 17, and was commissioned in WWII. He is the former secretary of Cherrydale Lodge No. 42, Cherrydale, Va.

Carl Glick Writer, director, lecturer. b. Sept. 11, 1890 at Marshalltown, Iowa. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1915. Started as an actor with Donald Robertson Players, Chicago Art Institute, 1909 and later toured in Shakespearian repertoire. From 1915–17 he was a drama instructor in Fairmount Coll. (Kans.) and then director of the community theatre, Waterloo, Ia. He has directed theatre groups in Sarasota, Fla., York, Pa., Columbia, S.C., Schenectady, N.Y. Glick has taught at U. of Montana; U. of Colo., and since 1955 at

California Western U. at San Diego. Served in U.S. Army in WWI. Among his writings are Shake Hands with the Dragon; Three Times I Bow; Swords of Silence; The Secret Societies of China (with Hong Sheng-Hwa); The Secret of Serenity; Death Sits In; and the Masonic volume, A Treasury of Masonic Thought. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City; Darius Chapter No. 143, R.A.M., San Diego, Calif. and member of advisory council, Point Loma Chapter, Order of DeMolay.

George W. Glick (1827–1811) Eighth Governor of Kansas, 1883–85. b. July 4, 1827 in Fairfield Co., Ohio. Admitted to bar in 1850, and practiced in Ohio until 1859. He enlisted for Mexican War, but saw no service; he served in the Civil War a short time. He went to Kansas in 1859 where he engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a member of the Kansas legislature from 1863–66, 1876 and 1882. A member of Washington Lodge No. 5 of Atchison, Kans., he was junior warden of same in 1863, and 1864. He was also a member of Washington Commandery No. 2, K.T. of Atchison.

William Henry, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburg b. 1743. He was a son of Frederick, Prince of Wales, q.v., and grandson of King George II. He married Maria, widow of James, Earl of Waldegrave, a natural daughter of Sir Edward Walpole. Their only son was Prince William Frederick of Gloucester, q.v. He was a brother of King George III, q.v. He was initiated in Royal Lodge No. 313, later known as Royal Alpha No. 16 on Feb. 16, 1766. The meeting was held at the Horn Tavern of London and he received all three degrees the

same evening, conferred by Lord Blayney, the grand master.

Earl of Gloucester (See Clare de Gilbert).

William Frederick, Prince of Gloucester (1776–1834)

b. Jan. 15, 1776 at the Teodoli Palace, Rome, son of William Henry, Duke of Gloucester and Edinburgh, q.v., nephew as well as son-in-law of King George III, and great grandson of George II. Was educated in Trinity Coll., Cambridge, and entered the army as a captain in 1789, later becoming a major general. He married his cousin, Mary, in 1816 and died childless in 1834. He was initiated in Brittanic Lodge No. 29 (now No. 33) on May 12, 1795; became a Royal Arch Mason on Jan. 7, 1797 and a Knight Templar on Jan. 11, 1797.

Aquila Glover (?–1849) A rescuer of the ill-fated Donner Party in 1847. He crossed the plains from Missouri by ox team with his family in 1846 and spent part of fall and winter of 1846–47 at Sutter's Fort where he met James F. Reed. Reed recognized him as a Mason and requested that he go with the relief party and assist in bringing out the Reed family from the snows of Donner Lake. Glover is reported as saying: "Brother Reed, I will go with the first relief party, and I pledge you on my honor and word as a Master Mason, that I will rescue your family even at the risk of my life and do just the same for them as I would for my own." He was true to his word and did his utmost to accomplish the rescue of the entire Reed family. He could not, however, bring them all out of the mountains. He did rescue Mrs. Reed and two of her four children. Reed, himself, brought the other two children

out shortly afterward. Glover moved to San Francisco in the spring of 1847 and lived there with his family in a tent. He helped organize the first Methodist church in San Francisco. He went to the mines at Coloma and died there Nov. 18, 1849. Sherman, in his history of the Grand Lodge of California, stated that Glover was probably a member of a lodge near Warsaw, Benton Co., Mo. and that his Masonic regalia was burned in a house on the Gish road, one mile north of San Jose in 1854 or 1855.

John Glover (1732–1797) Brigadier General of the American Revolution. b. Nov. 5, 1732 in Salem, Mass. At the beginning of the Revolution he raised 1,000 men and joined the army at Cambridge. He commanded the 21st and later the 14th regiment, the latter being one of the first as well as one of the best in the Continental Army. It was composed almost entirely of fishermen and it was called the “amphibious regiment.” On the retreat from Long Island, it manned the boats and crossed the entire army in safety. These troops also manned the boats and led the advance over the Delaware River on the night before the victory at Trenton. As a colonel, he participated in the battle of Stillwater, and was with Washington at Valley Forge. He was appointed brigadier general, Feb. 21, 1777, and in July, joined Schuyler in the campaign against Burgoyne. In 1778 he joined Greene’s division in N.J. and later detached to R.I. under Sullivan. He was a member of the court that sentenced Major Andre to hang. A member of Philanthropic Lodge of Marblehead, Mass., he is recorded as visiting St. John’s Lodge in Providence, R.I. when he was stationed there. d. Jan. 30, 1797.

Charles Gloyd (?–1869) Husband of Carrie Nation, of bar-smashing fame. Signed petition to organize Holden Lodge No. 262, Holden, Mo. on July 31, 1867 and was first master of same in 1868. Record shows a dimit from Ward Lodge No. 281 of Piqua, Ohio dated April 9, 1867. d. March 20, 1869.

John P. S. Gobin (1837–1910) Brigadier General in Civil War and Spanish–American War. b. Jan. 26, 1837 at Sunbury, Pa. Received law degree from Susquehanna U. Following the Civil War, he practiced law at Lebanon, Pa., and was one of the organizers of the G.A.R., serving as its commander-in-chief in 1897. He was lieutenant governor of Pa. in 1898 and commanded the national guard of that state during the coal strike of 1902. He was made a Mason in Sunbury Lodge No. 22 on Jan. 9, 1860, and affiliated with Williamson Lodge No. 307 of Womelsdorf, Pa. on May 4, 1881, and served as its master. A member of Hermit Commandery No. 24, K.T., he was its commander, and was the 15th grand master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of the U.S. in 1889. He received the 33° AASR (NJ) on May 9, 1906. d. May 1, 1910.

Chester W. Goble Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 25, 1891 at Columbus, OH. He enlisted in Troop B of the Ohio national guard in 1908, and later was commissioned first lieutenant. He served overseas in WWI with the 136th heavy field artillery. In 1940 he was commissioned a lieutenant colonel, and in July, 1955, was retired with the rank of major general. In his 47 years in the military service he served with the cavalry, field artillery, quartermaster corps, and finance corps. In 1947–48 he was adjutant general of Ohio, and for many years

before retirement, director of selective service for Ohio. He was raised in Humboldt Lodge No. 476, Columbus, Ohio on April 18, 1913; exalted in Ohio Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. Jan. 21, 1926; greeted in Columbus Council No. 8 R. & S.M. March 19, 1926; knighted in Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K.T. March 12, 1926. Received 32° AASR in Aug., 1917 and 33° Sept. 26, 1951. Member of Aladdin Shrine Temple at Columbus.

Arthur Godfrey Radio and television personality. b. Aug. 31, 1903 in New York City. He served in the Navy from 1920–24, and in the Coast Guard 1927–30; he is a commander in the Naval Reserve. He began in radio as an announcer and entertainer over Station WFBR of Baltimore in 1930, and was with NBC from 1930–34. Since 1934 he has been free-lance. His daily program on radio, Arthur Godfrey Time has run for years. His television programs over CBS have been Arthur Godfrey's Talent Scouts and Arthur Godfrey and His Friends. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 18, Washington, D.C.; E.A. Feb. 9; FC March 23; MM April 27, 1937. He was raised by Arch McDonald, a radio sports announcer. Member of Albert Pike Consistory, AASR and joined Almas Shrine Temple on May 19, 1937.

Edward S. Godfrey (1843–1932) Brigadier General, U.S. Army and Congressional Medal of Honor winner. b. Oct. 9, 1843 at Kalida, Ohio. Enlisted as a private in Co. D, 21st Ohio Inf. in 1861 and was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1867. Promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1907. He was awarded the Congressional Medal for “most distinguished gallantry” at Bear Paw Mountains against Chief

Joseph and the Nez Perce Indians on Sept. 30, 1877. He was in all the campaigns and Indian fights of his regiment under General Custer, until the latter's death. He originated "cos-sack" and "rough riding" for the Army and was a member of the board of officers that devised drill regulations for the infantry, cavalry, and artillery. He served in Cuba and the Philippines. Mason, 32° AASR and Knight Templar. d. April 1, 1932.

Frank J. Goebel Vice President of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in charge of personnel. b. Sept. 26, 1893 at Princeton, Ind. A lawyer, he was first secretary and assistant counsel of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and Western Railroad. In 1927 he went with the B & O as assistant general solicitor, became director of personnel, and vice president since 1947. Mason.

Henry Goering Premier of Germany, and anti-Mason, who in 1934 issued an official decree to the three largest grand lodges in Germany, stating that their existence was no longer necessary and that lodges must be dissolved. The three grand lodges mentioned were known as the Christian grand lodges because they admitted only members of the Christian faith.

Hermann Goering (1893–1946) Nazi Field Marshal and anti-Mason. Served in German air force in WWI and commanded the Richthofen squadron. He was involved in the National Socialist uprising at Munich in 1923. In Hitler's government, he became Reich Minister of the air force, minister of interior and general of infantry. He was made economic dictator of Germany in 1937, and field marshal in 1938. He

committed suicide in jail, while awaiting trial for war crimes. In an interview with grand master von Heeringen on April 7, 1933, Goering told him “In a National Socialist state . . . there is no place for Freemasons.” Later, German Masonic heads reported “if the intention of Minister Goering should find general approval in the Reich cabinet, there need be no question of the continuance of our grand lodge of Freemasons.” Next followed the rules under which Freemasonry might carry on—discontinuation of the use of the words “Freemason” and “Lodge”; breaking off all international relations; requirement that all members be of German descent; removal of the requirement of secrecy; and elimination of those parts of the ritual which were of Old Testament origin. As a result, the National Grand Lodge changed its name to “The National Christian Order of Frederick the Great.”

August von Goethe (1789–1830) Son of the German poet, Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, q.v. He was a government official and chamberlain to the grand duke of Saxe Weimar. His wife was Ottilie, Baroness von Pogwisch. After the death of his wife, in 1816, he took care of his father in his last years; however, he died two years before his father. He was initiated in his father’s lodge—Lodge Amelia in Weimar on Dec. 5, 1815. This was the last time his father was able to attend lodge.

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe (1749–1832) German poet and intellectual. b. at Frankfurt am Me In, he was educated at Leipzig and studied law at Strasbourg. He was the dominant influence of his era on the development of the German

literature. His *Gotz von Berlichingen*, a tragedy published in 1773, inaugurated the romantic school and established the Shakespearean form of drama on the German stage. His *Die Leiden des Jun.gen Werthers*, a romantic love story published in 1774 as a result of an affair with Charlotte Buff, established the romantic school. His *Faust*, 1808 and 1832, heralded the modern spirit of German literature. He settled in Weimar in 1775 on the invitation of Charles Augustus, heir to the duchy of Saxe-Weimar. It was then the literary and intellectual center of Germany. He was a close friend of Schiller, q.v., who inspired many of his works. Goethe made an extended trip with the Duke of Weimar during the closing months of 1799 and found evidence of the advantages of Masonic membership. He addressed a petition, of his own composition and handwriting, to the master of Lodge Amalia in Weimar and received the first degree on June 23, 1780. He received the second degree exactly one year later (June 23, 1781), although at that time an entered apprentice was required to wait three years before advancing. Goethe, however, had written a letter to the master calling his attention to the efforts he had put forth to render himself worthy. He received the third degree on March 3, 1782. He subsequently received the higher Templar degrees of the Rite of Strict Observance. At this time the development of the many so-called higher „Ä“ degrees brought strong differences of opinion and caused the closing of Goethe's lodge in 1783, and it did not open again until 26 years later. Goethe's interest in Freemasonry never wavered during these years, and when the reorganization meeting took place on June 27, 1808, he received three out of the 12 votes cast for master. He was one of those who signed

the petition to the lodge in the neighboring city of Rudolstade asking their cooperation in securing a charter from the Grand Lodge of Hamburg. His advice was sought by the newly elected officers and although he could not be present at the reopening of the lodge on Sept 24, 1808, he sent a special message bearing his best wishes and assuring the brethren of his interest. For the next four years he attended its meetings regularly. He attended lodge for the last time on Dec. 5, 1815 when his son, August, q.v., was initiated. On June 23, 1830 the lodge celebrated the 50th anniversary of Goethe's admission. Old age and infirmities prevented his attendance, but he wrote a special poem, *Fifty Years Today Are Over*, which was read. Goethe's writings, especially *Wilhelm Meister*, contain numerous Masonic allusions and references. He gives many Masonic references in his collected works. His best known Masonic work is the short poem *Mason Lodge* which may be found in most collections of his works. One biographer writes that on his deathbed his speech became less and less distinct and that the last words audible were *More Light*.

Nathan Goff, Jr. (1843–1920) Secretary of the Navy and U.S. Senator from West Virginia. b. Feb. 9, 1843 at Clarksburg, W.Va. He served in the Union army during the Civil War from 1861–65, and was admitted to the bar in 1866. He served one term in the lower house of W.Va., was U.S. district attorney, U.S. circuit judge, and U.S. congressman to 48th to 50th Congresses (1883–89). He was elected governor of W.Va. in 1888 by a plurality of 130 votes, but when his opponent contested the vote, he lost the election by vote of the state legislature. In 1881 he was secretary of the Navy in the cabinet

of President Hayes. He was U.S. senator from W.Va. from 1913–19. Member of Hermon Lodge No. 6, Clarksburg, W.Va. d. April 24, 1920.

Norris Goff The “Abner” of Lunt and Abner comedy team. Both Goff and Chester Lauck (Lum) are members of Dallas Lodge No. 128, Mena, Ark.

Maurice Goldblatt President of Goldblatt Bros., Inc., Chicago department store, from 1914–45, and chairman of the board since 1945. b. Dec. 17, 1893 at Staszow, Poland. Active in hospital and health societies, he is executive director of the American Heart Association. Mason.

Maurice H. Goldblatt Violinist, composer and art expert. b. May 30, 1883, in Tallinn, Estonia, he was brought to America at age of six. A graduate of the Chicago Music Coll., he has an honorary doctorate from Notre Dame. He made his debut as a violin soloist in St. Louis when he was 13 years old. He has been concertmeister of the Italian Grand Opera Co. of New York and Chicago Philharmonic Orchestra. He was first violinist of the Chicago Opera from 1915–18 and has taught violin at the Chicago Musical Coll. since 1910. He is director of the art gallery of Notre Dame U. and art expert for the Beaumont Galleries of Chicago and Metropolitan Galleries of New York. He was decorated by the French government for establishing authorship of four paintings in the Louvre in 1927. He is said to be the first to employ black light and spectrographic analysis, and is the inventor of the “lightoscope.” He has composed numerous pieces for violin and piano. Mason.

Nathan Goldblatt (1895–1944) Department store executive. b. March 24, 1895 in Staszow, Poland, he was brought to the U.S. in 1904. When 19 he and his brother Morris, q.v., established a small dry goods store in Chicago with a capital of \$2,000. They opened a second store in 1928, and others in 1929–30, and in 1936 acquired the Loop store known as The Davis Co. He was also the owner of stores in Hammond, Gary (Ind.) and Joliet (Ill.). He was secretary and treasurer of Goldblatt Bros., Inc. Received degrees in Emblem Lodge No. 984, Chicago on Jan. 22, Feb. 19, and March 2, 1919 affiliating Oct. 23, 1922 with Pilgrim Lodge No. 1079—now known as Pilgrim Jonas Lodge No. 1079. d. Nov. 3, 1944.

Frank Goldman President of B'nai B'rith, 1947–53 and honorary president since that date. b. Dec. 4, 1890 in Lowell, Mass. Graduate of Boston U. summa cum laude in 1910 and admitted to Mass. bar in 1912, practicing in Lowell. A member of B'nai B'rith since 1920, he served as president of the Lowell lodge, district president, national vice president, 1941–47. He has been the editor of The National Jewish Monthly since 1947. Active in civic and Jewish charity organizations. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

John R. Goldsborough (1808–1877) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. July 2, 1808 in Washington, D.C. He became a midshipman in 1824, rising to commodore in 1867. While a midshipman on the sloop Warren, he captured the schooner Helene (of four guns manned by 58 Greek pirates) by engaging them with a launch with 19 men. In the Civil War he commanded the steamer, Union, and was employed in

the blockade of the southern coast. He captured and sunk the Confederate schooner, York, and later commanded the Florida and Colorado. He retired in 1870. He was a member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. and Columbia Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. of Washington, but later withdrew from both. d. June 22, 1877.

Robert H. Goldsborough (1779–1836) U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1813–19 and 1835–36. b. Jan. 4, 1779 near Easton, Md. He was made a Mason in St. Thomas' Lodge No. 37 at Easton, Md. about 1800. In 1807 this lodge became dormant, but was revived again in 1823 at Coats' Lodge No. 76, Goldsborough being one of the charter members and its master in 1824. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1824. d. Oct. 5, 1836.

Pavel I Golenischev-Kutusov (1767–1829) Russian General and politician. He was curator of the Moscow University, member of the Senate and a general of great personal courage. He was the chief founder and first master of the Lodge Neptune at Moscow in 1803. This lodge was an "inner order" of the outer circle represented by a lodge called Harpocrat. A Rosicrucian, he was a Mason of the old school, being initiated in another lodge called "Neptune" which was founded in Kronstadt in 1779. Members of his lodge belonged to the Moscow nobility and included some professors of the university and a few young army officers.

Freire de Andrade de Gomez (see under Freire).

Samuel Gompers (1850–1924) One of the founders and first president of the American Federation of Labor, serving from 1886–1924. b. Jan. 27, 1850 in London, England. A cigar-maker by trade, he was an advocate of the rights of labor from the time he was 14 years old. He helped develop the Cigarmakers International Union, and was one of the founders of the Federation of Trades and Labor Unions in 1881, being president of same for three years. He probably did more for American labor than any other man. He fought socialism relentlessly. In his autobiography, he relates that his Masonic affiliation frequently protected him. He said “In my Masonic life I have visited lodges in many lands, and I have learned that Freemasonry in many countries, particularly in Latin countries, is the principal means whereby freedom of conscience, of thought, and expression is preserved.” A member of Dawson Lodge No. 16, Washington, D.C. he received his degrees on Feb. 8, March 28 and May 9, 1904, and the 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory of Washington, D.C. on Feb. 10, 1906. Samuel Gompers Lodge No. 45, Washington, D.C. is named for him. d. Dec. 13, 1924.

Antonio Gonzales Philippine lawyer who was first grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of the Philippines and first grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of the Philippines. b. Aug. 28, 1895 in Manila. Graduate of San Beda Coll. and Escuela de Derecho. Initiated in Luzon Lodge No. 57 in 1920, he became a charter member of Luz Oceanica Lodge No. 85, served as master and elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines in 1932. From 1939–53 he was grand secretary of the grand lodge. A charter member

of Manila Chapter, U.D. in 1949, he was appointed deputy for the general grand high priest for the Philippines in 1951. Greeted in Trenton Council No. 37, Trenton, Mo. in 1951. Received Order of High Priesthood in St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 2, 1951 and was instrumental in forming a Philippine convention of same; past commander of Far East Commandery No. 1, K.T. Manila; past sovereign of Asoka Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine and intendant general for Philippines in 1951. He has presided over all the Scottish Rite bodies in the Philippines.

Manuel Gonzalez (1833–1893) President of Mexico, 1880–84, and General. b. near Matamoros, Tamaulipas. As early as 1853 he was fighting in guerilla wars with the reactionary party. Many times wounded, his right arm was amputated. When Mexico was invaded by the French, English and Spanish in 1861, he joined Juarez, q.v., accompanied the president in his flight from the capital as far as San Luis Potosi, and established himself in the mountains of Hidalgo, where he stayed until 1865. Cutting through the French forces, he joined Escobedo, q.v., and marched south with him. In 1869 he was appointed governor by Juarez, holding that office until 1871, when arrested for complicity in the disappearance of Maximilian's, q.v., gold and silver from the palace. He escaped in the revolution of 1871 and joined the forces of Diaz, q.v. He was a determining factor in the winning of the revolution and was named full general and made secretary of War. In the latter position he did much to improve the Mexican army. He resigned his cabinet position in 1880 and was declared elected president and appointed Diaz as secretary of public

works. His administration was distinguished by financial mismanagement which grew so bad that he was forced by Diaz to resign in 1884. He then served as governor of the state of Guanajuato. He was a member of the Supreme Council AASR of Mexico.

Tom C. Gooch (1880–1952) President of The Times Herald, Dallas, Texas, and editor in chief from 1910. b. Jan. 25, 1880 in Bonham, Tex., he was the great grandson of Mrs. Mabel Gilbert, the first white woman to come to Dallas. Began as a reporter on Ft. Wayne News (Ind.) and became associated with the Dallas Times in 1901. Member of Dallas Lodge No. 760, Dallas, Texas, receiving degrees on July 15, Sept. 21, 1903 and Mar. 4, 1904. In 1912 he affiliated with Trinity Valley Lodge No. 1048, Dallas, as a charter member; 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH. d. June 13, 1952.

Edward E. Good (1862–1937) Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska from 1923. b. May 13, 1862 in Bloomfield, Ia. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1885. Began law practice at Wahoo, Nebr. in same year. He affiliated Oct. 9, 1886 with Wahoo Lodge No. 59, Wahoo, Nebr. and was master of same in 1894. His original lodge is unknown. d. Aug. 4, 1937.

James W. Good (1866–1929) Secretary of War under President Hoover and U.S. Congressman, 61st to 67th Congresses (1909–23) from 5th Ia. dist. b. Sept. 24, 1866 at Cedar Rapids, Ia. He was a graduate of Coe Coll. (Ia.) and the U. of Michigan. He resigned from congress to practice law in Chicago. He was raised in Mt. Hermon Lodge No. 263

of Cedar Rapids, Ia. on Feb. 3, 1898 and received the 32° AASR (SJ) in that city on Feb. 8, 1909. d. Nov. 18, 1929 in Washington, D.C.

Albert G. Goodall (1826–1887) President of the American Bank Note Co. b. Oct. 31, 1826 at Montgomery, Ala. Orphaned at the age of 15, he entered the Texas navy as a midshipman, serving three years. In 1848 he moved to Philadelphia and learned copper plate engraving. He then went to New York and became associated with a firm which later became the American Bank Note Co. He was president of the company the last 12 years of his life. In 1858 he went to Europe on a business mission and returned with orders from many countries to make their currency. Greece was his first customer and Russia was next. He also secured orders from several South American countries. In 1860 he went to Russia to teach them the American method of engraving and was decorated by Alexander II. He was a proficient linguist and translated many foreign grand lodge proceedings for the American Craft. He was initiated in Montgomery Lodge No. 19, Philadelphia on Sept. 19, 1854 and was exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. of Philadelphia on Oct. 31, 1826. Made 33° AASR (NJ) Sept. 16, 1864 and active member May, 1867. d. Feb. 19, 1887.

Reginald H. Gooden Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. March 22, 1910 at Long Beach, Calif. Graduate of Stanford U. and Berkeley Divinity School (Conn.) and studied at U. of Madrid (Spain). Ordained to ministry in 1934. Served as dean of the Holy Trinity Cathedral in Havana, Cuba from

1939–45, and has been bishop of the missionary district of the church in the Panama Canal Zone since 1945. Mason.

John M. Goodenow (1782–1838) Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio from 1830. b. in Mass., he studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing in Steubenville, Ohio where he developed a large practice. In 1819 he published *American Jurisprudence in Contrast With the English Common Law*. He was elected to U.S. congress in 1829, but resigned the following year to become supreme court judge. He was a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3 of Ohio.

Frank R. Gooding (1859–1928) U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1921–28, dying in office. b. Sept. 16, 1859 in Teverton, England and came to the U.S. with parents in 1867. He went to Calif. at the age of 15, and to Idaho when 21, where he engaged in stock and farming business for 20 years, being one of the largest sheep raisers in the state and farming several thousand acres. He was governor of Idaho from 1905–07. He was a member of Lincoln Lodge No. 59, Gooding, Idaho, receiving the degrees on April 27, 1916, June 14 and June 28, 1917, and was a member of this lodge at the time of his death on June 24, 1928.

Walter S. Goodland (1862–1947) Governor of Wisconsin, 1943–47, dying in office. b. Dec. 22, 1862 at Sharon, Wis. Admitted to Wis. bar in 1885, and began practice at Wakefield, Mich. He founded the *Wakefield Bulletin* in 1887, and the *Ironwood Times* (Mich.) in 1889. He was part owner of the *Beloit Daily News* (Wis.), and became editor and publisher of

the Racine Times (Wis.) in 1900. He was Samuel G. Goodrich state senator of Wis. from 1926–34; lieutenant governor from 1938–42. A member of Belle City Lodge No. 92, Racine, Wis., he received his degrees in Ironwood Lodge No. 389, Ironwood, Mich. on Nov. 7, 1889; April 26 and Sept. 25, 1890. He affiliated with the Ironwood Lodge on Sept. 28, 1926. d. March 12, 1947.

E. Urner Goodman Boy Scout Executive and Founder of Order of the Arrow in 1915. b. May 15, 1891 at Philadelphia, Pa. He became a scout field executive at Philadelphia in 1915, and was scout executive at Philadelphia from 1917–27, and at Chicago from 1927–31. He was national program director from 1931–51 and national field scout commissioner. He wrote Leaders Handbook for the Boy Scouts of America. Raised in Lamberton Lodge No. 487, Philadelphia, Pa. about 1917.

William M. Goodman Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 8, 1892 at Norfolk, Va. Graduate of Virginia Military Inst. in 1912 and various army service schools. Advanced through grades from second lieutenant in 1916 to major general in 1944. Served overseas in WWI. He was on the General Staff from 1937–42, and in charge of supply division of New York port of embarkation until 1945, and then the San Francisco port of embarkation until 1946. Retired. Mason.

Aaron Goodrich (1807–?) First Chief Justice of the Minnesota Territory, 1849–51. b. July 6, 1807 in Sempronius, N.Y. Studied law and practiced in Tenn. where he was a

member of the state legislature in 1847–48. In 1849 he was appointed chief justice of the newly organized territory of Minnesota by President Taylor. He subsequently practiced law in St. Paul, and after Minnesota achieved statehood, was on the commission to revise the laws and prepare a system of pleading and practice. In 1861 Lincoln appointed him secretary of the U.S. legation at Brussels, Belgium, and he served in that capacity for eight years. He was a member of Dover Lodge No. 39, Dover, Tenn. and later of St. Pauls Lodge No. 3, St. Paul, Minn., being past master of the same and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota at his death. He was buried by the grand lodge.

Herbert F. Goodrich Judge of the U.S. Court of Appeals, Third Circuit since 1940. b. July 29, 1889 at Anoka, Minn. Graduate of Carleton Coll. (Minn.) and Harvard. Taught law at State U. of Iowa, U. of Michigan; U. of Pennsylvania. He has edited and written for many bar journals. Mason.

James P. Goodrich (1864–1940) Governor of Indiana, 1917–21. b. Feb. 18, 1864 at Winchester, Ind. Educated at Notre Dame, De Pauw, and Wabash. Admitted to Indiana bar in 1886, practicing in Winchester and Indianapolis. He was chairman of the Republican state central committee for ten years, and of the national executive committee eight years. He was a member of the executive committee of the Great Lakes–St. Lawrence Tide Water Assn., chairman of the Indiana–St. Lawrence Waterways Commission, and appointed by president as member of the international St. Lawrence Waterways Commission. Received his degrees in Winchester Lodge No.

56, Winchester, Ind. on Feb. 20, May 14, June 23, 1892 and in 1902 became a charter member of Summers Lodge No. 638 at Winchester. d. Aug. 15, 1940.

Samuel G. Goodrich (1793–1860) American author who wrote under the pen name of “Peter Parley.” b. Aug. 19, 1793 in Ridgefield, Conn. After traveling abroad, he settled in Hartford, Conn. where he published books, particularly juveniles. He then moved to Boston where from 1828–42 he edited the original annual, *The Token*. The encouragement he gave to young writers became proverbial. Among these was Nathaniel Hawthorne. He served in the Mass. senate in 1838–39, and from 1841–54 edited *Merry’s Museum* and *Parley’s Magazine*. From 1851–55 he was U.S. consul in Paris, France by appointment of Fillmore. He published about 200 volumes, 170 of which were under the name of “Peter Parley.” He retired from active authorship in 1859. Member of St. John’s Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. d. May 9, 1860.

Angier L. Goodwin U.S. Congressman, 78th to 81st Congresses (1943–50) from 8th Mass. dist. b. Jan. 30, 1881 at Fairfield, Maine. Graduate of Colby Coll. and Harvard U. Admitted to Maine bar in 1905 and practiced in Boston from 1906. Served in both state legislative bodies. Member of Fidelity Lodge of Melrose, Mass. and past master of same. Member of Waverly Chapter, R.A.M., Melrose Council, R. & S.M. and Hugh de Payens Commandery, K.T. all of Melrose; Past master of the council; 32° AASR (NJ) in Boston; member of Shrine and Eastern Star.

Frederick D. Goodwin Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Nov. 5, 1888 in Cismont, Va. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. and Virginia Theol. Sem. Ordained deacon in 1917, and priest in 1918, serving churches and parishes in Virginia. In 1930 he was named bishop coadjutor of Virginia, and has been bishop of Virginia since 1944. Mason.

Godfrey G. Goodwin (1873–1933) U.S. Congressman, 69th to 72nd Congresses (1925–33) from 10th Minn. dist. b. Jan. 11, 1873 at Nicollet Co., Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1895. Admitted to bar in 1896 and practiced at Cambridge, Minn. Raised on Jan. 16, 1920 in Helios Lodge No. 273, Cambridge, Minn. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Feb. 16, 1933.

Ichabod Goodwin (1796–1882) Governor of New Hampshire, 1859–61. b. Oct. 10, 1796 at North Berwick, N.H. He entered the service of Samuel Lord, a merchant and ship-owner of Portsmouth, and became master of a ship, following the sea until 1832, when he established himself as a merchant in Portsmouth. He served six terms in the state legislature between 1838–56. He also served on two constitutional conventions. He became a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth on Nov. 1, 1819. d. July 4, 1882.

Philip A. Goodwin (1882–1937) U.S. Congressman, 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–36) from 27th N.Y. dist. b. Jan. 20, 1882 at Athens, N.Y. Engaged in lumber and construction business. Received his degrees in Wadsworth Lodge No. 417, Albany, N.Y. on Jan. 23, Feb. 7, Feb. 27, 1907 and on April 16, 1917 affiliated with Ark Lodge No. 48, Coxsackie, N.Y. In

1921–22 he was district deputy grand master of Greene–Ulster district; 32° AASR (NJ). d. June 6, 1937.

Alvin L. Gorby Major General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. Surgeon with the 10th Corps at Inchon landing in Korea. Member of Takoma Lodge No. 29, Takoma Park, D.C.

George Gordon (see Earl of Aboyne).

George H. Gordon (1825–1886) Union Major General in Civil War. b. July 19, 1825 at Charlestown, Mass. He was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1846, and took part in the Mexican War, seeing action at the battles of Cerro Gordo, Vera Cruz, Contreras, Chapultepec, and Mexico City. He was twice wounded. He was on frontier duty from 1850–54, resigning in the latter year. He then studied law and entered practice in Boston. At the beginning of the Civil War, he raised the 2nd Mass. regiment and became its colonel. He fought at the second battle of Bull Run, Antietam; Virginia, and Maryland campaigns; military governor of Harper's Ferry; opened communications with Little Rock, Ark. by the White river, and took part in the actions against Charleston and Mobile. He was made brigadier general in 1862 and major general in 1865. He retired to his law practice at Boston and published several books on the Civil War. Member of Bunker Hill Army Lodge No. 5 of Mass. d. Aug. 30, 1886.

John B. Gordon (1832–1904) Governor and U.S. Senator from Georgia; Lieutenant General in Confederate Army. b. Feb. 6, 1832 in Upson Co., Ga. Attended U. of Georgia and

admitted to bar. He rose from captain to lieutenant general in the Confederate Army, and was shot eight times, being severely wounded at Antietam. He was U.S. senator from 1873–80 and 1891–97. He was governor of Georgia from 1887–90. At one time he was commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans. A Mason, his lodge is not known, but thought to have been in Atlanta. He was a visitor to Cherokee Lodge No. 66 at Rome, Ga., on two occasions.

Sir Robert Gordon-Gilmour Brigadier General in the British Army and 81st Grand Master Mason of Scotland from 1917–19.

Thomas F. Gordon (1787–1860) Historian and author. b. in Philadelphia, Pa., he was a member of the Philadelphia bar, but devoted much of his time to historical and archaeological research. Among his writings are Digest of the Laws of the United States; History of Pennsylvania From Its Discovery to 1776; History of New Jersey From Its Discovery to 1789; History of America; Cabinet of American History; History of Ancient Mexico and others. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia. d. Jan. 17. 1860.

William C. Gordon Banker and Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, 1952–55. b. Aug. 11, 1878 at Waverly, Mo. Graduate of Missouri Valley Coll. and Harvard U. After a period of teaching school, he succeeded his father as president of the Farmers Savings Bank of Marshall, Mo. He has served as treasurer, vice president and president of the Missouri Bankers Association and organized the agricultural

work of that organization. He served a number of years on the agriculture commission and executive council of the American Bankers' Association. He has served as president of the Marshall Chamber of Commerce and a member of the board of trustees of Missouri Valley Coll. as well as president of John Fitzgibbons Hospital. He was raised Feb. 12, 1900 in Trilumina Lodge No. 205 of Marshall and served as master in 1913; exalted in Saline Chapter No. 74, R.A.M. on July 12, 1900, he served as high priest in 1911; greeted in Centralia Council No. 34, Jan. 19, 1914 and knighted in Missouri Commandery No. 36, K.T. of Marshall on Aug. 22, 1900, serving as commander in 1912 and grand commander of Missouri in 1932-33. d. Jan. 10, 1959.

Christopher Gore (1758-1827) Governor and U.S. Senator from Massachusetts. b. Sept. 21, 1758 in Boston. His father was banished as a loyalist in 1778, but was restored to citizenship in 1787. He was graduated from Harvard in 1776, and acquired a lucrative law practice in Boston. In 1789 Washington appointed him the first district attorney for Mass. and he held the office until 1796. He spent eight years in London, first to settle American claims, and later as charge d'affaires. He returned to Boston in 1804, and was appointed governor of Mass. in 1809, serving one year. He served in both branches of the state legislature, and in 1813, was elected U.S. senator, serving until 1816. For a time he was Daniel Webster's tutor in law. He left valuable bequests to several organizations, including Harvard, which named its library building for him. He was a member of Massachusetts Lodge of Boston, being admitted Feb. 13, 1781. d. March 1, 1827.

Howard M. Gore (1887–1947) Secretary of Agriculture in Coolidge cabinet (1924–25) and Governor of West Virginia, 1925–29. b. Oct. 12, 1887 at Clarksburg, W.Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1900. He was in agriculture and livestock raising as well as hotel, banking, and mercantile business. He served as assistant secretary of agriculture in 1923–24, and was commissioner of agriculture for W.Va. in 1931–33. He was active in many national farm organizations and was a founder and patron of boys' and girls' organization work. He was a member of Hermon Lodge No. 6, Clarksburg, W.Va. d. June 20, 1947.

George Gorham American captain of the Revolution who helped stretch the cable across the Hudson river to obstruct the British in their attempt to get ships up the river. Member of King Hiram Lodge No. 12, Derby, Conn.

Howard W. Gorham Established the Perfect Craftsmen Quarry Degree in 1919 as degree for Fellowcraft clubs. b. Oct. 7, 1888 in South Norwalk, Conn. Worked for Bridgeport Brass Co. from 1905–24 rising to production manager. In 1924 he succeeded his father as owner and manager of The Gorham Press, Inc. at South Norwalk. He wrote the 36 page ritual for the Perfect Craftsmen in code. Its use has spread to 40 clubs in Conn. and to numerous states. In 1922 he organized the first chapter of DeMolay in New England at Bridgeport. He organized the Norwalk Lions Club; formed organization committee which founded Norwalk Everyman's Bible Class (enrollment of 600); started Norwalk Chamber of Commerce; formed committee to establish Norwalk

Community Chest; started Norwalk Town Hall Association; organized committee for better housing for Negroes; organized the Carver Foundation, Inc. in Norwalk; organized United War and Community Fund of Norwalk; and founded the Norwalk Historical Society. Raised in St. John's Lodge No. 3, Bidgeport on May 24, 1911; exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 13, R.A.M. in 1913; greeted in Jerusalem Council No. 16 R. & S.M. in 1913. Made honorary life member of his lodge in 1922 for service to Freemasonry. Knighted in Clinton Commandery No. 3, K.T., Norwalk in 1936. Received AASR (NJ) 32° in 1937 and 33° on Sept. 25, 1957. Received the National Cross of Honor from DeMolay in 1930; Shriner and member of Grotto.

William A. Gorman (1814–1876) Union Brigadier General in Civil War, and Territorial Governor of Minnesota. b. Jan. 12, 1814 near Flemingsburg, Ky. A graduate of the U. of Indiana, he was admitted to the bar and practiced in Bloomington, Ind. He served in the Mexican War as a major and colonel with the 4th Indiana regiment which he commanded in several battles. He was severely wounded at Buena Vista. In 1848 he was civil and military governor of Puebla. From 1849–53 he was U.S. Congressman from Indiana. In 1853 he was appointed governor of the territory of Minnesota and ex-officio superintendent of Indians, holding the offices until 1857. He practiced law in St. Paul until 1861 when he was appointed brigadier general of volunteers. He led a bayonet charge at Fair Oaks and commanded a brigade at South Mountain and Antietam. He was mustered out of service in 1864 and returned to St. Paul to practice law. He became a

member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on July 2, 1850. d. May 20, 1876.

John Gorrie (1803–1855) American inventor. b. in Charleston, S.C. On May 6, 1851 he took out a patent on an artificial refrigeration process containing the basic principle of present day mechanical refrigerators. His statue appears in Statuary Hall of the U.S. Capitol. A bridge, a high school, an elementary school, a chapter of Order of Eastern Star, and a Liberty ship were named in his honor. He was a physician. He was a charter member of Franklin Lodge No. 6, Apalachicola, Fla. and was later its secretary and treasurer.

Henry H. Gorringe (1841–1885) U.S. Naval Commander who brought the famous Egyptian obelisk in New York's Central Park to America in 1880. b. Aug. 11, 1841 in Barbados, W.I., he came to U.S. at an early age and entered the merchant marine service. He served through the Civil War with distinction, rising in rank from a common sailor to lieutenant commander in 1868. He commanded the sloop Portsmouth in the South Atlantic, and in 1876–78 the Gettysburg in the Mediterranean. When the Egyptian government presented the obelisk to the U.S., Gorringe was given charge of transporting it to America. William H. Vanderbilt paid for the expense of its removal (\$103,732). Gorringe dug it out of the old location by removing 1,730 cubic yards of earth. Then by an ingenious device of his own invention, lowered it to a horizontal position and cut a hole in the iron steamer Dessoug, purchased from the Egyptian government, through which the obelisk was placed in the hold. The 69 foot shaft which was erected

by Thothmes III at Heliopolis about 1600 B.C. was removed to Alexandria in 22 B.C. It has often been claimed that the stone has “Ma-sonic” markings on its base. Subsequently Gorringer criticized naval matters in public, and when called to account, offered his resignation, which was accepted. He then entered the shipbuilding field, but his venture failed. He was a member of Anglo-Saxon Lodge No. 137 of New York City. The lodge at one time tendered him a reception. d. July 7, 1885 as the result of an accident.

Freeman F. Gosden Radio entertainer. The “Amos” of Amos and Andy show. b. May 5, 1899 at Richmond. Va. He began as a tobacco salesman. He became associated with Charles J. Correll in the promotion of amateur theatricals. In 1925 they started their famous comedy team as Sam n’ Henry with radio station WGN, Chicago, and two years later they transferred to station WMAQ of Chicago, under the title of Amos and Andy. Broadcast over a national network since 1929, it has probably had the longest life of any show on radio. Gosden is a member of Petersburg Lodge No. 15, Petersburg, Va., affiliating on June 30, 1922.

Charles A. Goss (1863–1938) Chief Justice Supreme Court of Nebraska, 1927–38. b. Dec. 10, 1863 at Edinburg, Ohio. Graduate of Mt. Union Coll. (Ohio). Admitted to bar in 1887, and practiced at Omaha until 1920. He served as U.S. attorney and district judge. Member of Covert Lodge No. 11, Omaha, Nebr., receiving degrees on March 13, April 22, June 15, 1895; 32° AASR. d. Aug. 13, 1938.

Evan B. Goss (1872–1930) Justice Supreme Court of North Dakota, 1911–16. b. Dec. 8, 1872 at Rockford, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan. Practiced law first at Bottineau, and later Minot, N.D. Raised Sept. 9, 1898 in Tuscan Lodge No. 44, Bottineau, N.D.; exalted Jan. 23, 1902 in Mystic Chapter No. 13, R.A.M., Towner, N.D.; charter member June 30, 1904 of Phoenicia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., Bottineau; affiliated Jan. 14, 1913 with Bismarck Chapter No. 10, R.A.M. Bismarck, N.D.; greeted June 28, 1917 in Lebanon Council No. 2, R. & S.M., Rugby, ND.; knighted April 23, 1906 in DeMolay Commandery No. 10, K.T., Minot, N.D. Charter member, Nov. 1909 of Kern Shrine Temple at Grand Forks, N.D. d. March 23, 1930.

Benjamin B. Gossett Cotton textile executive. b. Aug. 18, 1884 at Williamston, S.C. In cotton manufacturing since 1907, he has been president of the following companies at one time or another: Riverside Mfg. Co.; Toxaway Mills; Panola Cotton Mills; Cohannet Mills; Chadwick–Hoskins Co.; Martinsville Cotton Mill Co.; Gossett Mills; Calhoun Mills; Hoskins Corp. He has also been a director or officer in 19 other corporations. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Charles C. Gossett Former Governor of Idaho. b. Dec. 2, 1888 at Hillsboro, Ore. He received his degrees in 1921 in Golden Rule Lodge No. 147, Nyssa, Ore.; suspended in 1935, he reinstated in May, 1937, and dimitted in Dec. 1937, to affiliate with Ashlar Lodge No. 90 of Nampa, Idaho on June 24, 1938.

Frank C. Goudy (1881–1944) Justice, Supreme Court of

Colorado, 1942–44. b. Feb. 16, 1881 at Ouray, Colo. Graduate of Stanford and Columbia universities. Admitted to Colorado bar in 1915. Raised April 13, 1891 in Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo.; exalted in Denver Chapter No. 2, Jan. 16, 1892; affiliated with Colorado Chapter No. 29, Denver, on Sept. 21, 1893; knighted in Colorado Commandery No. 1, on May 2, 1892 and affiliated with Coronal Commandery No. 36, Denver on Sept. 21, 1917. Member of consistory in Denver. d. Oct. 14, 1944.

Arthur R. Gould (1857–1946) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1926–31. b. March 16, 1857 at East Corinth, Maine. Engaged in lumber business at Presque Isle and built an electric railroad from that city to Caribou. He was president of the Aroostook Valley Railroad. He served one term in the Maine senate. Raised June 3, 1889 in Trinity Lodge No. 130, Presque Isle, Maine, from which he dimitted on Dec. 21, 1931; exalted Oct. 25, 1889 in Garfield Chapter No. 48, R.A.M. at Caribou from which he dimitted on March 13, 1936; greeted on Feb. 20, 1891 in St. Croix Council No. 11, R. & S.M., Calais, dimitting on March 10, 1892 to become a charter member of Aroostock Council No. 16, Presque Isle; knighted Jan. 3, 1890 in St. Aldermar Commandery No. 17, K.T., Houlton; joined Kora Shrine Temple March 19, 1903 and dimitted to Anah Temple in 1921. d. July 24, 1946.

Benjamin A. Gould (1824–1896) American astronomer. A graduate of Harvard in 1844, he founded the *Astronomical Journal* in 1849, which he edited until 1861, and again from 1886–96. He was director of the longitude determinations of

the U.S. Coast Survey of 1852–67, and director of the Dudley Observatory of Albany, N.Y. from 1855–59. At the invitation of the Argentina government, he instituted the national observatory at Cordoba in 1870. While there, he made an extended study of the magnitudes of the southern stars, which was published in *Uranometrica Argentina* in 1879. He was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge of Boston and a 33° AASR (NJ).

Robert Freke Gould (1836–1915) English soldier and Masonic historian. He entered the British Army at the age of 18 in 1854, and the same year was commissioned as a lieutenant, serving with distinction in North China in 1860–62. On his return to England, he studied law and qualified as a barrister in 1868. He was initiated in Royal Navy Lodge No. 429 at Ramsgate in 1854. He joined the Friendship Lodge at Gibraltar in 1857, and also served as master of Inhabitants' Lodge No. 153 at Gibraltar. He was first master of Meridian Lodge No. 743, a military lodge attached to his regiment. Traveling to different countries with his regiment, Gould continued his Masonic activities wherever he went. In 1863 he was master of Northern Lodge No. 570 of China, and was grand "Z" of Zion Chapter No. 570, R.A.M. in Shanghai in 1865. Returning to England in 1865, he became a member of Moira Lodge No. 92 and served as its master as well as head of Moira Chapter No. 92, R.A.M., in 1874. He was a founder of the famous Quatour Coronati Lodge No. 2076 of London, in 1884, and became its second master in 1887. He was appointed senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1868, and served many years on the board of general purposes. In his Masonic writings he set a high standard

of scholarship. In 1879 he wrote *The Four Old Lodges* and in 1899 *Military Lodges*. His greatest work is his *History of Freemasonry*, published in three volumes from 1882 to 1887. It has since been revised twice, first in five volumes by Dudley Wright, and again in four volumes by the Rev. Herbert Poole. The third edition is considered better than the first. He also published *A Concise History of Freemasonry* in 1903. d. March 25, 1915.

John J. J. Gourgass (1777–1865) First Secretary General and third Sovereign Grand Commander of the Northern Jurisdiction, AASR. b. May 23, 1777 of French Huguenot parents in Geneva, Switzerland. The family, fleeing from persecution, later moved to England and then to Mass. in 1803. He was initiated in La Union Francaise Lodge No. 14 (now 17) of New York City on May 19, 1806. On July 29, 1806 he became a member of the Sovereign Chapter of Rose Croix at New York, and on Aug. 4, 1806 received the 32° from Antoine Bideau. When Bideau established a grand consistory two days later, Gourgass was its secretary. On Aug. 5, 1813, Emanuel De La Motta established the Northern Supreme Council, and Gourgass was elevated to the rank of sovereign grand inspector general, 33°, and became the first grand secretary general. In 1832 he became grand commander and served in that position until Aug. 25, 1851. His memory is perpetuated in the northern jurisdiction by the Gourgass Medal, the highest honor it confers. d. Feb. 14, 1865.

Thomas E. Grady Judge, Supreme Court of Washington, 1942–45. b. Nov. 19, 1880 at Chippewa Falls, Wis. Graduate

of U. of Minnesota in 1904. Admitted to Washington bar in 1905; he was judge of the superior court of Washington from 1911–17. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Theodore Graebner (1876–1950) Anti-Masonic writer. b. Nov. 23, 1876 at Watertown, Wis. Graduate of Luther Coll., New Ulm, Minn. in 1893, Concordia Coll., Ft. Wayne, Ind., 1894, and Concordia Seminary, St. Louis, 1897. Was a professor of theology at Concordia Theological Seminary, St. Louis, from 1914. Member and ordained minister of the Missouri Lutheran Synod. He was editor of the Lutheran Witness from 1914–49, and Bible Student from 1921. Wrote many anti-Masonic tracts and pamphlets which represented the Missouri Synod's attitude towards Freemasonry including *Is Masonry a Religion?* in 1946. d. Nov. 14, 1950.

David C. Graham Clergyman, scientist. b. March 21, 1884 at Green Forest, Ark. From 1911 to 1948 he was an evangelistic and educational missionary to China. He taught in the West China Union U. and was curator of the museum of that institution. He was a collector for the Smithsonian Institution and sent them many natural history specimens, including many new species and nine new genera. He also collected two live pandas which were presented by the Chinese government to the American people in 1941. He has written several books on the life and religion of Szechwan Province, China. Mason.

Horace F. Graham (1862–1941) Governor of Vermont, 1917–19. b. Feb. 7, 1862 in New York City. Graduate (cum laude) of Columbia Law School in 1888. He practiced law

at Crafts-bury, Vt. He served as state's attorney, and in the state legislature for two terms. In 1900 he was a presidential elector. From 1902-17 he was auditor of accounts for Vermont. He was a member and past master of Meridian Sun Lodge No. 20 of Crafts-bury, Vt. d. Nov. 23, 1941.

J. Clark Graham President of Yankton College (S.D.) 1945-54. b. Feb. 9, 1894 at Aledo, Ill. Graduate of Grinnell Coll. (Ia.) and Columbia U. He was with Ripon Coll. (Wis.) from 1916-45, successively as instructor in English, associate professor, professor and head of dept. of psychology and education. Since 1954 he has been English professor at Drury Coll. (Mo.). He became a member of Lafayette Lodge No. 52 at Montezuma, Ia. in 1915 and received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Yankton, S.D. on Nov. 21, 1948.

Louis E. Graham U.S. Congressman to 76th to 80th Congresses (1939-49) from 25th Pa. dist. b. Aug. 4, 1880 in New Castle, Pa. Graduate of Washington and Jefferson Coll. in 1901, he began law practice in Beaver, Pa. He was U.S. attorney of the Western district of Pa. from 1929-33, and special assistant to U.S. attorney general in 1934-35. Received degrees in St. James Lodge No. 457, Beaver, Pa. on March 16, April 13, May 18, 1905; life member, past master in 1909; and secretary from 1911-19. Life member of Eureka Chapter No. 167, R.A.M., Rochester, Pa. and member of Beaver Valley Council No. 54, R. & S.M. and Beaver Valley Commandery No. 84, K.T., both of Beaver Falls, Pa. Life member and 32° AASR (NJ) at New Castle, Pa. Life member of Syria Shrine Temple at Pittsburgh and

honorary member of Almas Temple in Washington, D.C.

William J. Graham (1872–1936) Presiding Judge of U.S. Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, Washington from 1924. b. Feb. 7, 1872 at New Castle, Pa. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1893 and practiced law at Aledo, Ill. from 1895. Member of the 65th to 68th congresses (1917–25) from 14th Ill. dist. Member of Aledo Lodge No. 252 at Aledo, Ill., receiving degrees on May 14, June 25 and Oct. 22, 1895 and serving as master in 1899. d. Nov. 10, 1936.

Elijah S. Grammer (1868–1936) U.S. Senator from Washington, 1932–33. b. April 3, 1868 in Hickory Co., Mo. In logging and construction business in Washington most of his life. President and manager of Grammer Investment Co. Mason. d. Nov. 21, 1936.

George McInvale Grant U.S. Congressman to 75th to 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 2nd Ala. dist. b. July 11, 1897 at Louisville, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1922, and admitted to bar in same year, practicing in Troy. Served in U.S. Army in WWI. Was state commander of the American Legion in 1929 and national secretary of Pi Kappa Phi fraternity from 1922–25. Mason and Shriner.

James Grant (1720–1806) British General and First Governor of Florida under English rule. b. in Ballendalloch, Scotland. He was a major of the Montgomerie Highlanders in 1757. In 1758 he led 800 men to reconnoiter Fort Duquesne, but was surprised and defeated with a loss of 295. He was appointed

governor of East Florida in 1760, and lieutenant colonel of the 40th Foot. He defeated the Cherokee Indians in a severe battle at Etchoe in 1761. In the Revolutionary War he commanded the 4th and 6th British brigades at the battle of Long Island in Aug. 1776. In December of that year, Lord Howe gave him command of the British troops in N.J. at a critical period, and the American victories of Trenton and Princeton followed. In 1777 he was made a major general and commanded the 2nd brigade. He fought at Brandywine and Germantown, and in 1778 was detached with a strong force to cut off Lafayette on the Schuylkill, but was unsuccessful. He defeated Lee at Monmouth and shortly thereafter sailed for the French West Indies in command of the troops in that sector. He was made governor of Stirling Castle and a lieutenant general in 1782, and full general in 1796. While in Florida, Grant, with three others, petitioned the Grand Lodge of Scotland for a charter to establish Grant's East Florida Lodge at St. Augustine. It was also requested that Grant be commissioned as the provincial grand master over the lodges in the southern district of North America. The petition was granted March 15, 1768. In 1771, Grant as grand master, issued a charter to St. Andrew's Lodge No. 1, at Pensacola, West Florida, formed by ten brethren who belonged to Lodge No. 108 of Scottish registry to be held in the 31st Regiment of Foot of the British Army. This lodge continued for ten years until the city and port were captured by the Spaniards in 1781. When Florida was ceded back to Spain in 1783, in exchange for the Bahama Islands, the English settlers abandoned their homes, and the Grand Lodge of the Southern District of North America ceased to exist. d. April 13, 1806.

Jesse R. Grant Father of Ulysses S. Grant, q.v. Member of Bethel Lodge No. 61, Bethel, Ohio.

Robert A. Grant U.S. Congressman to 76th to 80th Congresses (1939–49) from 3rd Ind. dist. b. July 31, 1905 in Marshall Co., Ind. Graduate of U. of Notre Dame in 1928 and 1930. Admitted to bar and practiced in South Bend in 1930. Member of South Bend Lodge No. 294 at South Bend, Ind., receiving his degrees on Feb. 8, Feb. 15 and March 8, 1935. Shriner.

Ulysses S. Grant (1822–1885) Eighteenth President of the United States. Not a Freemason, although he had a number of close associations with the craft. His father, Jesse R. Grant, was a member of Bethel Lodge No. 61, Bethel, Ohio and his father-in-law, Lewis Dent, was a member of Amith Lodge No. 5, Zanesville, Ohio. Even Grant's original name had Masonic significance for he was baptized Hiram Ulysses. His mother was Hannah Simpson, who married Jesse R. Grant in June, 1821, in Clermont Co., Ohio. When Thomas L. Hamer, q.v., appointed him to West Point, he did not know that he was known by his middle name and he presumed his middle name was from his mother's family, so his official appointment was in the name of Ulysses S. When Grant called it to the attention of the West Point officials, they did not feel authorized to correct it, and it became the name by which he was known.

A.F.A. de Grasse-Tilly (See under de Grasse).

Charles Gratiot (1788–1855) Brigadier General in War of 1812. b. in Missouri. A graduate of the U.S. Military Academy in 1806, he served with distinction in War of 1812 as chief engineer with Harrison's army. He was engaged in the defense of Fort Meigs in 1813 and the attack on Fort Mackinack in 1814. In 1815 he was superintendent of the fortifications on the Delaware River, and later those in Hampton Roads, Va. He was breveted brigadier general in 1828, and appointed inspector of West Point, holding that office for ten years. He was dismissed for having failed to pay into the treasury certain balances of money placed in his hands for public purposes. After holding a clerkship in the land office at Washington, D.C. from 1840–55, he went to St. Louis, where he died destitute. Fort Gratiot on the St. Clair River in Michigan and the villages of Gratiot in Michigan and Wisconsin were named for him. He was senior warden of Comfort Lodge No. 143 (now defunct) at Old Point Comfort, Va. d. in St. Louis May 18, 1855.

Henry Grattan (1746–1820) Irish orator and statesman. b. in Dublin, he was called to the Irish bar in 1772. He was a member of the Irish parliament from 1775–97, and of the British parliament from 1805–20. He was a champion of Irish independence and Catholic emancipation. He particularly opposed the union with England in 1800. He was elected a member of First Volunteer Lodge of Ireland in 1784.

John J. Gravatt Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 3, 1881 at Hampton, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1903. He taught school for two years and was ordained a deacon in 1908, and priest in 1909. He was rector in Rapidan, Va. and Frankfort,

Ky., and a chaplain in the U.S. Army overseas in WWI. After the war he was rector in Staunton, Va. until 1939 when named bishop of Upper South Carolina. Mason.

Bib Graves (1873–1942) Governor of Alabama, 1927–31 and 1935–39. b. April 1, 1873 at Hope Hull, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama and Yale. Admitted to bar in 1897 and practiced at Montgomery. Served as Colonel in WWI. He was adjutant general of Alabama from 1907–11. He was raised in Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 173 of Montgomery in Feb., 1897 and received the 32° AASR (SJ) Oct. 7, 1921 at Montgomery and KCCH Oct. 18, 1927. d. March 14, 1942.

Duncan M. Gray Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. May 5, 1898 at Meridian, Miss. Graduate of U. of the South at Sewanee, Tenn. in 1925. Ordained deacon in 1925, and priest in 1926, serving as rector of churches in Rosedale, Cleveland, Canton, Lexington, Columbus, Macon, Greenwood, and Winona (all Miss.) until he was elected bishop of Mississippi in 1943. Mason.

Gordon Gray Secretary of the Army, 1949–50. b. May 30, 1909 at Baltimore, Md., he graduated from the U. of North Carolina and Yale. He practiced law in N.C. and published the Winston–Salem Journal and Twin City Sentinel. He also operated radio station WSJS from 1935–47. He was assistant secretary of the Army from 1947–49. For eight months in 1950 he was special assistant to the president of the U.S. In 1950 he was president of the U. of North Carolina. He was assistant secretary of defense for internal security affairs from

1955–57 and since 1957 has been director of the office of defense mobilization. He served in the Army 1942–45, first as a private and later an officer. Member of Winston Lodge No. 167, he received his degrees on April 12, July 12 and Aug. 2, 1940.

Harold Gray Cartoonist and creator of Little Orphan Annie. b. Jan. 20, 1894 at Kankakee, Ill. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1917. He joined the staff of the Chicago Tribune as an artist in 1917 and entered the Army in 1918. Discharged as a second lieutenant in 1918, he returned to the Tribune. In 1920 he started his own commercial art studio and was assistant to Sidney Smith on The Gumps cartoon. He began drawing his famous Little Orphan Annie strip in 1924. It first appeared in the New York News and Chicago Tribune, but is now published in more than 250 newspapers. Charter member of Lombard Lodge No. 1098, Lombard, Ill., where he still maintains membership.

Cary T. Grayson (1878–1938) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 11, 1878 in Culpepper Co., Va. Graduate of the U. of the South, Medical College of Virginia and U.S. Naval Medical School. Commissioned assistant surgeon in 1903, he was promoted to medical director with rank of rear admiral in 1916. He was surgeon on the presidential yacht, Mayflower, and was attending and consulting physician at the Naval dispensary in Washington during the Roosevelt and Taft administrations. He was physician to President Wilson. In 1935 he was chairman of the American National Red Cross. He retired from the Navy in 1928. He was raised in Temple

Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on July 13, 1911. d. Feb. 15, 1938.

John Greaton (1741–1783) Brigadier General in Revolutionary War. b. March 10, 1741 in Roxbury, Mass. Before the war he was an innkeeper and officer of militia in Roxbury. On July 12, 1775 he was appointed colonel of the 24th regiment, and the following October, colonel of the 36th. Still later he became colonel of the 3rd Mass. regiment on the continental establishment. During the siege of Boston he led an expedition which destroyed the buildings on Long Island in Boston harbor. On April 15, 1776 he was ordered to Canada and in December joined Washington in N.J., and was afterwards transferred to Heath's division at West Point. Congress made him a brigadier general Jan. 7, 1783. It is thought that he was admitted a member of Masters' Lodge of Albany, N.Y. in 1777, while stationed at West Point. He was present in American Union lodge as a visitor on June 24, 1779. d. Dec. 16, 1783. G.L. of Mass. met in his tavern in 1761. Was J.W. of Washington Lodge No. 10 (Military) in the Mass. brigade when organized at West Point in 1779.

Horace Greeley (1811–1872) American journalist, political leader and anti-Mason. b. in Amherst, N.H. He moved to New York in 1831, where with Jonas Winchester, he founded the New Yorker, a weekly journal, in 1834. In 1841 he founded the New York Tribune and merged the two papers. The Tribune was an outstanding success and in turn it gave him influence in molding thought in the people of the North. He supported the Free Soil movement; encouraged antislavery

sentiment; supported the administration in the Civil War. After the war, he was an advocate of universal amnesty and suffrage, believing that the long imprisonment of Jefferson Davis without trial was a violation of Davis' constitutional rights. He accepted the nomination for the presidency by a body of liberal Republicans and was endorsed by the Democrats, but badly beaten in the election of 1872. His biographer, Patton, thus refers to his attitude on Freemasonry: "Our apprentice (Greeley) embraced the anti-Masonic side of this controversy, and embraced it warmly. It was natural that he should. And for the next two or three years he expended more breath in denouncing the Order of Freemasons, than upon any other subject—perhaps than on all other subjects put together. To this day secret societies are his special aversion."

Adolphus W. Greely (1844–1935) Arctic Explorer and Major General, U.S. Army. b. March 27, 1844 at Newburyport, Mass. He served in the Civil War from private to major and was three times wounded. After the war he remained in the army and rose to brigadier general and chief signal officer in 1887, and major general in 1906. From 1876–79 he constructed 2,000 miles of telegraph line in Texas, Dakotas, and Montana. In 1881 he was placed in charge of a U.S. expedition to establish a chain of 13 circumpolar stations, and his party of 25 reached the northernmost point yet achieved (83° 23'), and discovered new land north of Greenland, crossing Grinnell Land to the Polar Sea. Two relief parties failed to reach them, and by the time the third party found them, all but seven had starved to death. He was later in charge of building telegraph lines in Cuba, China, Philippines, and Alaska. He

was in charge of relief operations in the San Francisco earthquake of 1906. He authored many books including *Three Years of Arctic Service*; *Handbook of Polar Discoveries*; and *Polar Regions in the Twentieth Century*. A member of St. Marks Lodge of Newburyport, Mass., he was knighted in Newburyport Commandery, K.T. on June 17, 1867, and on June 24, following, carried the banner of the commandery in the procession in Boston at the occasion of the dedication of the Masonic temple. He was made an honorary member of Kane Lodge No. 454 (the explorer's lodge) of New York City. The lodge tendered him a reception, April 28, 1885, and he was given an illuminated certificate of membership in the lodge. While at Fort Conger, Grinnell Land, he made a Masonic flag which was carried by Lieutenant Lockwood and Sergeant Brainard of his command, to the shores of the Polar Sea on the Northwest coast of Greenland, and there displayed at Lockwood Island on May 13th and 15th. It was afterwards presented to Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City.

Allen P. Green (1876–1956) Founder of the world's largest fire brick company. b. in Jefferson City, Mo. on a site now included in the state capitol grounds. Shortly after he was graduated from the Missouri School of Mines at Rolla, he bought a local company in Mexico, Mo. and built the world's largest fire brick plant—the A. P. Green Fire Brick Co. He expanded the company into an international industry, with 15 domestic and Canadian plants. Its sales organization has reached into 54 foreign countries. He pioneered many developments in the refractories industry, and was the leader in making Missouri the fire clay center of the world. In 1928

he gave \$100,000 to the School of the Ozarks at Hollister, Mo. He was a national director of both the Y.M.C.A. and the Boy Scouts; director of the Wabash Railroad; vice president of the Missouri State Historical Society, and a member of the advisory board which developed the Missouri Conservation Commission. An enthusiastic Freemason, he gave of his time and money to Masonic purposes. The lot on which the new Masonic Temple in Mexico stands is his gift to the local bodies of that city. He was a member of Hebron Lodge No. 354, Mexico Chapter No. 27, R.A.M. and Crusade Commandery No. 23, K.T. all of Mexico. He was exalted on Jan. 18, 1939, and knighted, May 1, 1939. Before his death he set up a foundation which granted \$350,000, of which the major part went to medical research in Parkinson's disease. In his will the foundation was left about two million dollars. Thousands of dollars in other bequests were made, including \$1,000 to the Grand Lodge of Missouri. d. June 9, 1956.

Charles M. Green President of the Sperry Gyroscope Co. since 1955. b. March 31, 1891 at Camp Dennison, Ohio. He began as an apprentice machinist in 1906, and was subsequently a clerk, accountant, general storekeeper, assistant production superintendent for a chemical company, service manager for Peters Cartridge Co., and works manager for same. From 1934-44 he was with Remington Arms Co. as works manager, production manager, and plant director. He went with Sperry in 1944 as vice president. He is also vice president of the Sperry Corporation and president of Sperry Farragut Corp., Sperry Gyroscope Co. of Canada. Member of Mason Lodge No. 678, Mason, Ohio, and former junior

warden of same. Member of Mason Chapter No. 494, O.E.S. and past patron.

Dwight H. Green (1897–1958) Governor of Illinois, 1940–49. b. Jan. 9, 1897 at Ligonier, Ind. Graduate of U. of Chicago. Admitted to bar in 1922 and practiced at Chicago until 1926. He then went with the bureau of internal revenue as a special counsel and served as special assistant to U.S. attorney in Northern Ill. in charge of income tax matters. He conducted prosecutions against notorious gangsters and public office holders charged with acceptance of bribes. He was the keynote speaker at the National Republican convention of 1948. In WWI he was a second lieutenant in the Air Service, and a pilot and flying instructor. Member of Ligonier Lodge No. 185, Ligonier, Ind. 32° AASR (NJ) in Oriental Consistory of Chicago and 33° on Sept. 29, 1943 at Buffalo, N.Y. Member of St. John's Conclave No. 1, Red Cross of Constantine, and Shriner of Medinah Temple, Chicago. d. Feb. 20, 1958.

Fred W. Green (1872–1936) Governor of Michigan, 1927–31. b. Oct. 20, 1872 at Manistee, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1898. Began practice of law at Ypsilanti in 1899, and became identified with the Ypsilanti Reed Furniture Co.; he moved with it to Ionia in 1904. He was vice president of the National Rattan & Willow Co. He served in the Spanish–American War as a first lieutenant and was with the Michigan national guard 14 years, rising to brigadier general. He was a member of Phoenix Lodge No.13, Ypsilanti, and received the 32° AASR (NJ) at Detroit in Oct. 1928.

James S. Green (1817–1870) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1857–61. Sometimes called “Missouri’s greatest orator.” b. Feb. 28, 1817 in Fauquier Co., Va. Admitted to bar and practiced at Canton, Mo. He served in the U.S. congress from 1847–51, and was named charge d’affaires in Colombia, S.A. in 1853, and consul in 1854; but he tired of the position and returned to the U.S. in 1856, and was again elected to congress, but did not take his seat, having been chosen to the senate. His senatorial career was brilliant. No one could surpass him as a reasoner or excel him as an orator, and few equalled him. He was one of the few senators who could stand up against Stephen A. Douglas, q.v., and in 1859 defeated him in a debate. He was the champion of the slave interests and states’ rights. He was dropped from the senate because of his slavery views, and was under surveillance by both the Union and Confederacy—the former, to quiet his secession activities, and the latter, requiring an oath that he would not take up arms against them. He moved to St. Louis and practiced law, dying there Jan. 9, 1870. He was a member and past master of Canton Lodge No. 100, Canton, Mo.

Jesse Green (?–1834) Delaware political and military leader. A Roman Catholic, he was the second grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware, serving three terms from 1809–11. His great, great grandmother was Helen Calvert, daughter of the first Lord of Baltimore, q.v. He was elected eight times to the lower house from Sussex Co., Del. (1797–1807), and was speaker in 1804. He was adjutant general of Delaware from 1808 to 1814. When the War of 1812 broke out, he helped raise a regiment of Delaware and Maryland troops and was

present at the British bombardment of Lewes. He owned some 7,000 acres of land. He was raised in Washington Lodge No. 3 (Md. charter). This lodge was originally chartered in 1770 by Pa. as No. 15, Fells Point, Md., then the easternmost part of the city of Baltimore. It is still in existence. On Sept. 18, 1792, he became charter master of St. John's Lodge No. 10 at Georgetown, Del. The lodge became dormant in 1796, but was revived June 23, 1800, and Green was again named as first master of the lodge, then known as Hope Lodge No. 31, at Laurelton, Del. After he was grand master, he served as the first master of Temple Lodge No. 9, Milford. d. Aug. 21, 1834.

Robert S. Green (?–1895) Governor of New Jersey. He was raised in Washington Lodge No. 33, Elizabeth, N.J. on April 18, 1855 and three days later affiliated with Princeton Lodge No. 38, Princeton, N.J., to become warrant master. He was again reelected master in 1856. On Jan. 2, 1857 he reaffiliated with Washington Lodge No. 2, and from 1859–63 was grand pursuivant of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey. d. May 7, 1895.

Thomas Green (1816–1864) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. in Virginia. His father was chief justice of Tenn. and president of Lebanon law college. Thomas moved to Texas in early manhood, and was a ranger in the war of Texan independence; he also served in the Mexican War. From 1855–58 he was clerk of the supreme court of Texas. He joined the Confederate army and fought in the battles of Valverde, Bisland 'and Galveston. In the campaign of 1863 he commanded the cavalry under Gen. Richard Taylor and

repulsed the Union forces at the battle of Bayou la Fourche. He was made major general after this action and placed in command of the cavalry of the trans-Mississippi dept. In April, 1864, he commanded the Texas infantry in the Red River campaign. He was mortally wounded near Pleasant Hill, April 12, 1864, from a shot by a Union gunboat. Member of Austin Lodge No. 12 (Texas).

Thomas E. Green (1857–?) Churchman, lecturer, and author. b. Dec. 27, 1857 at Harrisville, Pa. He was first a Presbyterian minister in Mt. Carmel, Chicago, and Sparta, Ill. (1880–86), and then became a Protestant Episcopal priest in 1887, serving first a Chicago church and later, Grace Church of Cedar Rapids, Iowa. In 1898 he was elected bishop of Iowa, but declined. He began lecturing in 1903, and journeyed around the world in 1910–11 in the interest of international peace. He was a delegate at large to the 4th American Peace Conference of 1913 and a special lecturer for Carnegie Endowment for Peace, the American Red Cross, U.S. Treasury dept. and other organizations. Received many foreign decorations. He was chaplain of the Republican national convention in 1884, and of the Democratic national conventions of 1889–92–95–98. Mason, Knight Templar and 32° AASR, he was grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Iowa in 1897–99 and 1901. He wrote *The Mason as a Citizen*. Other books included *The Hill Called Calvary*; *In Praise of Valor*; *The War Trust*; *The Burden of Nations*; *War Facts and Peace*; *The Salt of the Earth* and many others. Deceased.

Warren E. Green (1870–1945) Governor of South Dakota,

1931–33. b. March 10, 1870 in Jackson Co., Wis. He engaged in farming and stock raising near Hazel, S.D. from 1895. He served three terms in the state senate and was a member of the state board of charities and corrections from 1913–19. He was made a Mason April 17, 1918, in Sioux Valley Lodge No. 125, Castlewood, S.D. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oriental Consistory, Yankton, S.D., in Nov. 1931.

William M. Green (1876–1942). Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. July 12, 1876 at Greenville, Miss. Graduate of the U. of the South. Ordained deacon in 1899, and priest in 1900. From 1900 to 1919 he served various churches in Miss. and Tenn. He was consecrated bishop coadjutor of Miss. in 1919, and bishop of Miss. by succession on Nov. 2, 1938. Member of King Solomon Lodge No. 333, Meridian, Miss., receiving degrees on July 13, 1906, Nov. 19, 1907, and April 8, 1908. d. Nov. 12, 1942.

Christopher Greene (1737–1781) Colonel of the American Revolution known as the “hero of Red Bank.” b. May 12, 1737 in Warwick, R.I. He served in the R.I. legislature in 1772–74. He was made a major by the state legislature in 1775 and given a company, which he marched to Cambridge, and subsequently was placed in command of the first battalion under Benedict Arnold, q.v., by Washington. He was with Arnold in Quebec. Captured in the attack on that city, he was prisoner for eight months. After his release, he was made a colonel and placed in charge of Fort Mercer on the Delaware. When the fort was assaulted by Hessians in Oct. 1777, he repulsed them with heavy loss, including the mortal wounding of

their leader, Count Donop. For this, congress voted Greene a sword. In 1778 Greene and his troops were detached for duty in R.I. and put under command of Gen. John Sullivan. On May 13, 1781 his headquarters on the Croton river was surrounded by loyalists and he was killed. A monument to his memory was erected near Red Bank, N.J. in 1829 by N.J. and Pa. volunteers. He was initiated March 3, 1779 in St. John's Lodge, Providence, R.I.

Frank L. Greene (1870–1930) U.S. Senator from Vermont, 1923–30, dying while in office. b. Feb. 10, 1870 at St. Albans, Vt. He began as an errand boy in a railway office and became stenographer, and later chief clerk of the freight department. In 1891 he entered the newspaper business as a reporter on the St. Albans Daily Messenger, and was editor of the same from 1899 to 1912. He was U.S. congressman to the 62nd to 67th congresses (1912–23) from first Vt. dist. He served in the Spanish–American War from 1888–1900 and was captain of Co. B, 1st Vt. Inf. Vols. Greene was a member of Englesby Lodge No. 84, St. Albans, Vt. receiving his degrees on April 4, April 11, April 18, 1891. d. Dec. 17, 1930.

Henry A. Greene (1856–1921) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 5, 1856 at Matteawan, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1879. Rose through ranks to brigadier general in 1914, and major general in 1917. He served in Texas and in Montana, organizing and commanding for nearly three years a company of Sioux Indians. He commanded a company in the Spanish–American War in Cuba, and also in the Philippine insurrection. In 1903 he was a member of the board to select

the first general staff of the Army, and was first secretary of the staff. He later commanded departments in Oklahoma City, St. Louis, Alaska, Indiana, Canal Zone, Chicago, Arizona, and Washington. He was on observation duty with French and English forces in WWI. Retired in 1918. Mason. d. Aug. 19, 1921.

Nathanael Greene (1742–1786) General of the American Revolution. b. June 6, 1742, at Potowomut (Warwick) , R.I. He and Washington, along with Putman, Gates and Heath were the only general officers who served throughout the War. He was made a brigadier general in the Continental Army in June, 1775, and a major general in Aug., 1776. He led the left wing of the American force at Trenton on Dec. 24, 1776 and captured the Hessians. In 1778 he was made quartermaster general of the Army. When criticized by Congress in 1780, he resigned, but at Washington's insistence took over the command of the Army of the South from Gates, q.v. Here he conducted a strategic retreat in 1781, and finally turned and forced the British out of Georgia and the Carolinas, and back to three coastal bases. He was considered a military genius by Washington. A Quaker, he was disciplined by them for his military activities. Masonic scholars are still searching for his connection with the fraternity. It is claimed by some that he was a member of a Rhode Island Lodge, and by others, a member of a military lodge. Throughout the revolution he wore a Masonic medal that was presented to him by Lafayette, q.v., and this medal is now in the possession of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island. A Masonic apron, said to have been worn by him, was presented to Lakewood Lodge No. 601,

Lakewood, Ohio in 1937, by William Greene, a descendant and member of that lodge. On March 21, 1825 the Grand Lodge of Georgia united with Lafayette in laying the cornerstone of a monument to Greene in Savannah (also one to Pulaski, q.v.). With his family, he retired from public life to a plantation in Savannah, Ga. d. June 19, 1786 at Savannah.

Samuel D. Greene Anti-Mason and Anti-Masonic writer. Originally a member of Batavia Lodge No. 433, Batavia, N.Y., he was expelled on Feb. 8, 1827. This was shortly after the disappearance of William Morgan, q.v., of Batavia who had written an expose of Freemasonry which started the anti-Masonic movement in the U.S.

Lawrence N. Greenleaf (1838–1922) Masonic author. b. Oct. 4, 1838 in Boston, Mass. He was initiated in Columbia Lodge of that city in 1863. In that same year he moved to Denver, Colo., where he affiliated with Denver Lodge No. 5. He was in the mercantile business until 1893, when he purchased and edited the Masonic monthly Square and Compass. He retired in 1917. He served as master of the lodge five times; exalted in Denver Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., he was twice high priest. He received the cryptic degrees in Boston Council in 1868, and was a charter member of Denver Council No. 1, R. & S.M., and master in 1901. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery at Boston in June, 1868, he affiliated with Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T., July 17, 1883, and was commander in 1890. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1880; grand high priest in 1867, and grand master of the grand council in 1907. He was mainly

responsible for organizing the AASR (SJ) in Colorado and was deputy for Colorado in 1878 and 33° in 1880. His best known Masonic poems are *Lodge–Room Over Simpkins' Store*; *Hands Across the Sea*; and *Live On, O Masonry!* d. Oct. 25, 1922.

Simon Greenleaf (1783–1853) Lawyer and author. b. Dec. 5, 1783 in Newburyport, Mass. Moved with his family to Maine in 1801 and studied law. In 1806 he moved to Standish, and later to Gray, practicing in both places. In 1818 he moved to Portland, and in 1820, after the admission of Maine to the Union, he became reporter of the supreme court, holding that office until 1832, when appointed royal professor of law in Harvard. He remained at Harvard until 1848. He was considered one of the foremost legal authorities. He was made a Mason in Cumberland Lodge in 1804 and was master in 1807. He is considered the leading spirit in establishing the Grand Lodge of Maine, and was its second grand master in 1823. He wrote *Origin and Principles of Freemasonry*. His greatest legal work is *Treatise on the Law of Evidence*. d. Oct. 6, 1853.

Clifford C. Gregg Director of Chicago Natural History Museum since 1937. b. July 9, 1895 at Cincinnati, William V. Gregory uate of Lebanon Valley Coll. (Pa.) in 1917. Served churches in W.Va., Va., and Pa. from 1914–17. From 1920–21 he was associate editor of *Religious Telescope*, and president of Shenandoah Coll. 1922–26. He was pastor of the Euclid Ave., U.B. Church of Dayton from 1926–36, and superintendent of the Miami Conference from 1932–37. From 1937–50 he was executive secretary of the church's national council of administration and was named bishop in 1950. Member

of Stillwater Lodge No. 616, Dayton, Ohio, receiving degrees on July 9, Sept. 10 and Sept. 27, 1928; 32° AASR (NJ). d. Dec. 27, 1956.

Luther E. Gregory Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 9, 1872 at Newark, N.J. Entered the U.S. Navy as a civil engineer in 1898, and rose to rank of rear admiral. He was chief of the bureau of yards and docks of the Navy from 1922–29. Retired. Member of William H. Upton Naval and Military Lodge No. 206, Bremerton, Wash., Washington Chapter No. 3, National Sojourners, 33° AASR, Knight Templar, and member of St. Alban's Conclave No. 18, Red Cross of Constantine, Seattle.

William Gregory (1849–1901) Governor of Rhode Island in 1901, dying in office. b. Aug. 3, 1849 in Astoria, N.Y. A manufacturer, he was president of the Wickford Natl. Bank and director of the Union Trust Co. of Providence. He served in both of the houses of the state legislature and was lieutenant governor from 1898–1900. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 20, Westerly, R.I.

William V. Gregory (1877–1936) U.S. Congressman to 70th to 74th Congresses (1927–37) from 1st Ky. dist. b. Oct. 21, 1877 in Graves Co., Ky. Graduate of West Kentucky Coll. in 1896. Was superintendent of schools in Mayfield, and began law practice there in 1902. Received his degrees in 16, 1889 at Martinsburg, W.Va. Grad- Mayfield Lodge No. 679 on Nov. 4, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Cincinnati in 1917. He was assistant to the director of the Field Museum of Natural History (now Chicago Natural History Museum) from

1926–37. Served as an Infantry lieutenant in WWI, and WWII rose to colonel, serving with 6th Corps Area in Chicago, and later at Tank Destroyer Center, Camp Hood, Texas, and Army Ground Forces, Washington, D.C. He has been vice president, trustee, and general secretary of Beta Theta Pi social fraternity. Member of Vattier Lodge No. 386, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees on May 18, 1918, Feb. 17 and March 31, 1919; received 32° AASR (NJ) in Massachusetts Consistory; Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston and past president of Camp Hood (Texas) Chapter No. 208, National Sojourners.

John Gregg (1828–1864) Confederate General of the Civil War who was the last to command the famous Texas Brigade in Lee's Army. b. Sept. 2, 1828. A member of Fairfield Lodge No. 103, Fairfield, Texas, he received the degrees in May, Aug. and Oct., 1854, and was senior warden in 1855; member of Palestine Commandery No. 3, K.T. He was killed on Oct. 7, 1864.

Clifford V. Gregory (1883–1941) Editor of the *Prairie Farmer*, Chicago. b. Oct. 20, 1883 at Mason City, Ia. He was a professor at Iowa Agricultural Coll. before becoming associated with the *Prairie Farmer* Publishing Co. in 1911. He became vice president of the company which published *Prairie Farmer* and owned station WLS from 1911–37. In the latter year he became associate publisher of *Wallace's Farmer* and *Iowa Homestead*. Member of Wheaton Lodge No. 269, Wheaton, Ill., receiving degrees on Aug. 24, Aug. 31 and Oct. 13, 1915. d. Nov. 18, 1941.

David T. Gregory (1889–1956) Bishop, United Brethren Church.

Ludwig Greinemann A Dominican monk and Anti-Mason. While preaching Lenten sermons at Aix-la-Chapelle in 1779, he claimed that the Jews who crucified Jesus were Freemasons, and that Pilate and Herod were wardens of a Masonic lodge. Judas, he stated, had been initiated in the synagogue, and the 30 pieces of silver was the amount of his initiation fee. He stated that he would slay every Freemason he met with his own hands, and so aroused the people that the authorities were forced to issue an edict against Freemasons' meetings. Eventually authorities of neighboring districts calmed him down by stating that if he did not cease his practices he would not be allowed to collect alms in their territory.

Perry E. Gresham President of Bethany College (W.Va.) since 1953. b. Dec. 19, 1907 at Covina, Calif. Graduate of Texas Christian U. in 1930, with graduate work at Columbia and U. of Chicago. He was a teacher of Greek and philosophy at Texas Christian and ordained to the ministry of the Christian church in 1931. He served churches in Fort Worth, Seattle, Detroit, and Glasgow, Scotland. He was later a feature writer for the Detroit Free Press on Middle East affairs and a lecturer at many universities. In 1949 he was a delegate to the founding assembly of the World Council of Churches at Amsterdam, and delegate to conventions in 1950–51–52. Mason, 32° AASR and Knight Templar.

Jean Baptiste Greuze (1725–1805) French portrait and

genre painter. b. Aug. 21, 1725. He was a member of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters (les Neuf Soeurs) at Paris, his name appearing on the list for 1779. He was held in high regard as an artist. d. March 4, 1805.

Robert E. Gribbin Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Feb. 21, 1887 at Windsor, S.C. Graduate of Military Coll. of South Carolina and Coll. of Charleston. Ordained deacon in 1912 and priest in 1913. He served churches in Charleston, Atlanta, Wilmington, and Winston-Salem, from 1912-34. Consecrated bishop of Western North Carolina on Jan. 25, 1934. Now retired. Served as chaplain in both World Wars. Mason.

Aleksandr Sergeevich Griboedov (1795-1829) Russian poet and statesman. He is known chiefly as the author of a satirical comedy in verse depicting the struggle between two generations. It is variously translated into English as *The Misfortune of Being Clever*, or *Woe From Wit*. He was a member of the Lodge of United Friends in Russia about 1820. He was murdered at Teheran, with members of the embassy staff, by a mob.

Jeremiah Gridley (1702-1767) Lawyer, teacher and author of pre-Revolutionary period. Often called "Jeremy," he was a brother of Richard Gridley, q.v., a major general in the Revolution. b. March 10, 1702 in Boston, Mass. He was graduated at Harvard in 1725, and for several years was an assistant in a grammar school in Boston. He studied theology and occasionally preached. He then studied law and was admitted to the bar. For a year he edited a weekly newspaper called *The*

Rehearsal. This was the first newspaper published in America having substantial claim to literary merit. He was elected a member of the general court from Brookline, and became an opponent of the British policies. Notwithstanding, he was appointed attorney general for the province of Massachusetts Bay. In 1761, while in this office, he defended the "writs of assistance" which the British custom officers had applied for to enable them to enter the dwellings of suspected individuals at their discretion. He handled it with such dignity that he did not lose his popularity. He was proposed to the first lodge (Mass.) by none other than Henry Price, q.v., past grand master on April 13, 1748; elected April 27 and made May 11. On Dec. 7, 1750 he was raised in Masters Lodge. He was elected junior warden of Masters Lodge, Dec. 1, 1752, and senior warden July 6, 1753, retiring from office in that lodge on Dec. 7, and receiving the unanimous election as master of the First Lodge on Dec. 26, 1753. On Oct. 1, 1755, he was appointed grand master of North America, an office which he held until his death on Sept. 10, 1767.

Richard Gridley (1711–1796) Major General in American Revolution. b. Jan. 3, 1711 at Boston, Mass. Brother of Jeremiah Gridley, q.v., Earned a reputation as an artillerist, and on Sept. 20, 1775 was commissioned major general in command of the Continental artillery, serving until November of the same year. He served as an engineer in the reduction of Louisburg in 1745, and in 1755 became chief engineer and colonel of infantry in the British army. The following year he was with the expedition to Crown Point, and constructed the fortifications at Lake George. He served under Amherst in

1758, and later under Wolf on the plains of Abraham, being at the capture of Quebec. At the conclusion of the French-Indian War, he received Magdalen Island from the British government for his services, with half-pay for life. He sided with the colonies in 1775, and planned the works at Bunker Hill the night before the battle of June 17, 1775. Although 65, he fought in the entire engagement and was wounded. He was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge of Boston, Mass. on April 4, 1746 and was master of the lodge in 1757. On Jan. 27, 1769 he was appointed deputy grand master of Mass., and subsequently was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. d. June 20, 1796.

Ruel C. Gridley (1829–1871) Humanitarian of the Civil War who was famous for his “sanitary sack of flour.” b. Jan. 23, 1829 in Hannibal, Mo. Although six years older, it is claimed that he was a boyhood friend of Mark Twain, q.v. He served in the Mexican War while still in his teens. His experiences were wide and varied and he earned his living at mining, merchandising, banking, and newspaper publishing. Married in 1850 to a girl from Louisiana, Mo., he made his way overland to California in 1852, and his family joined him a year or two later by way of Panama. He moved about the state and was a member of six Calif. Masonic lodges, and two in Nevada. In 1866 he opened a store at Paradise and the following year became postmaster. While living in Austin, Nev. during the war, Gridley, a Democrat, bet a sack of flour that David E. Buel would be elected over his Republican opponent, Charles Holbrook. The bet was taken by Dr. H. S. Herrick, with the understanding that the

loser would carry it from Clifton to Upper Austin, a distance of about a mile and a half. Gridley lost, and paid the bet. The newly elected officials marched behind him, followed by most of the local citizenry with the town band playing John Brown's Body. At the end of the journey a dispute arose as to what should be done with the flour. Gridley solved it by auctioning off the flour to raise money for the Sanitary Commission—a forerunner of the Red Cross. The idea caught the fancy of the crowd and the sack was auctioned and re-auctioned, none wishing to keep it. This gave Gridley an idea, so shouldering the sack, he went through the country of Nevada, and into California, auctioning the flour. It is said that the last auction brought \$15,000, and that he raised a total of \$275,000 for relief of the Civil War's sick and wounded. In doing this, however, Gridley ruined his health. His business was gone, and his wife was also in poor health. They moved to Stockton, Calif.—he on a mattress in the wagon bed. His wife hobbled to town each day on crutches to obtain the necessities of life. When it was learned that he was a Mason, and of his charitable deeds, the people of Stockton presented them with a comfortable home. Gridley died Nov. 24, 1870, and in 1886 the Grand Army of the Republic erected a life-size statue of him over his grave in the Stockton Rural cemetery. It is not clear where he was made a Mason, but it is known that wherever he established residence in Calif. and Nevada, he affiliated with the nearest lodge. Thus we find him belonging to the following lodges in order: Diamond No. 29 of Diamond Springs; St. John's No. 37 of Yreka; Oroville No. 103 of Oroville; Table Mountain No. 124 of Oroville (now Paradise); Lander No. 8 of Austin,

Nevada; Morning Star No. 68 of Stockton; and Sacramento No. 40, of Sacramento.

Meade F. Griffin Justice, Supreme Court of Texas. b. March 17, 1894 at Cottonwood, Tex. Graduate of U. of Texas. Admitted to bar in 1917, he practiced at Tulia and then Plainview. Served in WWI as a major, and in WWII as a colonel. He was chief prosecutor at Wiesbaden, Germany in 1945. Raised in Alamo Lodge No. 44, San Antonio, Texas in 1917, and presently a member of Plainview Lodge No. 709, Plainview, Texas. Served as junior and senior deacon in 1924–25. Member of Plainview Chapter No. 228, R.A.M. and Plainview Council No. 164, R. & S.M. both of Plainview, Texas.

Calvin R. Griffith President and owner of the Washington Senators baseball team. Adopted son of Clark C. Griffith, q.v., he succeeded his father as president of the team on the former's death in 1955. He is a member of Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C., the same lodge in which his father held membership.

Clark Griffith (1869–1955) Owner of Washington Senators baseball club and one of the organizers of American League in 1901. b. Nov. 20, 1869 in Vernon Co., Mo. Known as the “Old Fox” of baseball, he was one of the game's best known personalities. Under his direction the Senators captured three American League pennants and one world series. Griffith became president in 1919. An outstanding pitcher in his day, he was elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1946. He won a total of 236 games and lost only

139, playing in both the American and National leagues with Chicago, New York, Cincinnati, and Washington. While still playing and managing, he helped organize the American League in 1901. That year he piloted the Chicago White Sox to a pennant. He also managed Cincinnati and New York before casting his lot permanently with Washington. An active and interested Freemason, he was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 17 of the District of Columbia and an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia. His adopted son, Calvin R. Griffith, q.v., who succeeded him as owner of the Washington team, is also a member of that lodge. He allowed the stadium to be used for the Craft-sponsored "Night of Thrills" and gave liberally to Masonic charities. He died Oct. 27, 1955, and graveside services were conducted by his lodge. Masons acting as pallbearers were Phil Howser, Jim Ritchie, Ossie Bluege, Billy Werber, Billy Jurgens and George Case—all active in baseball or former big leaguers.

David W. Griffith (1880–1948) Known as the "Father of the Film Art," he produced the famous *Birth of a Nation*, the world's first successful film, which grossed about 50 million dollars. b. in La Grange, Ky. He was the son of Confederate Brigadier General Jacob W. Griffith. For two years he tried acting, but was unsuccessful. He entered the motion picture business in 1908, and was a director for Biograph Film Co. Other pictures he produced were *Intolerance*; *Hearts of the World*; *Way-Down East*; *Broken Blossoms*; *Orphans of the Storm* and *America*. He was a member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 of New York City. d. July 23, 1948.

Griffith J. Griffith (1850–1919) Philanthropist and mine owner. b. Jan. 4, 1850 in Glamorganshire, South Wales. He came to America in 1865, and after being educated in public schools of Pa. and Fowler Inst. of N.Y., he moved to Calif. in 1873, where he was associated with the Herald Publishing Co. of San Francisco. He later engaged extensively in mining in Mexico. In 1882 he purchased the Los Feliz Rancho of 4,074 acres near Los Angeles and acquired extensive realty holdings in the city. In 1896 he donated 3,016 acres of his ranch to Los Angeles for a public park without restriction. In 1912 he gave \$100,000 for the erection of an observatory on Mt. Hollywood for public use and scientific research. Mason. d. July 6, 1919.

Paul H. Griffith Public relations counselor and national commander of the American Legion, 1946–47. b. April 8, 1897 at Uniontown, Pa. From 1919–32 he was a partner of D.A. Griffith & Son, Uniontown, Pa., and from 1946–49, a partner in a business consultant firm, establishing his own company, Paul H. Griffith Associates in Washington, D.C. From 1935–40 he was executive director of the American Legion. He served as an enlistedman with the 28th Division in WWI, participating in all major engagements, and in WWII served as an executive under the secretary of War, advancing to colonel in 1944; he retired from active duty in 1945. Served as military advisor on a mission to India, and later as chief of the veterans personnel division of the Selective Service. He was in every theatre of operation during WWII. Mason and past master of his lodge.

Thomas Griffith (1680–1744) Irish actor, and first grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, 1725–32. He first came to Masonic notice by singing the Entered Apprentice's Song at a theatre entertainment following the installation of the Earle of Rosse as grand master of Ireland in 1725. It is thought by some historians that Griffith may have been the author of the words. He later found himself in trouble with the grand lodge for "chusing so vile and obscene a play" as Wycherley's *The Country Wife* for a benefit performance. Lord Southwell, grand master, gave him the official appointment of "Tide Waiter" (customs officer) and as such it was his duty to keep an eye on the comings and goings of the "wild geese" and other Jacobite sympathizers, of whom Lord Rosse was rumored to be one.

Allan K. Grim U.S. Judge, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, since 1949. b. Oct. 15, 1904 at Kutztown, Pa. Graduate of Harvard. Admitted to Pa. bar in 1929 and practiced in Reading. Raised in Huguenot Lodge No. 377 at Kutztown, Pa. in 1929 and past master of same. 32° AASR (NJ) at Reading, Pa. and member of the Shrine.

Alexander V. Griswold (1766–1843) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. April 22, 1766 in Simsbury, Conn. Of unusual learning ability, he could read at age of three. Studied law, but gave it up to enter ministry, and was ordained deacon and priest in 1795. For the next ten years he served parishes at Plymouth, Harwinton, and Litchfield, Conn. In 1804 he went to a church in Bristol, R.I., and six years later to Litchfield. In May, 1810 he was elected bishop over the "Eastern Diocese"

which included Maine, New Hamp., Vt., Mass., and R.I. He was the first and only bishop to serve this diocese. In 1836 he became the presiding bishop of the church. He was raised in Aurora Lodge No. 35 of Harwinton, Conn., and on removal to Bristol, R.I., affiliated with St. Albans Lodge No. 6, which he served as master in 1805. He was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island from 1815–26. He was exalted in Solomon Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Darby, Conn. on June 17, 1799 and knighted in Providence Encampment, K.T. Jan. 5, 1826. d. Feb. 15, 1843.

Dwight P. Griswold (1893–1954) Governor and U.S. Senator from Nebraska. b. Nov. 27, 1893 at Harrison, Nebr. Graduate U. of Nebraska in 1914. With First Natl. Bank of Gordon, Nebr., 1912–44; editor and publisher of the Gordon Journal, 1922–40, and president of the Gering (Nebr.) Natl. Bank, 1951–54. Was chief of American Mission for Aid to Greece in 1947–48. Served in both houses of state legislature and was Governor three terms, 1940–46. U.S. Senator from 1952. Member of Arcana Lodge No. 195 of Gordon, Nebr., receiving degrees on Jan. 4, Feb. 1, March 1, 1915, and served as master. He was a member of Occidental Chapter No. 48, R.A.M., Zerubbabel Council No. 27, R. & S.M. and Melita Commandery No. 22, K.T., all of Chadron. Received his Scottish Rite degrees in Guthrie, Okla. and affiliated with bodies at Omaha in 1919. Received KCCH in Oct., 1943 and 33° in 1949. d. April 12, 1954.

Glenn Griswold Editor and vice president of Midwest Television, and manager of station KFEQ-TV, St. Joseph,

Mo. since 1956. b. June 19, 1886 at Benton Harbor, Mich. Was publisher of country newspaper at 17 and was later associated with the Inter-Ocean, Examiner, Tribune, Journal of Commerce, all of Chicago. He was editor and publisher of the latter in 1922–31; vice president of Fox Film Corp. in 1931; editor of Business Week, N.Y. 1933–38; and from 1938, head of Glenn Griswold Associates. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Alexander J. Groesbeck (1873–1953) Governor of Michigan three terms, 1921–27. b. Nov. 7, 1873 in Macomb Co., Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1893 and admitted to bar in same year. Served as attorney general of Mich. from 1916–20. Raised in Corinthian Lodge No. 241 and became a life member on Nov. 4, 1938; 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 19, 1922. d. March 11, 1953.

Ferde Grofe (Ferdinand Rudolph von Grofe). Composer and conductor. Known for his Grand Canyon Suite. b. March 27, 1892 at New York City. Studied in Germany, New York and Calif. Has been radio orchestra conductor and made personal appearances at many places. Among his compositions are: Tabloid Suite; Mississippi Suite; March for Americans; Kentucky Derby; Knute Rockne; Three Shades of Blue Suite; Christmas Eve; Ode to the Star-Spangled Banner; Cafe Society Ballet; Symphony in Steel; Hollywood Suite; Blue Flame; Miss Mischief; Free Air; Temples Hills; Daybreak; Broadway at Night; and many others. Raised in Silver Trowel Lodge No. 414, Los Angeles, and member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City.

Francis Grose (1731?–1791) English antiquarian. Published Classical Dictionary of the Vulgar Tongue. Mason.

H. R. Gross U.S. Congressman to 81st Congress (1949–51) from 3rd Ia. dist. b. June 30, 1899 at Arispe, Ia. Attended U. of Missouri. He was newspaper reporter and editor, 1921–35, and radio news commentator (WHO) 1935–48. Served in Mexican border campaign and with A.E.F. in WWI. Member of Twilight Lodge No. 151, Afton, Iowa, and Petworth Chapter No. 16, R.A.M., Washington, D.C.

Milt Gross Cartoonist and author. b. March 4, 1895 at New York City. Started as an office boy for New York American in 1912, and was then a comic artist for the American Press Association, New York Evening Journal, and New York Tribune. With the New York World since 1922. Drew daily news cartoon Banana Oil, and is creator of Gross Exaggerations and Nize Baby. Served as infantry private in WWI. Author of Nize Baby; Dunt Esk; Famous Finales From Heestory. Member of Dirigo Lodge No. 30, New York City.

Moses H. Grossman (1873–1942) Lawyer and founder of Arbitration Society of America in 1922. b. Feb. 18, 1873 at New York City. Graduate of New York U. in 1894. Admitted to bar in 1894 and practiced in New York City. He is the donor of a rare collection of 13th century English legal documents to the New York U. Law School. Member of Centennial Lodge No. 763, New York City, receiving degrees on Feb. 12, Feb. 26 and March 12, 1895; master in 1908; grand representative to Minn., 1923–26; member of Mecca Shrine Temple. d. June 6, 1942.

Galusha A. Grow (1823–1907) U.S. Congressman from Pennsylvania (1851–63). Speaker of the House from 1861–63. b. Aug. 31, 1823 in Ashford, Conn. Family moved to Pa. when he was ten. Was graduated from Amherst in 1844, studied law in Montrose, and admitted to bar in 1847. Later moved to Houston, Texas, as president of International and Great Northern Railroad, remaining there until 1875, when he returned to Pa. In 1876 he declined the position of U.S. minister to Russia. He was a member of Lodge No. 51 (no name) of Philadelphia, Pa., receiving degrees on Jan. 26, Feb. 23 and March 23, 1871. d. March 31, 1907.

Peter Hermann Gruber (1851–?) Jesuit Abbe and anti-Mason. b. Feb. 5, 1851 at Kufstein in Austria. Educated in the Jesuit schools of Austria, Germany, Holland, and England; he entered the Society of Jesus in 1868, and was ordained in 1879. He is known mainly in America for his article on Freemasonry in the Catholic Encyclopedia (now Catholic Dictionary). He spent his adult life fighting the Craft. In Europe, he wrote many books, hundreds of articles, gave speeches, and carried on a wide correspondence in which he undertook to show that Freemasonry is the enemy of Christianity. When the Fascists in France and Italy, the Phalangists in Spain, and the Nazis in Germany began to burn and pillage lodge rooms, mob and shoot Freemasons, he urged moderation, but his efforts were difficult as the encyclical of Pope Leo XIII, q.v., (*Humanum Genus*) was a virtual invitation for Roman Catholics to use once again the machinery of the Holy Inquisition against Freemasonry. He attacked Freemasonry on the grounds of “liberalism,” “naturalism” and “Deism.” In June,

1928, several prominent Freemasons from Europe and the U.S. held a day-long meeting with him in Aachen, Germany. At that time he expressed a hope that anti-Masons in Europe and anti-Roman Catholics in America would raise the debate to a more dignified level. Ossian Lang, of New York, who attended the meeting, stated that the abbe regretted that his career had been to make war on Freemasonry, which he had come to admire, but that his superiors had started him off with a collection of inferior and misleading books, and that he was afraid his article in the Catholic Encyclopedia had lowered him in the eyes of impartial scholars. Deceased.

Frederick G. Gruen (1872–1945) A founder and president of the Gruen Watch Co. b. April 15, 1872 at Delaware, Ohio. Student at Ohio State U. and graduate of Horological Institute, Dresden, Germany. Founder of modern watchmakers' guild idea, and life member of Horological Institute of America. Member of Hanselmann Lodge No. 208, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees on May 29, Oct. 16, Nov. 20, 1916; 32° AASR (NJ). d. Sept. 15, 1945.

Felix Grundy (1777–1840) Attorney General of the U.S., 1838–39, and U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1829–37, 1838–40. b. Sept. 11, 1777 in Berkeley Co., Va. The family moved first into Pa. and then Ky., and in both places were exposed to Indian depredations, three of his brothers being killed by the Indians. Elected to Kentucky constitutional convention in 1799, and was a member of the legislature from 1799–1806. Appointed judge of supreme court of errors in 1806, and became chief justice the next year. Moved from Bardstown,

Ky., to Nashville, Tenn. in 1808, where he practiced law and achieved a reputation as a criminal lawyer. He defended 105 criminal cases and only one client was executed. He was elected to U.S. congress in 1811, and reelected in 1813, but resigned the next year due to health of wife. Served in Tenn. state legislature in 1819, and in 1829 was elected U.S. senator. Grundy Co., Mo. is named in his honor. He was raised Oct. 29, 1803, in Washington Lodge No. 6 of Bardstown, Ky., although the proceedings of that grand lodge list him as an entered apprentice of Lexington Lodge No. 1 in 1802. He was secretary of the lodge as well as senior warden in 1804. He later became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 7, Franklin, Tenn., and in 1814 was deputy grand master, proterm of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee (1814). d. Dec. 19, 1840.

Pedro Gual Twelfth President (provisional) of Republic of Venezuela for a short term during the Civil War in 1861. He was a Mason and 18° AASR.

Hezekiah A. Gudger (1850–1917) Consul General to Panama, 1897–1905 and Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Canal Zone, Panama, 1905–14. b. May 27, 1850 at Marshall, N.C. Engaged in law practice at Asheville, N.C. from 1871. Served in both houses of the state legislature. Resumed law practice in Asheville after term in Canal Zone supreme court. Mason. d. Sept. 22, 1917.

Louis Guenther (1874–1953) Publisher of The Financial World from 1905. b. Aug. 4, 1874 in London, Eng. Was in advertising business from 1886–99, and established a monthly

trade paper, *The Mail Order Journal*, in 1892, with his father. Received degrees in Roome Lodge No. 746, New York City, April 23, May 14, and June 11, 1898; affiliated March 28, 1902 with Mystic Tie Lodge No. 272, New York City. d. March 11, 1953.

Vincente Guerrero (1783?–1831) Mexican president and patriot. He became grand master of the York Grand Lodge of Mexico, established through the efforts of Joel Poinsett, q.v., American minister to that republic. He teamed up with Augustin de Iturbide, q.v., to liberate Mexico from the Spaniards, setting up the Plan of Iguala. They forced the Spanish government to capitulate with the Treaty of Cordoba, in 1821, which assured Mexican independence. Iturbide set himself up as Emperor Augustin I, from 1822–23, and his harsh measures of repression led to a revolution by Santa Anna, q.v., Guerrero, and others. Iturbide abdicated, fleeing to Europe, but returned, and was captured and shot, July 19, 1824. Guerrero became vice president of Mexico from 1824–28, and was chosen president by congress in March, 1829, serving until December of that year when a revolution broke out against him, led by Bustamante, q.v. Guerrero was captured and shot, Feb., 1831.

Olindo Guerrini (1845–1916) Italian poet who wrote under the pseudonym “Lorenzo Stecchetti” and also “Beni.” His works include poems and lyrics. Many of them contained humorous Venetian dialects. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states that he was a Freemason.

William A. Guerry (1861–1928) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of South Carolina from 1908. b. July 7, 1861 in Clarendon Co., S.C. Graduate of the U. of the South in 1884. Ordained deacon in 1889, and priest in 1890. He served churches in Florence, Marion, and Darlington, S.C., from 1888–93, when he became professor of homiletics at the U. of the South. In 1908 he was named coadjutor bishop of S.C. Made a Mason “at sight.” d. June 9, 1928.

Edgar A. Guest American Poet. b. Aug. 20, 1881 in Birmingham, England. He was brought to the U.S. in 1891 where he received a grammar and high school education in Detroit. He has been connected with the Detroit Free Press since 1895, for which he conducts a column of verse and humorous sketches. His “folksy” poems have earned him the title of “foremost poet of the 20th century” from many admirers. Among his best known poems are: A Heap o’ Livin’; Just Folks; Over Here; Path to Home; When Day Is Done; All That Matters; The Passing Throng; Rhymes of Childhood; The Light of Faith; Harbor Lights of Home; The Friendly Way; Life’s Highway; Collected Verse; All in a Lifetime; Today and Tomorrow; Living the Years; and Home. At the height of his productivity he was making nearly \$130,000 a year—a fact which caused the long-haired poets with scarcely a penny in their jeans to use him as their favorite punching bag. He has been writing a poem a day since 1916, and they total now well over 15,000. Guest was made a Master Mason in Ashlar Lodge No. 91 of Detroit; exalted in Peninsular Chapter No. 16, R.A.M.; greeted in Monroe Council No. 1; knighted in Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T.; and received 32° AASR (NJ)

in Valley of Detroit—all of Detroit, Mich. He was crowned a 33°, honorary, Sept. 20, 1921. He is a member of St. Clement Conclave No. 39, Red Cross of Constantine, and Moslem Shrine Temple. In 1954 he received the gold medal of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, the highest honor of this national body. Many of his poems are Masonic in character and as a result of his attachment to the fraternity, he was created a Blue Friar in 1954 (an organization for Masonic authors). Guest has said: "Masonry has greatly enriched my life. It has given me friendships that I cherish dearly. It has, I think, whispered subconsciously to me in the silent hours, words of caution and encouragement. I like going back to my lodge. I have found it refreshing and good to step aside out of the path of my busy life and sit again with the Masons who have carried on in my absence."

Baron von Gugomos A Masonic imposter, who, in 1775, called together a Masonic congress at Wiesbaden, Germany, which was attended by many influential Freemasons, in spite of the warnings given them by their more conservative brethren. Gugomos claimed that he had been designated by certain unknown superiors of the Holy See at Cyprus to establish a new Order of Knights Templar with himself at the helm. His claims became so absurd that he left Wiesbaden.

Samuel A. Guiberson, Jr. Oil producer and engine manufacturer. b. Sept. 20, 1873 in Calif. He began as an oil worker in 1894, and has been in the oil business on his own since 1906 as president of the Home Ranch Petroleum Co. In 1930 he began the manufacture of radial diesel aircraft and tank

engines, and is president of the Guiberson Diesel Engine Co., Dallas, Tex. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Jean Francois Guichard (1731–1811) French author. b. May 5, 1731 at Chartrettes, France. He wrote a number of books including some comic operas and verse. He was a member of the famous Paris Lodge of the Nine Sisters, being on the roster of 1779 and 1806. d. Feb. 23, 1811.

Curtis Guild (1860–1915) Governor of Massachusetts, 1906–09, journalist, soldier, diplomat. b. Feb. 2, 1860 at Boston, Mass. Graduate of Harvard, summa cum laude, in 1881. He entered the office of the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, which was founded by his father. He rose from bill collector to editor, and was sole owner of the paper from 1902. He was also president of the Anchor Linotype Printing Co. He was a brigadier general of Mass. militia at the outbreak of the Spanish–American War, in which he served as inspector general of the 7th Army Corps and later inspector general of Department of Havana, until the break-up of corps in Cuba. He declined many national jobs offered him. In 1910 he was a special ambassador to Mexico, and from 1911–13 was U.S. ambassador to Russia. He was a member of Columbia Lodge of Boston, being initiated on April 6, 1899. He was also a member of St. Andrew's Chapter, R.A.M. and Boston Commandery, K.T., both of Boston. He was a member of the Scottish Rite bodies in Boston, and was master of Lafayette Lodge of Perfection in 1910, and coroneted 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 18, 1906. d. April 6, 1915.

Cato Maximilian Guildberg (1836–1902) Norwegian mathematician and professor of mathematics at Oslo U. At the age of 28 he formulated the famous law of mass termed “The Law of Guildberg and Waage” on which physical chemistry is built. He was master of the Lodge St. Olaus den hvide Leopard in Oslo from 1887–92 and was K.C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

Comte A. C. Guileminot French General and commander of a division under Napoleon. In 1838 he was Lieutenant du Souveran Grand Commandeur of the Supreme Council, Scottish Rite of France.

Joseph Ignace Guillotin (1738–1814) French physician and deputy to the French assembly in 1789. Although the guillotin used for executions was named after him, it is neither true that he invented it nor met his death by it, as often stated. b. May 28, 1738 at Saintes, France. As a deputy to the States-General, he was the first to demand a doubling of the representatives of the Third Estate. It was in that assembly on Dec. 1, 1789 that he urged capital punishment should be inflicted as speedily and painlessly as possible, and argued for a machine designed for this end. The guillotin was invented by Antoine Louis, secretary of the Academy of Surgeons, and a mechanic named Schmidt. Guillotin was one of the founders of the Grand Orient of France, and was first the orator of the Chamber of the Provinces, becoming president on Oct. 27, 1775. He was master of Concorde Fraternelle Lodge of Paris, his name being on the list of that lodge in 1776 with his address as “the Schools of Medicine.” He was also a member

of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters, and in 1784 was on a committee with Benjamin Franklin and Sylvain Bailly, a French astronomer, to report on the animal magnetism claims of Mesmer. In 1778 he was the founder of the society which became the Academy of Medicine. d. March 26, 1814 in Paris.

Isaac Guion (1755–1823) Revolutionary War soldier and governor of Natchez under American rule. b. in New Rochelle, N.Y. of a Huguenot family. He was commissioned an ensign in Lamb's Artillery at the outbreak of the revolution. He accompanied Gen. Montgomery's expedition into Canada in 1775, and was in the general's party at the ill-fated attempt to take Quebec when the general was killed. Guion was taken prisoner but permitted to attend Montgomery's funeral. He was soon exchanged, and served until the end of the war in Thomas Machin's artillery company, being discharged in 1783 as a captain. He reentered the army in 1792, and in 1797 was ordered by General Wilkinson, q.v., down the Mississippi to occupy Natchez and receive that territory from the departing Spanish garrison. He served as military governor of Natchez until relieved by Winthrop Sargent, q.v., the first civil governor of the territory. It was at this time that Guion was called upon to entertain the Duke of Orleans, later Louis Phillippe, q.v., Emperor of France and his entourage. It is said that Guion was singularly handsome, had excellent manners, and was a brilliant linguist. A contemporary described him as "impetuous but cool; resolute, inflexible, extremely courteous" and another said he was "one of the most fastidious, circumspect and courtly officers in the army." His original lodge is not known, but he was a visitor to American Union Lodge at

Morristown in 1780 and again at West Point in 1783. He visited Lodge No. 22, Burlington, N.J. in 1782, and was master of Military Lodge No. 58, Pennsylvania charter. He was also master of Lodge No. 4, New York City in 1789. He assisted at the installation of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10 at Cincinnati, and soon after his arrival at Natchez, was one of the petitioners for Harmony Lodge No. 7 (later No. 33, but now No. 1) under Kentucky charter. As the last survivor of the siege of Quebec, he returned 50 years later to identify the burial place of General Montgomery, whose body was removed to New York City by Governor DeWitt Clinton, q.v., then grand master. There was another Isaac Guion, also a Revolutionary soldier. He was a surgeon and belonged to St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, N.C. They are often confused.

Charles P. Gulick (1885–1955) President and chairman of board of National Oil Products Co. b. May 21, 1885 at Newark, N.J. Began as clerk with National Oil & Supply Co. of Newark, N.J. and was later treasurer of the National Red Oil & Soap Co. He became associated with present company in 1912 as treasurer and has been president since 1947. He was also president of the Metasap Chemical Co.; Rare Chemicals, Inc.; Admiracion Labs; The Vitex Labs; and a director of other companies. Member of Northern Lodge No. 25, Newark, N.J.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Jersey City and member of Salaam Shrine Temple, Newark. d. Sept. 4, 1955.

Emil Gumpert Judge, Superior Court of California. b. Jan. 14, 1895 at Stockton, Calif. Studied at Columbia and Washington & Lee U. and admitted to bar in 1916. He practiced

at Stockton until 1947. Named superior court judge in 1956. He is a founder of the American College of Trial Lawyers and was president of same in 1950–51. Mason and Shriner.

Carl Gunderson (1864–1933) Governor of South Dakota, 1924–25. b. June 20, 1864 in Clay Co., Dakota Territory. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1890. He was a member of the S.D. senate for five terms, and from 1904–12 was U.S. Indian allotting agent. He served two terms as lieutenant governor (1921–24). Member of Incense Lodge No. 2, Vermillion, S.D. d. Feb. 26, 1933.

George P. Gunn Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 11, 1903 at Winona, Miss. Graduate of Episcopal Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Va. in 1930. Ordained deacon in 1929, and priest in 1930, he was consecrated a bishop in 1948. From 1948–50 he was bishop coadjutor of Southern Virginia, and senior bishop (diocesan) since April, 1950. Member of Campbell Lodge No. 316, Altavista, Va., receiving degrees in 1932.

James Gunn Contemporary English portrait painter. Has painted portraits of King George VI, Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, and the present reigning Queen Elizabeth, the latter hanging at the headquarters of the Royal Regiment of Artillery, of which she is captain-general. He painted the Earl of Scarbrough, present grand master of the Grand Lodge of England. In 1953 the grand lodge lent this painting to the Royal Academy for exhibition.

James Gunn (1739–1801) General in American Revolution and U.S. Senator from Georgia. b. in Virginia. He received a common school education, studied law, was admitted to the bar, and moved to Savannah, Ga. where he practiced. He was elected U.S. senator to the first congress, and was reelected in 1789. He was one of the members of congress who voted for establishing the seat of government at Washington. He fought a duel with General James Jackson. Both belonged to Solomon's Lodge No.1 of Savannah. He also twice challenged General Nathanael Greene, q.v., to a duel, but George Washington refused to let Greene duel. d. July 30, 1801.

Walter T. Gunn (1879–1956) Justice, Supreme Court of Illinois, 1938–51. b. June 4, 1879 in LaSalle Co., Ill. Admitted to bar in 1902. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 38, Danville, Ill. receiving degrees on Sept. 22, Oct. 20 and Nov. 5, 1903. d. Oct. 13, 1956.

Royal Arch Gunnison (1873–1918) U.S. Federal Judge, 1st Alaska District, 1904–09. b. June 24, 1873 at Binghamton, N.Y. On the evening of June 24, 1873, his father, Christopher B. Gunnison, attended a meeting of his chapter, Binghamton No. 139, and returning home, found that he was the father of a boy whom he promptly named "Royal Arch." He was graduated from Cornell in 1896, and was admitted to the N.Y. bar in 1897. From 1909 until his death, he was in private practice in Juneau, Alaska. He served as food administrator of Alaska under Herbert Hoover during WWI. A member of Osteningo Lodge No. 435 of Binghamton, N.Y., he received his degrees on June 26, Aug. 30 and Sept. 20, 1894, and received the

Royal Arch Degree in his father's chapter on July 12, 1898, withdrawing on Sept. 12, 1916. He belonged to the AASR (NJ) in Binghamton and affiliated with the Scottish Rite bodies of Seattle, Wash. on Oct. 27, 1911. Received KCCH Oct. 20, 1915 and 33° on April 13, 1916. His son, Royal Arch, Jr. became a radio commentator and writer. d. June 15, 1918.

Julius C. Gunter (1858–1940) Governor of Colorado 1917–19. b. Oct. 31, 1858 at Fayetteville, Ark. Admitted to Colo. bar in 1881, and practiced in Trinidad. He served as a district judge on the court of appeals, and from 1905–07 was a justice of the Colorado supreme court. He was president and trustee of Tillotson Academy of Trinidad; Clayton Coll. Denver, and a regent of the U. of Colorado from 1913–15. Raised Dec. 8, 1906 in Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo. d. Oct. 26, 1940.

Willis H. Gurley President of Borden Food Products Co. since 1951. b. Jan. 4, 1894 at Altmar, N.Y. He began as a clerk in a general store in 1904; and later worked as a telegraph operator, in highway construction, operated a rural milk plant, and was cashier in a dry goods store. In 1919 he was employed by Merrell-Soule Co. and rose from accountant to sales manager. The company was taken over in 1928 by the Borden Co., and he became vice president in 1946. Served in Army in WWI. Mason.

Chandler Gurney U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1939–51. b. May 21, 1896 at Yankton, S.D. He was secretary and treasurer of House of Gurney, Inc. (seeds and nursery stock) at Yankton from 1918–33, and president of the Chan Gurney

Oil Co., Sioux Falls, 1933–35. He has been a member of the Civil Aeronautics Board since 1951, and was chairman of same in 1954. From 1927–32 he operated radio station WNAX. Served in WWI as a sergeant. He is a member of the Scottish Rite bodies (SJ) at Yankton and is a KCCH.

William Gurney (1821–1879) Union Brigadier General of Civil War. b. Aug. 21, 1821 in Flushing, N.Y. At the beginning of the Civil War he was in business in New York City. He entered the army in April, 1861, and, after three months with the 7th regiment, accepted a commission as captain in the 65th New York and served with it through the early campaigns of the war. In 1862 he raised the 127th New York regiment, which he headed as part of the 23rd Corps. In October of that year he commanded the 2nd Brigade of General Abercrombie's division. Wounded at Devoe's Neck in S.C. and assigned to command the Charleston post, being promoted to brigadier general of volunteers for gallantry in action. After the war he returned to Charleston and established himself in business. He was a member of Centennial Lodge No. 287, New York and served as its master. d. Feb. 3, 1879.

Gustavus III (1746–1792) King of Sweden from 1771–92. He followed his father, Adolphus Frederick, q.v., on the throne, becoming king when royal power was low and party strife intense. In 1772 he arrested the council in a body, retained power, and waged a useless war against Russia in 1788. In 1789 he received more power from the diet. He was assassinated by J. J. Anckarstrom, an army officer, in a

conspiracy of nobles. He was the author of dramatic works and poems of merit. He became interested in Freemasonry in 1780, and through his instigation the IX Province of the Rite of Strict Observance was established in Sweden. He named his brother, the Duke of Sudermania, as grand master in 1780. The duke succeeded him as regent after his assassination, and later became Charles XIII, q.v., on the deposition of Gustavus IV, q.v., his nephew. Under the grandmaster-ship of Gustavus III, Swedish Freemasonry took a particular form which it has always preserved. He received the title of Vicarius Saiornortis (Vicar of Solomon), or “protector.”

Gustavus IV Adolphus (1778–1837) King of Sweden, 1792–1809. Son of Gustavus III, q.v., and grandson of Adolphus Frederick, q.v. He ascended the throne on the assassination of his father, under the regency of his uncle, the Duke of Sudermania. His uncle, in turn, became Charles XIII, q.v., when Gustavus Adolphus was dethroned in 1809. He served under the regency for eight years, and was actually crowned in 1800. Actuated by a hatred of Napoleon, he entered into a coalition against him in 1805, and as a result, lost Swedish Pomerania and German possessions. He received help from England, but lost Finland to Russia in 1808. Dethroned in 1809, he wandered about Europe and died in poverty at Saint Gallen, Switzerland. He was initiated into Freemasonry at the hands of his regent and uncle, Charles, on March 10, 1793, in Stockholm. On March 9, 1803 he issued an edict which required all secret societies in his dominions to register themselves with local authorities, giving the nature of their oaths and the objects of their associations. They were also

required to submit to inspection at any time by government officials. At the end of the decree, however, the king stated: "The Freemasons, who are under our immediate protection, are alone excepted from this inspection, and from this ordinance in general."

Gustavus V (1858–1950) King of Sweden, 1907–50. Better known as "Gustaf." Son of Oscar II, q.v., of the Bernadotte dynasty, he was born in Drottningholm and educated at Uppsala. He married Victoria, daughter of Frederick William Louis, Grand Duke of Baden. In 1892 he was a lieutenant general. He often acted as regent during his father's absence from the throne, especially in 1899–1900. He strongly favored the allies in WWI, but kept Sweden neutral. A popular sovereign, he was presented one million dollars by his people on his 80th birthday in 1938. Tall, thin, and athletic, he played tennis well past his 80th year, and his favorite hobby was knitting altar pieces for churches. He was made a Mason, Jan. 13, 1877, and served as grand master of Sweden until his death. An active Freemason, he took part in the ritual work. In 1947 he was made an honorary past grand master of the Grand Lodge of England. In 1949 he received the Gourgas Medal from the AASR (NJ) of the United States. This is the highest honor of the Scottish Rite (NJ) and Gustavus was the third person to be so honored.

Ludovic Gutakovsky President of the State Council, Duchy of Warsaw, the political entity set up by Napoleon I, q.v. When the Grand Orient of Poland was reestablished on March 22, 1810, Gutakovsky headed it.

William E. Guthner (1884–1951) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 18, 1884. Entered army in 1901 and served from a private to brigadier general in National Guard and same rank in U.S. Army 1941. From 1934–42 he was commanding general of the 89th Infantry Brigade of the 45th Division. From 1942–46 he was director of security and intelligence of the VI Corps Area at Chicago. From 1934–40 he was director of public safety, Denver, Colo., and from 1946–49, secretary of the Illinois Highway Traffic Safety Comm. In 1936 he was national chief of staff of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Mason. d. Jan. 24, 1951.

George W. Guthrie (1848–1917) Ambassador to Japan, from 1913. b. Sept. 5, 1848 at Pittsburgh, Pa. He was graduated from Western U. (now U. of Pittsburgh) in 1866 and 1868. Admitted to bar in 1869 and practiced at Pittsburgh. Mayor of Pittsburgh 1906–09. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 221, Pittsburgh, receiving degrees on Sept. 18, Nov. 6 and Dec. 18, 1873; master of the lodge in 1880 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1910–11; Received 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept., 1885. d. March 8, 1917.

James Guthrie (1792–1869) U.S. Secretary of Treasury and U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. Dec. 5, 1792 in Nelson Co., Ky., he was educated at Bardstown, Ky., and studied law under John Rowan. In 1820 he entered practice at Louisville. He served in both houses of the Kentucky state ASR Felix X. Gygax legislature between 1827–40, and in the latter year was president of the convention that formed the state constitution. He was secretary of the Treasury from 1853–57 under

the administration of Franklin Pierce. In 1865 he was elected U.S. senator, but resigned in 1868 due to poor health. From 1860 to 1868 he was president of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. A member of Clark Lodge No. 51 of Louisville, he is listed as a past master in the proceedings of 1850. He was also a member of Louisville Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. d. March 13, 1869.

Jacinto Gutierrez Provisional President of the Republic of Venezuela in 1879. Under the control of Blanco, q.v. A 33° AASR.

Tomas Guardia Gutierrez (1832–1882) President of Costa Rica, 1870–76 and virtual dictator, 1876–82. His administration proved of great benefit to the country. His principal work was the construction of rail lines. He abolished the death penalty in Costa Rica. He was a member of Caridad Lodge No. 26 and was “Protector of the Order.”

Walter C. Guy Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1955–56. b. April 9, 1891. Taught school nine years in Illinois and Missouri, traveled for a building materials concern in Oklahoma, and was with the U.S. Veterans Bureau in St. Louis from 1921–26, when he reentered sales work with Remington Rand, and later became regional manager of that concern, with offices in Memphis, Tenn. In 1931 he returned to Little Rock and became president of the Arkansas Printing and Lithographing Co. as well as three allied firms. Past master of Trinity Lodge No. 694, Little Rock; 33° AASR (SJ); Knight Templar; past potentate of Scimitar Shrine Temple; member of DeMolay

Legion of Honor and Court No. 12, Royal Order of Jesters.

Ulysses S. Guyer (?–1943) U.S. Congressman to 68th Congress (1923–25) and 70th to 77th Congresses (1927–43) from 2nd Kans. dist. b. in Pawpaw, Ill. From 1897–1901 he was principal of the St. John, Kans. high school, and was admitted to the bar in 1902, practicing in Kansas City. Member of Wyandotte Lodge No. 3, Kansas City, Kans., receiving degrees on Dec. 11, 1905 and March 3 and May 12, 1906. He became a member of Wyandotte Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. in 1906 and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 21, K.T. in 1908, withdrawing from both in 1924. Active in Scottish Rite, he was a member of Caswell Consistory in Kansas City, Kans. and Abdallah Shrine Temple. d. June 4, 1943.

Felix X. Gygax Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. March 30, 1884 at Twin Creek, Kans. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1906. Commissioned ensign in 1908, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1940. Served on U.S.S. Kearsarge on round the world cruise of battle fleet in 1907–09; naval attache to Switzerland in 1911; duty with submarines from 1913–20. He pioneered as officer in charge of Submarine School, New London, Conn., and established the submarine base at Pearl Harbor, T.H. From 1926–27 he was commander in chief of the U.S. Fleet, and secretary of the War Plans division of the Chief of Naval Operations, 1927–28. He was director of the Naval reserve from 1937–40, and commanded Cruiser Division No. 2 in the Pacific, 1940–41. From 1941–44 he was commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, and from 1944 to retirement in 1946, was commandant of the 1st Naval District and Boston Navy

Yard. Received the three degrees in fall of 1918 at San Pedro, Calif. as a courtesy to Saqui Lodge No. 160, Osborne, Kans., while en route with submarine division from San Francisco to Panama; on dimit since 1946.

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Haakon VII (1872–1957) King of Norway, 1905–1957. Second son of Frederick VIII, q.v., King of Denmark. In 1896 he married Maud, the daughter of King Edward VII, q.v., of England. When Norway was separated from Sweden in 1905 he was chosen king and crowned at Trondheim in 1906. When the Nazis invaded Norway, he fled to England in 1940, and returned in 1945. He was initiated into Freemasonry by his father, as were his two brothers, King Christian X, q.v., of Denmark and Prince Harald, q.v., of Denmark. He only received two degrees and, after becoming king, did not continue. d. Sept. 21, 1957.

James Habersham (1712–1775) Acting Governor of Georgia, 1769–72. b. in Yorkshire, England. He arrived in Savannah, Ga. on May 7, 1738 in company with his friend, George White-field, the evangelist, and opened a school for orphans and destitute children at Bethesda, nine miles from that city. In 1744 he became a merchant. In 1750 he was appointed to serve with one other, as a committee of two, to advance the culture of silk in the colony. In 1754 he became secretary of the province and one of the councillors. In 1767

he was one of the presidents of the upper house of assembly, and from 1769–72 served as governor during the absence of Sir James Wright. He raised the first cotton in the state at Bethesda and sent the first few bales grown to England. He was a member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1 of Savannah and grand treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Georgia in 1787. d. Aug. 28, 1775. His sons, John, q.v., and Joseph, q.v., were both members of the same lodge.

John Habersham (1754–1799) Officer of the American Revolution. b. in Savannah, Ga., the son of James Habersham, q.v. He engaged in mercantile pursuits and took an active part in the pre-Revolutionary movements, and was later a major of the 1st Georgia Continental Regiment. He was greatly trusted by the Indians and after the Revolution, Washington appointed him Indian agent. He was a member of the Continental Congress from Georgia in 1785–86, and was collector of customs at Savannah in 1789–99. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, as were his father and brother, Joseph, q.v. d. Nov. 19, 1799.

Joseph Habersham (1751–1815) Third Assistant Postmaster General of the U.S., 1795–1801. b. July 28, 1751 in Savannah, Ga., son of James Habersham, q.v. He was one of first members of the commission appointed by the Friends of Liberty in Georgia in 1774, and upon hearing of the skirmish at Lexington, they seized the powder in the royal magazine at Savannah. He was a member of a party that captured a government ship with munitions, including 15,000 pounds of powder, in July, 1775. On Jan. 18, 1776, while a member

of the state assembly, he raised a body of volunteers who took Gov. Wright prisoner and confined him to his house under guard (his father had served as governor of Georgia 1769–72 during the absence of Wright). As a major of the 1st Georgia battalion he defended Savannah from a British naval attack in March, 1776. When Savannah fell to the British, he moved with his family to Va., but returned to participate in the disastrous attack on Savannah in 1779. Attained rank of lieutenant colonel at close of war and later served in the state assembly, being its speaker in 1785 and 1790. He was a member of Solomons Lodge No. 1, Savannah as were his father and brother John, q.v. d. Nov. 17, 1815.

George, 11th Earl of Haddington (1827–1917) Seventy-third Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1892–93.

Lord George Haddo Thirty-Fifth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1784–85.

Countess Hadik–Barkoczy (see under Barkoczy).

Henry H. Hadley (1841–1903) Prohibitionist. b. 1841 in Ohio. He served in the Civil War with the Ohio volunteer infantry from 1862–66, rising from private to lieutenant colonel. Graduate of National Law U. at Washington in 1875. When “converted” in 1886, he went into the rescue mission work, organizing 60 rescue missions and several total abstinence societies. He raised \$258,000 for their support and addressed over 5,000 audiences on the subject of total abstinence. Raised in Progressive Lodge No. 354, Brooklyn, N.Y.

on March 20, 1871, he affiliated with Metropolitan Lodge No. 273, New York City on May 11, 1882, and became unaffiliated Dec. 9, 1886. d. in 1903.

Herbert S. Hadley (1872–1927) Governor of Missouri, 1909–13. b. Feb. 20, 1872 at Olathe, Kans. Graduate of U. of Kansas and Northwestern U., with honorary doctorates from U. of Missouri, Mo. Valley Coll. and Harvard. Was in general law practice in Kansas City from 1894–98. As attorney general of Mo., from 1905–09, he prosecuted cases against several large trusts and race track gamblers of St. Louis. After term as governor, he resumed practice in Kansas City. From 1917–23 he was professor of law at the U. of Colorado and chancellor of Washington U., St. Louis from 1923–27. He was the author of *Rome and the World Today*, a scholarly treatise, for which he was honored by the Italian government. He was raised in Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City, Mo., and withdrew on Dec. 20, 1916, affiliating with Columbia Lodge No. 14 of Boulder, Colo., March 6, 1921. He was a member of this lodge at the time of his death. In 1913 he was the grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. In 1924 he presided over a Flag Day service at the Scottish Rite Temple in St. Louis. He was a member of Orient Chapter No. 102, R.A.M. Kansas City, receiving his degrees, Nov. 23, Nov. 29, and Dec. 13, 1895, and withdrawing on Dec. 26, 1916. Also member of Oriental Commandery No. 35, K.T. of Kansas City, receiving the orders on Nov. 22 and Dec. 2, 1899 and withdrawing on Jan. 5, 1917. d. Dec. 1, 1927.

Hiram E. Hadley (1854–1929) Chief Justice, Supreme Court

of Washington, 1907–09. b. Jan. 16, 1854, at Sylvania, Ind. Practiced law in Bloomington, Ill. (1877–81) and Rockville, Ind. (1881–89), moving to Whatcom, Wash. in 1889. Served as supreme court justice from 1901–09, declining reelection to resume practice. Mason. d. Jan. 13, 1929.

Lindley H. Hadley (1861–1948) U.S. Congressman to 64th to 72nd Congresses (1915–33) from 2nd Wash. dist. b. June 19, 1861 near Sylvania, Ind. Admitted to Ind. bar in 1889, moving to Whatcom, Wash. in 1890 where he established law practice. He was a brother of Hiram E. Hadley, q.v., Mason, Knight Templar. d. Nov. 1, 1948.

Fitzhugh W. Haensel (1879–1944) Impresario. b. Jan. 11, 1879 at Richmond, Va. He first entered newspaper work in New York City, specializing in musical reviews and criticism. In 1905 he founded and was president of Haensel & Jones. He was director and vice president of Columbia Concerts Corp., and president of Community Concerts Corp. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City, receiving degrees on Oct. 25, Nov. 8 and Nov. 22, 1921; Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. May 3, 1944.

Harold C. Hagen (1901–1957) U.S. Congressman, 78th to 81st Congresses (1943–51) from 9th Minn. dist. b. Nov. 10, 1901 at Crookston, Minn. Started as newspaper reporter in 1920, and was a publisher of weekly newspaper from 1928–32; salesman until 1934, and congressional secretary from 1934–42. Member of Crookston Lodge No. 141, Crookston, Minn. being raised June 30, 1944. d. March 25, 1957.

Lawrence W. Hager Newspaper publisher. b. May 28, 1890 in Louisville, Ky. Graduate of Centre Coll., Danville, Ky. President and editor of the Owensboro Inquirer and Owensboro Messenger (Ky.). Has been with the former since 1910 and the latter since 1929. He is also president of the Owensboro Broadcasting Co. since 1938. He was national chairman of the American Legion publicity committee which launched The National Legionnaire, a weekly newspaper, in 1935. Member of the American Legion publications committee since 1939. Mason and Knight Templar.

Maurice S. Hague (1862–1943) Artist. b. May 13, 1862 in Richmond, Ohio. Studied medicine for three years but abandoned it for art. He was a portrait painter until 1895, when he switched to landscape painting. He was self-educated in art. His works are in private collections throughout the country. He exhibited at Boston, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Buffalo, Cleveland, and Columbus. From 1888–1903 he was a basso in the Scottish Rite Quartet, and was a member of the Orpheus Club, a noted malechorus. Mason 32° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 3, 1943.

Ernest H. Hahne (1890–?) President of Miami University, Oxford, Ohio. b. Oct. 20, 1890 at Walker, Kans. Graduate of U. of Nebraska, Harvard and U. of Chicago. Admitted to Nebraska bar in 1913. He has taught at Dakota Wesleyan U. and Northwestern U., serving as assistant dean of the College of Liberal Arts of the latter from 1925–30. Mason. Deceased.

Samuel Hahnemann (1755–1843) German physician and

founder of homeopathy. His full name was ChristaM Friedrich Samuel. He practiced at Leipzig, Germany from 1816–22, but retired to Cothorn after being driven from Leipzig by apothecaries, for dispensing medicines. In 1835 he moved to Paris. While translating Cullen's *Materia Media* into German, he noticed the similarity between the effects of Peruvian bark (cinchona) on a healthy person and the symptoms of disease cured by the bark. After further investigations, he announced the principle that a disease could be cured by a drug that would produce symptoms in a healthy person similar to those in a diseased one. He expounded the homeopathic system of medicine in his *Organon der Rationellen Hefikunde* (1810). He was initiated in a lodge in Hermanstadt, Germany in 1777, and affiliated with the Lodge Minerva in Leipzig in 1817. b. April 10, 1755 at Meissen, Saxony and d. July 2, 1843 in Paris.

Douglas Haig (1861–1928) British Field Marshal, created 1st Earl of Haig in 1919. b. June 19, 1861 in Cameronbridge, Fife, Scotland. He served in the Sudan in 1898, and the Boer War from 1899 to 1902, and in India from 1903–06. He was made a major general in 1904; lieutenant general in 1910; general in 1914; and field marshal in 1917. In WWI he commanded the 1st Army from 1914–15, and was commander-in-chief of the expeditionary forces in France and Flanders from 1915–19. After the war he was commander-in-chief of the Home Forces in Great Britian until 1921. He was initiated in Elgin Lodge No. 91 at Leven, Scotland on Dec. 27, 1881. After 43 years, he was passed on Feb. 2, 1924, and raised on March 4, 1924. Haig was installed master of Elgin Lodge, Dec. 1, 1925. He also received the Mark Master degree in his lodge in 1925.

On Dec. 3, 1924 he was installed as junior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. He was elected an honorary member of Lodge Canongate Kilwinning No. 2, Edinburgh in May, 1924. d. Jan. 29, 1928.

Henry H. Haight (1825–1878) Governor of California, 1867–71. b. May 20, 1825 in Rochester, N.Y. His father was U.S. judge for the district of California. Haight was graduated from Yale in 1844, studied law and was admitted to the bar at St. Louis in Oct., 1846. He moved to California in 1850. He was appointed U.S. district judge by President Lincoln. He resumed private law practice after his term as governor. He was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 136 of San Francisco and served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of California. He was also a member of San Francisco Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. d. Sept. 2, 1878.

Harry L. Haines (1880–1947) U.S. Congressman, 72nd to 75th Congresses (1931–39) from 22nd Pa. dist. b. Feb. 1, 1880 at Red Lion, Pa. He was a cigar manufacturer from 1906. Member of Red Lion Lodge No. 649, Red Lion, Pa., receiving degrees on March 8, May 3 and May 31, 1917. d. March 30, 1947.

William T. Haines (1854–1919) Governor of Maine, 1913–14. b. Aug. 7, 1854 at Levant, Maine. Graduate of U. of Maine in 1876, and Albany Law School (N.Y.) in 1878. He began practice in Waterville, Maine, in 1879. He served as a member of both state legislative bodies and was attorney general from 1897–1901. Raised Aug. 29, 1877 in Kenduskeag Lodge No.

137, Kenduskeag, Maine, and affiliated with Messalonskee Lodge No. 113, Oakland in 1879, and on April 27, 1893, affiliated with Waterville Lodge No. 33, Waterville, Maine. He was exalted on May 20, 1880 in Drummond Chapter No. 27, R.A.M. of Oakland, and became a charter member of Teconnet Chapter No. 52, Waterville in 1893; knighted May 13, 1881 in St. Omer Commandery No. 12, K.T. of Waterville. Joined Maine Consistory, AASR (NJ) May 29, 1908 and Kora Shrine Temple Dec. 8, 1898. He was active in building the mosque at Lewiston. d. June 4, 1919.

Sherrill Halbert Federal Judge. b. Oct. 17, 1901 at Terra Bella, Calif. Graduate of U. of California, and admitted to bar in 1927. Practiced in Porterville, Calif. from 1927–36; San Francisco, 1942–44 and Modesto, 1944–49. He was judge of the superior court of Calif. from 1949–54, and since 1954, has been U.S. district judge of Northern Calif. Mason.

John A. Halderman (1833–?) Union Major General in Civil War and diplomat. b. April 15, 1838 in Mo. and spent his boyhood in Ky. He emigrated to Kans. in 1854, and served as private secretary to that state's first governor. He served in both houses of the Kans. legislature and was twice mayor of Leavenworth. He entered the army as a major and advanced to major general, being named in official orders for conspicuous gallantry in action. He was one of the leaders in Kans. to abolish slavery. He was U.S. consul in Bangkok, Siam in 1880, later consul general, and from 1882–85 minister resident in Siam. He received his degrees in Leavenworth Lodge No. 2, Leavenworth, Kans. on Oct 6, 1855, Feb. 6 and Feb. 23, 1856.

He served the lodge as junior warden in 1863, and was first grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Kansas in 1856. He also served in four grand lodge committees. He dimitted July 18, 1870, and there is no Masonic record of him after that date.

Fletcher Hale (1883–1931) U.S. Congressman to 69th to 71st Congresses (1927–31) from 1st N.H. dist. b. Jan. 22, 1883 at Portland, Maine. Graduate of Dartmouth U. in 1905. Admitted to bar in 1908, and practiced at Littleton, N.H. until 1912, and from that time at Laconia. Member of Mount Lebanon Lodge No. 32, Laconia, N.H., receiving degrees on June 6, Oct. 3 and Nov. 20, 1917. d. Oct. 22, 1931.

Garth Hale (See Albert B. Cunningham).

Harry C. Hale (1861–1946) Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 10, 1861 at Knoxville, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1883, and rose through grades to major general in 1921. In 1891 he was in charge of the Sioux Indian prisoners of war in S.D. During the Manila campaign, he was aide to General Merritt and during the Philippine Insurrection of 1899–1902, he was battery commander of the 44th U.S. Volunteers. After this action, he joined the General Staff, but returned to the Philippines from 1906–09. In WWI he first commanded Camp Zachary Taylor at Louisville, Ky., and then the 84th Division overseas. From 1922 to his retirement in 1925, he commanded the 6th Corps Area in Chicago. He was raised in Dearborn Lodge No. 310 of Chicago on Feb. 12, 1925. d. March 20, 1946.

Nathan Hale (1755–1776) American Revolutionary patriot,

whose last words before being hanged by the British as a spy were: "I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country." b. June 6, 1755 at Coventry, Conn. He was graduated from Yale in 1773 and taught school until 1775, when shortly after the Battle of Lexington, he was commissioned a lieutenant in the Continental army. In 1776 he was promoted to a captain. He volunteered for hazardous spy duty behind the British lines on Long Island in response to a call from General Washington. He was caught and ordered executed by Sir William Howe, who refused his request for a Bible or a chaplain. He was hanged Sept. 22, 1776 in an orchard at the present junction of Market St. and East Broadway in New York City. It is almost certain that Hale was not a Freemason although he is often referred to as such. James R. Case, Conn. Masonic historian believes that the confusion is caused by the initiation of Colonel Nathan Hale of New Hampshire (d. 1780) in St. John's Lodge of Portsmouth. The martyr, Nathan Hale is sometimes referred to as a member of "St. John's Regimental Lodge of New York City."

Oscar Hale Judge, Supreme Court of Iowa from 1939. b. Feb. 27, 1867 at Wapello, Iowa. Admitted to the bar in 1893, and practiced at Wapello until 1913, when he became a judge of the district court. Mason and Knight Templar.

Samuel W. Hale (1823–1891) Forty-second Governor of New Hampshire. b. April 2, 1823 at Fitchburg, Mass. A manufacturer of chairs at Keene, N.H. He was inaugurated governor on June 7, 1883. Member of Social Friends Lodge No. 42, Keene, N.H. receiving his degrees Feb. 4, April 8, and July

15, 1861. d. Oct. 16, 1891 at the home of his brother, John M. Hale, in Brooklyn, N.Y.

Theodore Hale Vice President of International Harvester Co. in charge of sales since 1944. b. Oct. 26, 1896 in Madison, Wis. He started with International Harvester in 1915 as a warehouse helper. Served in France during WWI with 164th Infantry. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

William W. Hale Vice President of Southern Pacific Railroad in charge of freight traffic since 1942. b. March 15, 1887 at Solomon, Kans. With Southern Pacific since 1901. Mason.

James A. Haley President and Director of Ringling Bros., Barnum & Bailey Circus, from 1946–48, and U.S. Congressman to 83rd and 84th Congresses from 7th Fla. dist. b. Jan. 4, 1899 at Jacksonville, Ala. From 1920–33 he was an accountant at Sarasota, Fla., and from 1933–43 was general manager of John Ringling estate. From 1943–45 he was 1st vice president of Ringling Circus, and president of same from 1946–48. Member of Sarasota Lodge No. 147, Sarasota, Fla.

Arthur E. Hall Vice President, Treasurer and General Manager of Chicago Daily News since 1953. b. Oct. 22, 1898 at Covington, Ky. He was a public accountant from 1920–29, becoming associated with the Chicago paper on the latter date as a auditor, and rising as controller, assistant treasurer, circulation director. Mason.

Charles B. Hall (?–1883) First President of American

Bankers Association in 1875. He served three terms and asked to be relieved of a fourth. Member of Revere Lodge, Boston, Mass. in 1858. d. May 8, 1883.

Charles B. Hall (1844–1914) Major General, U.S. Army. b. April 29, 1844 at Portland, Maine. He was commissioned a second lieutenant in the 25th Maine Volunteer Infantry in 1862, and in 1867 commissioned second lieutenant in the U.S. Army, serving in the 28th Infantry. He was promoted through the grades to major general in 1908, and retired that year. Was twice cited in Civil War for gallantry. He later commanded the Infantry, Cavalry and Signal Schools as well as the Army Staff Coll. Served as master of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. d. May 11, 1914.

Charles F. Hall Episcopal Bishop of New Hampshire since 1948. b. April 20, 1908 in Dorchester, N.B., Canada. Graduate of Springfield Coll., Episcopal Theol. School and Tufts Coll. Ordained deacon in 1936, and priest in 1937, he served churches in Worcester and Medford, Mass. and Concord, N.H. from 1936–48. Mason and received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1952.

David Hall (1714–1772) Printer and business partner of Benjamin Franklin, q.v. b. in Edinburgh, Scotland. He learned the printing trade in that city and later worked in London. He came to America about 1747 and entered into a partnership with Franklin until May, 1766, when it was dissolved, and he formed another with William Sellen. As a member of these firms he was one of the printers of the Pennsylvania Gazette. The latter firm printed the paper money issued by

Congress during the Revolutionary War. After his death, his sons, William, q.v., and David became the partners of Sellen. Hall was a member of Lodge No. 2 in 1760, and in 1761 was senior warden of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. d. Dec. 24, 1772.

David Hall (1752–1817) Governor of Delaware, 1802–05. b. Jan. 4, 1752 in Lewes, Del. He was the son of David Hall, q.v., the printer and partner of Benjamin Franklin, q.v. He was admitted to the bar in 1773. During the Revolution he served as a captain in Haslet's Delaware regiment in 1776, and the following year was made colonel of the Delaware regiment. He was wounded at the Battle of Germantown, Oct. 4, 1777, sent home, and never returned to active duty. He was raised in Lodge No. 18 at Dover, Del. on May 18, 1776 (under Pa. charter). He was later master of Hiram's Delaware Regimental Lodge No. 30 under Pa. charter, and was charter master of Lodge No. 63, Lewes, Del. whose charter was granted May 28, 1794. d. Sept. 18, 1817.

Elijah Hall Naval Captain of Revolutionary War, who was a lieutenant under John Paul Jones, q.v., on the *Ranger*. He commanded a marine battery during the siege of Charleston, S.C. Hall was second in command to Jones in the naval battle between the *Bonhomme Richard* and the *Serapis* of Flamborough Head in 1779. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., on June 26, 1777.

Henry C. Hall (1820–1901) Foreign service officer. b. Aug. 17, 1820 in Dutchess Co., N.Y. He had nearly 30 consecutive

years in the consular and diplomatic service of the U.S. in Cuba and Central America. He was known as the “father of the Nicaragua canal,” and was instrumental in breaking up the coolie slave trade in Cuba. He was initiated in Sylvan Grove Lodge No. 274 of N.Y.C., on March 25, 1856. His father-in-law, Antonio Echeverria, a Cuban merchant of Italian descent, claimed that his life was saved by a pirate captain who had once seized his ship. Just before “walking the plank,” he recognized the pirate captain as a Mason. The pirate spared his life and all the men in the crew. At Hall’s death, the secretary of the lodge wrote Mrs. Hall, “In his death, this lodge has lost one of its oldest members, an upright and true Mason, an honor to the fraternity and this lodge.” d. Oct. 29, 1901.

John Hall (1767–1833) Judge, Supreme Court of North Carolina, 1818–32. b. in Waynesboro, Va., he went to N.C. at an early age and was educated at William and Mary Coll. He settled in Warrenton in 1792 and became eminent as a lawyer. He was judge of the superior court of N.C. from 1801–18. Member of Johnson Caswell Lodge No. 10 of Warrenton, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina from 1805–07. d. Jan. 29, 1833.

Lee D. Hall Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi since 1948. b. Nov. 20, 1893 at Laurel, Miss. Graduate of Mississippi Coll. in 1912, and U. of Mississippi in 1915. Admitted to bar in 1915 and practiced in Columbia until 1948. He received his degrees in St. Alban’s Lodge No. 60, Columbia, Miss. and served as master of the same. A member of Columbia Chapter No. 123, R.A.M. and Columbia Council No. 25, R. & S.M., both of

Columbia, he served as high priest of the chapter. Member of Hattiesburg Commandery No. 21, K.T. Hattiesburg; 33° AASR (SJ) at Jackson; Wahabi Shrine Temple of Jackson and St. Leonard Conclave No. 64, Red Cross of Constantine, Jackson.

Leicester C. Hall (1874–1950) Saved from hanging by a Masonic sign. As an attorney representing the city of Los Angeles in a water project, he was kidnapped by a band of Bishop, Calif. citizens and ranchers, Aug. 29, 1924, taken to the outskirts of the town, and strung up to the limb of a tree. As he was dangling in the air, Hall gave a Masonic signal of distress, and was immediately cut down and revived by his kidnappers, whose names he refused to reveal in the face of an Inyo Co. jury inquiry. He died of natural causes at the Sawtelle Veterans Hospital, Glendale, Calif., 26 years after having been “hanged.”

Leonard W. Hall U.S. Congressman, 76th to 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 2nd N.Y. dist. b. Oct. 2, 1900 at Oyster Bay, N.Y. Was graduated from Georgetown U. in 1920, admitted to bar the following year and began practice in New York City. Mason.

Luther E. Hall (1869–1921) Governor of Louisiana, 1912–16. b. Aug. 30, 1869 at Morehouse Parish, La. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. and Tulane U. Began law practice at Bastrop, La. in 1892, and served in the state senate from 1898–1900. He served as a district judge from 1900–06, judge of the court of appeals from 1906–10, and justice of the supreme and Prince Hall court from 1910. Received his degrees in Mt.

Gerizim Lodge No. 54, Bastrop, La. on April 24, May 29, June 26, 1893. He served as master of this lodge. On Feb. 6, 1917 he affiliated with Ideal Lodge No. 367, New Orleans, as a charter member. He was past district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. d. Nov. 6, 1921.

Lyman Hall (1724–1790) Signer of Declaration of Independence and Governor of Georgia one term (1783). b. April 12, 1724 at Wallingford, Conn. He was graduated from Yale in 1747, studied medicine, and moved to Georgia in 1752, where he acquired a large practice. He took an active part in the pre-Revolutionary movements and was influential in causing Georgia to join the other colonies. In 1775 he was elected by the parish of St. John to congress and served until 1780. When the British took possession of Georgia, he moved with his family to the north, and all his property was confiscated by the Crown. He returned to Georgia in 1782. It is thought that he was a member of Solomon Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga., but the records of that lodge from 1734–84 were destroyed by the British and his membership cannot be proved. d. Oct. 19, 1790.

Manly P. Hall Founder-President of The Philosophical Research Society, Inc., an educational corporation devoted to the study of comparative religion, idealistic philosophy and analytical psychology. b. March 18, 1901 in Peterborough, Ont., Canada. He has been an author, lecturer, editor and teacher at Los Angeles, Calif. since 1919. He has lectured in Carnegie Hall, Town Hall, India, England. He is the discoverer of a unique Aztec manuscript named Coder Hall.

He has made numerous radio and television appearances and is a motion picture writer and technical consultant. Among his many writings are *An Encyclopedic Outline of Masonic, Hermetic, Quabbalistic and Rosicrucian Symbolical Philosophy*; *The Lost Keys of Freemasonry*; *Freemasonry of the Ancient Egyptians*, and *Masonic Orders of the Fraternity*. He was raised in Jewel Lodge No. 374, San Francisco on Nov. 22, 1954 and 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of San Francisco. Made knight patron of the Masonic Research Group of San Francisco in 1953.

Peirson Hall U.S. District Judge for Southern California since 1942. b. July 31, 1894 at Armour, S.D. Admitted to bar in 1916 and practiced in Los Angeles until appointed to bench as judge of the superior court of Los Angeles Co. in 1939. Mason.

Prince Hall (1748–1807) First Negro Freemason in the United States and one for whom the Negro Prince Hall Grand Lodges are named. b. Sept. 12, 1748 in Bridgetown, Barbadoes, British West Indies. He was the son of Thomas Prince Hall, an Englishman, whose wife was a free Negro of French descent. “Prince” is not a title, but a first name. Other sources place his birth date as 1735, and also 1738. In 1765 he arrived in Boston, and through eight years of frugal living, he saved enough money to become a freeholder and voter. In 1774 he was converted under the preaching of two pioneer Methodists, Richard Bondman and Joseph Gilmore. Using his evenings for study, Hall became an ordained Methodist preacher in Cambridge, Mass., and a leader of his race in New England. On March 6, 1775, he was made a Master

Mason, together with 14 other free Negroes of Boston, in a British Army lodge of Irish register that was attached to one of General Gage's regiments. The lodge gave them the privilege of meeting, marching in procession, and burying their dead, but not to confer degrees. In the Revolutionary War, he espoused the cause of the Colonies and as the spokesman for the Negroes, he won Washington's approval of the service of free Negroes in the Continental Army. Five thousand responded. In March, 1784, Hall petitioned the Grand Lodge of England for a charter which was issued Sept. 29, 1784, but was not delivered until April 29, 1787. Delivery was made by Captain James Scott, a seafaring man, who was a brother-in-law of John Hancock, q.v. On May 6, 1787, African Lodge No. 459 was established. Four years later—on June 24, 1791—the African Grand Lodge was formed with Prince Hall as grand master. The name was changed on June 24, 1808 to the M.W. Prince Hall Grand Lodge, F. & A.M. of Massachusetts, honoring their first grand master who had died on Dec. 4, 1807 (this has been given as both Dec. 7 and 1808 by some authors). The original charter of African Lodge No. 459 is still preserved. It was issued by the authority of the Duke of Cumberland, q.v., and attested to by William White, q.v., grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of England. Today there are 38 Prince Hall grand lodges in the U.S. and one each in Canada, Liberia and Africa. All claim descent from the original Mass, grand lodge. In 1864 the Prince Hall Masons of Mass. purchased a plot of ground in Arlington, Mass. for a cemetery, and a year later erected a monument to the memory of Prince Hall on Copp's Hill. Hall led the movement to secure educational facilities for Negro children

and was a passionate advocate of equality before the law. He is described as an eloquent, persuasive speaker, an ardent patriot and a devoted Freemason. Unquestionably he is the “father of Negro Freemasonry” in the United States.

Reynold T. Hall (1858–1934) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 5, 1858 at Philadelphia, Pa. He was appointed assistant engineer in the Navy in 1880 and advanced through grades to rear admiral in Dec. 1914, retiring in 1922. He was chief engineer of the U.S.S. Petrel under Dewey in the Battle of Manila Bay, May 1, 1898, and manager of Cavite Navy Yard during the Spanish–American War of 1898. He was made a Mason in Merchantville Lodge No. 119, Merchantville, N.J. on April 20, 1880, dimitted April 14, 1916, and on May 31, same year affiliated with Franklin Lodge No. 34, Philadelphia, Pa. He was master of this lodge in 1921. He was exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of New York City, May 15, 1908, received the 32° AASR (NJ) in New York City, Jan. 5, 1909, and 33°, Sept. 21, 1920. He served as first vice president and trustee of the National Sojourners. d. Feb. 10, 1934.

Robert H. Hall (1837–1914) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 15, 1837 at Detroit, Mich. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1860. He was breveted brigadier general of volunteers in 1898, and in regular army in 1901. Serving throughout the Civil War, he was cited for bravery in the battles of Lookout Mountain and Weldon (Va.). After the war he served on the frontier until 1871, and at the U.S. Military academy 1871–88. He later commanded Ft. Sheridan, Ill., and served in the Philippines during the 1899–1900 insurrection. Mason. d. Dec. 29, 1914.

Robert S. Hall (1879–1941) U.S. Congressman 71st and 72nd Congresses (1929–33) from 6th Miss. dist. b. March 10, 1879 at Williamsburg, Miss. Admitted to bar in 1900 and practiced at Hattiesburg. Was member of state senate one term, and district judge for eleven years. Raised in Hattiesburg Lodge No. 397, Hattiesburg, Miss. on Feb. 26, 1912. Suspended twice for NPD; last one on Aug. 8, 1934. Member of Hattiesburg Chapter No. 114, R.A.M. and Liberty Council R. & S.M., suspended in each in 1920. d. June 10, 1941.

Willard Hall (1780–1875) U.S. District Judge and founder of the public school system of Delaware. b. Dec. 24, 1780 in Westford, Mass. He was graduated from Harvard in 1799 and was admitted to the bar in 1803. He moved to Dover, Del., in that year and practiced there for 20 years. He served two terms as secretary of state for Delaware, and in the U.S. congress from 1817–21. He was appointed U.S. district judge for Delaware by President Monroe in 1823, holding this office until retirement in 1872. He revised the state laws by order of the general assembly in 1829, and in 1831 was a member of the state constitutional convention. He advocated the establishment of public schools, and suggested the plan that was adopted in 1829. Member of Union Lodge No. 5, of Middletown, Del., and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware from 1817–19. d. May 10, 1875.

William Hall (1774–1856) Governor of Tennessee and Major General of militia. b. in Virginia. He served in the Indian wars and commanded a regiment of Tenn. riflemen under General Jackson, q.v., in the War of 1812. He served in the

state legislature for a number of years and became governor on the resignation of Samuel Houston, q.v., in 1820. He served in the U.S. congress from 1831–33. Member of King Solomon Lodge No. 6, Gallatin, Tenn. d. in Oct. 1856.

William P. Hall (1864–1937) Founder and President of The Hall Signal Co., he introduced automatic block signals on many American railways. b. Feb. 1, 1864 at Stamford, Conn. A prominent lay evangelist of the Methodist Episcopal Church, he was vice president of the American Bible Society, and president of the Bible League of North America. Past master of Acacia Lodge No. 85, Greenwich, Conn. and Knight Templar. d. Aug. 14, 1937.

Fitz–Greene Halleck (1790–1867) American Poet. b. July 8, 1790 in Guilford, Conn. Original family name was “Hallock.” He was interested in poetry from early childhood. He served as a bank clerk in New York City from 1811–29, and in 1832 entered the employment of the fur baron, John Jacob Astor, q.v., as a confidential clerk. He was able to retire in 1849 with a yearly stipend of forty pounds granted him by Astor. He then lived with a maiden sister in his home town of Guilford, Conn. He was best known for *Fanny*, a satire on fashion; *Green Be the Turf Above Thee*, an eulogy on the death of a friend; *Marco Bozzaris*; *Poetical Works*; and *Alnwick Castle, With Other Poems*. His portrait was painted by Jarvis, Morse, Inman, Waldo, Elliott and Hicks. In May 1877, a life-size bronze statue of him was dedicated in Central Park, New York—the first statue to a poet in the new world. Attending the ceremonies were the president of the U.S., his cabinet,

and many prominent citizens including the poets Bryant, Boker, Bayard Taylor, and John G. Whittier. He was made a Mason in Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City in 1815. He was a member of Columbian Commandery, No. 1, K.T. of New York City and must have been suspended at one time, for he reinstated in the same, on Dec. 13, 1833. He was grand standard bearer of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York in 1817–18. d. Nov. 19, 1867.

Harry L. S. Halley Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma since 1949; Chief Justice, 1953–55. b. Sept 5, 1894 at Antlers, Okla. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1917. Practiced in Tulsa from 1918–49. He served in WWI as an Infantry captain, and in WWII as a lieutenant colonel in Africa, Italy, and France. Received his degrees in Delta Chapter No. 425, Tulsa, Okla. in 1923; 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie; Shriner and member of High Twelve.

James G. Halliwell-Phillips (1820–1889) English antiquarian, librarian I On A. S. Hall-Johnson and Shakespearean scholar. Although not a Mason, the fraternity owes him a debt of gratitude, for in his work he found a document erroneously catalogued as “A Poem of Moral Duties,” which was actually a Masonic constitution. Experts believe it was written about 1390, making it the oldest known Masonic document. It was called the Regius Manuscript or Regius Poem, but more often The Halliwell Manuscript, in his honor. He published it in 1840, with a brochure entitled *On the Introduction of Freemasonry Into England*. His original name was “Halliwell,” but in 1872 he added his wife’s surname of “Phillips.” As

librarian of Jesus College, Cambridge, he concentrated on the writers Camden, Percy, and Shakespeare, collecting many of their works and rarities. He also published *Nursery Rhymes of England*; *Dictionary of Archaic and Provincial Words*; and *Outlines of Life of Shakespeare*.

A. S. Hall-Johnson Masonic lecturer and writer. b. July 25, 1891 in Bingham, Nottinghamshire, England. A long time resident of Argentina, he was initiated into Excelsior Lodge No. 617, Buenos Aires, on Dec. 7, 1922. He is grand representative of the grand lodges of Connecticut and Colorado at the Grand Lodge of Argentine. Holds honorary memberships in many lodges; 18° AASR and prominent in Royal Arch, Mark and Knight Templar work. He has written and privately printed more than 50 papers on Masonic subjects which he has distributed free throughout the world. He is a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society; Royal Society of Arts; Royal Economic Society; honorary life president of the Johnson Society River Plata and member of many learned societies. A veteran of WWI, he is a licensed reader of the Church of England.

Charles G. Halpine (1829–1868) Author and poet. b. Nov. 20, 1829 in Oldcastle, County Meath, Ireland. His father was editor of the *Evening Mail*, the chief Protestant paper of Dublin. Was graduated at Trinity Coll. Dublin, in 1846. Came to New York in 1852, where he worked on the *New York Herald*. For a time he was assistant editor of the *Boston Post*, and finally associate editor of the *New York Times*. In 1856 he became part owner and editor of the *New York Leader*.

He served in the Civil War as a major, and was with the 69th New York Infantry, and later, on General Hunter's staff. As the result of his war experiences he later wrote under the pseudonym of "Private Miles O'Reilly." He wrote *Life and Adventures of Private Miles O'Reilly*; *Baked Meats of the Funeral* and others. After the war he became editor and proprietor of *The Citizen*, a New York City paper that advocated reforms in the civil administration of that city. He was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. Aug. 3, 1868.

Frederick Halsey (1870–1952) Canon of Church of England. Graduate of Magdalen Coll., Oxford, he was ordained in 1894. He succeeded his brother, Admiral Lionel Halsey, q.v., as deputy grand master for the province of Hertfordshire in the Grand Lodge of England, on the former's death in 1949, and was installed Jan. 19, 1950. His father, Sir Thomas F., q.v., held that position for 50 years. He was deputy grand master of the Mark Grand Lodge of England from 1936. A Mason for 60 years, he was initiated in Apollo University Lodge No. 357 at Oxford while still a student. He was also past grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England. d. Jan. 31, 1952.

Sir Lionel Halsey (1872–1949) Admiral of British Navy. In WWI he took part in the Battles of Helgoland Bight (1914) and Dogger Bank (1915), and from 1917–18 was third sea lord. He commanded the Australian navy from 1918–20. Promoted to vice admiral in 1921 and admiral in 1926. From 1920–36 he was comptroller and treasurer to the Prince of Wales. He was deputy grand master of Hertfordshire for 19 years and was succeeded by his brother, Canon Frederick Halsey, q.v.,

in this position. Previously, their father, Sir Thomas F. Halsey, q.v., served in that capacity for 50 years.

Sir Thomas F. Halsey (1839–1927) Deputy Grand Master of United Grand Lodge of England from 1903–27. b. Dec. 9, 1839 at Temple Dinsley, Hertfordshire, England. Educated at Eton and received M.A. degree from Christchurch Coll., Oxford. He represented the county of Hertfordshire in the house of commons from 1874–85, and the Watford division of the country from 1885–1903. In 1901 he was appointed a member of the privy council of Great Britain. Initiated in Apollo University Lodge. No. 357 at Oxford in Jan., 1861, he joined Westminster and Keystone Lodge No. 10, London, and was master in 1867, and master of Watford Lodge No. 404 the following year. He was a founder of the Hertfordshire Imperial Yeomanry Lodge No. 3192 and a joining member of Berkhamstead Lodge No. 504. In 1873 he was appointed provincial grand master for Hertfordshire and held this position for 50 years. Two of his sons were named to this office: Sir Lionel Halsey, q.v., and Canon Frederick Halsey, q.v. He was also first master of Hertfordshire Masters Lodge No. 4090 in 1920. He was exalted in Watford Chapter, R.A.M. on Sept. 28, 1863 and was first principal in 1871, and in 1903 was second grand principal of the Supreme Grand Chapter of England. d. Feb. 12, 1927.

Joseph S. Halstead (1818–1925) A pioneer physician who at one time was the oldest Freemason in the world, living to be 107 years of age and a Mason for 80 years. b. March 4, 1818 at Lexington, Ky., he worked his way through the

Transylvania Medical Coll., and traveled through Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois before coming to Missouri to establish a practice. In Missouri, he looked over the towns of Boonville and Chillicothe, but finally settled in Richmond. His wife was the daughter of Gov. Wickliffe, q.v., of Ky. Henry Clay was among Dr. Halstead's patients, and the latter prided himself on their correspondence. He later practiced in Lexington, Mo., but in 1860 moved to Caldwell Co., where he practiced farming near Breckenridge. He received his 50-year pin from the grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. d. 1925.

Thomas L. Hamer (1800–1846) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. in Northumberland Co., Pa. in July, 1800. He moved to Ohio, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1821. He practiced at Georgetown, Ohio. He served several years in the lower house and was its speaker at one time. He served in the U.S. congress from 1833–39, and as a congressman nominated Ulysses S. Grant to the U.S. Military Academy. (See interesting story under “Grant” on how Hamer made an error in his name that he carried thereafter.) He volunteered as a private in the Mexican War; however, he had to serve only one day as such, for the following day (July 1, 1846), his commission as brigadier general arrived. He distinguished himself at Monterrey, and commanded General Butler's division after the latter was wounded. He died in Monterrey, Mexico, on Dec. 2, 1846. Hamer was a member of New Caesarea Harmony Lodge No. 2 of Cincinnati, Ohio and was a Royal Arch Mason.

Alexander Hamilton (1757?–1804) American statesman and first U.S. Secretary of the Treasury (1789–95). b. on

island of Nevis of Leeward Islands, West Indies. He served through the Revolution and was secretary and aide-de-camp to Washington. He showed a remarkable grasp of governmental, financial, and administrative problems. He was a member of the Continental Congress in 1782–83 and 1787–88. As secretary of the Treasury he planned and initiated policies establishing a national fiscal system, strengthened central government, stimulated trade, and developed national resources. In 1789 he was appointed inspector general of the Army with the rank of major general. In 1800 he was instrumental in defeating Aaron Burr for the presidency and for the governorship of New York in 1804. In a duel with Burr, q.v., on July 11, 1804, he was wounded, and died the next day. His Masonic membership has never been determined, although the majority of authorities believe he was never a Freemason. The latest work on this is by James R. Case in 1955, in which he comes to the conclusion that Hamilton was never a member of the Craft. Those who state that he was a Freemason base their claims principally on the fact that he was recorded among the visitors of American Union Lodge (military) at Morristown, N.J., on Dec. 27, 1779, at which time Washington is supposed to have raised General Lafayette, q.v. It is stated that it must have been the Alexander Hamilton because he was the only one of that name then holding a commission in the Army under Washington. It is also claimed in the painting *The Petition*, which shows the presentation of a petition to Washington to become general grand master of the United States, that Lieut. Col. Alexander Hamilton of New York is standing next to Washington. His youngest son, Philip, q.v., was a Mason and past master of his lodge.

David G. Hamilton (1842–1915) Railroad president and capitalist. b. Jan. 10, 1842 at Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Asbury (now DePauw) U. in 1865, 1868. He was president of the Anglo–American Land & Claim Assn. of Texas in 1890; president of Texas & Mexican Central R.R.; president of National Railway of Illinois and subsidiary companies, and president of the Chicago City R.R. Co. Member of Home Lodge No. 508, Chicago, Ill., receiving degrees on May 22, June 5 and June 12, 1874. He served the lodge as senior warden in 1877 and master in 1878. d. Feb. 16, 1915.

Duke of Hamilton (see Marquis Wm. Douglas).

Alexander, 10th Duke of Hamilton and Brandon
Fifty–third Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1820–21.

George E. Hamilton (?–1945) Author of the “Iowa Corn Song.” He is said to have derived his inspiration from the tune *Traveling*, which he had heard Shrine bands play. Strange to say, it was the last line of his chorus (That’s where the tall corn grows) that gave him the most trouble in composing. It was this line which really made a “hit” of the song. He taught it to the various Iowa Shrine Temples and they serenaded Los Angeles with their new song, carrying printed ears of corn. The success of the song in Iowa was gradual. In 1921 Prof. J. T. Beeston, director of the *Za–Ga–Zig* band, wrote three new verses which retained the Shrine theme. Hamilton never got around to copyrighting it because he did not realize he had written a hit tune. Beeston’s verses and Hamilton’s chorus were printed in sheet music for the first time in 1921. A

member of the chapter and council, Hamilton took the part of Nebuchadnezzar in the cryptic work for 35 years at Des Moines. He was secretary of the Des Moines Chamber of Commerce for 24 years, retiring in 1938. d. March 14, 1945.

Henry DeWitt Hamilton (1863–1942) Soldier, lawyer, and General I 17 Philip Hamilton Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. in 1927. b. Feb. 26, 1863 in Whitehall, Ill. Educated at West Point and Columbia U. He was admitted to New York bar in 1884, and Rhode Island bar in 1923. He enlisted as a private in the New York national guard in 1884, and served in the Spanish–American War as a major. In 1913–14 he was adjutant general of New York; in WWI served as an Infantry colonel. In 1924 he was placed on the reserve list of the New York national guard as a brigadier general. In Dec., 1923 he was appointed adjutant general of Rhode Island. He was a close friend of Senator Gerry, q.v., and active in Democratic politics. He was raised in United States Lodge No. 207, March 6, 1889 (N.Y.C.) and became master in 1892. He served as district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1906–07. He was exalted in Constellation Chapter No. 209, Brooklyn on April 28, 1890 and served as high priest in 1899 and grand high priest in 1905. He was also a member of Adelphic Council, R. & SM., Clinton Commandery No. 14, K.T., and 33° AASR (NJ). He also belonged to Kismet Shrine Temple and Azim Grotto. d. Aug. 18, 1942.

James Hamilton (1710?–1783) Pre–Revolutionary Governor of Pennsylvania, and son of the famous Andrew Hamilton, the

lawyer who made American legal history by his defense of the printer, John Peter Zenger, in 1735. James became a member of St. Johns Lodge, Philadelphia in 1734, and was grand master in 1735. He was elected to the provincial assembly in 1734 and reelected five times. He was mayor of Philadelphia in 1745, and a member of the provincial council in 1746. He was residing in London in 1748, when he was commissioned by the sons of William Penn as lieutenant governor of the province and territories. He resigned in 1754, when the news of the Indian outrages reached Philadelphia, and entered actively on the work of erecting a chain of forts and block-houses. He was again deputy governor from 1759–63, and on the departure of John Penn, he administered the government as president of the council until the arrival of Richard Penn in Oct., 1771. He was acting governor for the fourth time in 1773. d. Aug. 14, 1783.

John W. Hamilton (1845–?) Methodist Bishop. b. March 18, 1845 at Weston, Va. He was licensed to preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1865; a deacon in 1868, and elder in 1870. He held pastorates at Newport, Ohio, Maplewood, Mass., Sommerville, Mass. Was made bishop in May, 1900. He was chancellor of the American U. at Washington, D.C. from 1916–22 and emeritus from that date until his death. Mason, deceased.

Paul Hamilton (1762–1816) Governor of South Carolina, 1804–06, and Secretary of Navy, 1809–13. b. in St. Paul's parish, S.C., Oct. 16, 1762. He rendered important services during the Revolution and was comptroller of S.C. from 1799–1804.

As secretary of the navy under James Madison, his policy was to keep our frigates in port to prevent their capture in the War of 1812, and the first great American victory of the Constitution was gained because Hull did not obey Hamilton's mandate "to remain in Boston until further orders!" He was a member of Lodge No. 8, Charleston, S.C. and past master of the same. In 1806 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina. d. June 30, 1816.

Philip Hamilton (1802–1884) Youngest son of Alexander Hamilton, q.v. Sometimes confused with the oldest son of the same name, who was killed in a duel, Nov. 24, 1801, on the same spot where his father was killed by Aaron Burr, q.v., three years later. The second "Philip" was born June 1, 1802. He was assistant district attorney in New York City, and for some time was judge advocate of the naval retiring board in Brooklyn. He was a member of Albion Lodge No. 26, being master of the same (New York City) in 1829. d. July 9, 1884.

Wilson H. Hamilton Justice, Supreme Court of Iowa. b. May 1, 1877 at Delta, Ia. Graduate of Drake U. in 1900. Admitted to bar in 1900 and practiced at Sigourney, Ia. Became associate justice of the supreme court in 1935, and was chief justice in 1937–38. Returned to private practice in Sigourney. Mason.

Joe B. Hamiter Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana since 1943. b. Nov. 16, 1899 at Shreveport, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1923, and in private law practice in Shreveport until 1935, when appointed judge of court of appeal, 2nd circuit. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Harry G. Hamlet Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard. Member and past master of Semper Paratus Lodge No. 49, Washington, D.C., and of National Sojourners. Received 33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 19, 1943.

Leonidas L. Hamline (1797–1865) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. May 10, 1797 at Burlington, Conn. Early in life he moved to Ohio where he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Lancaster. He became a member of the Methodist church in 1828, and was soon afterward licensed to preach. He became assistant editor of the Western Christian Advocate at Cincinnati in 1836, and when the Ladies' Repository was started in 1840, he was its editor. He was ordained a bishop at the general conference in New York in June, 1844. It was at this meeting that the rupture between the northern and southern organizations started, and it is thought that a speech delivered by Hamline, at the time, greatly advanced the split. In 1852 he was released from his office as bishop at his own request, due to ill health. Hewas a member of Lafayette Lodge No. 79 of Zanesville, Ohio. d. March 23, 1865.

Wilbur E. Hammaker Methodist Bishop. b. Feb. 17, 1876 at Springfield, Ohio. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1901, and served churches in Dayton, Middletown, and Youngstown, Ohio from 1901–36, being elected bishop in the latter year. He was assigned to Nanking, China area from 1936–39, and then to the Denver area in 1939. He was reassigned in 1940, and retired in 1948. He was president of the National Temperance and Prohibition Council of the Methodist Church since 1948. Member of Jefferson Lodge No.

90, Middletown, Ohio, receiving degrees on April 19, May 17 and June 21, 1907; received 50-year medal from Grand Lodge of Ohio; 32° AASR (NJ).

John Hammill (1875–1936) Governor of Iowa three terms, 1925–31. b. Oct. 14, 1875 at Linden, Wis., moving with his family in boyhood to Hancock Co., Ia. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1897, he was admitted to the bar that same year and practiced at Britt. From 1908–12 he was a member of the state senate and lieutenant governor, 1920–24. He was a member of Darius Lodge No. 431 of Britt and past master of the same. He was also a member of chapter, commandery and 32° AASR (SJ). d. April 6, 1936.

Benjamin Hammond Commander of the privateer schooner, Greyhound in the Revolutionary War. Member of Essex Lodge of Salem, Mass.

James Hammond, Jr. Business executive. b. Aug. 1, 1892 at Tolu, Ky. Served as bank cashier from 1912–18. Treasurer of Lord & Taylor, N.Y., 1922–26; president of Gimbel Bros., department store at Pittsburgh from 1927–32; president and publisher of Detroit Times, 1932–33, and of the Commercial Appeal (Memphis, Tenn.) 1933–36. Chairman of the board of Cleveland (Ohio) Automatic Machine Co. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner.

John Hays Hammond (1855–1936) American mining engineer who was consulting engineer for Cecil Rhodes, q.v. b. March 31, 1855 in San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of Yale. As

a mining engineer he examined properties in all parts of the world. While in South Africa as a consulting engineer to Consolidated Gold Fields and Randfontein Estates Gold Mining Co., he was one of the four leaders in a reform movement in the Transvaal (1895–96). For this he was arrested and sentenced to death. The sentence was commuted to 15 years and he was later released on payment of a fine of \$125,000. In London, he became interested in many mining companies. When he returned to the U.S. in 1900, he became associated with some of the most important financial groups in the country, purchasing and promoting several of the largest mining properties in the U.S. and Mexico. He was also active in hydro–electric and irrigation projects. In 1911, he was appointed by President Taft as special ambassador to the coronation of King George V of England. He was raised in Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, Calif. on June 20, 1893. d. June 8, 1936.

Winfield S. Hammond (1863–1915) U.S. Congressman to 60th to 63rd Congresses from 2nd Minn. dist. b. Nov. 17, 1863 at Southboro, Mass. Graduate of Dartmouth Coll. Served as high school principal and superintendent of schools in Minn. until 1890, when he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Madelia, and later St. James. Member of Libanus Lodge No. 96 at St. James, Minn. d. Dec. 30, 1915.

Walter Hampden American Shakespearean actor. b. June 30, 1879 in Brooklyn, N.Y. His real name is Walter Hampden Dougherty. Attended Yale U. and was graduated from Poly. Inst. of Brooklyn in 1900. He first appeared on the stage

in England in 1901, and for three years was leading man at the Adelphi Theatre in London. He returned to the U.S. in 1907 and appeared in *The Tempest*, *Macbeth*, *Othello*, *Salome*, *Romeo and Juliet*, *Taming of the Shrew*, and others. In 1925 he leased the Colonial Theatre (N.Y.) and renamed it "Hampden's." He appeared there in 1925–26, co-starring with Ethel Barrymore in *Hamlet* and *Merchant of Venice*. He alternated appearances on the legitimate stage of New York with tours throughout the country, presenting his revived *Cyrano de Bergerac*. The New York stage saw him in the leading roles of a dozen plays and dramas. He also did motion picture and radio work. Member of Howard Lodge No. 35, New York City.

John Hancock (1737–1793) First signer of the Declaration of Independence; first Governor of Massachusetts; Major General of the American Revolution. b. Jan. 12 (some sources say the 23rd), 1737 at Quincy, Mass. He received a good education and was graduated from Harvard in 1754. He entered the countinghouse of an uncle by the same name, who adopted him, and at his uncle's death in 1764, he fell heir to his business which was worth \approx £70,000. He was probably the wealthiest man in Boston. He was chairman of the committee which protested the "Boston Massacre" to the royal governor and demanded the removal of British troops from the city. In 1774–75 he was president of the first and second provincial congresses. He was one of the few men who was excluded from an offer of general amnesty by the British as he was "too flagitious a nature to admit of any other consideration," and the expedition sent by General Gage to Lexington

and Concord in April, 1775 was to capture Hancock, as well as destroy the materials of war. He was a member of the Continental Congresses from 1775–80, being its president from May, 1775 to Oct., 1777. When asked why he wrote his name so boldly on the Declaration of Independence, he replied, “So that George III may read it without putting on his glasses.” In 1776 he was commissioned a major general of militia in Mass., and in August, 1776, he commanded the Mass. troops in the effective Rhode Island expedition. His military leadership, however, was not as outstanding as his abilities in the political field. He was elected the first governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts in 1780, and served for nine terms (1780–85 and 1787–93), being governor at the time of his death. Honorary degrees were conferred on him by Yale, Princeton and Brown Universities. He was treasurer of his own university, Harvard, and presented it with a valuable library. He went to London in 1760 on business and, while on a similar mission to Quebec, he was made a Freemason in Marchants Lodge No. 277, in 1762. On his return to the colonies, he affiliated with St. Andrew’s Lodge of Boston on Oct. 14 of the same year. d. Oct. 8, 1793.

Winfield S. Hancock (1824–1886) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 14, 1824 in Montgomery Square, Pa. Graduate of the U.S. Military Academy in 1844, he was commissioned and sent West where under General Scott, he participated in the Mexican War. In 1855 he was ordered to Florida as a captain to participate in the fights against the Seminole Indians. From there he went to Kansas and then to Utah, where serious trouble had developed between the Mormons and the

Gentiles. When the Civil War broke out, he was stationed in Calif. and immediately requested to be sent to the zone of operations. He was made brigadier general of volunteers, and aided in the organization of the Army of the Potomac. From this point on he became one of the most respected general officers, fighting in major engagements of the war: Fredericksburg; Chancellorsville (lost 2,000 of his 5,000 men); Gettysburg (lost 4,000 out of 10,000); Spottsylvania Court House (took 4,000 prisoners). He was appointed brigadier general in the regular Army in 1864 and major general in 1866. A popular man, he was almost president of the United States. In the election of 1880, he received 4,444,952 votes as the Democratic candidate and was defeated by James A. Garfield, the Republican, with 4,454,416 votes. He received all three degrees by special dispensation in Charity Lodge No. 190 of Norristown, Pa. on Oct. 31, 1860 while on leave. He was also a member of Norristown Chapter No. 190, R.A.M. and Hutchison Commandery No. 32, K.T., both of Norristown, Pa. d. Feb. 9, 1886.

Edward Hand (1744–1802) Brigadier General and Adjutant General of Continental Army. b. Dec. 31, 1744 in Clyduff, King's Co., Ireland. In 1774 he accompanied the 18th Royal Irish regiment to this country as a surgeon's mate, but resigned and settled in Pennsylvania where he practiced medicine. At the start of the Revolution, he joined Thompson's brigade as a lieutenant colonel, serving at the siege of Boston, and in the battles of Long Island and Trenton. He was appointed brigadier general in 1777. He succeeded General Stark in command at Albany in 1778, and soon afterward served

with General Sullivan in his expedition against the Indians in central New York. Near the close of the war he succeeded Alexander Scammell as adjutant general. He was a member of the U.S. congress in 1784–85 and a signer of the Pennsylvania constitution of 1790. He was a member of the Pennsylvania Military Lodge, now Montgomery Lodge No. 19. d. Sept. 3, 1802.

Thomas M. Hand U.S. Congressman to 79th to 81st Congresses (1945–51) from 2nd N.J. dist. b. July 7, 1902 at Cape May, N.J. Admitted to bar in 1924 and practiced at Cape May City, N.J. Hand also published a newspaper, and was mayor of the city from 1937–44. Mason.

George Handley (1752–1793) Governor of Georgia in 1788. b. Feb. 9, 1752 in Sheffield, England. He arrived in Savannah in May, 1775, where he joined the Georgia continental battery as a captain in 1776, rising to lieutenant colonel. He was actively engaged in S.C. and Ga. during the Revolution, was captured at Augusta, and sent to Charleston as a prisoner of war. He was afterward sheriff of Richmond Co., and often a member of the state legislature. A member of Solomon Lodge No. 1 of Savannah, he was grand treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Georgia in 1786. d. Sept. 17, 1793.

Levin I. Handy (1861–1922) U.S. Congressman from Delaware, 1896–98. b. Dec. 24, 1861. A teacher, superintendent of schools (Kent Co.) and lawyer. He also edited the Wilmington Every Evening paper. He was raised in Harmony Lodge No. 13, Smyrna, Del. and later affiliated with Hiram

Lodge No. 25, Dec. 27, 1897. In 1906 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware. d. Feb. 3, 1922.

William C. Handy (1873–1958) American Negro composer known as “Father of the Blues.” b. Nov. 16, 1873 at Florence, Ala. He taught school from 1892–93, becoming a teacher–bandmaster in the latter year. In 1900 he was with the music department of the A. & M. College, Normal, Ala. until he became an orchestra leader for minstrel shows in 1903. In 1912 he started devoting all his time to composing and publishing as president of the Handy Bros. Music Co., Inc., N.Y.C. Among his most famous blues songs are St. Louis Blues; Memphis Blues; Beale Street Blues; and the march, Hail to the Spirit of Freedom. He was author of *Negro Authors and Composers of the United States*; *W. C. Handy’s Collection of Negro Spirituals*; *Father of the Blues* (an autobiography); and *Unsung Americans Sung*. Handy was a member of the Prince Hall group and a 33° AASR. d. March 31, 1958. Buried with Masonic rites.

Charles B. Hanford (1859–1926) American Shakespearean actor. b. May 5, 1859 at Sutter Creek, Calif. He worked for a time in the U.S. pension office in Washington, D.C. and then as a private secretary of a Calif. congressman; he began his first season as an actor at New London, Conn. in 1882. Through the years as a legitimate actor, he starred with such famous actors of the day as William Stafford, Thomas W. Keene, Edwin Booth, Julia Marlowe, Louis James, and Kathryn Kidder. In 1917 he volunteered for naval duty and was assigned to the office of Naval Intelligence. He was detailed to duty with

Thomas A. Edison. Member of King Solomon Lodge No. 31 (Daylight Lodge), Washington, D.C. and received 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C. on Feb. 28, 1922. d. Oct. 16, 1926.

Louis B. Hanna (1861–1948) Governor of North Dakota two terms, 1913–17. b. Aug. 9, 1861 at New Brighton, Pa. He moved to N.D. in 1881 and became president of the First National Bank of Page. He served in the lower house from 1895–97, and in the state senate from 1897–1901, and 1905–09. Hanna was a member of the 61st and 62nd U.S. congresses (1909–13) as a delegate at large. In WWI he served with the American Red Cross in France. He was appointed by President Hoover as a member of the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission. He was the first grand tyler of the Grand Lodge of North Dakota and the last surviving member of the charter members of that grand lodge. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 20, Page, N.D., he was raised Oct. 20, 1885; exalted in Casselton Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. on Feb. 21, 1890, he affiliated with Keystone Chapter No. 5, Fargo on Nov. 25, 1918; greeted May 2, 1907 in Fargo Council No. 1, R. & S.M.; knighted in Auvergne Commandery No. 2, K.T. Dec. 29, 1894; 32° AASR (SJ) at Fargo Dec. 7, 1894 and 33° in 1903. Joined El Zagal Shrine Temple Dec. 7, 1894. Served the Grand Lodge of North Dakota as grand tyler (1889), grand pursuivant (1896), grand junior steward (1897) and grand senior steward (1898). d. April 23, 1948.

Robert Hanna (1786–1858) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1825–1832. b. April 6, 1786 in Laurens, S.C. His parents moved

to Indiana in 1802, and settled in Brookville. He was sheriff of the eastern district from 1809 until the organization of a state government, and a member of the Indiana constitutional convention of 1816. He was registrar of the land office and general of militia. For many years he was a member of the state legislature. In 1835 he moved to Indianapolis. He was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 11 of Brookville. On Nov. 19, 1858 he was killed by a train while walking on the railroad tracks at Indianapolis.

John A. Hannah President of Michigan State College since 1941. b. Oct. 9, 1902 at Grand Rapids, Mich. Graduate of Michigan State in 1923. He was an extension specialist in poultry husbandry at Michigan State from 1923–33, and manager of the Federal Hatchery Coordinating Committee at Kansas City, Mo. from 1933–35. In 1935 he returned to Mich. as secretary of the State Board of Agriculture of the state college, serving until named president in 1941. He has been a U.S. delegate to the World Poultry Congresses in London, Rome, Leipzig, and Copenhagen. In 1948–49 he was president of the Association of Land Grant Colleges and Universities. Mason.

Wallace Hannah English Anti-Mason. In 1955–56 the Rev. Hannah, curate of St. Augustine's church at Kensington, England since 1952 shocked the English newspaper readers with a vicious personal attack on the Archbishop of Canterbury in particular, and Freemasonry in general. Shortly thereafter he announced that he had taken steps for his "immediate admission" into the Roman Catholic Church.

Allen B. Hannay U.S. District Judge, Texas since 1942. b. Feb. 14, 1892 at Hempstead, Tex. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1913. Practiced law in Hempstead and Houston 1913–30. He was judge of Waller Co. from 1915–17; judge of 113th dist. of Texas 1930–42. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Edward A. Hannegan (1807–1859) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1843–49. b. June 25, 1807 in Hamilton Co., Ohio. He was educated in Ky., where he spent his boyhood; he began law practice in Covington, Ind. He was a frequent member of the Indiana legislature and served as U.S. Congressman one term. In 1849–50, he was U.S. minister to Prussia. He has been described as eloquent, brilliant, and erratic. In 1852, while under the influence of liquor, he killed his brother-in-law, Capt. Duncan. Afterwards he moved to St. Louis, Mo. where he spent the remainder of his life. His original lodge is not known, but he was a charter member of LaPorte Lodge No. 41, LaPorte, Ind. in 1838, and, in 1850, affiliated with Fountain Lodge No. 60 at Covington, Ind. and served as master of the same in 1851. d. Feb. 25, 1859.

Arthur T. Hannett Governor of New Mexico, 1925–27. b. Feb. 17, 1884 at Lyons, N.Y. Graduate of Syracuse U. in 1910, he began law practice in Gallup, N.M. in 1911. He served as city attorney and mayor of Gallup, and was chairman of the state highway commission from 1923–25. He is a member of Lebanon Lodge No. 22, Gallup; 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe and Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple at Albuquerque.

Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover (see under Duke of Cumberland).

Henry C. Hansbrough (1848–1933) U.S. Senator from North Dakota three terms, 1891–1909. b. Jan. 30, 1848 at Prairie du Rocher, Ill. Moved to Calif. in 1867, where he learned the printing trade and published a daily paper at San Jose from 1869–70. Following that, he was with the San Francisco Chronicle until 1879, and then published a paper at Baraboo, Wis. for two years. He moved to the Territory of Dakota in 1882, where he engaged in journalism, and was twice mayor of Devil's Lake. He served in the 51st U.S. congress from N.D. He was a member of Minnewaukan Lodge No. 21 at Devil's Lake and Doric Chapter NO: 8, R.A.M. as well as Cyrene Cornmandery No. 7, K.T. all of Devil's Lake. He received the 32° AASR (SJ) in 1897. d. Nov. 16, 1933.

Charles R. Hanscom (1850–1918) Shipbuilder. b. June 6, 1850 at Portsmouth, N.H. He was an assistant draftsman and draftsman in the navy yards at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and Washington from 1873–80, and naval expert with U.S. Navy Dept. at Washington from 1880–90. From 1890–1900 he was superintendent and general superintendent of the Bath (Maine) Iron Works, and president of the Eastern Shipbuilding Co. of New London, Conn. from 1900–06, retiring in the latter year. He designed and built many steam yachts for private owners and also the large steamships Minnesota and Dakota. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Oct. 31, 1918.

Agner B. Hansen (1896–1948) President of Northern Paper Mills. b. June 7, 1896 at Racine, Wis. Began as a chemist for paper company working his way to the vice presidency of Northern Paper Mills in 1935, and president in 1941. He was also president of four other allied companies. Served as ensign, U.S. Navy in WWI. Received his degrees in Belle City Lodge No. 92, Racine, Wis. on July 13, July 27 and Aug. 10, 1918 and affiliated with Washington Lodge No. 21, Green Bay, Wis. on Jan. 6, 1939. Member of Scottish Rite bodies (NJ) at both Green Bay and Milwaukee. d. July 4, 1948.

Niels E. Hansen (1866–1950) American horticulturist and developer of new strains of fruits, grasses and plants. b. Jan. 4, 1866 near Ribe, Denmark, coming to U.S. with parents in 1873. Graduate of Iowa Agriculture Coll. in 1887. Was professor of horticulture, first at Iowa Agriculture Coll., and then at the S.D. Agriculture Coll. and Experiment Station, 1895–1937. He made many exploratory expeditions to Russia, China, Siberia, Transcaucasia, Lapland, Finland, Manchuria, Japan, North Africa, Mongolia, and Turkestan, collecting new varieties of hardy seeds and plants. He was the originator of new fruits, especially the Hansen hybrid plums, named in his honor. He introduced Turkestan, Siberian and many other alfalfas and also introduced and named the Cossack alfalfa, now widely grown on the Northwest prairies. It was developed from a spoonful of seed in 1906, to over 1000 bushels of seed in 1916. Member of Brookings Lodge No. 24, Brookings, S.D., receiving degrees on Oct. 10, 1896, Feb. 6, June 1, 1897; suspended April 1, 1924; reinstated April 5, 1927. d. Oct. 5, 1950.

Ole Andreas Hansen A giant. The Mystic Star, in Sept. 1869 quoted a story from the Glasgow Herald (Scotland) of an emergency meeting of Clyde Lodge No. 468 in that city at which Major Ole Andreas Hansen of the U.S. Army and a native of Norway, was initiated, passed and raised. His height was given as eight feet and weight 33 stones.

William C. Hansen President, State Teachers College, Stevens Point, Wis. since 1940. b. July 4, 1891 at Neenah, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin. Was teacher, principal and superintendent of schools in Wis. cities. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Roger W. Hanson (1827–1863) Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Aug. 27, 1827 at Winchester, Ky. At the age of 20 he served in the Mexican War under John S. Williams. After returning home he fought a duel in which he was crippled for life. He studied law and was admitted to the bar and then went to Calif. as a gold-seeker, returning to Ky. in 1850, where he practiced law at Winchester. In 1853 he was elected to the state legislature and gained considerable distinction as a lawmaker. Later he moved to Lexington and continued his law practice there. At the beginning of the Civil War he entered the Confederate Army and was made colonel of the 2nd Kentucky Inf. After the battle of Fort Donelson, he was promoted to brigadier general for bravery. He participated in numerous battles and was mortally wounded at the Battle of Murfreesboro (Tenn.) on Jan. 2, 1863 and died on the 4th of the same month. He was a member of Good Samaritan Lodge No. 174, Lexington, Ky., from the date of his initiation in 1856 until he left for Army service in 1861.

Prince Harald of Denmark (1876–1949) b. Oct. 8, 1876, the third son of King Frederick VIII of Denmark, q.v. The king, an interested Freemason and grand master for many years, initiated all three sons—Harald, Christian X, q.v., and Haakon, q.v. Harald was initiated April 4, 1896 in Lodge Nordstjernen at Copenhagen. He served as pro-grand master for many years and succeeded his brother Christian X as grand master, being installed, Sept. 18, 1947, in the presence of about 800 brethren. He was known as the “Hussar Prince” as he was a lieutenant general in the Danish Army Hussars. He married Princess Helena, April 28, 1909. He frequently took part in the work of all degrees. d. March 30, 1949.

Count Agoston Haraszthy de Mokcsa (1812?–1869) An Hungarian pioneer in America who founded the town of Sauk City, Wis. about 1841. He migrated to Calif. in 1849, and there introduced Tokay, Zinfandel, and Shiras grapes into Calif., thereby creating the grape and wine industry of that state. He became a member of Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis. in 1845.

James G. Harbord (1866–1947) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army and President of Radio Corporation of America. b. March 21, 1866 at Bloomington, Ill. Graduate of Kansas State Agriculture Coll. Entered army as an enlisted man in 1889, and commissioned second lieutenant in 1891. Fought in Spanish–American and First World Wars. Made brigadier general in 1917, major general in 1919, and retired as lieutenant general in 1942. He was chief of staff, A.E.F. in France, and commanded the Marine Brigade near Chateau Thierry

and the 2nd Division in the Soissons offensive. From 1923–30 he was president of R.C.A., and chairman of the board from 1930–47. He was a member of Council Grove Lodge No. 36, Council Grove, Kansas (Dec. 8, 1898), and received the 32° AASR (SJ) on Dec. 5, 1909 at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. while stationed there. He was a member of the Grand Council, Order of DeMolay. d. Aug. 20, 1947.

Cary A. Hardee Governor of Florida, 1921–25. b. Nov. 13, 1876 in Taylor Co., Fla. He was a teacher in the Florida public schools until 1900, when he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Live Oak, Fla. Was a member and speaker of the lower house from 1915–17. Mason, member of Live Oak Commandery, K.T.

Karl August von Hardenberg (1750–1822) Prussian prince and statesman. He was councilor at Hanover from 1779–82, and later in service of state at Brunswick, and administrator of principalities of Ansbach and Bayreuth. Served in war against France in 1792–95, and concluded the peace at Basel in 1795. In cabinet of Frederick William III, q.v., from 1798–1804, and foreign minister of Prussia from 1804–06. From 1810–17 he was chancellor of Prussia, and was made a prince in recognition of his part in the War of Liberation (1813–14). He was active in the Holy Alliance, and his policy in later years was reactionary. Said by the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress (1917) to have been a member of the Craft.

Wesley Hardenbergh President of American Meat Institute since 1939. b. July 14, 1894 at Youngsville, N.Y. Graduate of

Columbia U. in 1918. In 1919 he edited the Liberty Register (N.Y.), and the following year joined the public relations staff of the American Meat Inst. He was made vice president in 1928. In 1944–45 he was president of the American Trade Association Executives. Mason.

Delmar S. Harder Vice President of Ford Motor Co. b. March 19, 1892 at Delhi, N.Y. He started in the automotive industry with the Durant Motor Co. in 1915, and was later with Budd and Fisher Body Division of General Motor Corp. In 1945 he was president of the E. W. Bliss Co. He has been a Ford vice president since 1947; first, in charge of manufacturing, and since 1955 in charge of basic manufacturing groups. He is also a director of the Ford Motor Company. Mason.

Frederick A. Hardesty Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 16, 1893 at Astoria, Oreg. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1915. He taught school until entering the Naval reserve in 1917, advancing to captain in 1943, and retired as rear admiral in 1947. In WWI he served on the U.S.S. Ohio and was commanding officer of the U.S. Schuykill in 1943–44 and U.S.S. Rocky Mount in 1944–45. Mason.

James Hardie (1750?–1826?) Masonic author, who in 1818 published *The New Freemasons' Monitor and Masonic Guide*. Mackey thought it more valuable than the monitors of Webb and Cross, qq.v. Although credited with membership in New York, the records of that jurisdiction fail to reveal any record of New York membership. He was born either in 1750 or 1760 and 1826 is the probable year of his death.

Charles H. Hardin (1820–1892) Governor of Missouri, 1875–1877. b. July 25, 1820 in Trimble Co., Ky. The family moved to Missouri in 1821, and his father was the first post-master of Columbia. His mother was the sister of Dr. William Jewell, for whom William Jewell Coll. is named. He attended the Columbia schools, the U. of Indiana, and graduated from Miami U., Oxford, Ohio in 1841. While in college at Miami, he was one of the founders of the Greek letter fraternity, Beta Theta Pi, now a national organization. He was admitted to the bar in 1843, and practiced law in Fulton, 1848–52. In 1852 he was a member of the lower house and served three terms. In 1860 he was state senator. He was against secession, and in the “Rebel Legislature” which met at Cassville, was the only senator who voted against it. From 1865–71 he practiced law at Mexico, Mo. and was again elected state senator in 1872. His administration as governor was marked by reduction of debt, enforcement of criminal laws, and erection of the state penitentiary. He issued his famous “grasshopper proclamation,” designating June 3, 1875, as a day of “fasting and prayer” for relief from grasshoppers which had again invaded Mo. after ruining crops the year before. In 1873 he founded Hardin College for women at Mexico, and in 1889 was active in the establishment of Missouri Military Academy at Mexico. He was initiated Jan. 26, 1852, passed Feb. 3, and raised March 2, in Fulton Lodge No. 48. He was elected senior warden in 1854, and became master in 1855. d. July 29, 1892 in Mexico, Mo. and his body was moved in 1893 to the Jewell Graveyard, two miles south of Columbia, Mo.

John J. Hardin (1810–1847) Colonel in Mexican War. b. Jan.

6, 1810 in Frankfort, Ky., the son of Martin D. Hardin, q.v., U.S. senator from Kentucky. He was educated in Transylvania U. (Ky.), studied law and moved to Jacksonville, Ill., where he practiced. He was prosecuting attorney for several years, and a member of the state legislature from 1836–42. In 1842 he was elected to the U.S. congress and served one term. He volunteered when the Mexican War began and was appointed colonel of the 1st Illinois regiment. He was killed on the second day of the battle of Buena Vista while leading his men in a charge. Hardin Military Lodge No. 87, chartered by the Grand Lodge of Mo., was named for him when it was organized in N.M. d. Feb. 27, 1847.

John R. Hardin (1860–1945) President of Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co. from 1924. b. April 24, 1860 in Sussex Co., N.J. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1880 and 1883. Admitted to bar in 1884, and practiced at Newark, N.J. from that date. Mason. d. Dec. 7, 1945.

Martin D. Hardin (1780–1823) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1816. b. June 21, 1780, Monongahela River, Pa. He was educated in Transylvania Academy (Ky.). He practiced law in Franklin Co. and served several terms in the state legislature. During the War of 1812 he joined the army and served under General Harrison, being promoted to major of the Kentucky volunteers. He was a Mason and member of Washington Chapter No. 11, R.A.M. His son, John J. Hardin, q.v., was a U.S. congressman from and was killed in the War with Mexico. d. Oct. 8, 1823.

Warren G. Harding (1865–1923) Twenty-ninth President of the United States. b. Nov. 2, 1865 at Corsica, Ohio. A newspaperman, he published the Marion Star (Ohio) from 1884. He was a member of the Ohio senate from 1900–04, and lieutenant governor of Ohio, 1904–06. He was U.S. senator from Ohio for the term 1915–21, resigning in 1920. He was nominated for president by the Republicans in 1920, and elected for the term 1921–25, but died Aug. 2, 1923. He was initiated in Marion Lodge No. 70, Marion, Ohio on June 28, 1901, and after 19 years he was passed, Aug. 13, 1920, and raised Aug. 27, 1920. On May 4, 1921 he was made an honorary member of Albert Pike Lodge No. 36 of Washington; made honorary member of Washington Centennial Lodge No. 14, Washington, on Feb. 16, 1922; and honorary member of America Lodge No. 3368, London, England in 1922. A member of Marion Chapter No. 62, R.A.M., he received his degrees, Jan. 11 and 13, 1921. He was knighted in Marion Commandery No. 36, K.T. on March 1, 1921, and made honorary member of Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T. in Washington, March 4, 1921. He had been elected to receive his degrees in Marion Council No. 22, R. & SM., but died before they could be conferred. In the Scottish Rite, he received the 32° (NJ) at Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 5, 1921, and was elected to receive the 33° on Sept. 22, 1921, but died before receiving it. He joined Aladdin Shrine Temple of Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 7, 1921, and was made an honorary member of Almas Temple of Washington, March 21, 1921. He was associate honorary member of the Imperial Council of the Shrine in June, 1923. Kallipolis Grotto MOVPER conferred the degrees on him at the White House on May 11, 1921, and made him a life member. Washington Chapter

No. 3, National Sojourners, made him a member at the White House on May 28, 1923, and he was made a member of Evergreen Forest No. 29, Tall Cedars of Lebanon, at Milford, Del. on June 9, 1923. Harding visited many Masonic groups from Alaska to the Canal Zone. On July 8, 1923 he laid the cornerstone pf Ketchikan Lodge No. 159, Ketchikan, Alaska; laid the cornerstone of the Masonic Temple at Birmingham, Ala. on Oct. 26, 1921; and addressed the National League of Masonic Clubs in Washington at the Willard Hotel on May 12, 1921. He stated: "No man ever took the oaths and subscribed to the obligations with greater watchfulness and care than I have exercised in receiving the various rites of Masonry, and I say it with due deliberation and without fear of breaking faith, I have never encountered a lesson, never witnessed an example, never heard an obligation uttered which could not be proclaimed to the world." At the cornerstone laying in Birmingham, Ala. he said "I have been a better citizen for being a Mason. There is nothing in Masonry that a free, religious, and just Ameri- can could not be proud to subscribe to, and be a better citizen for so doing." When he received the Royal Arch degree he inscribed the Bible of a friend with the following: "With grateful and happy remembrance of the occasion when this Holy Book was employed in revealing the exalting impressions of Royal Arch Masonry." He was scheduled to deliver an address on Aug. 2, 1923, in Hollywood, Calif. to Hollywood Commandery No. 56, K.T. on the occasion of the presentation to them by him own cornmandery, Marion No. 36, of the International Traveling Beauseant. He was on death's doorstep, and his secretary, Sir Knight George B. Christian, delivered the address. This was his last message

to the American people. He died Aug 2, 1923, and on Aug. 8, the body was conducted from the White House to the Capitol with the six commanderies of Knights Templar of Washington, D.C. being in the funeral cortege. The asphalt container in which his body was placed was the gift of Boumi Shrine Temple of Baltimore, Md.

William L. Harding (1877–1934) Governor of Iowa, 1917–19. b. Oct. 3, 1877 at Sibley, Iowa. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1905. Began law practice in 1905. He was a member of the lower house in Iowa from 1907–13, and lieutenant governor from 1913–17. Member of Morningside Lodge No. 615, Sioux City, Iowa. d. Dec. 17, 1934.

John H. Hardy (1847–1917) Justice Superior Court of Mass. from 1896. b. Feb. 2, 1847 at Hollis, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1870 and admitted to bar in 1872. Raised in Hiram Lodge, Arlington, Mass. on Oct 17, 1872, dimitted March 22, 1888. d. Oct 10, 1917.

Oliver Hardy (?–1957) Comedian of stage and screen. Gained worldwide recognition with his partner Stan Laurel in the team of “Laurel and Hardy.” He was a member of Solomon Lodge No. 20 in Jacksonville, Fla. and was a frequent visitor at Hollywood and Mount Olive Lodges in California.

Samuel Hardy (1758?–1785) American statesman, who, in 1784, was nominated by President Jefferson as minister plenipotentiary to Europe, to assist John Adams and Benjamin Franklin in negotiating treaties of commerce. b. in the Isle

of Wight Co., Va. Educated at William and Mary Coll. in 1776–81, he entered law practice. He was a member of the Continental Congress from Va. in 1783–85, and for a time, lieutenant governor of Va. A county in the northern part of Va. is named for him. He received his Entered Apprentice degree in Williamsburg Lodge No. 6 at Williamsburg, Va. on Dec. 12, 1778. d. Oct., 1785.

Ray M. Hare Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 19, 1893 at Louisville, Ky. Graduate of Harvard U. in 1936. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1950. During WWI he served in France and Germany. From 1937–42 he was member of staff of secretary of War, and from 1942–45 was chief of ordnance. In 1945 he was in the Western Pacific, and since 1950, assigned to chief ordnance of European command. Member of Alamo Lodge No. 44, San Antonio, Texas; 32° AASR (SJ) at Galveston; Arabia Shrine Temple, Houston; National Sojourners. Was senior warden of Laneck Lodge, U.D. (Texas) at Coblenz, Germany in 1920 during occupation of Germany.

Earl of Harewood (1882–1947) Full name was Henry George Charles, Viscount Lascelles. He later became the 5th earl of Harewood. He was a brother-in-law of King George VI, q.v., and one of the richest men in England. He served with distinction in WWI and was wounded three times. He married Princess Mary in 1922. By the time he was 40 years old, the earl—nicknamed “Lucky Lascelles”—was the husband of a king’s sister, possessor of a fortune estimated at 12 million dollars, and owner of about 27,700 acres, three country

houses and a town house. One day, in 1915, while on leave from France, he met his great-uncle, the wealthy, eccentric marquis of Clanricarde. Lord Lascelles, as he was then, took his uncle out to lunch and had a chat about antiques. Not long afterward, when again at the front, Lascelles received a telegram telling him that the marquis had left him his estate amounting to some ten million dollars. Thirteen years later he inherited \$1,200,000 from his father. It was often rumored that the earl and the duke of Windsor, q.v., were not on the friendliest of terms. The duke was once reported to have said: "Every day I get commoner and commoner, and every day Lascelles gets royaller and royaller." He served as provincial grand master for West Yorkshire and on June 1, 1943, he was installed by his brother-in-law, King George VI, as grand master of the United Grand Lodge of England at an especial meeting of that body in the Grand Temple at Freemasons Hall. Previous to that he had been pro-grand master from 1935–42. d. May 24, 1947.

Sir Henry Harford (1762?–?) Owner of the Province of Maryland, and provincial grand master of Maryland. He was the natural son of Frederick, the sixth and last Lord Baltimore, and Hester Wheland. When Frederick died in 1771, he had no legitimate children, and he willed the province of Maryland to Harford, then a child about nine years of age. Harford's interests in Maryland were represented by Robert Eden, as proprietary governor, until the Revolution. In the Book of Constitutions (1783) of the Maple T. Had Grand Lodge of England, Harford's name appears as provincial grand master for Maryland. It also appeared in the calendars published

from time to time by the grand lodge, and strange to say, even appeared after the Grand Lodge of Maryland was formed and working. He is recorded as having given ≈£25 to the Free Masons' Hall. He returned to America after the war and attempted to recover some of his property, but was unable to do so. He then returned to England, and that country indemnified him to the amount of ≈£90,000 for his losses.

George Harison (1719–1773) Fourth Provincial Grand Master of New York (English constitution). b. in England. He changed the spelling of his family name which had contained two “r’s.” His father, the Hon. Francis Harrison, Esq. of Berkshire, England, came to N.Y. with Governor Lovelace in 1708, where he served as a member of the provincial council, recorder of the City of New York, and judge of the admiralty court. He later fell into political disfavor and returned to England, leaving his family in America. Son George visited him in England in 1738, and returned home with an appointment to the office of surveyor of customs in N.Y. He married Jane, daughter of Richard Nicholls, a prominent N.Y. citizen, on Sept. 3, 1740. On June 8, 1753 he was made provincial grand master of New York by Baron Carysfoot. He was in charge of the celebration of St. John the Baptist on June 25, 1753, at the King’s Arms Tavern, and again that fall, at the celebration of the Feast of St. John the Evangelist. A full account of these ceremonies was published in the New York Mercury on Dec. 31, 1753. The paper was owned by Hugh Gaine, secretary of the grand lodge, and he took the opportunity to refute the charges against Freemasonry by drawing attention to their acts of public and private charity. Freemasonry grew

under Harison's leadership, and by 1771 there were seven lodges in New York City, two at Albany, one at Johnstown, one at Fairfield, Norfolk, Stratford, and Stamford, Conn. and even one at Detroit, Mich.—all deriving their authority from New York. He was one of the original vestrymen of Old Trinity Church and was also the owner of the brigantine, *Charming Sally*, with 12 guns, which his brother, Capt. Merely Harison, commanded. In 1765 he went into the brewing business with his father-in-law and James Leedbeater, a professional brewer. d. April 18, 1773.

Thomas J. Harkins Grand Commander, Supreme Council, 33° AASR, Southern Jurisdiction from 1952–55, succeeding John H. Cowles, q.v. b. Jan. 15, 1879 in Buncombe Co., N.C. He was a student at U. of North Carolina from 1897–1901. Admitted to the Oklahoma bar in 1901, he practiced at Weatherford, Okla., and at Asheville, N.C. since 1907. Member of Republican National Congressional Committee, 1912–14, and delegate to Republican National Convention in 1916. From 1922–26 he was special assistant U.S. attorney, and U.S. attorney for Western N.C. dist. from 1927–31. In 1931 he served as special assistant to the attorney general of the U.S. Member of Mount Hermon Lodge No. 118 of Asheville, N.C.; he served as its master in 1926, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1940–41. He received the 32° in 1904; KCCH in 1911; 33° in 1915 and was named deputy for N.C. in 1918. He became an active member of the supreme council in 1921.

Maple T. Harl National Commander of Disabled American

Veterans of the World War in 1937. b. Feb. 4, 1893 at Marshall, Mo. Graduate of William Jewell Coll. (Mo.). He is a former president of the Harl Mortgage Co., Denver Safe Deposit Co. and Sun Investment Co. From 1939–45 he was state bank commissioner of Colorado. He enlisted as a private in the Army in 1917, and rose to major, being discharged in 1919. Served with the A.E.F. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner.

John M. Harlan (1833–1911) Justice of U.S. Supreme Court, 1877–1911. b. June 1, 1833 in Boyle Co., Ky. Was graduated from Transylvania U. in 1853. He served in the Civil War as Union colonel in the 10th Kentucky Infantry. From 1863–67 he was attorney general of Ky. He was probably made an Entered Apprentice in Hiram Lodge No. 4, Frankfort, Ky. in 1858. He is carried as such in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky for 1858–67 inclusive, but disappears from the list of Entered Apprentices of Hiram Lodge after 1867. d. Oct. 1, 1911.

William W. Harllee Confederate General in Civil War. Member of Clinton Lodge No. 60, Marion, S.C.

Richard C. Harlow Football coach and professor of zoology. b. Oct. 19, 1889 at Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Pennsylvania State Coll. 1912 and 1913. From 1913–17 he was football coach and instructor of zoology at Pennsylvania State Coll., and again from 1919–21. From 1921–25 he was football coach and assoc. professor of ornithology at Colgate U. From 1925–34 he was football coach and athletic director

of Western Maryland Coll. From 1934–49 he was football coach at Harvard U. and curator of zoology. He returned to Western Maryland Coll. and became head coach of track and advisory football coach. In 1936 he was voted “coach of the year” by U.S. football coaches and writers. He served with the U.S. Army in WWI and was discharged as an Infantry lieutenant. In WWII he was a lieutenant commander in the Naval Reserve. Mason.

Arthur F. Harman (1875–1948) President of Alabama State College for Women, 1935–47. b. Aug. 10, 1875 at Lexington, S.C. Was teacher, principal, superintendent of schools, and state superintendent of education for Alabama. Mason. d. Oct. 12, 1948.

Josiah Harmar (1753–1813) Brigadier General and General-in-Chief of the Army in 1789. b. in Philadelphia, Pa. He was educated in a Quaker school and entered the Continental army as a captain in 1776, serving in the 1st Pa. regiment. He served until the close of the war, being brevetted brigadier general by congress in 1787. He was with Washington’s army in 1778–80, and in Greene’s division in the south in 1781–82. After the war he was Indian agent for the northwest territory, and in 1790 commanded a force against the Miami Indians. He resigned his commission in 1792, and was appointed adjutant general of Pa. He was made a Mason in Lodge No. 3 of Philadelphia on July 2, 1778. He is also reported as a member of Pennsylvania Union Lodge No. 29, and was one of the petitioners for Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10 (now N.C. Harmony Lodge No. 2 of Cincinnati). d. Aug. 20, 1813.

Henry G. Harmon College President. b. June 14, 1901 at St. Paul, Minn. Graduate of Cotner Coll. (Nebr.); Transylvania Coll. (Ky.); and U. of Minn. Taught school in China for two years, returning to America to teach in Culver Stockton Coll. (Mo.). From 1934–41 he was president of William Woods Coll., Fulton, Mo. and has been president of Drake U. since 1941. Member of Craft Lodge No. 287, Canton, Mo. 33° AASR (SJ) at Des Moines, and Shriner.

Judson Harmon (1846–1927) Governor of Ohio two terms, 1909–13, and U.S. Attorney General under Cleveland, 1895–97. b. Feb. 3, 1846 at Newton, Ohio. Graduate of Denison U. in 1866, and Cincinnati Law School in 1869. He served as mayor of Wyoming, Ohio, judge of court of common pleas, and judge of the superior court. Member of Walnut Hills Lodge No. 483, Cincinnati, and elected honorary member of American Union Lodge No. 1 at Marietta on July 18, 1910. d. Feb. 22, 1927.

Reginald C. Harmon Major General, U.S. Air Force and first Judge Advocate General of U.S. Air Force in 1948. b. Feb. 5, 1900 at Olney, Ill. Admitted to bar in 1928, and practiced at Urbana, Ill. Commissioned second lieutenant in the U.S. Army in 1926, and advanced through grades as major general in regular Air Force in 1948. In WWII he was in charge of legal representation of U.S. government in industrial expansion program of the Air Force. Mason and Knight Templar.

Forest A. Harness U.S. Congressman to 76th to 80th Congresses (1939–49) from 5th Ind. dist. b. June 24, 1895 at

Kokomo, Ind. Graduate of Georgetown U. in 1917, he has practiced law at Kokomo, Ind. since 1919. In 1933–34 he represented the U.S. in the extradition of Samuel Insull from Greece. Served in WWI with the 80th Infantry division, as a first lieutenant. Mason.

Cornelius Harnett (1723–1781) American Revolutionary patriot and governor of North Carolina, 1775–76. b. April 20, 1723. A resident of Wilmington, N.C., he first became known in public affairs through his opposition to the stamp act. He represented Wilmington in the provincial assembly of 1770–71. As the Revolution approached, Harnett became its leading spirit in the Cape Fear region. In the provincial congress of 1775 he represented his old constituents of Wilmington, and when Governor Martin was forced to abdicate, he was made president of the council, and thus acting governor of N.C. In 1776 Sir Henry Clinton appeared in Cape Fear River with a British fleet and offered a general pardon to all residents except Harnett and Robert Howe. In 1778 he was elected to fill Caswell's seat in the congress, and his signature is found on the "articles of confederation and perpetual union." When the British subsequently took possession of the Cape Fear region, Harnett was taken prisoner, and died in a British prison at Wilmington on April 20, 1781. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 213 under English constitution and St. John's Lodge No. 1, under North Carolina constitution (at Wilmington). This was the first lodge to be established in N.C. At one time he was deputy provincial grand master of America under the provincial grand master, Joseph Montfort, q.v.

Edwards Harper First Grand Secretary of the United Grand Lodge of England. He shared this position with William Henry White. Harper served as deputy grand secretary under Leslie in the grand lodge of the “Ancients” from 1801–13. White became grand secretary of the grand lodge of the “Moderns” in 1810. They served the United Grand Lodge jointly until 1838 when Harper retired on a pension. White then continued alone as grand secretary until 1856. They also acted as secretaries to the Lodge of Reconciliation from 1813–16.

Roy W. Harper U.S. District Judge of Missouri from 1947. b. July 26, 1905 at Gibson, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1927 and 1929. Practiced law first at Steele, Mo., and later at Caruthersville. He enlisted in the U.S. Air Corps in 1941, and served with 35th Fighter Group in the Southwest Pacific from 1942–44. In 1945 he became a colonel in the Air Corps Reserve. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Thomas Harper (1736–1832) Deputy Grand Master of the grand lodge of the “Ancients” (Athol). At the union of the grand lodges, he opened the especial grand lodge as deputy grand master, and by unanimous accord was requested to continue in office until the installation of a grand master. When the Duke of Kent was installed, he appointed Harper as his deputy. The latter also had a footing in the “Moderns,” as he was a member of the Lodge of Antiquity from 1792, and served as grand steward in the Moderns’ grand lodge in 1796. He was expelled by that body in 1803 for nonattendance at the committee of charity. This action hurt the attempt at union between the two grand lodges. Harper was a jeweler by trade,

and many old lodges still possess lodge jewels struck by him.

William R. Harper (1856–1906) President of University of Chicago from 1891. b. July 26, 1856. He was graduated from Muskingum Coll. when he was 14 years old (1870) with a B.A. degree, and delivered the commencement oration in Hebrew. He was graduated from Yale in 1875, with a Ph.D. degree. He first taught and was principal of the Masonic Coll., Macon, Tenn. (1875–76). His field was Semitic languages, and he was a professor of the same at the Baptist Union Theol. Sem. of Chicago; Yale U.; Chautauqua Coll.; and U. of Chicago. He helped organize the U. of Chicago and guided it as president during its early years. He was a member of Ashlar Lodge No. 308, Chicago, El.

Edward Henry Harriman (1848–1909) Capitalist. b. Feb. 25, 1848 at Hempstead, L.I., N.Y. He received a common school education, and became a broker's clerk in Wall Street at the age of 14. He later became a stock broker, and was admitted to the exchange in 1870. He was president of the following companies: Union Pacific Railroad (and chairman of executive committee); Oregon Railroad & Navigation Co.; Portland & Asiatic Steamship Co.; Oregon Short Line Railroad; Southern Pacific Co.; Texas & New Orleans Railroad; Southern Pacific Coast Railroad; Western Railroad. He was an officer and director in numerous other large corporations, including chairmanship of executive committee of Wells–Fargo & Co. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City.

Walter Harriman (1817–1884) Governor of New Hampshire,

1867–68, Brigadier General (Union) in Civil War. b. April 8, 1817 at Warner, N.H. He began as a teacher but became a Universalist clergyman. He abandoned the ministry in 1851, and entered a life of politics. He was state treasurer in 1853–54; was on a presidential commission to classify Indian lands in Kansas; and served in both the N.H. lower house and senate. In 1860 he was elected to the state senate over his opponent—who was his brother! He canvassed Michigan for Buchanan, in company with General Lewis Cass, q.v., and was an earnest supporter of Stephen A. Douglas, q.v. In 1861 he became publisher of the Union Democrat at Manchester, N.H., and advocated immediate action against the seceding states. He became colonel of the 11th N.H. regiment and was taken prisoner in the Battle of the Wilderness on May 6, 1864, sent to Macon, Ga. and removed to Charleston. He was exchanged in March, 1865, and brevetted brigadier general in 1865. In 1868 he toured the midwest and west campaigning for General Grant, q.v. d. July 25, 1884. Member of St. Peters Lodge No. 31, Bradford, N.H.

Frank L. Harrington President of Paul Revere Life Insurance Co. since 1945. b. Jan. 17, 1902 at Worcester, Mass. Graduate of Dartmouth and Harvard. He entered the insurance field with the Mass. Protective Association in 1927, and has been with the Revere Company since 1930, starting as a claim examiner. Member of Acacia fraternity and a Mason.

Jonathan Harrington The last survivor of the Battle of Lexington. He was made a Mason in King Solomon Lodge of Charlestown, Mass., March 7, 1797, and was a charter

member of Hiram Lodge at Lexington, Mass. He was buried Masonically.

Charles K. Harris (1865–1930) Composer and music publisher who wrote *After the Ball*. b. May 1, 1865 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Moved to Milwaukee after attending public schools in East Saginaw, Mich. He wrote more than 100 songs including *After the Ball* (in 1892), and was head of the Charles K. Harris Publishing Co. of Milwaukee, and later of New York, with many American and foreign branches. He also wrote *Can Hearts So Soon Forget?* He authored several plays including *A Limb of the Tree*, *The Luckiest Man in the World*, *The Barker*, and *The Heart of a Man*. He was raised in Arcana Lodge No. 246 of New York City on Jan. 15, 1906, and was a member of the Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y. d. Dec. 22, 1930.

Everette B. Harris President of Chicago Mercantile Exchange since 1953. b. April 19, 1913 in Norris City, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois, and U. of Chicago. He was an economist with the department of labor from 1938–46, and director of personnel of Mandel Bros. department store of Chicago from 1946–49. From 1949–53 he was executive secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade. Member of May Lodge No. 718, Norris City, Ill.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Chicago; and member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago.

Frederic R. Harris (1875–1949) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 10, 1875 in New York City. He was commissioned lieutenant, j.g. in 1903, rear admiral in 1916, and retired in 1927. In WWI he was in charge of navy war construction in

U.S. and abroad. He was general manager of the Emergency Fleet Corp., of the U.S. Shipping Board and in charge of war emergency merchant marine construction. He specialized in bridges, harbor and river work. After retiring from Navy, he was president of Frederic R. Harris, Inc., and was a consulting engineer to the Navy from 1939–45, and to the British admiralty. He designed water-front facilities and some of the largest floating dry docks in the world. Place of Masonic membership not known, but he was a member of the National Sojourners. d. July 22, 1949.

Frederick Harris Lieutenant General, British Army. b. in 1891, he was educated at Coleraine school in Northern Ireland, and attended Trinity Coll. of Dublin U. He saw service in WWI at Gallipoli, Egypt, France and Italy, winning the Military Cross, and being wounded twice. In WWII he was on the staff of the Northern Command in India, and after serving as deputy director of the medical service in Burma, was appointed director general of the Army Medical Service in 1952. He was created a companion of the Order of the Bath in 1949. He was an honorary surgeon to King George VI from 1946 until his death. He is a commander of the Order of the British Empire. He is a member of Royal Thames Lodge No. 2966, Gerrard's Cross, Buckinghamshire.

Frederick B. Harris Chaplain of U.S. Senate, 1942–46 and since 1949. b. in Worcester, England, he was graduated from Dickinson Coll. (Pa.) with A.B., A.M. and D.D. degrees, holds honorary doctorates from several universities. He was ordained to the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church

in 1912, and served churches in Trenton and Long Branch, N.J.; Grace Church in New York City; and Foundry church in Washington, D.C. He has been at the latter since 1924. Member of Pentalpha Lodge No. 23 of Washington, D.C.

Lord George St. Vincent Harris Fifth Baron Harris. The barony of Harris, Seringapatam, and Mysore was created in 1815, with a land tenure in Belmont, Kent. It was awarded to his ancestor George, 1st Baron Harris who was wounded at the Battle of Bunker Hill in 1775, captured Seringapatam, and conquered Mysore in 1799. The baron succeeded his father in 1932. He was educated at Eton and Christ Church Coll. of Oxford. Lord Harris was installed deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1952. He is also grand master of the Mark Grand Lodge of England. He was grand master of the Knights Templar, and 33° AASR, being grand inspector general of the same. Previously he had been provincial grand master for the provinces of Surrey and Kent.

Henry B. Harris (1866–1912) Theatrical manager. b. Dec. 1, 1866 at St. Louis, Mo. He was educated in the public schools of that city and in Boston. As an associate of Rich & Harris, he undertook the management of May Irwin, and later managed Pete Daily, Lily Langtry, and Amelia Bingham in *The Climbers*, and launched Robert Edeson as a star. He became manager of the Hudson Theatre in 1903, the Harris Theatre in 1906, and the Follies Bergere in 1911. During the season of 1910–11 he had 18 companies on tour. Included in the productions he managed were *The Lion and the Mouse*; *The Traveling Salesman*; *The Third Degree*. He was a member

of Munn Lodge No. 190, the Scottish Rite, and Mecca Shrine Temple, all of New York City. He was lost in the sinking of the Titanic on April 15, 1912.

Isham G. Harris (1818–1897) U.S. Senator and Governor of Tennessee. b. Feb. 10, 1818 at Tullahoma, Tenn. Of poor parents, he became a merchant in Tippah Co., Miss. By studying law at nights, he was able to pass the bar in 1841. He served in the state legislature from 1847–49, and was U.S. congressman from Tenn. for two terms, 1849–53. He was elected governor three times, serving from 1857–62. It was a turbulent period, and he joined the staff of General A. S. Johnston as an aide, and was with the Army of the West during most of the war. He was captured, broke parole, and went to Mexico, and then to England. He returned to the U.S. in 1867 and resumed law practice in Memphis, Tenn. He lost his fortune of \$150,000 in the war. In 1876 he ran for the U.S. Senate, won, and took his seat in 1877. He served in the senate until his death on July 8, 1897, and was president pro tern of that body from 1893–97. A member of Paris Lodge No. 108, Paris, Tenn., he was elected grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1851, but was unable to serve.

Nathaniel E. Harris (1846–1929) Governor of Georgia, 1915–17. b. Jan. 21, 1846 at Jonesboro, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1870. He enlisted in the Confederate forces in 1862, and served to the close of the Civil War, being on the staff of the Army of Northern Va. part of that time. He began law practice at Sparta, Ga. in 1872, and moved to Macon in 1873. He served in both branches of the state legislature, and

was superior court judge of the Macon circuit in 1912. In 1885, he founded the Georgia School of Technology, and for a long time was chairman of the trustees. He was also trustee of the U. of Georgia, and Wesleyan Female Coll. Member of Macon Lodge No. 5, serving as master in 1914. Also a member of Constantine Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. of Macon. d. Sept. 21, 1929.

Oren Harris U.S. Congressman to 77th to 81st Congresses from 7th Ark. dist. b. Dec. 20, 1903 at Belton, Ark. Graduate of Henderson State Coll. (Ark.), and Cumberland U. Admitted to Ark. bar in 1930, and since practiced law at El Dorado. Member of El Dorado Lodge No. 13 and El Dorado Chapter No. 114, RAM., El Dorado, Ark.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Little Rock, Ark.; Shriner and Jester.

Overton Harris (1856–1931) Cattleman and banker. b. July 3, 1856 at Harris, Mo. A farmer from boyhood, he owned 3,000 acres in Sullivan Co., Mo. He started breeding Hereford cattle about 1890, and won most of the prizes offered for cattle with show herd at St. Louis Exposition in 1904. His herd developed into one of the foremost in the U.S. In 1888 he organized and was president of the Harris Banking Co., Harris, Mo. Member of Arcana Lodge No. 389, Harris, Mo.; exalted Milan Chapter No. 103, R.A.M., April 30, 1885; and charter member of St. Bernard Commandery No. 52 K.T. of Milan, in April 1889. Withdrew from chapter and commandery in 1923. Member of Scottish Rite. d. April 14, 1931.

Ray Baker Harris Masonic author and librarian. b. Dec.

31, 1907 in Manila, Philippines. Educated in public schools of New York City, the Massanutten Acad. (Va.), and George Washington U. He was on editorial staff of Doubleday, Doran & Co., publishers, N.Y. from 1928–30, and from 1930–39 was in charge of the publications section of The Library of Congress. Since 1939 he has been librarian of the Scottish Rite Supreme Council Library (SJ) at Washington, D.C. A contributor of historical and biographical articles to *Encyclopaedia Britannica*, historical quarterlies, magazines, and newspapers, he founded the Romanian Collection at Kent State U. (Ohio). In WWII he was with the 109th Inf. regiment and 28th Inf. Div. hdqs. in the Rhineland, Alsace, and German campaigns. A member of Potomac Lodge No. 5, Washington, D.C., he was master in 1947, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1957. He is past secretary of Potomac–Hiram Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., and past recorder of Columbia Council No. 3, R. & S.M. He belongs to Potomac Commandery No. 3, K.T. Harris received the 33° honorary, in the AASR (SJ) in 1947, and is past wise master of Evangelist Chapter of Rose Croix. He also belongs to Almas Shrine temple, American Lodge of Research (active member), National Sojourners, Tall Cedars and O.E.S. He is the author of *A Century and a Half of Freemasonry in Georgetown*, and editor of *Bibliography of the Writings of Albert Pike*.

Reginald V. Harris Lawyer and Masonic author. b. March 21, 1881 at Londonderry Mines, N.S., Canada. Holds B.A. from Trinity U. (Toronto), and M.A. from Toronto U. and King's College (Windsor), with two honorary doctorates. Admitted to Nova Scotia bar in 1905, and has practiced in Winnipeg

(Man.) and Halifax (N.S.) Active in the Church of England for 50 years, he was elected prolocutor in 1946, being first layman in Anglican Communion to hold this office. A founder and past president of the Commercial Club of Halifax; founder of Canadian Cancer Society; governor of King's College; school commissioner for Halifax; alderman, Halifax; founder and past president of Halifax Welfare Bureau; past member of provincial and national Red Cross council. Created officer of Order of St. John in 1917, and commander in 1943; received King's Coronation medal in 1937. In 1909 he won first prize in the Empire-wide competition for essay on Standard of Empire. Among his many writings are *The Trial of Christ from a Legal Standpoint*; *His- tory of Knight Templarism in Canada*; *The Beginnings of Freemasonry in Canada (1606–1800)*; and over 200 histories of Masonic bodies in Canada. He has written a number of plays including ten Masonic ones. Raised in St. Andrew's Lodge No. 1, Halifax, Oct. 7, 1913, he served as master and secretary. He was grand master of Nova Scotia from 1932–35, and has been grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia since 1945. Exalted in St. Andrew's Chapter No. 2 in 1915, he was grand high priest in 1926–27; Knighted in Antiquity Preceptory No. 5, K.T., he was supreme grand master in 1937–39. A member of the Nova Scotia Consistory, Scottish Rite, he was made honorary 33° in 1932, and was active 33° from 1954–56.

Robert LeRoy Harris (1874–1948) Episcopal Bishop. b. Feb. 12, 1874 at Cleveland, O. Graduate of Kenyon Coll. (Ohio) in 1896. Ordained Episcopal deacon in 1899, and priest in 1900. He served churches in Toledo, Ohio; Newport, Ky.;

Cincinnati, Ohio; and Cheyenne, Wyo. He was elected bishop of Marquette in 1917, and later served as bishop in charge of Episcopal churches in Europe. Member of Sanford L. Collins Lodge No. 396, Toledo, Ohio; Toledo Chapter No. 161, R.A.M.; Toledo Council No. 33, R. & S.M.; Toledo Commandery No. 7, K.T. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Valley of Cincinnati in 1905, and in 1908 affiliated with the bodies at Cheyenne, Wyo., returning to Valley of Toledo in 1918. He was crowned 33° (NJ) on Sept. 16, 1919. d. Feb. 6, 1948.

Rufus C. Harris President of Tulane University since 1937. b. at Monroe, Ga. in 1897. Graduate of Mercer U. in 1917. He was professor of law at Mercer U. from 1923–27, and from 1927–37 was dean and professor of law at Tulane U. Has been director of U.S. Federal Reserve Bank at Atlanta, Ga. since 1938. Served in WWI as a first lieutenant of Infantry in France. Member of General Warren Lodge No. 20, Monroe, Ga., being raised on May 11, 1920.

Thaddeus M. Harris (1768–1842) Colonial clergyman and Masonic writer. b. July 7, 1768 at Charlestown, Mass. His father was a Revolutionary patriot, who died during the war, leaving his family destitute. He entered the school of Dr. Morse, who prepared him for college; and in 1787 he was graduated from Harvard U. Through the influence of friends he was invited that year to become private secretary to General Washington, but was prevented from accepting by an attack of smallpox. He taught at Worcester a year, studied theology and in 1781 was appointed librarian at Harvard. He served until 1793, when he became pastor of the First

Unitarian church at Dorchester, where he remained until three years before his death. His son, Thaddeus W., q.v., later became librarian at Harvard. He wrote *Discourses in Favor of Freemasonry* (1803). Other writings were: *Biographical Memoirs of James Oglethorpe*; *A Natural History of the Bible*; *Journal of a Tour of the Territory Northwest of the Alleghany Mountains*; and others. He was the first grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts from 1797–98, drafted the “Harris Constitutions” for his grand lodge; was junior warden in 1800, and grand secretary from 1800–10. He was made a Mason in King Solomon Lodge, Charlestown in 1790. d. April 3, 1842.

Thaddeus W. Harris (1795–1856) Entomologist and librarian. b. Nov. 12, 1795 at Dorchester, Mass., the son of the Rev. Thaddeus M. Harris, q.v. He was graduated from Harvard in 1815, studied medicine, and practiced at Milton Hill, Mass. until 1831, when he was appointed librarian of Harvard. He served in this capacity until his death in 1856. His father had been librarian of Harvard 1781–93. In 1837 he was appointed to make a zoological and botanical survey of Mass., and after much research, published a catalog of insects that numbered 2,350 species. He was a member of Union Lodge at Dorchester. d. Jan. 16, 1856.

William L. Harris (1817–1887) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. Nov. 4, 1817 at Mansfield, Ohio. Admitted to the Michigan conference of the church in 1837, and in 1840, when boundaries between Mich. and Ohio were adjusted, became a member of the Northern Ohio conference. He served pastorates in

Ohio for eight years and became an instructor in Ohio Wesleyan U., and later principal of Baldwin Inst. at Berea. Ordained bishop in 1872. In 1872–73 he circumnavigated the world on a visit to various missions. He was recognized as an expert on Methodist church law. The place and dates of his degrees are unknown, but in 1842, he was a member of Mount Zion Lodge No. 9, (Ohio) and in 1848 was a member of Toledo Lodge No. 144, Toledo, Ohio. d. Sept. 2, 1887.

Alexander C. Harrison An aide to General Washington during the Revolution. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 28 of Maryland. During the Revolution, Washington had a total of 32 aides at one time or another. Some were military and others were secretaries. Seven of them have been identified as Freemasons.

Benjamin Harrison Federal Judge, Southern District of California since 1940. b. Dec. 18, 1888 at San Bernardino, Calif. Admitted to bar in 1914, and practiced at Needles, and then San Bernardino. Raised in Needles Lodge No. 326, Needles, Calif. in Jan., 1922; exalted in Keystone Chapter No. 56, R.A.M. of San Bernardino; greeted in Valley Council No. 56, R. & SM., San Bernardino; and knighted in St. Bernard Commandery No. 23, San Bernardino. He went through the chairs in the chapter. Member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple, Los Angeles.

Byron P. “Pat” Harrison (1881–1941) U.S. Senator from Mississippi (four terms) 1919–43, dying in office. b. Aug. 29, 1881 at Crystal Springs, Miss. Attended Louisiana State

U., and began law practice at Leakesville in 1902, and later at Gulfport. He was a member of the 62nd to 65th U.S. congresses (1911–19) from the 6th Miss. dist. He was chairman of the senate finance committee. Member of Gulfport Lodge No. 422 and 32° AASR (SJ) in Gulfport Consistory, both of Gulfport, Miss. d. June 22, 1941.

Carter H. Harrison (1860–1953) Lawyer, publisher, and five times mayor of Chicago (1897–1905, 1911–15) b. April 23, 1860. He was the son of Carter Henry Harrison, who also served five terms as mayor of Chicago, and was killed by an assassin, Oct. 28, 1893. Graduate of St. Ignatius Coil. (Loyola U.) in 1881. He first practiced law, then engaged in the real estate business, and from 1891–94 was editor and publisher of the Chicago Times. Member of Auburn Park Lodge No. 789 of Chicago, receiving degrees on Feb. 10, March 12, and March 18, 1898; Knight Templar. d. Dec. 25, 1953.

Francis B. Harrison (1873–?) Former Governor General of the Philippines. b. Dec. 18, 1873. He replaced Governor General Forbes in 1913. A member of Manila Lodge No. 1, he was made “at sight” by Grand Master Taylor on July 11, 1916. He received the 32° AASR in August, 1916, dimitted in 1927, reinstated in 1946, and again dimitted in 1949.

George P. Harrison Confederate General of Civil War. Was deputy grand master of Grand Lodge of Alabama in 1892–93, and grand master in 1894–95.

Henry B. Harrison (1821–1901) Governor of Connecticut,

1885–86. b. in New Haven, Conn. Graduate of Yale at head of class in 1846, receiving LL.D. from same in 1885. A lawyer, he was often in the state legislature, and was one time speaker of the house. He assisted in the organization of the Republican party in Conn. in 1885–86. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 1, Franklin Chapter No. 4, and New Haven Commandery No. 2, K.T., all of New Haven, Conn.

Roland R. Harrison (1878–1940) Managing editor of the Christian Science Monitor. b. June 10, 1878 at Smithville, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell U. in 1903. From 1903–22 he was with the following newspapers: Brooklyn Standard Union; New York Times; New York Herald. He joined the Monitor staff at Boston in 1922, and was executive editor from 1924–29, and administrative editor from 1939. He was manager of the Christian Science Publishing Society from 1929–39. Mason. d. Jan. 16, 1940.

William H. Harrison Judge, Supreme Court of New Brunswick. b. Sept. 25, 1880 in St. John, N.B., Canada. Graduate of U. of New Brunswick and Harvard Law School. Called to the bar in 1903, and became King's counsel in 1923. From 1908–19 he edited the N.B. Law Reports. He served in the provincial legislature from 1925–33, when appointed attorney general of N.B. on the latter date. Supreme court judge since 1935. In WWI he commanded the 3rd New Brunswick Royal Canadian Artillery, and was awarded the D.S.O. Mason.

William Henry Harrison (1773–1841) Ninth President of the United States. Anti-Mason.

Archibald C. Hart (1873–1935) U.S. Congressman to 62nd to 64th Congresses (1911–17) from 6th N.J. dist. b. Feb. 27, 1873 at Lennoxville, P.Q. Canada. Admitted to N.J. bar in 1896. Served in Spanish–American War with 2nd N.J. Volunteer Infantry. Raised in Pioneer Lodge No. 70, Hackensack, N.J. on March 16, 1900. d. July 24, 1935 (grand lodge records say July 23rd).

John E. Hart (1825–1863) Lieutenant Commander, U.S. Navy. A truce was called while his erstwhile enemies gave him Masonic burial services. b. in New York City. Appointed midshipman in the navy, Feb. 23, 1841. At the outbreak of the Mexican War he was serving on the famous Constitution. He entered the U.S. Naval Academy, and was the 92nd man to graduate from that newly formed school, in 1847. In 1856 he served on the sloop Jamestown off the African coast. He was apparently granted a leave, for he was made a Mason in St. George's Lodge No. 6, Schenectady, N.Y. in 1857. He married the daughter of Abraham A. Van Vorst, who was three times mayor of Schenectady, and master of the lodge in 1855–56. Thereafter Hart made Schenectady his home. He served on the receiving ship New York in 1857, and was promoted to lieutenant commander Aug. 5, 1862, and assigned command of a small side–wheel gunboat Albatross. As a part of Farragut's squadron, he received orders to shell the town of St. Francisville, La. on the Mississippi River. He became delirious with fever and shot himself to death in his cabin. Before dying, he requested that he be given a Masonic funeral instead of having his remains consigned to the river. Fellow officers, respecting his request, ran up the flag of

truce, and rowed to Bayou Sara, where they contacted Capt. William W. Leake, the senior warden of Feliciana Lodge No. 31. Leake was home on leave from the Confederate Army. Leake, Samuel, and Benjamin White (local residents), and the Masons of the Albatross conducted the Masonic services. In the ensuing years the lone Union grave in a field of Confederate dead was cared for by Leake, who passed the job on to his daughter, Mrs. Camilla Barrow, when he died in 1912. Mrs. Barrow was still living when on Jan. 8, 1956, a delegation from St. George Lodge of Schnectady, N.Y. and St. Francisville Masons, gathered to dedicate a new marker on the 93-year-old grave, and to hear repeated the strange story of how once the bonds of Masonry stretched across the enemy lines. Two dates are given for Hart's death. Navy records state it was June 11, 1863, while Feliciana Lodge records say it was April 11, 1863.

Louis F. Hart (1862–1929) Governor of Washington. b. Jan. 4, 1862 at High Point, Mo. Admitted to the bar in 1884, he first practiced at California, Mo. and then in Snohomish, Wash. from 1889. He was lieutenant governor of Washington from 1912–19, and governor from 1919–25. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge I.O.O.F. of Washington from 1901–14. He was a member of Fern Hill Lodge No. 80 of Tacoma, and Afifi Shrine Temple of that city. d. Dec. 5, 1929.

O. Frank Hart (1879–1950) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1927–30. He was a druggist before accepting the grand secretaryship of the state bodies of S.C. Made a Master Mason in Richland Lodge No. 39, Columbia,

S.C. in 1903. Member of Columbia Chapter No. 5, RAM.; Columbia Commandery No. 4, K.T. Served as grand high priest of the grand chapter and grand commander of the grand commandery of S.C., secretary and recorder of grand lodge, chapter, council and commandery; grand commander, grand commandery of S.C. in 1927. d. Nov. 28, 1950.

Oliver J. Hart Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Pennsylvania. b. July 18, 1892 at York, S.C. Graduate of Hobart Coll. (N.Y.) in 1913. Ordained minister in 1917, and served churches in Charleston, S.C.; Macon, Ga.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Washington, D.C.; and Boston, Mass. He was elected bishop coadjutor of Tenn. in 1937, but declined. In 1938 he was made bishop of Delaware, and in 1942 bishop of Pennsylvania. He served as a chaplain in both World Wars. Received degrees in Philanthropic Lodge No. 32, York, S.C. on Oct 3, Nov. 6, 1917, and Feb. 4, 1918. Later affiliations have been Macon Lodge No. 5, Macon, Ga. (1920–37); Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C.; St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, and since 1946, University Lodge No. 610, Philadelphia, Pa. Exalted in Carolina Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Charleston, S.C., April 22, 1920, and later affiliations have been in Macon, Ga., Mt. Pleasant Chapter No. 13, R.A.M., D.C., and University Chapter No. 256, R.A.M., Philadelphia. He was knighted in South Carolina Commandery No. 1, Charleston, S.C. on May 29, 1920, affiliating with Chattanooga Commandery No. 32, K.T. Chattanooga Tenn., Dec. 26, 1930, and later, with Mary Commandery No. 36, K.T. at Philadelphia. He has been grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania since 1949. Received the 32° AASR (NJ) in Philadelphia and 33° in Boston on Sept. 27, 1951.

William L. Hart Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio from 1934. b. Feb. 5, 1867 at Salineville, Ohio. Graduate of Mt. Union Coll. and U. of Michigan, he was admitted to the bar in 1897, and has since practiced at Alliance. Member of Conrad Lodge No. 271, Alliance, receiving degrees on May 23, Oct. 2, and Oct. 16, 1913.

Dow W. Harter U.S. Congressman to 73rd to 77th Congresses (1933–43) from 14th Ohio dist. b. Jan. 2, 1885 at Akron, Ohio. Practiced law first at Akron, and later in Washington, D.C. Mason.

Roland H. Hartley (1864–1952) Governor of Washington, 1925–33. b. June 26, 1864 at Shogomoc, N.B., Canada. Educated in public schools of Minneapolis, Minn. In 1897 he was private secretary to his father-in-law, Governor David M. Clough of Minn. Moved to Everett, Wash. in 1903, where he engaged in the lumber business. He was mayor of Everett in 1910, served in the lower house in 1915–16. He was president of Clough, Hartley Co. Mason, Shriner, and member of St. Alban's Conclave No. 18, Red Cross of Constantine. 33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 22, 1897. He was raised Nov. 26, 1885 in Cataract Lodge No. 2 of Minneapolis, and served as master in 1897. He was later a member of Cass Lodge No. 243 of Cass Lake, Minn. and served as master in 1901. In 1898 he was district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Minn. He had also served as high priest of his chapter, commander of his commandery, potentate of his Shrine Temple and grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Minn. in 1902–03. d. Sept. 21, 1952.

Leroy L. Hartman Dentist, and after 18 years of research, discoverer of formula for desensitizing dentine of teeth (1935), known as "Hartman's Solution." b. Jan. 20, 1893 at Victoria, B.C., Canada. Received dental degree from Northwestern U. in 1913. Naturalized in 1919. Practiced dentistry in Victoria and in Seattle, Wash., and was professor of operative dentistry at Columbia U. Mason, 32° and Shriner.

John F. Hartranft (1830–?) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1872–78, and Major General in Civil War. b. Dec. 16, 1830, in New Hanover, Pa. Graduate of Union Coll. in 1853, he was admitted to the bar in 1859. At beginning of Civil War he raised the 4th Pa. regiment, and commanded it. He later organized the 51st Pa. regiment, which he commanded and led in the charge of the stone bridge at Antietam. He fought at Fredericksburg, Campbell's Station, the defense of Knoxville, Vicksburg, and with Sherman in his march to Jackson, Miss. He commanded a brigade in the battles of the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, and was made brigadier general of volunteers in 1864. In Aug. 1864, he commanded a division and was brevetted major general for services in recapturing Fort Steadman. He was postmaster of Philadelphia in 1879, and collector of the port in 1880. Member of Charity Lodge No. 190 at Norristown, Pa. Deceased.

Joseph C. Hartzell (1842–1929) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. June 1, 1842 at Moline, Ill. Graduate of Illinois Wesleyan U. and Garrett Bible Inst. Ordained to ministry in 1866, and served churches in Pekin, Ill., and New Orleans, La. from 1869–82. He founded the Southwestern Christian

Advocate in 1875. Served as missionary bishop of Africa from 1896–1916. At one time he was special envoy to U.S. and England in behalf of the Republic of Liberia, and succeeded in averting a crisis between that country and Germany. He was made Knight Commander, Order of Redemption of Africa by the Liberian government. Mason. d. Sept. 6, 1929.

Matthew Harvey (1781–1866) Governor of New Hampshire in 1830, serving but one year. He resigned to accept appointment of President Jackson, q.v., as Federal judge of the district court. b. June 21, 1781 in Sutton, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth U. in 1806, he practiced law in Hopkinton. He served in the state legislature from 1814–20, and in U.S. Congress from 1821–25. From 1825–28 he was president of the state senate. Member of King Solomon's Lodge No. 14, Elkins, N.H. (formerly of Scytheville). d. Concord, April 7, 1866.

William W. Harvey Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Kansas. b. Nov. 21, 1869 in Madison Co., Ky. and reared in Shawnee Co., Kans. He taught school in Silver Lake, Rossville, and Ellsworth, Kans. before being admitted to the bar in 1898. He first practiced law at Topeka, but moved to Ashland in 1906. Harvey served on the supreme court bench from 1923–56, and was chief justice from 1945–56. He was initiated in Ellsworth Lodge No. 146, Ellsworth, Kans., May 2, 1898, passed Aug. 1, and was raised Oct. 11. On May 20, 1903 he was admitted to Topeka Lodge No. 17, Topeka, and on Jan. 2, 1907, was admitted to Ashland Lodge No. 277, Ashland. He served the latter lodge as junior warden in 1908 and master in 1909.

Charles Harwood (1880–1950) Governor of Virgin Islands, 1941. Federal Judge of Canal Zone, 1937. b. May 24, 1880 in Brooklyn, N.Y. He was graduated from the New York Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1904. He practiced in New York City until 1935, when he became special assistant to the U.S. attorney general for two years. Raised in Mar-chants Lodge No. 709, Brooklyn, April 18, 1907; became dual member of Harrison Lodge No. 1093, Feb. 2, 1949. Received 32° AASR (NJ), May 24, 1907, and joined Kismet Shrine Temple, May 31, 1907. d. Oct. 23, 1950.

Kittredge Haskins (1836–1916) U.S. Congressman to 57th to 60th Congresses (1901–09) from 2nd Vt. dist. b. April 8, 1836 at Dover, Vt. Admitted to bar in 1858. During the Civil War, he served with the 16th Vt. regiment from 1862–63. He practiced law in Brattleboro after 1866. He was a U.S. district attorney from 1880–87, served in the state legislature, and was speaker of the house in 1898, and member of state senate, 1892–94. He was raised in Social Lodge No. 38, Wilmington, Vt., June 7, 1857, affiliating with Columbian Lodge No. 36 at Brattleboro in 1865; exalted in Fort Dummer Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. in 1865; knighted in Beauseant Cornmandery No. 7, all of Brattleboro. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Vermont from 1895–97; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Vermont in 1883; and grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Vermont in 1891. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1899. d. Aug. 7, 1916.

Daniel H. Hastings (1849–1903) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1895–99. b. Feb. 26, 1849 at Salona, Pa. Reared on a farm,

he practiced law from 1875–88. He was largely interested in coal mines and banking. In 1887–91 he was adjutant general of Pa., and as such had charge of the relief measures in the Johnstown flood of 1889. His home was at Bellefonte, Pa. and he was a member of Bellefonte Lodge No. 268; he served as commander of Bellefonte Commandery, K.T.

Daniel O. Hastings U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1928–37. b. March 5, 1874 at Somerset Co., Md. Admitted to bar in 1902, he served as deputy attorney general of the state, and as secretary of state. In 1909 he was appointed associate justice of the state supreme court, and served until 1911, when he resigned. He was appointed by the governor as U.S. senator in 1928, and won the next term by election. Now practices law in Wilmington. Member of Armstrong Lodge No. 26, Newport, Del. and 32° AASR (NJ) at Wilmington since 1914.

Francis, 1st Marquis of Hastings (see Earl of Moira).

S. Clinton Hastings (1814–?) Chief Justice of Iowa and California; philanthropist. b. Nov. 14, 1814. He was educated at Gouverneur Academy (N.Y.) and studied law, beginning practice in Iowa. He was a member of the Iowa legislature and was one of the first U.S. congressmen from Iowa, serving from 1846–47. He was appointed chief justice of Iowa supreme court in 1848, but only served one year, moving to Calif. where he was elected chief justice of Calif. by the unanimous vote of the state legislature. He designed the first seal of Calif. which showed an altar with a square and compass on it. In 1878 he founded and endowed Hastings Coll. of Law in

the U. of Calif. He paid \$100,000 in gold to the state treasury for use in legal education of students. He also gave \$6,000 in property to the foundation of St. Catherine Academy in Benicia. He belonged to two California lodges, Tehama No. 3 and Jennings No. 4 of Sacramento. The latter lodge had a short but tempestuous life. It was originally chartered as New Jersey Lodge, U.D. under the Grand Lodge of N.J. (1849), and then as Berryman Lodge No. 4 under Calif. in 1850, and a short time later changing its name to Jennings No. 4. Both the lodge names were in honor of Berryman Jennings, the first grand treasurer of the Grand Lodge of California. Due to expenses of building a lodge hall (\$3949) and charity to sojourning brethren (\$14,000), it was forced to close its doors after three years. Hastings was one of the names on the note to make good the money advanced the lodge by Jennings.

Samuel M. Hastings (1860–1943) President of Dayton Scale Co. and director of International Business Machines Corp. b. Aug. 14, 1860. Was in manufacture and sale of computing scales at Chicago from 1893, and president of the Dayton Scale Co. until 1927, when it merged with I.B.M. and he became director of the latter organization. Received the degrees in Braidwood Lodge No. 704, Braidwood, Ill., Nov. 15, Dec. 6, and Dec. 31, 1883. Affiliated with Streator Lodge No. 607, Streator, Ill. in 1885, dimitting Feb. 5, 1890, and on Feb. 7, 1918, affiliating with A.O. Fay Lodge No. 676, Highland Park, Ill. d. April 1, 1943.

William W. Hastings Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 18, 1889 at Geneva, Nebr. Graduate of Mass. Inst. of Tech. in 1925

in naval architecture and marine engineering, he entered the naval service in WWI and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1947. He was with the Naval Construction Corps from 1918 until his retirement in 1947. Mason, Knight Templar and Royal Arch Mason.

Charles H. Haswell (1809–1907) First Engineer-in-Chief of the U.S. Navy, 1844–52. b. May 22, 1809 in New York City. He was a member of the board that designed the steam frigates Missouri and Mississippi. Before the naval engineering corps was established in 1844, he had served as chief engineer from 1836. He was a consulting engineer in New York City from 1852, and a trustee of the New York and Brooklyn Bridge in 1877. He wrote *Mechanic's and Engineer's Pocket-Book*; *Mechanic's Tables*; and others. He was a past master of Hiram Lodge No. 10, Washington, D.C.

Carl A. Hatch U.S. Senator from New Mexico, 1933–49; U.S. District Judge for New Mexico from 1949. b. Nov. 27, 1889 at Kirwin, Kans. Graduate of Cumberland U. He first practiced law at Eldorado, Okla., but moved to Clovis, N.M. in 1912. He was assistant attorney general in 1917–18, and judge of the 9th judicial dist. from 1923–29. He again practiced law at Clovis from 1929–33. Received his degrees in Clovis Lodge No. 40, Clovis, N.M., and life member of same; 32° AASR at Santa Fe, and member of Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple at Albuquerque, N.M.

William B. Hatcher (1888–1947) President of Louisiana State University from 1944. b. Dec. 12, 1888 at Ripley, Miss.

Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1916. He served as principal of high school in Baker, La. and superintendent at Baton Rouge before going to Louisiana State U. as a history professor in 1936. Received his degrees in Plains Lodge No. 135, Zachary, La. on Oct. 8, Nov. 12, and Dec. 3, 1915. Dimitted Dec. 3, 1940. d. April 3, 1947.

Ichiro Hatoyama Prime Minister of Japan. b. Jan. 1, 1883 in Tokyo. He studied at the Tokyo Imperial U. and practiced law in Tokyo from 1907–15. He served many years in the Japanese house of representatives, starting in 1915, and was chief secretary of the cabinet in 1927–29. In 1931–34 he was minister of education. He was elected prime minister of Japan in 1954. He was made a Master Mason, March 26, 1955, while prime minister. This was widely publicized in the Japanese newspapers, for it was an about face of policy from 15 years previous, when the Japanese government forbade any national to become a member of the fraternity. Local attacks upon Freemasonry went as far back as 1921, when Jiro Imai, faculty member of Tokyo Imperial U., warned against “this dangerous and subversive secret society.” The ceremony was jointly conducted by the Grand Lodge of the Philippines and the district grand lodge of Japan. Five officers from the Philippines attended, including Grand Master Warner Schetelig, and Grand Secretary Antonio Gonzales. The Nippon Times stated that General John E. Hull, General Paul E. Rusto, General K. P. McNaughton, and Venezuelan Minister Rodriguez-Jiminez participated in the ceremony. Messages of congratulations poured in from people all over the world to Hatoyama, including ex-president Truman and General

Douglas MacArthur. MacArthur's wire read: "As basic morality is the foundation of Freemasonry it is a source of deep satisfaction to me to see its progress in Japan. No more reassuring indication of its growing strength could be evidenced than the conferring of its third degree upon the Prime Minister. Please extend my felicitations to him on this significant occasion not only personally, but as the political representative of the great Japanese race."

Jacob Hvinden Haug Major general in Norwegian army; he was in charge of the Oslo (Grand area when the Germans occupied Norway). Master of the Grand Lodge of Norway 1945–1957, at which time he resigned because of ill health. He was distinguished for his work in rebuilding Freemasonry in Norway after WWII. Grateful brethren from all parts of Norway presented him with a gold medal upon his resignation in 1957 as grand master. He was K. and C. of the Order of King Charles XIII. b. in 1880.

David N. Hauseman Brigadier General U.S. Army and president of Houndry Process Corp. b. March 4, 1895 at Pottstown, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania, Mass. Inst. Tech. and Harvard U. He enlisted in the Army as a private in 1917, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944, retiring in 1946. Following WWII he was in charge of the general staff supervision of settling war contracts and disposal of surplus property for Army Service Forces and Air Force. He was vice president of Temple U. and president and director of that institution's research institute from 1946–48. Mason.

Samuel T. Hauser (1833–1914) Governor of Montana, 1886–88. b. Jan. 10, 1833 in Falmouth, Ky. Educated as a civil engineer, he was an engineer on Missouri Pacific Railroad in 1854, and a prospector along the upper waters of the Missouri and Columbia Rivers in 1862. He opened a bank at Virginia City, Mont. in 1865, and from 1866 was president of the First National Bank of Helena, Mont. He was a prominent member of the Vigilance Committee in the pioneer days. Mason. d. Nov. 10, 1914.

John W. Haussermann Capitalist, known as the “Gold King of the Philippines.” b. Dec. 14, 1867 in Clermont Co., Ohio. Graduate of U. of Cincinnati in 1889. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1889, and later practiced in Leavenworth, Kans., where he was city attorney; in 1898, he enlisted with the 20th Kansas volunteers, and served in the Philippines as a second lieutenant. In 1902 he was appointed by Governor Taft to prepare a charter for the city of Manila. He served as assistant attorney general for the Philippines in 1902–03, and resigned to enter private practice of law. Since 1915 he has engaged principally in gold mining. He has been president of the Benguet Consolidated Mining Co. since that time. On his 90th birthday, he offered his Ohio estate, known as the Pond Run Farm, to the Masons of Ohio. Member of Corregidor–Southern Cross Lodge No. 3, F. & A.M. in Manila, Philippines; Luzon Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and Oriental Council No. 1, R. & S.M., Manila; Nile Shrine Temple, Seattle, Wash.; and Asoka Conclave No. 30, Red Cross of Constantine, Manila.

John F. Haussmann (1873–1955) University coach,

baseball player, and professor of German. In early life he was a member of the St. Louis Cardinals. He was an uncle of Clemens Haussmann, Boston Red Sox pitcher, and of George Haussmann, 2nd baseman with New York Giants. He studied at Washington U. (Mo.) ; Elmhurst Coll. (Ill.) and was graduated from U. of Michigan in 1902, with Phi Beta Kappa honors. He played on Michigan's baseball team. After study in Germany, he taught German at the U. of Wisconsin where he earned a master's and doctor's degree. In 1908 he was the university's baseball coach. He retired in 1948. Made a Mason in Hiram Lodge No. 50 of Three Rivers, Mich. on April 14, 1917, he was buried by that lodge following his death on Dec. 30, 1955.

Henry Havemeyer (1838–1886) Sugar magnate. b. July 25, 1838 in New York City. He became a member of the family sugar refining firm, which controlled more than half of the entire sugar interest of the country. He was also engaged in tobacco commerce. He was one time engaged of the Long Island Railway. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. June 2, 1886.

Joseph E. Haven (1885–1937) U.S. Consul. b. Jan. 19, 1885 at Chicago, Ill. Entering consular service in 1904, he served at St. Christopher, W.I.; Crefeld, Germany; Roubaix, France; and Catania, Turin and Trieste, Italy. d. May 4, 1937.

Benjamin C. Hawkes (1875–1931) President of Standard Playing Card Co. from 1898, and President of U.S. Playing Card Co. from 1929–30. b. Oct. 8, 1875, at Chicago, Ill.

Educated in Chicago public schools, Northwestern U., and Chicago Coll. of Law. Admitted to bar in 1896, and practiced at Chicago until 1906. He was also president of the Caxton Printing Ink and Color Co., and Great Northern Lumber Co. Mason. d. Dec. 16, 1931.

Alan S. Hawkesworth (1867–1942) Mathematician and clergyman. b. Aug. 10, 1867 in New Orleans, he was taken to England when four years old, and educated in Church Missionary Coll. of London. He went to San Antonio, Texas in 1891. Ordained deacon in Protestant Episcopal church in 1892, he went to Buenos Aires, S.A., and was ordained priest in 1894. He was rector at Sao Paulo and Santos, Brazil, Georgetown, St. Vincent, B.W.I. and Pittsburgh, Pa. from 1893–1917. From 1917–1923 he was a mathematician in the Bureau of Naval Ordnance. He discovered and published nearly 100 new theorems in geometrical conics. He traveled in nearly all countries of the world. In 1908 he was a member of the 4th International Mathematical Congress at Rome, and a perpetual fellow of the Circolo Matematico di Palermo. Mason. d. Oct. 31, 1942.

Edward L. Hawkins (1851–1913) English Masonic author. b. Aug. 10, 1851. He was raised in Apollo University Lodge No. 357, Oxford, in 1881. He was an early member of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076, joining in 1886. However, he resigned at the first meeting after its consecration, and did not again affiliate for 20 years. He served as its senior warden in 1912. He wrote *A History of Freemasonry in Oxfordshire* (1882); *A Concise Cyclopaedia or Handbook of*

Masonic Reference (1908); started the publication *Miscellanea Latomorum* in 1911; and prepared a revised edition of Mackey's *Encyclopaedia of Freemasonry* in 1911. d. March 17, 1913.

Albert H. Hawley (1866–1931) Labor leader. b. May 13, 1866 at Davenport, Iowa. He was a hotel employee from the age of 13 to 19, and a railroad fireman and engineer from 1885–1901. From 1901–09 he was an inspector for the Interstate Commerce Commission, and from 1909 was general secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers. Mason. d. May 28, 1931.

Joseph R. Hawley (1826–1905) Governor, Congressman, Senator from Conn. Was brigadier general (1864), and brevetted major general (1865), in Civil War. He served as governor of Conn. in 1866, U.S. congressman several times, and U.S. senator from 1881–1905. He is referred to as a Mason, but no record is found of his membership.

Paul R. Hawley Major General, U.S. Army Medical Corps, and now chief executive officer of Blue Cross and Blue Shield programs. b. Jan. 31, 1891 at West College Corner, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U., 1912, U. of Cincinnati, 1914, Johns Hopkins, 1923. He was commissioned a first lieutenant in the Medical Corps in 1916, and advanced through grades to major general in 1944. From 1943–47 he was chief medical director of the U.S. Veterans Administration. He is director of the American College of Surgeons. He has received many decorations and awards, both foreign and domestic. Served in

WWI in France, and in WWII was chief surgeon of Army Air Force in British Isles and European theatre. Mason.

Willis C. Hawley (1864–1941) U.S. Congressman to 60th to 72nd Congresses (1907–33) from 1st Oregon dist. b. May 5, 1864 near Monroe, Ore. Held a B.S., LL.B., A.B., A.M. and LL.D. from Willamette U. of Salem, Ore. He was president of the Oregon State Normal School from 1888–91, and 1893–1902. From 1902–05 he was vice president and dean of Willamette U. He was admitted to the bar in 1894. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 50, Salem, Ore., receiving degrees on Nov. 25, 1903, March 30 and April 27, 1904. d. July 24, 1941.

Frank W. Hawthorne Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana from 1945. b. June 2, 1900 at Springhill, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1924, he was admitted to the bar in that year and practiced at Winnsboro for a short time, and then at Bastrop from 1924–33. Received the degrees in Simcoe Walmsley Lodge No. 359, Cypress, La. on Sept. 10, Dec. 4, Dec. 15, 1921; affiliated with Mt. Gerizim Lodge No. 54, Bastrop, La., May 21, 1928; 32° AASR (SJ).

Arthur D. Hay (1884–1952) Justice of Supreme Court of Oregon, 1942–52. b. Oct. 24, 1884 in Scotland, he came to the U.S. in 1906, and was naturalized in 1918. He studied at the HeriotWatt Coll. of Edinburgh, and graduated from U. of Oregon in 1911, being admitted to the bar in that year. He first practiced in Portland, then Klamath Falls (1912–15), and Lakewood (1915–33). He served as district attorney and circuit judge. He received his degrees in Lakeview Lodge

No. 71, Lakeview, Oreg., Feb. 19, April 13 and June 8, 1921, serving as master of same, 1924–32, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1941. He held dual membership in Research Lodge No. 198. d. Dec. 19, 1952.

Marion E. Hay (1865–1933) Seventh Governor of Washington, 1909–13. b. Dec. 9, 1865 in Adams Co., Wis. After clerking in a store in Minn. for seven years, he moved to Washington Territory in 1888, and entered the mercantile business in Davenport, moving to Wilbur in 1889, and Spokane in 1908. Elected lieutenant governor in 1908, and became governor on the death of Governor Cosgrove. He was a member and past master of Tuscan Lodge No. 81 of Wilbur. d. Nov. 21, 1933.

Count Tadasu Hayashi (1850–1913) Japanese diplomat and statesman. He was minister to China from 1896–98; minister to Russia from 1898–99; minister to Great Britain, 1899–1906. He was created a count in 1907, for being largely responsible for the treaties of the Anglo–Japanese alliances of 1902 and 1905. He was a delegate to the International Peace Conference at The Hague in 1899. He was made a Freemason in Empire Lodge No. 2108 of London, England.

Carl Hayden U.S. Senator from Arizona since 1926. Now in his sixth term. b. Oct. 2, 1877 at Hayden's Ferry —now Tempe, Ariz. Served as member of town council of Tempe, treasurer and sheriff of Maricopa Co. In WWI he was an infantry major in the national guard. He was a member of the 62nd to 69th U.S. congresses (1912–27) from Arizona at

large. He has specialized in legislation relating to irrigation of arid lands and Federal aid for highways. Member of Tempe Lodge No. 15, Tempe, Ariz.

Franz Joseph Haydn (1732–1809) Austrian composer, regarded as the first great master of the symphony and the quartet. He sang in the cathedral choir of St. Stephen's at Vienna from 1740–49. From 1760–90 he was kapel/meister in the service of the Esterhazy family, and it was during this period that he wrote some of his greatest music, operas, Masses, piano sonatas, symphonies and overtures. He had a long friendship with Mozart, q.v., beginning in 1781. Mozart's influence aided him in developing a fuller mastery of orchestral effects in his later symphonies. While in England from 1791–92, he wrote and conducted six symphonies, and again in 1794–95, wrote another six symphonies while in that country. He was a resident of the Vienna suburbs from 1795, where he wrote his last eight Masses, his finest chamber music, the Austrian national anthem, and the two great oratorios, *The Creation*, and *The Seasons*. It is probable that his association with Mozart led him to petition Freemasonry, as it happened three years after their close association started. Haydn received his Entered Apprentice degree on Feb. 4, 1785 in the lodge *Zur Wahrn Eintracht* at Vienna and Mozart was present on that occasion.

N. W. J. Haydon (1871–1950) Librarian, Grand Lodge of Canada, 1923–50. b. Devonshire, England, Oct. 1, 1871. Raised in North Lodge, Lowell, Mass. in 1886, and was the first affiliate of Riverdale Lodge No. 494 of Toronto, Canada in 1910.

He formed the Toronto Society for Masonic Research in 1920, and was greatly interested in the literary side of Freemasonry. d. Dec. 12, 1950.

Charles M. Hayes Founder of the "Schoolboy Patrol" and long-time President of the Chicago Motor Club. b. June 9, 1877 in Cincinnati, Ohio. First employed by Standard Oil Co., he later owned Chicago agency for the Halliday car. He was elected president of the Chicago Motor Club in 1914. In 1922 Hayes interested Ill. and Ind. public and parochial schools in a project whereby volunteers were assigned to direct pupils at street crossings while going and returning from school. The resultant reduction in deaths and injuries was followed by an adoption of the plan throughout the nation, and in foreign countries. In 1954 the government issued a 3c stamp on the 50th anniversary of the American Automobile Assn., featuring the Schoolboy Patrol. He was raised in Alpha Lodge No. 155, Galesburg, Ill. in April, 1904. He was exalted in Galesburg Chapter No. 46, R.A.M. the same month, and knighted in Galesburg Commandery No. 8, K.T. in May, 1904. He received the 32° AASR (NJ) at Galesburg in Nov. 1904. Moving to Chicago he transferred his memberships to Dearborn Lodge No. 310; Chicago Chapter No. 127, R.A.M.; Englewood Commandery No. 59, K.T. He is also a member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago. In Sept., 1953 he received the 33° AASR (NJ) and later he and his wife contributed \$5,000 to the benevolent foundation of the Supreme Council, AASR.

Charles R. Hayes Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota

from 1947–51. b. Dec. 24, 1899 at Deadwood, S.D. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1924, and admitted to bar in that year, practicing at Deadwood, and at Miami, Fla. from 1925–30. He was a member of the state legislature (SD.) from 1937–38, and circuit judge 1939–47. In private practice at Deadwood since 1951. Mason and master of Deadwood Lodge No. 7, Deadwood, in 1937. A 32° AASR (SJ), he headed the Black Hills Consistory from 1947–50. Member of NAJA Shrine Temple.

Isaac I. Hayes (1832–1881) Arctic explorer. b. March 5, 1832, in Chester Co., Pa. A medical graduate of the U. of Pennsylvania in 1853, he was with the E. K. Kane, q.v., expedition, 1853–55, as surgeon and naturalist. In May, 1854 he crossed Kane Sea, and was the first white man to place foot on Grinnell Land. On this trip his boat, the *Advance*, was frozen in, and but for the charity of the Etah Es-quimaux, he and his companions would have frozen and starved to death. In 1860–61 he headed his own Arctic expedition, financed by Henry Grinnell, which led to important knowledge of polar geography. It was undertaken in the ship *United States*. In May, 1861 he crossed the Kane Sea and again set foot on Grinnell Land, attaining, on May 18th, a point which he called Cape Lieber (latitude 80° 15' N; longitude 70° W). On this date he planted a Masonic flag, together with the American flag. It was on this trip that he was the first white man to set foot on Ellesmere Land. His third expedition to the Arctic was with William Bradford in the *Panther*, in 1869. For his Arctic work he received the founder's medal of the Royal Geographic Society and the gold medal of the Paris Society.

In 1862 he was commissioned a surgeon of volunteers, and served in the Civil War until 1865, as a lieutenant colonel. He moved to New York City, and was there an assemblyman for five years. He published *An Arctic Boat-Journey; The Open Polar Sea; The Land of Desolation*, and others. Although his original membership is not known, he was made an honorary member of Kane Lodge No. 454 (the explorer's lodge) of New York City in 1875. d. Dec. 17, 1881. Initiated in Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia on Feb. 24, 1859 while lodge was under dispensation.

Moses M. Hayes (1739–1805) Early Boston merchant. His original membership is not known. He first appears on Masonic records, Dec. 6, 1768, when Henry A. Trachen, of Jamaica, appointed him deputy inspector general of the Rite of Perfection for the West Indies and North America. On Feb. 17, 1769, George Harrison, provincial grand master of the New York “Moderns,” issued a warrant for King David’s Lodge in New York City, in which Hayes, “A Hebrew of Masonic distinction,” was named master. Apparently, Hayes later took the warrant to Newport, R.I., and opened a lodge there. He eventually became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. As grand master he ruled with a firm hand, and urged caution in the admission of candidates, and insisted upon secretaries keeping proper records.

Paul H. Hayne (1830–1886) American poet. b. Jan. 1, 1830 at Charleston, S.C. His father, a naval officer, died at sea when Paul was an infant, and he was educated by his uncle Robert Y. Hayne, U.S. Senator and Governor of S.C. Graduate

of Coll. of South Carolina at an early age, and at 23, was editor of Russell's Magazine, and afterward the Charleston Literary Gazette. He served for a time in the Civil War as an aide to Gov. Pickens; his home and all family effects were burned in the bombardment of Charleston. He then moved to Augusta, Ga., where he supported himself by his literary efforts. His last years were spent in virtual poverty and poor health. He became known as the "Laureate of the South." His published volumes are: Poems; Sonnets and Other Poems; Avolio, a Legend of the Island of Cos; Legends and Lyrics; The Mountain of the Lovers, and Other Poems. He was raised in Landmark Lodge No. 76 of Charleston, S.C. about 1851. d. July 6, 1886.

Caleb V. Haynes Brigadier General, U.S. Air Force. b. March 15, 1895 at Mt. Airy, N.C. Graduate of Wake Forest Coll. in 1917. Served in WWI as a private in the aviation section of Signal Corps, U.S. Army, and commissioned second lieutenant in 1918, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. Has been flying since WWI, and never crashed a plane. He set world record for flight for altitude with greatest pay load, in 1939, and record for load distance (2,000 kilograms for 5,000 kilometers), non-stop in 1939. In WWII he helped set up the ferrying commands between the U.S. and England and Africa-Middle East. He personally directed the evacuation of Burma, and was named chief of U.S. Army Bomber Command in China to assist Chiang Kai-Shek, and General Chennault's American Volunteer group in China. He was commanding general of Indian Air Task Force operating against Japanese in Burma. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Eli S. Haynes (1880–1956) Astronomer. b. July 12, 1880 at Trenton, Mo. Received A.B. and A.M. from U. of Mo. and Ph.D. from U. of Calif. Instructor in astronomy at U. of Mo., 1908–11, and in U. of Calif. 1912–13. From 1913–14 he was a Martin Kellogg fellow at the Lick observatory, and professor of astronomy at Beloit Coll. from 1915–23, as well as director of Smith observatory. He returned to Mo. in 1923 as professor of astronomy and director of Laws observatory at the university, retiring in 1950. Member of board of trustees of Christian Coll., Columbia, Mo. from 1937. He made valuable contributions to science on variable star photometry, orbits of comets, and asteroids, and orbits of spectroscopic binaries. Raised in Acacia Lodge No. 602, Columbia, Mo., Sept. 6, 1910; master in 1932; DDGM from 1933–35; charter member of Mo. Lodge of Research; exalted in Columbia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M. Nov. 5, 1925; high priest in 1939, and grand treasurer of the Grand Chapter of Missouri from 1944–56; greeted in Centralia Council No. 35, R. & S.M. in 1926, and master in 1937; knighted in St. Graal Commandery No. 12, Dec. 13, 1935 and was commander in 1940. d. Sept. 13, 1956.

Roy A. Haynes (1881–1940) Federal Prohibition Commissioner, 1921–27. b. Aug. 31, 1881 at Hillsboro, Ohio. He was editor of the Dispatch at Hillsboro, O., from 1908, and an active worker in prohibition campaigns for many years. From 1927–28 he was president of the Economy Fire Insurance Co. Author of Prohibition Inside Out. Member of Highland Lodge No. 38, Hillsboro, Ohio, receiving degrees June 29, 1905, July 2, and Aug. 14, 1914; dimitted June 1, 1931. d. Oct. 20, 1940.

William B. Haynes Sports writer. b. May 29, 1881 at Akron, Ohio. He is widely acquainted with fish and game grounds of America, and contributor of illustrated articles to sportsmen's magazines. Author of Ducks and Duck Shooting; co-author of Duck Shooting and Hunting Sketches, and Supreme Duck Hunting Stories. Mason.

Brooks Hays U.S. Congressman, 78th to 84th Congresses from 5th Ark. dist. b. Aug. 9, 1898 at Russellville, Ark. Graduate of George Washington U. in 1922, and U. of Arkansas in 1919. Admitted to bar in 1922, practicing first at Russellville, and then at Little Rock. Attorney general of Ark. in 1925–27. President of the Southern Baptist Convention in 1957. Received his degrees in Russellville Lodge No. 274, Russellville, Ark. in 1922. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1957.

Frank L. Hays Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado from 1946. b. Feb. 12, 1889 at Council Bluffs, Iowa. Graduate of Creighton U. at Omaha, Nebr. in 1918. Admitted to bar in 1920 and practiced in Denver. Mason.

George W. Hays (1863–?) Governor of Arkansas, two terms, 1913–17. b. Sept. 23, 1863 near Camden, Ark. Began law practice in Camden, Ark. in 1894, and was circuit judge from 1906–13. Mason. Deceased.

Harry T. Hays (?–1876) Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. Received all his degrees in Louisiana Lodge No. 102, 1860 (New Orleans). d. Aug. 21, 1876.

Norman R. Hays Judge, Supreme Court of Iowa since 1946. b. Nov. 9, 1891 at Knoxville, Iowa. Graduate of Grinnell Coll. (Ia.) and Harvard U. Admitted to bar in 1919. He served as county attorney and district judge. In WWI he was a captain in the Army. Mason.

Will H. Hays (1879–1954) Postmaster General of the U.S. under President Harding (1921–22) and “czar” of the motion picture industry 1922–45. b. Nov. 5, 1879 at Sullivan, Ind. Graduate of Wabash Coll. (Ind.) in 1900 and 1904. Admitted to bar in 1900. Active in Republican politics, he was chairman of the National Committee in 1918–21. As president of the Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America, Inc. he accepted the job at a time when the film industry was beset with public criticism which threatened its independence. He ruled the “Hays Office” with firmness and fairness, and was credited with having saved the industry from government regulation. He retired in 1945, but acted as advisor until 1950. He was raised in Sullivan Lodge No. 263; he was a member of both York and Scottish Rites. He received the 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept. 1945. He received his 50-year service emblem from the grand lodge in 1950. d. March 7, 1954.

Charles D. Hayt (1850–1927) Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1889–98. b. May 20, 1850 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. He practiced at Walsenburg, Garland City, Alamosa, and Denver, in that order. Served as district judge and district attorney. Was chief justice of the supreme court from 1892–98. His original lodge is not known, but on May 6, 1899 he affiliated with Denver Lodge No. 5.

Alvin Hayward Early California miner. He purchased an interest in a mine in 1853, and after working it four years, his four partners abandoned the claim as worthless. Hayward persevered under the most discouraging conditions, and when poverty stricken and without credit, struck an immensely rich vein of gold, and became the richest man in the state at that time. He was principal sojourner of Volcano Chapter No. 11, R.A.M., which changed its name to Sutter Chapter No. 11 (Sutter Creek) in 1860. He worked his way through the chairs and became high priest. He presented the chapter with a golden altar and a set of solid gold jewels which are still in use.

Harry LeRoy Haywood (1886–1956) Masonic author. b. Nov. 1, 1886 in Mulberry, Ohio. He was graduated from the Cedarville, Ohio high school at the age of 13, and attended the Theological Seminary, Dayton, and Lawrence College, Appleton, Wis. Ordained a minister at 18, he gave up preaching in 1919. Although without a college degree, he taught and lectured on religion and anthropology for 13 years in many major colleges of the U.S. In 1917 he became editor-in-chief of *The Builder*, official journal of the National Masonic Research Society. From 1925–30 he was editor of the *New York Masonic Outlook*. At the time of his death he was engaged in research and writing for the Grand Lodge of Iowa at Cedar Rapids. He was considered the dean of Masonic historians and writers of his generation. He has written at least 30 books and 1500 articles on Masonry. Among his books are: *Symbolical Masonry* (his first in 1916); Vol. 3 of *Mackey's Encyclopedia*; *A History of Freemasonry* (with James Craig); *The Newly-Made Mason*;

More About Masonry; Freemasonry and Roman Catholicism; Well-Springs of Freemasonry. He was raised in Acacia Lodge No. 176 at Webster City, Ia., June 7, 1915. He later affiliated with Waterloo Lodge No. 105, and with Publicity Lodge No. 1000 of New York City. Returning to Iowa, he became a member of Mizpah Lodge No. 639 at Cedar Rapids. Hewas a member of Tabernacle Chapter No. 42, R.A.M. at Waterloo, and 32° AASR (SJ) at Zarephath Consistory in Davenport. d. Feb. 25, 1956.

John Haywood (1753–1826) Judge of Supreme Courts of both North Carolina and Tennessee. b. in Halifax Co., N.C., his father was an officer in the Revolution. He entered law practice at an early age and was attorney general of N.C. in 1791, and supreme court judge in 1794, holding the latter office until 1809, when he resigned to defend James Glasgow, the secretary of state, on charge of fraud. His defense of Glasgow caused much criticism, and he left the state to settle in Tenn. in 1810. By 1812 he was judge of the Tenn. supreme court and held that office until his death. He authored A Manual of Laws of North Carolina; Haywood's Justice and North Carolina Law Reports; Tennessee Reports; Natural and Aboriginal History of Tennessee, and The Civil and Political History of Tennessee From Its Earliest Settlement to 1796. In 1813 he was reported as a member of St. Andrews Lodge No. 57, Louisburg, N.C. d. in Dec., 1826.

William H. Haywood (1801–1852) U.S. Senator from North Carolina, 1843–46. b. in Wake Co., N.C., he graduated from the U. of North Carolina in 1819, studied law and established a

practice in Raleigh. He was a member of the state legislature from 1831–36. He resigned from the U.S. senate and returned to practice, but poor health forced him to retire. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 40 of Raleigh. He represented his lodge at grand lodge as early as 1823, and was grand lecturer in 1825–27. d. Oct. 6, 1852.

Joseph C. Hazen Baptist clergyman. b. April 5, 1874 at Beaver Co., Pa. Graduate of Bucknell U. (Pa.) and U. of Chicago. Ordained to ministry in 1903, and served churches in Ill., Wis. and N.J. Corresponding secretary of Northern Baptist Convention 1940–51; president of New Jersey Baptist State Convention, 1927–41; member of executive committee and radio commentator of Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, 1930–45; chairman of the general commission on Army and Navy chaplains, Washington, 1947–50. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Natt Head (1828–1883) Governor of New Hampshire, 1879–80. b. May 20, 1828 in Hookset, N.H. He was a railroad and general building contractor. Was a member of the state legislature in 1861–62, and was adjutant general from 1864–70. In the latter capacity he published a four-volume set containing the records of every officer and enlisted man in the Civil War from N.H. He was president of the New Hampshire Agricultural Society. In 1876–77 he served in the state senate, being president of same in last year. Under the new law providing for biennial elections, he was chosen governor in 1879. He received his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 61, Manchester, N.H. in 1857, and was a member

of Mt. Horeb Chapter, RAM., Adoniram Council, R. & S.M., Trinity Commandery, K.T., all of Manchester, and 33° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 12, 1883.

T. Grady Head Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia since 1945. b. July 4, 1897 at Tunnel Hill, Ga. Graduate of Chattanooga Coll. of Law (Tenn.) and admitted to Georgia bar in 1925, practicing at Ringgold. He was attorney general of the state in 1942. Received degrees at Tunnel Hill Lodge No. 202, Tunnel Hill, Ga. in July–Aug., 1918, and presently a member of Buckhead Lodge No. 712, Atlanta; past master of Tunnel Hill Lodge.

Walter W. Head (1877–1954) Founder and President of the American Life Insurance Co. of St. Louis, 1933–54. b. Dec. 18, 1877 near Adrian, El. He first taught public schools in DeKalb Co., Mo. and entering the banking business, was officer of banks in St. Joseph, Mo., Omaha, Nebr., and Chicago, Ill. From 1931–33 he was president of the Morris Plan Corp. of America. From 1926–46 he was president of the National Council, Boy Scouts of America, and thereafter honorary life vice president. From 1942–46 he was state chairman of the Missouri War Finance Comm. Active in hospital, youth, educational, and community projects. He was a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 25 of Omaha, Nebr. and later affiliated with Wellington Lodge No. 22, DeKalb, Mo. He was exalted in Ringo Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. of DeKalb (now defunct) and on Dec. 9, 1839 affiliated with Kilwinning Chapter No. 50 of St. Louis. He was knighted in Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 4, K.T. of St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 16, 1912; also 32° AASR and Shriner. d. May 3, 1954.

John W. Headley (1901–1957) College President. b. May 5, 1901 at Filley, Nebr. Taught in public schools of S.D. from 1921–29, and with Gen. Beadle State Teachers Coll. from 1929–45. From 1931–38 he was superintendent of schools at Colman and Winner, S.D. From 1945–47 he was president of the State Teachers Coll. at Mayville, N.D. and from 1947–51, president of State Teachers Coll. at St. Cloud, Minn. He was president of South Dakota State College from 1952–57. He was initiated in Garden City Lodge No. 146, Garden City, S.D. and affiliated with Evergreen Lodge No. 17 of Madison, S.D.; member of Cyrus Chapter No. 26, R.A.M. and Madison Commandery No. 20, K.T., both of Madison, S.D. He was a past master of Evergreen Lodge. A 32° AASR (SJ) and member of El Riad Shrine Temple, both in Sioux Falls, S.D. d. Nov. 29, 1957.

Charles J. Heale (1900–1949) President and General Manager of Iron Age and Hardware Age. b. May 20, 1900 at Brooklyn, N.Y. Began as office boy with Iron Age in 1916, becoming vice president and editor in 1934, and president and general manager in 1946. Member of Sandalphon Lodge No. 836, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees, March 29, Nov. 15 and Dec. 6, 1923. d. Dec. 1, 1949.

George W. Healy, Jr. Editor of The Times–Picayune, New Orleans, La. since 1952. b. Sept. 22, 1905 at Natchez, Miss. Graduate of U. of Mississippi in 1926. He began as a correspondent for Associated Press while in college, and later was reporter on the Knoxville Sentinel (Tenn.). With The Times–Picayune since 1926, first as a reporter, city editor and

managing editor. He is also managing editor of The Times–Picayune New Orleans States and treasurer of Times–Picayune Publishing company since 1939, and vice president since 1942. Elected national president of the American Society of Newspaper Editors in 1958. Member of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans, receiving degrees Feb. 19, April 10, and April 15, 1948.

Jack W. Heard Major General, U.S. Army. b. March 6, 1887 in New York City. He was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1910, and advanced through grades to major general in 1941. He served in the cavalry, 1910–15; aviation section of Signal Corps 1915–19; Motor Transport Corps, 1919–20; cavalry, 1920–32; U.S. Bureau of Budget, 1932–33; Cavalry 1933–40; armored Force, 1940–43 and manpower board of War Department, 1943–46. Received his degrees in June, 1920 in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 151, Baltimore, Md. and became a member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 9, R.A.M., Baltimore. Has not maintained membership since 1925.

Oscar E. Heard (1856–1940) Justice, Supreme Court of Illinois, 1924–33. b. June 26, 1856 at Freeport, Ill. Attended Northwestern U. and admitted to Ill. bar in 1879, practicing at Freeport. Was circuit judge and appellate judge. From 1927–28 and 1932–33 he was chief justice of the supreme court of Ill. Member of Evergreen Lodge No. 170, Freeport, Ill., receiving degrees, March 22, April 2, April 9, 1888, and was master in 1892. d. July 15, 1940.

Jonathan Heart (1744–1791) Officer of American

Revolution. b. in Kensington, Conn., he was graduated from Yale in 1768, taught school in N.J. for a year or two, and returned to Kensington district and entered merchandising business with a local minister. The business was about to fail when the Revolution came on. He was a Lexington volunteer, but was shortly given a commission and served throughout the war from Bunker Hill to Yorktown, being discharged as a captain in 1783. He remained out of the army only a year or so and returned to be commissioned in the newly organized 1st American Regiment of the regular army, staying with it until his untimely death in 1791. His importance, however, stems from the fact that he was an original member of the famous American Union Lodge (Military), first secretary, and third and last master, bringing that lodge to the Northwest Territory. When the lodge was organized in the Connecticut line in 1776, he was its first secretary; elected senior warden in Feb., 1779, and master the following June, continuing as such until his death in 1791. He carried on an extensive Masonic correspondence; was well informed on the ritual and Masonic history. In 1783 he was selected by a general convention to visit and instruct the several lodges in the state of Conn. His long tenure of office saw him presiding in the East at many famous meetings, when such personalities as Washington were present. It was Heart who called a convention of army lodges at Morristown in 1780, when the idea of a national grand lodge was proposed. When the Grand Lodge of Mass. chartered Washington Lodge No. 10 (military) he was designated as deputy grand master for the elaborate institution ceremonies at West Point. The original minutes of American Union Lodge are largely in Heart's handwriting,

and still preserved. They contain the records of nearly 500 visiting Masons. According to his own record, he was made a Mason in the lodge at Wallingford, Conn. (now Compass No. 9) shortly after his graduation from Yale in 1769. Heart carried the records of American Union Lodge in his field chest during the War. He was one of the early members of the Mark lodge attached to St. John's Lodge No. 2 of Middletown, Conn. and registered his mark in the form of a "heart." When he affiliated with a chapter in the same town he is recorded as "a very well-known, vouched-for Royal Arch Mason." He was also interested in Frederick Lodge, formed by his comrades in arms at Farmington, and it was with them that he left the records of American Union Lodge. His Army service took him to the Northwest Territory (Ohio), and while stationed at Fort Harmer, near Marietta, he invoked his commission, called the brethren in the community, and again resumed labor as American Union Lodge, thus introducing Freemasonry into that territory. He was succeeded as master by General Rufus Putnam, q.v., who later became first grand master of Ohio. His battalion was ordered on a punitive expedition against the Indians under General St. Clair. Lack of security measures and generalship resulted in the massacre of 900 men, including Heart, on Nov. 4, 1791. Due to the deep snow, the bodies were not recovered until the following January. Fort Recovery monument is now on this spot on the Wabash River.

Edwin R. Heath (1839-?) Explorer, physician, and diplomat. Won recognition as a South American explorer while secretary to the American legation in Chile. A river which forms part of the boundary line between Bolivia and Peru

is named in his honor. By charting 90 miles of a mysterious river he opened a passage for Bolivia to the Atlantic, and a Bolivian holiday was declared in his honor. After his legation service, he became chief surgeon for the Pacasymo Railroad, employing 45,000 men. A Royal Arch Mason from 1880, he was a member of Wyandotte Chapter No. 6, Kansas City, Kans., serving as high priest of that chapter five times. He was a member of Palmyra Lodge No. 248, Palmyra, N.Y. His death date is not known, but he lived at least into his 92nd year.

Fred H. Heath Chemist, who discovered selenium mustard gas in 1918. b. Feb. 25, 1883 at Warner, N.H. Graduate of U. of New Hampshire, 1905, and Yale, 1909, studying later in Germany. He taught chemistry in M.I.T., Case School of Applied Science, Wesleyan U., U. of North Dakota, U. of Washington, U. of Florida. Mason.

Leonard D. Heaton Major General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. Nov. 18, 1902 at Parkerburg, W.Va. Received medical degree from U. of Louisville in 1926, and entered the medical corps that year as a first lieutenant, advancing through grades to lieutenant general in 1948. He has been commanding general of Walter Reed Army Hospital since 1959. He has served in Army hospitals in El Paso, Texas, San Antonio, Texas, Fort Warren, Wyo., Hawaii, Staunton, Va., Blandford, England, and commanding general of Letterman General Hospital, 1946–52. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; received 32° AASR (SJ) at Fort Leavenworth in 1938, and 33° in 1957.

Paul O. Hebert (1818–1880) Governor of Louisiana, 1853–56, and Brigadier General, C.S.A. in Civil War. b. Nov. 12, 1818 in Bayou Goula, La. He graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1840. For the next two years he taught at the academy, and from 1843–45 was sent with the Army engineers for work on the Mississippi River. He resigned from the army in 1841, and was appointed chief engineer of the state of Louisiana, holding this office until the Mexican War, when he was appointed lieutenant colonel of the 14th volunteer infantry, and participated in battles of Contreras and Chapultepec, as well as Molino del Rey. In 1851 he was U.S. commissioner to the Paris World's Fair. He was a member of the convention for the state constitution of 1852. In 1861 he was appointed a brigadier general in the provisional Confederate army, and the rank was afterwards confirmed by the Confederate congress. He was first in command of Louisiana, and then the trans-Mississippi and Texas departments. Member of Iberville Lodge No. 81, Plaquemine, La. d. Aug. 29, 1880.

Gabriel A. J. Hecart (1755–1838) French Masonic writer and developer of the “Hecart System” of Masonic degrees. His system included five degrees—Knight of the Prussian Eagle, Knight of the Comet, The Scottish Purifier, Victorious Knight and Scottish Trinitarian, or Grand Master Commander of the Temple. It was never accepted or practiced by any Masonic group.

Cornelius Hedges (1831–1907) “Father” of Yellowstone National Park. b. Oct. 28, 1831 at Westfield, Mass. Graduate of Yale in 1853, and in law from Harvard in 1855. Admitted

to Mass. bar in 1855, moving in that year to Independence, Iowa, where he practiced until 1864. In 1864 he walked to Virginia City, Mont. and the following year moved to Helena, bringing his family in 1867. When the territorial government was established, he served a term as U.S. district attorney. Hedges once said "It could not be said that every vigilante was a Mason, but it could be said that every Mason was a vigilante without deviating far from the truth." He served as superintendent of public instruction for six years, and was one of the original founders of the Helena public library in 1868. He was a senator from Lewis and Clark Co. in the first Montana legislature. He was a member of the Washburn-Doane-Langford expedition of 1870 that first explored the area which later became Yellowstone National Park. Both Washburn and Langford, qq.v., were Freemasons; the latter was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Montana. On the last night in the area, on the Firehole River, Hedges remarked that "this area must be set aside for the use and benefit of the people." His words are incised in the granite arch at the northern entrance to the park, where the party first entered. The park was established in 1872, as the first national park, largely through the efforts of Langford and Hedges. Hedges was raised in Independence Lodge No. 87, Independence, Ia., Oct. 27, 1858, withdrawing on June 7, 1865 to affiliate and become master of Helena City Lodge, U.D. under the Grand Lodge of Colorado, on Aug. 17, 1865. He was again master in 1874. He was exalted in Aholiab Chapter No. 21, R.A.M., Independence; withdrew on April 18, 1867 to become charter member of Helena Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., and its first scribe. He received the council degrees in Springfield, Mass.

and affiliated with Helena Council No. 9, R. & S.M. under California jurisdiction, serving as master in 1869. Hedges was knighted in Helena Commandery, U.D., K.T., March 25, 1869, and was commander in 1873 and 1879. A moving factor in the organization of the Grand Lodge of Montana in Jan., 1866, he was its first senior grand warden, and its fifth grand master from 1870–71. In 1871 he became grand historian, and on June 24, 1872 was appointed grand secretary, serving in that capacity until his death. He wrote Montana's correspondence reports for 36 years. He represented Montana at the Masonic congress of Chicago in 1893. He was grand recorder of the Grand Cornmandery of Montana from its organization in 1888, until his death, with the exception of the years 1896–1904. In 1896 he was grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Montana. He was grand secretary of the Grand Chapter of Montana from its organization in 1891 until his death. He was crowned 33° AASR by Albert Pike on Sept. 10, 1885. d. April 29, 1907.

William S. Hedges Vice President of National Broadcasting Co. b. June 21, 1895 at Elmwood, Ill. He began as a reporter for the Chicago Daily News in 1914, and in 1922 became director of that paper's radio service. In 1929 he became president of station WMAQ of Chicago, and from 1932–33 managed WMAW and WENR of Chicago for NBC. The following two years he managed station KDKA of Pittsburgh, and in 1934 became general manager of the NBC stations in New York. In 1937 he became vice president of Crosley Radio Corp. and general manager of their station WLW in Cincinnati. He has been vice president of NBC since Nov. 1937. Received

his degrees in Standard Lodge No. 873, Chicago, in 1918; 32° ASSR (NJ) at Freeport, Ill.; life member of Medinah Shrine Temple of Chicago and member of national headquarters chapter of the National Sojourners.

Joseph J. Hedrick President of Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America; Texas–Illinois Natural Gas Pipeline Co. since 1949; and of Natural Gas Storage Co. of Ill. and Texoma Production Co. since 1951. b. Nov. 8, 1898 at Olathe, Kans. Graduate of LaSalle U. and John Marshall Law School. Admitted to Okla. bar in 1921, and became general counsel of Natural Gas Pipeline Co. in 1930. He is also president of Kimswick Development Co. and Peoples Production Co. A life member of Bartlesville Lodge No. 284, Bartlesville, Okla., he received his degrees on Sept. 5, Oct. 26, and Dec. 5, 1922; exalted in Bartlesville Chapter No. 55, R.A.M. March 22, 1923. He served as senior deacon of the lodge at one time. Member of Bartlesville Chapter No. 142, O.E.S.

Roy C. Heflebower Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. b. Oct. 25, 1884, in Washington, D.C. Received medical degree from George Washington U. in 1906, and is an honorary graduate of U.S. Army Medical School in 1910. Began medical practice in 1906, and was commissioned in Medical Corps Reserve in 1909, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1941; he retired in 1946. Now with Anderson Hospital for Cancer Research. Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner and National Sojourner.

J. Thomas Heflin (1869–?) U.S. Senator from Alabama,

1920–31; U.S. Congressman to 59th to 66th Congresses from 5th Ala. dist. b. April 9, 1869 at Louina, Ala. Admitted to bar in 1893. Served in Alabama legislature 1896–1900. First elected to senate to fill term of John H. Bankhead, q.v. After senate terms, he resumed law practice in Lafayette, with Heflin & Heflin. A member of Solomon Lodge No. 74 of Lafayette, he received his degrees, Jan. 1, Dec. 28, 1898, and Jan. 4, 1899. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C. on April 20, 1923.

Robert A. Hefner Justice Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1926–33. b. in Hunt Co. Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas, 1902. Practiced law in Beaumont, Texas. Moved to Ardmore, Okla., where he was city attorney, mayor and president of board of education. From 1939–47 he was mayor of Oklahoma City, Okla. Mason, Knight Templar, Shriner and member of grand council of DeMolay.

Albert F. Hegenberger American aviator, who with Lester J. Maitland, q.v., was the first to make a successful flight from Hawaii to the United States. Member of Stillwater Lodge No. 616, Dayton, Ohio, receiving degrees, June 16, Sept. 29, 1919, and Feb. 16, 1920; suspended NPD July 27, 1936.

Rolf Magnus von Heidenstam (1884–1958) Swedish industrialist and lord in waiting to the King of Sweden. B.C.V.O. (British). He was managing director of the Aga Co. from 1937–50; president of board of same, 1950–58. He was president of the board of the Svenska Handelsbanken, Swedish Ford Motor Co., Swedish Shell Co., Dunlop Rubber

Co. He had served as vice president of the Stockholm Chamber of Commerce, chairman of the Swedish National Committee of the International Chamber of Commerce (1948–51) and president of the International Chamber of Commerce (1951–53). He was president of the General Export Association of Sweden, member of the Board of the Federated Swedish Industries and chairman of the Swedish Trade Mission to the U.S. and Canada in 1943–44. He was Swedish delegate to the conference on international trade in Havana, Cuba in 1947–48. Past master of lodge St. Erik in Stockholm (1938–43), grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Sweden, 1938–43 and grand chancellor of same, 1943–58. d. Aug. 6, 1958.

Julius P. Heil (1876–1949) Governor of Wisconsin, 1938–43. b. in Dusemond, Germany. He began in a Wis. general store at age of 12, and was later a drill press operator, blacksmith, and welder with International Harvester. Became an expert welder and traveled throughout the country, completing welding contracts, building street railways in Buenos Aires, Argentine. He founded the Heil Co. in 1901, and served as president until 1946. Was head of the NRA of Wis. A member of Independence Lodge No. 80, Milwaukee, 32° AASR (NJ) Wisconsin Consistory, and Tripoli Shrine Temple. He was Shrine potentate in 1927, and chairman of finance, and member of building committees. d. Nov. 30, 1949.

Frank A. Heileman Major General, U.S. Army. b. Mar. 13, 1891 at St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1914. He was commissioned second lieutenant of Infantry in 1917, transferred to engineer corps in 1923, and promoted through

grades to major general in 1945. He was with the general staff in 1940; headquarters Army Service Forces in 1942; director of supply in Western Pacific in 1945, and chief of transportation Department of Army, 1948–53; now retired. Acacia fraternity; Acacia Lodge No. 602, Columbia, Mo. (about 1914); former member of Columbia Chapter No. 17 R.A.M. (1915), Columbia, Mo.

Van Campen Heilner Explorer, naturalist, and author. b. July 1, 1899 at Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Trinity Coll. (Conn.) in 1927. He is an associate editor of *Field and Stream*, sportsman's magazine. He was field representative in ichthyology of American Museum of Natural History, on an expedition to Peru and Ecuador in 1924–25, and leader of the Heilner Far Western Alaskan expedition for American Museum of Natural History in 1927. He made another expedition for same museum to Cienaga de Zapata on the south coast of Cuba in 1934, and in 1948 an expedition for the Peabody Museum of Yale to Tiena del Fuego and Straits of Magellan. He is the first naturalist to make successful motion pictures of the roseate spoonbill in its natural haunts, and discovered several new species of West Indian fishes. He is the author of *The Call of the Surf*; *Adventures in Angling*; *Beneath the Southern Cross*; *A Book on Duck Shooting*; *Our American Game Birds*. Member of Spring Lake Lodge No. 239, Spring Lake, N.J.; 32° AASR and member of Lu Lu Shrine Temple, Philadelphia, Pa.

Adolphus Heiman (?–1863) Confederate Brigadier General of Civil War. b. in Potsdam, Prussia, he became a member of

Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn. on Jan. 31, 1843. He was a member of Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., and Nashville Commandery No. 1 (1847) of Nashville. d. at Jackson, Miss.

Edward O. Heinrich Criminal expert. b. April 20, 1881 at Clintonville, Wis. Graduate of U. of Calif. in 1908. Became a chemical-legal expert, and expert in criminal investigation. Entered chemical engineering practice at Tacoma, Wash. in 1908. Later moved to Calif., and was chief of police of Alameda. In 1918-19, was mayor of Boulder, Colo.; he has practiced in San Francisco since 1919. Lecturer at U. of Calif. on criminal investigation and political science. He was an expert on questioned documents and other evidence in HinduGhadr revolution trials; U.S. vs. Jack Dempsey; U.S. vs. Levin;- people vs. Roscoe Arbuckle; the d'Autremont train bandits; Black Tom cases; U.S. vs. Harry Bridges; and other celebrated cases. Mason and Knight Templar.

Charles E. Heitman (1874-1948) Manager of Christian Science Publishing Society, and director of The Mother Church, 1st Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston. b. Nov. 12, 1874 in McLean Co., Ky. He was first reader of 2nd Church of Christ, Scientist, at New York City from 1918-21, and president of the Mother Church in 1923-24. From 1926-27 he was associate editor of the Christian Science Monitor. Served as corporal in Roosevelt's Rough Riders in Spanish-American War. Member of Marble Lodge No. 702 at Tuckahoe, N.Y., and 32° AASR in Boston, Mass. d. Oct. 1, 1948.

Friedrich Heldmann (1770–1838) German Masonic philosopher and professor of political science in the academy of Bern, Switzerland. He was initiated at Freiburg in 1809, and in studying Fessler, q.v., and other Masonic writers, decided to establish a system founded on a collation of all the rituals which would be more in accordance with the design of the Craft. For this purpose, he organized the Lodge Zur Brudertreue at Aarau, Switzerland in 1816, and prepared a manual for it. When the Swiss authorities demanded an inspection of it, he refused, and withdrew from the lodge. He later published *The Three Oldest Memorials of the Ge7-mart Masonic Brotherhood at Aarau* in 1819. It is in this work that the constitutions of the stone masons of Strausburg were published for the first time.

John R. Heller, Jr. Director of National Cancer Institute since 1948. b. Feb. 27, 1905. Received B.S. at Clemson Coll. (S.C.) in 1925, and M.D. from Emory U. (Ga.) in 1929. He became associated with the U.S. Public Health Service in 1931, and in 1943 became medical director and chief of the division of venereal disease. He has been a professor and lecturer at George Washington U. since 1944. Member of Atlantic Lodge No. 82, Brunswick, Ga., receiving degrees in 1931.

John L. Helm (1802–1867) Governor of Kentucky, 1850–52. b. July 4, 1802 in Hardin Co., Ky. Studied law and admitted to bar. He served in both state legislative branches, and was lieutenant governor in 1848. He was made president of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad in 1854. After the Civil War, he was again chosen governor of Kentucky, and was

inaugurated at his residence in Elizabethtown Sept. 3, 1867, five days before his death. Member of Morrison Lodge No. 76, Elizabethtown, and Eastern Star Chapter No. 34, R.A.M. of same city.

Claude Adrien Helvetius (1715–1771) French philosopher. He was appointed farmer general in 1738. In 1741 he married Anne Catherine de Ligniville d'Autricourt, and shortly afterward retired to his country estate to devote himself to study. His great work is *de VEsprit*, published in 1758, in which he expounds his doctrine of sensationalism or sensualism. The book was condemned by the Sorbonne and publicly burned in 1759. Member of the Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris.

John Michael Hely-Hutchinson (see Earl of Donoughmore).

Samuel Hemming (1767–1832) One of the leaders in the uniting of the “Ancients” and “Moderns” into the United Grand Lodge of England in 1813, and its first senior grand warden. He was master of the Lodge of Reconciliation (1813–16), which was formed to bring about a union of the two groups. At this time the Prestonian lectures were practiced by the Moderns, while the Ancients, or Atholl Freemasons, recognized higher degrees and varied their ritual. After the union, the Prestonian system was abandoned and Hemming formed a new set of lectures, known as “Hemming Lectures,” which was adopted. In it he abolished the dedication to the two Saints John, and substituted a dedication to Solomon. He is also credited with defining Freemasonry as “a beautiful

system of morality, veiled in allegory and illustrated by symbols.” d. in 1832.

Fay Hempstead (1847–1934) Lawyer, Masonic writer, and grand secretary. b. Nov. 24, 1847 in Little Rock, Ark. He attended St. John’s College, a Masonic institution at Little Rock, and following the Civil War, graduated in law at the U. of Virginia in 1868. He practiced his profession in Little Rock until 1881, when he retired to devote his entire time to Freemasonry. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Arkansas in 1891, and served as grand secretary for 35 years. He was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. in 1889 and general grand master of the General Grand Council from 1921–24, and grand secretary for 35 years. He was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Arkansas in 1919, and grand recorder of same 34 years. His grand secretaryship of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas lasted 53 years. He was sometimes called the “poet laureate of Freemasonry.” d. April 24, 1934.

Stephen Hempstead Second Governor of Iowa, succeeding Ansel Biggs, q.v. He received all three degrees in Dubuque Lodge No. 3 in June, 1843, being raised June 30. He served as master in 1845, and was instrumental in forming the Grand Lodge of Iowa, serving as grand junior warden in 1848. He was a member of Dubuque Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., and served as secretary of the same. He was a charter member of Siloam Commandery No. 3, K.T.

Byrd E. Henderson President of Household Finance

Corporation, 1933–51; Chairman of Board since 1951. b. Jan. 9, 1889 at Louisville, Ky. and educated in Louisville high school. Began as an investigator for Mackey Finance System at Louisville in 1907, and rose to executive vice president in 1925. Owner of the Everett Resort and Everett Golf Club at Eagle River, James Pinckney Henderson Wis. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Charles Henderson (1860–1937) Governor of Alabama, 1915–19. b. April 26, 1860 in Pike Co., Ala. In business at Troy, Ala. as Charles Henderson & Co. He was president of the Troy Bank & Trust Co. and Standard Telephone and Telegraph Co. He was also director of other organizations, and president of the Alabama Railroad Commission from 1906–15. Mason. d. Jan. 7, 1937.

Charles B. Henderson U.S. Senator from Nevada, 1918–21; Director of Reconstruction Finance Corporation, 1934–47. b. June 8, 1873 at San Jose, Calif. He was graduated from U. of Michigan in 1895, and began practice of law at Elko, Nev. in 1896. He was a member of the state legislature in 1905–07, and regent of U. of Nevada from 1907–17. Raised in Elko Lodge No. 15 on April 4, 1899. Shriner.

David B. Henderson (1840–1906) Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives, 1899–1903. b. March 14, 1840 at Old Deer, Scotland. He was brought to Ill. in 1846. and to Iowa in 1849. He entered the Civil War as a private in the 12th Iowa volunteers, was wounded in the Battle of Donelson, lost a leg at the Battle of Corinth, and was then discharged.

He reentered the army as a colonel in 1864. Admitted to the bar in 1865, he served as collector of revenue, 3rd Iowa dist., and U.S. attorney of northern district of Iowa. He served in the U.S. congress from 1883–1903, but withdrew from ticket in 1902, when renominated. He was made a Mason in Mosaic Lodge No. 125 of Dubuque, June 23, 1883; exalted in Dubuque Chapter No. 3, April 29, 1889, and knighted in Siloam Commandery No. 3, May 8, 1899. He joined El Kahir Shrine Temple of Dubuque, May 22, 1901.

Howard A. M. Henderson (1836–1912) Clergyman and soldier. b. Aug. 15, 1836 in Paris, Ky. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1858. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1856, he served pastorates in Newberne and Demopolis, Ala., until 1861, when he entered the Confederate army as a captain of Co. E, 28th Ala. Infantry. In 1864 he was assistant adjutant general, C.S.A., and in 1864–65 was assistant commissioner of exchange of prisoners of war. Following the war, he was pastor at Frankfort and Lexington, Ky., and then state superintendent for public instruction of Kentucky from 1871–79. He then served churches in San Francisco, Calif., Hannibal, Mo. (1881–83), Jersey City, N.J., New York City, Cincinnati, Ohio, and Hartwell, Ohio. In 1872 he founded the system of Negro schools in Kentucky. He was grand master of I.O.O.F. in Kentucky, and grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky from 1867–79. He first appeared as a Mason in the records of Hiram Lodge No. 4 in 1868, and was suspended, Aug. 24, 1893. H. A. M. Henderson Lodge No. 515, chartered Oct. 24, 1872 at Bethlehem, Ky. was named for him.

James Pinckney Henderson (1808–1858) First Governor of Texas after statehood, and U.S. Senator. b. March 31, 1808 in Lincoln Co., N.C. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1829. Moving to Miss. in 1835, he remained there until the Texas difficulties began, when he volunteered in the Texan army, and was appointed brigadier general in 1836. He was appointed attorney general by President Sam Houston, q.v., and was subsequently secretary of state in 1837–39. In 1839 he visited England and France to procure the recognition of Texan independence. He resumed his law practice in 1840, in partnership with Gen. Thomas J. Rusk, q.v. He was “special minister” to the United States in 1844, to negotiate the annexation of the Republic of Texas, and was a member of the state constitutional convention in 1845. He again took up arms in the Mexican War, and for action at Monterrey, received a sword and the thanks of congress. In 1857 he was appointed U.S. senator to fill the unexpired term of his partner, Rusk, who had died. He took his seat in March, 1858 but died before the end of the session. He was a member of Redland Lodge No. 3, San Augustine, Texas. d. June 4, 1858.

John Henderson (1795–1857) U.S. Senator from Mississippi. He practiced law in Woodville, Miss., and in 1835 served in the state legislature. In 1849 he was elected to the U.S. senate as a Whig. At the expiration of his term, he allied himself with the politicians of the extreme southern school that favored annexation of Texas, the conquest of Mexico and Cuba, and was connected with General John A. Quitman, q.v., in these enterprises. In 1851 he was arrested with Quitman, and tried before a federal court in New Orleans for violating

the neutrality laws of 1818 by his complicity with the Lopez expedition against Cuba. He was acquitted, but retired from public life. Henderson was a member of Washington Lodge No. 3, Port Gibson, Miss. d. at Pass Christian, Miss. in 1857.

Leon Henderson Economist and Administrator of Office of Price Administration. b. May 26, 1895 at Mill-vine, N.J. Graduate of Swarthmore Coll. (Pa.) in 1920. First employed as economics instructor in Wharton School (Pa.), and Carnegie Inst. of Tech., then director of consumer credit research for Russell Sage Foundation, N.Y.C. 1925–43. Entering the government field in 1934, he was with the N.R.A.; advisor to U.S. senate; advisor to Democratic National Committee; W.P.A.; Council of National Defense; OPA, 1941–42; director of Civilian Supply Division of O.P.M., and War Production Board. He then became chief economist for Research Institute of America; president of International Hudson Corp., and since 1955, has been president of American Leduc Uranium Corp. Served in WWI from private to captain in ordnance. Raised in Shekinah Lodge No. 58, Millville, N.J. on Jan. 21, 1920.

Leonard Henderson (1772–1833) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of North Carolina from 1829. b. Oct. 6, 1772 in Granville Co., N.C. He was clerk of the district court at Hillsborough for several years after his admission to the bar, and became judge of the appellate court in 1808. He was elevated to the supreme court bench in 1818. He conducted a law-school throughout his judicial career that was the most popular in the state. Member of Malta Lodge No. 24, Williamsburgh, Granville Co., N.C., and was its senior warden in 1797. d. Aug. 13, 1833.

L. Manuel Hendler Director of The Borden Co. b. Feb. 10, 1885 near Baltimore, Md. From 1905–12 he was the owner of T. A. Hendlers (ice cream) at Baltimore. In 1912 he established Hendler Creamery Co. of which he is still president. In 1929 he became chairman of the Southeastern division of The Borden Co.; director of same in 1930, and member of the executive committee in 1940. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ).

Eldo L. Hendricks (1866–1938) President of Central Missouri State Teachers' Coll., 1915–30. b. Oct. 2, 1866 at Rossville, Ind. Graduate of Franklin Coll. (Ind.) He served as school superintendent in Indiana before coming to Mo. He was a member of the fact finding commission to Indians in 1930–31. Mason. d. Nov. 22, 1938.

William W. Hening (1767–1828) Lawyer and author. b. in Virginia, he was admitted to the bar on April 30, 1789, in the district court at Fredericksburg, at the same time as John Marshall and James Monroe. He moved to Albemarle Co., and in 1804–05, represented it in the legislature. He later became a member of the state executive council, and deputy adjutant general. During his later years he was clerk of the chancery court for Richmond district. An accomplished writer, he compiled Hening's Justice; edited Francis' Maxims of Equity, and several volumes of reports from the Va. court of appeals. His greatest work was the 13-volume set of Statutes at Large of Virginia, which contained the laws beginning with the colonial period. Raised March 19, 1796, in Richmond Lodge No. 10, he later became master of the Door of Virtue Lodge No. 44 at Charlottesville. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge

of Va. in 1805–06. Exalted in Richmond Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Dec. 22, 1805, he served as high priest; he was the second grand high priest of Virginia in 1810, and assisted in the formation of the Grand Chapter of Virginia. d. April 1, 1828.

Edward J. Henning (1868–1935) Federal judge. b. Dec. 28, 1868 at Iron Ridge, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin (1894) and Columbian U. (1896). He practiced law in Milwaukee until 1912, when he moved to San Diego, Calif. He was judge of the Eastern District of Wis. from 1901–10 and of Southern District of Calif. from 1925–29. From 1921–25 he was assistant secretary of Labor. A member of Damascus Lodge No. 290, Milwaukee, Wis., he received his degrees on July 1, Aug. 31 and Sept. 30, 1905; member of Wisconsin Chapter No. 7, Milwaukee and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 24, K.T., Milwaukee; 32° AASR (NJ) Valley of Milwaukee. d. Sept. 6, 1935.

Andrew Henry (1775–1833) Western explorer, fur trader, and discoverer of the South Pass through the Rockies. b. in York Co., Pa., he lived for a time at Nashville, Tenn. He moved to St. Genevieve, Mo. and while here became one of the first three petitioners of Western Star Lodge No. 107 at Kaskaskia, Indian Territory (across the river). On Dec. 27, 1806 he was one of the petitioners for Louisiana Lodge No. 109 (from Pa.) at St. Genevieve—the first lodge west of the Mississippi River. He is listed among the 13 charter members and as senior warden in 1808. Old records of the lodge bear witness to his wanderings and one financial report states “absent two years and six months; dues have been remitted,

\$4.62.” Francois Valle, also formerly of Lodge No. 107 and charter member of 109, evidently accompanied Henry on this expedition, for the same entry was made at the same time concerning him. Henry was interested in lead mining while at St. Genevieve. On March 7, 1809 he joined with several others including Pierre Chouteau, Jr. and William Clark, qq.v. in establishing the Missouri Fur Co. He was with the first expedition of 150 men that set out three months later for the west. They reached the Rockies at a place called Three Forks (confluence of Madison, Jefferson and Mo. Rivers) and set up a post. Indians, however, forced them to leave after losing 30 men. Henry then led his group across the Rockies into what is now the state of Idaho, and wintered at a post they set up on the North fork of the Snake River, known as Henry Fork. They returned home in 1811. On another expedition in 1822, with General William Ashley, he reached the mouth of the Yellowstone and discovered the South Pass through the Rockies. He returned to Missouri in 1824, and settled between Caledonia and Potosi, Mo., where he returned to lead mining.

Henry VI (1421–1471) King of England, 1422–61 and 1470–71. His reign was marked by the Statute of Laborers, which prohibited the congregations of Freemasons.

Henry Frederick (see Duke of Cumberland).

Horace C. Henry (1844–1928) Pioneer railroad builder. b. Oct. 6, 1844 at Bennington, Vt. Served in Civil War from 1862–63, and fought at Cemetery Ridge. Entered the railway contracting business at Minneapolis in 1866, and with

associates built about 2,500 miles of railway in the Northwest. He moved to Seattle, Wash. in 1890, and built lines for the Northern Pacific, Great Northern, and Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul, involving over 20 million dollars, and employing 10,000 men. He erected an art gallery and gave his collection of 160 paintings to the U. of Washington. He was honored by the French government with the Cross of Legion of Honor for his aid in supporting 1,800 French orphans. Mason. d. June, 1928.

Isaac N. Henry An early Missouri journalist, who, in 1819, established the Enquirer at St. Louis, which was edited at one time by Col. Thomas H. Benton, q.v. Henry was a member of Missouri Lodge No. 12 (under Tenn.) and on Oct. 4, 1819 attended an annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, representing his lodge. In 1820 he printed 1,200 copies of the state constitution for \$100.

Henry Louis Frederick, Prince of Prussia (see under Frederick).

Patrick Henry (1736–1799) American Revolutionary leader famous for his words “Give me liberty, or give me death.” There are many references to his being a Freemason, particularly by grand lodge orators in the 1800’s, but no satisfactory evidence of his membership. It is possible that he was a member of old Tappahannock Lodge of Virginia whose records are lost. There was at one time a Patrick Henry Lodge No. 140 in Patrick Co., Va. There is a Masonic apron in existence that is reported to have belonged to him. It was exhibited at one time in Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky.

Thomas P. Henry (1877–1945) President of American Automobile Association, 1923–45. b. Dec. 28, 1877, at Brookhaven, Miss. As a newspaperman he worked on papers in Miss., New Orleans, and on the Chicago Tribune, New York Times, and Detroit Free Press. In 1906 he founded the Thomas P. Henry Co. at Detroit. Raised Oct. 15, 1913 in Zion Lodge No. 1, Detroit, Mich. d. Sept. 7, 1945.

William Henry (1761–1824) Soldier of the Revolution and War of 1812. b. in Charlotte Co., Va., he entered the army when very young and fought at Guilford, the Cowpens, and Yorktown in the Revolutionary War. He then moved to Kentucky, and took part in many conflicts with the Indians. He was appointed a major general of Kentucky volunteers in Aug., 1813, and commanded a division in the Battle of the Thames in Oct. of that year. He also served in Scott's and Wilkinson's campaigns. He served in both houses of the Kentucky legislature, and was a member of the constitutional convention of that state. He was raised in Union Lodge No. 43 of Pa. and admitted to Lexington Lodge No. 1 of Lexington, Ky. in 1803. d. Nov. 23, 1824.

David Henshaw (1791–1852) U.S. Secretary of the Navy, 1843 under Tyler. b. April 2, 1791 in Leicester, Mass. Was apprenticed to a druggist in Boston at 16, and was in the drug business for himself from 1814–29. Gained prominence as a political writer, served in both houses of state legislature, and was a collector of Boston customs from 1830. He was active in promoting the early railroad enterprises in Mass. Appointed secretary of the Navy by Tyler, July 24, 1843, he served for

seven months, and was then rejected by the senate. Member of Columbian Lodge, Boston, Mass. d. Nov. 11, 1852.

Samuel J. Hensley (?–1866) California pioneer. b. in Lexington, Ky., he emigrated to Platte Co., Mo. as a small boy, and in 1843 went overland to Calif. as a member of the Chiles–Walker party. He worked for John Sutter and became a Mexican citizen so he could obtain a land grant; however, he was one of the promoters of the Bear Flag revolt. In the war with Mexico, he joined Fremont's battalion and rose to rank of major. At the close of the war he went to Washington, D.C. as a witness at Fremont's court martial, returning to Calif. in 1848, after the discovery of gold. He engaged in general store and banking business, and then turned to real estate and water transportation, organizing the California Steam Navigation Co. in 1854. This company virtually controlled all traffic on San Francisco Bay. On July 19, 1851, Henry Eddy, veteran of the Donner Party, presented Hensley's petition to San Jose Lodge No. 10. He received his degrees, Aug. 23, Nov. 8, 1851, and Feb. 21, 1852. Late in 1855 he was exalted in California Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. of San Francisco, but when Howard Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. was organized in San Jose in 1856, he was one of its charter members—and the only one who had received all chapter degrees in Calif. d. Jan. 7, 1866.

William N. Hensley, Jr. (1881–1929) Pioneer aviator. Free balloon pilot, kite balloon pilot, observer, airship and airplane pilot. b. Oct. 18, 1881 at Columbus, Nebr. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1905. Commissioned second lieutenant in cavalry in 1905, and rose to major in 1920. He organized

a division of Philippine national guard in 1917, and was commander of the army balloon school at Pasadena, Calif. in 1918–19. He was the first American to make a non-stop flight from U.S. to Europe (on return trip of R-34 from England in July 1919). In 1919 he made a study of the Zeppelin Airship Line in Germany, and furnished the U.S. War Dept. with the first detailed authentic information on the L-72, the giant dirigible built at Friedrichshafen for the bombing of New York City, in WWI. The dirigible was almost completed when armistice was signed. Mason. d. March 21, 1929.

Josiah Henson (1789–1883) The Negro slave whose life formed the basis of Harriet B. Stowe's famous novel, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*. References on his birth and death dates differ. His tombstone in Dresden, Ont. states: "In memory of the Rev. Josiah Henson, died May 5, 1883, born July 15, 1789. Aged 93 years, 10 months and 5 days." Another reference states he was born June 15, 1787 at Port Tobacco, Md., and died in 1881. Born as a slave, he took all his first master's slaves to a relative in Kentucky to prevent their passing into the hands of creditors. He escaped with his wife and two children to Cincinnati, and then across the wilderness to Sandusky where they were conveyed to Canada by schooner. He settled at Colchester, Ont., and during the Canadian rebellion, was the captain of a company of colored men. He later farmed near Dresden, and was the pastor of a church. At the age of 55 he began to learn to read and write. He made three trips to England, and at one time was entertained at Windsor Castle by Queen Victoria. It is not known whether Henson was a Mason—either regular or Prince Hall affiliation. It is

possible that he could have been either—possibly in Canada or even England. However his gravestone carried the square and compasses in the fellowcraft position with one point of the compasses above the square.

Matthew A. Henson (1866–1955) Negro explorer who was with Admiral Peary, q.v., when he reached the North Pole in 1909. b. Aug. 8, 1866 in Charles Co., Md. He was associated with Peary for 20 years. In his final dash to the pole, Peary said this of Henson: “When each man has led me and my men to a certain point, within striking distance of the pole, their work is done. They shall no longer be needed. But Henson is not to return. I can’t get along without him.” Commander Donald MacMillan said of him: “A carpenter, he built sledges; a mechanic, he made the alcohol stoves; an expert dog driver, he taught us to handle our dogs. Highly respected by the Eskimos, he was easily the most popular man on board the ship. . . . Henson, strong physically, and above all fully experienced, was of more real value to our commander than Bartlett, Marvin, Borup, Goodsell and myself put together. Matthew Henson went to the pole with Peary because he was a better man than any one of us.” Henson, the last survivor of the expedition, died in 1955. He was a member of Celestial Lodge No. 3, of Prince Hall jurisdiction in New York City. He is the author of *A Negro Explorer to the North Pole*.

William P. Hepburn (1833–1916) U.S. Congressman from Iowa to 47th to 49th Congresses (1881–87), and 53rd to 60th Congresses (1893–1909), introducing the bill to carry out President Theodore Roosevelt’s Pure Food and Drug Act in

Dec., 1905. b. Nov. 4, 1833 at Wellsville, Ohio. He was taken to Iowa Territory in 1841, and educated there. Admitted to bar in 1854, he was county prosecuting attorney, clerk of the Iowa house of representatives, and district attorney. He served in the Civil War as a lieutenant colonel of the 2nd Iowa Cavalry from 1861–65, and lived at Memphis, Tenn. from 1865–67. He returned to Iowa in 1867, and remained at Clarinda until his death on Feb. 7, 1916. His absence from the 50th to 52nd congresses was due to his position as solicitor for the Treasury during these years (1888–93). Member of Nodaway Lodge No. 140 at Clarinda, Iowa.

James M. Herbert (1863–1923) President of Colorado, Wyoming & Eastern Railway, 1914–16 and St. Louis Southwestern Railway, 1916–23. b. Jan. 15, 1863 in Westmoreland Co., Pa. Began as a telegraph operator in 1881, and worked up as dispatcher, chief dispatcher, and trainmaster. In 1897 he became superintendent of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, and of the Missouri Pacific in 1901. He was later manager of the Southern Pacific and Denver and Rio Grand Western. Mason. d. Aug. 5, 1923.

Thomas J. Herbert Governor of Ohio, 1947–48, and Justice, Supreme Court of Ohio since 1956. b. Oct. 28, 1894 at Cleveland, Ohio. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1919, he served as assistant county prosecutor and assistant attorney general. Specialized in public utilities. Was attorney general of Ohio from 1938–44, and president of the National Association of Attorneys General in 1943–44. Served as a lieutenant in the Air Force in WWI; wounded in 1918, and discharged in

1920. He organized the 17th Aviation Division of the Ohio National Guard in 1927. A member of Master's Lodge No. 675 of Cleveland, he received his degrees, July 13, July 27, and Sept. 27, 1921; is 32° AASR (NJ).

Johann Gottfried von Herder (1744–1803) German philosopher and man of letters. Upon Goethe's q.v., recommendation, he was called to Weimar as general superintendent of the church district, serving there from 1776 to 1803. Among his works are *Kritische Waller* (1769); *Abhandlung uber den Ursprung der Sprache* (1772) ; and various editions of German folksongs. He was made a Mason at Riga in the lodge *Zurn Schwert* in 1766.

Frank E. Hering (1874–1943) Credited as first nationwide sponsor of Mother's Day; President of Fraternal Order of Eagles, 1909–12. b. April 30, 1874 in Northumberland Co., Pa. Graduate of U. of Notre Dame in 1898 and 1902. He was a trustee of the U. of Notre Dame, and national president of the Alumni Assn. U. of Notre Dame in 1930–31. He was a teacher of English and history at U. of Notre Dame from 1898–1904. He was managing editor and advertising manager of *The Eagle* magazine from 1912. He was active in promoting mothers' pension laws and old age pension laws. A bronze tablet was erected in his honor at the English Opera House of Indianapolis, hid. commemorating the first Mother's Day address on Feb. 7, 1904. Member of South Bend Lodge No. 294, South Bend, Ind. d. July 11, 1943.

Nicholas Herkimer (1715–1777) Brigadier General of

American Revolution, who was fatally wounded in the Battle of Oriskany. His name is anglicized from the German Herchheimer. His father, John Jost Herkimer, was one of the Palatine Germans that settled Herkimer Co., N.Y. At the age of 30 he was a lieutenant of militia, and was in command at Fort Herkimer (his home), when the French and Indians attacked German Flats in 1758. He later lived in the Canajoharie district, and was made colonel in 1775, and brigadier general in 1776. He was made a Mason April 7, 1768, in St. Patricks Lodge No. 8 (now 4) of Johnstown, N.Y. The master of this lodge was Sir John Johnson, q.v., who was also Indian agent for the British and provincial grand master of New York. The Indian, Joseph Brant, q.v., was a protege of Johnson's. At the Battle of Oriskany Herkimer opposed Johnson, Brant, and Col. Butler, q.v., another member of St. Patricks Lodge. In 1777 when General St. Leger invested Fort Stanwix (afterwards Fort Schuyler), Herkimer took his militia to the relief of Gen. Gansevoort. At a point some six miles from Ft. Stanwix, Herkimer fell into an ambush. His horse was killed and he was badly wounded, a leg being broken. Dragging himself to a stump, he encouraged his men to the last, but sustained a loss of 200 men. He was removed from the field to his home at Little Falls, and died, Aug. 16, 1777, ten days after the battle, from an unskilled amputation of his leg. The town, township, and county in New York are named for him.

Raphael Herman (1865–1946) Manufacturer and active in promotion of peace and international relations. b. Dec. 15, 1865 near Konigsburg, Germany. Educated in Germany, he came to America in 1890, and engaged in business in

New York state. In 1901 he was official of the Buffalo Pan-American Exposition. From 1895–1903 he published the *Acetylene Journal*. He was president of the Diamond Power Specialty Co., Detroit; Power Efficiency Corp.; Calorizing Corp. of America. He was an organizer and trustee of the Detroit Tuberculosis Sanitarium; founder of the Detroit Museum of Art; founder and trustee of the Los Angeles U. of International Relations; and member of the board of the World Federation of Educational Associations and American Museum of Natural History (N.Y.) He was national vice president of the League of Nations Association. He was the donor of a \$25,000 competitive peace prize. Mason and 32° AASR. Deceased.

Leo D. Hermle Lieutenant General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. June 30, 1890 in Hastings, Nebr. Graduate of U. of California in 1914 and 1917. Commissioned lieutenant in Marine Corps in 1917, and rose to major general in 1944. In WWI he commanded a Marine company in France, and commanded the 6th Marines in Iceland in 1941. He was chief of staff of the 2nd Marines on Guadalcanal in 1943; assistant division commander at Tarawa in 1943, and assistant division commander of 5th Marines in 1945. He landed at Iwo Jima on D-Day and was island commander of Guam in 1946. Raised in Oakland Lodge No. 188, Oakland, Calif., Nov., 1914; member of AASR (SJ) in Oakland and the Shrine.

Don Manuel Diaz Hernandez (1774–1863) Catholic priest, Freemason, patriot, and liberal. He was made a Mason in 1810, and later became master of his lodge and a member of the Scottish Rite. He always wore the insignia of his Scottish

Rite chapter on his cassock—a pelican, a cross and a rose. Because of his liberal activity, he was banished to Teneriffe in 1820 by King Ferdinand VII, q.v. In 1825 he was allowed to return and his parish was restored. In 1894 the people of Santa Cruz de Palmas, in the Canary Islands, erected a monument in his honor. The base states “Diaz—his grateful fatherland,” and the statue shows him in his cassock with the Masonic emblems.

Chesley C. Herndon Executive Vice President of Skelly Oil Co. b. Aug. 26, 1886 at Clarksville, Tenn. Graduate of Cumberland U. (Tenn.) in 1909, and admitted to bar in that year, practicing in Nashville until 1910, when he moved to Oklahoma and took up practice at Chickasha, and later Tulsa. He became an attorney for Gulf Oil Corp.; and vice president of Skelly Oil Co. in 1919, and executive vice president and director from 1948. Affiliated with Chickasha Lodge No. 94, Chickasha, Okla. on April 6, 1911, dimitting from same on Oct. 22, 1915 and affiliating with Delta Lodge No. 425, Tulsa on April 18, 1916.

Charles N. Herreid (1857–1928) Governor of South Dakota two terms, 1900–04. b. Oct. 20, 1857 in Dane Co., Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1882. Settled in McPherson Co., S.D. in 1883, where he served as county judge and state’s attorney. He was lieutenant governor from 1892–96. After his governorship, he practiced law at Aberdeen. He was past grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias. Received degrees in Acacia Lodge No. 108, Eureka, S.D. on June 21, July 25 and Aug. 17, 1894. Affiliated with

Aberdeen Lodge No. 38, Aberdeen, S.D. on Feb. 1, 1916. d. July 6, 1928.

Thomas W. Herren Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 9, 1895 in Dadeville, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1917, and commissioned second lieutenant in that year, advancing through grades to lieutenant general in 1954. He served overseas in WWI with the field artillery, and in WWII was commander of the 106th Cavalry regiment and commandant of the Cavalry School. He later became assistant division commander of the 70th Infantry division; G-3 of the 4th Army; chief of staff of U.S. Army forces in Korea; commanding general of military district of Washington; commanding general of Northern area in Europe; commanding general of first army; and since 1954, senior member of Military Staff Committee of United Nations. Now retired. Member of Rockford Lodge No. 102, Rockford, Ill., but his work was completed at Burlington, Vt. Member of National Sojourners at Springfield, Mass.

Dionisio Herrera (1790?–1850) Elected President of three countries —president of Honduras from 1824–27; president of Nicaragua from 1829–34. He retired in 1833 to live in El Salvador, and in 1835 was elected president of that country, but refused. Mason.

Lott R. Herrick (1871–1937) Justice, Supreme Court of Ill., 1933–37. b. Dec. 8, 1871 at Farmer City, Ill. Graduate of U. of Ill. (1892), and U. of Michigan (1894). In law practice at Farmer City, Ill. from 1894–1933. Member Farmer City Lodge No. 710, Farmer City, Ill. d. Sept. 18, 1937.

Samuel Herrick Brigadier General in War of 1812. He affiliated with Amity Lodge No. 5 of Zanesville, Ohio about 1813, dimitting on June 19, 1824 to affiliate with LaFayette Lodge No. 79, Zanesville on May 25, 1825, withdrawing on Dec. 30, 1830.

Frederick W. Herring (1821–?) American artist. b. Nov. 24, 1821, the son of James Herring, q.v., who was also an artist. He studied art with his father and Henry Inman, and devoted himself to portrait painting. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City, N.Y.

James Herring (1794–1867) Artist. b. Jan. 12, 1794, in London, Eng. He came to America with his family in 1804. He began his career by coloring prints and maps. He lived in Philadelphia for a time, but returned to New York where he settled in Chatham Square as a portrait painter. He illustrated (with Longacre) American biography in the National Portrait Gallery. His son, Frederick W. Herring, q.v., was also a painter. James was initiated in Solomon's Lodge, Somerville, N.J. in 1816, and was master of Clinton Lodge, N.Y.C., in 1827–28–32–34, during the period when the anti-Masonic spirit was at its height. He, with the remaining members of Clinton Lodge, united with St. John's No. 1 of N.Y.C. on Dec. 18, 1834. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1829–46. When the grand lodge split, June 5, 1849, he became grand secretary of the Phillips (or Herring) group and held that office until 1858. He was exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., New York City, Jan. 5, 1817; knighted in Columbian Commandery No. 1, K.T.; and was 33°, sovereign

grand inspector general, AASR (NJ). He was high priest of his chapter, and served for a time as general grand secretary of the General Grand Chapter of the U.S. He was also grand master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of the U.S. d. Oct. 8, 1867 in Paris, France.

Arthur W. S. Herrington President of Marmon-Herrington Co., 1931–42 and chairman of board since 1940. b. March 30, 1891 in Coddensham, England, he was brought to the U.S. in 1896. Served in WWI. He designed several types of military trucks with four and six wheel drives, as well as track laying vehicles for U.S. Army and Marine Corps. In 1942 he was technical advisor for the U.S. Mission to India. Member of Madison Lodge No. 93, Madison, N.J. and 32° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis, Ind. Member of Murat Shrine Temple of Indianapolis.

Alexander Herrman (1844–1896) Magician. b. Feb. 11, 1844 in Paris, France. He died suddenly while en route from Rochester, N.Y. to Bradford, Pa., and was buried with Masonic ceremonies in Woodlawn Cemetery, near New York, by Munn Lodge No. 190, N.Y.C. d. Dec. 11, 1896.

Francis J. Herron (1837–1902) Major General in Civil War. b. Feb. 17, 1837 in Pittsburgh, Pa. He was graduated from Western U. (Pa.) in 1853, and moved to Dubuque, Ia. in 1856, where he was in the mercantile business. He organized a military unit in 1861, and in Sept. of that year, was made lieutenant colonel of the 9th Iowa regiment. He saw action in the campaigns in Mo., Ark., and Indian Tern Was wounded

in Battle of Pea Ridge. As a brigadier general he commanded the Army of the Frontier at Battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., and was made major general of volunteers in Nov., 1862. He subsequently captured Van Buren, Ark., invested Vicksburg, and captured Yazoo City. He negotiated and received the surrender of the Confederate forces west of the Miss. In 1865 he was appointed commissioner to negotiate treaties with the Indians. After the war he practiced law in New Orleans, and was U.S. marshal of dist. of La. in 1872–73. He later practiced law in New York City. Charter member of Mosaic Lodge No. 125, Dubuque, Iowa, dimitting April 9, 1872. 32° AASR. d. Jan. 8, 1902.

Ira G. Hersey (1858–1943) U.S. Congressman to 65th to 70th Congresses (1917–29) from 4th Maine dist. b. March 31, 1858 in Hodgdon, Maine, he began law practice in that city in 1880. He served in both bodies of the state legislature, and was president of the senate in 1915–16. After his term as congressman, he practiced law in Washington, D.C. Member of Monument Lodge No. 96, Houlton, Maine, receiving degrees on Oct. 17, 24 and Nov. 14, 1894. In lodge line from 1896, serving as master in 1905–06. d. March 6, 1943.

Mark L. Hersey (1863–1934) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 1, 1863 at Stetson, Maine. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1887, and received A.M. from Bates Coll. in 1902. Commissioned in 1887 he advanced through the grades to major general in 1924, retiring in November of that year. He was with the Philippines constabulary from 1905–14, and chief of the Mindanao constabulary from 1909–14. In WWI

he commanded the 155th Infantry brigade in the St. Mihiel offensive, and the Bois des Loges defensive in the Meuse-Argonne. Given command of the 4th Division in Oct., 1919, he served with it on the march to the Rhine, and throughout the occupation service. He was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 64, Exeter, Maine, and New England Chapter of National Sojourners. d. Jan. 22, 1934.

Lewis B. Hershey Lieutenant General, U.S. Army, and Director of Selective Service. b. Sept. 12, 1893 in Steuben Co., Ind. Graduate of Tri-State Coll. (Ind.) in 1914. He began as a country school teacher in 1910, and was high school principal of Flint, Ind. from 1914-16. He entered the Indiana National Guard in 1911 as a private, and advanced through grades to lieutenant general in 1956. In the regular Army, he was promoted to major general in 1942, and retired on physical disability in 1946. He was a member of the War Department General Staff from 1936-40. He was appointed deputy director of the Selective Service System in 1947, and made director in 1948. Member of Northeastern Lodge No. 210, Freemont, Ind.

Paul L. Hershfield President of Mississippi Glass Co. since 1949. b. July 11, 1908 at Montrose, Ill. He was associated with Anchor-Hocking Glass Corp., from 1934-40. Has been chairman of board of Walsh Refractories Corp. since 1951. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

Jean Hersholt (1886-1956) Actor. b. July 12, 1886 in Copenhagen, Denmark. Educated in Knud Coll. at Copenhagen,

he received honorary degrees from several American colleges. He began acting in the Dagmar Theatre of Copenhagen in 1904, and continued on the European stage until 1913, when he came to the U.S. and was naturalized in 1920. Under contract to the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Film Corp., he played in more than 400 pictures including *Four Horsemen*; *Greed*; *Stella Dallas*; *Old Heidelberg*; *Emma*; *Old Soak*; *Alias the Deacon*; *Men in White*; *Grand Hotel*; *The Country Doctor*; *Sins of Man*; *Reunion and Heidi*. He received the Academy of Motion Picture Arts' award (Oscar) in 1939-49-50, and was president of the academy from 1945-49. From 1937 he starred in the Dr. Christian radio series. He was knighted by King Christian X, q.v., of Denmark in 1946 for his work as president of the American-Denmark Relief, Inc. during WWII. He was a partner of the Sol Lesser Productions, Inc. of Hollywood. He authored a complete translation of Hans Christian Anderson's *Fairy Tales*. Member of Palms Lodge No. 512, Hollywood, Calif. d. June 2, 1956.

Christian A. Herter Governor and Congressman of Massachusetts; and Under Secretary of State, Department of State since 1957. b. March 28, 1895 in Paris, France. Graduate, cum laude, of Harvard in 1915. During 1916-17 he was an attache of the American embassy in Berlin, and a special assistant to U.S. Dept. of State in 1917-18. He was secretary of the American commission to negotiate peace at Paris in 1918-19. In 1919-24 he was assistant to Herbert Hoover, secretary of Commerce. He edited *The Independent* from 1924-28, and was assistant editor of *The Sportsman*, Boston, from 1927-36. Herter served in the Mass. legislature from

1931–43, and was a member of the 78th to 82nd Congresses from 1943–53, from 10th Mass. dist. He served as governor of Mass. from 1953–57. Member of Mount Tabor Lodge; St. Paul's Royal Arch Chapter; Council of R. & S.M.; St. Bernard Commandery, K.T. all of Boston. In Scottish Rite he is member of Boston Lafayette Lodge of Perfection; Giles F. Yates Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Mount Olivet Chapter of Rose Croix and Mass. Consistory. He became a 33°, honorary member of the Northern Supreme Council on Sept. 23, 1953 at Chicago, Ill. He became a charter member of Nantascot Lodge, Hull, Mass.

Earl of Hertford (see Clare de Gilbert).

Harcourt Hervey Major General, California National Guard. b. Sept. 2, 1892 at Los Angeles, Calif. He was graduated from U. of California in 1916. Commissioned in that year, he advanced through grades to lieutenant colonel, and was with the A.E.F. from 1916–18, resigning to enter the banking profession. He became vice president of Security National Bank of Los Angeles. He entered the national guard in 1922, and advanced through grades to major general. He saw overseas duty in WWII from 1942–45, in Europe, Asia, Pacific, and Korea. A member of Pentalpha Lodge No. 202 of Los Angeles, he received his degrees, Jan. 6, June 9, and June 23, 1914, and 32° AASR (SJ), March 18, 1917, in Kansas, affiliating with Los Angeles AASR bodies on Nov. 4, 1917.

William R. Hervey (1870–1953) Judge of Superior Court of California in 1909. b. March 26, 1870 in Somerville, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Arkansas in 1890, and U. of Michigan in

1894. Practiced law in Los Angeles from 1894–1907. He was president of American Savings Bank from 1908–11, and superior court judge from 1901–11. He was also vice president of two other banks and a building and loan concern. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of California in 1917–18. He was a 33° AASR (SJ), and grand inspector general for Calif.; Knight Templar, and past potentate of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple. He was raised in Pentalpha Lodge No. 202 on June 10, 1895. d. Feb. 1, 1953.

William E. Hess U.S. Congressman to 71st to 74th, and 76th to 80th Congresses, from 2nd Ohio dist. b. Feb. 13, 1898 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Attended U. of Cincinnati and Cincinnati Law School, being admitted to the bar in 1919, and practiced since at Cincinnati. Member of Hanselmann Lodge No. 208, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees on March 1, April 5 and May 15, 1920. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Prince of Hesse–Cassel (see under Frederick).

Prince of Hesse–Cassel (see under “Karl”).

Dukes of Hesse–Darmstad (see under “Ludwig”).

Prince of Hesse–Darmstadt (see under George Karl).

Landgrave of Hesse–Homburg (see under Frederick Ludwig).

Edouard Gregory Hesselberg (D’ Essenelli)

(1870-?) Pianist. b. May 3, 1870 at Riga, Russia. Graduate of the Conservatory of Music and Dramatic Art, Moscow, with honors in 1892, and later studied under the famous Rubinstein. He came to America in 1892, and was naturalized in 1900. He taught in the Ithaca (N.Y.) Conservatory of Music, 1895-96, and at U. of Denver, and Dick's Normal Coll. (Denver), from 1896-1900. He was director of music at Wesleyan Coll. Conservatory, Macon, Ga., 1900-05, and at Belmont Coll., Nashville, Tenn., 1905-12. Later he taught at London, Ontario, and Chicago, Ill. He composed a new national hymn, America, My Country, in 1916. He composed many songs and compositions for piano, violin, and orchestra. Mason. Deceased.

Prince of Hesse-Philippsthal-Barchfeld (see under Frederick William).

Hugh B. Hester Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 4, 1895 at Hester, N.C. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1916. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to general rank in 1944. Served in Quartermaster department, and was in Southwest Pacific and Australia in WWII. Later he was with military government in Germany, and military attache in Australia. He has commanded the Philadelphia Quartermaster depot since 1948. Member of Army Lodge No. 1105, Fort Sam Houston, San Antonio, Texas; 32° AASR (SJ).

Henry Heth (1825-1899) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. in Virginia, he was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1847, and joined the 6th Infantry. He

was promoted to captain in 1855. At the out-break of the Civil War, he resigned and entered the Confederate Army as a brigadier general, and was commissioned major general in May, 1863. He commanded a division under General A. P. Hill in Virginia, and was in the battle of Gettysburg, and the campaigns of 1864–65. After the war he engaged in business in South Carolina. He was first a member of Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 205, Camp Floyd, Utah, and served as its senior warden at one time. He affiliated with Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C. about 1891. He was buried Masonically by Richmond Lodge No. 10, Richmond, Va., at the request of Benjamin B. French Lodge. d. Sept. 27, 1899.

Jacob A. W. Hetrick President of New York Medical College since 1942. b. April 22, 1895 at Asbury Park, N.J. He was graduated from New York Medical Coll. in 1918. He became associated with the college in 1927 as a professor, and later served as registrar, assistant dean, and dean. Received his degrees in Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City in spring of 1931.

Frederick L. Hetter Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 25, 1907 at Rock Island, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1927. Advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1952. His specialty is Naval aircraft supply. He served in the Central Pacific in WWII, and since the war has been executive officer of supply depots at Philadelphia, with the Atlantic fleet, and at Bayonne, N.J. since 1956. Raised in Rock Island Lodge No. 658, Rock Island, Ill. in Oct., 1928. He was a DeMolay in Rock

Island, Ill. as a youth. Member of Mt. Vernon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M.; Warren Council No. 5, R. & S.M. and Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 1, K.T., all of Jersey City, N.J.

Ralph D. Hetzel (1882–1947) College president. b. Dec. 31, 1882 at Merrill, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wis– .1.1 A Howard R. Hick consin in 1906 and 1908. A professor of English and political science, he became president of the New Hampshire Coll. of Agr. and Mechanic Arts, 1917–23, and president of U. of New Hampshire, 1923–26. He was president of Pennsylvania State Coll. from 1927. Made a Mason “at sight” by R. R. Lewis, grand master of Pa. in Masonic Temple at Philadelphia on Dec. 27, 1938. Became member of State College Lodge No. 700. d. Oct. 3, 1947.

Joseph Hewes (1730–1779) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. Jan. 23, 1730 in Kingston, N.J. His family were farmers and Quakers, but at the beginning of the Revolution, he gave up his ties with the Society of Friends and devoted himself to the war. In 1776 he was a member of the secret committee of the committee on claims, and was virtually the first secretary of the Navy. At an early age he moved to Philadelphia where he engaged in business, but moved to Edenton, N.C. in 1763. He was in the state senate that year, and in 1774 was a delegate to the Continental Congress and assisted in the preparation of the report on “The Statement of Rights.” With General Washington, he conceived the plan of operations for the ensuing campaign. He was again chosen a delegate to congress in 1776, but illness prevented him from serving. He was again returned to congress in 1779,

but died in the second month of his term. His funeral was attended by Washington, and he was buried in Christ Church, Philadelphia. His lodge is not known, but he is recorded as a visitor at a meeting of Unanimity Lodge No. 7 of Edenton, N.C. on Dec. 27, 1776, just after his return from the Continental Congress. d. Nov. 10, 1779. Was buried with Masonic honors.

Weldon B. Heyburn (1852–1912) U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1903–09, 1909–15. b. May 23, 1852 in Delaware Co., Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1876, and practiced in Shoshone Co., Idaho from 1883. He was a delegate to three national Republican conventions. Member of Shoshone Lodge No. 25, Wallace, Idaho. d. Oct. 17, 1912.

Melville L. Hibbard President of Minnesota Power and Light Co. 1933–54 and now chairman of board. b. Feb. 21, 1883 at Farnham, Quebec, Canada, coming to the U.S. in 1908; was naturalized in 1921. He was employed by utility companies in San Antonio, Texas, Fargo, N.D., and Minneapolis, Minn. He was president of the Idaho Power Co., 1931–33. Member of Shiloh Lodge No. 1, Fargo, N.D. receiving degrees on Feb. 28, March 28 and April 29, 1919. Member of Keystone Chapter No. 20, R.A.M. and Duluth Commandery No. 18, K.T., both of Duluth, Minn.; 32° AASR at Fargo, ND.; El Zegal Shrine Temple, Fargo; past director of Duluth Court No. 55, Royal Order of Jesters; Aad Shrine Temple, Duluth; St. George Conclave No. 6, Red Cross of Constantine and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Philip Hichborn (1839–1910) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy and

inventor of Franklin Life Buoy. b. in Charleston, Mass. He served five years as an apprentice in the Boston Navy Yard, and took a special course in ship construction in the Navy. He went to Calif. in 1860, where he entered the Mare Island Navy Yard and became a master shipwright in 1862. He entered the Navy in 1869, and became chief naval constructor, 1893–1901, retiring in the latter year. He was master of Naval Lodge No. 87 at Vallejo, Calif. in 1866, but withdrew in 1872. d. 1910.

Howard R. Hick Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines (1958–59). Born in England March 8, 1910. In 1915 while England and France were at war his parents moved to the United States, coming on the last voyage of the Lusitania before it was sunk. They settled at 00.

Bourke B. Hickenlooper Easton, Pa., where after graduation from high school he attended New York U., graduating with a B.S. in aeronautical engineering. Was captain and member of 1932 track team at Olympic tryouts in Los Angeles. He was an instructor in Pacific Military and Elsinore Naval Academies. He was naturalized in 1933; he engaged in research work in Greece, India and the Philippines; he spent three years in Santo Tomas internment camp. He is president and general manager of the Peter Paul Philippine corporation. Made a Freemason in 1946, he advanced rapidly, becoming grand master in 1958. He had a large part in securing an agreement in the Japanese–Philippine grand lodge controversy.

Bourke B. Hickenlooper Governor and U.S. Senator from

Iowa since 1945. b. July 21, 1896 at Blockton, Iowa. Graduate of Iowa State Coll. in 1920, and received law degree from U. of Iowa in 1922. Admitted to bar in latter year, and has since practiced in Cedar Rapids. He was lieutenant governor of Iowa from 1939–43, and governor 1943–44. He served in the lower house 1935–39. During WWI he was a second lieutenant with the 339th Field Artillery and served in France. Member of Mizpah Lodge No. 639, Cedar Rapids; received 32° AASR (SJ) in Army Consistory No. 1, Kansas, April 2, 1918, and affiliated with the Cedar Rapids consistory, Jan. 21, 1925. Shriner.

Doyle O. Hickey Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 27, 1892 at Rector, Ark. Graduate of Hendrix Coll. Conway, Ark. in 1913. He was commissioned in 1917, in officers reserve corps, and in the regular army in 1920. He advanced through grades to major general in 1948. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

John E. Hickman Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Texas since 1948. b. Mar. 28, 1883 at Liberty Hill, Texas. He taught school, and was admitted to bar in 1910. He practiced in Erath and Stephens Co. until 1926, when he became a justice of the court of civil appeals. He served as chief justice of this court from 1928–34. He became associate justice of the supreme court in 1945. Mason.

Henry D. Hicks Prime Minister of Nova Scotia, 1954–56. b. Mar. 5, 1915 at Bridgetown, N.S. Graduate of Mount Allison and Dalhousie universities, he was a Rhodes scholar at

Oxford in 1943. Admitted to the bar in 1941, he practiced at Bridgetown. He has been a member of the Nova Scotia legislature since 1945; was minister of education, 1949–54; provincial secretary in 1954, and leader of the Liberal Party since 1956. In WWII he served as an artillery captain, from 1941–45, in the Canadian Army. He was initiated in Rothsay Lodge No. 41, Bridgetown, in 1947, and is a member of the Scottish Rite.

Joseph W. Hicks Public relations and industrial relations counsel. b. July 18, 1899 in Oliver Springs, Tenn. He was graduated from U. of Oklahoma in 1923, and is the author of *Cheer Oklahoma*, the U. of Oklahoma's song. Starting as a newspaper man and editor, he was on papers in. Topeka, Kans., Seattle, Wash., San Francisco, Calif., and Oklahoma City, Okla. He was also a correspondent of the United Press from 1921–23 and International News Service, 1923–24. He entered the public relations field at Chicago in 1925, and taught in the Medill School of Journalism of Northwestern U. from 1927–33. In private practice since 1941, he is president of the Joseph W. Hicks Organization. Served in WWI in artillery. Member of Siloam Lodge No. 276, Oklahoma City, Okla.; chapter, council and commandery in Evanston, Ill. and 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago. Member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago. 226 Archibald T. Higgins Raymond M. Hicks Steamship executive. b. at Kingston, N.Y. in 1898. He is executive vice president and director of Number One Broadway Corp.; U.S. Lines Co.; and Roosevelt Steamship Co. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 3, Washington, D.C.

Thomas H. Hicks (1798–1865) Governor and U.S. Senator from Maryland. b. Sept. 2, 1798 in Dorchester Co., Md. Reared on a farm, he entered the mercantile business in 1831. As governor of Maryland from 1858–62, he strongly opposed secession. He was first appointed to the senate, and later elected, serving from 1863–65. He was a member of Cambridge Lodge No. 66, Cambridge, Md. and served several terms as master. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1849. He was also a member of Livingston Chapter No. 14, Cambridge. His commandery membership is not known, but he was buried with Knights Templar ceremonies from the senate chamber of the U.S. Capitol. d. Feb. 13, 1865.

Miguel Hidalgo (see under Costilla) .

Anton Hieronymus It is said that in the examination of a German steinmetz, or stonemason, this was given as the name of the first Freemason. Mackey says that it is unquestionably a corruption of Acton Hiram.

Joseph Hiester (1752–1832) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1821–23. b. Nov. 18, 1752 in Bern township, Pa. Had a common school education, and worked as a farm laborer, and then as a clerk in Reading, Pa. At the beginning of the Revolution he raised and equipped that town with a company which took part in the battles of Long Island and Germantown. He was a colonel, and at one time was captured and held prisoner. Hiester was a member of the constitutional convention of 1776. He served five terms in the state house, and four in

the state senate of Pa. In 1807 he was appointed one of the two major generals to command the quota of Pa. military militia called for by the president. He served in the U.S. congress from 1797–1805, and again from 1815–20. A member of Lodge No. 62 of Reading, Pa., he served as junior and senior warden, and was treasurer in 1811. d. June 10, 1832.

Ranulf Higden (?–1364) A monk of Chester, England, who is buried in the Chester cathedral. He was the compiler of *Polychronicon*, a world history, drawn upon for some details in the very imaginary history of Masonry found in the *Old Charges*. *Polychronicon* was written in Latin, but an English version was printed by Caxton in 1482.

Andrew J. Higgins (1886–1952) Shipbuilder, who during WWII was identified with the construction of amphibious landing boats. b. Aug. 28, 1886 in Columbus, Nebr. He was a lumber mill owner and operator in Ala. and Miss. from 1908–15; then a lumber broker and exporter at New Orleans from 1915–20. From 1920–30 he was president of the Higgins Lumber and Export Co., and from 1930 was president of the Higgins Industries, Inc., builders of motor boats, planes, engines, ship radios, etc. at New Orleans. He was the inventor of some 30 improvements for amphibious landing craft and vehicles. Mason. d. Aug. 1, 1952.

Archibald T. Higgins (1893–1945) Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana from 1934. b. Oct. 31, 1893 in Algiers, La. He graduated from Tulane U. Law School and Loyola U. Admitted to the bar in 1916, he practiced at Gretna. He served in the

lower house from 1920–24 and was judge of the court of appeals, Orleans Parish, 1929–34. He received his degrees in St. John Lodge No. 153, New Orleans on Dec. 19, 1919, April 20, and Oct. 7, 1920. Became charter member of William De White Lodge No. 408 in 1922 and was master in 1923. Exalted in Orleans–Delta Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; knighted in Jacques de Molay Commandery No. 2, K.T.; 32° AASR (SJ) on July 27, 1929. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1937. d. Oct. 3, 1945.

Frank W. Higgins (1856–1907) Governor of New York, 1905–07. b. Aug. 18, 1856 at Rushford, N.Y. He was in the mercantile business at Stanton, Mich. from 1875–79 and in Olean, N.Y. in 1879. He served as state senator from 1894–1902, and was lieutenant governor from 1903–05. A member of Olean Lodge No. 252, Olean, New York, he was past commander of St. John's Commandery No. 24, K.T. of Olean. d. 1907.

William L. Higgins (1867–1951) U.S. Congressman to 73rd and 74th Congresses (1933–37) from 2nd Conn. dist.; physician. b. March 8, 1867 at Chesterfield, Mass. Received M.D. degree from U. of City of New York in 1890, and began practice at Willimantic, Conn., moving after a short time to South Coventry, Conn. Served seven terms in the lower house, and one term as state senator. He was Corm. secretary of state two terms, 1929–33. Member of Uriel Lodge No. 24, Merrow, Conn., receiving 3rd degree on Feb. 24, 1923. Member of Trinity Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. and St. Johns Commandery No. 11, both of Willimantic. 32° AASR (NJ) at Norwich and member of Sphinx Shrine Temple, Hartford. d. 1951.

Ben Frank Hilbun President of Mississippi State College from 1953. b. Nov. 14, 1890 in Laurel, Miss. Graduate of Miss. State Coll. in 1923. He became associated with the college in 1925, as director of publicity, and later served as registrar and assistant to president. Member of Abert Lodge No. 89, Starkville, Miss. since 1922 and J. J. Brooks Chapter No. 151, Starkville. Past master of his lodge. Son, Ben Frank, Jr. member of same bodies.

Oscar F. Mild (1901–1950) Member of the International Executive Board of American Federation of Musicians since 1940. b. Feb. 15, 1901 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Student at U. of Cincinnati, 1926–30. From 1916–30, he was an instrumental musician with various bands and orchestras, including the Chicago Opera, and Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra. In 1931 he was business agent of the Cincinnati Union of Musicians, and president since 1932. He was manager–director of the Cincinnati Summer Opera which presents the only summer grand opera season in America. Mason and Knight Templar. d. April 24, 1950.

Horace A. Hildreth Governor of Maine, 1945–49, and Ambassador to Pakistan, 1953–57. b. Dec. 2, 1902 at Gardiner, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. (1925), and Harvard Law School (1928). Admitted to the bar in 1928, he first practiced in Boston, Mass., and after 1936, in Portland, Maine. He served one term each in the state house and senate, being president of the senate in 1943. From 1949–53, he was president of Bucknell U. Member of Casco Lodge No. 36 of Yarmouth, Maine.

Melvin A. Hildreth (1859–1944) Brigadier General of National Guard, and Congressional Medal of Honor winner. b. Oct. 27, 1859 at Whites-town, N.Y. Began practice of law in Watertown, N.Y. in 1883, and moved to Fargo, N.D. in 1888. He was U.S. attorney for N.D. from 1914–24. He enlisted in the N.D. National Guard in Oct., 1890, serving in the Spanish–American War, and in the Philippine Insurrection of 1898–99, as a colonel. He was a member of the commission, under treaty to settle military affairs with the Spanish government in the Philippines in 1899. Elevated to brigadier general in 1908. Member of Shiloh Lodge No. 1 of Fargo, ND., and made life member on Nov. 16, 1942. Member of Keystone Chapter No. 5, R.A.M., Auvergne Commandery No. 2, K.T. and El Zagal Shrine Temple of Fargo, N.D. d. Jan. 13, 1944.

Arthur M. Hill Chairman of executive committee of The Greyhound Corp. b. March 23, 1892 at Charleston, W.Va. He is chairman of board of Atlantic Greyhound Corp.; president and chairman of the Charleston Transit Co.; and chairman of the board and director of Capitol Greyhound Lines. He is an officer in a number of other corporations. From 1935–48 he was a director of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, and is president of the National Assn. of Motor Bus Operators. He was an officer in WWI with the 77th Infantry Division, and in WWII was special assistant to the secretary of the Navy. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ), and Shriner.

Claude E. Hill (1874–1957) Disciples of Christ minister. b. Jan. 11, 1874 in Pike Co., Mo. Graduate of U. of Chicago in 1901. Ordained minister in 1896, and served churches in

Ala., Tenn., and Okla. From 1906–18 he was national superintendent of Christian Endeavor, Disciples of Christ, and a member of the executive commission of the International Convention, Disciples of Christ in 1923–26. In 1926 he was chairman of the Peace Commission of that church. He was a delegate to the Churches of Christ in Great Britain in 1932. Author of *Keeping the Faith: Plea of the Disciples of Christ for Christian Unity*. Member of Chattanooga Lodge No. 199, Chattanooga, Tenn. and John Bailey Nicklin Chapter No. 49, Chattanooga. Member of Trinity Commandery No. 20, K.T., Tulsa, Okla. and grand prelate of Grand Commandery of Oklahoma in 1932. Shriner. d. Feb. 10, 1957.

David G. Hill President of Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. since 1955, and member of executive committee. b. June 6, 1902 at Pittsburgh, Pa. Graduate of Cornell in 1924. He began with Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. as an engineer in 1924, and advanced as assistant to vice president, 1929–40; general superintendent, 1940–52; vice president, 1952–55. He is also a director of many large corporations. Member of Shekinah Lodge No. 257, Festus, Mo.

Isaac Hill (1788–1851) U.S. Senator and Governor of New Hampshire. b. April 6, 1788 in Somerville, Mass. He was employed in the printing office of the Amhurst, N.H. Cabinet, at the age of 14, and in 1809 went to Concord, N.H., where he purchased the *American Patriot*, changing its name to *New Hampshire Patriot*. After serving in both branches of the state legislature, he was second comptroller of the treasury, from 1829–30, when he was elected U.S. senator, holding this

office until 1836, he resigned to become governor of New Hampshire. He served as governor until 1839. He was a member of Blazing Star Lodge No. 11, Concord, and King-Trinity Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. of Hopkinton, N.H. In 1826 he was grand senior warden of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire. d. March 22, 1851.

James J. Hill (1838–1916) Railroad president who was known as the “Empire Builder of the Northwest.” b. Sept. 16, 1838 near Guelph, Ont., Canada. He left his father’s farm for a business life in Minn. He became associated with a steamboat office in St. Paul in 1856, and later established a fuel and transportation company of his own. His Red River Transportation Co., established in 1870, was the first to open communication between St. Paul and Winnipeg. He organized a syndicate which secured control of the St. Paul & Pacific R.R. from Dutch owners, and reorganized it as the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Co., serving as general manager from 1879–81; vice president, 1881–82; and president 1882–90. It became part of the Great Northern system in 1890. Hill was the moving force in the construction of the Great Northern Railway from Lake Superior to Puget Sound on the Pacific, with Northern and Southern branches, and direct steamship connections to China and Japan. He was president of the entire Great Northern system from 1889–1907, and chairman of the board from 1907–12. He was the owner of one of the finest collections of modern French paintings in the world. He contributed half a million dollars to the erection and endowment of the St. Paul Theological Seminary. Member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, St. Paul, Minn. d. May 29, 1916.

Jim Dan Hill President, State Teachers College, Superior, Wis. from 1931, and major general, 32nd Division (Wis. N.G.). b. Feb. 4, 1897 in Leon Co., Texas. Graduate of Baylor U., U. of Colorado, and U. of Minn. Was principal of high school, in Texas, and commandant of Gulf Coast Military Acad. in Miss. He then taught English in the N.M. School of Mines, and English and economics in the Michigan Coll. of Mines. In WWI he was a seaman in the Navy. During WWII he was granted a leave of absence from the college for military service. Raised in Eldorado Lodge No. 890, Eldorado, Texas in Feb., 1918 and presently a member of H.H. Grace Lodge No. 324, Superior, Wis.

John F. Hill (1855–1912) Governor of Maine two terms, 1901–05. b. Oct. 29, 1855 at Eliot, Maine. He received an M.D. degree from Bowdoin in 1877. He served in both branches of the state legislature, and was a member of the executive council from 1898–99. Member of Augusta Lodge No. 141, Augusta, Maine. d. March 16, 1912.

Lister Hill U.S. Senator from Alabama since 1938. b. Dec. 29, 1894 at Montgomery, Ala. Graduate of Stark Univ. School (Ala.); U. of Alabama; and Columbia U.; he began law practice in Montgomery in 1916. Served in U.S. Army in WWI from 1917–19. U.S. congressman, 68th to 75th congresses (1923–39) from 2nd Ala. dist. During 77th–79th congresses, he was the majority whip in the senate. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Montgomery, Ala. on Nov. 24, 1924.

Matthew W. Hill Chief Justice, Supreme Court of

Washington. b. June 26, 1894 at Bozeman, Mont. Graduate of U. of Washington in 1917; admitted to bar in 1918, and practiced in Seattle, 1919–45. He was elected justice of supreme court in 1947, and reelected to term ending 1959. He is now chief justice (1957–58). In 1955–56 he was first vice president of the American Baptist Convention, and a member of the general council, 1957–58. Mason, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Washington in 1940–41; 33° AASR (SJ). Coroneted 33° Dec. 8, 1945. Active in York Rite, Red Cross of Constantine.

Robert P. Hill (1874–1937) U.S. Congressman, 63rd Congress (1913–15) from 25th Ill. dist. b. April 18, 1874 at Ewing, Ill. Admitted to bar in 1904, and practiced at Marion, Ill. Member Fellowship Lodge No. 89, Marion, Ill. Suspended NPD in 1918. d. Oct. 29, 1937.

Samuel B. Hill Judge of Tax Court of the U.S. b. April 2, 1875 at Franklin, Ark. was graduated from U. of Arkansas, and practiced law in that state five years before moving to Waterville, Wash. in 1904. He was judge of the superior court of Washington, 1917–23, and member of the 68th to 74th U.S. congresses from 5th Wash. dist. (1923–37). In 1936 he was appointed to the U.S. Board of Tax Appeals (now the Tax Court of the U.S.), and reappointed for a term ending in 1960. Mason.

Thomas R. Hill President, director and general manager of Rexair, Inc., Detroit, since 1935. b. Dec. 15, 1894 at Williamstown, Ky. Graduate of Georgetown Coll. in 1915.

From 1915– 18 he was a coach, high school principal and superintendent of schools. From 1915–18 he was a lecturer on the Redpath Chautauqua circuit and from 1927–31 with the RKO Lyceum Bureau. He is also president, director and general manager of Martin–Parry Corp., Detroit, since 1941. Raised in Jellico Lodge No. 527, Jellico, Tenn. in 1916. He is a member of Kentucky–Tennessee Chapter No. 148, R.A.M. of Williamsburg, Ky. and Pineville Commandery No. 39, K.T., Pineville, Ky., as well as Eastern Star, Shrine and White Shrine.

Wilson S. Hill (1863–1921) U.S. Congressman to 58th to 60th Congresses (1903–09) from 4th Miss. dist. b. Jan. 19, 1863 in Choctaw Co., Miss. Graduate of Cumberland U. (Tenn.). Admitted to bar in 1884 and practiced first at Winona and later at Greenwood. Received degrees in Winona Lodge No. 48, Winona, Miss. in 1898; suspended in 1909; reinstated in 1915; dimitted in 1915. d. Feb. 15, 1921.

Michael Hillegas (1729–1804) First Treasurer of the U.S. b. in Philadelphia on April 22, 1729, son of an early German emigrant. He engaged in sugar refining and became a man of some wealth. In June, 1774, he became treasurer of the committee of safety, of which Benjamin Franklin was president. In 1775, he was appointed by the Continental Congress as treasurer of the U.S. and held this office until 1789. Member of St. John's Lodge (Moderns), Benjamin Franklin's lodge. His name appeared on the original subscription list for the erection of Freemason's Hall, March 13, 1754. The only documentary evidence of any meetings of the "Moderns" during or after the Revolution is a communication to the grand lodge dated

Oct. 30, 1782, wherein it gives Hillegas as junior warden of the lodge. d. Sept. 28, 1804.

Jeffrey P. Hillelson U.S. Congressman, 83rd Congress from 4th Mo. dist. b. March 9, 1919 in Ohio, he graduated from U. of Kansas City in 1947. Served in WWII as a captain (1942–46). From 1947–52 he operated a grocery store in Independence, Mo. For a time he was executive assistant to the postmaster general, resigning in 1956. In 1957 he was named postmaster of Kansas City, Mo. Member of Independence Lodge No. 76, Independence, Mo.; exalted in Independence Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. on April 17, 1954 and knighted in Palestine Commandery No. 17, K.T. on June 4, 1954, both of Independence, Mo.

Benjamin C. Hilliard (1868–1957) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1939–41. b. Jan. 9, 1868 near Osceola, Ia. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1891. He practiced law in Kansas City, Mo. in 1890–93 and moved to Denver, Colo. in 1893. He was a justice of the supreme court of Colorado from 1931. Member of Highlands Lodge No. 86, Denver, Colo., receiving degrees on Oct. 19, Nov. 16, and Dec. 14, 1894, and master of same in 1901. Grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1934–36 and grand master, 1941–42. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Colorado Consistory No. 1, in Feb., 1936. d. Aug. 1, 1957.

Otto Hillig (1876–1954) Transatlantic flyer and philanthropist. b. in Germany in 1876. He came to this country at the age of 13, worked at odd jobs and took up photography

commercially. Living frugally he amassed a fortune of approximately \$100,000. In 1931, he flew from his home in Liberty, N.Y. to Copenhagen, Denmark, with Maj. Holger Hoiriis as his pilot. On the trip he carried a letter from the grand master of New York to the King of Denmark. He constructed a German type "castle" on a mountain top near Liberty to remind him of his homeland. In his will he left this to the Grand Lodge of New York. Once a year, his home lodge, Mongaup No. 816 of Liberty, N.Y., met in the building. He also left bequests to six other lodges in that county. Other bequests in his will were to a dozen churches and many friends and associates. d. Oct. 2, 1954.

Charles C. Hillman Physician and Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 27, 1887 at Almyra, Ark. Graduate of U. of Arkansas (B.S. 1907) and Rush Medical Coll. (M.D. 1911). He became a contract surgeon with the Army in 1912. He was commissioned the following year and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942. During WWII he was commanding general of Letterman General hospital, San Francisco; retired in 1947. Member of Mt. Zion Lodge No. 135, Metuchen, N.J.; 32° AASR at Bloomsburg, Pa. (NJ) and Irem Shrine Temple, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

James N. Hillman President of Emory and Henry College, 1922–41. b. Nov. 6, 1883 in Coeburn, Va. Received A.B., M.A. and LL.D. from William and Mary Coll. He served as high school principal in Williamsburg, Va.; Latin instructor in William and Mary; superintendent of schools in Wise Co., Va.; and secretary of the state board of education, 1917–22.

As president of Emory and Henry College, he was privileged to sign and confer degrees on all four of his children as well as his son-in-law, brother, and niece. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1938; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Virigina in 1947. He was raised March 19, 1906 in Williamsburg Lodge No. 6; past high priest of Coeburn and Highland Park Chapter No. 37; past commander of Cyrene Commandery No. 21, Norton, Va. Received KCCH in 1948 and 33° AASR, (SJ) in 1951, being a member of Dalcho Consistory. Member of Acca Shrine Temple, Richmond, St. Poly-carp Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine, Royal Order of Scotland, and master of Virginia Lodge of Research No. 1777 since 1950.

Thomas Hilson (1784–1834) Actor. b. in England in 1784, his family name was Hill. He first appeared in this country at the Park Theatre in New York City in 1809 as Walter in *The Children of the Wood*. He continued as a member of the company until August, 1833, performing a wide range of character in comedy, tragedy and opera-bouffe. Paul Pry, Touchstone and Tony Lumpkin were among his most successful renderings. It is said that “his forte was low comedy, but he sometimes lowered it to vulgarity.” Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City. d. July 23, 1834.

William O. Hiltabidle, Jr. Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 2, 1896 at Glyndon, Md. Graduate of Lafayette Coll. in 1919. He was a civil engineer from 1919–21; was commissioned in the Navy in that year, advancing through grades to commodore in 1945. He has been stationed at Naval yards and installations

in New York City, Washington, D.C., Guam, Hawthorne, Nev., Pearl Harbor, San Diego, Quantico, Va., Newport, R.I. and Marianas Islands. In 1947–48 he was assistant chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks. Mason and National Sojourner.

Clifford L. Hilton (1866–1946) Justice, Supreme Court of Minn. from 1928. b. Dec. 8, 1866 in Kenyon, Minn. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1888, entering law practice at Fergus Falls, Minn., that year. He served two terms as attorney general of the state. Member of Corner Stone Lodge No. 99, Fergus Falls, Minn. Was Knight Templar, 33° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. April 5, 1946.

David C. Hilton (1877–1945) Surgeon and Brigadier General, National Guard. b. April 22, 1877 at Saline Co., Nebr. Received A.B. and A.M. from U. of Nebraska and M.D. from Rush Medical Coll. He practiced medicine in Lincoln, Nebr. from 1903. Served as a captain in medical corps in WWI and was division surgeon of 35th Division, Nebr. National Guard, 1927–40. Made brigadier general, unassigned, in 1940. He was U.S. delegate to International Congress of Military Medicine and Pharmacy at Warsaw, Poland in 1927 and in 1929 to same in London, England. Member of Acacia fraternity. Initiated in Siloam Lodge No. 780, Chicago, Ill. in 1903, he affiliated with Lincoln Lodge No. 19, Lincoln, Nebr. and served as master in 1917–18. Exalted in Lincoln Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. in Sept., 1914, he was high priest in 1925 and grand high priest of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Nebraska in 1945–46. Knighted in Mt. Moriah Commandery No. 4, K.T., Lincoln in Nov. 1914, he served as commander in 1938; greeted in Lincoln Council

No. 4 R. & S.M. in Dec. 1914. Was sovereign of Coeur de Lion Conclave No. 10, Red Cross of Constantine in 1941. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1906, KCCH in 1915 and 33° on Oct. 24, 1919. d. Dec. 12, 1945.

James W. Hilton Brigadier General, U.S. Army (retired); Manager of industrial relations at Wisconsin Steel Works, International Harvester Co. A combat infantryman in WWI and WWII, he served as an enlisted man in the same regiment during the first war that he commanded in the second. Retired as brigadier general in March, 1951. He is past master of South Park Lodge No. 662, Chicago; past president and member of board of governors of Chicago Chapter, National Sojourners; member of Logan Chapter No. 196, R.A.M.; Englewood Commandery No. 59, K.T.; Chicago Court No. 48, Royal Order of Jesters; 32° AASR (NJ) Valley of Chicago, being chancellor of Oriental Consistory and chairman of fraternal relations committee; potentate of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago in 1958.

Joseph H. Himes Business executive and U.S. Congressman to 67th Congress (1921–23) from 16th Ohio dist. b. Aug. 15, 1885 in New Oxford, Pa. He rose from a cinder pitman in the Pittsburgh steel mills to an executive position. He is founder and president of Group Hospitalization, Inc., Washington, D.C.; president of Joseph H. Himes Co., Inc.; director of Acacia Mutual Life Ins. Co.; special partner in brokerage firm of Merrill, Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Beane, N.Y. and director of a number of corporations. Mason. 32° AASR and Shriner.

John H. Hinds Major General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 9, 1898 at Ft. Monroe, Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1918 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1943. He has served in France, Philippines, Hawaii, North Africa, United Kingdom, Belgium, Germany and Czechoslovakia. In WWII he was with the War Dept. general staff, corps artillery commander, and artillery officer of 12th army group. From 1946 he was liaison officer to the Atomic Energy Commission. Retired. Member of Leonard Wood Lodge No. 105, Philippines.

Edward N. Hines (1870–1938) Highway pioneer who designed and built the first mile of concrete road in the U.S. b. Jan. 13, 1870 in St. Louis, Mo. He entered the printing business in 1889 and incorporated in 1907 as Speaker–Hines–Printing Co., of which he was president and general manager from 1925. He was road commissioner of Wayne Co., Mich. from 1906. In 1911 he originated the white line device to separate traffic lanes, and in 1893 he compiled and published the first road tour book. He sponsored the adoption of county road law in Mich. in 1893, and was organizer of American Road Builders Assn. in 1903. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 91, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on Nov. 2nd, 9th, and Dec. 28, 1893. d. June 4, 1938.

Frank T. Hines Brigadier General, U.S. Army; Administrator of Veterans' Affairs; U.S. Ambassador to Panama. b. April 11, 1879 in Salt Lake City, Utah. He entered the service as an enlisted man in the Utah Light Artillery (N.G.) in 1898 and advanced through grades to brigadier general (N.G.) in 1918. In the Philippine insurrection, he served in 24 engagements

and was recommended for the Congressional Medal of Honor. He assisted in the return of 3,100 American citizens from Europe in 1914 at the start of WWI. In 1918 he was chief of the embarkation service and the following year appointed chief of the Transportation Service, U.S. Army. In this position he was largely responsible for the transporting of over two million men to Europe in 18 months and returning them home in eight months. He was made permanent brigadier general in 1919 and resigned in 1920. From 1923–30 he was director of the U.S. Veterans' Bureau, and from 1930–44 was administrator of Veterans' Affairs. He was appointed ambassador to Panama in 1945. Raised in Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on Jan. 10, 1929; 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH. d. April 3, 1960.

James F. Hinkle (1864–1951) Governor of New Mexico, 1923–25. b. Oct. 20, 1864 in Franklin Co., Mo. Educated in U. of Missouri. From 1885–1911 he was a cattle raiser in New Mex. He entered the banking business in 1911 and became president of First National in Roswell. He served three terms in the lower state house and was elected to the territorial senate in 1901. Member of Roswell Lodge No. 18, Roswell, N.M., receiving degrees on Sept. 27, Dec. 27, 1890, and March 25, 1891. Knight Templar, received 33° AASR (SJ) on Nov. 23, 1933. Shriner. d. March 26, 1951.

Thomas Hinkle Wagon boss for pioneer firm of Russell, Majors and Waddell, the great freighting firm of the prairies which started the Pony Express. Its owners and employees were predominantly Freemasons. Hinkle was a first sergeant

in the Lexington, Mo. company of Doniphan's regiment in the Mexican War. In the Civil War, he was a colonel under General Sterling Price, q.v., and directed placing of the bales of hemp to form a moveable breastworks behind which Price's troops stormed the Masonic College in the Battle of Lexington in 1861. He was an early member of Lexington Lodge No. 32, petitioning, Oct. 25, 1841, and receiving the first degree, Nov. 23, 1841, and the next two, Dec. 3, 1841. This lodge later consolidated with Lexington No. 149.

Alonzo G. Hinkley Justice, Supreme Court of N.Y., 1920–47. b. Sept. 27, 1876 in Buffalo, N.Y. Admitted to bar in 1898. He served as official referee for the supreme court of New York following his retirement from the bench in 1947. Member of Washington Lodge No. 240, Buffalo, N.Y. receiving degrees on Feb. 23, April 7, and 27, 1899. District deputy grand master, 1922–23. Received 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 19, 1922. Shriner. Received 60-year lodge palm in 1959. Past potentate of Ismailia Shrine Temple; past monarch Zuleika Grotto.

Eugene E. Hinman (1875–1937) Masonic Author, physician. b. May 23, 1875 in Albany, N.Y. Received M.D. degree from Albany Medical College in 1899. Raised in Temple Lodge No. 14, Albany, N.Y. in 1901; served as master in 1919. He was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of New York in 1917. He was co-author of History of Cryptic Masonry. d. Jan. 20, 1937.

George E. Hinman Justice, Supreme Court of Connecticut 1926–40. b. May 7, 1870 in Alford, Mass. He edited the

Willimantic Journal for three years and was admitted to the bar in 1899, practicing in Willimantic, Conn. He served terms as attorney general of the state and justice of the superior court. After retirement from bench in 1940 he was state referee. Member of Cincinnatus Lodge, Great Barrington, Mass.; Trinity Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. and St. John's Cornmandery No. 11, K.T. (past commander) in Willimantic, Conn.

Carl Hinshaw (1894–1956) U.S. Congressman to 76th to 81st Congresses from Calif. (1939–51). b. July 28, 1894 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Princeton U. and U. of Michigan. From 1920–28 he was a salesman in Chicago, first with motor vehicle companies and later investment companies. In 1928–29 he was in real estate and investments in Tucson, Ariz., moving to Pasadena, Calif. in 1932 in the same business. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Aug. 5, 1956.

William W. Hinshaw (1867–1947) Singer, conductor and operatic producer. b. Nov. 3, 1867 near Union, Iowa. Graduate of Friends Academy (Ia.) and Valparaiso U., he also studied singing in U.S. and Germany. At the age of 15 he was the leader of a boys' band. From 1890–99 he taught music in Chicago and Valparaiso U. He made his debut with Castle Square Opera Co. as Mephisto in Faust at St. Louis in 1899. From 1903–07 he was president of the Chicago Conservatory of Music, and for the following two years, of the Hinshaw Conservatory in Chicago. He was the leading American baritone with the Metropolitan Opera Co. of New York from 1910–13. He sang in Austria, Germany, and Canada, and in 1920 organized his own company, giving Mozart operas in

English (800 performances). In 1926 he retired from musical activities and devoted himself to publishing an encyclopedia of American Quaker genealogy. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Nov. 27, 1947.

Frank Hiscock (1834–1914) U.S. Senator from New York, 1887–93. b. Sept. 6, 1834 at Pompey, N.Y. He was admitted to the bar in 1855. A member of the state constitutional convention of 1867, he served in the 45th to 49th U.S. congresses (1877–87). Following his term as senator, he resumed private practice at Syracuse, N.Y. d. June 18, 1914.

Arthur M. Hitch (1875–1956) President of Kemper Military School, Boonville, Mo. b. Feb. 26, 1875 at Cuba, Mo. He attended the Rolla School of Mines (Mo.) and was graduated from the U. of Missouri in 1897. He began his teaching career in 1897 and was with Kemper from 1899. He was vice president and principal from 1907–27; superintendent from 1927–49; and president from 1934. A member of Cooper Lodge No. 36, Boonville, Mo.; he was exalted in Boonville Chapter No. 60, R.A.M. on Feb. 20, 1904; served as high priest in 1907–08–09 and received his 50-year chapter pin; member of Olivet Cornmandery No. 53, K.T., Boonville, he was knighted on April 2, 1904; member of Ararat Shrine Temple of Kansas City, he was past president of the Boonville Shrine Club. d. Feb. 20, 1956.

Herbert E. Hitchcock (1867–1958) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1936–38. b. Aug. 22, 1867 in Maquoketa, Iowa. Attended Iowa State College and College of Law, Chicago,

moving to Mitchell, S.D. in 1884 and was admitted to bar in 1896, practicing in Mitchell. Member of the state senate three terms. Member of Resurgam Lodge No. 31, Mitchell, S.D., receiving degrees on May 16, 1898, Jan. 21 and Feb. 22, 1899. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oriental Consistory Oct. 5, 1919. d. Feb. 17, 1958.

Phineas W. Hitchcock (1831–1881) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1870–77. b. Nov. 30, 1831 in New Lebanon, N.Y. He was admitted to the bar and settled in Omaha, Nebr. in 1857. In 1861 he was appointed U.S. marshal of the Territory of Nebraska, holding this office until his election as a delegate to congress in 1864. He was a member of the national committee appointed to accompany the remains of Lincoln to Illinois. On the organization of Nebraska as a state in March, 1867, he was appointed surveyor-general, and held that office two years. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebr. d. July 10, 1881.

Raymond Hitchcock (1865–1929) Star of the comedy stage. b. in Auburn, N.Y. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City.

Adolf Hitler (1889–1945) Anti-Mason. German chancellor and Fuhrer. Dorothy Thompson, writing about him for the Ladies Home Journal in Oct. 1955 thought that he was suffering from paranoia and a persecution complex: “Those whom he imagines to be conspiring against him may be individuals. But his enemies may also be ‘they’—a whole society, or some section of it. Priests, Freemasons, Jews, or ‘the crowned

heads of Europe.’ “ Hitler not only forbade meetings, but even membership, and established a museum which was to depict the foolishness of Freemasonry. The following is part of Hitler’s official decree against Freemasonry in 1942 that was presented during the Nuremburg trial: “Freemasons and the ideological enemies of National Socialism who are allied with them are the originators of the present war against the Reich. Spiritual struggle according to plan against these powers is a measure necessitated by war. I have, therefore, ordered Reichsleiter Alfred Rosenberg to accomplish this task in cooperation with the Chief of the High Command of the armed forces. To accomplish this task, he has the right to explore libraries, archives, lodges, and other ideological and cultural establishments of all kinds for suitable material and to confiscate such material for the ideological tasks of the N.S.D.A.P. for scientific research work. The regulations for the execution of this task will be issued by the Chief of the High Command of the armed forces in agreement with Reichsleiter Rosenberg.”

George Hoadly (1826–1902) Governor of Ohio, 1883–85. b. July 31, 1826 at New Haven, Conn. In 1830 he moved to Cleveland, Ohio with his parents. Was graduated from Western Reserve Coll. in 1844 and studied at Harvard Law School. Admitted to the bar in 1847, he practiced in Cincinnati. After 1887 he practiced law in New York. Mason and 32° AASR. d. 1902.

William D. Hoard (1836–1918) Governor of Wisconsin, 1889–91. b. Oct. 10, 1836 at Stockbridge, N.Y. Moved to Wis.

in 1857, where he engaged in farming and in nursery business at Columbus from 1865–70. Was publisher of Jefferson County Union, Lake Mills, 1870–73, moving it to Ft. Atkinson in latter year. He also published Hoard's Dairyman. He served as president of Farmers National Congress and National Dairy Union; president of board of regents, U. of Wis. 1907–11. Member of Billings Lodge No. 139, Fort Atkinson, Wis. at time of his death, Nov. 22, 1918.

James Hoban (1762?–1831) Architect who designed and supervised the construction of the White House, Washington, D.C. (1792–1800). When it was destroyed by the British in 1814, he designed the one replacing it (1815–29). b. at Tullamore, near Callan, in County Kilkenny, Ireland, his exact birth date is unknown. He studied architecture under Thomas Ivory, and in 1785 arrived in Philadelphia. He then went to Charleston, S.C., where he built several public buildings, and the state house at Columbia. For this he was recommended to President Washington, and he went to Philadelphia to confer with Washington about developing the Federal City. His plan for the White House was accepted, and he received the contract to supervise the construction at 200 guineas a year. Hoban collaborated with William Thornton, q.v., in constructing the U.S. Capitol, and, in 1797, was named superintendent of the executive buildings to be erected, including the Treasury, State, War, and Navy buildings. He married Susanna Sewell in 1799, and they had ten children. Although a devout Catholic, he was ardently interested in Masonry. Bishop Carroll stated, in a letter in 1794, with reference to prohibitory edicts, that they would not be enforced in his diocese.

James Hoban laid the cornerstone of the White House with Masonic ceremonies, Oct. 12, 1792. It is not known where he received his degrees, but under his leadership a group of Irish Catholics and Scotch Presbyterians organized Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. and he became its first master, and afterwards, treasurer. The lodge also participated in the laying of the cornerstone of the Capitol by Washington, Sept. 18, 1793. He was a member of an early Royal Arch “encampment” in the Dist. of Columbia. d. Dec. 8, 1831, and his body was interred in the graveyard of St. Patrick’s Church, but reinterred in Mt. Olivet by his grandson in 1863.

Garrett A. Hobart (1844–1899) Twenty-fourth Vice President of the United States, 1897–1901. b. June 3, 1844 in Monmouth Co., N.J. He was graduated from Rutgers Coll. in 1863, taught school, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1869. He practiced at Paterson, N.J. He was a member of the state legislature from 1873–78, and state senator, 1879–85. A member of Falls City Lodge No. 82, Paterson, N.J., he received his degrees, July 9, Oct. 31, 1867, and raised Dec. 8, 1868. He was exalted in Cataract Chapter No. 10, R.A.M., Paterson, Nov. 6, 1871, and knighted in St. Omer Commandery No. 13, K.T. of Paterson in the same year. He became a charter member of Adelpic Chapter No. 33, R.A.M. of Paterson, Oct. 13, 1874, and a charter member of Melita Commandery No. 13, Paterson, May 10, 1876; at one time he served as generalissimo of this commandery. On Dec. 23, 1896 he became a life member of Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T. at Washington, D.C.; received 32° AASR (NJ) in New Jersey Consistory, Jan. 31, 1876. d. Nov. 21, 1899.

Thomas Walter Hobart (see under Inskip).

Sam Francis Hobbs (1887–1952) U.S. Congressman to 74th to 81st Congresses (1935–51) from 4th Ala. dist. b. Oct. 5, 1887 at Selma, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1908, and practiced law in Selma from 1908–21, when he became a circuit judge. He resumed law practice in 1926. Mason. d. May 31, 1952.

William P. Hobby Newspaper publisher and Governor of Texas, 1917–21. b. March 26, 1878 at Moscow, Texas. He served an apprenticeship on the Houston Post, and in 1924 became president of the board, resigning in 1955 to become chairman. From 1907–21, he published the Beaumont Enterprise. He was lieutenant governor of Texas in 1914–17, then governor. His wife, Oveta Culp Hobby, was the commanding officer of the WAC organization (Woman's Army Corps) in WWII, and has succeeded him as publisher of the Post. Member of Beaumont Lodge No. 286, Beaumont, Texas, receiving degrees on March 5, May 26, and June 23, 1913, dimitting May 28, 1931.

Homer Hoch (1879–1949) Judge, Supreme Court of Kansas from 1939, and U.S. Congressman to 66th to 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 4th Kans. dist. b. July 4, 1879 at Marion, Kans. Graduate of Baker U. and Washburn Coll. Member of Center Lodge No. 147, Marion, Kans. d. Jan. 30, 1949.

August F. Hockenbeamer (1871–1935) President of Pacific Gas & Electric Co. 1927–35. b. March 6, 1871 at Logansport,

Ind. Worked for Pennsylvania, B. & O. and C.R.I. & P. railroads from 1887–1903; N. W. Halsey & Co., investment bankers, 1903–07; went with the Pacific Gas and Electric Co. in 1907. Was vice president of Bond & Share, and a trustee of Edison Electric Inst. Mason. d. Nov. 11, 1935.

Thetus H. Hocker Vice President of George A. Hormel & Co. (meat packers) from 1944, and director since 1938. b. Oct. 5, 1902 at Monroe, Ind. Graduate of U. of Indiana in 1924. Member of Fidelity Lodge No. 39, Austin, Minn., 32° AASR (SJ), Winona, Minn. and Osman Shrine Temple, St. Paul, Minn.

John R. Hodge General, U.S. Army. b. June 12, 1893 in Golconda, Ill. He was commissioned a second lieutenant in 1917, and advanced through the grades to general in 1952. In WWI, he served in France in 1918–19. In WWII he was in the Pacific Theater from 1942–48, commanding the 24th Corps from activation in 1944, to Aug., 1948. He commanded the U.S. Army forces in Korea from 1945, until the Korean government was formed in 1948. He was in the landings at Leyte and Okinawa. Hodge accepted the surrender of the Japanese army in Korea. In 1950–52 he commanded the Third Army in the U.S., and was chief of army field forces, 1952–53. Now retired. A member of E. A. Minor Lodge No. 603, Atlanta, Ga., he was raised Nov. 18, 1950. In 1954 he was created an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi. In 1951 he addressed the Grand Lodge of Alabama and in part said: “I think the proudest day of my life is the day I was raised and could call myself a Mason. The obligations exemplified the things that I always believed in, so I was not embarrassed

at any stage.” Also a member of Phoenix Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Fayetteville Council No. 27, R. & S.M.; and Palestine Commandery No. 20, K.T., all of Fayetteville, N.C. 32° AASR (SJ) in Atlanta, Ga. and Yaarab Shrine Temple, Atlanta.

Walter H. Hodge U.S. Federal Judge. b. Aug. 29, 1896 at Auburn, Ind. Graduate of U. of Washington, 1919, admitted to Washington bar in 1919, and Alaska bar in 1935. In private practice at Seattle from 1929–34, and Cordova, Alaska, 1935–54. Named judge of U.S. district court, second div. at Nome in 1954, and has served since that time. Received degrees in Mount Baker Lodge, Mount Vernon, Wash. about 1925. Past master of Mount McKinley Lodge No. 183, Cordova, Alaska and present chaplain of Anvil Lodge No. 140, Nome, Alaska. 32° AASR at Juneau; member of Nile Shrine Temple, Seattle, Wash.; and Cordova Chapter No. 4, O.E.S. at Cordova.

George H. Hodges (1866–1947) Governor of Kansas, 1913–15. b. Feb. 6, 1866 at Orion, Wis., moving with parents to Kans. in 1869. He began as a lumber yard salesman and bookkeeper at Olathe in 1886. He became senior member of Hodges Bros., owning 12 lumber yards, 12 hardware stores, and the Johnson County (Kans.) Democrat. As a member of the Kansas senate he authored the Hodges hard surface road law. As governor, he inaugurated a movement to collect food and supplies for the Belgians; the state and its citizens donated 50,000 barrels of flour, meal, and food that were delivered in 90 days. He advocated a constitutional amendment abolishing the two-house legislature by substituting a single body of 12 men to pass and repeal the laws of the

state (failed). At his death he had been a Mason 55 years, and had received his 50-year button. He was a charter member of Caswell Consistory of Kansas City, Kans., Aug. 19, 1898; he had received the 33°. Member of Olathe Lodge No. 19, Olathe, Kansas. d. Oct. 7, 1947.

Henry C. Hodges (1831–1917) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 14, 1831 in Vt., he was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1851 and was promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1904, when he retired. He saw early service on the frontier, and in 1853–54 was on the Pacific Railroad explorations. In the Civil War he was chief quartermaster of the Army of the Cumberland, and on the staff of Gen. Rosecrans in the Tenn. campaign. Later he was quartermaster general after the war until he retired. A member of Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg., he received the first two degrees on Dec. 9, 1853 and the third the following night. d. Nov. 3, 1917.

Luther H. Hodges Governor of North Carolina since 1954. b. March 9, 1898 in Pittsylvania Co., Va. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1919. An executive in the mill industry (fabrics). He delivered an address at the laying of the cornerstone of the new Masonic temple at Winston-Salem, March 19, 1955. He delivered the principal address at the General Grand Chapter banquet in 1954.

Silas H. Hodges (1804–1875) Commissioner of Patents 1852–53, and examiner-in-chief of U.S. patent office, 1861–75. b. Jan. 12, 1804 in Clarendon, Vt. He studied law and

was admitted to the bar in 1825. In 1832 he abandoned his profession, studied theology, and became a Congregational clergyman, preaching until 1841, when he resumed his law practice in Rutland, Vt. Member of Center Lodge No. 6, Rutland. d. April 21, 1875.

Richard M. Hoe (1812–1886) Inventor of the rotary press (1847), web press (1847), and improvements that made possible the modern newspaper press. b. Sept. 12, 1812 in New York City. He entered his father's printing press manufacturing business at the age of 15, and became senior member of the firm in 1833. Of an inventive mind, he made many improvements on the prevailing flatbed press of that day. His new rotary press was known as Hoe's "lightning press." He was a member of Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia, being initiated, Oct. 23, 1854, and remaining a member until his death, June 7, 1866.

Heinrich Hoepker (1874–1956) Active in the rejuvenation of the Masonic groups in Germany in 1949, forming the United Grand Lodge of Germany, after the Nazi regime. b. June 28, 1874, he was initiated in Urania zur Unsterblichkeit Lodge in May, 1911, serving as master of the lodge in 1922–26. He was deputy grand master of the Grosseloge von Preussen (Royal York) from 1925–31. He served as representative of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1926 until his death. In 1929 he was chairman of the Verein Deutscher Freimauer. d. Feb. 10, 1956.

Charles B. Hoeven U.S. Congressman to 78th to 85th

Congresses (1943–59) from 8th Ia. dist. b. March 30, 1895 at Hospers, Ia. Graduate of Iowa State U. in 1920. Admitted to bar in 1922, and practiced at Alton. He was a member of the Iowa state senate from 1937–41, and president of same last three years. Served in WWI with 88th Div. in France. Raised in Floyd Lodge No. 537, Orange City, Iowa in 1921 and past master of same; 32° AASR (SJ) at Sioux City, Iowa; and member of Abu Berk Shrine Temple, Sioux City.

Clyde R. Hoey (1877–?) Governor of North Carolina, 1937–41, and U.S. Senator, 1945–1951. b. Dec. 11, 1877 at Shelby, N.C. Attended U. of North Carolina, and was admitted to bar in 1899. He began in a printing office at age of 12, and later edited a county newspaper. He served in both houses of the state legislature, and was U.S. congressman to 66th congress (1919–21) from the 9th N.C. dist. He declined congressional renomination, and resumed law practice in 1921. A member of Cleveland Lodge No. 202, Shelby, N.C. he received his degrees, Sept. 20, Oct. 18, and Nov. 22, 1907. He was trustee of his lodge from 1931–36; grand orator of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, 1932–33, addressing that body on April 18, 1933.

Harold G. Hoffman Governor of New Jersey, 1935–37. b. Feb. 7, 1896 at South Amboy, N.J. He enlisted as a private in WWI, and was promoted to captain in the 114th Infantry. In WWII, he was colonel in the Transportation Corps. Was mayor of South Amboy, 1925–26, and U.S. congressman to 70th and 71st congresses (1927–31) from 3rd N.J. dist. From 1930–35 he was commissioner of motor vehicles in N.J. Member of

St. Stephen's Lodge No. 63, South Amboy, being initiated March 7, 1927.

John T. Hoffman (1828–?) Governor of New York, 1868–72. b. Jan. 10, 1828 at Sing Sing, N.Y. Graduate of Union Coll. in 1846, he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1849. He acquired an extensive practice in New York City; joined the Tammany organization in 1854. He was mayor of New York City from 1865–69. Mason. Deceased.

Paul G. Hoffman Corporation executive and Economic Cooperation Administration administrator, 1948–50. b. April 26, 1891 at Chicago, Ill. Honorary degrees from many universities. He began as an automobile salesman for Studebaker Corp. in 1911, and became president of same, serving from 1935–48; chairman of board in 1953; chairman of board Studebaker-Packard Corp. 1954–56. Chairman of board of Hoffman Specialty Mfg. Co.; president and trustee of Ford Foundation, 1951–53. Director of many large corporations including New York Life Ins. Co., Encyclopedia Britannica, Time, Inc., and United Air Lines. Member of Wilshire Lodge No. 445, Los Angeles, Calif., receiving his degrees in 1926.

Roy Hoffman (1869–1953) Lawyer, judge, and Major General, National Guard. b. June 13, 1869 in Neosho Co., Kans. Founded the Guthrie (Okla.) Daily Leader in 1889; was admitted to the bar in 1892; was district judge, 1908–12; and U.S. attorney for Okla. in 1903–07. He enlisted in army during Spanish–American War, and rose to captain. In Mexican Border conflict he was a colonel; became brigadier general,

U.S. Army, in 1917. In WWII he commanded Ft. Sill, Okla.; 61st Depot Brigade, Camp Bowie, Tex.; and organized, commanded, and went overseas with the 93rd Division. Following the war he commanded Camp Shelby, Miss., and was discharged March, 1919. Retired as major general, commanding 45th Division, National Guard. Member of Oklahoma's Hall of Fame. Mason; received 32° AASR (SJ) on Aug. 5, 1898.

James Hogan (see under Hogun).

William Hogarth (1697–1764) English painter and engraver famous for his caricature and satirical paintings. b. Nov. 10, 1697, in St. Bartholomew parish of London. He was apprenticed to Ellis Gamble, a silversmith of Cranbourne St., Leicester Fields, London. His talents soon found another outlet; his first sketch was of a drunken fray which he happened to witness in a tavern on the road to Highgate. His extremely ludicrous sketch set the pattern for his future efforts—to exhibit vice in all its deformities, strip villainy of its cloak, and ridicule all excesses offensive to the moral code. Hogarth was an active Freemason, and not only served as grand steward of the Grand Lodge of England in 1735, but designed the jewel of the Grand Stewards Lodge that is still used today. He is shown on the records of the grand stewards as having been a member of the lodge at the “Bear and Harrow,” Butchers’ Row in 1730, and at the “Hand and Apple-tree,” Little Great Queen St. in 1725. In 1729 he secretly married Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Thornhill, q.v., a painter under whom he studied. Thornhill became senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1828. Hogarth painted

his father-in-law's portrait in Masonic attire as a grand officer. His best known Masonic engraving is entitled *Night*, being the last of a series known as *The Four Times of the Day*. It represents Restoration Day (May 29) in Hartshorn St., Charing Cross (now part of Northumberland Ave.), with an inebriated master, or past master being assisted down the street by a tyler. It is thought that the master is Sir Thomas DeVeil, q.v., past master of Hogarth's first lodge, and the tyler was Bro. Montgomerie, the grand tyler, or as he was then called, "garder of ye Grand Lodge." The painting *Sleeping Congregation* (1736) represents Dr. Desaguliers, grand master in 1720, preaching to a congregation. Among the sleepers are a number of grand lodge officers and Masonic notables whom Hogarth knew well through his attendance at the quarterly sessions of grand lodge, and in the dozen London lodges. *The Mystery of Masonry Brought to Light by the Gormogons* (1742), shows Dr. James Anderson, q.v., and the Duke of Wharton, q.v., grand master in 1722–23. *The Roast Beef of Old England*, or *The Gate of Calais*, was the result of Hogarth's visit to France, shortly after the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle. While sketching the gate, Hogarth was arrested as a spy and returned to England. The friar depicted in it is none other than John Pine, official engraver to the grand lodge in 1746. He also made an engraving of Martin Folkes, q.v., deputy grand master of the grand lodge in 1724. He executed a savage portrait of Bro. John Wilkes, q.v., who had been initiated in prison, and one of Lord Lovat (1746), who was connected with the Rite of Strict Observance and executed April 9, 1747 for treason. Hogarth died Oct. 25, 1764.

Moses D. Hoge (1819–1899) Virginia clergyman, said to have been the most eloquent speaker in the southern Presbyterian church. He was made a Freemason on his death-bed. b. Sept. 17, 1819 near Hampden Sidney Coll., Va.; he was graduated from that institution in 1839. He was licensed to preach in 1844. He served the 2nd Presbyterian church of Richmond most of his life. During the Civil War he ran the blockade to England in order to provide Bibles for the Confederate Army, and the Earl of Shaftesbury granted him ≈\$4,000 for this purpose. He declined the presidency of Hampden Sidney Coll. at one time. From 1862–67 he edited the Central Presbyterian with Rev. Thomas Moore. He died at Richmond, Va., Jan. 6, 1899.

Palmer T. Hogenson (1899–1955) President of Webber College, Babson Park, Fla. since 1949; economist. b. Dec. 25, 1899 at Stewartville, Minn. Graduate of St. Olaf Coll., Harvard, and American U. He traveled and studied in China, Philippines, Sumatra, Ceylon, Italy, France, and England. He was professor of economics at Missouri Valley Coll., (Marshall, Mo.) 1927–30; same at Bradley U., 1930–44, and economist with the War Dept. in Washington, 1944–47. Mason, 32° AASR. d. Oct. 8, 1955.

James Hogg (1770–1835) Scottish poet known as the “Ettrick Shepherd.” b. in Ettrick, Selkirk, Scotland, he was a friend of Scott, Byron, John Wilson, Wordsworth, and Southey. He settled in Edinburgh in 1810, and at Eltrive Lake in Yarrow in 1816. Among his works are Donald M'Donald; Scottish Pastorals; The Mountain Bard; Forest Minstrel; The

Queen's Wake; Pilgrims of the Sun; The Poetic Mirror; and Queen Hynde. He was made a Mason in Lodge Canon-gate Kilwinning, Edinburgh, May 7, 1831.

Jean Baptiste N.M. de la Hogue (see under Delahogue).

James Hogun (?–1781) Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. in Ireland, he served in the Georgia and North Car. militia and was appointed brigadier general on Jan. 9, 1779. He was taken prisoner at Charleston, S.C. on May 12, 1780 and died while a prisoner, Jan. 4, 1781. Member of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Pa., he received his degrees on April 13, 15 and 17th, 1779. He signed the by-laws on April 16th, 1779 as James Hogun; however, the minutes refer to him as Hogan. Two other officers received the degrees at the same time. They were General J. P. G. Muhlenberg, q.v., and General William Thompson, q.v., the latter while a prisoner on parole, en route to N.Y.

John A. Holabird (1886–1945) Architect. b. May 4, 1886 at Evanston, Ill. was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1907. Was member of firm of Holabird & Root which designed the Palmolive, Daily News, and Board of Trade buildings in Chicago; courthouse in St. Paul, Minn.; Lafayette building, and Staffer Hotel in Washington, D.C. After service in the regular army as a lieutenant, he served as a captain in the Ill. National guard, until 1917, when he reentered the army as an artillery colonel, serving in WWI until 1919, and receiving the Distinguished Service Medal. Member Evans Lodge No. 524, Evanston, Ill. 32° AASR (NJ). d. May 4, 1945.

Ross E. Holaday (1869–1929) U.S. Consul. b. July 14, 1869 at Westboro, Ohio. Clerked in post office at Wilmington, Ohio, and taught public schools before being admitted to Ohio bar in 1898. He practiced law at Wilmington from 1898–1902, and was a member of the Ohio legislature. From 1902–15 he was U.S. consul at Santiago de Cuba, and at Manchester, England, from 1915. Member of Wilmington Lodge No. 52, Wilmington, Ohio, receiving degrees on Aug. 1, 16 and Sept. 5, 1905. d. Nov. 26, 1929.

Moses Holbrook (1783–1844) Fourth Grand Commander of the Southern Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite (1826–1844). By profession he was a physician. A man of learning, he was at one time (1811) preceptor of a Portland, Maine, Academy. He was initiated in Middlesex Lodge at Framingham, Mass., Nov. 13, 1804, and in 1808, was created a Knight Templar in Washington Encampment, K.T. at Roxbury, Mass. He moved to Charleston, S.C. in 1822, and was “admitted to the Supreme Council,” Nov. 15, 1822. He is listed as a past master of Washington Lodge No. 7 in 1823, and from 1824–36 was treasurer of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina. He was present at the formation of a “grand encampment,” Knights Templar for S.C., and became the first grand commander of that jurisdiction. d. Dec. 1, 1844 in Florida.

Marcus H. Holcomb (1844–1932) Governor of Connecticut three terms, 1915–21. b. Nov. 28, 1844 in New Hartford, Conn. Admitted to the bar in 1871, and practiced at Southington, 1872–93, and at Hartford, 1893–1910. He was a probate judge more than 30 years. He served in both state legislative bodies,

and was attorney general, and judge of the superior court. Initiated in North Star Lodge No. 58, Hartford, Conn. in 1867 and was master in 1872. Affiliated with Friendship Lodge No. 33, Southington, Conn. in 1875. 32° AASR at Hartford, Conn. d. March 5, 1932.

Albert J. Holden (1841–1916) Organist and composer. b. Aug. 17, 1841 at Boston, Mass. He studied entirely in New York, and was organist over 47 years at the Church of the Divine Paternity (Universalist), and the Church of the Puritans. He was one of the founders of the American Guild of Organists. He composed more than 300 anthems, hymns, and other church music. He edited and compiled numerous collections of music, both sacred and secular. Mason. d. July 16, 1916.

John B. Holden (1873–1928) Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi, 1919–28. b. Jan. 5, 1873 in Franklin Co., Miss. He was admitted to the bar in 1894, and practiced for 20 years at Summit and McComb City, Miss. He was mayor of Summit, prosecuting attorney of Pike Co., and circuit judge of 14th dist. Received degrees in Summit Lodge No. 231, Summit, Miss.; dimitted in 1912 to affiliate with McComb City Lodge No. 382 on Nov. 6, 1913; dimitted from same Oct. 4, 1917. d. Jan. 7, 1928.

Oliver Holden (1765–1831) Psalmist and author of Confidence and Coronation hymns. b. Sept. 18, 1765 in Shirley, Mass. While engaged in the carpenter's trade, he published his first book of sacred music, arranged in three

and four parts, entitled *The American Harmony* (1793). Most of this volume was original. Soon afterward he published *Union Harmony*, or a *Universal Collection of Sacred Music*. He was a member and past master of King Solomon's Lodge, then at Charlestown, but now at Somerville, Mass. d. 1831.

William W. Holden (1818–1892) Governor of North Carolina, 1865–70. b. Nov. 24, 1818 in Orange Co., N.C. Admitted to the bar in 1841; in 1843, he bought *The Raleigh Standard*, and was its editor 25 years. He was appointed, by President Johnson, provisional governor of N.C. in 1865, and was elected to that office in 1868. In 1869–70 reports of the Ku Klux outrages caused him to proclaim Alamance and Caswell counties to be in a state of insurrection, and the militia placed several persons under arrest. He refused to deliver the prisoners to the civil authorities under a writ of habeas corpus. This culminated in the state senate and house of representatives ordering him removed, Dec. 20, 1870, for “high crimes and misdemeanors,” and ordering that he “be removed from the office of governor, and disqualified to hold any office of trust, honor or profit under the state of N.C.” He moved to Washington, where he edited the *National Republican*, but later returned to Raleigh, and was postmaster. He was made a Mason “at sight” in 1865, by Grand Master John McCormick, in Wake Co., and affiliated with New Light Lodge No. 215. A year previous he had applied to Hiram Lodge No. 40 of Raleigh, but was rejected. The exact date of his application to this lodge is not known, for the records of Hiram lodge were burned. He dimitted in 1877. d. March 1, 1892.

Edward E. Holland (1861–1941) U.S. Congressman, 62nd to 66th Congresses (1911–21) from 2nd Va. dist. b. Feb. 26, 1861 in Nansemond Co., Va. Graduate of Richmond Coll. and Elon Coll. Admitted to bar in 1882, and practiced at Suffolk, Va. Served in state senate, and was active nationally in the Democratic party. Mason. d. Oct. 22, 1941.

George Holland (1791–1871) Comedian and actor. b. Dec. 6, 1791 in London, England. He began as a small parts actor in 1817 in Drury Lane Theatre, and in 1820 played at the London Olympic. His first appearance in this country was in the Bowery Theatre in New York, Sept. 12, 1827. After several seasons in New York he made prolonged tours of the southern and western theatres, and settled in New Orleans, where he became treasurer of the St. Charles Theatre. Returning north, he formed a connection with Mitchell's Olympic Theatre from 1843–49. From 1849–52 he lost his professional identity by attaching himself under an assumed name to Wood's and Christy's Negro minstrels. In 1852 he reappeared as an actor in Placide's Varieties, New Orleans, but soon returned to New York to become a member of Wallack's Theatre. He made his final appearance, May 15, 1870, at the Fifth Avenue Theatre; he died destitute. The Loomis Musical and Masonic Journal (March, 1871, p. 147) states that he was made a Mason May 20, 1824. It must have been, therefore, in England. d. Dec. 20, 1871. At Holland's death, a Madison Avenue (NY) minister refused to officiate at the funeral and suggested there was "a little church around the corner" where the funeral might be held.

Since that date actors have been going to The Little Church Around the Corner which has become known as the “Actor’s Church.” Properly it is the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Transfiguration. Holland’s son, Joseph Jefferson Holland, q.v., was also an actor and Mason.

James B. Holland (1857–1914) U.S. Federal Judge, Eastern District of Pennsylvania from 1904–14. b. Nov. 14, 1857 in Montgomery Co., Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1887. Member of Fritz Lodge No. 420, Conshohocken, Pa. receiving degrees on Oct. 16, Nov. 13 and Dec. 11, 1883 and was master in 1895. d. April 24, 1914.

John H. Holland (1785–1864) Louisiana lawyer, who as grand master of Louisiana received General Lafayette, q.v., in that grand lodge. b. May 23, 1785 in Hartford, Conn., he settled in New Orleans early in life, and practiced law in that city. He was often called the “Father of Louisiana Masonry,” and was active in every branch and rite. He became grand master of Louisiana in 1825, and, by virtue of that office, was also grand high priest, serving in both capacities for 12 years. He presided at the convention which organized the Grand Council R. & S.M. of Louisiana in 1856, and was the first grand master, holding that office the remainder of his life. For many years he was commander of Indivisible Friends Commandery No. 1, K.T., and under proxy from Benjamin B. French, q.v., organized the Grand Commandery of Louisiana, and became its first grand prelate. He was grand commander of the consistory established by the Cerneau group, and through his efforts, it was enrolled under the

Mother Supreme Council at Charleston. d. March 29, 1864.

Joseph J. Holland (1860–1926) Actor. b. Dec. 20, 1860 in New York City, the son of George Holland, q.v., an early day comedian and actor. He first appeared on the stage at the age of six as the footman with fairy coach in Cinderella, at the Olympic Theatre in New York, and later as the boy in Grandfather Whitehead. After serving as a clerk in commercial houses, he returned to the stage permanently in 1878, with George Ringold in Shakespeare's Henry V. He played various roles in New York, Philadelphia, and San Francisco. He starred with his brother, E. M. Holland, in *The Social Highwayman*, under management of Richard Mansfield, and starred alone in *The Mysterious Mr. Bugle*. He retired in 1904. Mason. d. Sept. 25, 1926.

Louis E. Holland Business executive and association president. b. June 20, 1878 in Parma, N.Y. Organized Holland Engraving Co., Kansas City, Mo. in 1916; chairman of board since 1945. Served as president of the American Automobile Assn., 1949–51; National Better Business Bureau, 1926; Kansas City Chamber of Commerce, 1925–27; Associated Advertising Clubs of World, 1922–25. Member of Mt. Washington Lodge No. 614, Mt. Washington, Mo., and master in 1916. 32° AASR (SJ) in Kansas City and life member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City. DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Ray P. Holland Editor of *Field and Stream*, 1924–41; writer under name of "Bob White," and conservationist. b. Aug. 20, 1884 in Atchison, Kans. He was educated in the public schools

of that city. Began writing for sportsmen's magazines in 1903, and since has contributed hundreds of articles, writing under the name, "Bob White." He joined the staff of the U.S. Bureau of Biology in 1914, and was district enforcement inspector of federal migratory bird legislation. The test case of *State of Mo. vs Ray P. Holland* was carried to the supreme court of the U.S.; it settled the question of jurisdiction of the federal government over wild game. He is the author of *My Gun Dogs*; *Nip and Tuck*; *Shotgunning in the Uplands*; *Shot-gunning in the Lowlands*; *My Dog Lemon*; *Goodshot*; *The Master*; *But Listen, Warden*; *Bird Dogs*; *Scatter-gunning*. Member of Washington Lodge No. 5, Atchison, Kans. since about 1905.

Spessard L. Holland U.S. Senator and Governor of Florida. b. July 10, 1892 at Bartow, Fla. Graduate of Emory Coll. (now Emory U.) in 1912. He taught from 1912-16 in Warren-town, Ga., and U. of Florida; he was admitted to the bar in 1916, practicing in Bartow. He served as governor of Florida from 1941-45, was appointed to the U.S. senate in 1946, and elected in 1946, and each term since that time. He served with the 24th Squadron, Air Corps, in France in WWI, and was awarded the DSC in 1918. A member of Tuscan Lodge No. 6, Bartow, Fla., he is a 32° AASR, receiving the KCCH in 1957; Shriner.

John H. Holliday (1846-1921) Founder and president of Indianapolis News. b. May 31, 1846 in Indianapolis. Graduate of Hanover Coll. He served in the 137th Ind. Volunteers in the Civil War. In 1869 he founded the newspaper and was editor until 1892. In 1899 he founded the Indianapolis Press

with Wm. J. Richards, which was consolidated with the News in 1901. He also founded and headed the Union Trust Co. in 1893. Member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. d. Oct. 20, 1921.

Victor S. Holm (1876–1935) Sculptor. b. Dec. 6, 1876 in Copenhagen, Denmark; came to America in 1890. He was a pupil of Lorado Taft, and studied at the Art Institute of Chicago, and in New York. He was an instructor of sculpture and lecturer on the history of art at the St. Louis School of Fine Arts (Washington U.) from 1909. His principal works include the Missouri State monument at Vicksburg, Miss.; in St. Louis are to be found the Halsey C. Ives Memorial, Barnes Memorial, The Crucifixion and the Papal Trophy in St. Pius Church, Washington U. War Memorial, Musicians' Memorial Fountain in Forest Park, Emile Zola Memorial, Dr. Beaumont Memorial, and a statue of Washington for the St. Louis Masonic Temple. Member of Clayton Lodge No. 601, Clayton, Mo., receiving degrees on Nov. 17, Dec. 21, 1922 and Feb. 17, 1923. d. Nov. 11, 1935.

Rufus C. Holman U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1939–45. b. in Portland, Oreg. Began as a farmer, and engaged successively in teaching, steamboating, bookkeeping and accounting. Active in the paper industry and many civic activities. Received his degrees in Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg. on Dec. 11, 1911, Jan. 15 and May 13, 1912; 32° AASR in Portland and potentate of Al Kadar Shrine Temple in 1934.

William H. Holman President of Jitney Jungle Stores, Inc.

(a chain of 224 grocery stores in ten states). b. Sept. 19, 1889 in Hemingway, Miss. Started with brother in grocery business in Jackson, Miss. in 1911, and with brother and cousin, began chain of cash and delivery stores in 1917, and later the first self-service stores, called Jitney Jungle, in 1919. Mason and Shriner.

Randle Holme (1627–1699) The third of a line of five heraldic painters of Cheshire, England, who bore this name. He was the author of *The Academie of Armory* (1688). In that work are several references to the pre-grand lodge Freemasonry, which are of historical interest. One, for instance, states: “I cannot but Honor the Fellowship of the Masons because of its Antiquity; and the more as being a Member of that Society, called Free-Masons.” He belonged to the old Chester Lodge, which seems to have been in the process of transition from operative to speculative at that time. A list of its members is found in a fragment of the Harleian MS.

Gabriel Holmes (1769–1829) Governor of North Carolina three terms, 1821–1824. b. in 1769 in the colony of North Car., in what is now Sampson Co. He was educated under a clergyman in Iredell Co., N.C., and studied at Harvard; being admitted to the bar, he practiced in Clinton, N.C. He was a member of the state legislature from 1793–1813, and in 1821 that body elected him governor. At the close of his term he was chosen a member of congress and served from 1825–29. A member of Saint Tammany Lodge No. 30, Wilmington, his initiation dates are unknown. The only recorded proof of his membership is that he was a visitor

in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Jan. 20, 1817. d. Sept. 26, 1829.

Guy E. Holmes (1873–1945) Composer and musician. b. Feb. 14, 1873 at Baraboo, Wis. Studied music under private teachers. He was a former flute soloist with Weldon's Band, and director of the Ben Hur Band; teacher of harmony and instrumentation, Prior's Conservatory, Danville, Ill., and arranger with Vogel's Minstrels. He wrote over 200 military marches and overtures for band and orchestra, and many songs and characteristic pieces. His March Courageous was dedicated to the United Nations of WWII. Mason. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 38, Danville, Ill. d. Feb. 10, 1945.

John Holmes (1773–1843) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1820–33. b. March 14, 1773 in Kingston, Mass. He was graduated from Brown in 1796, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1799, settling in Alfred, Maine. While Maine was still a part of Mass. he served in the house of representatives (1802–03) and senate, 1813–17. In 1817 he was a U.S. congressman, until Maine was admitted as a state. He was a member of the convention to form the first state constitution. A Mason, he delivered an address at Dover, N.H., Oct. 23, 1817, at the installation of Stafford Lodge, and another address at Somersworth, Great Falls, June 24, 1829, before the N.H. lodges. He was buried Masonic-ally. d. July 7, 1843.

Leslie A. Holmes President of Northern Illinois State Teachers College (DeKalb) since 1948. b. Dec. 19, 1902 at Freeport, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois. Worked as a geologist for Kelly Oil Co., taught high school in Argo, Ill., and

was dean of men at Dodd-Harris Jr. Coll., Chicago. Later he taught geology at Illinois State Normal, and was assistant to the president from 1943-48. Member of Excelsior Lodge No. 97 at Freeport, Ill.

Pehr G. Holmes (1881-1952) U.S. Congressman, 72nd to 80th Congresses (1931-47) from 4th Mass. dist. b. April 9, 1881 in Sweden, coming to U.S. in 1886. Organizer, in 1909, and owner of the Holmes Electrotpe Foundry. Director of several banks; mayor of Worcester, Mass.; ex-president of Mass. Highway Association. Member of Athelstan Lodge, Worcester, Mass., receiving degrees on Sept. 3, Nov. 12, 1913, and Jan. 14, 1914. Member of Chapter, council and commandery at Worcester and 32° AASR (NJ) at Boston. Also member of Aleppo Shrine Temple and Aletheia Grotto.

Prince of Holstein-Gottorp (see under George Ludwig).

Elmer W. Holt Former Governor of Montana. Member of Yellowstone Lodge No. 26, Miles City, Mont., and Al Bedoo Temple, Mystic Shrine, Billings, Mont.

Homer A. Holt Governor of West Virginia, 1937-41. b. March 1, 1898 at Lewisburg, W.Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1918 and 1923. He joined the university staff in 1920, as math instructor; in 1925 entered law practice in Fayetteville. From 1933-37, he was attorney general of the state. Following his term as governor, he resumed law practice at Charleston. He is vice president of Union Carbide and Carbon Corp., New York, and general counsel since 1947;

also a director of Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co. since 1941. Received his degrees in Greenbrier Lodge No. 42, Lewisburg, W.Va. in 1920–21 and 32° AASR in Charleston, W.Va. on April 28, 1938. Member of Beni Kedem Shrine Temple, Charleston.

Ivan Lee Holt Methodist Bishop, 1938–44, and Bishop in charge of Methodist conferences in Missouri from 1944. b. Jan. 9, 1886 in DeWitt, Arkansas. Graduate of Vanderbilt and U. of Chicago. Traveled and studied in Europe, and has received honorary degrees from many institutions. Ordained minister in Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in 1909; held pastorates in St. Louis and Cape Girardeau, Mo. He taught four years in Southern Methodist U. at Dallas, Tex., and returned to St. Louis as pastor of St. John's Church from 1918–38, being ordained a bishop on the latter date. Active in national and international church affairs, he was at one time president of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, and 33° AASR (SJ) in St. Louis. He is a past grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Missouri and gave the dedicatory address at the St. Louis Masonic Temple. He received his degrees in Cape Girardeau, Mo. being raised in 1916. Member of Hella Shrine Temple, Dallas, Tex.

Thomas M. Holt (1831–1896) Governor of North Carolina 1891–93. b. July 15, 1831 in Orange Co., N.C. He received his degrees in Alamance Lodge No. 133, Graham, N.C. in 1863, and served as junior warden in 1865. In 1878 this lodge became inactive, and in 1898 it was reconstituted as Thomas M. Holt Lodge No. 492, in honor of the former governor. He

was a member of Graham Chapter No. 28, R.A.M. of Graham, and served as master of the third veil for three years. d. April 11, 1896; did not have a Masonic funeral.

Francis W. Honeycutt (1883–1940) National fencing champion and Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. May 26, 1883 in San Francisco, Calif. Was a graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1904, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1938. Was with the field artillery of the A.E.F. in WWI. He was inter-collegiate fencing champion in 1903–04, and captain of the American Olympic Fencing Team at Antwerp in 1920; national foil champion in 1921, and captain of the American team vs. the British in 1921 and 1923. Mason. d. Sept 20, 1940.

Saint John Honeywood (1763–1798) American poet and lawyer. b. Feb. 7, 1763 in Leicester, Mass. His father, an English physician, who had settled in Leicester, Mass., was killed at Ticonderoga in 1776, while a surgeon in the Army. His son was left destitute, but was educated by friends, and was a Yale graduate of 1782. He taught in an academy in Schenectady, N.Y. in 1783–84, after which he studied law in Albany, and practiced in Salem, N.Y. He was one of the presidential electors that chose John Adams as the successor to Washington. His poems, which centered around political topics such as the refusal of Washington to serve a third term and Shays' rebellion, were published after his death. Member of St. George's Lodge No. 6, Schenectady, N.Y., receiving his degrees, Sept. 13, Oct. 4, and Oct. 15, 1783. He later became No. 238 on the roll of Union Lodge at Albany (Now Mt. Vernon No. 3). d. Sept. 1, 1798.

John H. Honour (1802–1885) Sixth grand commander of Supreme Council AASR, Southern Jurisdiction, 1846–58. b. Dec. 20, 1802 in Charleston, S.C. He founded the Methodist Episcopal Church in Charleston about 1834, and was ordained to the ministry in 1836. He became president of the Charleston Insurance and Trust Co., in 1846. He later became a member of the Lutheran Church, and was president of the Lutheran Synod for a year. He edited the Lutheran Visitor. He was initiated Nov. 2, 1824 in Orange Lodge No. 14, Charleston, served as master in 1826 and 1850–52, and was an honorary member of Strict Observance Lodge No. 73 in 1851. He was recording grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina from 1837–41; grand treasurer, 1842–62. He served as high priest of both Carolina and Zerubbabel Chapters, and was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of South Carolina, R.A.M. in 1843–53; Knighted in 1841 in South Carolina Encampment No. 1, he was commander in 1844–45. When he resigned as grand commander of the Southern Jurisdiction, he was appointed treasurer general. d. Nov. 26, 1885.

Clifford F. Hood President of U.S. Steel Corp., 1953–56 and present chairman of executive committee. b. Feb. 8, 1894 at Monmouth, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1915. He associated himself with the American Steel & Wire. Co. in 1917, and with the exception of military service in WWI, was with the company until he became president in 1938. In 1949 he became president of the Carnegie–Illinois Steel Corp., and executive vice president of U.S. Steel in 1951. Mason.

Charles R. Hook President of Armco Steel Corp., 1930–48,

and chairman of board since that date. b. July 12, 1880 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Started as office boy in Cincinnati Rolling Mill & Tin Plate Co. in 1889, and has been with Armco Steel Corp. since 1902, working his way up from night superintendent. Received degrees in Jonesboro Lodge No. 109, Jonesboro, Ind., on July 29, Aug. 29, and Sept. 23, 1901, affiliating with Jefferson Lodge No. 90, Middletown, Ohio on Feb. 3, 1908.

Theodore E. Hook (1788–1841) English humorist and novelist. He edited *John Bull* in 1820 and *New Monthly Magazine* from 1836–41. He wrote under several pseudonyms such as Richard Jones, Mrs. Ramsbottom, and Vicesimus Blenkinsop. His books included *Maxwell*; *Gilbert Gurney*; *Jack Grag*; *Exchange No Robbery*; and others. Several references to Masonry are found in his works. His own lodge is not known, but he was a visitor at Royal Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4, London, March 8, 1813. His apron is in the Grand Lodge of England Museum.

Ben W. Hooper Governor of Tenn. Member of Newport Lodge No. 234, Newport, Tenn.

Frank A. Hooper Federal judge, Northern District of Georgia since 1949. b. April 21, 1895 at Americus, Ga. Admitted to Georgia bar in 1916. In private practice at Atlanta from 1919–43. He has served on the court of appeals and superior court. He was an ensign in the U.S. Naval reserve in WWI. Member of Malta Lodge No. 641, Atlanta, Ga. receiving degrees on June 11, June 25 and Aug. 13, 1919. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Robert L. Hooper, Jr. (1709–1785) Deputy Quartermaster General in American Revolution (1778). b. in 1709, his father was chief justice of N.J. from 1724–28. Robert, Jr. was a member of the first committee of nine on July 19, 1782, and delivered an address to “prevent trade and intercourse with the enemy.” He was county clerk of Somerset Co. from 1765–74. He was initiated in Lodge No. 2 at Philadelphia, but after the formation of the Grand Lodge of N.J., he affiliated with Trenton Lodge No. 5; was its first senior warden, and the first deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of N.J. d. April 25, 1785.

William Hooper (1742–1790) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. June 17, 1742 in Boston, Mass. A graduate of Harvard in 1760, he studied law under James Otis, and in 1767 settled in Wilmington, N.C. He represented Wilmington in the general assembly of 1773, and in 1774 was elected to the Continental Congress and placed on two important committees. He lived at Masonboro, N.C. (about eight miles from Wilmington), until the British occupied the area. He returned in Nov., 1781, but shortly afterward moved to Hillsboro. He was a member of Hanover Lodge at Masonboro, which ceased to exist in 1787. d. Oct., 1790.

Frank G. Hoover (1883–1954) President of the Hoover Co. (vacuum cleaners) from 1948. b. April 4, 1883 in New Berlin, Ohio. Educated in Oberlin Coll. and Ohio State U. He was with the Hoover company from 1904. He was vice president of the National Boy Scout Council. Member of William McKinley Lodge No. 431, Canton, Ohio and 33° AASR (NJ). d. Dec. 3, 1954.

Gilbert C. Hoover Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. July 25, 1894 at Columbus, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1916, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1947. In WWI he served with the British Grand Fleet and on the U.S.S. Wyoming. In 1929–30 he was naval aide at the White House under Pres. Hoover. In WWII he commanded a destroyer division in the battles of Coral Sea and Midway, and the U.S.S. Helena in the battles of Cape Esperance and Guadalcanal. He retired in 1947. Mason.

Hubert D. Hoover Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 15, 1887 at Bedford, Ia. Graduate of U. of California in 1909 and 1911. He entered the Army as a reserve officer in 1917, and was commissioned captain in the regular Army in 1920, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1947. He was with the Judge Advocate General's Dept. Mason.

J. Edgar Hoover Director of Federal Bureau of Investigation since 1924. b. Jan. 4, 1895 in Washington, D.C. He was graduated from George Washington U. in 1916, and 1917, and holds honorary degrees from many other institutions. He entered the Department of Justice in 1917, and from 1919–21 was special assistant to the attorney general of the U.S. From 1921–24 he was assistant director of the FBI. He became a member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C., Nov. 9, 1920, and is a charter member of Justice Lodge No. 46 (Dec. 15, 1926). He was exalted in Lafayette Chapter No. 5, R.A.M., and knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., both of the District of Columbia. He received the Scottish Rite degrees (SJ), and is a 33°, honorary. He belongs to Almas Shrine Temple of the

district, and is an active member of the grand council, Order of DeMolay. On May 2, 1950, he received the Grand Lodge of New York's Achievement Award, and in 1954 was awarded the gold medal of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. d. May 2, 1972.

Clifford R. Hope U.S. Congressman to 70th through 84th Congresses (1927–56) from 5th and 7th Kans. districts. b. June 9, 1893 at Birmingham, Ia. Was graduated from Washburn Law School (Kans.) in 1917, and began law practice at Garden City, Kans. He was a member of the state house of representatives from 1921–27, and was speaker of the house, 1925–27. He served in WWI as a lieutenant in the 35th and 85th divisions overseas. He was a member of the U.S. delegation to the Inter-parliamentary Union meeting in Stockholm in 1949, and Istanbul in 1951. Member of Tyrian Lodge No. 246, Garden City, Kansas, since about 1925; 32° AASR (SJ) at Wichita; Midian Shrine Temple at Wichita and Cyrus Grotto at Hutchinson, Kans.

Albert J. Hopkins (1846–1922) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1903–09. b. Aug. 15, 1846 in DeKalb Co., Ill. Graduate of Hillsdale Coll. (Mich.) in 1870. Admitted to the bar in 1871, he practiced at Aurora, Ill. He was a U.S. congressman to 49th through 57th congresses (1885–1903). He later practiced law in Chicago. He was a member of Aurora Lodge No. 254, Aurora, Ill. d. Aug. 23, 1922.

Fred M. Hopkins (1875–1954) Newspaper editor, owner. b. July 12, 1875 at Epworth, Iowa. Graduate in law of U. of

Iowa in 1895. Practiced law at Dubuque, Ia., 1895–1903, and was later a federal court reporter at Toledo, Ohio. He became editor of the Toledo Blade, and then the Toledo Times. From 1913–43 he was editor and publisher of the Fostoria Daily Review (Ohio); in 1943 he purchased the Fostoria Daily Times and combined it with the Review. Served as mayor, and postmaster of Fostoria. Member of Fostoria Lodge No. 288, Fostoria, Ohio, receiving degrees on April 17, May 21 and June 11, 1918. 32° AASR (NJ) d. Dec. 15, 1954.

James H. Hopkins (1832–1904) U.S. Congressman from Pa. 1875–77 and 1883–85. b. Nov. 3, 1832 in Washington, Pa. He was the 10th Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of the U.S. in 1874–77. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 221, Pittsburgh, Pa., receiving degrees on Oct. 21, Nov. 6 and Dec. 4, 1856; exalted in Zerubbabel Chapter No. 162, R.A.M. of Pittsburgh, Oct. 2, 1860; 33° AASR (NJ), Sept. 19, 1872. d. June 18, 1904.

Jay Paul Hopkins Brigadier General, U.S. Army, who was chief of the anti-aircraft service in 1918. b. Nov. 2, 1875 at Mattawan, Mich. Was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1900, and advanced through grades to brigadier general, retiring in 1940 to become president of First National Bank of Cassopolis, Mich. Member of Backus Lodge No. 55, Cassopolis, Mich., receiving degrees on July 6, July 20, Aug. 3, 1903. Became life member on Nov. 10, 1947.

John Henry Hopkins (1792–1868) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Jan. 30, 1792 in Dublin, Ireland. Came to U.S.

with parents in 1801. Entered the iron business in western Pa., first at Bassenheim, near Economy, and later in Ligonier Valley. After the War in 1812, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in Pittsburgh in 1818. Taking up the ministry, he became a deacon and priest in 1823–24. He served seven years in churches of Western Pa., and in 1826 would have been elected assistant bishop, but for his refusal to vote for himself. He went to Boston as a minister in 1831, and in 1832 was elected first bishop of Vermont. He was rector of St. Paul's Church, Vermont for 27 years, and established the Vermont Episcopal Inst. He was a talented painter in oil and water color, and a voluminous author. Member of Ohio Lodge No. 113, Pittsburgh, receiving degrees on Feb. 11 and April 8, 1818. d. Jan. 9, 1868.

John J. Hopkins (1893–1957) President and chairman of board of General Dynamics Corp. b. Oct. 15, 1893 at Santa Ana, Calif. Graduate of U. of California, and Harvard. Practiced law in New York City. Was special assistant to Ogden L. Mills, secy. of Treasury in 1932–33. Was managing director of Canadair Ltd., and director of other corporations. Enlisted as a seaman in WWI, and later commissioned as an ensign in U.S. Naval reserve. He was founder and president of the International Golf Assn. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City, receiving degrees on Feb. 5, 19 and March 4, 1924. 32° AASR (NJ) and Knight Templar. d. May 3, 1957.

Richard J. Hopkins (1873–1943) Federal Judge, Kansas, 1929–43. b. April 4, 1873 in Jefferson City, Mo. Graduate of U. of Kansas and Northwestern U. He began practice of law

in Chicago in 1901, and later, with his father, in Garden City, Kans. (1906). He was a member of the lower house in 1909, attorney general of the state from 1919–23; and associate justice of supreme court of Kansas from 1923–29. Member of Tyrian Lodge No. 246, Garden City, Kans., Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Aug. 28, 1943.

Samuel Hopkins (1750–1819) Pioneer, soldier and U.S. Congressman. b. about 1750 in Albemarle Co., Va. He was an officer in the Continental Army of the American Revolution, and fought with distinction at Princeton, Trenton, Monmouth, and Brandywine. His battalion of light infantry was nearly annihilated at the battle of Germantown. He was an officer of the 10th Virginia regt. at the siege of Charleston, and on the death of Col. Richard Parker, became its colonel. He was made a prisoner at the surrender of Charleston, May 20, 1780. In 1798 he settled on Green River in Kentucky, and served several times in the state legislature. During the War of 1812 he led several large groups of volunteers against the Indians on the Illinois and Wabash rivers. He was called “general,” but the title was probably honorary. He served in congress from Ky. in 1813–15, but after one term, retired to his farm in Hopkins Co., Ky., which was named in his honor. He was a member of Jerusalem Lodge No. 9 of Henderson, Ky. d. in Oct., 1819.

Francis Hopkinson (1737–1791) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. Sept. 21, 1737, the son of Thomas Hopkinson, q.v., who was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1736. Although no proof of Francis’

membership can be found, he is often referred to as a Freemason. d. May 9, 1791.

Thomas Hopkinson (1709–1751) Lawyer and scientist who was the father of Francis Hopkinson, Declaration of Independence signer. b. April 6, 1709 in London, England. He was the son of a London merchant. He studied law; emigrated to Pennsylvania in 1731, where he was deputy clerk of the orphans' court, and later, clerk. He became prothonotary of Philadelphia Co., and judge of the admiralty. He participated in all the public enterprises of the time, and was one of the incorporators of the library company and original trustee of the College of Philadelphia. He was first president of the Philosophical Society, and his attainments in natural philosophy were recognized by Benjamin Franklin, who said: "The power of points to throw off the electrical fire was first communicated to me by my ingenious friend, Mr. Thomas Hopkinson." He was a member of St. John's Lodge, Philadelphia, and served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1736. d. Nov. 5, 1751.

Russell J. Hopley (1895–1949) President of Northwestern Bell Telephone Co., 1942–49. b. April 28, 1895 at Blue Island, Ill. He was associated with the telephone company as a collector in 1915, at Fort Madison, Ia., and became manager at offices in McGregor, Waterloo, and Des Moines, Iowa. He became district manager at Des Moines in 1925; supervisor at Omaha, Nebr. in 1929; and general manager of Nebr. and S.D. in 1937. Served in WWI with the A.E.F., and in WWII as civilian advisor for army air service. Member of Claypoole

Lodge No. 13, Fort Madison, Iowa, receiving degrees on June 2, 23, 30, 1916. Was 32° AASR (SJ), Shriner and Jester. d. Nov. 23, 1949.

DeWolf Hopper (1858–1935) Comedian. b. March 30, 1858 in New York City. He was noted for his recitation of Casey at the Bat on the nation's stages, making both himself and the poem famous. His debut was in *Our Boys* in 1879. He was later with Frohman's Madison Square Company, and McCaull Opera Co. He starred in comedy rolls at the head of his own company, and was later with Weber & Fields, q.v. Back with his own company, he starred in *Wang; Happyland, The Matinee Idol; Pinafore; Patience; The Pirates of Penzance; The Mikado; Iolanthe; The Better 'Ole; Ermine*, etc. He lectured and was on concert tour in 1930–31, and was author of *Once a Clown, Always a Clown*. He was raised in Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City, in 1890; was 32° AASR (NJ), and member of Mecca Shrine Temple, New York City. d. Sept. 23, 1935.

Herbert G. Hopwood Admiral, U.S. Navy and present commander-in-chief of U.S. Pacific fleet. b. Nov. 23, 1898 at Mt. Carmel, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1919, advancing through grades to vice admiral in 1955. He was director of budget and reports of Navy, 1946–50; deputy comptroller of Navy, 1950–52; commander of cruiser destroyer in Pacific force, 1952; commanded First Fleet in 1955; deputy chief of naval operations (logistics) in 1956. A member of Shamokin Lodge No. 255, Shamokin, Pa. since 1920, he has two sons who are members of the same lodge.

Walter F. Horan U.S. Congressman, 78th to 80th and 83rd to 85th Congresses from 5th Wash. dist. b. Oct. 15, 1898 at Wenatchee, Wash. Graduate of Washington State Coll., 1925. He is an orchardist. He served in the U.S. Navy in WWI. Mason.

Alexander J. Horlick (1873–1950) President of Horlick's Malted Milk Corp. b. Oct. 3, 1873 in Racine, Wis. He was associated with Horlick's Co. from 1893, later serving as president, and chairman of the board. Member of Belle City Lodge No. 92, Racine, Wisc. and 32° AASR (NJ). d. June 6, 1950.

T. Newell Horn (1868–1923) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 18, 1868 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1891, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1918. He commanded the 7th Field Artillery of the 7th Division during WWI. Mason. d. May 5, 1923.

Donald W. Hornbeck Business executive; secretary and director of the Cleveland (Indians) Baseball Co. since 1949. b. Jan. 16, 1903 in London, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1926, and admitted to the bar in 1926, practicing in Cleveland. He is chairman of the board of Allen Electric Co.; chairman of executive committee, and director of Chicago & Eastern Ill. R.R. Co.; secretary of Midland Steamship Line; and director of a number of corporations. Member of Chandler Lodge No. 138, London, Ohio, receiving degrees on June 19, July 28 and Oct. 7, 1925. 32° AASR (NJ), Jester and Shriner.

Stanley K. Hornbeck Educator, diplomatic advisor, and

U.S. Ambassador to the Netherlands, 1944–47. b. May 4, 1883 in Franklin, Mass. Graduate of U. of Denver in 1903; Rhodes scholar at Oxford in 1904–07; B.A. in 1907; Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin in 1911. A political science expert, he has taught at Harvard, U. of Wisconsin, U. of Michigan, Williamstown Inst., Institute of Pacific Relations, and Lowell Inst. He was a member of the American mission to Armenia in 1919, and has acted as special advisor to department of State on many occasions. Member of Albert Pike Lodge No. 36, Washington, D.C., since 1922.

Henry Horner (1878–1940) Governor of Illinois, 1933–41, dying in office. b. Nov. 30, 1878 in Chicago. Graduate of Chicago–Kent Coll. of Law in 1898, and received honorary degrees from many institutions. He began law practice in Chicago in 1899. From 1914–33 he was probate judge of Cook Co., Ill. He was raised in Chicago Lodge No. 437, Oct. 3, 1900, and was master in 1907. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1924, and served on various committees. Received 33° AASR (NJ), Sept. 26, 1934. d. Oct. 6, 1940.

Joseph P. Horner (1837–1893) Lawyer; General Grand High Priest of General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. 1891–93. b. March 18, 1837 in New City. He was reared in New Orleans, La. When his mother died, he lived with an aunt in Philadelphia where he attended school. First apprenticed in a machine shop, he turned to law and had a lucrative practice in New Orleans. Served in Confederate Army in Civil War as a private in Fenner's Battery. Raised in Marion Lodge No. 68, New Orleans, June 14, 1860, he served as its master for many

years, and was reelected for the last time while on his death bed. He was grand master of the grand lodge of Louisiana in 1886. Exalted in Orleans Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., he was grand high priest in 1873; member of Louisiana Council No. 1, R. & S.M., he was grand master in 1871; knighted in Orleans Commandery No. 3, he was grand commander in 1869, '70, '74, and grand standard bearer of Grand Encampment of U.S. in 1874-77. d. Jan. 24, 1893.

Odus C. Homey (1866-1957) Brigadier General, U.S. Army, who designed and developed the famous Springfield rifle. b. Sept. 18, 1866 in Lexington, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1891. From 1894-1930 he was with the ordnance department retiring in the latter year. In addition to the famous caliber 30 rifle, he pioneered the 16 inch rifle in the U.S., and built and put into operation the pioneer Army Smokeless Powder Plant. Affiliated with Mechanicsburg Lodge No. 113, Mechanicsburg, Ohio on Feb. 7, 1922 from Alamo Lodge No. 44, San Antonio, Texas and was a 50-year member. Received 32° AASR (NJ) at Philadelphia on Nov. 18, 1922, and member of Lu Lu Shrine Temple of Philadelphia. d. Feb. 16, 1957.

Rogers Hornsby One of the original members of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. April 27, 1896 in Fort Worth, Texas. Nicknamed "Rajah," he was baseman for the St. Louis National League club from 1915 to 1933, with the exception of 1927-32, when he played for the New York, Boston, and Chicago National League teams. From 1933-37 he was manager-player with the American League team in

St. Louis. He was the National League batting champion for seven years (1920–25 and 1928). His lifetime batting average of .358 was the highest in the National League history, placing him second to Ty Cobb's q.v., lifetime average of .367. In 1926 he managed the Cardinals of St. Louis to the world championship, and was named the most valuable player in 1925 and 1929. He was raised in Beacon Lodge No. 3, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 16, 1918; exalted in Bellefontaine Chapter No. 25, R.A.M., Feb. 27, 1922; knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 8, May 15, 1922.

Samuel Horowitz Installed master of a lodge on his deathbed. By special dispensation of the grand master of the Grand Lodge of California, Horowitz was able to realize one of the ambitions of his life on his deathbed. He was elected master of Ionic Lodge No. 520, Los Angeles, but was taken sick before the installation occurred. He was installed master in a hospital at 11:00 a.m., and died at 6:00 p.m. the same day.

Harry M. Hosier Vice president of Corning Glass Works, 1943–54. b. May 21, 1886 at Corning, N.Y. He began with Corning Glass in 1905, as a machinist and die maker, advancing as development engineer, production superintendent, factory manager, production manager, and assistant to president. Now honorary vice president and advisor on industrial relations. Member of Painted Post Lodge No. 117, Corning, N.Y., receiving degrees on Feb. 20, March 5 and 19, 1912. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

John. D. C. Hoskins (1846–1937) Brigadier General, U.S.

Army. b. Jan. 19, 1846 in Potosi, Mo. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1868, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1908 and retiring at own request after 44 years of service. Mason. d. March 1, 1937.

Hezekiah L. Hosmer (1814–1893) First Chief Justice of Montana, appointed by President Lincoln in 1864. b. Dec. 10, 1814 in Hudson, N.Y. He studied law in Cleveland, Ohio, and at one time was editor of the Toledo Blade. He was the author of the novel Octoroon, from which Boucicault took his play of the same name. In 1887 he published Bacon and Shakespeare in. the Sonnets. In 1861 he served as secretary of the house committee on territories in Washington, D.C. As the presidential appointee as first chief justice of the Territory of Montana, he opened the first court of record in the dining room of a hotel in Virginia City on the first Monday of Dec., 1864. He was initiated in Wood County Lodge No. 112, Ohio, going ten miles into the woods for the degrees (the Morgan incident still causing bitterness). He was exalted in Circleville Chapter No. 20 in 1845, and knighted in Toledo Commandery No. 7, K.T. He became grand king of the Grand Chapter of Ohio, R.A.M.; grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, and then deputy grand master. In 1865 he was the first master of Montana Lodge No. 2, and for six years commander of Virginia City Commandery No. 1. He was chairman of the foreign correspondence committee of the grand lodge for several years, and grand secretary of the grand lodge in 1870–71. He later moved to Calif., and at his death had been prelate of Golden Gate Commandery No. 16, San Francisco, for thirteen years, and grand prelate of

the Grand Commandery of California for ten years. d. Oct. 31, 1893.

Stephen T. Hosmer (1763–1834) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Connecticut and first Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Connecticut. b. at Middletown, Conn. in 1763. He was graduated from Yale in 1782, and practiced law at Middletown from 1785. For two years he was a member of the council of state, and after the adoption of the state constitution, was chief justice of Conn. from 1815–1833. A member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, Middletown, Conn., he served as master in 1794–95; 1809–10, and 1815–16. He was high priest of Washington Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. of Middletown from 1796–1809, and again in 1811. d. Aug. 5, 1834. G.M. of Conn. for 18 years (1798–1816).

Timothy Hosmer (1740–1820) Pioneer surgeon and brother of Stephen T. Hosmer, q.v. b. in Middletown, Conn. in 1740. He was an officer in the Continental Army of the Revolution, and for two and a half years was surgeon on General Washington's staff. He moved to Ontario Co., N.Y., where he established one of the first two settlements in that wilderness. In 1798 he was appointed first judge of the county. He was a member of Frederick Lodge, Farmington, Conn., and also of American Union Lodge (Aug. 1779). d. in Canandaigua, N.Y. in 1820. Question birth dates. Not a brother of Stephen, but uncle.

H. Stuart Hotchkiss (1878–1947) President of U.S. Rubber Plantations; vice president of U.S. Rubber Co.; chairman of board of General Rubber Co.; president of Cambridge Rubber

Co. b. Oct. 1, 1878 in New Haven, Conn. In 1932–33 he was representative in Europe of trustee in bankruptcy of International Match Corp., and industrial advisor to Swedish liquidators of Kreuger and Toll, 1934–35. Served in A.E.F. in WWI. Mason. 32° AASR. d. Sept. 16, 1947.

Johann Jakob Hottinger (1783–1860) Swiss historian who was initiated in 1813 and became the first grand master of the Grand Lodge Alpina.

Harry Houdini (1874–1926) Magician and escape artist. b. April 6, 1874 in Appleton, Wis., the son of Rabbi Mayer S. Weiss. He took his stage name from the great French prestidigitator, Robert Houdini, and later had it legalized. He began as a trapeze performer in 1882, and made several tours of the world, performing before many rulers and notables. He was the inventor of a diving suit. In 1910 he was awarded a prize by the Australian Aeronautic League for being the first successful flier in Australia. He is the author of *The Right Way to Do Wrong*; *Unmasking of Robert Houdini*; *Miracle Mongers*; *Paper Prestidigitation*; *Rope Ties and Escapes*; *A Magician Among the Spirits*. He was a member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City, receiving his degrees July 17, 31, and Aug. 21, 1923; became a life member Oct. 30, 1923. Member of Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C. d. Oct. 31, 1926.

Jean Antoine Houdon (1740–1828) French sculptor. b. March 20, 1740 in Versailles. He studied art under Michel Ange Slodtz, and later under Pigale. While in the Ecole des Beaux Arts, at the age of 19, he took the first prize for sculpture,

which involved a residence in Italy. He spent ten years in Rome at a period when the excavations of Herculaneum and Pompeii gave a new impulse to art. Here he finished the colossal statue of St. Bruno, of which Pope Clement XIV said, "He would speak, if the rule of his order did not prescribe silence." Returning to Paris, he executed many masterpieces in the next 15 years which placed him in the front rank of French sculptors, and earned his admission into the academy. In 1785 he accompanied Benjamin Franklin to the U.S. to prepare a model for the statue of George Washington, which had been ordered by the state of Virginia. He spent two weeks at Mount Vernon. The statue bears Houdon's legend "Fait par Houdon, citoyen Francais, 1788." It is now in the capitol at Richmond, Va., and there is a replica in the American Hall of Fame. Many personal friends of Washington stated that it was the best representation of him ever made. Among Houdon's later works were busts of Napoleon and Josephine, and the noted statue of Cicero in the palace of Luxembourg. After the execution of the latter work he lost his memory and was compelled to give up his profession. His bust, Voltaire Assis, is in the foyer of the Theatre Francais, Paris, and is considered one of the finest works of its kind in modern art. Among his other portrait busts are Catherine II, Turgot, Moliere, Rousseau, Buffon, d'Alembert, Franklin, Lafayette, Louis XVI, and Mirabeau. A member of the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris, his name appears in its list of members in 1779, 1783, 1784, and 1806. He was listed on the latter date as the "imperial sculptor, member of the institute and professor." d. July 16, 1828.

Jean Pierre L. L. Houel (1735–1813) French engraver and painter. b. in Rouen about 1735. He studied in Italy. He wrote four volumes entitled *Voyage Pittoresque de Sidle, de Make, et de Lipari* between 1782–87. He was a member of the Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris, and is listed on the rolls in 1783, 1784, and 1806. d. Nov. 14, 1813.

Frederick W. Houser (1871–1942) Justice, Supreme Court of California. b. April 15, 1871 in Jones Co., Ia. Graduate of U. of Southern Calif. in 1899. Practiced law in Los Angeles. Served as judge of superior court, justice, and presiding justice of court of appeal, and associate justice supreme court of Calif. from 1937. Raised Dec. 2, 1899 in East Gate Lodge No. 290, Los Angeles, Calif. Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Oct. 12, 1942.

John Houston (1744–1796) Member of Continental Congress and Governor of Georgia, 1778–87. b. Aug. 31, 1744 in Waynesboro, Ga. In 1774 he was one of the four citizens who called the first meeting of the Sons of Liberty in Savannah. In 1775 and 1776 he was a member of the Continental Congress, and would have signed the Declaration of Independence, but was called to Georgia to counteract the influence of another delegate who had left his seat to oppose the movement. In 1777 he cooperated with General Robert Howe in an invasion of Eastern Florida, which failed. He was appointed judge of the state supreme court in 1792. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga. d. July 20, 1796.

John M. Houston U.S. Congressman to 74th through 77th

Congresses Sam Houston (1935–43) from 5th Kans. dist. b. Sept. 15, 1890 at Formosa, Kans. He spent six years as an actor, and later engaged in the retail lumber business at Newton, Kans. (1919). Member of Reno Lodge No. 140 Hutchinson, Kans., receiving degrees on April 5, May 13 and June 14, 1912. Shriner.

Robert G. Houston (1867–1946) U.S. Congressman to 69th through 72nd Congresses (1925–33) from Del. b. Oct. 13, 1867 in Milton, Del. Admitted to bar in 1888 and practiced at Georgetown, where he was also the owner and editor of the Sussex Republican from 1893. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 12, Georgetown, Del. being raised July 22, 1890. d. Jan. 29, 1946.

Sam Houston (1793–1863) American patriot and political leader who was governor of Tennessee (1827–29) ; president of the Republic of Texas (1836), and governor of Texas (1861). b. in Rockbridge Co., Va., March 2, 1793. At the death of his father, his family moved to Tenn. near the Cherokee territory and he spent his early years with the Indians, being adopted by one of them. After serving in the 39th Infantry from July, 1813 to May, 1818, he resigned and studied law at Nashville, being admitted to the bar in a few months, and practiced at Lebanon. He was elected to congress in 1823 and 1825, and in his last year fought a duel with Gen. White, whom he wounded. He was elected governor of Tenn. in 1827. He fell into disfavor in 1829, partially due to a mysterious marriage that lasted only a few weeks. Leaving the state, he made his way up the Arkansas to the mouth of the Illinois, where he

lived for three years with his former Cherokee father-by-adoption. In 1832 he went to Texas where he was a member of the first convention, April 1, 1833, and was elected general of the militia. On March 2, 1836 he was a member of the convention that declared absolute independence and named him commander-in-chief of the armed forces. Following the slaughters at the Alamo and Goliad, Houston defeated the Mexicans at San Jacinto and took Santa Anna prisoner. He was elected first president of the Republic of Texas, Oct. 22, 1836, and even though his candidacy was announced only twelve days previously, he received 4,374 of the total 5,104 votes. His term expired Dec. 12, 1838. He served again as president from Dec. 12, 1841 to Dec. 9, 1844. He labored for the admission of Texas to the Union, which was accomplished Dec. 29, 1845; and in March, 1846 he was elected to the U.S. senate, serving until 1859. He was governor of Texas from 1859 to 1861, but took no part in public affairs after that date. He received his degrees in Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn., April 19, June 20, and July 22, 1817. He dimitted from Cumberland Lodge, Nov. 20, 1817, and reaffiliated June 21, 1821. It is thought that during this period he was a charter member of Nashville Lodge No. 37. He served as junior warden, and in 1824 attended grand lodge as a past master. In one place he is recorded as having dimitted from Cumberland Lodge, Jan. 20, 1831; however, he is listed in the proceedings of 1828 (p. 236) as suspended for unmasonic conduct! He affiliated with Holland Lodge No. 36 of La. in 1837, and this became Holland Lodge No. 1 of Texas. Ori Dec. 20, 1837 he presided over the meeting which established the Grand Lodge of Texas. He dimitted from Holland Lodge July 14, 1842,

and was next reported as a member of Forest Lodge No. 19, Huntsville, Texas, in 1851. He was undoubtedly a Royal Arch Mason, for he was knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, Washington D.C., Feb. 23, 1853. He is recorded as a visitor to the Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1825 and the Grand Lodge of Alabama, Dec. 6, 1849. He was present at the dedication of Washington-Centennial Lodge No. 14, Washington, D.C. on Jan. 13, 1853. d. July 1, 1863.

William Houstoun Delegate to Continental Congress in 1784 and 1787, and member of the convention that framed the Federal Constitution. He refused, however, to sign that document. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1 Savannah, Ga.

Walter Hoving Corporation executive. b. Dec. 2, 1897 in Stockholm, Sweden. Brought to the U.S. by parents in 1903, he was graduated from Brown U. in 1920. He was with R. H. Macy & Co., New York City from 1924-32, being vice president, 1928-32; from 1932-36 he was vice president of Montgomery Ward & Co., and a member of the board from 1934-36. He was president of Lord & Taylor, New York City, 1936-45; and since 1946 has been president of Roving Corp. He was chairman of the organizing committee to form the U.S.O., and was president of same in 1940, and chairman of board in 1941. Raised in Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. in 1931 and member of AASR (NJ) in Brooklyn, N.Y.

Benjamin Chew Howard (1791-1872) Officer in War of 1812; congressman. b. Nov. 5, 1791 in Baltimore Co., Md. He was graduated from Princeton in 1809, studied law, and

practiced in Baltimore. In 1814 he assisted in organizing troops for the defense of Baltimore, and commanded the “mechanical volunteers” at the battle of North Point, Sept. 12, 1814. He served in the U.S. congress from 1829–33, and 1835–39. He was chairman of the committee on foreign relations in his last term, and as such drew up its report on the boundary question. From 1843–62 he was reporter of the U.S. supreme court. In 1861 he was a delegate to the peace congress. He became a member of Cassia Lodge No. 45, Baltimore, in April, 1813, and became master short-ly after that. In 1815–18 he was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, and served as grand master from 1824–41. Son of John E., q.v., and Margaret Chew. d. March 6, 1872.

Charles Howard (see under Baron of Effingham).

Harvey J. Howard A founder of Acacia Fraternity. b. Jan. 30, 1880 in Churchville, N.Y. He was a graduate of the U. of Michigan (1904) ; U. of Pennsylvania (1908); Harvard (1917); and U. of Colorado (1918). He was internationally known as an ophthalmologist (diseases of the eye). During WWI, as a captain in the Medical Corps, he devised the important depth perception test for flying personnel, which has been continuously used since 1919. He was head of the ophthalmology dept. of the U. Medical School, Canton, China, for six years, and Fellow of the China Medical Board of Rockefeller Foundation at Harvard, 1916–18; and at U. of Vienna in 1923–24, where he engaged in important scientific research. In 1919 he returned to China as professor in Peking Union Medical Coll., and was eye physician to the Boy Emperor, Pu Yi, from

1921–25. From 1927–33 he was head of the ophthalmology dept. at Washington U. School of Medicine in St. Louis, and in private practice in St. Louis from 1933. In 1925 he was captured by Chinese bandits and held for \$100,000 ransom for ten weeks. He wrote of his experiences in *Ten Weeks With Chinese Bandits*. He was raised in Fraternity Lodge No. 262, Ann Arbor, Mich. He became interested in the Masonic Club and continued with it until the transfer was made to Acacia, when he served on the first chapter house committee and was first treasurer of Acacia.

John E. Howard (1752–1827) Colonel in the Revolution; Governor of Maryland, 1789–92, and U.S. Senator, 1796–1803. b. June 4, 1752 in Baltimore Co., Md. He joined the Continental Army early in the Revolution, and served under Gen. Hugh Mercer, q.v., at the Battle of White Plains (Oct. 28, 1776), as a captain. He was then a major in the 4th Maryland regiment, and was at Germantown and Monmouth. In 1780 as a lieutenant-colonel of the 5th Maryland Regiment, he fought at Camden under Gen. Horatio Gates, q.v., and later in the year, joined the army under Gen. Nathanael Greene, q.v. He saw hand-to-hand fighting in the Battle of Cowpens, Guilford Courthouse, and Eutaw Springs, being severely wounded in the latter, leading the final charge after his command was reduced to 30 men. In 1796 he declined a seat in Washington's cabinet. In anticipation of a war with France in 1798, Washington made him one of his major generals. He was a candidate for vice president in 1816. He married Margaret Chew, daughter of Chief Justice Chew. His six sons were Masons. Although no records remain, it is thought that

John E. Howard was a member of. Army Lodge No. 27 of the Maryland Line, which asked for a charter, April 27, 1780, naming Gen. Mordecai Gist, q.v., as charter master. Schultz, in his History of Freemasonry in Maryland (1884) states that he had talked with older Masons who remembered Howard as a Freemason, and that his portrait at one time hung in a lodge room of the Baltimore Temple. d. Oct. 12, 1827.

Martin Howard First Chief Justice of North Carolina. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, New Bern, N.C.

Nathaniel L. Howard (1884–1949) President of Chicago, Great Western Railroad, 1925–29. b. March 9, 1884 in Fairfield, Ia. Was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1907. Began as a civil engineer for C.B. & Q.R.R. in 1907, rising to division superintendent, and general superintendent of Mo. district. He was general manager of the Chicago Union Station Co. from 1924–25, and chairman of the board, and president of the North American Car Corp. from 1930–36. A colonel in WWI, he was with the U.S. Railway Engineers. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner. d. May 6, 1949.

Robert S. Howard Newspaper publisher. b. Oct. 23, 1924 at Wheaton, Minn. From 1945–49 he successively published the Wheaton (Minn.) Gazette; Madison (S.D.) Daily Leader; Highland Park (Cal.) News-Herald, The Dalles (Oreg.) Chronicle; and Pocatello (Ida.) State Journal. From 1949–55 he was the general manager of the Scripps League at Seattle, and since 1949 has been president of the Logan (Utah) Herald Journal; Nampa (Ida.) Free Press; The Dalles (Oreg.)

Chronicle; Kalispell (Mont.) InterLake; Bozeman (Mont.) Chronicle and Pocatello (Ida.) State Journal. Since 1955 he has been president and publisher of the Chester Times, Inc. Served as private in AUS, 1942–43, and as second lieutenant in Air Force, 1944–45. Mason.

Roy W. Howard President of Scripps–Howard Newspapers, 1936–52, and chairman of executive committee since 1953. b. Jan. 1, 1883 at Gano, Ohio. He began as a reporter on Indianapolis News in 1902, and successively was with the Indianapolis Star; St. Louis Post–Dispatch and Cincinnati Post. He was New York correspondent for the Scripps–McRae League in 1906, and New York manager of United Press in 1907. He became general manager of United Press in 1912, and chairman of board of same in 1921. On same date he became chairman of board of Newspaper Enterprise Assn. and all Scripps–McRae (now Scripps–Howard) newspapers, assuming editorial direction of these properties with Robert P. Scripps in 1925. He negotiated the purchase of the New York Telegram in 1927; New York World in 1931, and New York Sun in 1950, which are now combined as the New York World–Telegram and Sun, of which he is editor and president. He is a Mason of 50-years standing and 33° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis. Received 33° in 1946. Raised Jan. 18, 1904 in Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. Member of Murat Shrine Temple, Indianapolis.

Percy R. Howe (1864–1950) Originator of silver reduction treatment for infected dentine and septic roots, used extensively in Army. b. Sept. 30, 1864 in Providence, R.I.

Graduate of Bates Coll. in 1887, and D.D.S. Philadelphia Dental Coll., 1890. Began practice at Auburn, Me. in 1890, moving to Lewiston in 1891, and Boston in 1898. Was instructor in pathology at Harvard Medical School, 1925–40. Fellow dental surgeon of Royal Coll. Surgeons (England). President of American Dental Assn., 1928–29. Mason. d. Feb. 28, 1950.

Robert Howe (1732–1785) Major General of American Revolution. b. in Brunswick Co., N.C. in 1732. He lived in England two years, returning to U.S. in 1766, and was appointed a captain at Fort Johnson, N.C. under the commission of Governor Tryon. He was a member of the assembly in 1772–73, and a member of the Continental Congress that met at New Berne in Aug., 1774. In Aug., 1775 he was appointed colonel of the 2nd N.C. regiment by the colonial congress. With his troops, he drove the loyal governor, Lord Dunmore, from Virginia and was promoted to brigadier general. He joined Henry Lee in Virginia with his regiment in March, 1776. He defended the city of Charleston with his troops, and soon succeeded Gen. James Moore as chief in command of the southern department. In Oct., 1777 he was commissioned major general, and led an expedition against Fla., which ended in disaster, and he was forced to return to Savannah, Ga., but lost that city to the British. For this loss, he was court-martialed, but acquitted. When General Christopher Gadsden publicly criticized him, he challenged the latter to a duel. Gadsden fired into the air and Howe's ball grazed Gadsden's ear (Aug. 13, 1778) at Cannonsburg. They were then reconciled. Major John Andre, the famous British spy, who was hanged by the colonial forces, commemorated

the affair with a humorous poem of 18 stanzas. Howe was relieved of the southern department and ordered to join Washington on the Hudson. He was in command at West Point in 1780, and in 1781 led troops to quell the mutiny in the Penn. and N.J. regiments. In May, 1785 he was appointed by congress to treat with the western Indians. Member of Hanover Lodge of Masonborough, N.C., which is now extinct.

Evan Howell U.S. Congressman to 77th through 80th Congresses (1941–49) from 21st Ill. dist. b. Sept. 21, 1905 at Marion, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1927 and 1930. Admitted to bar in 1930, and practiced at Springfield, Ill. Judge of U.S. court of claims, 1947–53. Raised in Springfield Lodge No. 4, Springfield, Ill. in 1933. Member of Springfield Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; Springfield Council No. 2, R. & SM.; Elwood Commandery No. 6, K.T. Ansar Shrine Temple; High Twelve Club; Court No. 20, Royal Order of Jesters (past impresario); and 33° AASR (NJ), all of Springfield, Ill.

Harry D. Howell, Sr. Author. b. May 26, 1880 at Columbia, Tenn. Began as a salesman in Washington, D.C. and later became manager and owner of Howell Motor Co. in Baltimore, Md. (1912–22). A writer from 1912, he moved to Hollywood, Calif. in 1922. He was awarded the bronze medal by Eugene Field Society in 1937. He wrote *Strange Negro Stories* Charles R. Howland of the Deep South, and sponsored the motion picture, *The Land of Whispering Hope*. Has contributed fiction to magazines, written and produced plays. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ), and Shriner; past president of Hollywood Shrine Club.

J. Morton Howell (1863–1937) U.S. Minister to Egypt, 1922–27. b. March 17, 1863 at Uniopolis, Ohio. A physician, he was educated in Starling Medical Coll., Columbus and Ohio Northern U., Ada. He began practice in Washington Court House, Ohio, and settled at Dayton in 1896, where he specialized in surgery. Member of Mystic Lodge No. 405, Dayton, Ohio, receiving degrees on April 23, 1901, Nov. 10 and 24, 1903. d. Dec. 27, 1937.

R. Beecher Howell (1864–1933) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1923–35, dying in office. b. Jan. 21, 1864 at Adrian, Mich. He was state engineer of Nebraska in 1895–96, and same for city of Omaha in 1896–97. From 1903–05 he was a member of the state senate. He served as a Naval lieutenant in the Spanish–American War. He became a member of Temple Lodge, Adrian, Mich. about 1886 and afterwards affiliated with Nebraska Lodge No. 1 of Omaha. d. March 11, 1933.

Richard Howell (1753–1802) Governor of New Jersey, 1794–1801. b. in Newark, Del. in 1753. A lawyer, he commanded a company of grenadiers before the war, and was one of the young men who was prosecuted for the burning of a tea cargo at Green-wick, N.J., Nov. 22, 1774. He was commissioned captain in the 2nd N.J. Regiment and present at Quebec. He was promoted to major in 1776, and commanded his regiment until 1779. He was appointed judge–advocate of the Army in 1782, but declined. Resuming his law practice, he was clerk of the state supreme court from 1778 until 1793. When Washington passed through Trenton, N.J., Howell composed an ode of welcome to the general. He was a member of

Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J. and past master of same.
d. April 28, 1802.

William W. Howes Former First Assistant Postmaster General of U.S. b. Feb. 16, 1887 at Tomah, Wis. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1912, being admitted to the bar in that year and practicing at Wolsey. He moved to Huron in 1927. He was a member of the state senate in 1917–18 and a candidate for governor in 1920. He has been a member of the Democratic Natl. Comm. since 1924. He became 2nd assistant postmaster general in 1933, and first assistant in 1934. Member of Anchor Lodge No. 152, Wolsey, S.D. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Robert G. Howie Inventor of the Howie machine gun carrier. b. Dec. 3, 1890 in Chicago, Ill. Commissioned in 1917, he saw Mexican border service and was a company commander of the 33rd Division in France in WWI. From 1927–30 he was in the Philippines and China, and from 1940–43, was assistant commandant of the Armored Force School. From 1943–46 he was commander of bases in the South Pacific, and from 1946 to retirement in 1950, commanded the Florida military district. Mason and Shriner.

Benjamin Howland (1756–1821) U.S. Senator from Rhode Island, 1804–07. b. in Tiverton, R.I. in 1756. He was educated in the public schools and served as a member of the state general assembly as well as holding several local offices. Howland was admitted a member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 4, Providence, RI., April 27, 1802. d. May 9, 1821.

Charles R. Howland (1871–1946) Brigadier General U.S. Army, and Medal of Honor winner. b. Feb. 16, 1871 at Jefferson, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1895, and National U. Law School (Washington, D.C.) in 1909. Commissioned in 1895, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1927, retiring in 1935 while commanding the 2nd Division. In 1903 he was aide-de-camp to General Arthur MacArthur, q.v.; commanded Alcatraz Island Military Prison, 1914–17. Served in Philippine insurrection and WWI, commanding many units including 28th, 343rd, 165th Infantry regiments, 3rd and 4th brigades, and 2nd Division. Mason. d. Sept. 21, 1946.

William Howley Archbishop of Canterbury, 1828–1848. Member and past master of Jehosaphat Lodge at Bristol, England (now extinct).

Rene Edward D. Hoyle Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 16, 1883 at West Point, N.Y. Raised in Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C. on March 17, 1930.

Henry M. Hoyt (1830–1890) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1879–83. b. in Kingston, Pa. on June 8, 1830.—A graduate of Williams Coll. in 1849. He taught school for three years, and was admitted to the bar in 1853. In the Civil War he helped raise the 52nd Pa. regiment, entering as a lieutenant colonel, and mustering out as a brevet brigadier general. He attacked Fort Jackson by boat, landed, and was captured when support did not come to his aid. Confined at Macon, Ga., he was transferred to Charleston, where he made his

escape only to be recaptured. On exchange he rejoined his regiment and remained with it until the close of the war. He resumed law practice in 1867. He was initiated in Lodge No. 61 of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Dec. 27, 1854; secretary of the lodge in 1859, and 1865; junior warden in 1860; senior warden in 1861, and master in 1862. d. Sept. 30, 1890.

Henry Hubbard (1784–1857) U.S. Senator and Governor of New Hampshire. b. May 3, 1784 in Charleston, N.H. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1803, studied law, and practiced in Charleston. He served in the state legislature from 1812–27, and was speaker during the last three years. He was U.S. congressman from 1829–35, and in 1834, was speaker pro tem of the house. He was U.S. senator from 1835–41, and governor of New Hampshire in 1841. He was admitted to St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., June 5, 1805. He later became a member of Faithful Lodge No. 12, Charleston, and served as its master in 1816. He was a delegate to the grand lodge of Vermont in 1818, and in 1826–27, was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire. He was also a member of Webb Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. of Claremont, N.H. d. June 5, 1857.

Lucius F. Hubbard (1836–1913) Governor of Minnesota, 1882–87. He also had the distinction of serving as brigadier general in two wars—Civil and Spanish–American. b. Jan. 26, 1836 in Troy, N.Y. He learned the tinner's trade and went to Minn. in 1857. He was a newspaper publisher at Red Wing from 1859–61. At the outset of the Civil War in 1861, he enlisted in the 5th Minn. Infantry as a private and was

breveted brigadier general in 1864, for “gallant and distinguished services in actions before Nashville.” Returning to Red Wing, he entered the grain and milling business; became president of the Cannon Valley Railroad (1878–81); built the Midland Railroad; and built and operated the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern R.R. (1888–1902). In the Spanish–American War he commanded the 3rd Division of the 7th Army Corps. Member of Red Wing Lodge No. 8, La Grange Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. and Red Wing Commandery No. 10, K.T., all of Red Wing, Minn. d. Feb. 5, 1913.

Richard B. Hubbard (1836–?) Governor of Texas, 1876–79, and U.S. Minister to Japan, 1885–89. b. Nov. 1, 1836 in Walton Co., Ga. Graduate of Mercer, Harvard, and U. of Virginia; he went to Texas in 1852, and practiced law at Tyler. He served a time as U.S. attorney for Western Texas, and was in the state legislature from 1859–62. He resigned from the latter to raise the 22nd Texas Inf., and was its colonel in the C.S.A. to the end of the Civil War. As a result, he was disfranchised for some years after the war. When civil disabilities were removed, he entered politics and was president of the Democratic state convention; lieutenant governor, 1873–76. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 53, Tyler, Texas. Deceased.

William B. Hubbard (1795–1866) Fifth Grand Master of Grand Encampment, K.T., USA. b. Aug. 25, 1795 at Lowville, N.Y. He was raised in Rising Sun Lodge No. 125, Adams, N.Y., Sept. 12, 1821, and served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1850–53; exalted in Zanesville Chapter No. 9, R.A.M., he became grand high priest of the Grand Chapter

of Ohio; knighted in Lancaster' Encampment (Ohio), Oct. 21, 1842, he became grand master of the Grand Encampment from 1847–59. d. at Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 5, 1866.

Carl O. Hubbell Famous “screwball” pitcher for the New York Giants, elected to the National Baseball Hall of Fame in Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1947. Nicknamed “King.” b. June 22, 1903 in Carthage, Mo. He pitched for the Giants his entire career, from 1928–43. In 1934 he was hailed for his impressive performance in an all-star game, when he struck out Ruth, Gehrig, Foxx, Simmons, and Cronin in succession. He won 253 games in the majors, scoring 16 straight in 1936, and compiled a streak of 46% scoreless innings in 1933. He was raised in Meeker Lodge No. 479, Meeker, Okla., in 1929.

George W. Hubbell (?–1831) First U.S. Consul to the Philippines. A native of Mass., he was the first American Mason mentioned in the early history of the Philippines. He died May 3, 1831, and a monument to him was erected in the Plaza Cervantes, downtown Manila. In 1954 the monument was transferred to the grounds of the American embassy on Dewey Blvd., Manila.

Walter B. Huber U.S. Congressman, 79th through 81st Congresses (1945–51) from 14th Ohio dist. b. June 29, 1903 in Akron, Ohio. Member of Akron Lodge No. 83, Akron, Ohio, receiving degrees on Feb. 11, March 23 and April 30, 1927.

J. Klahr Huddle First U.S. Ambassador to Burma (from 1947). b. March 25, 1891 in Senaco Co., Ohio. Before entering

the consular service in 1915 he was a high school principal, and did newspaper and commercial work. He was attached to the American commission to negotiate peace in Paris, 1918–19, and with the American consulate in Paris until 1920. He was then sent on assignments to Germany and Poland, and was consul at Hamburg, Germany, 1921–23. From 1925–27 he was chief of the passport division, State Dept, followed by terms as consul general at Cologne, Germany, and Warsaw, Poland. He was inspector of American foreign service in 1935; consul at Bern, Switzerland in 1941. Received his degrees in Fort Recovery Lodge No. 539, Fort Recovery, Ohio in 1915.

James H. Hudson (1878–1947) Judge of Supreme Court of Maine from 1933. b. March 21, 1878 at Guilford, Me. Graduate of Colby Coll. and Harvard. Admitted to the bar in 1903 and practiced in Guilford. Served as county attorney, probate judge, and justice of superior court. Member of Mt. Kineo Lodge No. 109, receiving degrees on April 21, May 5, May 19, 1906. d. Aug. 21, 1947.

Jay W. Hudson (1874–1958) Author and educator. b. March 12, 1874 in Cleveland, Ohio. Studied at Hiram and Oberlin Colleges and received degrees from U. of Calif. (1905), and Harvard (1907). He taught philosophy at U. of Calif., Harvard, and U. of Missouri. He was with the latter institution from 1908 until 1944, when he became professor emeritus. He wrote non-fiction as well as novels. His novel, *Abbe Pierre's People* (1928) was awarded the prize as the best novel of the year by the Catholic Press Ass'n. Another well known novel was *The Eternal Circle* (1925). Other writings were

The College and the New America; The Truths We Live By; Abbe Pierre; Nowhere Else in the World; Morning in Gascony; Why Democracy; The Old Faiths Perish. He was a member of Acacia Lodge No. 602, Columbia, Mo. and Columbia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., Columbia, dimitting from the latter in 1940. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1929, 1944, and 1945. d. May 12, 1958.

Manley Ottmer Hudson American jurist and professor of international law, Harvard, from 1923 and director of research in international law at Harvard Law School (1927–1938). b. May 19, 1886. Member of American commission at Paris Peace Confer. ence (1919); member of legal section, Secretariat of the League of Nations (1919–1923). Judge of the Permanent Court of International Justice (1943–46) and author of many volumes dealing with international law. Member of Masonic fraternity. One time instructor in the University of Missouri.

Richard F. Hudson President and publisher of the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser and Alabama Journal. b. Oct. 24, 1884 in Jefferson Co., Ga. He began with the Atlanta Journal in 1901, and went with the Montgomery Advertiser in 1903, working his way up until he purchased the paper in 1935. In 1940 he purchased the Journal. Mason.

William A. Hudson American chest surgeon. b. Feb. 23, 1891 at Jasper, Ark. Graduate of Washington U., St. Louis (M.D., B.S.) in 1918 and 1920. He interned at Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, and Henry Ford Hospital, Detroit. After study in England, he returned to the Grace Hospital of Detroit

and established the first department of thoracic surgery of any general hospital. Since he entered the field, the mortality rate for chest operations has dropped from 60 to 70% to less than 1%. He was the first permanent chairman of the scientific section of the First International Congress on Chest Diseases, held in Rome, Italy in 1950, and named to same position at second congress in Rio de Janeiro. He is past president of American Coll. of Chest Physicians. He served as master of Kismet Lodge No. 489, Detroit in 1943; high priest of Sojourners Chapter No. 164, R.A.M., Detroit, in 1945, and at present (1958) is grand king of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Michigan; member of Monroe Council No. 1 R. & S.M.; 32° AASR (NJ); Detroit Commandery No. 1 K.T.; Moslem Shrine Temple; Thistle and Rose Council, A.M.D. Elected GHP of Gr. Chapter of Michigan in Oct., 1959.

Robert H. Hudspeth Prison warden. b. March 20, 1877 at Lenoir, N.C. Was successively record clerk, superintendent of identification, parole officer, acting warden, deputy warden of Kansas State Prison, Lansing, Kans. 1913–30. He was then assistant deputy warden, deputy warden, and warden of the U.S. Penitentiary, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., 1930–37, and warden of the Main Federal Prison, Leavenworth, 1937–43, retiring in that year, but returning to prison service as warden of the Kansas State Prison at Lansing in 1944. He retired in July, 1953. Member of Nine Mile Lodge No. 49, Lansing, Kans. since about 1916; 32° AASR (SJ) in Kansas City, Kans.; Abdallah Shrine Temple, Kansas City, Kans.

Remi Paul Hueper Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 19,

1886 at Louisville, Ky. He served as an enlisted man in U.S. Navy in 1902–03, and in 1917 was commissioned a captain in the Quartermaster Dept., U.S. Army. In 1920 he transferred to the Finance Dept., and was assistant chief of finance, U.S. Army from 1941–46. Retired in 1946. Mason.

Clyde R. Huey (1877–1954) U.S. Senator, 1945–54 and Governor of North Carolina, 1937–41. b. Dec. 11, 1877 in Shelby, N.C. He began in printing office at age of 12, and was later editor of county newspaper. He was admitted to the bar in 1899, and served terms in both houses of the state legislature. From 1913–18 he was assistant U.S. district attorney of the Western Dist. of N.C. He served in the 66th U.S. congress, 1919–21, and resumed law practice in 1921. Mason. d. May 12, 1954.

Christoph Wilhelm Hufeland (1762–1836) German physician who was professor of pathology and therapeutics at Berlin U. He wrote on Wieland, Herder, Goethe, and Schiller as well as on scientific subjects. The 1917 bulletin of the International Masonic Congress lists him as a Freemason.

James W. Huffman U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1945–47. b. Sept. 13, 1894 at Chandlersville, Ohio. Student at Ohio Wesleyan and Ohio State U.; graduate of U. of Chicago in 1922. Began as a high school teacher and superintendent of chautauqua. He was admitted to the bar in 1922, practiced in Chicago, 1922–24, and then moved to Ohio where he was executive secretary to Gov. Donahey from 1924–27; member of public utilities commission of Ohio, 1927–29,

and practiced law at Columbus since 1929, specializing in corporation law. Served as an officer of the A.E.F. with 83rd and 32nd Divisions. Member of Gauge and Gavel Lodge No. 448, Chandlersville, Ohio, he received his degrees, April 13, June 15, and Sept. 7, 1916. Received 32° AASR (NJ) at Columbus, Ohio in Aug., 1917. Became member of Crescent Shrine Temple, Trenton, N.J. in 1918, and later affiliated with Aladdin Temple of Columbus, Ohio.

William J. Hughan (1841–1911) A foremost English Masonic scholar. b. Feb. 13, 1841 in Devonshire, England. While a boy, he was apprenticed to a draper in Devenport, and later entered a wholesale firm at Plymouth, going later to Manchester and Truro, remaining at the latter place until 1883, when he retired and settled at Torquay to devote himself to Masonic research. A student, particularly of the Old Manuscripts, he did much to take away the many fanciful notions in which its literature abounds. His work made possible the great flowering of English Masonic scholarship which began about 1884. He was a founder of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge, and a collaborator on Gould's History of Freemasonry. He was initiated in St. Aubyn Lodge No. 954 of Devenport in 1863. In 1864 he became a member of Emulation Lodge of Improvement in London, and on moving to Truro in 1864, joined the Phenix Lodge of Honor and Prudence No. 331, which he served for a time as secretary. In 1866 he affiliated with Fortitude Lodge No. 131, and was master in 1868, 1878. He was exalted in Glasgow Chapter No. 50, R.A.M. (Scotland) in 1865 and became a member of Kilwinning Chapter No. 80. He received many honorary titles from the grand lodge and

grand chapter of England for his contributions to the Craft, and was an honorary senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Iowa, and honorary life member and past high priest of Lafayette Chapter No. 5, Washington, D.C. d. May 20, 1911.

Aaron K. Hughes (1822–1906) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. March 31, 1822 in Elmira, N.Y. He was appointed acting midshipman in 1838, promoted to passed midshipman in 1844; master, 1853; lieutenant, 1853; cap- James H. Hughes tain, 1869; commodore, 1875, and rear admiral, 1882. During the Civil War he served in the South Atlantic and Gulf squadrons. He was a member of Union Lodge No. 95, Elmira, N.Y. d. 1906.

James H. Hughes (1867–1953) U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1937–42. b. Jan. 14, 1867 in Kent Co., Del. He taught school in his home county from 1885–89, studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1890, practicing at Dover. He also engaged in agricultural pursuits and banking. He was secretary of state of Delaware in 1897–1901 and unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1916. Member of Union Lodge No. 7, Dover, Del. d. Aug. 29, 1953.

Matt S. Hughes (1863–1920) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. Feb. 2, 1863 in Dodridge Co., Va. (now W.Va.). He attended the U. of West Virginia. He was ordained to the ministry in 1887, and served churches in Portland, Maine, Minneapolis, Minn., Kansas City, Mo., and Pasadena, Calif. from 1890–1916. From 1908–11 he was professor of practical theology of Maclay Coll. of Theology, U. of Southern California. Hughes

was elected bishop in 1916. In the Spanish–American War he was chaplain of the 1st. Minn. regiment. Member Corona Lodge No. 324, Calif., affiliating with it on Jan. 7, 1915 from Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 17 of Portland, Maine. d. April 4, 1920.

Morris N. Hughes U.S. foreign service officer. b. Jan. 13, 1901 in Champaign, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1922. He entered the U.S. foreign service as a clerk in the American consulate at Montevideo in 1923. He became a vice consul in 1925, and was successively assigned to Rome, Naples, Athens, and Baghdad. He became 3rd secretary at Tokyo in 1933; consul at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, 1936; 2nd secretary in Albania, 1937; consul, Mexico City, 1939; 2nd secretary in 1941; and commercial attache in 1942 in Mexico. He was deputy protocol officer at the famous U.N. formation conference in San Francisco in 1945. In 1947 he was consul general of Cuba; counselor of legation, Bern, Switzerland, in 1949; Reykjavick, Iceland, 1951–53; consul general Tunis, Tunisia, 1953–56; and consul general, Paris, since 1956. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 240, Champaign, Ill. receiving degrees in 1922.

Roy O. Hughes President of Order of Railway Conductors and Brakemen since 1950. b. Sept. 24, 1887 at Portland, N.D. He farmed before becoming a machinist helper on the Great Northern Railroad at Superior, Wis. in 1908. He was later brakeman and conductor on Northern Pacific; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroads. Received his degrees in Ionic Lodge No. 186, Duluth, Minn. in 1912 and presently a

member of Trinity Lodge No. 282, Duluth. 32° AASR (NJ) in Milwaukee, Wis.

Comte Joseph Leopold Sigisbert Hugo (1773–1828) French General, and father of Victor Hugo, q.v. He wrote on military subjects, and served in the Revolutionary and Napoleonic armies. Best known for his defense of Thionville in 1813–14. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states that he was a Freemason.

Victor Marie Hugo (1802–1885) French romantic novelist, best known for his *Les Misérables*, and the *Hunchback of Notre Dame*. Son of Comte J. L. S. Hugo, q.v. Although often referred to as a Mason, there is no proof.

Homer B. Hulbert (1863–1949) Author. b. Jan. 26, 1863 at New Haven, Vt. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1884. He was in the educational service of the Korean government from 1886–1905, and in the diplomatic service of that government from 1905–10. From 1900–06 he was the editor of *Korean Review*. His books include: *The History of Korea*; *The Passing of Korea*; *Comparative Grammar of Korean and Dravidian*; *Omjee the Wizard*; *The Face in the Mist*. Mason. d. Aug. 5, 1949.

Cyrus E. Hull (1830–1936) Masonic veteran who reached the age of 106. b. Oct 28, 1830 in Lebanon, N.Y. He was raised in Hampden Lodge, Springfield, Mass., March 23, 1853. He later became a charter member of East St. Louis Lodge No. 504. He was a Mason for 83 years and 19 days. d. April 11, 1936 in Los Angeles, Calif.

Harry E. Hull (1864–1938) U.S. Commissioner General of Immigration, 1925–33. b. March 12, 1864 in Belvidere, N.Y. Educated in the public schools of Cedar Rapids, Ia. He engaged in the grain business, and was president of the Williamsburg (Ia.) Telephone Co., serving as mayor and postmaster of that city. He was a member of the 64th through 68th U.S. congresses (1915–25) from the 2nd Iowa dist. Member of Stellapolis Lodge No. 391, Williamsburg, Iowa, receiving degrees on March 3, 28 and April 24, 1888. d. Jan. 15, 1938.

John A. Hull (1874–1944) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 7, 1874 at Bloomfield, Ia. Was graduated from U. of Iowa in 1895, and 1896, being admitted to the bar in latter year, and began practice in Des Moines. While serving in the Iowa National Guard, he was made lieutenant colonel of volunteers in judge advocate dept., and advanced to rank of major general in 1924, retiring in 1928. He was legal adviser to the governor general of the Philippines in 1930–32, and associate justice of the supreme court of the Philippines from 1932–36. Mason. d. April 17, 1944.

John E. Hull Major General, U.S. Army. b. May 26, 1895 in Greenfield, Ohio. Graduate of Miami U. (Ohio) in 1917. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to major general in 1948. Had a long and distinguished service as an officer in both World Wars. In 1946 he was commanding general of the armed forces in the Middle Pacific and Hawaiian Department; in 1947–48 he commanded Joint Task Force 7 which conducted the first atomic weapons test at Eniwetok. In 1948–49 he was commanding general of the U.S. Army in the

Pacific. From 1949 to 1953 he was with the office of secretary of Defense and general staff in Washington, being vice chief of staff from 1951–53. In 1953–54 he was commander-in-chief of the United Nations Forces in the Far East, and also commander-in-chief of Far East Command, and governor of Kyukyu Islands. He retired in 1955, and since that date has been president of Manufacturing Chemists Association. On Oct. 5, 1954 he attended the first communication of the district grand lodge for Japan in the Tokyo Masonic building, and addressing the brethren on that occasion said: "What impresses me as most distinctive about Freemasonry, is the ease with which it surmounts the national barriers which plague so many endeavors. The lodges in Tokyo and vicinity, with brethren from varying racial backgrounds are a splendid example of the way in which our Order can develop and exemplify its magnificent principles in an atmosphere of freedom and mutual understanding." Member of Oxford Lodge No. 67, Oxford, Ohio, receiving degrees on Nov. 9, 1916, April 16, 1928 and June 4, 1928.

William Hull (1753–1825) Brigadier General of War of 1812, and officer of American Revolution. b. June 24, 1753 in Derby, Conn. Was graduated from Yale, studied law, and practiced at Litchfield after admission to the bar in 1775. After the news of the Battle of Lexington reached his town, a company was formed under his charge and he joined Washington at Cambridge as part of Webb's Conn. regiment. He was lieutenant colonel in 1779, and army inspector under Baron Von Steuben, q.v. He fought in the battles of White Plains, Trenton, Princeton, Stillwater, Saratoga, Fort Stanwix, Monmouth, and

Stony Point, receiving the thanks of both Washington and congress. Following the war, he became a major general of the 3rd Mass. militia, and a state senator. In 1805 he was appointed by Jefferson as governor of the Michigan Territory, holding that office until 1812, when he was named to command the northwestern army. In attempting to defend Detroit, he failed to receive support or supplies, and when he was forced to surrender that place, the country needed a scape-goat—which turned out to be Hull. Strangely enough, the two officers who effected his downfall were brother Masons, Col. Lewis Cass, q.v., and Gen. Henry Dearborn, q.v. Cass wrote a letter, made public, that criticized the actions of Hull (although his own actions indicated that he supported Hull's decisions). Hull was brought to trial, with Gen. Dearborn as president of the courtmartial. Dearborn, instead of cooperating with Hull in the invasion of Canada, had signed the armistice without Hull's knowledge, which allowed the British troops to be sent against Detroit. Hull was found guilty of cowardice, sentenced to be shot, and then told to go home to Newton, Mass. and wait for the execution of the sentence—which never came! Dearborn, incidentally, was relieved of his Northwest command "for political reasons" shortly thereafter. Hull was a member of Washington Lodge No. 10; its charter was granted Oct. 6, 1779, and it was a traveling lodge located at West Point. He must have held previous membership, for he is mentioned as being present at St. John's Day celebration of American Union Lodge at West Point, June 24, 1779, almost four months before Washington Lodge was chartered. He was junior warden of Washington Lodge in 1779. He became first master of Meridian Lodge, Natick, Mass., in 1797. d. Nov. 29, 1825.

William E. Hull (1866–1942) U.S. Congressman, 68th through 72nd Congresses (1922–33) from Ill. b. Jan. 13, 1866 at Lewiston, Ill. Honorary vice president and general manager of Hiram Walker & Son, Inc., distillers, Peoria, Ill. Built Jefferson Hotel and Palace Theater in Peoria, and was postmaster from 1898–1906. In congress he secured the passage of the “deep water way bill from lakes to gulf.” Member of Temple Lodge No. 46 at Peoria, Ill. d. May 30, 1942. Initiated in American Union Lodge at Roxbury, Mass. on Feb. 20, 1776.

Edwin W. Hullinger Journalist, author, and motion picture producer. b. Aug. 13, 1893 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate U. of Kansas in 1917. Served on staff of papers in Calif. and Kans., joining United Press in N.Y. in 1917, and made manager of Michigan headquarters in Detroit. Was staff correspondent in England, Paris, and Soviet Russia. He was deported from Russia for insistence on right of freedom of press for foreign correspondents. He was correspondent in Italy for the New York Times from 1925–26. In WWII he was information specialist with OWI, Dept. of Agriculture and FCC. He is the author of *The Reforging of Russia*; *The New Fascist State*; *Flesh Alley—A Story of Broadway*; and *Plowing Through*. He produced the motion picture *The Private Life of Mussolini* (1938) and a series entitled *Makers of Destiny* (1946–47). Mason.

Sir Samuel Hulse English Field Marshal. Joined Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London, England, July 12, 1787, and was deputy master of the same from 1787–1820.

Russell J. Humbert President of DePauw University since 1951. b.

Albert E. Humphreys May 26, 1905. Graduate of Coll. of Wooster, and Boston U. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1930, and served pastorates in Beech City, Ohio, Akron, Toledo, and Youngstown until 1951. Author of *A Man and His God*, and conducts weekly broadcast entitled "Faith for Today" over Station WIRE, Indianapolis, during the academic year. Member of national committee, Boy Scouts of America. Received his degrees in Coventry Lodge No. 665, Akron, Ohio in 1937. Member of Fort Industry Chapter No. 208, R.A.M.; Grafton M. Acklin Council No. 127, R. & SM.; Toledo Commandery No. 7, KT.; 32° AASR (NJ) and Zenobia Shrine Temple, all of Toledo, Ohio. Worked in the 14° AASR while in Toledo.

Johan Nepomuk Hummell (1778–1837) German composer and piano virtuoso. b. Nov. 14, 1778 in Pressburg, Hungary. He was a member of the Lodge Amalie at Weimar, and a pupil of Mozart, q.v. He wrote sonatas, concertos, chamber music, Masses and nine operas. His lodge published a music book in 1820 which contained two of his songs. d. at Weimar, Germany in 1837.

Arthur L. Humphrey (1860–1939) President of Westinghouse Air Brake Co., 1919. b. June 12, 1860 in Buffalo, N.Y. Began as a farmer, and later machinist's apprentice. He served with five railroads and was appointed western manager of Westinghouse Air Brake in 1903, advancing as general

manager, vice president, president, executive director, chairman of board of directors, and chairman of the executive committee. From 1893–95 he was a member of the lower house in Colo., and speaker of same in 1895. He affiliated with George W. Guthrie Lodge No. 691, Pittsburgh, Pa. on Feb. 21, 1918, coming from Colorado Springs Lodge No. 76, Colorado Springs, Colo. where he had been raised on Nov. 9, 1899 and served as treasurer in 1890. d. Nov. 1, 1939.

George D. Humphrey President of University of Wyoming since 1945. b. Aug. 30, 1897 in Tippah Co., Miss. Graduate of Miss. State Teachers Coll., Blue Mountain Coll. (Miss.), U. of Chicago, and Ohio State U. From 1923–33 he was a teacher, principal, and superintendent in various public schools in Miss. From 1934–45 he was president of Mississippi State Coll. Member of Ripley Lodge No. 47, Ripley, Miss., serving as master of same. He was grand marshal of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi for two years. Member of New Albany Chapter No. 45, R.A.M.; New Albany Council No. 3, R. & S.M.; New Albany Commandery No. 29, K.T., all of New Albany, Miss. Shriner and member of Eastern Star.

Lyman U. Humphrey (1844–1915) Governor of Kansas, 1889–93. b. July 25, 1844 in New Baltimore, Ohio. Served in Civil War with the 76th Ohio Inf. and was wounded. Studied law at U. of Michigan, and began practice in Independence, Kans., in 1871. He served in both branches of the state legislature, and was lieutenant governor 1877–84. Member of Fortitude Lodge No. 107, Independence, Kans. d. Sept. 12, 1915.

Albert E. Humphreys (1860–1927) Capitalist; pioneer in opening up the iron deposits of the Mesaba range (Minn.) and founder of Virginia, Minn. b. Jan. 11, 1860 in Sissonville, W.Va. At the age of 17 he began in the lumber business with his father, but went to Duluth, Minn. in 1891. He prospected widely for minerals and oil in the Rocky Mountains and Southwest. He organized the Merritt Oil & Gas Co. of Oklahoma in 1914, and was associated with F. Julius Fobs, geologist, in many enterprises. He opened the Big Muddy Pool in Wyo., and Mexica field in Texas. He was interested in the coal deposits of W.Va. He built the Boyd Memorial Church in Charleston, W.Va. Member of Palestine Lodge No. 79, Duluth, Baron Karl Gotthelf von Hund Minn., withdrawing on Jan. 18, 1926 with no further record in d. May 8, 1927.

Baron Karl Gotthelf von Hund (1722–1776) A German nobleman, and hereditary landed proprietor in the Lausitz, who devoted his life to the establishment of the Rite of Strict Observance. b. Sept. 11, 1722 in Oberlausitz, Germany. The strict observance system pledged unquestioned obedience to an unknown superior, and was based on the fiction that the Templar secrets had survived the suppression of the order in 1312, when after the execution of Jacques de Molay, eight high-ranking knights escaped to Scotland and reestablished the order. In the latter half of the 18th century the order swept Europe. Himself a man of integrity, Von Hund's faith in the existence of an unknown grand master (he was convinced that it was Charles Edward, the Young Pretender), made him the prey of such imposters as Johnson. In an effort to reconcile the differences between Von Hund's rite and another

strict observance rite under Von Starck (who contended only Roman Catholics could be members), a congress was held in 1774, and Von Hund appears to have been divested of much of his authority, as the grand-mastership was conferred on Frederick, duke of Brunswick, q.v. When the clerical branch withdrew and formed an independent order, the strict observance lodges thence forward called themselves the United German Lodges. Authorities disagree on the initiation dates and places of Von Hund. Mackey says he received the first and second degrees, March 20, 1742, in the Lodge of the Three Thistles at Frankfort on the Main. Other sources say it was in 1741, at Ghent, Belgium. Hund was made a Knight Templar in 1743, probably in Paris. In 1749, he erected at his own expense, a lodge on his estates at Kittlitz, near Lobau, to which he gave the name of The Three Pillars. At the same time he built a Protestant church, the cornerstone of which was laid by the brethren with Masonic ceremonies. d. Nov. 8, 1776.

Charles C. Hunt (1866–1948) Masonic writer. b. Nov. 9, 1866 in Cleveland, Ohio. Graduate of Grinnell Coll. (Ia.). Between 1895 and 1917, he held many public offices. He was raised in Lafayette Lodge No. 52, Montezuma, Ia., July 24, 1900. He was grand secretary and grand librarian of the Grand Lodge of Iowa from 1924–45, and was an honorary past grand master of that jurisdiction. He wrote numerous Masonic articles including *Masonic Symbolism*; *Landmarks of Freemasonry*, and co-author of the 2-volume *History of the Cryptic Rite*. d. July 24, 1948.

George W. P. Hunt (1859–1934) First Governor of Arizona, 1911–19, and again 1923–28, and 1931–33. b. Nov. 1, 1859 at Huntsville, Mo. He received only eight years of formal schooling. He was a rancher on the Salt River of Arizona from 1890–1900. He became connected with the Old Dominion Commercial Co. in 1890, served as its secretary, and was president from 1900. Hunt served two terms in the lower house, and five in the upper of the state legislature, and was president of the constitutional convention of 1910. He was an exponent of prison reform and president of the Anti-Capital Punishment League. In 1920–21 he was U.S. envoy and minister to Siam. He was made a Mason, Nov. 18, 1897, in White Mountain Lodge No. 3, Globe, Ariz.; was a Knight Templar, and member of El Zaribah Shrine Temple of Phoenix. d. Dec. 24, 1934.

Lester C. Hunt (1892–1954) U.S. Senator and Governor of Wyoming. b. July 8, 1892 in Isabel, Ill. Received dental degree from St. Louis U. in 1917, and was a dentist in Lander, Wyo. from that date until 1934. He was secretary of state of Wyo. from 1935–43, and governor from 1943–49. He served his state as U.S. senator from 1949 until his death. In 1948–49 he was chairman of the governors' conference. In WWI he was an officer in the Dental Corps of the Army. From 1924–28 he was president of the Wyo. State Board of Dental Examiners. Hunt designed Wyoming's distinctive "bucking horse" license plate for automobiles in 1936. Member of Wyoming Lodge No. 2, Lander, receiving degrees on Sept. 8, Nov. 6 and Dec. 5, 1919. Member of Scottish Rite in Cheyenne and Shriner. d. June 19, 1954.

George Hunter Indian scout and frontiersman of early West. He wrote *Reminiscences of an Old Timer*. He was raised in Temple Lodge No. 7, Astoria, Oreg. about 1860; affiliated with Blue Mountain Lodge No. 13, Walla Walla, Wash. about 1868, and affiliated with Columbia Lodge No. 26, Dayton, Wash. about 1877. Withdrew about 1890.

William Hunter (1774–1849) U.S. Senator from Rhode Island, 1811–21. b. Nov. 26, 1774 at Newport, R.I. He first studied medicine in England, but abandoned it for law. On his return to the U.S. in 1795, he was admitted to the bar of R.I. His speeches on the acquisition of Florida and the Missouri compromise gave him a wide reputation in the senate. He resumed his law practice at Newport in 1821 until 1834, when he was named charge d'affaires in Brazil, becoming U.S. minister to that country in 1841, and serving until 1843. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Newport, R.I. d. Dec. 3, 1849.

George C. Hunting (1871–1924) Protestant Episcopal Bishop ,of Nevada. b. Oct. 22, 1871 at Milwaukee, Wis. Graduate of the Virginia Theol. Seminary in 1894. Ordained deacon in 1894, and priest in 1897. He served churches in Virginia City, Nev., Evanston, Wyo., and was hospital chaplain in Salt Lake City. He was general missionary for Nevada and Utah 1898–99. From 1907–12 he was missionary at Ely, Nev. He was consecrated bishop, Dec. 16, 1914. From 1909–11 he was editor of *The Nevada Churchman*. Initiated Aug. 7, 1895 in Virginia Lodge No. 3, Virginia City, Nev. Affiliated with Reno Lodge No. 13, Reno. Member of Reno Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., DeWitt Clinton Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., and 32°

AASR (SJ), all of Reno. Also member of Kerak Shrine Temple, Reno. Appointed grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of Nevada in June, 1923, but died before the year was over. d. Feb. 6, 1924.

Arthur F. Huntington (1877–1954) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 24, 1877 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Student at U.S. Naval Academy, 1894–97. Commissioned ensign in 1898, he advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1938, and retired in 1941, although he remained on active duty until Aug., 1942. Mason. d. April 19, 1954.

Ebenezer Huntington (1754–1834) Revolutionary soldier and Brigadier General of state militia. b. Dec. 26, 1754 in Norwich, Conn. He entered Yale in 1771, but left to join the army, and was afterward given his degree. He served in Col. Wyllis's regiment, and became brigade major under Gen. Parsons, and deputy adjutant general to Gen. Heath on the Hudson River. In 1777 he was a major in Webb's regiment, which he commanded in R.I. in 1778. He became a lieutenant colonel and commanded a battalion at Yorktown. In 1792 he was made general of the Conn. state militia, and in 1799 Washington named him brigadier general when the war with France threatened. He served in the U.S. congress in 1810–11, and again in 1817–19. He was considered one of the best disciplinarians in the Army. Member of Somerset Lodge No. 34 of Norwich, Conn. d. June 17, 1834. One of first initiates of American Union Lodge at Roxbury, Mass. on Feb. 20, 1776. A Royal Arch Mason. G.S.W. of G.L. of Conn. 1798–1801.

Jabez W. Huntington Charter member of Somerset Lodge No. 34 in 1795.

Jabez W. Huntington (1788–1847) U.S. Senator from Connecticut, 1840–47. b. Nov. 8, 1788 at Norwich, Conn. He was graduated from Yale in 1806, studied in the Litchfield law school, and practiced in that town for thirty years. He was a member of the assembly in 1829, and U.S. congressman from 1829–34, when he moved to Norwich to become judge of the superior court. He was a member of the Masonic convention that met in Washington in 1843. d. Nov. 1, 1847.

Samuel Huntington (1765–1817) Governor of Ohio, 1808–10 and 2nd Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1809. b. Oct. 4, 1765 at Coventry, Conn. he was the son of Joseph Huntington, but was adopted and educated by his uncle, Samuel Huntington, signer of the Declaration of Independence. He is often confused with his uncle in Masonic history. He was graduated from Yale in 1785, and admitted to the bar in Norwich in 1793. In 1801 he moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and then to Painesville. He was judge of the common court of pleas in 1802–03, and of the superior court in 1803, and later chief justice. A member of the first constitutional convention of Ohio in 1802, he was a senator in its first legislature, serving as speaker. He was one of the original proprietors of Fairport, founded in 1812. He seems to have received his degrees in Somerset Lodge No. 34, Norwich, Conn., for he was a proxy for the junior warden of that lodge at the grand lodge sessions in 1796. There was also a Samuel Huntington present as a guest, Dec. 27, 1790, in St. John's

Lodge No. 2 at Middletown, Conn., and it is presumed this was the younger Huntington. In Ohio he became a past master of Scioto Lodge No. 6, Chillicothe. In 1809 he is listed as representing Erie Lodge No. 47 at the grand lodge sessions. In 1813 he is listed as suspended NPD, but evidently reinstated the next year. d. June 8, 1817. Received all three degrees in June 3–4, 1795 in Wooster Lodge, Colchester, Conn. Was G.M. of G.L. of Ohio in 1809.

Marquis of Huntly (see Earl of Aboyne).

Benjamin Hurd, Jr. (1750–1821) Presided over the convention which met to form a General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons in the U.S., and was the second general grand high priest of the same. b. Feb. 1, 1750 in Charlestown, Mass. He was a leather dresser. Initiated, Aug. 14, 1777, in St. Andrew's Lodge in Boston, passed Sept. 11, and raised Dec. 12; served as master in 1794. Received chapter degrees in St. Andrew's Chapter, Boston, March 20, 1789, and immediately was made secretary; became high priest in 1791, and held the position for seven years. In 1798 he was elected first grand high priest of the new Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mass. He was a charter member of Boston Encampment, K.T. in March, 1806. He was general grand high priest from 1806–16. He was not present to preside at the septennial of 1816, nor did he appear at the 1819 meeting. d. May 5, 1821.

Nathaniel Hurd (1730–1777) Early American engraver. b. Feb. 13, 1730. His grandfather came from England and settled in Charlestown, Mass. Nathaniel engaged in the business of

seal-cutting and die-engraving in Boston and was considered superior to any one in the colonies in this occupation. He was probably the first in this country to engrave on copper, and he engraved the seal of Harvard University. His works often displayed character and humor. A Mason, sources differ, one stating he was a member of the "first lodge of Boston," and another "the second lodge of Boston." d. Dec. 17, 1777.

Stephen A. Hurlbut (1815–1882) Major General of Civil War, and first national commander of the Grand Army of the Republic. b. Nov. 29, 1815 in Charleston, S.C. He was admitted to the bar in 1837, and practiced in Charleston until the Florida War, in which he served as adjutant in a S.C. regiment. In 1845 he went to Illinois, practicing his profession in Belvidere, and taking an active part in politics. He was named brigadier general at the beginning of the Civil War and commanded Fort Donelson after its capture in Feb., 1862. He commanded the 4th Division under Gen. Grant, q.v., and was the first to reach Pittsburg Landing on the Tenn. river, which he held for a week alone. He was promoted to major general for meritorious conduct at the Battle of Shiloh, and then stationed at Memphis. He led a corps under Sherman in 1863, and in 1864 succeeded Gen. N. P. Banks in command of the Department of the Gulf, serving there until 1865, when mustered out. He was U.S. minister to Colombia from 1869–72. After two terms in U.S. congress (1873–77), he was appointed U.S. minister to Peru in 1881, holding that office until his death (he died in Peru). On Nov. 20, 1866 he was elected first national commander of the GAR. A member of Belvidere Lodge No. 60, Belvidere, Ill.,

he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1865.
d. March 27, 1882.

Vincent L. Hurlbut (1829–1896) Eleventh Grand Master, Grand Encampment, K.T. of U.S.A. b. June 28, 1829 at West Mendon, N.Y. A physician, he received the 33° AASR (NJ) at Chicago, May 11, 1865, and made active member of Northern Supreme Council on June 26, 1868. d. July 24, 1896.

Patrick Jay Hurley Major General, U.S. Army; Secretary of War; diplomat. b. Jan. 8, 1883 in Choctaw Indian Territory (now Okla.). He is a graduate of Indian U. (now Bacone Coll.), National U. Law School (Washington, D.C.), and George Washington U. Admitted to the bar in 1908, he practiced in Tulsa, and from 1912–17 was national attorney for the Choctaw Nation. After a year as undersecretary of War, he became secretary of War in 1929, serving until 1933. His military career started as a private in the Indian Terr. Voluntary Cavalry in 1902. He then became captain in Okla. national guard (1914–17), and in WWI rose to colonel, U.S. Army. He participated in the Aisne–Marne, Meuse–Argonne, and St. Mihiel offensives, and negotiated agreement between the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the A.E.F. in 1919. At outbreak of WWII he was promoted to brigadier general and was a personal representative of Gen. Marshall, q.v., in Far East. The first three months of 1942 were spent running the blockade between the Philippines and Australia, and, on Feb. 19 he was wounded at Darwin. In April, 1942, he was U.S. minister to New Zealand, and in Nov.–Dec. was personal representative of the president to Soviet Union, and to Egypt, Syria,

Lebanon, Iraq, Iran, Palestine, Trans-Jordon, Saudi Arabia, Afghanistan, India, and China in 1943. He drafted the Iran Declaration of the Teheran conference in Dec. 1943. In 1944 he was made major general and personal representative of the president in China. In Dec. 1944 he became U.S. ambassador to China. He assisted in the organization of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce in 1912. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 114, Leesburg, Va., receiving degrees, May 20, 1940, April 7, and July 11, 1941.

Thurman S. Hurst Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1947–48. b. April 28, 1889 at Cassville, Mo. Graduate of Oklahoma State U. in 1912, and practiced law at Pawnee, and later Weleetka, Okla. He was associate justice of the supreme court from 1937–46. Now in law practice in Tulsa. Member of Pawnee Lodge No. 82, Pawnee, Okla. since 1920; 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie, Okla.

Joseph Huston Missouri pioneer, who with his brother, Benjamin, built S. Arthur Huston the famous Arrow Rock Tavern in Arrow Rock, Mo. He was a native of Augusta Co., Va., coming to Mo. in 1819, and settling on a farm near Arrow Rock. After the death of his first wife (a Brownlee), he married the widow of Bradford Lawless. He was a judge of the county court for several terms, first when the county seat was at Old Jefferson, near Cambridge, and later at Marshall, and Jonesboro. In the early 1830's he built the tavern, which he operated successfully, in connection with a general mercantile business. The old Santa Fe Trail passed in front of the tavern, and many prominent travelers were overnight guests,

including Washington Irving. He was a charter member of Arrow Rock Lodge No. 55, and its treasurer for many years.

S. Arthur Huston Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Dec. 10, 1876 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Kenyon Coll. and Bexley Theol. Seminary. He was ordained deacon in 1903, and priest in 1904; he served pastorates in Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Mich.; Cheyenne, Wyo.; Baltimore, Md.; and San Antonio, Tex. from 1903–25. He was elected bishop of Olympia (Wash.), in 1925 and retired from active service in 1947. Mason and 32° AASR.

John B. Hutcheson (1860–1939) Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia, 1934–38. b. Nov. 20, 1860 in Jonesboro, Ga. Began practice of law there in 1886. From 1885–88 he was editor of the Jonesboro News. He was superior court judge from 1919–34. Member of Jonesboro Lodge No. 87, Jonesboro, Ga., receiving degrees in 1886. He served as master from 1891–93, 1897 and 1902. d. May 21, 1939.

Sterling Hutcheson U.S. Judge, Eastern District of Virginia since 1944. b. July 23, 1894 in Mecklenburg Co., Va. Admitted to the bar in 1919, and practiced at Boydton. Was U.S. district attorney in 1933–44. Mason.

William L. Hutcheson (1874–1953) President of United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, 1915–53. b. Feb. 7, 1874 in Saginaw Co., Mich. He began as a carpenter in 1890, and then became business representative for the union, becoming 2nd vice president, 1st vice president, and then

general vice president of the same. He was also vice president of the American Federation of Labor from 1940. He was a member of the War Labor Board, 1917–19, and in charge of the labor division of the Republican party in 1932 and 1936. A Mason, he was a member of both Scottish and York Rites, The Royal Order of Scotland and Red Cross of Constantine. He was a 33° AASR (SJ). Lodge membership was in Capital City Lodge No. 312, Indianapolis, Ind. d. 1953.

Lester Hutchings (1896–1951) President of Western Auto Supply Co. b. April 7, 1896 in Excelsior Springs, Mo. He became a certified public accountant in 1920, and in 1928 associated with the Western Auto Supply, becoming first vice president in 1937. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Mason. d. Feb. 12, 1951.

Elijah C. Hutchinson (1855–1932) U.S. Congressman to 64th through 67th Congresses (1915–23) from 4th N.J. dist. b. Aug. 7, 1855 at Windsor, N.J. He was secretary and treasurer of the Trenton Bone Fertilizer Co. From 1905–08 he was state road commissioner of N.J., and served in both houses of the state legislature. Received the degrees in Column Lodge No. 120, Trenton, N.J. in 1886, dimitting on Dec. 12, 1904 and affiliating with Loyal Lodge No. 181, Trenton as a warrant member on March 23, 1905. d. June 25, 1932.

William Hutchinson (1732–1814) Early English Masonic writer known as “the father of Masonic symbolism.” A lawyer by profession, he devoted much of his time to writing,—including several works of fiction and plays. He is best known

for his Spirit of Masonry, which did much to elevate the Frank K. Hyatt spirit and character of the Craft. He prepared a series of Masonic lectures about the same time that William Preston, q.v., was similarly employed. He was master of the Lodge of Concord in his home town of Barnard Castle. d. April 7, 1814.

James Hutchison (1752–1793) Surgeon General of Pennsylvania in the Revolution. b. Jan. 29, 1752 in Wakefield, Pa. He received his medical education in London, and at the prospect of war, he espoused the cause of the colonies. Returning home by way of France, he bore important dispatches from Benjamin Franklin to congress. He joined the American Army and served throughout the war as a physician and surgeon. He was a trustee of the U. of Pa. from 1779 until his death, and was secretary of a philosophical society for several years, and professor of medicine at U. of Pa. Member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. d. Sept. 6, 1793.

Joseph C. Hutchison Brigadier General and business executive. b. Sept. 17, 1894 in Cross Hill, S.C. Started as a school teacher and clerk, and since 1935 in own business as J. C. Hutchison & Co. (Fla. and N.Y.). Served in WWI as a private to second lieutenant, and in Fla. national guard was advanced to brigadier general in 1940, and commanded the 62nd Infantry. In WWII he was assistant division commander of the 31st Infantry Division. Member of Sanford Lodge No. 62, Monroe Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. and Taylor Commandery No. 28, K.T., all of Sanford, Fla. Member of Bahia Shrine Temple of Orlando, Fla.

Ralph C. Hutchison College president. b. Feb. 27, 1898 at Florissant, Colo. Graduate of Lafayette Coll., Harvard, Princeton Theol. Seminary, U. of Pennsylvania. Ordained to ministry of Presbyterian church in 1922; secretary of young people's work, Presbyterian board of Christian education, 1924–25; professor of philosophy and religion at Alborz Coll., Teheran, Persia. From 1931–45 he was president of Washington and Jefferson College, and since 1945 has been president of Lafayette College, Easton, Pa. Served in WWI as a naval aviator. Received 1st degree in Tyrian Lodge No. 246, Garden City, Kans. on Dec. 19, 1919; 2nd and 3rd in Princeton, N.J. on Feb. 13 and May 19, 1922. Now member of Easton Lodge No. 152, Easton, Pa.; 32° AASR (NJ) in Lehigh Consistory, Allentown, Pa.; and member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Forest No. 35, Easton, Pa.

Levi W. Hutton (1860–1928) Philanthropist and miner. b. Oct. 22, 1860 at Fairfield, Iowa. He was left an orphan at the age of six and was reared by an uncle. In 1879 he went to Portland, Oreg., where he became a locomotive fireman, and later an engineer on the Northern Pacific railway. He was one of the original owners of the Hercules Mine of the Coeur d'Alene district in Idaho, one of the largest lead–silver producing mines of the country. He built and owned many buildings in Spokane. In 1917 he established near Spokane the Hutton Settlement, a home for orphans, fully endowed, on 300 acres with modern buildings. Mason. d. Nov. 3, 1928.

Walter A. Huxman Governor of Kansas, 1937–39 and member of U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals since 1939. b. Feb. 16,

1887 at Pretty Prairie, Kans. Graduate of Kansas U. in 1914. Admitted to the bar in 1915, and practiced at Hutchinson. Former member of Reno Lodge No. 140, Hutchinson, dimitting on May 31, 1945.

Frank K. Hyatt President of Pennsylvania Military College, Chester, Pa. 1930–52; now emeritus. b. Nov. 19, 1885 at Chester, Pa. He became associated with the college in 1907, as assistant professor, later professor; treasurer from 1916, and vice president, 1917–30. He succeeded his father who was president of the college for many years. Member of Chester Lodge No. 236, Chester, Pa.; Chester Chapter No. 258, R.A.M. and Chester Commandery No. 66, K.T., as well as Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

Arthur M. Hyde (1877–1947) Governor of Missouri, 1921–25, and Secretary of Agriculture in cabinet of President Hoover, 1929–33. b. July 12, 1877 in Princeton, Mo. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1899, and State U. of Iowa in 1900. He practiced law at Princeton, Mo., 1900–15, and was mayor of that city from 1908–10. In 1915 he moved to Trenton, Mo. He was a member of Mercer Lodge No. 35, Princeton, Mo. and the Royal Arch Chapter in that city, serving as its secretary at one time. When the chapter gave up its charter, he affiliated with Trenton Chapter No. 66, R.A.M., Trenton, Mo. He received the 33° AASR (SJ) at Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 25, 1909. d. Oct. 17, 1947, and buried in Trenton with Masonic honors. After his death, his widow, Hortense Cullers Hyde, gave a memorial entrance to the Trenton Masonic Cemetery.

Laurance M. Hyde Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Missouri, 1949–51. b. Feb. 2, 1892 in Princeton, Mo. He is a brother of Arthur M. Hyde, q.v. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1914 and 1916. He practiced in Princeton, Mo. from 1916. Supreme court commissioner of Missouri supreme court, 1931–39. Judge of Missouri supreme court, since 1942. Member of Mercer Lodge No. 35, Princeton, Mo. Received chapter degrees in Princeton Chapter No. 31 in 1919, and affiliated with Trenton Chapter No. 66 by consolidation in 1927, dimitting in 1932; 32° AASR (SJ) at Kansas City, Mo.

George B. Hynson (1862–1926) Author of Delaware's state song, Our Delaware. Teacher, lawyer, editorial writer and poet. A collection of his poems has been published under the title of Down Yon. and Therabouts. b. April 2, 1862. Member of Temple Lodge No. 9, Milford, Del. and past master of same. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1917. d. Dec. 5, 1926.

I

Ascension Esquivel Ibarra (see under Esquivel).

August W. Iffland (1759–1814) German character actor, director, and dramatist. He was received into Freemasonry in Hamburg, but received only the Apprentice degree. In 1787 he published a Masonic play called Der Magnetismus.

George E. Ijams Drafted plan of soldier insurance used in the field in WWI. b. Sept. 29, 1888 in Baltimore, Md. Served in the Mexican Border conflict and enlisted as a private in WWI, later promoted to lieutenant colonel. He was assigned to the A.E.F. detachment of War Risk Insurance Bureau in WWI, and as risk insurance officer of the 1st Infantry Div., he wrote two hundred million in insurance at the front, some of it under fire. Returning to the U.S. he was assistant director of Bureau of War Risk Ins., and director of the U.S. Veterans Bureau during its last year. He was assistant administrator of Veterans Administration from its beginning until 1946. He then became director of national rehabilitation service of Veterans of Foreign Wars until 1954. Mason, National Sojourner, Heroes of '76, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Orlando B. Iles (1869–1941) President of International Machine Tool Co., 1923–39. b. May 31, 1869 in Brown Co., Ohio. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1894, he was admitted to the bar in 1897, and practiced in Indianapolis, Ind. In 1899 he entered the wholesale produce business and became manager of the Capitol Gas Engine Co., which later became the International Machine Tool Co. Member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. d. April 7, 1941.

Charles F. Inbusch General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1946–48. b. Sept. 12, 1885 in Milwaukee, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1907, followed by law course. For seven years he was in orchard development in Montana, and with the Inbusch Storage and Trucking Co. at Milwaukee for ten years. Since 1936 he has been with the

inspection department of New York Life Insurance Co. Life member of Kenwood Lodge No. 303; exalted in Kenwood Chapter No. 90, R.A.M. in 1920; greeted in Kenwood Council No. 34, R. & S.M. in 1920; knighted in Galilee Commandery K.T., 1920 and 32° AASR, 1920. Member of Tripoli Shrine Temple. Was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Wis. in 1936.

Sydney R. Inch President of Electric Bond & Share, 1933–40. b. June 16, 1878 in England. Began with Montana Power Transmission Co. at Butte, Mont. in 1900, and then with several public service companies, becoming vice president and general manager of Utah Power & Light Co. in 1918–23. He was vice president of Electric Bond & Share from 1924–33. Mason.

William, 4th Earl of Inchiquin Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1726.

John J. Ingalls (1833–1900) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1873–91. His statue is in Statuary Hall, U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C. b. Dec. 29, 1833 in Middletown, Mass. He was graduated from Williams Coll. in 1855, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. In 1858 he moved to Atchison, Kans., where he was a member of the Wyandotte convention of 1859, and secretary of the Territorial Council in 1860. He was a state senator in 1862. From 1887–91 he was president pro tem of the U.S. senate. He received his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 5, Atchison, Kansas in 1862, and is recorded as senior warden the next year. He was evidently suspended

NPD at one time, for he was reinstated on April 5, 1869. d. Aug. 16, 1900.

Rufus Ingalls (1820–?) Major General of Civil War, and later Quartermaster General of the Army. b. Aug. 23, 1820 at Denmark, Maine. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1843. He was in the battles of Embudo and Taos, N.M. in 1847, and then served in Calif. and Oreg. He was in Steptoe's expedition across the continent, and from 1856–60 was stationed at Fort Vancouver. At the outset of the Civil War, he was appointed aide-de-camp to Gen. McClellan, and from 1862–65 was chief quartermaster of the Army of the Potomac. He became brigadier general in 1863, and major general in 1865. He was present at the battles of Stone Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. He became quartermaster general of the Army in 1882, and retired in 1883. He was initiated July 22, 1852 in Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg., but his name disappears from the list after 1856 (when he went to Fort Vancouver). Deceased.

Ebon C. Ingersoll Brother and law partner of Robert G. Ingersoll, q.v., famous agnostic. Member of Peoria Lodge No. 15, Peoria, Ill.

Ralph I. Ingersoll (1788–1872) U.S. Congressman from Connecticut, 1825–33; U.S. Minister to Russia, 1846–48. b. Feb. 8, 1788 in New Haven, Conn. Was graduated from Yale in 1808, and was admitted to the bar in 1811. He practiced in New Haven. Served in lower house of the state for seven years, and in 1825 he was elected to both the lower house

and U.S. Congress. He was raised Sept. 19, 1811 in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn.; served as master in 1814. d. Aug. 26, 1872. Was G.M. of Conn. 1823–24.

Robert G. Ingersoll (1833–1899) American lawyer and agnostic. b. Aug. 11, 1833 in Dresden, N.Y., the son of a Congregational clergyman. His boyhood was spent in Wis. and El. He opened a law office with his brother, Ebon, q.v., at Shawneetown, Ill., moving it to Peoria in 1857. He was a colonel of the 11th Ill. Cavalry in the Civil War and attorney general of Ill. in 1867–69. In 1877 he refused the post of U.S. minister to Germany. He became a noted agnostic lecturer, attacking popular Christian beliefs. Was author of *The Gods and Other Lecturers*; *Some Mistakes of Moses*; *Why I Am an Agnostic*; and *Superstition*. Although no record can be found of his Masonic membership in Ill., in a speech in San Francisco in 1877 he said that he had received the degrees and that a “Rev. Guard” had attacked him for ridiculing parts of the Bible upon which he took his oath. E. R. Sadowski, Masonic research student of Illinois, believes he was a member and that his membership was hidden as he was highly regarded by the citizens of Peoria who knew him as one of the most sincere persons in the world. d. 1899.

Stuart H. Ingersoll Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. June 3, 1898 in Springfield, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1920, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1944, and vice admiral in 1955. Commander of U.S. Seventh Fleet. Presently president of Naval War College, Newport, R.I. Member of Portland Lodge No. 1, Portland, Maine, receiving degrees in 1921.

Samuel D. Ingham (1779–1860) Secretary of the Treasury under President Jackson. b. Sept. 16, 1779 in Pa. Managed a paper mill in N.J. for several years. He then served three years in the Pa. legislature, and was U.S. congressman from 1813–18, and 1822–29. Mason. d. June 5, 1860.

Sir Edward Inglefield British Rear Admiral. He served as secretary of Lloyd's of London from 1906–21. A member of Lutine Lodge No. 3049 (composed of employees of Lloyd's). He was provincial grand master of Buckinghamshire in 1917. Deceased.

Sir Edward A. Inglefield (1820–1894) British Admiral and Arctic explorer. He visited the Arctic in search of Sir John Franklin in 1852, 1853, 1854. On the rolls of the Craft in Nova Scotia.

Sir John Eardely Wilmot Inglis (1814–1862) British Major General famous for his gallant defense of Lucknow, India in 1857. b. in Nova Scotia, he served in Canada in 1837, and in the Punjab in 1848–49. He was initiated and passed in a Canadian lodge, but joined Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, England in 1841, and was raised Jan. 26, 1842.

Thomas Walker Hobart Inskip (1876–1947) 1st Viscount of Caldecote (about 1939). English jurist and government official. b. in Bristol. He was educated at Cambridge, and called to the bar in 1899. He served in Admiralty naval intelligence division in WWI, and headed the naval law branch in 1918. He was a member of parliament from 1918–29, and 1931–39;

solicitor general, 1922–24, 1924–28, 1931–32; attorney general, 1928–29, 1932–36; minister for coordination of defense, 1936–39; secretary of state for dominion affairs, 1939–40; lord chancellor, 1939–40; and leader of the House of Lords in 1940. He served as junior grand warden of the United Grand Lodge of England in 1941. Deceased in 1947.

Frederick W. Insull (1875–1939) Public utilities executive. b. July 5, 1875 in London, England. He came to the U.S. in 1901, and was naturalized in 1912. He began as a trolley wagon driver with the Winnipeg Electric Railway in 1891. From 1901–09 he was secretary–treasurer of the North Shore Electric Co. of Chicago. From 1913–39 he was president of the Public Service Co. of Okla., and president of the Southwestern Light & Power Co. from 1928. Received degrees in Oklahoma City Lodge No. 36, Oklahoma City, Okla. on April 13, May 23 and July 9, 1914. Dimitted on May 18, 1925. d. Jan. 14, 1939.

James Iredell, Jr. (1788–1853) Governor and U.S. Senator from North Carolina. b. Nov. 2, 1788 in Edenton, N.C. He was graduated from Princeton in 1806, and then studied law. He served in the War of 1812. He served in the state legislature for many years and was speaker of the house. From 1827–28 he was governor of N.C. and from 1828–31, U.S. senator. He subsequently practiced law in Raleigh and was one of the three commissioners appointed to revise the laws of the state. He was raised in Unanimity Lodge No. 54 at Edenton in 1808, being the 59th signer of the by-laws. He represented his lodge at grand lodge, Nov. 27, 1811, and almost every yearly session from that time until 1844. He held many offices in

the grand lodge, and was deputy grand master in 1823. In 1878 the Grand Lodge of N.C. chartered Iredell Lodge No. 362, named in his honor. It went out of existence in 1889. d. April 13, 1853.

Clifford Ireland (1878–1930) U.S. Congressman, 65th through 67th Congresses (1917–23) from 16th dist. b. Feb. 14, 1878 at Washburn, Ill. Admitted to the bar in 1909, he began practice at Peoria. He was president of the Western Live Stock Ins. Co. Served in Spanish–American War in 1898. Member of Washburn Lodge No. 421, Washburn, El. d. May 24, 1930.

John Ireland The Rev. Ireland was the first chaplain to be commissioned in the U.S. Navy, receiving his appointment on Aug. 16, 1816. He was a member of Fortitude Lodge No. 19, Brooklyn, N.Y.

John Ireland (1827–1896) Governor of Texas, 1882–86. b. Jan. 1, 1827 in Hart Co., Ky. He studied law, and moved to Texas in 1852, practicing at Sequin. He was a member of the convention that passed the ordinance of secession in 1861; and served through the war in the Confederate Army, rising to lieutenant colonel of Infantry in 1862. He was a delegate to the state constitutional convention of 1866, and served a term in both state legislative bodies. He was appointed an associate judge of the supreme court of Texas in 1875. Member of Guadalupe Lodge No. 109, Guadalupe, Texas.

Merritt W. Ireland (1867–1952) Surgeon General, U.S. Army, 1918–31. b. May 31, 1867 in Columbia City, Ind. Received his

M.D. from Detroit Coll. of Medicine in 1890, and another from Jefferson Medical Coll. in 1891. He was appointed assistant surgeon, U.S.A. in 1891, and advanced through grades to major general in 1918. He was in the Santiago Campaign in the Philippines during the insurrection, and was chief surgeon of the A.E.F. in France until Oct. 12, 1918. Mason, he was made a 33° AASR (SJ), Oct. 21, 1921; member of Almas Shrine Temple. Member of Columbia City Lodge No. 189, Columbia City, Ind., being initiated Aug. 6, 1888. d. July 5, 1952.

Leslie L. Irvin Parachute manufacturer. b. Sept. 10, 1895 at Los Angeles, Calif. He founded the Irving Air Chute Co., Inc. at Lexington, Ky. in 1919, and has been president of same since 1946. He is also president of Irving Air Chute, Ltd. of Ontario, and director of Irving Air Chute of Great Britain; Irvin Fallskarmsaktiebolag, Stockholm, Sweden, and Irvin-Bell Helicopter Sales, Ltd., England. Member of Master Builder Lodge No. 911, Kenmore, N.Y. since 1922; 32° AASR in Buffalo, N.Y.; and Ismailia Shrine Temple of Buffalo.

Sir Henry Irving (1838–1905) First English actor to be knighted. His original name was John Henry Brodribb. b. near Glastonbury, England. He was on the stage in Edinburgh from 1857–59, and in Manchester, 1860–65. He scored his first notable success as Digby Grant in *Two Roses*, on the London stage in 1870, followed by *Hamlet*, *Macbeth*, and *Othello*. He was the manager of the Lyceum Theatre, London in 1878. He was professionally associated with Ellen Terry from 1878–1902, and acted with her in *Hamlet*; *Merchant of Venice*; *Romeo and Juliet*; *Much Ado About Nothing*; *Twelfth*

Night; King Lear, etc. He made eight American tours, 1883–84, and 1903–04. He was knighted in 1895, and is buried in Westminster Abbey. He was initiated in 1877, at the age of 39, in Jerusalem Lodge No. 197, London, and five years elapsed before he received the 2nd and 3rd degrees in the same lodge. They were conferred by Sir Edward Letchworth, then master. He was a founding member, and first treasurer, of Savage Club Lodge No. 2190, and for 11 years was a member of St. Martin's Lodge No. 2455.

Leonard Irving U.S. Congressman, 81st Congress (1949–51)
b. March 24, 1898 at St. Paul, Minn. Began in railroad work, became theatre manager in Mont., and later hotel manager in Calif. He entered construction work in Mo. and became business agent for A.F. of L. Construction and General Laborers Union Local No. 264, Kansas City. Mason and Shriner.

William Irving (1766–1821) U.S. Congressman, fur trader, merchant, author, and brother of famed Washington Irving.
b. Aug. 15, 1766 in New York City. From 1787–91 he was a fur trader with the Indians in the Mohawk Valley, residing at Johnstown and Caughnawaga. He settled in New York City in 1793, and married a sister of the author, James K. Paulding. He assisted and contributed much to the latter's *Salmagundi* as well as *Mustapha*. He was elected to congress three times, serving from 1814–18. He was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., and served it as master, 1899–1900. He was also a member of a commandery in New York about 1802.
d. Nov. 9, 1821.

Richard W. Irwin (1857–1932) Justice, Superior Court of Massachusetts, 1911–32. b. Feb. 18, 1857 in Northampton, Mass. Graduate of Boston U. in 1885, and practiced law at Northampton. He served in both branches of the state legislature; on governor's council, and was district attorney. Initiated in Pacific Lodge, Amherst, Mass. and later affiliated with Jerusalem Lodge, Northampton, Mass. Also member of Northampton Connmandery, K.T. No. 30 of Northampton. d. March 9, 1932.

Augustin de Iturbide (1783–1824) Soldier and Emperor of Mexico. Said to have been raised in a Mexico City lodge. He commanded the Spanish Army against Vincente Guerrero in 1820, and later joined Guerrero, q.v., in setting up the Plan of Iguala in 1821. Together, they forced the Spanish government to capitulate in the Treaty of Cordoba, which assured Mexican independence. The victory went to Iturbide's head, and he set himself up as Emperor Augustin I from 1822–23. However, his harsh measures of repression led to revolution by Santa Anna, q.v., and Guerrero, q.v., and he abdicated, March 19, 1823, and exiled himself in Europe. He returned and was captured and shot, July 19, 1824.

Alfred Iverson (1798–1873) U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1855–1861. b. Dec. 3, 1798 in Burke Co., Ga. He was graduated from Princeton in 1820, studied law, and practiced in Columbus, Ga. He served in both houses of the state legislature, and was a superior court judge for seven years. In the senate he was one of the leaders of the secession movement. At the beginning of hostilities he entered the Confederate

Army, and rose to brigadier general, Nov., 1862. Member of Columbian Lodge No. 8, Columbus, Ga. d. March 4, 1873.

Benjamin F. P. Ivins Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 6, 1884 in South Bend, Ind. Graduate of Nashotah Theol. Seminary, Valparaiso U., and U. of Wisconsin. Ordained deacon in 1909 and priest in 1910. He served pastorates in Plymouth, Ind., Gary, Ind., Kalamazoo, Mich. He was named bishop coadjutor of Milwaukee in 1925, and bishop in 1933. In 1927 he was a joint leader (with English Bishop of Lewes) of Anglo Catholic pilgrimage to the Near East. He received his degrees in Plymouth-Kilwinning Lodge No. 149 of Plymouth, Ind., on Dec. 2, 8, and 13th, 1910. He later dimitted to Lafayette Lodge No. 265 of Milwaukee, Wis. and is an honorary member of Kenwood Lodge No. 303, Milwaukee. He holds dual membership in Delray Lodge No. 171, Delray Beach, Fla. Exalted on April 26, 1911 in Plymouth Chapter No. 26, R.A.M. of Plymouth, Ind., he is presently member of Kenwood Chapter No. 90, Milwaukee; greeted in Plymouth Council, R. & S.M. on Feb. 29, 1912. Member of Ivanhoe Commandery No. 24, K.T., Milwaukee, but knighted in Plymouth, Ind. In the AASR (NJ) he received 32° in 1932; 33° in 1941; active 33° in 1945; and emeritus since retirement to Florida in 1955. He has served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Wisconsin; Mark W. Izard grand prelate of Grand Commandery of Wisconsin; master of Rose Croix, AASR and sovereign of Red Cross of Constantine.

Mark W. Hard Territorial Governor of Nebraska. When Francis Burt took the oath of office as the first territorial

governor, Oct. 16, 1854, he died two days later, and Izard, then U.S. marshal, succeeded him and served the next two years during the important development period. He was one of the petitioners for a dispensation for Capitol Lodge No. 3 of Omaha, originally No. 101.

J

Daniel C. Jackling (1869–1956) Founder of the Utah Copper Co., the largest single producer of copper in the world. b. Aug. 14, 1869 at Appleton City, Mo. He was orphaned at the age of two, when his parents were killed in an accident. He was graduated from the Missouri School of Mines at Rolla, Mo. in 1892, and with a borrowed \$200, went to Cripple Creek, Colo. and secured a job as a metallurgist. He founded the Utah Copper Co. in 1903, with four others. It later became part of Kennecott Copper Co. Jackling at one time refused the presidency of this firm. Considered a mining genius, he developed a process for extracting copper from low grade ore, and this process now accounts for more than 60% of the world's production. A heroic statue of Tackling was unveiled Aug. 14, 1954, in the Utah State Capitol. He was master of Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 11, Tooele, Utah, in 1899; was a life member of Utah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Salt Lake City, and was knighted in Utah Commandery No. 1, K.T., July 1, 1954, and made a life member. He gave the Grand Chapter of Utah a set of 14 jewels which cost \$1400. d. March 13, 1956.

Allan Jackson Vice President of Standard Oil Co. of Indiana. b. July, 1876 in Marseilles, Ill. He began with Standard Oil as a secretary in the Chicago office in 1896, and was with the company 45 years before retirement in 1941. He was a member of the board and vice president in charge of sales in 14 states. Member of Marseilles Lodge No. 417, Marseilles, Ill., Knight Templar; 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago in April 1900; and 33°, 1955; Shriner.

Andrew Jackson (1767–1845) Seventh President of the United States. b. March 15, 1767 in Washaw settlement between North and South Car. He was admitted to the bar in Salisbury, N.C. in 1787, and, the following year, migrated westward to Nashville, Tenn. Here he became a U.S. congressman (1796–97); U.S. senator (1797–98); judge of the Tenn. supreme court (1798–1804) ; and major general of Tenn. militia (1802). He defeated the Creek Indians at the Battle of Horseshoe Bend in 1814, and was made major general of U.S. Army and assigned to defend New Orleans in the War of 1812. His defense of that city made him a national hero. He added to his fame by operations against the Seminole Indians in 1818, and involved the federal government by pursuing Indians into Spanish territory, and hanging two English troublemakers. He was governor of Florida Territory in 1821, and again U.S. senator in 1823–25. His first presidential race in 1824 was unsuccessful, but he was elected in 1828, and reelected in 1832. Under his administration the spoils system was introduced, the national debt paid off, the United States Bank overthrown, and the Peggy O'Neale scandal broke up his cabinet. There is doubt as to when and where he received

his degrees. An article in *The Builder* in 1925 states: "The claim of Greeneville Lodge No. 3 of Tenn. (formerly No. 43 of N.C.) seems to be the most weighty. An original transcript of the lodge record for Sept. 5, 1801 shows that he (Jackson) was a member at that time." W. L. Boydon wrote in the *New Age* in Aug. 1920: "The generally accepted belief is that he was made a Mason in Philanthropic Lodge No. 12 at Clover Bottom, Davidson Co., Tenn." Bell, in his *Famous Masons* states: "Jackson was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 1 (formerly St. Tammany Lodge No. 29 of N.C.) Nashville, as early as 1800, but the date of receiving the degrees has not been learned. He was present at the first meeting of Tennessee Lodge No. 2, Knoxville, March 24, 1800. Charles Comstock, PGM of Tenn. and historian, believes that he was a member of Harmony Lodge, and records a visit by him to the initial meeting of Polk Lodge, U.D., Knoxville (dispensation granted Jan. 15, 1800) by "Andrew Jackson of Harmony Lodge of Nashville." In 1808 Harmony Lodge No. 1 lost its charter, and here all record of Jackson's Masonic affiliation ceases until 1822. He evidently kept in good standing by paying his dues to the grand lodge, as was then permitted. The proceedings of 1822 credit him with being a past master, but no record has been found of his mastership. He was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, Oct. 7, 1822, and again in 1823, serving until Oct., 1824. He was elected an honorary member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C., Jan. 4, 1830, and of Jackson Lodge No. 1, Tallahassee, Fla. as well as the Grand Lodge of Florida (Jan. 15, 1833). He was a Royal Arch Mason, as he served the Grand Chapter of Tennessee as deputy grand high priest at its institution, April 3, 1826, but

no record exists of his affiliation with any chapter. As was the custom at the time, the Royal Arch degree was probably conferred by a blue lodge. He contributed \$35.00 in 1818 to the erection of a Masonic temple in Nashville; requested two lodges to perform funeral services; introduced Lafayette to the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1825; while president, assisted Washington's mother lodge to lay a cornerstone of a monument to Washington's mother in Fredericksburg, Va. (May 6, 1833); assisted in the Masonic laying of the cornerstone of Jackson City (across the river from Washington, D.C.) on Jan. 11, 1836; attended the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1839; and the same year visited Cumberland Chapter No. 1 of Nashville to assist in the installation of officers. d. June 8, 1845.

Clarence A. Jackson President of American United Life Insurance Co. (Ind.) since 1952. b. June 29, 1891 in Columbus, Ohio. Was a partner of Smith-Jackson Co., wholesalers, from 1918-33. He organized and directed the Indiana State Gross Income Tax Div., 1933-39, and the Indiana State Employment Security Div., 1936-39; director of Indiana State Civilian Defense, 1941-46; and vice chairman of the Indiana Comm. for Economic Development since 1943. Raised in New Castle Lodge No. 91, New Castle, Ind. in 1912, shortly after his 21st birthday.

Conrad F. Jackson (1813-1862) Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Sept. 11, 1813 in Pa. Before the war he was connected with the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad. He joined the army early in 1861, and was appointed colonel of the 9th regiment of Pa. reserves, which he commanded at the battle

of Dranesville, Va., and under Gen. G. A. McCall in the Pa. campaign. He was made brigadier general in July 1862, fought at South Mountain, and was killed at Fredericksburg while commanding the 3rd brigade of McCall's division. d. Dec. 13, 1862. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ed Jackson (1875–1954) Governor of Indiana from 1925–29. b. Dec. 27, 1875 in Howard Co., Ind. Practiced law at New Castle and Indianapolis. Member of Newcastle Lodge No. 91 of Newcastle, Ind. and also the chapter, council and commandery there. Member of Murat Shrine Temple of Indianapolis. Suspended NPD Dec. 5, 1934. d. Nov. 18, 1954.

Elihu E. Jackson (1837–1907) Governor of Maryland, 1888–92. b. Nov. 3, 1837 in Wicomico Co., Md. He operated a country store at Delmar, Md. from 1859–62, moving to Salisbury in the latter year, where he engaged in the lumber business. He was a member of the state legislature in 1882–83, and state senator, 1884–88. Member of Wicomico Lodge No. 91, Salisbury, Md. d. 1907.

Frank D. Jackson (1854–1938) Governor of Iowa, 1894–96. b. Jan. 26, 1854 at Arcade, N.Y., moving to Iowa in his boyhood. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1874. He was secretary of the Iowa senate, 1882–84, and secretary of state, 1884–89. He was president of the Royal Union Life Ins. Co. Jackson received his degrees in Alpha Lodge No. 326, Greene, Iowa, Dec. 6, 1881, March 23, 1883, and April 24, 1883; withdrew in 1901, and affiliated with Capitol Lodge No. 110 of Des

Moines in 1904; 32° AASR (SJ) in Des Moines Consistory No. 3 in 1909, and KCCH in 1919. d. Nov. 16, 1938.

George W. Jackson (1861–1922) Engineer. b. July 21, 1861 in Chicago, Ill. In contracting business from 1893. He built the Strickler tunnel through Pike's Peak; the 14-foot subway at Reading, Pa.; pneumatic tube system for Associated Press; 90% of the underground system for Chicago Telephone Co., and many others. Mason, Knight Templar; 32° AASR, and Shriner. d. Feb. 5, 1922.

Gilder D. Jackson, Jr. Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. July 5, 1893 at Dover, Del. Commissioned second lieutenant in Marine Corps in 1917, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1946. Heserved in WWI with 2nd Division, and later in China, Haiti, Pearl Harbor, and commanded the 6th regiment at Guadalcanal in 1943. Retired in 1946, he has been purchasing agent for Essex Wire Corp. since 1948. Mason.

Henry M. Jackson U.S. Senator from Washington since 1953. b. May 31, 1912 at Everett, Wash. Graduate of U. of Washington Law School in 1935. Served in the U.S. congress from 77th through 81st congresses from 2nd Wash. dist. Named by President Truman as U.S. delegate to International Maritime Conf. at Seattle in 1946. Member of Everett Lodge No. 137, Everett, Wash. and 32° AASR (SJ) in Everett. A former DeMolay, he is a member of the DeMolay Legion of Honor and Nile Shrine Temple of Seattle, Wash.

James Jackson (1757–1806) Brigadier General; Governor of Georgia, U.S. Congressman and U.S. Senator from Georgia. b. Sept. 21, 1757 in Moreton–Hampstead, Devonshire, England. He came to this country in 1772, studied law in Savannah, Ga., and was active in repelling the British from that city in March, 1776. Joining the Continental Army, he took part in the defense of Savannah, and saw service at Blackstocks, Augusta, Cow–pens, and Long Cane. He was made brigadier general in 1788. He was elected governor of Georgia in 1788, but declined to serve, pleading that he was too young. He was governor of the state from 1798–1801; congressman from 1789–91, and U.S. senator, 1793–95, and 1801–06. He killed lieutenant governor Wells in a duel in March, 1780, and also fought a duel with General James Gunn, q.v., both being members of Solomons Lodge No. 1, Savannah. Jackson served as master of the lodge in 1786 (initiated about 1782), and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Georgia in 1789. On June 24, 1789 he was a visitor to the Grand Lodge of New York, and on Feb. 5, 1790, was a visitor to Holland Lodge, N.Y.C. d. March 19, 1806.

James S. Jackson (1823–1862) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Sept. 27, 1823 in Fayette Co., Ky. He was a graduate of Jefferson Coll. (Pa.) and Transylvania U. He served in the Mexican War, and while in Mexico had a duel with Col. Thomas F. Marshall. To avoid a court–martial, he resigned, and resumed law practice, first at Greenupsburg, and afterward at Hopkinsville, Ky. In 1860 he was elected to congress as a Unionist, but resigned in the fall of 1861 to organize the 3rd Kentucky cavalry. He took an active part in

the battles of Shiloh, Corinth, luka, and Athens. Made brigadier general in 1862. He was killed in the Battle of Perryville while commanding a division of McCook's corps. Member of Hopkinsville Lodge No. 37, Hopkins-vine, Ky. d. Oct. 8, 1862.

Jesse B. Jackson (1871–1947) U.S. Consul. b. Nov. 19, 1871 at Paulding, Ohio. He was engaged in real estate business until 1905, when he entered the foreign service of the U.S. He served as consul at Alexandretta, Syria; Aleppo, Syria; Leghorn, Italy; Fort William–Port Arthur, Canada, retiring in 1935 after 30 years' service. In the Spanish–American War, he served in the Ohio Inf. Mason. d. Dec. 4, 1947.

Lee R. Jackson President of Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1948–57 and vice chairman of board since 1957. b. in Akron, Ohio in 1891, he was educated in the U. of Akron. He began with Firestone as a salesman in 1913, in Detroit, became district manager at Grand Rapids, Mich; Indianapolis, Ind.; division manager of Pacific Coast and division manager of Northwest. He was successively in charge of manufacturers sales, general sales manager, and vice president. Mason and Shriner.

Robert H. Jackson (1892–1954) U.S. Attorney General; U.S. Supreme Court Justice and American prosecutor at Nuremburg war crimes trials in Germany. b. Feb. 13, 1892 at Spring Creek, Pa. Educated in Albany (N.Y.) Law School, he received honorary degrees from many universities. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1913, he began practice at Jamestown. He was assistant attorney general of the U.S. 1936–38; solicitor

general of U.S., 1938–39; U.S. attorney general, 1940–41; and associate justice U.S. supreme court from 1941. In 1945 he was appointed by President Truman to represent the U.S. in negotiating with Russia, England, and France on agreement for international trials of European Axis war criminals, and was also named chief of counsel for U.S., to conduct prosecution of Goering, Ribbentrop and others. A member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 145, Jamestown, N.Y., he received his degrees, Sept. 17, Oct. 1, and Oct. 22, 1929; 32° AASR (NJ) in Nov., 1930 at Jamestown; and member of Ismailia Shrine Temple, Buffalo, N.Y. d. Oct. 9, 1954.

Samuel D. Jackson (1895–1951) U.S. Senator from Indiana in 1944. b. May 28, 1895 in Allen Co., Ind. He was admitted to the bar in 1919, and practiced in Fort Wayne, Ind. From 1940–41 he served as attorney general of Ind., and Jan. 28, 1944, was appointed U.S. senator, serving until Nov. 15, 1944. Raised in Summit City Lodge No. 170, Fort Wayne, Ind. on Jan. 3, 1920. Was 33° AASR (NJ) and deputy for Indiana. d. March 8, 1951.

Thomas J. “Stonewall” Jackson (1824–1863) Confederate Major General of Civil War who gained the sobriquet “Stonewall” by his stand at Bull Run. b. Jan. 21, 1824 at Clarksburg, W.Va. Was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1846. He served in the Mexican War but resigned from the army in 1852. He joined the Confederate service at the outbreak of the Civil War, and was made brigadier general in 1861, and major general later in the same year. He led the Confederates in the brilliant Shenandoah Valley campaign

in 1862, and was mortally wounded by accidental fire from his own troops after routing the Federal right wing at Chancellors-vile, on May 2. d. May 10, 1863. There is no proof as to his Masonic membership, but many details of his life strongly suggest his membership. His father and other near relatives were active members and officers of the Clarksburg, W.Va. lodge, and his father is thought to have been a past master. At the elder Jackson's death (Jonathan), his family was left in poor circumstances and the lodge contributed to their relief, and provided them with a 3-room house at Clarksburg. Stonewall thus had Masonic antecedents, and became a beneficiary of the Craft at the age of two. When he was a faculty member at the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, Va. he wrote his sister, Laura Jackson Arnold in 1853, and 1854, concerning a Masonic dependent for whom he hoped to secure aid from the lodge at Staunton. When the local lodge could not help, he wrote his sister that he would be in Richmond "this winter and bring her case before the grand lodge of the state." In Simon Wolf's *Presidents I Have Known* the author tells of seeing Jackson secure food for General Pope's prisoners. Upon their meeting, he gave Jackson the sign of distress, which the general answered, and saw that he was safely across the Union lines. If a Mason, he was probably a member of a traveling military lodge while in the Mexican War.

William H. Jackson (1843–1942) Pioneer photographer, artist and explorer. b. April 4, 1843 at Keeseville, N.Y. He was educated in the public schools of N.Y. and Pa. He began as a photographer in Troy, N.Y. (1858), and later Rutland and

Burlington, Vt.(1860–66). He served with a Vt. regiment in the Civil War. After the war he traveled overland to Calif. in 1866–67, returning to Omaha, Nebr. in 1868, where he entered the photography business. As the official photographer with the Hayden Expedition of the U.S. Geological Survey in 1870–78, he was the first to take photographs in the Yellowstone region. He was a photographer in Denver, Colo., 1879–97, and at Detroit, Mich. 1898–1924. Between 1894–96 he went on a photography tour around the world for Harper's Weekly. In 1924 he retired from business and moved to Washington, D.C., where he began painting and writing about the covered wagon days of the West. Mason. d. June 30, 1942.

William J. Jackson (1859–1932) President of Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad. b. in Toronto, Ont. Began in Grand Trunk Railway shops at Toronto as machinist's helper in 1877, rising as freight clerk, chief claim clerk at Chicago, general freight foreman and assistant agent. Entered the Chicago & Eastern service in 1891, rising as local freight agent to general manager, vice president, receiver, and president. During receivership of 1918–20, he was federal manager of the line, and president after reorganization. After 1925 he was chairman of the executive committee. Member of Normal Park Lodge No. 797, Chicago, Ill. d. April 4, 1932.

William P. Jackson (1868–1939) U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1912–14. b. Jan. 11, 1868 at Salisbury, Md. Entered lumber manufacturing business in 1887. He was a member of the Republican National Committee from Md. from 1908–32.

In 1918–20 he was treasurer of state of Maryland. Member of Wicomico Lodge No. 91, of Salisbury, Md., being raised in 1900. d. March 7, 1939.

Abraham Jacobs (?–1834) Early Scottish Rite member. A native of New York, he received the second degree on July 22, 1782 in St. Andrew's Lodge of Boston, and was a member of York Lodge No. 197, New York City until his death. He brought a diploma signed by Moses Cohen from Jamaica, showing that he received the "Select Mason of 27." He came to Georgia in 1790 and served Forsythe Lodge of Augusta as master in 1799–1800, and later was master of King Solomon Lodge at Charleston. He conferred the AASR degrees on various persons. In 1801 he was joined by Emanuel de la Motta, q.v., a member of the supreme council and he conferred the "Select of 27" on de la Motta in Nov., 1802. He came to New York in 1804 and continued conferring degrees. In 1810 he ran into trouble with the supreme council when he was expelled for having added, without authority, the words "with power to initiate others" to his patent. d. 1834.

Randall Jacobs Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Dec. 12, 1885 at Danville, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1907, and advanced through grades to vice admiral in 1946. He commanded battleships, target and repair ships, Yangtze river gunboat, cruiser, and in 1941 was training commander of the Atlantic fleet, and chief of Naval personnel in 1941–45. In 1945–46 he was commander of the 13th Naval district, being retired in Nov., 1946, but returned to active duty as governor of the Naval Home at Philadelphia. Received three degrees at

the same time by special dispensation in Mahoning Lodge No. 516, Danville, Pa. in May, 1909. 32° AASR in Bloomsburg, Pa.

Bernhard M. Jacobsen (1862–1936) U.S. Congressman 72nd to 74th Congresses (1931–37) from Iowa. b. March 26, 1862 at Klixbuel, Schleswig, Germany. He came to the U.S. at age of 14. He worked in lumberyard, brickyard, and dry goods store before entering the mercantile business on his own in Clinton, Iowa in 1886. Member of Emulation Lodge No. 255, Clinton, Iowa, receiving degrees on June 8, July 14 and 29, 1891. d. June 20, 1936.

Albin F. Jacobson Drug executive. b. Sept. 25, 1904 at Ortonville, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minn. in 1926. Started with Walgreen Drug Co. as store manager (Minneapolis), district manager (Rochester), and divisional manager (Chicago). In 1944 he became president of the Sontag Drug Stores, Los Angeles, and when it merged with Rexall Drug Co. he became vice president (1944). He is also president of the Albin Enterprises. Member of North Hollywood Lodge No. 542, Calif., being raised July 26, 1947.

Charles L. Jacobson Vice President of Chrysler Corp. b. May 29, 1896 at Paw Paw, Ill. He began with Ford Motor Co. (1914) in their advertising department, followed by six years with Wills–St. Clair Co. In 1925 he associated himself with the Chrysler Corp. at Minneapolis as regional manager, advancing to general sales manager in 1937, and vice president in 1954. Since 1956 he has been in charge of dealer relations and a director of the corporation. Member of Marysville Lodge No.

498, Marysville, Mich. and Port Huron Chapter No. 27, R.A.M., Port Huron, Mich.

Arthur H. James Governor of Pennsylvania, 1939–43. b. July 14, 1883 in Plymouth, Pa. Graduate of Dickinson School of Law in 1904, and practiced in Plymouth and Wilkes-Barre, Pa. He was lieutenant governor of Pa. in 1927–31, and superior court judge, 1932–39. Member of Plymouth Lodge No. 332, Plymouth, Pa. and Valley Chapter No. 214, R.A.M. of that city; 33° AASR (NJ) .

Benjamin F. James U.S. Congressman, 81st through 85th Congresses from 7th Pa. dist. b. in Philadelphia. He is president of the Franklin Print– 000 Charles C. Jarchow ing Co., which was established by Benjamin Franklin. He served in the Army in WWI. Received degrees in University Lodge No. 610, Philadelphia, Pa. in 1909 and affiliated with Wayne Lodge No. 581, Wayne, Pa. on March 21, 1911 and master of same in 1915. Member of Montgomery Chapter No. 262, R.A.M., Ardmore, Pa. and Delhi Grotto of Upper Darby, Pa.

Thomas L. James (1831–1916) Postmaster General of the U.S. under President Garfield, 1881–82. b. March 29, 1831 in Utica, N.Y. Graduate of Hamilton Coll. in 1863. He learned the printing trade and published a paper at Hamilton, N.Y. from 1851–61. He became the collector of canal tolls there in 1854, customs inspector of New York in 1861, and later deputy collector of customs. From 1873–81 he was postmaster of New York City. He was chairman of board, Lincoln National Bank of N.Y., and director of Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

Member of Hamilton Lodge No. 120, Hamilton, N.Y. d. Sept. 11, 1916.

Warren W. James (1884–1945) Justice, Supreme Court of New Hampshire, 1933–45. b. March 23, 1884 in Jefferson, N.H. Graduate of Bates Coll. in 1906. Admitted to the bar in 1911, he practiced in Berlin, N.H. Raised Sept. 20, 1920 in Sabatis Lodge No. 95, Berlin, N.H. Knight Templar. d. March 11, 1945.

W. Frank James (1873–1945) U.S. Congressman to 64th through 73rd Congresses (1915–25) from 12th Mich. dist. b. May 23, 1873 at Morristown, N.J. He was a member of the Michigan state senate, 1910–14. Served in Spanish–American War. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 17, 1945.

William P. James (1870–1940) Federal Judge, Southern District of California, 1923–40. b. Jan. 10, 1870 in Buffalo, N.Y. Began law practice in Los Angeles, was judge of the superior court of Los Angeles from 1905–10, and served on California court of appeals, 1910–23. Member of East Gate Lodge No. 290 of Los Angeles, affiliating with Sunset Lodge No. 352 of Los Angeles on Jan. 4, 1904. Suspended in 1922 and restored same year. d. July 28, 1940.

George Jameson (also Jamison) A Seneca Indian chief who received the three degrees in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, N.Y.C., June 5, 1840, and was exalted in Ancient Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of N.Y.C., June 8, 1840.

Robert F. Janes General Grand High Priest, General Grand

Chapter, R.A.M., 1951–54. b. Jan. 12, 1880 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1902, and 1904. Admitted to Mass. bar in 1904, and shortly thereafter moved to New York City. He was attorney for the New York Bell Telephone Co. for 39 years, resigning in 1945. He was raised in Charity Lodge of Cambridge, Mass., March 6, 1905, and affiliated with Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C., Dec. 16, 1915. He was exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, N.Y.C. in June 1915, served as high priest in 1923, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of N.Y. in 1933. Greeted in Adelpic Council No. 7, R. & S.M. May 3, 1930, he was master in 1940; knighted in Coeur de Leon Commandery No. 23, N.Y.C., March 24, 1916, he was commander in 1920. He is a charter member of St. Paul's Conclave No. 12, Red Cross of Constantine, and sovereign in 1928; member of Aurora Grata Consistory, Brooklyn, AASR (NJ) , and Mecca Shrine Temple of N.Y.C.

Charles C. Jarchow President of American Steel Foundries, Chicago since 1949 and director since 1943. b. Dec. 22, 1894 at Chicago. He has been associated with the company since 1912. From 1923–24 he was comptroller, vice president from 1943–47. Mason and Shriner.

William M. Jardine (1879–1955) Secretary of Agriculture under President Coolidge, 1925–29 and U.S. Minister to Egypt, 1930–33. b. Jan. 16, 1879 in Oneida Co., Idaho. Graduate of Agricultural Coll. of Utah in 1904, and 1925. He worked on ranches in Idaho and Mont. until 20 years of age. He taught in the agronomy dept. of his alma mater from 1904–07, and later in the agricultural colleges of Kansas and Michigan. From

1918–25 he was president of the Kansas State Agricultural Coll. and president of the Municipal U., Wichita, Kans. from 1934. In 1933–34 he was state treasurer of Kans. Active nationally and internationally in agronomy field. He became a Mason in Lafayette Lodge No. 16, Manhattan, Kans., on July 23, 1915. d. Jan. 17, 1955.

Pete Jarman (1892–?) U.S. Congressman to 75th through 80th Congresses (1937–49) from 6th Ala. dist. b. Oct. 31, 1892 at Greensboro, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1913. He was secretary of state of Alabama in 1931–35, and state comptroller from 1935–37. In 1949 he was confirmed as U.S. Ambassador to Australia. Served in WWI as a lieutenant in 327th Inf. A.E.F., and later was a lieutenant colonel of Ala. national guard. Mason. Deceased.

Sanderford Jarman Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 24, 1884 at Boatner, La. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1908, advanced through grades to major general in Oct., 1940, and retired in 1945. Served in field artillery and coast artillery in WWI. From 1934–38 he was on the general staff, and from 1939–41 was commander of the 64th Coast Artillery in Hawaii, and in charge of coast and anti-aircraft commands in the Canal Zone. In WWII he was commanding general of Camp Stewart, Ga.; Anti-aircraft of Eastern defense command; and Saipan. Mason.

Abraham Jarvis (1739–1813) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Connecticut, 1797–1813. b. May 5, 1739 in Norwalk, Conn. He was graduated from Yale in 1761, and became a lay-reader

in Middletown, Conn., while studying theology. He was ordained priest in England, Feb. 19, 1764, by the Bishop of Carlisle. This was made possible by the aid of his parishioners, in 1763, who levied a tax on themselves to send him to England to take the "orders." He became rector in 1762, and second bishop of Conn. in 1797. At the beginning of the Revolution he was torn between his allegiance to the English church and the Colonial cause, as he held that the Declaration of Independence did not dissolve the ecclesiastical obligations of his church to the parent church in England. He presided over a church convention, July 23, 1776, in Conn., which resolved to suspend all public worship because it would be unsafe to continue the reading of the entire liturgy. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 2 of Middletown, Conn., Dec. 17, 1783, and received his mark master degree in the mark lodge of St. John's Lodge (first in the U.S.), July 3, 1789. His "mark" was a pulpit. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut. d. May 3, 1813.

Paul G. Jasper Judge, Supreme Court of Indiana, 1949–53. b. Dec. 15, 1908 in Fort Wayne, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1932, he practiced at Fort Wayne. Since 1953 he has been general counsel for the Public Service Co. of Ind. Served in the 98th Inf. division in WWII in Central Pacific. Raised in Maumee Lodge No. 725, Fort Wayne, Ind. on Nov. 22, 1933. 33° AASR (NT).

John Jay (1745–1829) First Chief Justice of U.S. Supreme Court, 1789–95. b. Dec. 12, 1745 in New York City. Considered one of the prime builders of the Revolutionary period, he was

a member of the Continental Congress in 1774–79, and was its president in the latter two years. In 1779 he was American minister to Spain, and in 1782 was called to Paris by Franklin to negotiate peace with England. He was U.S. secretary of foreign affairs, 1784–89, and joined with Hamilton and Madison in writing the Federalist, explaining the new constitution. In 1794–95 he negotiated “Jay’s Treaty” with England, settling outstanding disputes. In 1795–1801 he was governor of New York. There is no proof that he was a Freemason, although many Masonic journals and orators of past years have referred to him as such. On April 21, 1779 he wrote the following letter to Washington that has Masonic significance: “The dissolution of our governments threw us into a political chaos. Time, Wisdom and Perseverance will reduce it into Form, and give it Strength, Order and Harmony. In this work you are (in the style of your professions) a Master Builder, and God grant that you may long continue a Free and Accepted one.”

Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy (1783–1859) Indian Parsi merchant and philanthropist. Founded hospital at Bombay; endowed schools; built public works. He was knighted in 1842 and created a baronet in 1857, being the first native Indian to be thus honored by Great Britain. Mason.

Richard M. Jefferies Governor of South Carolina, 1942–43. b. Feb. 27, 1888 at Gaffney, S.C. Teacher, lawyer and legislator. Member of Unity Lodge No. 55, Waterboro, S.C. and 32° in Dalcho Consistory AASR (SJ) on Nov. 14, 1919.

Clyde G. Jeffers Justice, Supreme Court of Washington since

1939. b. July 2, 1881 in Hampton, Ia. Graduate of Iowa U. in 1905. Began practice in 1905. Mason.

Bradley C. Jefferson Editor of Dallas Times Herald (Tex.) since 1952. b. March 5, 1894 at Fairfield, Texas. Began as a reporter on this paper in 1919; chief editorial writer since 1926, and on board of directors since 1944. Member of Tannehill Lodge No. 52, Dallas, Texas and 32° AASR (SJ) of that city. Member of Hella Shrine Temple and Hi-Noon Club of Dallas.

Joseph Jefferson (1829–1905) American actor, considered to be best comedian of his time. b. Feb. 20, 1829, the fourth generation of actors, and the third to bear the name “Joseph.” (His son, an actor of the same name, q.v., was also a Mason.) His first stage appearance was as a child in Pizarro at the age of three. After his father’s death, he joined a party of strolling players who played through Texas, and followed the U.S. Army into Mexico. Always known as a good stock actor, his laurels were first earned as Asa Trenchard in *Our American Cousin* in 1858, at Laura Keane’s Theatre, N.Y. Other notable parts in which he appeared were: Newman Noggs in *Nicholas Nickleby*; Caleb Plummer in *Cricket on the Hearth*; Dr. Pangloss in *The Heir at Law*; Bob Acres in *The Rivals*; and Dr. 011apod in *Poor Gentleman*. His greatest success was in *Rip Van Winkle*, playing the leading role in every important city in the U.S., England, and Australia. As a painter he met with fair success, and as an author he wrote his autobiography, and *A Reply to Ignatius Donnelly on the Shakespeare–Bacon Argument*. He received his degrees in

Concordia Lodge No. 13, Baltimore, Md. in April 1857 (references disagree as to dates), and became an honorary life member of the same. He is also famous for making "The Little Church Around the Corner" in N.Y. the actor's church. d. March 23, 1905.

Joseph Jefferson (1869–1919) American actor. b. July 6, 1869 in New York City, the fifth generation of actors and the fourth generation to bear the name "Joseph." His father, q.v., of the same name, was also a Thomas Jefferson Mason. His mother was Sarah A. Warren, second wife of his father. He was educated in the Columbia Grammar School; Challie Institute, N.Y.; English Grammar School, London; and Upson Seminary, Conn. His first appearance on the stage was at Denver in 1885, with his father in Rip Van Winkle as a supernumerary. He played Lucius O'Trigger in *The Rivals*; Jim Farren in *Shadows of a Great City*; Chambers in *Pudd'n Head Wilson*; Beverly Clay in *Playing the Game*. In vaudeville he appeared in two vehicles by William C. de Mille, *In 1999*, and *Poor Old Jim*. Mason. d. May 1, 1919.

Thomas Jefferson (1743–1826) Third President of the United States. b. April 13, 1743 in Goochland, now Albemarle Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary in 1762, and admitted to the bar in 1767. As a member of the Continental Congress, he was chairman of the committee that wrote and presented the Declaration of Independence to that body. He was governor of Virginia from 1779–81, and again member of Continental Congress from 1783–85. From 1785–89 he was U.S. minister to France, and secretary of state, 1790–93. He

was vice president of the U.S. from 1798–1801, and president, 1801–09, being elected by the house of representatives after a tie vote with Aaron Burr, q.v. Masonic speakers and periodicals, both Masonic and Anti-Masonic, of the middle 1800's claimed Jefferson was a Freemason. It is doubtful if he was ever a member of the Craft. All claims to membership are based on association, or insinuation, such as "records of this period destroyed"; "closest associates were Freemasons"; "his writings and actions contain Masonic philosophy." It is claimed that the French Dr. Guillotin, q.v., recorded in his diary that he "attended Lodge in company with Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Paine from the American States." There has been an attempt to link his membership with Door to Virtue Lodge No. 44, Albemarle Co., Va., for his son-in-law, Gov. Thomas M. Randolph, q.v., and favorite grandson, Thomas Jefferson Randolph, q.v., were members of that lodge, as well as Peter and Samuel Carr, nephews. He was identified as marching in procession with Widow's Son Lodge No. 60, and Charlottesville Lodge No. 90, Oct. 6, 1817, at the laying of the cornerstone of Central College (now U. of Va.). On August 21, 1801 a dispensation was ordered for a lodge at Surry Court House, Va. to be named Jefferson Lodge No. 65. Some have claimed that he was a member of the Lodge of Nine Muses, Paris. In July, 1826, both the grand lodges of Louisiana and Georgia held funeral orations for Jefferson and, on Aug. 2, 1826, the Grand Lodge of S.C. held a funeral procession for him. A letter from Moses Holbrook, q.v., grand commander of the supreme council, (SJ) to Dr. J. M. Allen, Skaneateles, N.Y. dated Aug. 2, at Charleston, S.C. said: "I have nothing new to write, except tomorrow we have a funeral procession

for Thos. Jefferson, and all the societies are invited. I never knew that he was a Freemason.”

Olin M. Jeffords Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Vermont since 1955. b. June 8, 1890 at Enosburg Falls, Vt. Graduate of Boston U. in 1918, and admitted to the bar in that year. He was in practice at Rutland until 1934, and a superior court judge until 1938, when he was named to the supreme court bench. Member of Lincoln Lodge No. 78, Enosburg Falls, Vt.

Walter L. Jeffrey Vice President and General Manager of American Motors Corp. since 1955. b. Nov. 7, 1908 at Evansville, Ind. Graduate of Evansville Coll. in 1929. Began in advertising department of Kelvinator, a division of American Motors, in Detroit, 1929, becoming advertising manager, sales manager, and vice president of sales. Member of Ferndale Lodge No. 506, Ferndale, Mich.

John Jeffries (1745–1819) Physician and pioneer balloonist. b. Feb. 5, 1745 in Boston, Mass. He was graduated from Harvard in 1763, and later studied medicine in London and Aberdeen, receiving his medical degree from the latter place in 1769. He then returned to Boston to practice. From 1771–74 he was surgeon of a British ship of the line at Boston, and at the evacuation of that city by the British, he accompanied the troops to Nova Scotia as a Loyalist. In March, 1779, he went to England and was made surgeon major to the forces in America. He served with the British at Charleston, S.C. from March to December of 1780, resigning to return to London where he entered practice. He gained recognition as a scientist

and meteorologist. With Francois Blanchard, the French aeronaut, he made the first crossing of the English Channel from Dover to the forest of Guines, France in a balloon on Jan. 7, 1785. He paid the entire expense of the channel voyage (\$3,500). In the summer of 1789 he returned to Boston where he delivered the first public lecture on anatomy that was given in New England. At this time public feeling was against dissections and he was forced by mob violence to discontinue his lectures. He received his degrees in St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, Mass., and in 1770 was charter member, and first junior warden (Dec. 3, 1770) of Massachusetts Lodge, Boston. He became senior warden Dec. 2, 1771; reelected Dec. 7, 1772; elected master Dec. 6, 1773 and reelected master Dec. 5, 1774. d. Sept. 16, 1819.

John, 1st Earl of Jellicoe (1859–1935) Name was John Rushworth. A rear admiral in 1907, he became admiral of the British fleet in 1919. During WWI, he was commander of the grand fleet from 1914–16, and chief of the naval staff in 1917. He commanded the grand fleet in the Battle of Jutland, May 31, 1916. From 1920–24 he was governor general of New Zealand. b. at Southampton, England, Dec. 5, 1859. He did not become a Mason until the age of 63, when he was received into the Lodge Renown of New Zealand while he was governor general of that country. He became grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Zealand in 1922–24. In 1927 he was made past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England, by the grand master, Lord Connaught, q.v. d. 1935.

Edward H. Jenison U.S. Congressman to 80th and 81st

Congresses (1949–51) from 18th Ill. dist. b. July 27, 1907 at Fond du Lac, Wis. Editor of the Paris (Ill.) Daily Beacon News since 1931. Mason.

Reuben E. Jenkins Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 14, 1896 at Cartersville, Ga. Commissioned in 1918 and advanced through grades to lieutenant general in 1952. In WWI he was company commander in 31st, 77th and 1st Divisions. In WWII he was with GI, War Department; chief of staff G3, Mediterranean Theater, during which time he was responsible for plans and operations in Italy and for plans in landing on the South of France by 6th Army Group; chief of operations, southern France. In 1945–46 he was deputy assistant chief of staff of Army Ground Forces and chief of Joint War Planning Committee, 1946. Assigned to Greece in 1948 as deputy to Gen. James A. Van Fleet for the Greek guerilla war. At close of hostilities he succeeded Van Fleet as director, and remained until 1951. In 1951–52 was assistant chief of Staff, G–3 and in 1952 made commanding general of IX Corps in Korea. In 1953 he commanded the X Corps Group and the I, II and III Republic of Korea Corps of the First ROK Army. He was evacuated in Oct., 1953 for injuries received in the closing campaign and retired in Feb., 1954. Member of Cartersville Lodge No. 63, Cartersville, Ga., he received his degrees on April 17, Dec. 1, and Dec. 4, 1917—the latter by special dispensation of the grand lodge; 32° AASR at Columbus, Ga., where he is an active member of the consistory. National Sojourner. Masonic membership in the Cartersville Lodge is a family tradition.

Frank W. Jenks Executive Vice President of International Harvester Co. b. Aug. 7, 1897 at Richmond, Va. He joined the International Harvester organization at Chicago in 1914 and progressed as assistant branch manager, branch manager, assistant district sales manager, credit manager. He was named vice president in 1944, and executive vice president since 1956. He is past president of the Illinois Chamber of Commerce. Mason and Shriner.

George C. Jenks (1850–1929) Newspaper man and writer who created “Nick Carter,” “Diamond Dick,” and “Deadwood,” as the characters of early dime novels. Wrote much under assumed names. b. April 13, 1850 in London, Eng., he came to America in 1872. He began as a newspaper writer, and was editorial writer for the Pittsburgh Press for eight years. He went to New York in 1895 where he was a drama critic and New York correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch and Gazette–Times. He authored Official History of the Johnstown Flood; The Climax; The Deserters; Stop Thief. He also wrote plays and motion pictures. Member of Bethel Lodge No. 733, New York City. d. Sept. 13, 1929.

Edward Jenner (1749–1823) English physician who was the discoverer of vaccination. b. at Berkeley, Gloucestershire, England. He was apprenticed to a surgeon near Bristol, and from 1770–72, was a pupil of the famous surgeon, John Hunter. He began his practice in Berkeley in 1773, where he observed that dairymaids who had cowpox did not get smallpox. On May 14, 1796 he vaccinated James Phipps, a boy of eight, with matter from cowpox vesicles on hands of

a milkmaid. Several weeks later the boy was inoculated with smallpox but did not contract the disease. He announced his discovery in 1798, in a thesis written on his experiments. Parliament voted him ≈£10,000 in 1803, and ≈£20,000 in 1806. He was master of Royal Faith and Friendship Lodge No. 270, Berkeley, England in 1811–13. He was present at the ceremonial reception of the provincial grand lodge of Gloucestershire by the Berkeley Masons in the summer of 1822. He was in ill health at the time and died a few months later.

William E. Jenner U.S. Senator from Indiana since 1944. b. July 21, 1908 in Marengo, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1930, and 1932. Practiced law at Paoli, Shoals, and since 1944, in Bedford. He was state senator from 1934–42. He was an officer in the U.S. Air Force from 1942–44. Raised in White River Lodge No. 332, Shoals, Ind. on July 4, 1939. 33° AASR (NJ), in 1955.

John Jennings, Jr. (1880–1956) U.S. Congressman, 76th through 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 2nd Tenn. dist. b. June 6, 1880 at Jacksboro, Tenn. Graduate of U.S. Grant U. in 1902. Taught school and was county superintendent of public instruction, 1897–1904. In law practice since 1903. Raised May 4, 1903 in Jacksboro Lodge No. 322, Jacksboro, Tenn. Transferred to Jellico Lodge No. 527, Jellico, Tenn. in 1907 and to Masters Lodge No. 244, Knoxville in 1944 where he was in good standing at time of death on Feb. 27, 1956.

Jonathan Jennings (1776–1834) First Governor of Indiana,

1816–22. b. about 1776 in Hunterdon Co., N.J. He emigrated to the Northwest territory, and was the first delegate from Indiana territory to U.S. congress from 1809–16; on the admission of that territory as a state, he was elected the first governor. He was Indian commissioner in 1818, and from 1822–31 was again a member of congress. A member of Pisgah Lodge No. 5, Corydon, Ind., he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1823–24. d. July 26, 1834.

Newell Jennings Judge, Supreme Court of Connecticut from 1937. b. May 12, 1883 at Bristol, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1904, and 1907. Admitted to the bar in 1907, and practiced at Bristol until 1922, when named judge of superior court, serving in that capacity until he became a member of the supreme court in 1937. Raised in Franklin Lodge No. 56, Bristol, Conn. in 1904.

W. Pat Jennings U.S. Congressman, 84th and 85th Congresses from 9th Va. dist. b. Aug. 20, 1919 at Camp, Va. Graduate of Virginia Poly. Institute in 1941. He has been president of the Jennings Motor Co. and proprietor of Jennings Farm Supply, Marion, Va. since 1946, and owner of Mountain Bus Lines and Jennings Transport Co. Served in WWII as a Major, AUS, 1941–46. Member of Marion Lodge No. 31; Marion Chapter No. 54, R.A.M.; Lynn Commandery No. 9, K.T., all of Marion, Va. Member of Kazim Shrine Temple at Roanoke, Va.

Ben F. Jensen U.S. Congressman to 76th through 85th Congresses from 7th Iowa dist. b. Dec. 16, 1892 in Marion, Ia. He has been with the Green Bay Lumber Co. of Exira,

Ia. since 1914. In WWI he was commissioned second lieutenant, U.S. Army, at Camp Pike, Ark. in 1918. Raised in Exodus Lodge No. 342, Exira, Ia. in 1922 and past master of same. Member of Amity Chapter No. 93, R.A.M., Audubon, Ia.; Kedron Commandery No. 42, K.T., Atlantic and Za-Ga-Zig Shrine Temple, Des Moines.

Cyril D. Jensen Engineer who is co-originator and developer of underwater welding, and developed arc-oxygen underwater cutting process. b. Aug. 17, 1898 in Brownton, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1921 and 1931, and Lehigh U. in 1929. Licensed professional engineer in Pa. in 1937. Made hydroelectric surveys in Minn. and Wis., and taught civil engineering at Lehigh U., 1925–42. During WWII he was a welding engineer with U.S. Naval Engineering Experiment Station at Annapolis (1942–46), and since that time has been project director for U.S. Army on bomb damage analysis research at Lehigh U. Mason.

Henry Jermyn (see Earl of St. Albans).

Douglas Wm. Jerrold (1803–1857) English playwright and humorist. He published a magazine and newspaper bearing his name, and from 1852 was editor of Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper. His most successful plays were *Black-eyed Susan* (1829); *Bride of Ludgate* (1831); and *Time Works Wonders* (1845). Among his contributions to *Punch* magazine, Mrs. Caud/e's *Curtain Lectures* were best known. He was initiated Nov. 10, 1831 in Bank of England Lodge No. 329. d. June 8, 1857.

Richard H. Jesse (1853–1921) President of University of Missouri, 1891–1908. b. March 1, 1853 in Epping Forest, Va. He studied at U. of Virginia, U. of Munich, U. of Berlin, U. of Tulane, U. of Wisconsin, Mo. Valley Coll., Washington U., and U. of Missouri. He later taught, and was dean at Hanover Academy, Washington Academy, Md., U. of Louisiana, and Tulane U. After his retirement as president of the U. of Missouri, he continued teaching ancient and medieval history at the university under the Carnegie Foundation. Jesse Hall at the university is named in his honor. Member of Twilight Lodge No. 114, Columbia, Mo. d. Jan. 22, 1921.

Beauford H. Jester (1893–1949) Governor of Texas, 1947–49. b. Jan. 12, 1893 at Corsicana, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1916, and 1920, being admitted to the bar in latter year, and began general practice at Corsicana. He gave up private practice in 1942 to become railroad commissioner of Texas, at Austin, a position which he held until governor in 1947. In WWI he was with the 90th Infantry from organization to demobilization, and participated in engagements at St. Mihiel and Meuse–Argonne. A member of Corsicana Lodge No. 174, Corsicana, Tex., he received his degrees Jan. 10, Feb. 18, and March 28, 1921; a Shriner. d. July 11, 1949.

Thomas S. Jesup (1788–1860) Major General U.S. Army. b. in Virginia in 1788. He was commissioned a lieutenant of Infantry in 1808, and at the beginning of the War of 1812 was adjutant-general to Gen. Wm. Hull. He received successive promotions for bravery, at the Battle of Chippewa in 1814, and at Battle of Niagara in same month. On May 8, 1818 he

became quartermaster-general with rank of brigadier general, and ten years later to the day, was made major-general in recognition of ten years' faithful service. He assumed command of the Army in the Creek Nation in May, 1836, and in Dec. of that year, commanded the army in Florida. In 1838 he was wounded in an action with the Seminoles at Jupiter Inlet. Became a member of N.C. Harmony Lodge No. 2, Cincinnati, Ohio, March 13, 1812. d. June 10, 1860.

Ewell K. Jett Federal Communications Commissioner since 1944. b. March 20, 1893 at Baltimore, Md. Served as enlisted man and officer in U.S. Navy from 1911 until retirement in 1929. From 1929-37 he was chief engineer of the Federal Radio Commission, and from 1938-44 chief engineer of Federal Communications Commission. He is vice president and director of radio for the Baltimore Sun papers. In WWII he was a member of the censorship operating board, and chairman of the coordinating comm. of board of war communications. He has been the U.S. representative to several international radio conferences. Mason.

Jesse D. Jewell Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy (Medical). b. July 24, 1891 at Leon, W.Va. He received his M.D. degree from the U. of Oregon in 1918, and entered the Navy the same year, as lieutenant, j.g. He advanced through the grades to rear admiral in 1944, and retired in 1945. He has served in hospitals, bases, and aboard ships throughout the world. He was awarded the coveted Navy Cross for his service at Pearl Harbor, on Dec. 7, 1941 (day of the Jap sneak attack), when he was stationed on the U.S.S. California. Raised in St. Paul's

Lodge No. 14, Newport, R.I. in 1935. Past president of Sinclair Inlet Chapter No. 80, National Sojourners.

Marshall Jewell (1825–1883) Governor of Connecticut and Postmaster General. b. Oct. 20, 1825 in Winchester, N.H. First learned the tanners' trade under his father, and then went to Rochester, N.Y. where he learned telegraphy, then in its infancy. He served three terms as governor of Connecticut (being elected in 1869, 1871, and 1872). He was twice defeated for the office. In 1873–74 he was U.S. minister to Russia. He was recalled in the latter year to serve as postmaster general of the U.S. He later served as chairman of the National Republican Committee. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 4, and Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., both of Hartford, Conn.

Hugh J. Jewett (1812–?) Railroad president and lawyer. b. in Deer Creek, Md. Admitted to the bar in 1840, and first practiced at St. Clairsville, Ohio, and later (1848) in Zanesville. Twice state senator, and U.S. district attorney, he served in the U.S. congress one term (1872). He was president of the Little Miami, Columbus, and Xenia Railroad in 1869, and shortly after, the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley Railroad. On moving to Columbus, he became vice president of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, and St. Louis Railroad. He resigned from congress in 1873, to accept the receivership of the New York and Erie Railroad. He ran this railroad for ten years before retiring to Zanesville, Ohio. He was mentioned as a Democratic presidential nominee in 1880. He was a member of Zanesville Chapter No. 9 and Cyprus Commandery

No. 10, Zanesville, Ohio. Member of Belmont Lodge No. 16, Clairsville, Ohio, receiving degrees in 1841 and dimitting in 1846.

Leonard B. Job President of Ithaca College (N.Y.) since 1932. b. Dec. 23, 1891 in Putnam Co., Ind. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1919, and Ph.D from Columbia in 1926. Taught in elementary and high schools of Indiana from 1910–19. With federal and state educational agencies until 1924, and then with Columbia U. (1924–26) and Ohio U. (1926–31). In 1931 he became dean of Ithaca Coll. and president in 1932. Mason.

Joseph Jacques Cesaire Joffre (1852–1931) French Field Marshal who commanded the Allied Armies in France in WWI. He was general of a brigade in 1902, and of a division in 1905. At the outbreak of WWI in 1914, he became commander-in-chief of the French armies. Joffre was the hero of the Battle of the Marne (Sept.1914), in which the German advance on Paris was stopped. In 1917 he was adviser to the general staff, and marshal of France. He received his degrees in Alsace Lorraine Lodge, Paris, while a captain. The dates of the degrees were Nov. 25, 1875, Dec. 28, 1876, and Dec. 26, 1877. At one time he was orator of the lodge, and was made an honorary member in 1893.

Charles A. Johns (1857–1932) Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon, 1918–21 and Justice Supreme Court of Philippines, 1921–32. b. June 25, 1857 in Jackson Co., Mo. Graduate of Willamette U. in 1878, and admitted to Oreg. bar in 1881,

practicing at Dallas. Member of Baker Lodge No. 47, Baker, Oreg., receiving degrees on Dec. 15, 1890, March 12, and April 9, 1891. d. Jan. 11, 1932.

Charley E. Johns Acting Governor of Florida, 1953–55. b. Feb. 27, 1905 in Starke, Fla. Was railroad trainman and conductor, 1923–55; owner of Starke Ice Co. from 1947; president of Presidential Insurance Co., Jacksonville. Member of state legislature in 1935, and state senate, 1937–53. Member of Bradford Lodge No. 35, Starke, Fla., receiving degrees Feb. 1, 1940, March 23 and Aug. 7, 1953. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Joshua L. Johns (1881–1947) U.S. Congressman to 76th and 77th Congresses (1939–43) from 8th Wis. dist. b. Feb. 27, 1881 in Eagle, Wis. Graduate of U. of Chattanooga (1906), and Yale (1907). Began as a banker, but later practiced law at Appleton, Wis. He was president of Plumber's Woodwork Co., Algoma, from 1929, and president of Narcor Manufacturing Co., Green Bay, from 1946; also president of Northland Lumber Co, from 1944. Author of resolution creating "I Am an American Day" presented to congress. Member of Waverly Lodge No. 51, Appleton, Wis. at time of his death in March, 1947.

Kensey Johns, Sr. (1759–1848) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Delaware, 1798–1830. b. June 14, 1759 in Anne Arundel Co., Md. He studied law with Samuel Chase and George Read (the signer), and was admitted to the Del. bar in 1783. In 1792 he was appointed U.S. senator, but the senate refused to seat him on a technicality. Johns became a member of Lodge No.

33 at New Castle, Del. in 1788. In 1795 he was elected master of the lodge, but not installed. d. Dec. 21, 1848.

William H. Johns (1868–1944) President of Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborn, Inc., advertising agency, 1928–36; chairman of executive committee from 1936, and chairman of board from 1939. b. Feb. 10, 1868 in Redruth, England, and was brought to the U.S. at age of five. Graduate of College of City of New York in 1887. He began in the employment of Funk & Wagnalls, N.Y. in 1887. He was in the advertising business with George Batten from 1892, and started the George Batten Co., Inc., and was president of same from 1918. Received degrees in Cornucopia Lodge No. 563, Flushing, N.Y. in spring of 1904, dimitting Sept. 28, 1922 to become a charter member of Bayside Lodge No. 999, Bayside, N.Y. on that date. d. April 17, 1944.

Johnson (?–1773) A Masonic charlatan of this name appeared on the European scene at Jenna in 1763. His real name was Leucht. He claimed that he was deputed by the heads of Templar Freemasonry in Scotland to introduce reforms into the German lodges. He established a chapter of Strict Observance, and named himself grand prior. Von Hund, q.v., was at first deceived by him, but later found that he had been a servant of a Freemason, whose papers he had stolen, and then assumed his employer's name. He had been secretary to the Prince of Bernberg, whose confidence he had betrayed. Von Hund denounced him as an imposter and Johnson fled, but was arrested at Magdeburg, and imprisoned at Wartzberg, where he died in 1773.

Alex C. Johnson (1861–1938) Vice President of Chicago and North Western Railroad, 1920–29. b. May 20, 1861 in Crawford Co., Pa. He began with the above railroad in 1892, as a special agent, becoming passenger traffic manager, and general traffic manager. Member of Clark Lodge No. 42, Clark, S.D. d. March 18, 1938.

Andrew Johnson (1808–1875) Seventeenth President of the United States. b. Dec. 29, 1808, near Carter's Station, Tenn. Self-educated, he was apprenticed to a tailor at the age of ten. In 1826 he moved with his family into Tenn., and settled at Greeneville, where he opened a tailor shop. He was a member of the U.S. congress in 1843–53. From 1853–57 he was governor of Tennessee, and U.S. senator from that state 1857–62. He was loyal to the Union during the Civil War, and as military governor of Tenn., held the rank of brigadier general. He was vice president under Lincoln from March 4 to April 15, 1865, and succeeded to the presidency on the death of Lincoln, serving until 1869. He again was elected U.S. senator in 1875, but served only a few months until his death. He was a member of Greeneville Lodge No.119, Greeneville, Tenn., receiving his degrees in 1851 (initiated May 5th), and remained a member of that lodge until his death. At the request of his lodge, G. C. Connor, deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tenn. conducted the Masonic burial service and Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 9, K.T. of Knoxville gave the Templar burial service. His chapter and commandery membership is not known, but he was definitely a Knight Templar as there is a picture of him in Commandery regalia owned by Nashville Commandery No. 1,

K.T. Some have Charles H. Johnson claimed his membership was in this commandery, but the record is often confused with another Andrew Johnson who was knighted on July 26, 1859. On June 20, 1867, he received the 4th through 32nd degrees of the Scottish Rite at the executive mansion at the hands of Benjamin B. French, q.v., and A.T.C. Pierson. He thus became the first president to receive the Scottish Rite degrees. He participated in many Masonic functions and cornerstone layings, including a monument to Stephen A. Douglas, q.v., at Chicago, Sept. 6, 1866; Masonic Temple, Baltimore, Nov. 20, 1866; Masonic Temple, Boston, June 24, 1867; Antietam National Cemetery (Md.) Oct. 17, 1867; Masonic Temple, 9th and F Sts., N.W., Washington, May 20, 1868. His close association with Freemasonry was one of the factors that led to his impeachment trial. Thaddeus Stevens, q.v., the anti-Mason, was a ringleader in the impeachment proceedings against Johnson in 1868. d. July 31, 1875.

Axel P. Johnson (1878–1952) Publisher. b. Sept. 24, 1878 in Gefle, Sweden. He came to U.S. with parents in 1888. He began as a reporter on the Minneapolis Tribune in 1900. He was successively, advertising manager of the Minneapolis Times; the Milwaukee Sentinel; general manager of Chicago Record-Herald; and publisher and owner of the Grand Rapids News (1912–22). From 1921 he was president of the A. P. Johnson Co., publishers and printers. He was raised in King Oscar Lodge No. 855, Chicago, May 1, 1908, and affiliated with York Lodge No. 410, Grand Rapids, Nov. 8, 1935, becoming a life member June 7, 1948; received degrees in Oriental Consistory, Chicago, AASR (NJ) in 1908, and was editor of the

Chicago Scottish Rite Magazine for several years; received 33° Sept. 21, 1915. He wrote the booklet "Why the Scottish Rite," and a Masonic play, *Darius*, as well as a modern drama for the AASR, entitled *One Wise Man*. In 1944 he founded the *Scottish Rite News* for the Valley of Grand Rapids. He was a member of the York Rite, and past sovereign of the Red Cross of Constantine. He spent much effort in raising money for the George Washington National Masonic Memorial in Va. d. July 9, 1952.

Bernard L. Johnson (1883–1947) Editor. b. Dec. 2, 1883 at Clyde, Mich. Graduate of Kalamazoo Coll. and U. of Chicago. He was the editor of the *American Builder* (now *American Builder and Building Age*) from 1908–43, and western editor from 1943. He was editor of *Farm Mechanics* from 1919–28. He wrote many books on building and home improvement, including *Framing*; *Radford's Cyclopedia of Construction* (12 vols.); *Farm and Building Guide*; *Book of Farm Improvements*; *Small Homes of Charm*; *Most Popular Homes in America*, etc. Member of Republic Lodge No. 914, Chicago, Ill. Suspended NPD June 26, 1934. d. Dec. 22, 1947.

Charles F. Johnson (1859–1930) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1911–17. b. Feb. 14, 1859 at Winslow, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin, 1879. He served as principal of high school at Machias, Maine for five years, and was admitted to the bar in 1886, practicing at Waterville. He was elected two terms to the state legislature, defeated for governor twice, and U.S. circuit judge of 1st circuit from 1917. Received his degrees in Herwood Lodge No. 91, Machias, Maine on Jan. 1, Feb. 5 and

Feb. 12, 1883. Dimitted on Nov. 8, 1886 and affiliated with Waterville Lodge No. 33, Waterville, Maine on Feb. 7, 1887. Was master of the latter lodge in 1894–95 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1906–07. d. Feb. 15, 1930.

Charles H. Johnson (1870–1948) Past General Grand Master, General Grand Council R. & S.M. b. Oct. 13, 1870 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Harvard and Boston U. His life was devoted to social welfare work. He was superintendent of several orphans' and children's homes in New York, deputy warden of Sing Sing; president of American Prison Association; Secretary of N.Y. state board of charities; commissioner of social welfare of N.Y.; and with American relief administration in Russia in 1922. He was a 33° AASR (NJ); past grand master of the Grand Lodge of N.Y.; grand secretary of the grand lodge; president of Masonic Relief Association of U.S. and Canada. He wrote many pamphlets on philanthropic and Masonic topics. d. Oct. 28, 1948.

Clarence W. Johnson President of The Fleischmann Malting Co., Chicago, since 1949. b. Nov. 20, 1898 at Kenosha, Wis. He has been with the Fleischmann company since 1918. Raised in Loyal Lodge No. 1007, Chicago, Ill., Nov., 1920; 32° AASR in Minneapolis, Minn. and member of Zuhrah Shrine Temple, Minneapolis.

David Johnson (1782–1855) Governor of South Carolina in 1847. b. Oct. 3, 1782 in Louisa Co., Va. His family moved to S.C. in 1789. He studied law, and settled in Union Court House. In 1812 he was a member of the state legislature;

circuit judge in 1815–24; elevated to court of appeals in 1824, and made chancellor in 1835. A member of Union Lodge No. 43, Union Court House, S.C., he was master of same, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1826. d. Jan. 7, 1855.

Eben S. Johnson (1866–1939) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. Feb. 8, 1866 in Warwickshire, England. He came to the U.S. in 1889. Graduate of Morningside Coll. (Ia.), he was ordained to the ministry in 1889, and was a pastor in Iowa for many years. In 1916 he was elected missionary bishop of Africa, and bishop in 1920. He served as a chaplain in the Span–ish–American War, and on Mexican border in 1916. His extensive missionary travels in Africa included journey across the wilds of Angola and Belgian Congo, 800 miles of which was on foot. Original lodge not known, but was admitted to Kane Lodge No. 377, Ida Grove, Iowa on Dec. 13, 1907; dimitted Oct. 14, 1910 and admitted to Landmark Lodge No. 103, Sioux City, Iowa on Dec. 12, 1910. Was past grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Iowa. d. Dec. 9, 1939.

Edward P. Johnson General Manager of Metropolitan Opera Assn., Inc., 1935–50. b. in Guelph, Ont., Canada. Graduate of U. of Toronto and U. of Western Ontario. Sang in light opera on Broadway for short time, and then studied in Italy under Vincenzo Lombardi, and in Florence. Made his debut at Teatro Verdi, Padua, in Andrea Chenier, and sang five seasons at La Scala, Milan. In 1914 he was the creator of Parsifal, in Italian, and new roles by Puccini, Alfano, Pizzetti, Zandonai, Montemezzi and Deems Taylor. He has

sung in London, Madrid, Lisbon, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, and Rio de Janeiro. He returned to the U.S. with the Chicago Opera Co. in 1920, and was with the Metropolitan from 1922. Member of Adelpbic Lodge No. 348, New York City, receiving degrees on Feb. 18, March 4, and April 1, 1902.

Edwin C. Johnson U.S. Senator and Governor of Colorado. b. Jan. 1, 1884 at Scandia, Kans. He began as a railroad laborer in 1901, and was successively, a telegrapher, train dispatcher, homesteader, and manager of farmers cooperative. He was a member of the Colorado legislature four terms (1923–31) ; lieutenant governor of Colo., 1931–33, and governor two terms, 1933–37. He was U.S. senator from Colorado three terms, 1936–54. Member of Yampa Lodge No. 88, Craig, Colo., he received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Rocky Mountain Consistory, Nov. 15, 1935.

Edwin S. Johnson (1857–1933) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1915–21. b. Feb. 26, 1857 in Owen Co., Ind. Began in clothing business with father in S.D. in 1884 and later engaged in banking at Grandview and Armour. He was admitted to the bar in 1891, served as states attorney, and in the state senate. Mason; received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oriental Consistory, Nov. 23, 1911. d. July 19, 1933.

Evan M. Johnson (1861–1923) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 26, 1861 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Mt. Union Coll., 1904. He enlisted as a private in 1882, and rose through grades to brigadier general in 1917. He served in the campaign against the Apache Indians and Geronimo in

Ariz. and N.M. in 1885–86; expedition to Vera Cruz, Mexico in 1914; Spanish–American War in 1898; Philippine Insurrection, 1899–1901, and in WWI commanded the 154th brigade, 158th brigade, 77th and 79th Infantry divisions. He was secretary of the Infantry Assoc. and editor of the Infantry Journal from 1912–14. Member of the New York Scottish Rite bodies. d. Oct. 13, 1923.

Frank T. Johnson (1874–1939) Artist who specialized in Western life paintings. b. June 26, 1874 on a ranch near Big Grove, Iowa. Studied at New York School of Art. He was director of the Biltmore Salon of Los Angeles, and received several national prizes for his paintings. He is represented in the National Art Gallery, Washington, D.C.; Dallas, Texas Art Association; Royal Palace, Copenhagen, Denmark; Dunedin Museum of New Zealand; Municipal Art Gallery, N.Y.C., and other places. Mason. d. Jan. 1, 1939.

George W. Johnson (1811–1862) Governor of Kentucky. b. May 27, 1811 near Georgetown, Ky. Graduate of Transylvania Coll. at Georgetown. Represented Scott Co. in legislature from 1838–40. He first practiced law at Georgetown, but gave this up for farming, later entering politics. He was wounded at the Battle of Shiloh on April 7, 1862. Member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 14. d. April 9, 1862.

Guy Johnson (1740–1788) Colonel in British Army during Revolution, and nephew of Sir William Johnson, q.v. b. in County Meath, Ireland in 1740. On the refusal of Sir John Johnson, q.v. (son of Sir William), to accept his father's office

of superintendent of Indian affairs, Guy assumed the office from the time of his uncle's death in 1744, until the end of the Revolution. Previous to this he had served as his uncle's deputy. He married his cousin, Mary, daughter of Sir William. Guy served against the French in 1757, and again in 1759, when he commanded a company of rangers under Sir Jeffrey Amherst. At the start of the Revolution, he fled to Montreal by way of Oswego, with his family and a few faithful Indians. From there he went to England, but returned the following year, remaining several months in N.Y.C., and in 1778, accompanied his old friend Chief Joseph Brant, q.v., on raids in the Mohawk Valley. In Oct. 1779 his estates were confiscated by the New York assembly, and he resettled in Canada. When St. Patricks Lodge No. 8 (now 4) of Johnstown, N.Y. was chartered, May 23, 1766, Guy Johnson was the first senior warden. His uncle, Sir William, was first master, and William's son-in-law, Daniel Claus, was junior warden. Guy had been initiated early in 1766, in Union Lodge No. 1, of Albany, N.Y. On Feb. 7, 1771 he succeeded his uncle as the second master of St. Patrick's Lodge. When he became Indian agent, he made Joseph Brant his secretary, and when he fled to England, he took Brant with him, and was undoubtedly the one who paved the way for Brant to become a member of the Hiram's Cliftonian Lodge No. 417 in London on that trip. It was while he was with Henry Johnson Brant's forces in the Mohawk Valley that Lieutenant Boyd lost his life after appealing to Col. John Butler (first secretary of St. Patrick's Lodge) for mercy. d. March 5, 1788.

Henry Johnson (1783–1864) U.S. Senator and Governor of

Louisiana. b. Sept. 14, 1783 in Tenn. He studied law in La., and started practice at Bringiers. In 1809 he was clerk of the territorial court. He was elected to the U.S. senate in place of William C. C. Claiborne, q.v., serving from 1818–24, when he resigned to become governor of La.; he held that office four years. He was elected to the U.S. congress in 1834–39, and again served in the U.S. senate from 1844–49. His original lodge is not known, but he was made an honorary member of Polar Star Lodge No. 1, New Orleans. d. Sept. 4, 1864.

Herschel V. Johnson U.S. Ambassador and foreign service officer. b. May 3, 1894 in Atlanta, Ga. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1916, and later attended Harvard Law School. Appointed to the diplomatic service in 1920, first serving in Switzerland. He was then secretary of the legation at Sofia, Bulgaria, and Tegucigalpa, Honduras. He was first secretary of embassy in Mexico City in 1929–30, and then chief of division of Mexican affairs in State Dept., 1930–34. From 1934–37 he was first secretary of embassy in London, and counselor of same from 1937–41 with rank of minister. From 1941–46 he was minister to Sweden. He was U.S. representative on U.N. Security Council from 1946–48, with rank of ambassador. From 1948–53 he was ambassador to Brazil. Now retired. Served as Infantry captain overseas in WWI. A member of Crawfish Spring Lodge No. 300 of Chickamauga, Ga., he received his degrees on April 20, 25 and 27, 1918.

Hiram W. Johnson (1866–1945) U.S. Senator and Governor of Cali-fornia. b. Sept. 2, 1866 in Sacramento, Calif. Began as a shorthand reporter, and studied law in his father's office,

being admitted to the bar in 1888. He practiced first in Sacramento, and moved to San Francisco in 1902. He was on the staff of prosecuting attorneys in the boodling cases that involved leading city officials and almost all public utilities in San Francisco. When Francis J. Heney was shot down in court, while prosecuting Abe Ruef for bribery in 1908, Johnson took his place and secured conviction of Ruef. He was governor of Calif. from 1911–15, and reelected for term of 1915–19, but resigned in 1917. He was then U.S. senator from Calif. until his death. A founder of the Progressive Party in 1912, he was vice presidential candidate on that ticket in 1912, and presidential candidate in 1924. Member of Washington Lodge No. 20, Sacramento; he was also a member of Sacramento Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., and Commandery No. 2, K.T. of that city. Member of Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco. d. Aug. 6, 1945.

Howard A. Johnson Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Montana, 1938–46. b. Dec. 18, 1893 at Beloit, Wis. A.B. and LL.B. from U. of Montana in 1916–17. He served in state legislature, as county attorney, and assistant U.S. attorney. Practiced law at Butte, and resigned from supreme court bench to resume practice. In WWI he was a pursuit pilot with the 638th Aero Squad., A.E.F. Raised in Summit Valley Lodge No. 123, Butte, Mont. in 1920.

James Johnson (1811–1891) Provisional Governor of Georgia in 1865. b. in Robinson Co., N.C. Feb. 12, 1811, he was graduated from the state university in 1832, studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing in Columbus, Ga. He

was U.S. congressman from 1851–53. From 1866–69 he was collector of customs at Savannah, and in 1870, appointed judge of circuit court. Member of Columbian Lodge No. 8, Columbus, Ga. d. Nov. 20, 1891.

Jesse G. Johnson Admiral, U.S. Navy who captured German submarine U-505 intact on June 4, 1944. b. Jan. 9, 1895 at Bridgeton, N.J. Commissioned ensign in 1918, and advanced through grades to admiral in 1947. From 1918–23 he served on destroyers, transports, and the aircraft carrier U.S.S. Langley. A naval aviator, he mapped Wake Island in 1935, and built air base on Russell Islands in 1943. He was executive officer, and assistant task force commander, on U.S.S. Guadalcanal in Atlantic, 1943–44. In 1945 he commanded the U.S.S. Webster in the Pacific; retired in 1947. Author of *Sourdough Flights*, a history of Alaskan flights. Member of Brearley Lodge No. 2, Bridgeton, N.J. since 1917; 32° AASR (SJ) in Norfolk, Va., and Khedive Shrine Temple of that city.

J. Lovell Johnson (1876–1935) President of Iver Johnson's Arms & Cycle Works of Fitchburg, Mass.; Iver Johnson's Arms & Cycle Works of Canada; Iver Johnson Sporting Goods Co. of Boston. b. June 26, 1876 in Worcester, Mass. Began with the Johnson firm in 1896. Member of Charles W. Moore Lodge, Fitchburg, Mass.; 32° AASR (NJ); Thomas Chapter, R.A.M., Fitchburg, and Hiram Council, R. & S.M., Worcester, Mass. d. Nov. 9, 1935.

John Neely Johnson (1825–1872) Governor of California in 1855. b. August 2, 1825 in Indiana. A lawyer, he practiced in

Sacramento and San Francisco. Member of Tehama Lodge No. 3, Sacramento. d. Aug. 31, 1872. Also member of Sacramento Chapter No. 3, R.A.M.

Sir John Johnson (1742–1830) British Colonel in Revolutionary War, and last Provincial Grand Master of New York. b. Nov. 5, 1742 at “Mount Johnson” on Mohawk River, N.Y., the son of Sir William Johnson, q.v., the British Indian agent. Educated by clergymen of the Dutch church, and Church of England, chiefly at Albany and N.Y. City, he spent some time in England, during which time he was knighted by George III as a compliment to his father. Hence both bore titles at the same time. It was also while in England that he was initiated in the Royal Lodge of St. James of London. As a youth, he saw considerable militia service under his father, and at the latter’s death, he succeeded him as major general of militia (1774), as well as provincial grand master. Between Dec. 5, 1767 and May 3, 1773, he was a frequent visitor to St. Patrick’s Lodge No. 4 at Johnstown. This lodge was founded by his father, who was first master. His cousin, Guy Johnson, q.v., was first senior warden, and his brother-in-law, Daniel Claus, junior warden. He fled to Montreal with about 300 of his Scotch-Tory tenants in the spring of 1776 when he learned that Gen. Schuyler was about to capture him. Here he was made colonel, and raised two battalions known as the “Queen’s Royal Greens.” With them he fought at Fort Stanwix, Oriskany (where Gen. Herkimer, q.v., was killed), and finally were forced to flee back to Canada when the Indians deserted them in fear of Benedict Arnold, q.v. In May, 1780, he desolated Cherry Valley, and in the same year, with Chief Joseph

Brant, q.v., and Cornplanter, he raided the Mohawk Valley. At the close of the war his properties were confiscated, and he went to Canada, where the crown appointed him superintendent general of Indian affairs in North America. He spent the year 1784 in England, but returned, and was a member of the provincial council of Canada. In 1789 he became grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Quebec. d. Jan. 4, 1830.

John A. "Jack" Johnson (1878–1946) Negro heavyweight boxing champion of the world. He won the championship by defeating Tommy Burns in 1908. He was defeated by James J. Jeffries in 1910, and lost the title to Jess Willard at Havana, Cuba, in 1915. He was raised in Lodge Forfar & Kincadine No. 225, Dundee, Scotland at 10:00 a.m. October 13, 1911. This meeting was not publicised and Johnson was proposed for membership by a new member of the lodge. Little was known of either the new member or Johnson. Since the members of the lodge had not been notified, and the charter called for no meetings in the morning hours, the charter was suspended from Dec. 21, 1911 to Nov. 1, 1913. When his initiation in a regular lodge became known to American Freemasons, it caused quite a furor.

John L. Johnson (1869–1932) President of Mississippi Woman's College from 1912. b. Aug. 10, 1869 in Spottsylvania Co., Va. Graduate of U. of Miss. and Miss. Coll. Taught school, served as principal and superintendent in public schools, and was president of Hillman Coll. (Clinton, Miss.), 1905–06; professor of modern language in Miss. Coll. 1906–12. Original

lodge not known, but affiliated with Hattiesburg Lodge No. 397, Hattiesburg, Miss. on March 7, 1921. d. Feb. 1, 1932.

John M. Johnson Interstate Commerce Commissioner, 1949–56. b. May 5, 1878 in Marion, S.C. In practice as a civil engineer from 1898, specializing in drainage projects. Served in Spanish–American War, and as a colonel in WWI with the Rainbow Division. He was chairman of the S.C. highway commission in 1912–14, and assistant secretary of Commerce, 1935–40. In 1956 he became assistant to the president of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad. Member of Clinton Lodge No. 60, Marion, S.C. since 1899, which he believes makes him not only the oldest in age but in length of membership of that lodge.

Joseph B. Johnson Governor of Vermont, 1955–58. b. Aug. 29, 1893 in Helsingborg, Sweden. He was brought to the U.S. in 1894, and naturalized in 1900. Graduate of U. of Vermont in 1915. Starting as a draftsman with the Bryant Chucking Grider Co. in 1910, he became chief engineer, general manager, and vice president. He served in the state lower house in 1945–46, and in senate, 1947–50. From 1951–54 he was lieutenant governor of Vermont. Member and past master of St. Johns Lodge No. 41, Springfield, Vt. Member and past high priest of Skitchewaug Chapter No. 21, R.A.M. and member of Springfield Council No. 18, R. & S.M., both of Springfield.

Keen Johnson Governor of Kentucky, 1939–43; Vice president and director of Reynolds Metal Co. b. Jan. 12, 1896 in Lyon Co., Ky. Student at Central Coll. (Mo.) 1914–17, and graduate of U. of Kentucky in 1922. Between 1919 and 1925,

he edited the Lawrenceburgh News (Ky.) and Elizabethtown Mirror (Ky.). He has been editor and president of the Richmond Daily Register since 1925. Named vice president of Reynolds Metal in 1945, he has been director of public relations since 1947. He was lieutenant governor of Ky. from 1935–39, and became governor on resignation of Gov. A. B. Chandler, q.v. In 1946–47 he was undersecretary of labor. He served as a lieutenant in the 89th Division in WWI. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 25, Richmond, Ky.

Leroy Johnson U.S. Congressman to 78th through 84th Congresses from Calif. (3rd and list dists.). b. in Wausau, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin, and U. of California. Admitted to the bar in 1915, he practiced at Stockton, Calif. In WWI he was a pilot of the 104th Aero Sqn. Mason.

Louis A. Johnson Secretary of Defense, 1949–50; Assistant Secretary of War, 1937–40; National Commander of American Legion, 1932–33. b. Jan. 10, 1891 in Roanoke, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1912. He began law practice at Clarksburg, W.Va. in 1912. In 1942 he was the personal representative of the President in India. During WWI he served overseas as an Infantry Captain. A member of Clarksburg Lodge No. 155, Clarksburg, W.Va., he received his degrees May 6, June 17, Aug. 1, 1921. Exalted in Adoniram Chapter No. 11, R.A.M. on Oct. 21, 1921 and knighted in Clarksburg Commandery No. 13, K.T. on Jan. 31, 1922—all of Clarksburg, W.Va. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Wheeling, W.Va. May 24, 1928. Made a member of Osiris Shrine Temple, Wheeling, April 5, 1924. Member of National Sojourners.

Melvin M. Johnson (1871–1957) Dean of Boston University Law School, 1935–43 and Sovereign Grand Commander, AASR, Northern Jurisdiction, 1933–54. b. May 11, 1871 at Waltham, Mass. Graduate of Tufts and Boston U. Law School. He practiced law from 1895–1939, and gained an international reputation in the defense of the LeBlane–Glover murder case. In 1918 he became associated with the Boston U. Law School as a professor, and was dean emeritus from 1943. He was much in demand as a public speaker. He was raised in Monitor Lodge, Waltham, Mass. in 1892, served as master in 1902, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts from 1914–16. He was a member of all York Rite bodies and many other Masonic organizations. He received distinguished service medals from the grand lodges of Rhode Island, Maine, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Carolina, Nova Scotia, Czechoslovakia, and Norway, as well as the Gourgas medal from the Northern Jurisdiction, AASR. An author of many Masonic articles, his best known book is *The Beginnings of Freemasonry in America*. Under his leadership the membership of the northern jurisdiction rose from a low of 208,000 to 425,000 in 1954, at the time of his retirement from office. It is through his efforts that the northern jurisdiction set up a foundation for research in schizophrenia, the chief mentalcrippler. Since 1934 this foundation has sponsored more than 50 separate projects at research centers across the U.S. and Canada. Johnson was a member of the executive committee of the George Washington National Memorial Association. d. Dec. 18, 1957.

Melvin M. Johnson, Jr. Inventor of the Johnson automatic

rifles and machine guns. b. Aug. 27, 1909 in Boston, Mass., the son of Melvin M. Johnson, q.v., former sovereign grand commander of the AASR (NJ). Graduate of Harvard in 1931 and 1934, he was admitted to the bar in 1935. He invented the Johnson semi-automatic rifle in 1936; Johnson light machine gun, 1937; Johnson light machine rifle, 1940; Johnson auto-carbine, 1941; and Johnson Indoor Target Gun, 1946. He resigned as president and director of the Johnson Automatics and subsidiaries to join the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., a division of Olin Industries, Inc., in 1939, merging Johnson Arms with Winchester. He has since served as a research consultant to many large organizations, including the U.S. Army. A Marine Corps officer, he engaged in weapons development in WWII. Mason, 32° AASR, National Sojourner, member of Heroes of '76 and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Napoleon B. Johnson Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma. b. Jan. 17, 1891 in Maysville, Okla. He was admitted to the bar in 1921, and practiced in Claremore, Okla. He has been a member of the supreme court of Okla. since 1948, and chief justice, 1955–57. He is president of the Inter-Tribal Council of the Five Civilized Tribes, and a member of the National Hall of Fame for Famous American Indians; member of the surgeon general's advisory committee on Indian health; and president of the National Congress of American Indians of U.S. and Alaska. Member of Claremore Lodge No. 53, Claremore, Okla. since Sept., 1920 and 32° AASR at Guthrie, Okla.

Nels G. Johnson Judge, Supreme Court of North Dakota

since 1954. b. April 30, 1896 in Arkanes, Iceland. He migrated to the U.S. in 1900, and was naturalized in 1908. Graduate of U. of North Dakota in 1924, and 1926. He established his law practice in Towner, N.D. in 1926. He was attorney general of N.D. from 1945. Served in WWI as a private in the 82nd Infantry Division. Member of Bismarck Lodge No. 5, and Mouse River Lodge No. 43, and a past grand orator of the Grand Lodge of North Dakota. d. 1958. York Rite Mason; St. Felix Conclave, R.C.C. at Fargo, N.D.

Paul B. Johnson (1880–1943) U.S. Congressman to 66th and 67th Congresses (1919–23) from 6th Miss. dist. b. March 23, 1880 in Hillsboro, Miss. Admitted to the bar, and practiced at Hattiesburg. Served as judge of city court, and for eight years as circuit judge. Democratic nominee for governor in 1939. Member of Hattiesburg Lodge No. 297, Hattiesburg, Miss., and of Scottish Rite (suspended in latter, NPD). d. Dec. 26, 1943.

Richard M. Johnson (1780–1850) Ninth Vice President of the United States, 1837–41. b. Oct. 17, 1780 in Bryant's Station, Ky. Admitted to the bar in 1802, he was a member of the U.S. Congress in 1807–19, and 1829–37. From 1819–29 he was U.S. senator from Ky. In the electoral vote for vice president in 1837, no candidate gained a majority in the electoral college, and the election was thereby thrown into the senate. He was the only vice president to be thus elected. He was a member of Hiram Lodge No. 4, Frankfort, Ky., but the dates of his degrees are not known. He is listed as a past master in the returns of this lodge of Oct. 1, 1806,

and dimitted June 20, 1808. His name appears as a member, and past master, in Mount Vernon Lodge No. 14 in August, 1807. He was evidently a charter member of this lodge. He is also listed as a member of Mount Vernon Chapter (later Georgetown Chapter No. 13, R.A.M.) of Georgetown, Ky., in the proceedings of 1823 to 1827 inclusive. In the resolutions adopted by the anti-Masonic members of the Massachusetts legislature at Boston in 1836 he is referred to as "an adhering Mason." d. Nov. 19, 1850.

Robert L. Johnson President of Temple University since 1941. b. March 25, 1894 in New York City. Graduate of Yale in 1918. From 1922–37 he was vice president of Time, Inc. He is a director of Armstrong Cork Co., Girard Trust Corn Exchange Bank, Penn-Mutual Life Insurance Co., Bell Telephone Co., Avco Manufacturing Co., and others. He served in WWI as a lieutenant in 7th Field Artillery of 1st Division. He was made a Mason "at sight," March 2, 1949, by George H. Deike, grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania at a special communication of that grand lodge.

Robert W. Johnson (1814–1879) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, 1853–61. b. in Kentucky in 1814. He moved to Pine Bluff, Ark. where he practiced law. He was a member of the U.S. congress from 1847–53. He withdrew from the U.S. senate in 1861 when Arkansas passed an ordinance of secession, and was elected to the provisional Confederate congress; in 1862 elected to the Confederate senate, in which he was an active member until the close of the Civil War. After the war, he practiced law in Washington,

Sir William Johnson D.C. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas in 1862, and in 1860 in the proceedings is listed as a member of Union Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. of Little Rock. d. about 1879.

Royal C. Johnson (1882–1939) U.S. Congressman to 64th through 72nd Congresses (1915–33) from 2nd S.D. dist. b. Oct. 3, 1882 in Cherokee, Iowa. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1906. He practiced law in Highmore, S.D. from 1906 to 1912, when he moved to Aberdeen. In 1911–15 he was attorney general of the state, and in 1929 was appointed a member of the Mt. Rushmore National Memorial committee. He served in WWI as an enlisted man and officer, and was wounded in France and discharged in 1918. Member of Ree Valley Lodge No. 70, Highmore, S.D. d. Aug. 2, 1939.

Samuel Johnson (1709–1784) The great English lexicographer, critic, and conversationalist whose life was immortalized by his biographer James Boswell, q.v., in *Life of Samuel Johnson*. Johnson's greatest accomplishment was the compilation of the world's first dictionary of the language (1755). This brought him doctorates from Oxford and Dublin universities. b. in Lichfield, he was the son of a bookdealer. He opened a school in Lichfield in which David Garrick, q.v., was a student. He contributed heavily to literary magazines of the day and wrote many volumes including *Lives of the Poets* (in 10 volumes); *Journey to the Western Isles of Scotland*; and *Rasselas, Prince of Abyssinia*. He first met Boswell in May, 1763. There is no definite proof that Johnson was a Mason, but as Mackey says, "the probabilities in favor of his having

been one are much weightier than the probability against.” There was a “Samuel Johnson” who was a member of Old Dundee Lodge No. 18 (formerly No. 9) of Wapping, London. He was proposed May 14, 1767, accepted May 28, 1767, and made a Master Mason July 9, 1767. His name appears thereafter in the records 21 times.

Sir William Johnson (1715–1774) English Baronet who was a most colorful and powerful figure in prerevolutionary America. b. in Smittstown, County Meath, Ireland. He came to America in 1783 to manage the property of his uncle, Admiral Sir Peter Warren, which was located about 24 miles west of Schenectady. Johnson soon began trade with the Indians, whom he always treated with honesty and justice. His manner was dignified and affable, and he cultivated their friendship by learning their language, assuming many of their manners, and even their dress. His influence, which was greater than any other white man had possessed, earned him the Indian title Wariaghejaghe, or “he who has charge of affairs,” and was made a sachem of the Mohawk Tribe. He was a major general of British militia, and distinguished himself in the border warfare with the French, and in Feb., 1748 was placed in command of all New York colonial forces. On April 14, 1755, he was appointed “sole superintendent of the affairs of the Six United Nations, their allies and dependents,” holding this position until his death on July 11, 1774. His nephew, Guy Johnson, q.v., replaced him in this office. He became interested in Joseph Brant, q.v., the Mohawk chief, when the latter was about 17 years old. Brant served under Johnson at the Battle of Fort Niagara on July 25, 1759. He later sent

him to school, and took Brant's sister Molly as a common-law wife. He was knighted for his service in the French War, and given 100,000 acres of land in the Mohawk Valley. He was raised in Union Lodge No. 1 (now Mt. Vernon No. 3) of Albany, N.Y., April 10, 1766. On May 23, 1766 a charter was issued to St. Patrick's Lodge No. 8 (now No. 4) to constitute a regular lodge to be held at Johnson Hall in the county of Albany and the province of New York in America. Its first meeting took place Aug. 23, 1776, and Johnson was charter master with his nephew, Guy Johnson, as senior warden, and his son-in-law, Daniel Claus, as junior warden. John Butler, q.v., of Revolutionary fame, was secretary. He established a lodge room on the second floor of his home, Johnson Hall, and it is today a museum with some of the original lodge furniture intact. He later became provincial grand master of New York. On his death, this title was inherited by his son, Sir John Johnson, q.v. On May 4, 1769, the secretary of the lodge recorded that "The Master (Sir William) observed that he had received a commission as Master of a Lodge of superior degrees, which would require his attendance occasionally at Albany." This reference would tend to prove the assertion that he was one of the early founders of the Scottish Rite in America, as he is said to have been master of the "Ineffable Lodge" (of Perfection) at Albany from 1769 to 1773. He was succeeded by his nephew as master of St. Patrick's Lodge on Feb. 7, 1771. d. July 11, 1774.

William E. Johnson (1862–1945) Prohibition lecturer known as "Pussyfoot" Johnson, because of his catlike policies in pursuing lawbreakers in the Indian Territory. b. March

25, 1862 in Coventry, N.Y. He was educated in the U. of Nebraska. He made three trips around the world in the interest of temperance, delivering more than 4,000 lectures. He lost an eye at a prohibition meeting at Essex Hall, London in 1919, by a missile thrown by a member of a mob. As a special officer of the Dept. of Interior to enforce laws in the Indian Territory (1906–11), he secured more than 4,400 convictions. A newspaperman and editor, he was on the staff of the Lincoln News (Nebr.) and later manager of the Nebraska News Bureau. From 1895–99 he edited the New York Voice, and from 1899–1905 the Chicago Voice. He was editor of the New Republic, 1913–16, and at the same time was managing editor of 35 publications of the Anti-Saloon League. His books on prohibition are numerous. Mason, Knight Templar, and 32° AASR. d. Feb. 2, 1945.

Albert S. Johnston (1803–1862) Confederate General in Civil War. b. Feb. 3, 1803 in Washington, Ky. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1826; served in 2nd Infantry until resignation in 1834. He served in the Black Hawk War. After resignation, he farmed a short time near St. Louis, Mo., but in Aug., 1836, joined the Texas patriots and thereafter considered Texas as his home. He entered the Texas army as a private, and rose in its command as brigadier general. In the Mexican War he joined the regular army under Gen. Zachary Taylor. In 1857 he was ordered to Utah with his Texas regiment to restore order among the Mormons who were revolting against the Federal government. He was breveted brigadier general in the regulars and remained in command of Utah until 1860, when he was sent to Calif. to command

the Department of the Pacific. At the start of the Civil War, he resigned his commission and returned to Richmond, Va. where he was given command of the Confederate forces west of the Atlantic states and North of the Gulf states. In the Battle of Shiloh Church, he surprised and defeated the Federal troops under Grant, but was killed in action on April 6, 1862. *Masonic Review* (Cincinnati) p. 157, Sept. 1868 says he was a Mason, but grand secretary of Grand Lodge of Texas says "definitely not."

Alvanley Johnston (1875–1951) Grand Chief Engineer of Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, 1925–51. b. May 12, 1875, in Seeleys Bay, Ontario, Canada, of American parents, coming to the U.S. in 1888. Began as a railroad employee in 1892, and from 1897–1909 was an engineer on the Great American Railroad. He became associated with the labor group in 1909 as general chairman of the engineers of the Great Northern Railroad. Member of both York and Scottish Rites. d. Sept. 17, 1951.

Chester A. Johnston Vice President and General Manager of Wabash Railroad since 1955. b. Sept. 1, 1895 in Logansport, Ind. Educated at Purdue U., and U. of Arizona. From 1917–24 he was with the Pennsylvania Railroad, and has been with the Wabash since 1924. He is vice president and general manager of the Ann Arbor Railroad; Manistique & Lake Superior Railroad; Lake Erie and Ft. Wayne Railroad; vice president of Detroit and Western Railroad; Ann Arbor Boat Co.; Wabash Motor Transport Co. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

Harris C. Johnston President of Kemper Military Academy from 1949. b. Feb. 12, 1883 in Boonville, Mo., son of Col. Thomas A. Johnston, the second president of Kemper. He was educated in Kemper and Western Reserve U. He served as athletic director and coach at Kemper for 30 years and was quartermaster of the school from 1904–49. Initiated in Cooper Lodge No. 36, Boonville, in 1920, he served as master in 1927 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1941–42. Exalted in Boonville Chapter No. 60, R.A.M., May 7, 1920, he was high priest in 1929. Greeted in Centralia Council, R. & S.M. May 12, 1920 and knighted in Olivet Commandery No. 53, K.T., Boonville June 2, 1920, serving as commander in 1923, 1943 and 1944. He is a member of St. Chrysostom Conclave No. 36, Red Cross of Con-stantine and sovereign in 1939. He is past intendant general of the Red Cross for Missouri. Member of Ararat Shrine, Kansas City and charter member of Kilwinning Council, A.M.D. In 1946 he received a special award for service from the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Mo.

Henry S. Johnston Former Governor of Oklahoma. b. Dec. 30, 1867. Member of Perry Lodge No. 78, Perry, Okla., receiving degrees on June 23, Oct 4 and Dec. 6, 1901. Grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma from 1918–21; on appeals and grievances committee, 1916–17; grand master of Oklahoma in 1924. Master of his lodge in 1916. Royal Arch Mason; 32° AASR (SJ) on April 30, 1913; KCCH in Oct. 1919. Elected to receive 33° in 1923, but was never coroneted. The time was not extended in 1925. Living at Perry, Okla.

Olin D. Johnston U.S. Senator from South Carolina since 1944, and Governor of South Carolina, 1937–44. b. Nov. 18, 1896 in Anderson Co., S.C. Graduate of Wofford Coll. (Spartanburg), and U. of S.C. Admitted to the bar in 1924, practicing at Spartanburg. Served as a sergeant with the 43rd Division in France in WWI. Member of Center Lodge No. 37 at Honea Path, S.C., and member of Scottish Rite (SJ) at Charleston, S.C.

Samuel Johnston (1733–1816) Governor of North Carolina, 1787–89, and U.S. Senator, 1789–93. b. Dec. 15, 1733 in Dundee, Scotland. His parents settled in Chowan Co., N.C. in 1736. He was educated in the East and studied law in Edenton where he opened practice. He was elected to the state general assembly in 1759, and served through a dozen sessions prior to 1775. Between 1774 and 1776 he served in four provincial congresses in N.C. and was president of the last two, which launched the Revolutionary government in the state. From 1800–03 he was judge of the superior court. His last years were spent on his plantation. A member of Royal Edwin Lodge No. 5, at Windsor (now Charity No. 5), he affiliated with Unanimity Lodge No. 7 at Edenton when he moved there. He was the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, serving from Dec. 12, 1787–92. On Dec. 10, 1792 he received the Mark and Past Master degrees in Fayetteville. On July 23, 1788 the Johnston–Caswell Lodge No. 10 of Warrenton, N.C., was chartered, honoring the two first grand masters —Johnston and Richard Caswell. This was the first lodge chartered after the Revolution in N.C. d. Aug. 18, 1816.

Wayne A. Johnston President of Illinois Central Railroad since 1945. b. Nov. 19, 1897 at Urbana, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1917. He entered the service of the Illinois Central as an accountant in Champaign, Ill. in 1919, and rose through many positions to assistant general manager in 1942, vice president and general manager in 1944, and president in 1945. He is chairman of board, and director of Madison Coal Corp., Peoria & Pekin Union Railroad, and president and director of Chicago & El. Western Railroad, Paducah & Ill. Railroad. A member of Western Star Lodge No. 240 of Champaign, Ill.; Jackson Park Chapter No. 222, R.A.M., Chicago; St. Johns Conclave Premier No. 1, Red Cross of Constantine; 33° AASR, Valley of Chicago; Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago. He is also a member of the Illinois Central Square Club, the Illinois Central Shrine Club, and the South Suburban Shrine Club.

William H. Johnston (1874–1937) President of International Association of Machinists, 1912–37. b. Dec. 30, 1874 in Nova Scotia, Canada. Was brought to U.S. in 1885. He was an apprentice machinist with the Rhode Island Locomotive Works, and worked in all branches of the trade. He was a member of the National War Labor Board appointed by President Wilson, 1917–19, and was sent by the President to Great Britain and France in 1918. Mason. d. March 26, 1937.

Al Jolson (1888–1950) Actor and singer. b. May 26, 1888 in St. Petersburg, Russia, as Asa Yoelson. He first appeared on the stage as a member of the mob, in *The Children of the Ghetto*, at Herald Square Theatre in N.Y.C. on Oct. 16, 1899. Later, he

traveled with circuses, vaudeville, and Dockstader's Minstrels. He was particularly noted for his blackface minstrel songs. On the stage he played in LaBelle Paree; The Honeymoon Express; Robinson Crusoe, Jr.; Sinbad, etc. He starred in the first talking pictures The Jazz Singer; The Singing Fool and Say It With Songs. In 1940–41 he starred in his own production Hold On to Your Hat. A member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City, he was raised, July 1, 1913. He died Oct. 23, 1950, in San Francisco after returning from entertaining American troops in Japan and Korea.

Edgar A. Jonas U.S. Congressman to 81st through 83rd Congress (1949–55) from 12th Ill. dist. b. 1885 in Manitowoc Co., Wis. Graduate of Chicago Law School, and admitted to the bar in 1909, practicing in Chicago. He served as assistant state's attorney, judge of municipal court of Chicago, and judge superior court of Cook Co. Raised in Equity Lodge No. 878, Chicago, April 11, 1910, becoming charter member of Sincerity Lodge No. 982 Chicago on Nov. 12, 1915 and serving as master in 1944. Member of Lincoln Park Chapter No. 177, R.A.M., Lincoln Park Commandery No. 64, K.T.; 33° AASR in Oriental Consistory; Medinah Shrine Temple; St. John's Conclave No. 1, Red Cross of Constantine. Was grand orator of Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1940 and has been president of Illinois Masonic Hospital Assn. since 1927.

Ralph Jonas (1878–1952) Philanthropist. b. Nov. 7, 1878 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Active in philanthropic, educational, and civic movements in Greater New York. An organizer of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, as well as the Long Island

Chamber of Commerce. He was a leading factor in establishing the Board of Higher Education in N.Y.C., and a leader in establishing a city-maintained college in Brooklyn. He founded Long Island U. with a gift of \$500,000. In 1939 he was one of the incorporators of the New York World's Fair. A director and trustee of many hospitals, schools and civic organizations. Member of Euclid Lodge No. 656, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on Jan. 28, Feb. 11, and March 11, 1903. d. April 29, 1952.

Albert M. Jones Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 20, 1890 in Quincy, Mass. Commissioned in 1911, he advanced through grades to major general in 1942. From 1912-15 he was in the Canal Zone; Mexican Border in 1916; Alaska, 1917-18; commander of Ft. George Wright in Spokane, 1919; commanded 19th Infantry, 1921-22; on general staff of 2nd Division, 1924-28. In 1940-41 he was commander of the 31st Infantry at Manila, and in 1941-42, was commanding general of the 51st Division of Philippine Army and 1st Philippine Corps in Luzon and Bataan. He participated in the death march, and spent 40 months in Japanese prison camps. In 1946 he commanded Camp Beale, Calif., and was later military advisor to Republic of Philippines. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

Andrieus A. Jones (1862-1927) U.S. Senator from New Mexico, 1917-23, and 1923-29, dying in office. b. May 16, 1862 near Union City, Term. Graduate of Valparaiso U. (Ind.) in 1884-85. Taught school in Tenn. two years, and was principal of public schools in Las Vegas, N.M. 1885-87. Admitted to the bar in 1888. From 1913-16 he was first assistant secretary

of the Interior. Member of Chapman Lodge No. 2, Las Vegas, N.M., receiving degrees on Sept. 21, 1892 and Jan. 19, Feb. 16, 1893. Was junior warden of his lodge in 1894 and junior grand steward of the Grand Lodge of New Mexico in 1894. 32° AASR (SJ) and was buried Masonically. d. Dec. 20, 1927.

Anson Jones (1798–1858) Last President of the Republic of Texas, and first Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Texas. b. Jan. 20, 1798 in Great Barrington, Mass. Dr. Jones received his M.D. degree in Philadelphia in 1827, moving to New Orleans in 1832, where he practiced a year before moving to Texas; here, he settled in Brazoria Co. As chairman of a mass-meeting held there in Dec. 1835, he drew up resolutions in favor of a declaration of independence, and for a convention of the people of Texas to form a constitution. He afterward raised a military company with which he fought in the Battle of San Jacinto, and was judge advocate general. In 1837 he was a member of the Texas congress, and minister to the U.S. from Texas in 1837–39. In 1840 he was president of the state senate, and ex-officio vice president of the Republic, and secretary of state from 1841–44. He was president of the republic from 1845 until annexation to the U.S. His personal opposition to the annexation affected his popularity, destroyed his influence, and eventually his reason became unsettled, and he committed suicide. Jones was initiated in Harmony Lodge No. 52, Philadelphia, March 7, passed April 7, and raised in May, 1827. He served the lodge as junior warden in 1830, senior warden in 1831, and master in 1832. He withdrew Nov. 7, 1832, on his removal from the state. While in Philadelphia he became grand master of the

Odd Fellows. In March, 1835, Dr. Jones, together with John H. Wharton, Asa Brigham, James A. E. Phelps, Alexander Russell, and J. P. Caldwell met in a grove back of the town of Brazoria at 10 a.m. for the purpose of applying for a charter from the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. At this time every move in Texas was watched with jealousy and distrust by the Mexican government, and Freemasonry was particularly odious to the Catholic priesthood, whose influence in Texas at that time was all powerful. As a result, a dispensation was granted for Holland Lodge No. 36 (UD)—now Holland No. 1 of Houston. The charter for the lodge was delivered to Bro. John M. Allen, q.v., who was in New Orleans to recruit soldiers for the Texas forces. An orderly had been sent by Gen. Houston, q.v., to meet Allen and advise him of the coming clash with the Mexicans. Allen then set out to join Houston's forces with the charter and other communications from the grand secretary of La. in his possession. He met Dr. Jones on the prairie between Croce's and San Jacinto, and delivered the charter to him. Jones then carried it in his saddlebags through the Battle of San Jacinto. Jones became first master of Holland Lodge, and in 1838 was instrumental in the organization of the Grand Lodge of the Republic of Texas; he served as its first grand master. d. Houston, Texas, Jan. 12, 1858, and was buried with Masonic honors.

Charles “Buck” Jones (1889–1942) Actor and early Western movie star. Member of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 458, Los Angeles, Calif. d. in December, 1942 in Boston night club fire.

Charles W. Jones (1834–1897) U.S. Senator from Florida,

1875–1887. b. In Ireland in 1834, he was brought to the U.S. when ten years old. After working at his trade as a mechanic, he settled in Pensacola, Fla. in 1854, studied law, and in 1856, was admitted to the bar. He was a member of the Florida legislature in 1874. Member of Santa Rosa Lodge No. 16, and Santa Rosa Chapter No. 6, R.A.M., both of Milton, Fla. d. Oct 11, 1897.

Daniel W. Jones (1839–1918) Governor of Arkansas, 1897–1901. b. Dec. 15, 1839 in Bowie Co., Republic of Texas. He entered the Confederate Army in 1861, and became colonel of the 20th Arkansas Infantry in 1862, and at close of war commanded a brigade. He was admitted to the bar in 1865; served two terms as attorney general, and twice in the state legislature. He resumed law practice on expiration of his gubernatorial term. Member of Mount Horeb Lodge No. 4, Washington, Ark., and senior warden of same in 1866. d. Dec. 25, 1918.

Earle M. Jones Major General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 6, 1903 in Fresno, Calif. Commissioned in 1924, he advanced through grades to major general in 1951, and since that date has been adjutant general of Calif. In WWII he was executive officer in operations of S.H.A.E.F., and planner at European Theatre Headquarters. Raised March 4, 1938 in Fresno Lodge No. 247, Fresno, Calif., and past master of same. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Edward F. Jones (1828–1913) Union Brigadier General in Civil War, and scale manufacturer. b. June 3, 1828 in Utica,

N.Y. He was a colonel in the 6th Mass. regiment—the first in the Civil War. In 1865 he was breveted major general “for meritorious service.” His regiment attacked Baltimore and reached Washington on April 19, 1861, where it was met by President Lincoln. Jones operated the Jones Scale Works at Binghamton, N.Y. from 1865, under the corporate name of “Jones of Binghamton.” He was the originator of the phrases: “He pays the freight” and “Do it now.” Mason. d. Aug. 14, 1913.

Frank C. Jones (1873–1952) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine in 1928.

Inigo Jones b. April 2, 1873 in Kirksville, Mo. He received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Galveston, Texas, March 4, 1904; KCCH in 1907, and 33°, Oct. 22, 1909. He was past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas, and past grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Texas. d. Nov. 15, 1952.

George Jones (1766–1838) U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1807. b. Feb. 25, 1766 in Savannah, Ga. Studied medicine with his father and practiced a number of years. Fought in the Revolutionary War and was imprisoned in 1780–81 on an English ship. Member of state house of representatives as well as senate. Served in War of 1812 as a captain of Savannah reserves. Mayor of Savannah, 1812–14. Circuit judge in 1804–07. Member of Solomon’s Lodge No. 1, Savannah. d. Nov. 13, 1838. Son of Noble Jones, q.v.

George W. Jones (1804–1896) U.S. Senator from Iowa,

1848–59, and Major General of militia. b. April 12, 1804 in Vincennes, Ind. He was graduated from Transylvania U. (Ky.) in 1825. Admitted to the bar, but never practiced. Moving to Missouri, he was clerk of the U.S. district court in 1826, and served as aide-de-camp to General Henry Dodge, q.v., in the Black Hawk War. He moved to Wis., where he was judge of the county court, colonel, and subsequently general of militia. He was elected to Congress in 1834–37. In July, 1836 he secured a division of Michigan Territory, and the establishment of the Territory of Wisconsin. In 1839 he was appointed by Van Buren as surveyor-general of the Northwest Territory; removed by Harrison, and reappointed by Polk. In 1859 he was named as U.S. minister to New Granada, and on his return in 1861, was charged with disloyalty, and imprisoned for a time. Member of Dubuque Lodge No. 3, Dubuque, Iowa. d. July 22, 1896.

Girault M. Jones Episcopal Bishop of Louisiana since 1949. b. June 30, 1904 in Centerville, Miss. Graduate of U. of Mississippi, and U. of the South. Ordained in the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1928, he served first as a rural missionary in Miss. (1928–31), and then pastorates in Pass Christian, Miss., and New Orleans, La. In 1954 he was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. Received his degrees in Lumberton Lodge No. 417, Lumberton, Miss. and presently member of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans.

Hamilton C. Jones U.S. Congressman to 80th and 81st Congresses (1947–51) from N.C. b. in Charlotte, N.C. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1906, and Columbia U. in 1907.

Admitted to the bar in 1906, and practiced at Charlotte. Mason.

Howard W. Jones President of Youngstown College, Youngstown, Ohio. b. Sept. 27, 1895 in Palmyra, Ohio. Graduate of Hiram Coll. and Western Reserve U. Mason.

Inigo Jones (1573–1652) English architect. b. July 15, 1573 in London, England. He designed stage sets for court masques written by Ben Johnson, Heywood, Davenant and others. He served as architect to the king under James I, Charles I, and Charles II. He designed the queen's house at Greenwich, Lincoln's Inn Chapel, the banqueting hall at Whitehall, reconstruction of St. Paul's Cathedral, Covent Garden piazza and Ashburnham House in Westminster. His connection with Freemasonry is based on the statements made by Anderson in his Constitutions of 1723 where he speaks of him as "our great Master Mason Inigo Jones." In his Constitutions of 1738 he goes even further and asserts that Jones was present as grand master at the leveling of the footstone of King James I's banqueting Hall in 1607, and that the Masons then drank to "the King and the Craft." One of the Old Charges is called the Inigo Jones MS, as its frontispiece depicts masons at work and bears the inscription "Inigo Jones Delin, MDCVII," but experts are convinced that this could not possibly have been drawn by him as the manuscript itself can be proved to date not earlier than 1722. Due to Anderson, therefore, he has been claimed as grand master from 1607–18 and 1636–51. Jones did design the building that later became the famous Freemasons' Tavern in London. d. July 5, 1652.

Jacob Jones (1768–1850) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. in March, 1768, near Smyrna, Del. He studied medicine and started a practice, but became clerk of the Del. supreme court, and in 1799 entered the Navy as a midshipman. He was an officer on the frigate *Philadelphia* when it was captured in 1803 in the harbor of Tripoli. He remained a prisoner 18 months. Made commander in 1810, he was assigned to the *Wasp* in 1811. On Oct. 18, 1812 he encountered the British brig *Frolic* and after an engagement of 43 minutes captured her. However, the prize was no sooner secured than the British ship *Poitiers* of 74 guns hove into sight and the 18-gun *Wasp* was no match. They were captured and carried to Bermuda. This was the first naval engagement of the War of 1812, and the fact that an American ship could best an English ship of approximately the same power was hailed as the destruction of British invincibility on the seas. For this Congress struck a medal in his honor and awarded the commander and crew of the *Wasp* a compensation of \$25,000. He was buried Masonically by the Grand Lodge of Delaware, the grand master officiating. There is no record of his membership in a Delaware lodge, but it is thought that he was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City in 1808. The returns of the lodge in that year record his payment of the initiation fee, but no further record is given. d. Aug. 3, 1850.

James K. Jones (1839–1908) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, 1885–1903. b. Sept. 29, 1839 in Marshall Co., Miss. He served as a private in the Confederate forces through the Civil War, and then lived on his plantation until 1873, when he entered law practice. He was a member of the state senate in 1873–79,

and president of same the last three years. From 1881–87 he was U.S. congressman, and in 1896 was chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Member of Arkadelphia Lodge No. 19, Arkadelphia, Ark. d. June 1, 1908.

Jesse H. Jones (1874–1956) Secretary of Commerce, 1940–45; Director of Reconstruction Finance Corp., 1932–39. b. April 5, 1874 in Robertson Co., Tenn. In lumber business in Texas, from 1895, and banking business from 1909. Owner and publisher of Houston Chronicle, and large scale real estate investor. From 1936–43 he was chairman of executive committee of Export–Import Bank, and administrator of Federal Loan Agency, 1939–45. Member of National Emergency Council 1933–39, and Economic Defense Board, 1941–45. In recognition of his services to the state and nation, the Texas legislature authorized the painting of his portrait, which was unveiled in the state capitol building at Austin in 1935. He was made a Mason at sight, in an occasional lodge, called by Grand Master Ara M. Daniels of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia, Dec. 16, 1941, and was raised by Charles E. Baldwin, past grand master. d. June 1, 1956.

John E. Jones (1840–1896) Former Governor of Nevada. b. Dec. 5, 1840 in Wales. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 16, Eureka, Nev. and master of same in 1885. He was grand master of Nevada in 1893. d. April 10, 1896 in San Francisco, Calif.

John P. Jones (1829–1912) U.S. Senator from Nevada, five terms, 1873–1903. b. Jan. 27, 1829 in Herefordshire, England, coming to U.S. with parents in infancy. He went to Calif.

during the gold rush, serving in the Calif. state senate from 1863–67, going to Nevada in the latter year, where he engaged in the development of mines. Mason. d. Nov. 27, 1912.

John Paul Jones (1747–1792) Father of the American Navy. Original name was John Paul. b. July 6, 1747 in Kirkbean, Scotland. He went to sea at the age of 12, and at 19 was first mate of a slaver, and captain of a merchantman three years later. Ill fortune struck, however, when a man, flogged on his ship, died and another was killed in a mutiny. Hostile witnesses at the inquiry made it rough for him and he next appeared at his brother's home in Fredericksburg, Va., having added the alias of "Jones" to his name. He had been made a member of St. Bernards Lodge No. 122 (now St. Cuthbert No. 41) of Kirkcudbright, Scotland, Nov. 27, 1770. At the outbreak of the American Revolution he obtained a commission in the Continental Navy as a lieutenant. It is said that fraternal connections obtained it for him. He soon became a captain, and acted as commodore of a fleet of privateers through which he established a reputation. Taking the war into European waters, he went to France, and, through Franklin's influence, obtained a vessel named the *Bonhomme Richard* which first flew the new American ensign in foreign waters. Two days after the fight with the British *Serapis* (where he is supposed to have uttered the words "I've just begun to fight!"), his ship sank and he made his way back to Paris. While here, he became associated with the famous Lodge of the Nine Sisters, and there are several references to his membership in the lodge records. He was also a visitor to St. Thomas Lodge in Paris. The Lodge of Nine Sisters had a bust of Jones made

by Houdon, q.v., the measurements of which were used to identify Jones's body when the remains were removed more than 100 years later. Returning to Philadelphia in 1781, he was named to command the *America*, a man-of-war then building. Through "defects of taste and character," however, he was not allowed to take the vessel to sea. He again returned to Paris, and finally, in 1787, Congress voted him a medal—the only one awarded a naval hero in the Revolution. After declining service with Denmark, he accepted an appointment as rear admiral in the navy of Empress Catherine of Russia, then at war against the Turks. He was victor in the engagements on the Black Sea, but lost those in the palace corridors. He returned to Paris in 1790, and died of dropsy, July 18, 1792. He was buried in the Protestant cemetery of Paris and his gravesite was forgotten until 1905, when it was rediscovered and the remains were borne in solemn procession through the streets of Paris prior to shipment to America. They were later interred at Annapolis, Md.

John Rice Jones (1759–1824) First lawyer of Illinois and of Louisiana Territory. b. Feb. 10, 1759 in Merionthshire, Wales. He was educated in England and Wales, and was an excellent linguist, mathematician, and lawyer. He emigrated to the U.S. in 1780, settling in Philadelphia where he became acquainted with Benj. Franklin and other prominent men of that city. In 1787 he moved to Vincennes when the Northwest Territory was organized. Here he was instrumental in writing the territorial law. In 1790 he moved to Kaskaskia and practiced law, thus becoming the first practicing lawyer in Illinois. Being a French scholar, he was able to do business with the French

of the territory. In 1802 he returned to Vincennes and was appointed U.S. judge of the Indiana Territory, revising the laws of the same in 1807. In 1810 he moved to St. Louis, Mo., residing there only shortly before settling at Potosi in Washington Co., Mo. Here he formed a partnership with Moses Austin, q.v., in the lead business, and erected the first cupola furnace made in the U.S. He was elected from Washington Co. to form the first constitution of Mo. (1819). His son, Rice Jones, fought a bloodless duel with Shadrach Bond, q.v., then the first governor-elect of Illinois, on an island between Kaskaskia and St. Genevieve. A quarrel with Bond's assistant, Dunlap, led to Rice's murder by Dunlap on the streets of Kaskaskia in 1809. It is not known where John Rice received his degrees, but he is recorded as a member of St. Louis Lodge No. 111, and later of Missouri Lodge No. 12, both of St. Louis. Two of his sons were Freemasons, and one (Augustus) served as grand junior warden of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1832. Jones was named supreme court judge of Missouri and held that office at the time of his death in 1824.

Junius W. Jones Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. April 3, 1890 in Jackson, La. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1913, and advanced through grades to brigadier general, U.S. Army, 1941. He commanded several fields including Chanute (Ill.) and Lowry (Colo.), and was air inspector in inspector general's dept. in 1934-38. In 1941 he became commanding general of 5th Air Support Command at Bowman Field, Ky., and air inspector, headquarters, A.A.F., in Washington in 1943. In 1944 he became major general in the Air Force. From 1948-52 he was commanding general of the Sacramento air

material area, McClellan Air Force Base, Calif., and in 1952–53 was chief of aircraft section, International Staff, NATO. Now retired. Mason.

Louis R. Jones Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Philadelphia, Pa. Enlisted in Marine Corps in 1914, and commissioned in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. Mason and National Sojourner.

Marvin Jones U.S. Congressman; U.S. Judge; U.S. Food Administrator. b. near Valley View, Texas. Graduate of Southwestern U. (Georgetown, Texas) 1905, and U. of Texas, 1907. Admitted to the Texas bar in 1907. Member of 65th to 76th U.S. congresses (1917–41) from 18th Texas dist. Appointed judge U.S. Court of Claims in 1940, and chief justice of same in 1947. Was president of U.N. conference on food and agriculture in 1943, and U.S. Food Administrator 1943–45. Mason.

Mattison B. Jones (1869–1941) Lawyer, teacher and General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. (1936–39). b. June 15, 1869 in Tuttle, Ky. Graduate of U. of Kentucky in 1894. Taught in Kentucky schools from 1887–95, being admitted to the bar in latter year. He then was a professor of mathematics, astronomy, and military science at Cumberland Coll. (Ky.), and U. of Kentucky until 1899, when he moved to Los Angeles, Calif., where he established his law practice. He was a professor in the law school of U. of Southern Calif. from 1904–11; president of First National Bank, Glendale, 1931–32; president of board of trustees of U. of Redlands

from founding in 1909 until 1941. An active Baptist, he was president of Southern Calif. Baptist Convention, 1911–13, and Pacific Coast Baptist Conference, 1910–13. In 1931 he was president of the Northern Baptist Convention of the U.S. A Democrat, he was a nominee for governor of Calif. in 1922. Raised in Robinson Creek Lodge, Camp Ground, Ky., June 17, 1891, and dimitted to Southern California Lodge No. 278, Los Angeles in 1900, and to Unity Lodge at Glendale in 1912. In 1928 he was master of Meridian Lodge U.D. He was exalted in London Chapter No. 103, London, Ky., Dec. 31, 1896; affiliated with Signet Chapter No. 57, Los Angeles; and became charter member of Unity Chapter No. 116, Glendale in 1913, and high priest in 1915. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of California in 1921. Greeted in London Council R. & S.M., London, Ky., Dec. 31, 1896, he affiliated with Los Angeles Council No. 11, in 1910; was master in 1918, and grand master of the Grand Council of California in 1928. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 12, Louisville, Ky., April 10, 1897, he affiliated with Los Angeles Commandery No. 9 in 1904, and became charter member of Glendale Commandery No. 53 in 1914, and commander in 1916. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Los Angeles, March 8, 1912. d. Oct. 12, 1941.

Melvin Jones Secretary General of Lions International. b. Jan. 13, 1880 in Fort Thomas, Ariz. In the insurance business from 1902–26. He was a founder, in 1917, of the Lions and has been secretary general and treasurer since that time. He is also editor of *The Lion*, the organization's official paper. Member of Garden City Lodge No. 141, Chicago, Ill.

Noble Jones (1724–1805) Revolutionary patriot, and physician. b. in London, England in 1724. He was the son of Dr. Noble Jones, an early settler of Georgia, who was treasurer of the province and a councilor of state. He was associated with his father in medical practice at Savannah from 1748–56. He held a military commission from early age, and was a member of the assembly in 1761, and subsequently speaker. An active patriot, he was corresponding with Franklin while the latter was in England. He was speaker of the first Georgia legislature and a delegate to the Continental Congress from 1775–76, and again from 1781–83. He lost a son at the capture of Savannah in 1778, and he himself was taken prisoner at the fall of Charleston in 1780, and taken to St. Augustine. Exchanged in July, 1781, he practiced medicine in Philadelphia until Dec., 1782 when he returned to Georgia, and again served in the assembly. He practiced at Charleston from 1783–88 after which he lived in Savannah. He was president of the convention that revised the state constitution in 1795. He is said to have been the first Mason initiated in Georgia, being a member of the old Solomon's Lodge No. 1 of Savannah. Was father of George Jones, q.v. d. Jan. 9, 1805.

Ollie E. Jones Executive Vice President of Swift & Co. since 1952, and director since 1941. b. March 27, 1892 in Wellington, Ill. Has been with Swift since 1912, beginning in accounting department and subsequently a salesman in Lincoln, Nebr., and Chicago; refinery department, and vice president in charge of lard and vegetable oil since 1936; vice president of sales in 1938. Member of Dearborn Lodge No. 310 at Chicago, Ill.

Paul C. Jones U.S. Congressman, 80th through 85th Congresses, 10th Mo. dist. b. March 12, 1901 at Kennett, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1923. He has been co-publisher of the Dunk/in Democrat, Kennett, Mo. since 1923, and general manager of station KBOA since 1947. Member of Missouri state senate from 1937–45, and chairman of Missouri State Highway Commission from 1945–48. Directed the organization of 6th Mo. Infantry of state guard, and was its commanding officer from 1940–46. Initiated in Kennett Lodge No. 68, Kennett, Mo. in Dec., 1922. Member of Helm Chapter No. 117, R.A.M. of Kennett and Malden Commandery No. 61, K.T. of Malden, Mo. 32° AASR (SJ) in St. Louis, Mo.

Robert E. Jones (1872–) Methodist Bishop. b. Feb. 18, 1872 at Greensboro, N.C. Held degrees from Bennett Coll. (N.C.), Gammon Theol. Seminary (Ga.), and honorary degrees from many others. Ordained to ministry in 1893, serving churches at Lexington, Thomasville, and Reidsville, N.C. From 1897–1901 he was assistant manager of Southwestern Christian Advocate, and editor of same from 1904–20. Was bishop of Methodist church from 1920 until retirement in 1944. Mason and 33° AASR (SJ).

Robert F. Jones Federal Communications Commissioner from 1947. b. June 25, 1907 at Cairo, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Northern U. in 1929 and admitted to the bar the same year, practicing at Lima, Ohio. Member of the 76th through 80th U.S. congresses (1939–49) from 4th Ohio dist. Received degrees in Rufus Putnam Lodge No. 364, Columbus Grove, Ohio on Sept. 19, 1928, Feb. 2 and March 3, 1929. Affiliated

with Fort Amanda Lodge No. 706, Lima, Ohio on June 20, 1935. 32° AASR (NJ) at Dayton and member of Antioch Shrine Temple of Dayton.

Sam Houston Jones Governor of Louisiana, 1940–44. b. July 15, 1897. Began as a deputy clerk in DeRidder, La., 1922. Was assistant district attorney from 1925–34, after being admitted to the bar in 1922. From 1934–40 he was in private practice. Served as Army sergeant from 1917–19 in WWI. Initiated in DeRidder Lodge No. 271, DeRidder, La., Oct. 4, 1918; passed Oct. 5, and raised Oct. 8, same year. His occupation at that time was “soldier,” and he was 21 years old. Under consent of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana, he is also a member of Rudolph Krause Lodge No. 322 of Lake Charles. 32° AASR (SJ) at Lake Charles.

Samuel P. Jones (1847–1906) Famous revivalist known as “Sam Jones.” b. Oct. 16, 1847 in Chambers Co., Ala. Received fine education under private tutors and at boarding schools; was admitted to the Georgia bar in 1869. His professional prospects were bright, but he broke down in health due to excessive drinking. This ended his professional career as a lawyer. He professed religion in 1872, and became a Methodist Episcopal clergyman. He held pastoral charges in North Georgia for eight years, and was an agent for the North Georgia Orphanage for 12 years, devoting most of his time to evangelistic work over the nation. His lodge is not known, but he was a member of Rome Commandery No. 8, Rome, Ga., and made a Shriner in Savannah. d. in 1906.

Stephen Jones (1764–1828) Editor, lexicographer and Masonic writer. His well known *Muse of Masonry* was published in 1797. In 1817, he wrote the article on Freemasonry in the *Encyclopaedia Londinensis*, and four years later edited a new edition of the *Illustrations* by William Preston, q.v. He was Preston's executor, and belonged to the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2.

Thomas A. Jones (1859–1937) Justice, Supreme Court of Ohio, 1915–37. b. March 4, 1859 at Oak Hill, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio U. in 1881. Served as mayor of Jackson, and judge of 4th judicial circuit. Was judge of court of appeals, 4th Ohio dist. 1913–15. Member of Trowel Lodge No. 132, Jackson, Ohio, receiving degrees on Sept. 26, Oct 31, 1884 and Feb. 27, 1885. d. Aug. 31, 1937.

Virgil C. Jones Author and public relations executive. b. June 7, 1906 in Charlottesville, Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1930. Editor of *Huntsville Times* (Ala.), 1931–37; reporter *Richmond Times-Dispatch* (1937–41); *Washington Evening Star*, 1941–43. Manager of Washington office of Curtis Publishing Co. from 1945. Author of *Ranger Mosby* (1944) ; *The Hatfields and the McCoys* (1948). Raised in Waddell Lodge No. 228, Gordonsville, Va. in 1927. Active on degree teams while in college and as a resident of Huntsville, Ala. in the 1930's.

Walk C. Jones Architect. b. Oct. 21, 1874 at Memphis, Tenn. In continuous practice in Memphis since 1900. Senior member of Walk C. Jones since 1935. Many examples of his work

are found in Tenn. and Ky., mostly of government agencies. Raised in Angerona Lodge No. 168, Memphis, Tenn. on March 26, 1907. Received 50-year certificate on Feb. 1, 1957. Exalted in Memphis Chapter No. 95, R.A.M. in 1907 and knighted in Memphis Commandery No. 4, K.T. same year.

William Jones Lieutenant of American Revolution in a Delaware regiment. Killed by Indians at Wyoming, Pa. and later buried Masonically by Military Lodge No. 19, Pennsylvania Artillery.

Charles Stephen Jordan (1700–1745) Secret counselor of the King of Prussia and vice president of the Academy of Sciences in Berlin. In 1740 he founded, jointly with the Baron von Biefeld, q.v., the Lodge of the Three Globes in Berlin. He served as secretary of this lodge until the time of his death in 1745.

Chester B. Jordan (1839–1914) Governor of New Hampshire, 1901–03. b. Oct. 15, 1839 in Colebrook, N.H. Graduate of Kimball Union Academy (Plainfield, N.H.), and Dartmouth. He was clerk of the state supreme court from 1868–74, and was admitted to the bar in 1875. In 1897 he was president of the state senate, and speaker of the lower house in 1881. Member of Evening Star Lodge No. 37, Colebrook, N.H., and at one time was secretary of the lodge. d. Aug. 24, 1914.

George R. Jordan Executive Vice President of International Travelers Assurance Co. b. Sept. 5, 1893 in Kemp, Texas. First

a furniture salesman (1914–16); and later insurance salesman, then a general agent (1918–33). Director and member of executive committee of Scottish Rite Hospital for Crippled Children, Dallas. Mason and Shriner.

J. Luther Jordan Banker and General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, 1957–60. b. Jan. 23, 1895 in Cooper, La. Educated in rural schools; Leesville, La. high school; Louisiana Polytechnic Inst.; Louisiana State U.; and Iowa State U. In WWI he served in the Coast Artillery. He taught two sessions at Louisiana State U., and served as a member of the Louisiana state board of education. He served as principal of high schools at Simpson, Stonewall, and Mansfield, La. (1916–24) ; became sales executive of the Trailer Mfg. Co. of Mansfield; and later was general manager of a steel foundry. From 1935–42 he was with the Dept. of Agriculture, and then with the Office of OPA. Next he entered the real estate business in Shreveport, and later returned to his home in Mansfield as vice president of the First National Bank. Raised in Leesville Lodge No. 240 in 1916, he was master in 1921, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1942. He was exalted in DeSoto Chapter No. 64, Mansfield, July 1, 1923; was high priest within six months; and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Louisiana in 1938. Greeted in Shreveport Council No. 23, R. & S.M. Oct. 29, 1934, he was master in 1942, and grand master of the Grand Council of Louisiana in 1952. Knighted in Bethany Commandery No. 26, K.T., he was commander in 1927, and grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Louisiana in 1948. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) in 1918 at Shreveport.

Member of KYCH, Knights Beneficent of the Holy City; El Karubah Shrine Temple; St. Matthew Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine (sovereign in 1947); and grand junior general of United Imperial Red Cross of Constantine in 1958.

L. J. Jordan Master of Daintree Lodge No. 2938 at Weihai-Ewi, Shantung, China in 1941, when he was siezed and imprisoned by the Japanese. He died in a prison camp. The charter of this lodge was smuggled out of China on a British submarine.

Paul H. Jordan Brigadier General, National Guard and later U.S. Army. b. Aug. 14, 1904 at Chattanooga, Tenn. Owner of Red Bank Hardware, Lumber, and Building Material in Chattanooga. Enlisted in national guard in 1923 and advanced to brigadier general, commanding 30th Infantry division artillery in 1946. With U.S. Army, 1941–45. Mason and past Shrine potentate.

Thomas Jefferson Jordan Major General of Civil War (by brevet). Member of Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa., and master of same in 1856.

Albert N. Jorgensen President of University of Connecticut since 1935. b. March 20, 1899 in Lanark, Ill. Graduate of Coe Coll. (Iowa), U. of Iowa. He served as high school principal in Sabula, Ia., and superintendent of schools at Arlington, Ia. until 1925, when he went with the State U. of Iowa as director of educational administration. From 1927–31 he was professor at Michigan State Normal, and from 1931–35 with

U. of Buffalo. Author of several books on education. Mason.

Joseph II (1741–1790) Holy Roman Emperor (1765–90) and King of Germany (1764–90). Son of Francis I and Maria Theresa, q.v. He was co-regent with his mother in Austria from 1765–80, and acquired territory at first partition of Poland in 1772. On his mother's death in 1780, he came into full control of Austria. He prohibited the publication of any new papal bulls, suppressed convents, and reduced the number of clergy. In 1781 he published the Edict of Toleration. As emperor he had many schemes for territorial expansion, but most of them failed. He is one of the best examples of Europe's "benevolent despots." At one time he encouraged Freemasonry, notwithstanding the efforts of the priests to prevent it. It is said that in 1785 he wrote the following decree in his own hand which permitted meetings of lodges. "In return for their compliance with this ordinance, this government accords to the Freemasons, welcome, protection and liberty; leaving entirely to their own direction the control of their members and their constitutions. The government will not attempt to penetrate into their mysteries. Following these directions, the Order of Freemasons, in which body are comprised a great number of worthy men who are well known to me, may become useful to the State." But Joseph did not keep this edict in effect long. At length he yielded to the priesthood, and, in 1789 the above ordinance was rescinded and the lodges were forbidden to meet, under very severe penalties.

John J. Joseph Vice President of Bell Telephone Co. b. July

27, 1899 in Marathon, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. and Western Reserve U. Was with Redpath Chautauqua from 1917–28, and political science instructor at Western Reserve U., 1925–28. Admitted to the bar in 1928, he practiced in Cleveland. With Bell Telephone (Ohio) since 1929, and vice president in charge of public relations since 1948. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 55, Franklin, Ohio.

Josephine Empress of France. b. June 23, 1763 in Martinique. Married vicomte de Beauharnais who was executed in the revolution. Married Napoleon Bonaparte, q.v., March 9, 1796. She was active in French adoptive Freemasonry, a woman's organization given quasi-Masonic recognition by the Grand Orient of France. Napoleon promoted adoptive Masonry as a means to consolidate his power, and it rose to favor on his reestablishment of the Empire. In 1805, Empress Josephine was installed as grand mistress of the Loge Imperiale d'Adoption des Francs Chevaliers at Strasbourg, at which time she initiated one of her ladies of honor, Madame F. de Canisy, at a brilliant gathering. In 1805 the androgynous Lodge of Free Knights and Ladies of Paris held a festival at Strasburg in which Josephine assisted Lady Dietrick, the grand mistress. The lodges Saint Josephine of Paris and Josephine of Milan, were named after her. d. May 24, 1814.

John H. Jouett Aviation executive. b. May 14, 1892 at San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1914, advanced to lieutenant colonel, and resigned in 1930. From 1930–32 he was aviation adviser to Republic of China;

president of Fairchild Aircraft 1936–38, and executive vice president of Higgins Aircraft, Inc. since Nov. 1, 1942. He is also president of Blue Star Airlines and Caribbean Corp. since 1945. Raised in Republic Lodge No. 690, New York City in 1914; 32° AASR (SJ) at Galveston, Texas in 1929. Member of El Mina Shrine Temple, Galveston.

Arnold E. Joyal President of Fresno State College (Calif.) since 1948. b. Oct. 13, 1902 in Cowansville, Quebec, Canada. Brought to U.S. in 1903 and naturalized in 1927. Received A.B., A.M., and Ph.D. from U. of California. He taught, and was principal, at Wheatland, Calif., and then went with the Federal government in the U.S. Office of Education. He was a professor at U. of Denver and U. of Maryland, 1933–45, and dean of the college of education at U. of Oklahoma, 1945–48. Mason.

Benito Pablo Juarez (1806–1872) Mexican patriot and president. b. March 21, 1806 in San Pablo Guelatao, Oaxaca, Mexico. His parents were pure Indian and died when he was four years old. He was reared by an uncle and received a good education. Admitted to the bar in 1834, he practiced law in Oaxaca until 1846, and was elected governor of that state in 1847. He was expelled by Santa Anna, q.v., in 1853, but returned in 1855 to join Alvarez in a revolution against Santa Anna. As minister of justice under Alvarez, he wrote the “Ley Juarez” in 1855, which abolished special courts and reduced the power of the army and the church, as both had been practically immune under the special courts. When Comonfort became president, he feared the power of Juarez so he named

him as governor of Oaxaca. Juarez again made many reforms in finance and education of that state and was regularly elected governor in 1857. He also was elected president of the supreme court at that time, which under the new constitution made him virtually vice president. Comonfort was forced by the liberal press to make him secretary of the interior. He was provisional president of Mexico after Miramon from 1857–61. Three years of civil war followed, but he was elected president for term 1861–65, and by self-proclamation president from 1865–67, as elections were impossible because of the French invasion. He fought against Emperor Maximilian, and the French, and finally captured him and had Maximilian shot, June 19, 1867. He was elected president for two more terms—1867–72, and his later administrations were marked by many reforms and revolutions. For his honesty he is often called the “Washington of Mexico” and for his reforms, the “Lincoln of Mexico.” He was prominent in Masonry, serving as master and rising to sovereign inspector general in the Mexican AASR, 33°. His authority seemed to keep the rites together because after his death dissension arose and they broke up. Maximilian is said to have been made a Mason in Austria. He was patron of Masonry in Mexico, but it is not known whether he attended any Masonic meetings there. It is claimed that Maximilian appealed to Juarez as a Mason to save his life but Juarez proved the Emperor was not a Freemason. d. July 18, 1872.

Henry M. Judah (1821–1866) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. June 12, 1821 in Snow Hill, Md. He was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1843, and served in the

Mexican War with the 8th Infantry. He was commended for bravery in storming of Monterrey, Molino del Rey, and Mexico City. He served with the 4th Infantry against the Indians of California, and Washington and Oregon territories, until the Civil War. He was made brigadier general of volunteers in March, 1862, and acting inspector general of the Army of Tennessee. He resigned his staff appointment to command the 1st Division. He was active in the pursuit of Morgan, q.v., while the latter was making his famous raid into Kentucky, Indiana, and Ohio. He later was inspector general of the Army of Ohio and was mustered out of service in 1865, but reverted to regular status and was commandant of the post at Plattsburg, N.Y. at the time of his death, Jan. 14, 1866. Member of North Star Lodge No. 91, Fort Jones, Calif.

Lawrence M. Judd Governor of Hawaii, 1929–35. b. March 20, 1887 in Honolulu, Hawaii. He was first a salesman for Whiting Paper Co. in New York; buyer for Alexander & Baldwin of Honolulu; director of Theo. H. Davies Co.; and manager of Hawaii Meat Co. In WWI he served as an Infantry major and later as colonel in Hawaii national guard. He was a member of the senate of Hawaii from 1920–27, and president of same in 1923. He is executive vice president of Bowman Deute Cummings, Inc. since 1938. Initiated Dec. 4, 1915 in Hawaiian Lodge No. 21, Honolulu. Shriner.

Walter H. Judd Physician and U.S. Congressman to 75th through 85th Congresses from 5th Minn. dist. b. Sept. 25, 1898 in Rising City, Nebr. Received B.A. degree from U. of Nebraska in 1920, and M.D. in 1923. Had fellowship in surgery, Mayo

Foundation, U. of Minn. 1932–34. From 1920–24 he was instructor of zoology at U. of Omaha. From 1925–38 he was medical missionary for Congregational Church in China, and in 1938–40 lectured throughout the U.S. on American foreign policy in the Pacific, advocating boycotting of Japanese goods, and embargo on shipment of war materials to Japan. He practiced medicine at Minneapolis in 1941–42. Served in field artillery in WWI from private to 2nd lieutenant. Member of Composite Lodge No. 81, Rising City, Nebr. 32° and KCCH, AASR (SJ) at Minneapolis, Minn. Shriner.

Frank A. Juhan Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. April 27, 1887 in Macon, Ga. Graduate of U. of the South and Sewanee Theol. Seminary. Became deacon in 1911, and priest in 1912. He was first a missionary in West Texas, chaplain of Sewanee Military Academy, and rector of Christ Church of Greenville, S.C. He was consecrated bishop of Florida, Nov. 25, 1924. Elected chancellor of U. of the South in 1944. Mason.

Juliana Queen of the Netherlands since 1948. Full name is Juliana Louise Emma Marie Wilhelmina. A daughter of Queen Wilhelmina, she married Prince Bernhard of LippeBiesterfeld in 1937. b. in 1909. When the Grand Lodge of the Netherlands erected an institute for the blind at Bussum in 1932, Queen Wilhelmina, Princess Juliana and the prince-consort attended the ceremonies. The grand lodge's building in The Hague was given them by Prince Frederick of Orange when he was grand master; he also presented the grand lodge with a library of 7,000 volumes. Juliana assumed the title of "Protectress of the Craft." In 1957 she received the grand

masters attending an international conference at The Hague.

Niels Juul (1859–1929) U.S. Congressman to 65th and 66th Congresses (1917–21) from Ill. b. April 27, 1859 in Randers, Denmark. He came to Chicago in 1880, graduating from Chicago Coll. of Law in 1898 and admitted to the bar the following year. Elected to state senate in 1898 and served 16 years. Member of Ben Hur Lodge No. 818, Chicago, Ill. d. Dec. 4, 1859.

10,000 FAMOUS FREEMASONS

By

WH.LIAM R. DENSLOW

Volume III

K-P

Foreword by

HARRY S. TRUMAN, P.G.M.

Past Master, Missouri Lodge of Research

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Carl Kaas Norwegian lawyer and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Norway since 1957. b. in 1884. He played an important part in securing the return of the many valuable articles and library belonging to the grand lodge which had been removed by the Germans during WWII.

Harry G. Kable (1880–1952) President of Kable Bros. 1931–49. b. July 15, 1880 in Lanark, Ill. He was with the Mount Morris News and Gospel Messenger, Mount Morris, Ill. from 1896–98. In 1898 with his twin brother, Harvey J., purchased the Mount Morris Index. Since 1905 it has specialized in the printing of periodicals and magazines. Member of Samuel H. Davis Lodge No. 96, Mt. Morris, Ill. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. July 2, 1952.

Howard W. Kacy President of Acacia Mutual Life Ins. Co. b. Sept. 19, 1899 in Huntington, Ind. Graduate of U. of Indiana. Admitted to the bar in 1921. He has been with Acacia Mutual since 1923, successively as counsel, general counsel, vice president, 1st vice president, executive vice president, and president since 1955. Director since 1935. Mason and member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Benjamin B. Kahane Motion picture executive. b. in Chicago in 1891. Graduate of Chicago Kent Coll. of Law in 1912, and practiced in Ill. until 1919. From 1919–32 he was general counsel of Radio–Keith–Orpheum. He was president

of RKO Pictures from 1932–36, and since 1936 has been vice president and executive producer of Columbia Pictures Corp., Los Angeles. He is vice president and director of Association of Motion Picture Producers, Inc. and Southern California Enterprises, Inc. Member of Mount Olive Lodge No. 506 of Los Angeles, affiliating with it on March 4, 1936 from Covenant Lodge No. 526, Chicago, Ill.

Richard B. Kahle President of Eastern States Petroleum Co., Inc. since 1932. b. Nov. 5, 1892 in Lima, Ohio. Graduate of Allegheny Coll. in 1913. Worked as a civil engineer with Pennsylvania Railroad, City of Lima, Ohio, Standard Oil of New Jersey, and Imperial Oil Co. From 1923–29 he was president of Louisiana Oil Refining Corp. and president of Beacon Oil Co. 1926–30. Mason, 32° AASR Knight Templar.

Julius Kahn (1861–1924) Actor and U.S. Congressman to 56th and 57th Congresses (1899–1903) and 59th to 67th Congresses (1905–23) from 4th Calif. dist. b. Feb. 28, 1861 in Kuppenheim, Grand Duchy of Baden. He went to Calif. in 1866. After leaving school, he entered the theatrical profession playing with Edwin Booth, q.v., Joseph Jefferson, q.v., and other notables of the day. He returned to San Francisco in 1890, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1894. He served a term in the state legislature. In congress he was a leader in securing passage of the selective draft act in extra session. Made member in St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 in 1888 while in the theatrical profession. d. Dec. 18, 1924.

King David Kalakaua (1836–1891) King of Hawaii,

1874–91. b. Nov. 16, 1836, a descendant of one of the chief families of the Sandwich Islands. He received a good education and spoke English. When King Kamehameha V, q.v., died in 1872, he was a candidate for the throne, but his opponent, William Lunalilo, was elected and confirmed by the legislature. Lunalilo died within a year and in Feb., 1874, Kalakaua was elected to the throne by a legislature convened for that purpose. Ex–Queen Emma, the rival candidate, received six votes to his 36. The partisans of Queen Emma provoked disorders, which were quelled by the intervention of English and American marines. In the fall of 1874 Kalakaua set out on a tour of the U.S. and Europe. He was taken to San Francisco on a steam frigate, placed at his disposal by the American government, arriving Nov. 28. On this tour, he visited lodges in Washington, New York, Boston, and Chicago. In New York City he witnessed the third degree conferred in New York Lodge No. 330 with the grand officers in attendance, Dec. 30, 1874. In Chicago he accepted the invitation of Oriental Lodge No. 33 on Jan. 15, 1875 to witness another third. On this occasion his brother-in-law John O. Dominis, q.v., governor of the island of Oahu, was with him. John Wentworth, ex-mayor of Chicago and U.S. congressman, also spoke at this meeting. After lodge, the king entertained the officers of the lodge at the Grand Pacific Hotel. Kalakaua was a member of Lodge Le Progress de l’Océanie No. 124 (under AASR jurisdiction, later No. 371 under Calif.). He received the degrees March 25, May 4, and July 28, 1859. On Dec. 27, 1875 he was installed as master of the lodge, serving for a year. He was exalted in Honolulu Chapter No. 1, RAM., Feb. 5, 1874, and was high priest in 1883. He was knighted in

Honolulu Commandery No. 1, K.T., Feb. 25, 1874, and was commander of same in 1877–78. He received the 4th to 32nd degrees of the AASR (SJ) in July and August, 1874; KCCH May 31, 1876; and 33° honorary at Iolani Palace, Honolulu, July 14, 1878 at the hands of his brother-in-law Prince John O. Dominis, q.v. He was a charter member of Kamehameha Lodge of Perfection No. 1; Nuuanu Chapter Rose Croix No. 1 and Alexander Liholiho Council of Kadosh No. 1. He served as orator of the lodge 1885–87; master of the chapter, 1874–78, and first sub-preceptor of the council from 1888 until his death. He ran into trouble with Albert Pike when he visited Europe in 1881. The deputy for Hawaii had requested letters to several foreign supreme councils which were given. The king seemingly snubbed that rite in Belgium, Portugal, and England, where “he permitted himself to receive the courtesies and hospitalities of the Knights of the Order of the Red Cross of Constantine in Scotland only, finding no time to receive those of the supreme councils of our rite.” Pike then directed a bulletin of apology (July 15, 1882) to all AASR members “over the surface of the Globe.” King Kalakaua died Jan. 20, 1891 in the Palace Hotel of San Francisco, while on a visit to this country. He had attended a reception in his honor by the Shrine on the 14th against the advice of his doctor.

Baron Johann Kalb (see under de Kalb.)

Samuel Kalisch (1851–1930) Justice, Supreme Court of New Jersey, 1911–25. b. April 18, 1851 in Cleveland, Ohio. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1870, and practiced law in Newark, N.J. Received degrees in Oriental Lodge No. 51, Newark, N.J. in

1897; 32° AASR in Jersey City, N.J. d. April 29, 1930.

Max Kalish (1891–1945) Sculptor. b. March 1, 1891 in Poland and brought to U.S. in childhood. Studied sculpture in Cleveland, New York City, and Paris. Represented in National Gallery of Art, Washintgon, D.C. by The Christ and Torso; Cleveland Museum of Art with Labor at Rest; Newark, N.J. Museum with Ecstasy; Canajoharie (N.Y.) Museum with Laborer; Amherst Coll. Museum with Man of Power; many works in private collections including 25 in Dr. C. A. Muncaster's of Cleveland. Initiated in Golden Square Lodge No. 679, Cleveland, Ohio, April 27, 1925; 32* AASR. d. March 18, 1945.

Howard S. Kambestad Vice President of Montgomery Ward & Co. b. Kerkhoven, Minn. Jan. 13, 1910. Was auditor and office manager of National Biscuit Co., 1933–41, and assistant general manager TWA Airlines, 1941–43. With Montgomery Ward since 1943 as assistant comptroller, treasurer, and vice president since 1955. Mason.

King Kamehameha IV (1834–1863) King of Hawaii, 1854–63. Name was Alexander Liholiho, nephew of Kamehameha III. He introduced the use of the English language in Hawaiian schools. He assumed the throne at the age of 20. On Jan. 14, 1857 he was initiated and passed in the Lodge Le Progress de l'Océanie No. 124 (under AASR jurisdiction, later No. 371 under Calif.). His raising was deferred until Feb. 8 of that year, at which time he passed his examination in open lodge in full on the two degrees he had taken, to the surprise

and admiration of the brethren present. R. G. Davis, master of the lodge at the time, wrote: "Seldom have I witnessed the impressive ceremonies of this degree conducted with such solemnity. The candidate, divested of all regal honors, standing before a large assembly of brethren, many of them decorated with rich jewels, and all in Masonic clothing, gave the lodge a striking appearance and left an impression on our minds not soon to be effaced. It was a lesson in humility." The lodge was closed at 11 p.m. and the brethren repaired to the king's palace where they were entertained in a truly royal manner. At five minutes after midnight, they toasted the king's 22nd birthday. Kamehameha took immediate interest in Masonic activities. He was installed as junior warden, Sept. 9, 1857, and as master the following January. He served as master for three years. A crowning act of his reign, and a monument to him, was the founding of the Queen's Hospital, the cornerstone of which he laid, July 17, 1860, with Masonic ceremonies. He died Nov. 30, 1863 when but 29, and was given a Masonic burial. Alexander Liholiho Council of Kadosh No. 1, AASR (SJ) of Honolulu is named in his honor.

King Kamehameha V (1830–1872) King of Hawaii, 1863–72, and first Hawaiian to be made a Freemason. Older brother of King Kamehameha IV, q.v. He was the last of a direct line of Sandwich Island kings. He promulgated his own constitution in 1864 to supersede the one of 1852. During his reign the Molokai Leper Settlement was established (1864). His petition was read in Hawaiian Lodge No. 21 (under Calif.), June 10, 1853. He was elected June 13, initiated June 15, passed Dec. 8, 1853, and raised on Feb. 27, 1854. At this

time –he was Prince Lot Kamehameha. On Jan. 14, 1857 he was present with many other dignitaries in Lodge Le Progress de l’Océanie No. 124 (under AASR constitution) when his brother King Kamehameha IV was initiated. Unfortunately for Freemasonry, this evening marked the Masonic turning point for the future king. The two lodges not being in fraternal relations, charges were preferred against Lot Kamehameha, and two other brethren of Hawaiian Lodge, for visiting Le Progress in violation of an interdict imposed by Calif. He was tried, Feb. 25, 1857, and although found guilty, was upon due consideration excused from punishment. This no doubt rankled the royal personage, because, March 2, 1857, a dimit was received from him by Hawaiian Lodge, and on motion, was accepted. Lot Kamehameha, from that time on, never affiliated with a lodge. He was always treated as a Mason and upon his death, the funeral service of the Craft was read over his remains. The minutes of Jan. 18, 1873, show that the master of Hawaiian Lodge No. 21 invited the brethren and officers of the Lodge Le Progress to assist in the funeral of Kamehameha V.

M. F. Kanan Captain, Union Army in Civil War, who was the first commander of the first G.A.R. post. It was established April 6, 1866 at Decatur, Ill. He was a member of Macon Lodge No. 8, Decatur, Ill.

Elisha Kent Kane (1820–1857) Physician and early Arctic explorer. b. Feb. 20, 1820 in Philadelphia, Pa. Was graduated from U. of Pennsylvania in 1842 with medical degree, and entered U.S. Navy June 21, 1843, as assistant surgeon.

He served in China, Africa, and the Mediterranean, and was wounded while on special service in Mexico. In 1850 he urgently requested to be relieved of duty so that he might accompany the De-Haven expedition to the Arctic (better known as the Henry Grinnell expedition). He prepared for sailing in two days and was surgeon on the ship *Advance*. The expedition was to search for the English explorer, Franklin, and was financed by Henry Grinnell and commanded by Lt. Edwin J. DeHaven. The two vessels (*Advance* and *Rescue*) were accepted by congress on May 5, 1850. The expedition accomplished very little, having been caught in the ice pack in Wellington's channel; the ships drifted from Sept., 1850 to June, 1851 before they escaped into Baffin Bay. Kane's medical skill did much to fight scurvy and bring back the party alive. His reputation as an Arctic explorer, however, rests on the second Grinnell expedition, which he commanded. Grinnell, at the solicitation of Lady Franklin, placed the ship *Advance* under his command. Various scientific societies backed the undertaking, and Kane, himself, spent much of his private means. Congress denied aid, but the U.S. Navy gave its support. He sailed May 30, 1853 with Dr. Isaac I. Hayes, q.v., as surgeon of the expedition. They reached 78° 43' N., the highest latitude ever attained with a sailing vessel. Late in 1854, half the party under a Dane named Peterson, abandoned Kane and the ship in an attempt to reach Upernavic, but after three months of extreme hardship, were forced to return to Kane, who received them kindly. In 1855 Kane was forced to abandon the *Advance*, which was still frozen in, and finally got out in his small boats, with the aid of the *Etah Esquimaux*, who had been very friendly. On April 13,

1853 (a little over a month previous to the sailing of his second expedition) Kane received all three degrees in Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia, a lodge of which his father, John K. Kane, had been master in 1825. On June 17, 1853 after starting the expedition, he was entertained at a reception by Saint John's Lodge, Newfoundland, and was presented with a Masonic – flag. Kane Lodge No. 454 of New York City, famous “explorers’ lodge,” is named for him. He died in Havana, Cuba, Feb. 16, 1857. A memorial tablet, erected by the grand lodges of New York and New Jersey at the house where he died, was dedicated in Feb., 1922.

Frederick R. Kappel President of American Telephone and Telegraph Co. since 1956. b. Jan. 14, 1902 in Albert Lea, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1924. Started as a service man for Southern Minn. Gas & Electric Co. at Albert Lea in 1922. Went with Northwestern Bell Telephone Co. in 1924, and rose to vice president of operations in 1942. In 1949 he became assistant vice president of A.T. & T.; vice president 1949–53. From 1954–56 he was director and president of Western Electric Co. Member of George W. Liniger Lodge No. 268, Omaha, Nebr., receiving degrees on March 22, April 26 and May 24, 1946. 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH at Omaha, Nebr.

Karl, Prince of Hesse–Cassel (1744–1836) Son of Landgrave Frederick II and Mary, daughter of King George II of England. He became a Mason in 1775, and in 1786 assumed the title of provincial grand master for Denmark. In 1792 he was grand master general of Denmark. His position was recognized by the Grand Lodge of England in 1793,

when he was appointed provincial grand master of Denmark and Norway. He participated fully in the maelstrom of rites, orders, and degrees flourishing at that time and was connected with the continental Rosicrucians. During the decline of the strict observance rite, he founded several lodges which were considered as clandestine. He maintained his interest in Masonry and allied subjects until his death in 1836, at the age of 92. He received his appointment as grand master general from Christian VII, q.v., King of Denmark. He was followed in this office – by the crown prince who later became Christian VIII, q.v.

Karl August (1757–1828) Duke of Saxe–Weimar, 1758–1815, and grand duke, 1815–28. Educated by his mother, Amalia. He made the acquaintance of Goethe, q.v., in 1774, and remained his lifelong friend. His court was the center of German literary leaders including Goethe, Schiller, Herder, Wieland and others. He joined the Prussian army in 1786, and remained until Jena in 1806. He joined the coalition against the French in 1813–15, and was influential at the Congress of Vienna in 1815. He was an advanced liberal in politics. He was initiated in the Lodge “Amalia” in 1782.

Karl Ludwig Friedrich (1741–1816) Duke of Mecklenburg–Strelitz, 1794–1815. Entered the English army and became a lieutenant general and governor of Hanover. He was initiated in 1766, and entered the rite of strict observance in 1767, becoming Superior et Protector Ordinis of Hanover in 1772. In 1780, after the decline of the strict observance, he entered regular Freemasonry anew and was elected patron

of the United Grand Lodges of Brunswick in the duchy of Mecklemburg. In 1806 he was appointed English provincial grand master in the province of Hanover, and he there formed one of the rare Royal Arch chapters that existed in Germany.

Karl Wilhelm Friedrich (1736–1806) Margrave of Brandenburg-Anspach. He was initiated in 1754, and in 1766 signed the act of strict observance in favor of unknown superiors. After 1769 he transferred the lodge Zur Sonne from Bayreuth to Anspach.

Benjamin Kavanaugh (1805–1888) Missionary to the Indians and first grand master of Grand Lodge of Wisconsin. Born in Kentucky, he was a versatile man who was by turn a bookbinder, a tanner, a flatboat-man, a preacher, an editor, an author of books on astronomy and geology, and finally a physician. He entered the fraternity at the insistence of his mother. He was raised by the grand master of Kentucky in Winchester in 1840, and affiliated with Naphtali Lodge No. 25, St. Louis Mo.—in 1841. While there he established a mission to the Sioux and Chippewa Indians under the Illinois Conference of the Methodist church, and settled in Platteville, Wis. with his family. On Jan. 10, 1843 a charter for Melody lodge of that city (No. 2) from the Grand Lodge of Missouri, named him master. In 1844–45 he became the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Wisconsin, but moved to Kentucky in the second year of his term. During the Civil War he served as a chaplain and surgeon with the Confederate Army, being a resident of Texas at that time. d. July 3, 1888 in Boonsboro, Ky. He was buried at Mt. Sterling, Ky. and in 1936 the Grand

Lodge of Wisconsin erected a monument to him there.

Stuart E. Kay Vice President and Director of International Paper Co. b. Nov. 30, 1896 in Montreal, Canada. Graduate of McGill U. in 1921. He came to the U.S. in 1922 and was naturalized in 1945. Has been with International Paper since 1922; manager in charge of manufacturing since 1937, vice president since 1951, and director from 1956. He is also a director of the Montague Machine Co., Kay Mfg. Co., Ltd., Arizona Chemical Co., and Androscoggin Reservoir Co. Served with Canadian army overseas in WWI. Mason.

Victor C. Kays President of Arkansas State College, Jonesboro, Ark., from 1910. b. July 24, 1882 in Magnolia, Ill. Graduate of Northern Ill. State Teachers Coll., U. of Illinois, New Mexico Coll. of Agriculture. Member of Jonesboro Lodge No. 129 and past master of same; exalted in Jonesboro Chapter No. 79 and past high priest; knighted in Ivanhoe Cornmandery No. 18 and past commander. All of Jonesboro, Ark.

Robert H. Kazmayer Lecturer and news commentator. b. Nov., 1908 in Rush, N.Y. Ordained Methodist Episcopal deacon in 1932, elder in 1932, and held pastorates in New York until 1939, when he left the ministry to devote full time to writing and lecturing. He has traveled annually throughout the world, and in the 22 months following Pearl Harbor he covered 35,000 miles in 38 states, speaking in more than 350 towns on Germany, Russia, Japan, and international politics. He was the originator of the Rochester Town Hall of the Air

over WHEC, and moderator of it for two years. He conducts a European seminar tour each year. Member of Ancient Craft Lodge No. 943, Rochester, N.Y. receiving degrees on Jan. 26, March 23 and May 31, 1938.

Edmund Kean (1787–1833) Greatest tragedian of his day. b. in London, he made a striking success at the Drury Lane Theatre as Shylock, Jan. 26, 1814, and followed this with Hamlet, Othello, Iago, Macbeth, Lear, and Richard III. His last stage appearance was March 12, 1833. Member of St. Mark's Lodge No. 102, Glasgow, Scotland.

Hamilton F. Kean (1862–1941) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, 1929–35. b. Feb. 27, 1862 at Ursino, N.J. A farmer and dealer in securities, he was the senior member of Kean, Taylor & Co. investments. He was a director of numerous corporations. He was made a Mason “at sight” and received all three degrees, April 10, 1929, in Essex Lodge No. 49, Elizabeth, N.J. d. Dec. 27, 1941.

Frank G. Kear Electronics engineer and inventor. b. Oct. 18, 1903 in Minersville, Pa. A physicist on staff of National Bureau of Standards, 1928–33, he was one of the group which developed radio range beacon and first instrument landing equipment for aircraft. He developed the first combined radio beacon and radio telephone transmitter in 1931. He pioneered in the application of directional antennas for broadcasting and participated in the development of the earth inductor compass as applied to air and water navigation. From 1933–41 he was chief engineer of Washington Institute

of Technology. He was the engineer in charge of the Empire State Building television project. Raised in Miners-vile Lodge No. 222, Minersville, Pa. in June, 1925; exalted in Schuylkill Chapter No. 159, R.A.M., Minersville; greeted in Adoniram Council No. 2, R. & S.M., Washington, D.C. and knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 4, Washington. Served as generalissimo of the commandery. Member of National Sojourners at Fort Meade, Md.

Carroll D. Kearns U.S. Congressman, 80th through 85th Congresses from Pa. b. May 7, 1900 in Youngstown, Ohio. Graduate of Chicago Musical Coll. He was a concert artist, (bass-baritone), from 1920-25, appearing in 28 states. From 1920-24 he was a radio artist in Chicago, and a choral and instrumental conductor until 1944. He engaged in the building business in Chicago from 1925-29. He was in the public school systems of Chicago and Greenville, Pa. and head of department of music at Slippery Rock (Pa.) State Teachers Coll., and superintendent of schools at Farrell, Pa. In 1946 he received the American Legion Distinguished Service award. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 290, Greenville, Pa., receiving degrees on Feb. 27, March ?, and April 25, 1939.

Charles C. Kearns (1869-1931) U.S. Congressman, 64th through 71st Congresses (1915-31) from 6th Ohio dist. b. Feb. 10, 1869 at Tonica, Ill. Graduate of Cincinnati Law School and admitted to the bar in 1894. In 1900-01, he was managing editor of the Las Vegas Daily Record (N.M.), and of the Hot Springs Daily Record (Ark.) in 1901-02. Member of Amelia Lodge No. 590, Amelia, Ohio, receiving degrees on Oct. 28,

1919, Sept. 20 and Oct. 19, 1920. d. Dec. 17, 1931.

Henry Kearns President of National U.S. Junior Chamber of Commerce, 1945–46. b. April 30, 1911 in Salt Lake City, Utah. In automobile sales at Pasadena, Calif. from 1933–41. In 1942 he organized and was vice president of the Victory Manufacturing Co., Los Angeles, and has been president and general manager since 1943. Owner of Kearns Car Rental and Orange Oaks Ranch; president of San Gabriel Valley Motors and Rio Hondo Development Co. In 1944 he was designated as the Outstanding Young Man of Calif. Raised May 27, 1937 in Corona Lodge No. 324, Calif. and affiliated with Carmelita Lodge No. 599 (Calif.) on Jan. 8, 1942.

Lawrence Kearny (1789–1868) Commodore, U.S. Navy, who was instrumental in opening up China to U.S. trade in 1844. b. Nov. 30, 1789 in Perth Amboy, N.J. Entered Navy as a midshipman in 1807, serving on the ships *Constitution*, *President*, and *Enterprise*. In the War of 1812 he was assigned to the coastal defense of South Carolina and adjacent states. He later distinguished himself in the West Indies and gulf coast waters, against pirates. Placed in command of the *Warren* in 1826, he broke up a stronghold of Greek pirates and captured several of their vessels. Made captain on return to U.S. in 1832, and given command of the *Potomac*. In 1841 he commanded the East India squadron and was active in the suppression of opium smuggling, and secured the rights of American merchants in China. Learning of an impending commercial treaty between the Chinese and England, he demanded the same for the U.S., and as a result such

a treaty was ratified, July 1845. In 1843 he stopped at the Hawaiian Islands and there protested against the treaty then in progress to transfer those islands to the British. He was made commodore on the retired list in April, 1867. Kearny was raised in Columbian Lodge, Boston, Mass. on July 12, 1815. d. Nov. 29, 1868.

R. Ray Keaton Director-General of Lions, International, and editor of *The Lion* since 1950. b. Sept. 11, 1907 in Weatherford, Texas. Received B.A. and M.A. degrees from Southern Methodist U. Taught in Weatherford, Tex. high school, 1929–34. From 1934–39 he was a special representative of Lions, Texas secretary, 1939–45, and assistant secretary general, 1945–50. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 275, Weatherford, Texas, receiving degrees on June 9, Dec. 23, 1937 and Oct. 27, 1939. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Harold A. Keats National Commander of Amvets, 1948–49. b. Bridgeport, Conn. Oct. 25, 1913. Owner of Harold A. Keats Construction Co., Fort Lauderdale, Fla. since 1936, and The Progress Co., Washington, D.C. since 1949. He was vice commander of the Amvets in 1947, and liaison officer to the White House since 1949. He has been national administrator of the Amvets National Service Foundation since 1949. He succeeded General John J. Pershing, q.v., as U.S. commissioner of American Battle Monuments Commission in 1950. Served in Navy in 1942–45, and on temporary duty in Korea in 1951. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Charles Keck Sculptor. b. in New York City. Studied at National Academy of Design and American Academy in Rome. In 1899 he was first prize winner in Prix de Rome in open competition. His principal works are: George Washington, Buenos Aires; U.S.S. Maine memorial tablets; Lewis and Clark, Charlottesville, Va.; Stonewall Jackson, Charlottesville, Va.; Booker T. Washington, Tuskegee, Ala.; U.S. Friendship Monument, Rio de Janeiro; Citizen Soldier, Irvington, N.J.; Soldiers' Memorial, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Liberty Monument, Ticonderoga, N.Y.; Sesquicentennial half dollar of Vermont; busts of Elias Howe, Patrick Henry, and James Madison in Hall of Fame, New York U.; Shriners' Peace Monument, Toronto, Canada; Abraham Lincoln, Wabash, Ind.; Charles Aycock, in U.S. Hall of Fame, Washington D.C.; Andrew Jackson, Kansas City, Mo.; James B. Duke, Durham, N.C.; Father Duffy Monument, Times Square, N.Y.; Huey P. Long, at Baton Rouge, La. and Washington, D.C.; sarcophagus of Alfred I. duPont, Wilmington, Del.; Alfred E. Smith, New York City; Harry S. Truman, for Senate wing of U.S. Capitol; and many others. Member of Green-point Lodge No. 403, Brooklyn, N.Y. and Brooklyn Shrine Temple. In 1940 he received the New York Grand Lodge medal for distinguished achievement.

Frank B. Keefe (1887–1952) U.S. Congressman to 76th through 81st Congresses (1939–51) from 6th Wis. dist. b. Sept. 23, 1887. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1910. Admitted to the bar in that year and began practice in Oshkosh. Member of Oshkosh Lodge No. 27, Oshkosh, Wis. at time of his death, Feb. 5, 1952. Also 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Walter N. Keener (1880–1932) Newspaper editor. b. Aug. 2, 1880 in Lincoln Co., N.C. Graduate of Wake Forest (N.C.) Coll. Edited many N.C. newspapers including Lincoln County News, Lincolnton; city editor Raleigh Times, 1909–11; managing editor Durham Sun, 1912–13; city editor, Charlotte Chronicle, 1913–14; managing editor High Point Enterprise, 1914–16; editor Wilmington Dispatch, 1917–18; editor in chief Durham Evening Sun from 1929. Mason. d. Nov. 25, 1932.

Hugh L. Keenleyside Canadian diplomat and politician. b. July 7, 1898 in Toronto, Ont., Canada. First secretary of Canadian mission to Japan in 1929–36; counsellor, 1940–41; assistant undersecretary of state for external affairs, 1941–44; Canadian ambassador to Mexico, 1944–47; deputy minister of resources, 1947–50, Canadian delegate to United Nations general assembly, 1946; member of Canadian–U.S. Joint Board of Defense, 1940–45; on staff of Northwest Territories Council, 1941–45; and chairman of council 1947–50. Served with tank group in WWI. Mason.

Estes Kefauver U.S. Senator from Tennessee since 1948. b. July 26, 1903 in Madisonville, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee and Yale. In law practice in Chattanooga. Member of 76th 49) from 3rd Tenn. dist. In 1937 re–through 80th U.S. congresses (1939– received “Most Outstanding Young Citizen” award from Junior Chamber of Commerce. A defender of the TVA, and original sponsor of legislation to give District of Columbia residents home rule and right to vote. Author of Kefauver Peace Plan to foster cooperation among free peoples. A contender for the Democratic presidential nomination

in 1952. Member of Chattanooga Lodge No. 199, Chattanooga, Tenn. and 32° AASR (SJ), in Knoxville Consistory, Chattanooga, Member of Alhambra Shrine Temple and Ben Ali Grotto, both of Chattanooga.

J. Claude Keiper (1869–1944) Secretary of the Grand Masters' Conference from 1027 until his death. b. in St. Nicholas, Pa. Raised in Columbia Lodge No. 3, Washington, D.C., Jan. 16, 1895; he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1911, the centennial year. Noted speaker, Masonic jurist, and historian. Member of York Rite and 33° AASR (SJ). He was head of the Red Cross of Constantine (West). d. in 1944.

Alexander Keith (1795–1873) Canadian philanthropist and legislator. b. Oct. 5, 1795 in Halkirk, Seotland. He learned the brewing trade in Sunderland, England, and founded the brewing business of A. Keith & Sons, Halifax, N.S., in 1820. Served as alderman and mayor of Halifax, 1840–54; on legislative council of Nova Scotia, 1843–73. Was initiated in the Lodge of St. John No. 118 (EC) Sunderland, England on July 23, 1836 and joined Virgin Lodge No. 3, Halifax in 1817; provincial grand master of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and New-foundland, 1840–63 and at the same time provincial grand master of the Grand Lodge of Scotland in Nova Scotia, 1845–66 (two rival bodies). He was grand master of the present Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia, 1870–73; grand high priest of Grand Chapter R.A.M. of Nova Scotia in 1869; and provincial grand prior, Knights Templar, over the Atlantic provinces in 1863. d. Dec. 14, 1873.

James Keith (?-?) Lieutenant General in Russian Army under Peter II. A Scotsman, he was provincial grand master of Russia under the Grand Lodge of England. He is sometimes confused with his cousin, James Keith, whose brother, John Keith, Earl of Kintore, was grand master in 1740. James was the son of William, 9th Earl of Marischal and brother of George, 10th Earl of Marischal. A great affection existed between the brothers as they were both forced to flee Britain due to their participation in the rebellion on the Pretender's side. Their estates were seized and given to his cousin, John, Earl of Kintore. James entered the services of the king of Spain, but being a staunch Protestant, found that he could not continue in the service of the Roman Catholic king, although the latter appreciated him and recommended him to Peter II of Russia. The Spanish king presented him with a thousand crowns when he left and begged him to return if he found it possible to throw his lot with the Roman Catholic Church. In Feb., 1740, James revisited London, and was presented to George II, whom he acknowledged as his lawful sovereign. He also was present at the communication of the Grand Lodge of England held March 28, 1740 which his cousin, John, the Earl of Kintore, who had received his estates, presided over as grand master. His name is recorded on the minutes as "James Keith, Esq; Lieutenant General in the Service of Russia." His appointment as provincial grand master of Russia, therefore, would have been at the hands of his cousin, the grand master for 1740-41. He distinguished himself in the Russian wars against the Turks and Sweden. Russian Masons sang a song composed in his honor, praising him for "building the Temple to Wisdom," for "lighting the sacred fire," and for "establishing

brotherhood.” He was frequently mentioned by Carlyle in his voluminous *Life of Frederick the Great*.

Clarence B. Kelland Author. b. July 11, 1881 at Portland, Mich. Graduate of Detroit Coll. of Law in 1902. From 1903–07 he was a reporter, political editor, and Sunday editor of the *Detroit News*. From 1907–15 was editor of *The American Boy*. He has authored approximately a book per year between 1913 and 1956. His first was *Mark Tidd* (1913), which was followed by several more of the “Mark Tidd” series. Others have included *Scattergood Baines* (1921); *The Hidden Spring*; *Valley of the Sun*; *Sugar-foot*; *Archibald the Great*; *This Is My Son*; *Stolen Goods*; *The Great Mail Robbery*; *No Escape*; *Dangerous Angel*; and *Murder Makes an Entrance* (1956). He was Republican National Committeeman from Arizona in 1940. Raised in Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich., in 1904.

Harry Kellar (1849–1922) Magician. b. July 11, 1849 in Erie, Pa. As a young man he was assistant to the “Fakir of Ava,” the magician. In 1867 he joined the Davenport Brothers, spirit mediums, as business manager. With Fay he toured South America and Mexico as “Fay & Kellar” in 1871–73. He was with Ling Look and Yamadura under the name “Kellar, Ling Look & Yamadura, Royal Illusionists,” playing through South America, Africa, Australia, India, China, Philippines, and Japan. Both Look and Yamadura died in China in 1877. He was then with J. H. Cunard as “Kellar & Cunard,” traveling five years through India, Burma, Siam, Java, Persia, Asia Minor, Egypt, and Mediterranean ports. From 1884 he performed in

leading American cities. He was made a Mason in May, 1875 in Lodge Fraternidad y Home at Pelotas, Brazil; received the Royal Arch Degree on the Isle of Mauritius (Port Luis). In 1880 he received the Scottish Rite degrees in Triple Esperance Lodge, Port Luis, Mauritius, and 33° AASR in New York City. d. March 10, 1922.

Kaufman Thuma Keller President of Chrysler Corp., 1935–50, Chairman of Board, 1950–56. Retired. b. Nov. 27, 1885 in Mount Joy, Pa. He found his first job in Pittsburgh at 20 cents an hour, and at times had to borrow on his grandfather's gold watch—which he still has today. He was first an apprentice machinist with Westinghouse, and subsequently assistant superintendent of its automobile engine department; chief inspector of Detroit Metals Products Co.; general foreman of machine shop of Metzger Motor Car Co.; Hudson Motor Car Co. as chief inspector of Maxwell plant; general master mechanic of Buick Motor Co., 1916–19; with General Motors central office at Detroit, 1919–21; vice president of Chevrolet Motor Co., 1921–24; general manager of Canada for same, 1924–26; vice president of Chrysler Corp., from 1926–35. In 1954 he was director of guided missiles in office of Secretary of Defense. Received Gourgas Medal (AASR, NJ) in 1952. Member of Fellowship Lodge No. 490, Flint, Mich., receiving degrees in 1919; later member of Corinthian Lodge No. 241, Detroit (1944) and life member of Cedar Lodge No. 270, Oshawa, Ontario, Canada. Exalted in King Cyrus Chapter No. 133, R.A.M. and knighted in Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. 33° AASR (NJ) Valley of Detroit; member of National Sojourners, Moslem Shrine Temple,

Boulevard Shrine Club, Walter P. Chrysler Shrine Club and St. Clement Conclave No. 39, Red Cross of Constantine, all of Detroit.

William H. Keller (1869–1945) Judge, Superior Court of Pennsylvania, 1919–45. b. Aug. 11, 1869 in Montgomery Co., Md. Graduate of Franklin and Marshall Coll. and George Washington U. Admitted to the bar in 1893, and began practice at Lancaster, Pa. Presiding judge of the superior court from 1935. Member of Lodge No. 43, (no name) Lancaster, Pa., receiving degrees on Jan. 9, Feb. 13 and March 13, 1895. Served as master in 1902. d. Jan. 17, 1945.

Francois Christophe Kellermann (1735–1820) French General; Marshal of France and Duke of Valmy. Of German descent, he commanded the Army of the Moselle in 1792, and cooperated with Dumouriez in defeating the Duke of Brunswick at Valmy on Sept. 20, 1792. Napoleon appointed him senator in 1804, and created him marshal of France and duc de Valmy. Louis XVIII created him a peer in 1814. In 1805 he was Grand Administrateur, 33°, of the Grand Orient of France.

H. Roy Kelley Architect. b. May 2, 1893 in Beacon, N.Y. In independent practice at Los Angeles since 1926. Won first prize in national home design contests in 1927–28–29–30–35, and many honor awards. Has designed many residences, churches, clubs and buildings. Mason.

Alexander, 6th Earl of Kellie Twenty-fourth Grand

Master Mason of Scotland (1763–64) and Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England in 1760–65.

Abraham L. Kellogg (1860–1946) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1918–30. b. May 1, 1860 in Delaware Co., N.Y. Admitted to N.Y. bar in 1883, and practiced at Oneonta. Director of International Business Machines Corp. from 1934. Member of Oneonta Lodge No. 466, receiving degrees on Oct. 16, Nov 18, Dec. 12, 1890. d. Aug. 25, 1946.

Frank B. Kellogg (1856–1937) Secretary of State under President Coolidge; U.S. Senator; Ambassador to England; Nobel Peace Prize winner and Judge of Permanent Court of International Justice. b. Dec. 22, 1856 in Potsdam, N.Y. He went to Minnesota with his parents in 1865, received a common school education, and was admitted to the bar in 1877. He later received honorary degrees from many universities. Gained fame in prosecution of oil and railroad trusts for the U.S. He was U.S. senator from Minn. from 1917–23, and U.S. ambassador to England in 1924. He served as secretary of state from 1925–29. From 1930–35 he was judge of the Permanent Court of International Justice, and received the Nobel Prize in 1929. He was a member of Rochester Lodge No. 21, receiving his degrees, April 1, April 19, and May 3, 1880. d. Dec. 21, 1937.

Frederick W. Kellogg (1866–1940) Newspaper publisher. b. Dec. 7, 1866 in Norwalk, Ohio. Associated with Detroit News and Scripps–McRae League from 1887–99. In 1900, with two others, established the Omaha Daily News, St. Paul

Daily News, Minneapolis Daily News. From 1919–25 was part owner of Los Angeles Evening Express. Founded Pasadena Evening Post in 1919. He was president and principal stockholder of the Kellogg Newspapers, Inc., which included papers in the following Calif. cities: Pasadena, Monrovia, Hollywood, Glendale, Santa Monica, Venice, Redondo, Hermosa, San Pedro, Alhambra, and Culver City. Sold all in 1928 and retired. Affiliated with Southern California Lodge No. 278 of Los Angeles on April 2, 1866 from Albert Pike Lodge No. 219, Kansas City, Mo. d. Sept. 5, 1940.

Christopher Kelly Irish Masonic plagiarist. He stole bodily the famous work of Samuel Lee entitled *The Temple of Solomon*, Pourtrayed by Scripture Light. He published it under his name as *Solomon's Temple Spiritualized*, etc. and prefaced the book with "An Address to All Free and Accepted Masons." The first edition was published at Dublin in 1803. He came to the U.S., and published a second edition in 1820. He was, unfortunately, a Freemason. The thought behind these volumes seems to be founded on John Bunyan's *Solomon's Temple Spiritualized*.

James K. Kelly (1819–1903) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1871–77. b. Feb. 16, 1819 in Centre Co. Pa. Received degrees from Princeton in 1839 and 1842. Admitted to Pa. bar in 1842. Went to Calif. in 1849, and to Oregon Territory (Portland) in 1851. In 1852 he was one of the committee of three appointed to draw up the laws of the territory. He served as a volunteer against the Yakima Indians in 1855–56, and was a member of the territorial council in 1853–57. In the latter year he was one

of the framers of the Oregon constitution. A member of the state senate in 1860–64, he was chief justice of the supreme court of Oregon from 1879–81. Member of Multnomah Lodge No. 1, Oregon City, Ore. d. 1903.

Percy H. Kelly (1870–1949) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon, 1941–42. b. July 13, 1870 in Arlington, Iowa. Admitted to Oregon bar in 1892, and practiced at Albany until 1911. State senator, 1898–1902; circuit judge, 1911–30. Associate justice supreme court of Oregon, 1930–40, chief justice, 1941–42, and associate justice 1943–49. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 17, Albany, Ore., receiving degrees on Aug. 6, Sept. 12 and Oct. 16, 1894; master in 1920 and life member. Dual membership in Research Lodge No. 198. d. June 14, 1949.

William Kelly (1770–1832) U.S. Senator from Alabama, 1823–25. b. in Tennessee. He studied law and practiced in Huntsville, Ala., and afterward in Elyton, near what is now Birmingham. About 1831 he moved to New Orleans. Listed as a Mason in the Alabama Grand Lodge proceedings of 1822.

James P. Kern U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1946–52. b. April 2, 1890 in Macon, Mo. Graduate of U. of Mo. in 1910 and Harvard in 1913. Practiced law in Kansas City, Mo. since 1926. Served with Infantry in WWI. Member of Ivanhoe Lodge No. 446, Kansas City, Mo.

Benjamin T. Kemerer (1874–?) Protestant Episcopal

Bishop. b. Dec. 9, 1874 at Vernon Center, Minn. He began as editor of a country newspaper at 16, and later proofreader for West Publishing Co. He was then salesman, and advertising manager for Simmons Hardware, St. Louis. In 1903 he became a P.E. deacon, and priest in 1904, serving churches in St. Louis, El Paso, Texas, Duluth, Minn. In 1930 he was elected bishop coadjutor of Duluth, and bishop in 1933. Upon the union of the dioceses of Duluth and Minn. in 1944, he became suffragan bishop of Minn., retiring in 1948. Mason.

Edwin C. Kemp U.S. Consul. b. Aug. 24, 1884 in East Douglas, Mass. Between the years 1914 and 1935 he was American consul at St. Pierre-Miquelon, Marseilles, (France); Tunis; Bucharest; Budapest; Danzig; Havre, (France); Moncton, N.B., (Canada). He was consul general at Winnipeg, Man., 1935-37; Bremen, Germany, 1937-41; Halifax, N.S., 1941-45; Kingston, Jamaica, 1946-47. Now retired. Initiated in Adair Lodge No. 366, Kirksville, Mo. on May 30, 1910; passed Jan. 5, 1911 and raised Feb. 10, 1911 by request of Sanford Lodge No. 62, Sanford, Fla. Affiliated with St. Petersburg Lodge No. 129, St. Petersburg, Fla. about 1913. Exalted in St. Petersburg Chapter No. 31, R.A.M. Nov. 21, 1918.

Samuel B. Kemp (1871-?) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Hawaii from 1941. b. Dec. 26, 1871 in Austin, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1900. Practiced first at Austin and then Robert Lee, Texas. Became assistant U.S. attorney of Hawaii in 1916, judge of circuit court in 1917-18, and associate justice of supreme court of Hawaii from 1918-22, and again from 1938-41. From 1937-38 he was attorney general of

Hawaii. Affiliated with Le Progres de l'Océanie Lodge No. 371, Honolulu on April 22, 1918 from Hayrick Lodge No. 696, Texas. Suspended NPD on April 30, 1928.

James L. Kemper (1823–?) Governor of Virginia and Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. June 11, 1823 in Madison Co., Va. In the Mexican War he was a captain in the army; and was a member of the Virginia legislature ten years, during two of which he was speaker of the house. He entered the Confederate service in 1861 as colonel of the 7th Virginia regiment. Commissioned brigadier general in May, 1862, he saw action in many battles, and was severely wounded and captured at Gettysburg. He was elected governor of Virginia in 1874, and at the completion of his term, engaged in planting in Orange Co., Va. Mason. Recorded present at the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1867.

Amos Kendall (1789–1869) Postmaster General of U.S. from 1835–40. b. Aug. 16, 1789 in Dunstable, Mass. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1811 at the head of his class. He studied law, and in 1814 moved to Lexington, Ky., where he practiced, and was tutor in the family of Henry Clay, q.v. He became postmaster and editor of a local paper at Georgetown, Ky.; and in 1816 was co-editor and part owner of the *Argus of Western America* at Frankfort. In politics a Democrat, he received several Federal job appointments and aided in shaping Jackson's, q.v., anti-bank policy. As postmaster general he introduced many reforms and freed the department from debt. He then established two papers, *Kendall's Expositor* (1841) and *Union Democrat* (1842), but both were

soon discontinued. He became associated with the inventor, Samuel F. B. Morse in 1845, in the ownership of the latter's telegraph patents, and through his management became a rich man. He then retired to Washington, D.C., where he was active in philanthropic works. His original lodge is not known, but on Jan. 15, 1821, he affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 4, Frankfort, Ky., and later served as its master. Later he affiliated with Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 14, Georgetown, Ky. In 1837 he is listed in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia. d. Nov. 11, 1869.

George R. Kendall President of Washington National Insurance Co., 1923–51. b. March 22, 1882 in Jefferson Co., Ky. Was with Prudential Insurance Co. for 10 years as an agent and manager. In 1911 he organized the Washington Life & Accident Ins. Co., which later became Washington National Insurance Co., and was secretary for 12 years. Now chairman of executive committee. Raised in Steubenville Lodge No. 45, Steubenville, Ohio in Feb., 1905; member of Union Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. and Steubenville Commandery No. 11, K.T. both of Steubenville. Member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Harry R. Kendall (1876–1958) Chairman of Board of Washington National Insurance Co., Chicago since 1926. b. May 21, 1876 in Kentucky. He was superintendent of Prudential Insurance Co. at Louisville for 30 years. President of Fidelity Life and Accident Co., Louisville for three years. Founder and past master of Harry R. Kendall Lodge No. 750, Louisville, Ky.; first high priest of Highland Chapter No.

150, R.A.M.; member of DeMolay Commandery No. 12, K.T., Louisville, Kosair Shrine Temple. Former member of finance committee, Grand Lodge of Kentucky. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1955. d. April 3, 1958.

Nathan E. Kendall (1868–1936) Governor of Iowa, 1921–25. b. March 17, 1868 in Greenville, Iowa. Began law practice at Albia, Iowa in 1887. Member of lower house 1899–1909, and served as speaker his last term. U.S. congressman to 61st and 62nd congresses from 6th Iowa dist. Member of Astor Lodge No. 505, Albia, Iowa and Za Ga Zig Shrine Temple, Des Moines. d. Nov. 1936.

Samuel A. Kendall (1859–1933) U.S. Congressman, 66th through 72nd Congresses (1919–33) from 24th Pa. dist. b. Nov. 1, 1859 in Somerset Co., Pa. He was in the lumber business from 1890. From 1899–1903 he was a member of the lower house. Member of Meyersdale Lodge No. 554, Meyersdale, Pa., being admitted Aug. 25, 1890. d. Jan. 8, 1933.

Baynard H. Kendrick Author. b. April 8, 1894 in Philadelphia, Pa. President of Trades Publishing Co., Philadelphia, 1928; general manager Peter Clark, Inc., N.Y.C., 1929; general manager Bing & Bing's Hotels, N.Y.C., 1930–31. He has been a free lance writer since 1932, writing books, and for CBS television. Enlisted in Canadian Army within one hour after that country declared war in Aug. 1914. In WWII he was a consultant to the staff of Old Farms Convalescent Hospital for Blinded Veterans, U.S. Army at Avon, Conn. Among his books are *Blood on Lake Louisa*; *The Last Express*;

The Iron Spiders; The Whistling Hangman; Death Beyond the Go-thru; Blind Man's Bluff; Death Knell; Lights Out; Flames of Time (a Literary Guild selection), and many others. His motion pictures include The Last Express; Eyes in the Night (with Edward Arnold); The Hidden Eye; Bright Victory (Edgar Kennedy and Peggy Dow). Member of Palatka Lodge No. 34, Palatka, Fla.

John Kendrick (1745–1800) Revolutionary War privateer and explorer. b. in Boston about 1745. He later resided in Wareham, Mass. During the revolution he was captain of a privateer and was one of the first American seamen to undertake useful voyages of discovery. In 1787, when commanding the *Columbia* and the *Washington*, fitted out by Boston merchants, he explored the northwest coast of America and the islands of the Pacific. He exchanged ships with Capt. Gray, his second in command, and the latter, in a subsequent voyage, discovered the Columbia River. In 1791, with the *Washington* and *Grace*, he made a voyage to the South seas with Capt. Douglas. He visited Oceania and originated and carried on a successful trade in sandalwood with China. His death in Hawaii in 1800 was caused by the accidental firing of a charge of grapeshot from a cannon by an English captain in returning his salute in Sandwich Island waters. He was made a Mason on Dec. 10, 1778 in St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, Mass.

John B. Kendrick (1857–1933) Governor of Wyoming, 1915–17 and U.S. Senator, 1917–35. b. Sept. 6, 1857 in Cherokee Co., Texas. He was a cattleman in Northern Wyoming and Southern Montana from 1885, and owner of

one of the largest cattle ranches in the West. Member of the Wyoming state senate, 1910–14. He was elected governor for term 1915–19, and was nominated for U.S. senator at the primaries in 1916, although his name did not appear on the ballots. He resigned as governor in Feb., 1917. Kendrick Dam in Wyoming is named for him. Member of Sheridan Lodge No. 8, Sheridan, Wyo., receiving degrees on Aug. 17 and 23, 1901 and April 9, 1902. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Cheyenne on June 22, 1911. d. Nov. 3, 1933.

John R. Kenly (1822–?) Union Major General of Civil War. b. 1822 in Baltimore. He was admitted to the bar in 1845. Took part in the Mexican War as a captain and later as major. He practiced law until the Civil War, when he was commissioned colonel in June, 1861, and commanded 1st Maryland regiment. In May, 1862 he is credited with saving the forces of General Banks from capture at Front Royal. He was wounded and taken prisoner in this action, but exchanged on Aug. 15th and made brigadier general on the 22nd of that month (1862). He commanded all the forces in Baltimore, joined McClellan after the battle of Antietam and rendered efficient service at Hagerstown and Harper's Ferry. In 1863 he led the Maryland brigade at the recapture of Maryland Heights, Harper's Ferry. Was breveted major general of volunteers, March 13, 1865. His lodge is not known, but he was a member of Maryland Commandery No. 1, Baltimore, Md. There are two John R. Kenlys on the records of the grand lodge at this time. One, a member of Landmark Lodge No. 127, Baltimore, dimitted on Oct. 10, 1888; and another, a member of Warren Lodge No. 51, also of Baltimore, was suspended NPD on April 9, 1878.

Charles Rann Kennedy (1871–1950) Playwright. b. Feb. 14, 1871 in Derby, England. He became a naturalized U.S. citizen in 1917. Largely self-educated, he was an office boy and clerk from 13 to 16, and was a lecturer and writer until he was 26. He then became an actor, press agent, writer of short stories, articles and poems, as well as a theatrical business manager until 1905. From 1905 he did dramatic writing mainly. His first play was *The Servant in the House* (1908), which had Masonic significance. Others include: *The Winterfeast*; *The Terrible Meek*; *The Necessary Evil*; *The Idol-Breaker*; *The Rib of the Man*; *The Army With Banners*; *The Fool From the Hills*; *The Chastening*; *The Admiral*; *The Salutation*; and many others. He was raised in Howard Lodge No. 35, New York City, Jan. 22, 1909 and received the honorary 33° AASR (NJ) Sept. 19, 1923. d. Feb. 16, 1950.

Donald S. Kennedy President of Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. since 1929. b. Jan. 5, 1902 in Rushville, Ind. Graduate U. of Arizona in 1923. He began as a clerk with the Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. in 1923, and rose through various positions to vice president in 1942, executive vice president in 1948, and president in 1949. Also president of Oklahoma Industries, Inc. 1951–53. Member of Trinity Lodge No. 502, Muskogee, Okla., receiving degrees on May 13, June 13 and July 22, 1937. Was junior steward in 1937. 32° AASR (SJ).

John D. Kennedy (1840–1896) Confederate General of Civil War. b. Jan. 5, 1840 at Camden, S.C. Soldier, lawyer and political leader. Member of Kershaw Lodge No. 29, Camden, S.C. and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in

1881–83. d. April 14, 1896 in Camden, S.C.

John T. Kennedy Brigadier General, U.S. Army and holder of Congressional Medal of Honor. b. July 22, 1885 in Hendersonville, S.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1908. He advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942. With the A.E.F. in France, 1917–19. Commander of Fort Bragg, N.C., 1941–45. Retired in 1946. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft Leavenworth, Kansas and 32° in Army Consistory No. 1, at Ft. Leavenworth.

Marion S. Kennedy, Jr. President of Federal Land Bank of Louisville, Ky. since 1946. b. Feb. 22, 1897 in Pulaski, Tenn. Graduate of Davidson Coll. in 1918. Admitted to Term. bar in 1924, and practiced at Pulaski until 1933, when he became vice president of the Land Bank. Served with Marine Corps in WWI. Raised in Pulaski Lodge No. 101, Pulaski, Tenn. on Jan. 8, 1925.

Sherman S. Kennedy Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Sept. 16, 1888 in Saginaw, Mich. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1909, and received master's degree from Columbia in 1914. Advanced from midshipman in 1909 to rear admiral in 1942. Was at sea from 1909–17, and then in navy yards at Norfolk and Puget Sound. Then served on U.S.S. Virginia and U.S.S. West Virgin. He returned to Puget Sound, and then Cavite, Bureau of Ships, Washington, Mare Island, and Brooklyn. From 1946 he was assistant chief of Bureau of Ships (maintenance). Mason.

T. Blake Kennedy (1874–1957) Federal Judge of District of Wyoming 1921–55. b. April 4, 1874 at Commerce, Mich. Received A.B. and A.M. from Franklin Coll. (now Muskingum) and LL.B. from Syracuse U. Practiced law in Syracuse, N.Y. 1898–1901, and moved to Cheyenne, Wyo. where he practiced until 1921. President Harding appointed him to the Federal bench, Oct. 25, 1921. Prior to his death, he was the oldest Federal judge in point of service. A Member of Cheyenne Lodge No. 1, Cheyenne, Wyo., he received his degrees on July 29, Aug. 26 and Nov. 18, 1902. He served as grand master of Wyoming in 1917 and was chairman of the jurisprudence committee for more than 30 years. Knight Templar and 33° AASR (SJ). d. May 21, 1957.

William P. Kennedy President of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen since 1949. b. April 3, 1892 in Huttonville, Ont., Canada. He began as a “news butch” on the Rock Island Rail–road between Chicago and Des Moines in 1909. He was later a freight brakeman on the Dakota division of the Great Northern; a switchman for the Canadian Pacific, and then the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific. He was secretary general of the Trainmen’s grievance committee in 1920, and chairman of same from 1921–25. From 1928–35 he was a member of the board of trustees; vice president in charge of the Northwest territory, 1935–44; in charge of promotion, Chicago, 1944–46; general secretary and treasurer 1946–49. Initiated in Minnehaha Lodge No. 165, Minneapolis, Minn. in 1916; 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Zurah Shrine Temple, all of Minneapolis.

Clarence B. Kenney President and Director of Allstate Life Insurance Co. since 1957. b. Feb. 9, 1898 in New Albany, Ind. Graduate of U. of Chicago in 1923. With Retail Credit Co., Chicago, 1923–24; National Bond and Investment Co., 1925; General Motors Acceptance Corp., 1926–28 and Hardware Mutual Casualty Co., 1929–31. Went with Allstate Insurance Co., Chicago, in 1931, and was vice president and secretary from 1942–57. Served overseas in WWI, 1917–20. Mason and member of Acacia fraternity.

George C. Kenney General, U.S. Air Force. b. Aug. 6, 1889 in Yarmouth, N.S., Canada. He was a civil engineer with railroads in Canada and U.S. from 1911–14. He entered the construction business in Boston in 1915, and became president of Beaver Contracting and Engineering Corp. in 1916. Commissioned 1st lieutenant in 1917, he was promoted through grades to general in March, 1945, and retired in Aug., 1951. He commanded the 4th Air Force in 1942; the 5th Air Force in the Southwest Pacific in 1944; Allied Air Forces and Far East Air Forces in Southwest Pacific, 1944–45; Pacific Air Command, U.S. Army, 1945–46; Senior U.S. military representative with U.N. in 1946; and commanding general of Strategic Air Command, 1946–48. In 1948–51 he was commanding general of the Air University. Since retirement he has been president of the National Arthritis and Rheumatism Fund. Member of Bethesda Lodge, Brighton, Mass. since 1913 and member of St. Paul's Chapter, R.A.M., Boston, Mass.

Richard R. Kenney (1856–1931) U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1897–1901. b. Sept. 9, 1856 in Sussex Co., Del.

Admitted to the bar in 1881, and practiced at Dover. He was state librarian, 1879–83, and adjutant general of state, 1887–91. Member of Union Lodge No 7, Dover, Del. d. Aug. 14, 1931.

Robert F. Kennon Governor of Louisiana, 1952–56. b. Aug. 21, 1902 at Minden, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1923 and 1925. Practiced law at Minden from 1925–41. He was district attorney of the 26th judicial district for eleven years, and judge of the Louisiana court of appeal, 1942–45. From 1945–46 he was a justice of the supreme court of Louisiana. He was chairman of the Governors' Conference in 1954–55. Served as an officer overseas in WWI from 1941–45. Member of Minden Lodge No. 51, Minden, La., receiving degrees on Aug. 21 and Dec. 27, 1923, and April 11, 1924. Served as master in 1929–30 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1936–37. 32° AASR (SJ), at Baton Rouge. Member of Minden Chapter No. 55, R.A.M. and Crusader Commandery No. 21, K.T., both of Minden. Served as high priest and commander. Member of Shrine and Red Cross of Constantine.

Michael Kenny (1863–1946) Jesuit priest and Anti-Masonic author. b. June 28, 1863 in GlanKeen, Tipperary, Ireland. He came to the U.S. in 1886, and was naturalized in 1892. Joined the Jesuits in 1886, and was ordained Roman Catholic priest in 1897. Hewas one of the founders of America, a Catholic weekly, in New York City in 1908, and associate editor of same until 1915. Taught in Catholic universities throughout the country. Wrote American Masonry in 1926 and American Masonry and Catholic Education in 1927. d. Nov. 22, 1946.

Duke of Kent (see Edward Augustus).

Duke of Kent (see under Prince George).

W. Wallace Kent Federal Judge, Michigan, since 1954. b. May 1, 1916, at Galesburg, Mich. Graduate of Western Michigan Coll., 1937, and U. of Michigan, 1940. Admitted to the bar in 1940, practicing at Kalamazoo. Member of Anchor of S.O. Lodge No. 87; Kalamazoo Chapter No. 13, R.A.M.; Kalamazoo Council, No. 63, R. & S.M.; Peninsular Commandery No. 8, K.T., all of Kalamazoo, Mich. 32° AASR (NJ) at Grand Rapids, Mich.

William E. Kepner Lieutenant General, U.S. Air Force, and pioneer aviator. b. Jan. 6, 1893 in Miami, Ind. He served as a private in the Marine Corps in 1909–13, and with Indiana national guard in Mexican Border, 1916–17. Commissioned in cavalry in 1917, but transferred to infantry, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942, major general, 1943, and lieutenant general in 1950. Participated in six major engagements in WWI. He transferred to Air Service in 1920, and won the Litchfield trophy and National Balloon Race in 1928. In the same year he won the King Albert trophy in the Gordon Bennett International Balloon Race. He was test pilot for U.S. Navy metal-clad airship ZMC-2 in 1929, and in 1934 piloted and commanded the National Geographic Society–Army Air stratosphere balloon flight. He participated in the first transcontinental blind flight for airplane as escort pursuit plane for Maj. Ira Eaker in 1936. He commanded the First Army Air Force in 1941; 2nd Air Division, 8th Air Force,

1944–45; 8th Air Force, European Theater of Operations, 1945; 9th Air Force, 1945; deputy commander of aviation, atomic bomb tests, Bikini, 1946; commanding general, A.A.F. technical training command, St. Louis, 1946; chief of special weapons group, Hq. U.S.A.F., 1947; commander air forces and deputy commander atom bomb tests at Eniwetok, 1948. Later commander-in-chief of U.S. Alaskan command. He was vice president of Bell Aircraft Corp., Buffalo, N.Y. 1953–55, and since 1955 has been chairman of board of directors of Radiation, Inc. Fla. Mason, 32° AASR and member of Aahmes Shrine Temple, Oakland, Calif.

Aleksandr Feodorovich Kerenski Russian revolutionary leader. b. May 4, 1881. After the first Bolshevik revolution of Feb., 1917, he was made minister of justice in the provisional government, and later minister of war. He succeeded Prince Lvov in July, 1917 as prime minister, but was overthrown by the revolution of Nov., 1917 because of his moderate policies and indecision. He fled to Paris where he edited the Social Revolutionary paper, Dni. He is said to have been a Freemason, as well as most of the members of his short-lived regime.

John W. Kern, Jr. Chief Judge of U.S. Tax Court, 1949–55. b. July 7, 1900 in Indianapolis, son of John W. Kern, q.v., former U.S. Senator. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. and Harvard. Admitted to the bar in 1923, and practiced in Indianapolis until 1931. He was subsequently U.S. commissioner; superior court judge; mayor of Indianapolis; law professor at Indiana Law School; and member of U.S. Board

of Tax Appeals, 1937–42. Since 1942 he has been a judge of the U.S. Tax Court. Received degrees in Oriental Lodge No. 500, Indianapolis, Ind. Dimitted Nov. 9, 1937.

John W. Kern, Sr. (1849–1917) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1911–17. b. Dec. 20, 1849 in Alto, Ind. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1869, and practiced law in Kokomo from that date until 1885, when he moved to Indianapolis. He was a candidate for governor twice, and Democratic nominee for vice president of the U.S. in 1908. Father of John W. Kern, Jr., q.v. Member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Aug. 17, 1917.

Richard A. Kern Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy, physician. b. Feb. 20, 1891 in Columbia, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1910, and 1914 (AB and MD). Instructor, associate, assistant professor, and professor of medicine 1919–46 at U. of Pennsylvania. Head of department of medicine at Temple U. since 1946. Served in the Medical Corps, U.S. Navy in WWI. On active duty in WWII in South Pacific from 1942–44 on Halsey's staff. From 1944–46 he was chief of medicine at the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia. Rank of commodore in 1945, and from 1952–55 held rank of rear admiral. He has been consultant to the surgeon general of the Army since 1947, and same to Navy since 1949. He was chief of the division of general medicine, Veterans Administration, 1946–47. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1945–46, and is an active member of the Supreme Council, 33° AASR (NJ) . Received degrees in University Lodge No. 610, Philadelphia, Pa., in March, April and May, 1923. Member of

Columbia Chapter No. 91, R.A.M.; Philadelphia Council No. 11, R. & S.M.; and Mary Commandery No. 36, K.T., all of Philadelphia. Member of Lulu Shrine Temple and Philadelphia Chapter No. 16, National Sojourners.

Andrew Kerr Football coach. b. Oct. 7, 1878 in Cheyenne, Wyo. Graduate of Dickinson Coll. (Carlisle, Pa.) in 1900. Began as a teacher and football coach in Johnstown, Pa., and subsequently in Pittsburgh. From 1914–22 he was athletic coach at U. of Pittsburgh; Stanford U., 1922–26; Washington and Jefferson Coll., 1926–29; Colgate U., 1929–47 (now emeritus); and Lebanon Valley Coll., 1947–50. He has coached the East team of the annual East–West Shrine charity game at San Francisco since 1927. Became member of the Football Hall of Fame in 1951. Raised in Wilksburg Lodge No. 683, Wilksburg, Pa. in 1922; 32° AASR (NJ) at Pittsburgh; Grotto in Hamilton, N.Y. Holds honorary membership in many Shrine temples.

John L. Kerr (1780–1844) U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1841–43. b. Jan. 15, 1780 near Annapolis, Md. Graduate of St. John's Coll., Annapolis, in 1799, studied law, and practiced at Easton. He served two terms as U.S. congressman from Maryland, 1825–29 and 1831–33. He edited the History of Maryland written by his uncle, John L. Bozman. Schultz in his History of Freemasonry in Maryland states that he was a charter member of St. Thomas' Lodge No. 37, organized in 1803 at Easton, Md. In 1823 he is listed as a member of Cambridge Lodge No. 66, Cambridge, Md., and as a past master of that lodge in the proceedings of 1825. The proceedings of 1830

give him as a member of Coates Lodge No. 76, Easton. d. Feb. – 21, 1844.

Michael C. Kerr (1827–1876) Speaker of House of Representatives. b. March 15, 1827 in Titusville, Pa. Graduate in law of Louisville U. (Ky.) in 1851, and began practice in New Albany, Ind. Served one term in the state legislature; was reporter of the supreme court; and served in U.S. congress from 1864–72, and again in 1875–76. He was elected speaker of the house, Dec. 6, 1875, but his health was failing rapidly from tuberculosis, and he served only through the first session of congress, dying four daysafter its adjournment. He was a member of Jefferson Lodge No. 104, New Albany, Ind. and was buried Masonic-ally. d. Aug. 19, 1876.

Robert S. Kerr Governor of Oklahoma, 1943–47 and U.S. Senator from Oklahoma since 1949. b. Sept. 11, 1896 in Ada, Okla. Admitted to the bar in 1922, and practiced in Ada. He has been a drilling contractor and oil producer since 1926, and is president of the Kerr–McGee Oil Industries, Inc. He was keynoter for the Democratic national convention of 1944. He is chairman of board of West Central Broadcasting Co., and in 1944 was chairman of the Oklahoma Baptist General Convention. He served in WWI as a 2nd lieutenant in the field artillery. Member of Ada Lodge No, 118, Ada, Oklahoma.

Joseph B. Kershaw (1822–1894) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. Jan. 5, 1822 in Camden, S.C. He was admitted to the bar in 1843, and was a member of the state senate in 1852–57. He raised the 2nd South Carolina regiment

for the Confederate Army and commanded it in the first Battle of Bull Run in July, 1861. He was made brigadier general, Feb. 13, 1862, and commanded a brigade in McLaw's division through the peninsular campaign of that year, and afterward held the sunken road at Fredericksburg. His command led the attack of Longstreet's corps at Gettysburg, where he lost more than half his brigade. After the Battle of Chickamauga and the siege of Knoxville, he returned to Va. in 1864, as major general and commanded a division of Lee's army in the final campaigns. He held the National forces in check at Spottsylvania until the arrival of Lee; was at Cold Harbor in Early's campaign, and in the rear of Lee's army when he surrendered on April 6, 1865. He was imprisoned at Fort Warren until July, 1865. He returned to his law practice at Camden; was a member of the state senate, serving as its president, and in 1877 became a circuit judge. He was a member of Kershaw Lodge No. 29 at Camden, and served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina, 1873-74. d. April 13, 1894 at Camden, S.C.

William Kettner (1864-1930) U.S. Congressman to 63rd through 66th Congresses (1913-21) from 11th Calif. dist. b. Nov. 20, 1864 in Ann Arbor, Mich. Lived in St. Paul, Minn., until 1884, when he went to Calif. as a miner, and was later in the newspaper business. Affiliated with San Diego, Lodge No. 35, San Diego, Calif., on Feb. 1, 1908 from Visalia Lodge No. 128, Visalia, Calif. Member of San Diego Chapter No. 61, R.A.M. d. Nov. 11, 1930.

William S. Key (1889-1959) Major General, U.S. Army; oil

executive. b. Oct. 6, 1889 in Dudleyville, Ala. Began in hardware business in Wewoka, Okla., in 1911, and moved to Oklahoma City in 1927, where he has since engaged in the oil business. Served as Infantry captain on Mexican border in 1916–17, and overseas 17 months in WWI. He was a major general of the 45th Division (N.G.) and in Federal service from 1940–46. Became provost marshal general of European Theater of Operations with headquarters in London in Oct. 1942 and in 1943–44 commanded all U.S. troops in Iceland. From 1944–46 he was head of the U.S. military control commission in Hungary. A candidate for governor of Oklahoma, 1938, he was defeated by only 3,000 votes. Retired from Army in 1949. From 1924–27 he was warden of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary, and later chairman of the parole board. He was Works Progress Administrator for Oklahoma in 1935–37. Raised in Seminole Lodge No. 147, Wewoka, Okla., on Aug. 15, 1913; exalted in Indian Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. McAlester in 1927; greeted in Circle Council No. 56, R. & S.M. in 1956 at Oklahoma City; and knighted in Bethlehem Comrnandery No. 45, K.T. Oklahoma City in 1927. 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of McAlester April 29, 1920; KCCH in 1929; 33° in 1937; deputy of Supreme Council in 1950; sovereign grand inspector general in 1951 and grand master of ceremonies in 1955. Served as master of his lodge in 1921. Former director and president of Masonic Charity Foundation of Oklahoma; member of India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City; Saba Grotto, Tulsa; past sovereign of Red Cross of Constantine; National Sojourner; active member of DeMolay Supreme Council, 1957, and member of Royal Order of Jesters and Royal Order of Scotland. d. Jan. 5, 1959.

Henry W. Keyes (1863–1938) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1919–37 and Governor of New Hampshire, 1917–19. b. May 23, 1863 in Newbury, Vt. Graduate of Harvard in 1887. He engaged in farming most of his life and was president of the Woodsville (N.H.) Bank. He served in the state lower house from 1891–95, and again in 1915–17, and in the state senate from 1903–05. Raised March 18, 1897 in Grafton Lodge No. 46, Haverhill, N.H. d. June 19, 1938.

Robert H. Keys Labor leader and founder of Foreman's Association of America. b. May 11, 1912 in Cincinnati, Ohio. He founded the Foreman's Assn. in 1941, and is president and chairman of the executive board as well as managing editor of *The Supervisor*, its official publication. A writer on labor questions and for the advancement of supervisory employees' rights. Mason.

Aga Khan III (1877–1957) Full name was Aga Sultan Sir Mahomed Shah. Head of the Ismailian Mohammedans and son of Aga Khan II. He was one of the wealthiest men in the world. He received an European education, and was member of viceroy's council in 1902–04. In 1910 he founded the Aligarh U. for Mohammedans. During WWI he performed great services for Great Britain, and after the war worked for a strong, free Turkey. He was the author of *India in Transition* (1918). He represented India at many British and international ceremonies. He owned the greatest racing stables in the world and was a Derby winner. *Lettres Mensuelles*, quoting the *Kansas Masonic Digest*, stated that he was initiated in December, 1951, and was given Masonic burial services on

July 30, 1957.

Robert L. Kidd President of Cities Service Oil companies. b. July 7, 1901 in Brazil, Ind. Received AB in geology, Indiana U. in 1923. Geologist for Cities Service in Oklahoma and Kansas until 1951, when he became vice president of Cities Service Oil Co. in charge of exploration and production, as well as director. Since 1956 he has been president and director of Cities Service Co. (Del.), Cities Service Pipe Lines, Cities Service Production Co., Cities Service Oil Co., Ltd., and Lafitte Oil Traders, Inc. of Bartlesville, Okla. Also a director of other Cities Service organizations. Mason.

Ormonde A. Kieb Assistant Postmaster General since 1953. b. Aug. 17, 1901 in Springfield, Mass. Began career in the real estate business with E. J. Maier Corp., 1925. Has been president of The Kieb Co., Newark, N.J. since 1933. Received the degrees in Kane Lodge No. 55, Newark, N.J. in 1939. Dimitted Dec. 10, 1954.

Edgar R. Kiess (1875–1930) U.S. Congressman to 63rd through 71st Congresses (1913–31) from 16th Pa. dist. b. Aug. 26, 1875 in Warrensville, Pa. In real estate, he was president of the Eagles Mere Co., Eagles Mere Land Co., Raymond Hotel Co., Eagles Mere Hotel Co. and Edgar R. Kiess Co. Member of the lower house in 1904–10. Member of Muncy Lodge No. 299, Muncy, Pa., receiving degrees on Dec. 7, 1899, Jan. 4 and Feb. 1, 1900. d. July 20, 1930.

Edwin J. Kiest (1861–1941) Owner and publisher of Dallas

Daily Times–Herald (Texas) from 1896. b. Sept. 24, 1861 in Cook Co., Ill. He was a newsboy in Chicago from 1871–73, and learned the printer's trade. He was a compositor in Chicago until 1889, when he went with the Western Newspaper Union, Omaha, Nebr. until 1896. He was a director of Texas A. & M. Coll. and of the Scottish Rite Crippled Children's Hospital. Member of Dallas Lodge No. 760, Dallas, Texas, receiving degrees on Jan. 4, Feb. 19, March 20, 1918 and affiliating with Keystone Lodge No. 1143, Dallas, as a charter member in 1920. d. Aug. 11, 1941.

Clarence E. Kilburn U.S. Congressman to 79th through 85th Congresses from New York. b. April 13, 1893 in Malone, N.Y. Began with Kirk–Maher Co. in 1919, and was president in 1921. Since 1930 has been president of People's Trust Co., Malone. Member of Northern Constellation Lodge No. 291, Malone, N.Y. Dimitted from chapter, commandery and shrine.

Thomas E. Kilby (1865–1943) Governor of Alabama, 1919–23. b. July 9, 1865 in Lebanon, Tenn. He was in the manufacturing business at Anniston, Ala. from 1800, and was president of Kilby Steel Co., and chairman of board of Alabama Pipe Line Co. He was a member of the state senate from 1911–15, and lieutenant governor from 1915–19. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Oct. 22, 1943.

William, Marquess of Kildare Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1770 and served again in 1777 as the 2nd Duke of Leinster.

Harley M. Kilgore (1893–1956) U.S. Senator from West Virginia 1940–56. b. Jan. 11, 1893 in Brown, W.Va. Graduate of U. of West Virginia in 1914 and practiced law at Beckley, 1914–17 and 1920–32. Served as an officer with the U.S. Army in WWI. Member of Beckley Lodge No. 95, Beckley, W.Va. d. Feb. 28, 1956.

Joe M. Kilgore U.S. Congressman, 84th and 85th Congresses from 15th Texas dist. b. Dec. 10, 1918 in Brown Co., Texas. Practiced law at Edinburg, Texas, 1946–54, and member of Texas lower house during that time. Mason.

John M. Killits (1858–1938) Federal Judge, Northern District of Ohio, 1910–38. b. Oct. 7, 1858 in Lithopolis, Ohio. Graduate of Williams Coll. (three degrees) and George Washington U. (two degrees). He was editor and publisher of the Red Oak Express (Ia.) 1881–83. From 1884–87 he was secretary of chief signal officer, and edited publications of that bureau. Admitted to the bar in 1887, he practiced at Bryan, Ohio until 1904. Raised in Red Oak Lodge No. 162, Red Oak Iowa, in 1883, affiliating with Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C., in 1885 and with Bryan Lodge No. 215, Bryan, Ohio, on March 6, 1891. d. Sept. 13, 1938.

William, 4th and last Earl of Kilmarnock Seventh Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1742.

Aaron E. Kilpatrick (1872–1953) Landscape painter. b. April 7, 1872 in St. Thomas, Ont., Canada. Came to U.S. in 1892, and naturalized in 1912. He exhibited at the San Francisco Palace

of Fine Arts, Southwest Museum of Los Angeles, Los Angeles Museum of History, and Art Institute of Chicago. Represented in many private collections. Member of Eagle Rock Lodge No. 422, Los Angeles, affiliating on June 20, 1911 from Palestine Lodge No. 351, same city. d. Aug. 16, 1953.

Arthur, Viscount of Kilwarlin Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1785, and later 2nd Marquess of Downshire.

Charles D. Kimball (1859–1930) Governor of Rhode Island, 1902–03. b. Sept. 13, 1859 in Providence, R.I. He engaged in mercantile business in Providence. He was a member of the lower house in R.I. 1894–99, and lieutenant governor of the state in 1900–01. Became a member of Adelphoi Lodge No. 33, East Providence, R.I. on Jan. 2, 1900. Member of Providence Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and St. John's Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., both of Providence, R.I. d. Dec. 8, 1930.

George T. Kimball President of American Hardware Corp., New Britain. Conn. 1924–45 and of Corbin Lock Co. b. June 25, 1874 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Lake Forest Coll. in 1899. He was first an accountant in Chicago, and later lawyer and private accountant. He went with American Hardware in 1913 as an auditor. Mason and Shriner.

Nathan Kimball (1822–1898) Union Major General in Civil War. b. in Indiana Nov. 22, 1822. He served in the Mexican War as a captain of volunteers, and at the beginning of the Civil War was appointed colonel of a regiment of Indiana

infantry. He took part in the operations at Cheat Mountain and Battle of Greenbrier; commanded a brigade at Battle of Winchester, and was made brigadier – general, April 15, 1862. At Antietam his brigade held its ground but lost nearly 600 men. At Fredericksburg, he was wounded. He later commanded a division in the West, and at the siege of Vicksburg in 1863. He was breveted major general Feb. 1, 1865. Member of Mt. Pleasant Lodge No. 168, Mt. Pleasant, Ind., he dimitted Feb. 20, 1869 and no further record in that state of Masonic membership. d. Jan. 21, 1898.

Ralph Kimball Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Wyoming 1931–37, and 1943–44. b. Nov. 23, 1878 at Nevada, Mo. Admitted to Missouri bar in 1899, he moved to Lander, Wyo. in 1901. He served one term in the lower house of that state, and was a district judge for two years, but resigned in 1920 to become associate justice of the supreme court of Wyoming. He retired from the supreme court bench in 1952. Member of Wyoming Lodge No. 2, Lander, Wyo. and master of same for two years.

Lewis A. Kimberly (1830–1902) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 2, 1830 in Troy, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy and made midshipman in 1852, commander in 1866, captain in 1874, commodore in 1884, and rear admiral in 1887, retiring in 1892. In 1861–62 he served on frigate Potomac, was then executive officer of the Hartford, Admiral Farragut's flagship. He participated in actions of Port Hudson, Grand Gulf, Warrington, and Mobile Bay. He was in the expedition to Korea and commanded the force which landed and captured

the forts. He was in the great hurricane of May 15, 1889 at Samoa. Admitted to St. Johns Lodge, Boston, Mass., March 2, 1857. d. in 1902.

Ira L. Kimes Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Aug. 8, 1899 in Fayetteville, Tenn. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1923, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945. In Naval and Marine aviation, he was commander of the Marine Corps Air Station at Quantico, Va., 1943–45, retiring from active duty in 1945. Mason.

James L. Kincaid President of American Hotels Corp. and Brigadier General, U.S. Army (retired). b. Nov. 28, 1884 in Syracuse, N.Y. Law graduate of Syracuse U. in 1908, and practiced at Syracuse, N.Y. He was assistant to the president of United Hotels from 1919–20, vice president 1921–26, and president of American Hotels from 1924. This company directs the operation of 70 hotels in the U.S. He is also the director of 21 other hotelcompanies. Saw service in Mexican border campaign and was with judge advocate department, A.E.F., in WWI. Made major general in N.Y. national guard in 1923. In WWII he was in active service as a brigadier general from 1943–45, serving in Africa, Italy and France. Received degrees in Central City Lodge No. 305, Syracuse, N.Y. on Jan. 17, Feb. 7 and March 7, 1911. Dimitted from same Dec. 1, 1921 to become charter member of Sea and Field Lodge No. 2–983, Syracuse.

Earl of Kincardine (see Earl of Elgin).

James H. Kindelberger President of North American Aviation, Inc., Los Angeles, 1935–48. b. May 8, 1895 in Wheeling, W.Va. Began as apprentice–engineer in Wheeling, W.Va. in 1911. He was designer and chief draftsman of Glenn L. Martin Co. 1919–25, and vice president and chief engineer of Douglas Aircraft Corp., 1925–34. In 1934 he was president of General Aviation Mfg. Corp., Baltimore. Mason.

Austin A. King (1801–1870) Governor of Missouri, 1848–53. b. Sept. 20, 1801 in Sullivan Co., Tenn. He was admitted to the bar in 1822, and moved to Mo. in 1830, where he continued his practice. He was twice elected to the state legislature, in 1834 and 1836, and was circuit judge, 1837–48, and again 1862–63. He was elected to the 38th U.S. congress and served from 1863–65, after which he devoted himself to his profession and farming. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 57, Richmond, Mo. d. April 22, 1870.

Charles King (1844–1933) Author and Brigadier General. b. Oct. 12, 1844 in Albany, N.Y. He was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1866, and was retired for wounds in 1879, but continued as a national guard instructor, and reentered Federal Service in Spanish–American War to become a brigadier general in 1898. He wrote: *Famous and Decisive Battles; Between the Lines; The Colonel's Daughter; Marion's Faith; Captain Blake; The General's Double; The Iron Brigade; A Conquering Corps Badge; Medal of Honor* and others. He became a member of Kilbourn Lodge No. 3, Milwaukee, Wis. in 1886, and was exalted in Kilbourn Chapter No. 1 the same year. In 1898 he became a member of Wisconsin

Cornmandery No. 1, K.T. at Milwaukee and received 32° AASR (NJ) in Wisconsin Consistory AASR (SJ) in 1900. Awarded honorary 33° AASR in 1920. d. March 18, 1933.

Charles Glen King American chemist who isolated vitamin C in 1932 and synthesized it in 1933. b. Oct. 22, 1896 in Entiat, Wash. Graduate of Washington State Coll. in 1918; U. of Pittsburgh 1920 and 1923; with graduate study at Columbia, 1926–27, and Cambridge (Eng.) in 1929–30. He is noted for his work on enzymes, synthetic fats, nutrition, bacteriology and dairy sanitation. He taught in U. of Pittsburgh and Columbia, and has been professor at Columbia U. since 1946. He was scientific director of the Nutrition Foundation, 1942–55, and executive director of same since 1955. Consultant to private industries and government, and has received many awards for his work. Served as private in machine gun company in WWI. Initiated in Whitman Lodge No. 49, Pullman, Wash., in 1919.

Edward L. King (1873–1933) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 5, 1873 in Bridgewater, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1896, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1922, and major general in 1931. Participated in the Spanish–American War, the Philippine Insurrection, and with 65th Infantry brigade, AEF in WWI. He was commandant of the Cavalry School, Ft. Riley, Kansas, 1923–25, and same for General Service Schools, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., 1925–29. From 1929–32 he was assistant chief of staff of the War Department General Staff, and from 1932, commander of 4th Corps Area. Mason. d. Dec. 27, 1933.

Edward P. King, Jr. (1884–1958) Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 4, 1884 in Atlanta, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1903. Commissioned in 1908, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1940, and temporary major general in 1941. He was an instructor at the General Staff and Command School, 1930–35, and the Army War College, 1937–40, retiring in 1946. Received his degrees in Gate City Lodge No. 2, Atlanta, Ga. on April 23, May 14 and June 20, 1912, becoming a charter member and first master of Fort Benning Lodge No. 579, Fort Benning, Ga. on Oct. 29, 1924. Member of Yaarab Shrine Temple, Atlanta. d. Aug. 31, 1958.

Ernest J. King (1878–1956) Fleet Admiral, U.S. Navy and Commander-in-Chief of U.S. Navy. b. Nov. 23, 1878 in Lorain, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1901. Previous to this he served as a midshipman in the U.S. Navy during the Spanish–American War. He rose through the grades to rear admiral in 1933; admiral, 1941; chief of Bureau of Aeronautics, 1933–36; vice admiral commanding aircraft battle force, U.S. Fleet, 1938–39, member of general board of Navy Dept., 1939–40; commander-in-chief U.S. Fleet, Dec., 1941; chief of naval operations, 1942–45; and appointed fleet admiral, Dec. 17, 1944. A member of George C. Whiting Lodge No. 22, Washington, D.C., he received his degrees June 25, July 25, and Sept. 12, 1935. He became a member of Darius Chapter No. 143, R.A.M., San Diego, Calif., receiving the degrees June 17, July 8 and Aug. 26, 1938. He was greatly interested in Masonry, both blue lodge and chapter, and attended often. When he was elevated to commander-in-chief of the Atlantic Fleet, a letter was written him at one of the chapter meetings

and signed by more than 200 of its members. King received it the day following Pearl Harbor, and he replied to it with sincere feeling. A member of Holyrood Commandery No. 32, K.T., Cleveland, Ohio, he received the orders July 12 and July 19, 1939. He became a member of Al Koran Shrine Temple at Cleveland in 1946. d. June 25, 1956.

Horatio C. King (1837–1918) Soldier and author. b. Dec. 22, 1837 in Portland, Maine. His father was postmaster general in 1861. Graduate of Dickinson Coll. in 1858, he was admitted to the bar in 1861. He entered the Union army as a captain in 1862, and rose to colonel of volunteers in 1865. He received the Congressional Medal of Honor for “distinguished bravery near Dinwiddie C.H., Va. on March 29, 1865.” He practiced law from 1871–73, and after 1877. He was associate editor of the New York Star, 1871–73 and publisher of the Christian Union, 1873–77. He was the author of History of Dickinson College (1896); Sketch of Army of Potomac (1896); Songs of Dickinson (1901) and Souvenir of Poems and Compositions (1908). Made a Mason in lodge at Winchester, Va. in 1864. d. Nov. 15, 1918.

Joshua King Lieutenant of the Continental Army to whom Major Andre, the British spy, first revealed his identity. Member of Union Lodge No. 40, Danbury, Conn.

Rufus King (1755–1827) Member of Continental Congress; U.S. Minister to Great Britain, and U.S. Senator from New York. b. in Scarborough, Maine. He was graduated from Harvard in 1777. Accompanied Gen. Sullivan on his expedition into

R.I. and later honorably discharged. Admitted to the bar and was member of Continental Congress, 1884–87, from Mass., and of the Federal Constitution–al Convention of 1788. Here he was one of the members assigned to make a final draft of the constitution of the U.S. He moved to New York City in 1788, and served a term in the state assembly; in a short time he was elected to the U.S. senate, serving there from 1789–96, and 1813–25. He twice served as U.S. Minister to Great Britain, 1796–1803 and 1825–26. He was an unsuccessful candidate for vice president of the U.S. in 1804 and 1808, and for president in 1816. He is thought to have been a member of a lodge in Newburyport, Mass., but no proof is available. His brother, William King, q.v., was first governor of Maine and first grand master of Maine. d. April 29, 1827.

Rufus King Fiction and motion picture writer. b. Jan. 3, 1893 in New York City. Graduate of Yale in 1914. Served on Mexican border in 1916, and in France in WWI. Since 1925 he has averaged a book or motion picture script each year. Many of his mystery books have been adapted to pictures. His writing include: North Star; Whelp of the Winds; Murder by the Clock; A Woman Is Dead; Murder by Latitude; Crime of Violence; The Secret Agent; Murder at the Vanities (mystery revue with Earl Carroll); Invitation to a Murder (play with Milton Lazarus); Holiday Homicide; The Body in the Rockpit; and many others. He received his degrees in Champlain Lodge No. 237, Champlain, N.Y. in 1926.

Thomas Starr King (1824–1864) Unitarian clergyman who is represented in the National Hall of Fame, Washington,

D.C., from Calif. b. Dec. 17, 1824 in New York City. He taught school early in life and studied for the ministry under Hosea Ballou, q.v., in Medford, Mass. He preached in Boston, Mass. from 1838–60, going to San Francisco, Calif. in the latter year. At the outset of the Civil War, he spoke throughout the country on the importance of upholding the Union, and his eloquence is credited with saving California for the Union. He built a church in San Francisco which was dedicated Jan. 10, 1864. Less than two months later he was stricken with diphtheria, and died March 4, 1864; he was buried in the church he had built. His remains were transferred to the Masonic cemetery in 1887, when the church property was sold. During the Civil War he worked constantly for the Sanitary Commission (forerunner of the Red Cross) and raised \$1,250,000 for it—which was one-fourth of the entire amount raised in the U.S. He was raised in Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, on Aug. 17, 1861, and served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Calif. in 1862–63.

William King (1768–1852) First Governor of Maine and first Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Maine. b. Feb. 9, 1768 in Scarborough, Maine. He was the brother of Rufus King, q.v. Early in life he became a member of the Mass. legislature and took an active part in drafting and enacting the religious freedom bill. He was a merchant in Bath, Maine for nearly 50 years. He was an ardent advocate of the separation of Maine and Mass. and presided over the convention to frame a constitution for the new state. He was subsequently elected first governor and after that appointed U.S. commissioner for the adjustment of Spanish claims. He served in the War in 1812

as a colonel. He was made a Mason in Massachusetts Lodge of Boston, Mass., Feb. 3, 1800, and became first master of Solar Lodge No. 14, Bath, Maine, Sept. 10, 1804. In 1820 he became the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine. d. June 17, 1852.

William Rufus King (1786–1853) Vice President of the United States, 1853; U.S. Senator; Minister to France. b. April 6, 1786 in Sampson Co., N.C. He was graduated from U. of North Carolina in 1803, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1806. He served in state legislature from 1806–09. From 1810–16 he was U.S. congressman. From 1819–44 he was U.S. Senator, and again from 1848–53, serving as president of that body in 1853. President Tyler named him U.S. minister to France in 1844, and he returned in 1846 at his request. He was elected vice president of the U.S. in 1852 under Franklin Pierce, but failing health forced him to visit Cuba in 1853, where the oath of office was administered him by a special act of Congress. He returned to this country, but died the day after reaching his home near Cahawba, Ala., April 18, 1853, without entering upon any official duty of his office. He was a member of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, Fayetteville, N.C., receiving his degrees in April, 1808, May 5, 1809, and Dec. 15, 1810.

Thomas, 7th Earl of Kinghorn (see Strathmore).

Robert, 1st Baron of Kingsborough Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1749.

Kenneth R. Kingsbury (1876–1937) President of Standard

Oil Co. of Calif. 1919–37. b. Jan. 22, 1876 in Columbus, Ohio. Student at Columbia U., 1896–97 in mining engineering. Began with Standard Oil of Calif. in 1911. Mason. d. Nov. 22, 1937.

Henry, 4th Viscount of Kingsland Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1733.

Nathan Kingsley (1850–1918) General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1909–12. b. Sept. 10, 1850 in Sharon, Conn. Admitted to Minn. bar in 1876, he practiced at Rushford, Chatfield, and later Austin. Was district judge from 1898–1912. Made a Mason in Pleasant Grove Lodge No. 22, Pleasant Grove, Minn. in 1872; exalted in North Star Chapter No. 11. R.A.M., Chatfield in Jan., 1874. In 1888–89 he was high priest of Austin Chapter No. 14, Austin, Minn., and grand high priest in 1885–86. Elected general grand high priest at triennial in Savannah, Ga. in 1909. Knighted in St. Bernard Commandery No. 13, K.T. of Austin in 1888, and commander in 1891–92. d. Sept. 8, 1918.

George Frederick Kingston (1889–1950) Archbishop and Primate of all Canada, 1947–50. b. Aug. 26, 1889 in Prescott, Ontario. Educated in U. of Toronto, Harvard, Oxford, and Trinity U. (Toronto). Was ordained in 1916 in diocese of Nova Scotia. He was professor of philosophy at King's U., Nova Scotia. Also professor of ethics at Trinity Coll., Toronto, and dean of men there from 1926–40. He was bishop of Algoma, 1940–44; bishop of Nova Scotia, 1944–50. Initiated in Ionic Lodge No. 25, G.R.C. (Ontario) on Feb. 2, 1927, he was master

of same in 1937. He held several grand lodge offices, including that of grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Canada (Ontario) and Nova Scotia, 1948–50. Active in Royal Arch Masonry and Red Cross of Constantine, he was a profound Masonic student. d. Nov. 20, 1950.

James, 4th Baron of Kingston Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) , 1728. Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1731, 1735 and 1745.

George William, 9th Lord of Kinnaird and Rossie Fifty-eighth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1830–31.

John C. Kinnear Vice President of Kennecott Copper Corp. 1945–48. b. Feb. 14, 1885 in Carnoustie, Scotland, of American parents. Graduate of Mass. Inst. of Tech. in 1907. With mining concerns in Nevada from 1908, and with Kennecott Copper from 1910, rising from metallurgist to general manager and vice president. Member of Ely Lodge No. 29, Ely, Nevada since 1914 and past master of same. Member of Monitor Chapter No. 13, and Ely Commandery No. 6, K.T., both of Ely, Nevada. 32° AASR (SJ) at Reno and member of Kerak Shrine Temple of Reno.

Thomas Robert, 10th Earl of Kinnoul Fifty-sixth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1826.

John, 3rd Earl of Kintore Third Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1738, and Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1740.

Rudyard Kipling (1865–1936) English writer who was awarded the Nobel prize for literature in 1907. b. Dec. 30, 1865 in Bombay, India. He was educated in United Services Coll. North Devon, England, and returned to India in 1880, where he was on the editorial staff of the Civil & Military Gazette and Pioneer, at Lahore until 1889. He began writing verse and tales while in India, and continued after his return to England in 1889. Among his best known works are Plain Tales from the Hills; In Black and White; The Story of the Gadsbys; Under the Deodars; Phantom 'Rickshaw; Wee Willie Winkie; Life's Handicap; The Light That Failed; Barrack–Room Ballads; The Jungle Book; Second Jungle Book; The Seven Seas; Captains Courageous; Just So Stories for Little Children; and many others. His writings contained frequent Masonic references, particularly The Man Who Would Be King from Wee Willie Winkie (1889); In the Interests of the Brethren from Debits and Credits (1926); The Widow At Windsor from Barrack Room Ballads (1892). The most famous is his Mother Lodge from The Seven Seas (1896). He was initiated in Hope and Perseverance Lodge No. 782, Lahore, Punjab, India in 1886, by a special dispensation, because he was only 20 years and six months old. Strange to say, he recorded his own raising in the minutes as he was immediately elected secretary of the lodge. He wrote the following about his initiation which appeared in The Freemason (London) on March 28, 1925: "I was secretary for some years of Hope and Perseverance No. 782, E.C., Lahore, which included Brethren of at least four creeds. I was entered by a member of Brahma Somaj, a Hindu; passed by a Mohammedan, and raised by an Englishman. Our Tyler was an Indian Jew. We met, of

course, on the level, and the only difference anyone would notice was that at our banquets, some of the Brethren, who were debarred by caste rules from eating food not ceremonially prepared, sat over empty plates.” He received his Mark Master degree in the Mark Lodge, “Fidelity” on April 12, 1887 and Royal Ark Mariners degree in the Lodge “Mt. Ararat” at Lahore, April 17, 1888. He affiliated with the Independence and Philanthropy Lodge No. 391, Allahabad, Bengal in 1888. On his return to England, he became a founder of the lodge Builders of the Silent Cities No. 4948, in 1927, and of Author’s Lodge No. 3456. He was further appointed poet laureate of the famous Canongate Kilwinning Lodge No. 2, of Edinburgh, Scotland, in which, by tradition, Robert Burns, q.v., had previously served in a similar capacity.

Allan P. Kirby President of Imperial Motor Corp. since 1934, and of Allegheny Corp. since 1939. b. July 31, 1892 at Wilkes-Barre, Pa. He began as office manager for a lumber company in New Brunswick in 1914. Later he became treasurer of Jenkins-Kirby Packing Co. (1915–22), and president of Kirby-Davis Co. (1922–34). He is a director of F. W. Woolworth Co., Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, Greenbrier Hotel Corp., International Telephone and Telegraph – Corp., and several other large corporations. Raised in Landmark Lodge No. 442, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. in 1920. Member of Shekinah Chapter No. 182, R.A.M. and Dieu le Veut Commandery No. 45, K.T. and Irem Shrine Temple, all of Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Ephraim Kirby (1757–1804) First General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. b.

Feb. 23, 1757 near Litchfield, Conn. He enlisted in the volunteer cavalry at the age of 19, and reached Boston in time to take part in the Battle of Bunker Hill, (under General Warren), q.v. He later fought at Brandywine, Monmouth, Elk River, and Germantown. At Elk River he received seven saber cuts in the head and was left on the field as dead. In all he was in 17 battles and many skirmishes; he received 13 wounds. He was discharged as an ensign, August 23, 1782. He later became a colonel in the 17th regiment of the Connecticut militia. He presented his sword to St. Paul's Lodge, Litchfield, Conn., where it is now proudly displayed. He studied law, and the issuance of the "Kirby Reports" in 1789, on cases of the superior court of Conn., gave him the distinction of publishing the first volume of law reports issued in America. He was an early member of the Society of Cincinnati, and secretary of the Conn. branch. He was appointed federal revenue collector for Conn. in 1802, and was named land commissioner of the Miss. Territory and district judge of same. He arrived in January, 1804, coming by boat from Conn. via New Orleans and Fort Stoddert, Ala. Here he died, Oct. 4, 1804, and was buried in a grave now forgotten. He became a member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 11, Litchfield, Conn., in 1781, but it is not known if this is his original lodge. It is said that he had a part in organizing a lodge at Woodbury, Conn. in 1782. On Dec. 27, 1871, he was elected secretary of St. Paul's Lodge. Representing that lodge at the convention of July 8, 1789 to form the Grand Lodge of Conn., he was elected its secretary. He was grand senior warden of that grand lodge from 1795-97. He served three terms as master of his own lodge. Little is known of his chapter record except that he was

a member of the Mark Lodge located at New Town, Conn., and was a signer of the by-laws of Hiram Chapter No. 1 of the same city, March 31, 1792. When the Grand Chapter of Connecticut was organized at Hartford, May 17, 1798, Kirby was elected first grand high priest. He was also elected first general grand high priest in 1798, serving until his death in 1804. He was thus grand high priest and general grand high priest at the same time. In 1953, Royal Arch Masons, led by Col. Woolsey Finnell, q.v., of Ala., erected a monument to his memory at Mt. Vernon, Ala.

Fred M. Kirby (1861–1940) Capitalist. b. Oct. 30, 1861 in Brownville, N.Y. Employed by a dry goods firm in Watertown, N.Y. from 1876–84, he moved to Wilkes-Barre, Pa. where he became associated with C. S. Woolworth in 5 and 10 cent store. He purchased interest of partner in 1887, and became the owner of 96 stores, located in nearly every state east of the Mississippi River. In 1912 he merged his interests with F. W. Woolworth, and retired. He gave \$100,000 to Lafayette College (Pa.), for Kirby Chair of Civil Rights, and erected Kirby Hall of Civil Rights there for \$500,000. Erected the Angeline Elizabeth Kirby Memorial Center at Wilkes-Barre at a cost of two million dollars in 1931. Mason. d. Oct. 16, 1940.

Norman T. Kirk Major General, U.S. Army, and Surgeon General, U.S. Army, 1943–47. b. Jan. 3, 1888 at Rising Sun, Md. Received M.D. degree from U. of Maryland in 1910. He was commissioned 1st lieutenant in U.S. Medical Corps in 1912, and advanced through grades to major general in 1932, retiring in 1947. Served in Mexico in 1914; WWI;

two Philippine tours; chief of surgery at Letterman General Hospital, 1936–41, and Walter Reed, 1941–42. In 1942–43 he was commanding officer of Percy Jones General Hospital. He is director of American Foundation for Tropical Medicine. Has written several volumes on surgery, amputations and prostheses. Raised in Tompkins Lodge No. 466, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. in 1917 receiving the chapter, council and commandery in Chattanooga, Tenn. the same year. Now inactive in all bodies.

Watson Kirkconnell President of Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S., Canada since 1948. b. May 16, 1895 in Port Hope, Ont., Canada. M.A. at Queen's U. in 1916; student at Oxford (England) 1921–22; Ph.D. from Debrecen U., Hungary, 1938. From 1922–48 he taught at Wesley Coll., United Coll. and McMaster U. (all in Canada). Served as captain in Canadian Army in 1916–19. Authority on the history of Hungary, Poland, Iceland, and Canada. Fellow of Royal Society; Canadian Royal Geography Society; Royal History Society; Royal Anthropology Institute; Icelandic Society of Letters; Petofi Society (Hungary). National president of Canadian Authors Assn. in 1942–44. President of Baptist Union of Western Canada, 1938–40, and president of Baptist Federation of Canada in 1953. Received degrees in Faithful Brethren Lodge No. 77, Lindsay, Ont. on Oct. 1, Nov. 5 and Dec. 17, 1920 and also affiliated with St. George's Lodge No. 20, R.N.S., serving as its master in 1955.

Thomas Kirker Governor of Ohio in 1807–08. Grand junior deacon of Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1808. Member of Scioto

Lodge No. 6, Chillicothe, Ohio, receiving degrees on Dec. 31, 1806, Jan. 10 and 16, 1807. Dimitted July 3, 1811.

Samuel Kirkland (1741–1808) Revolutionary patriot, clergyman, and missionary to Indians of the Six Nations. b. Dec. 1, 1741 in Norwich, Conn. He was the son of the Rev. Daniel Kirtland, but Samuel restored the old spelling of the family name. Graduate of Princeton in 1765, leaving that year as an Indian missionary to the Six Nations. He remained with the tribes a year and a half, and returned to Conn. where he was commissioned Indian missionary. He then went to Oneida and continued to labor among the tribes, with occasional interruptions, for more than 40 years. He spoke the Mohawk and Seneca languages, and had the profound respect of the Indians. During the Revolution he was active in attempting to preserve the neutrality of the Indians, holding many councils with them. After the Battle of Lexington, however, he succeeded in attaching the Oneidas to the patriot cause, although the other tribes, through the influence of Sir William Johnson, q.v., and Chief Joseph Brant, q.v., joined the British. Washington wrote to Congress in 1775: "I cannot but intimate my sense of the importance of Mr. Kirkland's station, and of the great advantages which have and may result to the united colonies from his situation being made respectable. All accounts agree that much of the favorable disposition shown by the Indians may be ascribed to his labor and influence." Kirkland was initiated in St. Patrick's Lodge No. 8, Johnstown, N.Y., Feb. 7, 1767. It was this lodge that furnished many famous brethren to both sides of the Revolution, including the Johnson's, Herkimer's, and Butler's, q.v. Kirkland became

a brigade chaplain to General John Sullivan, q.v., in 1779, and accompanied him on the Susquehanna expedition. The remainder of the war he was chaplain to the Continental forces at Fort Schuyler and at Stockbridge, Mass. He resumed his work among the Indians after peace was declared, and in 1785 received a liberal grant of land from congress in consideration of his services. In 1788 the Indians and the state of New York added to this gift a large and valuable tract, on which he settled and founded the present town of Kirkland. In 1791 he made a trip with 40 warriors to Philadelphia and appeared before congress in order to consult as to the best method of introducing western civilization among the tribes. In 1793 he established the Hamilton Oneida College (now Hamilton College), an institution for the education of American and Indian youth. d. Feb. 28, 1808.

Robert Kirkwood (1730–1791) American Revolutionary War hero. b. in 1730 near Newark, Del. Christopher Ward, in his book, *The Delaware Continentals*, referred to him as the “American Diomedes.” Light Horse Harry Lee, q.v., said “No regiment in the army surpassed it in soldiership. It was commanded by Capt. Kirkwood, who passed through the war with high reputation.” He entered the Army as a lieutenant and participated in the battles of Long Island, Trenton, and Princeton. Early in 1777 he was commissioned captain, and engaged in all the important battles of the three following campaigns. In 1780 he accompanied General Horatio Gates, q.v., to the south, where his outfit suffered severely at the Battle of Camden. The remnant that survived was attached under Kirkwood to General Henry Lee’s light infantry, and

Kirkwood commanded it at Cowpens, Guilford, Eutaw, and the other battles of this campaign, and was breveted major. In all he took part in 33 battles. He migrated to Ohio after the war, settling nearly opposite Wheeling. He was killed in the Battle of Miami, Nov. 4, 1791. Kirkwood was raised in Lodge No. 18 of Dover, Del. (under Penn. constitution) on June 11, 1782.

Robert C. Kirkwood Executive Vice President of F. W. Woolworth Co. since 1955. b. Nov. 19, 1904 at Kitchener Provo, Utah. He began with Woolworth Co. in 1923, at Provo, and was successively store manager of Western and Midwestern stores; superintendent of Minneapolis district; personnel director; merchandise supervisor; assistant district manager of San Francisco; district manager at Boston; director in 1953. Mason, 32° AASR.

Samuel J. Kirkwood (1813–1894) U.S. Secretary of Interior under Garfield; Governor of Iowa; U.S. Senator from Iowa; in National Statuary Hall. b. Dec. 20, 1813 in Harford Co., Md. Moved to Ohio in 1835, studied law and admitted to the bar in 1843. Moved to Iowa in 1855, where he engaged in farming and milling, and served in the state senate in 1856. He was governor of Iowa from 1860–63. He declined Lincoln's offer to be U.S. Minister to Denmark in 1862. He was elected U.S. senator in 1866 to fill an unexpired term, and in 1875 was elected governor for third time. In 1876 he was again elected U.S. senator and served until 1881, when he resigned to enter the cabinet of Garfield as secretary of the Interior. He was a member of Iowa City Lodge No. 4, Iowa City, Iowa. d. Sept. 1, 1894.

Richard Kirman Governor of Nevada, 1935–38. b. Jan. 14, 1877 at Virginia City, Nev. His father was a member of the big cattle firm of Kirman and Rickey in the early days of Nevada. Richard is a banker at Reno, Nev. He was raised in Washoe Lodge No. 35 of Reno in 1927.

Joseph G. Kitchell (1862–1947) Artist and writer. b. April 25, 1862 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Was photographic editor of *Quarterly Illustrator*, and publisher of *L'Art de Monde*. He invented method and apparatus for first scientific composite photograph. In 1900 he produced the Kitchell Composite Madonna, a merging of the most important madonnas painted by the great masters of 300 years, which attracted wide attention in America and Europe. In 1915 he invented and patented a new method of reproducing pictures known as “subchromatic art,” examples of which were accepted by the Metropolitan Museum, Congressional Library, British Museum, and Bibliotheque Nationale, Paris. With Ordnance Dept in Washington as captain in WWI. He produced the official Red Cross allegorical picture *Thine Is the Glory* in 1919, which was given to the War Department and presented by them to the Red Cross. Mason. d. June 1, 1947.

Horatio Herbert Kitchener (1850–1916) British Field Marshal of WWI and 1st Earl Kitchener of Khartoum and Broome. b. Sept. 22, 1850 at Guns-borough Villa, near Ballylongford, Kerry, Ireland. He was educated in the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, and commissioned in the Royal Engineers in 1871. He served in Wolseley's expedition for relief of General Gordon in 1884, and was governor general

of Eastern Sudan in 1886. In 1898 he invaded Sudan, annihilated the Khalifa's army at Omdurman, and reoccupied Khartoum. He was governor general of Sudan in 1899. In 1900–02 he organized forces to combat the Boers and was commander-in-chief of India from 1902–09, being made field marshal on the latter date. In 1914 he was secretary of state for war, and organized the British forces for WWI. He was lost at sea in the sinking of the British cruiser, H.M.S. Hampshire, sunk off the Orkney Islands, June 6, 1916. He is thought to have entered Freemasonry in Egypt. In 1885 he was one of the founders of Drury Lane Lodge No. 2127 of London. He was made past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1897; district grand master of Egypt and the Soudan in 1899; and past grand warden of district grand lodge of Punjab, India, in 1902. Four English lodges have been named in his honor.

William W. Kitchin (1866–1924) Governor of North Carolina, 1909–13. b. Oct. 9, 1866 near Scotland Neck, N.C. Graduate of Wake Forest Coll. in 1884. He edited the Scotland Neck Democrat in 1885. He was admitted to the bar in 1887, and practiced at Roxboro from 1888. Kitchin was a member of the 55th through 60th U.S. congresses (1897–1909) from 5th N.C. dist. He received his degrees in Scotland Neck Lodge No. 470 in Jan., 1897. He affiliated with Person Lodge No. 113, Roxboro, Nov. 13, 1899. He affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 40 of Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1916. On Feb. 13, 1911, as governor he attended the dedication of a marker to Joseph Monfort, q.v., and spoke briefly to the assembly. d. Nov. 9, 1924.

Alfred B. Kittredge (1861–1911) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1901–09. b. March 26, 1861 in Cheshire Co., N.H. Graduate of Yale in 1882 and 1885. Admitted to the bar in 1885, and began practice at Sioux Falls, S.D. He was a member of the state senate from 1889–93. A member of Minnehaha Lodge No. 5, Sioux Falls, he received his degrees, Feb. 14, April 19, and May 20, 1887. d. in 1911.

Frank A. Kittredge Chief Engineer, U.S. National Park Service from 1947. b. March 29, 1883 in Glyn-don, Minn. Graduate of U. of Washington. He was with state and federal highway commissions until 1927, when he became chief engineer of the National Park Service. From 1937–40 he was regional director of region four for that service. From 1940–41 he was superintendent of Grand Canyon National Park, and superintendent of Yosemite National Park from 1941–47, at which time he returned to the Department of Interior as chief engineer. Served in WWI in Engineering Corps. Mason.

George Klapka (1820–1892) Hungarian Revolutionary General. (Gyorgy in Hungarian.) He led the Northern Hungarian army in 1849, and served in the battle of Kapolna, and at Komarno with distinction. He defended Komarno, capitulating on honorable terms in 1849. He was in exile from 1849–67. He organized the Hungarian legion with Kossuth, q.v., in Italy in 1859, and with Bismarck in 1866 in Upper Silesia. He returned to Hungary following the amnesty of 1867, and supported the Deak party as a member of the Hungarian parliament. His original lodge is not known, but he was a founder of the Lodge Mathias Corvinus at Budapest.

Marc Klaw (1858–1936) Theatrical Producer. b. May 29, 1858 in Paducah, Ky. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, but in 1881 he became associated with the stage as a producer, and became one of the noted producers of the “gay nineties.” He was president of Marc Klaw, Inc., and an officer of other corporations. In WWI he was in charge of military entertainment services of the War Department. He became a member of the famous theatrical lodge—Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City, and was raised, July 16, 1903. d. June 14, 1936.

Richard M. Kleberg U.S. Congressman, 72nd through 78th Congresses (1931–45) from 14th Texas dist. b. Nov. 18, 1887 in Corpus Christi, Texas, the grandson of Richard King, founder of the fabulous 1,250,000 acre King Ranch. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1911, and in that year began as foreman of the King Ranch. He was active in the management of the same until 1924. Trustee of estate of Mrs. H. M. King. Member of Chamberlain Lodge No. 913, Kingville, Texas. His father was a member of the same lodge.

Eugene H. Kleinpell President of State Teachers College, River Falls, Wis. since 1946. b. May 11, 1903 at Monona, Iowa. Graduate of Iowa U., Chicago U., and Ohio State U. He taught at Kemper Military School, Boonville, Mo. from 1926–31, and then headed departments at Northern Montana College (Havre), Morningside Coll. (Sioux City, Ia.), and Northwest Missouri State Teachers Coll. (Maryville). He was president of the State Teachers Coll. (Valley City, ND.) from 1942–46. Mason.

Rufus Bernhard von Kleinsmid (see under “von”).

Harry J. Klingler Vice President of General Motors from 1942. b. July 5, 1889 in St. Clair, Mich. With Delco Light Co., 1919–22; Chevrolet Motor Co. from 1922 to 1933, being general sales manager from 1927–33; general manager Pontiac division of General Motors from 1933. Member of Evergreen Lodge No. 9, St. Clair, Mich., receiving degrees on March 4, April 27, and June 15, 1918.

Friedrich G. Klopstock (1724–1803) German poet. He studied theology at Jena in 1745, and drafted prose for the beginning of the religious epic, *The Messiah*. He recast it into hexameters at Leipzig in 1746, and published it anonymously in 1748. He was invited to Copenhagen by the king of Denmark in 1751, and remained there on pension until 1770. Other works include *Oden*; *Geistliche Lieder*; *Die Deutsche Gelehrtenrepublik* *Der Tod Adams*; and others. Bulletin of International Masonic Congress in 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

George B. F. Kloss (1788–1854) German physician and author. A resident of Frankfort, he was grand master of the “*Electric Grand Lodge*” many times. He collected a large Masonic library, and in 1844 published the *Bibliography of Freemasonry*, (first of such published), containing more than 5,000 Masonic references. d. Feb. 10, 1854.

Bradford Knapp (1870–1938) College president. b. Dec. 24, 1870 at Vinton, Iowa. Graduate of Vanderbilt U. and U.

of Mich. Practiced law at Clarion, Ia. from 1899–1909, and engaged in agricultural extension work. Was president of Oklahoma A. & M. Coll., 1923–28; Alabama Polytechnic Inst., 1928–33; and Texas Technological Coll. from 1933. Mason. d. June 11, 1938.

Francis J. Knauss Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado since 1951. b. Aug. 30, 1884 in Chicago. Graduate of U. of Colorado in 1905 and practiced law at Denver until 1946. Was judge of district court at Denver, 1946–51. Raised in Temple Lodge No. 84, Denver, in April, 1908. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1940–41. Member of Denver Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Denver, and grand high priest of Grand Chapter of Colorado in 1952–53. Member of Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T. and 33° AASR (SJ) in Denver. Member of Red Cross of Constantine and past potentate of El Jebel Shrine Temple, Denver.

Adolph Franz Freiderich Ludwig, Baron Von Knigge (1752–1796) German author. b. Oct. 16, 1752 at Brendenbeck, near Hanover. He wrote novels and stories, and a translation of Mozart's Figaro (1791). His most popular non-Masonic work was *On Conversation With Men*. Although he was one of the most prominent Freemasons of his time, his association with the fraternity would wax from hot to cold, and he finally became an anti-Mason. He was initiated Jan. 20, 1772, in a lodge of the Strict Observance rite at Cassel, but was not impressed with the institution, writing Prince Charles of Hesse, q.v., that its ceremonies were “absurd, juggling tricks.” In 1780 he entered the Order of the Illuminati, which had

been set up by Weishaupt, q.v., as a grandiose new society of his own, with vague but vast aims. Among the Illuminati, Knigge was known as Philo. When he appealed to Weishaupt for more light, the latter confessed that the higher degrees did not exist except in his own brain, and influenced Knigge to extend the system to the highest degrees, promising him full authority. Knigge secured the aid of Bode, q.v., and was quite successful in propagating the rite. When Weishaupt interfered, Knigge became disgusted and withdrew from the order, and soon afterwards entirely from Freemasonry. His Masonic books included: *On the Jesuits, Freemasons and Rosicrucians*; *Essay on Freemasonry*, and *Contribution Towards the Latest History of the Order of Freemasons*. His last Masonic book was entitled *Philo's Final Declaration* (1788). d. May 6, 1796.

Felix H. Knight Vice President of American Federation of Labor from 1936. b. Dec. 10, 1878 in Montgomery Co. Mo. In 1902 he became an officer of Association of Railway Carmen; assistant general president in 1913, and president in 1935. He was a member of the board of directors of Union Labor Life Insurance Co. from 1935. Member of East Gate Lodge No. 630, Kansas City, Mo. and 32° AASR (SJ).

Goodwin Knight Governor of California from 1953. b. Dec. 9, 1896 at Provo, Utah. Graduate of Stanford U. in 1919. Admitted to Calif. bar in 1921, and was in private practice until 1925; a partner with Thomas Reynolds until 1935. He was judge of the superior court of Calif. from 1935–46, and lieutenant governor 1946–53. He is the former owner and operator of the Elephant Mining Co., Kern Co., Calif. He

served in the U.S. Navy in WWI. Member of Westlake Lodge No. 392 of Los Angeles; 32° AASR (SJ) at Los Angeles and Al Malaikah Shrine Temple.

Nehemiah R. Knight (1780–1854) Governor of Rhode Island, 1817–21, and U.S. Senator, 1820–41. b. Dec. 31, 1780 in Cranston, R.I. He represented Cranston in the state legislature in 1800, and moved to Providence in 1802, where he was clerk of the court of common pleas. During the administration of Madison, he was collector of customs at Providence. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, Providence. d. April 19, 1854.

Telfair Knight Rear Admiral, U.S. Maritime Service. b. July 12, 1888 in Jacksonville, Fla. Graduate of Sewanee Military Academy and U. of the South. He was president of Knight Crockery and Furniture Co., Jacksonville, Fla., 1908–15, and practiced law there from 1915–23. He was president of the Peacock Motion Picture Co., Shanghai, China, and New York from 1930–34. He became secretary of the U.S. Maritime Commission in 1936, and was successively director of training, chief of bureau, and commandant of the service from 1948. Received rank of commodore in 1944, and rear admiral in 1946. Mason and 32° AASR.

Thomas E. Knight (1868–1943) Justice, Supreme Court of Alabama from 1931. b. Oct. 13, 1868 in Greensboro, Ala. Graduate of Southern U. and U. of Alabama. Admitted to the bar in 1888, practicing at Selma. Was member of state house of representatives, and circuit judge. Mason. d. April 11, 1943.

Joseph F. Knipe (1823–1901) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Nov. 30, 1823 in Mount Joy, Pa. He served in the ranks through the Mexican War, and in 1861 organized the 46th Penn. regiment, and commissioned its colonel. Made brigadier general of volunteers in 1862. He served in the Army of the Potomac and of Cumberland, commanding a brigade and then a division, until the fall of Atlanta, when he became chief of cavalry of the Army of Tennessee. He was wounded five times. Mustered out of service in Sept. 1865; he was superintendent of the military prison at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. in 1887. Member of Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa. receiving degrees on Aug. 15, Sept. 9, and Sept. 11, 1861. d. Aug. 18, 1901.

Tully C. Knoles President of College of Pacific, Stockton, Calif, 1919–46, and Chancellor since 1946. b. Jan. 6, 1876 at Petersburg, Ill. Graduate of U. of Southern California in 1903 and 1908. He was head of the history department of U. of Southern California from 1909–19. Raised Feb. 22, 1919 in University Lodge No. 394, Los Angeles; affiliated with Friendship Lodge No. 210, San Jose on Oct. 2, 1919; and with San Joaquin Lodge No. 19, Stockton on Nov. 3, 1926.

Douglas D. Knoop (1883–1948) English professor who did valuable original research on the operative period of the Craft. b. Sept. 16, 1883 in Manchester, England. He studied in England, Germany, and Switzerland, and became professor of economics at Sheffield U. From 1923 until his death in 1948, he produced a series of papers and books mainly on the operative craft. They include *The Medieval Mason* and

The Genesis of Freemasonry. He was a member of University Lodge No. 3911 of Sheffield. Curiously, his colleagues in his –research were not Freemasons. d. Oct. 21, 1948.

J. Proctor Knott (1830–1911) Governor of Kentucky, 1883–87; U.S. Congressman from Kentucky, 40th and 41st Congresses (1867–71), and 45th through 47th Congresses (1877–83). b. Aug. 29, 1830 near Lebanon, Ky. He studied law at the age of 16, and in May, 1850 went to Memphis, Mo., where he was employed in the county clerk’s office until he was 21, and licensed to practice. In 1858 he was elected to the Missouri legislature, and from 1859–61 he was attorney general of Mo. At the beginning of the Civil War he was arrested by General Lyon and taken to St. Louis under surveillance because he refused to take the test–oath of office prescribed for officials. He moved to Lebanon, Ky. in 1862, where he practiced law. He received his degrees in Memphis Lodge No. 16, Memphis, Mo. about 1851, and later served as master of the lodge. After his return to Ky. he affiliated with Lebanon Lodge No. 87. He was a Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar. d. 1911.

William L. Knous Federal Judge and Governor of Colorado, 1947–50. b. Feb. 2, 1889 in Ouray, Colo. Graduate of U. of Colorado in 1911, and admitted to the state bar that year. He served in the state general assembly, 1928–30, and in senate, 1930–36, being president in the last two years. In 1937–46 he was justice of the supreme court of Colorado. He was made judge of the U.S. District Court for Colorado in 1950, and since 1954, has been chief judge of the same. Member

of Inspiration Lodge No. 143, Denver, Colo., 32° and KCCH AASR (SJ) at Denver. Member of El Jebel Shrine Temple and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

William F. Knowland U.S. Senator from California since 1945. b. June 26, 1908 in Alameda, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1929. He has been assistant publisher of the Oakland Tribune since 1933. He was a member of the state assembly, 1933–35, and of state senate, 1935–39. He enlisted in the U.S. Army as a private in 1942, and advanced to major. He was overseas with the Army when appointed U.S. senator in 1945 to fill the unexpired term of Hiram W. Johnson, q.v. Married at 18, he was the youngest state senator at 27, and the youngest member of the U.S. senate at 37. He was raised July 10, 1930 in Oak Grove Lodge No. 215 at Alameda, Calif.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Oakland and member of Aahmes Shrine Temple at Oakland. His father, Joseph R. Knowland, is owner of the Oakland Tribune and a 33° AASR (SJ).

Frank Knox (see William Franklin Knox).

Henry Knox (1750–1806) Major General in American Revolution and 1st Secretary of War under Washington. b. July 25, 1750 in Boston, Mass. Orphaned at age of 12, he was apprenticed to a bookseller, and in 1771 opened the “London Book Store” in Boston when he was 21. He attempted to prevent the Boston Massacre of 1770. His military knowledge was gained from the textbooks which he supplied to British officers. He joined the American forces at the outbreak of the war and fought at Bunker Hill. He planned the defenses of

the camps before Boston, and brought much needed artillery from Lake George and the border. At Trenton he crossed the river before the main body and rendered such service that he was made brigadier general and chief of artillery in the Continental Army. He was present at Princeton, Monmouth, and Yorktown; and after the surrender of Cornwallis was made major general (1781). He took the initial steps in creating the U.S. Military Academy in 1779; was a member of the court-martial which tried Major Andre in 1780; and commanded West Point in 1782. He was one of Washington's most trusted advisors and a close personal friend. In April, 1783 he drafted the plan of a society to be formed by American and French officers of the Revolution, to be called the Cincinnati. He was first secretary-general of the society from 1783-99, and vice president in 1805. He was secretary of War in 1785-94, being the first to hold that office under the Federal government. His plan to organize a national militia system was thwarted by the Republicans. His Masonic membership is hazy, but he is thought to have been a member of St. John's Regimental Lodge at Morristown, N.J., which was warranted in 1775. He is credited with helping to constitute Washington Lodge at West Point in 1779, and is recorded as a visitor to Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va.; St. John's Lodge, Boston; Amity Lodge No. 6, Camden, Maine; and Orient No. 15, Thomaston, Maine. Major General Henry Knox Lodge of Boston, Mass. was named in his honor and constituted aboard the famous Old Ironsides in the Charlestown Navy Yard, March 17, 1926. d. Oct. 25, 1806.

Philander C. Knox (1853-1921) U.S. Secretary of State,

1909–13, and U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1904–09, and 1917–21. b. May 6, 1853 in Brownsville, Pa. Graduate of Mount Union Coll. (Ohio) in 1872, and admitted to the bar in 1875. He was U.S. attorney general in the cabinets of McKinley and Roosevelt, 1901–04. As attorney general he filed suit and won decision against the Northern Securities Co., and drew up legislation creating the U.S. department of Commerce and Labor in 1903. As secretary of State he initiated what is known as “dollar diplomacy.” As U.S. senator he was prominent in opposition of U.S. entry into the League of Nations. Member of Fellowship Lodge No. 679, Pittsburgh. d. Oct. 12, 1921.

William Franklin Knox (1874–1944) Secretary of Navy 1940–44; newspaper publisher. b. Jan. 1, 1874 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Alma Coll. (Mich.) in 1898. Started with Grand Rapids Herald (Mich.), as a reporter in 1898, and in 1901 became publisher of the Sault Ste. Marie News (Mich.). He published the Manchester Leader (N.H.) in 1912–13, and the Manchester Union and Leader from 1913. Between 1927–31 he also published the Boston American, Boston Daily Advertiser, and Boston Sunday Advertiser. At one time he was general manager of the Hearst newspapers. With Theodore Ellis, he purchased the Chicago Daily News in 1931, and became its publisher. He served in the Spanish–American War with the famous “Rough Riders” (1st U.S. Volunteer Cavalry). In WWI he served overseas with the field artillery, as captain through to colonel. He was the Republican nominee for vice president of the U.S. in 1936, and although he still adhered to his Republican politics, F. D. Roosevelt appointed him

secretary of the Navy in his cabinet. He was raised in Bethel Lodge No. 358, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. in 1908; 32° AASR in New Hampshire Consistory, Nashua, N.H.; and member of Bektash Shrine Temple of Concord, N.H. d. April 28, 1944.

William S. Knudsen (1879–1948) President of General Motors, 1937–48; Lieutenant General U.S. Army in WWII in charge of production for War Dept. b. March 25, 1879 in Denmark. He served apprenticeship as a bicycle mechanic in Denmark, and came to U.S. at age of 20, where he first worked in the shipyards in New York. He was later employed by the Erie Railroad and Ford Motor Co. In 1921 he became general manager of Matthews & Ireland Mfg. Co., and in 1922, a vice president of Chevrolet Motor Co., and later president. From 1933–37 he was executive vice president of General Motors with supervisory control of all their automobiles and body manufacturing. A member of Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, he received his degrees, April 28, Sept. 18, and Nov. 13, 1914. Received 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 9, 1943. d. April 27, 1948.

Oscar R. Knutson Justice, Supreme Court of Minnesota since 1948. b. Oct. 9, 1899 in Superior, Wis. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1927, and practiced law at Warren from 1927–40. He was mayor of Warren, 1936–41, resigning to take post as district court judge, a position he held from 1941–48. Member of Warren Lodge No. 150, Warren, Minn.; Pierson Chapter No. 41, R.A.M. and Constantine Commandery No. 2, K.T. both of Crookston, Minn. Shrine membership in Kern Temple of Grand Forks, N.D.

William Koch Former president of National Life Insurance Co. of Des Moines. Was in insurance business 50 years, 27 of them as president of the above company. Retired in 1956. Venerable grand prior, and sovereign grand inspector general, 33°, Active, AASR (SJ). Received 32° in 1902; KCCH in 1913, and 33° in 1917. Appointed deputy for Iowa in 1935 and crowned active member in 1937. Initiated in Home Lodge No. 370, Des Moines in 1900; also member of chapter, council, commandery, Red Cross of Constantine, National Sojourners, DeMolay, and Shrine.

Herbert C. Kohler (1891–1953) Managing editor of Reading Times (Pa.) b. Jan. 27, 1891 in Berks Co., Pa. Started as feature writer on Reading Herald (Pa.) in 1909, and from 1916–21 was an accountant with Bethlehem Steel Co. He later edited the Allentown (Pa.) Record, and was city editor of Norristown (Pa.) Times–Herald. He campaigned to end coal mine pollution and to clean the Schuylkill River. Member of Chandler Lodge No. 227, Reading, Pa., receiving degrees on Dec. 11, 1948, Jan. 26 and Feb. 23, 1949. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Dec. 27, 1953.

Walter J. Kohler (1875–1940) Governor of Wisconsin, 1929–30; President of Kohler Co., 1905–37; and chairman of board from 1937. b. March 3, 1875 in Sheboygan, Wis. He became associated with the Kohler Co. in 1890. His father was founder of the company. He was a participant in making Kohler, Wis. an American industrial garden city, for which he was awarded the national service fellowship by the Society of Arts and Sciences, N.Y. in 1934. He was an officer of many

railroads and corporations. Became a member of Sheboygan Lodge No. 11, Sheboygan, Wis. in 1896. d. April 21, 1940.

Takashi Komatsu Japanese business executive and the first native born Japanese to become master of a Masonic lodge (Tokyo Lodge No. 125 of Toyko, Japan under Philippine constitution in 1955). b. March, 1886 in Mishima, Shizuoka-ken, Japan. Graduate of Monmouth Coll. in 1910 and Harvard in 1911. Secretary to president of Oriental Steamship Co., 1914–21; member of Japanese delegation to conference on limitation of naval armaments in 1921; member of three-power naval conference at Geneva in 1927; managing director of Asano Shipbuilding Co., 1928–40; director of Nippon Steel Tube Co., 1940–46, and vice president in 1946, retiring in 1946. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Jan Amos Komensky (1592–1670) Czech theologian and educator, whose writings and thoughts did much to lay the background for Freemasonry. He studied in Heidelberg; was driven by the Spanish into Poland in 1621. He gained fame by innovations in methods of teaching, especially of languages. He was called to Sweden in 1642, to improve the educational system. He was the last bishop (elected 1648) of the Unitas Fratrum at Leszno. After Leszno was burned by the Poles in 1656, he settled in Amsterdam, where he died, Nov. 15, 1670. He was the author of the first textbook with pictures adapted for teaching of children. In Sept., 1628 he became associated with the secret society, “Cross of Roses.” He was master of this pre-Masonic organization that was based on Egyptian and Arabian mysteries. His thesis was “The construction of

the Temple of Wisdom on the principles which were fixed by the Creator of the World—the God.”

John Konkerpot (or Konkipot) American Indian, who was the son of the grand sachem of the Oneida tribe. He supposedly was initiated in a lodge at Newburyport, Mass. He was a member of the “Munsey” division in the Revolution, and it is claimed that he impoverished himself to help the American cause. He later received Masonic aid.

Grand Duke Konstantin (see under Pavlovich).

John C. Koons (1873–1937) Chairman of committee which developed parcel post in the U.S.; 1st Assistant Postmaster General; Vice President of Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. b. Feb. 13, 1873 in Patapsco, Md. Began in railway mail service and was subsequently inspector of Kansas City division (1906–11) ; division superintendent of railway mail at Cleveland; chief postoffice inspector, 1911–16; 1st assistant postmaster general, 1916–21. Mason. d. April 12, 1937.

Frederick B. Koontz (1889–1953) President of Mid-Continent Petroleum Corp., 1946–48 and Vice Chairman of Board since 1948. b. July 14, 1889 at New Martinsville, W.Va. Started working for oil companies in 1908. Was chemist with Union Oil of Calif., Shell Petroleum, Standard Oil. With Mid-Continent from 1917. From 1928–46 he was vice president and director in charge of manufacturing. Breeder –of thoroughbred horses, cattle and sheep. Member of Petroleum Lodge No. 474 at Tulsa, Okla., receiving degrees on Jan. 16,

May 28 and June 25, 1920. d. Oct. 29, 1953.

Herman P. Kopplemann (1880–1957) U.S. Congressman to 75th, 77th and 79th Congresses from 1st Conn. dist. b. May 1, 1880 in Odessa, Russia, and was brought to America in 1882. He began as a newsboy in Hartford, Conn. in 1888. Was a publisher's agent for newspapers and magazines. He served one term in the state legislature and two in the state senate. He was vice president of the United Synagogue of America. Initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. on Nov. 15, 1911. d. Aug. 11, 1957.

Paul R. Korbel Dr. Korbel was secretary of the Czechoslovakian lodge "Comenius in Exile" established in London, England in July, 1941. Its membership was made up of Czech exiles. After the war he became grand secretary of the National Grand Lodge of Czechoslovakia (Nov. 1946), but with the advent of communism in that country, Masonic meetings were prohibited and all Masonic groups ceased work. He had received the Royal Arch degrees in England with the idea of establishing Royal Arch Masonry in his own country at a propitious time. He is now a resident of New York City.

Thaddeus Kosciusko (1746–1817) Polish patriot and General of American Revolution. Full name was Tadeusz Andrzej Bonawentura Kosciuszko (in Polish). b. Feb. 12, 1746 in Minsk, Lithuania. He was educated in the Royal Coll. at Warsaw, graduating in 1769. He then studied engineering and artillery in France, and came to America with a recommendation from Franklin to General Washington. He was appointed

colonel of engineers in the Continental army, Oct. 18, 1776, and was in charge of constructing the fortifications at West Point, 1778–80, and in charge of transportation in Green's retreat of 1781. He was made brigadier general, Oct. 13, 1783, and was one of the founders of the Order of Cincinnati. He returned to Poland in 1784, and became a major general in the Polish army in 1789. He led the rebellion of 1794, and became dictator of Poland, but was captured and imprisoned by Russia from 1794–96. He visited America in 1797–98, and was a resident of France from 1798. d. in Switzerland when his horse fell off a cliff on Oct. 15, 1817. Although he is often referred to as a Mason, there is no definite Lodge No. 1085 of New York City was warranted, May 3, 1928, and named in his honor. At this time, it is the only Polish lodge in the world.

Lajos (Louis) Kossuth (1802–1894) Hungarian patriot and statesman. b. in 1802 at Monok, Hungary. Imprisoned by Austrian government on political charges from 1837–40, during which time he taught himself English. In 1841 he became editor of the *Pesti Hirlap*, prominent Hungarian daily newspaper, and through its pages presented his liberal views. The liberal party seated him as finance minister in the government of 1848. He persuaded the Hungarian national assembly to declare independence from Austria (1848–49), and he was appointed governor of Hungary with dictatorial powers. When the insurrection was crushed, Aug. 11, 1849, Kossuth fled into exile in Turkey, where he was imprisoned from 1849–51, and finally released by the intervention of the U.S., which sent the U.S. Mississippi to bring him to London; later he came to the U.S., residing in this country in

1951–52. He then returned to England and remained there several years. In 1859 he went to Italy, where he organized an Hungarian legion and rendered valiant service to the Italian liberators, Mazzini and Garibaldi, qq.v. He lived in Italy the rest of his life, dying at Turin, March 20, 1894, at the age of 91. On Feb. 18, 1852, Cincinnati Lodge No. 133, Cincinnati, Ohio, received an extraordinary letter. It was a hand written petition from Kossuth: "To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brethren of Cincinnati Lodge No. 133 of Free and Accepted Masons. The petition of the subscriber respectfully sheweth that having long entertained a favorable opinion of your ancient institution, he is desirous of being admitted a member thereof if found worthy. Being an exile for liberty's sake, he has now no fixed place of resi— proof of his membership. Kosciuszko dence, is now staying at Cincinnati; his age is 49½ years, his occupation is to restore his native land, Hungary, to its national independence, and to achieve by community of action with other nations, civil and religious liberty in Europe. Louis Kossuth." At the same time petitions were received from the following members of his staff—Col. Count Gregory Bethlen, Peter A. Nagi, Paul Hajnik, and Ulius Utosy Strasser. The petitions were made a case of emergency, and the next day they were initiated (Feb. 19) and passed, and raised the following day. Kossuth and his staff also became members of Cincinnati Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., according to Dr. James J. Tyler, historian of the Grand Lodge of Ohio. On Feb. 28, 1852, Kossuth attended a meeting of Center Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis, and addressed the lodge, followed by a visit to St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Newark, N.J. On May 10, 1852 he addressed the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts.

August Friedrich F. von Kotzebue (1761–1819) German author and dramatist. He was the author of over 200 dramatic works including tragedies, historical verse, dramas, comedies, and farces. In 1818 he wrote *Der Freimaurer* (The Freemason), a play, at Leipsic. He was in Russian civil service from 1781–90, and later retired to Paris and Mainz to devote himself to writing. On his return to Russia, he was arrested on political grounds and taken to Siberia in 1800. He managed to win the favor of Paul I, q.v., and was released in 1801. He became the director of the German theater in St. Petersburg, but became unpopular through quarrels with Goethe, q.v., and his attacks on the romantic school. He then edited several journals in Germany, and was Russian consul general in Königsberg, and political observer for Russia in 1817. He was a member of the Royal Lodge of Three Axes. Stabbed to death by a university student for ridiculing the Burschenschaft movement.

Walter E. Krafft Vice President of Continental Casualty Co., Chicago, from 1941. b. Sept. 15, 1890 in Chicago. Graduate Kent Coll. of Law, 1920. Has been with Continental since 1919, beginning as assistant to vice president, and later secretary. Member of Austin Lodge No. 850, Chicago, Ill. Shriner.

Kenneth Kramer Managing Editor of *Business Week*, New York City since 1954. b. April 28, 1904 in Batesville, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1927. Edited newspapers in Ind. and Calif., and was Pacific coast editor of the *Wall Street Journal* from 1930–34, and news editor of same at Washington, 1935–44. Became executive editor of *Business*

Week in 1946. Member of Batesville Lodge No. 668, Batesville, Ind.

Nelson G. Kraschel Governor of Iowa, 1937–38. b. Oct. 27, 1889 at Macon, Ill. A live stock auctioneer from 1910, he has conducted sales in 22 states and Canada, selling more than 50 million dollars worth of agricultural property. Was lieutenant governor of Iowa from 1933–37. Member of South Macon Lodge No. 467, Macon, Ill.

Sydney M. Kraus Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. July 16, 1887 in Peru, Ind. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1908. Received degrees in Miami Lodge No. 67, Peru, Ind. on Sept. 3, 20, 23, 1915. Member of Peru Chapter No. 62, RA.M., Peru, Ind.

Carl Christian F. Krause (1781–1832) German Philosopher and Masonic author. b. May 6, 1781 in Eisenberg, Germany. Received Doctor of Philosophy degree in 1801, and taught at U. of Jena until 1805, when he moved to Dresden, where he remained until 1813. He sought to purify the German language, and advocated a union of mankind to work toward a goal of universal development. He also created the “all-in-God” philosophical system of pantheism—the doctrine that God includes the world as a part, though not the whole, of His being. He was initiated in the Lodge Archimedes in 1805. The German craft at this time was only for the elect, the noble, the rich, and the great, hence Masonic literature was scarce, poor, and usually incorrect. Krause, an intelligent man, began to write the Masonic literature he could not find. As orator of the Lodge of the Three Swords, he placed his ideas

before the lodge and they were well received. But when he proposed to put his ideas into print, to make Freemasonry the germinating ground of a world order for peace and prosperity, his Masonic superiors became frightened. When he did publish his Three Oldest Documents of the Brotherhood of Freemasons, he ran into Masonic grief. The three German grand lodges tried to buy his work to destroy it, but failing in that he was expelled from Freemasonry and persecuted by Freemasons for the rest of his life. Today, Krause stands as perhaps the greatest gift of German Freemasonry to the Masonic world. His progressive mind was ahead of his time. d. Sept. 27, 1832.

Sebastian S. Kresge Founder and president of the chain stores bearing his name. b. July 31, 1867, in Bald Mount, Pa. Early in life he was a bookkeeper in Scranton and salesman in Wilkes-Barre. He started in the 5 & 10-¢ store with J. G. McCrory at Memphis in 1897. In 1912 the syndicate name was changed to S. S. Kresge Co., Inc., of which he is chairman of the board. It operates about 700 stores in U.S. and Canada. He is chairman of the board of The Fair Dept. Store, Chicago. He is founder, sole donor, trustee and treasurer of the Kresge Foundation, Detroit. Member of Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich.

Samuel H. Kress (1863–1955) Founder of S. H. Kress & Co.; philanthropist. b. in 1863 in Cherryville, of a family that dates back to the American Revolution. As a youth he worked in the stone quarries, studied diligently, and at 17 obtained a teaching certificate. His first pedagogical job was

handling a class of 80 pupils of all ages for \$25 a month, and walking three miles each way to school. He then entered the retail mercantile business at Nanticoke, Pa. in 1887. He went into the wholesale stationery business at Wilkes-Barre, Pa. in 1890, and these developed into the present S. H. Kress & Co., 5-10-250 stores in 29 states. He was the founder and president of the Samuel H. Kress Foundation. Kress was unmarried. An avid art lover, he acquired a collection of paintings and sculpture, particularly of the Italian school, which was presented, virtually intact, to the National Gallery of Art in Washington. In 1929 he gave the Italian government a large sum for the restoration of a number of architectural treasures of that country. Many American museums and art galleries have received valuable paintings and sculpture from him. The Kress Foundation has dispensed millions to worthy organizations and institutions. Mason. d. Sept 22, 1955.

Herbert F. Krimendahl President of Stokely-Van Camp, Inc. since 1948. b. in 1896 at Celina, Ohio. Began with Crampton Canneries at Celina in 1919, and was president from 1923-44. Served as vice president of Stokely Foods, Inc. at Indianapolis, 1944-46, and became executive vice president of Stokely-Van Camp in 1946; president in 1948, director in 1946, vice chairman of board from 1956. President of National Cannery Assn. in 1940. Member of Celina Lodge No. 241, Celina, Ohio. Shriner.

Frederick C. Kroeger (1888-1944) Vice President of General Motors Corp. from 1940. b. April 27, 1888 in Winona, Minn. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1911. Was a student engineer

with General Electric from 1911–13. Became chief engineer of Remey Electric Division of General Motors, 1922, and general manager of same from 1929–40. He was general manager of the Allison Division of General Motors from 1940. Mason. d. Aug. 10, 1944.

Nicolai Johan Lohmann Krog (1787–1856) Norwegian Secretary of State for War. Was master of Lodge No. 1, St. Oland til den hvide Leopard (1833–56) and first master of St. Andrew's Lodge Oscar at den flantmende Stjerne (1841–44).

Haagen Andreas Magnus Krogh (1813–1863) Judge. The first master of the Norwegian Steward's Lodge (1859–1863). A K. of C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

Glenn R. Krueger Vice President of General Mills from 1946. b. Nov. 24, 1901 at Fenton, Iowa. Graduate of Hamline U. in 1924. Has been with General Mills since 1925 as district sales manager, director of flour merchandising, assistant general sales manager, general sales manager, and general flour sales manager. Mason.

Walter Krueger General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 26, 1881 in Faltow, Germany. He served as an enlisted man from 1898–1901, when he was commissioned a second lieutenant in the 30th Infantry, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1936, major general in 1939, lieutenant general in 1941, general March 5, 1945, retiring in July, 1946. He served in the Spanish–American War, Philippine Insurrection, Mexican border. In WWI he served overseas as chief of staff of the A.E.F.

Tank Corps. After the war he served as instructor in various service schools. He was chief of the War Plans Division of the War Department and member of the joint Army and Navy Board, 1936–38. His commands have included the 6th Infantry, 16th Infantry, 2nd Division, VIII Corps (1940–41), Third Army (1941–43), Sixth Army (in Southwest Pacific including occupation of Japan). He is the author of *From Down, Under to Nippon* and *The Story of the Sixth Army in World War II*; and has translated and published many military books from the German. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311 at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. since 1906. National Sojourner and Hero of '76.

Otto Kruger Actor in movies, radio, and television. b. 1885 in Toledo, Ohio. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City. He was exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 159, Brooklyn, Oct. 27, 1921; greeted in Columbia Council No. 1, R. & S.M., N.Y.C., April 6, 1922; and knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 36, K.T. N.Y.C., March 30, 1922.

Wilmer Krusen (1869–1943) President of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Science, 1927–41. b. May 18, 1869 in Richboro, Pa. Received M.D. degree from Jefferson Medical Coll. (Philadelphia) in 1893. He began as a pharmacy clerk in 1886, and became professor of gynecology at Temple U. in 1902. He was director of health of Philadelphia from 1916–28. Member of Olivet Lodge No. 607, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on Jan. 23, Feb. 27, and March 27, 1906. 33° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 9, 1943.

Franz C. Kuhn (1872–1926) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan, 1917–18. b. Feb. 8, 1872 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1893 and 1894. Practiced law at Mt. Clemens. He served as prosecuting attorney, probate judge, and attorney general of Michigan. He was on the state supreme court from 1912–19, when he retired to become president of the Michigan Bell Telephone Co. Member of Mt. Clemens Lodge No. 6, Mt. Clemens, Mich., receiving degrees on March 29, June 6, and July 24, 1917. d. June 16, 1926.

William F. Kuhn (1849–1924) Neurologist; and General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1921–24. b. April 15, 1849 in Lyons, N.Y. He received an A.B. and A.M. from Wittenberg Coll. (Springfield, Ohio) in 1875, and 1878, and an M.D. from Jefferson Medical Coll. (Philadelphia) in 1884. He began medical practice at Kansas City, Mo. in 1888. From 1905–09 he was superintendent of the state asylum for the insane, and from 1900–05 was president of the Kansas City Coll. of Pharmacy. He was a professor of psychiatry at the U. of Kansas School of Medicine from 1904. Raised in Belle Center Lodge No. 347, Belle Center, Ohio, April 30, 1877, he affiliated with Patmos Lodge No. 97, El Dorado, Kans. serving as master three years. He was a charter member and first master of York Lodge No. 563, Kansas City, Mo. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1893, and grand master in 1903. Exalted in Lafayette Chapter No. 60, R.A.M., Bellefontaine, Ohio in Feb., 1892, he affiliated with Orient Chapter No. 102, Kansas City, Mo. in 1888, served as high priest in 1891, and grand high priest of Missouri in 1897. He was elected general grand high priest of the

General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. at Asheville, N.C. in 1921. Dr. Kuhn laid the foundation for the educational work of the General Grand Chapter – and wrote much on Freemasonry. He was greeted in Hiram Council No. 1, R. & S.M. in St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 1891, and became a charter member and first master of Shekinah Council No. 24, Kansas City. In 1893 (two years after he had received his degrees) he was made grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Missouri. He was the author of the arrangement of the Super Excellent Master degree adopted at Indianapolis in 1912. Knighted in El Dorado Commandery No. 19, K.T., El Dorado, Kans. on June 8, 1887, he was commander in 1888, affiliating with Oriental Corn-mandery No. 35, Kansas City in Oct., 1889, and served as its commander in 1910. He was elected grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Missouri in 1910. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Kansas City, Mo. and KCCH in Oct., 1923. He was first sovereign of Mary Conclave No. 5, Red Cross of Constantine at Kansas City, and was grand sovereign of the Grand Imperial Council in 1902, receiving the Grand Cross of the order at Boston in 1899. d. Sept. 1, 1924.

Elroy J. Kulas (1880–1952) President and Director of Midland Steel Products Co., Cleveland, Ohio. b. March 21, 1880 in Cleveland. Director of several railroads and corporations. Manufactured cartridge cases for Italian, French, British, and U.S. governments in WWI. Member of Woodward Lodge No. 508, Cleveland, Ohio, receiving degrees on Sept. 24, Oct. 8, and Nov. 5, 1902. 32° AASR (NJ). d. May 14, 1952.

Louis A. Kunzig (1882–1956) Brigadier General, U.S.

Army. b. Jan. 6, 1882 at Altoona, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1905, where he was a classmate of General Douglas McArthur, q.v. He served as secretary of the Alaska Road Commission in charge of purchases; as colonel of the 11th Infantry at Fort Benjamin Harrison near Indianapolis; commandant of Fort Wayne, Detroit, and of Camp Blanding, Fla. After his retirement in 1944, he was business manager of the Michigan Liquor Control Commission, and from 1952 was executive director of the Scottish Rite in Detroit, Mich. He entered Masonry early, becoming a member of Mountain Lodge No. 281, Altoona, Pa. Received the 32° AASR at Detroit in 1918, and 33° in Sept., 1938. In 1954 he was sovereign of St. Clement Conclave No. 39 of Red Cross of Constantine, Detroit. While he was commandant at Fort Wayne, he placed a paper on the desk of his adjutant to sign; it was a Scottish Rite petition. His adjutant was Lieutenant George E. Bushnell, q.v., who, since 1954 has been sovereign grand commander of the Scottish Rite, Northern Jurisdiction! d. Aug. 7, 1956 on a Baltimore & Ohio train en route to Washington, D.C.

Egor Andrevich Kushelev (1763–1826) Russian Lieutenant General, and Senator. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge Astrea, and while Count Rgevusky, the grand master, was in Poland, Kushelev, as acting grand master, made a report to Emperor Alexander I, q.v., on the state of Russian Freemasonry (June, 1821). This report, undoubtedly, led to the edict of Alexander against all Freemasonry on August 1, 1822, and forever killed Freemasonry in Russia. Kushelev was a Mason of the old school; a very religious man and an extreme conservative. His Masonic ideal was the Swedish

system, as originally introduced into Russia in the 18th century. When elected deputy grand master in 1820, he attempted to restore the old rules and doctrines as he saw them, but was opposed by other members. As a result, he recommended to the emperor that Masonry come under closer control of the government or be permanently closed. The emperor closed it! Mikhail Ilarionovich Kutuzov (1745–1813) Prince of Smolensk and Russian Field Marshal. b. in St. Petersburg. He served in Poland from 1764–69, and against the Turks in 1770–72 and 1811–12. He was ambassador at Constantinople, governor of Finland, and governor of St. Petersburg. He commanded an army in the wars against Napoleon (1805–12), and was defeated at Austerlitz. He was commander-in-chief against both the French and the Turks. He was one of the leading Russian Freemasons of the time.

L

Herbert W. Ladd (1843–?) Governor of Rhode Island, 1889–92. b. Oct. 15, 1843 in New Bedford, Mass. In dry goods business most of his life, forming firm of Ladd & Davis at Providence which later became The H. W. Ladd Co. In 1891 he presented a fully equipped astronomy observatory to Brown U. Member of Eureka Lodge, New Bedford, Mass. Suspended Aug. 6, 1880. Deceased.

Carl Laemmle (1867–1939) Motion picture executive. b. Jan. 17, 1867 in Laupheim, Germany, coming to U.S. in 1884. He

was a clerk in New York and Chicago, and became manager of the Continental Clothing House at Oshkosh, Wis. In 1906 he opened a moving picture theatre in Chicago, founding the Laemmle Film Service the same year. He was president of Universal Pictures Corp. until 1936. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City, and of the "233 Club" (Masonic) of Hollywood, Calif. d. Sept. 24, 1939.

Marquis de Lafayette (1757–1834) French statesman and officer; hero of the American Revolution. His name in full was Marie Joseph Paul Yves Roch Gilbert de Motier. b. Sept. 6, 1757 in the family castle "Chavaniac" at Auvergne, France. His father, a soldier, had died at the Battle of Minden a few weeks before his birth, and his mother died in 1770, leaving him a vast estate. He refused a prominent position in the French court to become a soldier in 1771. He withdrew from the service in 1776, outfitted his own ship, *Victoire*, and sailed with 15 other young adventurers, including Baron de Kalb, q.v., to fight with the American colonists against England. At first their services were refused by congress, but noting Lafayette's full pocketbook, connections at the French court, and his offer to serve without pay, he was commissioned a major general in the Continental Army on July 31, 1777. He became an intimate associate of Washington. At Brandywine he was severely wounded while rallying the American forces from a retreat. He was appointed to lead an expedition to invade Canada, but the plan was never carried out, for lack of funds. He was with Washington at Valley Forge; served on the court martial that tried Major Andre; stationed at Tappan, N.Y.; served in Virginia; and was at the Battle of Yorktown and the surrender

of Cornwallis. In 1778–80 he was on furlough in France to assist Franklin in obtaining financial aid from France for the colonists. Lafayette returned to France in Dec. 1781, almost as soon as the war had been won. He was now the hero of two nations, both America and France. He became a member of the French national assembly in 1789, where he showed his liberal sympathies. He was instrumental in bringing about the adoption of the present French tri-colored flag, and a founder of the Club of the Feuillants, the conservative liberals who sought to establish a constitutional monarchy in 1790. He commanded an army in the war with Austria, but when he opposed further advance of the Jacobites, he was declared a traitor by the national assembly. He fled to Flanders and was imprisoned by the Austrians from 1792–97. His flight probably saved his life as his compatriots were executed during his imprisonment. He returned to France in 1799, but took no part in politics, being opposed to Napoleon's policies. He was a member of the chamber of deputies in 1815, 1818–24, and a leader of the opposition from 1825–30. He commanded the national guard in the revolution of 1830. He returned to America for his first visit of five months in 1784. It was on this visit that he presented Washington the Masonic apron made by Madame Lafayette. It is now in the possession of the Grand Lodge of Pa. He returned again in 1824–25, at the invitation of a grateful congress, which had voted him \$200,000. This time he toured all the 25 states and received more Masonic honors than any Freemason before or since. From Maine to Georgia, and Missouri to Louisiana, lodges, chapters, councils, commanderies, scottish rite and grand lodges vied with each other in conferring honorary degrees,

citations, gifts and memberships. Strangely enough, it is not known where or when he received his degrees. Some say it was in an army lodge in Morristown, N.J. Others feel it was in the winter of 1777 at Valley Forge. In addressing the Grand Lodge of Tennessee on May 4, 1825, Lafayette, himself, stated that he was initiated before he ever came to America. He would have been under 21, but at that time “Lewis” Masons (under age) were being raised in France. A Spanish Masonic history states that he was a member of Loge La Candeur of Paris, founded in 1775. A French Masonic history says his name is among the lists of members of Loge Contrat Social of Paris between the years 1773 and 1791. He received the chapter degrees in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., New York City, Sept. 12, 1824. His son, George Washington Lafayette, received them in the same chapter four days earlier. He was knighted in Morton Commandery No. 4, K.T. in joint conclave with Columbian Commandery No. 1 of N.Y.C. He received the Scottish Rite degrees in the Cerneau Supreme Council of N.Y., and was made 33° and honorary grand commander of that body. The Supreme Council of France AASR elected him a member, Nov. 21, 1830. More than 75 Masonic bodies in the U.S. have been named after him, including 39 lodges, 18 chapters, 4 councils, 4 commanderies, and 7 Scottish rite bodies. d. May 20, 1834.

Ruby Laffoon (1869–1941) Governor of Kentucky, 1931–35. b. Jan. 15, 1869 at Madisonville, Ky. Began practice of law at Madisonville in 1892. He served terms as county attorney and circuit judge. Member and past master of Madisonville Lodge No. 143, Madisonville, Ky. d. May 1, 1941.

Robert M. La Follette (1855–1925) Governor of Wisconsin, 1901–1905, and U.S. Senator, 1905–1929. b. June 14, 1855 in Primrose, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1879, he was admitted to the bar in 1880. He was U.S. congressman from the 3rd Wis. dist. to the 49th through 51st congresses (1885–91). He resigned his governorship in 1905 to become U.S. senator, although he had been elected as governor for term of 1905–07. In 1904 he led the movement to nominate all candidates by direct vote. He is represented in Statuary Hall of the U.S. Capital. He became a member of Madison Lodge No. 5, in 1894; Madison Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. in 1895 and Robert McCoy Commandery No. 3, K.T., in 1897, all of Madison, Wis. Received 32° AASR in Wisconsin Consistory on April 10, 1902. Member of Tripoli Shrine Temple of Milwaukee. d. June 18, 1925.

Henri Lafontaine (1854–1943) Belgian Senator and recipient of Nobel Peace Prize in 1913. A lawyer and politician, he was senator in 1895. He was a strong advocate of international arbitration and of the Permanent Court of International Justice: The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Fiorello H. La Guardia (1882–1947) U.S. Congressman and Mayor of New York City. b. Dec. 11, 1882 in New York City. Graduate of New York U. in 1910. He was with the American consulate in Budapest, Hungary and Trieste, Austria, 1901–04, and at Fiume, Hungary, 1904–06. From 1907–10 he was an interpreter at Ellis Island, N.Y. He began law practice in 1910 in New York City. A member of the 65th and 66th U.S.

congresses (1917–19) and 68–72nd congresses (1923–33). La Guardia served three terms as mayor of New York City, from 1934–45. In 1946 he was special U.S. ambassador to Brazil, and director general of the UNRRA the same year. In WWI he was in the U.S. Air Service, achieving the rank of major. He commanded the 8th Centre Aviation School and was attached to night and day bombing squadrons on the Italian front. He was raised in Garibaldi Lodge No. 542, N.Y.C. in 1913, and received a life membership in that lodge on Oct. 17, 1933. d. Sept. 20, 1947.

Guido Laj (?–1948) Grand Master of the Grand Orient of Italy immediately following WWII. Dr. Laj was selected by the Allied governments to be vice mayor of Rome when they occupied it. It was largely through his efforts that the Italian Freemasons were once again able to start work after years of persecution under Mussolini. The officers of the old grand lodge, which had been dissolved in 1925, had suffered heavily. Only 16 of the 22 were alive. Some had undergone imprisonment, banishment, and even death. Dr. Laj was elected grand master on Nov. 18, 1945. d. Nov. 1948.

Everett T. Lake (1871–1948) Governor of Connecticut, 1921–22. b. Feb. 8, 1871 in Woodstock, Conn. Graduate of Harvard in 1892. President of Hartford Lumber Co. 1900–39; he had been with the concern since 1893. He served terms in both houses of the state legislature and was lieutenant governor in 1907–08. Received the degrees in Feb., 1907 in St. Johns Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. Suspended NPD in 1939. d. Sept. 16, 1948.

Gerard, 1st Viscount Lake (1744–1808) British general. He served in Germany, 1760–62, and fought against the American colonists in the Revolution in 1781. He was in the Low Countries in 1793–94. He received the surrender of the French at Cloone, and in 1800–03 was commander-in-chief in India. In India he took Delhi and Agra; won the battles of Laswari and Farrukhabad. He was created baron in 1804 and viscount in 1807. He joined the Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London, on Aug. 28, 1787.

Simon Lake (1866–1945) American naval architect, who in 1897 built the Argonaut, the first submarine to operate successfully in the open sea. b. Sept. 4, 1866, in Pleasantville, N.J. He was the inventor of even keel type of submarine torpedo boats, building the first experimental boat in 1894. He designed and built many submarine torpedo boats for the U.S. as well as foreign countries. He spent several years in Russia, Germany, and England, designing, building, and acting in an advisory capacity in submarine construction. He also invented a submarine apparatus for locating and recovering sunken vessels, and another for pearl and sponge fishing, as well as a heavy oil internal combustion engine for marine purposes. He was president of The Lake Submarine Co., Lake Engineering Co., Merchant Submarine Co., Sale Submarine Salvage Corp., Lake Torpedo Boat Co., and Industrial Submarine Corp. Initiated in Monmouth Lodge No. 172, Atlantic Highlands, N.J. and affiliated with Ansantawae Lodge No. 89, Milford, Conn. on Nov. 18, 1910. d. June 23, 1945.

Joseph Jerome de Lalande (1732–1807) French

astronomer. Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences; he wrote *Histoire Celeste Francaise* in 1801, which cataloged nearly 50,000 stars. He was sent to Berlin by the French Academy in 1751 to determine the moon's parallax. He was director of the Paris observatory from 1768, and worked on the planetary theory, improving the planetary tables of Halley and others. In 1769 he instituted the lodge Des Sciences, and is credited as a founder of the lodge Des Neuf Soeurs.

Dietrick Lamade (1859–1938) Founder and publisher of Grit, the national weekly small town newspaper. b. Feb. 6, 1859 in Goelshausen, Baden, Germany. He was brought to the U.S. in 1867, and educated in the public schools. He learned the printer's trade, and in 1884 founded the Grit Publishing Co. His sons, George R. and Howard J., qq.v., have carried on the newspaper. Member of Ivy Lodge No. 397, Williamsport, Pa., receiving degrees on April 4, May 2, and June 16, 1893. Served as master in 1900. Dietrick Lamade Lodge No. 755, Williamsport, is named in his honor. d. Oct. 9, 1938.

George R. Lamade Publisher of Grit, the weekly small town newspaper established by his father, Dietrick Lamade, q.v., in 1884. b. April 24, 1894 in Williamsport, Pa. Studied journalism at U. of Missouri and Columbia U. He left the U. of Missouri in Dec. 1916 and volunteered in the French Army. In 1918 he was commissioned 1st lieutenant in the U.S. Army and served with the A.E.F. until 1919. He then joined his father in the Grit Publishing Co., becoming vice president in 1922, general manager in 1936, and president since 1938. Received degrees in Ivy Lodge No. 397, Williamsport, Pa. on Sept. 5 and

Sept. 7, 1916 at age of 22. Withdrew June 3, 1947 to affiliate with Dietrick Lamade Lodge No. 755, Williamsport, named in honor of his father. 33° AASR (NJ).

Howard J. Lamade Vice President and Director of Grit, the weekly small town newspaper established by his father, Dietrick Lamade, q.v. Chemistry graduate of Pennsylvania State U. in 1913, and journalism graduate of U. of Missouri in 1913. Has been with Grit Publishing Co. since 1913, starting as a clerk. Has been secretary, vice president, and director since 1920. Chairman of board of Williamsport Hotels Co. since 1954. Received degrees in Ivy Lodge No. 397, Williamsport, Pa. on Sept. 5 and Dec. 26, 1912 at age of 21. Withdrew on June 3, 1947 to become member of Dietrick Lamade Lodge No. 755, Williamsport, named in honor of his father. 33° AASR (NJ).

Gregorio A. Lamadrid (1795–1857) Argentine soldier and patriot, noted for his bravery as adjutant to General San Martin, q.v. He took part in the Peruvian wars of liberation and later commanded a cavalry division under General Urquiza, q.v., at the battle of Monte Caseros, when the tyrant Rosas was defeated in 1852. Mason.

Joseph R. Lamar (1857–1916) Justice of U.S. Supreme Court, 1910–16. b. Oct. 14, 1857 in Ruckersville, Ga. Graduate of Bethany Coll. (W.Va.) in 1877. Admitted to the bar in 1878, he practiced at Augusta until 1903. Served in Georgia lower house, 1886–89, and in 1896 was commissioned to codify the state laws. He served as justice of the supreme court

of Georgia from 1901–05. His original lodge is not known, but he affiliated with Webb Lodge No. 166, Augusta, Oct. 16, 1882, serving as junior warden in 1883–84 and senior warden in 1885. He was exalted in Augusta Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Augusta, Ga., July 7, 1886, and knighted in Georgia Commandery No. 1, K.T., Oct. 21, 1886. d. Jan. 1, 1916.

Mirabeau Bonaparte Lamar (1798–1859) Second President of Republic of Texas, 1838–41. b. Aug. 16, 1798 in Warren Co., Ga. As president of the republic, he rendered great service in behalf of the cause of education in Texas. He emphasized the importance of securing and setting apart a large amount of public lands for the support of public schools and universities. In 1828 he established the Columbus Independent in Ga. He emigrated to Texas in 1835, and was an active member of the revolutionary party. At San Jacinto he commanded a mounted company and led a charge that broke the Mexican line. He was commissioned major general, and later appointed attorney general in cabinet of Governor Smith. He became secretary of war, and in 1836 was the first vice president of the republic. While president, the independence of Texas was recognized by the principal powers of Europe. In the Mexican War, he joined Gen. Zachary Taylor's army at Matamoras and took an active part in the battle of Monterrey. In July, 1857, he was appointed U.S. minister to Argentina, but did not assume his post. In 1857 he was made resident minister to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, holding this position until 1859. He received his Entered Apprentice degree in Georgia (probably Columbus). On July 9, 1840 he was made a Fellowcraft in Harmony Lodge No. 6 of Galveston, and a

Master Mason, July 21, 1840. At this time he was serving as president. The lodge still has the records of these meetings. d. Dec. 19, 1859.

Roland O. Lamb (1850–1921) President of John Hancock Life Insurance Co., 1909–21. b. Dec. 20, 1850 in Beverly, Mass. He was a bookkeeper in a manufacturing house for five years, and in 1872 went with the John Hancock Co. as bookkeeper. He was successively chief clerk, secretary, vice president, and director. Also director of Mass. Fire and Marine Insurance Co. and Northeast Power Co. Initiated in Charity Lodge, Cambridge, Mass. and affiliated with Columbian Lodge, Boston on Jan. 5, 1905. Past commander of DeMolay Commandery, K.T. d. Nov. 14, 1921.

Princess Lamballe (1749–1792) French noblewoman whose name was Marie Therese Louise de SavoieCarignan before her marriage to Prince de Lamballe. A personal friend of Marie Antoinette. She was an early member of French Adoptive Masonry which was given quasi-Masonic recognition by the Grand Orient of France. It was established by a fete d' adoption given by the Lodge of Candour under the Grand Orient in an impressive ceremony attended by the elite of French society, March 25, 1775. In 1780 a lodge of adoption was formed and attached to the Lodge of Social Contract (a regular lodge), and Princess Lamballe became the first grand mistress. The grand master of the lodge at this time was the Roman Catholic Abbe Bertolio, q.v. Among the initiates of this lodge were the Viscountess of Alfrey, the Viscountess of Narbonne and the Countess of Maine. Princess Lamballe

was imprisoned in 1792. She refused to subscribe to the oath against the monarchy and was torn to pieces by a mob when she left the courthouse on Sept. 3, 1792.

Louis Lambert (see under Patrick S. Gilmore).

William P. Lambertson (1880–1957) U.S. Congressman, 71st through 78th Congresses (1929–45) from 1st Kansas dist. b. March 23, 1880 in Fairview, Kans. Engaged in farming since his youth. He was a member of the Kansas state legislature between 1909–21, being speaker of the house two times. He was in the state senate for two terms. Member of Sabetha Lodge No. 162, Sabetha, Kans.; Mt. Horeb Chapter No. 43, R.A.M. and Hiawatha Commandery No. 13, K.T. at Hiawatha and 32° AASR (SJ) at Topeka. d. Oct. 26, 1957.

Frederick J. Lamborn Vice President and General Manager of Dodge Division of Chrysler Corp. b. Oct. 30, 1888 in Springfield, Ohio. He began as a machinist apprentice in 1902 and has been with Dodge Bros. Corp. since 1911, successively as foreman, general foreman, master mechanic, assistant factory manager, production manager, works manager. He was vice president in charge of manufacturing from 1936–43; vice president and general manager since 1943. Also director of Dodge Bros. Corp. Member of Friendship Lodge No. 417, Detroit, receiving degrees on Jan. 15, Jan. 30 and Feb. 27, 1914. Became life member of the lodge on Dec. 10, 1954. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Uel W. Lamkin (1877–1956) President of Northwest Missouri

State Teachers College, Maryville, Mo., 1921–46. b. Jan. 18, 1877 at California, Mo. He served as teacher, principal, and county superintendent of schools in Mo., and from 1916–18 was state superintendent of public schools. He was president of the Missouri State Teachers' Assn. in 1912–13, president of the National Education Association in 1928–29, and secretary general of the World Federation Education Assn. from 1935–41. Received degrees in Clinton Lodge No. 548, Clinton, Mo. on March 8, 22 and May 10, 1901. Affiliated with Nodaway Lodge No. 470, Maryville, Mo. on Oct. 10, 1923. d. Sept. 16, 1956.

John Dominique La Mothe (1868–1928) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. June 8, 1868 in Ramsey, Isle of Man. Graduate of Theological Seminary of Va. and St. John's Coll. (Md.). Ordained deacon in 1894, and priest in 1895; he served churches in Hamilton, Va., Washington, D.C., St. Joseph, Mo., New Orleans, La., and Baltimore, Md. He was consecrated bishop of the missionary jurisdiction of Honolulu on June 29, 1921. Mason. d. Oct. 25, 1928.

Dinwiddie Lampton President of American Life and Accident Insurance Co. from 1913. b. April 21, 1885 at Springfield, Ky. He was with Prudential Life from 1906–10, organizing Union Life Insurance Co. in the latter year, and merging it with American Life & Accident. He purchased the assets of Kentucky State Life Co. in 1930. Mason, Shriner and member of Red Cross of Constantine. Member of Shibboleth Lodge No. 750, Louisville, Ky., receiving degrees on Jan. 1, Feb. 19 and March 19, 1907. Lodge changed name to Harry R. Kendall Lodge No. 750 on Oct. 21, 1952.

Frank S. Land Founder of Order of DeMolay in 1919 and Secretary General of same since that date. b. June 21, 1890 in Kansas City, Mo. From 1910–14 he was a merchant, and from 1914–20 was secretary of social service for the Kansas City Scottish Rite bodies. When ten years old, he –conducted a Sunday school class of 300 and was known as the “Boy preacher.” In 1927 he founded the Young Men’s Civic Forum International, and in 1930 was co–founder of Metro Clubs. He is a director of the Columbia National Bank, Kansas City; member of executive committee, National Security Commission, Washington; member of American Advisory Council, Yenching U., Peiping, China; and member of the National Youth Week Committee for U.S. He was raised in Ivanhoe Lodge No. 446, Kansas City, June 29, 1912; exalted in Kansas City Chapter No. 28, R.A.M., Oct. 25, 1912. In 1951 he received the first international gold “Royal Arch Medal” from the General Grand Chapter for his work in the humanities. Greeted in Shekinah Council No. 24, R. & S.M., Dec. 30, 1912, and affiliated with Kansas City Council No. 45, Sept. 11, 1944; knighted in Kansas City Commandery No. 10, K.T., Jan. 2, 1913. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Kansas City on Nov. 14, 1912, coroneted 33° Oct. 25, 1925, and received Grand Cross of Court of Honor, Oct. 18, 1955. Admitted to Mary Conclave No. 5, Red Cross of Constantine April 20, 1946, served as sovereign in 1950; Past potentate of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, and Imperial potentate of the Shrine in 1954–55. d. Nov. 8, 1959.

Howe S. Landers (1885–1943) President of Metropolitan Casualty Insurance Co., N.Y. from 1932. b. Oct. 17, 1885 in

Martinsville, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. and Indiana Law School. Admitted to Indiana bar in 1908. Served as attorney for bank and insurance companies. Became vice president and general counsel of Metropolitan Co. in 1931. He was also president and director of many other corporations. Mason. d. March 15, 1943.

Gerald W. Landis U.S. Congressman to 76th through 80th Congresses (1939–49) from 7th Ind. dist. b. Feb. 23, 1895 in Bloomfield, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U. Member of Linton Lodge No. 560, Linton, Ind., receiving degrees in 1917. 32° AASR (NJ) at Evansville, Ind.

Alfred M. Landon Governor of Kansas, 1933–37, and Republican presidential nominee in 1936. b. Sept. 9, 1887 in West Middlesex, Pa. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1908. He was a bookkeeper in bank at Independence, Kansas until 1912, and since that date has been an oil producer. Served as 1st lieutenant in Chemical Warfare Service in WWI. Member of Pan– American Conference at Lima, Peru in 1938. Was raised in Fortitude Lodge No. 107 in 1909; member of Keystone Chapter No. 22, R.A.M.; Independence Council No. 15, R. & S. M.; St. Bernard Commandery No. 10, K.T., all of Independence. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Fort Scott, Nov. 21, 1928; member of Mirza Shrine Temple, Pittsburg, Kansas, and Pittsburg Court No. 95, Royal Order of Jesters.

Edward H. Lane Furniture manufacturer. b. July 4, 1891 in Newcastle, Va. He established the Standard Red Cedar Chest Co. (now Lane Co., Inc.) at Altavista, Va. in 1912, and was

president from 1922–56; presently chairman of the board. In 1951 he was elected “Man of the Year” by the furniture manufacturing industry. Raised Feb. 18, 1929 in Campbell Lodge No. 316, Altavista, Va.

John Lane (1843–1899) English Masonic writer. He was initiated, Sept. 10, 1878, in Jordan Lodge No. 1402, Torquay, England, and was master in 1882. It is said that he seldom missed a meeting. Known as the “Statistician of the Masonic Fraternity,” he is recognized for his *Masonic Records, 1717–1886* published in 1886. It contained the particulars of every lodge warranted by the Grand Lodge of England from 1717 to date. He also published *A Handy Book and Centenary Warrants and Jewels*. He furnished many articles on Masonry to magazines and publications including the *Quatuor Coronati* Lodge. d. Dec. 30, 1899.

Joseph Lane (1801–1881) Major General of Mexican War; Territorial Governor of Oregon and U.S. Senator from Oregon. b. Dec. 14, 1801 in Buncombe Co., N.C. He moved with his parents to Henderson Co., Ky. in 1804, and then to Warwick Co., Ind. in 1816. For several years he was a clerk in a mercantile house. He served in the Indiana state legislature from 1822–46, when he enlisted as a private in the Indiana volunteers for the Mexican War. He subsequently was made colonel, brigadier general, and major general, the latter for gallantry at Huamantla. He took Matamoras, captured Orizaba, and fought Jarata at Tchuaplan, becoming known as the “Marion of the Mexican Army.” At the conclusion of the war he was appointed governor of Oregon Territory (1849–50) by Polk.

From 1851–57 he was U.S. congressman from that territory. In 1853 he commanded the settlers in the campaign against the Rogue Indians and defeated them at the Battle of Table Rock. Upon the admission of Oregon as a state, he became a U.S. senator, serving from 1859–61. In 1860 he was nominated for vice president on the Breckinridge ticket. His defeat ended his political career and he passed his old age in obscurity and poverty. Member of Center Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis, Ind. d. April 19, 1881.

Ben T. Laney, Jr. Governor of Arkansas, 1945–49. b. Nov. 25, 1896 near Smackover, Ark. Now owns and operates a plantation near Magnolia, Ark. Mayor of Camden, Ark. from 1935–39. Raised July 17, 1920 in Garland Lodge No. 354, Elliott, Ark. and when the lodge merged with Camden Lodge No. 11 of Camden in 1941, he became a member of that lodge. He addressed his lodge in 1943 on “The duties a Mason owes his Lodge.” He attended grand lodge in Nov., 1944 between the time he was elected governor and inaugurated, to nominate C. Allen Clift for office of grand junior deacon.

Chester H. Lang Vice President of General Electric Co. since 1941. b. Jan. 12, 1893 in Erie, Pa. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1915. Began with General Electric in 1919 as a traveling auditor, and later became assistant manager of publicity, comptroller of budget, advertising manager, manager of sales. Now in charge of public relations. Served as 1st lieutenant in 129th Field Artillery, 35th Division, 1917–19. Mason.

Ossian Lang (1868–1945) Arthur of History of Freemasonry

in. New York. b. in Bradford, England. He was a teacher, newspaperman and lecturer. Served as superintendent of schools in Buffalo, N.Y. He was raised in Hiawatha Lodge No. 434, Mount Vernon, N.Y., May 19, 1902, and later affiliated with John Steward Lodge No. 871, Mount Vernon, N.Y. d. Sept. 11, 1945.

John Langdon (1741–1819) Constitution signer; Governor of New Hampshire; U.S. Senator from New Hampshire. b. June 25, 1741 in Portsmouth, N.H., a brother of Woodbury Langdon, q.v. A successful merchant. Was delegate to the Continental Congress in 1775–76. He outfitted a regiment from his own personal funds and was with it at Battle of Bennington when it defeated the Hessians. From 1783 he was repeatedly a member of the legislature and a delegate to Continental Congress. In March, 1788, he became governor of N.H. and was elected U.S. senator in 1789, holding that office until 1801. He declined the office of secretary of the Navy, and also the nomination for vice president on the Republican ticket. He was governor of N.H. again from 1805–12, with the exception of two years. He is referred to as a Mason, but his Masonic record has not been definitely traced. It probably would have been in St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Portsmouth where his brother Woodbury held membership. d. Sept. 18, 1819. Definitely not a member.

Woodbury Langdon (1739–1805) Delegate to Continental Congress, and judge of supreme court of New Hampshire. b. in 1739 in Portsmouth, N.H. He was the brother of John Langdon, the constitution signer. He received a public school

education and engaged in mercantile pursuits. Active in pre-Revolutionary movements. He was a delegate from N.H. to the congress of 1779–80, and member of the executive council in 1781–84. He was judge of the supreme court of N.H. in 1782, and again from 1786–90. A member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, he was initiated Feb. 10, 1761. d. Jan. 13, 1805.

Baroness Chanowsky de Langendorf A member of a woman's auxiliary lodge. According to the records of the Lodge Sincerite, held at Klattau, Bohemia, the charter of which was recalled in Sept., 1789, a woman's lodge was formed as an auxiliary, the membership of which was confined to the wives of the members of the parent lodge. An exception to this rule was made in favor of the baroness, who was described as "the most honest, virtuous and fairest lady." This female lodge worked under the name of the "Three Crowned Hearts," but with the exception of its by-laws, no records of any kind remain. A Master Mason managed the lodge as its master, the office of treasurer also being filled by a man. The by-laws stipulated that the members should be "God-fearing, humble, discreet, modest, honest, of righteous heart, obliging as well as charitably inclined towards the poor." It led to the downfall of the parent lodge whose members were mainly army officers of the Prince Coburg Regiment of the Dragoons.

Nathaniel P. Langford (1832–1911) First Superintendent of Yellowstone National Park and organizer of the vigilante movement in the West. b. Aug. 9, 1832 in Westmoreland, N.Y. Lived at St. Paul, Minn., but left there in June, 1862 for

the Oregon gold fields with the James L. Fisk expedition. En route, he and two other Masons went through the ceremony of opening and closing a Masonic lodge on the summit of the Rocky Mountains at a point some 20 miles west of the present capital of Montana. The occasion is commemorated by a painting in the Masonic library building in Helena. Arriving at Gold Creek, the point of the first discovery of gold in what became Montana, Langford went to Bannack, and thence to Virginia City. In the turbulent mining camps of Bannack, he lived a perilous life, being an advocate of public peace and security. He was the leader in the vigilante movement which established respect for law and order and in his *Vigilante Days and Ways* (1890) he relates how the Craft had a hand in this movement. He conducted the first Masonic funeral in Bannack, Nov. 13, 1862. Observing that there were 76 Freemasons present on the occasion he secured a dispensation for a lodge there, but by the time it had arrived, most of the inhabitants had gone to the great strike at Virginia City. He was one of the Washburn party of 1870 that discovered the geysers of Yellowstone Park, and he led in the work which resulted in the dedication of the park, serving as its first superintendent from 1872–77. Washburn, q.v., was a Mason and at the time of the expedition, Langford was grand master of Montana. Also with them was Cornelius Hedges, the deputy grand master, who later became grand master, and grand secretary for 36 years. Hedges, q.v., became known as the “father” of the national parks. Langford was appointed U.S. revenue collector on the creation of the Territory of Montana in 1864. President Johnson named him as governor of the territory in Jan. 1869, but as the senate was feuding

with Johnson, it refused to confirm any of his appointments. Langford later became national bank examiner for the Pacific Coast (1872–84). He returned to St. Paul before his death. He was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 10, St. Paul, Minn., and later affiliated with Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Montana, serving as its second master in 1867. He participated in forming the Grand Lodge of Montana in Jan., 1866, and was its first grand historian. Elected senior warden in 1868, he was grand master in 1869–70. It appears that he received the chapter degrees, including Most Excellent Master, in Minn., but was exalted in Virginia City Royal Arch Chapter, U.D. d. 1911.

Samuel W. T. Lanham (1846–1908) Governor of Texas, 1903–07. b. July 4, 1846 in Spartanburg, S.C. He entered the Confederate Army as a boy and served in the 3rd South Carolina regiment. In 1866 he moved to Texas, and was admitted to the bar in 1869. From 1883–93 and 1895–1903 he was U.S. congressman from the 8th Texas dist. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 275, Weatherford, Texas. d. 1908.

Harris Laning (1873–1941) Full Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 11, 1873 at Petersburg, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1895. Advanced through grades from ensign in 1891 to vice admiral in 1933, and admiral in 1935, retiring in 1937. In 1912 he was captain of the U.S. rifle team, winning first place in the Olympic Games at Stockholm. Saw service in the Spanish–American War, Philippine Campaign, China Relief Expedition, Mexican Campaign, Dominican Campaign, and WWI. He commanded the U.S.S. Panay in the Philippines. His many tours of sea duty were punctuated with service as

an instructor at the U.S. Naval Academy. He was navigation officer of the U.S.S. Nebraska in a cruise around the world, 1907–10. Chief of staff of the destroyer force, U.S. Fleet, 1919–21; commanded the U.S.S. Pennsylvania, U.S. Naval Training Station, San Diego; chief of staff, U.S. Battle Fleet; commander of Battleship Division Two; president of U.S. Naval War College (1930–33); commander of cruisers, U.S. Fleet (1933–35); commander Battle Force (1935–36). Member of Clinton Lodge No. 19, Petersburg, Ill. d. Feb. 2, 1941.

Menalcus Lankford (1883–1937) U.S. Congressman to 71st and 72nd Congresses (1929–32) from 2nd Va. dist. b. March 14, 1883 at Southhampton Co., Va. Graduate of U. of Richmond in 1904 and 1906. Admitted to the bar in 1906, and practiced at Norfolk. Referee in bankruptcy, Eastern Va. dist. from 1933. Mason. d. Dec. 27, 1937.

Dick Latta Lansden (1869–1924) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Tennessee from 1918. b. May 15, 1869 at Bakers Cross Roads, Tenn. Admitted to the bar in 1893, and practiced at Sparta, from 1893–97, and Crossville, 1897–1902. Was Justice of supreme court of Tennessee from 1910. Affiliated with Sparta Lodge No. 99, Sparta, Tenn. in 1896 and in good standing at time of death on Aug. 9, 1896.

Sergei Stepanovich Lanskoj (1787–1862) When the Directorial Lodge Vladimir split into two grand lodges in 1817, he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge Provincial of Russia. The grand master at time of the split was Count Vielgorsky, q.v. Lanskoj was the one who received the edict

of Alexander I, q.v., to close all the lodges of his grand lodge. He later became minister of interior affairs in the reign of Alexander II, q.v.

Fred M. Lanter Aviator and director of CAA Aeronautical Center since 1948. b. June 21, 1900 at Portland, Ind. Was with the U.S. Army Flying School at San Antonio in 1926–27. In turn was a cost accountant, production manager and shop superintendent of Fall Creek Mfg. Co., 1922–26. From 1927–29 he was an instructor with Capitol Airways, Inc. From 1929–38 he was an inspector with aeronautics branch of department of Commerce; chief inspector of the CAA from 1938–42; regional administrator of CAA. Member of Brownsburg Lodge No. 241, Brownsburg, Ind., receiving degrees on Nov. 14, 21, 29, 1923. Member of Indianapolis Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. and Indianapolis Council No. 2, R. & S.M., both of Indianapolis, Ind.

Anacarsis Lanus (?–1888) Argentinian senator and national deputy. A financier and member of board of directors of several banks and businesses. Mason.

Miguel Angel Castillo Lanuza Guatemalan business executive. b. Aug. 3, 1894 in Huehuetenango, Guatemala. An accountant by profession, he is a member and founder of two accountancy organizations, and also of the firm, Contaduria Publica M.A. Castillo L. y Cia. He has held the positions of general customs director, general inspector of finance, and secretary of the general accountancy dept., in the Guatemalan government. Is accountant for the Verapaz

Railway and manager of a Guatemala newspaper. He is the legal representative of the International Airways Companies and other commercial and industrial firms. He was initiated Sept. 19, 1827 in the Dr. Arton Lodge No. 9, and founder of Prometeo Lodge No. 30. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Guatemala from 1941–45 and grand master of same, 1953–55. On August 18, 1954, he was summoned by the Guatemalan government and requested to resign as grand master—or otherwise be accused a Communist and the grand lodge closed. He answered: “I know the history of Masonry. No grand master has ever resigned, all over the world, just because the public powers ask him to do so; and I shall not be the first one.” He continued in office until succeeded by Dr. Cardona in 1955. He traveled throughout South America, Central America, and the U.S. to explain his position and received the backing and protection of the Inter-American Confederation.

Samuel Lapham Architect. b. Sept. 23, 1892 at Charleston, S.C. Graduate of Coll. of Charleston, Mass. Inst. of Technology. A draftsman and designer for architectural firms from 1916–19 and from 1920 a partner of Simons & Lapham, architects, Charleston, S.C. His works include plantation house “Chelsea” for Marshall Field III, and “Windsor” for P. D. Mills, as well as monuments, restorations, residences and educational buildings. From 1933–42 he was with the U.S. Department of Interior on survey of historic American buildings. Served in both World Wars. Was in artillery in WWI with A.E.F., 1917–19, as second lieutenant, and with inspector general department as colonel in WWII. Member

of Landmark Lodge No. 76, Charleston, S.C. from 1922 to Dec. 7, 1932.

Alcibiades Lappas Argentine business executive, journalist and professor. b. Feb. 2, 1909 in Janina, Epirus, Greece. Graduate of the Law School, U. of Paris, and School of Higher Commercial Studies, same city. He is director of Lappas, Inc.; Plata Lappas, Inc.; Argentine Company of Metals, Inc.; and chairman of board of R. C. Inc. He is editor of *La Voz del Epiro* and of the Masonic magazine *Simbolo*. A founding member of the International Press Association, he was its first treasurer, and is a correspondent of several important foreign newspapers. He was a founding member of the Greek War Relief Assn., its secretary and chairman; founding member of the Junior Chamber of Commerce of Buenos Aires; founding member of the High Twelve Club of Buenos Aires and first president. For many years he has been general executive secretary of the Greek community of Buenos Aires, the Greek Orthodox Church, the South American committee of the Greek Red Cross. Member of board of Argentine Philanthropic Society and the National Museum. Initiated Nov. 7, 1942 in Pindos Lodge No. 388, Buenos Aires and raised Oct. 2, 1943. Was secretary in 1944, orator in 1945, and master in 1946-51. He is also member of Lodges No. 392, 397, 5, 18, 57, 390 and 402; honorary member of Lodges No. 2, 10, 12, 44, 348, 398, 399, 400 and 401. Since 1951 he has been grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Argentina, founding member of Buenos Aires Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., first principal of same, 1955, and grand scribe Ezra of Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Argentina; 32° AASR.

Albert A. Lappin President, Treasurer and General Manager of Goodyear Rubber Co., Middletown, Conn. since 1945. b. Dec. 25, 1897 at Boston, Mass. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1918. Manager of Gold Seal Rubber Co., Boston from 1921–40. Treasurer of Goodyear Rubber Co. 1941–45. Member of Everett C. Benton Lodge, Boston, Mass. and 32° AASR (NJ); Shriner.

Francisco Narciso de Laprida (1780–1829) Argentine statesman who presided over the congress that made the declaration of independence from Spain in 1816. The congress had difficulty in deciding between a monarchical or republican form of government. It also adopted the blue and white flag created by Belgrano, q.v. Laprida was murdered in 1829, during a massacre of the opponents to the tyrant, Rosas. Mason.

John Marc Larmenius (Johannes Marcus) Tradition states that in 1314 he was appointed by DeMolay as his successor as grand master of the Templars. In turn, he is supposed to have transmitted this power to his successors in a document known as the “Charter of Transmission.” Generally speaking, Masonic students question this.

Noble D. Lamer (1830–1903) General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1886–1889. b. Jan. 9, 1830 in Washington, D.C. Served in Civil War in defense of Washington, D.C. Member of city council of that city for three years. He was secretary of the National Union Fire Insurance Co. from 1865 until his death. In 1867 he organized

and carried to conclusion the project for the erection of the Masonic temple at 9th & F. Sts., N.W. which was vacated in 1908. For many years he was secretary of the Home Plate Glass Insurance Co. Raised in Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Oct. 19, 1863, and on Dec. 28 of same year became a charter member of LaFayette Lodge No. 19, serving one year as secretary, and twice as master. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1881. Exalted in Mount Vernon Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. Dec. 25, 1865, and on May 24, 1867 became charter member and first high priest of LaFayette Chapter No. 5. He took a prominent part in the organization of the Grand Chapter of the District of Columbia and was grand secretary from 1867–71, and grand high priest, 1874–75. One of the founders of La-Fayette Council, R. & S.M. (now extinct) in 1870, and master in 1871. Affiliated with Washington Council No. 1, in March, 1894. Knighted in Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T. May 4, 1866, and charter member of DeMolay Commandery No. 4, Feb. 16, 1872, and commander in 1878. Elected first grand commander of District of Columbia, Jan. 14, 1896; 32° AASR (SJ) from Albert Pike in 1878. d. March 19, 1903.

Henri du Vergier La Rochenjacquelein (1772–1794) A French Vendean leader who was named commander-in-chief of the Royalist Army in Oct., 1793. Defeated at Le Mans in the same year, and killed in action at Nouaille, March 4, 1794. Said to be a Mason by the bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917.

Irving H. Larom Rancher. b. June – 3, 1889 in Brooklyn,

N.Y. Graduate of Princeton U., 1913. Partner in purchase of Valley Ranch, Wyo. in 1915, incorporated in 1922; president and treasurer since that time. He is engaged in live stock, farming, and dude ranching. Served in WWI. Vice president of American Forestry Assn. in 1945; director of Buffalo Bill Memorial Museum, American Wildlife Institute, and Shoshone Power Co. He is the founder of the Dude Ranchers Association and president of same from 1925–44. Member of Shoshone Lodge No. 21, Cody, Wyo.; Darius Chapter No. 10, R.A.M.; Constantine Commandery No. 9, all of Cody.

Henry C. Larrabee (1829–1911) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M. in 1906–09. b. Sept. 4, 1829 in Baltimore, Md. Was a machinist and founder. Member of Baltimore city council in 1864. Raised in Warren Lodge No. 51, Baltimore on Aug. 30, 1864; exalted in St. John's Chapter, Sept. 30, 1874 and received cryptic degrees at the same time. Knighted in 1877 in Baltimore Commandery and was 33° AASR (SJ). He became deputy grand master of the grand lodge, grand high priest, commander of his commandery and grand master of the Grand Council of Maryland in 1882–97.

Juan Larrea (1782–1847) Argentine patriot. Participated in the 1810 revolution and became a member of the first “junta,” or governing body. The following year he was driven out of the country. He returned, but was expatriated again in 1815. He later became Argentine consul in France. Mason.

George P. Larrick Commissioner of U.S. Food and Drug Administration since 1954. b. Nov. 19, 1901 in Springfield,

Ohio. With U.S. Bureau of Chemistry and Food and Drug Administration from 1923, as enforcement officer. Was chief inspector, 1930–45; assistant commissioner, 1945–48. Member of Point Pleasant Lodge No. 360, Pleasant City, Ohio. 32° AASR (SJ) at Memphis, Tenn.

Alfred Larsen (1877–1949) Violinist and director. b. Dec. 12, 1877 in Nodebo, Denmark. Studied music in Denmark. He began as a soloist and teacher in Montreal, Can., 1899. He located in Burlington, Vt. in 1908, and became a U.S. citizen. He founded the Larsen Violin School, and the Larsen String Quartette as well as the Beethoven Piano Trio, and the Burlington Symphony Orchestra. He directed the department of music at the U. of Vermont in 1910–13. He was professor at Middlebury Coll. (Vt.) from 1920–36. A founder of the Danish–American Historical Society in 1932. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ). d. July 3, 1949.

Henry A. Larsen Canadian explorer. As an army sergeant in 1942, he led a crew of eight men in the government boat, St. Roch, in the first west-to-east voyage made by man from the Pacific to the Atlantic by way of the northern shores of the Dominion. It took them two years, and they underwent great hardships. He is a member of Mount Newton Lodge No. 89 in British Columbia, and at the completion of his voyage received a letter of congratulations from his grand lodge.

William W. Larsen (1871–1938) U.S. Congressman to 65th through 72nd Congresses (1917–33) from 13th – Ga. dist. b. Aug. 12, 1871 in Hagan, Ga. He began law practice in

Swainsboro, Ga. in 1897. Received degrees in Swainsboro Lodge No. 244, Swainsboro, Ga. on May 5, 31, and Aug. 2, 1902, affiliating with Laurens Lodge No. 75, Dublin, Ga. on Aug. 20, 1912 and suspended July 20, 1937. d. Jan. 5, 1938.

Jesse Larson War Assets Administrator, 1947–49 and appointed Federal Works Administrator in 1949. b. June 22, 1904 in Mill Creek, Indian Territory. Attended Missouri Military Academy, and U. of Oklahoma. He was formerly in the ranching and dairy business in Okla. He practiced law at Oklahoma City from 1934–40. Served in WWII as colonel of artillery, and was in Italian campaign. In 1944–45 he was director of tactics at the Field Artillery School at Fort Sill, Okla. Member of Chickasha Lodge No. 94, Chickasha, Okla. Received 32° AASR (SJ) on May 22, 1944 at which time he was a lieutenant colonel in the Army.

Morgan F. Larson Governor of New Jersey, 1929–32. Raised in Raritan Lodge No. 61, Perth Amboy, N.J. on June 27, 1907.

Gustaf Larsson (1861–1919) Educator. b. Dec. 10, 1861 in Sweden. He came to America in 1888, where he became the first principal of the Sloyd Training School for manual training teachers at Boston. Under his direction over 400 teachers were sent out from the school, and over 100,000 children received instruction from them. He established ten centers in Southern India and six in Mexico. Member of Columbian Lodge, Boston, Mass. and 32° AASR (NJ). d. July 23, 1919.

Emile Lartigue Belgian General in WWI. He was Lieutenant

Grand Commander of the Supreme Council of Belgium, when murdered by six assassins. In 1946, following the war, a ceremony was held in Brussels in memory of the murdered brethren, eleven of the twelve members of the supreme council having been killed.

Abbe Larudan Early French Anti-Mason. He was the author of a work entitled *The Freemasons Crushed* “a continuation of the book entitled *the Order of Freemasons Betrayed*, published from the Latin.” The first edition was published at Amsterdam in 1746. Kloss, q.v., said that the work “is the armory from which all subsequent enemies of Freemasonry have derived their weapons.” Larudan was the first to advance the theory that Oliver Cromwell was the inventor of Freemasonry.

Henry George Charles, Viscount Lascelles (see under Earl of Harewood) .

Juan Gregario de las Heras (1780–1866) Chilean liberator. As an Argentine, he took an active part in the Chilean war of liberation, particularly distinguished himself in the Battle of Chacabuco in 1817, where his ability saved a division. Upon his return to Argentina, he served as governor of the province of Buenos Aires in 1824–26.

Peter Lassen (1800–1859) California pioneer. b. Oct. 31, 1800 in Copenhagen, Denmark. Learned the blacksmith's trade under his uncle and opened a shop of his own at Copenhagen in 1827. Left for America in Oct., 1830, working

his trade at Boston, St. Louis, and later to Keytesville, Mo. While in Missouri he was a member of Warren Lodge No. 74 of Keytesville. In 1839 he joined an immigrant party bound for Oregon City, and in July, 1840 he sailed from Oregon to Calif. aboard the *Lausanne*. He wandered about Calif. from Sutter's to San Francisco to San Jose. In 1843 he was living by himself on the Cosumnes River. In 1844 he became a Mexican citizen. During the spring of 1846 General Fremont stayed at Lassen's house, and it is significant that Lassen named the little settlement he established on Deer Creek, "Benton City," after Fremont's father-in-law, Thomas Hart Benton, q.v. June, 1847 saw Lassen returning to St. Joseph, Mo. with Commodore Stockton's party. Spending the winter in Mo., he set out again for California, leading an immigrant train of 12 wagons. With them was Rev. Saschel Woods, q.v., member of Wakanda Lodge No. 52 of Carrollton, Mo. who was carrying the Mo. charter for Western Star Lodge No. 98 (now 1) to be opened at Lassen's "Benton City." It is often erroneously stated that Lassen brought the first charter to Calif. The route of the expedition was an impracticable one and has since been dubbed the "Lassen Route." During the gold excitement of 1849-50 the population of Benton City dwindled to almost nothing. Woods was first master of Western Star Lodge and Lassen first junior warden. Lassen lost his ranch in a bad financial deal, and then moved to the Honey Lake region of what is now Lassen Co. While prospecting for a silver mine, he was shot and killed by an Indian in April, 1859. In May, 1862 Lassen Lodge No. 149 was chartered at Honey Lake.

Milton S. Latham (1827-1882) Governor of California, 1860

and U.S. Senator from California, 1860–63. b. in Columbus, Ohio. He was graduated from Jefferson Coll. (Pa.) in 1845. After a brief sojourn in Alabama, where he studied law, and became a court clerk, he came to Calif. sometime during the winter of 1840–50. He was elected to U.S. congress as a representative in 1852, and again in 1854. From 1857–60 he was collector of the Port of San Francisco. His term as governor only lasted five days after his inauguration on Jan. 9, 1860. (He was succeeded by the lieutenant governor, John G. Downey, q.v.), as he resigned to accept appointment as U.S. senator. In 1867 he became president of the California Pacific Railroad Co., which planned a line from Benicia to Sacramento and Marysville, in opposition to the Central Pacific. In 1871, however, Latham and the stockholders sold out to their competition. He became a member of Washington Lodge No. 20 of Sacramento, Calif. in 1859, and withdrew in 1863. He was an early Scottish Rite member in California, being an active 33° of the southern jurisdiction and at one time grand treasurer of the California bodies. d. in New York City March 4, 1882.

Benjamin H. Latrobe (1764–1820) Sometimes called “father of architecture in America.” b. May 1, 1764 in Yorkshire, England. Educated in U. of Leipsic and entered Prussian army; was twice wounded. He returned to England, and, in 1789, was made surveyor of the public offices and engineer of London. He arrived at Norfolk, Va. on May 20, 1796, and soon became an engineer of the James River and Appomattox Canal, building the penitentiary in Richmond, and many private mansions. He moved to Philadelphia in 1798, where he

designed the Bank of Pa., Bank of the U.S., and planned and installed the first water system in the U.S. In Baltimore he was the architect of the Roman Catholic cathedral, and customs house. Jefferson appointed him surveyor of public buildings in 1802. He designed the south wing of the U.S. Capitol, made alterations in the White House, remodeled the patent office, and drew plans for the Marine Hospital. He also worked on the plans for the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, residing alternately in New Castle and Wilmington until 1808, when he moved to Washington. In 1812 he went into partnership with Robert Fulton, q.v., and Robert R. Livingston, q.v., to build steamboats for the navigation of the upper Ohio River, but lost his fortune on the failure of the enterprise. After the destruction of the Capitol by the British in 1814, Latrobe was engaged to rebuild it (1815–17). At the time of his death on Sept. 3, 1820 he was engaged in the construction of a water system for New Orleans, La. He was initiated in the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, London, in 1788. He served as junior warden of the same in 1789–90. In America he affiliated with Jerusalem Lodge No. 54, Richmond, Va. His son was John H. B. Latrobe, q.v.

John H. B. Latrobe (1803–1891) Lawyer, inventor, and humanitarian. b. May 4, 1803 in Philadelphia, Pa. the son of Benjamin H. Latrobe, q.v., the famous American architect. He was appointed a cadet in the U.S. Military Academy in 1818, but resigned before graduation on account of his father's death. He then studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1825. He was the inventor of the "Latrobe Stove," sometimes called the "Baltimore heater" of which thousands were sold

in Baltimore alone. He was the founder of the Maryland Institute, and was closely identified with the American Colonization Society from 1824. The aim of the society was to return Negro slaves to their native land. As its president, he prepared the first map of Liberia, and, with General Harper, gave many place-names to that country. He was president of the board of visitors of West Point, and president of the Maryland Historical Society. He became a member of Winder Lodge No. 77, Baltimore, Jan. 26, 1825, and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland from 1870–78. A member of Phoenix Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Baltimore, he was high priest in 1829–30, and 1836–39. He received the 33° AASR (SJ) in 1872. d. Sept. 11, 1891.

John A. Latzer (1876–?) President of Pet Milk Co. b. Nov. 11, 1876 at Highland, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1899 and 1900. Began the manufacturing of condensed milk in 1900, and became president of the Pet Milk Co. of St. Louis. Mason.

Frank C. Laubach Missionary and educator. b. Sept. 2, 1884 in Benton, Pa. Graduate of Princeton in 1909, and doctorate from Columbia U. in 1915. Spent many years in Philippines as missionary, college dean (Union Coll.) and director of Maranaw Folk Schools. He conducted literacy tours of India, Near East, Africa, Mexico, Central and South America, Latin America, Egypt, Ethiopia, Lebanon, Syria, Irak, Iran, West and South Africa, New Guinea, Australia, and Korea. He is a Congregationalist. He is the co-author of more than 200 primers for illiterate adults in over 165 languages embracing 51 countries. His writings include *Rizal*, *Man and Martyr*; *Toward*

a Literate World; You Are My Friends; The Silent Billion Speak; Teaching the World to Read; and many others. Member of Benton Lodge No. 667, Benton, Pa. and 32° AASR (NJ) .

Chester Lauck Radio entertainer. He is the “Lum Edwards” of the radio team Lum and Abner. He first performed a skit with his partner, Norris Goff, q.v., while they were master and senior councilors of the DeMolay Chapter at Mena, Ark. Member of Dallas Lodge No. 128, Mena (as is Goff); Hiram Chapter No. 196, R.A.M. and Malta Commandery No. 17, K.T. all of Mena. Member of Scimitar Shrine Temple of Little Rock.

Sir Harry Lauder (1870–1950) Scottish singer who gained fame for his rendition of Scottish songs and ballads. Many were of his own composition including Roamin’ in the Gloamin’ and Wee Hoose Among the Heather. His real surname was MacLennan. Mason.

Walter E. Lauer Major General, U.S. Army. b. June 29, 1893 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through the grades to major general in 1944, and retired in 1946. In WWI he served in France and American occupation of Germany, 1918–23. In WWII was in African Theater, 1942–43, and later commanded the 99th Infantry, 66th Infantry, and 80th Infantry, all in the European Theater of Operations. Mason.

George M. Laughlin (1872–1948) Founder and president of Kirksville College of Osteopathy and Surgery (Mo.). b. Dec. 23, 1872 in New London, Mo. Graduate of State Teachers’

Coll., Kirksville, Mo. and American School of Osteopathy. From 1900–18 he was a teacher in the American School of Osteopathy, and in 1918 he founded and was president of the Laughlin Hospital. He founded the A.T. Still College of Osteopathy which is now the Kirksville College of Osteopathy. Member of Adair Lodge No. 366, Kirksville, Mo., receiving degrees on July 17, Aug. 7 and 21, 1896. d. Aug. 15, 1948.

Henry Laurens (1724–1792) American Revolutionary statesman. b. in Charleston, S.C. Engaged in mercantile business and acquired a fortune. He fought against the Cherokees. He retired from business, and went to England, in 1771, to superintend the education of his sons. While in London, he was one of the 38 Americans who signed a petition in 1774 to dissuade parliament from passing the Boston port bill. He returned to Charleston in 1774, and was a member of the first provincial congress there in 1775, and was president of the council of safety. In 1776 he was made vice president of S.C. under the new constitution, and was a delegate to the Continental Congress, of which he became president at the resignation of John Hancock, q.v., serving from Nov. 1, 1777 to Dec. 10, 1778. He was appointed minister to Holland in 1779, to negotiate a treaty. His ship *Mercury* was captured by the British frigate *Vestal* off the coast of Newfoundland, and he was imprisoned in the Tower of London “on suspicion of high treason” for 18 months. He was exchanged for Lord Cornwallis. He was then sent to Paris with John Jay and Benjamin Franklin to negotiate peace. On his return to America he devoted his life to agriculture. Laurens was probably the first person in America to be cremated. His will

asked: "I solemnly enjoin it on my son, as an indispensable duty, that, as soon as he conveniently can, after my decease, he cause my body to be wrapped in 12 yards of tow-cloth and burned until it be entirely consumed." A member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Charleston, S.C., he was treasurer of the same in 1755, and grand steward of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1754. d. Dec. 8, 1792.

Alexander Laurie Scottish Masonic author and grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. He was first a stocking-weaver, and later a bookseller, and stationer in Parliament Square, Edinburgh, where he printed the Edinburgh Gazette. He was appointed stationer to the grand lodge, and later grand secretary. In 1804 he published a book entitled *The History of Freemasonry*. Although it bears his name as author, it is now thought to be the work of Sir David Brewster. He was a member of St. Stephen Lodge No. 145, Edinburgh. His son, William Alexander Laurie, also became grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. Alexander had changed the name from its original spelling of Lawrie.

James W. Laurie President of Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas since 1951. b. Sept. 10, 1903 in Bellingham, Wash. Graduate of Coe Coll. and Princeton U. Ordained Presbyterian minister in 1926, and served churches in Rahway, N.J., Wilkins-burg, Pa., and Buffalo, N.Y.; in 1951 he was named outstanding citizen of Buffalo. Member of the general council of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church since 1948. Mason.

Sir John Laurie Mayor of London in 1941, who welcomed the first American troops to that city. He served as alderman of the City of London for many years, and was sheriff of London in 1935. He was knighted in 1936, at the close of his term as sheriff, and created a baronet in 1942, at the completion of his mayoral year. As mayor, he was installed as master of the famous Guildhall Lodge No. 3116 of London (all Masonic mayors are automatically its master) by the Earl of Harewood, q.v. Named past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1942. He was grand scribe "N" of the Grand Chapter of England and grand senior warden in the Mark Grand Lodge of England. Deceased.

John Wimburn Laurie (1835–1912) Lieutenant General, British Army. b. Oct. 1, 1835 in London. Educated in Harrow, Dresden and Sandhurst. From 1853–98 he served with great distinction in the Crimean War, Indian Mutiny, under Lord Roberts in South Africa (1881); North West Canada Rebellion (1885); and as Red Cross commissioner in the Serbian–Bulgarian War (1886). He served in the Canadian house of commons, 1887–91 and in the British house of commons, 1895–1905. He held numerous other public offices and many decorations and military honors. He was initiated in Albany Lodge No. 151, Newport, Isle of Wight on July 19, 1854, and was a member of numerous lodges all over the British Empire. He was grand master of Nova Scotia, 1874–75; provincial grand master of South Wales, 1897–1912. d. May 20, 1912.

Marquis Jacques A.B.L. de Lauriston (1768–1828)

Marshal of France. In 1800 he was an aide-de-camp to Napoleon, and served in the Austerlitz campaign. He captured Ragusa in 1807, and distinguished himself at Wagram in 1809. In the restoration period, he rallied to the Bourbon cause, and was made peer of France in 1815, created marquis in 1817, and marshal of France in 1823. He was initiated in the military lodge of the 60th regiment in 1807 while at Ragusa.

Juan Lavalle (1797–1841) Argentine patriot. b. in Buenos Aires. He joined the army of General San Martin, q.v., at the age of 15. He took part in the Chilean and Peruvian liberation campaigns, and also fought in Brazil. He was noted for his courage and daring. On his return to his native land, he deposed and executed Colonel Dorrego, governor of the province of Buenos Aires, and fought the tyrant, Rosas. He was forced to flee and was overtaken and murdered in 1841. Mason.

Juan Antonio Lavalleja Uruguayan patriot and Mason. In 1825 he led a small group known as the “33 Immortals” which declared the independence of Uruguay from Brazil. Their arrival in Uruguay from Argentina precipitated the civil war of 1843–51. In 1853 he was chosen to form a triumvirate, but died before taking office.

George Law (1806–1881) American financier known as the “Steamboat King.” b. Oct. 25, 1806 in Jackson, N.Y. Left his farm home at age of 18 and worked in quarries, building canals, etc. Self educated, he became an engineer and draughtsman. He soon became a large contractor for railroads

and canals. In 1837 he went to New York City where he contracted for public works, and subsequently purchased and extended the Harlem and Mohawk railroads. He bought the steamer Neptune in 1843, and built the Oregon in 1845. He then contracted to carry the U.S. mails to Calif. He added the steamers Ohio and Georgia, and carried the first passengers by steamboat to Panama. In 1851 he bought out the rival Pacific Mail Steamship Co. He started the railroad across the Isthmus of Panama in 1852. He was the presidential candidate for the "Know Nothing" party in 1856. He was a member of St. Nicholas Lodge No. 321 of New York City. d. Nov. 18, 1881.

Thomas C. Law Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1941, and active 33° AASR, Southern Supreme Council. b. near Hartsville, S.C. Graduate of U. of South Carolina. In 1905 he organized one of the first industrial laboratories in the south at Atlanta, Ga. He is president of Law & Co., Chemists, and Law-Barrow-Agee Laboratories, Engineers, and is an authority on chemical processes. Active in both Scottish and York rites. He was grand commander of the Grand Commandery K.T. of Georgia in 1932, and is past grand sovereign of the Red Cross of Constantine. Received KCCH in 1933; 33° in 1937; deputy for Georgia, 1950 and active member in 1951.

Oscar Lawler Initiated the movement to build the present Washington National Masonic Memorial at Alexandria, Va. b. April 2, 1875 in Marshalltown, Iowa. Admitted to the bar in 1896, and practiced at Los Angeles. Was U.S. attorney for Southern dist. of Calif. 1905-07, and assistant attorney general for Interior dept., 1909-11. In Practice as Lawler, Felix &

Hall. Initiated in East Gate Lodge No. 290, Los Angeles (then Sunset Lodge) on April 22, 1898. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Calif. in 1908–09 and a member of the jurisprudence committee since 1947. Member of East Gate Chapter No. 103, R.A.M. and Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T. 32° and KCCH in AASR (SJ) at Los Angeles.

Charles Lawrence (?–1760) British Brigadier General. He was appointed a member of the council of Nova Scotia in Oct., 1749, and the following spring, as a major, led a force against the French at Chignecto. He returned that summer and built Fort Lawrence at the head of the Bay of Fundy. He administered the government after the retirement of Governor Hopson in 1753, was appointed lieutenant-governor in 1754, and governor in 1756. Promoted to brigadier general in Dec. 1757. Was at the siege of Louisburg. Member of the Craft in Nova Scotia, and was present at the feast of St. John the Evangelist in Boston in Jan. 1757. d. Oct. 18, 1760.

James Lawrence (1781–1813) U.S. Naval Captain, famous for his dying words, “Don’t Give Up the Ship!” b. Oct. 1, 1781 in Burlington, N.J. Received appointment as midshipman in 1798. In the Tripoli War, he distinguished himself as a gunboat commander and as second in command of Decatur’s, q.v., daring expedition to destroy the captured frigate, Philadelphia. He spent five years on the Barbary Coast, and in 1808 was first lieutenant of the famous Constitution, followed by command of the Argus, Vixen, Wasp, and Hornet. In the War of 1812 he cruised the coast of Brazil, blockaded the British Bonne Citoyenne in port of Salvadore, and sank

the brig-of-war Peacock. In command of the Chesapeake, he met the British frigate Shannon, commanded by Captain Broke, offshore from Boston about 30 miles. After a desperate fight, the Chesapeake was captured with 47 killed and 99 wounded. Lawrence and his first lieutenant, Ludlow, q.v., were mortally wounded. Although it is known that Lawrence was a Mason, his lodge membership remains a mystery. The Grand Lodge of New York passed the following resolution: "Resolved that it be referred to the grand officers, that in case there should be a public funeral of our deceased brother, the late gallant Captain Lawrence, to take measure, if they should deem it proper, to assemble the lodges in this city (N.Y.) to join in the procession." Lossing in his *Field Book of the War of 1812* states that he was buried with military and Masonic honors. A New York lodge, chartered May 18, 1814 was named in his honor. d. June 6, 1813.

Samuel C. Lawrence (1832–1911) Railroad president, merchant, and Grand Commander Northern Supreme Council, 33° ASSR from 1867–1910. b. Nov. 22, 1832 in Medford, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1855 and 1858. He was in the banking business at Chicago for two years, and then entered the firm of Lawrence & Sons, Medford, Mass. in 1858, with his father and brother. He was president of the Eastern Railroad Co. in 1875, and after it was leased to the Boston and Main Railroad, he became director and member of the executive committee. In the Civil War he became a brigadier general of Mass. militia (1862–64), and was wounded at first Battle of Bull Run. He was the first mayor of the city of Medford in 1892–94. He was initiated in Hiram Lodge (now Arlington)

at West Cambridge, Oct. 26, 1854. Became charter member of Mount Hermon Lodge, Medford, and was master. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1881–83. Exalted in Saint Paul's Chapter, June 13, 1885, he became a charter member, and past high priest, of Mystic Chapter, R.A.M. at Medford. He was a member of Boston Council, R. & S.M. and DeMolay Commandery, K.T., Boston, in 1858. Served as grand commander of Grand Commandery of Massachusetts in 1894. Received the AASR degrees in 1862; 33° in 1864; active 33° in 1866. Served as grand commander of the Northern Jurisdiction from May 17, 1867 to Sept. 22, 1910. d. Sept. 24, 1911.

Alexander Lawrie (see under Laurie).

Bolitha James Laws Chief Judge, District Court of the U.S. for District of Columbia since 1945. b. Aug. 22, 1891 in Washington, D.C. Graduate of Georgetown U., and admitted to the bar in 1913. Has been district court U.S. judge since 1938. Member of Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C., receiving degrees on Nov. 3, 1919, Feb. 16 and June 26, 1920. Master of lodge in 1927.

Edward Frederick Lawson (see Lord Burnham).

Ezra M. Lawton (1864–1931) U.S. Consul. b. Aug. 23, 1864 in Ironton, Ohio. Started as a clerk and mechanic. In telephone and electric construction work from 1887, and electrical contracting engineer from 1896–1906. Went to Mexico as mining engineer in 1907. He then served in American consulates in

Oaxaca, Mexico; Tegucigalpa, Honduras; Guatemala (special mission); Guatemala City; Nogales, Mexico; Sao Paulo, Brazil; and Sydney, Australia. Member of Price Hill Lodge No. 524, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees in 1894 and dimitting Dec. 3, 1907. d. June 26, 1931.

Henry W. Lawton (?–1899) Major General of Volunteers in Spanish–American War. b. in Ohio, he joined the Army as a sergeant of Co. E, 9th Indiana volunteers in 1861. Rose to captain in Civil War, and entered regular Army as lieutenant in 1866. Member of Summit City Lodge No. 170, Fort Wayne, Ind. d. 1899, while corps commander in Philippines.

Robert D. Lay (1875–1940) President of National Life Insurance Co. of the U.S.A., 1926–33. b. Sept. 30, 1875 in Chicago, Ill. Began as an office boy for an ice company in 1894, resigning as assistant credit manager in 1898 to become manager of E. A. Shedd & Co. Became associated with National Life in 1902; secretary and director 1906–26. Also secretary and vice president of Hydrox Co. Mason. d. Jan. 1, 1940.

Homer Lea (1876–1912) American who became a general in the Chinese Army, and military adviser to Sun Yat Sen. b. in Denver, Colo. He aided in the relief of Peking during the Boxer Rebellion, and became a general in the Chinese army in 1909. From 1911–12 he was adviser to Sun Yat Sen. He was the author of *The Valor of Ignorance* and *The Day of the Saxon*. Member of Pentalpha Lodge No. 202, Calif.

George M. Leader Governor of Pennsylvania from 1955. b. Jan. 17, 1918 near York, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1939. He is the proprietor of Willow Brook Farms, Dover, Pa., and for a number of years secretary and treasurer of Guy A. Leader & Sons, Inc. He was a member of the state senate from 1950–54. In WWII he served as a Naval lieutenant from 1942–46. He was made a Mason “at sight,” March 3, 1955.

Walter Leake (1760–1825) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1817–20. b. in Virigina about 1760. He fought in the Revolutionary War, and afterward moved to Hinds Co., Miss. where he practiced law. He resigned as U.S. senator to be appointed judge of the circuit court, continuing as judge until 1821, when he was chosen governor of Mississippi, holding that office at his death on Nov. 17, 1825. Seemingly he received his degrees in Warren Lodge No. 33, Warren, Va. and served as senior warden in 1803. He later became a member of Washington Lodge No. 3, Port Gibson, Miss. and was master of this lodge.

Sheppard C. Leakin General in War of 1812. Made a Mason in Washington Lodge No. 3, Baltimore, Md., Feb. 4, 1812, and served as master of same several terms.

Ben Lear Lieutenant General, U.S. Army. b. May 12, 1879 at Hamilton, Ont., Canada, and brought to the U.S. in 1881. He entered the Spanish–American War as a sergeant of the 1st Colorado Volunteers in 1898, and was commissioned in 1901, advancing through grades to lieutenant general in 1940. Served in Philippine Insurrection and WWI. In WWII

he commanded the 2nd Army in 1940, and the Army Ground Forces, 1935–45. In 1945 he was deputy commander to General Eisenhower, retiring Dec. 31, 1945. He is a member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Colorado Consistory, Denver on May 21, 1941; KCCH Oct. 19, 1943 and 33° on Oct. 16, 1945.

Fred Roy Lear (1882–1950) Architect. b. Dec. 2, 1882 in Corning, N.Y. Graduate of Syracuse U. in 1905. Taught architecture at Syracuse U. from 1905–46, and now professor emeritus. Has exhibited water colors in this country and France. He designed the University Church, Syracuse; Grace Methodist Church, Corning, N.Y.; Lafayette Methodist and Lutheran Church of Atonement, Syracuse, and memorial for Admiral Peary, q.v., in Arlington, Va. Member of Sea and Field Lodge No. 983 of Syracuse, N.Y. He was raised in this lodge in Paris, France in 1914 and served as its master in 1928. He was president of East Gate Club (for past masters and wives) for 15 years. d. June, 1950.

John J. Leary, Jr. (1874–1944) Journalist and Pulitzer Prize winner. b. Feb. 2, 1874 in Lynn, Mass. Was self-supporting from 11 years of age. Began with Lynn Press in 1893. Night editor of Boston Post, 1895–1903, and special writer and city editor of Boston Herald 1905–07. Financial editor and associate editor of New York Herald, and special European correspondent and editorial adviser to James Gordon Bennett. Staff correspondent of New York Tribune, 1913–18, and specialist in labor and economics for New York World 1919–31. Received Pulitzer prize in 1920 for his reporting on coal

strike of 1919, and presented gold watch by A.F. of L. for same work. Was voted silver button of honorary membership in "Mutual Welfare League" by the 1,600 inmates of Sing Sing Prison for his interest in their welfare. Exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 159, R.A.M. on May 25, 1911; greeted in Columbian Council No. 1, R. & S.M. Oct. 5, 1916; knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 36, K.T. March 30, 1922; member of World Masonic Club, all of New York City. d. Jan. 4, 1944.

Elmer O. Leatherwood (1872–1929) President of Western Powder Co., and U.S. Congressman to 67th through 70th Congresses (1921–29) from 2nd Utah dist. b. Sept. 4, 1872 in Waverly, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1901. Began law practice in Salt Lake City, Utah in 1901. President of Leary & Warren Stockyard, and Olympus Mining & Milling Co. Received degrees in Hiawatha Lodge No. 35, Hiawatha, Kans. and affiliated with Wasatch Lodge No. 1, Salt Lake City, Utah on Jan. 9, 1903. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Salt Lake City on Nov. 23, 1905. d. Dec. 24, 1929.

Halsey B. Leavitt Business executive and commander-in-chief of United Spanish War Veterans, 1945–46. b. July 25, 1878 at Essex Junction, Vt. From 1899–1920 he was reporter, editor, and correspondent of newspapers in Havana, Cuba. Since 1921 has been president of Leavitt Insurance Co., Asheville, N.C. Served as sergeant in 9th Illinois Infantry in Spanish–American War. Member of Mount Hermon Lodge No. 118, Asheville, N.C. being raised Sept. 15, 1921. A past district deputy grand master and 33° AASR (SJ) in Valley of Asheville.

Scott Leavitt U.S. Congressman to 68th through 72nd Congresses (1923–33) from 2nd Mont. dist. b. June 16, 1879 in Elk Rapids, Mich. From 1901–07 he homesteaded and taught in Oregon. Entered the U.S. Forest Service as a ranger in 1907, and was supervisor of the Lewis & Clark National Forest in Montana in 1910, and the Jefferson National Forest, 1913–18. He was chief of information of the North Central Region of the Forest Service at Milwaukee from 1935–41 when he retired. Served in the Spanish–American War, and in 1936–37 was national commander-in-chief of the United Spanish War Veterans. Member of Delta Lodge No. 128, Great Falls Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. and Black Eagle Commandery No. 8, K.T., all of Great Falls, Mont.

John F. Le Baron (1847–1935) Engineer in charge of Nicaragua Canal surveys and construction, 1887–90 and original discoverer of immense deposits of phosphate, kaolin, and fullers earth in Florida in 1881. b. Sept. 28, 1847 at Boston, Mass. Had his name changed from Patch to Le Baron in 1865 by court. Served as city engineer for several Northeast cities. Was chief engineer of Fitchburg Railroad, and also of St. John's & Indian River Railroad. Served in Spanish–American War, raising Co. L of 10th U.S. Volunteer Infantry. Mason. d. 1935.

Claude E. LeBauld de Nans (1736–1789) Actor and Masonic author. b. in 1736 at Besancon. He was master of the Lodge Saint Charles de l'Union in Mannheim, and when he moved to Berlin in 1771, became orator of the Lodge Royale York de l'Amitie and also edited a Masonic journal. In 1781 he

published Masonic Harp, a collection of songs for lodge use.

Karl M. LeCompte U.S. Congressman to 76th through 85th Congresses (1939–58) from 4th and 5th Iowa dist. b. May 25, 1887 at Corydon, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Iowa in 1909. He has been publisher of the Corydon Times–Republican since 1910. Served in Army in WWI. Member of Corydon Lodge No. 91, Corydon, Ia. for almost 50 years.

Walter E. Ledden Methodist Bishop. b. March 27, 1888 in Glassboro, N.J. Graduate of Dickinson Coll. (Pa.); Drew U. and Syracuse U. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1914, and served churches in Rumson, N.J., Belmar, N.J., Camden, N.J., Buffalo, N.Y., Providence, R.I. and Albany, N.Y. Elected bishop in 1944, and is resident bishop of Syracuse area. Mason.

Arthur F. Lederle Chief Judge, Federal Court, Eastern Michigan. b. Nov. 25, 1887 in Leland, Mich. Graduate of Michigan State Normal Coll., Detroit Coll. of Law, and U. of Detroit. He was a school teacher at Sherman, Traverse City, River Rouge, and Detroit, Mich. from 1909–23. Admitted to the bar in 1915. Named federal judge for Eastern dist. of Michigan in 1936 and chief judge since 1948. Received degrees in Wyandotte Lodge No. 170, Wyandotte, Mich. on April 13, April 27 and May 18, 1914. Affiliated with Kilwinning Lodge No. 297, Detroit, Oct 7, 1918.

Joaquim Goncalves Ledo Founder of the Grand Orient of Brazil in 1822. A journalist noted for his studies of government and interest in national independence.

Andrew E. Lee (1847–1934) Governor of South Dakota, 1897–1901. b. March 18, 1847 near Bergen, Norway, and came with parents to Dane Co., Wis. in 1851. Engaged in farming and mercantile pursuits from 1869. Was mayor of Vermillion, S.D. Member of Incense Lodge No. 2, Vermillion, S.D. receiving degrees on June 30, July 27 and Aug. 24, 1871. He was dimitted from 1886–1922 when he again affiliated. 32° AASR (SJ) in Oriental Consistory, Yankton, S.D. in Jan. 1899. d. March 10, 1934.

Bert S. Lee (1871–1957) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1924–27. Entered railroad tie business at age of 19 under name of Hobart-Lee Tie Co. Later was president of Springfield (Mo.) Warehouse and Transfer Co. b. Oct. 30, 1871 in Marshfield, Mo. Raised in Sparta Lodge No. 296, Sparta, Mo. on March 31, 1893 affiliating with Gate of the Temple Lodge No. 422, Springfield and serving as its master. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Mo., 1922. Exalted in Vincil Chapter No. 110, Sept. 24, 1897, he was grand high priest in 1921; Greeted in Zabud Council No. 25, Springfield, he was grand master in 1910. Knighted in St. John's Commandery No. 20, Springfield, he was grand commander in 1911. Member of St. Andrew Conclave No. 11, Red Cross of Constantine, Joplin, Mo. in 1907 and served as sovereign in 1918. Received 32° AASR in Joplin Consistory AASR (SJ). For many years he was vice president of the George Washington National Memorial Association. d. March 6, 1957.

Edward E. Lee (1884–1944) Author. b. Sept. 2, 1884 in Meridan, Ill. Began as a factory apprentice in 1897, and later

in advertising positions with various companies. Started writing juvenile books in 1921. He was the author of the Jerry Todd series (16 books) ; Potty Ott series (11 books); Andy Blake series (4 books); Trigger Berg series (4 books); and Tuffy Bean series (5 books). He wrote under the name of Leo Edwards. Mason. d. Sept. 28, 1944.

Edwin F. Lee (1884–1948) Methodist Bishop. b. July 10, 1884 in Eldorado, Iowa. Graduate of Northwestern U., Upper Iowa U., Garrett School of Theology, U. of Chicago. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1908. Served churches in New Hampton, Ia., missionary–minister in Java, Malaya, Manila, P.I. and Rockford, Ia. He then became associate secretary for Board of Foreign Missions in N.Y., 1919–24, and pastor at Singapore, and superintendent of Singapore district, 1924–28. Named missionary bishop of Malaysia and Philippines in 1928. Served with the A.E.F. in WWI as a chaplain, and in 1944–45, was director general of commission of Army and Navy Chaplains, Washington, D.C. Member of Zetlandin–the–East Lodge No. 508, at Singapore, China, under Scottish constitution. Knight Templar and 32° AASR (SJ) . d. Sept. 14, 1948.

Francis Lightfoot Lee (1734–1797) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. He was not a Freemason as far as known, but is often confused with his nephew of the same name, who was a member of Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va.

Gentry Lee Vice President and Director of Cities Service Oil

Co., Bartlesville, Okla. since 1951. b. Feb. 20, 1903 in Center Point, Ark. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1924 and admitted to the bar that year. He was staff attorney for Barnsdall Oil Co., 1937–45, and later went with Cities Service. Received degrees in Petroleum lodge No. 474, Tulsa, Okla. on Nov. 20, Dec. 18, 1931 and Jan. 29, 1932. He dimitted on Dec. 7, 1951 and affiliated with Bartlesville Lodge No. 284, Bartlesville on Feb. 12, 1952. He was junior steward of Petroleum Lodge in 1934.

Henry Lee (1756–1818) Known as “Light Horse Harry” for his brilliant cavalry operations in the Revolutionary War. Father of Robert E. Lee. b. Jan. 29, 1756 at Leesylvania, Westmoreland Co., Va. Graduate of Princeton in 1774. He joined Washington’s army in Pa. as the captain of a Virginia cavalry company. With skill and daring he surprised the British garrison at Paulus Hook on July 19, 1779, and carried off 160 prisoners. After the disastrous Battle of Camden in 1780, he successfully covered Green’s retreat. He captured Fort Motte and Fort Granby and Augusta. At the close of the war he was a colonel. In 1786 he was chosen delegate to the Continental Congress. In 1789–91 he was a member of the Va. legislature, and was governor of Virginia in 1792–95. Washington appointed Lee a general in 1794, and gave him 15,000 troops to break up the “whisky Rebel-lion.” He was U.S. Congressman in 1799–1801. Lee coined the famous phrase “First in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen” in an oration commemorating the services of Washington in 1799. He was a member of Hiram Lodge No. 59, Westmoreland Co., Va., but it is believed that he was

made a Mason in the Tappahannock (Hobbs Hole) lodge. American Union Lodge of Marietta, Ohio has an apron that is presumed to be Lee's and to date prior to the Revolution. d. March 25, 1818.

Homer Lee (1856–1923) Artist and bank note engraver. b. May 18, 1856 in Mansfield, Ohio. He was a regular exhibitor at the National Academy of Design, and also in London and Paris. He was the founder and president of the Homer Lee Bank Note Co. and vice president of Franklin Lee Bank Note Co. Also president of the Hamilton Bank Note Co. He was the inventor of the Homer Lee rotary steel plate printing system, together with numbering devices used by U.S. Treasury Dept. on government bonds and bank notes. Also inventor of the “steelograph” process and many improvements in linotype composing machines. Mason and 32° AASR. d. Jan. 25, 1923.

J. Bracken Lee Governor of Utah, 1949–57. b. Jan. 7, 1899 in Price, Utah. He began as a postal clerk in 1919, becoming an insurance agent. Since 1930 he has been manager and owner of the Equitable Insurance Agency at Price, and director of Time Finance Co. of Salt Lake City. Served as mayor of Price, 1936–47. Is national chairman of For America since 1957, and director of national committee to repeal the 16th amendment. Served in WWI as an Infantry sergeant. Received Freedom Foundation award in 1952. Initiated in Joppa Lodge No. 26, Price, Utah in 1928. 32° and KCCH in AASR (SJ) at Salt Lake City and member of El Kalah Shrine Temple.

James G. C. Lee (1836–1916) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 12, 1836 near Hamilton, Ont., Canada. Served in the Civil War in quartermaster department, first as a captain, and to brigadier general, and retired in 1904. In Civil War he was with headquarters of the Army of Potomac and several supply depots in Va., and was acting chief quartermaster during the Gettysburg campaign. He commanded the right wing of defenses of Alexandria, Va. in 1864. Mason. d. July 26, 1916.

Joshua B. Lee U.S. Senator from Oklahoma, 1937–43. b. Jan. 23, 1892 at Childersburg, Ala. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma, Columbia U., and Cumberland U. He first taught school in Rocky, Okla; coached and taught at Baptist U. (Okla.), and taught public speaking at U. of Oklahoma from 1917–34. He was U.S. congressman from the 5th Okla. dist., 1935–37. Member of Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington, D.C. from 1943. Now in law practice in Oklahoma City. Member of Norman Lodge No. 38, Norman, Okla.

Percy M. Lee Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi since 1950. b. Nov. 14, 1892 in Ludlow, Miss. Graduate of Mississippi Coll. in 1911, and admitted to the bar in 1916, practicing in Forest, Miss. Served as assistant to attorney general, city attorney, district attorney, and circuit judge. Member of Forest Lodge No. 437, Forest, Miss., receiving degrees on Sept. 22, Oct. 13 and Nov. 23, 1920. Was master of lodge in 1925 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Mississippi in 1937. Exalted in Forest Chapter No. 97, R.A.M. in 1922; greeted in Newton Council No. 27, R. & S.M. in 1922; and knighted in Newton Commandery No. 27, K.T. in 1922. 32° AASR (SJ) in

Albert Pike Consistory, Jackson, Miss. and became member of Hamasa Shrine Temple of Meridian in 1923.

Richard Henry Lee (1732–1794) Signer of Declaration of Independence and Articles of Confederation. b. Jan. 20, 1732 at Stratford, Westmoreland Co., Va. Was educated in England, returning to America in 1752, where he studied law. He was a member of the Virginia House of Burgesses in 1759, and prominent in defending colonial rights from 1764. He opposed slavery and proposed a tax on slaves that would make further importation of them prohibitive. In 1773 he joined Patrick Henry and Thomas Jefferson in initiating the intercolonial committees of correspondence. He was a Virginia delegate to the Continental Congress from 1774–79. It was Lee who moved the resolution that “these united colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved.” This was adopted by the Continental Congress on July 2, 1776. He was again a member of congress from 1784–89, being president in 1784–85. He was a member of the U.S. senate in 1789–92. He lived at Nailers, just across the Rappahannock River about eight miles from Hobb’s Hole (later Tappahannock) where there was a lodge for a _ number of years, and it is thought that he probably received his degrees there. A. P. Anderson in *Virginia Masons Who Served in the Revolution* states that he later became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 59, Westmoreland Co., Va. d. June 19, 1794.

Robert C. Lee Steamship line executive. b. Aug. 30, 1888 in Central City, Nebr. Educated in U.S. Naval Academy and naval officer from 1906–20. In WWI he was a captain commanding the destroyer Wainwright, and port officer at Nantes, France. In WWII he rose from captain to commodore; and was special assistant on the staff of Admiral Nimitz in the Pacific, and Admiral Stark and General Eisenhower in Europe. In 1920 he became president of the Foreign Shipping Service Co. and R. C. Lee, Inc. Has been with Moore & McCormack Lines, Inc. since 1921, and vice president since 1926. He is now executive vice-president of the company, and all associated companies. Member of Forest Hills Lodge No. 946, Forest Hills, L.I., N.Y.

Robert E. Lee (1807–1870) Commander-in-Chief of Confederate Armies. Sometimes referred to as a Mason, but was not.

T. Bailey Lee (1873–1948) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Idaho, 1931–32 and Federal judge of Idaho from 1935. b. Aug. 10, 1873 at Mocksville, N.C. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1894 and admitted to bar in 1897, first practicing at Butte, Mont. and later at Burley, Idaho. Admitted to Burley Lodge No. 68, Burley, Idaho on May 8, 1920 from Silver Bow Lodge No. 48, Butte, Mont. d. March 1, 1948.

William C. Lee (1895–1948) Major General, U.S. Army. b. March 12, 1895 at Dunn, N.C. Graduate of North Carolina State Coll. in 1917. Commissioned second lieutenant in 1913, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942, and

major general Aug. 18, 1942. He served in A.E.F., France in WWI; and in WWII was commander of American parachute troops, 1941–42, and airborne troops, 1942–45. He retired in 1945. Mason. d. June 25, 1948.

William G. Lee (1859–1929) President of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, 1909–29. b. LaPrairie, Ill., Nov. 29, 1859. He was a brakeman and conductor on various railroads from 1879–84, and conductor with Union Pacific, 1889–95. Became first vice-president of the B.R.T. in 1895. Received degrees in Kaw Lodge No. 272, Kansas City, Kans., on June 3, Oct. 17, 1895 and Jan. 2, 1896. Affiliated with Acacia Lodge No. 9, Lawrence, Kans. on Sept. 17, 1896. d. Nov. 2, 1929.

William L. Lee Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 18, 1903 at Weatherford, Texas. Graduate of Texas A. & M. Coll. in 1927. Commissioned in 1929, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944. In 1935–38 he organized the Philippine Army Air Corps under General Douglas MacArthur, q.v. Presently commander of Amarillo Air Force Base, Amarillo, Texas. An article in the Saturday Evening Post in 1955 characterized him as the “Toughest Guy in the Air Force” and told the story that he was reduced in rank from brigadier general in 1946 for slapping John Maragon (Maragon later spent 19 months in jail for perjury and when Lee’s old friend, Eisenhower, entered the White House, his rank was restored). Member of Randolph Lodge No. 1268, Schertz, Texas, receiving degrees on Dec. 15, 1925; Feb. 9, 1926; and March 13, 1926. Member of W. T. Austin Chapter No. 87, R.A.M., W. T. Austin Council No. 52, R. & S.M. and

Ivanhoe Commandery No. 8, K.T. all of Bryan, Texas. He served as master of Randolph Lodge No. 1268 in 1934–35. 32° and KCCH in AASR (SJ) at San Antonio. Member of Red Cross of Constantine, Alzarar Shrine Temple, Royal Order of Jesters and is past president of three chapters of National Sojourners.

Edward T. Leech (1892–1949) Newspaper editor. b. June 17, 1892 in Denver, Colo. Began on Denver Republican in 1909. He subsequently edited the Denver Express, and Memphis (Tenn.) Press. Founded and edited the Birmingham (Ala.) Post in 1921 for Scripps–Howard. He edited the Rocky Mountain News (Denver) from 1926–31, and was editor and president of the Pittsburgh Press (Pa.) from 1931. Mason. d. Dec. 11, 1949.

C. A. Leedy, Jr. Judge of Supreme Court of Missouri from 1933. b. May 20, 1895 at Benton, Mo. Studied law at St. Joseph Law School, St. Joseph, Mo. He served as official reporter to the Peace Conference in Paris and Versailles, which resulted in the Treaty of Versailles, ending WWI. Admitted to bar in 1922, practicing first at Plattsburg, and then at Kansas City with his brother. Has served three terms as chief justice–1940–41; 1948–49; 1955–56. Member of Plattsburg Lodge No. 113, Plattsburg, Mo., but suspended since about 1919.

Charles W. Leeman Organizer and president of the Metropolitan Accident and Health Insurance Co. Omaha, Nebr. in 1933. b. July 21, 1893 at Honey Grove, Texas. Started as a salesman in meat and grocery field in Kans. and Texas. Entered insurance field at Kansas City in 1919, and became

vice-president of Union Insurance Co., Wichita, Kans., in 1923–33. Since 1937 he has been president and general manager of Union Pacific Finance Corp. Mayor of Omaha in 1947–48. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 25, Omaha, receiving degrees on Sept. 14, Oct. 19 and Nov. 16, 1939; 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH; past potentate of Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha (1955) and member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

James Leeson (?–1794) His tombstone in Trinity Church Yard, opposite Wall Street, N.Y.C., has a Royal Arch cipher hieroglyphic chiseled on it . . . “Remember Death.” He was a “butcher and tavern keeper at 30 Fly-market,” in 1791; and in 1794 listed under “tavern, boarding house, and Philadelphia stage office, 242 Water St.” The New York Diary or Evening Register of Friday, Oct 3, 1794 says he died “On Saturday morning, Sept. 27, last, and in the evening his remains were interred in the Trinity Church Yard, attended by a great number of Masonic brethren and other respectable citizens.”

Francois Joseph Lefebvre (1755–1820) French General, Marshal of the Empire, and Peer of France. Commanded a brigade in 1793 and a division in 1794. He fought at Altenkirchen, Neuwied, Stockach, and captured Danzig. He was made marshal of the Empire in 1807. In 1812–14 he was commander of the imperial guard, and at the restoration was appointed Peer of France by Louis XVIII. In 1805 he was grand keeper of archives of the Grand Orient of France.

Francois Lefort (1656–1699) Russian General, Grand Admiral, and Viceroy. Of Swiss birth and Scotch descent, he

was a favorite of Peter the Great, q.v., and one of his chief aides in the reorganization of Russia. He was appointed successively general, grand admiral, and viceroy of Novgorod. When Peter returned from visiting foreign lands, he directed that a Masonic lodge be established at St. Petersburg, and he named Lefort to be the first master of that lodge.

William Legge (see Earl of Dartmouth).

Mortimer D. Leggett (1831–?) Major General in Civil War and U.S. Commissioner of Patent. b. April 19, 1831 in Ithaca, N.Y. Moved with his Quaker family to Ohio, where he was graduated in medicine at Willoughby, Ohio in 1844. In 1846 he organized the first system of union free schools in the state. He was admitted to the bar in 1845, and was professor in the Ohio Law Coll., and later superintendent of schools in Zanesville. He raised the 78th Ohio Infantry at the beginning of the war, and was its colonel. He fought at Fort Donelson, Shiloh (wounded), and Corinth. Commanding a brigade, he captured Jackson, Tenn., defended Olivia, Tenn. (wounded), and in Nov. 1862, was made brigadier general. He was again wounded at Vicksburg, and Champion Hills. He commanded the 3rd division of the 7th corps in Sherman's march to the sea, and was made major general on Aug. 21, 1865. Named U.S. commissioner of patents in 1871. Member of Amity Lodge No. 5, Zanesville, Ohio, receiving degrees on April 5 and 19, 1858. Dimitted Aug. 5, 1877. Member of Cyprus Commandery No. 10, K.T. being knighted Nov. 20, 1860.

Augusto B. Leguia y Salcedo (1863–1932) Twice President

of Peru, 1908–12, and 1919–30. He was a banker and insurance manager from 1886–1903. In 1903 he became minister of finance, a position he held until elected president of Peru in 1908. From 1912–19 he was president of the Latin-American Chamber of Commerce in London, returning in the latter year, when with the aid of an army he seized power and expelled President Jose Pardo y Barreda. His action was legalized by the assembly, and he served as president until overthrown by a military revolt in Aug., 1930. He was a 33° Scottish Rite Mason.

Onesimo Leguizamon (1839–1886) Argentinian minister of Justice, Culture and Public Education. He was president of the South American Pedagogical Congress of 1882. A professor in the U. of Buenos Aires. Mason.

Lloyd A. Lehrbas Foreign correspondent and editor. b. Oct. 15, 1898 in Montpelier, Idaho. He served as a reporter successively with Salt Lake Tribune, San Francisco Chronicle, Chicago American, and Chicago Tribune. He then became a foreign correspondent for International News Service in Japan, China, and the Philippines. He was news editor for Fox Movietone News, and foreign affairs writer for the Associated Press in Washington. He covered China, Poland, France, Italy, Spain, Rumania, and Turkey for the A.P. as a war-correspondent in WWII. From 1946–48 he was executive editor of World Report. From 1948–49 he was director of the Office of International Information of the state dept.; special consultant to General Ridgway at SHAPE, 1952–53; and special assistant to secretary of army and chief of staff since 1953. Received

degrees in King Solomon Lodge No. 27, Montpelier, Idaho in 1918.

Michael Leib (1759–1822) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1808–14. b. in Philadelphia. He studied medicine and practiced in Philadelphia. He served several years in the state legislature, and as U.S. congressman from 1798–1806. He resigned from the U.S. senate in 1814 to become postmaster of Philadelphia. He was a past master of Concordia Lodge No. 67, Philadelphia, Pa. d. Dec. 22, 1822.

Joseph Leidy (1823–1891) Naturalist, known as the “father of American paleontology.” b. Sept. 9, 1823 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1844, with medical degree. Served as a contract surgeon in the Satterlee General Hospital at Philadelphia in Civil War. Held the chair of anatomy in U. of Pennsylvania, and later, chair of natural history at Swarthmore Coll. He published more than 800 papers on biological subjects, including: On, the Fossil Horse; A Flora and Fauna within Living Animals; Cretaceous Reptiles of the U.S.; Ancient Fauna of Nebraska; Fresh Water Rhizopods of North America; Tapeworm in Birds; The Parasites and Termites, etc. He became a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa. on Feb. 24, 1859. d. 1891.

Paul S. Leinbach (1874–1941) Editor of Reformed Church Messenger of Evangelical and Reformed Church, from 1917. b. Sept. 21, 1874 in Womelsdorf, Pa. Degrees from Franklin and Marshall Coll. in 1895, Reformed Church Theo. Seminary (Pa.) in 1898, and Heidelberg U. (Germany) in 1912. Ordained to

ministry of Reformed Church in the U.S., in 1898, and served churches in Altoona, Pittsburgh, Easton, Pa., and in New York. He was president of his church's board of Christian education from 1930–38, and president of the editorial council of the religious press of America, 1924–34. From 1905–13 he was secretary general of board of home missions; president of the Eastern Synod, 1911–12; first vice-president of the General Synod, 1911–12. From 1940 he was president of the board of business management of the Evangelical and Reformed Church. Member of Dallas Lodge No. 396, Easton, Pa., receiving degrees on April 14, May 12, June 9, 1908. d. Dec. 7, 1941.

Augustus Frederick, 3rd Duke of Leinster (1791–1874)

Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland for a period of 61 years (1813–74), which, with the exception of the Duke of Connaught, q.v., was the longest term ever served by any grand master any place in the world. In 1814 he signed the International Compact in behalf of Ireland, with other Masonic groups in London.

William, 2nd Duke of Leinster (see Marquis of Kildare).

George S. Leisure Lawyer. b. Aug. 14, 1889 at Slater, Mo. Graduate of U. of Chicago, 1914 Harvard U., 1917. Began law practice in office of Charles Evans Hughes, N.Y.C. in 1919. Distinguished himself as assistant U.S. attorney and chief of criminal division in office of U.S. attorney; prosecuted election frauds in N.Y. in 1928; chief assistant in the case of U.S. vs. Harry M. Daugherty, q.v., former attorney general of U.S. and Thomas W. Miller, former alien property custodian in 1927. In

1932 he was associated with Clarence Darrow in defense of Fortescue–Massie case in Honolulu. He was defense counsel for Joseph W. Harriman, president of Harriman National Bank, N.Y. in 1934; defense counsel for E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. and Remington Arms Co. in the munitions investigation of 1934; defense counsel in U.S. vs. RKO Distributing Corp., Warner Bros., and Paramount at St. Louis in 1935–36; defense counsel in U.S. vs. Standard Oil Co. and 23 other oil companies in 1937; also defense counsel for large trust suits in cement and railroad fields. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C. receiving degrees on Oct. 7, Nov. 18, Dec. 2, 1930.

John A. LeJeune (1867–1942) Major General, U.S. Marine Corps; 13th Commandant of the Marine Corps (1920–49); earned proud title of “the greatest leatherneck of them all!” b. Jan. 10, 1867 at Pointe Coupee Parish, La. Attended Louisiana State U. from 1881–84, and was graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1888. He was commissioned in 1888, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1916, and major general in 1918. Spent two years at sea as a naval cadet, and was shipwrecked on U.S.S. Vandalic in the hurricane at Samoa in March, 1889. In the Spanish–American War he commanded the Marines aboard the Cincinnati. He then served in Panama, Mexico, and the Philippines. From 1915–17 he was assistant to the Marine Corps commandant at Washington, and was appointed commandant of the Marine Corps Barracks at Quantico, Va. in Sept. 1917. The next June, however, found him arriving at Brest, France. He distinguished himself throughout WWI, successively as commander of the 64th Brigade; 4th Brigade; and particularly the

2nd Army Division. In commanding this division he became the only Marine officer to hold an Army divisional command. It was composed of regular Army and Marine Corps troops. He led them at St. Mihiel, in the Argonne, and spearheaded the noted assault on Blanc Mont Ridge, where the French had been checked for three years. On his return to the U.S. he was commandant of the Marine Barracks at Quantico for a few months, and then in command of the entire Marine Corps from 1920–29. Retired in 1929, he became superintendent of Virginia Military Institute at Lexington until 1937, and emeritus from that date. Camp LeJeune is named for him, as is LeJeune Lodge No. 350 at Quantico, Va. He received his degrees in Overseas Lodge No. 40 at Coblenz, Germany on May 3, May 7, and May 17, 1919. This lodge was under Rhode Island constitution, and is now located at Providence. He became a member of Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C., April 15, 1921 (withdrew in 1933) and Almas Shrine Temple, Washington. When at V.M.I. he frequently attended meetings of Mountain City Lodge No. 67, Lexington. d. Nov. 20, 1942.

John Leland (1506?–1552) English Antiquary, who as chaplain of King Henry VIII, was appointed “Kings Antiquary”—a title which he was the first and last to bear (1533). He spent the rest of his life arranging and digesting the collection of documents he found on tours of England and Wales. These were deposited in the Bodleian Library. His importance to Freemasonry is through the Leland Manuscript which he is supposed to have copied from the original pen of King Henry VI, which he describes in his title: “Certayne questyons with

answers to the same concernynge the mystery of maconrye; wryttene by the hande of Kynge Henry the Sixthe of the name, and faythfullye copied by me, Johan Leylande, Antiquarius, by the commaunde of His Highnesse.” Masonic scholars have long disagreed on the authenticity of this document. Leland died April 18, 1552.

Curtis E. LeMay Full General, and Vice Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force. b. Nov. 15, 1906 in Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1932. Began as a flying cadet in the Air Corps in 1928; commissioned secondlieutenant in 1930, advancing through grades to temporary general in 1951, and permanent major general since 1943. He has successively commanded the 305th Bomb Group; 3rd Bomb Division; 20th Bomber Command; 21st Bomber Command; 20th Air Force. Was chief of staff of U.S. Strategic Air Forces in 1945; deputy chief of air staff for research and development, 1945; commanding general of USAF in Europe, 1947; and for nearly ten years, commander-in-chief of the Strategic Air Command (SAC). In 1947 he was assigned to headquarters USAF as vice chief of staff. He was raised in Lakewood Lodge No. 601, Lakewood, Ohio, July 7, 1944; 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH on Oct. 18, 1955. Received 33° in 1959.

A. M. LeMierre (1733–1793) French writer who belonged to the Lodge of the Neuf Soeurs, Paris, and was present at the reception of Voltaire, q.v.

Clarence E. Lemmon President, International Convention Disciples of Christ, 1942–44. b. Feb. 2, 1888 in Seward Co.,

Nebr. Graduate of Cotner Coll. (Nebr.), U. of Nebraska, and Culver Stockton Coll. (Mo.) Ordained minister of Disciples of Christ Church in 1913, serving churches in Ashland, Hastings (Nebraska); St. Louis, and Columbia, Mo. Has been –at Columbia since 1930. Raised in Pomegranate Lodge No. 110, Ashland, Nebr. in 1914, he later affiliated with a lodge in Hastings, Nebr. (1916) and to Rose Hill Lodge No. 550, St. Louis in 1923. Since 1931 he has been a member of Acacia Lodge No. 602, Columbia, Mo. Member of Columbia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M. at Columbia and Centralia Council No. 34, R. & S.M., Centralia, Mo. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Hastings, Nebr. in 1917, and affiliated with Valley of St. Louis in 1922. Has twice served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Mo. and twice in same capacity for Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mo.

Reuben C. Lemmon (1825–1905) General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1897–1900. b. May 12, 1825 in Varick, N.Y. He practiced law in Toledo, Ohio for over 20 years, and was judge of court of common pleas, Toledo. Raised in Toledo Lodge No. 144 in 1855; exalted in Ft. Meigs Chapter No. 29, RAM., 1856; greeted in Toledo Council, R. & S.M. in 1860; and knighted in Toledo Cornmandery No. 7, K.T. in 1857. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in 1875 and 33° Sept. 16, 1890. Served as grand master of Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1880, and grand high priest of Grand Chapter of Ohio in 1875. d. 1905.

Lyman L. Lemnitzer Full General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 29, 1899 in Honesdale, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1920. Advanced through grades to full general in 1955. He

taught at West Point from 1926–30, and again from 1934–35. In 1941–42 he was a member of the General Staff Corps (war plans division). In 1942 he was commanding general of the 34th Anti-Aircraft Brigade at Norfolk, Va. and in England; and in the same year served as assistant chief of staff to General Eisenhower at Allied Hdqs. in London, and Algiers for North African campaign. He was deputy chief of staff under Gen. Mark Clark, q.v., of the Fifth Army in 1943, and commanded the 34 A.A. Brigade in the Tunisian campaign in the same year. In 1943–44 he was deputy chief of the general staff (to General and Sir Harold Alexander, q.v.) and deputy chief of staff, Allied Force Hdqs. in 1945. In 1946–47 he was the Army member of the Joint Strategic Survey Com., Joint Chiefs of Staff; deputy commandant of National War Coll. in 1947–49; director of foreign military assistance, Dept. of Defense, 1949–50. He commanded the 11th Airborn Division in 1951; the 7th Infantry Division in Korea, 1951–52; and was deputy chief of staff for plans and research of the Army in 1953–55. Hewas commanding general of Army Forces of the Far East and 8th U.S. Army in Japan and Korea in 1955. In 1955–57 he was commander-in-chief of the Far East Command, as well as commander-in-chief of the U.N. Command, and governor of Ryukyu Island. Since 1957 he has been Army vice chief of staff. Mason and 32° AASR. He was present at the communication of the Grand Lodge of Japan in July, 1956, and both he and Mrs. Lemnitzer were active in the support of the Pusan Masonic Children's Hospital in Korea. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 14, Newport, R.I. and Newport Royal Arch Chapter No. 2. 32° AASR in Tokyo, Japan. Member of Nile Shrine Temple, Seattle, Wash. Chief of Staff, U.S. Army from July 1, 1959.

Mark Lemon (1809–1870) English founder and Editor of the famous Punch Magazine. He was a playwright, author of farces, melodramas, operas, novelettes, lyrics, songs, and several 3-volume novels. He is best known as one of the founders and first editors of Punch. Later he was sole editor (1841–70). Punch is the first “humor” magazine of international fame. Member of Globe Lodge No. 23, London, being initiated Jan. 19, 1854.

John L. Lenhart Chaplain of U.S.S. Cumberland. Drowned in Hampton Roads, March, 1863 in the encounter with the Merrimac. Lodge unknown, but he was a member of Union Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. of Newark, N.J.

C. Lenning German Freemason and Masonic author. Little is known of him except he resided in Paris in 1817. His real name was Hesse. He was the author of *Encyclopadie der Freimaurerei*, which Findel, q.v., calls “one of the most learned and remarkable works in Masonic literature.” It was published and edited by the Leipsic bookseller, Brockhaus. Kloss, q.v., catalogues it in his bibliography as the work of Friedrich Mossdorf, who was employed to edit it. In three volumes, it was first published in 1822, 1824, 1828 (one volume each year).

John B. Lennon (1850–1923) Labor Union Official and Treasurer of American Federation of Labor, 1889–1917. b. Oct. 12, 1850 in Lafayette Co., Wis. He was general secretary of the Journeyman Tailors’ Union of America from 1886–1910. From 1917 until his death, he was a member of the board

of mediators, U.S. Dept. of Labor. He edited the publication *The Tailor* from 1886–1910. Lennon lectured on social problems, was a member of the commission on Industrial Relations, Washington, D.C. in 1912, and prominent in the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, as well as vice president of the Ill. Anti-Saloon League. Mason. d. Jan. 18, 1923.

Marie Alexandre Lenoir (1761–1839). A French archaeologist, who, in 1790, was named by the national assembly to collect the art from the churches and convents into a museum. He collected more than 500 pieces, saving them from destruction. He carefully classified them. He believed that Freemasonry descended from the ancient Egyptians, and in 1812 gave a series of eight lectures before the Metropolitan Chapter of France to support his beliefs. These were published in 1814 as *Freemasonry Brought Back to Its True Origin, or the Antiquity of Freemasonry Proven by an Explanation of the Mysteries*. In 1809 he published in three volumes, *New Explanation of the Mystical Characters, or Ancient Allegories Revered by the Egyptians*. d. June 12, 1839.

William Lenoir (1751–1839) Captain in American Revolution, and Major General of militia following the war. b. April 20, 1751 in Brunswick Co., Va. His family moved to Tarborough, N.C. when he was eight. He settled near Wilkesboro. He fought in the Indian campaigns in 1776, and in the Revolution was wounded at the Battle of King's Mountain. He was a member of the state assembly, and from 1781–95 was a state senator, being president of the same for five years. He took

an active part in the Hillsborough convention for the adoption of the constitution of the U.S. At the organization of the U. of North Carolina in 1790, he was chosen president of the board, and for the last 18 years of his life was a militia major general. A town and a county in N.C. are named in his honor. He was initiated, passed and raised in grand lodge, Dec. 30, 1793, and in 1804 was master of Liberty Lodge No. 45 of Wilkesboro, N.C. d. May 6, 1839.

Pope Leo XII (1760–1829) Issued the Bull against Freemasons on March 13, 1825, known as *Quo graviora* ma/a. Real name was Annibale Francesco del'la Genga. He held various high church offices during the Napoleonic era (1793–1823). Was made cardinal in 1816, and pope from 1823–29.

Pope Leo XIII (1810–1903) Wrote encyclicals against Freemasonry. Real name was Gioacchino Vincenzo Pecci. He was made cardinal in 1853, and was pope from 1878–1903.

Adna W. Leonard (1874–1943) Methodist Bishop. b. Nov. 2, 1874 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of New York U., Drew Theological Sem., American School of Archaeology at Rome, and Ohio Northern U. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1899. He held pastorates in Green Village, N.J., San Juan, P.R., Rome, Italy, Piqua, Ohio, Springfield, Ohio, and Cincinnati, Ohio. Elected bishop in May, 1916. He was president of the general board of education of the church and chairman of board of trustees of American U. He was killed May 3, 1943 in an airplane accident in Iceland while on tour

of Army camps. A member of Bethlehem Lodge No. 453, San Francisco, Calif. and a 33° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Robert Z. Leonard Actor, motion picture producer, and director. b. Oct. 7, 1889 in Chicago, Ill. Educated in Colo. and moved to Calif. in 1907, where he joined the Calif. Opera Co. and played in musical and dramatic stock companies until 1910, when he became leading man in motion pictures for Seelig. He has been a motion picture director and producer for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Studio since 1924. Mason.

Leopold (see Duke of Albany).

Leopold I (1790–1865) First King of independent Belgium (1831–65). Fourth son of Francis Frederick, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld, his original name was Georges Chretien Frederic. He was an uncle of Queen Victoria of England. He served under Alexander I, q.v., in the Russian Army from 1805–14, and fought at Lutzen, Bautzen, and Leipzig. In 1830 he refused the throne of Greece, but accepted the Belgian throne the following year on its separation from Holland. Although himself a Protestant, he was an upholder of the Catholic church in Belgium, because he thought it best that the people should maintain the religion in which they were born. He was initiated in the Lodge of Esperance at Berne, Switzerland in 1813, when 23. About the time of his marriage to Princess Charlotte of England in 1816, or shortly thereafter, he joined an English lodge and “took an active part in all its proceedings.” He lived in England from 1817–30. When he became King of Belgium, he took the Craft under his official

protection. When a widower, on all his visits to Germany, he took part in Masonry. As king, however, he was unable to attend the lodges, but frequently inquired into their workings and always expressed his pleasure at their prosperity. At his death the Grand Orient of Belgium adopted this resolution: "Masonry has just suffered a cruel loss in the death of one of the most illustrious members, who, called to the throne by the free and enlightened suffrages of the Belgian people, never abnegated his title of Mason, but on the contrary, extended to us his powerful protection. We have lost an eminent brother, who, faithful to his oath has during a reign of five and 30 years, practiced with love and sincerity those grand principles of humanity which constitute the basis of our Order, thus acquiring the esteem and friendship of his brethren, the veneration of the Belgian people, and the respect and admiration of his contemporaries. Leopold, King of the Belgians, who had acquired the grade of Chev. K.D., 30°, died with the calm and serenity of a just man, and with the stoicism of a true Mason. . . . Our noble brother has left us a noble example to follow."

Leopold II (1747–1792) Holy Roman Emperor, 1790–92, who prohibited Masonic meetings when he ascended the throne. His father, Francis I, q.v., was a Freemason. His mother was Maria Theresa. He was a brother of Joseph II, q.v., whom he succeeded on the throne. From 1765–90 he was grand duke of Tuscany as Leopold I. His successor, Francis II, q.v., the last Holy Roman Emperor, went even farther in suppressing Freemasonry.

Henry A. Lepper Chief chemist of Food and Drug Administration since 1946. b. March 27, 1889 in Washington, D.C. Was graduated from George Washington U. in 1914. He was a chemist with the U.S. Bureau of Chemistry (now Food and Drug Adm.) from 1913. Member of Silver Spring Lodge No. 215, Silver Spring, Md., receiving degrees, March 4, April 8, and May 13, 1946. 32° AASR (SJ) in Washington, D.C. and member of Almas Shrine Temple.

J. Heron Lepper (1878–1952) English Masonic writer and librarian. A graduate of Trinity Coll., Dublin, Ireland, he was a barrister and literary editor of Cassells', a well known London publishing firm. In WWI he served as assistant secretary of the Admiralty. He was initiated in Acacia Lodge No. 7, Belfast, Ireland, and was its master in 1913. He had the rare distinction of being a founding member of a lodge named for him—the John Heron Lepper Temperance Lodge No. 346 of Carrickfergus, Ireland. In the Grand Lodge of England, he was past grand deacon, and in 1943 appointed as its librarian and curator. The library and museum, to which he gave magnificent service, in spite of physical infirmity, was honored by a visit from H.M. Queen Elizabeth, q.v., the Queen Mother, in the last year of his life. He was master of Quatuor Coronati Lodge in 1924, and at the time of his death was treasurer and oldest member. Of his many Masonic publications, the best known are *The Poor Common Soldier*, *The Traditioners* and *History of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, 1725–1813*. d. Dec. 26, 1952.

Archer L. Lerch (1894–1947) Major General, U.S. Army, and

Provost Marshal General. Military governor of Korea in 1946. b. Jan. 12, 1894 in Sumner, Nebr. Graduate of U. of California in 1917. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1942, and major general in 1944. With A.E.F. in WWI. Following war, he taught military tactics in U.S. From 1931–35 he was in Hawaii as legal advisor, assistant judge advocate, and with NRA and PWA. From 1939–40 he was executive officer of judge advocate general's dept. in Washington, and deputy provost marshal general, 1941–42. He was provost marshal general in 1944. Mason. d. Sept. 11, 1947.

Andre J. E. Lerouge (1766–1835) French Masonic writer. b. April 25, 1766 at Commercy, France. At onetime he was editor of the French Masonic journal *Hermes* (1819) and wrote *Blends of Philosophy in the History of Masonic Literature*. His large and valuable collection of manuscripts and degrees was sold at auction after his death on Jan. 7, 1835.

Frank Leslie (1821–1880) (Original name Henry Carter) Engraver and publisher. b. March 29, 1821 in Ipswich, England, the son of a glove manufacturer. While in school he developed a taste for art and became an exceptional engraver. He began sending sketches to the newly established *Illustrated London News* and signed them “Frank Leslie” so his father would not recognize them. He was taken into the paper and became superintendent of the engraving department before he was of age. Coming to the U.S. in 1848, he had his name legally changed to “Frank Leslie” in 1857. He was on the staff of *Gleason's Pictorial and Illustrated News* in 1852–53 and

started Frank Leslie's Ladies' Gazette of Paris, London and New York Fashions in 1854. In 1855 he made a great success with Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper. Through extravagance and financial depression he became bankrupt at close of his life. His wife, Miriam, took over the management at his death, and in 1882 had her name legally changed to "Frank Leslie" and achieved remarkable success as a writer. He was a member of Benevolent Lodge No. 28, N.Y.C. and later of Holland Lodge No. 8. d. Jan. 10, 1880.

Harry G. Leslie (1878–1937) Governor of Indiana, 1929–33. b. April 6, 1878 at Lafayette, Ind. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1905, and Indiana Law School in 1907. Practiced law until 1912; was treasurer of Tippecanoe Co., Ind. from 1913–17, and a farmer from 1918–24. He was a member of the state legislature 1923–27, and speaker of the house the last three years. He was president of Standard Life Insurance of Indiana. Initiated March 18, 1905 in Lafayette Lodge No. 123, Lafayette, Ind.; he was a 33° AASR (N.J.) d. Dec. 10, 1937.

Gotthold E. Lessing (1729–1781) German dramatist and critic. b. Jan. 22, 1729 at Kaumitz, Germany. He founded the critical journal *Briefe, die Neueste Literatur Betreffend*, with two others, in 1759, and it ran until 1767 (24 volumes). He was dramatist to the German National Theater at Hamburg in 1767, and librarian of the ducal library, Wolfenbützel, from 1770. His works include the comedies *Der Junge Gelehrte*; *Der Freigeist*; *Die Juden*, and the classic German drama, *Minna von Barnhelm*. In 1755 he wrote *Miss Sara Sampson*, the first German tragedy of middle-class life, followed by the

tragedies *Philotas* and *Emilia Galotti*. Two of his writings are Masonic in nature; *Nathan the Wise* is a dramatic poem on toleration of religion, preaching universal brotherhood. It was put on the stage by Schiller and Goethe, q.v. His *Ernst and Falk* is a defense of Freemasonry in the form of a dialogue. He was initiated in the lodge *Zu den drei Golderten Rosen* at Hamburg, Germany, about 1771, and took a great interest in Freemasonry. His theory that it sprang from a secret association of Templars in London, however, has long been rejected. d. Feb. 15, 1781.

Charles Edwards Lester (1815–1890) American author. b. July 15, 1815 in Griswold, Conn. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, but studied at a theological seminary and began to preach. He had to abandon the pulpit due to frequent hemorrhages from the lungs, and went abroad for his health. He was appointed U.S. consul at Genoa, Italy, where he remained six years. His many books include *The Glory and the Shame of England*; *Condition and Fate of England*; *Our First Hundred Years*; *America's Advancement*; *The Artist, Merchant and Statesman*; *The Mexican Republic*; and others. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City. Suspended NPD May 11, 1871. d. Jan. 29, 1890.

William Lester (1889–1956) Musician and composer. b. Sept. 17, 1889 in Leicester, England, coming to U.S. in 1902, and becoming naturalized in 1916. Has been organist of several Chicago churches, and of the First Congregational Church since 1921. Has directed many ensembles and choruses, and is a teacher of voice, piano, organ, and theory

of music, at De Paul U. Has written many organ and piano works, songs, anthems, and orchestral compositions including the operas Everyman and Manabozo; the operetta Seawana; the oratorio The Go/don Syon; the cantata The Tale of the Bell; and the dramatic cantata, Sacajawea. Member of Olympia Lodge No. 864, Chicago, Ill. Dimitted Jan. 9, 1951. d. Dec. 4, 1956.

Robert P. Letcher (1788–1861) Governor of Kentucky, 1840–44. b. Feb. 10, 1788 in Goochland Co., Va. Began law practice in Lancaster Co., Ky., where he was frequently a member of the legislature, and at one time, speaker of the house. In 1822 he was elected to U.S. congress, serving one term. From 1849–52 he was U.S. minister to Mexico. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 4, Frankfort, Ky. d. Jan. 24, 1861.

M. LeTellier Founder of Hawaii's first lodge—LeProgres de l'Oceanie at Honolulu in 1843. He was a French ship captain. He sailed into the Honolulu harbor on the barque Ajax out of LeHavre, France on March 30, 1843. In his sea chest were documents that commissioned him to "set up Lodges in the Pacific Ocean and elsewhere in his voyages; to issue warrants, to call upon the Supreme Council for charters; to make Masons at sight; to forever be given the grand honors upon his appearance in any of his creation." He was styled "The Grand Deputy of France." He spoke only French, and always was interpreted. He found a conglomeration of men in Honolulu from America, England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Italy, and South and Central America, and many Masons among them. Calling some of them together

aboard the Ajax in Honolulu harbor on April 8, 1843, he organized the lodge Le Progress.

Leucht (see under Johnson).

Nicolas Levalle (1840–1902) Argentinian Minister of War and Navy. In this capacity, he crushed many revolutionary attempts.

Count Levasseur He accompanied Lafayette to America on his trip in 1824–25, and received the orders of knighthood in Columbian Commandery No. 1, K.T., New York City in 1825.

Alexander, 5th Earl of Leven Sixth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, in 1741.

David, 6th Earl of Leven Twenty-second Grand Master Mason of Scotland, in 1759.

Oscar W. Lever President of Kentucky Wesleyan College (Owensboro) since 1951. b. Oct. 26, 1903 in Columbia, S.C. Graduate of Wofford Coll., U. of South Carolina, and Duke U. He taught high school in S.C. from 1925–36, when he was ordained to the ministry of the Methodist church. He served churches in Columbia and Saluda, S.C. until 1942, when he joined the staff of Wofford Coll. (Spartanburg), as assistant president. In 1949 he became dean of administration of Columbia Coll. (S.C.). Member of Campbell Lodge No. 44, Clinton, S.C.

William Hesketh Lever, 1st Viscount of Leverhulme (1851–1925) English soap manufacturer who was chairman of Lever Brothers, Ltd., the famous soap company, and founder of Port Sunlight, a model industrial town. He was also the originator of a profit-sharing plan for the benefit of his employees. He was a member of parliament from 1906–10, and high sheriff of Lancashire in 1917. He was created viscount in 1922. He was the first initiate of William Hesketh Lever Lodge No. 2916 at Port Sunlight, England, which was founded in his honor and consecrated June 4, 1902. He was initiated the following July 8th. In 1929 he was appointed senior grand warden of the Grand Mark Lodge of England.

Richard Leveridge (1670?–1758) English musician and composer who composed *The Roast Beef of Old England*, *Black Eyed Susan*, *All in the Downs*, and other songs. He was a bass singer in London theaters and a member of the lodge, meeting at Bear and Harrow Tavern, in Butcher Row by Temple Bar about 1731.

Louis E. Leverone (1880–1957) President of Nationwide Food Service, Inc. from 1945–57. b. April 29, 1880 at Wakefield, Mass. Brother of Nathaniel Leverone, q.v. In sales field with Western Electric and leather companies from 1904–12. With Stein, Hirsh & Co., Chicago, 1912–20, and vice-president and general manager of Stein–Hall Mfg. Co., 1920–42. From 1929–35 he was chairman of board of Automatic Canteen Co. of America, and a partner of Canteen Co. since 1939. From 1942–45 he was general manager of Canteen Food Service. He is also the owner of Leverone Nursery, Half-Day, Ill. Active

in aeronautical associations and safety groups and vocational guidance organizations. Initiated in Ravenswood Lodge No. 777, Chicago, Ill. in 1909; exalted in Columbia Chapter No. 202 in 1910; greeted in Adoniram Council No. 95 in 1912; and knighted in Apollo Commandery No. 1 in 1911. Joined Medinah Shrine Temple in 1911—all of Chicago. d. March 15, 1957.

Nathaniel Leverone Founder of Automatic Canteen Co. of America in 1929; president, 1929–39, and now chairman of board. b. June 26, 1884 at Wakefield, Mass. Graduate of Dartmouth Coll. in 1906. Brother of L. E. Leverone, q.v. He was Western manager of Bates Number Machine Co. 1908–12, and from 1912–22 secretary and general manager of Hill Pump Valve Co. He formed his own real estate investment company in 1922, and was in that field until 1929. He is also chairman of the board of Canteen Food Service, as well as Nationwide Food Service. Director of several banks and publishing companies. He has served as president of the National Committee for Christian Leadership since 1944, and chairman of the sponsoring committee of American Bible Society since 1945. Active in civic organizations. Initiated in Ravenswood Lodge No. 777 in 1910; exalted in Columbia Chapter No. 202, R.A.M. in 1911; greeted in Adoniram Council No. 95 R. & S.M. in 1913 and knighted in Apollo Commandery No. 1 in 1912; initiated in Medinah Shrine Temple in 1912—all of Chicago, Ill.

Eliphas Levi (1810–1875) The pseudonym of Louis Alphonse Constance. He was a prolific writer on the associations of

Masonic symbols and transcendental magic. His principal works include: History of Magic; Doctrine of Transcendental Magic; Ritual of Transcendental Magic; Key of the Grand Mysteries; Fables and Symbols and others. Trained for the Roman Catholic priesthood, he achieved the title of “abbe,” but his independent views made him unacceptable to the church. He later married and divorced. Was imprisoned for six months for a political pamphlet in 1839.

Charles A. Levine Pioneer aviator, who on June 4–6, 1927 made a flight from New York to Germany with Clarence D. Chamberlain. Member of Fortitude Lodge No. 19, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on May 17, June 7 and June 21, 1923. Became unaffiliated Nov. 17, 1932.

Moses C. Levy (1749?–1839) One of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite at Charleston, S.C. b. in Cracow, Poland. His uncle had been physician to the king of Poland. He went to England, where he lived for a time in London, before coming to Charleston. He was treasurer, and later president of the congregation Bayh Elohim in Charleston, to which he was a liberal contributor of time and funds. Albert Pike pronounced him “one of the most illustrious of Hebrews, a man of great learning and equally great virtues.” He became a member of the Supreme Council on May 9, 1802.

Uriah P. Levy (1795?–1862) U.S. Naval officer who was flag officer of the Mediterranean squadron in 1858–60. b. in Pa. about 1795. He entered the U.S. Navy in 1812, and was an

officer aboard the brig Argus which escaped the blockade and took out William H. Crawford as minister to France. In the English channel it destroyed 21 vessels. When the ship was captured, he was made prisoner for two years. Became lieutenant in 1817, commander in 1837, and captain in 1844. He was active in the movement to abolish flogging in the Navy. He became the owner of Monticello, home of Thomas Jefferson, of whom he was an ardent admirer. He willed the property to the U.S. government, but his will was contested successfully, and it remained in private hands. He was initiated Nov. 19, 1812 in Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia, Pa. d. March 22, 1862.

Robert Lewers (1862–1922) President of University of Nevada, 1912–14. b. June 19, 1862 in Franktown, Nev. He taught in the public schools from 1881–89, and was with the U. of Nevada from 1890 as registrar. Was vice-president from 1909. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Nevada; and grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Nevada. Was 33° AASR (SJ) and past potentate of the Shrine. Raised in Valley Lodge No. 9, Dayton, Nevada in 1885, dimitting to Reno Lodge No. 13, Reno on March 14, 1891 and serving as master 1894–95, 1899–1900. d. Jan. 12, 1922.

Sir Watkins Lewes Lord Mayor of London, 1780–81. He was initiated in the Lodge of Emulation in 1761.

Alma D. Lewis Labor union executive. b. Jan. 23, 1889 in Colfax, Iowa. In early life he worked in coal mines, and

from 1924–30 was director of mines and minerals, State of Illinois. From 1930–34 he was assistant director general of U.S. Employment Service. From 1934–39 he was assistant to president of United Mine Workers of America. He has been director of United Construction Workers (affiliated with UMW) since 1939. Served overseas in WWI with Corps of Engineers. Member of Central Lodge No. 71, Springfield, Ill.; Hillsboro Chapter No. 197, R.A.M., Hillsboro, Ill.; St. Omer Commandery No. 30, Litchfield, Ill.; and Ansar Shrine Temple, Springfield, Ill.

David P. Lewis Former Governor of Alabama. Past master of Moulton Lodge No. 6, Moulton, Ala.

Earl R. Lewis (1887–1955) U.S. Congressman to 76th and 78th through 80th Congresses from 18th Ohio dist. b. Feb. 22, 1887 in Lamira, Ohio. Graduate of Muskingum Coll. and Western Reserve U. Admitted to the bar in 1914, practicing at St. Clairsvine. Mason and Shriner. d. Feb. 2, 1955.

Edward S. Lewis (1855–1934) University president. b. Aug. 24, 1855 in Natick, Mass. Graduate of Boston U. Professor of physics at Cincinnati Wesleyan Coll. 1881–82. President of Little Rock U. (Ark.), 1882–86, and president of Chattanooga U., 1886–90. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1884, and served as pastor in Cincinnati, Cleveland, and Columbus, Ohio. He was associate editor of the Sunday school publications of the church from 1908–23, and in charge of same in 1929–30. Mason, Knight Templar and 32° AASR. d. Oct. 14, 1934.

Ernest W. Lewis (1875–1927) Justice, Supreme Court of Arizona, 1909–12. b. Dec. 27, 1875 at Indiana, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1900, and practiced at Phoenix. Member of Arizona Lodge No. 2 at Phoenix, Ariz., receiving degrees on Aug. 13, 20 and 27, 1907. d. April 3, 1927.

Fielding Lewis (1726–1781) American Revolutionary patriot who married George Washington's sister, Elizabeth. b. in 1726 in Spottsylvania Co., Va. He was the proprietor of half the town of Fredericksburg, Va., of which he was first mayor. During the Revolution he was an ardent patriot, and manufactured guns. He built the mansion "Kenmore House" for his wife. Mary, the mother of Washington, died and was buried there. His son, Lawrence, married Eleanor Parke Custis, daughter of John Parke Custis, the son of Martha Washington. He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Va., and attended the Grand Lodge of Virginia in Oct., 1778. d. Dec., 1781.

Francis Lewis (1713–1803) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. Often referred to as a Freemason, but no definite proof. His son, Morgan Lewis, q.v., became grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York.

J. Hamilton Lewis (1863–1939) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1913–19, 1931–39. b. In Danville, Va. May 18, 1863. Graduate of Ohio Northern U. and Baylor U. Admitted to Washington bar, serving in state senate and U.S. congressman at large from Wash. He moved to Chicago, Ill. in 1903. He was the last U.S. senator in the country to be elected by a state legislature.

He was elected first “whip” of the Senate in the history of that body. Contender for vice presidential nomination in both 1900 and 1920. Declined ambassadorship to Belgium. Served in Spanish–American War and Philippine Insurrection. In WWI he was special representative of the War Dept. and the president, to General Pershing. He served as commissioner on joint commission in London, settling Canadian–Alaskan boundary, and also in U.S.–Canadian customs regulations. Member of Apollo Lodge No. 642, Chicago; grand orator of Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1913; Knight Templar and Shriner. d. April 9, 1939.

Lawrence Lewis (1879–1943) U.S. Congressman to 73rd through 78th Congresses (1933–45) from 1st Colo. dist. b. June 22, 1879 in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of Harvard in 1901. He practiced law at Denver from 1909. Received his degrees in South Pueblo Lodge No. 31, Pueblo, Colo. on Jan. 27, Feb. 4, and March 16, 1904. Affiliated with Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, on Nov. 23, 1918. d. Dec. 9, 1943.

Meriwether Lewis (1774–1809) American explorer and governor of Louisiana Territory, 1807–09. b. Aug. 18, 1774 near Charlottesville, Va. He served with the troops in the “Whiskey Insurrection” in 1794, and entered the regular service the following year, becoming a captain in 1800. In 1800–03 he was private secretary to President Jefferson, who, in the latter year, named him to command the expedition to explore the newly acquired Louisiana purchase. He set out in the summer of 1803 from St. Louis, accompanied by his associate, Capt. Wil– Liam Clark, q.v. They reached the mouth of the

Columbia on Nov. 15, 1805, going by way of the Missouri to its source, crossing the Great Divide, and then descending the Kooskoosky and Columbia. The distance was more than 4,000 miles. They wintered on the Columbia, and then retraced their steps and reached St. Louis in Sept., 1806. Congress made grants of land to all the men on the expedition. Lewis was made governor of the Louisiana Territory, which at that time included all the land of the purchase except the present state of Louisiana. Lewis petitioned Door to Virtue Lodge No. 44, Albemarle Co., Va. on Dec. 31, 1796, was initiated, Jan. 28, 1797, and the following evening received the other two degrees. On April 2, 1792 he received the degree of Past Master in this lodge. He received the Royal Arch Degree in Staunton Lodge No. 13, and although the exact date is not known, there is a diploma in the Library of Congress dated Oct. 31, 1799. The Door to Virtue Lodge went out of existence in 1801, and most members transferred to Widow's Son Lodge No. 60, which first met at Milton, and later in Charlottesville. It is thought that Lewis was one of those who transferred. It is certain, however, that he was a member of Staunton Lodge No. 13, Staunton, Va., as it was here that he received the Royal Arch Degree, and the original proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Virginia show that he withdrew from this lodge about 1800. The next Masonic reference is the application for a dispensation dated Aug. 2, 1808 and addressed to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, from a number of brethren residing in St. Louis. The signature of Meriwether Lewis heads the application and he is recommended as a "past master to be the first master." St. Louis Lodge No. 111 was constituted by Judge Otho Shrader, q.v., of St. Genevieve, Mo. on Nov 8,

1808, with Governor Lewis being installed as master of this first St. Louis lodge. Shortly after Lewis had concluded his year as master, he left for Washington, D.C. While staying at a hostel on the Natchez trace, near the present city of Hoenwald, Tenn., he died of gunshot wounds. It is not known whether he had been robbed and killed or had committed suicide. He had long been subject to attacks of depression and hypochondria. d. Oct. 8, 1809.

Morgan Lewis (1754–1844) Colonel in American Revolution; Major General in War of 1812; Governor of New York; Grand Master of Grand Lodge of New York. b. Oct. 16, 1754 in New York City, the second son of Francis Lewis, q.v., signer of the Declaration of Independence. He was graduated from Princeton in 1773, and studied law. In 1774 he joined the army at Boston as a volunteer, was elected captain of a New York militia regiment, and was commissioned major when it was taken into the Continental service as the 2nd New York regiment. In 1776 he was an aide to General Horatio Gates, q.v., with rank of colonel, and quartermaster-general of the northern army. In 1778 he commanded at the Battle of Stone Arabia and at Crown Point. After the war he was prominent in N.Y. politics, becoming judge of court of common pleas, and in 1791 attorney-general of the state. In 1792 he was chief justice of the state supreme court, and governor of N.Y., 1804–07. He declined the post of secretary of War in 1812, but accepted appointment as quartermaster-general of the armies of the U.S. In 1813 he was promoted to the rank of major general. He served on the Niagara frontier, captured Fort George and commanded at Sackett's Harbor and French

Creek. He was chief marshal at the inauguration ceremonies for George Washington, and in his 79th year delivered an oration at the centennial of Washington's birth. He married Gertrude, daughter of Robert R. Livingston, q.v. He was initiated in Union Lodge No. 3 (now Mt. Vernon) of Albany, N.Y. in 1776, and the following year admitted to Masters' Lodge No. 2 of the same city. In 1781 he was senior warden of Masters' Lodge. In 1789 he affiliated with Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., and on June 23, 1842, in his 87th year, affiliated with St. Johns Lodge No. 1, N.Y.C. He was unanimously elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York on June 3, 1830, in which office he continued until his death on April 7, 1844.

Seth Lewis (1764–1848) First Chief Justice of Mississippi Territory in 1800. b. in Mass. He was also the first master of a lodge in Mississippi—Harmony Lodge No. 33 (now No. 1) of Natchez. d. near Alexandria, La. in 1848.

Frederick J. Libby Executive Secretary of National Council for Prevention of War since 1921. b. Nov. 24, 1874 in Richmond, Me. Graduate of Bowdoin in 1894, and studied in Berlin, Heidelberg, Marburg, and Oxford. From 1905–11 he was pastor of Union Congregational Church at Magnolia, Mass. In 1911–12 he traveled in China and Australia; taught in Phillips Exeter Acad. in 1912–20, and worked with Society of Friends in 1918–19, in reconstruction and relief work, in France. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 63, Richmond, Maine.

Lord Bishop of Lichfield (1878–1953) Dr. Edward Sydney

Woods, English prelate who was high almoner to King George VI, q.v., and also H.R.H. Queen Elizabeth, q.v. Of Quaker stock, he was born in Hereford, the great-grandson of Elizabeth Fry, the great Quaker preacher who devoted her life to prison reform. He was initiated April 26, 1928 in Waddon Lodge No. 4162 of Surrey, and later joined Croydon Chantry Lodge No. 5063. d. Jan. 11, 1953.

McIllyar H. Lichliter Editor of Scottish Rite News Letter of Northern Jurisdiction. b. Aug. 23, 1877 in Butler, Pa. Graduate of DePauw U. and Ohio Wesleyan U. He was ordained in the Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1900, and was a pastor for 42 years until his retirement in 1942. He served churches in Pitcairn, Pa., Olean, N.Y., St. Louis, Mo., and Cleveland, Ohio. He entered the Congregational Church in 1919, and was pastor at Newton, Mass., and Columbus, Ohio. He is now engaged in ritualistic research for the Scottish Rite (NJ) and is grand prior of the Supreme Council, 33° AASR, and active member-at-large. He was initiated in Olean Lodge No. 252, Olean, N.Y., and 32° in Buffalo, N.Y.

Alexander Lichtentag (1868–1938) Inventor of Paragon shorthand system. b. March 13, 1868 in New Orleans, La. Graduate of Royal U. of Berlin, Germany. His shorthand system is in use in many parts of the world. He was also the originator of “Word Hunt,” an educational game that was syndicated in newspapers of the U.S. and other countries. Mason. d. Jan. 14, 1938.

Franklin H. Lichtenwalter U.S. Congressman to 80th and

81st Congresses (1947–51) from 8th Pa. dist. b. March 28, 1910 in Palmerton, Pa. Member of the Pa. legislature from 1938–47, serving as majority leader and speaker. A director of Goschenhoppen Mutual Fire Ins. Co. since 1942. Member of National Conference on Child Welfare and Youth. Member of Saucon Lodge No. 469, Coopers–burg, Pa., receiving degrees on April 8, Sept. 9, and Oct 21, 1941.

Henry Lieferant Editor-in–chief of True Story magazine. b. Jan. 30, 1892 in Poland. Educated in that country, coming to U.S. in 1910, and naturalized in 1918. Was first associated with a fashion magazine, and then in freelance short story writing until 1927. With Macfadden Publications, N.Y.C. from 1927–46. Served in WWI as a corporal. Co–author of: Doctors’ Wives; Grass on the Mountain; Charity Patient; United They Stand; Teacher’s Husband; and others. Mason.

Gustav O. Lienhard President and director of Chicopee Mills, Inc. (Mass.) and Chicopee Mfg. Corp. of Mass. and N.H. b. Oct. 22, 1905 in N.Y.C. Has been a certified public accountant since 1932. Director of Johnson and Johnson. Mason.

Jacob Lienhard Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Sept. 5, 1889 in Sheboygan Co., Wis. He enlisted in the Marine Corps in 1909, advanced to warrant officer in 1918, and commissioned same year, retiring as brigadier general in 1946. Member of Joseph Robbins Lodge No. 930, Peoria, Ill., 32° AASR (NJ) and Mohammed Shrine Temple, both of Peoria.

Alexander Liholiho (see Kamehameha IV).

Gordon W. Lillie (1860–1942) (Known as “Pawnee Bill”) Ranch–man, partner of Buffalo Bill, q.v., and showman. b. Feb. 14, 1860 in Bloomington, Ill. He began career as a hunter and trapper in 1878, and was interpreter for Pawnee Indian tribe. He became a rancher near Medicine Lodge, Kans. He joined the Buffalo Bill Wild West Show in 1883 as interpreter and manager of the Pawnee Indians with the show. He was a professional showman for many years in the U.S. and Europe. From 1908–13 he was a partner of Buffalo Bill. From 1909 he was owner of Pawnee Bill’s Buffalo Ranch, Oldtown, and Indian Trading Post. He was active in work among the Pawnee Indians and in perpetuation of the buffalo. He was the author of *Thirty Years Among the Pawnee Indians* (1928), and coauthor of several others including *Oklahoma; Blazing Horizon*; and *Pawnee Bill, the Romance of Oklahoma*. Mason, he received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie, Okla. on Jan. 24, 1901. A Shriner, he was honorary member of temples at Philadelphia, Little Rock, and Oklahoma City. d. Feb. 3, 1942.

Adelino de Figueiredo Lima Brazilian Masonic writer and author of the best–seller *Nos Bastidores do Mistério*. His *Os Templários* and *Livre Proibido* are widely read by Brazilian Masons. He was president of the Masonic Academy of Higher Studies in Rio de Janeiro and founder of the magazine *Actualidades Maconicas*. Born in Portugal, he lived for a time in Asia, Africa, Oceania and finally in Brazil. He exercises much influence in the Grand Lodge of Brazil and is secretary of its foreign relations committee.

Abraham Lincoln (1809–1865) Sixteenth President of the

United States. Not a Mason, but there are several interesting Masonic references to him. On April 17, 1865, Tyrian Lodge No. 333 of Springfield, Ill. adopted the following resolution: "T h e first thought of a Mason should be, as his duty is, to trust in God.. . . Resolved, that the decision of President Lincoln to postpone his application for the honors of Masonry, lest his motives should be misconstrued, is in the highest degree honorable to his memory." In 1842 he was invited by a lodge to deliver the funeral oration of his good friend, Bowling Greene, but broke down in the middle of it and could not continue. In Oct. of 1860 Robert Morris, q.v., of Kentucky, called on Lincoln in Springfield, Ill., and in the course of conversation Morris referred to the fact that all Lincoln's opponents for president were Freemasons. Lincoln replied, "I am not a Freemason, Dr. Morris, though I have a great respect for the institution." At the time of his death many lodges and individual Masons were of the opinion that he was a member of the Craft. Friendship Lodge No. 84 of Hagerstown, Md. even held a lodge of sorrow on April 19, 1865, believing he was a Mason. Watertown Lodge No. 49, Watertown, N.Y. passed this resolution on April 19, 1865; "Resolved that Watertown Lodge No. 49 join in the funeral procession in honor of our late Brother, Abraham, President of the U.S." In 1865 a French Masonic magazine (*Monde Maconnique*) referred to him as a "member of the Grand Lodge of New York." Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., Washington, D.C. did act as an escort at his funeral.

Benjamin Lincoln (1733–1810) Major General in American Revolution, and Secretary of War, 1781–84. b. Jan. 24, 1733 in

Hingham, Mass. He was a farmer until 1773. He was a member of the provincial congresses of Mass., serving as secretary. Active in organizing and training the Continental troops, he was appointed major general of militia in 1776. In June of that year he commanded the expedition that cleared Boston harbor of British vessels. He fought at the battles of Long Island, White Plains, and Fort Independence. He was commissioned major general in the regulars in 1777, on the recommendation of Washington. With generals Schuyler and Arnold, q.v., he operated against Burgoyne. He was with Gates, q.v., at Stillwater and commanded the right wing. He was severely wounded at the Battle of Bemis's Heights. In Sept., 1778 he was given command of the southern department and was eventually captured with his army at Charleston. Exchanged, he immediately joined Washington on the Hudson River, participated in the siege of Yorktown and was appointed by Washington to receive Cornwallis' sword of surrender. After the establishment of the Federal government, Washington named him collector of the port of Boston, a position which he held until about two years before his death. He was a member of the Mass. convention that ratified the U.S. Constitution, and was president of the Mass. Society of the Cincinnati from its organization until his death. He was much esteemed by General Washington. He received his degrees without fees ("complimented with the degrees this evening") in St. Andrew's Lodge of Boston on Dec. 25, 1780, and two days later was present at the St. John the Evangelist day meeting of the Grand Lodge of Mass. On June 24, 1785 there was a "Benjamin Lincoln" recorded as being present at the Grand Lodge of Mass. as a member of Rising Sun Lodge. d. May 9, 1810.

Irving A. Lindberg Ambassador and financial adviser. b. Feb. 14, 1887 in Cherokee, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1910. He was in railway and newspaper work until 1907, when he became an economist on President Taft's Efficiency Commission. In 1912 he was assigned to reorganize the accounting system of Nicaragua. He became a colonel in the Nicaragua Secret Service, collector of customs, and in 1928, high commissioner of Republic of Nicaragua. From 1931–37 he was on financial missions to Europe with rank of special ambassador. From 1931–37 he was Nicaraguan minister (E.E. & M.P.) to Germany, Italy and Sweden. He represented Nicaragua at the coronation in London, and was appointed consul general of Norway to Nicaragua in 1938. He accompanied the Nicaraguan President Somoza on U.S. visit in 1939, and in 1946, was made brigadier general in Nicaraguan Army for life. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Charles A. Lindbergh American pioneer aviator. b. Feb. 4, 1902 at Detroit, Mich. Left. U. of Wisconsin in 1920 to enroll in flying school at Lincoln, Nebr. He enrolled as a flying cadet in U.S. Air Service at Brooks Field, Texas in 1924, and later advanced to colonel in the reserve. He made first flight as an air mail pilot from Chicago to St. Louis on April 15, 1926. In Feb. 1927 he went to San Diego to order and supervise construction of his famous plane, The Spirit of St. Louis. He took off from San Diego on May 10, 1927, and landed at Curtiss Field, L.I., N.Y. May 12th (with stopover at St. Louis) with flight time of 21 hours and 20 minutes, a record coast to coast flight. He took off alone on May 20, 1927, on a non-stop trans-Atlantic flight from Roosevelt Field, N.Y., via

Newfoundland, Ireland, and England, and landed at Paris, France the next day, covering an estimated distance of 3,600 miles in 33½ hours. He was given official reception by the French government, and later at Brussels and London. He was officially welcomed by President Coolidge on return and made air tour of 75 American cities to promote aeronautics under auspices of Guggenheim Foundation. On invitation from president of Mexico, he made a non-stop flight from Washington, D.C. to Mexico City, a distance of 2,100 miles in 27 hours and 10 minutes. He later visited Central America and the West Indies. At this time he was probably the best known person in the world. He made a survey of the U.S. plane production for the Army in 1939. In 1941 he toured the U.S. making radio speeches, urging the U.S. to keep out of war. He was bitterly attacked for this by American internationalists, and even branded as a traitor. Once at war, he gave valuable service to our Air Force as a technical adviser, and even flew combat missions in the Pacific as a civilian. He was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Pulitzer Prize, and many other honors. Lindbergh received his degrees in Keystone Lodge No. 243, St. Louis, Mo., June 9, Oct. 20, and Dec. 15, 1926, and is a life member of that lodge. He is also a member of St. Louis Chapter No. 33, National Sojourners, and of the Sciots at San Diego, Calif. On his history-making flight from New York to Paris, he wore the square and compasses on his jacket as a luck charm. The plane also bore a Masonic tag from his lodge. He received many medals and citations from grand lodges throughout the world and they are now on display at the Jefferson Memorial in St. Louis. d. Aug. 26, 1974.

Ernest H. Lindley (1869–1940) University president. b. Oct. 2, 1869 in Paoli, Ind. Graduate of U. of Indiana and Clark U. Also studied at Jena, Leipzig, Heidelberg, and Harvard. Was professor of philosophy at Indiana U., 1902–17. President of U. of Idaho, 1917–20, and chancellor of U. of Kansas, 1920–39. Mason. d. Aug. 21, 1940.

Walter C. Lindley (1880–1958) Federal judge. b. July 12, 1880 in Neoga, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois. Practiced law at Danville, Ill. from 1904–22. Was judge of U.S. district court, Eastern Ill. from 1922–49, and from 1949 was judge of the U.S. circuit court of appeals at Chicago. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 38, Danville, Ill. and grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1931. Dimitted Aug. 15, 1933. Held membership in Scottish Rite and Shrine. d. Jan. 3, 1958.

Salomon Arvid A. Lindman (1862–1936) Swedish Admiral. He was twice prime minister of Sweden, 1906–11 and 1928–30. In 1905 he was a member of the Diet, and also minister of the Navy in that year. In 1917 he was minister of foreign affairs. Lindman served in the Navy from 1882–91. At the time of his death he was grand chancellor of the Grand Lodge of Sweden and was extremely active in Masonic affairs. He often visited the British Isles for Masonic festivities, and his death occurred when his plane crashed at London's Croydon airfield on Dec. 4, 1936. He was on his way home after attending the Masonic bicentenary in Scotland. He served as master of the oldest Swedish lodge, Den Nordiska Forsta, from 1927–36 and was grand chancellor of the Grand Lodge of Sweden from 1926–36. He was particularly interested in creating

and strengthening the fraternal relations of his grand lodge and other jurisdictions. His son, Rolf, is active in Swedish Freemasonry.

Robert O. Lindneux Artist, specializing in Western scenes. b. Dec. 11, 1874 in New York City. He was educated under private tutors and studied in Dusseldorf, Paris, Munich, and worked under noted masters in London, Amsterdam, Dresden, Berlin, and Buda-Pest from 1888–97. He lived on the western plains of the U.S. 40 years to prepare himself as a portrayer of western Americana. Among his many works are portraits of Buffalo Bill Cody and Wild Bill Hickok at the Cody Memorial Museum; General John J. Pershing. His Bryce Canyon, Red Cloud, Mashoncee, and Shepherd of the Hills are at Northwestern U.; Opening of Oklahoma Territory at Oklahoma U.; Ouray, Chepita, Beecher Island Battle, Sand Creek Fight and others at Colorado State Historical –Museum; Duel Between Buffalo Bill and Yellow Hair at Buffalo Bill Museum, Cody, Wyo. His Trail of Tears hangs in the Frank Phillips Museum, Bartlesville, Okla. He also executed an Americana series of 45 portraits of Indian chiefs and men who have made American history. Member of Albert Pike Lodge No. 117, Denver, Colo., receiving degrees Jan. 17, Feb. 7 and 21, 1919.

Robert J. Lindquist (1902–1951) Executive. b. Dec. 25, 1902 at Sycamore, Ill. He was vice president and director of the following companies: Reynolds Metals Co., U.S. Foil Co., Fulton Syphon Co., Bridgeport Thermostat Co., Eskimo Pie Corp., Reynolds Corp., Reynolds Mining Corp., Reynolds

Fiscal Corp., American Thermometer Co., Standard Oil of Indiana and others. Mason. d. May 5, 1951.

Alexander Lindsay, Jr. (1871–1926) Justice, Supreme Court of Hawaii, 1922–26. b. Oct. 29, 1871 in Fifeshire, Scotland, moving with parents to Hawaii at age of 10. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1902. He practiced in Hawaii, serving as district magistrate and circuit judge and in 1910–12 was attorney general of Hawaii. Member of Hawaiian Lodge No. 21, being raised Dec. 12, 1917. d. Sept. 5, 1926.

William Lindsay (1835–1909) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1893–1901. b. Sept. 4, 1835 in Rockbridge Co., Va. Settled in Clinton, Ky. in Nov. 1854 where he practiced law. Was a captain in the Confederate Army in the Civil War from 1861–65 and at one time was a prisoner of war. He became judge of the Kentucky court of appeals, 1870–78 and chief justice of the court in 1876–78. After this he practiced in Frankfort, Ky. After his term as senator he moved to New York City where he practiced law and in 1901 was U.S. commissioner to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis. Member and past master of Hickman Lodge No. 131, Clinton, Ky. d. Oct. 15, 1909.

Lewis F. Linn (1795–1843) U.S. Senator from Mo., 1833–43. b. Nov. 5, 1795 near Louisville, Ky. He studied medicine and settled at St. Genevieve, Mo. He was an authority on Asiatic cholera. He was a half-brother of Henry Dodge, q.v., who reared him from the age of eleven. In 1830 he was elected to the state legislature and was appointed to the U.S. senate in

1833. He was elected to the senate in 1834, 1836 and 1842 and had the distinction of being the only U.S. senator from Missouri to have been unanimously elected (1836) and the only doctor elected to the senate from Mo. He was known as the "Model Senator." He was a strong advocate of the acquisition and colonization of Oregon and was the author of the Oregon bill which earned him the title "father of Oregon." One of his greatest achievements was the Platte Purchase which gave Mo. the territory now forming the counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway and Platte. He was very popular among his constituents in the senate and one day when reading a number of bills, Senator James Buchanan, q.v., interrupted saying: "Doctor, we will save you the trouble. If you recommend them, we will pass the whole bundle." He was originally appointed to the senate in 1833 to succeed Alexander Buckner, q.v. He became a member of Louisiana Lodge No. 109, St. Genevieve, Mo. sometime between 1815 and 1824. A letter written to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, requesting return of their charter so that their business might be cleared up before the proposed Grand Lodge of Mo. was organized, shows his signature first, followed by his half-brother, Henry Dodge. d. Oct. 3, 1843.

Richard Linnecar Author of the well known Masonic ode beginning: "Let there be Light! Th' Almighty spoke," contained in his volume *Strictures on Freemasonry* which was published at Leeds in 1789. Little is known of him except he was coroner of Wakefield, England, and for many years master of the Lodge of Unanimity No. 238 of that city.

Edward B. Linnen (1864–1928) Former chief inspector of U.S. Secret Service. b. March 21, 1864 in Le Sueur, Minn. He was inspector of river and harbor improvements of War Dept. in 1882–85 and with railway mail service, 1885–88. He was inspector for Dept. of Interior from 1894–1922. He was editor and publisher of the Sibley County Independent (Minn.) in 1884–85 and the Graphic Sentinel, Lake City, Minn., 1885–88. Mason. d. April 1, 1928.

Henry D. Linscott Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Sept. 3, 1894 at Milford, Kans. Graduate of Kansas State Coll. and George Washington U. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in Marine Corps in 1917 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1946. In WWI he served in Santo Domingo and France and after the war in Santo Domingo and Nicaragua. In WWII he was assistant chief of staff of the 3rd Amphibious Force, participating in the operations for the capture of Guadalcanal, Russell Islands, Rendova, New Georgia, Vella Lavella, Bougainville and Green Island (1942–44). He later commanded the service command for the Pacific Marine forces, and from 1947 was deputy commander of Camp Lejeune, N.C. Mason.

Sir Thomas J. Lipton (1850–1931) British tea packer and international sportsman. b. in Glasgow, Scotland of Irish parentage. In his youth he worked for about ten years in the United States. In 1876 he opened a grocery store in Glasgow which he expanded into a large chain of stores throughout Great Britain, dealing in tea, coffee, cocoa, groceries and meats. He next acquired tea, coffee and cocoa plantations

in Ceylon and packing houses and factories in England and Chicago, Ill. He competed five times for the America Cup, the symbol of international yachting championship, with five different yachts, each named Shamrock. The years were 1899, 1901, 1903, 1920 and 1930. He was initiated in Lodge Scotia, No. 178, Glasgow, Scotland in Aug., 1870 and passed and raised on Aug. 17th. Although he did not take a prominent part in Masonic affairs, he was the oldest member on the rolls of his lodge at his death.

Ernest Lister (1870–1918) Governor of Washington, 1913–18. b. June 15, 1870 in Halifax, England, coming to America in 1884. He was owner of Lister Construction Co. of Tacoma, 1903–12 and president of Lister Manufacturing Co., Tacoma. Member of Lebanon Lodge No. 104, Tacoma, Wash. d. June 14, 1918.

Franz von Liszt (1811–1886) Hungarian piano virtuoso and composer. b. Oct. 22, 1811 in Hungary. He studied in Vienna and Paris and was on the concert stage from 1822–48. He withdrew from public concerts to live with the Comtesse d'Agoult by whom he had three children. In 1848 he settled at Weimar with the Princess Sayn-Wittgenstein and devoted himself to composition, writing and conducting court concerts. Leaving the princess in 1861, he went to Rome where he became a member of the Catholic Franciscan order and was known as "Abbe Liszt." He passed the remainder of his life between Rome and Weimar with intervals of teaching in the Hungarian Conservatory of Music in Budapest. He wrote symphonies, oratorios, rhapsodies and piano pieces. He was

initiated in the lodge Zur Einigkeit at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Sept. 18, 1841 and received the second and third degrees in the lodge Zur Eintracht in Berlin in Feb. of the following year. d. July 31, 1886.

Paul W. Litchfield President of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., 1926–40 and Chairman of Board from 1930. b. July 26, 1875 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Mass. Institute of Technology in 1896. He began with the Goodyear company in 1900. He was superintendent from 1900–15, and vice president from 1915–26. He is also chairman of Goodyear Aircraft Corp. and has been a leader in the development of lighter-than-air craft. He is a member of the national executive board of The Boy Scouts of America. Member of Adoniram Lodge No. 517, Akron, Ohio, receiving degrees May 26, June 23, and Aug. 28, 1902. 33° AASR (NJ).

Charles H. Litchman (1849–1902) First General Secretary of the Knights of Labor—America's first labor organization. b. April 8, 1849 in Marblehead, Mass. He was secretary (both state and national) of the Grand Lodge Knights of Saint Crispin (Shoemakers) from 1875–78, and secretary of Knights of Labor in 1878–81, and again in 1886–88. Served in Mass. state legislature in 1879. Member of Amity Lodge, Danvers, Mass. d. in 1902.

George Little (1754–1809) Revolutionary Naval Captain. b. April 10, 1754 in Marshfield, Mass. At the beginning of the Revolution he commanded the Boston, an armed vessel belonging to the state of Mass. In 1779 he was a lieutenant on

the Protector and was captured by a British frigate and imprisoned in Plymouth, England. He managed to scale the walls of the prison and found his way back to America where in 1798, he was appointed to command the U.S. frigate, Boston. He cruised with this ship until the end of the war. He was made captain on March 4, 1799. After peace was made he retired to his farm near Weymouth. He was made a member of Old Colony Lodge of Hingham, Mass. in 1792 (charter member). d. July 22, 1809.

Joseph J. Little (1841–1913) U.S. Congressman from New York, 1891–93 (52nd Congress). b. June 5, 1841 in Bristol, England, coming to the U.S. in 1846 with his parents. Apprenticed to a printer, he established his own printing business in N.Y.C. in 1867. He was at one time commissioner of education and president of the board of education of N.Y.C. He served in the Civil War from 1862–64 with Federal troops, as corporal, sergeant and 1st lieutenant. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C. receiving degrees on Dec. 2, 1879, Jan. 20 and Feb 3, 1880. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. in 1891. d. Feb. 11, 1913.

Peter Little (1775–1830) U.S. Congressman from Maryland, 1811–13 and 1816–29; Colonel in War of 1812. b. in Petersburg, Pa., about 1775 he was apprenticed to a trade (mechanic) and moved to Maryland where he settled at Freedom, Carroll Co. At that time, he was the first and only mechanic to be elected to congress. He served as colonel of the 38th Infantry from May 19, 1813 to June 15, 1815. A member of Concordia Lodge No. 13, Baltimore in 1797, he became first master of

Temple Lodge No. 26 at Reisterstown in June, 1798, and later reaffiliated with Concordia lodge. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1798, and grand master of same in 1818. Member of Chapter No. 2, Royal Arch Masons (now extinct). d. Feb. 5, 1830.

Philip Little (1857–1942) Artist. b. Sept. 6, 1857 at Swampscott, Mass. He exhibited in Rome, Buenos Aires, Paris, London, Panama, and throughout the U.S. He is represented in permanent collections in the Essex Institute, Salem, Mass. (of which he was curator), Brunswick, Me., Philadelphia, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Nashville, New York City, Dubuque, Ia., Boston, Mass., Bibliotheque Nationale, Paris and Municipal Gallery of Dublin, Ireland. Mason. d. March 30, 1942.

Tom Little Cartoonist and winner of Pulitzer Prize for cartoons in 1957. b. Sept. 27, 1898 near Franklin, Tenn. He studied art at Watkins Inst., Nashville, 1912–15 and worked under Carey Orr, 1913–16. He was a reporter on Nashville Tennessean, 1916–23, and N.Y. Herald Tribune Syndicate, 1923–24. He returned to the Nashville paper in 1924 and was city editor from 1931–37. Since 1937 he has been a cartoonist, and from 1934–49 drew the syndicated comic panel Sunflower Street for King Features of N.Y.C. He was the winner of the National Headliners' award for outstanding editorial cartoons in 1947. Raised in Buena Vista Lodge No. 639 at Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 19, 1923. 32° AASR (SJ) in Trinity Consistory No. 2, and Al Menah Shrine Temple, all of Nashville.

John M. Littlefield General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1948–51. b. July 30, 1890 at Auburn, Maine. Graduate of Bliss Business Coll., Lewiston, Maine; he attended Bryant & Stratton School, Boston, Mass. where he studied accounting and became office manager of Auburn in 1910. Raised in Ancient Brothers' Lodge No. 178, Auburn, Oct. 23, 1911, serving as master in 1917. Exalted in Bradford Chapter No. 38, Auburn, April 16, 1912; was high priest in 1920, and grand high priest in 1943. Greeted in Dunlap Council No. 8, March 25, 1919; was master in 1923, grand master in 1932. Knighted in Lewiston Commandery No. 6, K.T. May 24, 1923, and commander in 1929–30. 32° AASR (NJ) in Lewiston–Auburn bodies in 1920 and active in degree work. Past sovereign of Red Cross of Constantine and member of Kora Shrine Temple, Lewiston.

Lewis Littlepage (1762–1802) An American who was Polish Ambassador to Russia. b. Dec. 19, 1762 in Hanover Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1778. A relative of John Jay, q.v., who was then minister to Madrid; Littlepage joined him abroad. He volunteered in the expedition of the Duc de Crillon against Minorea in 1782, and subsequently accompanied the Prince of NassauSiegen to the siege of Gibraltar where he was blown from one of the floating batteries, but saved. He subsequently made a tour of Europe and located at Warsaw, Poland where he was honored for many years with the esteem and confidence of King Stanislas. He was created a knight of the order of St. Stanislas; made ambassador to Russia; chamberlain and confidential secretary, and served as a special envoy in several important negotiations. He was a

friend of Lafayette, q.v., and Washington wrote of him in his diary on Nov. 8, 1785 as “an extraordinary character.” He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va. and at his death in Fredericksburg on July 19, 1802, he was buried in the Masonic cemetery of that city.

Maximilien Paul Emile Littré (1801–1881) French lexicographer and philosopher who worked 40 years on the great dictionary of the French language, *Dictionnaire de la Langue Franeaise*. b. Feb. 1, 1801 in Paris. He studied medicine while teaching Latin and Greek. He became a follower of Auguste Comte, the “positivist” and was recognized as the head of this school of philosophy after the latter’s death in 1857. Elected to the French Academy in 1871, and became a life senator in 1875. He was an associate of Leon Gambetta and Jules Ferry, the three of them affiliating with the Lodge La Clemente Amitie in Paris, –June 8, 1875. From a family of devout Roman Catholics, his funeral was conducted by that church. d. June 2, 1881.

Samuel Livermore (1732–1803) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1793–1801. b. May 14, 1732 in Waltham, Mass. Graduated from Princeton U. in 1752 and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1757, and began practice in 1758 in Portsmouth, N.Y. He was a member of the general court of that province in 1768–70 and was judge advocate of the admiralty (under the English) before the Revolution. He was a delegate to the Continental Congress from Feb., 1780–June, 1782, and again in 1785. He was chief justice of the state supreme court from 1782–89, and, in 1788, was a member of

the convention that adopted the Federal constitution. He was a U.S. representative in the 1st and 2nd congresses, serving from 1789–93. Raised in St. John's Lodge, Portsmouth, N.H. on April 12, 1758, he served as secretary of the lodge in 1759–62. d. May 18, 1803.

Edward Livingston (1764–1836) U.S. Congressman from New York; Mayor of New York City; U.S. Congressman from Louisiana; U.S. Senator from Louisiana; U.S. Secretary of State; U.S. Minister to France and fourth General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter. b. May 26, 1764 in Clermont, N.Y., the younger brother of Robert R. Livingston, q.v., who negotiated the Louisiana purchase. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1781. Studied law with his brother, Robert, and was admitted to practice in 1785. His competitors were Aaron Burr, q.v., and Alexander Hamilton, q.v. He served three terms in Congress from New York (1794–1800) and was mayor of New York City from 1801–03. A yellow fever epidemic nearly ruined his health and while ill, two subordinates stole large amounts of government funds with which he had been entrusted. He then left for New Orleans (1804) in the newly established territory purchased by his brother. By 1826 he had repaid the government for the entire loss. He arrived in Louisiana with \$100 in gold and a letter of credit for \$1,000. It was Livingston who wrote the Civil and Criminal codes for Louisiana, drawn from French and Spanish channels, from Roman law as opposed to the English antecedents which are used by the other 47 states. He was elected to Congress from La. in 1882 and after three terms was elected U.S. senator, serving from 1828–31. He resigned from the Senate to

becomesecretary of state in the cabinet of President Jackson, q.v. (1831–33). He later resigned this position to become U.S. minister to France, the position once occupied by his brother, Robert R. His original lodge is not known, but he came to Holland Lodge No. 8 of New York City by affiliation and was third junior warden of that lodge. He is listed in the returns of this lodge as a member as early as 1788. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1801–03, relinquishing this position when he moved to New Orleans. He was charter member and first master of Louisiana Lodge No. 101, New Orleans. This lodge was chartered by the Grand Lodge of New York on Sept. 2, 1807, and after several reorganizations ultimately emerged as Perfect Union Lodge No. 1 of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. Little is known of his Royal Arch affiliations—his chapter, or whether he ever served as high priest. He was elected general grand high priest while living in Louisiana and served from 1829 until his death in 1836, presiding over the convocations held in New York City, Baltimore, and Washington. d. May 23, 1836 in Rhinebeck, N.Y. where he had retired from public life.

Henry Beekman Livingston (1750–1831) Brigadier General, American Revolution. b. Nov. 9, 1750 at Rhinebeck, N.Y., a brother of Robert R., q.v., and Edward, q.v. In August, 1775 he raised a company of soldiers and accompanied his brother-in-law, General Richard Montgomery, q.v., on his expedition to Canada. For his services in the capture of Chambly in 1775, he was voted a sword of honor by congress in Dec. of that year. In Feb., 1776 he became aide-de-camp to General Philip Schuyler, q.v., and in Nov. was made colonel

of the 4th battalion of New York volunteers. He resigned that command in 1779. He served with Lafayette in Rhode Island and was with him at Valley Forge. At the close of the war he was made brigadier general. He was one of the original members of the New York Society of the Cincinnati. A member of Masters Lodge No. 2 of Albany, he was admitted in 1777. d. Nov. 5, 1831.

James Livingston (1747–1832) Revolutionary soldier. b. March 27, 1747 in Canada. A cousin of Robert R., Edward and Henry B., qq.v. He was given command of a regiment of Canadian auxiliaries at the start of the war and was with General Richard Montgomery, q.v., at the capture of Fort Chambly. He later accompanied Montgomery on his invasion of Canada. He continued with the American Army as a colonel until the close of the war and was present at the Battle of Stillwater in 1777, and the surrender of Burgoyne the same year. He had command of Stony Point at the time of Benedict Arnold's, q.v., treason in 1780. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. and master of same in 1777.

James E. Livingston Justice, Supreme Court of Alabama. b. March 17, 1892 in Notasulga, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1918. Began law practice at Tuscaloosa. Associate justice of supreme court since 1940. Mason.

Philip Livingston (1716–1778) Signer of Declaration of Independence. b. Jan. 15, 1716 in Albany, N.Y. Graduate of Yale in 1737. Elected alderman of New York City in 1754 and held the office nine years and long-time member of

provincial assembly from that city. He was one of the committee of correspondence contacting Edmund Burke, q.v. He was a member of the first Continental Congress at Philadelphia in 1774, and continued a member of that body until his death. He was chosen state senator in 1777, and attended the first meeting of the first state legislature of N.Y. He was elected one of the first delegates to the first congress under the new federation. No proof of his Masonic membership exists, but there was a Philip J. Livingston present with Robert R. Livingston, q.v., at the first meeting of Solomon's Lodge No. 1 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. on May 22, 1771. d. June 12, 1778.

Robert R. Livingston (1746–1813) U.S. Minister to France who negotiated the Louisiana Purchase for the United States. b. Nov. 27, 1746 in New York City. Graduate of Kings (now Columbia) Coll. in 1765. Admitted to the bar in 1773 and for a short time was in partnership with John Jay, q.v. He was elected to the provincial assembly of N.Y. from Dutchess Co. in 1775 and sent by that body as a delegate to the Continental Congress, where he was one of the committee of five (Jefferson, Adams, Franklin and Sherman) that drew up the Declaration of Independence. He was prevented from signing as he was called away to the meeting of the N.Y. provincial convention. He was then appointed first chancellor of N.Y. under the constitution and served in that capacity from 1777 to 1801. He was again a delegate to the Continental Congress in 1777, 1779–81. As chancellor, he administered the oath of office to George Washington upon his inauguration as the first president of the United States on April 30, 1789 in New York City, using the altar Bible of St. John's Lodge

No. 1 (then No. 2) for the ceremony. He held the office of secretary of foreign affairs for the U.S. in 1781–83, and, in 1788 was chairman of the N.Y. convention to consider the U.S. Constitution, whose adoption he was largely instrumental in procuring. He refused the post of minister to France in 1794, and later the secretaryship of the Navy under Jefferson, but in 1801 accepted appointment as U.S. minister to France. He was a close friend of Napoleon, q.v., and popular at court. The U.S. acquisition of the Louisiana Territory was due in the main part to Livingston. While in France he met Robert Fulton, q.v., and became interested in steam navigation. Returning to this country, the two secured the exclusive right to navigate the waterways of N.Y. provided they could build a boat that would make four miles an hour. The first boat of 30 tons could only do three, but in 1807 the Clermont made five. He was the first to introduce merino sheep into communities west of the Hudson River and brought gypsum into use as a fertilizer. Benjamin Franklin called him the “Cicero of America” and he was honored by his state as one of the two members of the National Hall of Fame in the U.S. Capitol. He was a member of Union Lodge, N.Y.C. and served as master of same. He was elected as first grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1784, and served until 1801. As grand master, he constituted Solomon’s Lodge No. 1, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. on May 22, 1771. He relinquished his grandmastership on becoming minister to France. When the grand lodge presented him with a jewel on his retirement, he responded: “I shall wear, with pride and pleasure, the jewel with which the Fraternity has honored me, and consider it as a memorial of the pleasing connection which binds us to each other when

the duties I owe the public shall have separated them from me. . . . My ardent prayers are for the present and future happiness of its members, and believe that I shall, in every situation in life, feel myself deeply interested in their prosperity, and that of the respectable and useful society over which they so worthily preside.” He was a brother of Edward and Henry B. Livingston, qq.v. d. Feb. 26, 1813.

Alberto Lleras-Camargo President of Colombia, 1945–46. b. July 3, 1906 in Bogota, Colombia. A journalist he was with *La Republica*, *El Tiempo*, *El Espectador* (1924–35) and contributor to *La Nacion*, *El Mundo* of Buenos Aires in 1926–29. Editor-in-chief of *El Tiempo*, 1929–34 and founder and director of *El Liberal*, 1938–42. He has been secretary of the Liberal party, member of house of representatives, secretary of Colombian delegation to 7th Pan American Conf. in 1933, general secretary to president of Colombia 1934–35, minister of government, 1935–38, delegate to Buenos Aires Peace Conf., 1936, minister of education, 1937, chairman of house of representatives, 1941, senator and representative in national legislature, 1943; Colombian ambassador to U.S. in 1943, minister of government, 1943–45, minister of foreign relations, 1945, delegate to U.N. Conference at San Francisco in 1945, director general of Pan American Union, 1947–48 and secretary general of Organization of American States since 1948. Member of Lodge Murillo Torro at Bogota.

John Jestyn, 1st Baron Llewellyn First Governor General of the Federation of Central Africa in 1953. b. Feb., 1893 at Chevening near Seven-oaks, Kent. He was created first Baron

Llewellyn of Upon in Dorset in 1945. He attended Eaton and University College at Oxford. At age of 21 he was commissioned in the Dorset Royal Garrison Artillery and served with same in France from 1915–19. He read law after the war and was called to the bar in 1921. Eight years later he became a member of parliament for Uxbridge, retaining that seat until his elevation to the peerage. He has served as secretary to the postmaster general of England; first commissioner of works; assistant government whip; civil lord of the Admiralty. He was parliamentary secretary to ministry of Supplies, 1939–40, ministry of Aircraft Production, 1940–41, ministry of War Transport, 1941–42; president of board of trade; minister of Aircraft Production; minister resident in Washington, D.C. for Supply, and minister of Food, 1943–46. In 1946 he was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England and was named provincial grand master for Dorset in 1952. In 1947 he was junior grand warden of the Mark Grand Lodge of England. Attained 31° in Ancient and Accepted Rite, Rose Croix.

Andreas Saenz Llorente President of the Costa Rican Constitutional Congress. A doctor, he was dean of the faculty of Medicine at the state university. Member of Caridad Lodge No. 26.

Julian Volio Llorente Former secretary of State of Costa Rica and candidate for the presidency. He was president of congress and chamber of representatives and president of the constitutional assembly in 1880. Director of the National Bank and president of the Law College. Past master of Caridad Lodge No. 26.

Edward Lloyd (1779–1834) Governor of Maryland, 1809–41 and U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1819–26. b. July 22, 1779 at “Wye House,” Talbot Co., Md. His father of the same name was a member of the Continental Congress. His grandson, Henry Lloyd, q.v., was also governor of Md. Educated by private tutors. Member of state house of delegates, 1800–05 and to U.S. congress to fill vacancy, serving from 1806–09. Served in War of 1812 as a lieutenant colonel in 9th Maryland regiment. Member of Coates Lodge No. 76, Easton, Md. d. June 2, 1834.

Harold C. Lloyd Star of silent films and movie producer. b. April 20, 1894 in Burchard, Nebr. Attended high school in Denver, Colo. and San Diego, Calif. He began his motion picture career as an extra at the age of 19 with the Edison Co. at San Diego, and was later with Universal and other Hollywood film companies. In 1914 he joined Hal E. Roach. In his comedies, he won world fame as a symbol of American youth—hornedrimmed glasses (no lenses in the frames) and a straw hat. He appeared in more than 250 comedies, a record that few stars can approach. Among his pictures were a one-reel series known as Lonesome Lukes, Sailor Made Man, Grandma’s Boy, Dr. Jack, Safety Last, Why Worry, and others. In 1923 he organized the Harold Lloyd Corp. and produced *Girl Shy*, *Hot Water*, *The Freshman*, *For Heaven’s Sake*, *The Kid Brother* and *Speedy*. His first talking picture was *Welcome Danger*. He produced *Professor Beware*, and for R.K.O., *A Girl*, *a Guy* and *a Gob*. He was initiated in Alexander Hamilton Lodge No. 535 of Hollywood in 1925. A member of both rites, he took his Royal Arch Degree with his father.

He is past sovereign of San Gabriel Conclave of Red Cross of Constantine, potentate of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple of Los Angeles in 1939, director of Shrine Hospital for Crippled Children, and in 1949 was elected Imperial Potentate of the Shrine for North America.

Henry Lloyd (1852–1932) Governor of Maryland, 1885–88. b. Feb. 21, 1852 at Hambrooks Farm near Cambridge, Md. He was the grandson of Edward L. Lloyd, q.v., another governor of Md. Educated at Cambridge Academy, he was admitted to the bar in 1873. He taught school until 1880, –and entered law practice at Cambridge, Md. in 1880. Elected to the state senate in 1881, he was president of same in 1884. He was later judge of the circuit court. He was the 20th master of Cambridge Lodge No. 66, Cambridge, Md., serving in 1878, 1879, 1885 and 1889. He was raised in 1876 and in 1885–86 was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. d. April 11, 1932.

Georg J. Lober American sculptor. b. in Chicago, Ill. He studied with Calder, Borglum, and Longman. He has exhibited in well-known galleries and museums throughout the U.S. and in Paris. His works include portrait bust of Theodore Roosevelt, Hall of Fame; Hans Christian Anderson medal; statue of Thomas Paine, Morristown, N.J. He was knighted by the King of Denmark in 1950, and in 1952 was recipient of the National Sculptor Society's medal of honor. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 449, New York City.

Charles S. Lobingier (1866–1956) Judge of international

tribunals, author and founder of Scottish Rite in Philippines and Korea. b. April 30, 1866 in Lanark, Ill. Held five degrees from U. of Nebraska. Admitted to Nebraska bar in 1890 and practiced at Omaha until 1902, and from 1904–14, was judge of the Court of 1st Instance in the Philippines. He was judge of the U.S. Court for China from 1914–24. He was a law professor in seven universities during his career and wrote a number of legal books. In 1929 he was special counsel for U.S. before International Claims Commission, and in 1931 was tendered appointment by Chinese government as legal counselor. From 1934–46 he was a Securities Exchange officer. In 1946–49 he was chief adviser to property claims comm. of U.S. military government in Korea. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 25, Omaha, Nebr. in 1896, and was master in 1900. In 1901 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska, and chairman of committee on codification of law from 1899–1904. Received Scottish Rite (SJ) in Omaha in 1898, and KCCH in 1901. In 1907 he established the Scottish Rite in Manila, Philippines. In 1910 he became a deputy of the Supreme Council for the Philippines, and on removal to China had the same position for that country. Elected honorary inspector general in 1913. Exalted in Omaha Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1901 and later affiliated with Keystone Chapter at Shanghai, China, serving as high priest in 1917. Member of Red Cross of Constantine at Chicago (St. John's No. 1), and founded, and was first sovereign, of Asoka Conclave, Manila, and first intendant general for the Far East. Received the Royal Order of Scotland in the Provincial Grand Lodge of China in 1916. Was provincial grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Philippines from 1920–26. Was the 33rd Freemason

to receive the Scottish Rite's Grand Cross (1925). He wrote *The Supreme Council, 33°*, a history of the southern jurisdiction from its founding in 1801. d. April 28, 1956.

Edward Locke (1869–1945) Playwright. b. Oct. 18, 1869 in Stourbridge, Worcestershire, England, coming to the U.S. in 1884. His plays include *The Climax*, *The Case of Beckey*, *The Silver Wedding*, *The Revolt*, *The Bubble*, *The Land of the Free*, *Dangerous Years*, *The Dancer*, *Dorothy Dixie Lee*, *Frieda Laughs*, *Mike Angelo*, *Swanee River*, *57 Bowery*, *The Love Call* and *The Studio Girl*. Mason. d. March 1, 1945.

Richard A. Locke (1800–1871) Journalist who authored the celebrated “Moon Hoax” of 1835. b. in New York, he was one time editor of the *New York Sun* and *The New Era*. Poor health forced him to leave journalism several years before his death, and he received an appointment in the New York custom house. In 1835 he created a sensation by the publication of what purported to be the astronomical observations, especially on the moon, of “Sir John Herschel, the younger,” at the Cape of Good Hope, describing in detail, among other things, the discovery of lunar inhabitants. The whole account was so plausible and circumstantial that it was believed even by many scientific men. Afterward he wrote “The Lost Manuscript of Mungo Park,” another hoax. Member of Benevolent Lodge No. 28, New York City. d. Feb. 16, 1871.

John G. Lockhart (1794–1854) Scottish biographer of Scott and Burns. Called to the bar in 1816. He married Sir Walter Scott's eldest daughter, Charlotte Sophia. He wrote four

novels: Valerius, Adam Blair, Reginald Dalton and Matthew Wald. He sketched Edinburgh society in Peter's Letters to His Kinsfolk and edited the Quarterly Review from 1825–53. In 1828 he produced a biography of Burns, and in 1829 an history of the life of Napoleon. His greatest work, which is usually rated next to Boswell's Johnson among the great biographies in English, was his Life of Sir Walter Scott, in seven volumes. Member of Canongate Kilwinning Lodge, Scotland (Jan. 26, 1826). d. 1854.

Fred W. Lockley Author, specializing on Pacific Northwest history. b. March 19, 1871 at Leavenworth, Kans. Graduate of Willamette U. in 1895. He was part owner of East Oregonian at Pendleton from 1901–05, general manager of Pacific Monthly Magazine at Portland from 1905–10, and editorial writer and columnist on Oregon Journal from 1911. Served overseas with A.E.F. in WWI. While overseas he wrote for Paris edition of New York Herald and Stars and Stripes. His books include Vigilante Days in Virginia City; Sol Tetherow, Wagon Train Master; Across the Plains by Prairie Schooner; To Oregon by Ox Team in '47; History of the Columbia River Valley; Oregon Folks; Oregon's Yesterdays; Oregon Trail Blazers. Received degrees in Pendleton Lodge No. 52, Pendleton, Oreg. on Feb. 27, May 1, June 6, 1905 and later affiliated with Willamette Lodge No. 2, Willamette, Oreg.

David A. Lockmiller President of University of Chattanooga (Tenn.) since 1942. b. Aug. 30, 1906 at Athens, Tenn. Degrees from Cumberland U. (Tenn.), Emory U. (Ga.) and U. of North Carolina. Studied at Oxford in 1937. Admitted to the bar and

practiced at Monett, Mo. from 1929–33. Taught at N.C. State Coll. of Agriculture, U. of North Carolina, Emory U., N.C. Coll. for Negroes, and Meredith Coll. Member of Monett Lodge No. 129, Monett, Mo. since 1931.

Alfred C. Lockwood (1875–1951) Former Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Arizona. b. July 20, 1875 in Ottawa, Ill. Taught school in Arizona before being admitted to the bar in 1902. He practiced at Nogales and Douglas. He was associate justice of supreme court of Arizona three terms (1925–43), and was chief justice, 1929–30, 1935–36, and 1941–42. Retired from bench in 1943 to resume private practice. Member of Mount Moriah Lodge No. 19, Douglas, Ariz., receiving degrees Sept. 19, 26, 1905, and Jan. 30, 1906. d. Oct. 30, 1951.

Charles A. Lockwood, Jr. Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. May 6, 1890 in Midland, Va. Attended high school in Lamar, Mo. and graduated from U.S. Naval Academy in 1908. While at the academy he broke the one mile record with time of 4 minutes 29 2/5 seconds. After service on the USS Mississippi and USS Arkansas, he entered submarine service in 1914, and commanded the A-2 and B-1. In WWI he commanded the first submarine division of the Asiatic Fleet, the submarines G-1 and N-5. Later he commanded the UC-97 (ex-German submarine), R-25 and S-14. He was chief of staff for submarines, U.S. Fleet, 1939–41 and naval attache, London, 1941–42. In 1942–43 he commanded the submarines of the Southwest Pacific Force based in West Australia and from 1943–45 was commander of submarines of the Pacific Fleet, based at Pearl Harbor, and later, Guam. His submarines of the

latter command sank over 1,000 hostile ships including one battleship, seven aircraft carriers, and five cruisers, finding no waters too remote for their operations. They broke into the Japanese sea and cut Japan's lines of communication. Retired Sept. 1, 1947. Since retirement he has co-authored Sink 'Em All; Hellcats of the Sea; Zoomies, Subs and Zeros; Through. Hell and Deep Water. He has acted as a technical advisor for four submarine movies filmed by Warner Bros., Metro Goldwyn Mayer, Lakeside Pictures, and Stanley Kramer Productions. He is also a member of the secretary of Defense's advisory committee on prisoners of war, which in 1955 drew up the "U.S. Fighting Man's Code." He was raised in Cavite, Philippines about 1915, and affiliated with Lamar Lodge No. 292, Lamar, Mo. about 1920.

Luke A. Lockwood (1833–1905) Author of Masonic Law and Practice. b. Dec. 1, 1833 at Riverside, Conn. He was born and died in the same house. He was initiated in Union Lodge No. 5, Stamford, Conn. in 1856, and became a charter member and first master of Acacia Lodge No. 85 at Greenwich, Conn. in 1858. On May 9, 1872 he was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut from the floor—the only other such instance being when Oliver Wolcott, governor of Conn., was elected from the floor. Exalted in Rittenhouse Chapter No. 11, R.A.M., Stamford, Conn., he was grand high priest two terms, 1865 and 1866. d. Nov. 20, 1905.

Paul E. Lockwood Vice President of Schenley Industries, Inc. b. June 27, 1902 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Columbia in 1923, and Fordham U. Began as reporter for Brooklyn

Eagle in 1916, and with N.Y. Evening World in 1922–23. Admitted to the bar in 1929 and practiced in N.Y.C. Governor Dewey appointed him special prosecutor in his war against rackets in N.Y. and he became chief assistant district attorney. From 1943–50 he was secretary to Governor Dewey, q.v. Became vice president of the Schenley group in 1955. Member of Bedford Lodge No. 574, 32° AASR (NJ) in Aurora Grata Consistory and Kismet Shrine Temple, all of New York City.

R. Lee Lockwood Active member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and grand orator of same. He is sovereign grand inspector general in Texas. Received 32° in 1922, KCCH in 1933, and 33° in 1941. Has been active member since 1952. He is president of the Waco Mortgage Co. Director of a bank in Dallas, and one in Waco; director of Farm Home Savings and Loan Assn. with offices in Kansas City and Nevada, Mo. Graduate of U. of Texas. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1938; served as president of the Masonic Home and School. He is past commander of his commandery and past potentate of the Shrine.

John A. Logan (1826–1886) Union Major General in Civil War; U.S. Congressman and Senator from Illinois. b. Feb. 9, 1826 in Jackson Co., Ill. He entered the Mexican War as a private and became a lieutenant in the 1st Illinois Infantry. Graduate of Louisville U. in 1851 and admitted to the bar. He was U.S. congressman from Illinois from 1852–61, resigning his seat to take part in the Civil War. After fighting at Bull Run, he returned home to organize the 31st Illinois

Infantry and was its colonel. He rose to brigadier general of volunteers in 1862, and major general in Nov. of the same year. He fought at Fort Henry, Fort Donelson, Corinth, Jackson, Tenn., Mississippi campaign, Port Gibson, Raymond, Jackson, Champion Hills, and the siege of Vicksburg. He was appointed military governor of Vicksburg. He succeeded General McPherson in command of the Army of Tenn. and joined Sherman at Savannah. After the war he declined appointment as minister of Mexico by President Johnson, q.v. He was elected to the 40th, 41st and 42nd U.S. congresses, but before the 42nd congress could convene, he was elected U.S. senator and served from 1872–77, when he retired to private law practice in Chicago. He was again elected to the senate in 1879. He was one of the founders and was second commander-in-chief of the G.A.R. He succeeded General Stephen A. Hurlbut, q.v., as commander and was re-elected twice. He was regarded as the most outstanding leader the G.A.R. ever had. Memorial Day as a national holiday was the result of his efforts. He was raised in Mitchell Lodge No. 85 of Pinckneyville, Ill. and affiliated with Benton Lodge No. 64, Benton, Ill., Sept. 6, 1851. He was exalted in Washington Chapter No. 43, R.A.M., Chicago, Sept. 11, 1885; knighted in Chevalier Bayard Cornmandery No. 52, K.T., Chicago, Dec. 1, 1885; received 32° AASR (NJ) in Oriental Consistory, Chicago in 1880. He was elected to receive the 33°, Sept. 15, 1886, but died on Dec. 26, 1886 before it could be conferred.

Marvel M. Logan (1874–1939) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1931–39. b. Jan. 7, 1874 in Brownsville, Ky. Practiced law at Brownsville from 1896–1912. Was attorney general of

Kentucky for term, 1916–20, but resigned in 1917, and was appointed chairman of state tax commission. In 1918 he resumed practice in Louisville. He was judge of the Kentucky court of appeals from 1926–31, and chief justice, 1930–31. He died before his term in the Senate was completed. He was a member of J. M. McCorkle Lodge No. 355 (name later changed to Washington–Meredith Lodge No. 355 on Oct. 21, 1931). He received the degrees, Sept. 17, Oct. 15, and Nov. 18, 1904. He was senior warden of his lodge in 1905, and master in 1906. d. Oct. 3, 1939.

William Logan (1776–1822) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1819–20. b. Dec. 8, 1776 within the fort at Harrodsburg, Mercer Co., Ky. Moved with parents to Shelby Co., Ky. about 1798. He studied law, was admitted to the bar. Member of the lower house of Kentucky in 1803–06, and in 1808 served as speaker. He was judge of the court of appeals from 1808–12. He resigned from the senate to become an unsuccessful gubernatorial candidate. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1 and Lexington Chapter No. 1, both of Lexington, Ky. d. Aug. 8, 1822.

Chester I. Long (1860–1934) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1903–09; U.S. Congressman, 1895–97, 1899–1903. b. Oct. 12, 1860 near Millerstown, Pa. He moved with parents to Daviess Co., Mo. in 1865, and to Paola, Kans. in 1879. He taught school several years, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1885, practicing in Medicine Lodge, Kans. He was a member of the state senate from 1889–93. He moved to Wichita in 1911 and continued the practice of law. In 1925–26 he

was president of the American Bar Association. In 1926 he moved to Washington, D.C. and continued his law practice there. Raised in Paola Lodge No. 37, Paola, Kans., July 29, 1882; affiliated with Orient Lodge No. 51, Topeka in 1889, Delta Lodge No. 77, 1890–1911, and finally, with Albert Pike Lodge No. 303, Topeka, Kans. from 1912. 32° AASR (SJ) at Wichita, April 16, 1901, and became KCCH. d. July 1, 1934.

Crawford W. Long (1815–1878) First physician to use ether as an anesthetic. b. Nov. 1, 1815 in Danielsville, Ga. He was graduated from Franklin Coll. (Pa.), and from the medical dept. of the U. of Pennsylvania in 1839. He practiced in Jefferson and Jackson counties, Ga. until 1851, when he moved to Athens. He claimed that he performed the first surgical operation with the patient in a state of anesthesia from the inhalation of ether, on March 30, 1842. His claim is backed up by the history of anesthesia by Dr. J. Marion Sims and that “Horace Wells, without any knowledge of Dr. Long’s labors, demonstrated in the same philosophic way the great principle of anaesthesia by the use of nitrous–oxide gas in Dec., 1844, thus giving Long the priority over Wells by two years and eight months, and over Morton, who followed Wells in 1846.” A postage stamp has been issued in his honor. He became a member of Mount Vernon Lodge No. 22, Athens, Ga. in 1854 and remained on its rolls until his death on June 16, 1878.

George S. Long (1883–1958) U.S. Congressman to 83rd through 85th Congress from 8th La. dist. b. Sept. 11, 1883 in Tunica, La. Was a practicing dentist from 1904–35 in Okla.;

1935–40 in Monroe, La.; and 1940–52 in Pineville, La. Also a lawyer, founder and director of the Dr. George S. Long Corp; advisor to Governor Earl K. Long. Member of Delta Lodge No. 425, Tulsa, Okla. 32° AASR (SJ). d. March 22, 1958.

Manuel H. Longenheim (1832–1892) Minister of the Supreme Court of Argentina and judge of the superior court of the province of Buenos Aires. Mason.

Andrew H. Longino Former Governor of Mississippi. Initiated in Eastern Star Lodge No. 79 in 1887, passed and raised in 1903. Lodge now defunct.

Harry S. Longley (1868–1944) Episcopal Bishop. b. Sept. 10, 1868 in Cohoes, N.Y. Held three degrees from St. Stephen's Coll. (now Bard Coll. of Columbia U.). Ordained deacon in 1894, priest in 1895 of the Protestant Episcopal church. He served pastorates in Troy, N.Y., Milford, Mass., Binghamton, N.Y., and Evanston, Ill. He was consecrated suffragan bishop of Iowa in 1912; elected coadjutor bishop of Iowa in 1916; and bishop of Iowa in 1929. He was presiding bishop of the province of Northwest from 1920–29. He retired on Nov. 1, 1943. Raised in Otseningo Lodge No. 435, Binghamton, N.Y. on Feb. 20, 1902 and was master in 1907. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Otseningo Consistory of Binghamton on Jan. 28, 1903 and crowned 33° on Sept. 18, 1923. Past grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of New York, 1907–09. d. April 5, 1944.

Theodore C. Lonquest Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 10, 1894 in Lynn, Mass. Graduate of Dartmouth (1917), Mass.

Inst. of Tech. (1924), and U.S. Naval Postgraduate School. Commissioned ensign in Navy in 1917, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1946. Served at Naval Air Station in WWI. Entered Naval aviation in 1919, and from 1924–32 served on the U.S.S. Langley, U.S.S. Pennsylvania and U.S.S. Saratoga. He was commanding officer of scouting squadron 2 of the Saratoga until 1934. From 1934–37 he was head of the power plant design in the Bureau of Aeronautics at Washington, and commanded the Naval Aviation Station at Norfolk from 1937–41. He then was director of engineering in the Bureau of Aeronautics in charge of design and development of Naval aircraft. In 1946 he was on the staff of the atom bomb tests at Bikini atoll. In 1946 he was in dept. of secretary of Navy in connection with aviation applications of atomic energy, and then served as deputy and chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, 1949–53. Retired in 1956 and is now industrial consultant. Member of St. Martin's Lodge, Chatham, Mass. from 1919. 32° AASR (SJ) in Pensacola, Florida.

Narciso Lopez (1799–1851) Spanish Major General; Governor of Valencia; Cuban martyr, and designer of the Cuban flag. b. in Caracas, Venezuela. He belonged to a rich family of merchants. Was made colonel in the Spanish army when only 21 years old, while fighting the Venezuelan uprising for independence. When the Spanish Army evacuated Venezuela, he went first to Cuba, and then to Spain, where he served in the first Carlist War and became known as “the first lancer in the army.” In 1836 he was made brigadier general, and in 1839, major general, and appointed governor of Valencia. He went to Cuba in 1841 with General Valdes who

had been appointed governor general. When the governors changed he retired to private life, but joined the revolutionary party in 1848. He fled to New York in 1849 when a conspiracy in which he had part was discovered. While preparing for a military expedition in New York against the Cuban government, he designed a flag that included a five-pointed star within a triangle, drawing it from Masonic symbolism. The flag first flew atop the New York Sun building on May 11, 1850 and eight days later it waved over Cuba when Lopez landed at Cardenas (May 19th). He was forced to evacuate after a few hours and returned with his 600 men to New Orleans to prepare a new invasion. He landed with it on Aug. 12, 1851 near Bahia Honda, on the northern coast, west of Havana. He was captured, tried for treason and executed by garroting on Sept. 1, 1851. His flag, however, spurred independence-minded Cubans to fight on despite repeated reversals and the forces of Maximo Gomez, Jose Marti, and Antonio Maceo (all Masons) carried the flag in the final struggle for independence. Wor. Master Narciso Valdes, keeper of the lighthouse at Morro Castle, Havana, hoisted the flag over the fort on May 20, 1902 when the tyrannical rule of Spain was at an end. Proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Georgia for 1850 say he was made a Mason in Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah. He is also credited with being a member of Lodge Estrella Solitaria del Oriente del Louisiana.

Salvador P. Lopez Philippine Ambassador to France and minister to Belgium and Netherlands (since 1955). b. May 27, 1911 in Currimao, Ilocos Norte, Philippines. Graduate of U. of Philippines in 1931 and 1933. A journalist he was associate

editor of *The Philippines Herald*, Manila, 1933–41 and editor of *Monday Mail*, Manila, 1939–41. He was chief of cultural relations of office of foreign relations in 1946. From 1946 he was Philippine minister plenipotentiary and charge d'affairs, foreign affairs officer and political advisor to Philippine mission to United Nations. Raised in Bagumbayan Lodge No. 4, Manila, in 1940.

Vincent Lopez Orchestra leader. b. 1898. Initiated in Cabellero De America lodge in Buenos Aires, he became a member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City on August 21, 1923.

Vincente Lopez y Planes (1784–1856) Argentine poet and politician who wrote the words of the Argentine National Anthem. b. in Buenos Aires. He studied law and served as a volunteer during the English invasion of 1806–07. He was chosen secretary of the first triumvirate of Chiclanak Sarratea, and Passo. He was successively deputy to the constituent general assembly, secretary of the director, Puyrredon, prefect and founder of the classic department of the state university, and founder of its topographical dept. He was a member of congress in the years 1819 and 1825. In 1827 he was provisional president of the Republic. In 1828 he was minister of the treasury and president of the supreme court of justice until the fall of Roses in 1852. After this he was head of the provisional government and later governor of the province of Buenos Aires. Member of the famed “Lautaro Lodge” of Argentine. d. in Buenos Aires in 1856.

Bert Lord (1869–1939) U.S. Congressman to '74th and 75th Congresses, 1935–39, from 34th N.Y. dist. b. Dec. 4, 1869 in Broome Co., N.Y. He was first engaged in the lumbering and mercantile business and later in farming. Member of N.Y. assembly in 1915–22 and 1924–29. Member of state senate from 1929–35. Motor vehicle commissioner of New York, 1921–23. Member of Afton Lodge No. 360, Afton, N.Y. receiving degrees on May 8, May 28, June 26, 1906 and master in 1912. d. May 24, 1939.

John Wesley Lord Methodist Bishop. b. Aug. 23, 1902 in Paterson, N.J. Degrees from Dickinson Coll. (Pa.) in 1927 and Drew Theol. Sem. (N.J.) in 1930. Doctorate from U. of Edinburgh, Scotland in 1931. From 1922–24 he was a teacher and principal in N.J. schools. He served pastorates in Jersey City, Union, Arlington, and Westfield, all in N.J. He has been resident bishop of the Boston area since 1948. Delegate to general conference of the church from 1944–48. Past grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts (1954–55). He received the 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept. 1957. In 1956 he received the coveted Gourgas Award from the Supreme Council. Member of Bergen Lodge No. 47, Jersey City, N.J. and later of Boston University Lodge, Boston, Mass.

Kenneth P. Lord Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 11, 1888 in Rockland, Maine. Graduate of Tufts Coll. in 1929. Commissioned in 1911, he became brigadier general in 1941, and was retired in 1946. He participated in the punitive expedition in Mexico and in WWI was in the offensives of Aisne–Marne, St. Mihiel, and Meuse–Argonne. In WWI he

was commanding general of the Eastern Defense Command. Mason.

Rafael Obregon Loria Masonic author. b. July 9, 1911 in San Jose, Costa Rica. He wrote a history of Freemasonry in Costa Rica in 1950 entitled *La Masoneria en Costa Rica*. Was grand master of Costa Rica in 1947. He is an instructor in the National University and a knight of the Order of Constructor. Mason.

George B. Loring (1817–1891) U.S. Commissioner of Agriculture, 1881–85. b. Nov. 8, 1817 in North Andover, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1838, and medical degree from same in 1842. Active in practical and scientific agriculture throughout his life. He served as postmaster of Salem, Mass., 1853–57, and president of the state senate in 1873–77. Elected to U.S. congress in 1876, he served until 1881. In 1889–90 he was U.S. minister to Portugal. Member of lodge in Salem, Mass. and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Sept. 13, 1891.

Duke of Lorraine (see Francis I).

James E. Lose Steel executive. b. Jan. 17, 1891 in Osage Co., Kans. Began with U.S. Steel as a draftsman in 1910. He has successively been vice president of Carnegie Steel Co., vice president of Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corp., executive vice president of Carnegie Steel Corp. Since 1953 he has been assistant executive vice president of U.S. Steel. Mason.

J. Carlton Loser U.S. Congress—man to 85th Congress from 5th Tenn. dist. b. Oct. 1, 1892 in Nashville, Tenn. Graduate

of Cumberland U. in 1923. Admitted to the bar in 1922, he was assistant city attorney, assistant district attorney, and district attorney (Nashville). Raised in Phoenix Lodge No. 131, Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 17, 1914. Member of Edward G. Corbitt Chapter No. 147, R.A.M.; Nashville Cornmandery No. 1, K.T.; Trinity Consistory No. 2, AASR (SJ); and Al Menah Shrine Temple, all of Nashville.

William, 6th Marquis of Lothian (see under "Ancrum").

Charles E. Loucks Major General, U.S. Army. b. June 29, 1895 in Mayfield, Calif. Graduate of Leland Stanford U. and Mass. Inst. of Tech. Commissioned lieutenant in U.S. Army in 1917, he advanced through the grades to major general. In 1940–41 he was assistant military attache to Paris and London. From 1942–44 he commanded the Rocky Mountain Arsenal (Denver), and in 1945 was chief chemical officer in army of occupation, Japan. In 1945–48 he was chief of research and development division of the Chemical Corps; chief chemical officer of the European Command, 1948–51; commanding general of Army Chemical Center in 1951, and deputy chief chemical officer, U.S. Army, 1951–55. Since retirement in 1956 he has been technical director of the National Paint, Varnish and Lacquer Assn. Raised in Mountain View Lodge No. 194, Mountain View, Calif. about 1924; 32° AASR (SJ) at Denver, Colo.; past high priest of Harford Chapter No. 43, R.A.M., Aberdeen, Md.; member of El Jebel Shrine Temple, Denver; Edgewood Arsenal Chapter No. 274, National Sojourners (Md.), Ashlar Club No. 169 and Mira Monte Chapter No. 141, O.E.S., Mountain View, Calif.

Henry C. Loudenslager (1852–1911) U.S. Congressman to 53rd through 61st Congresses (1893–1911) from 1st N.J. dist. b. May 22, 1852 in Maurice–town, N.J. Received degrees in Florence Lodge No. 87, Woodbury, N.J. in 1875, remaining in good standing until his death on Aug. 12, 1911.

Harold Louderback (1881–1941) Federal Judge, U.S. District Court, Northern Calif. from 1928. b. Jan. 30, 1881 in San Francisco. Graduate of U. of Nevada and Harvard U. Admitted to the bar in 1908, and practiced at San Francisco. Served as judge of superior, city, and county courts of San Francisco between 1921 and 1928. Raised in San Francisco Lodge No. 360, June 18, 1912. d. Dec. 11, 1941.

Earl of Loudon (see John Campbell, 4th Earl of).

Louis Frederick, Prince of Wales (see under Frederick).

Phineas C. Lounsbury (1841–1925) Governor of Connecticut, 1887–89. He was a New York banker and insurance company president as well as a boot and shoe manufacturer. In 1862 he served as a corporal in the Union forces. Member of Jerusalem Lodge No. 49, Ridgefield, Conn.; Eureka Chapter No. 23, and Crusader Cornmandery No. 10, both of Danbury; and Pyramid Shrine Temple of Bridgeport, Conn.

Ralph R. Lounsbury President of Bankers National Life Insurance Co. since 1929, and chairman of board since 1955. b. Feb. 8, 1892 in Aurora, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Michigan in

1916. President of Bankers National Life of Colorado, 1923–29; Bankers National Life of Florida, 1925–29; Atlantic Life, 1937–42. Received degrees in Aurora Lodge No. 68, Aurora, Nebr. when 21, and presently member of Montclair Lodge No. 144, Montclair, N.J. Former member of Scottish Rite at Lincoln, Nebr. and Shrine temples at Lincoln, Denver, and Newark, N.J. as well as Jesters.

Clarence E. Lovejoy Newspaperman and author. b. June 26, 1894 in Waterville, Maine. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1917. Was reporter on papers in Pittsfield, Mass. and Meriden, Conn. from 1910–14. In 1925 he founded the Bronxville (N.Y.) Press. Has been with the New York Times, 1915–17, 1919–20, and since 1934 as boating editor. From 1927–47 he was alumni executive and editor of the Columbia Alumni News of Columbia U., and since 1947 has been director of College Admissions Advisory Service, N.Y. Served as officer in WWI with A.E.F. and continued as a captain with regular army after war until 1925. In WWII he was with Military Intelligence and became a colonel. He was director of public relations for the European Theatre under Eisenhower and McNarey. Author of *So You're Going to College*, and *Lovejoy's Complete Guide to American Colleges and Universities*. Affiliated with Gramatan Lodge No. 927, Bronxville, N.Y. on April 17, 1925 from Crescent Lodge of Mass. Dimitted Sept. 20, 1936.

Frank W. Lovejoy (1871–1945) President, general manager and chairman of board of Eastman Kodak Co. b. Dec. 11, 1871 at Concord, N.H. Graduate of Mass. Inst. of Tech. in 1894. A chemist, he became associated with Eastman in 1897, and was

president and general manager from 1934–41, and chairman of board from 1941. Mason. d. Sept. 16, 1945.

Thomas, 1st Lord of Lovel Grand Master, Grand Lodge of England (Moderns), 1732. Afterwards Earl of Leicester.

Mansfield Lovell (1822–1884) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. Oct. 20, 1822 in Washington, D.C. Was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1842. He served in the Mexican War and was an aide to General John A. Quitman, q.v. He was wounded at Monterrey and again at Belen Gate. After serving on the Kansas frontier for two years, he resigned to take a command in Quitman's projected Cuban expedition, and after the failure of the expedition, went to New York City where he was superintendent of street improvement. At the beginning of the Civil War he was commissioned brigadier general in the Confederate service, and in 1861 was made major general. He was in command of New Orleans, and after its capture, joined Beauregard, q.v., in northern Miss. He commanded the Confederate forces in the Battle of Coffeeville, and in command of a corps repelled Sherman's attack at Kenesaw. He retired to a plantation near Savannah, but soon went to New York City where he was engaged as an engineer. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. June 1, 1884.

Warren C. Lovinger President of Central Missouri State College (Warrensburg) since 1956. b. July 29, 1915 in Big Sandy, Mont. Holds degrees from Montana State U. and Columbia U. Taught school in Montana from 1937–43. He was a history instructor in Montana State U. from 1943–44,

and secretary of the American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, 1947–51. From 1951–56 he was president of Northern State Teachers College, Aberdeen, S.D. Member of Corinthian Lodge No. 265, Warrensburg, Mo., 32° AASR at Aberdeen, S.D. and member of Yelduz Shrine Temple, Aberdeen.

Marcus A. Low (1842–1921) Railway president. b. Aug. 1, 1842 in Guilford, Maine. His family moved to Ill. and then Hamilton, Mo. He practiced law from 1867. He was president of St. Joseph and Iowa RR., 1886–87, the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska R.R., 1887–92, and the Chicago, Rock Island & Texas R.R., 1892–1900. He was general attorney for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific R.R. from 1892–1912. He was a member of Hamilton Lodge No. 224, Hamilton, Mo. and was exalted in Hamilton Chapter No. 45, R.A.M. (now defunct) in 1868, serving as high priest from 1869–71. Knighted in Liberty Commandery No. 6, K.T., Liberty, Mo. in 1870, he dimitted to Hugh de Payens No. 4, St. Joseph, then to Kadosh No. 21, Cameron, and finally to Godfrey de Bouillon No. 24 at Trenton, Mo. where he remained a member until his death on July 19, 1921.

Samuel Low (1765–?) American Poet. b. Dec. 12, 1765. He published a book entitled Poems, in two volumes, in 1800. Its first piece is an ode on the death of Washington, which was recited by John Hodgkinson in the New York Theatre on Jan. 8, 1800. The collection also contains sonnets on many subjects, humorous, patriotic and descriptive. Initiated in Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City in 1788.

Frank O. Lowden (1861–1943) Governor of Illinois, 1917–21; U.S. Congressman from Ill, to 59th through 61st congresses. b. Jan. 26, 1861 at Sunrise City, Minn. Graduate of Iowa State U. (valedictorian), and Union College of Law, Chicago (valedictorian). Honorary degrees from many universities. He practiced law at Chicago from 1887–1906. In 1920 he received 311½ votes as the Republican presidential nominee; declined the nomination for vice president in 1924. Knighted in Dixon Commandery, K.T., Dixon, Ill., Oct. 6, 1917. Received 33° AASR (NJ) at Springfield, Sept. 16, 1919. d. March 20, 1943.

Arnold Hilmar Lowe Member of General Council, Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. b. July 25, 1888 at Zurich, Switzerland. Graduate of Coll. of Wooster, O., Western Theol. Sem. and Mo. Valley Coll. Came to U.S. in 1905, and was naturalized in 1918. Ordained Presbyterian minister in 1912, and was missionary in West Africa until 1915. Served churches in Wilkinsburg, Pa. and St. Louis. Taught at Mo. Valley Coll: from 1919–27. Member of board of Christian education of Presbyterian Church, U.S.A., Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Lloyd Lowndes (1845–1905) Governor of Maryland, 1895–99 and capitalist. b. Feb. 21, 1845 at Clarksburg, W.Va. Graduate of Allegheny Coll. (Pa.). President of 2nd National Bank, Cumberland, Md. and Union Mining Co. Made a Mason “at sight” by Thomas J. Shyrook, grand master of Maryland for many years. d. 1905.

Thomas Lownds (1762–1825) One of the fathers of the Cryptic Rite of Freemasonry (Council). b. July 20, 1762 in New York, he was by occupation a baker and later a grocer. He was made a Freemason in Washington Lodge No. 21 in 1802, and served as master in 1808 and 1814. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. in 1802, he was high priest of Eagle Chapter No. 54, and from 1812–14, was deputy grand high priest of New York. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. and was present at its formation. He was associated with Governor Dewitt Clinton, q.v. The first record of the conferring of the Royal Master degree was in Columbian Council No. 1 of N.Y.C. by Lownds. It is not known where he received the degree. He received the Scottish Rite degrees from Abraham Jacobs, q.v., in 1806, and in the Cerneau, q.v., controversy, he affiliated with the Cerneau group. He was the first grand master of the grand council. d. Dec. 14, 1825.

Frank J. Lowry Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 15, 1888 at Cresco, Iowa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1911. Advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1943. Mason.

Robert Lowry (1830–1910) Governor of Mississippi, 1882–90. b. in South –Carolina. Served with the Confederate forces in Civil War as a private in Co. B. of the 6th Miss. regiment. Later promoted to brigadier general, and was at Shiloh and all battles in the campaign of Georgia, being twice wounded. He served in both branches of the state legislature. He was raised in Brandon Lodge No. 29, in 1878. d. 1910.

Sir Denys C. F. Lowson First Baronet of Westlaws. Former Lord Mayor of London. b. Jan. 22, 1906 near Stratford-on-Avon, England. Graduate of Oxford U. (Christ Church) in 1927–1932. Lawyer and investment banker. Founder of mutual funds group in 1934. Lord Mayor of London in 1950–51. Past grand warden of United Grand Lodge of England.

Ralph F. Lozier (1866–1945) U.S. Congressman to 68th through 73rd Congresses, 1923–35 from 2nd Mo. dist. b. Jan. 28, 1866 in Ray Co., Mo. Admitted to the bar in 1886 and practiced at Carrollton. President of Mo. Bar Assn. in 1912–13. Member of Wakanda Lodge No. 52, George Washington Chapter No. 24, R.A.M., and Navarre Commandery No. 45, K.T., all of Carrollton, Mo. d. May 28, 1945.

Francis R. Lubbock (1815–1905) Governor of Texas, 1861–62. b. in Beaufort, S.C. on Oct. 16, 1815. Moved to New Orleans in 1834, and to Texas in 1836, settling in Houston in 1837, where he built the third house in that city. He was clerk of the house of representatives in 1828 and was appointed state comptroller by Houston, q.v. In 1857 he was lieutenant governor. He refused a renomination as governor in 1863 and joined the staff of Jefferson Davis. He was captured with Davis and confined in Fort Delaware until Dec., 1865, when he resumed business in Houston, moving to Galveston in 1867. He was elected state treasurer of Texas in 1878, 1882–86. Member of Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston. Lubbock, Texas is named for him. d. Dec. 23, 1905.

John P. Lucas (1890–1949) Major General, U.S. Army. b.

Jan. 14, 1890 at Kearneysville, W.Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1911, advancing through grades to major general in 1944. Commanded 3rd Infantry Div. at Fort Lewis, Wash. in 1941, and later commanding general of 3rd Army Corps. Served with 7th U.S. Army as personal representative of General Eisenhower in Sicilian Campaign and commanded II Corps in Sicily in 1943. He commanded the VI Corps at the Anzio landing in Italian campaign, and was commander of the 4th Army at Fort Sam Houston until 1945. He was chief military advisor to president of China in 1946–48, and deputy commanding general of 5th Army in 1948. Received degrees in Elk Branch Lodge No. 93, Shenandoah Junction, W.Va., Feb. 20, March 6, March 10, 1919. Knight Templar. d. Dec. 24, 1949.

Robert Lucas (1781–1853) Governor of Ohio in 1832–36 and first Territorial Governor of Iowa in 1838. b. April 1, 1781 in Shepherdstown, Va. His father was a descendant of William Penn. Robert moved to Ohio in 1800, and rose to the rank of major general of militia; he was commissioned captain in the 19th U.S. Infantry in 1812, rising to lieutenant colonel in 1813, but resigned to serve as a brigadier general of Ohio militia in defense of the frontier. He was a member of the Ohio legislature in 1814, and in 1832 presided over the Democratic national convention that nominated Andrew Jackson for a second term. He was initiated in Scioto Lodge No. 6 of Chillicothe, Ohio on Feb. 8 of 1816 or 1817. In 1840 he participated in a movement to form the first Masonic lodge in Iowa (now Des Moines No. 1). Later as a member of what is now Iowa Lodge No. 2 of Muscatine, he spearheaded a

movement to form a grand lodge. This objective was reached on Jan. 2, 1844 while he was in Ohio. On his return to Iowa that year, he affiliated with Iowa City Lodge No. 4 at Iowa City. d. Feb. 7, 1853.

Erich F. W. Ludendorff (1865–1937) German General of World War I fame and violent Anti-Mason. At outbreak of WWI in 1914 he was appointed a quartermaster general. He worked closely with Hindenburg, and together they were responsible for the defeat of Russia. He alone was the cause of the collapse of the Serbians and Romanians. His plan of campaign in 1918 on the Western Front almost crushed the Allies. After the German defeat, he fled to Sweden, fearing accusations. He returned to Munich in 1919, and took part in reactionary conspiracies including the Hitler Beer Hall Putsch in 1923. In his last years he was fanatical in his ideas and actions, leading crusades against the Jews, Catholics, Masons, and Protestants. He supported Hitler and then deserted him, and eventually became a pacifist. His wife joined him in active fighting of Freemasonry, and continued it after his death.

Augustus Ludlow Lieutenant, U.S. Navy, who was killed with Capt. James Lawrence in the naval battle between the American frigate Chesapeake and the British ship Shannon on June 1, 1813. It was at this time that Lawrence, q.v., uttered the famous words “Don’t give up the ship!” Ludlow was buried with Masonic honors by the Grand Lodge of Delaware, according to the proceedings of 1813.

George C. Ludlow (1830–1900) Governor of New Jersey,

1881–84. b. April 6, 1830 at Milford, N.J. Graduate of Rutgers Coll. in 1850, and admitted to the bar in 1853. Was state senator from 1876–80, and president of senate one year. Became associate justice of supreme court of N.J. Raised in Union Lodge No. 19, New Brunswick, N.J., April 22, 1856.

Ludwig I, II, VII Dukes of Hesse–Darmstadt. All were active Freemasons according to the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress issued in 1917.

Christian Ludwig (see Christian).

Wilfred W. Lufkin (1879–1934) U.S. Congressman to 65th through 67th Congresses from 6th Mass. dist. b. March 10, 1879 in Essex, Mass. Was newspaper correspondent and private secretary of Congressman Gardner, whose place he took upon the former's resignation, serving from 1917–21. He resigned to become collector of the port of Boston. Member of John T. Heard Lodge, Ipswich, Mass. and 16° AASR (NJ) d. March 28, 1934.

Lum and Abner (see under Norris Goff and Chester Lauck).

Henry T. Lummus Supreme Judge, Court of Massachusetts since 1932. b. Dec. 28, 1876 at Lynn, Mass. Graduate of Brown U. in 1897, and admitted to the bar the following year. He practiced at Lynn until 1921. He was associate justice of the superior court of Mass. from 1921–32. Member of Golden Fleece Lodge, Lynn, Mass.

Alva M. Lumpkin (1886–1941) U.S. Senator from North Carolina, taking oath of office on July 22, 1941, and dying Aug. 1, 1941. b. Nov. 13, 1886 in Milledgeville, Ga. Graduate of U. of South Carolina in 1908, he practiced in Columbia until 1939, when appointed U.S. judge for Eastern and Western districts of S.C. He also served as associate justice of supreme court of S.C. in 1926 and 1934. Member of Richland Lodge No. 39 and Columbia Consistory No. 2, AASR (SJ) as well as the Shrine.

Vincent Lunardi Early balloonist. The minutes of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 160 of Edinburgh, Scotland on Oct. 14, 1785 state that the lodge was visited by many and "also by the renowned Brother Vincent Lunardi, Esquire, the first aerial navigator that has appeared in this city."

Lawrence H. Lund (1897–1949) Vice President and Treasurer of Westinghouse Electric Corp. from 1945. b. April 8, 1897 at Brooklyn, N.Y. He was a statistician and auditor from 1914–21 with several firms. Associated with Westinghouse from 1921, first as auditor, and later as assistant treasurer, assistant secretary, credit manager. Was director of several of Westinghouse's foreign firms. Mason. d. March 14, 1949.

Ernest Lundeen (1878–1940) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1937–40; former U.S. Congressman. b. Aug. 4, 1878 at Beresford, S.D. Graduate of Carleton Coll. (Minn.) in 1901. Admitted to the bar in 1906, and began practice in Minneapolis. Member of lower house of Minn. two terms (1910–14). Served in three U.S. congresses —65th in 1917–19 in which he voted against entering the war, and against conscription, and conducted the

first congressional referendum on war. He served again in the 73rd and 74th congresses (1933–37). Member of Minneapolis Lodge No. 19, Minneapolis, Minn. and Zuhrah Shrine Temple of that city. d. Aug. 31, 1940.

Luneburg (see Prince of Brunswick–Luneburg).

Claude Z. Luse (1879–1932) Federal Judge, Western District of Wisconsin from 1921. b. Feb. 23, 1879 at Stoughton, Wis. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1901, and U. of Wisconsin in 1903. Practiced in Superior, Wis. from 1904–21. Member of Superior Lodge No. 236, Superior, Wis. at time of death on May 28, 1932.

LeRoy Lutes Lieutenant General, U.S. Army and business executive. b. Oct. 4, 1890 in Cairo, Ill. Graduate of Wentworth Mil. Acad. in 1908. He was commissioned a 2nd lieutenant of Infantry in the U.S. Coast Artillery in 1917, and advanced through grades to lieutenant general in 1942, being retired in 1952. He is presently president of the Pacific Tire & Rubber Co., Oakland, Calif. (since 1952) and vice president of Mansfield Tire & Rubber Co. since 1953. He was director of operations for the Army Service Forces, 1942–45, chief of staff in 1945, and commanding general of same in 1946. In 1949 he was corn-mander of the U.S. Fourth Army. Member of Army–Navy Lodge No. 306, Ft. Monroe, Va. and 32° AASR (SJ).

Martin Luther (1483–1546) Sometimes claimed by overzealous Masonic writers as a Freemason or more specifically a member of the “guild of Steinmetzen in Germany.”

Charles H. Lyman (1875–1945) Major General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Sept. 22, 1875 in Ravenna, Ohio. Graduate of Army War Coll. and Naval War Coll. Commissioned in Marine Corps in 1899, and advanced through grades to major general in 1935. Served as a volunteer in Spanish–American War with District of Columbia regiment. Was in Boxer uprising in China in 1900; Philippine Insurrection. Later served in Cuba, Alaska, Panama, Santo Domingo, and China. Appointed commanding general of Fleet Marine Force, U.S. Fleet, 1933, later commanding the department of Pacific, U.S. Marine Corps. Retired Oct. 1, 1939. d. July 23, 1945. Mason.

Clyde A. Lynch (1891–1950) President of Lebanon Valley College (Pa.) since 1932. b. Aug. 24, 1891 at Harrisburg, Pa. Graduate of Lebanon Valley Coll. in 1918, 1925, and 1926. Also degrees from Bonebrake Theol. Sem. and U. of Pennsylvania. Ordained United Brethren in Christ minister in 1916, and served churches in Pa. and Ohio until 1930. Member of Ephrata Lodge No. 665, Ephrata, Pa., receiving degrees June 13, Sept. 12, and Nov. 17, 1922. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Pa., and was supreme chaplain of Supreme Forest, Tall Cedars of Lebanon. d. Aug. 6, 1950.

Edmund C. Lynch Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 15, 1900 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1922 and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Entered Army Air Corps and served as an instructor in flying, and in 1945 was chief of staff of Third Air Force. Made a Freemason Aug. 16, 1943 in Prospect Lodge No. 578,

Prospect Park, Pa.

William E. Lynd Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 10, 1893 in Santa Fe, Kans. Admitted to Idaho bar in 1920. Served in WWI with 2nd Idaho Inf. in 1915–17, and in 1917–19, with air force and was promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1942, and major general in 1943. After WWI, was in command of various air fields in the U.S. In WWII he was air officer with general headquarters, 1940–41; commanding general of 2nd Air Support Command, 1942; commanding general of 7th Bomber Command, Hawaii, 1942; on staff of commander-in-chief of U.S. Pacific Fleet, 1943; commanding general of 4th Air Force, San Francisco, 1943–44. Retired in 1947. Member of Kelly Lodge No. 1131, South San Antonio, Texas, 32° AASR and Shriner.

David M. Lyon (?–1903) Scottish Masonic writer and grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Scotland from 1877–1900. Initiated in 1856 in the Lodge Ayr Saint Paul No. 204. His most important works were the History of the Lodge of Edinburgh No. 1 (Mary's Chapel), published in 1873 and History of the Mother Lodge Kilwinning, Jan. 30, 1903.

Luciue Lyon (1800–1851) U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1837–39; U.S. Congressman, 1843–45. b. Feb. 26, 1800 in Shelburn, Vt. He settled in Detroit, Mich. in 1822, and was elected a territorial delegate to congress from 1833–35. In the latter year he was a member of the state constitutional convention, and again in 1850. From 1837–39 he was a regent of the U. of Michigan, and finally surveyor general of the Northwest

Territory. Member of Washington Lodge No. 3, Burlington, Burlington Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. of Burlington, and the Knight Templar Encampment at Middlebury. d. Sept. 24, 1851.

M

Thomas J. Mabry Governor of New Mexico, 1946–50. b. Oct. 17, 1884 in Carlisle Co., Ky. Attended U. of Oklahoma and U. of New Mexico (1904–09). Admitted to the bar in 1915, he practiced in Albuquerque until 1936. Was a district judge, 1936–38, and justice of the supreme court of New Mexico, 1939–46, serving as chief justice, 1944–46. He served in the state constitutional convention in 1910, and in state senate from 1912–17, being the youngest member of both. Member of Temple Lodge No. 6, Albuquerque; 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe and Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple, Albuquerque.

Arthur MacArthur (1850 –1914) Grand Master, Grand Encampment, K.T., 1913–16. b. July 24, 1850 in Troy, N.Y. He was publisher of the Troy Northern Budget from 1875. Initiated in Mt. Zion Lodge No. 311, Troy, N.Y. on Nov. 22, 1872; exalted in Apollo Chapter No. 48, R.A.M. Feb. 18, 1874, and later served as high priest. He was grand commander of New York in 1888. An active member, 33° AASR, Northern Jurisdiction. d. Dec. 27, 1914.

Arthur MacArthur, Jr. (1845–1912) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army and father of Douglas MacArthur, q.v. b. June

2, 1845 in Springfield, Mass. Educated in public schools of Milwaukee, Wis. and under private tutors. Commissioned 1st lieutenant of the 24th volunteers (Wis.) on Aug. 4, 1862, and rose to lieutenant general in 1906. In the Civil War he received the Congressional Medal of Honor for "seizing colors of regiment at critical moment and planting them on captured works on the crest of Missionary Ridge, Nov. 25, 1863." He participated in the battles of Perryville, Stone River, Dandridge, Missionary Ridge, Resaca, Adairsville, New Hope, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Jonesboro, Lovejoy's Station, Atlanta, and Franklin. He was twice wounded. In the Philippine Insurrection he commanded a brigade, a division and a department. He was military governor of the Philippines, 1900–01. Retired in 1909. He petitioned Magnolia Lodge No. 60, Little Rock, Ark. on Sept. 29, 1879, when a captain. He was elected on Oct. 27th and received the first two degrees on Nov. 26, 1879. They were conferred by the grand lodge. He was raised on Dec. 5, 1879 and dimitted Dec. 8, 1896. d. Sept. 5, 1912.

Douglas MacArthur General of Army, U.S. b. Jan. 26, 1880 in Arkansas, the son of Lt. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, Jr., q.v. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1903, and holds honorary degrees from many universities. Commissioned June 11, 1903 in Engineers, he rose to brigadier general, (1920), major general, (1925), general, (1930) and general of Army (5-star) in 1944. Previous to WWI he served in the Philippines, Japan; aide-de-camp to the President of U.S. (1906–07); instructor in Army service schools; and as a member of the General Staff from 1913–17. In WWI he was

chief of staff of 42nd Division; commander of 84th Infantry Brigade; commander of 42nd Division. He fought in many of the largest campaigns and was twice wounded. In 1919 he was superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy, held commands in the Philippines and U.S., and was chief of staff, U.S. Army, 1930–35. In 1935 he became military advisor to the government of the Philippines and was appointed field marshal of the Philippine Army. He retired from active duty in 1937. He returned to active service as commander of the U.S. armed forces in the Far East in 1941–51 with rank of general and commanded the U.S. Philippine forces during Japanese invasion. Ordered to Australia before the fall of Bataan, he uttered his famous words “I shall return.” He was then appointed supreme commander of land, air and sea forces, Allied Forces in Southwest Pacific in March, 1942, and made 5-star general in 1944. In Aug., 1945 he was named Allied supreme commander to accept the surrender of Japan, and was in command of the occupational forces in Japan from 1945–51 when recalled by President Truman. From 1952–55 he was chairman of board of Remington Rand, Ind. and is now chairman of board of Sperry Rand Corp. In 1928 he was president of the American Olympic Committee. He was made a Mason “at sight” by Samuel Hawthorne, grand master of Philippines on Jan. 17, 1936, and affiliated with Manila Lodge No. 1, Manila. He received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Manila the same year; made KCCH in 1937 and honorary 33° on Dec. 8, 1947, at the American Embassy, Tokyo, Japan. He is a life member of the Nile Shrine Temple, Seattle, Wash. MacArthur has praised Freemasonry on many occasions, i.e.: “It embraces the highest moral laws and will bear the test

of any system of ethics or philosophy ever promulgated for the uplift of man . . . its requirements are the things that are right, and its restraints are from the things that are wrong . inculcating doctrines of patriotism and brotherly love, enjoying sentiments of exalted benevolence, encouraging all that is good, kind and charitable, reprobating all that is cruel and oppressive, its observance will uplift everyone under its influence . . . to do good to others, to forgive enemies, to love neighbors, to restrain passions, to honor parents, to respect authority, to return good for evil, not to cause anger, not to bear false witness, not to lie, not to steal—these are the essential elements of the moral law.”

George D. Macbeth Vice president and director of Corning (N.Y.) Glass Works from 1936. b. Aug. 11, 1892 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Graduate of Yale in 1913. Began in glass manufacturing business with Macbeth–Evans Glass Co., Charleroi, Pa. in 1913, and was president and general manager, 1926–36. Director of several corporations. Received degrees in George W. Guthrie Lodge No. 691, Pittsburgh, Pa. in 1917, and served as senior deacon at one time. 32° AASR (NJ) and Syria Shrine Temple, Pittsburgh.

Jacques Etienne MacDonald (1765–1840) Duke de Tarente. In full, Jacques Etienne Joseph Alexandre. Marshal and Peer of France. Of Scottish descent, he served in the French revolutionary and Napoleonic armies. He was general of brigade in 1795, and of division in 1796. He distinguished himself at Wagram in 1809, and was created marshal of France—and duc de Tarente. He commanded a corps in the Russian

campaign and in. the campaign for the defense of France in 1813–14; in the latter year negotiated with allies for the abdication of Napoleon. A member of St. Napoleon Lodge, he was a 33°, and in 1805 was grand administrator of the Grand Lodge Symbolique of France.

Sir John A. Macdonald (1815–1891) Regarded as the organizer of the Dominion of Canada. First Prime Minister of Dominion of Canada in 1867–73, and again in 1878–91. b. Jan. 11, 1815 in Glasgow, Scotland. With his family, he emigrated to Kingston, Ont., Canada in 1820, where he was educated in the Royal Grammar School. Called to the bar in 1836, he was appointed Queen's counsel in 1846. He achieved distinction as a lawyer by his defense of Von Schultz who raided Canada in 1836 with a band of marauders. Represented Kingston in house of assembly from 1844–67. Elected to house of commons at the union in 1867, serving until 1878, and again for several terms starting in 1882. He served also as receiver-general, attorney-general several times (in his first term as such he secularized the clergy reserves and abolished seignorial tenure in Lower Canada), postmaster-general, minister of militia, and minister of justice. After 1856 he was the acknowledged leader of the Conservative party, leading the loyal opposition when his party was out of power. He succeeded in uniting Upper and Lower Canada and the Maritime Provinces into the Dominion of Canada. The first meeting took place in 1864 at Charlottetown, P.E. Island, and again in Quebec two months later. He was chairman of the London colonial conference when the British North America act was passed by the Imperial parliament. The Queen made him knight

commander of the Order of the Bath, and in 1884 he received the grand cross of the same order. Among the many improvements in the Canadian government credited to him were: the improvement of the criminal laws; the consolidation of the statutes; the extension of municipal system; military organization; establishment of direct steam mail service with Europe; inspection of reformatories, prisons, asylums; reorganization of civil service on permanent basis; construction of Canadian Pacific Railroad; enlargement of canals; a stringent election law; extension of the franchise; ratification of the Washington treaty, and the extension and consolidation of the Dominion. He was initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 758 (English constitution) or No. 5 (Provincial constitution), on March 14, 1844 at Kingston. Initiated with him on that night were Sir Henry Smith, later speaker of the house of commons, and Thomas A. Corbett, sheriff of the Midland district. The lodge at this time met at the Olcott Inn. Macdonald remained a member of this lodge until his death 47 years later. He was made a Royal Arch Mason under the Grand Chapter of Canada, and in 1871 was elected an honorary life member of Lafayette Royal Arch Chapter No. 5, Washington, D.C. In 1886 he was appointed to represent the Grand Lodge of England near the Grand Lodge of Canada. He was also a Knight Templar. d. June 6, 1891.

Thomas Macdonough (1783–1825) Commodore, U.S. Navy and hero of the Battle of Lake Champlain in War of 1812. b. Dec. 23, 1783 in Delaware. Son of a Revolutionary War officer, he went to sea at the age of 17 as a midshipman, taking part in the war with Tripoli. He distinguished himself in action as

one of the 70 volunteers accompanying Stephen Decatur, q.v., when they destroyed the captured frigate Philadelphia. For this, he was promoted to lieutenant. He was next assigned to Middletown, Conn. where several boats were under construction for the Navy. For a time he was with commercial vessels, but when the War of 1812 broke out, he returned to active duty and commanded the naval base at Portland, Maine. Ordered to assume command of the fleet on Lake Champlain on Sept. 12, 1812, he was required to build a fleet in the forest to contain the British who were about to invade from Canada. Here he was associated with General Dearborn, q.v. Greatly outgunned and outmanned by the British, he fought an underdog battle that destroyed or captured every vessel of the British fleet and compelled the enemy land troops (14,000 against our 1500) to withdraw. This was the turning point of the war. He was voted the thanks of Congress and given land grants in New York and Vermont. He then commanded the naval base at Portsmouth, N.H. and was sent to the Mediterranean as commodore of the fleet. He died Nov. 18, 1825 at sea while returning to America. His lodge is not known. It is generally accepted that he was made a Mason in an English lodge on the Island of Malta during his Mediterranean tour. One source states he was a member of a New York Lodge; another, a Delaware Mason. However, he was buried with Masonic honors by St. John's Lodge No. 2, Middletown, Conn. Sixty members turned out for the final tribute. d. Nov. 18, 1825.

Jean Mace (1815–1894) French journalist and Senator for life. Among his works are Theatre du Petit-Chateau; Morale

en Action; *La France Avant les Francs*; and *Philosophie de Poche*. He was elected senator for life in 1883. *Bulletin of International Masonic Congress*, 1917, states he was a Freemason.

Antonio Maceo (1848–1896) Cuban patriot and general. He fought with his brother, Jose, in the Ten Years' War (1868–78). They joined the rebellion of 1895 and defeated the Spaniards at Jobito and at Sao del Indio in that year. Mason.

Bernarr MacFadden (? –1955) Physical culturist. Famous throughout the world as a health-building philanthropist. His odd, and sometimes daring personal exploits, coupled with unusual business ventures, kept him constantly in the national press. Through his Bernarr MacFadden Foundation, which was administered with his own money, he provided welfare and training to children in the U.S. and abroad. Appointed by the U.S. government to investigate child welfare in foreign countries, he proceeded to establish schools in many of them. He once brought 50 boys from Italy to this country and trained them for six months at his own expense. He was a millionaire at one time, but died in Oct., 1955, with only a small estate. Member of Publicity Lodge No. 1000, New York City, receiving degrees on May 19, June 2, 16, 1924.

David L. MacFarland (1893–1953) President of Kansas State Teachers College (Emporia) from 1945. b. March 13, 1893 in Dundee, Scotland. Graduate of Northwestern U. (1916), Garrett Bible Inst. (1917), and U. of Edinburgh (Scotland) in 1931. Ordained Methodist minister in 1916, and served

pastorates in Clifton and Sibley, Ill, until 1922. He taught history in Southwestern Coll. until 1935, and was with Kansas State Teachers Coll. until 1943, in the same capacity. Between 1943–45 he was on leave from the school as chairman of the state board of social welfare. Served in WWI as an infantry lieutenant. Mason. d. Jan. 3, 1953.

Robert S. Macfarlane President of Northern Pacific Railway Co. since 1951. b. Jan. 15, 1899 in Minneapolis, Minn. Graduate cum laude, U. of Washington in 1922. Admitted to bar in 1920, and practiced in Seattle. He served as prosecuting attorney and judge of superior court of King Co., Seattle. Became assistant Western counsel of the Northern Pacific in 1934; Western counsel, 1937; assistant to president, 1940; vice president, 1943; executive vice president, 1947, and president in 1951. He is a director of many corporations from coast to coast including the Northern Pacific, Walla Walla Valley Railroad; C.B. & Q.; Pacific National Bank of Seattle; Western Life Ins. Co.; American Smelting and Refining Co.; First National Bank of St. Paul; Minnesota Mutual Life Ins. Co., and others. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 241, and 18° AASR (SJ), both in Seattle, Wash.

Donald MacGregor Vice President of Zenith Radio since 1947. b. Aug. 18, 1895 in Des Moines, Iowa. Graduate of Kansas State Coll. in 1919. With Belden Mfg. Co., Chicago, 1919–23; All American Mohawk Corp., 1923–29; Rauland Corp., radio mfgs., Chicago since 1929, being vice president and director since 1949. Treasurer, general manager and director of Thordarson Electric Mfg. Co., 1933–37; executive

vice president, director of Webster-Chicago Corp., 1939–47; general manager and senior partner of Webster Products, 1943–45. Vice president in charge of production of Zenith since 1947. Served as Infantry lieutenant in WWI. Member of Fair Oaks Lodge No. 1006, Oak Park, Ill., receiving degrees on March 21, April 4, and May 2, 1929. Dimitted from Oak Park Chapter No. 244, R.A.M. and Siloam Commandery No. 54, K.T.

Gerardo Machado y Morales (1871–1939) Fifth president of Cuba, 1925–33. b. Sept. 29, 1871 at Santa Clara, Cuba. He took part in the revolution against Spain, 1895–98. He was a leader of the Liberal Party and was supported by Zayas y Alfonso. In 1933 he was deposed by popular revolt, and fled to the U.S. A member of Progreso Lodge of Santa Clara, he was a 33° AASR of that country as well as a member of Mahi Shrine Temple, Miami, Fla. d. 1939.

Thomas Machin (1744–1816) Member of Boston Tea Party and Revolutionary officer. b. March 20, 1744 in Staffordshire, England. He was educated as an engineer and employed in the construction of the Duke of Bridgewater's canal between Manchester and Worsley, in England. In 1772 he was sent to New Jersey to examine a copper mine and remained in this country, settling at Boston. He early embraced the cause of American independence, and was one of the party that threw the tea overboard in Boston harbor. He fought at Bunker Hill and was wounded in the arm. Commissioned a lieutenant in the N.Y. artillery on Jan 18, 1776, he was employed in placing chains across the Hudson River at the Highlands. He was again wounded at Fort Montgomery in Oct., 1777. He served

on the expedition led by Col. Goosen Van Schaick which destroyed the settlements of the Onondaga Indians in the spring of 1779, and later accompanied Gen. Clinton's expedition into the Genesee country. He was promoted to captain on Aug. 21, 1780 and employed in the siege works at Yorktown. After the war he established a mill west of Newburg, N.Y. and coined copper pieces for some of the states, prior to the institution of a national coinage. He secured a large tract of land in northern Oneida Co., N.Y., and in 1797 moved there. He was a petitioner for Union Schoharie Lodge, and afterwards for Machin Lodge (both of N.Y.), becoming master of the latter. A Royal Arch Mason, he installed officers in Ames Mark Lodge, Schoharie, N.Y. under authority of Ezra Ames, grand high priest of the grand chapter in 1805. He is also listed as a visitor to American Union Lodge. d. April 3, 1816.

Sir Hugh MacIntosh Governor of Jamaica and British Colonial Secretary, 1951–52. Received his degrees in Four Hills Lodge in Jerusalem. He was elected master of Kingston Lodge No. 1933 (E.C.), Island of Jamaica, and installed, Feb. 4, 1953, the first time in 210 years that a governor of the island was installed master of the lodge.

William A. Mackay (1876–1939) American artist. b. July 10, 1876 in Philadelphia, Pa. Studied in College, City of New York, Academie Julian, Paris, and American Academy in Rome. He was a pupil of Benjamin Constant and Jean Paul Laurens, and worked as an apprentice under Frank Millet. He was a painter of murals and decorations. He decorated the ceiling of the U.S. senate reading room. Other murals are in

the Federal Building, Cleveland, Ohio; Civic Opera House, Chicago; Minnesota State Capitol; Baltimore Customs House; New York State Roosevelt Memorial Building. In WWI he was camouflage artist of the 2nd district, U.S.A. Affiliated with Tuscan Lodge No. 115, N.J. on March 18, 1912 from Mistletoe Lodge No. 647, of N.Y. Dimitted June 18, 1917. d. July 26, 1939.

Henry Mackenzie (1745–1831) Scottish novelist known as “The Man of Feeling,” and “The Addison of the North.” He was an attorney for the crown in the management of exchequer business and comptroller of taxes from 1804–31. He is best known for three novels: *The Man of Feeling*, a loosely connected series of sketches about a weak sentimental hero, which gained instant success (published anonymously in 1771) ; *The Man of the World*, a tale of a villain and seducer (1773), and *Julia de Roubigne*, a novel in the manner of Richardson (1777). Became a member of Canon-gate Kilwinning Lodge, Edinburgh, Scotland on Dec. 2, 1784.

James Cameron Mackenzie Architect. b. April 5, 1887 in Lawrenceville, N.J. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1909, School of Architecture (N.Y.), 1912. Studied at Ecole des Beaux Arts, Paris, and Ecole Industrielle, Switzerland. From 1919–41 he was in practice under his own name. His works include the Naval Air Station, Floyd Bennett Field, N.Y.; Naval Training School, Memphis, Tenn.; U.S. Army Base, San Antonio de los Banos, Cuba; Naval Air Station, Wilmington, N. Car.; and Reader’s Digest administrative building. In 1925 he was awarded first prize for best house east of the Mississippi,

and in 1927 first prize for the best brick house. Served WWI as captain and major in 307th Field Artillery of 78th Division. Since 1943 has been a colonel of N.Y. State Guard. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City.

Kenneth R. H. Mackenzie English Masonic author and one of the founders of the Rosicrucian Society in England. He was a member of the staff of the grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of England. He was interested in the revival of many additional degrees in the 1860's and 70's. He was connected with the Societas Rosicruciana in Anglia and is best known as the compiler of *The Royal Masonic Cyclopaedia of History, Rites, Symbolism and Biography* published in London in 1877. He often used the pen name, Cryptonymus, in his writings. He was an honorary member of Canongate Kilwinning Lodge No. 2, Scotland.

Albert G. Mackey (1807–1881) Masonic historian and jurist. b. March 12, 1807 in Charleston, S. Car. He was graduated from the Charleston Medical Coll. in 1834 with honors, and practiced as a doctor for 20 years. He gave up his profession to write on Masonic subjects, and during the rest of his life produced some of the most valuable historical and judicial Masonic writings known. Raised in St. Andrews Lodge No. 10 of Charleston in 1841, he affiliated with Solomon's Lodge No. 1, and was elected master in 1842. From 1843–66 he was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of S. Car. In 1851 he founded Landmark Lodge No. 76, and after moving to Washington, D.C., affiliated with LaFayette Lodge No. 19. He was grand high priest of South Carolina,

1855–67, and general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter, 1859–68. He was commander of South Carolina Commandery No. 1 in 1842 and was later made honorary past grand warden of the Grand Encampment of the U.S. Was a 33° AASR (SJ). He published his first Masonic work, *A Lexicon of Freemasonry*, in 1845. This was followed by *The True Mystic Tie*; *The Ahiman Rezon of South Carolina*, 1852; *Principles of Masonic Law*, 1856; *Book of the Chapter*, 1858; *Text–Book of Masonic Jurisprudence*, 1859; *History of Freemasonry in South Carolina*, 1861; *Manual of the Lodge*, 1862; *Cryptic Masonary*, 1867; *Symbolism of Freemasonry and Masonic Ritual*, 1869; *Encyclopedia of Freemasonry*, 1874; and *Masonic Parliamentary Law*, 1875. He was probably most famous for his *Encyclopedia of 1874*. Previous to its publication there was no authoritative work of equal scope anywhere in the world. In addition to his books he was associated at different times with Masonic journals, including *Southern and Western Masonic Miscellany*, 1849–53; *Masonic Quarterly Review*, 1857–58; *Mackey's National Freemason*, 1871–73. He also served as one of the editors of *The Voice of Masonry* and was contributing editor to *American Freemason* and *Masonic Trowel*. d. June 20, 1881.

James H. MacLafferty (1871–1937) U.S. Congressman to 67th and 68th Congresses from 6th Calif. dist. b. Feb. 27, 1871 in San Diego, Calif. First in lumber business, he represented Butler Paper Co. of Chicago on Pacific Coast several years. He established three wholesale paper houses on the coast. He served as assistant to Herbert Hoover when the latter was secretary of Commerce. Raised in Oakland Lodge

No. 188, Oakland, Calif. on June 22, 1901. d. June 9, 1937.

Douglas MacLean Stage and motion picture actor, writer and producer. b. Jan. 10, 1894 in Philadelphia, Pa. Student at Northwestern U. Prep. School, Institute of Tech. (Chicago) and American Academy of Dramatic Arts, N.Y. He started as a leading juvenile with stock companies, 1915, and toured Calif. and N.Y., 1916–17. With Maude Adams in *Peter Pan*, *The Legend of Leonora* and *Rosalind*. On the screen he starred in *23½ Hours Leave*; *Mary's Ankle*; *What's Your Husband Doing?*; *Let's Be Fashionable*; *The Jailbird*; *One a Minute*; *The Hottentot*; *Going Up*; *The Yankee Consul*; *Never Say Die*; *Introduce Me*; *Seven Keys to Baldpate*; *Let It Rain*; *Soft Cushions*. Now president and executive producer of Douglas MacLean Productions, Los Angeles, and has been a producer exclusively since 1930. Among his productions have been: *Six of a Kind*; *Mama Loves Papa*; *Laugh and Get Rich*; *Caught Plastered*; *Ladies Should Listen*; *Melody in Spring*; *Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch*; *Accent on Youth*; *Two for Tonight*; *So Red the Rose*; *Suspect* and *New Wine*. Member of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 458, Los Angeles, Calif. since 1920.

Frederick J. Macleod (1870–1935) Justice, Superior Court of Massachusetts, 1922–35. b. June 30, 1870 in Dunstaffnage, F.B.I., Canada. Graduate of Dalhousie Coll., Halifax, N.S., 1890; Harvard, 1891, 1892 and 1899. He practiced law at Boston from 1899–1922. Served in Mass. state senate, 1906–07, and was chairman of the state railroad commission and state public service commission. Raised in Amicable Lodge, Cambridge, Mass. on Nov. 6, 1906. d. Oct. 18, 1935.

Donald B. MacMillan Arctic explorer and last surviving member of the Peary expedition of 1908–09. b. Nov. 10, 1874 in Provincetown, Mass. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1910 and 1918. From 1898–1908 he was an instructor and principal of several schools. Following the Peary expedition, he was a member of the Cabot Labrador party of 1910; worked among the Esquimaux of Labrador, 1911–12; leader of Crocker land expedition, 1913–17. He taught at Bowdoin Coll., 1932–33. In WWI he was an ensign in the U.S. Navy. In 1920 he explored Hudson's Bay; commanded MacMillan Baffin Land expedition, 1921–22; MacMillan North Greenland expedition 1923–24; MacMillan Polar expedition, 1925. From 1925–38 he was constantly in the Arctic areas with a series of nine more expeditions which he headed. In 1941 he served as an expert geographer in the War Department, Washington, D.C. and in WWII was recalled to active Naval service as a commander, and assigned to the Hydrographic Office, Washington, D.C. In 1942–43 he was a member of the U.S. Secret Defense Board. In 1946 he made a trip to Labrador and in 1947 another expedition to North Greenland. In 1944 he was awarded a special Congressional Medal for his work on the Peary North Pole expedition. A member of Freeport Lodge No. 23, Freeport, Maine, he is also an honorary member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City (the explorers' lodge). Member of New Jerusalem Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. Wiscassett, Maine, and knighted in St. Albans Commandery No. 8, K.T., Portland, Maine on Nov. 24, 1926. Member of Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston, Mass. and National Sojourner.

James D. MacNair (1874–1946) Senior U.S. Navy chaplain.

b. May 26, 1874 in Trout River, Quebec, Canada, coming to the U.S. in 1890. Graduate of Boston U. From 1895–98 he taught school, sold life insurance, and was manager of E. P. Charlton Syndicate, Hartford, Conn. He was ordained Methodist Episcopal deacon in 1902, and elder in 1906. In 1909 he was commissioned lieutenant (j.g.) in the U.S. Navy as a chaplain, and rose to rear admiral. He served on many battleships, including the Georgia, Virginia, Maryland, and Arizona. In 1917–18 he was with the U.S. Marines in France, and later at Navy yards in Boston, Newport, and Philadelphia. He was Atlantic Fleet chaplain in 1923–25. He won the Navy Cross for extraordinary heroism in actual combat with the enemy in WWI (1919). Mason, Knight Templar, 33° AASR (NJ) Shriner, National Sojourner and Eastern Star. d. May 4, 1946.

Hanford MacNider Lieutenant General, WWII; 6th National Commander of American Legion; U.S. Minister to Canada. b. Oct. 2, 1889 in Mason City, Iowa. Graduate of Harvard, Norwich, and Syracuse universities. He is president and general manager of Northwestern States Portland Cement Co. and a trustee of the Equitable Life Insurance Co. of Iowa. In 1921–22 he was national commander of the American Legion, and from 1925–28, served as assistant secretary of War. From 1930–32 he was U.S. minister to Canada. He first saw service on the Mexican border with the Iowa 2nd Infantry. He rose to lieutenant colonel in WWI, serving overseas with 2nd Infantry. In WWII he rose to lieutenant general, serving with G.H.Q., SWPA; 32nd Division; 1st Cavalry, and commanded the 103rd Infantry Division, 1946–51. Member of Benevolence Lodge No. 145, Mason City, Iowa, on March 6, 1912; Scottish

Rite bodies at Clinton, Iowa and El Kahir Shrine Temple at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He is a member of Benevolence Chapter No. 46, R.A.M. and Antioch Commandery No. 43, K.T. both of Mason City and is past commander of the commandery.

Alexander Macomb (1782–1841) Major General in War of 1812, and General-in-Chief of U.S. Army from 1828. b. April 3, 1782 in Detroit, Mich. Entered the Army in 1799, and at the beginning of the War of 1812 was a lieutenant colonel of engineers and adjutant general of the army. Finding that his position would not bring him into active service, he transferred to the artillery in 1813, and as a colonel of the 2nd Regiment, fought at Niagara and Fort George. Promoted to brigadier general in 1814, he was placed in command of the Northern frontier, bordering Lake Champlain. For his defense of Plattsburg on Sept. 11, 1814, in the face of a greatly superior British force, he was made major general, and received a gold medal from congress. After the war he became general-in-chief of the U.S. Forces (1828). He was a member of Zion Lodge No. 1, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on Nov. 4th and 21st, 1816, and elected master on Dec. 1, 1817. His grave in the Congressional Cemetery at Washington, D.C. has several Masonic emblems on the tombstone. d. June 25, 1841.

Robert Macoy (1816–1895) Masonic author and publisher. b. Oct. 4, 1816 in Armagh, Ireland. He came to U.S. when he was four years old, living in New York City. At an early age he apprenticed himself in the printing business and continued in it for nearly 40 years, first, as a printer and book–seller, and then as a Masonic publisher. He was raised

in Lebanon Lodge No. 313 (now 19) of New York City on Feb. 13, 1848, later affiliating with Concord Lodge No. 90, and then Adelpic Lodge No. 348. He was grand recorder of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York for 44 years. He received the 33° AASR (NJ) on Dec. 9, 1850. He published A General History, Cyclopedia, and Dictionary of Freemasonry that has passed through many editions. It was founded on A Dictionary of Symbolical Masonry by Dr. George Oliver. He also published several editions of The True Masonic Chart and The True Masonic Guide. At one time he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. Jan. 19, 1895.

Elmore I. MacPhie (1888–1955) President of Atlas Plywod Corp. 1935–55. b. Oct. 21, 1888 in Springfield, Mass. Graduate of Tufts Coll. in 1911. First taught school in Minneapolis, and then became district sales manager of Washburn Crosby Co. of that city, 1912–17. He was president of Otis Allen & Son of Lowell, Mass. 1917–27, and vice president of Atlas Plywood from 1927–35, becoming president and director in the latter year. Also president and director of Marvil Package Co., Robinson Hardware Co., Nansemond Co.; chairman of board of Davidson Plywood & Lumber Co. and director of many other concerns. Initiated in Minneapolis Lodge No. 19, Minneapolis, Minn. on April 21, 1915 and affiliated with Kilwinning Lodge, Lowell, Mass. on Nov. 1, 1918; 32° AASR, Shriner and Knight Templar. d. March 22, 1955.

Clarence E. Macy U.S. Consul General. b. Nov. 9, 1886 at St. Joseph, Mo. He was in railway mail service of the U.S. Post Office Dept. from 1907–10 and was examiner, 1911–14; later

with mail and express traffic department of Frisco Lines at St. Louis, and Denver and Rio Grande Western at Denver. In 1921 he was vice consul at Coblenz, Germany; has also served in that capacity at Daker, Monrovia, Port Elizabeth, Tampico and Karachi. In 1947–48 he was consul general at Istanbul, Turkey, retiring in 1948. Raised May 18, 1918 in Parkhill Lodge No. 148; 32° AASR (SJ) in Rocky Mountain Consistory; member of El Jebel Shrine Temple and High Twelve Club, all of Denver, Colo.

W. Kingsland Macy U.S. Congressman, 1946–50 from 1st N.Y. dist. b. Nov. 21, 1889 at New York City. Graduate of Harvard in 1912. He was with the Union Pacific Tea Co., N.Y.C. advancing to director and president. From 1922–28 he was a partner of Abbott, Hoppin & Co., brokers. Served one year in the state senate (1946). Raised in Holland Lodge No. 8, NYC on Feb. 27, 1917. Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Louis W. Maddox (1891–1956) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. April 22, 1891 in Lamar, Mo. Graduate of Infantry School, Coast Artillery School and Army Finance School. Commissioned in 1917, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945. He served as fiscal director of General MacArthur's headquarters. Member of Owensboro Lodge No. 130, Owensboro, Ky. about 1917. d. July 1, 1956.

Eduardo Madero (1838–1894) Argentine patriot who was initiated in Confraternidad Argentine Lodge on June 23, 1865. He was the son of Juan Nepomuceno Madero, who brought

the charter of the Grand Lodge of Argentina from Montevideo, Uruguay, in 1858.

Francisco I. Madero (1873–1913) President of Mexico, 1911–13. A revolutionist, he was a liberal and idealist. He failed in his opposition to the reelection of Diaz, q.v., in 1910. He had demanded effective suffrage. He then plotted against Diaz, but was forced to flee to the U.S. in Nov. of 1910. In May, 1911 he led a military expedition which captured Ciudad Juarez, where the capital was established, and forced the resignation of Diaz. He then became president. After revolts and street fighting in Mexico City in Feb., 1913, Madero was overthrown by Huerta, arrested and shot Feb. 22, 1913, while allegedly attempting to escape. It is more probable that he was murdered, together with Vice President Jose Ma Pino Suarez, q.v. Both were 33° Scottish Rite Masons and members of Lealtad Lodge No. 15, Mexico City. Madero was acting senior warden at the time of his death.

James Madison (1749–1812) First Episcopal Bishop of Virginia, and President of William and Mary College. b. Aug. 27, 1749 near Port Republic, Augusta Co., Va. He was graduated from William and Mary in 1772, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, but did not care for the profession and entered upon a theological course. He was appointed professor of natural philosophy in 1773 at William and Mary, and in 1775 was granted leave to go to England for his ordination. Made deacon Sept. 29, 1775 by Bishop Terrick of London and priest on Oct. 1, same year. Returning to America, he resumed his professorship, and in 1777 became

president of the college. He was president of the first convention of the Episcopal church in Virginia in May, 1785, and was elected bishop in 1790. On Dec. 27, 1777 he was a visitor to Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. and made an address. The records of the lodge record: "Ordered that the thanks of this lodge be returned our brother, James Madison for his Excellent Discourse on the occasion of this meeting. Ordered that the Secy copy the sermon preached by Brother _Madison in the lodge books." On Dec. 1, 1778 the minutes record that he was requested to preach on St. John the Evangelist Day. He preached a sermon to the same lodge on Dec. 27, 1778, being listed at this time as chaplain of the lodge. d. March 5, 1812.

James Madison (1751–1836) Fourth President of the United States. b. March 16, 1751 in Port Conway, Va. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1772, remaining at the school another year to study Hebrew. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1780–83, and of the Constitutional Convention of 1787. In 1787–88 he co-operated with Hamilton and Jay in writing a series of papers, published under the title of *The Federalist*, which explained the new constitution and advocated its adoption. He was a member of the U.S. house of representatives from 1787–97, and a leader of the Democratic–Republican party in opposition to Hamilton's financial measures. With Jefferson, he drafted the Virginia Resolutions of 1798 which were inspired by resentment at the Federalist alien and sedition laws. He was U.S. secretary of state from 1801–09, and President of the U.S. 1809–17. From 1826–36 he was rector of the U. of Virginia. d. June 28, 1836. His Masonic membership

has never been proved and has been a matter of debate for many years. Many researchers, including James M. Clift, former grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Virginia, think Madison was a member of Hiram Lodge No. 59, Westmoreland Court House, Virginia. This lodge was granted a temporary dispensation Sept. 20, 1799, and a permanent charter Dec. 11, 1799, becoming dormant about 1814. All records were lost or destroyed. In recent years there has come to light a letter dated Feb. 11, 1795, written to Madison by John Francis Mercer, q.v., governor of Maryland. It is in the library of Congress. Mercer stated, “. . . I have had no opportunity of congratulating you before on your becoming a Free Mason—a very ancient and honorable fraternity. I am sure you are now much wiser and I do not doubt you are much happier, although you were very wise and happy before, at least in my opinion. I hold a lodge on your road, pray let me take you some time by the hand in it, and let Mrs. Mercer welcome the fair prophetess who has converted you to the true faith . . .” R. Baker Harris, librarian of the Supreme Council, S.J. thinks the “fair prophetess” refers to his new wife, Dolly, and that she had encouraged him to become a Mason. If this is true, however, then he could not have been initiated in Hiram Lodge No. 59, as its first dispensation was dated five years later than the above letter. John Dove, early-day grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Virginia stated that Madison was one of the original founders of Hiram Lodge No. 59. It is possible, therefore, that he was initiated in some unknown lodge and affiliated with the Hiram lodge as a charter member. On Sept 20, 1817, Madison marched in procession with Widow’s Son Lodge No. 60 and Charlottesville Lodge No. 90

to lay the cornerstone of Central College at Charlottesville, Va. On June 24, 1820 Madison and Andrew Jackson partook of a public dinner “with the fraternity of Free Masons” at Louisville, Ky. Dolly Madison treasured a notice of a meeting of Alexandria Lodge No. 39 for many years. It had been sent to George Washington. The notice is now in the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania library. On March 28, 1801 a dispensation was issued for Madison Lodge No. 64, Madison Court House, Va. The best evidence of his membership, however, is in the attacks made on him during the anti-Masonic period when he was taunted for being a Freemason.

Jose Maria Castro Madriz (1818–1893) Known as the “Founder of the Republic of Costa Rica.” b. in 1818 at San Jose, he was president of Costa Rica from 1847–49, and again from 1866–68. He established the independence of Costa Rica in 1848 from the federation of Central American states. He was president of the congress and of the supreme court, and a rector of the University of Santo Tomas. He is also the father of the liberal laws of that country, and devoted his talent and energies to Costa Rica until the last day of his life. He was master of Caridad Lodge No. 26, and a member of the Supreme Council, Scottish Rite.

Carlton C. Magee (1873–1946) Inventor of the parking meter and leader in exposure of Teapot Dome scandals. b. Jan. 5, 1873 in Fayette, Iowa. Graduate of Iowa State Teachers Coll. (Cedar Falls), and Upper Iowa U. (Fayette). He was superintendent of schools at Carroll, Iowa from 1896–1901, and after being admitted to the Okla. bar in 1903, practiced at

Tulsa until 1920. He then became editor of the Albuquerque (N.M.) Journal until 1922, followed by editorship of Magee's Independent, 1922–23; New Mexico State Tribune, 1923–27 and Oklahoma News, 1927–33. He was president of the Magee–Hale Parking Meter Co. at Oklahoma City from 1945. Received the degrees in Signet Lodge No. 264, Carroll, Iowa on Jan. 24, Feb. 11 and Feb. 14, 1900, affiliating with Tulsa Lodge No. 65 (now 71) on April 18, 1906; was suspended NPD Dec. 31, 1936. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at McAlester, Okla. on Oct. 17, 1907. d. Jan. 31, 1946.

Clare Magee U.S. Congressman, 1949–53 from 1st Mo. dist. b. March 31, 1899 near Livonia, Mo. In 1920–21 he homesteaded in the Big Horn Basin, Wyo.; later worked for U.S. Reclamation Service at Denver, and since 1932 has been owner and operator of a farm near his birthplace in Mo. He was admitted to the Mo. bar in 1922, and since that time has practiced at Unionville, Mo. He served in both world wars—as a seaman in WWI and as a private in the Field Artillery in WWII, later transferring to the Air Corps as a captain. Member of Unionville Lodge No. 210, Unionville, Mo. 32° AASR (SJ) at St. Louis, and member of Moila Shrine Temple, St. Joseph, Mo.

John B. Magee (1887–1943) President of Cornell College (Mt. Vernon, Ia.) from 1939. b. July 19, 1887 in Albion, Iowa. Graduate of Upper Iowa U. and Boston U. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1910, heserved churches in Providence, RI., St. Albans, Vt., El Reno, Okla., Wichita, Kans., Kansas City, Mo., Pittsburgh, Pa., and Seattle, Wash., between 1913 and 1939. In 1914–16 he was vice president of the East

Greenwich (RI.) Academy, and in WWI served as an Army chaplain, writing the history of Base Sector 1. Brother of J. Ralph Magee, q.v. Member of Montlake Lodge No. 278, Seattle Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Adoniram Council No. 17, R. & S.M., Seattle Commandery No. 2, K.T., all of Seattle, Wash. Served as grand chaplain for the Grand Chapter and Grand Council of Washington and grand prelate of Grand Commandery of Washington. d. April 6, 1943.

J. Ralph Magee Methodist Bishop. b. June 3, 1880 in Maquoketa, Iowa, brother of John B. Magee, q.v. Graduate of Iowa State Teachers Coll. (Cedar Falls), Morningside Coll., and Boston U., with many honorary degrees. Ordained in Methodist Episcopal church in 1902, deacon, 1904, elder, 1906, and bishop, 1932. Served churches in Sioux City, and Paulina, Iowa; Falmouth, Taunton, Boston and Brookline, Mass.; and Seattle, Wash. between 1902 and 1929. He was bishop of the St. Paul area, 1932–39; Des Moines area, 1939–44, and Chicago area since 1944. A trustee of many schools including Northwestern, Garrett Biblical, Wesley Memorial, Lake Bluff Orphanage. Director of Crusade for Christ, Methodist Church. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Washington in 1931–32. Initiated in Iroquois Lodge No. 590, Nora Springs, Iowa, in 1902, later becoming member of lodges in Falmouth, Taunton, and Brookline, Mass. Presently member, and past master, of Montlake Lodge No. 278, Seattle, Wash. On dimit from chapter, council and commandery.

Bernard Pierre Magnan (1791–1865) Marshal of France, and member of French Senate. He served at Waterloo in 1815;

Spain in 1823; and Algeria in 1830. He was general of brigade in 1839 and of division in 1845. He suppressed the uprising in Lyons in 1849, and took an active part in the coup d'etat of Dec. 2, 1851, after which he was created marshal of France. He became senator in 1852, and commanded the Army of Paris in 1859. Emperor Napoleon III nominated him as grand master of the Grand Orient of France, and even though, not a Mason at that time, he was installed in that position on Feb. 8, 1862, serving until May 29, 1865; stopped from advancement for engaging in a duel with George Tibbetts, treasurer of the lodge.

Frank C. Mahin (1887–1942) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. May 27, 1887 in Clinton, Iowa. He began as a stock clerk with W. M. Meyer & Co., New York City, in 1907, and later with John Wanamaker. In 1910 he enlisted in the army, and was commissioned a second lieutenant in 1912, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1941. Mason. d. July 24, 1942.

John B. Magruder (1810–1871) Confederate Major General and later Major General in Mexican Army. b. Aug. 15, 1810 in Winchester, Va. He was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1830, and served in the West, in Maine, and at Fort McHenry, Baltimore. In the Mexican War he fought at Cerro Gordo and was wounded at Chapultepec. Following the war he served in Md., Calif., and R.I. At the outbreak of the Civil War he resigned his commission as captain and entered the Confederate Army. After winning the Battle of Big Bethel, he was made brigadier general and placed in command of

the forces on the peninsula, with headquarters at Yorktown. He was then promoted to major general. On Oct. –16, 1862 he was placed in command of the Department of Texas, and in Jan., 1863 recovered Galveston from the Nationals, capturing the steamer Harriet riet Lane. He remained in Texas until the end of the war and then entered the army of Maximilian, q.v., in Mexico with the rank of major general, serving until the emperor's execution. Returning to the U.S. he toured and lectured on Mexico. He settled in Houston, Tex. in 1869, and lived there until his death on Feb. 19, 1871. He received the Entered Apprentice degree in San Diego Lodge No. 35, San Diego, Calif., but was Edward R. Mahoney (1881–1937) Newspaper editor. b. July 18, 1881 in Milwaukee, Wis. Graduate of Webster Coll. of Law (Chicago) in 1920 and admitted to Ill. bar that year. He began as a reporter on the Milwaukee Sentinel in 1902, and subsequently held editorial positions with Chicago Examiner, 1904–07; Inter-Ocean (Chicago), 1907–10; Chicago Journal, two years; Chicago American, five years. He was later managing editor of Boston American, Boston Daily Advertiser and Boston Sunday Advertiser (until 1929). He was associate editor of New York Journal, 1929–33; editor Wisconsin News, 1933; and then secretary of Milwaukee Publishing Co. and Wisconsin News Co. Received degrees in Theodore Roosevelt Lodge No. 1022, Chicago, on Nov. 3, 10, and Dec. 1, 1920. Suspended June 7, 1935. d. Dec. 1, 1937.

Countess of Maille French countess who was grand mistress of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem—an early emanation of Freemasonry in the 18th century. She was initiated

into adoptive Freemasonry in a lodge established in 1780 by the Lodge of Social Contract. At this time the Princess de Lamballe, q.v., was grand mistress of the lodge. The Abbe Bertolio, q.v., was first master of this French adoptive lodge. Other contemporary initiates of the lodge were the Viscountess of Alfrey and Vicountess of Narbonne.

John F. Main (1864–1942) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Washington. b. Sept. 10, 1864 in Mercer Co., Ill. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1891. He began law practice in Aledo, Ill., in 1897, moving to Seattle, Wash. in 1900. He was professor of law at the U. of Washington, 1904–09, and judge of superior court of King Co., 1909–12. He was a judge of the supreme court of Washington from 1912, and was chief justice from 1923–25. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Oct. 13, 1942.

Maine de Biran (1766–1824) French philosopher. Real name was Marie Francois Pierre Gonthier de Biran. He was a member of the Council of Five Hundred in 1797, and counselor of state in 1816. He was the author of *Influence de l'Habitude*; *L'Aperception Immediate*; *Examen des Lecons de Philosophie de Laromiguiere*. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states he was a Freemason.

Lester J. Maitland Brigadier General, state guard, piloted first plane to cross the Pacific from Calif. to Hawaii; held world's speed record for planes. b. Feb. 5, 1899 in Milwaukee, Wis. Enlisted in aviation section of Signal Corps in WWI and was commissioned reserve military aviator in 1918, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1951. He was aide to

General William Mitchell and General Patrick, chief of staff of Air Corps, in 1921–25. He flew the world's first 200 mile-per-hour plane in 1922 at Detroit, and the following year broke the existing world speed record at Dayton. In 1927, in company with Albert F. Hegenberger, q.v., he piloted the first plane to cross the Pacific. In 1940 he was commanding officer of 1st Composite Group at Manila, Philippines, and after fall of Manila moved all Air Corps troops to Bataan. He was then ordered to Australia to organize and train the 386th Bomb Group. In 1943 he was in combat in the European Theatre. From 1948–49 was director of Wisconsin Aeronautics and director of civil defense, Michigan, 1951–56. In 1956 he was ordained an Episcopal minister and since that date has served as rector of St. John's Church, Iron River, Mich. Author of *Knights of the Air*. Member of Ken-wood Lodge No. 303, Milwaukee, Wis., he received his degrees May 14, 1920, June 30, and July 19, 1921.

Elliott W. Major (1864–1949) Governor of Missouri, 1913–17. b. Oct 20, 1864 in Lincoln Co., Mo. Admitted to bar in 1885, he was a member of the state senate from 1897–99, and attorney general of Mo., 1908–12. In the latter capacity he successfully prosecuted the lumber trust, beef trust, and harvester trust. Member of Frankfort Lodge No. 192, Frankfort, Mo. and 32° AASR (SJ). While governor he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1915, and on June 24, 1915 he attended the laying of the cornerstone of the present state capitol building in Jefferson City, delivering an oration on the occasion. He also delivered an oration on May 16, 1914, at the laying of the cornerstone of the administration building

of the Masonic Home in St. Louis. He said on this occasion. . . . “Masonry has always been in the front ranks of the march of progress, working hand in hand with the church for the good of humanity.” d. July 9, 1949.

J. Earl Major Judge, U.S. Court of Appeals, 7th Circuit. b. Jan 5, 1887 at Donnellson, Ill. Admitted to bar in 1910 and began practice at Hillsboro, Ill. U.S. Congressman to 68th and 70th through 73rd congresses (1923–25 and 1927–35), resigning in 1933 to become judge of U.S. district court of Southern Ill. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 51, Hillsboro, Ill., receiving degrees on Aug. 24, Sept. 14, and Oct. 31, 1911.

Alexander Majors (1814–1900) Partner of the famous “Russell, Majors and Waddell” freight firm that built the Western empire and was a forerunner of the Pony Express. b. Oct. 4, 1814 in Franklin, Ky. He was brought to Missouri Territory at the age of five and his family settled in Lafayette Co. He operated the Majors’ Pony Express and entered the Sante Fe trade in 1848. The partnership with Russell and Waddell was formed in 1855, and in two years they had cleared \$300,000. When the Pony Express was put in operation their business was ruined, and Majors eventually died penniless in Chicago, Ill. on Jan. 12, 1900. The firm operated from Westport, Mo. (now part of Kansas City) which was the early-day “jumping off” point for the West. The firm was largely made up of Freemasons, and tried to operate on Masonic principles. Its ability to transport supplies to points of settlement in the West and to the military posts guarding them encouraged emigration from the East and led to the

rapid building up of the new lands. Majors was a member of Golden Square Lodge No. 107 and Davenport Chapter No. 19, RAM., both of Westport. He was exalted in the chapter on Feb. 10, 1853. He also established the first meat packing plant in Kansas City. A religious man, he required his wagon men to subscribe to the following oath: "While I am in the employ of A. Majors, I agree not to use profane language, not to get drunk, not to gamble, not to treat animals cruelly, and not to do anything else that is incompatible with the conduct of a gentleman. And I agree, if I violate any of these conditions, to accept my discharge without any pay for my service."

Carl S. Makeig President of Southwestern Electric Service Co., 1945–55, and chairman since 1955. b. July 2, 1888 in West, Texas. He began as a cashier in a Cleburne, Texas dry goods store in 1908, and from 1909 was connected with public utilities, first at Cleburne and then Waco, Amarillo, and Roswell, N. Mex. He was general manager of Gulf Public Service, Co., La., 1929–30; general manager of Southwestern Public Service Co., Amarillo, 1930–34, and president and director of same, 1934–42 and 1944–45. Member of Amarillo Lodge No. 731, Amarillo, Texas, receiving degrees on Jan. 16, Feb. 20, March 15, 1922.

Malcolm III King of Scotland, 1059–93. With the help of Siward he defeated and killed Macbeth in 1057. He carried on war with England from 1077–80. In laying siege to Alnwick in 1093, he was trapped and killed. He started the transition from the Celtic culture and Columban religious rites to the feudal system and Roman ritual. Tradition has it

that he chartered the Lodge of Saint John of Glasgow in the year 1051.

George A. Malcolm Lawyer, judge, author. b. Nov. 5, 1881 in Concord, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1904 and 1906. He began as a clerk in – the Philippine service in 1906; became justice of the supreme court of the Philippines from 1917–36; and was on the staff of the U.S. commissioner for Philippines, 1936–42. He was founder and dean of the College of Law, U. of Philippines; founder of Acacia fraternity; and was first Rotary governor of the Philippines. He is the author of *Sunset of Colonialism*; *First Malayan Republic*, the *Story of the Philippines*; *The Commonwealth of the Philippines*; *Legal and Judicial Ethics*; *Philippine Civics*; *The Government of the Philippine Islands*; and others. Received his degrees in Concord Lodge No. 30, Concord, Mich. in 1904–05, and is a life member of same.

Philip S. Malcolm (1847–1929) Grand Prior, Southern Supreme Council, A.A.S.R. Oct. 30, 1847 in Oswego, N.Y. An electrical engineer, he went to Panama in 1869 with the Panama railroad, and thence to London and Australia, where he engaged in mercantile business. In Oregon in 1882 he was engaged in railroad construction, and after 1884, in mercantile pursuits. In 1900 he was elected recorder of Multnomah Co., and in 1907 appointed collector of customs. He was raised in Sodus Lodge No. 392, Sodus, N.Y., Dec. 1, 1868. He was twice master of lodges in Australia, and once of Portland Lodge No. 55, Portland, Oreg. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon and grand commander of the Grand

Commandery, K.T. of Oregon in the same year–1894–95. He was a member of the Scottish Rite in Panama, receiving the 4th through 30th degrees there and subsequent degrees in Portland. Received 33° in 1891, grand cross in 1895, and active inspector general in 1911. d. Feb. 1, 1929.

William Malcolm Brigadier General in the American Revolution. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, New York City, and at one time deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Garrick Mallery (1784–1866) Jurist, who was largely responsible for developing the penitentiary system of Pennsylvania. b. April 17, 1784 in Middlebury, Conn. He was the father of Garrick Mallery, q.v., the ethnologist. Graduate of Yale in 1808, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1811. Member of Pa. legislature four terms, starting in 1827. Judge of the 3rd district of Pa. in 1831–36, and subsequently practiced law in Philadelphia. Member of Lodge No. 61 (no name) Wilkes–Barre, Pa. and was master from 1822–24 and 1831. d. July 6, 1866.

Garrick Mallery (1831–1894) Ethnologist and army officer. b. April 23, 1831, in Wilkes–Barre, Pa., the son of Garrick Mallery, q.v., the jurist. Graduate of Yale in 1850, and law degree from U. of Pennsylvania in 1853. He practiced law in Philadelphia until the Civil War when he volunteered as a first lieutenant in the Pa. troops on April 15, 1861. Rose to rank of colonel, was twice severely wounded, and held in Libby prison. After the war he accepted a commission as

a captain in the 1st Infantry. He was appointed secretary of state and adjutant-general of Virginia, with the rank of brigadier general. In Aug., 1870, he was the first officer detailed for meteorological service with the Army Signal Corps, and was long in charge of the signal-service bureau. He made investigations into the pictographs and mythologies of the Dakota Indians while in the Army. After retiring in 1879, he became the first ethnologist of the Bureau of Ethnology on its organization at Washington, D.C. in that year. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia, and its master in 1855. Also a member of Columbia Chapter No. 91, R.A.M. of Philadelphia. He received his lodge degrees on Sept. 26, Nov. 28 and Dec. 26, 1853. d. 1894.

Earl of Malmsbury (1873–1950) English nobleman who had a world famous collection of paintings. He once served as senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England. d. June 12, 1950.

Benoit Malon (1841–1893) French Deputy to National Assembly. Bulletin of International Masonic Congress of 1917 states he was a Freemason.

George W. Malone U.S. Senator from Nevada (1946–58) b. Aug. 7, 1890 in Fredonia, Kansas. Student at U. of Nevada. Won amateur middleweight boxing championship of Pacific Coast while attending the university. Began as a civil and hydraulic engineer at Reno in 1914. Now member of The Malone Engineers, whose speciality is power, reclamation, flood control, public utilities. Was advisor to secretary of

Interior on construction of Boulder Dam. Served in WWI as private through lieutenant with the 40th Infantry Division, A.E.F. Member of Reno Lodge No. 13, Reno Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Dewitt Clinton Commandery No. 1, K.T., Reno Consistory AASR (SJ) and Kerak Shrine Temple, all of Reno, Nev.

Paul H. Maloney U.S. Congressman, 72nd through 79th Congresses from La. b. Feb. 14, 1876 in New Orleans. He began as a printer's devil and rose from office boy of Heaslip Drayage Co. in 1893 to president in 1918. He was the organizer and president of Linen Supply Co., Maloney Trucking & Storage, Inc., Maloney Motor Car Co., Gallagher Transfer and Storage Co. He was a member of the lower house in La. from 1914–16. Member of Alpha Home Lodge No. 72, New Orleans, receiving degrees on April 21, May 6 and 19, 1906. Received 50-year certificate on June 12, 1906. Was potentate of Jerusalem Shrine Temple in 1932.

Albert Hay Malotte Composer of musical score for *The Lord's Prayer*; *The 23rd Psalm* and others. b. May 19, 1895 in Philadelphia, Pa. Studied in the U.S. and Paris. He has been a concert organist since 1915, playing in theaters in San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Buffalo, Chicago, Los Angeles, and London. From 1928–31 he was chief recording organist for Fox and RKO studies. He has been a composer of film music for Hollywood studios since 1930. He composed two ballets produced at the Hollywood Bowl in 1934, and has also composed lightoperas, oratorios, concert songs, and piano music. Member of William D. Stephens Lodge No. 698, Los

Angeles, Calif. 32° AASR (SJ). Member and organist of AL Malaikah Shrine Temple.

George, 4th Duke of Manchester Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England (Moderns), 1777–82.

Charles F. Manderson (1837–1911) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1883–95. b. Feb. 9, 1837 in Philadelphia, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1859, and practiced at Canton, Ohio. He enlisted in the Union Army in 1861 as a private and rose to brigadier general in 1865. He saw service in most of the mid-western battles and was severely wounded at Lovejoy's Station, Ga. He returned to practice in Stark Co., Ohio, but moved to Omaha, Nebr. in 1869. He was a member of the Nebraska constitutional convention and was city attorney of Omaha for six years. His original membership was undoubtedly in Ohio, as he affiliated with Nebraska Lodge No. 1, Omaha and was in good standing at the time of his death on Sept. 28, 1911. Was president of the American Bar Association in 1900.

John A. Mandeville (1882–1941) President of Mandeville Mills, cotton – manufacturers. b. July 7, 1882 in Carrollton, Ga. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1905. He served on U.S.S. Maryland, U.S.S. Concord, and U.S.S. Illinois between 1905–09. Also president of Carroll Realty & Insurance Co., Carrollton, Ga. Received degrees in' Carroll Lodge No. 69, Carrollton, Ga. in 1909, becoming a charter member of Free State Lodge No. 384 in 1922, and in 1935 again a member of Carroll Lodge No. 69 when Free State Lodge consolidated with it. d. Oct. 5, 1941.

Jake Alex Manducich U.S. hero of World War I who received the Congressional Medal of Honor and was decorated by eleven nations. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago in spring of 1954. The class was named the Pershing Class. Pershing read the citation when Manduchich's medal was bestowed.

Michael A.B. de Mangourit (?– 1829) Founder of the Rite of Sublimes Elus de la Verite at Rennes, France in 1776. He was a member of the Grand Orient of France. In Paris he founded the society of Dames of Mount Thabor, an organization for both sexes. His Masonic Literary Society of Free Thinkers was active for three years. He delivered lectures which subsequently were published in *Cours de Philosophie Maconnique*. d. Feb. 17, 1829.

James Mann (1759–1832) Surgeon in American Revolution and War of 1812. b. July 22, 1759 in Wrentham, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1776, studied medicine, and served as surgeon for three years in the Revolutionary Army. He settled in New York after the war and practiced there until the beginning of the War of 1812, when he joined the U.S. Army as a hospital surgeon, and was later in charge of the medical department on the northern frontier. He was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati. He was a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. Member of Montgomery Lodge, Milford, Mass. d. Nov. 7, 1832.

Louis Mann (1865–1931) Actor and playwright. b. April 20, 1865 in New York. Made first stage appearance at age

of three in children's production of *Snowflake*, at Old Stadt Theatre, N.Y.C. Attended U. of California, but did not graduate, joining the McCullough & Barrett Stock Co. He appeared with such greats as Booth, Salvini, Marie Prescott, and Lewis Morrison. He played "Page" in Oscar Wilde's first play—*Vera*, the Nihilist. He headed his own company and played Robert Audley in *Lady Audley's Secret*. He starred as Dick Winters in *Incog* and was original caricaturist of Svengali in *Merry World*. Other star roles were in *The Laughing Girl*; *Girl From Paris*; *The Telephone Girl*; *Girl in the Barracks*, *Julie Bon Bon*, (all with Clara Lipman). He starred alone in *Elevating a Husband*; *Man Who Stood Still*; *The Bubble*; and achieved greatest success as Carl Pfiefer in *Friendly Enemies* (1918). He co-starred with his wife in *That French Lady* in 1926. He coauthored *The Bubble* and *Thieves Paradise*, starring in both. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, (Dec. 1889) New York City. d. Feb. 15, 1931.

William L. Mann, Jr. Rear Admiral (Medical) U.S. Navy. b. July 26, 1884 in Georgetown, Texas. Graduate of Southwestern U. of Texas, 1903 and 1904; M.D. degree from Harvard in 1908, and graduate of various service medical schools. Commissioned lieutenant in Medical Corps in 1908, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1943. Saw service at sea, China, Philippines, Haiti, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va. Was force surgeon, Fleet Marine Force; commanding officer of Naval Hospital, Corpus Christi, Texas; commanding officer _Naval Medical Research Institute, Bethesda, Md., and district medical officer 13th Naval district. Delegate to International Congress of Military Medicine at Bucharest, Rumania in 1937.

President of Association of Military Surgeons in 1932, and fellow of American College of Surgeons. Affiliated with San Gabriel No. 89, Georgetown, Texas on March 13, 1931 from St. John Lodge No. 1 of N.H. Shriner.

William M. Mann Zoologist. b. July 1, 1886 in Helena, Mont. Graduate of Stanford U. (1911) and Harvard U. (1915). He has directed expeditions to Africa (1926); British Guiana (1931); Argentina (1938); Liberia (1940); East Indies (1937); and made explorations in the West Indies, Asia, Africa, Australia, South Pacific and Netherlands Indies. He has been director of the National Zoological Park, Washington, D.C. since 1925. Now retired. Member of Morning Star Lodge No. 5, Helena, Mont. 32° AASR (SJ) in Washington, D.C. Member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, and chairman of acts committee of Almas Shrine Circus.

Daniel Manning (1831–1887) U.S. Secretary of Treasury, 1885–1887. b. May 16, 1831 in Albany, N.Y. When 12 years old he entered the office of the Albany Argus and rose to manager, becoming president of the paper in 1873. Interested in railroads and banking, he was president of the National Commercial Bank at Albany. He resigned as secretary of Treasury to become president of the Bank of New York. Member of Temple Lodge No. 14, Albany, N.Y. d. Dec. 24, 1887.

Thomas Manningham (?—1794) English physician often credited as the author of the famous prayer at initiation and also opening of a lodge which begins “Most Holy and

Glorious Lord God, thou Architect of Heaven and Earth, who are the Giver of all good –Gifts and Graces.” He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England under Lord Carysfort (1752–54), and under the Marquess of Carnarvon (1754–57). It was during his term of office that the rival “Antient” Masonry first came to the fore. He opposed the schismatic efforts of the Antients. Two interesting letters from his pen are preserved in the archives of the Grand Lodge of the Netherlands. Both allude to the additional degrees then recently imported into Holland (1757). In one he says: “My father has been a Mason these 50 years. . . . He knows none of these ceremonies. Grand Master Payne, who succeeded Sir Christopher Wren, is a stranger to them.” His father was Sir Richard Manningham, the “man-midwife” and a noted physician, who was a member of Old Horn Lodge, now Royal Somerset and Inverness Lodge No. 4. d. Feb. 3, 1794.

Joseph J. Mansfield (1861–1947) U.S. Congressman to 65th through 78th Congresses (1917–45) from 9th Texas dist. b. Feb. 9, 1861 in Wayne, Va. (now W. Va.). His father was a Confederate officer who was killed in battle in 1861. He settled in Texas in 1881 and was admitted to the bar in 1886. He served as county judge ten terms. Raised July 2, 1883 in Caledonia Lodge No. 68, Columbus, Texas; master of same from 1886–90. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1912–13. d. July 12, 1947.

Alexander M. Manson Justice Supreme Court of British Columbia. b. Oct. 7, 1883 in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of U. of Toronto in 1905. Called to the bar in 1908. Member of British

Columbia legislature in 1916–35 and speaker in 1921. He was attorney general and minister of Labor 1922–28; King's Counsel, 1922; and justice of supreme court since 1935. He was awarded King George V Silver Jubilee medal in 1935 and King George VI Coronation medal in 1937. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of British Columbia, 1925–26, and past first grand principal of Grand Chapter of British Columbia.

John T. Manson (1861–1944) President of American Bible Society. b. Aug. 30, 1861 in New Haven, Conn. He was director of Niagara Alkali Co., Equitable Life Assurance Society of U.S., and Security Insurance Co.; and was trustee of Princeton Theological Seminary, and Lafayette College. Member of Wooster Lodge No. 79, New Haven, Conn., Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar. d. Feb 21, 1944.

Mahlon D. Manson (1820–1895) Union Brigadier General in Civil War and U.S. Congressman from Indiana, 1871–73. b. in Piqua, Ohio, Feb. 20, 1820. He studied pharmacy and settled in Crawfordsville, Ind. He served as a captain in the Mexican War with the 5th Indiana Volunteers; and was in the state legislature in 1851–52. At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted as a private and immediately was made colonel of the 10th Indiana Regiment, which he commanded at the Battle of Rich Mountain, W. Va., in July, 1861. He led the 2nd Brigade, 1st Division of the Army of the Ohio in action at Mill Springs, Ky. in Jan., 1862, and was appointed brigadier general the following March. He was wounded at Richmond, Ky., in August, 1862, taken prisoner, but exchanged in Dec. He was in command during the Morgan raid in Ind. and Ohio

in July, 1863, and in Sept. was placed at the head of the 23rd Corps. He took part in the siege of Knoxville, Tenn. and was wounded at the Battle of Resaca. He was made a Mason in 1844 in Ohio; became a charter member of Montgomery Lodge No. 50, Crawfordsville, Ind., and was master in 1845. In 1859 he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana. He was also a member of Crawfordsville Chapter No. 40, R.A.M. and past high priest; Knight Templar and 32° AASR (NJ).

Lee Mantle (1851–1934) U.S. Senator from Montana, 1895–99. b. Dec. 13, 1851 in Birmingham, England. He immigrated to the U.S. with his mother, who settled in Salt Lake City in 1864, and moved to Idaho Territory in 1870. He became a telegraph operator for Western Union, and later agent of the Wells–Fargo Express at Butte in 1877. In 1881 he established the *Inter Mountain*, a daily Republican paper. He was a member of the territorial house in 1882, 1884, and 1888, serving as speaker in the last year. He was mayor of Butte in 1892. He continued as manager and part time editor of the newspaper until 1901, and then engaged in the real estate and mining business. He later moved to Los Angeles, Calif. Member of Silver Bow Lodge No. 48, Butte, Mont. d. Nov. 18, 1934.

James J. Mapes (1806–1866) Inventor, chemist and civil engineer. b. May 29, 1806 in New York City. Received a common school education; developed a liking for chemistry and entered business for himself. In 1832 he invented a new system of sugar refining, and later devised a machine for manufacturing sugar from the cane, which was extensively employed

in the Southern states and West Indies. His process for manufacturing sugar from molasses was used in almost every state in the Union. He was appointed professor of chemistry and natural philosophy in the National Academy of Design, N.Y., and later at the American Institute. His analyses of beer and wine for temperance societies and legislative bodies were long regarded as standard. He made numerous improvements in distilling, dyeing, tempering steel, and color-making. He was one of the first civil engineers to open an office for consulting purposes, and was held as an expert in court cases. In the agricultural field he invented the lifting subsoil plow and originated the use of super-phosphates in the U.S., receiving a patent for his process in 1859. Member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge, N.Y.C. and master of same in 1833.

Walter Henry, 11th Earl of Mar and Kellie Seventy first Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1882–84.

Jean Paul Marat (1743–1793) French Revolutionist. b. in Switzerland, he studied medicine. He took an active part in the pre-revolutionary agitation, and in 1789 published *L'Ami du Peuple*, exciting many groups to violence. He was a member of the French National Convention of 1792, and became identified with the radical Jacobins. He was attacked by the Girondists, arrested, and tried, but on April 24, 1793 was acquitted. He joined Danton and Robespierre in overthrowing the power of the Girondists and became the leader of the radical group in the “reign of terror.” This so aroused Charlotte Corday that she surprised him in his bath on July 13, 1793, and stabbed him to death. He was made a Mason

in England, and a grand lodge certificate of his membership was issued on July 15, 1774 signed by James Heseltine, the grand secretary. He later became a member of the Loge la Bien Aimee at Amsterdam.

Thomas L. Marble (1876–1952) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Hampshire, 1943–47. b. Dec. 24, 1876 at Auburn, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. and Harvard U., being admitted to the bar in 1904. He practiced at Berlin, N.Y. from 1905–17, and in the latter year was appointed associate justice of the supreme court of N.H., serving until 1947. After 1947 he was law consultant to firm of Morse & Grand, Concord, N.H. Member of Gorham Lodge No. 73, Gorham, N.H., receiving degrees on April 25, May 23, and June 20, 1899. Knighted in North Star Commandery, K.T., Lancaster, N.H. on Jan. 31, 1901. d. Oct. 23, 1952.

Charles H. March (1870–1945) Member of Federal Trade Commission. b. Oct. 20, 1870 in Cedar Mills, Minn. Admitted to the bar in 1893 and began practice at Litchfield, Minn. Was attorney for Great Northern Railroad. Appointed to the Federal Trade Commission in 1929, and served until his death. Member of Golden Fleece Lodge No. 89, Litchfield, Minn. receiving degrees on Mar. 11, 1892, Feb. 23 and Mar. 10, 1893. Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Aug. 28, 1945.

Gabriel Mathieu Marconis More frequently known as Marconis de Negre from his dark complexion. He was the alleged founder of the Rite of Memphis and its first grand master. This system of “Masonic” degrees is said to have been

brought from Egypt in 1814 by Samuel Honis. The first lodge was founded at Montauban, France on April 30, 1815, and was closed March 7, 1816. His son, Jacques Etienne Marconis, q.v., succeeded him and probably did more to spread the rite than the father. They claimed that it was the only true Freemasonry, older than all others, and that it was introduced into Europe by Ormus, a seraphic priest of Alexandria and Egyptian sage, who had been converted by St. Mark, and who had reformed the doctrines of the Egyptians in accordance with the principles of Christianity. Actually, it was based on the Rite of Mizraim which originated in Milan, Italy, about 1805, which in turn was probably taken from the Primitive Rite of Philadelphes of Narbornne, the latter being established in 1779 and united with the Grand Orient of France in 1786. Others prominent in the Rite of Mizraim were Clavel, Lechangeur, and the three Bedarride brothers—Joseph, Michel and Marc. The Bedarrides published the history of the rite in Paris in 1845. It is entitled *De L'Order de Mizraim*. It had 87 degrees which soon expanded to 90. Many were “lifts” from the AASR.

Jacques Etienne Marconis (1795–1868) Leader of the Rite of Memphis. b. Jan. 3, 1795 at Montauban, France, the son of Gabriel M. Marconis, q.v., founder and first grand master of the Rite of Memphis. Jacques did more to spread and popularize the order than his father. He is the author of *The Sanctuary of Memphis*. Jacques visited America in 1856, and on Nov. 9th established a lodge of his system in New York, authorizing work up to and including the 90th degree—a few of the more prominent members being invested with some

of the higher grades. The following year a Sovereign Grand Council General, 94°, was founded there with Major David McLellan as its head. Marconis returned to France in 1857, and on April 27, 1861, McLellan resigned his office to accompany his regiment to the front, appointing Harry J. Seymour as his successor. Gradually the rite fell into disrepute due to the bickerings of its officers. Many jurisdictions prohibited it. d. Nov. 21, 1868.

Harry H. Margolin Active member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR, Southern Jurisdiction and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in South Dakota. Received 32° in 1936; KCCH in 1937; and 33° in 1947, becoming an active member in 1955. He is a retail merchant in Yankton, S. Dak.

Maria Theresa (1717–1780) Archduchess of Austria and Queen of Hungary and Bohemia. She was the daughter of Emperor Charles VI. She opposed France, Prussia, and Spain in the War of Austrian Succession, 1740–48. and lost Silesia to Frederick II, q.v., of Prussia, and Austrian lands to Naples. She made an alliance with France which brought on the Seven Years' War in 1756–63, in which Austria was humiliated. In 1736 she married Francis I, Holy Roman Emperor, q.v., and with him, was co-regent of Austria from 1740–45. Her husband, who was grand master of Austria, did not concern himself with her wars. She, in turn, showed great hostility to Freemasonry, presumably from religious advisors, and at one time issued an edict against Freemasonry. Their daughter was the ill-fated Marie Antoinette. After the death of Francis I, she and her son Joseph II, q.v., became co-rulers. Joseph

II first gave his protection and blessing to Freemasonry, and later rescinded it.

Shelley U. Marietta Major General (Medical) U.S. Army b. Jan. 5, 1881 in Palmyra, Iowa. Received dental degree from Drake U. in 1902 and medical degree from U. of Illinois in 1909. He practiced dentistry in Des Moines from 1902–05, and medicine in same city from 1909–10, entering the Medical Corps, U.S. Army, that year. He advanced to brigadier general in 1939, and major general in 1943, retiring in 1946. He served in many general hospitals throughout the U.S. and was commanding officer of Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., from 1939–46. He saw service on the Mexican border and in France in WWI. Member of Aurora Lodge No. 156, Aurora, Colo. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at San Antonio, Texas on Nov. 18, 1926 and KCCH in 1945.

Francis Marion (1732–1795) Revolutionary War General who was known as the “Swamp Fox.” He fought in the Cherokee War, and served throughout the Revolution in command of militia troops in South Carolina. He harassed British forces –by raids and escaped into the swamps and forests when hard pressed. He is often referred to as a Freemason, but no documented proof exists.

John H. Marion (1874–1944) Justice, Supreme Court of South Carolina, 1922–26. b. Oct. 23, 1874 in Rich–burg, S. Car. Graduate of South Carolina Coll. and Presbyterian Coll. of S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1893 and began practice at Chester. Member of lower house, 1899–1900, and of state senate,

1918–22. Was legal representative of many Duke interests at Charlotte, N. Car, from 1927. Member of Chester Lodge No. 18, Chester, S. Car. from 1899–1924, dimitting probably to N. Car. d. May, 1944.

D. John Markey Soldier and business consultant. b. Oct. 7, 1882 in Frederick, Md. He enlisted in Maryland national guard in 1898, serving as a private in the Spanish–American War; was a major in the Mexican Border Campaign in 1916; a lieutenant colonel of 20th Infantry Division with A.E.F. in WWI. In WWII he was a brigadier general of Maryland national guard; member of general staff, U.S. Army, and in 1941–42, commanded the 115th Infantry of 29th Division. He retired as a major general, national guard in 1947. In WWI he was an aide to General Pershing, q.v. Member of American Battle Monument Commission, 1923–53. Life member of Columbia Lodge No. 58, Frederick, Md.

Sir Albert H. Markham (1841–1918) English Arctic explorer and Rear Admiral, British Navy. He was the brother of Sir Clements R. Markham, also an explorer. He entered the Navy in 1856. In 1873 he brought back the survivors of the American Polaris Arctic Expedition. He commanded the Alert in the British Arctic Expedition of 1875–76 as a captain. He led a sledge party without dogs and succeeded in reaching the northernmost point yet achieved at that time. It was not exceeded until 1895. He was the author of several important works descriptive of voyages of discovery. He became a member of Phoenix Lodge No. 257, Portsmouth, England on April 28, 1886 and on May 1, 1891 was elected a member of

the Inner Circle of the Quatour Coronati Lodge of London.

Edwin Markham (1852–1940) American poet. b. April 23, 1852 in Oregon City, Oreg. He went to Calif. in 1857 where he worked during his boyhood at farming, blacksmithing, and herding cattle and sheep. He was educated in San Jose Normal School and took special studies in two western colleges. Until 1899 he was a principal and superintendent of schools in Calif. His *Man With the Hoe*, written in 1899, received world-wide recognition and was hailed by many as “the battle-cry of the next 1000 years.” Other works were: *Lincoln, and Other Poems*, 1901; *The Shoes of Happiness and other Poems*; *California, the Wonderful*, 1915; *Gates of Paradise*, 1920; *The Ballad of the Gallows Bird*, 1926; *New Poems—Eighty Songs at Eighty*, 1932; *The Star of Araby*, 1937. Interested in the problems of child labor, he wrote a series of magazine articles which were published in book form as *The Children in Bondage*. He edited *The Book of Poetry* (2 volumes covering 1,000 years of poetry). He moved from Calif. to N.Y. in 1899. He became a member of Acacia Lodge No. 92, Coloma, Calif., and later affiliated with El Dorado Lodge No. 26, Placerville, Calif. He was nominated by the Grand Lodge of Oregon for the position of “poet laureate” of American Freemasonry. In 1935 he was awarded the Masters Medal of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. March 7, 1940.

R. H. Markham Journalist. b. Feb. 21, 1887 in Twelve Mile, Kans. Graduate of Washburn Coll. (Topeka), Union Theol. Sem., (N.Y.) and Columbia U. He was a missionary for American Mission Board of Boston to Bulgaria from

1912–18, during which period he saw two wars and a number of revolutions. In 1918 he was Y.M.C.A. secretary in Archangel, Russia, returning to Bulgaria with the Mission Board from 1920–26. From 1926 he was with the Christian Science Monitor as Bulgarian, Balkan, and European correspondent. He covered the Ethiopian War, Austrian Socialist uprising, and Hitler's entrance into Vienna. He returned to the U.S. between 1939–42, and in 1946 was expelled from the Russian controlled countries. During WWII he was on leave as a special deputy of the Office of War Information. Author of many books including Protestants Awake; Bulgaria; Today and Tomorrow; The Wave of the Past; Rumania Under the Soviet Yoke. Mason.

John Markle II Vice President of Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania since 1950. b. May 22, 1902 in Hazel-ton, Pa. Graduate of Yale in 1924. He began in that year with the Lehigh Telephone Co. at Hazelton, Pa. and when it merged with Bell in 1930, he became district traffic superintendent at Allentown. His advancement continued until he became vice president in charge of personnel and labor relations in April, 1950. In WWII he planned civilian air defense and aircraft warning service from telephone standpoint in Pa. Member of Azalea Lodge No. 687, Hazelton, Pa. receiving all degrees on Nov. 27, 1923 and master in 1931; junior grand deacon of Grand Lodge of Pa. 1950–52; chairman of committee on library and museum, 1950–53. Exalted in Hazelton Chapter No. 277, R.A.M. in 1927, later affiliating with Perseverance Chapter No. 21, Harrisburg, and since 1949, member of Montgomery Chapter No. 262, Ardmore. Greeted in Harrisburg Council No.

7, R. & SM.; master in 1948 and grand marshal, Grand Council of Pa. in 1948. Knighted in Mount Vernon Commandery No. 73, K.T. Hazelton; commander in 1935; member of finance committee, Grand Cornmandery of Pa., 1947–58. Member of Scottish Rite at Bloomsburg, Pa., master of Rose Croix in 1942, and stage manager of Caldwell Consistory; 33° in 1942. He was sovereign of Orient Conclave No. 2, Red Cross of Constantine, in 1947–48, and grand sovereign of the Grand Imperial Council (United Empire) in 1957–58. Member of Irem Shrine Temple, Royal Order of Scotland, Council of Anointed Kings.

William Marks (1778–1858) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1825–31. b. Oct. 13, 1778 in Chester Co., Pa., moving in childhood to Allegheny Co. He received limited schooling and learned the tanning trade. He studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing at Pittsburgh, Pa. He was a member of the state lower house from 1810–19, serving as speaker the last six years. He commanded the Pa. state militia in 1814. From 1820–25 he was a member of the state senate. After his defeat for reelection to the U.S. senate, he resumed law practice in Pittsburgh, moving later to Beaver, Pa. He became a member of Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa. on Dec. 16, 1823. d. April 10, 1858.

Ernest W. Marland (1874–1941) Eighth Governor of Oklahoma, 1935–39; U.S. Congressman to 73rd Congress, 1933–35 from 8th Okla. dist. b. May 8, 1874 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1893. Began law practice in Pittsburgh, and later moved to Okla., where he engaged

largely in oil production as president of the Marland Oil Co. and various subsidiary agencies. He erected the famous statue, The Pioneer Woman. Member of Ponca Lodge No. 83, Ponca City, Okla. on July 15, Aug. 19, Sept. 16, 1912. Exalted in Olivet Chapter No. 25, R.A.M., Ponca City on May 24, 1915 and received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oklahoma's Consistory at Guthrie on Oct. 17, 1912. d. Oct. 3, 1941.

James P. Marley Major General, U.S. Army, b. Nov. 20, 1882 near Slay-den, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1907. Promoted through grades to brigadier general (temp.) in 1940, and major general (temp.) in 1941. Served in U.S. and Philippines, Mexican Border, and both World Wars. Commanded 8th Motorized Division and U.S. Disciplinary Barracks. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

John Sappington Marmaduke (1833–1887) Governor of Missouri, 1884–87, dying in office; Confederate Major General of Civil War. b. March 14, 1833 near Arrow Rock, Mo. Attended Yale and Harvard and was graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1857. His mother was Lavinia Sappington, daughter of the early pioneer physician, John Sappington, and his father was M. M. Marmaduke, q.v., also a governor of Mo. He served two years in Utah (1858–59) with an expedition sent to quell the Mormon revolt. While there, he joined Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 205, Camp Floyd, Utah Territory, chartered by the Grand Lodge of Missouri as a traveling lodge. At the outbreak of the Civil War, he resigned his commission and joined the Confederate forces, much against the wishes of his father who was a staunch Unionist. He was

commissioned lieutenant colonel and given command of the 3rd Infantry. He fought at Shiloh where he was wounded on the second day. He was promoted to brigadier general and transferred to the trans-Mississippi department and commanded in Ark. and Mo., making frequent raids, once with 4,000 men. For his services he was made major general. On a raid with General Price, his forces were surrounded and he was compelled to surrender near Fort Scott on Oct. 24, 1864. He was held prisoner at Fort Warren until Aug., 1865. After a trip abroad to regain his health, he returned to St. Louis, Mo., where he established the Evening Journal and the Illustrated Journal of Agriculture. He later became secretary of the state board of agriculture, and in 1875 was appointed railroad commissioner. He affiliated with Anchor Lodge U.D. of St. Louis (now 443) on May 8, 1872, and withdrew on Aug. 25, 1875. d. Dec. 28, 1887.

Meredith Miles Marmaduke (1791–1864) Governor of Missouri, 1844. b. Aug. 28, 1791 in Westmoreland Co., Va. Served as colonel in War of 1812, and at close of war was appointed U.S. marshal for Eastern Va. He moved to Mo. in 1824 for his health, and was engaged in the Santa Fe trade for six years at Franklin, Howard Co., then settled near Arrow Rock where he became a successful farmer. He was the originator and president of the first state fair, and as county surveyor of Saline Co., he surveyed the present city of Marshall, Mo. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1840, and became acting governor on the death of Gov. Thomas Reynolds in 1844. He was a staunch Unionist in the Civil War, although his sons joined the Confederate forces. He married

Lavinia, second child of Dr. John Sappington, Mo. pioneer physician who made quinine pills famous in that day. His son, John S., q.v., became a major general in the Confederate Army. There is no question that he was a Mason, but his lodge has never been located. At this time the Grand Lodge of Missouri required all non-affiliated members in its jurisdiction to pay dues of \$3.00. In this respect, Arrow Rock Lodge No. 55, Arrow Rock, Mo. has several records of him as a Mason. On March 3, 1849 the minutes stated: "Lodge proceeded to ascertain the number of Master Masons under the jurisdiction of this lodge and not members of any. They were found worthy as follows: Wm. Price, Joseph Huston, Bird Lawless, Warren Davis, Thos. McMahan, M. M. Marmaduke. . . . Whereupon all found worthy are ordered to be cited to appear at the next meeting." On April 20, 1850, Anthony O'Sullivan, q.v., offered a resolution: "On motion Brother O'Sullivan the following brethren were elected worthy non-affiliated Master Masons: E. Scott, J. Fisher, M. M. Marmaduke, etc. . . ." On May 5, 1850 is recorded the payment of the following: "Non-affiliated Mason pd—M. M. Marmaduke, \$1.00." Similar records are found in the lodge minutes on March 15, 1851, April 10, 1852, and April 23, 1853. It is presumed that the grand lodge discontinued its attempts to collect from non-affiliates after that time for no more entries appear in the record. The Saline County history states that Marmaduke was buried "according to the rites of Freemasonry, he having been a Mason for a number of years." d. March 26, 1864 and buried in Sappington Cemetery near Arrow Rock.

Charles G. Marmion Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 19, 1905 in

Houston, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas and P. E. Theological Seminary in Va. Served churches in Eagle Lake and Columbus, Texas. Washington, D.C., Port Arthur and Dallas, Texas (1933–54). Since 1954 he has been bishop of the Diocese of Ky. From 1948–54 he was a member of the national council of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Received degrees in Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, Texas about 1926, and presently a member of Highland Park Lodge No. 1150, Dallas, Texas. Member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Jacland Murrur Author and adventurer. b. Feb. 14, 1901 in Sosnowiec, Poland and brought to U.S. in 1903. He left home in 1918, going to San Francisco, and then to sea for two years. He crossed Canada afoot to New York, returned to the West coast, and followed the sea until 1930, when he settled in Larkspur, Calif. He has been an author of short stories and books since 1927. His books include *Ecola!*; *Wind Driven*; *Three Went Armed*; *The Golden Me-dallion*; *The Sea and the Shore*; *Sea Duty*; *Andromeda*. He has contributed to a number of magazines including *Collier's*, *Saturday Evening Post* and *Country Gentleman*. Member of Marin Lodge No. 191, San Rafael, Calif., being raised on April 2, 1941.

William F. Marquat Major General, U.S. Army. b. March 17, 1894 in St. Louis, Mo. From 1913–17 he was a reporter, followed by service in WWI as a Coast Artillery officer. From 1919–20 he was automobile editor of the *Seattle Times*. He entered the regular army in 1920 as a captain, advanced through grades to major general, and retired in 1956. He was a staff officer for General MacArthur, q.v., in the Manila-Bataan

campaign, and through the East Indies, Papuan, New Guinea, Bismark Archipelego, South Philippines, and Luzon campaigns. From 1942 until end of war he was commander of anti-aircraft. He opened, and was chairman, of the Allied Council for Japan as the U.S. member. From 1945–52 he was chief of economic and scientific section of headquarters, SCAP, Tokyo, and chief of office of civil affairs and military government, 1952–54. A member of Eureka Lodge No. 20, Seattle, Wash., he received the degrees on Sept. 5, 24, and Oct. 17, 1919. Member of Nile Shrine Temple, Seattle.

Robert L. Marquis (1880–1934) President of North Texas State Teachers' College, from 1923. b. Jan. 4, 1880 in Golied, Texas. Graduate of Texas Christian TJ, U. of Chicago, and U. of Texas. He was a science teacher in Christian Coll., John Tarleton Coll. (both of Texas) and professor of biology at Sam Houston State Teachers' Coll., West Texas State Teachers' Coll., and North Texas State Teachers' Coll. from 1918–20. He was president of Sul Rose State Teachers' Coll., Alpine, Texas, 1920–23. Member of Standfield Lodge 217, Denton, Texas, receiving degrees on April 16, May 14 and June 11, 1919. d. April 15, 1934.

Frederick Marryat (1792–1848) (known as Captain Marryat) English naval commander and novelist of sea life. He served in the English Navy until 1830, when he retired. He visited Canada in 1837, and toured the U.S. where he wrote *The Phantom Ship*. In 1843 he settled on a farm in Langham, Norfolk. His novels are largely based on his own experiences at sea and include *Frank Mildmay*; *Peter Simple*;

Jacob Faithful; Search of a Father; Snarleyow, or the Dog Fiend; Poor Jack; Masterman Ready; The Settlers in Canada; and The Children of the New Forest. Member of the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, London, England, being initiated in 1826, and serving as junior warden in 1828.

Daniel Marsh Assistant Quartermaster General of the American Revolution. He was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 2 of New York City at the time the Grand Lodge of New Jersey was organized. It is not known with what lodge in New Jersey he subsequently affiliated, but he was a member of the convention at New Brunswick for the formation of a grand lodge.

Daniel L. Marsh Chancellor of Boston University for life from 1951; president of same, 1925–51. b. April 12, 1880 in West Newton, Pa. Graduate of Northwestern U., Boston U., and studied at many other universities here and abroad. Holds doctorates from a score of universities. Served as a Methodist minister in the Pittsburgh conference, 1908–13, and general superintendent of Methodist Church Union of Pittsburgh, 1913–26. Elected president of Boston on Dec. 30, 1925, and chancellor for life in 1951. He is a director of the John Hancock Mutual Life Ins. Co. and author of more than 40 books since 1917. Initiated in Rochester Lodge No. 229, Rochester, Pa. in 1903, and presently member of Boston University Lodge. From 1910–13 he was chaplain of Doric Lodge, Sewickley, Pa. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Valley of Pittsburgh and 33° in 1927. Member of Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston, Mass. In 1955 he presented gavels to his own lodge

and Brookline Lodge, both of Boston. The gavels were made of marble from the quarries at Jerusalem.

George T. Marsh (1876–1945) Author and lawyer. b. Aug. 9, 1876 in Lansingburgh, N.Y. Graduate of Yale U. in 1898, and studied at Harvard U. Began law practice at Providence, R.I. He was a member of the R.I. legislature, 1910–11. In WWI he was an Infantry and Air Service officer overseas. His books include: *Toilers of the Trails*; *The Whelps of the Wolf*; *The Valley of Voices*; *Men Marooned*; *Flash, the Lead Dog*; *Under Frozen Stars* and others. Mason. d. Aug. 10, 1945.

Joseph W. Marsh (1858–1936) President of Standard Underground Cable Co. from 1909. b. May 21, 1858 in New York City. He began as a clerk in a country store in Ohio, and later taught school. He became associated with the Standard Underground Cable Co. in 1881 as secretary to the founder, rising as assistant general manager, vice president, and general manager and president. Member of Crescent Lodge No. 576, Pittsburgh, receiving degrees on Jan. 7, Feb. 4 and March 4, 1895. d. Jan. 31, 1936.

Frank A. Marshall (1865–1931) Author of the DeMolay ritual. b. in Leavenworth, Kans. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1887. Was city editor of the Leavenworth (Kans.) Times for four years. In 1891 he was employed by the Kansas City Journal, working as reporter, city editor, and for 24 years as editorial writer, until the paper was discontinued in 1928. His *Little Lay Sermons* were published on Sunday for many years. Initiated in Westport Lodge No. 340 on April 29, 1913, he was master in

1917. His original York Rite memberships were in Kansas City Chapter, Shekinah Council, and Kansas City Commandery, but when the Westport bodies were organized he affiliated with them, serving as high priest of Westport Chapter No. 134 in 1919; commander of Westport Commandery No. 68, K.T. in 1920; and master of Westport Council No. 38, R. & S.M. in 1923. In the Scottish Rite, he received the K.C.C.H. in 1921. He also headed bodies of the Amaranth, White Shrine, Eastern Star, Red Cross of Constantine, and True Kindred. He was a member of the Grand Council of DeMolay and director of publicity for same. d. March 24, 1931.

George Catlett Marshall General of the Army; U.S. Secretary of State; U.S. Secretary of Defense; Ambassador to China; author of the “Marshall Plan” for European economic recovery. b. Dec. 31, 1880 in Uniontown, Pa. He was a student at Virginia Military Inst., 1897–1901, and holds honorary degrees from many universities and colleges. He was commissioned in 1901 as an Infantry lieutenant, advancing to major general in 1939, and general of the Army (5-star) in 1944. He served in the Philippines in 1901–02, and 1913–16. In WWI he was with the A.E.F., 1917–19, with 1st Infantry Division, chief of operations 1st Army, chief of staff, 8th Army Corps, participating in Battles of Cantigny, Aisne–Marne, St. Mihiel, and Meuse–Argonne. From 1919–24 he was aide–de–camp to General Pershing, q.v. From 1924–27 he was in China, followed by stateside commands. He was deputy chief of staff, U.S. Army from 1938–39, and chief of staff with rank of general, 1939–45. In 1945 he was appointed special representative of the president, to China, with rank of

ambassador. He served as U.S. secretary of State from 1947–49, and U.S. secretary of Defense, 1950–51. He was president of the American Red Cross, 1949–50. He has received many decorations and high honors, including the Nobel peace prize in 1953. Marshall was made a Mason “at sight” on December 16, 1941, by Ara M. Daniels, grand master of the Grand Lodge of District of Columbia, in the Scottish Rite Cathedral of the District. Receiving the degrees at the same time was Jesse H. Jones, q.v., then secretary of Commerce. Distinguished leaders from many states were present, and Carl H. Claudy, q.v., who had served as senior warden on the occasion, gave the candidates a general briefing on Freemasonry, at the request of Marshall. Marshall’s father had been an active Freemason at Uniontown, Pa., being high priest of Union Chapter No. 165, R.A.M. in 1889, and commander of Uniontown Commandery No. 49, K.T. in 1883.

Humphrey Marshall (1812–1872) Confederate Brigadier General of Civil War; U.S. Congressman; minister to China. b. Jan. 13, 1812 in Frankfort, Ky. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1832. He was on the Black Hawk expedition; resigned his commission in 1833 to study law, and entered practice at Frankfort and Louisville. Becoming active in the state militia, he raised a company of volunteers and marched to defend the Texas frontier against the Indians. As a colonel of volunteer cavalry, he served in the War with Mexico and won distinction in the Battle of Buena Vista. He then retired to his farm in Henry Co., Ky. He served in the U.S. congress, 1849–52 and 1855–59. He was U.S. minister to China from 1852–54. He recruited a large force of volunteers for the

Confederate army and was made brigadier general. He was in command of the Army of Eastern Kentucky, and in 1862 fought the Battle of Middle Creek with General Garfield. He defeated General Cox at Princeton, Va. and won control of the Lynchburg and Knoxville Railroad. He resigned his commission before the war ended, and served in the Confederate congress. After the war he practiced law at Louisville, Ky. Mason, and buried Masonically. d. March 28, 1872.

James W. Marshall (1812–1885) Discoverer of gold in California. b. in Hope, N.J. in 1812. He learned the trade of wagon builder. In 1833 he bought a farm near Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and in 1844 migrated to Calif. and entered the service of John A. Sutter, q.v. After serving in the Bear Flag War, he abandoned the stock farm he had established and entered the lumber business with Sutter in Coloma. On Jan. 18, 1848, while examining a mill-race being constructed, he found a nugget of gold. His discovery brought a great influx of adventurers to Calif. The newcomers seized his property and stock, dividing the land into town lots, and reducing Marshall to poverty. A bronze statue of Marshall was erected on the spot where he made his discovery. Some historians contend that Charles R. Bennett, q.v., first picked up the gold. Marshall was a member of Sonora Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Sonora, Calif. d. Aug. 8, 1885.

John Marshall (1755–1835) Chief Justice of U.S. Supreme Court, 1801–35 and known as the “Father of the Judiciary”; U.S. Secretary of State, 1800–01. b. Sept. 24, 1755 at Germantown, Fauquier Co., Va. He was the son of Thomas

Marshall, both father and son serving in the Revolution. He served at Brandywine, Germantown, Monmouth, Stony Point and Yorktown. His father was a major in the same regiment in which he was a lieutenant. He wintered with Washington at Valley Forge and it might have been here that, by his testimony, he had “become a Freemason while in the Revolutionary Army.” He had a brief course in law and began practice in Fauquier Co., and after two years moved to Richmond. From 1782–95 he was a member of the Virginia executive council, and from 1782–88 of the House of Burgesses, becoming the recognized Federalist leader in Virginia. In 1797–98 he was one of the two American commissioners –to France to obtain redress for hostile French actions. He was a member of the U.S. House of Representatives from 1799–1800; U.S. secretary of state, 1800–01, and chief justice, supreme court from 1801 until death. His most dramatic task on the supreme court bench was to preside at the trial of Aaron Burr, q.v., for treason. His greatest service to the nation was to make the supreme court the place of last resort in determining the constitutionality of both federal and state laws, thus making it truly “supreme.” It is not known where he received his degrees, but he was a member of Richmond Lodge No. 13 (now 10) of Richmond, Va., and of Richmond Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Richmond. He later became a member of Richmond–Randolph Lodge No. 19 of the same city. It appears that he was never master of a lodge, but nevertheless he was deputy grand master, and then from 1793–95 was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia. In 1785 he helped promote a lottery for the Masonic Hall in Richmond, and in the previous year he was a member of a committee

of Rich_mond-Randolph Lodge No. 19 (Jan. 2, 1784). On June 24, 1795 as grand master, he was present at a sermon in honor of St. John the Baptist, preached in the state capitol building. In 1822 he was one of a committee appointed to further the object of "general grand lodge." Between 1786 and 1796 he was recorded as being present at 15 sessions of the grand lodge. d. July 6, 1835. On July 9, John Dove, q.v., then master of Richmond Randolph Lodge No. 19 convened the lodge "for the purpose of paying the last sad tribute of respect to our late Worthy Brother, John Marshall, Chief Justice and late Master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia." The procession was formed and moved to the county court house where they met the body, and thence proceeded to the house of the deceased on the corner of Marshall and Ninth street, where a suitable discourse was delivered by the Right Rev. R. C. Moore, thence to Hollywood burial ground, where the body was interred with the usual Masonic honors. Tradition states that the Liberty Bell in Philadelphia cracked while tolling his death.

Peter Marshall (1902–1949) Presbyterian clergyman who was chaplain of the U.S. Senate, 1947–49, and gained international fame from his posthumous biography, written by his wife in book form, entitled *A Man Called Peter*. b. May 27, 1902 in Coatbridge, Scotland. Graduate of Columbia Theol. Seminary, Decatur, Ga. in 1931. He came to the U.S. in 1927 and was naturalized in 1938.. He was ordained to the Presbyterian ministry in 1931, serving churches in Covington, Ga., 1931–33; Atlanta, Ga., 1933–37; and New York Ave. Church, Washington, D.C. from 1937. He was chaplain of

U.S. Senate from Jan. 4, 1947. His wife's simple and straightforward presentation of the wonderful Christian character of her husband, his trials, hardships, and triumphs, captured the hearts of the readers and shot the book into the bestseller ranks. He received the degrees in Old Monkland St. James Lodge No. 177, Coatbridge, Scotland, and in Feb. 1947 was made an honorary member of Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. d. Jan. 25, 1949.

Robert Marshall (1832–1904) A founder of the Supreme Council, Scottish Rite of Canada in 1874 and member of Provincial Legislature, New Brunswick, 1876–82. b. April 27; 1832 at Pictou, Nova Scotia. He was a general insurance agent. Initiated in Union Lodge No. 780 (E.C.) of Portland on Feb. 16, 1860. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick, 1878–80; grand high priest of the grand chapter; grand master of the Cryptic Rite; provincial prior for New Brunswick of Great Priory of Canada. d. May 26, 1904.

Thomas R. Marshall (1854–1925) Twenty-eighth Vice President of the United States. b. March 14, 1854 in North Manchester, Ind. Graduate of Wabash Coll. in 1873 and 1876. Honorary degrees from several universities including Notre Dame and Villanova. Admitted to the bar in 1875, he practiced at Columbia City, Ind. Marshall served as governor of Indiana from 1909–13. He was elected vice president in 1912 on the ticket with Woodrow Wilson and reelected in 1916, serving from 1913–21. He coined the saying: "What this country needs is a good five-cent cigar!" He was raised in Columbia City Lodge No. 189, Columbia City, Ind. on Sept. 5, 1881; exalted

in Columbia Chapter No. 54, R.A.M. on Feb. 11, 1882, serving as high priest of same from 1889–95, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Indiana, R.A.M. 1899–1900. Greeted in Columbia City No. 55, R. & S.M. on Jan. 11, 1884, he was master of same from 1887–93, and grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Indiana. 1895–96. In 1887–1900 he was conductor of the Indiana Council of High Priests. He was knighted in Ft. Wayne Commandery No. 4, K.T. on March 8, 1888, becoming a charter member of Cyrene Commandery No. 34, K.T., at Columbia City on April 20, 1892, and commander in 1897–98. In the Scottish Rite (NJ) he received the 32° in Indiana Consistory, Indianapolis, on April 19, 1888, the 33° on Sept. 20, 1898, and an active member of the Northern Supreme Council on Sept. 21, 1911. In May and June of 1922 he was a delegate to the international conference of supreme councils at Lausanne, Switzerland. On Oct. 2, 1912 he addressed the Supreme Council (NJ) at its banquet in Boston; on April 9, 1913 he was present at a dinner given by J. D. Richardson, grand commander Southern Jurisdiction in the New Ebbitt Hotel, Washington, D.C.; on July 25, 1914 he was at a special communication of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia to lay the corner stone of the new hall of Myron M. Parker Lodge No. 27; on May 25, 1917 he was at Lake Erie Consistory, Cleveland, Ohio and made a speech; on Sept. 17, 1917 he addressed the Supreme Council (NJ) on its golden jubilee in New York City; on March 28, 1918 he attended the Maundy Thursday ceremonies in New York; and on Oct. 20, 1920 he addressed the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. He died June 1, 1925. In Sept. 1926 the Northern Supreme Council voted \$25,000 for a mausoleum, and on Sept. 6, 1927

his remains were placed in that mausoleum at Crown Hill Cemetery, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thurgood Marshall Negro lawyer and Prince Hall Freemason. b. July 2, 1908 in Baltimore, Md. Graduate of Lincoln U. 1930 and 1947. Admitted to bar in 1933 and practiced at Baltimore, 1933–37, and afterwards in New York City. He has been special counsel for the National Association for Advancement of Colored People since 1938, and has won a number of important decisions before the U.S. supreme court. In 1951 he visited Korea to make investigation of court martial cases involving negro soldiers. He has been director and counselor of the Prince Hall Grand Master's Conference and is a 33° AASR, (Prince Hall).

Frederick J. Marston President of American Association of Junior Colleges, 1952–53; director, 1948–51. b. Dec. 6, 1897 in Upper Sandusky, Ohio. Graduate of Valparaiso U., 1918, 1920; U. of Chicago, 1926; U. of Missouri, 1942 (Ph.D.). Was instructor of public speaking at Valparaiso U. (Ind.) from 1917–20, and has been with Kemper Military School, Boonville, Mo. since 1922, serving as assistant principal until 1927, and dean since that date. Served in WWI as Infantry officer. Was president of North Central Junior College Administrators in 1939, and secretary since 1942; president of Missouri Association of College Registrars in 1939. He was raised in Cooper Lodge No. 36 on Dec. 12, 1923; exalted in Boonville Chapter No. 60, R.A.M. March 21, 1924; knighted in Olivet Commandery No. 35, K.T., April 18, 1924 and has headed each of these Boonville, Mo. bodies. Member of Centralia Council No. 34,

R. & S. M., Centralia, Mo.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Kansas City in 1924; Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City. In 1952–53 he was grand commander of the Grand Commandery K.T. of Mo. Past sovereign and present recorder of St. Chrysostom Conclave No. 36, Red Cross of Constantine.

Charles Martel (see under Charles).

Jose Julian Marti (1853–1895) Cuban liberator known as “Apostle of the Independence.” b. Jan. 28, 1853 in Havana. A lawyer by profession, he was consul in New York for Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay. Early in life he became interested in Cuban independence, which resulted in his deportation by Spanish authorities. He returned to his homeland, but was again sent into exile. After some traveling, he settled in New York, where he headed the junta set up to arouse interest in the cause of Cuban freedom. When the revolution broke out in 1895, he returned to Cuba with a small group of companions to command the rebel troops. His small force was ambushed by a Spanish force and the entire contingent met death on May 19, 1895. His sacrifice became a rallying influence, and today he ranks as one of the Republic’s greatest heroes. His birthday is commemorated every year by Cuban Freemasonry. A statue has been erected to his memory in Central Park in the center of Havana, and in 1950 the Masons of Cuba organized a parade of 6,000 in tribute to him as a Mason and national hero. On Oct. 24, 1953 Mahi Shrine Temple of Miami, Fla. held its ceremonial in Havana, naming it the “Jose Marti International Ceremonial.”

Alexander Martin (1740–1807) Governor and U.S. Senator from North Carolina; member of convention that framed the Constitution of the U.S. b. in 1740 in New Jersey. He was graduated from Princeton U. in 1756, studied law and after a brief sojourn in Va., settled in Guilford Co., N.C. in 1772, where he practiced law. Served in the Revolution as a colonel of the 2nd N.C. regiment at Germantown and Brandywine. He was a member of the state senate from 1779–82, 1785–87, and 1788, serving one time as president. He was acting governor of N. Car. in 1781, elected governor the following year, and reelected in 1789. In the interval between governorships he was a member of the convention that drew up the U.S. Constitution, but was not a signer. At the close of his second term as governor, he was elected to the U.S. senate and served from 1793–99. He was raised at a communication of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina held in Fayetteville on Nov. 21, 1788. He was grand pursuivant of that grand lodge in 1805–06 and junior grand warden in 1807. d. Nov. 10, 1807.

Clarence D. Martin Governor of Washington, 1933–37. Member of Temple Lodge No. 42, Cheney, Wash., receiving Master degree in Spokane Lodge No. 34 as a courtesy, on May 6, 1933. 32° AASR (SJ) in May, 1934.

Clarence R. Martin Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Indiana, 1928–29 and 1931. b. Dec. 10, 1866 in Brown Co., Ohio. Graduate of Indiana Law School and U. of Michigan. Admitted to bar in 1907 and began as law clerk for the appellate court of Ind. He was a supreme court justice from 1926–33. Served in WWI as major in 28th Infantry Div. and assistant inspector

general, A.E.F., 1919. Received degrees in 1908 in Oakland Lodge No. 140, Oaklandon, Ind. and became charter member and charter senior warden of Mystic Circle Lodge No. 685 in 1912 and master of same in 1913. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1942–43. 32° AASR in Indianapolis and 33° in 1937. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Edward Martin Governor of Pennsylvania, 1943–47; U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania since 1947; Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 18, 1879 in Ten Mile, Pa. Graduate of Waynesburg Coll. in 1901. Admitted to bar in 1905, and began practice at Waynesburg, Pa. He was auditor general of Pa. in 1925–29; state treasurer, 1929–33; adjutant general, 1939–43; and governor, 1943–47. He served in the Philippine Campaign of the Spanish–American War, 1898–99; Mexican Border Campaign, 1916; with A.E.F. in France 1917–19. Made brigadier general in 1922 and major general in 1939 of Pa. national guard. He was inducted into Federal service as commanding general of the 28th Infantry Division in 1921, and relieved of command (over age in grade) in 1942, being placed on the inactive list. He was raised in Waynesburg Lodge No. 153, Waynesburg, Pa., Feb. 10, 1906, serving as master in 1912. Member of Washington Chapter No. 150, RAM.; Pennsylvania Council No. 1 and Jacques de Molay Commandery No. 3, K.T., all of Washington, Pa. 33° AASR (NJ) in Valley of Pittsburgh; Royal Order of Jesters, Shrine, National Sojourners, Red Cross of Constantine and Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

Francis X. Martin (1764–1846) Lawyer, author. b. March 17, 1764 in Marseilles, France. Came to Martinique at age of 18,

but not succeeding there, he came to U.S. in 1786, taking up residence at New Bern, N. Car. Although he could speak little English, he took up the printer's trade, and eventually became proprietor of a plant that printed school books, almanacs, and translations from the French. Studied law and was admitted to bar in 1789. Wrote many books on law, compiled statutes. Appointed U.S. judge for Territory of Miss. in 1809, and the following year of the Territory of Orleans. Here he became known as the "father of the jurisprudence of La." When La. was organized as a state in 1813 he became attorney general, and in 1815 was appointed judge of the supreme court, becoming chief justice in 1837 and retiring in 1845. He was a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 3, New Bern, N. Car. serving as secretary in 1790-91. d. Dec. 11, 1846.

Frank E. Martin Vice President and comptroller of Illinois Central Railroad since 1951. b. May 7, 1895 in Newton, Ill. He began as a clerk with the Illinois Central in 1914, and held positions in accounting, valuation, engineering until 1935, when he became assistant to the disbursements auditor; was disbursements auditor, 1938-41; general auditor, 1941-45, comptroller, 1945-50. Member of Newton Lodge No. 216, Newton, Ill. since 1917; Jackson Park Chapter No. 222, R.A.M., Chicago, Ill.

Frederick L. Martin Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 26, 1882 in Liberty, Ind. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1908. Commissioned in Coast Artillery in 1908; transferred to Air Service in 1920, advancing to temporary rank of brigadier general in 1937 and temporary major general in 1940. Was

wing commander of G.H.Q. Air Force in 1937; commanding general of Hawaiian Air Force, 1940–41; same for 2nd Air Force, 1942. Commanded 2nd Dist. Army Air Forces Central Training Command in 1942–44, retiring in latter year. Received degrees in Peoria Lodge No. 15, Peoria, Ill., being raised March 21, 1904. Suspended in 1908. Was member of Mt. Olivet Commandery No. 38, Paxton, Ill. and Mohammed Shrine Temple, Peoria, Ill.

George B. Martin (1876–1945) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1918–19. b. Aug. 18, 1876 in Prestonsburg, Ky. Graduate of Central U., Danville, Ky., in 1895. Began law practice at Catlettsburg, Ky. in 1900. Appointed to senate to succeed O. M. James, deceased. Member of Hampton Lodge No. 235, Catlettsburg, Ky., receiving degrees on March 24, July 1, and July 26, 1904. d. Nov. 12, 1945.

Harry B. Martin Writer and cartoonist since 1893. b. May 26, 1872 in Salem, Ill. Studied at Vincennes U. (Ind.), 1889–92. From 1893–95 he was with St. Louis and New York newspapers and since 1925 has been senior member of Martin News Service, and president of Martin Publications, Inc. since 1922. He is the creator of “The Weather Bird” in the St. Louis Post Dispatch, the oldest of all daily newspaper features. He has written a number of books on golf including *Pictorial Golf*; *Golf Made Easy*; *Fifty Years of American Golf*. Member of Vincennes Lodge No. 1, Vincennes, Ind. Former member of St. Louis Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., Ascalon Commandery No. 16, K.T., and Moolah Shrine Temple, all of St. Louis.

John Martin (1730–?) Governor of Georgia, 1782–83. b. about 1730, at the beginning of the Revolutionary War he was sent to the provincial congress in 1775, and was a member of the council of safety. He joined the Continental Army and was commissioned as captain, being promoted to lieutenant colonel in 1781. He was elected to the legislature in 1781, becoming governor the following year. In 1783 he was elected state treasurer, and in January of that year appointed to make a treaty with the Creek Indians. He was a member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga. and grand steward of the Grand Lodge of Georgia in 1786.

John A. Martin (1839–1889) Governor of Kansas, 1884–88; Brigadier General in Civil War. b. March 10, 1839 in Brownsville, Pa. Worked on newspaper in Brownsville, moving to Atchison, Kans. in 1857, where he purchased the Squatter Sovereign and changed its name to Champion. Through its pages, he exercised a great deal of influence on state politics. Martin was a prominent Republican, and was delegate to national convention four times between 1859–80. He was a delegate to convention which framed the Kansas state constitution, and served as state senator. Joined 8th Kansas Infantry (national guard) as a lieutenant colonel and took part in the principal engagements of the Army of the Cumberland, commanding a brigade at Chickamauga. Brevetted brigadier general at close of war. Member of Washington Lodge No. 5, Atchison, Kans. Father of Paul A. Martin, q.v. d. Oct. 2, 1889.

John Strickler Martin (1875–1931) Minister of Agriculture, Ontario, 1923–30. b. Oct. 11, 1875 in Salpole Township,

Ontario. A poultry raiser, he won the championship of the New York State Fair for 25 successive years and was known as the "Wyandotte King." He was president of the National Wyandotte Club and prominent in the affairs of the American Poultry Association. Had a worldwide reputation as an agriculturist. He was raised in Erie Lodge No. 149, Port Dover, Ont., and was grand master of the Grand Lodge in 1927. Honorary 33° AASR. d. May 13, 1931.

John W. Martin (1884–1958) Governor of Florida, 1925–29. b. June 21, 1884 in Plainfield, Fla. Admitted to the bar in 1914, he practiced at Jacksonville until 1923. He was mayor of Jacksonville, 1917–23. He was trustee of the Florida East Coast Railway from 1942 until his death. Member of Temple Lodge No. 23, Jacksonville, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Feb. 22, 1958.

Joshua L. Martin (1799–1856) Governor of Alabama, 1845–47; U.S. Congressman to 24th and 25th Congresses, 1835–39. b. Dec. 5, 1799 in Blount Co., Term. He taught school and studied law in Maryville, Tenn., moving to Russelville, Ala. in 1819, and later to Athens, where he practiced law. He was a state legislator, 1822–28; state solicitor, 1827–31, and circuit court judge in 1834. Member of Athens Lodge No. 16, Athens, Ala., serving as junior and senior warden. He represented Rising Virtue Lodge No. 4, Tuscaloosa, at grand lodge in 1853. d. Nov. 2, 1856.

Jaun Jose de San Martin (see under San Martin).

Noah Martin (1801–1863) Governor of New Hampshire, 1852–54. b. July 26, 1801 in Epson, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth Medical School in 1824 and practiced in Strafford Co.; later in Great Falls and then Dover. He was in the N.H. legislature in 1830–32 from Great Falls, and in 1837 from Dover. He was in the state senate in 1835–36. Was president of the Savings Bank for the County of Strafford, 1844–52. Member of Strafford Lodge No. 29, Dover. d. May 28, 1863.

Paul A. Martin Publisher. b. May 18, 1886 in Atchison, Kans., son of John A. Martin, q.v. Learned printing trade and was reporter in Ottawa, Kans. Joined Enquirer–News, Battle Creek, Mich., in 1911, working way up to editor and serving as such until 1928, on which date he became editor and publisher of the Lansing State Journal (Mich.). He is director, secretary, and treasurer of Federated Publications, Inc. Served in Army in WWI. Member of national committee of American Legion, 1919–23; Michigan commander of same, 1921–22. Member of national council, Boy Scouts of America. Received degrees in A.T. Metcalf Lodge No. 419, Battle Creek, Mich. in 1920. Member of Battle Creek Chapter No. 19, R.A.M.; Zobud Council No. 9, R. & S.M. both of Battle Creek, and Lansing Commandery No. 25, K.T. of Lansing, Mich. Member of Scottish Rite at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Paul E. Martin Methodist Bishop of Arkansas–Louisiana since 1944. b. Dec. 31, 1897 in Blossom, Texas. Graduate of Southern Methodist U. and Southwestern U. (Texas). He served as high school principal and superintendent of schools at Blossom, Texas, 1919–22. Ordained deacon in 1924, elder

in 1926. He served churches in Cedar Hill, Dallas, Henrietta, Iowa Park and Wichita Falls, until becoming bishop in 1944. Served as Infantry lieutenant in WWI. Is chairman of U.S. section, World Methodist Council. Member of Blossom Lodge No. 303, Blossom, Texas and 33° AASR (SJ) at Little Rock, Ark.

Thomas E. Martin U.S. Senator from Iowa since 1955; U.S. Congressman to 76th through 83rd Congresses from 1st Iowa dist. b. Jan. 18, 1893 in Melrose, Iowa. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1916 and 1927. He was a sales analyst with Goodyear Tire & Rubber at Akron, O., Dallas, Tex., Oklahoma City, Okla., and St. Louis, Mo. until 1921. From 1923–27 he was an accountant at Iowa City, Ia. He was admitted to the bar in 1927, and began practice at Iowa City. Served in WWI as first lieutenant with 35th Infantry. Raised in Iowa City Lodge No. 4, in Jan., 1916; member of Iowa City Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Swafford Council No. 28, R. & S.M., and Palestine Commandery No. 2, K.T., and member of Kaaba Shrine temple, both in Davenport, Iowa.

Thomas S. Martin (1847–1919) U.S. Senator from Virginia, 1895–1919. b. July 29, 1847 in Scottsville, Va. Attended Virginia Military Institute and the U. of Virginia. He saw military service in the Civil War with the battalion of cadets from V.M.I. Studying law, he was admitted to the bar in 1869, and practiced in Albemarle Co. Member of Scottsville Lodge No. 4, Scottsville, Va. d. Nov. 12, 1919.

Whitmell P. Martin (1867–1929) U. S. Congressman to 65th through 69th Congresses (1915–27) from 3rd La. dist. b.

Aug. 12, 1867 in Assumption Point, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1888. He was a professor of chemistry at Kentucky Military Inst. from 1889–90 and then a chemist for a sugar refinery in Texas until 1891, when he moved to Thibodaux, La. and was admitted to the bar. Served as district attorney and district judge. Member of Unity Lodge No. 267, Houma, La., receiving degrees on Jan. 27, March 26, and April 16, 1905. d. April 6, 1929.

William C. Martin Methodist Bishop. b. July 28, 1893 in Randolph, Tenn. Graduate of Hendrix Coll., and Southern Methodist U. Ordained to the ministry in 1921, he served churches in Houston and Port Arthur, Texas, Little Rock, Ark., and Dallas, Texas from 1921–38. Elected bishop in 1938 and served the Pacific area, 1938–39; Kansas–Nebraska area, 1939–48; and Dallas–Fort Worth area since 1948. In 1952–54 he was president of the National Council of Churches in U.S.A. In WWI he served with the Hospital Corps in the A.E.F. Received degrees in Dallas Lodge No. 760, Dallas, Texas in 1927 and 32° AASR (SJ) in Dallas.

William M. Martin Premier of Saskatchewan, 1916–22; Chief Justice of Saskatchewan since 1941. b. Aug. 23, 1876 in Norwich, Ont., Canada. Graduate of U. of Toronto in 1898 and 1922. Called to the bar in 1904; King's counsel, 1916, and practiced law at Regina from 1904–16. He was elected to the House of Commons of Canada in 1908, 1911, resigning in 1916 to become premier. He was appointed justice of the court of appeal of Sask. in 1922 and became chief justice in 1941. Raised in Harriston Lodge No. 262, Harriston, Ont.,

Canada in 1900, and presently member of Wascana Lodge No. 2, Regina, Sask., member of Wascana Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Regina, and 33° AASR at Regina. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Saskatchewan in 1928–29.

William T. Martin Confederate General of Civil War. Owner of the famous home Montaigne in Natchez, Miss. His face represents “Mississippi” on the Stone Mountain carving. He was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 1, Natchez, and was active many years, serving on committees, in the Grand Lodge of Mississippi for and as grand junior deacon in 1851. He was admitted to Harmony Lodge in 1849 and dimitted in 1866.

John E. Martineau (1873–1937) Governor of Arkansas, 1927–28; U.S. Judge Eastern District of Arkansas from 1928. b. Dec. 2, 1873 in Clay Co., Mo. Graduate of U. of Arkansas in 1896 and 1899. Admitted to bar in latter year and began practice at Little Rock. He was a member of the lower house, 1903–05. Mason. d. March 16, 1937.

Frank V. Martinek Journalist and assistant vice president of Standard Oil Co. of Indiana since 1925. b. June 15, 1895 in Chicago, Ill. Began as copy boy, and cub reporter for Chicago Record Herald, 1910. Was special agent for U.S. department of Justice, 1921–25, and with Standard Oil since 1925. In 1934 he created the newspaper adventure strips, Don Winslow of the Navy and Bos’n Hal—Sea Scout. His “Don Winslow” was also produced as a radio and motion picture feature. Author of Don Winslow in Ceylon; Know Your Man; Don Winslow Series. Entered Navy as a seaman in 1917 and discharged

in 1921 as a lieutenant in intelligence. Later lieutenant commander in Naval Reserve. Member of Park Lodge No. 843, Chicago, Ill., since 1927; 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago and member of Medinah Shrine Temple.

Maximiliano Hernandez Martinez President of El Salvador, 1931–44. b. in 1882. He was an army general and politician. He was vice president of El Salvador in 1931, and chosen president by a military directorate in December of that year. He was confirmed by congress in Feb., 1932 to succeed the deposed president, Arturo Araujo. His reign was not recognized by the U.S. until 1934. 33° Scottish Rite Mason.

Edwin A. Martini Lawyer; General Grand King, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1957–60. b. Aug. 24, 1904 in Duluth, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1926 and 1930. He is a senior member of law firm of Martini and Perkins, Duluth. Received distinguished service award of U.S. Junior Chamber of Commerce in 1940. Active in community activities, he has served on the Duluth school board, Rotary president, chairman of Arrowhead Chapter, American Red Cross, president of Duluth Civic Symphony Assn. Raised April 15, 1931 in Euclid Lodge No. 198, Duluth, Minn. and was master in 1937; exalted in Duluth Chapter No. 59, R.A.M. April 15, 1931 and high priest, 1931–34; grand high priest of Grand Chapter of Minnesota in 1939; greeted in St. Paul Council No. 1, R. & S.M. in 1939; knighted in Duluth Commandery No. 18, K.T. on March 12, 1935; 32° AASR (SJ) at Duluth in 1942 and 33° in 1951; member of Munn Chapter No. 25, National Sojourners, Duluth Court, Royal Order of Jesters; past sovereign St.

George Conclave No. 6, Red Cross of Constantine in 1942; DeMolay Legion of Honor in 1940; potentate of Aad Shrine Temple in 1957.

George R. Marvell (1869–1941) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Sept. 25, 1869 in Fall River, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1889, he advanced through grades to vice admiral (temp.) in 1930 and rear admiral in 1931. Served in Spanish–American War, China, Cuba, Haiti; commanded naval districts in U.S.; headed department of navigation at Naval Academy; commanded Naval district and Naval station at Pearl Harbor, 1927–30; and commanded Cruisers Scouting Force, 1930–31. Mason and National Sojourner.

Cloyd H. Marvin President of George Washington University, Washington, D.C. since 1927. b. Aug. 22, 1889 in Findlay, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Southern California, 1915, Harvard U., 1917, 1919, U. of New Mexico, 1923. He taught at U. of Southern Calif., U. of California, and U. of Arizona. He was president of U. of Arizona, 1922–27. In 1933–35 he was president of the National Parks Assn.; chairman of U.S. delegation to 7th Pan–American Scientific Congress in 1935; deputy director for research and development, War Department, 1946–47; and special advisor to secretary of War from 1947–49. Raised in Mt. Tabor Lodge No. 42, Portland, Oreg. in 1918, later affiliating with Eppa Randolph Lodge No. 32, Tucson, Ariz., and elected honorary member of Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on March 8, 1928; Knight Templar and 33° AASR (SJ). In 1927, while Marvin was president of George Washington U., the Supreme Council AASR (SJ) gave one

million dollars to that institution for the establishment of a school of government.

Enoch M. Marvin (1823–1877) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. June 12, 1823 in Warren Co., Mo. He entered the itinerant ministry of the Methodist church in 1841 and filled several important stations in the St. Louis and Mo. conference. During the Civil War he was in Texas. He was elected bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in 1866, and in 1876 was chosen by the college of bishops to go to China and Japan to examine native missionaries and ordain native preachers. He was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1849 and from 1851–56. In 1875 he was present at the grand lodge cornerstone laying of the 1st Methodist Church in Jefferson City, Mo. Was a member of St. John Lodge No. 28, Hannibal; exalted in Hannibal Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. on Oct. 29, 1847. Was high priest of Palmyra Chapter No. 2 in Palmyra, Mo. in 1851, seemingly dimitted in that year from the chapter. d. Dec. 3, 1877.

Jan G. Masaryk (1886–1948) Foreign Minister of Czechoslovakia, 1940–48. b. in 1886 in Prague, the son of Tomas G. Masaryk, the first president of that nation. His mother was Charlotte Garrigue of Brooklyn, N.Y. Jan attended the U. of Prague and was in the diplomatic service of his country from 1919. From 1925–38 he was minister to Britain. From 1939–40 he lectured in the U.S. He was foreign minister, 1940–48, and vice-premier from 1941–45 of the Czechoslovak provisional government in London. More than any man of the century, except his father, he was a symbol of the right of

small nations to be free. He had helped see Czechoslovakia through its birth pangs in 1918, pleaded unsuccessfully for its survival in 1938, and fought from exile for its liberation during the second World War. When the Communists took over the government following WWII, he was the last non-Communist in the cabinet. He was found lying in the courtyard of the Czernin Palace on the morning of March 10, 1948. The Communists stated he had committed suicide because of criticism from abroad for his remaining in the cabinet. It is more probable that he was murdered by the Communists. He is buried beside his father in the village of Lany. He was initiated in the Jan Amos Komensky Lodge No. 1 of Prague, remaining on the rolls until the first dissolution of the grand lodge by the Nazis in 1938. While in exile in England, he became a charter member of the Lodge Comenius In Exile, London. That lodge had a club in New York under protection of the Grand Lodge of New York. In June, 1942 the club gave a demonstration of the Czechoslovak work of the first degree at a meeting of the Elbe and Golden Rule lodges of New York to honor Brother Masaryk. There were some 1,800 brethren present.

Armistead T. Mason (1787–1819) U.S. Senator from Virginia, 1816–17; Brigadier General of Virginia Militia. b. Aug. 4, 1787 in Louisa Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1807. He served as a volunteer in the War of 1812, first as a colonel and later as brigadier general. In 1816 he was an unsuccessful candidate for reelection to the senate in a bitter campaign. It led to many duels and later resulted in his being killed in a duel with his brother-in-law, John

Mason McCarty, at Bladensburg, Md. on Feb. 6, 1819. Member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 114, Leesburg, Va.

Charles P. Mason Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 12, 1891 at Harrisburg, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1912, advancing through grades to vice admiral. Was Naval aviator from 1916. Served as commanding officer U.S. Naval Air Station, Bayshore, L.I. in 1917, and of the U.S. Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Fla., 1940–42. He commanded the U.S.S. Hornet, 1942; Task Force, U.S. Pacific Fleet, 1942–43; Intermediate Training, Corpus Christi, Texas, 1943–45; and Naval Air, Honolulu District, 1945, retiring in 1946. Mason.

Charles W. Mason Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1929–31. b. Dec. 11, 1887 in Stafford, Ohio. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1911 and began law practice in Nowata, Okla. in that year. Served as city attorney, county attorney, and district judge between 1912–22. Named to Okla. supreme court bench in 1923, serving until 1931. Served as Infantry officer in WWI, and was inspector general, Headquarters, Third Army, 1940–43, same for 6th U.S. Army in S.W. Pacific, 1943–44, and in Inspector General's office, Washington, 1945–46. Received degrees in Sunset Lodge No. 57, Nowata, Okla. on Oct. 10, 1913, Sept. 21, 24, 1914; junior steward in 1916; suspended NPD, 1937.

George W. Mason (1891–1954) President of Nash–Kelvinator Corp. and later president of American Motors Corp. b. March 12, 1891 in Valley City, N. Dak. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1913. Began in 1913 with Studebaker, then with Dodge in

1914. From 1921–26 he was in charge of manufacturing with Chrysler Corp. He was president and chairman of board of Nash–Kelvinator Corp. until its merger as American Motors Corp., of which he was also president and chairman of board. Member of Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on Jan. 26, Feb. 19, and March 12, 1915. d. Oct. 8, 1954.

Guy Mason (1880–1955) Newspaperman and Commissioner, District of Columbia, 1941–55. b. Sept. 10, 1880 in Pierceton, Ind. Graduate of National U, Washington, D.C. in 1915 and 1917. He was reporter on the Washington Post, St. Louis Globe Democrat, Washington Herald, New York World, and London Daily Telegraph between 1906–17. Admitted to bar in Washington, D.C. in 1917, he practiced law in that city. Served in Spanish–American War and Philippine Insurrection. Received degrees in Harmony Lodge No. 17, Washington, D.C. on June 12, July 9, and Aug. 7, 1913, dimitting Dec. 19, 1923 to become a charter member of Cathedral Lodge No. 40, Washington, D.C. Also 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. July 10, 1955.

John Y. Mason (1799–1859) U.S. Secretary of Navy, 1844–45 and 1846–49; U.S. Attorney General, 1845–46; U.S. Minister to France, 1853–59. b. April 18, 1799 in Greensville Co., Va. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1816, studying law in Litchfield, Conn., and admitted to the bar in 1819, practicing in Southhampton Co., Va. He was successively a member of the Virginia legislature and of the state constitutional convention of 1829. From 1831–37 he was a member of the

U.S. congress from Va. He was U.S. district judge for Eastern Virginia, 1837–44. His lodge is not known, but he visited St. Johns Lodge No. 36, Richmond, Va. on March 21, 1850, and Lodge Francaise (now Fraternal Lodge No. 53) of Richmond on June 24, 1854. Died in Paris while U.S. minister to France, Oct. 3, 1859.

Jonathan Mason, Jr. Privateer in the American Revolution. Member of Essex Lodge, Salem, Mass.

Lowell B. Mason Member of Federal Trade Commission, 1945–56. b. July 25, 1893 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1914 and admitted to bar that year, practicing in Chicago and Washington, D.C. Member of Ill. state senate, 1922–30. Counsel for several U.S. senate investigation committees. Received degrees in Garfield Lodge No. 686, Chicago, in 1914, and later affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 10, Washington, D.C. At one time was member of Scottish Rite and Shrine in Chicago.

Richard Mason The first Masonic funeral west of the Mississippi River was held April 11, 1824, for Dr. Richard Mason. Missouri Lodge No. 1 conducted the ceremonies and he was buried at 10th and Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.—now one block from the present Statler Hotel in downtown St. Louis.

William E. Mason (1850–1921) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1897–1903; U.S. Congressman from Illinois, 1887–91 and 1917–21. b. July 7, 1850 in Franklinville, N.Y. His parents

moved to Van Buren Co., Iowa in 1858. He taught school in Bentonport and Des Moines, Iowa from 1866–70, studied law and began practice in Chicago, Ill. in 1872. He served in both branches of the Ill. legislature. Member of Garfield Lodge No. 686, Chicago, and was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1897. Also member of chapter, commandery, consistory, and shrine in Chicago. d. June 16, 1921.

Andre Massena (1758–1817) Duke de Rivoli (from 1808) and Prince d'Essling; Marshal of France under Napoleon, q.v. b. at Nice in 1758. Early in the French Revolution he joined the military and rose to high rank. He played an important part in the French victory at Loano in 1795; triumphed under Napoleon in Italy, 1796–97, especially in the Battle of Rivoli Veronese (from which was derived his title as duke). He commanded the French Army in Switzerland and won the Battle of Zurich in 1799. He defended Genoa in 1800 and was appointed marshal of France in 1804. He commanded the army in Italy in 1805; defeated the Austrians under Archduke Charles Louis; and distinguished himself in the battles of Aspern–Essling (from which he took another title) and Wagram. He was commander-in-chief of the French Army in Spain in 1810–11, and was defeated by Sir Arthur Wellesley. He was the first master of the Parfait Amitie Lodge in the Royal Italian Infantry, constituted in 1787. A 33° AASR, he was an officer of the Grand Orient of France in 1805 and a grand representative of the grand master. His son, of the same name, died and was buried at Salt Lake City, Utah. The son was a Mason and a former Catholic priest.

Nathaniel Massie (1763–1813) Pioneer, Revolutionary War Soldier and founder of Chillicothe, Ohio. b. Dec. 28, 1763, in Goochland Co., Va. He entered the Revolutionary Army at age of 17. He subsequently became a surveyor and gradually acquired large tracts of uncultivated territory. In 1791 he surveyed the first settlement within the Virginia military district of Ohio, between the Scioto and Little Miami Rivers, and in 1793–96 was engaged in an extensive survey of the same region. In the latter year he laid out on his own land the city of Chillicothe. At the beginning of the 18th century he was one of the largest land owners in Ohio. He was active in the early Indian wars and was major general of militia for several years. He was a state senator and speaker for one term; also member of Ohio constitutional convention of 1802. In 1807 he was a candidate for governor. His opponent received the larger number of votes, but was declared ineligible. When the office was proffered to Massie, he refused it. He was a member of Scioto Lodge No. 2 (now No. 6). d. Nov. 13, 1813.

Sam C. Massingale (1870–1941) U.S. Congressman to 74th through 76th Congresses (1935–41) from 7th Okla. dist. b. Aug. 2, 1870 in Quitman, Miss. He began law practice at Cordell, Okla. in 1900, and was a member of the territorial legislature in 1902 (Indian Territory). In the Spanish–American War he served with the 2nd Texas Infantry. Affiliated with Cordell Lodge No. 127, Cordell, Okla. in April, 1901 and served as master of same in 1906. Was a member of Cordell Chapter No. 75, R.A.M. and later of Clinton Chapter No. 69, Clinton, Okla. d. Jan. 17, 1941.

Jose Maria Mateos Mexican author. One of the founders of the Mexican National Rite. In 1826 he wrote the earliest history of Freemasonry in Mexico.

Samuel Pritchard Matheson (1852–1942) Bishop and primate of all Canada Anglican Churches from 1909–30. b. Sept. 20, 1852 in the Red River settlement. Educated in St. John's Coll., Winnipeg and ordained in 1876. He was headmaster of St. John's School and deputy warden of St. John's Coll. Was elected assistant bishop of Rupert's Land in 1903; archbishop and metropolitan of Rupert's Land, 1905–31. Initiated in Ancient Land Mark Lodge No. 3, Winnipeg, Man. on June 8, 1874. Was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Manitoba in 1877 and grand master of same in 1879. d. 1942.

Charles James Mathews (1803–1878) English actor. b. in Dec., 1803 in London. He was educated for the profession of an architect. In 1835 he made his debut at the Olympic Theatre in London, and from that time on was connected with the English stage as an actor and manager. His father, Charles Mathews, was also a noted English actor. He also appeared in Paris and made two trips to the U.S., one in 1837 and another in 1857. He was a member of Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London, being initiated on Feb. 15, 1833. d. June 24, 1878.

William R. Mathews Editor and publisher. b. Oct. 15, 1893 in Lexington, Ky. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1917. Began with the San Francisco Chronicle in 1919 as advertising salesman; became business manager of the Santa Barbara Morning Press in 1920; general manager of the Arizona Daily Star

(Tucson) in 1924; and has been editor and publisher of same since 1930. He is also president of the State Consolidated Publishing Co. and Tucson Newspapers, Inc. Served in WWI as a lieutenant in the Marine Corps; wounded at Blanc Mont, France in 1918, and cited for capture of enemy machine guns, trench mortars, and 75 prisoners near Vierzy, France. Raised April 19, 1926 in Tucson Lodge No. 4, Tucson, Arizona.

Christopher Mathewson (1880–1925) Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame, Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Aug. 12, 1880 at Factoryville, Pa. “Christy” was the greatest pitcher of the 20th century’s first quarter. In the 1905 world series he pitched three shutouts. He was the first pitcher of the century to win 30 games in three successive years. In 1908 he won 37 games. His plaque in the Hall of Fame reads “Matty Was Master of Them All.” He pitched for the New York National League from 1900–16. He was manager–pitcher of the Cincinnati National League in 1916 and non–playing manager for same in 1917–18. Member of Architect Lodge No. 519, New York City, being raised June 15, 1903 at the age of 22. d. Oct 7, 1925.

Leroy E. Matson Justice, Supreme Court of Minnesota since 1945. b. Feb. 11, 1896 in Crookston, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1923 and 1926. Practiced law in Minneapolis from 1926–45. Served with 1st Infantry Div. in WWI and was with A.E.F. for 23 months. Since 1956 he has been a member of the awards committee of the Freedoms Foundation at Valley Forge. Raised in Cataract Lodge No. 2, Minneapolis in Jan. 1920; master of same in 1936; grand master of Grand

Lodge of Minnesota in 1954–55. Member of St. Anthony Falls Chapter No. 3, RAM.; Adoniram Council No. 5, R. & S.M.; Darius Commandery No. 7, K.T.; 32° AASR (SJ); Zuhrah Shrine Temple; St. George Conclave No. 6, Red Cross of Constantine; and Harmony Chapter O.E.S., all of Minneapolis, Minn.

Joel A. Matteson (1808–1883) Governor of Illinois, and President of Chicago and Alton Railroad. b. Aug. 2, 1808 in Watertown, N.Y. He taught school in Brownsville, N.Y., engaged in business in Canada, and in 1831 moved to S. Car., where he was foreman in the construction of the first railroad in that state. He settled in Ill. in 1834 and served three terms in the state senate. He was active in railroad construction and owned a controlling interest in banks in Joliet, Peoria, Quincy, and Shawneetown, Ill. Member of Mt. Joliet Lodge No. 42, Joliet, d. Jan. 31, 1883.

George Matthews Vice President and General Manager of Cotton Belt Railroad. b. Nov. 16, 1893 in Macon, Ga. Began in yard service and joined the Cotton Belt in 1922, rising to vice president and general manager in 1951. He is also director of several other railroads, terminals, and transportation companies. Initiated in Palestine Lodge No. 486, Atlanta, Ga. in 1915, and presently member of Henry Marsh Bell Lodge No. 1371, Texas. 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas and member of Karem Shrine Temple, Waco, Texas.

Hugh Matthews (1876–1943) Major General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. June 18, 1876 in Loudon Co., Tenn. He was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Marine Corps in 1900, rose

to brigadier general in 1929, and was created major general in 1942 by congressional enactment. He served in China, Philippines, Panama, Cuba, Santo Domingo, and overseas with the 2nd Division in WWI. From 1929–37 he was head of the quartermaster's department of the Marine Corps. Mason and National Sojourner. d. April 9, 1943.

Joseph W. Matthews Former Governor of Mississippi. Was a charter member of Salem Lodge No. 45, Salem, Miss. in 1840 and served as master in 1843. d. in 1865.

Nelson E. Matthews (1852–1917) U.S. Congressman to 64th Congress, 1915–17 from 5th Ohio dist. b. April 14, 1852 in Ottawa, Ohio. Became partner of a banking company in Ottawa, Ohio in 1878, and was later president of same, retiring in 1911. Member of Ottawa Lodge No. 325, Ottawa, Ohio, receiving degrees on Sept. 22, Nov. 17, 1874, and March 16, 1875. d. Oct. 2, 1917.

Stanley Matthews (1824–1889) U.S. Senator from Ohio; Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1881–89. b. July 21, 1824 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Kenyon Coll. in 1840, studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing in Maury Co., Tenn. He returned to Cincinnati and became an assistant editor of the Cincinnati Herald, the first daily anti-slavery paper in that city. He served as judge of court of common pleas, state senator, and U.S. attorney for Southern district of Ohio. In 1861 he was commissioned lieutenant colonel of the 23rd Ohio regiment, and participated in the battles of Rich Mountain, Carnifex Ferry, Dobb's Ferry, Murfreesborough,

Chickamauga, and Lookout Mountain. He re-signed from the army as a colonel in 1863. In March, 1876 he was elected U.S. senator to fill an unexpired term. A member of Cincinnati Lodge No. 133, Cincinnati, Ohio, he received degrees on Jan. 28, and March 11, 1847; and dimitted Nov. 27, 1856. d. March 22, 1889.

Thomas Matthews (also Mathews) Officer of the American Revolution, speaker of the House of Delegates of Virginia. Member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. in 1778, and later grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia.

Ebenezer Mattoon (1755–1843) Officer in American Revolution; Major General in War of 1812; U.S. Congressman from Mass., 1801–03. b. Aug. 19, 1755 in Amherst, Mass. He was graduated from Dartmouth in 1776 and then joined the army in Canada, leaving the service with the rank of major. He was state senator in 1795–96, and from 1797–1816 was major general of the 4th division, becoming adjutant general of Mass. on the latter date. He received his degrees in Pacific Lodge, Amherst, Mass. in 1802 and served the lodge as master in 1818–19. d. Sept. 11, 1843.

William Ramsey Maule (see under Lord Panmure).

Israel D. Maulsby General in War in 1812. Member of Mt. Ararat Lodge No. 44, Slate Ridge, Md. and master of same in 1822. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1836–37.

Maungwandaus An Indian chief from Maine who was made a Mason in Jordan Lodge at Danvers, Mass., receiving all three degrees on March 27, 1850.

Peter R. Maverick American engraver. He was originally a silversmith, but became an etcher and engraver. He did much to aid the early progress of this art in the United States. His son, of the same name, studied under him and also became eminent as an engraver. The elder Maverick became a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City, in 1789.

Samuel B. Maxey (1825–1895) Confederate Major General and U.S. Senator from Texas, 1875–1887. b. March 30, 1825 in Tomkinsville, Ky. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1846. He served in the Mexican War, seeing action at Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, Contreras, Churubusco, Molino del Ray, and Mexico City. He resigned his commission in 1849 and began law practice at Albany, Ky., moving to Paris, Texas in 1857. In the Civil War he raised the 9th Texas Infantry of which he was colonel. He was promoted to brigadier general in 1862 and major general in 1864. He commanded the Indian Territory military district from 1863–65 and was also superintendent of Indian affairs. After the war he returned to his law practice in Paris, Texas. He was a member of Paris Lodge No. 27, and Paris Commandery No. 9, K.T., both of Paris, Texas. d. Aug. 16, 1895.

Maximilian I (1832–1867) Name in full was Ferdinand Maximilian Joseph. Emperor of Mexico, 1864–67, and archduke of Austria. b. July 6, 1832 in Schonbrunn, Austria. He

was a brother of Francis Joseph, emperor of Austria. He received naval training and in 1854 was in command of the Austrian navy. He was viceroy of Lombardo-Venetian kingdom from 1857–59. After the French had partially conquered Mexico, an assembly of Mexican notables in exile met under French auspices, adopted the imperial form of government for Mexico, and offered the throne to Maximilian. He accepted on April 10, 1864, reaching Mexico City on June 12 of that year. With the aid of French troops, he drove Juarez, q.v., over the northern frontier. The U.S. government refused to recognize the empire and in 1866 demanded that Napoleon III withdraw his troops. This he did, breaking his pledge of military support to Maximilian. Juarez and Escobedo, qq.v., returned to attack in 1867, besieged Maximilian at Queretaro, and forced his surrender on May 15, 1867. He was court martialed and shot on June 19, 1867. The story of Maximilian and his empress, Carlotta, is a sad one for they both had the interests of Mexico at heart and tried hard to give that country a stable, conservative rule. He allied himself with the interests of the Catholic church and thereby inherited the disfavor of the liberal leaders who had worked to disenfranchise the church and confiscate its property. His Masonic membership is a matter of contention. The York Rite Trestle Board of Mexico City (March, 1934) tells the story of an official who called to see Maximilian in prison. He did not directly mention Masonry to him, but said he gave certain signs, used certain phrases, and the emperor gave no indication that he understood them as such. From this he concluded he was not a Mason. On the other hand the Keystone, Raleigh, N. Car., in Oct. 1866 (while he was emperor), credited him with

being a 33° AASR. From the Official Bulletin, Supreme Council AASR (SJ), (Vol. 1, p. 106) is a story concerning an inspector general of the Scottish Rite who had a visit with him while he was emperor, seeking permission to extend activities of the rite in Mexico. He stated he found Maximilian to be a Knight Rose Croix: that the emperor gave permission; that additional bodies of the rite were thereupon organized; and that both the emperor and the empress made a contribution to the charitable work of the rite. If this is true, the emperor would have been a member in France or Austria. Maximilian and Carlotta, being childless, had adopted the grandson of the former Emperor Iturbide, q.v.

Maximilian I (1756–1825) Name in full was Maximilian I Joseph, King of Bavaria. As elector of Bavaria, he sided with France against the allied powers in 1805, gaining the territory by the Treaty of Pressburg, and by its terms assumed the title of king in 1806. He remained loyal to Napoleon until just before the Battle of Leipzig in 1813, when he negotiated with the allies to save his kingdom. He was initiated in the rite of Strict Observance in Strassburg in 1777, while a colonel in the French Army. However, when he became elector of Bavaria, he issued edicts suppressing Freemasonry in 1779, and again in 1804. When Bavaria was made a kingdom in 1806, several small principalities were annexed to it and the old lodges which they possessed were tolerated through a decree in 1807, but under very severe conditions. No government official, clergyman, teacher, or professor was allowed to belong, thus reducing the membership.

Joseph Leopold Maximilian (see under Prince of Brunswick).

Maximilian, Prince of Wurtemberg (see under Wurtemberg).

Ernest M. Maxwell President of National Aniline and Chemical Co. from 1950. b. Oct. 9, 1901 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Was employed by American Cyanamid Co., 1919–20 and has been with present firm since 1920, becoming vice president in 1947. Also president of two subsidiary companies. Raised in Ely Parker Lodge No. 1002, Buffalo, N.Y. on June 18, 1925, dimitting Sept. 16, 1952; 32° AASR (NJ) in Brooklyn and Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn, dimitting from latter in 1951.

Ferdinand Maxwell Pioneer merchant of New Mexico. He was an as-sociate of Kit Carson, the Bents, and Ceran St. Vrain, qq.v., and many times their names appear as present at the same lodge meeting. He was originally a member of Kaskaskia (Ill.) Lodge No. 86. When Bent Lodge No. 204 (Mo. charter) was organized at Taos in 1860, he was the first senior warden. Carson was first junior warden. He served as the last master of this short-lived lodge from 1861–66. It was forced to surrender its charter due to the difficulties caused by the Civil War. In 1864 Maxwell, together with Carson and St. Vrain, affiliated with Montezuma Lodge No. 109 (now No. 1).

William Maxwell (?–1798) Brigadier General in American Revolution. Although little is known of his early life, it is thought he was born in Ireland and brought to N.J. in his

early years. He entered the colonial service in 1758, serving in the French and Indian War until the Revolution, when he became colonel of the 2nd N.J. battalion. He was with the Canadian expedition of 1776 that ended in disaster, and with Schuyler at Lake Champlain. He was made brigadier general in 1776 and harassed the enemy after the Battle of Trenton. In 1777 he commanded a N.J. brigade at the battles of Brandywine and Germantown and was with the army at Valley Forge. He played an important part in the Battle of Monmouth. He resigned his commission in 1780. Washington said of him: "I believe him to be an honest man, a warm friend to his country, and firmly attached to its interests." He was a member of the Pennsylvania Military Lodge No. 19 and was once recorded as a visitor to American Union Lodge. He is also listed as a past master in the N.J. proceedings of 1786–1857 (p. 66). d. Nov. 12, 1798.

Charles A. May (1817–1864) Hero of the Mexican War. b. Aug. 9, 1817 in Washington, D.C., he entered the army in 1836 as a second lieutenant of the 2nd Dragoons. He served in the Seminole War and captured King Philip, the principal chief of that nation. He was promoted to captain in 1846, and served as chief of cavalry under Gen. Zachary Taylor, q.v., throughout the Mexican War. He commanded the cavalry at the battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterrey, and Buena Vista. At Resaca de la Palma, he turned the day by charging an earthen breastwork and capturing General La Vega, commanding the artillery. For his gallantry at Palo Alto he was brevetted major; for Resaca, lieutenant colonel; and colonel for Buena Vista. He resigned his commission in

1860, moved to New York City and became vice president of the Eighth Avenue Railroad. He received all three degrees at an “occasional lodge” in Charleston, S.C. on March 29, 1859 at which Albert Pike, q.v., was present and the grand master presided. d. Dec. 24, 1864.

Burnet R. Maybank (1899–1954) Governor and U.S. Senator from South Carolina. b. March 7, 1899 in Charleston, S. Car. Graduate of Coll. of Charleston (S.C.). Served in WWI as a seaman and later as naval air cadet. From 1920–38 he was engaged in the cotton export business. From 1939–41 he was governor of S. Car., and in 1941 was elected to the U.S. senate to fill vacancy caused by resignation of James F. Byrnes, q.v. He was reelected in 1942, and again in 1948 for term ending 1955. Member of Landmark Lodge No. 76, Charleston, S. Car. and received 14° AASR (SJ) in Charleston on May 8, 1923. d. Sept. 1, 1954.

Julius M. Mayer (1865–1925) Federal Judge, Southern District of New York, 1912–21; U.S. Circuit Judge, 1921–25. b. Sept. 5, 1865 in N.Y. Graduate of Coll., City of New York in 1884, and Columbia Law School in 1886. He practiced law in New York City from 1895, and was attorney general of N.Y. from 1905–07. Member of National Lodge No. 209, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 14, 1902. d. Nov. 30, 1925.

Louis B. Mayer (1885–1957) Motion picture producer. b. July 4, 1885 in Minsk, Russia. He was educated in the public schools of St. John, N.B., Canada, and became a naturalized

U.S. citizen in 1912. Until 1907 he was in the ship and industrial plant salvaging business, starting in that year as a motion picture operator in Haverhill, Mass. He later controlled all the theaters in Haverhill. He held the New England rights for D. W. Griffith's, q.v., *Birth of a Nation*. He was organizer and vice president of Metro Pictures Corp. and produced pictures as Louis B. Mayer Pictures Corp. until it merged with Metro in 1924. Later it merged with Goldwyn Co. and became Metro–Goldwyn–Mayer Corp. of which he was first vice president in charge of production and chief production manager for Loew's, Inc. In this capacity he received the highest salary in the nation for seven years (i.e. in 1943 his salary was \$1,138,992.47). His films were among the biggest money-makers in history. A few examples were the Andy Hardy series –with Mickey Rooney; the Dr. Kildare series with Lionel Barrymore; Mrs. Miniver with Greer Garson, and Boom Town with Clark Gable. He is credited with “finding” many stars including Marie Dressler, Mae Murray, Norma Shearer, Greta Garbo, John Gilbert, Lon Chaney, Nelson Eddy, Jeanette MacDonald, Clark Gable, Judy Garland, Greer Carson, Hedy Lamar, Luise Rainer, William Powell, Myrna Loy, Robert Montgomery, Joan Crawford, Rosalind Russell, James Stewart, Robert Taylor, Mickey Rooney, Spencer Tracy, Lana Turner, Walter Pidgeon, Esther Williams, Van Johnson, and Margaret O'Brien. He built the greatest western thoroughbred racing stable known, which, when sold, brought more than eleven million dollars. He was a member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City and a Shriner. d. Oct. 29, 1957.

Earle B. Mayfield U.S. Senator from Texas, 1923–29. b. April

12, 1881 in Overton, Texas. A graduate of Southwestern U., Georgetown, Texas in 1900, he studied law at U. of Texas, was admitted to the bar in 1901, and practiced in Meridian. He also engaged in agricultural pursuits and the wholesale grocery business. He served in the state senate from 1907–13 and was a member of the state railroad commission from 1913–23. Defeated for reelection to the senate in 1928, he resumed law practice in Tyler, Texas. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 53, Tyler, Texas, receiving degrees on Aug. 9, Sept. 16, and Nov. 8, 1902. Received 50-year award in 1958; 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas on May 7, 1914; member of Hella Shrine Temple, Dallas.

John B. Maynard (1887–1945) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 12, 1887 in Portsmouth, Va. Commissioned a 2nd lieutenant in the Coast Artillery in 1908, he advanced through grades to brigadier general, U.S. Army in 1941. Member of Army and Navy Lodge No. 306, Fort Monroe, Va., receiving degrees on March 3, 10, 24, 1913. d. Feb. 2, 1945.

Jonathan Maynard A lieutenant in the American Revolution who claimed that his life was spared by the Indian chief, Joseph Brant, when the latter found him to be a Freemason. After the war he resided in Framingham, near Boston, where he was a well-known and respected citizen. He often told the story of being taken prisoner in New York by a party of Indians under Brant. As he was about to be put to death by torture, Brant, who was present, discovered the symbols of Masonry marked in ink upon the prisoner's arms. Brant interposed, saved Maynard, and saw that he was sent as

a prisoner to Canada, where after several months, he was exchanged and sent home.

Charles H. Mayo (1865–1939) With brother, William J. (not a Mason) was co-founder of the Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research at Rochester, Minn., in affiliation with the U. of Minnesota. b. July 19, 1865 in Rochester, Minn. the son of William W. Mayo, M.D., q.v. Received M.D. degree from Northwestern U. in 1888 and M.A. in 1904. He did postgraduate work at N.Y. Polyclinic, and received honorary degrees from numerous universities throughout the world. With his brother, he donated \$2,800,000 for the present Mayo Clinic at Rochester. It began in the Masonic Temple building. Dr. Mayo served as surgeon and associate chief of staff of the clinic; surgeon to St. Mary's and Worrall hospitals; and professor of surgery, Medical School, U. of Minn., 1919–36. Served in WWI as colonel of Medical Corps. He was later chief consultant for Office of Surgeon General and was brigadier general in Medical Reserve. Member of Rochester Lodge No. 21, Rochester, Minn., receiving degrees on Jan. 27, Feb. 24, and May 12, 1890. Member of Halcyon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. and Home Commandery No. 5, K.T., both of Rochester. 32° AASR (SJ) at Winona, Minn. and 33° in Oct., 1935.

Charles W. Mayo Governor of Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn. b. July 28, 1898 at Rochester, Minn. Son of Charles H. Mayo, q.v., who, with his brother, William J. Mayo, founded the Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research, donating \$2,800,000 to it. Received A.B. from Princeton U. in 1921; M.D. from U. of Pennsylvania in 1926; M.S. in surgery at U.

of Minnesota in 1931. He has been a surgeon at Mayo Clinic since 1931 and instructor in surgery, assistant professor, associate professor, and presently professor in the graduate school of U. of Minnesota. He is a director of Northwest Airlines and a trustee of Carleton Coll. He was alternate delegate to the United Nations 8th General Assembly. Member of Rochester Lodge No. 21, Rochester, Minn., receiving degrees on Aug. 20, Sept. 6, and Sept. 13, 1920. Member of Halcyon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. and Home Commandery No. 5, K.T., both of Rochester. Is an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of Chile and in 1958 received the Distinguished Achievement award of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Henry T. Mayo (1856–1937) Admiral, U.S. Navy, who was Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet throughout WWI. b. Dec. 8, 1856 in Burlington, Vt. He served on various naval vessels, was commandant of Mare Island Navy Yard, and in 1913 was commander of the 4th Division, Atlantic Fleet. In 1915 as vice-admiral he commanded battleship squadrons in Atlantic Fleet, and in 1916 was promoted to admiral and made commander-in-chief of the Atlantic Fleet. He represented the U.S. at the naval conference of allied nations in London in 1917. When the fleet was divided into Atlantic and Pacific Fleets in 1919, he reverted to rank of rear admiral and was assigned to duty on the Navy General Board. He was retired in 1920 with rank of rear admiral, being advanced to admiral in 1930. From 1924–28 he served as governor of U.S. Naval Home, Philadelphia. Initiated in Burlington Lodge No. 100, Burlington, Vt., Nov. 10, 1885. d. Feb. 23, 1937.

William H. Mayo (1843–1905) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1900–1903. b. July 16, 1843 in St. Landry Parish, La. Orphaned at an early age. Served as a private in Company F, 8th Louisiana regiment C.S.A. at outbreak of war, and became adjutant of the regiment. Fought with the Confederacy in Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania under General Jackson, q.v. Moved to Missouri in 1871. Raised in Humble Cottage Lodge No. 19, Opelousas, La., in 1869. Exalted in Missouri Chapter No. 1, St. Louis, in 1874; greeted in St. Louis Council No. 1, R. & S.M., in 1877; and knighted in St. Louis Commandery No. 1 in 1874. Received the 33° AASR (SJ), Oct. 24, 1895. He became grand secretary and recorder of the grand chapter, grand council, and grand commandery of Missouri. Was grand recorder of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of U.S. from 1895 and secretary of the Scottish Rite in St. Louis. Died in 1905.

William W. Mayo (1819–1911) Physician and father of Charles H., q.v., and William J. Mayo, co-founders of the famous Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn. b. May 31, 1819 in Lancashire, England. He was raised in Rochester Lodge No. 21, Rochester, Minn. in 1863. His son, Charles H., and grandson, Charles W., have also been members of this lodge. Received his degrees on Sept. 21, Oct. 5 and Oct. 19, 1863. Was also a member of Halcyon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. and Home Commandery No. 5, K.T., both of Rochester.

Frederick L. Maytag (1857–1937) Founder of the Maytag Co., manufacturer of washing machines. b. July 14, 1857 in Elgin, Ill. He was a farmer until 1880, then an implement

salesman for the next ten years. He began the manufacturing business in 1893 and in 1907 founded the Maytag Co., of which he was chairman of the board. He was a member of the Iowa state senate from 1902–12, and mayor of Newton, Ia., 1923–25. He was first director of Iowa state budget in 1925. He donated \$250,000 to the Newton Y.M.C.A. and many thousands of dollars to colleges. On his 70th birthday he distributed \$132,000 among his employees. Member of Newton Lodge No. 59, Newton, Iowa, receiving degrees on April 23, May 14, and Sept. 13, 1887. d. March 26, 1937.

Giuseppe Mazzini (1805–1872) Italian patriot and liberator. b. in Genoa, he practiced law there. He became associated with the democratic movement in Italy and in 1830 joined the Carbonari. For his activity he was imprisoned for six months, and released only after he pledged to leave Italy. He made his home in Marseilles, France, and because of a letter written to Charles Albert of Sardinia, a decree of perpetual banishment from Italy was made against him. In 1832 he organized a secret revolutionary society known as Young Italy. With him in this venture was the liberator, Garibaldi, q.v. Its purpose was the unification of Italy under a republican form of government. In the revolution of 1849 he returned to Italy to form the triumvirate with Saffi and Armellini, but went into exile again when the papal control of Rome was reestablished. He instigated the rebel uprisings in Mantua in 1852; Milan in 1853; Genoa in 1857, and aided in organizing Garibaldi's expeditions in 1860, 1862, and 1867. He was a Mason, and past grand master of the Grand Orient of Italy. In June, 1949 the Italian government invited the members of the Grand

Orient of Italy to participate in the parade and dedication of a statue to Mazzini in Rome. Three thousand Italian Masons were present. The belated statue was first designed by Ettore Ferrari, former grand master of Italy, but the Mussolini period intervened, and the statue was not erected until long after Ferrari's death.

John L. McAdam (1756–1836) Scottish engineer and inventor of the "macadamized" road. b. Sept 21, 1756 in Ayr, Scotland. Following death of his father, he lived with an uncle in New York City. He became a merchant and sided with the British in the Revolution. He returned to Scotland in 1783, where he purchased an estate in Ayrshire, and began his experiments in road construction. His theory was that small angular fragments of stone will coalesce or bind into a compact mass under pressure, and that the efficiency of a road is in proportion to the thoroughness with which water is excluded from the soil on which it rests. He gave his services and advice without charge and even declined the honor of knighthood. He was probably made a Mason in the U.S. He affiliated with Lodge Ayr Kilwinning, originally known as Squaremen's Lodge No. 65 at Ayr, and served as its master. d. Nov. 26, 1836.

William McAdoo (1853–1930) Assistant Secretary of Navy, 1893–97; U.S. Congressman, 48th through 51st Congresses (1883–91) from 7th N.J. dist. b. Oct. 25, 1853 in Rathmelton Co., Ireland, coming to U.S. in boyhood. For a time he was in law practice in N.Y.C. with William G. McAdoo, q.v. (no relation) and was police commissioner and chief city magistrate.

Member of Howard Lodge No. 35, N.Y.C. d. June 7, 1930.

William Gibbs McAdoo (1863–1941) Secretary of Treasury (1913–18) under Wilson; U.S. Senator from Calif. (1933–39) ; Chairman of board of American President Lines (1939–41). b. Oct. 31, 1863 at Marietta, Ga. Educated in U. of Tennessee. His second marriage was to Eleanor Randolph Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, and took place in the White House, May 7, 1914. Admitted to the bar in 1885, he practiced at Chattanooga until 1892, when he moved to New York City, where he was a law partner of William McAdoo, q.v. (no relation). He was president and director of Hudson & Manhattan Railroad which built and operated four tunnels under the Hudson river, the first being completed in 1904. He was also chairman of the Federal Reserve Board; chairman ex-officio of Federal Farm Loan Board and director general of U.S. railroads. In 1920 and again in 1924, he was a leading contender for the Democratic nomination for president. In New York, he was a member of Chancellor Walworth Lodge No. 271, and in California of Henry S. Orme Lodge No. 456, Los Angeles. Exalted in Signet Chapter No. 57, RAM., Los Angeles on June 15, 1925; Knight Templar and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Feb. 1, 1941.

Almer McDuffie McAfee Chemical engineer. b. Sept. 24, 1886 in Navarro Co., Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1908, and Ph.D. from Columbia U. in 1911. He is listed as one of the 37 notable American chemical inventors. He has been with Gulf Oil as a chemical engineer since 1913. He discovered the action of aluminum chloride on petroleum hydrocarbons in 1912, and introduced it to petroleum refining in 1915. He

began manufacture of same, from bauxite, on large scale in 1918. He is the holder of some 50 U.S. patents. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Harold C. McAllister Vice President of New Hampshire Fire Insurance Co. b. March 28, 1893 in Manchester, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth U. in 1913. Has been with present company since 1920, serving as assistant secretary, secretary, and vice president. He is also vice president and director of the American Fidelity Co. and Granite State Fire Insurance Co. Served as first lieutenant in WWI in U.S. Army. Member of Washington Lodge No. 61, Manchester in 1915, and master in 1941. Member of Mount Horeb Chapter No. 11, R.A.M. and Trinity Commandery, K.T. serving as commander in 1941. Received Scottish Rite in 1920; 33° in 1947; and active member of Supreme Grand Council (NJ) in 1952.

Joseph T. McAllister (1866–1927) Author and lawyer. b. Feb. 27, 1866 in Malden, W. Va. Admitted to the Va. bar in 1891. Wrote *Historical Sketches of Hot Springs and Bath County, Va.*; *Humor in Ebony*; *Virginia Militia in the Revolution*; *Appalachian Tours in the Virginias*. Member of Hot Springs Lodge No. 275, Hot Springs, Va. d. June 13, 1927.

Clifton N. McArthur (1879–1923) U.S. Congressman, 64th through 67th Congresses (1915–23) from 3rd Oregon dist. b. June 10, 1879 at The Dalles, Ore. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1901, and admitted to the bar in 1906, practicing in Portland. Interested in farming and raising of Jersey cattle. Speaker of lower house of Oregon, 1909–13. Member

of Portland Lodge No. 55, Portland, Oreg. d. Dec. 10, 1923.

Duncan McArthur (1772 –1839) Brigadier General, War of 1812; Governor of Ohio, 1830–32; U.S. Congressman, 1823–25. b. June 14, 1772 in Dutchess Co., N.Y. With his parents McArthur moved to the western frontier of Pa. in 1780. At the age of 18 he volunteered in General Harmar's expedition against the Miami Indians and later served as a scout in the Kentucky–Ohio border warfare with the Indians. He settled as a surveyor near Chillicothe, Ohio and acquired great wealth in land. Member of Ohio legislature in 1805, he became major general of territorial militia in 1808. He was commissioned colonel of 1st Ohio volunteers in 1812, and was second in command at Detroit when General Hull surrendered. McArthur and Col. Lewis Cass, q.v., were absent from the fort at the time, but were included in the articles of capitulation. McArthur was so indignant at Hull's surrender that he tore off his epaulettes and broke his sword. Commissioned brigadier general on March 12, 1813, he succeeded General Harrison in command of the Western Army in 1814. He invaded Canada with a force in 1814. He was a member of Scioto Lodge No. 2 (now No. 6) of Chillicothe, Ohio, having signed the bylaws on Dec. 4, 1805. d. April 28, 1839.

John McArthur (1826–1906) Major General (Union) in Civil War. b. Nov. 17, 1826 in Erskine, Scotland, the son of a blacksmith. He worked at that trade until aged 23, when he came to the U.S. and settled in Chicago, Ill., where he was employed as foreman of boiler-making in a foundry, and later headed his own company. Entered army as a colonel of 12th Illinois

volunteers; was made brigadier general, March 21, 1862; and brevetted major general following the Battle of Nashville, where he headed a division under General Andrew J. Smith. He was at Fort Donelson, Shiloh (wounded), and Vicksburg. He was commissioner of public works at Chicago and was president of the board during the famous fire of 1871. From 1873–77 he was postmaster of Chicago. Received degrees in Cleveland Lodge No. 211, Chicago, in 1857 and suspended May 2, 1878. d. 1906.

Moral Randall McArthur Oil executive. b. March 24, 1903 at Freelandville, Ind. Graduate of Indiana State Coll. in 1933. Taught school, and was with Goodrich Rubber Co., until entering the petroleum field in 1929 with Indiana Oil & Gas Co. From 1933–47 he was divisional manager for Phillips Petroleum Co. Since 1947 has been executive vice president, general manager, and director of Husky Oil Co. He is vice president and director of several allied companies in the oilproduction field. Raised in Bicknell Lodge No. 535, Bicknell, Ind. in April, 1924. Member of Washington Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Houston Council No. 1, R. & S.M., and Ruthven Commandery No. 2, K.T., all of Houston, Texas.

George W. McBride (1854–1911) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1895–1901. b. March 13, 1854 in Yamhill Co., Oreg. Admitted to the bar, but never practiced. He was a merchant for ten years. He was speaker of the lower house in Oregon and secretary of state from 1887–95. He was U.S. commissioner of St. Louis Exposition in 1901–05. Member of St. Helens Lodge No. 32, St. Helens, Oreg., he was master of same in 1886. d. 1911.

Priestly H. McBride (1794–1869) Justice, Supreme Court of Missouri, 1845–49. b. in Kentucky. He moved to Columbia, Mo. in 1825 and was admitted to the bar in that year. He served as justice of the peace, county judge, superintendent of county buildings, secretary of state (1829–30), circuit judge, and president of board of curators, U. of Missouri. He affiliated with Paris Union Lodge No. 19, Paris, Mo. on Feb. 10, 1838, on dimit from Hiram Lodge of Harrodsburg, Ky. He served as master in 1838, and the following year was appointed deputy grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. During the trying anti-masonic period, he served as grand master five terms (1839–44), a longer period than any other man has served. He was exalted in 1838 in Palmyra Chapter No. 2. In 1854 he was high priest of Columbia Chapter No. 17, and later grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mo. He was knighted in St. Louis Commandery No. 1, K.T. d. May 21, 1869.

Robert W. McBride (1842–1926) Justice, Supreme Court of Indiana, 1890–93. b. Jan. 25, 1842 in Richland Co., Ohio. Practiced law at Indianapolis from 1893. Was circuit court judge from 1882–88. Member of Union Light Guard of Ohio (Abraham Lincoln's bodyguard), and colonel in 3rd Indiana Regiment. Author of *Abraham Lincoln's Body Guard; Personal Recollections of Abraham Lincoln*. Received the degrees in 1866 in Waterloo City Lodge No. 307, Waterloo, Ind., transferring in 1899 to Pentalpha Lodge No. 564, Indianapolis, Ind. d. May 15, 1926.

George L. McCahan (1838–1902) General Grand High

Priest, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1894–97. b. Feb. 5, 1838 at Frederick, Md. Began as a machinist's apprentice, and after studying at the Maryland Institute at night, he became a member of firm of George Page & Co., manufacturers of engines and machinery. He was executive commissioner of Maryland at the Chicago World's Fair. Initiated July 12, 1860 in Union Lodge No. 60; exalted in Concordia Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Oct. 6, 1863; greeted in Concordia Council, R. & S.M.; knighted in Maryland Commandery, Oct. 14, 1864; received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1877. Was master of his lodge and deputy grand master in 1885–86; high priest of his chapter and grand high priest in 1871–72; he was chairman of the convention that organized the Grand Council R. & S.M. and was grand master in 1874–75. d. July 30, 1902.

John S. McCain (1884–1945) Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 9, 1884 in Carroll Co., Miss. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1906, and promoted through grades to admiral in 1941 and vice admiral in 1943. Was chief of Bureau of Aeronautics from 1942–43, and in 1943 deputy chief of naval operations for air. He commanded carrier task force 38 in the Pacific, and witnessed the surrender of Japan on board the U.S.S. Missouri in 1945. Member of Carrollton Lodge No. 36, Carrollton, Miss. d. Sept. 6, 1945.

Samuel W. McCall (1851–1923) Governor of Massachusetts, 1916–18; U.S. Congressman, 53rd to 62nd Congresses (1893–1913) from 8th Mass. dist. b. Feb. 28, 1851 in East Providence, Pa. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1874. Practiced law in Boston and was editor-in-chief of the Boston Daily Advertiser. Raised

in William Parkman Lodge, Winchester, Mass. on April 10, 1888. Recorded in attendance at the annual legislative night of St. John Lodge, Boston on April 3, 1916. d. Nov. 4, 1923.

Daniel C. McCallum (1815–1878) Major General (brevet) in Civil War; engineer. b. Jan. 21, 1815 in Rentfrewshire, Scotland, coming to Rochester, N.Y. with his parents in his youth. He became an architect and builder, and in 1855–56 was general superintendent of the Erie Railroad. In Feb., 1862 he was made a colonel and appointed director of all military railroads in the U.S.; later was brevetted brigadier and major general for meritorious service (Sept., 1864 and March, 1865). He published a report on the military railroads during the war. Member of Valley Lodge No. 109, Rochester, N.Y. d. Dec. 27, 1878.

Wallace McCamant (1867–1944) Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon, 1917–18. b. Sept. 22, 1867 in Hollidaysburg, Pa. Graduate of Lafayette Coll. (Pa.) in 1888, and admitted to the bar in 1890, moving to Portland, Oreg. that year. Prominent in national Republican politics. President general of the National Sons of American Revolution in 1921–22. Member of Willamette Lodge No. 2, and charter master of Research Lodge of Oregon No. 198. 33° AASR (SJ). d. Dec. 17, 1944.

John A. McCandless (1853–1930) Capitalist; active in Hawaiian revolutions of 1887 and 1893 and one of committee of 13 which overthrew the kingdom. b. June 11, 1853 in Indiana, Pa. He engaged in oil well drilling until 1881, and

artesian wells in Hawaii after that date. He was president of John A. McCandless & Co.; vice president of Oahu Sugar Co., and Pioneer Mill Co. Was Hawaiian senator, Republic of Hawaii, and superintendent of public works of Hawaii one year. Affiliated with Le Progres de L'Oceanie Lodge No. 371, Hawaii from Volcano Lodge No. 49, W. Va. d. Jan. 30, 1930.

Glenn H. McCarthy Oil producer. b. Dec. 25, 1907 in Beaumont, Texas. He discovered numerous oils fields, and began drilling in 1933. Organized the following companies: Beaumont Natural Gas; McCarthy Building; Jefferson Pipe Line; Neches Natural Gas; Absorption Plant, Inc.; McCarthy Oil and Gas; McCarthy Center, Inc.; Houston Export; Houston Foreign Trade and Export; News, Inc. (publishing suburban weeklies); McCarthy Chemical; Glenn McCarthy Productions; Radio station KXYZ; McCarthy-International Tube Corp. Received degrees in Temple Lodge No. 4, Houston, Texas on July 10, Oct. 2, 30, 1931. Presently suspended.

Chester E. McCarty Lawyer and Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Dec. 31, 1905 in Pendleton, Oreg. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1929. Admitted to the bar in 1928, and practiced in Portland. Served as legal advisor to governor of Oregon, and assistant attorney general. Elected state senator in 1943, but declined to serve due to military service. Served as colonel in Air Force, 1942-46, brigadier general, 1951-52, and major general from 1953. He commanded the 403rd Troop Carrier Wing, 1951-52; Korean Airlift, 1952-54; and was commander of 18th Air Force from 1954. Member of Friendship Lodge No. 160, Portland, Oreg.; 32° AASR (SJ) at

Portland; Al Kader Shrine Temple, Portland; honorary member of Hejaz Temple, Greenville, S. Car.; and Karem Temple, Waco, Texas. Royal Order of Jesters (Portland Court No. 29); senior member of DeMolay and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Daniel T. McCarty (1912–1953) Governor of Florida, 1953, dying in office. b. Jan. 18, 1912 in Ft. Pierce, Fla. Graduate of U. of Florida in 1934. Was a citrus grower, packer, and rancher. He served in the state legislature from 1937–43, and was house speaker in 1941. Member of Ft. Pierce Lodge No. 87, Ft. Pierce, Fla., receiving degrees on Nov. 13, 1936, Sept. 9, and Oct. 28, 1938. Member of Mahi Shrine Temple, Miami. d. Sept. 28, 1953 and buried with Masonic ceremonies.

Samuel E. McCarty Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. June 27, 1889 in West Alexander, Pa. After attending Princeton he became a sports editor, and later political editor of the Pittsburgh Leader (1912–17). He entered the Navy in 1917, was commissioned ensign in 1919, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1944. He was in the Far East in 1921–24, serving in Russia during part of the Russian revolution. Was at Yokohama, Japan, 1923–24 at time of earthquake that destroyed that city. Served in North Atlantic 1942–43, and Pacific, 1944–46; Naval supply officer, 1947–51. Now general manager of Martinolich Shipbuilding Co., San Diego, Calif. Raised in Cavite Lodge No. 2, Cavite City, Philippines in 1922. Member of Jackson Park Chapter No. 222, R.A.M., Chicago, Ill. in 1924 and of National Sojourners in 1927.

Isaac N. McCash President of Phillips U., Enid, Okla.,

1916–38 and emeritus from 1938. b. June 5, 1861 in Cumberland Co., Ill. Graduate of National Normal U. (Ohio), Harvard, and Drake. Ordained to Disciples of Christ ministry in 1890. He served University church of Des Moines, Iowa, from 1893–1904, and was active in the Anti-Saloon League, securing the enactment of the “inebriate” bill in the Iowa legislature. He was life director and corresponding secretary of the American Christian Missionary Society and life director of Foreign Christian Missionary Society. From 1913–16 he was president of Spokane U. (Washington). He was president of National Board of Education of his church, 1919–21. His name was placed in the Oklahoma Hall of Fame, and his bust in the Historical Society in 1939. Member of Enid Lodge No. 80, Enid, Okla., receiving degrees on Oct. 3, 1919, June 11 and July 30, 1920. Exalted in Enid Chapter No. 27, R.A.M., Enid, Okla. on Oct. 25, 1920 and knighted in Enid Commandery No. 13, K.T. March 31, 1941. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie on Oct. 20, 1921; KCCH in 1941 and 33°, honorary on Nov. 27, 1945. He was grand chaplain and grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma in 1938–39; Presently resides in a Christian minister’s home in Mo.

Andrew McCleary (Also Mc-Clary) A major in the American Revolution, he was killed at the Battle of Bunker Hill. He is said to have been the first field officer killed in the Revolution. Member of St. Johns Lodge. No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., being initiated March 3, 1774.

George B. McClellan (1826–1885) Union General-in-Chief of Civil War. b. Dec. 3, 1826 in Philadelphia, Pa. Studied at U.

of Pennsylvania from 1840–42, and entered U.S. Military academy at age of 15½, graduating in 1846. Served in Mexican War at Malan, Camargo, Tampico, Vera Cruz, Cerro Gordo, Cerro de Telegrafe, Contreras, Churubusco, and Chapultepec. Later explored the upper Red River between Texas and Indian territory as army engineer. In 1853 he was on duty in Oregon and Washington territories and was employed as engineer on the Northern Pacific Railroad. In 1855 he was sent to Europe on a commission to report on the condition of the armies on the continent, and to observe the Crimean War. He resigned his commission in 1857 to become chief engineer of the Illinois Central Railroad, becoming vice president in 1858. In 1859 he was made president of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and in 1860 made president of the St. Louis, Missouri, and Cincinnati Railroad, which office he held at the beginning of the Civil War in 1861. In that year he was appointed major general of Ohio volunteers and placed in command of the Department of Ohio, which included Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and portions of Virginia and Pennsylvania. He was influential in keeping Kentucky in the Union by occupying parts of it. He commanded a division on the Potomac in July, 1861, and was commissioned general-in-chief on Nov., 1861. He directed the peninsula campaign in 1862, and commanded at Antietam in Sept., 1862. He was replaced by Gen. Burnside in that year. In 1864 he was the Democratic candidate for president, being defeated by Lincoln. In 1878–81 he was governor of New Jersey. He declined the presidency of two universities and other offices. McClellan received all three degrees of Freemasonry Dec. 9, 1853, in Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg. by special dispensation of the grand master. d. Oct. 29, 1885.

John L. McClellan U.S. Senator from Arkansas since 1942. b. Feb. 25, 1896 at Sheridan, Ark. Was admitted to the bar in 1913 and began practice at Sheridan. He served two terms as prosecuting attorney of the 7th judicial district (1927–30), and was U.S. congressman to 74th and 75th congresses (1935–39) from 6th Ark. dist. He is a member of the law firm Gaughan, McClellan & Gaughan. In WWI he served as a first lieutenant. In 1957–58 he served as chairman of the senate committee to investigate corruption, graft, and underworld connections of high labor officials. The committee became known as the “McClellan Committee.” Member of Rockport Lodge No. 58, Malvern, Ark., he received the 32° AASR (SJ) in 1945 at Little Rock, William McClelland (1883–1949) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Jan. 22, 1883 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Harvard in 1911 and U. of Pennsylvania in 1914. Ordained and served as curate of St. Matthews Church, Francisville, Philadelphia, 1914–16; rector of St. Lukes, Bustleton, Philadelphia, 1916–24; rector of churches and parishes in Maryland from 1924–29. Named bishop of Easton, Md. on June 2, 1939. Member of Jerusalem Lodge No. 506, Philadelphia, Pa., receiving degrees on April 19, May 22, and June 28, 1919. d. April 16, 1949.

Charles T. McClenachan (1829–1896) Masonic author. b. April 13, 1829 in Washington, D.C. He moved to New York in 1845, became a teacher, and was admitted to the bar in 1868; held a number of public offices. He was raised in Munn Lodge No. 190, N.Y.C., March 17, 1854, and later affiliated with Howard Lodge No. 35 (serving as master in 1884), and finally Chancellor Walworth Lodge No. 271. Received the 32°

AASR (NJ) in Cosmopolitan Consistory, N.Y., June 6, 1859, and 33° at Boston, Dec. 15, 1860. He was made active member of Northern Supreme Council, July 12, 1861, and deputy for New York. He was historian of the Grand Lodge of New York; revised Mackey's Encyclopedia. d. Dec. 19, 1896.

John A. McClernand (1812–1900) Union Major General (brevet) in Civil War. b. May 30, 1812 in Breckenridge Co., Ky. At death of his father in 1816, his mother moved to Shawneetown, Ill. Here he practiced law and established the Shawneetown Democrat. In 1832 he served in the expeditions against the Sacs and Foxes. Served in the state legislature and in U.S. congress from Ill. from 1843–51 and 1858–61. He resigned from congress to raise the “McClernand brigade” for the war, and was named brigadier general of volunteers. He served at Fort Donelson, commanding the right of the Federal line; made major general in 1862; commanded a division at Battle of Shiloh; relieved General Sherman at Vicksburg in 1863; led the force that stormed and captured Arkansas Post; and was at Port Gibson, Champion Hills, Big Black River, and Vicksburg. He led the 13th Army corps until relieved in 1863, and resigned in 1864. Mason. d. Sept. 20, 1900.

George W. McClintic (1866–1942) Federal Judge, Southern District of West Virginia from 1921. b. Jan. 14, 1866 in Pocahontas Co., W. Va. Graduate of Roanoke Coll. (Va.) in 1883 and U. of Virginia in 1886. He practiced law at Charleston, W. Va. from 1888–21. Was member of lower house in W. Virginia in 1919–21. Received degrees in Kanawha Lodge No. 20, Charleston, W. Va. in 1890. Affiliated with Charleston Lodge

No. 153 on Nov. 13, 1919 as a charter member. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia in 1905–06. d. Sept. 25, 1942.

Franc L. McCluer President of Lindenwood College (for women), St. Charles, Mo. since 1947. b. March 27, 1896 at O'Fallon, Mo. Graduate of Westminster Coll. (Fulton, Mo.) in 1916 and 1920, and Ph.D. from U. of Chicago in 1928. Taught in high school at Fulton, Mo. and at Westminster Coll., as well as U. of Chicago. Member of Missouri constitutional convention of 1943. He is a member of the board of arbitration of International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. Dimitted member of Fulton Lodge No. 48 and Orion Chapter No. 49, R.A.M., both of Fulton, Mo.

Samuel G. McClure (1863–1948) Newspaper editor and publisher. b. Aug. 9, 1863 in Wayne Co., Ohio. Graduate of College of Wooster in 1886 and 1889. Began as editorial writer on the Cleveland Leader in 1887. He was publisher and general manager of the Ohio State Journal (Columbus) 1896–1906; owner and publisher of Youngstown Telegram, 1906–22; same for Glendale (Calif.) Evening News, 1926–28; president of Southern Calif. Newspapers Assoc., 1928–32; owner and publisher of Santa Monica Outlook from 1933. Received degrees in Goodale Lodge No. 372, Ohio, being raised Feb. 17, 1905. Affiliated with Hillman Lodge No. 481, Youngstown, Ohio on April 3, 1909, dimitting from there on June 3, 1925 when moved to Calif. In Calif. he affiliated with Meridian Lodge No. 667, Glendale, and was suspended NPD on July 5, 1946. d. Dec. 25, 1948.

James McClurg (1747–1825) Physician and member of the convention of 1787 that framed the Federal Constitution. b. in Hampton, Va. He was a fellow–student with Thomas Jefferson at William and Mary Coll., graduating in 1762. Received medical degree at Edinburgh, Scotland in 1770, and studied in London and Paris. Returned to U.S. in 1773; practiced first at Williamsburg, and later Richmond, Va. He was a member of the Virginia council many years. He published several medical papers and some poetic works. A member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, he was appointed by that lodge to attend the convention of deputies on June 15 and Oct. 6, 1778 which organized the Grand Lodge of Virginia. d. July 9, 1825.

Earl McCollum (1889–1947) Newspaper publisher. b. June 7, 1889 in Henry Co., Iowa. Began as office boy with the Kansas City Star in 1903, and became president of same. Mason. d. Feb. 5, 1947.

Marshall F. McComb Justice, Supreme Court of California since 1956. b. May 6, 1894 at Denver, Colo. Graduate of Leland Stanford and Yale universities. Practiced law at Los Angeles from 1920. Judge of superior court, 1927–34; associate justice district court of appeal, 1937–56. Served in WWI as an ensign in the Navy. Member of Westlake Lodge No. 392, Los Angeles, and master in 1940. 32° and KCCH at Los Angeles AASR (SJ). Member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple of Los Angeles and Al Bahr Temple of San Diego. Member of Supreme Council, Order of DeMolay.

Frank C. McConnell Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b.

June 21, 1898 in Cicero, Ind. Graduate of Purdue U. in 1920. Commissioned second lieutenant in 1921, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1943. He has served in the Canal Zone, Southwest Pacific, Hawaii, Philippines, and European Theater headquarters. He was with anti-aircraft command of Army Ground Forces 1942–45; deputy commander of Philippine ground force command, 1946; commanding general 8th Infantry Division, 1950; commander of Camp Gordon, Ga., 1951; deputy commanding general 25th Infantry Division in Korea in 1952. He has been with the OSA, the Pentagon, since 1957. In 1952 he was a delegate of the U.N. Armistice Delegation. Mason.

Roy F. McConnell Vice President of Standard Oil, in charge of sales and director since 1945. b. Oct. 15, 1884 in Detroit, Mich. He has been with Standard Oil Co. since 1907, first as clerk, advancing as stock clerk, superintendent of warehouse, chief clerk, assistant manager, manager (South Bend, Detroit), assistant general manager of divisions (Eastern, Northern, Western), general manager of sales. Mason.

Samuel K. McConnell, Jr. U.S. Congressman, 78th through 85th Congresses (1943–1958) from 16th and 13th Pa. dists. b. April 6, 1901 in Eddystone, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1923. Member and past master of Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia, Pa. Member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon at Norristown and Grotto at Philadelphia.

William J. McConnell (1839–1925) Governor of Idaho, 1893–96 and U.S. Senator, 1890–91. b. Sept. 18, 1839 in

Commerce, Mich. He went to Calif. in 1860 and to Oregon in 1862; walked from Oregon to Boise City, Idaho Territory in 1863. He was deputy U.S. marshal of the territory in 1865–67. He returned to Calif. in 1867 and engaged in business in Humboldt Co. until he returned to Oregon and later, to Idaho. In 1882 he became a member and president of the Oregon state senate. He was a member of the Idaho constitutional convention of 1890 and one of its first U.S. senators, drawing the short term, 1890–91. He was U.S. Indian inspector, 1897–1901, and immigrant inspector from 1909. Member of Paradise Lodge No. 17, Moscow, Idaho. d. March 29, 1925.

Edwin S. McCook (1837–1873) Union Major General of Civil War and acting governor of Dakota. b. March 26, 1837 in Carrollton, Ohio. He was educated in the U.S. Naval Academy, but at the outbreak of the Civil War he raised a company for the 31st Illinois regiment and served with the same at Fort Henry and Fort Donelson, where he was severely wounded. He fought throughout the Vicksburg, Chattanooga, and Atlanta Campaigns, and was under Sherman in the march to the sea. He was severely wounded three times and was brevetted both brigadier and major general of volunteers on March 13, 1865. While presiding over a public meeting, as acting governor of Dakota, he was shot and killed by a man in the audience. Member of Naval Lodge No. 69, New York City. d. Sept 11, 1873.

Jim Nance McCord Governor of Tennessee, 1944–49; U.S. Congressman to 78th Congress (1943–45). b. March 17, 1879 in Unionville, Tenn. He started as a hardware clerk in 1894;

sold books and stationery; was a traveling salesman; editor and publisher of the Marshall Gazette (Lewisburg) from 1910 and is president of the Capitol Life Insurance Co. of Tenn., with headquarters at Nashville. He was a member of the Marshall County court for 27 years. Was mayor of Lewisburg for 25 years. A member of Dillahunty Lodge No. 112, Lewisburg, receiving degrees on April 13, May 11, and June 4, 1920; 32° AASR (SJ) in Trinity Consistory of Nashville and member of Al Menah Shrine Temple, Nashville.

Leon McCord (1878–1952) U.S. Judge, Court of Appeals, 5th circuit, from 1938. b. June 21, 1878 in Conyers, Ga. Began practice of law at Scottsboro, Ala. in 1900 and at Montgomery in 1901. Was secretary of supreme court of Ala., railroad commissioner, judge of circuit court. He was commander-in-chief of the United Spanish War Veterans in 1934–35. He had served as a private in the Texas volunteers in that war. Mason. d. Feb. 11, 1952.

Medill McCormick (1877–1925) U.S. Senator, 1919–25 and U.S. Congressman, 1917–19 from Illinois. b. May 16, 1877 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Yale in 1900. He was publisher of the Chicago Tribune. Member of Albany Park Lodge No. 974, York and Scottish Rite bodies, and Medinah Shrine Temple, all of Chicago. d. Feb. 25, 1925.

Warren T. McCray (1865–1938) Governor of Indiana, 1921–25. b. Feb. 4, 1865 in Newton Co., Ind. He was a farmer, extensive grain shipper, and owner of Orchard Lake Stock Farm, Kentland—noted for its Hereford cattle. Received

the degrees between 1915–17 in Newton Lodge No. 361, Kentland, Ind., and was suspended in 1925 for unmasonic conduct. d. Dec. 19, 1938.

James B. McCreary (1838–1918) Governor and U.S. Senator from Kentucky. b. July 8, 1838 in Richmond, Ky. Graduate of Centre College (Ky.) in 1857 and law degree from Cumberland U. (Tenn.) in 1859. Practiced law in Richmond, Ky. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in 1862 and attained the rank of lieutenant colonel. Member of state house of representatives, 1869–73, and twice speaker of the same. He was governor of Kentucky from 1875–79, 1912–16. In 1892 he was a delegate to the international monetary conference at Brussels, Belgium. He served in the U.S. congress from 1885–97. From 1903–09 he was U.S. senator from Kentucky. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 25 and Richmond Commandery No. 19, K.T., both of Richmond, Ky. d. Oct. 8, 1918.

Charles LeRoy McCuen Vice President of General Motors, 1940–47, and general manager of research laboratories. b. May 22, 1892 in Stockton, Calif. Graduate engineer, he was a design engineer with Packard 1916–17; Rickenbacker Motor Car Co., 1922–26; Olds Motor Works, 1926–32; with Buick and Olds, 1932–33; and general manager of Olds Motor Works, 1933–40. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Edgar A. McCulloch (1861–1933) Federal Trade Commissioner from 1927–33; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Arkansas, 1909–27. b. Aug. 21, 1861 in Trenton, Tenn.

Admitted to the bar in 1883 and practiced at Marianna, Ark., 1883–1904. Was justice of supreme court from 1904 and chief justice, 1909–27, resigning in latter year. Received degrees in Marianna Lodge No. 171 on Feb. 4, March 18, April 22, 1886 and was master in 1892–93. In 1908–09 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas. Member of Marianna Chapter No. 54, R.A.M.; Marianna Council No. 72, R. & S.M. and Apollo Commandery No. 11, K.T., all of Marianna, Ark. He served as grand high priest of the grand chapter in 1919; grand master of the grand council in 1912 and grand commander of the grand commandery in 1901. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Little Rock in May, 1925. d. Jan. 23, 1933.

Richard McCulloch (1869–1940) President of United Railways Co. of St. Louis from 1915. b. June 3, 1869 in St. Louis. Graduate of Washington U. (Mo.) in 1891. Was chief engineer of National Railway Co., St. Louis, 1893–99. From 1899–1901 he constructed electric railways in France and Switzerland. From 1901–04 he was assistant general manager of the Chicago City Railway Co. He joined the St. Louis system in 1904 as assistant general manager and was elected vice president in 1907, president in 1915. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360 and St. Louis Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., both of St. Louis. A son of Robert McCulloch, q.v. d. Aug. 28, 1940.

Robert McCulloch (1841–1914) President of United Railways Co. of St. Louis. b. Sept. 15, 1841 in Osceola, Mo. of Virginia lineage. Attended Virginia Military institute and served in the Confederate Army. He was wounded at the Battle of Manassas, and at Gettysburg was left lying on

the field and listed as dead. He served as a captain under Col. Robert Withers in the 18th Va. Regiment. Withers later became grand master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. and it was Withers who presented McCulloch's petition to Natural Bridge Lodge No. 64 in Va. McCulloch later served as secretary and master of this lodge. In St. Louis he first affiliated with Aurora Lodge No. 267 and later Tuscan Lodge No. 360. He was exalted in O'Sullivan Chapter No. 40, R.A.M. (later Bellefontaine No. 25) and Hiram Council No. 1, R. & S.M., all of St. Louis. He was knighted in St. Aldemar Commandery No. 18, K.T., in 1875, served as commander and was grand commander of the Grand Cornmandery of Missouri in 1889. Scottish Rite member and Shriner in St. Louis. He was the father of Richard McCulloch, q.v.

Porter J. McCumber (1858–1933) U.S. Senator from North Dakota, 1899–1923. b. Feb. 3, 1858 in Crete, Ill. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1880. From 1881–1900 he practiced law in Wahpeton, N. Dak. He served in the territorial house of representatives from 1885–89, and was state's attorney of Richland Co. in 1896–97. As a senator he was chairman of the finance committee in 1922–23, and helped Senator William P. Hepburn, q.v., push the pure food and drug act in 1906. After his senatorship, he practiced law in Washington, D.C., and from 1925 was a member of the International Joint Commission. Member of Wahpeton Lodge No. 15, Wahpeton, N. Dak., 32° AASR (SJ), and member of El Zagal Shrine Temple, Fargo. He was buried Masonically by Benjamin B. French Lodge No. 15, Washington, D.C., for his N. Dak. lodge. d. May 18, 1933.

Horace W. McCurdy Shipbuilder. b. July 30, 1899 in Port Townsend, Wash. Student at U. of Washington, U.S. Naval Steam Engineering School and B.S. from Mass. Institute of Tech. in 1922. He began with the Puget Sound Bridge and Dredging Co. in 1922 as a laborer, rising to vice president and general manager in 1929, and president and general manager since 1931. He was also chairman of executive committee of Pontoon Bridge Builders, 1938–39, Associated Shipbuilders, 1941–45. He is vice president and director of Pacific Dredging Co., Los Angeles; and director of Western Oxygen Co., and Seattle and Pacific National Bank, Seattle. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Received degrees in Mercer Island Lodge No. 297, Mercer Island, Wash., and presently member of George Washington Lodge No. 251, Seattle. Member of Oriental Chapter No. 19, R.A.M. and Seattle Commandery No. 2; 33° AASR (SJ) at Seattle and representative of the Supreme Council in Valley of Seattle. Also member of Nile Shrine Temple, Red Cross of Constantine, National Sojourners, Heroes of '76, and Royal Order of Scotland.

Hugh McCurdy (1829–1908) Sixteenth Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A. b. Dec. 22, 1829 at Hamilton, Lanarkshire, Scotland. Received his degrees in Birmingham Lodge No. 44, Birmingham, Mich., Aug. 5 and 15, 1850. He organized Corunna Lodge No. 115, Corunna, Mich. on July 15, 1859 and was its first master. In 1873 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan. He was knighted in Fenton Cornmandery No. 14, K.T., Fentonville, Mich. March 13, 1866. Previously he became a Royal Arch Mason in Washington Chapter No. 15, Flint, Feb. 5, 1864, and established Corunna

Chapter No. 33, R.A.M. on Jan. 10, 1865, serving as its first high priest for six years. He was grand high priest of Michigan in 1871. Greeted in St. John's Council No. 21, R. & S.M., Dec. 18, 1866. Received 33° AASR (NJ) Nov. 18, 1873, and active member of Northern Jurisdiction on Sept. 27, 1883. Elected grand master of Grand Encampment on Aug. 11, 1892. d. July 16, 1908.

Robert G. McCutchan Hymnologist. b. Sept. 13, 1877 at Mt. Ayr, Iowa. Degrees in music from Simpson Coll., Southern Methodist U., and Southwestern U. Also studied in Berlin and Paris. Taught at Baker U., 1904–10, and organized their conservatory of music; was its director, 1906–10. Organized several summer schools of music in Md., Mich., and Ind. From 1911–37 he was dean of music at De Pauw U., and emeritus since 1937. He was a member of the commission on church music of the Methodist church from 1924–28, and in 1935 was editor of the Methodist Hymnal. He is the composer of many hymn tunes, and the author of *Our Hymnody*; *Alders-gate*, 1738–1938; *Hymns in the Lives of Men*; *Better Music in Our Churches*; *Music in Worship*; *Early American Composers of Church Music* and many others. Mason.

Alexander McDonald A Roman Catholic who was Fifth Grand Commander, Supreme Council, Southern Jurisdiction, 33° AASR from 1845–46. A merchant of Charleston, S. Car., he is thought to have been born in England. He was chairman of the committee on the building of the Masonic hall. It was destroyed by fire on April 27, 1838 before it was completed. He later secured another site and was on the

building committee of the next temple. He was a vestryman of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church in 1824. He served as junior grand warden and senior grand warden (1826–27) of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina; grand lecturer, 1844; corresponding grand secretary in 1828–33 and 1842. In 1828 he was commander of South Carolina Commandery No.1, K.T. and deputy grand master of the South Carolina Encampment, K.T. He was captain of the Charleston Irish Volunteers in 1830, and alderman of Charleston, 1838–42 and 1845. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of South Carolina in 1830. He was elected grand commander of the Supreme Council on July 1, 1845, and “retired about Aug. 1, 1846.” He seemingly left South Carolina about this time and it is thought he may have returned to England. In 1846 he was listed as warden of the South Carolina Encampment, but on Nov. 26, that body resolved that his name “be erased from the roll of this Encampment and that his shield be reversed.”

Robert C. McDonald (1881–1958) Physician and Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 18, 1881 in Crockett Co., Tenn. Received M.D. degree from Tulane U. in 1909, and was graduate of Army Medical School in 1911. Commissioned in 1910, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945. In WWI he served with the 1st Infantry Division, with Army schools, and on staff of General Pershing, q.v. From 1921–25 and 1931–35 he was in the surgeon general's office. In WWII he was surgeon of 3rd Army, surgeon of 3rd Service Command, commanding officer of Army General Hospital, and surgeon of 4th Command (Atlanta, Ga.) . Chief surgeon U.S. Soldiers' Home from 1945. Retired from active duty in

1946. Member in good standing of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas at time of his death on March 17, 1958. National Sojourner.

James A. McDougall (1817–1867) U.S. Senator and Congressman from California. b. Nov. 19, 1817 in Bethlehem, N.Y. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, practicing in Cook Co., Ill. from 1837, and was attorney general of Ill. in 1842–46. He made explorations in the Southwest, and finally settled in San Francisco, Calif. He was attorney general of Calif. from 1850–51. He served in the 33rd congress (1853–55) and in the U.S. senate from 1861–67. Received his degrees in Harmony Lodge No. 3, Jacksonville, Ill. in 1840 and affiliated with Oriental Lodge No. 33, Chicago in 1846. Also member of chapter and commandery. d. Sept. 3, 1867.

Frank A. McElwain (1875–1957) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Dec. 14, 1875 in Warsaw, N.Y. Degrees from Trinity Coll. (Conn.), and Sea-bury Divinity School (Minn.). Made deacon in 1902, and priest in 1903, of Episcopal church; served pastorates in Missouri from 1902–05; and was associated with the Seabury School until 1912, when he was elected suffragan bishop of Minn. on May 23. On May 23, 1917 he was made bishop of Minn., and retired in 1943. Member of Lake Harriet Lodge No. 277, Minneapolis, Minn. receiving degrees on June 14, Oct. 11, 23, 1921. d. Sept. 19, 1957.

Louis T. McFadden (1876–1936) U.S. Congressman to 64th through 73rd Congresses (1915–35) from 15th Pa. dist. b. July 25, 1876 in Troy, Pa. Began as office boy in First National

Bank of Canton, Pa. at 16 and rose to presidency in 1916. Member of Canton Lodge No. 415, Canton, Pa., receiving degrees on Oct. 8, Nov. 9, and Dec. 7, 1897. d. Oct. 1, 1936.

Edward F. McFaddin Justice, Supreme Court of Arkansas from 1943. b. Dec. 30, 1894 in Hope, Ark. Holds degrees from Hardin-Simmons U., U. of Texas, and Columbia U. Admitted to bar in 1916, and practiced at Hope, Ark. from 1919–42. He was assistant attorney general of Arkansas in 1926. Captain in A.E.F. in WWI. Member of Whitfield Lodge No. 239, Hope, Ark., receiving degrees on Sept. 30 and Dec. 1, 1917. Grand orator of Grand Lodge of Arkansas in 1954–55. Member of Fay Hempstead Chapter No. 144, R.A.M., Occidental Council No. 1, R. & S.M., Hugh de Payens Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., and 32° AASR (SJ), all in Little Rock.

Ernest W. McFarland U.S. Senator, 1941–53, and Governor of Arizona since 1955. b. Oct. 9, 1894 in Earlsboro, Okla. Holds degrees from U. of Oklahoma (1917) and Stanford U. (1921 and 1922). He taught rural school in Seminole Co., Okla., worked in a bank in Phoenix, Ariz., and was admitted to bar in 1920, practicing in Casa Grande. He was assistant attorney general of Ariz. and county attorney and judge of the superior court of Pinal Co. In WWI he served in the Navy. Member of Pinal Lodge No. 30, Casa Grande, Ariz. 32° AASR, Shriner, and Jester.

Harvey McGehee Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi since 1937. b. June 11, 1887 in Little Springs, Miss. Graduate of Mississippi Coll. (Clinton) in 1908. Admitted to the bar in

1916. Was county prosecuting attorney, 1909–10, and member of state senate 1916–20; chancery judge, 1926–28, and circuit judge, 1933–37. Former member of Monticello Lodge No. 610, Monticello, Miss.

James B. McGhee Associate Justice, Supreme Court of New Mexico since 1947. b. Oct. 6, 1888 in Vernon, Texas. He was a court stenographer, 1912–20, was admitted to the bar in 1919, and practiced in Carlsbad, Clovis and Roswell, N. Mex. until 1933. On this date he was appointed judge of the 5th judicial district, and elected subsequently until he took seat on the supreme court bench. Raised in Roswell Lodge No. 18, Roswell, N. Mex. in 1915. 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe, and member of Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple, Albuquerque.

George McGill U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1930–39. b. Feb. 12, 1879 in Lucas Co., Iowa. Graduate of Central Normal Coll. (Kans.). Admitted to bar in 1902, he practiced at Wichita. Was chairman of Kansas Democratic State Convention, 1924, and delegate at large to national conventions of 1928, 1936, and 1944. Mason and Shriner.

Alexander McGillivray (1740–1793) Chief of the Creek and Seminole Indians; British Colonel; Spanish and American General. b. in 1740 of a Scotch father and Creek mother, whose father was a French officer of Spanish descent. It has been stated that McGillivray's character reflected the traits of the four bloods—the polished urbanity of the Frenchman, the duplicity of the Spaniard, the sagacity of the Scotchman, and the subtlety of the Indian. He received a classical education

from his father's brother, a Presbyterian clergyman of Charleston, but on reaching manhood, turned to his mother's people. He eventually became head of the Creeks, and their allies, the Seminoles and Chickamaugas, and could thereby bring 10,000 warriors into the field. He sided with the British in the Revolution, and Georgia confiscated his lands. This made him a bitter enemy, and he led a long war against the western settlers. After the war, he sided with the Spanish of Florida and aided in many raids. He was invited to New York by none other than George Washington, together with 28 of his chiefs. Before leaving, he wrote a letter to the Spanish, telling them he would remain faithful to them in spite of any treaty that might be signed. The U.S. gave him \$100,000 for his confiscated property and a commission as major general in the U.S. Army. On his return, he at once began new raids and continued them until his death. General James Robertson, who opposed him militarily on many occasions said: "The Spaniards are devils, and the biggest devil among them is the half-Spaniard, half-Frenchman, half-Scotchman and altogether Creek scoundrel, McGillivray." It is not known where he received his degrees, but on his death, Feb. 17, 1793, he was buried with Masonic honors in Panton's Garden, Pensacola, Fla.

Francis E. McGovern (1866–1946) Governor of Wisconsin, 1911–15. b. Jan. 21, 1866 near Elkhart, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1890. He was principal and superintendent of schools at Broadhead and Appleton, Wis., from 1890–97, being admitted to bar in latter year, and practicing at Milwaukee. Served in WWI. Served in 1920 as general counsel of U.S.

Shipping Board and Emergency Fleet Corp., Washington, returning to private practice. Received degrees in Waverly Lodge No. 51, Appleton, Wis. on Jan. 19, March 2, and April 6, 1897 and affiliated with LaFayette Lodge No. 265, Milwaukee, on March 6, 1899. 32° AASR (NJ). d. May 16, 1946.

James G. McGowen (1870–1940) Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi from 1925. b. Sept. 19, 1870 in Nesbitt, Miss. Practiced law in Water Valley, Miss. A prominent layman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, he was a delegate to the general conference seven times, and to the ecumenical conference of world Methodism at Atlanta in 1932. He was a member of the committee on unification of the churches from 1916–20, and a delegate to the uniting conference of Methodists in 1939. Member of Valley City Lodge No. 402, Water Valley, Miss., receiving degrees on Jan. 11, Feb. 26, 1914 and March 5, 1915. Served as junior warden in 1924. d. Dec. 26, 1940.

E. Clyde McGraw President of Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp. since 1957. b. Dec. 15, 1903 in Elwood, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1927. He was with the Western Public Service Co. from 1927–37 as an engineer, superintendent, and district superintendent. From 1937–41 was general superintendent of the Texas–New Mexico Utilities Co. With utility companies in the East (president of Montauk Electric, and vice–president of Haverhill Gas Light) until he became vice president of Transcontinental in 1950, executive vice president in 1955, and president in 1957. Raised in Bethany Lodge, Lincoln, Nebr. in 1922, and now member of Samaritan

Lodge No. 158, Chadron, Nebr. 1Viember of Oregon Trail Chapter No. 65, R.A.M., Gering, Nebr. and Zerubbabel Council No. 27, R. & S.M., Chadron, Nebr.

John H. McGraw (1850–1910) Governor of Washington, 1893–97. b. Oct. 4, 1850 in Penobscot Co., Maine. He went to Washington Territory in 1876, and was admitted to the bar in 1886. He was president of the First National Bank, Seattle, 1890–97, and after that an investment broker. Served as sheriff of King Co. for eight years and was president of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 9, Seattle. d. 1910.

Gordon R. McGregor President of Trans-Canadian Air Lines since 1948. b. Sept. 26, 1901 in Montreal, Quebec. Student at St. Andrew's Coll. and McGill U. He was with Bell Telephone Co. from 1923–39 in engineering, and later as district manager at Kingston and Montreal. Has been with Trans-Canadian since 1945, advancing from general traffic manager. In WWII he served with the R.C.A.F., commanding the 401st and 402nd squadrons, X-Wing and 126th Wing. Was on staff of 83rd Group, Normandy, 1943–44. Demobilized as a group captain and received Order of British Empire, Distinguished Flying Cross, Croix de Guerre, and decorations from other foreign countries including the Netherlands and Czechoslovakia. Member of St. John Lodge No. 3, Kingston, Ont., Canada from 1933; 14° AASR in Kingston Lodge of Perfection, 1936.

J. Harry McGregor (1896–1958), U.S. Congressman to

76th through 85th Congresses, (1939–58) from 17th Ohio dist. b. Sept. 30, 1896 in Union–port, Ohio. Educated at West Lafayette Coll. and Oberlin Coll. (1915–17). He served in the Field Artillery in WWI. He began as a lumber dealer in 1918, becoming a contractor after the war, specializing in road building. Recognized as an expert on highway matters, he was chairman of the committee of roads in the 83rd congress. Raised in West Lafayette Lodge No. 602, West Lafayette, Ohio on March 18, 1918, he was master in 1926 and district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio four years. Exalted in Samaritan Chapter No. 50, R.A.M. on July 10, 1918; greeted in Coshocton Council No. 110, R. & S.M. in Jan., 1919; knighted in Coshocton Commandery No. 63, K.T. Sept. 10, 1919—all of Coshocton, Ohio. He received the 32° AASR (NJ) at Columbus in Nov., 1942 and the 33° less than –two weeks before his death. Member of the Aladdin Shrine Temple. d. Oct. 7, 1958.

Edgar L. McHaney (1876–1948) Justice, Supreme Court of Arkansas, 1927–48. b. Nov. 6, 1876 at Gibson, Tenn. Graduate of Southern Normal U. (Tenn.), and U. of Arkansas. Was superintendent of schools at DeWitt and Piggott, Ark., settling in Little Rock in 1902. Admitted to bar in 1904. Served in house of representatives in 1921 and was deputy secretary of state from 1902–08. Member of Trinity Lodge No. 694, Little Rock, Ark. d. May 24, 1948.

Powell B. McHaney (1905–1957) President of General American Life Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo. from 1951. b. June 30, 1905 in White Oak, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri and

Harvard. Admitted to the bar in 1928, he was assistant attorney general of Mo. in 1933. He specialized in insurance law, and in 1942 became vice president and general counsel of General American, executive vice president in 1950, president in 1951. A director in many companies including Anheuser-Busch and Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, receiving degrees on Sept. 19, 1944; May 19, 1945 and June 4, 1946. d. Dec. 4, 1957.

James McHenry (1753–1816) Secretary of War; private secretary to Washington and Lafayette; member of Constitutional Convention. b. Nov. 16, 1753 in Ireland. Educated in Dublin and came to Philadelphia in 1771, where he studied medicine under Dr. Benjamin Rush. He accompanied Washington to the camp at Cambridge, joined the army as assistant surgeon in Jan., 1776, and later was surgeon to the 5th Pennsylvania battalion. He was made prisoner at Fort Washington and exchanged in spring of 1778. On May 15th of that year he was made secretary to Washington and he remained a trusted friend and advisor to him the rest of his life. In 1780 he was transferred to the staff of Lafayette, where he remained until the close of the war. He was in the Maryland senate in 1781–86, and concurrently, from 1783–86 was a member of the Continental Congress. In 1787 he was a member of the Constitutional Convention and labored to secure its ratification. In 1796 he became a member of Washington's cabinet as secretary of War. Fort McHenry was named in his honor. He was a member of Spiritual Lodge No. 23 of Baltimore, Md. d. May 3, 1816.

Ross T. McIntire Vice Admiral and Surgeon General, U.S. Navy, 1938–46; White House physician, 1933–45. b. Aug. 11, 1889 in Salem, Oreg. Received M.D. degree from Willamette U. (Oreg.) in 1912, and also studied at U. of Oregon, Washington U. (Mo.). Began practice in Oregon in 1912, and was commissioned lieutenant (j.g.) in Medical Corps, U.S. Navy in 1917. He is a specialist in ophthalmology and otolaryngology. He is chairman of the Red Cross blood program. From 1947–54 he was chairman of the president's commission on employment of physically handicapped. Since 1955 he has been executive director of International College of Surgeons. Mason and Shriner.

Clifford G. McIntire U.S. Congressman to 82nd through 86th Congresses from 3rd dist. of Maine. b. May 4, 1908 in Perham, Maine. Graduate of U. of Maine in 1930. Engaged in farming near Perham since 1930. From 1933–47 he was an appraiser, supervisor and regional manager for the Farm Credit Adm. in Springfield, Mass. and from 1947–51 was assistant general manager of the Maine Potato Growers, Inc. at Presque Isle. Elected to 82nd Congress on Oct. 22, 1951, to fill vacancy. Member of Washburn Lodge No. 193, Washburn; Garfield Chapter No. 48, R.A.M. at Caribou; St. Aldemar Commandery No. 17, K.T., Houlton, and Anah Shrine Temple at Bangor, Maine.

Douglas McKay (1893–1959) Secretary of Interior in Eisenhower cabinet, 1953–56; Governor of Oregon, 1949–53. b. June 24, 1893 in Portland, Oreg. Agriculture graduate of Oregon State Coll. in 1917; from 1909–13 he was a paper

carrier and office boy for Union Pacific Railroad. From 1920–27 he was an automobile salesman in Portland, and from 1927 was a dealer for Chevrolet and Cadillac at Salem. He was mayor of Salem in 1933–34. He served in the state senate from 1935–37, 1939–41, 1943–45 and 1947–49. In WWI he was a lieutenant with the 91st Infantry division and was wounded in the Meuse–Argonne offensive. In WWII he was on vacation in Hawaii, on December 7th, when the Japanese hit Pearl Harbor. He organized a home guard unit at Pearl Harbor and later served as a captain and major in the Service Command. From 1957 he was a member of the International Joint Commission, representing U.S. and Canada. He received his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 46, Portland on Dec. 8, 1923, Jan. 12, and Feb. 27, 1924. He affiliated with Salem Lodge No. 4, Salem, Oreg. on May 4, 1928, and was master in 1933. In 1957 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Oregon. Member of Multonomah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Hodson Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 5, K.T. all of Salem; 32° AASR (SJ) at Salem; Member of Al Kader Shrine Temple Portland, Portland Court No. 29, Royal Order of Jesters, and St. Lawrence Concave No. 26, Red Cross of Constantine. d. July 23, 1959.

William R. McKay (1895–1954) Judge, Superior Court of California, 1941–54. Orphaned at five years, he was reared in an orphan's home and educated by older brother. Graduate of U. of California and Stanford U. He was a graduate chemist as well as lawyer. He entered law practice in Hanford, Calif., and in 1932 was named to the municipal court of Los Angeles. Mason. In 1934 he received the Legion of Honor

from the Order of DeMolay for his work in fighting juvenile delinquency, and in 1950 he was grand master of the Order. Raised in Welcome Lodge No. 255, Calif. on March 13, 1919. d. Dec. 7, 1954.

Samuel McKean (1787–1841) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1833–39. b. April 7, 1787 in Bradford Co., Pa. Was in the mercantile business at Burlington, Pa. Member of state legislature in 1815–19; secretary of state under Governor Wolf. He was a major general of state militia. He served in the 18th through 20th U.S. congresses (1823–29). He was a member of his state senate in 1829–30. Member of Mount Moriah Lodge No. 150, Troy, Pa. serving at one time as senior warden. d. Dec. 14, 1841.

Thomas McKean (1734–1817) Signer of Declaration of Independence. b. March 19, 1734 in New London, Pa. Admitted to the bar before he was 21. In 1752 he was elected to the Delaware general assembly and held that office for 17 successive years, during the latter years residing in Philadelphia. In 1765 he was elected to the Stamp–Act Congress and berated the timid souls of the congress who refused to sign it, including Timothy Ruggles, president of the body. As a result, a duel between the two was arranged in the session of congress. Ruggles, however, left the next morning before daybreak. McKean was a member of the Continental Congress from 1774 until 1783, being the only member serving from its opening until peace. He was president of congress in 1781. Although his name was signed to the original Declaration of Independence, it did not appear on the printed copy due to

a “printer’s error. After the signing, he marched at the head of a battalion to Perth Amboy, N.J. to reinforce Washington. In 1777 he was acting in the double capacity of president of Delaware and chief justice of Pennsylvania. In 1776 he drew up the constitution for the state of Delaware, completing it in one night. He was governor of Pennsylvania from 1799–1808. He was vice president of the Pennsylvania Society of the Cincinnati. Although his lodge is not known, he is recorded as a visitor to Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa. Roberdo Buchanan, biographer of the McKean family also stated that he was a Freemason. d. June 24, 1817.

Theodore R. McKeldin Governor of Maryland since 1951. b. Nov. 20, 1900 in Baltimore. Graduate of U. of Maryland in 1926 and admitted to the bar that year. He taught in the public schools of Baltimore and served as secretary to Mayor Broening. From 1931–43 he practiced law, and was mayor of Baltimore from 1943–47. Returned to law practice in 1947. He was the unsuccessful Republican candidate for governor in 1942 and 1946. In 1952 he put Eisenhower’s name for presidential nomination before the Republican committee at Eisenhower’s request. Member of Tuscan Lodge No. 202, Druid Chapter No. 28, R.A.M., Monumental Commandery No. 3, K.T., 32° AASR (SJ) and KCCH, Boumi Shrine Temple, Baltimore Forest No. 45, Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Patterson Chapter No. 19, O.E.S., all of Baltimore, Md.

Kenneth D. McKeller U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1916–53 and U.S. Congressman, 1913–17 from 10th Tenn. dist. b. Jan. 29, 1869 in Richmond, Ala. Received three degrees from

the U. of Alabama. Member of Lelia Scott Lodge No. 289, Memphis. Received the Scottish Rite degrees at Memphis in Oct., 1926 and made KCCH in Oct., 1943.

Samuel R. McKelvie (1881–1956) Governor of Nebraska, 1919–23. b. April 15, 1881 in Fairfield, Nebr. Attended business college and U. of Nebraska. Was with the Bee Publishing Co. of Omaha from 1902–05. He became editor of the Nebraska Farmer in 1905 and has been owner and publisher since 1908. Member of state house of representatives from 1911–13 and lieutenant governor from 1913–15. Member of Lincoln Lodge No. 19, Lincoln, Nebr., receiving degrees on Sept. 12, 1905 and April 23, May 16, 1907. d. Jan. 6, 1956.

Roy C. McKenna (1883–1958) Steel company executive. b. March 7, 1883 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pittsburgh in 1903. Was a partner of McKenna Brass & Mfg. Co. from 1903–26 and president from 1926–37. He was president of Vanadium-Alloys Steel Co., 1915–43, and chairman of the board since 1943. He is also president of Anchor Drawn Steel Co., and vice president of Colonial Steel Co. and Vanadium-Alloys Steel Societa Italiana. Raised in Dallas Lodge No. 508, Pittsburgh, Pa. on April 14, 1905 and became charter member of Belle-field Lodge No. 680 on March 11, 1915, serving as trustee from 1915–20. Member of Shiloh Chapter No. 257, R.A.M.; Tancred Commandery No. 48, K.T., Syria Shrine Temple and Pittsburgh Court No. 2, Royal Order of Jesters, all of Pittsburgh. Received 32° AASR (NJ) on Nov. 22, 1917 and 33° Sept. 28, 1955. d. July 12, 1958.

Charles E. McKenzie (1896–1956) U.S. Congressman to 78th and 79th Congresses (1943–47) from 5th La. dist. b. Oct. 3, 1896 at Pelican, La. Entered oil business in Texas in 1919, returning to Monroe, La. in 1921. He was president of McKenzie and Mouk, Inc. and McKenzie & Co., Inc. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 24, Monroe, La., receiving degrees on May 29, July 15 and Nov. 6, 1924. Received 25-year-certificate Dec. 9, 1949. d. June 7, 1956.

James A. McKenzie (1840–1904) Diplomat and U.S. Congressman. b. Aug. 1, 1840 in Christian Co., Ky. He was educated in law, but turned to farming. In 1867–71 he was a member of the state legislature and U.S. congressman from Ky., 1877–83. From 1893–97 he was U.S. minister to Peru. Served in the Confederate Army. In congress he was the author of the bill putting quinine on the free list, from which he received the sobriquet of “Quinine Jim.” He was secretary of state of Kentucky during Governor Knott’s administration; commissioner from Ky. to the World’s Fair in Chicago. He was made a Mason in James Moore Lodge No. 230 in 1862 and later a charter member of Long View Lodge No. 416, serving as master in 1867–69. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1891. He was exalted in Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. in 1868 and knighted in Clarksville, Tenn. in 1870. d. June 25, 1904 and buried with Masonic honors.

John McKenzie (1745–1795) Brother of Sir Alexander McKenzie, the explorer and pioneer of the Hudson’s Bay Co. His tombstone in the cemetery at Summerstown, near Cornwall, Ont., Canada, reads: “This stone is erected by the

members of The Union Lodge in memory of the late Capt. John McKenzie, their worthy friend and brother, who was born in Stoma-way on the Isle of Lewis, N. Britain, and departed this life the 7th August, 1795. Age 50 years.”

John C. McKenzie (1860–1941) U.S. Congressman to 62nd through 68th Congresses (1911–25) from 13th Ill. dist. b. Feb. 18, 1860 in Jo Daviess Co., Ill. Admitted to the bar and practiced at Elizabeth, Ill. Served three terms in state senate (1900–11) and president one term. In congress he was chairman of the Muscle Shoals inquiry. Received the degrees in Kavanaugh Lodge No. 36, Elizabeth, Ill. on Nov. 11, 25, 1899 and Jan. 6, 1900. d. Sept. 17, 1941.

William McKinley (1843–1901) Twenty-fifth President of the United States, 1896–1901. b. Jan. 29, 1843 in Niles, Ohio. Educated at Poland Academy and Allegheny Coll. He taught in public schools, and at the outset of the Civil War, enlisted as a private in the 23rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, rising through grades to captain in 1864, and brevetted major by President Lincoln on March 13, 1865, for gallantry in battle. Following the war he took a course at the Albany (N.Y.) Law School and was admitted to the Ohio bar in 1867, settling at Canton. He was U.S. congressman from Ohio from 1876–91. An advocate of high protective tariff, he was chairman of the committee on ways and means that reported the tariff bill of 1890, known as the “McKinley Bill.” When his district was changed by a Democratic legislature, he was defeated for congress in 1890. He was with the organization directed by Marcus Hanna, Republican politician of Cleveland. He was elected governor

of Ohio for two successive terms, 1892–96. He was elected president in 1896 by a popular plurality of 600,000 votes and in 1900 with plurality of 849,000 votes. He was shot by the anarchist, Leon Czolgosz, on Sept. 6, 1901 at Buffalo, N.Y. and died Sept. 14. Although a Union Army major, he received his degrees in a southern lodge during the war. He was protecting and managing the army hospital at Winchester, Va., and was struck by the ties which he saw existing between the Union surgeons and Confederate prisoners. When he learned the reason for such a brotherly spirit in spite of war and hatred, he asked to be admitted to the Craft. His petition was presented to Hiram Lodge No. 21 of Winchester and he was initiated May 1, 1865, passed May 2, and raised May 3. J. B. T. Reed, a Confederate chaplain, served in the East. On Aug. 21, 1867 he affiliated with Canton Lodge No. 90, Canton, Ohio and on June 2, 1868 became a charter member of Eagle Lodge No. 431 of Canton—it was later named William McKinley Lodge in his honor. A member of Canton Chapter No. 84, R.A.M., he received the Mark, Past and Most Excellent degrees on Dec. 27, 1883 and the Royal Arch on Dec. 28. He received the commandery orders on Dec. 18, 23, 1884 in Canton Commandery No. 38, K.T. On Dec. 23, 1896 he was elected a life member of Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., Washington, D.C. During the early part of his congressional career he was a frequent visitor to the lodges of the District. He was grand orator at the dedication of the Masonic Temple, Canton, on June 25, 1890; and on Dec. 14, 1899, while president, he delivered an address at the Masonic fraternity's centennial anniversary of the death of Washington. On Feb. 7, 1900 a delegation headed by J. T. Taylor, master of

Columbia Lodge No. 2397, London, England, visited the White House and presented him an engrossed certificate of membership in the English lodge. On May 22, 1901 he attended a reception given in his honor by California Commandery No. 1, San Francisco. The gold invitation card presented to him is now in the library of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania and was presented on May 12, 1913 by John Wanamaker, q.v. While visiting in Adams, Mass., Sept. 7, 1897, McKinley received the brethren of Berkshire Lodge and autographed the record book of that lodge. He was made an honorary member of the Illinois Masonic Veterans' Association on Oct. 28, 1898; on his death this group presented a gold memorial plate to his widow. He was an honorary member of the New York Veterans' Association. On Oct. 23, 1899 he tendered a reception to the Supreme Council, AASR (SJ) at the White House. On May 23, 1900 he received the members of the Mystic Shrine at a reception at the White House, during an Imperial Council meeting in Washington. In speaking at the centennial of Washington's death he said: "We have just participated in a service commemorative of the one hundredth anniversary of the death of George Washington. Here at his home, which he loved so well, and which the patriotic women of the country have guarded with loving hands, exercises are conducted under the auspices of the great fraternity of Freemasons, which a century ago, planned and executed the solemn ceremonial which attended the Father of his Country to his tomb. . . . Masons throughout the United States testify anew their reverence for the name of Washington and the inspiring example of his life . . . the Fraternity justly claims the immortal patriot as one of its members; the whole human

family acknowledges him as one of the greatest benefactors.” Five cornmanderies of Knights Templar escorted McKinley’s remains from the White House to the Capitol on Sept. 17, 1901 and at the immense funeral on the 19th, 2,000 Knights Templar in uniform formed the fourth division of the funeral escort.

William B. McKinley (1856–1926) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Illinois. b. Sept. 5, 1856 in Petersburg, Ill. He was in the banking and mortgage business and operated public utilities from 1877. He was U.S. congressman to 59th through 62nd congresses (1905–13), and 64th through 66th congresses (1915–21) from 19th Ill. dist. He was U.S. senator from 1921–27. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 240, Champaign, Ill. 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago. d. Dec. 7, 1926.

Walter M. McKinney (1889–1952) American foreign service officer. b. Sept. 6, 1889 in Sault Ste Marie, Mich. He served as U.S. consul in Bordeaux, France; Vigo, Spain; Yarmouth, N.S., Canada. Was secretary of American legation at Guatemala City; consul in Sheffield and London, England and Barcelona, Spain; and consul general at Winnipeg, Man., Canada. Member of Bethel Lodge No. 358, Sault Ste Marie, Mich., receiving degrees on Dec. 10, 1919, Feb. 24, and Nov. 30, 1920. d. April 13, 1952.

Addis E. McKinstry (1870–1941) President of International Harvester Co., 1933–35. b. Jan. 27, 1870 near Eaton, Ohio. Began in employ of Wm. Deering & Co., Chicago in 1886.

From 1916–20 he was division manager of International Harvester; vice president and director, 1920–32; first vice president and director, 1932–33. Chairman of executive committee and director from 1935. Received his degrees in Alpha Lodge No. 155, Galesburg, Ill. on Feb. 21, March 5 and 21, 1896. d. March 21, 1941.

John McKinstry American Colonel in Revolutionary War. It is claimed that as a captain at the Battle of The Cedars (Canada) on May 20, 1776, he was taken prisoner, and that when about to be killed, gave a Masonic sign of distress and was saved by the Indian Chief, Joseph Brant, q.v. McKinstry was a charter member of Hudson Lodge No. 7, Hudson, N.Y. on March 7, 1787. Hayden's Leaflets of Masonic Biography, which uses the story in quotes, states: "At the battle of The Cedars, 30 miles above Montreal in 1776, Colonel McKinstry, then a captain in Patterson's regiment of Continental troops, was twice wounded, and afterward taken prisoner by the Indians employed in the British services ... already he had been fastened to the fatal tree, and the preparations for the human sacrifice were rapidly proceeding, when, in the agony of despair, and scarcely conscious of a hope, the captive made the great mystic appeal to a Mason in the hour of danger. It was seen and understood by the Chieftain Brant, who was present on the occasion. Brant at once interfered in his behalf, and succeeded, by the influence of his position, in rescuing his American brother from his impending fate. Having freed him from his bonds, he conducted and guarded him in safety to Quebec, where he placed him in the hands of the English, by whom he was permitted to return to his home on parole."

It is said that Brant's friendship with McKinstry continued throughout their lives, and that Brant visited him at his home in Greendale, N.Y. In 1805 they attended Hudson Lodge No. 7 in Hudson, N.Y. together. W. L. Stone, author of *The Life of Joseph Brant*, knew McKinstry, and reported that he always spoke in glowing terms of his Indian benefactor. There is some question whether Brant was at the Battle of The Cedars, as it is possible that he was in England or on a ship returning from England. Other sources say the incident happened at the Battle of Oriskany rather than The Cedars.

Anthony F. McKissick (1869–1938) Cotton manufacturer. b. June 10, 1869 in Union, S. Car. Graduate of U. of South Carolina and Cornell U. He was president of Grendel Mills at Greenwood, 1901–18; of “Ninety Six” Cotton Mills, 1906–17; and vice president of Alice Mills at Easley from 1923. Was railroad and bank director. Affiliated with Recovery Lodge No. 31, Greenville, S. Car, on Oct. 18, 1920. d. April 8, 1938.

J. Rion McKissick (1884–1944) University president and editor. b. Oct. 13, 1844 in Union, S. Car. Graduate of South Carolina Coll., College of Charleston, Harvard Law School, and U. of Wisconsin. Was a reporter and editorial writer for *Richmond Times Dispatch*, 1909–14. Admitted to the bar in 1914, and practiced at Greenville. He was editor of *Greenville News*, 1916–19, and *Greenville Piedmont*, 1919–26. From 1926–36 he was dean of the school of journalism of the U. of South Carolina, and then president of that institution. Made a Mason “at sight” by the grand master of South Carolina in 1937; 32° AASR. d. Sept. 3, 1944.

James D. McLachlan British Major General in WWI. Member of Dramatic and Arts Lodge No. 757, Edinburgh, Scotland in 1895. He was made an honorary member of Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on Feb. 28, 1918 and of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, on Oct. 24, 1918.

Victor McLaglen Motion picture actor. b. in 1886 at Turnbridge Wells, England. He began as a motion picture actor in England in 1920; he came to Hollywood in 1924, where he first starred in Cockeyed World, and as Captain Flagg in What Price Glory. He appeared in more than 135 pictures including Sea Devils; Wee Willie Winkie; Battle of Broadway; Gunga Din; Laughing at Life; China Girl; Roger Touhy; Last of the Gangsters; Tampico; Fort Apache; and She Wore a Yellow Ribbon. He received the Academy Award in 1936 for his role in The Informer. From 1914–18 he served as provost marshal of Bagdad, Iraq. He is the author of Express to Hollywood, an autobiography. Owned a 1,000 acre ranch near Clovis, Calif. on which he raised pure bred Jersey cattle. Member of Los Angeles Lodge No. 42, Los Angeles, Calif. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Long Beach on Dec. 5, 1930.

Allan McLane (1746–1829) Revolutionary soldier and jurist. b. Aug. 8, 1746. He took an early part in the American Revolution, and in 1775 was a volunteer in the Great Bridge fight near Norfolk, Va., where the Virginia militia repelled an assault of 600 British with a loss of 55 to the enemy and only one patriot wounded. He joined Rodney's Delaware regiment as a lieutenant, fought gallantly at the battles of Long Island, White Plains, Princeton, Monmouth, and Yorktown, retiring

from the army at close of war as a colonel. In personal combat with three British dragoons near Frankford, Pa., he killed one, wound-ed another, and compelled the third to flee. After the war he was made judge of the court of appeals of Delaware, and in 1790 Washington appointed him U.S. marshal of that state, a post he held until 1798. In 1808 he was appointed collector of the port of Wilmington and held that office until his death. He became a member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, on Dec. 3, 1778, and was senior deacon in 1780. Later he was reported a member of Lodge No. 18, Dover, Del. He was the father of Louis McLane, q.v. d. May 22, 1829.

John McLane (1852–1911) Governor of New Hampshire, 1905–06. b. Feb. 27, 1852 in Lennoxton, Scotland. He learned trade of cabinet-maker, and from 1876 was a manufacturer of postoffice furniture and equipment. Was president of McLane Mfg. Co. Served one term in the lower house of N.H. and two in senate, being president of the latter in both terms. Member of Benevolent Lodge No. 7, Milford, N.H., receiving degrees on May 18, July 13, and Sept. 14, 1875; master in 1882–83 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1898–99. Exalted in King Solomon's Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., Milford, on Oct. 7, 1881; greeted in Israel Hunt Council, R. & S.M., Nashua, March 21, 1884; knighted in St. George Cornmandery, K.T., Nashua, on April 6, 1882. Member of New Hampshire Consistory, AASR (NJ) at Nashua; 33°, honorary Sept. 18, 1900 and active member Sept. 23, 1909. d. April 13, 1911.

Louis McLane (1786–1857) Secretary of Treasury; Secretary

of State; U.S. Senator; U.S. Congressman; Minister to England; President of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. b. May 28, 1786 in Smyrna, Del., the son of Allan McLane, q.v., an officer of the Revolution. He entered the navy as a midshipman at age of 12 and cruised one year on the *Philadelphia*. under Stephen Decatur, q.v. In 1801 he left the navy and entered Newark Coll. (Del.) He later studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced in Smyrna. In the War of 1812 he served as a volunteer in Caesar A. Rodney's, q.v., company at the defense of Baltimore in 1814 (McLane's father had served under Rodney's father in the Revolution). He was a member of U.S. congress from Del., 1817–27, and voted against the admission of slavery into Missouri and territories. From 1827–29 he was U.S. senator, resigning to accept appointment as minister to England, and holding that post until 1831. He resigned the ministership to become secretary of the Treasury from 1831–33. When he refused to sanction the removal of deposits from the Bank of the U.S., he was made secretary of State, 1833–34. From 1837–47 he was president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, whose affairs he managed with success. He was again appointed minister to England during the Oregon negotiations (1845–46). His last public service was as a delegate to the Maryland constitutional convention of 1850–51. He was raised in Lafayette Lodge No. 14, Wilmington, Del., Nov. 2, 1825. d. Oct. 7, 1857.

Melvin O. McLaughlin (1876–1928) U.S. Congressman to 66th through 69th Congresses (1919–27) from 4th Nebr. dist. b. Aug. 8, 1876 in Osceola, Iowa. Graduate of Union Bible Sem. (Ohio), Oskaloosa Coll. (Ia.), Omaha U. (Nebr.). He

taught public schools seven years, and in 1903 was ordained to the U.B. ministry. He was pastor at Panama, Nebr., Dayton, Ohio, and Omaha, Nebr. from 1900–13; and from 1913–19 was president of York Coll. (Nebr.). Raised March 13, 1900 in Bennett Lodge No. 94, Bennett, Nebr.; dimitted to Nebraska Lodge No. 1, Omaha and later to York Lodge No. 56, York, Nebr. d. Dec. 18, 1928.

DeOrmond McLaughry Football coach. b. May 10, 1893 at Chicago, Ill. Graduate of Westminster Coll. (Pa.) in 1915 and Northeastern U. in 1932. He was football coach and assistant professor at Westminster from 1915–16 and in 1921. He served in WWI as a lieutenant colonel in the Marine Corps. From 1922–26 he was coach at Amherst Coll. and from 1926–40, football coach at Brown U. He was coach at Dartmouth Coll. from 1941–54, and since that date has been professor and chairman of department of physical education. He served in the Marine Corps again in WWII as a lieutenant colonel. In 1936 he was president of the American Football Coaches Assn., and has been secretary–treasurer since 1940. He coached the “East” team in the East–West football games sponsored by Islam Shrine of San Francisco in 1949–52 inclusive. Member of Pacific Lodge, Amherst, Mass.

Anselm J. McLaurin (1848–1909) U.S. Senator and Governor of Mississippi. b. March 26, 1848 in Brandon, Miss. Entered Confederate Army in 1864; at end of war, returned to school at Summerville Inst. Admitted to bar in 1868, he practiced at Raleigh, moving to Brandon in 1876. He was U.S. Senator from Miss. from 1894–95, and again in 1901–07, and 1907–13.

Governor of Mississippi, 1896–1900. Raised in Tyrian Lodge No. 427, Brandon, in 1895. d. 1909.

George P. McLean (1857–1932) U.S. Senator from Connecticut, and Governor. b. Oct. 7, 1857 in Simsbury, Conn. Admitted to bar in 1881, and practiced law at Hartford. Served in both branches of the state legislature; was U.S. district attorney for Conn., 1892–1896; U.S. Senator, 1911–29. Resigned, and declined to be a candidate for reelection in 1928. Was governor of Conn. from 1901–02. Member of St. Marks Lodge No. 36, Simsbury, Conn. d. June 6, 1932.

Heber H. McLean Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Dec. 9, 1899 in Llano, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1920; advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1946 and vice admiral in 1954, retiring in the latter year. Served on the U.S.S. New York, 1920–24, and was with submarines, 1924–37. At Mare Island Navy Yard 1933–35; with Bureau of Navigation, 1938–40; U.S.S. Minneapolis, 1940–41; on staff of U.S. Atlantic Fleet, 1941–42; submarines of 7th fleet in Pacific as chief of staff and squadron commander, 1942–44; commander of submarine base, New London, Conn., 1944–45; on U.S.S. Massachusetts, 1945–46; commander of battleship division No. 1 from 1947. Member of Llano Lodge No. 242, Llano, Texas, and National Sojourner.

John McLean (1785–1861) Postmaster General of U.S.; Justice, Supreme Court; U.S. Congressman. b. March 11, 1785 in Morris Co., N.J. His family migrated to Morganstown, Va., then to Nicholasville, Ky., and finally, in 1799 to Warren Co.,

Ohio. Studied law in Cincinnati and was admitted to bar in 1807, practicing at Lebanon. He served in the U.S. congress from 1812–15, and declined a senate nomination in 1815. In that year he was elected to the Ohio supreme court, holding that office until 1822, when President Monroe appointed him commissioner of the general land office. In July, 1823, Monroe appointed him postmaster general, and he was re-appointed by President J. Q. Adams. President Jackson asked him to remain in office in 1829, but as he differed with the president on appointments, McLean declined. Jackson tendered him the offices of War and Navy, but he declined both. He finally accepted an appointment to the U.S. Supreme Court as associate justice (1829–61). In 1856, and again in 1860, he was a contender for the Republican presidential nomination. Member of Co-lumbus Lodge No. 30, Columbus, Ohio. d. April 4, 1861.

Archibald McLellan (1857–1917) Editor-in-chief of Christian Science Monitor, 1908–14. b. Nov. 10, 1857 in Moncton, N.B., Canada. Graduate of Kent Coll. of Law, Chicago, in 1895. He was editor of the Christian Science Journal and Christian Science Sentinel from 1902. Was a director of First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston. Initiated in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, N.Y.C. on Nov. 16, 1880; affiliated with Columbian Lodge, Boston, Mass. on May 9, 1907; affiliated with Beth-horon Lodge, Brookline, Mass. on Feb. 9, 1915. d. July 18, 1917.

Hugh McLeod (1814–1862) Brigadier General, Republic of Texas. b. Aug. 1, 1814 in New York City. Graduate of U.S.

Military Academy in 1835; he entered the army as a lieutenant, but resigned the same year and joined the Texas forces in their struggle with Mexico. He subsequently practiced law. In 1841, as brigadier general, commanding the Texas Santa Fe expedition sent by President Lamar to open trade with New Mexico, he fell into the hands of the Mexicans, who imprisoned him for almost a year. He was a member of the Texas congress in 1842–43, and served throughout the Mexican war. He served again in the state legislature after the annexation of Texas. In the Civil War, he joined the Confederate Army in 1861, and directed the forces against the U.S. on the Rio Grande, participating in the first Virginia campaign as a colonel. Member of Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, Texas. d. Jan. 2, 1862.

Lamar W. McLeod Vice President of Westinghouse Electric Corp., from 1951. b. Aug. 30, 1903 in Mt. Olive, Miss. Graduate of Miss. State Coll. in 1925. He began with Westinghouse in 1925; in sales from 1928–37; branch manager, 1937–39; central states manager, 1939–46; Southwestern district manager 1946–51. Received degrees in Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, Mo. in spring of 1950. 32° AASR (SJ); Moolah Shrine Temple and Court No. 80, Royal Order of Jesters at St. Louis.

Thomas G. McLeod (1868–1932) Governor of South Carolina, 1923–27. b. Dec. 17, 1868 in Lynchburg, S. Car. Graduate of Wofford Coll., Spartanburg, S. Car. Admitted to bar in 1896, practicing at Bishopville from 1905. He engaged extensively in farming and was a pioneer in promotion of farm co-operatives. Served in both state legislative bodies.

Was lieutenant governor from 1907–10. Member of Bishopville Lodge No. 104, Bishop-vile. d. Dec. 11, 1932.

Frank McManamy (1870–1944) Interstate Commerce Commissioner, 1923–38 and chairman of commission, 1930–38. b. Sept. 3, 1870 in Fallen Timber, Pa. He was chief inspector of locomotives, Washington, D.C. from 1913–18; in WWI was assistant director of transportation for U.S. Railroad Administration (1918–20). From 1920–23 he was in charge of construction and maintenance of all railway equipment during federal control of railroads. Was a charter member of Chevy Chase Lodge No. 42, Washington, D.C. on May 14, 1924 from Covenant Lodge No. 526 of Illinois. Shriner. d. Oct. 3, 1944.

Kenmore M. McManes Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. May 22, 1900 at Galion, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1922. Advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1950. Until 1934 he saw duty on battleships, submarines, and light cruisers. From 1939–40 he commanded the U.S.S. Monaghan. He was assistant naval attache at American Embassy, London, 1941–43; commanded a destroyer squadron of Pacific Fleet, 1943–45; in. France and Washington, D.C., 1945–46; commanded the U.S.S. Houston in 1947; commanded Destroyer Flo-tilla One, Pacific Fleet, 1950–51; commander of fleet activities, Japan-Korea, 1951–52; since 1953 has been assistant chief of naval operations, Naval Reserve. Member of Annapolis Lodge No. 89, Annapolis, Md., receiving degrees in 1922.

George McManus (1884–1954) Cartoonist and creator of Bringing Up Father. b. Jan. 23, 1884 in St. Louis, Mo. He began as a cartoonist on the St. Louis Republic in 1899. One day in 1904 he took a 30–1 shot on a horse, wagering \$100. The horse won and he set out for New York and fame. He joined the New York World in 1905 and created such comic series as Let George Do It; Panhandle Pete; The Newly Weds and Their Baby; Rosie's Beau; and Snookums. Bringing Up Father, featuring the characters "Maggie" and "Jiggs," appeared in more than 750 papers throughout the world and in 27 different languages, over a period of 41 years. There were seven "Bringing Up Father" shows touring America for 11 years. Four film companies made movies based on the strip, and "Jiggs" served as official insignia of the 11th Bombardment Squadron in both world wars. d. Oct. 22, 1954 and buried from the Catholic Church of the Good Shepherd of Beverly Hills, Calif. Received his degrees in Dirigo Lodge No. 30, New York City on Feb. 27, April 30, and Oct. 22, 1908. (Grand Lodge No. 406157). Received the 32° AASR (NJ) in New York City on Nov. 27, 1908; dropped Nov. 4, 1930; restored May 13, 1938 and dropped April 11, 1947. Member of Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C. on Dec. 1, 1908; suspended Nov. 29, 1915; reinstated Dec. 29, 1916; suspended Dec. 30, 1935; reinstated May 31, 1938. Although not a member of Mecca at time of death, there is no record in that organization of his suspension. His Masonic records also give his birth as Jan. 23, 1882 rather than 1884.

William Henry McMaster President of Mount Union College (Ohio), (1909–38) and emeritus from 1938. b. Sept.

17, 1875 in Centerville, Ohio. Graduate of Mount Union, Drew Theol. Seminary, United Free Church Coll. (Scotland), New York U. Ordained a Methodist minister in 1899, he served churches in New York City and environs until 1909. From 1938 he was professor of religious education at U. of Miami. Member of Conrad Lodge No. 271, Ohio, receiving degrees on March 20, April 21, and May 14, 1913; 32° AASR (NJ) and past grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

William Henry McMaster Governor and U.S. Senator from South Dakota. b. May 10, 1877 in Ticonic, Iowa. Graduate of Beloit Coll. (Wis.) in 1899; he moved to Yanktown, S. Dak. in 1901 and engaged in banking. He was a member of the lower house in 1911–12, and of state senate in 1913–16. He was lieutenant governor of S. Dak. 1917–20 and governor, 1921–24. He served in the U.S. Senate from 1925–31, and was an unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1930. In 1933 he moved to Dixon, Ill. where he engaged in the banking business. Received degrees in Cedar Lodge No. 124, Belle Fourche, S. Dak. on Feb. 15, April 19, and June 7, 1907. Dimitted on Dec. 31, 1930 and affiliated with St. John's Lodge No. 1, Yankton on Feb. 2, 1932. Received 50-year gold award from Grand Lodge of South Dakota on July 8, 1957. A 33° AASR (SJ) member, he received his 50-year recognition in that rite in Oriental Consistory, Yankton, in Nov., 1957.

Sidney S. McMath Governor of Arkansas, 1949–52. b. June 14, 1912 in Magnolia, Ark. Graduate of U. of Arkansas in 1936. Admitted to the bar and practiced at Hot Springs until 1940. From 1940–46 he was in the U.S. Marine Corps, serving at

Guadalcanaland Bougainville. Attained rank Of lieutenant colonel. Now practicing law in Little Rock. Raised in Sumpter Lodge No. 419, Hot Springs, Ark. in 1934 and Hot Springs Chapter No. 47, R.A.M. of Hot Springs. Member of Scimitar Shrine Temple, Little Rock, Ark.

Morton McMichael (1807–1879) Editor of the Saturday Evening Post and North American and United States Gazette. b. Oct. 2, 1807 in Burlington, N.J. Attended U. of Pennsylvania, read law, and was admitted to the bar in 1827. He became editor of the Saturday Evening Post in 1826. He was editor-in-chief of the Saturday Courier from 1831–36, and in 1836 began publication of the Saturday News. In 1847 he acquired an interest in the North American, which, when consolidated that year with the United States Gazette, became known as the North American and United States Gazette. He was sole proprietor of this journal from 1854, and under his management it grew to be one of the best known journals in the country. He served as alderman and mayor of Philadelphia and was at one time sheriff of the county. Made a Mason on Jan. 17, 1852 in Union Lodge No. 121, Philadelphia. d. Jan. 6, 1879.

James McMillan (1838–1902) U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1889–1902; capitalist. b. May 12, 1838 in Hamilton, Ontario. He moved to Detroit, Mich. in 1855, where he entered upon a business career. He was an organizer of the Michigan Car Co. in 1863, and within ten years it was one of the largest concerns in the U.S. He built the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad and was its president. With associates he also formed

the Detroit Car Wheel Co., the Baugh Steam Forge Co., the Detroit, Mackinaw and Marquette Railroad, and the Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Co. Member of Pine Grove Lodge No. 11, Port Huron, Mich. d. Aug. 10, 1902.

James T. McMillan (1885–1946) President of Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Co., 1930–46. b. April 20, 1885 in Detroit, Mich. He began as an apprentice with the above company in 1907, served in engineering and navigation departments; aboard the company's steamers; made assistant to general manager in 1909; general superintendent from 1910–12; vice president, 1921–27. Director of several companies including Packard Motor Car, Grand Trunk Western Railroad, Ferry Morse Seed Co. Member of Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on April 16, May 7, and May 28, 1909. Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Sept. 4, 1946.

Thomas S. McMillan (1888–1939) U.S. Congressman to 69th through 75th congresses (1925–39) from 1st S. Car. dist. b. Nov. 27, 1888 in Ulmers, S. Car. Graduate of U. of South Carolina in 1912 and 1913. Admitted to the bar in 1913, and began practice at Charleston. Member of state lower house, 1916–24. Initiated in Pythagorean Lodge No. 21, Charleston, S. Car. on March 4, 1915. d. Sept. 29, 1939.

Dale W. McMillen President of Allied Mills; founder and president of Central Sugar Co.; founder and chairman of board of Central Soya Co.; philanthropist. b. Jan. 27, 1880 in Van Wert, Ohio. He founded The McMillen Co. at Ft. Wayne, Ind. in 1916, and when it merged with American Milling

to form Allied Mills, at Fort Wayne, 1929 he was president, serving until 1933. In the latter year he founded the Central Sugar Co., Decatur, Ind. In 1934 he founded the Central Soya Co., at Ft. Wayne. He created the McMillen Foundation for the support of public projects at Ft. Wayne. Received the degrees in 1902 in Van Wert Lodge No. 218, Van Wert, Ohio and transferred in 1929 to Summit City Lodge No. 170, Fort Wayne, Ind. Member of AASR (NJ) at Valley of Fort Wayne and received 33° in 1954. Knight Templar.

Adam McMullen (1874–1959) Governor of Nebraska, 1925–29. b. June 12, 1874 in Wellsville, N.Y. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1896, and George Washington U. (then Columbian) in 1899. He settled with his parents in Nebr. in 1884, and was admitted to the bar in 1902, practicing at Wymore. He served terms in both bodies of the state legislature. Received the degrees in Wymore Lodge No. 104. Wymore, Nebr. in 1900. Member of both York and Scottish rites, receiving 32° on June 9, 1902, in Washington, D.C. Shriner. Received 50-year veteran Freemason award. d. March 2, 1959.

Richard C. McMullen (1868–1944) Governor of Delaware, 1937–41. b. Jan. 2, 1868 in Glasgow, Del. He was in the leather manufacturing business from 1888. Member of Washington Lodge No. 1, and Delaware Consistory, AASR (NJ), both of Wilmington, Del. d. Feb. 18, 1944.

Alexander McNair (1775–1826) First Governor of Missouri, 1820–24. b. May 5, 1775 in Mifflin Co., Pa. In 1794 he was

a lieutenant in command of a company during the whiskey insurrection, and in 1799 was appointed lieutenant of infantry, but mustered out in 1800. He went to Missouri Territory in 1804, settling in St. Louis, where he served several years as U.S. commissary. In 1812 he was appointed adjutant and inspector general; during the War of 1812 was colonel of Missouri militia in the U.S. service. After his term as governor he was U.S. Indian agent. A member of St. Louis Lodge No. 111, chartered by Pennsylvania, he was buried first in the old military cemetery, by Missouri Lodge No. 1. He is claimed both by Freemasonry and the Roman Catholic Church. In 1819 he took an active part in building the first Presbyterian church in St. Louis, being one of the four on the subscription committee headed by Thomas H. Benton, q.v. In June, 1811 he headed the committee of arrangements of St. Louis Lodge No. 111 for the festival of St. John the Baptist. Bishop Du Bourg wrote on July 6, 1822: "The whole family of our governor are practical Catholics; and the governor himself does not miss any of our church celebrations." Edward Brown, one time vice president of the Catholic Historical Society of St. Louis said: "Although Governor McNair came from a family of Scotch Presbyterians, and had been born and reared in a Protestant community, he died in the faith which had been so truly exemplified in the home life of his wife and children, and received the last sacred rites of the church at his death. His body was later removed to the Catholic Calvary Cemetery of St. Louis. d. March 18, 1826.

Andrew McNair A Philadelphia Mason who rang the bell at Independence Hall to call the populace to hear the reading

of the Declaration of Independence. He was doorkeeper for the assembly of Pennsylvania and received the Fellowcraft degree on Nov. 21, 1755 in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia.

Frederick G. McNally (1865–1907) President of Rand, McNally & Co., publishers from 1904. b. Dec. 20, 1865 in Chicago. Graduate of Highland Military Acad. in 1884. Became associated with the house of Rand, McNally & Co. as a bill clerk in 1884, advancing to vice president and auditor in 1898, and to president on the death of his father in 1904. Mason. d. 1907.

Charles L. McNary (1874–1944) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1917–48, dying in office. b. June 12, 1874, near Salem, Oreg. He was admitted to the bar in 1898, and practiced with John H. McNary until 1913. From 1913–15 he was justice of the supreme court of Oregon. In the election of 1940 he was Republican vice-presidential candidate. From 1933 he was minority leader of the U.S. senate. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 50; Multnomah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M.; and DeMolay Commandery No. 5, K.T., all of Salem, Oreg. Member of Al Kader Shrine Temple, Portland. d. Feb. 25, 1944.

Paul V. McNutt (1891–1955) Governor of Indiana, 1933–37; National Commander of American Legion, 1928–29; U.S. High Commissioner to the Philippines, 1937–39 and 1945–46; U.S. Ambassador to Philippines, 1946–48; Director of Defense, Health and Welfare Services, 1941–43; Chairman of War Manpower Commission, 1942–45. b. July 19, 1891 in Franklin, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U., 1913, and Harvard, 1916.

Admitted to the bar in 1914 and began practice at Martinsville, Ind. He was assistant professor, professor, and finally dean of the law School at Indiana U. between 1917–33. Served as an officer in Field Artillery in WWI. Member of Martinsville Lodge No. 74, Martinsville, Ind. on Aug. 14, 1912; 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Murat Shrine Temple of Indianapolis. In addressing the Grand Lodge of the Philippines on Jan. 25, 1939, McNutt said: "I believe in the right to worship God as I believe in the fundamental principles which have made Masonry the greatest fraternal organization in the history of men. It is not false pride when we say to ourselves those things which are true; for instance, that Masonry is the first of all such organizations in all quarters of the globe and that all the others, worthy as they may be, are nothing but imitators of our fraternity. Evidently we have given to those organizations something of that life and spirit which has made Masonry and which has endeared Masonry to the hearts of men. . . . Through all the years of my life I have put all that I have against those who would deny any man the right to worship God as he pleases or who would draw any line of creed or of color. I believe in that as I believe in the fundamental principles which have made Masonry the great fraternal organization. We have attended strictly to our own business and in attending to our own business, we have carried out those principles of goodwill. . . ." d. March 24, 1955.

L. A. McQueen Vice President of General Tire and Rubber Co. since 1929; director since 1945. b. Jan. 5, 1893 in Superior, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1916. He was with the B. F. Goodrich Co., Akron, Ohio from 1917–25, and general sales

manager, 1925–29. He is director of Midland Steamship Line, A. M. Byers Co., Akron Products Co., and Yankee Network. Member of Henry Perkins Lodge No. 611, Akron, Ohio, receiving degrees on March 20, May 8, June 19, 1928. 32° AASR (NJ).

Thomas C. McRae (1851–1929) Governor of Arkansas, 1921–25; U.S. Congressman to 49th through 57th congresses (1885–1903) from 3rd Ark. dist. b. Dec. 21, 1851 at Mount Holly, Ark. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1872. He practiced law at Rosston, Ark., 1873–77 and after that at Prescott. Was member of state legislature, 1877–79. Member of Prescott Lodge No. 80, Prescott, Ark. and grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas in 1920. Member of Sahara Shrine Temple, Pine Bluff. d. June 2, 1929.

Samuel D. McReynolds (1872–1939) U.S. Congressman to 68th through 75th congresses (1923–39) from 3rd Tenn. dist. b. April 16, 1872 in Pikeville, Tenn. Admitted to the bar in 1893, he practiced first at Pikeville; moved to Chattanooga in 1895. Served as judge of criminal court of 6th circuit from 1903–23. Was a delegate to Monetary and Economic International Conference at London in 1933. Raised in Chattanooga Lodge No. 199, Chattanooga, Tenn. on May 11, 1904. d. July 11, 1939.

John J. McSwain (1875–1936) U.S. Congressman, 67th through 74th Congresses (1921–37) from 4th S. Car. dist. b. May 1, 1875 at Cross Hill, S. Car. Graduate of South Carolina Coll. in 1897, with A.B. and L.L., summa cum laude. Admitted to the bar in 1899, he began practice at Greenville in 1901. Served as a captain of 154th Infantry overseas in WWI.

Member of Centre Lodge No. 37, Honea Path, S. Car. from 1901–02 and Recovery Lodge No. 31, Greenville, S. Car. from 1904 until death on Aug. 6, 1936.

George W. Mead Paper manufacturer. b. Feb. 22, 1871 at Chicago, Ill. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1894. In 1904 he completed the first entirely electric paper mill, and between 1933–38 developed the Massey Process for making machine-coated paper directly on high speed paper machines. From 1894–1902 he was a merchant in Rockford, Ill. Since 1902 he has been in the paper business at Wisconsin Rapids, Wis., as president of Consolidated Water Power & Paper Co. Received degrees in Star in the East Lodge No. 166, Rockford, Ill., July 29, Aug. 5, Sept. 9, 1899 and affiliated with Grand Rapids Lodge No. 128 (now Wisconsin Rapids) at Grand Rapids, Wis. on Dec. 12, 1912.

John A. Mead (1841–1920) Governor of Vermont, 1910–12. b. April 20, 1841 in Fairhaven, Vt. Graduate of Middlebury (Vt.) Coll. in 1864; received M.D. degree from Coll. of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia) in 1868. Served as private in 12th Vermont volunteers in 1862–63. He practiced medicine in Rutland, Vt. until 1888. Was surgeon general of Vt., treasurer of two railroads, president of two banks, president of Howe Scale Co. He served a term in both state legislative bodies, and was lieutenant governor of Vt. in 1908–09. Affiliated with Rutland Lodge No. 79, Rutland, Vt. on Sept. 13, 1897 from Kings County Lodge No. 511, New York City where he was presumably initiated while in medical school. He was also a member of the chapter,

council and commandery at Rutland. d. June 12, 1920.

Richard K. Meade (1795–1862) U.S. Minister to Brazil, 1857–61. b. in Frederick Co. Va. He was the son of Richard K. Meade, an aide on General Washington's staff in Revolution, and brother to William Meade, Episcopal Bishop. Well educated, he studied law and practiced at Petersburg, Va. Served in the U.S. congress from 1847–53. He gave up his position as minister to Brazil to return to Virginia and support the Confederacy. Member of Blandford Lodge No. 3, Petersburg, Va. and past master of same. d. April 20, 1862.

Clarence W. Meadows Governor of West Virginia, term ending Jan. 17, 1949. b. Feb. 11, 1904 in Beckley, W. Va. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1927. Admitted to bar in 1927. Member of state legislature in 1931–32; attorney general in 1937–45; circuit judge, 1942–44. Presently a lawyer and public relations counsel at Charleston. Member of Beckley:Lodge No. 95, Beckley, W. Va. and 32° in John W. Norris Consistory AASR, Charleston; Shriner.

Lewis M. Means Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. July 15, 1890 in Camden Co., Mo. Educated in Central Coll., Fayette, Mo. In 1931 he assisted in the organization of the Missouri State Highway Patrol, and served as troop commander and executive officer with rank of major until 1937. From 1937–41 he was adjutant general of Mo. Natl. Guard. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in WWI, he served with the 89th and 18th Divisions. Commissioned brigadier general of the line in 1938, he entered Federal service in 1940 and in WWII commanded

the 70th Infantry Brigade of 35th Infantry; organized anti-sabotage activities in Calif.; organized and commanded Northern Defense Area; was provost marshal at Presidio (Calif.) and Ft. Douglas, Utah until 1944; director of security for U.N. conference at San Francisco in 1945, and member of U.S. secretariat. Retired May 26, 1946. Received degrees in Fayette Lodge No. 47, Fayette, Mo. on April 21, July 15, 1919 and April 15, 1920.

Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin (see under Frederick Ludwig).

Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz (see under "Karl Ludwig Frederick).

Prince of Mecklenburg-Strelitz (see under George August).

John B. Medaris Major General, U.S. Army, commanding Army Ballistic Missile Agency. b. May 12, 1902 in Milford, Ohio. Student at Ohio State U., 1919–21. Commissioned lieutenant of Infantry in 1921, and advanced through grades to major general in 1955. From 1921–26 he was attached to the 29th and 33rd Infantry regiments, and from 1926–27 was with the Ordnance Corps. In WWII he was battalion commander and ordnance officer of the II Corps in Tunisia, Sicily, and then ordnance officer with 1st Army in England. He also organized and operated the Field Army Ordnance Service of the 1st Army in Europe. In 1949–52 he was chief of the U.S. military mission to Argentina. From 1953–55 he was assistant chief of ordnance, and chief of industrial division. Member of

Army Lodge, Corozal, Canal Zone since 1924. Received AASR (SJ) degrees 4–30 in Panama Canal Consistory in 1927, and 31–32 degrees in Madison, Wis. as a courtesy to the Canal Zone Consistory.

John Meek (1791–1875) Ship captain. b. Nov. 24, 1791 at Marblehead, Mass. He went to sea at an early age and probably reached the West coast by 1812. He later became master of the Amethyst, engaged in otter hunting under Russian contract and also in the Hawaiian–California trade. He was one of the first Americans to visit the Hawaiian Islands, going there in 1809, only 31 years after their discovery by Capt. Cook, q.v. He is also thought to be the first Freemason to reach Calif. He became a charter member of the Hawaiian Lodge Le Progres at Honolulu. This lodge was established by Capt. LeTellier, q.v., a French ship captain. The first meeting was held on LeTellier's ship Ajax while anchored in Honolulu harbor on April 8, 1843. Meek served as senior warden of this lodge in 1848, and his home was frequently used as a meeting place. He also organized Hawaiian Lodge No. 21 under Calif. jurisdiction. Meek imported blooded livestock to Hawaii, and these animals formed the nucleus for the present herds in the islands. d. Jan. 29, 1875 in Honolulu.

Isaac M. Meekins (1875–1946) Federal Judge, Eastern District of North Carolina from 1925. b. Feb. 13, 1875 in Tyrrell Co., N. Car. Graduate of Wake Forest Coll. (N. Car.) in 1896. Practiced law at Elizabeth City, N. Car., serving as mayor and postmaster of that city. Mentioned in 1936 as presidential candidate. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Nov. 21, 1946.

Tom M. Mehaffy (1859–1944) Justice, Supreme Court of Arkansas from 1927. b. Oct. 3, 1859 near Ripley, Miss. Attended school for only ten months and was self educated. Admitted to Arkansas bar in 1888 and began practice at Benton. Served terms in both branches of state legislature. Moved to Little Rock in 1905. Member of Benton Lodge No. 34, Benton, Ark. and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Oct. 20, 1944.

Julius L. Meier (1874–1937) Governor of Oregon, 1931–35. b. Dec. 31, 1874 in Portland, Oreg. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1895. Was in the mercantile business from 1896, as president of the Meier & Frank Co., a department store. He was one of the original promoters of the Columbia River Highway. Made a Mason, May 12, 1902, in Harmony Lodge No. 12, Portland, and member of Scottish Rite there. d. July 14, 1937.

Merrill C. Meigs Publisher; aviation pioneer. b. Nov. 25, 1883 in Malcom, Iowa. He was employed by Rogers & Co., Chicago, 1908–11; J. I. Case Co., Racine, Wis., 1911–14; and Lord & Thomas Advertising Agency, Chicago, 1915–18. From 1918–26 he was director of advertising of the Chicago Evening American, and was publisher of the Chicago Herald Examiner, 1926–29. From 1930–33 he was vice president of the American Weekly; publisher of the Chicago American, 1933–38; and now vice president of The Hearst Corp., Chicago. In 1940–42 he was on leave as chief of the aircraft section of the War Production Board. He was advisor to the Aviation Policy Board, and since 1948 has been consultant to the Civil Aeronautics Authority. The Northerly Isle Airport of Chicago was renamed Merrill C. Meigs Field by the city

council in 1949. Member of Welcome Lodge No. 916, Chicago, receiving degrees on March 4, April 8, 29, 1911.

Return Jonathan Meigs, Sr. (1740–1823) Colonel in the American Revolution. b. in Middletown, Conn., he was the father of Return J. Meigs, Jr., q.v. The origin of his name is as unusual as the name itself. His father was in love with a young Quakeress who repeatedly rejected his suit saying “Nay, Jonathan, I respect thee much; but I cannot marry thee.” On his final visit, he slowly mounted his horse to leave when the relenting lady said, “Return, Jonathan! Return, Jonathan!” These happy words were given his first-born in commemoration of the event. He answered the Lexington alarm as a captain of a contingent from Middletown, Conn., serving at Bunker Hill, and under Benedict Arnold, q.v., in the Quebec Expedition, where he was captured in Dec., 1775, paroled in May, 1776, and exchanged in Jan., 1777. In the latter year, he was promoted to colonel, and on May 23, 1777, with 170 men, he raided Sag Harbor, L.I., in whale boats, taking 90 prisoners, burning 12 vessels, and returning without the loss of a man. For this, Congress voted him a sword. He commanded a regiment under Anthony Wayne, q.v., at the storming of Stony Point, and was honorably mentioned by Washington. Subsequently, he was one of the earliest settlers of Ohio, going there in 1788 with his son. In 1801, he was appointed Indian agent of the Cherokees, among whom he passed the remainder of his life, dying Jan. 28, 1823. He was buried at Hiwassee Old Garrison Cemetery some 10 miles east of Dayton, Tenn. Plumb’s History of American Union Lodge No. 1 (Ohio) states in one place that he received the

third degree, Jan. 11, 1791 (same date as his son was raised), but in quoting the minutes on p. 127, it shows that although both father and son were proposed for the 3rd degree, only the son received it on that date. It is not definitely known when the first two degrees were conferred, but probably at the same time his son received these degrees—Dec. 6 and 24, 1790. James R. Case, Conn. Masonic historian, has discovered from the old minutes of Wooster Lodge No. 10 of Colchester, Conn. that the Senior Meigs was visiting there on June 24, 1791, and on that date gave the initiation before the lodge at the St. John's Day celebration. He was rewarded on that date by being raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason. He served as master of American Union Lodge in 1801 and was treasurer from 1791–94. The bicentennial history of St. John's Lodge of Middletown, Conn. also lists him as a member, but this seems to be a case where famous military men from that city who were Freemasons were confused with members of that particular lodge.

Return Jonathan Meigs, Jr. (1764–1824) Postmaster General of the U.S.; Governor of Ohio; U.S. Senator from Ohio; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Ohio; Federal Judge of Michigan. b. Nov. 16, 1764 in Middletown, Conn. His father of the same name, q.v., was a Revolutionary War officer. He graduated from Yale in 1785, and then studied law. In 1788 he went to Ohio with his father, settling at Marietta, participating in many Indian fights of that period. From 1803–04 he was chief justice of Ohio supreme court, and then had charge of the St. Charles district in Louisiana until 1806, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He was also judge of the supreme

court of that district in 1805–06. In 1807–08 he was named judge of the U.S. district court of Michigan. He served as U.S. senator from Ohio from 1809–10, when elected governor of Ohio in the latter year, and served in that capacity until 1814. President Madison appointed him postmaster general of the U.S. in March, 1814 and he continued in office under Monroe until Dec., 1823, when he retired to Marietta. Meigs received his degrees in American Union Lodge No. 1 at Marietta on Dec. 6, and Dec. 24, 1790, and Jan. 11, 1791. His father is recorded as having been raised in that lodge on the same date. In 1792 he delivered two addresses before the lodge, and the records of 1802 show him very regular in attendance. After this period, however, his absence from Marietta interfered with his lodge activity. d. March 29, 1824.

Kenneth C. Meinken President of Electronic Tube Corp. from 1954. b. Dec. 4, 1900 in New York City. Attended Hamilton Prep. School and Cornell U. He was successively manager of a machine works, building contractor, and realtor in Philadelphia. From 1941–43 he was project engineer for National Union Radio Corp., assistant to president (1943–46), and president, 1946–53. Member of University Lodge No. 610, Philadelphia, Pa. since 1919.

Edwin B. Meissner (1884–1956) President of St. Louis Car Co. from 1922–56, and of St. Louis Mining & Milling Corp., Joplin, Mo., from 1941. b. Dec. 5, 1884 in Milwaukee, Wis. He started as a messenger for the Milwaukee Electric Railway & Light Co. in 1899 and rose to chief clerk. He became associated with the St. Louis Car Co. in 1911 as assistant to the

president, became vice president in 1915, and president and general manager since 1922. He is a director of several companies and banks. Mason and Shriner. Received degrees in Cornerstone Lodge No. 323 on Sept. 17, 1919, May 20 and June 22, 1918. Affiliated with University Lodge No. 649, University City, Mo. in 1932 and reaffiliated with Cornerstone Lodge on Dec. 18, 1933. d. Sept. 10, 1956.

Phillip Schwarzert Melanchthon (1497–1560) (Also Melanthon and Melancthon) German scholar and religious reformer who collaborated with Martin Luther in the Protestant Reformation. He was a professor of Greek and theology at Wittenberg. In 1521 he published *Loci Communes Rerum Theologicarum*, the first great Protestant treatise on dogmatic theology. He was noted for his vast learning, skill in dialectics, and a moderation that tempered Luther's vehemence. He drafted the Augsburg Confession in 1530 and sought consistently to reconcile Protestantism with Roman Catholicism, and thus attain Christian unity. His association with Freemasonry rests entirely on the authenticity of the Charter of Cologne, to which his name is signed as the representative of Dantzic. This charter is claimed to be the result of the Congress of Cologne, which convened in 1525 in the city of Cologne, with the most distinguished Freemasons of the time representing 19 grand lodges. It set forth the character and aims of the Craft. Its authenticity has been questioned by many Masonic scholars, but upheld by others.

Lauritz L. H. Melchior Operatic tenor. b. March 20, 1890 in Copenhagen, Denmark. He attended Mel-choir's School

at Copenhagen from 1896–1905. Although now a tenor, he made his debut as a baritone at the Copenhagen Opera on April 2, 1913. His first appearance there as a tenor was on Oct. 8, 1918. He has sung at Covent Garden, London, since 1925; with Metropolitan Opera, N.Y. since 1926, and at the Wagner festivals, Bayreuth, since 1925. He has appeared with marked success in Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Hamburg, Buenos Aires, and many other cities throughout the world. He has been making motion pictures and radio and TV appearances in recent years. His latest motion picture is *The Stars Are Singing*. He received the three degrees in 1918 at the age of 28 in St. John's Lodge (Zorobabel og Frederick) in Copenhagen. He is also an honorary member of Frederick Lodge No. 857, N.Y.C. (March 24, 1935). In 1944 he received the coveted Distinguished Achievement Award of the Grand Lodge of New York.

James M. Melear (?–1955) Editor of the Methodist Christian Advocate (Southern edition) 1916–32. b. in Sullivan Co., Tenn. Received three degrees from the U. of Chattanooga between 1891 and 1904. He served churches in Carnegie, Sherman Heights, Athens, and Knoxville. (Tenn.), Baraboo, Wis., Frankfort, Ind., Lexington, Ky. between 1892–1916. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Dec. 28, 1955.

Melesino The name of a lieutenant general in the Imperial Russian Army who established a rite which was known as the “Melesino Rite.” A Greek by birth, he was a learned man and a Freemason. The first lodge of his rite was established at St. Petersburg about 1765. It consisted of seven degrees:

Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Mason, The Mystic Arch, Scottish Master and Knight, The Philosopher, The Priest or High Priest of the Templars. It was Christian in character, teaching a belief in the Messiah and the dogma of the Trinity.

Thomas W. Melham Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1957–58. b. Jan. 19, 1902 in Brandt, S. Dak. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1923. He began with National Cash Register Co. at Dayton, Ohio, and later in Philadelphia. Turning to insurance, he returned to Wis. as a special agent and was the first person in that state to receive the professional degree of Charter Life Underwriter. In 1937 he joined Prudential in Milwaukee, and in 1952 transferred to N.Y.C. as manager of the Manhattan agency. Raised in Silver Spring Lodge No. 337, Whitefish Bay, Wis. in 1928, he was master in 1952. Member of Kenwood Chapter No. 90, R.A.M.; Ivanhoe Commandery No. 24, K.T.; and Wisconsin Valley Scottish Rite, all of Milwaukee. Joined Tripoli Shrine Temple in 1930 and was potentate in 1943; member of St. Quentin Conclave No. 75, Red Cross of Constantine, and honorary member of National Sojourners.

Arthur C. Mellette (1842–1896) Last Governor of Dakota Territory and first Governor of South Dakota. b. Jan. 23, 1842 in Indiana. He served in the Civil War. A good friend of Benjamin Harrison, he was one of his first supporters for president. Harrison appointed Mellette as governor of the Dakota Territory as one of his first official acts. He came to the Dakotas in 1878 and affiliated with Kampseka Lodge No. 13, at Watertown in 1881. It is presumed he received the degrees in Indiana. While in Indiana he practiced law,

published the Muncie Times and was elected to the state legislature, where he devoted himself to the reform of the school laws and raised Indiana from a low plane to among the highest in the public school systems. d. May 25, 1896. He was also a member of Watertown Commandery No. 7, K.T.

Andrew W. Mellon (1855–1937) American industrialist and Secretary of the Treasury, 1921–32 under Coolidge and Hoover. b. March 24, 1855 in Pittsburgh, Pa. He was educated at Western U. of Pennsylvania (now U. of Pittsburgh) and was in the class of 1873. For many years he was president of the Mellon National Bank and officer, or director, of various financial and industrial corporations. He engaged in the development of coal, coke, and iron enterprises. He resigned as president of the bank on March 1, 1921, and three days later became U.S. secretary of the Treasury. When he was confirmed as U.S. ambassador to Great Britain on Feb. 5, 1932, he resigned as Treasury secretary. He served as ambassador until March 17, 1933. In 1930 he established the A. W. Mellon Educational and Charitable Trust. When the National Gallery of Art was established in Washington, D.C., in 1937, as a branch of the Smithsonian Institution, the trustees of the fund gave 15 million dollars for the building. In addition, Mellon's private art collection, consisting of 126 paintings and 36 pieces of sculpture was given to the nation as the nucleus of the present collection. Many world-famous paintings were in this collection. Mellon was made a Mason "at sight," Dec. 29, 1928, by J. Willison Smith, grand master of Pennsylvania at Pittsburgh. His brother, Richard B. Mellon, q.v., received the degrees at the same time. Mellon affiliated

with Fellowship Lodge No. 679 of Pittsburgh. He received the Royal Arch degree in 1931. d. Aug. 26, 1937.

Richard B. Mellon (?–1933) Banker and railroad president. b. in Pittsburgh, the brother of Andrew W. Mellon, q.v. He began with the Ligonier Valley Railroad and was later its president. He was president of the Mellon National Bank, Pittsburgh, and a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland from 1917. He was made a Mason “at sight” on Dec. 29, 1928 by J. Willison Smith, grand master of Pennsylvania, at Pittsburgh. His brother, Andrew W. Mellon, received the degrees at the same time. He was made a Royal Arch Mason in 1931. d. Dec. 1, 1933.

Arthur J. Mellott (1888–1957) Federal Judge, District of Kansas from 1945. b. Aug. 30, 1888 in Leavenworth Co., Kansas. Graduate of Kansas City School of Law in 1917. He taught country schools from 1907–14 and was county superintendent of Wyandotte Co., Kansas schools from 1914–17. He was successively judge of city court, Kansas City, Kans., county attorney, deputy commissioner internal revenue, Washington, D.C., judge of Tax Court of U.S. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Dec. 29, 1957.

George H. C. Melody (1793–1860) Pioneer Missouri Freemason. b. March 7, 1793 on the Atlantic Ocean, while parents were en route from England to America. A business failure, he had little worldly goods. He was perhaps the most devoted Mason in the early days of the Missouri grand lodge, which he helped found at the organizational meeting on April

24, 1821 at St. Louis, and where he acted as grand junior deacon pro tern. He constituted the first Royal Arch chapter in Missouri in 1826, and attended the organization of the Grand Cornmandery, K.T. of Missouri in 1860. He was a friend of such men as General Lafayette, Governor Dewitt Clinton, Disraeli, Victor Hugo, and King Louis Philippe. He was an associate of such prominent Missourians as Frederick and Edward Bates, Nathaniel B. Tucker, Dr. Hardage Lane, and Governor Hamilton R. Gamble. While grand master pro tem, he received General Lafayette on April 29, 1825. He served several years as deputy grand master, and was the first grand lecturer of the grand lodge and grand chapter of Missouri. In 1844–45 he took a party of 14 Iowa Indians to England and France. He died Oct. 15, 1860. In 1942 (April 27) the grand lodge and grand chapter of Missouri dedicated a monument to him in the cemetery at Rocheport, Mo. where he is buried.

George J. Whyte–Melville (see under Whyte).

George W. Melville (1841–1912) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy; Arctic Explorer and Engineer-in-Chief of Navy. b. Jan. 10, 1841 in New York City. Entered the Navy in July, 1861 with rank of midshipman. He was engineer of the *Jeannette*, under the command of Lt. George W. DeLong, which sailed into Arctic waters in 1879 to discover an opening to the supposed polar sea by a northeast passage near Wrangel Land. After the sinking of the ship on June 13, 1881, Melville accompanied DeLong over the ice to Bennett Island, where they separated into two parties, Melville leading one of them in a small boat to Siberia, reaching the Lena Delta on Sept. 17, 1881. He then

searched for the DeLong party and discovered some of their huts. He returned the following spring and eventually found the remains of DeLong and his eleven companions, in March. He rescued the records of the Jeannette and returned them to the U.S. In 1884 he was chief engineer of the Thetis on the Greely, q.v., relief expedition. He became chief of the bureau of steam engineering, U.S. Navy from 1887–1903, and retired as a rear admiral in 1903. He was a member of St. Albans Lodge No. 56, Brooklyn, N.Y. d. March 17, 1912.

Thomas Melville. Member of the “Boston Tea Party” and a major in the American Revolution. He was initiated in Massachusetts Lodge of Boston, Mass., Feb. 3, 1772.

Moses Mendelssohn (1729–1796) German Jewish philosopher, called “The German Socrates.” He was the grandfather of Felix Mendelssohn, the composer. He formed a close friendship with Lessing, q.v. in 1754, which inspired the latter to write *Nathan der Weise*, a dramatic poem on toleration. He was also a friend of Nicolia, Lavater, and Kant, contributing to several of their works as a critic. He wrote *Phadon* in support of the immortality of the soul and his *Jerusalem oder über Religiöse Macht und Judentum* was a plea for religious tolerance. Among his many writings are *Philosophische Gespräche*; the satire *Pope ein Metaphysiker*; the essay *Abhandlung über die Evidenz in den Metaphysischen Wissenschaften*. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason, and Beswick, in his *Swedenborg Rite*, states that he was a Scottish Rite Mason.

Catulle Mendès (1841–1909) French critic and poet. He founded the *Revue Fantaisiste* at Paris in 1859, and was dramatic critic of *Le Journal* from 1893. He was the founder of the Parnassian school of poetry, the origins of which he described in *Légende du Parnasse Contemporain* in 1884. Among his poetic writings are *Philomela*; *Hesperus*; *Contes Épiques*; and *Odelettes Guerrières*. He also authored a number of plays including *La Femme de Tabarin* and *La Reine Fiammette*. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Charles A. Menninger Secretary–Treasurer of Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad from 1951. b. June 12, 1890 in Tell City, Ind. He began as a clerk with the railroad at Topeka in 1911, advancing to assistant cashier, assistant paymaster, chief clerk, and assistant treasurer. Also officer of several other railroad organizations. Member of Topeka Lodge No. 17, Topeka, Kansas from 1912.

Karl A. Menninger Psychiatrist. b. July 22, 1893 in Topeka, Kans. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1914 and 1915, and M.D. degree from Harvard in 1917. Was assistant psychiatrist at Boston Psychopathic Hosp., 1918–19, and assistant in neuropathology at Harvard Medical School, 1918–20, as well as Tufts Medical School, 1918–19. He is a member of the board of trustees of the Menninger Foundation at Topeka; general director of the educational department; member of council of Institute for Psychol. Medicine; professor of psychiatry at U. of Kansas Medical School; neuropsychiatrist at Christ's Hospital, Topeka. He is former director of the Topeka

Institute for Psychoanalysis. Both he, and his brother, William C. Menninger, q.v., have received world wide recognition in the treatment of mental illness. He is the author of many books on the subject including *The Human Mind*; *Man Against Himself* and *Love Against Hate* (the latter with his wife). He is also editor-in-chief of the *Bulletin of the Menninger Clinic*; associate editor of *Psychiatry*, *Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease*; collaborating editor of *Psychoanalytic Review*; assistant editor of *Psychoanalytic Quarterly* and associate editor of *Psychosomatic Medicine*. Member of Topeka Lodge No. 17, Topeka, Kansas.

William C. Menninger Psychiatrist b. Oct. 15, 1899 in Topeka, Kans. Graduate of Washburn Coll. (Topeka) in 1919, Columbia U. in 1922, and M.D. from Cornell U. Medical School in 1924. He interned at the Bellevue Hospital, N.Y.C. and did postgraduate training in psychiatry at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington, D.C. He has been a psychiatrist since 1927. From 1930–46 he was medical director of the Menninger Sanitarium at Topeka. He is also a member of the board of directors and general secretary of The Menninger Foundation. Both he and his brother, Karl A. Menninger, have received world wide recognition in the treatment of mental illness. In 1945 he served as a brigadier general in the Medical Corps of the U.S. Army. Active in the Boy Scout movement, he wrote the *Skipper's Handbook* in 1934, the official handbook for Sea Scout leaders. He is also the author of *Psychiatry in a Troubled World*; *You and Psychiatry*; *Psychiatry; Its Evolution and Present Status*, as well as about 200 scientific papers. Received the three degrees in a lodge in New York City in

1924 while interning at Bellvue Hospital. Has not reaffiliated.

Frederick O. Mercer Federal Judge, Southern Illinois, from 1956. b. March 11, 1901 in Vermont, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1924. Practiced law in Fulton Co. and Canton, Ill. Member of Vermont Lodge No. 116, Vermont, Ill. since 1922; 32° AASR (NJ) , Mohammed Shrine Temple and Royal Order of Jesters (Court 40), all of Peoria, Ill.

Hugh Mercer (1720?–1777) Brigadier General, American Revolution. b. in Aberdeen, Scotland. Educated at U. of Aberdeen, and became a physician, being assistant surgeon in the army of Prince Charles Edward in 1745. He arrived at Philadelphia in 1746 where he practiced medicine for ten years. He fought with the colonists in the French and Indian Wars and was wounded at Braddock's defeat in 1755. He marched against Fort Duquesne a second time under Forbes in 1758, and the next year was appointed colonel and commandant of the fort. He then practiced medicine in Conococheague, near Mercersburg, for another ten years, and moved to Fredericksburg, Va. at the suggestion of George Washington. He set up in business as an apothecary and physician. It was here, in 1761, that he joined Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, in which Washington had been a Mason. He later served as master of the lodge. He became a colonel of the 3rd Virginia Regiment at the outbreak of the revolution, and at Washington's request was made brigadier general in June of 1776. His field of operations was largely in N.J., protecting the countryside against forays by the British. He was at the Battle of Trenton on Dec. 26, 1776, and a few days

later at the Battle of Princeton. Here, in the close action at the bridge over Stony Brook, he was wounded, surrounded, and clubbed. He suffered seven bayonet wounds in a hand-to-hand fight and was left on the field for dead. He was taken to a nearby farmhouse, and died on Jan. 12, 1777, nine days after the battle. Counties in Kentucky and Missouri have been named in his honor.

James Mercer (1736–1793) American Revolutionary leader. b. Feb. 26, 1736 in Stafford Co., Va. He served in the French and Indian War. When 36 he was elected to the Virginia house of burgesses, serving from 1762–66. He was a member of the Continental Congress in 1779–80. Educated at William and Mary (Va.), he here formed a friendship with another student, John Blair, q.v. Blair became the first grand master of Virginia and Mercer the second. He also succeeded Blair on the Virginia court of appeals when Blair became a member of the U.S. supreme court. Mercer served on the Virginia general court from 1779–89, and was a member of the first Virginia court of appeals, serving from 1789–93. He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va., and in 1777 was president of a council to organize a grand lodge. In 1784 he became second grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia, serving until 1786. d. Oct. 31, 1793.

Edwin T. Meredith (1876–1928) U.S. Secretary of Agriculture in Wilson cabinet, 1920–21. b. Dec. 23, 1876 in Avoca, Iowa. He was the publisher of the Farmer's Tribune, Des Moines, 1896–1902, and in the latter year started Successful Farming. He was a director of the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank and

Iowa Trust & Saving Bank. He was a candidate for U.S. senator in 1914, and governor of Iowa in 1916. He was the founder of the Jefferson Highway. He became a member of Capitol Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, March 12, 1907. He was a 33°, active member of the AASR (SJ), on Oct. 20, 1923.

Edwin T. Meredith, Jr. Vice President, General Manager of Meredith Publishing Co., Des Moines, Iowa. b. Feb. 10, 1906 in Des Moines, the son of Edwin T. Meredith, q.v., former secretary of Agriculture. Attended Culver Military Acad. and U. of Virginia. He has been with Meredith Publishing Co. since 1928, and vice president since 1935. He is president of the Meredith Syracuse TV Corp., Phoenix Broadcasting Co., WTO-TV, :-..maha. A director in several banks and companies. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, Iowa, receiving degrees on Dec. 23, 28, 31, 1927. 32° AASR (SJ) .

Solomon Meredith (1810–1875) Union Major General in Civil War. b. May 29, 1810 in Guilford Co., N. Car. Moved to Wayne Co., Ind. at age of 19, and worked as a laborer to earn enough to educate himself. Was sheriff in 1834, and 1836, member of state legislature, 1846–48, and 1854. Became colonel of the 10th Indiana Regiment in July, 1861. He was wounded at Gainesville when the regiment lost half its men. Promoted brigadier general of volunteers in 1862, his command was known as the “iron brigade.” It forced a crossing of the Rappahannock in April, 1863, took part in the Battle of Chancellorsville, and opened the Battle of Gettysburg, where Meredith was wounded again. He later commanded posts at Cairo, Ill. and Paducah, Ky. He was brevetted major general

in 1865. In 1867–69 he was surveyor general of Montana, and then retired to his farm near Cambridge City, Ind. His three sons served in the Civil War, and two of them lost their lives. He was a member of Cambridge Lodge No. 105, Cambridge City, Ind. d. Oct. 21, 1875.

Frank F. Merriam (?–1955) Former Governor of California. Affiliated with Seaside Lodge No. 504, Long Beach, Calif. on Aug. 6, 1935 from Rising Sun Lodge No. 187 of Iowa. Member of Searchlight Chapter, R.A.M. No. 133 and Jinnistan Grotto No. 76 of Calif.

Pliny Merrick (1794–1867) Judge of Massachusetts Supreme Court, 1853–64. He was a “seceding” Mason during the Anti-Masonic period. b. Aug. 2, 1794 in Brookfield, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1814. Practiced law in Worcester and Bristol counties. He received the degrees in King David Lodge, Taunton, Mass. in 1821 and affiliated with Morning Star Lodge, Worcester, Mass. on June 25, 1825. He was also a member of Adoniram Chapter, R.A.M. of New Bedford, Mass. at one time. He became a bitter Anti-Mason and was expelled. d. in 1867.

Edward F. Merrill Chief Justice, Supreme Judicial Court of Maine, 1953–54. b. April 11, 1883 in Skowhegan, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1903, and of Harvard in 1906. He practiced law in Skowhegan, Maine from 1906–45. From 1945–48 he was associate justice of the superior court of Maine, and associate justice of supreme judicial court from 1948, retiring in 1955. Raised in Somerset Lodge No. 34,

Skowhegan, Maine in Dec. 1906. Member of Somerset Chapter, R.A.M., Mt. Moriah Council, R. & S.M. and DeMolay Commandery, K.T., all of Skowhegan and has served as head of lodge, chapter, council and commandery. 33° AASR (NJ) at Portland and member of Kora Shrine Temple.

Frank S. Merrill Grand Secretary General, Supreme Council Northern Masonic Jurisdiction, A.A.S.R. b. Dec. 27, 1897 in Concord, N.H. An accountant by profession, he served the city of Concord as deputy and acting city treasurer; accountant for the state of N.H.; deputy state treasurer; and assistant to the legislative budget assistant. He served in the U.S. Navy in WWII in both the Atlantic and Pacific areas. Raised in Eureka Lodge No. 70, Concord, N.H., June 3, 1920. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Valley of Concord in March, 1922, and became member of the New Hampshire Consistory at Nashua in April of that year. He is past commander-in-chief of that consistory. Received 33° honorary on Sept. 28, 1949 and made active member, Sept. 25, 1957. Member of Trinity Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Horace Chase Council No. 4, R. & S.M. and Mount Horeb Commandery, K.T.

John B. Merrill (1910–1955) Vice President of Sylvania Electric Products, Inc. from 1950, and vice president, operations, of tungsten and chemical, atomic energy and electronics divisions from 1954. b. June 16, 1910 in Cumberland Center, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1933 and Mass. Institute of Tech. in 1936. Began with Patterson Screen Co. of Towanda, Pa. in 1936 in research. He was superintendent of fluorescent powder plant in 1940, until it was purchased by Sylvania

in 1941. Member of Union Lodge No. 108, Towanda, Pa., receiving degrees on May 20, July 17 and Sept. 16, 1942. d. Oct. 6, 1955.

Samuel Merrill (1822–1899) Seventh Governor of Iowa, 1868–72. b. Aug. 7, 1822 in Turner, Maine. Lived in Maine until 21 when he visited the South where he taught school, but returned to Maine to farm. Within a short time he removed to Tamworth, N.H. where he engaged in the mercantile business with his brother. He was twice elected to the N.H. state legislature. In 1856 he moved to McGregor, Iowa and engaged in the mercantile business as a branch of the Tamworth concern. In 1861 he sold the business and became an officer in the McGregor Branch Bank. Was commissioned colonel with the 21st Iowa Infantry in 1862. Was forced to resign his commission because of wounds received in the Battle of Big Black River Bridge. As governor he promulgated insurance company reforms and supported the public schools, protected sale of public school lands and secured aid for Iowa State College. After his retirement from political life in 1872, he was president of the Citizens' National Bank of Des Moines. In 1876 he was president of the Iowa Loan and Trust Co. and became active in real estate. In 1897 he retired from business and lived thereafter at Los Angeles, Calif. A member of Capital Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, he received his degrees on March 22, 24, and 29, 1870. He was a member for 22 years, dimitting on May 10, 1892. d. Aug. 30, 1899.

William L. Merry (1842–1911) Promoter of the Nicaraguan Canal, and U.S. Minister to Nicaragua, San Salvador, and Costa

Rica. b. Dec. 27, 1842 in New York. Went to sea and became a commander of steamships on Atlantic and Pacific oceans. He resigned from the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. in 1874, and established residence at San Francisco. Was general agent for steamship companies on the Nicaraguan Isthmus for three years, and another year as agent of the U.S. Mail Steamship Co. on the Panama Isthmus. He was later president of the North American Navigation Co. Merry was consul general for Nicaragua on the Pacific Coast of the U.S. and from 1897–1907 was U.S. minister (E.E. & M.P.) to Nicaragua, San Salvador, and Costa Rica. From 1908 he was minister to Costa Rica. He was active and influential in the support of the Nicaraguan Canal, of increased naval force, and of maritime development of the Pacific coast ports. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, Calif. d. 1911.

Charles H. Merz (1861–1947) Physician and Masonic editor. b. Nov. 7, 1861 in Oxford, Ohio. He published the Sandusky Masonic Bulletin (Ohio) as a hobby. An outstanding Masonic scholar, he was the author of several Masonic books. He was a member of Science Lodge No. 50, Sandusky, and past master of same. Also member of Sandusky City Chapter No. 72, R.A.M.; Sandusky City Council No. 26, R. & S.M., and Erie Commandery No. 23, K.T., as well as the Scottish Rite. d. Oct. 14, 1947.

Jean F. T. Merzdorf (1812–1877) German Masonic author. He was initiated in Apollo Lodge at Leipsic in 1834. He resuscitated the Lodge Zum Goldenen Hirsch at Oldenburg and served for many years as its deputy master. He published Die

Denkmunzen der Freimaurer Bruderschaft; Die Symbole die Gesetz, die Geschichte, der Zweck der Masonei Schliessen Keine Religion von Dersalben aus; Friemaurer Bruderschaft im Schott-land; Lessing's, q.v., Ernest and Falk, and several other works.

Friedrich Anton Mesmer (1734–1815) Austrian physician after whom “mesmerism” was named. b. in Suabia in 1734, he studied medicine at Vienna. He made experiments on the supposed curative power of the magnet, and his studies led him to believe that some kind of occult force resided in himself, from which he developed the theory of animal magnetism. He went to Paris in 1778 where he devoted himself to curing diseases. It was while in France that he became a member of Philadelphia Lodge at Norbonne, and became involved with the famous charlatan, Cagliostro, q.v., to some extent. The latter used the magnetic operations of Mesmer's new science in his initiations. Mesmer established a society in France which he called the Order of Universal Harmony. It was based on the principles of animal magnetism and had a form of initiation by which the founder claimed that its initiates were purified and rendered more fit to propagate the doctrines of his science. French writers have called this society “Mesmeric Freemasonry.” His seances were investigated by a commission of physicians and scientists appointed by the French government and he was denounced as an imposter. He died in obscurity.

Fred W. Messmore Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska since 1937. b. July 11, 1890 in Boone, Iowa.

Graduate of Creighton U. in 1912. Admitted to bar in 1913, and practiced at Beatrice, Nebr. He has served as county attorney, county judge, and district judge. In WWI he served in the U.S. Army as a private and is a lieutenant colonel in the Judge Advocate General Dept., O.R.C. Received degrees in Beatrice Lodge No. 26, Beatrice, Nebr. on Feb. 1, March 5, 29, 1915.

Victor H. Metcalf (1853–1936) U.S. Secretary of Commerce and Labor, 1904–06; U.S. Secretary of Navy, 1906–08 in cabinet of Theodore Roosevelt, q.v. b. Oct. 10, 1853 in Utica, N.Y. Graduate of Utica Free Academy, 1871, Russell's Military Academy (Conn.), 1872, and Yale U., 1876. Admitted to the bar in 1876, he practiced at Utica, N.Y. from 1876–79, and at Oakland, Calif., 1879–1904. He was a member of the 56th through 58th congresses (1899–1904) from the 3rd Calif. dist. He resigned from congress, July 1, 1904, to become secretary of Commerce and Labor. Member of Live Oak Lodge No. 61, Oakland, Calif. d. Feb. 20, 1936.

Thomas Metcalfe (1780–1855) Governor of Kentucky, 1829–33; U.S. Congressman from Kentucky, 1819–28; U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1848–49. b. March 20, 1780 in Fauquier Co., Va. of poor parents who emigrated to Ky. and settled in Fayette Co. He had but a few months of schooling and worked as a stone-cutter. In later years he delighted in the nickname "Old Stone Hammer." He served in the War of 1812 as a captain, and commanded a company at the Battle of Fort Meigs. While he was absent on this campaign, he was elected to the state legislature, where he served three years.

He was a member of the state senate in 1834. He was a friend and follower of Henry Clay, q.v. Member and one-time secretary of Nicholas Lodge No. 65, Carlisle, Ky. d. Aug. 18, 1855.

Frederick Henry Paul, 2nd Lord Methuen Provincial Grand Master of Wiltshire, England from 1853–1891. The town of Methuen, Mass. is named for this family. He built the present ancestral residence of Corsham Court, Wiltshire, with its magnificent grounds that were laid out by the famous landscape gardener, Capability Brown. One wing contains a fine art gallery, and the present 4th Baron Methuen, q.v., himself a member of the Royal Academy, has turned this wing over to the training of art teachers.

Paul Sanford, 3rd Baron Methuen (1845–1932) British Field Marshal who was commander-in-chief in the South African War of 1907–09. He served in the Ashanti War of 1874; the Egyptian War of 1882, and the Boer War of 1899–1902. In the latter named conflict, he commanded the 1st division of the 1st army corps and was defeated by Cronje at Magersfontein and in 1902 taken prisoner by De La Rey. He was governor of Natal in 1909, governor of Malta from 1915–19, and governor and constable of the Tower in 1920. He was an art connoisseur and was described by English periodicals as a “keen” Freemason.

Paul Aysford, 4th Baron Methuen Son of Field Marshal and 3rd Baron Methuen, whom he succeeded as fourth of line on his father's death in 1932. Educated at Eton, he went to New College, Oxford. From 1910–14 he was assistant curator

of the Transvaal Museum at Pretoria. Served in WWI from 1914–19 as a lieutenant with the Scots Guards, seeing active service in France. In WWII he was again in active service as a major with the Scots Guards, and at the time of the Normandy landing, he was in charge of the care of monuments and works of art to ensure their preservation. A skilled artist and painter in water colors and oil, he is an associate of the Royal Academy, and trustee of both the National Gallery and the Tate Gallery of Art. His ancestral home of Corsham Court, Wiltshire, has been turned over as a residential training center for art teachers, the family now occupying only one wing. This home was built by the 2nd Lord Methuen, q.v. The 4th Baron Methuen has been provincial grand master for Wiltshire since 1939.

Thorvald Meyer (1818–1909) Norwegian capitalist and one of the richest men in Norway. He contributed to a number of major foundations and presented the Grand Lodge of Norway with the site of its building. He was known as “the first citizen of the City of Oslo.” He was designated as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Norway at one time, but declined. He was K.C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

Giacomo Meyerbeer (1791–1864) German opera composer. Real name was Jakob Liebmann Beer. b. in Berlin. He was a pianist in Vienna, and later in Italy, where he composed Italian operas in Rossini’s style. When he settled in Paris about 1826 he composed in the French style. In 1842 he was general music director of the Berlin Opera. His operas include *Il Crociato in Egitto*; *Robert le Diable*; *Les Huguenots*; *Das*

Feldlager in Schlesien; Le Prophete; Dinorah and L'Africaine. He also composed cantatas, overtures, orchestral marches, and ceremonial music. Member of the French Lodge Les Freres Unis Inseparables.

Milton L. Meyers (1872–1959) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1951–54. b. April 15, 1872 in Glennville, Calif. Moved with family to Salem, Oreg. in 1880, where he was a successful merchant for 30 years. Retired. Raised in Pacific Lodge No. 50, Sept. 4, 1894, master in 1906, and grand master in 1929. Exalted in Multnomah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. Nov. 5, 1894, was high priest in 1899, and grand high priest in 1931. Greeted in Hodson Council No. 1, R. & S.M., Sept. 28, 1901, was master in 1905, and grand master in 1913. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 5, K.T., June 10, 1895, was commander in 1903, and grand commander in 1922. Received 32° AASR (SJ) on June 14, 1908, K.C.C.H. in 1942, and 33° on Nov. 29, 1947. Received K.Y.C.H. in Sir Galahad Priory No. 7 of Nebraska in Nov., 1950. Member of Al Kader Shrine Temple from 1895; Past Grand Sovereign, Red Cross of Constantine. d. Feb. 16, 1959.

M. Alfred Michaelson (1878–1949) U.S. Congressman to 67th through 71st Congresses, 1921–31, from 7th III. dist. b. Sept. 7, 1878 in Kristiansand, Norway. He was brought to the U.S. at the age of seven, and educated in the public schools of Chicago. He was a public school teacher in Chicago from 1898–1914. Was a member of the Chicago city council, Illinois constitutional convention of 1920, and chairman of board of Madison and Kedzie State Bank. Mason and Shriner. d. Oct. 26, 1949.

Albert A. Michelson (1852–1931) Scientist and Nobel prize winner. b. Dec. 19, 1852 in Strelno, Germany. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1873, and later attended U. of Berlin, U. of Heidelberg, College de France, and Ecole Polytechnique. He was an instructor in physics and chemistry at the U.S. Naval Academy from 1875–79. Served as professor of physics at Case School of Applied Science, 1883–89; at Clark U., 1889–92; and U. of Chicago, 1892–1929. Was also exchange professor and lecturer at several European universities. In 1907 he received the Nobel Prize for physics, worth \$40,000. He was the author of *Velocity of Light and Light Waves and Their Uses*. He received his degrees in Washington Lodge No. 21, N.Y.C., Aug. 18, 1874, Dec. 31, 1875, and Jan. 21, 1876. At the time of his initiation he was a midshipman stationed on the U.S.S. Roanoke. He withdrew on Jan. 7, 1879. d. May 9, 1931.

Manuel Micheltorena Mexican Governor of California under Mexican rule, from 1842. He received little financial support from Mexico and his soldiers were forced to steal from citizens to support themselves. After a “battle” near Los Angeles, he was forced to resign and depart for Mexico. The trip was made on a ship whose captain was John Paty, q.v. William H. Davis, one of the petitioners to the grand lodge for a dispensation for San Diego Lodge No. 35, in relating the story of this voyage says in his *Sixty Years in California*: “General Micheltorena and Captain Paty were Brother Masons and they played chess every night on board ship.” Micheltorena was considered a gentlemen by the Californians and made many friends among them. Lack of support from

his homeland and Mexican politicians who were jealous of him forced his resignation.

Earl C. Michener (1876–1957) U.S. Congressman, 66th through 72nd and 74th through 81st Congresses, 1919–33 and 1935–51, from 2nd Mich. dist. b. Nov. 30, 1876 at Attica, Ohio. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1903. Practiced law at Adrian, Mich. from 1903. Served as a private in the Spanish American War. Member of Adrian Lodge No. 19, Adrian, Mich., receiving degrees on Jan. 25, March 9, and April 9, 1911. d. July 6, 1957.

George T. Mickelson Governor of South Dakota, 1947–51; Federal Judge in South Dakota from 1953. b. July 23, 1903 at Selby, S. Dak. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1927, and engaged in practice of law from that date. Has served as state's attorney, state representatives, speaker of the house, and attorney general of the state. Member of Selby Lodge No. 133, Selby, S. Dak., and of Oriental Con-sistory (April, 1947) at Yankton. Is past grand patron of the Eastern Star.

Peter P. Mickelson President of Western State College of Colorado since 1946. b. May 27, 1904 in Tracy, Minn. Graduate of state Teachers Coll., Maysville, N. Dak. in 1935; U. of Colorado in 1939 and 1941. He taught rural schools in N. Dak. from 1921–24, and was principal of schools from 1924–30. He was then superintendent of schools in Brocket, N. Dak. (1930–36); supervisor of State Teachers Coll. Mayville (1936–39); director of secondary education and state superintendent of public instruction at Denver, Colo. in 1941. He

was president of the Trinidad (Colo.) State Junior Coll. from 1941–46. Member of Gunnison Lodge No. 39, Gunnison, Colo. and 32° AASR (SJ) at Grand Junction, Colo.

Claude B. Mickelwait Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 29, 1894 in Glenwood, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Idaho in 1916, and U. of California in 1935. Admitted to Calif. bar in 1935. Was commissioned first lieutenant of Infantry in 1917, and rose through grades to major general in 1954. Has been with the Judge Advocate General Dept. since 1935; chief of military affairs division, 1941–42; judge advocate of Western Task Force, 1942; of Fifth Army, 1943–44; 12th Army Group, 1944–45; deputy theater judge advocate, E.T.O., 1945–46; theater judge advocate, 1946–47; assistant judge advocate general since 1954. Member of Orland Lodge No. 265, Orland, Calif.

Henry A. Middleton Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio, 1950–54. b. July 19, 1888 in Urbana, Ohio. Studied at Boston U. and Ohio State U. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1911, practiced at Columbus until 1917 and at Toledo until 1950, when he became a supreme court judge. He is a specialist in trial law and represented several railroads. He was general manager for the successful campaign for city manager form of government for Toledo in 1934. Served as officer in field artillery in WWI. Raised in Champaign Lodge No. 525, Urbana, Ohio in 1919 and affiliated with Sanford L. Collins Lodge No. 396, Toledo on Jan. 23, 1923. 33° AASR (NJ). Member of Ft. Meigs Chapter No. 29, R.A.M.; Toledo Council No. 33, R. & S.M.; and St. Omer Commandery No. 59, K.T. Member of Shrine, Red Cross of Constantine, and National Sojourners.

Henry J. Mikell (1873–1942) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 4, 1873 in Sumter, S. Car. Degrees from U. of the South in 1895, 1898, 1918, and from U. of Nashville in 1910. Ordained deacon in 1898 and priest in 1899. He served churches in Charleston, S. Car., 1898–1908; Nashville, Tenn. 1908–17. Was consecrated bishop of Atlanta, Nov. 1, 1917. He was chancellor of the U. of the South at Sewanee, Tenn. He affiliated with Georgia Lodge No. 96, Atlanta, Ga. on Feb. 5, 1924, evidently from a Tenn. lodge. Was a 32° AASR (SJ). d. Feb. 20, 1942.

Alfred J. B. Milborne Canadian Masonic author. b. at Yeovil, Somerset, England in 1888. He is president of the Canadian Research Association, for whom he has written many historical papers, including *An 18th Century Freemason*. Raised in Northern Light Lodge No. 10, Manitoba, and life member of same. He is past master of Westmount Lodge No. 76, Quebec, and past district deputy grand master of Quebec. He is the editor of the *Masonic Bulletin* of that grand lodge. He is past Z of Royal Albert Chapter, R.A.M., Quebec; 32° AASR; past master of St. Paul's Mark Lodge No. 374 (ER), Montreal; past grand master of Royal Order of Scotland; and in 1958 was named to the Order of Blue Friars.

Bryan L. Milburn Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 2, 1896 in Fayetteville, Ark. Graduate of U. of Arkansas in 1922. He entered the military service in the first officer's training camp in 1917, advancing through grades to major general in 1952. He was commandant of the Anti-aircraft Artillery School, 1943–44; with military government in Berlin, 1945–46; commanding officer of Berlin Command, 1946–47; personnel

officer of Far East Command, 1951–53; special assistant to chief of staff for reserve components, 1953–55; and commanding general of Ft. Devens, Mass. since 1955. Received degrees in Galveston, Texas in 1919; later affiliated with Washington Lodge No. 1, Fayetteville, Ark. Received 18° AASR (SJ) at Galveston, and later affiliated at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; National Sojourner. Now unaffiliated with any Masonic body.

Nelson A. Miles (1839–1925) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army; Indian fighter; holder of Congressional Medal of Honor. b. Aug. 8, 1839 at Westminster, Mass. He entered the service at the start of the Civil War as a first lieutenant in the 22nd Mass. Infantry (1861), promoted to brigadier general, U.S.A., 1880; major general volunteers, 1864; lieutenant general, U.S.A. in 1900. He received the Congressional Medal of Honor for gallantry at Chancellorsville, where he was severely wounded. At the age of 25 he commanded an army corps of 26,000 men. He conducted several campaigns against hostile Indians on the Western frontier, notably against Sitting Bull, Crazy Horse, Chief Joseph, Geronimo, and Natchez. From 1895–1903 he was senior commanding officer of the U.S. Army; commanded the U.S. Army during the Spanish–American War. He retired on Aug. 8, 1903. He was raised in Southern California Lodge No. 278 of Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 20, 1888, at the time he was in command of the departments of Calif. and Ariz. He received the Scottish Rite degrees in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, D.C. d. May 15, 1925.

John Milledge (1757–1818) U.S. Senator, Representative and Governor of Georgia. b. in Savannah, Ga. A lawyer, he

served in the Revolutionary War and was one of the patriots who rifled the powder magazine in Savannah that was used by Continental soldiers at the Battle of Bunker Hill. He was attorney general of Georgia in 1780; member of lower house in 1782. He was elected to the 2nd U.S. Congress, serving from 1792–93, and subsequently in 4th and 5th congresses, 1795–99 and 7th congress, 1801–02. He resigned from congress to become governor of Georgia, 1802–06. He was U.S. senator from 1806–09 and president pro tern of the senate in his last year. He was a member of Social Lodge No. 1, Augusta, and Augusta Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. d. Feb. 9, 1818.

Albert V. C. Miller Vice President of New York Herald Tribune from 1956. b. Nov. 20, 1892 in New Orleans, La. He was an accountant and traveling auditor of Illinois Central Railroad from 1908–17; auditor of Morse Dry Dock Repair Co., Brooklyn, N.Y., 1917–27; managing director of J. C. Haartz Co. New Haven, Conn., 1928–30; tax consultant, 1931. Has been with Herald Tribune since 1932 as treasurer and member of board of directors; treasurer and secretary since 1955; and vice president, treasurer and secretary since 1956. Raised in Bay Ridge Lodge No. 856, Brooklyn, N.Y. about 1921; member of Orient Chapter No. 138, R.A.M. and Bay Ridge Commandery No. 79, K.T., both of Brooklyn.

Amos C. Miller (1866–1949) First Vice President and counsel for Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. for 25 years. b. Dec. 16, 1866 in Marshalltown, Iowa. Graduate of Oberlin (Ohio) Coll. in 1889, and Chicago–Kent Coll. of Law in 1891. Admitted to bar in 1891 and practiced at Chicago. He was one of the

organizers of Firestone. Was member of executive committee of Chicago Title & Trust Co.; trustee of Oberlin Coll. for 58 years; and member of the executive committee of the Century of Progress Exposition, 1933–34. Mason. Member of Riverside Lodge No. 862, Riverside, Ill., receiving degrees on June 20, 1902, June 9 and Nov. 24, 1903. d. Oct. 18, 1949.

Arthur L. Miller U.S. Congressman to 78th through 85th Congresses from 4th Nebr. dist. b. May 24, 1892 in Plainview, Nebr. Received an M.D. degree from Loyola U., Chicago in 1918, and has been a practicing physician and surgeon at Kimball, Nebr. since 1918. He served as mayor of that city, and as a member of the state legislature. He was state health director from 1941–42. Now with Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. Received degrees in Plainview Lodge No. 204 (Nebr.) on July 8, Oct. 24, 1916, March 31, 1917; dimitted Feb. 10, 1923 to affiliate with Kimball Lodge No. 294 (Nebr.) in May, 1923.

Carl A. Miller Newspaper executive; Active member of Supreme Council, 33° AASR (NJ). Raised in Greenview Lodge No. 653, Green-view, Ill. in 1904, and served as master. Received AASR degrees in Springfield, Ill. in 1907, and Chicago, 1908; 33° in 1921; active member in 1940; deputy in 1948; and grand marshal general in 1945. Has edited the Chicago Scottish Rite magazine for many years. Member of Lafayette Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Chicago Council No. 4, R. & S.M. and Apollo Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., all of Chicago. He has served as grand color bearer and grand prelate of the Grand Cornmandery of Illinois. He was potentate of Medinah Shrine Temple in 1936, and sovereign of St. Johns

Conclave (Premier No. 1) of Red Cross of Constantine in 1933. A newspaperman, he spent 40 years in that profession, first as advertising manager of the Illinois State Journal at Springfield, and then in Chicago as advertising manager of the Chicago Herald. He was advertising and business manager of the Chicago Evening Post for 23 years.

E. Spencer Miller President of Maine Central Railroad and Portland Terminal Co. since 1952. b. April 23, 1908 at Springfield, Vt. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1931 and Harvard in 1934. Admitted to bar in 1934, practicing at Boston, Mass. Became associated with the Maine Central as legal counsel and later, general counsel. He became first vice president in 1947. Member of Portland Lodge No. 1, Greenleaf Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. and St. Alban Commandery No. 8, K.T., all of Portland, Maine. Received the 33° AASR (NJ) in Oct., 1955. Member of Kora Shrine Temple.

Eugene K. Miller Vice President of Jones & Laughlin Steel Corp. from 1953–55. b. Sept. 7, 1890 in Scottdale, Pa. He was superintendent of the blast furnaces of Tenn. Coal, Iron and R.R. Co. (division of U.S. Steel) from 1924–29, and has been with Jones & Laughlin since 1929, successively as assistant general superintendent of Aliquippa works; general superin—tendent; assistant vice president of production; and vice president of production and construction. He is president and director of the Union Dock Co. and vice president of Magdalena Mining Co., and Jalore Mining Co., Ltd. Since retirement from Jones & Laughlin in 1955 he has served as a steel consultant. Member of Bessemer Lodge No. 458,

Bessemer, Ala. since 1922. 32° AASR (SJ) at Birmingham and Shriner.

Frederic M. Miller (1896–1958) Justice, Supreme Court of Iowa, 1939–46. b. Feb. 18, 1896 in Des Moines, Ia. Graduate of Grinnell Coll. and U. of Iowa. Was admitted to the bar in 1921, and since practiced at Des Moines. He served overseas in WWI as a second lieutenant in the 1st and 15th Cavalry. Member of Capital Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, Iowa, receiving degrees on April 8, 13 and May 25, 1920. d. June 8, 1958.

James Miller (1776–1851) Brigadier General in War of 1812 and first territorial governor of Arkansas, 1819–25. b. April 25, 1776 in Peterborough, N.H. He studied law, but in 1808 entered the Army as a major of the 4th Infantry, becoming lieutenant colonel in 1810. He commanded at the Battle of Brownstown in 1812, and was made colonel for gallantry. He fought at Fort George, and was a colonel of the 21st Infantry at Chippewa and Lundy's Lane. In the latter fight he won the day for American forces and was brevetted major general for his services. From 1825–49 he was collector of the port of Salem, Mass. He was made an honorary member of St. John's Lodge, Boston, Mass., Dec. 6, 1814. d. July 7, 1851.

John E. Miller U.S. Senator from Arkansas, 1939–41; U.S. Congressman, 1931–39; U.S. Judge for Western Arkansas from 1941. b. May 15, 1888 near Aid, Mo. Attended Mo. State Teachers Coll. and Valparaiso U. (Ind.). Began law practice in Searcy, Ark. in 1912. He was circuit judge from 1919–22. Served in congress from 2nd Ark. dist., resigning in 1939 to

become U.S. Senator by appointment. Resigned as senator in 1941 to become Federal judge. Raised in Searcy Lodge No. 49, Searcy, Ark. in 1913; past master, and life member of same. Member of Tillman Chapter No. 19, R.A.M., Searcy, Ark., past high priest, and life member of same. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Little Rock, and presently member of Western Arkansas Consistory at Fort Smith. Member of Scimitar Shrine Temple, Little Rock.

John F. Miller (1862–1936) U.S. Congressman to 65th through 71st Congresses (1917–31) from 1st Wash. dist. b. June 9, 1862 near South Bend, Ind. Graduate of U. of Valparaiso in 1887. He settled in Seattle, Wash. in 1888, and was mayor of that city from 1908–10. Mason. d. May 28, 1936.

Leslie Andrew Miller Governor of Wyoming, 1933–39. b. Jan. 29, 1886 at Junction City, Kansas. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 11, Cheyenne, Wyo., receiving degrees on March 5, 30, and May 21, 1920. 32° AASR (SJ) at Cheyenne on June 9, 1921. Now retired and lives at Cheyenne.

Stephen Miller (1816–1881) Brigadier General, Civil War, and Governor of Minnesota, 1864–65. b. Jan. 7, 1816 in Perry Co., Pa. Received a common school education and became a commission merchant in Harrisburg, Pa. He edited the Telegraph at Harrisburg. In 1858 he moved to Minn. for his health, engaging in business at St. Cloud. He enlisted as a private in 1861. He rose in the militia to brigadier general of volunteers, serving with the 1st and 7th Minnesota regiments. In 1862 he helped quell the Indian outbreak in Minn. After

his governorship he was a field agent for the St. Paul and Sioux City Railroad. Member of North Star Lodge No. 23, St. Cloud, Minn. d. Aug. 18, 1881.

Thomas W. Miller U.S. Congressman to 64th Congress (1915–17) at large from Del.; founder of the Nevada state park system in 1935. b. June 26, 1886 in Wilmington, Del. Graduate of Yale in 1908. Enlisted as private in WWI and rose to lieutenant colonel with the 79th Division, A.E.F. He was an incorporator of the American Legion, and was vice president of the Paris Caucus; also member of national executive committee from 1919–28, and later department commander for both Delaware and Nevada. In 1923 he was a member of the American Battle Monuments Commission. Chairman of the Nevada State Park Commission, 1935–36, and since 1953. Served as supervisor of U.S. grazing service (Nev. and Calif.) until 1942. Received degrees in March, 1921 in Eureka Lodge No. 23, Wilmington, Del. and affiliated with Caliente Lodge No. 38, Caliente, Nev. 32° AASR (SJ) at Reno, Nev. Member of Kerak Shrine Temple, Reno; Mary Chapter, O.E.S., Caliente, Nev. and duPont Chapter No. 78, National Sojourners, Wilmington, Del.

Warner Miller (1838–1918) U.S. Senator from New York, 1881–87; U.S. Congressman from New York to 46th and 47th Congresses, 1879–81. b. Aug. 12, 1838 in Hannibal, N.Y. Graduate of Union Coll., Schenectady, N.Y. in 1860. Served in Civil War with N.Y. volunteer cavalry, advancing from private to lieutenant; was taken prisoner in Battle of Winchester. He engaged in agricultural pursuits, founded a wood pulp

business, and became president of the American Paper & Pulp Assn. Member of Herkimer Lodge No. 423, Herkimer, N.Y. d. March 21, 1918.

William Miller (1770–1826) Governor of North Carolina, 1814–17. b. in Warren Co., N. Car. Member of Johnston–Caswell Lodge No. 10, Warrenton, N. Car. He served his lodge at times as secretary, senior deacon, and junior warden. He was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1812–17, and served several times as senior grand warden pro tem. He signed the constitution and by-laws of Johnston–Caswell Lodge, June 24, 1808. d. 1826.

William R. Miller (1823–1887) Governor of Arkansas, 1877–1881. b. Nov. 23, 1823 in Batesville, Ark. Was state auditor of Arkansas, 1856–66; 1866–68; 1874–77. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 2; Occidental Council No.1, R. & SM., Hugh de Payens Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., all of Little Rock, Ark. d. Nov. 29, 1887.

Francis D. Millet (1846–1912) Artist and journalist. b. Nov. 3, 1846 in Mattapoisett, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1869; studied art in Antwerp under Van Lerius and DeKeyser. In 1873 he was secretary of the Mass. commission to the world's fair in Vienna, and a juror at that exhibition. He was a correspondent of the London Daily News during the Turkish–Russian War of 1877–78, and an illustrator for the London Graphic in 1878. In 1891, with Poultney Bigelow, he journeyed 1700 miles down the Danube for Harper's Magazine; and was war correspondent of the New York Sun, London

Times and Harper's Weekly in the Philippines during the insurrection of 1899. He translated Tolstoy's *Sebastopol* in 1887. In 1908 he was on a special mission to Tokyo for the U.S. government. He painted historic murals for the Minn. and Wis. state capitols and the Baltimore customhouse. His *A Cozy Corner* and *An Old Time Melody* are in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, N.Y.C.; *Between Two Fires* in the Tate Gallery, London. Among his many portraits are Samuel L. Clemens and Charles Francis Adams, Jr. He was a member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City. He lost his life on the Titanic, April 15, 1912. The history of Satucket Lodge, East Bridgewater, Mass. carries this note on his burial: "When the steamship Titanic sank, after a collision with an iceberg, one of its best known passengers was an artist of international repute, Bro. Francis Davis Millet, formerly a resident of this town, and whose ashes were brought here to be interred in the family lot. By request of his lodge in New York, Masonic services were held by Satucket Lodge in the Unitarian Church on May 3, 1912, and many of us will remember the solemnity of the occasion because of the nationwide sorrow at the passing of many notable people in this marine disaster" (Mass. Proceedings p. 64, 1931).

Jacob L. Milligan (1889–1951) U.S. Congressman to 66th, 72nd and 73rd Congresses (1920–21, 1923–35) from 3rd Mo. dist. b. March 9, 1889 in Richmond, Mo. Attended U. of Missouri, 1910–14; admitted to the bar in 1913, practicing at Richmond, and later at Kansas City. He served in WWI as a captain in the 6th Mo. Infantry and 140th Infantry, U.S.A., and was twice cited for bravery in the Meuse–Argonne offensive.

Member of Richmond Lodge No. 57, Richmond, Mo. receiving degrees on Jan. 1, Aug. 28, and Sept. 13, 1920. d. March 9, 1951.

Charles M. Milliken (1888–1959) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 4, 1888 in Bridgewater, Maine. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1914; advanced through grades to major general in 1944. Served in WWI with the A.E.F. He was commanding general of the Central Signal Corps replacement training center at Camp Crowder, Mo. and post commander of same in 1945–46. He later commanded Camp Polk, La. and the training center at Fort Dix, N.J. Mason. d. Jan. 5, 1959.

Charles F. Mills (1843–1915) Agriculturist and editor. b. May 29, 1843 at Montrose, Pa. Entered Union Army in senior year in school as private in 124th Ill. Volunteers and served throughout the war. He studied medicine and practiced in the Army to a limited extent. After the war he became a farmer and breeder of improved livestock; was editor and publisher of *The Farm Home* at Springfield, Ill. from 1890. He helped organize, and held offices, in many state and national live stock organizations. Was secretary of American Live Stock Assn.; secretary and president of American Berkshire Assn.; secretary of American Clydesdale Assn. Member of Tyrian Lodge No. 333, Springfield, Ill., being raised Sept. 24, 1880. d. Dec. 9, 1915.

Clark Mills (1815–1883) Sculptor. b. Dec. 1, 1815 in Onondaga Co., N.Y. Orphaned at age of five. He ran away from a maternal uncle's home in 1828, and working as a

laborer, reached New Orleans, La. and thence to Charleston, S. Car. Here he learned the stucco business. From this he learned a new method of making a cast of the human face which enabled him to make busts at reasonable prices. This led into marble cutting, and his first work was a bust of John C. Calhoun. He sculptored the equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson in Lafayette Square, Washington, D.C., and it was cast from cannon taken from the British in the War of 1812. He also made a replica of this statue for the city of New Orleans. His greatest work is perhaps the equestrian statue of George Washington in Washington, D.C., dedicated on Feb. 22, 1860. His statue of "Freedom" was placed atop the national capitol in 1863. He received the Entered Apprentice degree in Lebanon Lodge No. 7, Washington, D.C., May 4, 1849, but there is no record of other degrees being conferred. d. Jan. 12, 1883.

Earl C. Mills (1870–1947) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1932–33. b. Dec. 28, 1870 in Newton, Iowa. Graduate of Highland Park Coll., Des Moines, 1893 and 1899; of Drake U. in 1900. He practiced law at Des Moines from 1900. Member of Capital Lodge No. 110, Royal Arch Mason, Knight Templar and 33° AASR (SJ), all at Des Moines. d. April 16, 1947.

Henry S. Mills Missouri pioneer merchant and banker. b. in Watertown, N.Y. When a youngster, his family came West through the Erie Canal, and thence to New Salem, Ill., where Henry clerked in a store at three dollars a month. He came to Arrow Rock, Mo. in 1837, opening a general store, and later a bank. Anthony O'Sullivan, q.v., the first grand secretary of

the Grand Lodge of Missouri, clerked in his store and bank. At that time Mills was secretary of Arrow Rock Lodge No. 55, and recommended O'Sullivan's petition for the degrees. He was district deputy grand master of the 15th Masonic district in 1856. Mills served as master of the Arrow Rock lodge in 1854, 1855, 1861, 1865 and 1870. He was on the committee that planned the present building occupied by the lodge.

Robert Mills (1781–1855) Architect who designed the Washington Monument in Washington, D.C. b. Aug. 12, 1781 in Charleston, S. Car. He studied architecture under Benjamin H. Latrobe, q.v. He designed several buildings in Philadelphia, including the wings of Independence Hall. In 1820 he returned to S. Car. where he became state architect. In 1830 he was called to Washington and appointed U.S. architect. He supervised the building of the U.S. Postoffice, Patent Office and Treasury buildings. He drafted the original design of the Washington Monument which included a circular colonnade or pantheon at the base, to place statues of the nation's illustrious dead, with vaults beneath for their remains. That part of his plan was never carried out. Washington had selected the site of the monument as a memorial of the American Revolution. Although often referred to as a Mason, no documentary evidence exists. It is claimed that in a speech he greeted Lafayette as "Illustrious Brother." d. March 3, 1855.

Robert Q. Mills (1832–1911) U.S. Senator from Texas, 1892–99; U.S. Congressman, 1873–92. b. March 30, 1832 in Todd Co., Ky. He moved to Texas in 1849, studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1852 at Corsicana, Texas. After

a term in the state house of representatives, he enlisted in the Confederate Army and served throughout the Civil War, attaining the rank of colonel of the 12th Texas Infantry. He was wounded at both Missionary Ridge and Atlanta. Member of Corsicana Lodge No. 174, Corsicana, Texas. d. Sept. 2, 1911.

Wilbur D. Mills U.S. Congressman to 76th through 86th Congresses from 2nd Ark. dist. b. May 24, 1909 in Kensett, Ark. He studied at Hendrix Coll. (A.B. degree), and Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in 1934, practicing at Searcy. Member of Kensett Lodge No. 674, Kensett, Ark., since 1938; 32° and KCCH, AASR (SJ) at Little Rock and member of Scimitar Shrine Temple, Little Rock.

William H. Millspaugh Engineer, inventor, and manufacturer. b. Dec. 12, 1868 in Branchport, N.Y. He was president and organizer of the Sandusky Foundry & Machine Co., manufacturing large bronze tubular products. Sold company in 1929, retaining foreign business. He then organized Millspaugh, Ltd. of Sheffield, England, which he sold in 1946. He patented and developed suction rolls and paper making devices that established a new world record for speed and production of paper; also patented a –trifugal casting of metals which is leased to large companies and the U.S. government. Member of Science Lodge No. 50, Sandusky, Ohio; Sandusky City Chapter No. 72, RAM.; Sandusky City Council No. 26, R. & SM.; Erie Commandery No. 23, K.T.; 32° AASR (NJ) and Zenobia Shrine Temple, both at Toledo, Ohio.

James Milnor (1773–1844) U.S. Congressman to 12th

Congress, 1811–13. b. June 20, 1773 in Philadelphia, Pa. Attended U. of Pennsylvania, studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1794. He practiced in Philadelphia from 1797. He studied theology and was ordained an Episcopal minister. In 1814 he was assistant minister of St. Peter's in Philadelphia, and from 1816 until his death, rector of St. George's in New York City. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, and is credited with unifying that jurisdiction and securing uniformity in the ritual. Received the degrees in Lodge No. 31, Pa. in 1795 and affiliated with Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, on Sept. 6, 1796. d. April 8, 1844.

Robert H. Milroy (1816–?) Union Major General of Volunteers, Civil War. b. June 11, 1816 in Washington Co., Ind. Graduate of Norwich U. (Vt.) in 1843, and of law department of Indiana U. in 1850. He served in the Mexican War as a captain in the 1st Indiana Volunteers. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Indiana in 1849–50, and was appointed circuit judge in 1851. Early in the Civil War he entered the service as a captain of the 9th Indiana Volunteers and was commissioned brigadier general in 1862, and major general in 1863. In this capacity, he commanded the 2nd division of the 8th Army Corps when it was attacked by nearly the whole of Lee's Army on June 15, 1863, and possibly enabled General Meade to fight advantageously at Gettysburg. After the war he was appointed superintendent of Indian Affairs in Washington Territory and continued in that office until 1874. Affiliated with Prairie Lodge No. 125, Rensselaer, Ind. in 1863 and dimitted in 1866.

William H. Milton (1864–1942) U.S. Senator from Florida, 1908–09. b. March 2, 1864 in Marianna, Fla. He served in the state lower house from 1889–91; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1890. From 1890–1918 he was engaged in banking at Marianna. From 1894–97 he was U.S. surveyor general of Florida. He was mayor of Marianna, and president of the board of managers of the state reform school in that city. After his term as senator (appointed to fill out a term), he engaged in the real estate and insurance business in his native city. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 3, Marianna, Fla., receiving degrees on Aug. 21, 1906, June 8 and July 16, 1907. d. Jan. 4, 1942.

Francisco Xavier Mina (1789–1817) Spanish revolutionary who fought for Mexican independence. b. in Dec., 1789 in Idocin, Spain. He abandoned a legal career to form a band of guerillas against Napoleon's invasion of Spain. He was captured and held prisoner from 1812–14. He then joined his uncle, General Espoz y Mina in the revolutionary movement to force Ferdinand VII, q.v., the anti-Mason to grant a constitution, and on its failure they emigrated to France in Oct., 1814. Young Mina then visited London where he met several Mexican patriots and resolved to assist in the liberation of Mexico. In 1817 he went to New Orleans where he gathered a force of adventurers and landed with about 500 men in Mexico in April, 1817. He fared well at first, defeating a division with his 300 men (many had deserted him), taking several forts and the city of Leon. When he captured Guanajuato, his men scattered for pillage, and were defeated when the enemy attacked. He was captured, court martialed,

and executed with 25 companions on Nov. 11, 1817. Gould, in his Military Lodges states that he was a Freemason. If this was true, his membership might have been in either England, France or Spain, no record existing.

Howard L. Mingos (1891–1955) Journalist, author. b. April 24, 1891 in Athens, Pa. Worked on staffs of Philadelphia Telegraph, Scranton Republican, New York Evening World, Evening Sun, and a special writer for New York Times. He contributed over 1,000 articles to magazines and newspapers. An authority on aviation, he served in the air service, U.S. Army in WWI. He wrote *The Zeppelins*; *The Birth of an Industry*; *The Air Is Our Concern*; *American Heroes of the War in the Air*. He was the editor of the *Aircraft Year Book*, 1934–47 and the *American Swedish. Monthly*. Member of Waverly Lodge No. 301, Clarks Summit, Pa., receiving degrees on March 2, April 27, June 22, 1915. d. Dec. 29, 1955.

Clement O. Miniger (1874–1944) Founder, president, and chairman of board of Electric Auto-Lite Co. b. Nov. 11, 1874 in North East, Pa. He began as a coal mining operator; later was traveling salesman; and in 1911 organized Electric Auto-Lite Co. He was president and general manager of same from 1914–34, and chairman of board from 1934 until his death. He was a director of many other large corporations, including Bendix Aviation, Willys–Overland Motors, Monro Auto Equipment Co., and Bingham Stamping Co. Member of Rubicon Lodge No. 237, Toledo, Ohio, receiving degrees, Jan. 18, June 14, July 12, 1915; Knight Templar and 32° AASR (NJ). d. April 23, 1944.

W. Nels Minne President of Winona State Teachers College, Winona, Minn. since 1944. b. Dec. 6, 1901 at Catawba, Wis. Holds A.B., M.S., and Ph.D. from U. of Wisconsin. He was a chemistry and mathematics teacher at St. Olaf Coll., 1926–30, and department head and instructor at the Winona College, 1932–44. He served at one time as the grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota. Member of Winona Lodge No. 18, Winona, Minn. receiving degrees on Sept. 5, Oct. 15 and Nov. 13, 1946.

John A. Minor General in the War of 1812. Member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va.

Augustus M. Minton Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Oct. 21, 1911 in Mt. Carmel, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1933 and Harvard in 1949. Was commissioned 2nd lieutenant in the Army Reserve and advanced to major general in Air Force in 1957. Was assigned to Alaskan Air Command, 1950–51; ATC, 1951–57 and since 1957 with Headquarters, USAF at Washington, D.C. Mason, National Sojourner, Hero of '76, Shriner.

Sherman Minton U.S. Senator; Associate Justice, U.S. Supreme Court. b. Oct. 20, 1890 in Georgetown, Ind. Graduate of U. of Indiana, 1915, and Yale, 1916. Began law practice in New Albany, Ind., 1916, and for four years in Miami, Fla., returning to New Albany in 1928. Was U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1935–41. At end of term, he served a short while as administrative assistant to the President of the U.S. From 1941–49 he was judge of the U.S. circuit court of appeals,

7th circuit. From 1949–56 he was associate justice of the U.S. supreme court. He served as an Infantry captain in WWI. Member of DePauw Lodge No. 338, New Albany, Ind.

Comte Honore G. V. R. Mirabeau (1749–1791) French revolutionary leader. Between 1774–80 he was imprisoned many times for intrigues. He lived for six years in England, 1774–80. He was perhaps the most important figure of the French Revolution in its first two years. His influence in the national assembly was achieved by oratory and personality. He believed strongly in a limited constitutional monarchy. He was elected president of the national assembly in 1791, but died soon after. His Masonic membership is debatable; some sources claim he was a Mason; others say he was an Illuminati, but not a Freemason.

Francisco de Miranda (see under de Miranda).

John A. Mirt Journalist. b. Dec. 23, 1897 in Grove City, Pa. He entered newspaper work in 1912 as a cub reporter in Pittsburgh, and at the age of 21 became financial editor of the Pittsburgh Sun. He was on the editorial staff of the Chicago Jo-arr./4/ of Commerce, Chicago Evening Post, and Chicago Daily News. From 1946–49 he was chief of the Chicago bureau of Newsweek magazine. Since 1949 he has been assistant director of press relations of the American Medical Association. He was initiated in Standard Lodge No. 873, Chicago, in 1929 and was master in 1936; is a Royal Arch Mason and librarian for Chicago Scottish Rite Bodies. From 1951–56 he wrote an informative monthly bulletin entitled

Masonry on Postage Stamps. The profits from this bulletin were given to the Illinois Masonic Home.

Jehangeer Cursetjee Mistree (1874–1952) Indian businessman who was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge, Scottish Freemasons in India for 22 years, and the first Indian to hold this office. b. July 1874, he became a member of Rising Sun Lodge No. 506 (S.C.), Bombay, on Oct. 22, 1895, and was master of same in 1906. In 1934 the government gave him the title of “Khan Bahadur.” He was honorary junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Scotland and honorary deputy 1st grand principal of the Grand Chapter of Scotland. d. 1952.

Charles B. Mitchel (1815–1864) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, March 4–July 11, 1861, withdrawing to be elected to the Confederate senate. b. Sept. 19, 1815 in Gallatin, Tenn. Graduate of the U. of Nashville in 1833, and Jefferson Medical Coll. (Pa.) in 1836. He moved to Washington, Ark. where he practiced medicine for 25 years. He served in the state legislature in 1848, and was receiver of public monies, 1853–56. He served in the Confederate senate until his death, Sept. 20, 1864. Member of Mount Horeb Lodge No. 4, Washington, Ark.

Charles B. Mitchell (1857–1941) Methodist Bishop. b. Aug. 27, 1857 in Allegheny City, Pa. Held six degrees from Allegheny Coll. (Pa.). Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1882; he served churches in Burton, Marion, and Leavenworth, Kans.; and in Kansas City, Minneapolis, Cleveland, and Chicago until 1916, when he was made bishop. He served

the St. Paul area which is composed of Wis., Min. and S. Dak. He was administrator for the church in the Philippines for four years. He retired in 1928. Received degrees in Albert Pike Lodge No. 219, Kansas City, Mo.; exalted in Webb Chapter No. 14, Cleveland, Ohio in 1903; and knighted in Oriental Commandery No. 12, Cleveland. 32° AASR (NJ) in Lake Erie Consistory, Cleveland on Feb. 20, 1903 and 33° in 1907. In 1926–27 he was grand prelate of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of the U.S. d. Feb. 23, 1941.

David W. Mitchell Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 24, 1891 at St. Clairsville, Ohio. Attended Ohio Wesleyan U. and Harvard Business School. From 1911–17 he was with the Dollar Savings Bank of St. Clairsville, Ohio; and at the start of WWI he was commissioned in the Supply Corps of the U.S. Navy, advancing through grades to rear admiral, and retiring in 1949. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H.

Fred T. Mitchell (1891–1953) President of Mississippi State College since 1945. b. July 4, 1891 in Clarksburg, Miss. Graduate of Peabody Coll. in 1927 and Cornell U. in 1931. Was employed by United Fruit Co. in Panama and Costa Rica from 1913–17, and later by Panama Canal Zone Commission. He then taught school in Arkansas (1919–26). He was professor and dean of students at Michigan State Coll. 1931–35. Affiliated with Carson Lake Lodge No. 658, Wilson, Ark. on Dec. 7, 1920, no record as to his former membership. Shriner. d. Dec. 5, 1953.

Harry B. Mitchell (1867–1955) Chairman of U.S. Civil

Service Commission from 1949. b. April 7, 1867 in Scotland. He was brought to the U.S. in 1880, beginning as a printer in 1887. He published weekly newspapers at Barker and Niehart, Mont. from 1892–96; was manager of the Daily Leader at Great Falls, Mont., 1896–1900, and editor of the Tribune, 1900–18. From 1918 he was in the livestock and dairying business. He served on the Civil Service Commission from 1933–49 and was president of same from 1949. Member of Euclid Lodge No. 58, Great Falls, Mont., he received degrees on June 22, July 27, and Sept. 14, 1905. d. Sept. 30, 1955.

Henry L. Mitchell Former Governor of Florida. Member of Hillsborough Lodge No. 25, Tampa, Fla. and Tampa Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., Tampa. Mentioned in grand lodge proceedings, 1855, 1858 and 1866. Deceased.

James W. S. Mitchell (1800–1873) Masonic author. b. in Kentucky. He was raised in Owen Lodge at Port – William (now Carrollton) Ky. in 1821; moved to Mo. in 1837, where he became grand master of the grand lodge, grand high priest of the grand chapter, and grand commander of the grand commandery. At St. Louis, in 1848, he established the monthly journal, Masonic Signet and Literary Mirror, which he moved to Montgomery, Ala. in 1852, where it lasted only a short time. He published The History of Freemasonry and Masonic Digest. The material in the latter volumes has been criticized as inaccurate and deficient in style. He died Nov. 12, 1873 in Griffin, Ga. In Mo. he was a member of Naphtali Lodge No. 25; charter member of St. Louis Chapter No. 8 (first grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of

Mo.); charter member of St. Louis Commandery No. 1, K.T. He dimitted from the chapter and commandery in late 1852.

John Mitchell (1741–1816) First Grand Commander of the Supreme Council, AASR, 1801–16. b. in Ireland. He came to Pennsylvania before the Revolution and was deputy quartermaster general oC: the Continental Army with the rank of colonel until he resigned in 1780. In 1791 he moved to Charleston, S. Car. where he was active in the Society of Cincinnati. It is believed that he was initiated in an Ulster (Ireland) lodge. He was past master of Lodge No. 8 of Charleston, and in 1799–1800 was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina (Ancients). He received a patent from Barend Moses Spitzer which granted him the authority to establish a Lodge of Perfection and several councils and chapters. He received the 33° on April 2, 1795, becoming inspector general for S. Car. in that year. On May 31, 1801, he opened the Supreme Council 33° AASR. d. Jan. 23, 1816 (some sources say Feb. 23).

John I. Mitchell (1838–1907) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1881–87; U.S. Congressman to 45th and 46th Congresses, 1877–81. b. July 28, 1838 in Tioga Co., Pa. Attended U. of Lewisburg, Pa. but did not graduate. He taught school from 1859–61; in the Civil War served in the 136th Regiment of Pa. Volunteers as a lieutenant and captain. He was admitted to the bar in 1864, practicing in Tioga Co. In 1870 he edited the Tioga County Agitator, and was a member of the state lower house from 1872–76. Member of Ossea Lodge No. 317, Wellsboro, Pa. d. Aug. 20, 1907.

Samuel L. Mitchill (1764–1831) Scientist, physician and U.S. Senator from New York, 1809–13; U.S. Congressman, 1801–04 and 1810–13. b. Aug. 20, 1764 in North Hempstead, N.Y. Graduate of U. of Edinburgh in medicine in 1786. Returning to N.Y. he studied law. In 1788 he was one of the commissioners to treat with the Iroquois Indians, and was present at the council held at Fort Stanwix. For a time was a professor at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, N.Y.C., 1807–26, and an organizer and vice president of Rutgers Medical Coll., 1826–30. Mitchill was associated with Robert R. Livingston, q.v., in establishing a society for the promotion of agriculture and useful arts, and under its auspices made a mineralogical survey of N.Y. state. As a member of the state legislature of 1797, he advocated the act of 1798 which gave R. R. Livingston and Robert Fulton, qq.v., the exclusive right to navigate the waters of N.Y. by steam. In 1807 he was on the first trip made by Fulton's Clermont. He was a founder of the Medical Repository and editor of it from 1797–1820. He was surgeon general of the state militia under Governor DeWitt Clinton, q.v. When Clinton Lodge No. 453 was warranted on Sept. 3, 1806 in Brooklyn, Mitchill was its first master, and in 1807 was grand steward of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. Sept. 7, 1831.

Bartolome Mitre (1821–1906) President of Argentina, 1862–68; military leader, historian, poet. b. in Buenos Aires. As a fugitive from the Rosas regime, he lived as a journalist in Bolivia, Chile, and Peru, establishing a brilliant military and journalistic career by the time he was 30. He returned to Argentina to support Urquiza and take part in the fight

which ended the rule of Rosas. He was a member of the 1853 constitutional assembly and took an active part in the government from 1853–62. He defeated Urquiza at Pavon in 1861 and became president of Argentina the following year. In alliance with Brazil and Uruguay, he conducted a successful war against Paraguay in 1865–70. He was a prolific writer, and the history of his country is covered in his works, which include *Historia de Belgrano y de la Independencia Argentina* and *Historia de San Martain y de la Emancipacion Sad-Americana*. The newspaper *La Nacion* was founded by Mitre. He was a member of Union del Plata Lodge, a 33° Scottish Rite Mason and grand master of Argentina in 1894.

Marc A. Mitscher (1887–1947) Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 26, 1887 in Hillsboro, Wis. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1910, he was advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1941 and vice admiral in 1944. He was connected with naval aviation from 1915. He was a pilot on the first Navy trans-Atlantic flight in 1919; commanded the Naval Air Station at Anacostia, D.C.; executive officer of U.S.S. Langley; with Bureau of Aeronautics of Navy; executive officer of U.S.S. Saratoga. In WWII he was commanding officer of the U.S.S. Hornet in 1941–42, this ship being the Shangri-La from which American planes under General James Doolittle, q.v., took off on April 18, 1942 to bomb Tokyo and other Japanese cities. He was in command of the carrier Midway during the Battle of Midway; air commander of the Solomon Islands in 1943; commander of Task Force 58 of the Pacific Fleet—the greatest carrier task force in naval history at that time—which operated against the Marshalls, Truk and Tinjan-Saipan. In

1945 he was chief of naval operations for air. A member of Biscayne Bay Lodge No. 124, Miami, Fla., he was raised on Jan. 29, 1919, receiving 32° AASR (SJ) at Miami on Feb. 14, 1919. d. Feb. 3, 1947.

Tom Mix (1880–1940) Movie actor; cowboy; soldier and adventurer. b. Jan. 6, 1880 in El Paso Co., Texas. In early life he was a cowboy in Texas, Arizona, Wyoming, and Montana. In the Spanish–American War, he served in the Army in the Philippines and also in the Boxer Rebellion in China. In the Boer War, he served with the British and was at the siege of Ladysmith. Returning to America he was sheriff of Montgomery Co., Kansas, and Washington Co., Okla. He then became deputy U.S. marshal and enforcement officer of Eastern Okla. and served three years with the Texas Rangers. From 1906–09 he was livestock foreman of the Miller Bros. “101” Ranch at Bliss, Okla. In 1929 he was with the Sells–Floto Circus. He won the national riding and roping contest at Prescott, Ariz. in 1909, and again at Canon City, Colo. in 1911. His motion picture career began in 1910. He was perhaps the best known actor of his day. He varied his motion picture making with tours with SellsFloto Circus until 1933, when he organized his own Tom Mix Circus and Wild West Show, making personal appearances in the U.S. and Europe. Mix was raised in Utopia Lodge No. 537 of Los Angeles, Calif. on Feb. 21, 1925, the first of a trio of famous motion picture celebrities to join this lodge. The others were Monte Blue and Richard Arlen, qq.v. Tom was so pleased to become a Mason that he paid ten years dues in advance. He was also a Royal Arch Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). Mix was a member of the

“233 Club,” taking an active part in conferring Blue Lodge degrees with that group of Mason-actors. He was killed Oct. 12, 1940 in an automobile crash in Arizona and buried with Masonic services on Oct. 16, 1940.

Benjamin B. Moeur (1869–1937) Governor of Arizona, 1933–37. b. Dec. 22, 1869 in Decherd, Tenn. Received M.D. degree from Arkansas Industrial U. (now U. of Arkansas) in 1896. He began medical practice at Tempe, Ariz. in 1896. Member of Tempe Lodge No. 15, Tempe, Ariz. and received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Tucson on Nov. 20, 1919. d. March 16, 1937.

Charles A. Moffett (1864–1949) President of Gulf States Steel Co. 1921–26. b. April 4, 1864 in Tallassee, Ala. Learned machinist's trade and was shop foreman for several iron companies. Became chief engineer of Republic Iron & Steel Co., superintendent of Birmingham Coal & Iron Co. and chief engineer of Southern Iron & Steel Co. He went with Gulf States Steel Co. in 1912 as works manager; was vice president and general manager, 1916–21. Member of Birmingham Fraternal Lodge No. 384, Birmingham, Ala., receiving degrees on July 11, 25 and Aug. 10, 1898, later serving as master; exalted in Mineral City Chapter No. 101, R.A.M. on June 23, 1903; knighted in Cyrene Commandery No. 10, K.T., Birmingham on Dec. 11, 1903 and served as commander. Received 32° AASR (SJ) June 2, 1899, KCCH in 1919, 33° (hon.) on Oct. 21, 1921, and sovereign grand inspector general in Alabama on Feb. 22, 1922. Active member of the Supreme Council on Oct. 22, 1927. d. Dec. 27, 1949.

August Christian Mohr (1847–1918) Lord-in-Waiting to the King of Norway and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Norway, 1917–18.

Hal Mohr Motion picture producer and director. b. Aug. 2, 1894 in San Francisco, Calif. Has been in the motion picture industry since 1913. Since 1950 has been president of Balanscope, Inc. Was the winner of the Academy Award for Phantom of the Opera in 1935, and A Midsummer Night's Dream in 1943. Served as corporal U.S. Army in WWI. Mason.

Edward J. Moinet (1873–1952) Federal Judge, Eastern Michigan from 1927. b. July 14, 1873 in Louisville, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1895, admitted to the bar that year and began law practice at Ithaca, Mich. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 105, St. Johns, Mich., receiving degrees on May 14, June 1, and June 11, 1903. Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Dec. 23, 1952.

David Macbeth Moir (1798–1851) Scottish physician and author, known as “Delta” from the triangle he signed to his essays and poems. A contributor to Blackwood's Magazine, he wrote the Scottish novel, The Life of Mansie Wauch and Outlines of Ancient History of Medicine. Member of Canon-gate Kilwinning Lodge, Edinburgh.

Francis, 2nd Earl of Moira (1754–1826) British soldier and colonial administrator. He was Francis Rawdon Hastings, his father being Sir John Rawdon and mother Lady Elizabeth Hastings, eldest daughter of the Earl of Huntingdon. In 1761

his father was created first Earl of Moira, and son Francis assumed the courtesy title of Lord Rawdon. He was educated at Harrow. At the start of the American Revolution, he was promoted from ensign to lieutenant in the 5th Foot and embarked for America in 1773. Attached to the regiment was Lodge No. 86 and it would seem probable that here was where he was initiated. In 1775 he was promoted to captain in the 63rd Foot. He was at the Battle of Bunker Hill, served as adjutant general in 1778, and was in command of the left wing at the Battle of Camden where he defeated General Gates in 1780. He was at Hobkirk's Hill in 1781. Irish by birth (b. Dec. 7, 1754), he raised a regiment of Irish volunteers in Philadelphia in 1777 when he was 23 years old. He championed the regency of the Prince of Wales in 1789, and in 1790 assumed the name of "Hastings" with its corresponding title in the English peerage. With Wellesley, he attempted to form a ministry in 1812. He was governor general of Bengal and commander-in-chief of India from 1813–22. He carried on successful wars against the Gurkhas in 1816 and established British supremacy in central India. In 1819 he purchased the island of Singapore; was governor of Malta in 1824, Masonically, he was perhaps the most famous man of English Freemasonry in the period which preceded the union of the two rival grand lodges in 1813. From 1790–1813, he was acting grand master to H. R. H. George, Prince of Wales, later George IV, q.v. In 1806–07 he was the 46th Grand Master Mason of Scotland. Had it not been for his intervention, and that of the 4th Duke of Atholl, q.v., the Unlawful Societies Act of 1799 would have caused the dissolution of English Freemasonry. When he left for India in 1813, his farewell

banquet was graced by six noted Royal Arch Masons—the Dukes of Sussex, York, Clarence, Kent, Cumberland, and Gloucester, qq.v., and he was appointed acting grand master of India by the Grand Lodge. On his way to that continent, he laid the first stone of a new Roman Catholic Cathedral in Mauritius. He was buried on the ramparts of the Island of Malta. He left a letter, in which, among other requests, he desired that his “right hand might be cut off” and buried with his wife at her death. This wish was complied with, and his hand now rests, clasped with hers, in the family vault at the old Kirk of Loudoun.

Andrew Mokronovsky Polish general who succeeded Count Ignatius Potocky as grand master of Polish Freemasonry in 1783, serving until 1785.

Comte Gabriel Jean Joseph Molitor (1770–1849) French soldier who was created Marshal of France and a peer in 1824. He served in the revolutionary and Napoleonic armies and distinguished himself at Essling and Wagram in 1809. He was governor general of Holland in 1811 and retired in 1815, but was recalled to service in 1818, and commanded a corps in the French expedition to Spain in 1823. He was initiated in the lodge attached to the 60th Regiment of the Infantry of the Line.

Mathias P. Moller (1855–1937) Founder and president of M. P. Moller Organ Works, Hagerstown, Md., manufacturers of Moller pipe organs. b. Sept. 29, 1855 in Bornholm, Denmark. He came to the U.S. in 1872 and began work in

an organ factory in Erie, Pa. He settled in Hagerstown, Md. in 1880, where he established an organ works. He was also president of M. P. Moller Motor Car Co., Kinetic Engineering Co., and owner of the Hotel Dagmar. An active Lutheran, he was elected to the Maryland Synod 18 times, to the general convention of the Lutheran Church eight times, and to the World Lutheran Convention at Copenhagen in 1929. Mason. d. April 13, 1937.

Henry Howard Molyneux (see 4th Earl of Carnarvon).

Jose Gregorio Monagas (1795–1858) President of Venezuela from 1851–55. He was placed in office by his brother, Jose Tadeo Monagas, q.v., who had been president from 1846–51, and also followed him with another term, 1855–58. The reign of Jose Gregorio was distinguished by his abolition of slavery in 1854. The Monagas family held a virtual dictatorship over Venezuela. Jose Tadeo's son, Jose Ruperto Monagas, q.v., was also president of Venezuela from 1869–70 and was overthrown by General Guzman Blanco, q.v. Jose Gregorio was a 33° AASR member and grand commander of the Supreme Council of Venezuela.

Jose Ruperto Monagas Venezuelan General and President of Venezuela in 1868–70, following his father, Jos-6 Tadeo Monagas, q.v., as president on the latter's death. He was overthrown by General Guzman Blanco, q.v. A 32° AASR in the Supreme Council of Venezuela.

Jose Tadeo Monagas (1784–1868) President of Venezuela,

1846–51 and 1855–58. A Venezuelan general, he fought under Bolivar, q.v., in the War of Independence, 1812–21. He was military leader of the Venezuelans when the union with Greater Colombia dissolved in 1830. He was the choice of Paez as his successor to the presidency in 1846, but broke with Paez in 1847. The Monagas family held a virtual dictatorship in Venezuela. He arranged for his brother, Jose Gregorio Monagas, q.v., to succeed him as president when he retired from that office in 1851, but in 1855 he took over again from the brother. He revised the constitution in 1857, was overthrown by a revolution in 1858, and banished. He returned to power in 1868, but died soon after. He was a 32° AASR, in the Supreme Council of Venezuela. His son, Jose Ruperto Monagas, q.v., was president of Venezuela from the time of his father's death in 1868 until overthrown by General Guzman Blanco, q.v. in 1870.

Bon Adrien Jeannot de Moncey (1754–1842) French General created Marshal of the Empire in 1804 and peer of France by Louis XVIII. He served in the Revolutionary and Napoleonic armies, and commanded the army which defeated the Spaniards in 1795. In 1804 he was created Duc de Conegliano. He commanded the National Guard in Paris in 1814, and defended the city against allied forces. He commanded a corps in the French expedition to Spain in 1823. He was a grand officer of the Grand Orient of France in 1814.

Frank W. Mondell (1860–1939) U.S. Congressman to 54th and 56th through 67th Congresses (1895–97 and 1899–1923) from Wyoming. b. Nov. 6, 1880 in St. Louis, Mo. He went

to Wyoming in 1887, prospecting for coal. Largely through his efforts, the Cambria coal fields were developed and the town of Newcastle started. He was the city's first mayor and served four terms. When Wyoming became a state in 1890 he was elected to the state senate and served as president of that body. He served a total of 26 years in congress. From 1923–25 he was director of the War Finance Corp. Member of Newcastle Lodge No. 12, Newcastle, Wyo., receiving degrees on April 4, July 23 and Aug. 1, 1891. Exalted in Wyoming Chapter No. 1, Cheyenne, on Aug. 22, 1896. d. Aug. 6, 1939.

Gaspard Monge (1746–1818) French mathematician who is considered the inventor of descriptive geometry. He was active in the establishment of the Ecole Polytechnique, where he taught descriptive geometry. He became the Comte de Peluse. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states he was a Freemason.

Ralph M. Monk Vice President of Caterpillar Tractor Co. since 1950. b. Feb. 24, 1903 at Plymouth, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1925 and 1927. Admitted to the bar in 1927 and practiced at Peoria, Ill. until 1938, when he became director of industrial and labor relations of Caterpillar and 1950, vice president. Received degrees in Peoria Lodge No. 15, Peoria, Ill. on Jan. 6, 13, 20, 1930. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Ora E. Monette (1873–?) Organizer, founder and president of the Bank of America at Los Angeles in 1923. b. April 12, 1873 near Bucyrus, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1895. He practiced law at Bucyrus, Ohio from 1896 until 1907,

when he moved to Los Angeles. The original Bank of America later consolidated with the Bank of Italy, and later changed its name to Bank of America again. In the latter change he was vice president of the organization. Mason. Deceased.

James Monroe (1758–1831) Fifth President of the United States. b. April 28, 1758 in Westmoreland Co., Va. He served in the American Revolution, leaving William and Mary College to do so. He fought under General Mercer and was at Harlem, White Plains, and Trenton, being wounded in the latter engagement. He rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel. From 1783–86 he was a member of the Continental Congress, and practiced law at Fredericksburg, Va. He was U.S. senator from Virginia from 1790–94, and one of the negotiators of the Louisiana Purchase in 1803. He was governor of Virginia from 1799–1802 and again in 1811. He became U.S. secretary of state from 1811–17, and during the same period was U.S. secretary of war from 1814–15. His presidential term from 1817–25 was marked with good feeling because of lack of vigorous factional quarrels. Florida was acquired in 1819, the Missouri Compromise enacted in 1820, and the Monroe Doctrine promulgated in 1823. While he was U.S. minister to France, his wife effected the release of Madam de Lafayette, wife of the Marquis de Lafayette, q.v., who was in prison expecting to be executed. He received the Entered Apprentice degree in Williamsburgh Lodge No. 6, Williams–burgh, Va. while he was a student at William and Mary Coll. This lodge was formerly No. 457, and 365 under the Grand Lodge of England. The date of his initiation is Nov. 9, 1775, and he was 17 at the time. Where he received his 2nd and 3rd degrees

is not known. Two lines of thought prevail—Boydon suggested that it might have been in the Williamsburgh lodge in 1776. John Dove thought that he received the remaining degrees in St. John's Regimental Lodge. The lodge records at Williamsburgh do not show they were conferred in 1776, although they do show his payment of quarterly dues until Oct., 1780. Inasmuch as he left school—and Williamsburgh in March, 1776, it seems more likely that St. John's lodge would be the answer. The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia for 1825 show that he was made an honorary member of Washington Naval Lodge No. 4, Washington, D.C. On Oct. 6, 1817 he participated in the Masonic cornerstone laying of Central Coll. This school merged into the U. of Virginia in 1819. On June 8, 1819 Cumberland Lodge No. 8 of Nashville, Tenn. met, adopted resolutions and marched in a body to meet Monroe. Wilkins Tannehill (later to be grand master) delivered an address of welcome and Monroe was escorted into the town. Later that day he was "given a private reception by Masons." On June 24, 1819 Abraham Lodge No. 8 and Clark Lodge No. 51, both of Louisville, Ky. held a joint St. John's Day celebration, and had as guests President Monroe and General Andrew Jackson, q.v. He was present at the Masonic cornerstone laying of the city hall in Washington, D.C. on Aug. 22, 1820. He died July 4, 1831. On July 25, 1831 Richmond Randolph Lodge and lodges 10, 14 and 54 participated in a funeral procession in honor of Monroe in Richmond, Va.

Jay R. Monroe (1883–1937) President of the Monroe Calculating Machine Co. from 1912. b. Jan. 6, 1883 in South

Haven, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1906. He was employed by Western Electric Co. from 1906–12 in Chicago, Pittsburgh, and New York City. Raised in Hope Lodge No. 124, East Orange, N.J. on May 9, 1928. d. April 29, 1937.

Almer S. “Mike” Monroney U.S. Senator from Oklahoma, from 1951; U.S. Congressman to 76th through 81st Congresses (1939–51). b. March 2, 1902 in Oklahoma City, Okla. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1924. He was a reporter and political writer on the Oklahoma News, 1924–28. In 1945 he received Collier’s award for distinguished congressional service. Member of Oklahoma City Lodge No. 36, Oklahoma City, Okla., receiving degrees on March 24, April 21, May 19, 1928 and member of the Indian Consistory AASR (SJ) at McAlester.

6th Viscount of Montagu (Anthony Brown) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England in 1732. He was installed “in the presence of many Persons of Quality, about 440 Brethren.” He was one of the three Roman Catholics to serve as grand master of England (the others were Petre and DeGrey, qq.v.).

John, 2nd Duke of Montagu (?– 1749) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England, 1721–23. He was the first grand master from the nobility. He was installed June 24, 1721 and held office until Jan. 17, 1723 when Philip, Duke of Wharton, was elected.

Andrew J. Montague (1862–1937) Governor of Virginia, 1902–06; U.S. Congressman to 63rd through 74th Congresses (1913–37) from 3rd Va. dist. b. Oct. 3, 1862 in Campbell

Co., Va. Graduate of Richmond (Va.) Coll. in 1882 and U. of Virginia in 1885. He practiced law from 1885; and was U.S. district attorney, attorney general of Va.; and dean of the law school of Richmond Coll. He was U.S. delegate to Pan-American Conference at Rio de Janeiro in 1906; a trustee of the Carnegie Institution, Washington, D.C. and of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. From 1920–24 he was president of the American Peace Society. Member of Roman Eagle Lodge No. 122, Euclid Chapter No. 15, R.A.M., and Dove Commandery No. 7, K.T., all of Danville, Va. Also Acca Shrine Temple at Richmond, Va. d. Jan. 24, 1937.

Theodore G. Montague President of The Borden Co. (milk products) since 1937. b. April 22, 1898 at, La Crosse, Wis. He began as a clerk in 1919, became an executive of the Valencia Evaporated Milk Co. in 1926, and president of the Kennedy–Mansfield Dairy, Madison, Wis. from 1927–34. From 1934–37 he was vice president of The Borden Co., N.Y.C. He is chairman of The Borden Co., Ltd. and Drake Bakeries, Inc. He is also trustee and director of several large companies. In WWI he was in the Naval Air Service. Received degrees in Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis. on Oct. 15, Nov. 5, 1920, Jan. 15, 1921; dimitted Dec. 20, 1934.

Sir Moses H. Montefiore (1784–1885) British Jewish philanthropist. b. at Leghorn, Italy of Anglo–Italian parentage. His family were Jewish merchants. He made a fortune in the London stock exchange and retired in 1824 to devote himself to alleviating the hardships of other Jews. He made several trips to the Orient on behalf of his race, and in 1855

established a girls' school in Jerusalem. He obtained an edict from the sultan of Morocco giving equality to the Jews in 1864. In 1867 he interceded with Prince Carol of Rumania in behalf of the Moldavian Jews. Member of Moira Lodge No. 92, London, Montefiore Lodge No. 1017, London, is named in his honor.

Xavier A. Montero Cuban artist. Member of Martires de la Libertad Lodge, Havana, Cuba.

Baron de Montesquieu (see de Secondat).

Carlos Montezuma (1867–1923) American Indian physician. b. in 1867 in Arizona of Apache parents, his father's name was Co-lu-ye-vah. He was captured in his youth by the Pima Indians, and sold for \$30 to a Mr. C. Gentile. He was educated in the public schools of Chicago, Galesburg, Ill., Brooklyn, N.Y., and under private tutors at Urbana, Ill. He graduated from the U. of Illinois in 1884 at the age of 17, and received his M.D. degree from the Chicago Medical Coll. in 1889. He was a physician and surgeon with the Interior department from 1889–96, serving at several Indian agencies. From 1896–1914 he was at the Post Graduate Medical School, Chicago; was a medical instructor in Coll. of Physicians and Surgeons, Chicago. He was the editor of the Indian magazine *Wassaja* and wrote several books on Indian welfare including *The Indian of Today and Tomorrow*; *Let My People Go* and *Abolish the Indian*. Bureau. Received degrees in Blaney Lodge No. 271, Chicago on Aug. 7, Sept. 25, and Dec. 4, 1907. Affiliated with Dearborn Lodge No.

310, Chicago on Nov. 11, 1914. d. Jan. 31, 1923.

Joseph Montfort (1724–1776) Sometimes called “The first, the last, the only Grand Master of America,” an honor which is warmly contested by others as belonging to (1) Henry Price of Mass., q.v. whose commission was dated April 30, 1733 and (2) Thomas Oxnard of Mass., q.v. whose commission was dated Sept. 23, 1743, b. in England, he was made a Freemason before leaving for America. He located in Halifax, N. Car. and became clerk of Edgecomb Co. court before Halifax Co. was created. He was commissioner of the Town of Halifax, member of the colonial assembly, colonel of the provincial troops, treasurer of the northern counties of the province, commissioner for the management of N. Car. affairs in England, and a member of the provincial congress which met in Newbern in April, 1775. His daughter, Mary, married Willie Jones, the first ex-officio governor of N. Car. It was from the Hon. and Mrs. Willie Jones that John Paul, father of the American Navy, took the name “John Paul Jones,” q.v. Monfort promoted the idea of building Masonic temples. It is said that his idea made such an impression on the London fraternity that its members were inspired to begin the erection of the first temple in London. Benjamin Franklin, in Philadelphia, urged the building of the first such temple in America and the building at Halifax, N. Car. is the second such structure in this country. This marked the end of the “tavern” stage of Freemasonry. The document issued by the Grand Lodge of England, by order of Henry, 5th Duke of Beaufort, q.v., and attested to by James Haseltine, grand secretary, is dated Jan. 14, 1771. It states, in part; “Know Ye that We, of the Great Trust and Confidence

reposed in our Right Worshipful and well beloved Brother, Joseph Montfort, Esquire, of Halifax, in the Province of North Carolina, in America, Do hereby Constitute and appoint him the said Joseph Montfort, Provincial Grand Master Of and For America, with full power and authority in due form to make Masons & Constitute and Regulate Lodge as Occasion may Require.” Montfort died March 26 (or 25th), 1776. He was reburied on the the grounds of Royal White Hart Lodge No. 2, Halifax, and on Feb. 13, 1911, a stone was unveiled at the new burial site stating, “The First, The Last, The Only Grand Master of America.”

Jacques Etienne Montgolfier (1745–1799) French inventor, who with his brother, Joseph Michel, q.v., built the first practical balloon. b. Jan. 7, 1745 at Vidalon–les–Annonay, France. He began practice in Paris as an architect, but his father requested that he return to Annonay to assist him in his business of paper manufacture. The two brothers assisted their father in the business until the latter retired. Meanwhile they developed and perfected the idea of balloons, by watching heat rise from a burning scrap of paper. Their first balloon ascent was made at Annonay on June 5, 1783 with the balloon staying aloft for ten minutes. Their success was at once reported to the Academy in Paris, and the brothers were invited to demonstrate their experiment in Paris. Jacques Etienne made the trip, and there constructed a blue balloon 74 feet high, colorfully decorated with signs, wreaths, and portraits. The passengers on this flight were a sheep, a cock, and a duck. The experiment took place at Versailles on Sept. 20, 1783 in the presence of a large audience. Etienne

was presented to King Louis XVI and received the Cordon of St. Michel. A pension was allotted to Joseph, and letters of nobility were granted their old father. The Academy of Science bestowed the title of “corresponding member” on the two brothers. It was at this time that Etienne was made a Freemason in the Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris. He was raised by the architect, Soufflet, his name first appearing on the membership list of 1784. The two brothers continued their experiments, and in 1792 invented a hydraulic ram. They also introduced numerous improvements in paper-making. Their images are represented on a monument erected in their honor at Annonay.

Joseph Michel Montgolfier (1740–1810) French inventor, who with his brother, Jacques Etienne, q.v., invented the first practical balloon. Both had grappled for some time with the mystery of flying and were familiar with Joseph Priestley’s *Experiments and Observations on Different Kinds of Air*. Joseph had tinkered with parachutes and had dropped a sheep from a tower with a rig resembling a parasol. One day while staring at an engraving of the French and Spanish besieging the British at Gibraltar, he thought that although the allies were blocked by land and sea, they were not by air. He knew that smoke rose in air. Why couldn’t he store enough smoke somehow to lift a man? On the spur of the moment, he sprang up, found some scraps of taffeta, and at once contrived a small spherical bag which when held over a flame for a moment floated to the ceiling. He appears to have been made a member of the Lodge of the Nine Sisters, at Paris, at a much later date than his brother, for his name

first appears on the membership list in 1806, whereas Etienne became a member in 1784.

Richard Montgomery (1736–1775) Major General in American Revolution, killed in the storming of Quebec. b. Dec. 2, 1736 in Swords, near Feltrim, Ireland. His father was a member of the British parliament. He was educated at Trinity Coll., Dublin, and entered the English Army at the age of 18 in the 17th Infantry. In 1757 he was ordered to Halifax, N.S., and soon after participated in the siege of Louisburg under Wolfe, the campaign around Lake Champlain, and the fall of Montreal in 1760. He then served in the campaigns of the West Indies, returning to New York in 1763, and then to England. He resigned his commission in 1772, and returned to America the following year, where he married Janet, daughter of Robert R. Livingston, the jurist, and thus became a brother-in-law of Robert R. (2nd), Henry Edward, and Morgan Lewis, qq.v., all prominent Freemasons and two (Robert R. and Morgan Lewis) being grand masters of New York. He settled on the Hudson near Rhinebeck. He was a delegate to the 1st provincial congress in N.Y.C. in 1775, and in the same year was made a brigadier general in the Continental Army. He was second in command to General Schuyler on the expedition to Canada, but because of the illness of Schuyler, he assumed command and captured St. John's, Chambly, and Montreal. At this time he was made major general and joined his 300 men with Benedict Arnold's, q.v., 600 for an assault on Quebec in Dec. 1775. He was killed with the first volley of British guns, while leading the assault on the fortified city. Carleton, the British commander and a Freemason, gave him

burial within the city. In 1818 the remains were moved to St. Paul's churchyard in N.Y.C. and interred on July 8. As an early American martyr of the Revolution, he was toasted at Masonic meetings as "one of the three eminent Masons who fell in liberty's cause—Montgomery, Warren and Wooster," qq.v. This toast was given in American Union Lodge on June 24, 1779 (a Conn. military lodge). Lodges in Conn., Mass. and N.Y. have been named for him. In the original proceedings of the Grand Lodge of New York for June 4, 1819, the grand treasurer's account shows the following: "To cash paid for expenses for the funeral of brother Gen. Montgomery." The proceedings of this grand lodge in 1902 (p. 100) also list him as a member of Mount Vernon Lodge No. 3, Albany, N.Y. James R. Case in his *Fifty Early American Military Freemasons* believes that he was initiated in the traveling Lodge of Unity No. 18 under Irish registry, as this lodge was attached to his 17th Regiment of Foot. This lodge's chest fell into the hands of the Americans at the capture of Stony Point in 1779, along with other regimental impedimenta and was returned under a flag of truce by Samuel Holden Parsons, master of American Union Lodge. d. Dec. 31, 1775.

S. A. Montgomery Vice President of Standard Oil of Indiana since 1956. b. March 14, 1896 in Osborn, Miss. Graduate of Mississippi A. & M. Coll. in 1917 and graduate study at Haryard, Has been with Standard Oil since 1919, first as a chemist, refinery manager, assistant general manager, and since 1956 vice president in charge of manufacturing; member of board of directors since 1951. Member of Piasa Lodge No. 29, Alton, Ill. since about 1921; 32° AASR (NJ) at Chicago,

and member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago.

William, 3rd Viscount Montjoy (see 1st Earl of Blesington).

Due de Montpensier (see Due de Chartres).

Jose Montufar Costa Rican General and son of Dr. Lorenzo Montufar, q.v., one of the founders of the Scottish Rite in Central America. He died in Guatemala in a military action combating the dictatorship of Estrada Cabrera. Was a member of Union Fraternal Lodge No. 19.

Lorenzo Montufar (1823–1898) Costa Rican lawyer and historian. He was rector of Santo Tomas U., and one of the founders of the Scottish Rite of Central America, and its first grand minister of state.

Daniel J. Moody Governor of Texas, 1927–31. b. June 1, 1893 in Taylor, Texas. Student at U. of Texas, 1910–14. Admitted to the bar in 1914 and began practice at Taylor. He was attorney general of Texas from 1925–27. Since his governorship he has practiced law at Austin. In WWI he was an Army lieutenant. Member of Solomon Lodge No. 484, Taylor, Texas, receiving degrees in 1914. Also member of York, Scottish Rite bodies, and Shrine.

William H. Moody (1853–1917) U.S. Congressman; U.S. Attorney General; U.S. Secretary of Navy; U.S. Supreme Court Justice. b. Dec. 23, 1853 in Newbury, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1876, he studied law in the office of Richard H.

Dana and was admitted to the bar in 1878, starting practice at Haverhill, Mass. Elected to the 54th congress in 1897, he was subsequently reelected to the 55th through 57th congresses. He resigned from Congress in 1902 to become Secretary of the Navy under Theodore Roosevelt, q.v., holding that position until 1904, when he became attorney general, serving until 1906. He was associate justice of the U.S. supreme court from 1906–10, resigning due to ill health. Moody was raised in Saggaheew Lodge of Haverhill, Mass. on Dec. 5, 1881; exalted in Pentucket Chapter, R.A.M., March 10, 1882, and knighted in Haverhill Commandery, K.T., June 16, 1882. He was a Scottish Rite member. d. July 2, 1917.

Benjamin Mooers (1758–1838) Major General in War of 1812. b. April 1, 1758 in Haverhill, Mass. He entered the Revolutionary Army as an ensign, serving as lieutenant and adjutant until the end of hostilities. In 1783 he settled in the vicinity of Plattsburg, N.Y., then a wilderness, and for eight years was a member of the state legislature. As a major general of militia, he commanded at the battle of Plattsburg on Sept. 11, 1814. Although his lodge is not known, he is listed among the brethren who served in the Revolution, in the N.Y. proceedings of 1900 and in the list of War of 1812 soldiers in the same, 1901. d. Feb. 20, 1838.

Horatio T. Mooers U.S. Foreign Service Officer. b. May 3, 1894 at Vassalborough, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1918 and studied in Belgium. Was appointed vice consul at Antwerp in 1919, and later assigned to Brussels; Edinburgh, Scotland; Horta, Azores; Lisbon, Portugal. He was consul at

Lisbon, 1923–26, at Turin, Italy, 1926–28; Quebec, Canada, 1928–31; Cherbourg, France, and Toronto, Canada. He became secretary of legation and consul at San Jose, Costa Rica in 1927, and consul at Mexicali, Mexico, 1937–41. While on a special mission to Madagascar in 1941 he was captured by the Japanese at Manila, and interned for 21 months. Since the war he has served as consul in Haiti, France, and Mexico. Member of Somerset Lodge No. 34, Skowhegan, Maine, receiving degrees on Nov. 24 and Dec. 13, 1915.

James E. Mooney Aviation executive, editor, and author. b. July 30, 1901 in Dansville, N.Y. Graduate of N.Y. State Teachers Coll. and Duquesne U. Was with public school systems in N.Y. and N.J. From 1927–38 was with educational and editorial departments of Charles Scribner's Sons. In 1939–40 he was acting president of Beaver Coll., and in 1940 president of U. of Tampa (Fla.). From 1938–40 he was editor of *Youth's Digest*, and is editor of *Courage* and *Beaver Journal* for advancement of education. He is the founder and past president of the Beaver Foundation for Advancement of Education. An aviation expert, he was advisor to Admiral Richard E. Byrd, 1950–57, and a representative on the Amundsen–Scott International Geophysical Year; an advisor of American Academy of Air Laws. He received the American Polar Explorers award in 1938, and the Naval Award of Merit in 1943; a mountain in the Queen Maude Range in Antarctica is named in his honor. He has written many books since 1920 in the fields of history and aviation. Mason.

A. Harry Moore (1879–1952) U.S. Senator and Governor

of New Jersey. b. July 3, 1879 in Jersey City, N.J. Began law practice at Jersey City in 1920. He was secretary to the mayor, city collector, and commissioner of Jersey City. Moore is the only man in the state's history to serve three terms as governor: 1926–28, 1932–35, 1938–41. He was elected to the U.S. Senate for the term 1935–41, but resigned in 1938. He was a professor of legal ethics at John Marshall Coll. of Law. A leader in state drives, he was active in youth work and was an authority on playgrounds. The A. Harry Moore School for Crippled Children was named in his honor by Jersey City. He was raised in Jersey City Lodge No. 74, June 10, 1909; received the Scottish Rite degrees (NJ) in May, 1926, and 33° on Sept. 27, 1939. d. Nov. 18, 1952.

Alexander P. Moore (1867–1930) U.S. Ambassador and newspaper editor and publisher. b. Nov. 10, 1867 in Pittsburgh, Pa. In 1912 he married the famous actress and singer, Lillian Russell. He was in the newspaper business from 1878 as a reporter, city editor, managing editor, and publisher. He was part owner of the Pittsburgh Telegraph and Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph and managing editor of Pittsburgh Press. From 1904 he was editor-in-chief of the Pittsburgh Leader, and president of the Leader Publishing Co. In 1928 he purchased the New York Daily Mirror and the Boston Advertiser. He was U.S. Ambassador to Spain in 1923–25, and to Peru, 1928–30. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa., receiving degrees on May 29, July 31, and Sept. 25, 1889. Also member of Tancred Commandery No. 48, K.T., Pittsburgh. d. Feb. 17, 1930.

Andrew Moore (1752–1821) U.S. Senator, 1799–1809, and U.S. Congressman, First through Fourth Congresses (1789–97). b. in 1752 in Rockbridge Co., Va. Studied law and admitted to the bar in 1774. Served in the Revolutionary War as a lieutenant under General Gates, q.v., at Battle of Saratoga, and was present at the surrender of Burgoyne. Resigned in 1779 with rank of captain; was commissioned brigadier general of Va. militia and made major general in 1808. Served in Virginia state senate and was delegate to the Virginia convention that ratified the Federal Constitution. Member of Bath Union Lodge No. 42, Warm Springs, Va. d. April 14, 1821.

Andrew B. Moore (1806–1873) Governor of Alabama, 1857–61. b. March 7, 1806 in Spartanburg, S. Car. He moved to Perry Co., Ala. in 1826 where he taught school, studied law, and practiced as an attorney from 1833. He served many terms in the state legislature after 1839 and was three times speaker. From 1852–57 he was circuit judge. In 1861 he directed the seizure of all U.S. forts and arsenals before the secession of Ala., and thus greatly added to the equipment of the state troops. He was confined in Fort Pulaski in 1865, and after his release practiced law in Marion. Member of Marion Fraternal Lodge No. 34, Marion, Ala. d. April 5, 1873.

Arthur J. Moore Methodist Bishop. b. Dec. 26, 1888 in Waycross, Ga. He entered the Methodist ministry in 1909 and was ordained in 1914. Was pastor of various churches until 1920; in San Antonio, Texas, 1920–26; and Birmingham, Ala., 1926–30. Elected bishop in 1930, he was in charge of missionary activities of the Methodist Church in China, Japan,

Czechoslovakia, Belgium, Belgian Congo, Poland, and Korea from 1934–40. In 1941 he was president of Wesleyan Coll. (Ga.). Mason, Knight Templar, and 32° AASR.

Ben Wheeler Moore (1891–1958) Federal Judge, Southern District of West Virginia since 1941. b. Jan. 1, 1891 in Salyersville, Ky. He was a bank clerk from 1907–11, an auditor until 1914. He studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1915, and practiced at Charleston, W. Va. Raised Oct. 31, 1921 in Kanawaha Lodge No. 20, Charleston, W. Va. 33° AASR (NJ). d. Sept. 25, 1958.

Charles C. Moore (1866–1958) Governor of Idaho, 1923–26. b. Feb. 26, 1866 in Holt Co., Mo. From 1895–99 he was auditor and recorder of Holt Co., Mo., moving to St. Anthony, Idaho in the latter year. He was a member of the state legislature from 1903–06 and lieutenant governor 1919–22. From 1929–33 he was commissioner of the General Land Office. He received his degrees in Benevolent Lodge No. 38, St. Anthony, Idaho in 1903; the Scottish Rite degrees (SJ) in 1908; Shriner. d. March 19, 1958.

Viscount Charles Moore Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1758. He was later the 6th Earl and 1st Marquis of Drogheda.

Charles W. Moore (1801–1873) Masonic journalist who established the Masonic Mirror at Boston, Mass. in 1825, which he edited until his death. b. March 29, 1801 in Boston. He was elected to receive the degrees in a Mass. lodge,

but received courtesy degrees in Kennebec Lodge No. 5, Hallowell, Maine in June, 1822. He then affiliated with St. Andrews Lodge of Boston. He was high priest of St. Andrews Chapter in 1840 and grand high priest of Mass. in 1837. In 1841–43 he was grand master of the Grand Encampment K.T. of Mass. and R.I., and grand captain general of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of the U.S. in 1847. From 1844–62 he was secretary general of the Supreme Council AASR (NJ). d. Dec. 12, 1873.

Cornelius Moore (1806–1883) Masonic journalist. b. Nov. 23, 1806 in Hunterdon Co., N.J. He was raised in Lafayette Lodge No. 79, Zanesville, Ohio, in March, 1837, and later served as master for four years. He was a member of the York and Scottish Rites. In 1845 he established the Masonic Review at Cincinnati, which continued to be a leading Masonic monthly for 50 years. He wrote several books including Outlines of the Temple. d. June 3, 1883.

Edward Moore, Jr. Executive Vice President and Director of National Biscuit Co. since 1949. b. March 18, 1906 in St. Louis, Mo. He was a rancher at Sheridan, Wyo. from 1928–38; vice president of the Sheridan Press, 1930–38; and president of OutsenGage–Moore Corp., Cheyenne from 1939–42. Raised in Big Horn Mountain Lodge No. 43, Sheridan, Wyo. about 1931.

Edward H. Moore (1871–1950) U.S. Senator from Oklahoma, 1943–49. b. Nov. 19, 1871 in Nodaway Co., Mo. Graduate of Kansas City School of Law in 1900. He practiced law in Oklahoma from 1901–19; gave up the profession to

become an independent oil producer, farmer, and cattle raiser. He was a member of Okmulgee Lodge No. 199, and 32° AASR (SJ), at Guthrie, Okla. d. Sept. 2, 1950.

Frank A. Moore (1844–1918) Justice Supreme Court of Oregon, from 1892. b. Nov. 5, 1844 in Ellsworth, Maine. Was superintendent of schools in Hardin Co., Iowa from 1872–76. Admitted to the bar in 1874, he practiced law at St. Helens, Ore. from 1877. He was county judge of Columbia Co., Ore. and a member of the state senate for four years. Raised in Montague Lodge No. 117, Eldora, Iowa in 1872. Affiliated with St. Helens Lodge No. 32, St. Helens, Ore., soon after coming to Ore. He was master of the lodge from 1883–85 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1892. In 1900 he was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Oregon. d. Sept. 25, 1918.

Gabriel Moore (1785–1845) U.S. Congressman, 17th through 20th Congresses (1821–29); U.S. Senator, 1831–37; and Governor of Alabama, 1929–31. b. in 1785 in Stokes Co., N. Car. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1810, studied law, and began practice at Huntsville, Ala. Member of Madison Lodge No. 21; attended the Grand Lodge of Alabama, Dec. 9, 1830, while governor. He moved to Caddo, Texas in 1843, where he died June 9, 1845.

George Fleming Moore (1848–1930) Thirteenth Grand Commander of the Supreme Council, Scottish Rite (SJ). b. Aug. 9, 1848 at Talladega, Ala. He was the first editor of The New Age Magazine, official publication of the Southern

Jurisdiction, from 1904–14. He was raised in Rockford Lodge No. 137, Rockford, Ala., Nov. 22, 1873; later became a life member of Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 173 of Montgomery, Ala. Received the AASR degrees during the years 1880–84; elected KCCH in 1884; 33° honorary in Dec., 1884. Was crowned an active member in 1888, and elected grand commander in 1914, retiring from that position in 1921. d. Dec. 4, 1930.

George G. Moore President of Galveston, Houston & Henderson R.R. Co., 1943–55. b. Aug. 4, 1878 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Began as a railway clerk at Cincinnati in 1897 and continued as stenographer and freight agent for various railroads until 1912, when he became superintendent of the G.H. & H. R.R. Co. at Galveston, Texas. In 1920 he became general manager, vice president, secretary and treasurer. Now retired. Raised Dec. 26, 1905 in Friends of Harmony Lodge No. 58, New Orleans, La. Member of San Felipe de Austin Chapter No. 1, Galveston Council No. 16, R. & S.M., and San Felipe de Austin Commandery No. 1, K.T. as well as El Mina Shrine Temple, all of Galveston, Texas.

Harry T. Moore (1874–1955) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 4, 1874 in Delavan, Wis. Graduate of Hobart Coll. (N.Y.) in 1899 and Western Theol. Seminary, Chicago, 1902. Ordained deacon and priest in 1902, and served churches in Delavan, Wis., Fremont, Nebr., San Antonio, Texas, Chicago, and Champaign, Ill., and Dallas, Texas. He was coadjutor bishop of the Diocese of Dallas from 1917–24, and bishop of Dallas, 1924–46. Was charter member of Pentagon Lodge No.

1080, Dallas, Texas, on Dec. 4, 1913 and also charter member of Highland Park Lodge No. 1150, Dallas, in 1922. In 1930 he was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Texas. Held AASR (SJ) membership at Dallas and was a 33° and Shriner. d. Oct. 6, 1955.

James Moore In 1808 he compiled *Masonic Constitutions or Illustrations of Masonry* for the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. He was senior grand warden at the time. This was the first Masonic book published in the U.S. beyond the seaboard, and was a compilation of Anderson, Preston, Webb, plus the constitution of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky.

Jesse H. Moore (1817–1883) U.S. Congressman and Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. April 22, 1817 in St. Clair Co., Ill. Graduate of McKendree Coll. in 1842, he taught school until licensed as a Methodist minister in 1846. From 1854–56 he was president of Quincy Coll. (Ill.), and in 1862 resigned his pastorate at Decatur, Ill. to raise the 115th regiment of Ill. volunteers, which he commanded at Chickamauga and in subsequent battles. At one time led the 2nd Brigade of the Army of the Cumberland. Was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers in 1865, and returned to the pulpit in Ill. In 1868 he was elected to congress and served from 1869–73. In 1881 he was appointed U.S. consul in Callao, Peru, holding that office until his death. Member of Macon Lodge No. 8, Decatur, Ill. d. July 11, 1883.

Sir John Moore (1761–1809) British General. b. in Glasgow, Scotland, he served in the American Revolution, 1779–83. In

1794 he assisted in the reduction of the French garrisons in Corsica, followed by service in the West Indies, Ireland, and Holland. He distinguished himself at Alexandria and Cairo in 1801, and became commander-in-chief of Portugal in 1808. He was ordered to expel the French from the peninsula; approaching Madrid, he found that 70,000 of Napoleon's troops had occupied that city and cut them off from retreat to Portugal. After a disastrous retreat through mountains in winter for 250 miles, he was attacked while embarking, and in the victory killed 2,000 French at La Coruna. However he fell mortally wounded (Jan. 16, 1809), and was buried in the ramparts of La Coruna, as related in Charles Wolfe's poem *The Burial of Sir John Moore*. He received his degrees in St. John's Lodge No. 211 (now 2) of Halifax, N.S., April 2, June 5, and June 26, 1781; and on Nov. 30, 1798 affiliated with Renfrew County Kilwinning Lodge No. 11 of Paisley, Scotland.

Preston J. Moore National Commander of American Legion, 1958–59. b. Feb. 7, 1920 in Colton, Okla. and raised in Bartlesville. Has been an attorney at Stillwater, Okla. since 1949. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma. Served as a lieutenant in Air Force in WWII. Member of Pioneer Lodge No. 48, Stillwater, Okla. since 1943; 32° AASR in Guthrie, and member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Robert Moore Privateer in the American Revolution. Member of Ionic Lodge, Steuben, Maine.

Robert S. Moore (1857–1930) Shipbuilder. b. March 22, 1857 in San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in

1881. He was engaged in mechanical engineering from 1873, and became founder and chairman of the board of Moore Dry Dock Co. This firm built 65 steamships during WWI. He was chairman of the board of The Paraffine Cos., Inc., San Francisco, and president of the Pacific Securities Co. Raised in California Lodge No. 1, San Francisco, Calif. on Sept. 11, 1884. d. Feb. 16, 1930.

Roy Moore (1887-?) Newspaper publisher. b. Aug. 25, 1887 in McArthur, Ohio. Started as railroad and commercial telegrapher in 1902. In 1907 he was with the Associated Press, Cleveland, Ohio as a telegrapher, and then became bureau manager for International News Service at Cleveland, Columbus, and Chicago, Ill. Associated with the King Features Syndicate of N.Y.C., he was salesman, sales manager, and assistant general manager. With two others he organized the Brush-Moore Newspapers, Inc., with papers in Canton, Marion, Steubenville, East Liverpool, Salem, Marion, Portsmouth, and Ironton, Ohio. Owned a paper in Salisbury, Md., and radio stations in Canton and Portsmouth, Ohio. In 1943-44 he was campaign manager for John W. Bricker, q.v. Member of Trinity Lodge No. 710, Canton, Ohio and Knight Templar. Deceased.

Samuel B. Moore Governor of Alabama, 1831. He came from Franklin Co., Tenn. to Jackson Co., Ala. and was elected a state senator from that county. In 1830 he was chosen president of the state senate and when Gov. Gabriel Moore, q.v., resigned to become U.S. senator, Samuel succeeded him as governor. He later moved to Pickins Co. and became senator

from that county and was again elected president of that body in 1835–36. He was also county judge of Pickens Co., 1834–38. Member of St. John Lodge No. 35, Carrollton, Ala., and at one time secretary and senior warden. He is recorded as present at the Grand Lodge of Alabama on Dec. 7, 1830. Death date not known.

William J. B. MacLeod Moore (1810–1850) Canadian Masonic author and soldier. b. Jan. 4, 1810 in Kildare, Ireland. Was educated at the Military College at Sandhurst, and commissioned in the 69th Regiment of Foot at the age of 20. His regiment served in the West Indies, Canada, Ireland, Malta, Burma, India, Bermuda, and Gibraltar. He received all three degrees in one evening (Aug. 17, 1827) in Glenkindel Lodge No. 333, Aberdeen, Scotland, in the house of the master, Major General Sir Alexander Leith. He was made a Mark Master and Royal Arch Mason in St. Macher's Chapter, Aberdeen, and installed "High Knight Templar" in Lodge No. 242, Boyle, Ireland. In 1847 he went to Malta and affiliated with St. John and St. Paul Lodge No. 349 (EC), becoming master of the same. Here he established the Melita Encampment under England and Wales by warrant No. 37, dated May 10, 1850. Remaining in England until 1852, he then came to Canada, where he established the Hugh de Payens Preceptory in 1854, and was made provincial grand commander of Canada. At the formation of the Sovereign Great Priory, Moore was made grand prior of the Dominion of Canada in 1876. He was active in promoting the Red Cross of Constantine in Canada; he also organized the Scottish Rite in Canada, working under England. He wrote many Masonic volumes, and was considered the outstanding

Canadian Freemason of his day. d. at Prescott, Canada in 1890.

Sir Robert Moorsom British Admiral who distinguished himself at the Battle of Trafalgar. Member of Union Lodge, Whitby, England in 1798.

Abraham Mora Colombian professor and business man. b. Jan. 8, 1902 in Pacho, near Bogota, Colombia. His family lost their property in a civilwar shortly after his birth. Educated in the American College for Boys, he later was professor there for 15 years and was director of the commercial dept. for nine years. He then organized commercial houses. Was manager of University City in Bogota for nine years. He is now manager and director of Prefabricaciones Limitada; officer of Terrenos Valenzuela, S.A.; Heliaceros, S.A. and Equipos Andamios y Encofrados, S.A. A member of Leatad Lodge No. 10, he was raised on Feb. 10, 1943 and has served three terms as master of same. From 1950–54 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colombia. He is grand secretary general of the Supreme Council of Colombia, 33° since 1948. He has held many positions and received many honors in the symbolic and Scottish rites throughout the Americas.

Gerardo Morales (see under Machado y Morales).

Francis, 9th Earl of Moray (see Lord Doune).

James, 7th Earl of Moray Ninth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1744.

Sir Robert Moray (also Murray) (1600?–1673) Scottish soldier, philosopher, and alchemist; first president of the Royal Society and the first known initiate into speculative Freemasonry in England. His initiation, May 20, 1641, was by some members of the Lodge of Edinburgh serving in the Scots Army, which was then besieging Newcastle–on–Tyne. Moray was quartermaster general of that army. The record of his initiation appears in the History of the Lodge of Edinburgh: “At Neucastell the 20 day off May 1641. The qwhilk day ane serten nomber off Mester and othere bing lafule conwined, doeth admit Mr. thie Right Honerabell Mr. Robert Moray Generall quarter Mr. to the Armie off Scotlan and the sam Bing aproven be the hell Mester off the Mesone off the Log off Edenbroth quherto they heawe set to ther handes or markes. A. Hamilton, R. Moray, Johne Mylln, James Hamilton.” This was five years before the initiation of Elias Ashmole, q.v. The only further record of Moray’s attendance at his lodge was in 1647, but in his correspondence, he constantly used his Mason’s Mark, which was in the form of a pentalpha. He had the distinction of being the first president of the Royal Society and the leading member of that body during his lifetime. Knighted by Charles I, he was secretary of state of Scotland under Charles II, and was in great favor with that monarch; so much, in fact, that on his death (July 4, 1673), the king ordered him buried in the garden at Whitehall at his expense. He devoted much of his time to chemistry experiments and was the keeper of the king’s laboratory. He is described in a 1753 history as being “a great admirer of the ‘Rosy Crusians’ and well versed in chemistry and experimental philosophy.”

Miguel Morayta (1833–1917) Spanish lawyer, philosopher, writer, and professor of history in Madrid. He was a deputy to the Cortes and at one time grand master of the Grand Orient of Spain.

Francisco Morazan (1799–1842) Central American statesman who was president of the Central American Federation from 1830–40. b. in Honduras. After that country gained its independence in 1821, he engaged in politics, and aided in organizing the new government. He led the army in victories over reactionaries in El Salvador in 1828 and Guatemala in 1829. He fled to Peru where he organized an army and invaded Costa Rica with the intention of reorganizing the federation, but was captured, court-martialed, and shot Sept. 15, 1842. A Mason, a lodge was named in his honor and a future president—Bertrand, q.v., was initiated in it.

Count Nikolay Semenovich Mordinov Russian admiral and statesman. Member of The Scull Lodge which opened in Moscow in 1809.

Jean Victor Moreau (1763–1813) French General of Revolutionary and Napoleonic Armies. He commanded the army of the Rhine and Moselle in 1796 and drove the Austrians back to the Danube. In 1799 he commanded the army in Italy and was defeated at Cassano d'Adda. In 1800 he commanded the Army of the Rhine and won the battle of Hohenlinden. He headed the Republican and Royalist conspiracy against Napoleon, q.v., and was exiled. He spent his exile near Trenton, N.J. between 1805–13, and while in this

country visited Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., on Dec. 27, 1806. He entered the Russian service and was mortally wounded at the Battle of Dresden, Aug. 27, 1813, dying Sept. 2. He is recorded as a member of the Loge Parfaite Union, Rennes, France, but when visiting Holland lodge registered as a member of Loge de Sincerite, no location given.

Madame Cesar Moreau (?–1855) In 1854 she was installed as grand mistress of Adoptive Masonry in France. The adoptive lodge was connected with the regular Loge La Jerusalem des Valles Egyptiennes. d. Jan. 11, 1855.

Amable O. Moreaux (1874–1942) Executive Director of Great Lakes–St. Lawrence Tidewater Association. b. Dec. 28, 1874 in Heron Lake, Minn. He was owner and editor of Rock County Herald, Luverne, Minn. from 1909. He did much to advance the Great Lakes–St. Lawrence project. Member of Ben Franklin Lodge No. 114, Luverne, Minn., receiving degrees on Feb. 5, 20 and March 7, 1913. Knight Templar and Shriner. d. June 26, 1942.

Ben Moreell Admiral, U.S. Navy and executive. b. Sept. 4, 1892 in Salt Lake City. Graduate of Washington U., St. Louis, in 1913, holding many honorary degrees. Was engineer at St. Louis from 1913–17, entering the Engineer Corps of U.S. Navy in the latter year and advancing through grades to admiral in 1946, retiring that year. He was chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks from 1937–45, and chief of material division, Navy Dept., 1945–46. In 1946–47 he was president of Turner Construction Co., N.Y.C.; was president of Jones & Laughlin

Steel Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa. from 1947–52, and chairman of board since 1952. Member of Cornerstone Lodge No. 323, St. Louis, Mo., and National Sojourner.

James T. Morehead (1797–1854) U.S. Senator, 1841–47, and Governor of Kentucky, 1834–36. b. May 24, 1797 near Shepherdsville, Ky. Admitted to the bar in 1818 and began practice in Bowling Green, Ky. Served in the state house, was lieutenant governor, and president of the state board of internal improvements. After his senatorial term he practiced law in Covington, Ky. He was a member of Russellville Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of Russellville, Ky. and also Covington Chapter No. 35, Covington, Ky. d. Dec. 28, 1854.

John H. Morehead (1861–1942) U.S. Representative to 68th through 73rd Congresses (1923–35), and Governor of Nebraska, 1913–17. b. Dec. 3, 1861 near Columbia, Iowa. Moved to Nebraska in 1884 and settled in Richardson Co., where he taught a country school, and later engaged in farming and in the mercantile and banking business, at Barada. Moved to Falls City in 1895, serving as mayor of that city, and in the state senate. Was unsuccessful candidate for U.S. senate in 1918 and for governor in 1920. Member of Falls City Lodge No. 9, Falls City, Nebr., receiving degrees on June 28, Oct. 9, 1911 and Jan. 15, 1912. Member of Scottish Rite at Lincoln, Nebr. d. May 31, 1942.

Albert P. Morehouse (1835–1891) Governor of Missouri, 1887–88. b. July 11, 1835 in Delaware Co., Ohio. Came to Nodaway Co., Mo., at the age of 21 with his father. He

began as a teacher, studying law in the meantime. Admitted to the bar in 1860, he began practice in Montgomery Co., Iowa. Returned to Mo. when the Civil War broke out and was commissioned a first lieutenant in Kimball's regiment of enrolled militia. Was an ardent worker for the establishment of the Northwest Teachers Coll. at Maryville. Served in state legislature two terms, and elected lieutenant governor in 1884 on the ticket with J. S. Marmaduke, q.v. On Marmaduke's death in 1887 he became governor. After retirement in 1889, he devoted himself to farming. Member of Maryville Lodge No. 165, Owens Chapter No. 96, R.A.M., and Maryville Commandery No. 40, K.T., all of Maryville. The orders of Knighthood were conferred in Nov. and Dec., 1888. Committed suicide Sept. 23, 1891.

Jose Maria Morelos (1765–1815) Mexican Catholic priest and patriot, who shares the honors with Hidalgo, q.v., as liberator of Mexico. b. Sept. 30, 1765 in Valladolid (now named Morelia in his honor), of poor parents, who soon died. At the age of 30 he had saved enough to enter the Coll. of San Nicholas in his home town, where Hidalgo was rector. Ordained to the priesthood in 1800, he became cure of Caracuaro and Nocupetaro. When Hidalgo proclaimed independence in 1810, Morelos joined him and was given command of the revolution in Southwest Mexico. Starting with 25 men from his parish, he swelled the number to 20,000 at one time, and gained virtual control of the entire area, succeeding Hidalgo as leader of the rebels. A series of defeats, first at the hands of Iturbide, q.v., on Dec. 24, 1813, and later at Puruaran, Jan. 15, 1814, forced him on the defensive. He

proclaimed the first Mexican constitution at Apatzingan on Oct. 22, 1814. Was captured at Texmalaca on Nov. 5, 1815, taken to Mexico City, degraded from the priesthood, tried, and executed at San Cristobal on Dec. 22, 1815. Although no proof is offered, Gould in his *Military Lodges* states he was a Freemason.

Mariano Moreno (1778–1811) Argentine patriot, jurist, and Freemason. He wielded the pen against the Spanish yoke and was named first secretary in the 1810 junta. The following year he was sent to England to obtain support and recognition of Argentine's independence; he died at sea.

Daniel Morgan (1736?–1802) Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. about 1736 in New Jersey. In 1754 he moved to Charleston, Va. and the following year began his military career as a teamster in Braddock's Army. Became acquainted with Washington in the French–Indian War. Settled on a grant of land east of Winchester, Va. in 1762, where he devoted himself to farming and stock raising, with periodic terms in the military service. He fought in Pontiac's War as a lieutenant; farmed from 1765–75; served in Lord Dunmore's War on the frontier in 1773; headed a rifle company of 96 men which arrived in Cambridge, Mass. in July, 1775. He stormed Quebec with Arnold, q.v., and his detachment made the greatest advance; he was captured, but exchanged. Served under Gates, q.v., in his campaign against Burgoyne and received much credit for victory at Freeman's Farm. In Nov. 1777 he joined Washington. He resigned his commission in 1799 in general resentment against congressional promotions. He

was back again in Oct. the next year as a brigadier general in the Southern Army. He defeated Tarleton in the Battle of Cowpens with only 900 men, in one of the most brilliant military actions of any war. Twice again he retired to Va. during the war, each time due to rheumatism. In 1781 he was in command of all the light troops and cavalry in Lafayette's army. In 1795 he commanded the large army of Western Pa., as a major general. This army put an end to the "Whisky Insurrection." Member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Va. d. July 6, 1802.

Ephraim F. Morgan (1869–1950) Governor of West Virginia, 1921–24. b. Jan. 16, 1869 in Marion Co., W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1897, and began practice of law at Fairmont in 1898. Served as city attorney of Fairmont and judge of intermediate court of Marion Co. Was member of W. Va. public service commission, 1915–20, and solicitor for Dept. of Commerce 1927–33. He served in the 1st Va. Inf. in the Spanish–American War. Member of Fairmont Lodge No. 9, Fairmont, W. Va. receiving degrees on April 9, May 21 and Aug. 27, 1906. Also a 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Jan. 15, 1950.

Frederic E. Morgan President of Principia, Elsau, Ill., a school for sons and daughters of Christian Scientists, organized from kindergarten through four years of liberal arts college; served as president 1938–54, and chairman of board since 1942. b. in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of Washington U. (Mo.) in 1919, and Harvard in 1933. He was a rancher in Oregon until 1915, and has been with Principia since that

time, serving as director of the school from 1919–38. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

John Hunt Morgan (1826–1864) Confederate Major General noted for his daring raids. b. June 1, 1826 in Huntsville, Ala. In 1830 he settled near Lexington, Ky. In the Mexican War he served as a 1st lieutenant in a cavalry regiment. At the opening of the Civil War he was engaged in the manufacture of bagging. He entered as a captain of Ky. volunteers, and joined General Simon Buckner at the head of the Lexington Rifles. In 1862–63 he commanded a cavalry force in General Bragg's Army. In a series of raids on Ky. he destroyed many millions worth of military stores, captured and burned railroad trains of supplies, tore up tracks, burned bridges, and thereby made it necessary for Union forces to garrison almost every town of importance in the state. Appointed major general in 1862; in 1863, headed a bold raid into Kentucky, Ohio, and Indiana, but was captured and imprisoned in the Federal prison at Columbus, from which he escaped with six Confederate captains in Nov., 1863. He then undertook a raid in Tenn., and while near Greenville, Tenn., was surrounded and killed on Sept. 4, 1864. A member of Daviess Lodge No. 22, Lexington, Ky. (1846), he was buried in the Lexington cemetery with Masonic honors.

Justin C. Morgan Federal Judge, Buffalo, N.Y. since 1956. b. July 8, 1900 in Buffalo, N.Y. Graduate of Colgate U. in 1921 and U. of Buffalo in 1924, being admitted to the bar in 1925, and practicing in Buffalo until 1956. From 1928–35 he was U.S. attorney for Western dist. of N.Y. Received degrees

in Hiram Lodge No. 105, Buffalo, N.Y. in 1925; Scottish Rite membership at Buffalo; received 33° (NJ) in Sept., 1957. Past master of his lodge, past thrice potent master of Palmoni Lodge of Perfection, and in 1956 master of ceremonies of the Grand Lodge of New York.

William Morgan (1774-?) His disappearance in 1826 gave rise to the Anti-Masonic party, 141 Anti-Masonic newspapers in the U.S., and almost killed Freemasonry in America. b. Aug. 7, 1774 in Culpeper Co., Va. He later lived at Lexington, Ky., and Richmond, Va. He served under Andrew Jackson, q.v., at the Battle of New Orleans, and in 1821 moved to York, Upper Canada where he became a brewer. In 1823 he was at Rochester, N.Y. and in 1826 took up residence in Batavia. He had visited lodges before coming to Batavia, but there is no evidence to show that he was ever initiated. He did receive the Royal Arch Degree at LeRoy, N.Y. on May 31, 1825. In Batavia he was denied admission to the local lodge, and when a petition for a Batavia chapter was drawn up, his signature appeared on it. On protest it was destroyed and a new one substituted, omitting his name. In anger, he contrived with a David C. Miller, owner of the local Republican Advocate, to publish an expose of Freemasonry. Miller was supposed to have received the E.A. degree in Albany, N.Y. The expose was entitled, *Illustrations of Freemasonry by One of the Fraternity Who Had Devoted Thirty Years to the Subject*. He was jailed several times for debts, petit larceny, etc., and on his last confinement was released to Lotos Lawson. What happened from here, was, and continues to be, in the realm of speculation. The opponents of Masonry said he was drowned

in the Niagara River; the other side said he was paid \$500 to leave Batavia, taken to Canada, and released. On Oct. 7, 1827 a badly decayed body was found on the beach 40 miles from Fort Niagara. It was denied that the body was Morgan's and it was claimed by a Mrs. Monroe as that of her husband. Thurlow Weed remarked that "it was a good enough Morgan till after election." The Anti-Masonic movement had started and feeling ran high until it died out in 1835. Families, churches, and communities were split; Freemasons by the thousands publicly disavowed their memberships. Lodges and grand lodges went underground. In New York there were 500 lodges, but by 1834 there were only 49. This was the low point, and from there on recovery was fast and the growth permanent. By 1860 New York had 432 lodges and 25,000 members—10,000 more than in 1820. In 1831 a national Anti-Masonic convention was held with most of the states represented; it nominated William Wirt, q.v., of Maryland for president of the U.S.

Willis E. Morgan Vice President of Burroughs Adding Machine Co. since 1953. b. June 3, 1905 in Phillipsburg, Kans. Graduate of U. of New Mexico in 1925, and Harvard in 1948. Began with Burroughs in 1935 as a junior salesman, advancing to senior salesman, sales supervisor, branch manager, division manager, sales manager, and general sales manager. Became a member of Albuquerque Lodge No. 60, Albuquerque, N.M. in 1926. Was master of Artesia Lodge No. 28, Artesia, N.M. in 1932. Presently a member of Sojourners Lodge No. 483, Detroit, Mich. Active in DeMolay work while residing in N. Mex.

Henry Morgenthau, Jr. U.S. Secretary of Treasury, 1934–45. b. May 11, 1891 in New York City. Attended Cornell U. Was publisher of *American Agriculturist* from 1922–33. He served as conservation commissioner of N.Y., and also as chairman of Governor Roosevelt’s agriculture advisory commission. For a short time he was governor of the Farm Credit Administration, and acting, and under secretary, of treasury. Active in Jewish charity projects. Member of Obed Lodge No. 984, Poughkeepsie, N.Y., receiving degrees on Sept. 19, 1921 and Jan. 16 and April 3, 1922.

Stephen Morin Founder of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite in America. There is virtually no personal data on this man who is one of the Masonic “pioneers” of the Western world. Who he was, what he did, when and where he was born or died, is not known. On Aug. 27, 1761, he was empowered by a patent from the “Deputies General of the Royal Art, Grand Wardens, and officers of the Grand Sovereign Lodge of Saint John of Jerusalem” at Paris, to “multiply the Sublime Degrees of High Perfection and to create Inspectors in all places where the Sublime Degrees are not established.” There is even question as to who granted the patent (i.e. the grand lodge, the accepted rite, or a joint authority of both). At any rate he shortly sailed for the Americas and established bodies of the Scottish Rite in Santo Domingo and Jamaica. He appointed M. M. Hayes, q.v., a deputy inspector general for North America, and Hayes in turn appointed Isaac da Costa, q.v., a deputy for South Carolina, where in 1801 the Mother Supreme Council, AASR was created, and eventually spread throughout the U.S.

Charles Morison (1780–1848) British soldier and surgeon. b. in 1780 in Greenfield, Scotland. His valuable Masonic library was given to the Grand Lodge of Scotland by his widow after his death.

Carl Philipp Moritz (1757–1793) German Privy Councillor, professor and member of the Academy of Sciences in Berlin. b. Sept. 15, 1757 in Hamlen, Germany. Was author of several Masonic works including Book of Masonic Songs, and Contributions to the Philosophy of Life and the Diary of a Freemason. d. June 26, 1793.

Halford J. Morlan Physician, author, sportsman and philanthropist. b. Sept. 20, 1880 in Enfield, Ill. Graduate of St. Louis U. in 1905 (M.D.). From 1905–34 he was a practicing physician and medical professor at Loyola U. He was editor of Outing, Outdoor Life, Outdoor America and Golfer's magazines. At one time he was the holder of the world championship in fly and bait casting. He established the Morlan Memorial Home for Children at Ludlow, Ill. In the Spanish–American War he organized E and H companies of the 9th Ill. volunteer infantry. Mason, 32° AASR (NJ), and Shriner. Received degrees in Hermitage Lodge No. 356, Albion, Ill. in Dec., 1904; affiliated with Pera Lodge No. 574, Pera, Ill., in 1906 and with Fairfield Lodge No. 206, Fairfield, Ill. in 1930. Dimitted April 7, 1958.

Clarence J. Morley (1869–1948) Governor of Colorado, 1926–27. b. Feb. 9, 1869 in Dyersville, Iowa. Raised Aug. 24, 1891 in Black Hawk Lodge No. 65, Cedar Falls, Iowa. Affiliated with Trinidad Lodge No. 89, Trinidad, Colo. about

1895, and on March 8, 1902 affiliated with Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo., serving as master in 1908. He belonged to the chapter, council and commandery as well as Scottish Rite and Shrine in Colorado. d. Nov. 15, 1948.

Edgar A. Morling (1864–1932) Justice, Supreme Court of Iowa, 1925–32. b. April 21, 1864 in Boonville, N.Y. Graduate of Albany (N.Y.) Law School in 1886. Began his law practice in Boonville, N.Y., but moved to Emmetsburg, Iowa in 1889. Member of Earnest Lodge No. 399, Emmetsburg, Iowa, receiving degrees on April 21, May 2 and 7, 1904. d. Oct. 15, 1932.

Garrett, 1st Earl of Mornington (1735–1781) Musician and composer who was Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1776–77. He was the father of six sons; the eldest was Richard Colley, 2nd Earl, q.v., and the fourth was Arthur, Duke of Wellington, q.v., the victor at Waterloo. The family name was Wellesley, and until about 1790, was spelled “Wesley.” He was also 1st Viscount Wellesley of Dagan.

Richard Colley, 2nd Earl of Mornington (1760–1842) Also 1st Marquis of Wellesley in Irish peerage. British diplomat, ambassador, foreign secretary, and lord chamberlain. b. in Dangen Castle, Ireland. The eldest son of Garrett, 1st Earl of Mornington, q.v., he was also the brother of Arthur, Duke of Wellington, q.v., of Waterloo fame. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1782–83, five years after his father held that office. Educated at Oxford, he was a member of Parliament in 1784, lord of the treasury in 1786, and governor general of India from 1797–1805 under

Pitt. In this capacity, he rendered the British power in India supreme. He was ambassador to Spain in 1809, foreign secretary, 1809–12, lord lieutenant of Ireland in 1821–28 and 1833–34, and lord chamberlain in 1835. He was an advocate of free trade and Catholic emancipation.

David L. Morrill (1772–1849) Governor of New Hampshire 1824–27; U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1817–23. b. June 10, 1772 in Epping, N.H. Studied medicine, and practiced in Epsom, N.H. from 1793–1800. He then studied theology, was ordained in the Presbyterian church, and served as pastor in Goffstown from 1802 until 1811. In the meantime he resumed the practice of medicine in 1807, and continued in that profession until 1830. In 1831 he moved to Concord where he edited the New Hampshire Observer until 1833. He served in both branches of the state legislature, becoming speaker of the house, and president of the senate. A member of Bible Lodge No. 27, Goffstown, N.H., he was its master in 1818, and served for several years as the grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire. d. Jan. 28, 1849.

Edmund N. Morrill (1834–1909) U.S. Congressman and Governor of Kansas, 1894–96. b. Feb. 12, 1834 in Westbrook, Maine. He was superintendent of schools in his home town in 1856, removing to Kansas in 1857. In that year he was elected to the first Free State legislature. In the Civil War he served in the 7th Kansas Cavalry. After the war he was county clerk, clerk of the district court, and state senator. From 1883–91 he was U.S. congressman. Member of Hiawatha Lodge No. 35, Hiawatha, Kansas. d. in 1909.

John Morrill Brigadier General in Civil War. Also fought in Mexican War. Member of Occidental Lodge No. 40, Ottawa, Ill. in 1854.

Claude F. Morris (1869–1957) Justice, Supreme Court of Montana, 1934–46. b. Jan. 10, 1869 in Balls Co., Mo. Studied law while a clerk in U.S. department of agriculture in Washington, D.C., and was admitted to the bar in 1902. Moving to Montana, he entered the banking business, and served terms in both state legislative bodies. Received degrees in Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. on June 29, July 9 and 23, 1903, affiliating with Havre Lodge No. 55, Havre, Mont., on April 20, 1916 and with Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Mont. on Oct. 6, 1944. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Sept. 28, 1957.

George P. Morris (1802–1864) Journalist and author of the poem Woodman Spare That Tree. b. Oct. 10, 1802 in Philadelphia, Pa. Moving to New York City, he was writing for the New York Gazette at the age of 15. In 1823 he was one of the co-founders of the New York Mirror. In 1843 he co-founded the New Mirror; in 1845 founded the National Press, changing the name the following year to Home Journal, and editing it until a short time before his death. He wrote Briarcliff, a book founded on the American Revolution; a volume of poems; and many other works. He is primarily remembered as a song writer. His were the lyrics to such songs as We Were Boys Together; Land Ho!; Long Time Ago; My Mother's Bible; Whip-poor-Will; and the well-known Woodman Spare That Tree. He was called "General," and

held a brigadier general's commission in the N.Y. militia. He was a member of Concordia Lodge No. 304, and continued his membership in St. John's No. 1, N.Y.C. when the lodges combined on Dec. 12, 1839. d. July 6, 1864.

James Morris Justice, Supreme Court of North Dakota, 1935–55, and twice Chief Justice. b. Jan. 2, 1893 in Bordulac, N. Dak. Graduate of U. of Cincinnati in 1916, he began practice at Cincinnati in that year, moving to Carrington, N. Dak., the following year. Served in WWI as a lieutenant in the Field Artillery. He was a judge at the major war crimes tribunal at Nurnberg, Germany in 1947–48. Member of Bismarck Lodge No. 5 and 32° AASR, both at Bismarck, N. Dak. Member of Shrine and National Sojourners.

Luzon B. Morris (1827–1895) Governor of Connecticut 1893–95. b. in Newton, Conn. in 1827. Graduate of Yale in 1854 and 1858. Was a lawyer, legislator and judge of probate in Seymour and New Haven, Conn. In 1880 he was a member of the New York–Connecticut boundary commission. He was Democratic candidate for governor in 1891, but was locked out of his office by a hold-over administration in an election dispute. He became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 1 of New Haven on March 22, 1866.

Rob Morris (1818–1888) Masonic author, poet, and lecturer. Founder of the Order of Eastern Star. b. Aug. 31, 1818 near Boston, Mass. He first entered the ministry, but left it to engage in business. Moving to Mississippi, he was principal of Mount Sylvan Academy at Oxford. In 1856 he was

president of Oldham College, La Grange, Ky. He adopted the name “Rob” early in his career so that he would not be confused with another “Robert Morris.” Most of his life was spent in lecturing and promoting the welfare of the Order of Eastern Star. He had conceived of this system of adoptive Masonry in the winter of 1850 while confined to bed with rheumatism. He was initiated in Oxford Lodge No. 33 (now T. S. Gathright Lodge) of Oxford, Miss. on March 5, 1846, and received the second and third degrees on July 13th of that year. He later affiliated, in turn, with Mount Moriah Lodge No. 86, Black Hawk, Miss.; Pearl Lodge No. 23, Jackson, Miss. (secretary in 1849) ; Antiquity Lodge No. 113, Louisville, Ky.; and Fortitude Lodge No. 47, LaGrange, Ky. (master in 1861). In 1858–59 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. He received the chapter degrees in 1848, and was high priest of Hickman Chapter No. 49, Hickman, Ky. in 1852; received the cryptic degrees in Natchez, Miss. in Feb., 1850, became a member of Rob Morris Council No. 18, Hickman, Ky., and was grand master of the Grand Council of Kentucky in 1854; knighted in Jackson, Miss. in 1850, he was commander of Robert Morris Commandery No. 8, Hickman, Ky. from 1855–57. He received the Scottish Rite degrees from Giles Fonda Yates at N.Y. about 1855. He was considered the “poet laureate” of Freemasonry, and his best known poem is The Level, Plumb and Square. He was the leading light in the “Conservator” movement to establish a uniform ritual. Other writings were Lights and Shadows of Freemasonry; History of the Morgan Affair; Code of Masonic Law; History of Freemasonry in Kentucky; Freemasonry in the Holy Land; and The Poetry of Freemasonry. d. July 31, 1888.

Robert Morris (1734–1806) Signer of Declaration of Independence. b. Jan. 20, 1734 in Liverpool, England. He came to America about 1747, and engaged in business at Philadelphia. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1776–78, and although he voted against the declaration, signed it. In 1780 he established a bank, procuring much needed provisions for the Continental Army, and became known as the “banker of the Revolution.” From 1781–84 he was superintendent of finance; in 1782 organized the Bank of North America. He was a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1787, and a U.S. Senator from Pa. in 1789–95. For some years prior to 1784 he was in charge of the affairs of the Navy and sent the first American vessel ever to enter the port of Canton, China. He later lost his fortune in western lands, and was imprisoned for a time for his debts. Washington visited him while in prison. The majority of research writers on declaration signers do not claim him as a Freemason. They include: Boyden, Case, Clarke, Haywood, Heaton, Roth and Vandever. Roth said he has often been mentioned as a Mason, but no definite proofs have been found. Claudy said his lodge membership is unknown, but it is believed that he received the degrees in one of the old Pennsylvania Lodges. He was presented with a Masonic apron by Washington in 1778, and is said to have worn it on several public Masonic occasions. Heaton said it had been claimed that he was made a Mason in an old lodge in Pennsylvania. d. May 8, 1806.

Robert H. Morris (1700?–1764) Colonial Governor of Pennsylvania, 1754–56 and Chief Justice of New Jersey, 1738–64. b. about 1700 in Shrewsbury, N.J. It is said that as chief

justice he “reduced the pleadings to precision and method, and possessed the great perfection of his office, knowledge and integrity in more perfection than had often been known before in the colonies.” In speaking of him, Franklin said he was “eloquent, an acute sophister, and therefore generally successful in argumentative conversation.” He was a member of the grand lodge of the “Moderns” in Pennsylvania in 1731. d. Jan. 27, 1764.

Thomas Morris, Jr. Fourth Governor of Pennsylvania. Member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa., being initiated July 27, 1797. He was a steward of the lodge from 1824–31.

William T. Morris (1884–1946) President and Director of American Chain & Cable Co., Bridgeport, Conn. from 1936. b. July 20, 1884 in W. Pittston, Pa. He was also director and president of the following: Centennial Development Co., Sormir Petroleum Corp., Colony Management, Inc., American Fabrics Co., Magazine Repeating Razor Co., Michigan Chemical Corp., and Pennsylvania Woven Wire Co. Member of America Lodge No. 132, Stratford, Conn., which drew charter members largely from American Chain Co. employees. d. Feb. 6, 1946.

A. Cressy Morrison (1864–1951). Chemist and executive of Union Carbide & Carbon Corp., N.Y., 1906–30. b. Dec. 6, 1864 in Wrentham, Mass. President of American Institute of N.Y., 1930–31. President of R.O.T.C. Assn. of the U.S. in 1937. Discovered method of separating oxygen and nitrogen in magnetic field. Was active in promotion of American policy of protection. An advisor to the government in many fields

including chemistry and labor. Made exhaustive survey of European wages and standards of living for congress in 1921. Author of several volumes including *Man Does Not Stand Alone*, *The Story of the Man Who Resembled Christ*, and compiler of *Encyclopedia, of Superstition* (3 vols.). Mason. d. Jan. 9, 1951.

James Morrison (1755–1823) Revolutionary Soldier and Quartermaster General of the Army in War of 1812. b. in 1755 in Cumberland Co., Pa. Served six years in the Revolution and was in Daniel Morgan's corps of riflemen, q.v. He engaged in business at Pittsburgh, Pa. after the war and became sheriff. In 1792 he moved to Lexington, Ky., where he achieved great wealth. He was land commissioner, representative in the legislature, supervisor of revenue, navy agent, president of the Lexington branch of the U.S. Bank, and chairman of board of trustees of Transylvania U. He was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky.; was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky in 1801–02. d. April 23, 1823.

James H. Morrison U.S. Congressman, 78th to 85th Congresses from 6th La. Dist. b. Dec. 8, 1908 in Hammond, La. Graduate of Tulane U. in 1934. Was candidate for governor in 1939. Member of Livingston Lodge No. 160, Hammond, La. receiving degrees on July 12, Aug. 2, 1935 and Aug. 14, 1936.

John T. Morrison (1860–1915) Governor of Idaho, 1903–04. b. Dec. 25, 1860 in Jefferson Co., Pa. Graduate of Wooster U. (Ohio) in 1887 and 1890, and Cornell Law School (N.Y.) in 1890. Entered law practice at Caldwell, Idaho in 1890. Helped

organize the Coll. of Idaho and taught English and history there. Received degrees in Essene Lodge No. 22, Caldwell on Nov. 21, 28 and Dec. 9, 1891; master in 1896 and secretary in 1898. This lodge surrendered its charter and he affiliated with Boise Lodge No. 2, Boise, Idaho on March 6, 1900. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Boise Consistory No. 2 on March 26, 1908. Entered El Korah Shrine Temple of Boise on May 27, 1908. d. Dec. 20, 1915 and given Masonic burial on Dec. 24.

Martin A. Morrison (1862–1944) U.S. Congressman to 61st through 64th Congresses (1909–17) from 9th Ind. Dist.; Member of U.S. Civil Service Commission, 1919–20; and chief consul for Civil Service Commission from 1925. b. April 15, 1862 in Frankfort, Ind. Graduate of Butler Coll. (Ind.) in 1883 and 1887, and of U. of Virginia in 1886. Began law practice at Frankfort, Ind. Grand master of Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1914. Received degrees in 1883 in Clinton Lodge No. 54, Frankfort, Ind. and was a member of Clinton Chapter No. 82, R.A.M.; Clinton Council No. 46, R. & SM.; and Frankfort Commandery No. 29, K.T. all of Frankfort. Also AASR (NJ) in Valley of Indianapolis and received 33° in 1916. d. in 1944.

Edwin P. Morrow (1878–1935) Governor of Kentucky 1920–24. b. Nov. 28, 1878 in Somerset, Ky. Graduate of Centre Coll. (Ky.), U. of Kentucky, and Cincinnati Law School. Was U.S. district attorney, 1911–15. Served as member of U.S. railroad labor board, and later, U.S. board of mediation. Served in Spanish–American War as lieutenant in 4th Ky. Vols. Member of Somerset Lodge No. 111, Somerset, Ky., receiving degrees on Jan. 11, Dec. 16, 1904 and April

18, 1905. Dimitted June, 1928. d. June 15, 1935.

William W. Morrow (1843–1929) U.S. Congressman from California to 49th through 51st Congresses (1885–91) ; Federal judge, Northern District of Calif. 1891–97; and U.S. circuit judge of ninth circuit, 1897–1922. b. July 15, 1843 near Milton, Ind. As a youth he moved to Adams Co., Ill. in 1845, and to Santa Rosa, Calif. in 1859. He taught school and explored mining regions, served in the Civil War, and returned to Calif. as a Treasury agent. He then studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1869. A past high priest of his chapter, and past potentate of Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco. Raised in Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, Calif. on Feb. 21, 1882. d. July 24, 1929.

Jedidiah Morse (1761–1826) Anti-Mason. b. Aug. 23, 1761 in Woodstock, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1783. His early work on American Geography and publication of books on same earned him the title of “father of American Geography.” A minister of the Congregational Church, he was active in religious controversies most of his life. Took great interest in Christianizing the Indians. His sermons and activities did much to lay the groundwork for the “Morgan affair.” d. June 9, 1826.

Robert H. Morse President of Fairbanks, Morse & Co., 1931–50, and chairman and general manager since 1950. b. Dec. 6, 1878 in Chicago, Ill. Began with Fairbanks, Morse Mfg. Co. at Beloit, Wis. in 1895, in turn becoming assistant manager in Cleveland, Ohio, sales manager, and later president of

Fairbanks, Morse Electrical Co. at Indianapolis, vice president, 1924–27, vice chairman, 1927–31, and then president. The company is one of the largest manufacturers of –railway supplies, diesel engines, scales, motors, pumps and machinery. His son, Robert H. Morse, Jr., q.v., is now president. Received first two degrees in Star of Cuba Lodge No. 742, N.Y.C. in 1902 and third degree by courtesy of Kilwinning Lodge No. 311, Chicago, on Sept. 27, 1928, affiliating with that lodge on Dec. 20, 1928 and dimitting Jan. 6, 1938. Former member of chapter, commandery and 32° AASR.

Robert H. Morse, Jr. President of Fairbanks, Morse & Co., succeeding his father, Robert H. Morse, q.v., in 1950. b. March 10, 1899 in New York City. Educated at Culver, Notre Dame, and Harvard. Employed by Fairbanks at Indianapolis, 1916–28; assistant to president of Central & Southwest Utilities, Dallas, Texas, 1928–30; vice president, treasurer of Inland Utilities, Kansas City, Mo. 1930–32; branch manager of Fairbanks at Cincinnati, 1932–34; Dallas, 1934–38; manager stoker division, 1938–39; branch manager, Boston, 1939–42; then assistant general sales manager, vice president and general sales manager, and vice president in charge of all company operations. Also president of Canadian Locomotive Co. and Canadian Fairbanks Morse Co., Ltd. Served with A.E.F. 18 months in WWI. Member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. Received York and Scottish Rite in Indianapolis and life member of Shrine.

Wayne L. Morse U.S. Senator from Oregon from 1945. b. Oct. 20, 1900 in Madison, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin

in 1923, 1924; of U. of Minnesota in 1928 and Columbia U. in 1932. Taught at U. of Minn., Columbia U. and U. of Oregon until 1944. Was special assistant to U.S. attorney general, Pacific coast arbitrator for maritime industry, chairman of president's emergency board, member of National War Labor Board. Member of McKenzie River Lodge _ No. 195, Eugene, Oreg.

Edouard Adolphe C. J. Mortier (1768–1835) Duc de Treviso. French soldier in Revolutionary and Napoleonic armies who was created a Marshal of France in 1804. He distinguished himself at Friedland in 1807, in Spain in 1808–09, in Russia in 1812, and in the defense of France in 1813–14. He was a member of the chamber of deputies in 1816, and later of the chamber of peers. He was premier of France in 1834–35, and was mortally wounded at the side of Louis Phillippe on July 28, 1835, by the bomb planted by Fieschi. Hewas an officer of the Grand Chapter General of France, and member of St. Napoleon Lodge.

Charles Mortimer Physician to Mrs. Mary Washington and first mayor of Fredericksburg, Va. Member of Fredericksburg, Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va.

Philip Mortimer (1714–1794) Colonial rope maker and ship Chandler of Middletown, Conn. who outfitted the ship Defense, the colony's first war vessel in 1743. He was the first candidate in St. John's Lodge No. 2, Middletown, and master in 1757 when the brethren "walked in order to church" in the first outdoor appearance of the Craft in Conn.

Charles, 15th Earl of Morton (see Charles Aberdour).

George, 6th Earl of Morton Thirty–eighth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1790–91.

Jacob Morton (1756–?) Officer of the American Revolution, he was marshal of the parade at the installation of Washington as president. b. in 1756. He was a graduate of Princeton in 1778. He was major general of the 1st division, N.Y. militia for 30 years. He helped establish the first free school in 1806 and supported Clinton, q.v., and the Erie Canal. Socially prominent, he entertained both Washington and Lafayette in his home. He was master of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, N.Y.C. in 1788. Livingston, q.v., appointed him grand secretary of the grand lodge in 1788 and he served three years in that capacity. Was elected senior grand warden and then deputy grand master. When Livingston became minister to France in 1801, Morton succeeded him as grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York and presented the retiring Livingston with a jewel of office. Morton served as grand master until 1805.

James, 14th Earl of Morton Grand Master, Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1741, and Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Scotland in 1739.

Oliver P. Morton (1823–1877) U.S. Senator and Governor of Indiana. b. Aug. 4, 1823 in Saulsbury, Ind. Graduate of Miami U., Ohio in 1845, studied law and admitted to the bar in 1847, commencing practice at Centerville, Ind. Elected lieutenant governor in 1860, and upon election of Gov. Henry S. Lane

to the U.S. senate, became governor of Indiana in 1861. He was elected governor in 1864. Served in the U.S. senate from 1867 until his death on Nov. 1, 1877. He was initiated July 11, 1854 in Hiram Lodge No. 54, Centerville, Ind. and no further degrees were conferred.

Perez Morton (1751–1837) Patriot of American Revolution who delivered the funeral oration over the remains of General Joseph Warren, q.v., in April, 1776. b. Nov. 13, 1751 in Plymouth, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1771. He was a member of the committee of safety in 1775, and active in the administration of public affairs during the Revolution. Following the war, he studied law and became eminent in his profession. Was speaker of the Mass. house of representatives in 1806–11; attorney general, 1811–32. His father, grandfather, and wife were authors of note. Made a Freemason in Massachusetts Lodge of Boston on Dec. 21, 1778. d. Oct. 14, 1837.

Grover M. Moscowitz (1886–1947) Federal Judge, Eastern District of New York from 1925. b. Aug. 31, 1886 in Hot Springs, Ark. Admitted to the bar in 1907, and began practice in Brooklyn. Was special deputy attorney general of N.Y. in charge of prosecution of election frauds in 1909, 1910, 1922, 1925. Member of Adytum Lodge No. 640, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on Oct. 5, 26 and Nov. 16, 1915. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. March 31, 1947.

William D. Moseley (1795–1863) First Governor of Florida, 1845–49. b. Feb. 1, 1795 in Lenoir Co., N. Car. He

was graduated from the U. of North Carolina in 1818, studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1820. From 1829–36 he was a member of the N.C. state senate, and speaker of same four years. In 1834 he was unsuccessful candidate for governor of N.C. He moved to Monticello, Fla. in 1839, where he purchased a plantation, and served in the territorial legislature the following year. Was a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Wilmington, N.C. d. Jan. 4, 1863.

Andrew Moses (1874–1946) Major General, U.S. Army. b. June 6, 1874 in Burnet Co., Texas. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1897, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1929, and major general in 1935. In WWI he commanded the 156th Brigade, Field Artillery in U.S. and France, and was a member of the general staff, 1914–17. Following the war he was chairman of the joint board for redelivery of troop transports; commandant of cadets at Texas A. & M. Coll.; and director of the Army Air Coll. 1921–23 and 1928–29. He later commanded the Hawaiian – Dept., and coast and anti-aircraft defenses of the Panama Canal. From 1931–35 he was assistant chief of staff, War Dept. Initiated Aug. 7, 1897 in Robert E. Lee Lodge No. 431, Bertram, Texas and affiliated with Bertram Lodge No. 583, Bertram, on Nov. 12, 1923. d. Dec. 22, 1946.

John Moses (1885–1945) U.S. Senator and three times Governor of North Dakota. b. June 12, 1885 in Strand, Norway. Attended high school and junior college in Oslo, and was graduated from U. of North Dakota in 1914, and 1915. Came to the U.S. in 1905, and was naturalized in 1914.

Before being admitted to the bar in 1915, he worked as a clerk, section and farm laborer, and freight claim investigator. He practiced law in Hazen, N.D. from 1915–38. He served as governor from 1939–45 (three consecutive terms), and was elected to the U.S. senate for term 1945–51, but died shortly after taking office. He was a member of Meridian Lodge No. 116, Hazen, N. Dak.; received the 32° AASR (SJ) on March 29, 1929 at Bismarck; and K.C.C.H. in Oct. 1943. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Dakota in 1941–42. d. March 3, 1945.

David N. Mosessohn (1883–1930) Planned and effected the reorganization of the garment industry in New York. b. in Ekaterinoslav, Russia, Jan. 1, 1883. He was brought to America at age of five with his brother Moses D. Mosessohn, q.v. His father was a rabbi who founded and edited The Jewish Tribune in Portland, Oreg. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1902, he began law practice in Portland. Moving to New York in 1918, he published The Jewish Tribune from 1902, and was editor from 1927. He was executive director of Associated Dress Industries of America from 1918–23, and executive chairman and supreme arbiter from 1923. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on July 15, Aug. 12 and Nov. 16, 1920. d. Dec. 16, 1930.

Moses D. Mosessohn (1884–1940) Lawyer, editor, and executive chairman of the Associated Dress Industries of America. b. Aug. 17, 1884 in Russia, son of a rabbi. Brought to America at an early age with his brother David N. Mosessohn, q.v. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1905 and practiced in

partnership with brother in Portland. Moved to New York City with brother in 1918, where he became active in the garment industry, and on his brother's death in 1930, succeeded him as executive chairman and general counsel of Associated Dress Industries of America. He was publisher of the Jewish Tribune (founded by father) from 1903–31. Active in labor relations. Wrote Guide to American Citizenship. Affiliated with Pacific Lodge No. 233, N.Y.C. on Feb. 4, 1926 from Bethel Lodge No. 207 of N.J. d. Aug. 1, 1940.

Prince de la Moskova (see under Michel Ney).

Charles C. Moskowitz Theater and music company executive. b. Feb. 20, 1892 in New York City. Graduate of New York U. in 1914. He was vice president of Loew's, Inc. from 1942–57; treasurer, 1945–57, and director since 1934. Vice president and treasurer of 82 affiliated and subsidiary companies. President of Robbins Music Corp., Leo Feist Inc., Miller Music Corp. Raised in Pacific Lodge No. 233, N.Y.C. on Oct. 3, 1918. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Edwin H. Mosier (1875–1952) Manufacturer of locks and safes. b. July 14, 1875 in New York City. Was president of Mosier Safe Co., N.Y.C. from 1922; Mosier Lock Co., Covington, Ky. from 1922; and Guardian Metals Co., Hamilton, Ohio from 1925. His name was originally Edwin C. Hyman; changed it to Mosier in 1934. Member of Centennial Lodge No. 763, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on May 25, June 8, 23, 1909. d. July 29, 1952.

Tomas Cipriano de Mosquera (1798–1878) President of United States of Colombia. A Colombian soldier and politician, he was president of New Granada, 1845–49. He headed the revolt of 1859–61, and assumed power in 1861. He called an assembly which created the United States of Colombia, and it voted him dictatorial powers. He was elected president for two-year terms in 1863, and again in 1866, but was deposed in 1867 and banished for three years. American Masonic periodicals of the time style him as “the most zealous Freemason on the South American continent.”

Hunter H. Moss, Jr. (1874–1916) U.S. Congressman to 63rd and 64th Congresses (1913–17) from 4th W. Va. dist. b. May 26, 1874 in Parkersburg, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1896, he began law practice in Parkersburg that year. Served eight years as circuit judge. Member of Mount Olivet Lodge No. 3, Parkersburg, W. Va., he was initiated in 1902, passed in 1903, and raised in 1904. d. July 15, 1916.

John E. Moss U.S. Congressman to 83rd through 85th Congresses from 3rd Calif. dist. b. April 13, 1913 in Carbon Co., Utah. From 1938–42 he was in sales, and a credit executive. Since 1945 he has been a real estate broker at Sacramento. Received degrees in Sacramento Lodge No. 40, Sacramento, Calif. in 1948.

Friedrich Mossdorf (1757–1830?) German Masonic author. b. March 2, 1757 at Eckartsberge. He lived in Dresden, and was initiated in 1777. He took an active part in Freemasonry, and was a supporter of Fessler, q.v., and his reforms. He took

exception to Krause's, q.v., *The Three Most Ancient Records of the Masonic Fraternity*, and as a result, the grand lodge commanded him to absent himself for an indefinite period from the lodges. He then withdrew his connections. His most valuable contributions were his additions to Lenning's *Encyclopadie der Freimaurerei*.

Count Auguste Moszinsky. First grand master of the first grand lodge in Poland, organized in Warsaw in 1767. He was related to the reigning house of Saxony. This grand lodge was recognized by the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns). On June 24, 1770, he organized a festival to celebrate the establishment of the grandlodge. The king was present as was Podosky, the primate and archbishop of Gnesno—who supplied his own table—silver for the banquet.

Charles S. Mott Vice President of General Motors, 1916–37, and Director since 1913. b. June 2, 1875 in Newark, N.J. Graduate of Stevens Inst. of Technology in 1897, and studied in Denmark and Germany. With the Weston–Mott Co., in 1900, becoming president in 1903. Went with General Motors as a director in 1913. Served in the Navy in the Spanish–American War. He is president of the Mott Foundation, and has received national recognition for his work in aiding fatherless boys. He has spent more than \$500,000 annually on youth activities, and has given \$1,557,000 to the Charles Stewart Mott Foundation for building program at Flint College. Made a Mason in Faxon Lodge No. 697, Utica, N.Y. on Nov. 21, 1904; exalted in Washington Chapter No. 15, Flint, Mich. on June 25, 1908; greeted in Flint Council No. 56, R. & S.M. Oct. 19,

1908; and knighted in Genessee Valley Commandery No. 15 on Nov. 13, 1908. Member of Central City Scottish Rite Bodies at Syracuse, N.Y. and received 33° on Sept. 24, 1941.

Samuel Mott (1736–1813) Soldier in French and Indian Wars and Revolution. He was an engineer in the Northern department during the Revolution and built the coast defenses of Conn. A militia general. Made a Mason in Lodge No. 7 in the 55th Foot Regiment at Crown Point in 1761. He became a charter member and master of St. James Lodge No. 23, Preston, Conn. in 1793 (now of Norwich, Conn.).

Thaddeus P. Mott Soldier. He served as an officer in the Italian Army and during the Civil War fought with the Union. In 1869 he was appointed a major general in the Egyptian Army. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8 and Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., both of New York City.

Emmanuel de la Motta (see under “D”).

Charles H. Mottier Vice President of Illinois Central Railroad since 1945. b. April 21, 1888 in Gibson City, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1910 and 1923. Has been with the Illinois Central since 1911 as draftsman, masonry inspector, bridge designer, chief engineer. Received degrees in Gibson Lodge No. 733, Gibson City, Ill. on Jan. 16, 30 and April 3, 1911.

Morgan M. Moulder U.S. Congressman to 81st through 85th Congresses from 11th Mo. dist. b. Aug. 31, 1904 in Linn

Co., Mo. Admitted to the bar in 1928, and served as circuit judge. Received degrees in Linn Creek Lodge No. 152, Camdenton, Mo., March 13, Aug. 14, 1930, and Dec. 1, 1932; suspended in 1938; reinstated in 1939; suspended in 1941; reinstated in 1943; and suspended in 1945.

George M. Moulton (1851–1927) Major General, Illinois National Guard; President of Western Life Indemnity Co. from 1890. b. March 15, 1851 in Readsboro, Vt. He came to Chicago with parents in 1853. From 1870–1905 he was a builder of grain elevators and buildings. He became a major –in the 2nd Regiment of Ill. N.G. in 1886; in the Spanish–American War, he commanded it as a colonel. He was in charge of organizing the Havana police force in 1898–99, became brigadier general in 1903, and major general in 1907, when he retired. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1901; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. in 1895; grand master of the Grand Council R. & S.M. in 1889; and president of the Illinois Masonic Homes. Was made a Mason in Covenant Lodge No. 526, Chicago, Feb. 26, 1875; high priest of Corinthian Chapter No. 69, R.A.M. in 1886; greeted in Siloam Council No. 53, Aug. 7, 1875; knighted in St. Bernard Commandery No. 35, KT., Sept. 1, 1875, and was grand master of the Grand Encampment of the U.S.; 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 20, 1887. Prominent nationally in Red Cross of Constantine. d. July 24, 1927.

Sherman R. Moulton (1876–1949) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Vermont. b. June 10, 1876 in New York City. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1898 and Harvard in 1901. Practiced law

in Burlington. Was judge of superior court of Vermont, 1919–26, and chief judge in latter year. Became associate justice, supreme court of Vermont in 1926, and was chief justice, 1938–49, retiring in 1949. Raised March 24, 1905 in Washington Lodge No. 3, Burlington, Vt. d. June 12, 1949.

James Moultrie (1766–1836) One of founders of Mother Supreme Council, 33° Scottish Rite. A medical doctor, he was port physician, vice president of the medical society in South Carolina, and one of the physicians of the Charleston Dispensary. He was one of the founders, and first vice president and chairman, of the Constitution Committee of the S. Car. Historical Society. He was inducted into the Scottish Rite on August 3, 1802, and was one of the founders of the Mother Supreme Council. He was past master of Union Kilwinning Lodge in Charleston, and in 1802 was grand orator and keeper of the seals for the Charleston Lodge of Perfection. d. Nov. 20, 1836.

Alexander Albert Mountbatten (see Marquess of Carisbrooke).

Grant E. Mouser, Jr. (1895–1943) U.S. Congressman, 71st and 72nd Congresses (1929–33) from 8th Ohio dist. b. Feb. 20, 1895 in Marion, Ohio. Graduate Ohio State U. in 1917, and began law practice at Marion, Ohio that year. Served in WWI as 2nd lieutenant in Medical Corps. Received degrees in Clinton Lodge No. 155, Plattsburgh, N.Y. on July 1, Aug. 19, Sept. 2, 1919 and affiliated with Marion Lodge No. 70, Marion, Ohio on Dec. 5, 1919. Also a member of Marion Chapter No.

62, R.A.M. and Marion Council No. 22, R. & S.M. of Marion.
d. Dec. 21, 1943.

Alexander Mouton (1804–1885) U.S. Senator from Louisiana, 1837–42 and Governor of Louisiana, 1842–46. b. Nov. 19, 1804 in Lafayette Parish, La. Graduate of Georgetown Coll. (D.C.), studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1825, practicing in Lafayette Parish, La. Served several terms in state house of representatives, beginning in 1827, and was speaker of same in 1831–32. In 1861 he was president of the state secession convention. Member of Hope Lodge No. 30, Vermillionville, La (now Lafayette, La.). d. Feb. 12, 1885.

David Moyer Musician. b. April 29, 1895 in Philadelphia, Pa. Studied in America and Germany. Made a concert tour of the U.S. in 1905–06 as a child prodigy. Was on European concert tours, 1913–14, and in the U.S. 1914–17. Served in Army in France, 1917–19. He has made many appearances as a soloist with leading orchestras in the U.S. and Europe. He did private teaching at Philadelphia from 1914–17, and since 1925 has been professor of piano at the Oberlin (Ohio) Conservatory. Received degrees in Charity Lodge No. 144, Lewisburg, Pa. in 1921, dimitting in 1935.

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (1756–1791) Austrian composer who created more than 600 works during his short life, covering almost every known field of music. b. Jan. 27, 1756 in Salzburg, Austria. His full name was Johannes Chrysostomus Wolf-gangus Theophilus Mozart, son of Leopold—also a composer and a Freemason. When his father received his

second degree in his own lodge, Wolfgang wrote *Fellow Craft's Journey* (Op. K468) to honor the occasion. As a child prodigy, he toured with his father and sister, composing his first published works at the age of seven. He was brought to London at the age of eight, playing before the royal family. In 1768, at the age of 12, he received an imperial commission to compose and conduct an opera, and was made concertmaster to the archbishop of Salzburg in 1769. That same year he was made a chevalier of the Golden Spur by the pope. Returning to Salzburg, he broke with the new archbishop, Hieronymus, who had attempted to hold him in ecclesiastical bondage. In 1782 he settled in Vienna as a teacher and composer. In spite of his position as royal chamber composer to Emperor Joseph II, q.v., he lived in poverty. On Dec. 5, 1784 he was proposed for membership in the lodge *Zur Wohltatigkeit* and was initiated on Dec. 14, becoming No. 20 on the lodge register. Ten days later he attended lodge *Zur wahren Eintracht* and on Jan. 7, 1785, he received the second degree in the latter lodge at the request of his mother lodge. On Dec. 1, 1785 his own lodge, *Zur Wohltatigkeit* united with the lodges *Zu den drei Feuern* and *Zurn heiligen Joseph*, to form a new lodge—*Zur neugekroentn, Hoffnung* (new crowned hope). This was by decree of Emperor Joseph II. For the occasion, Mozart wrote *Opening Ode* (Op. K483) and *Closing Ode* (Op. K484). The text includes: "Oh sing today beloved brothers/ Your song of jubilation,/ For Joseph's benevolence/ Has crowned anew our hope/ For in our hearts a threefold flame now gleams." Much of his greatest music was composed after his initiation; an impressing amount had Masonic connections. His greatest work is perhaps *The Magic Flute*, his last opera. It was first

produced in Vienna in Sept., 1791, shortly before his death. Mozart felt that Freemasonry was being persecuted and this opera was intended to vindicate the aims of the institution. The overture contains three chords, played thrice to the rhythm of the three raps in the third degree (it belonged in the first degree at this time). The second act is laid in the temple of Isis and Osiris and the Masonic allusion is very striking. It was thought that the Craft was of Egyptian origin at that time. Here the high priest puts three questions: "Is he virtuous?, Is he charitable?, Can he be silent?", and the three chords are heard once again. In 1785 he wrote *Die Gessellenreise* (Journey of the Fellowcrafts), a Masonic song (Opus 468). On April 20, 1785 he wrote *Maurerfreude* (Opus 471), a short cantata which was performed on April 24 in a special lodge held that day to celebrate Von Born's discovery of the method of working ores by amalgamation. His last Masonic work was written for the dedication of a Masonic temple in Vienna on Nov. 15, 1791. The words were by Schikaneder, a member of the lodge, who also wrote the libretto for *The Magic Flute*. It is his Opus 623, written for two tenors and a bass with orchestral accompaniment. It was the last finished composition of which Mozart conducted the performance. It contains an appendix and a hymn for closing of the lodge, which was probably Mozart's farewell to the Craft. The words of the hymn, in part, are: "Today we consecrate this habitation for our temple, for the first time we gather within this new seat of knowledge and of virtue, and look, the consecration is completed. Oh! that the work were finished also that consecrates our hearts." Mozart was present when his good friend and fellow composer Franz Joseph Hayden,

q.v., was initiated in Lodge Zur Wahrn Eintracht of Vienna on Feb. 4, 1785. It is a matter of speculation why Hayden was not taken into Mozart's own lodge, now consolidated as Zur Neugekronten Hoffnung (New Crowned Hope) with its auspicious membership that included a ruling prince, 36 counts, one marquis, 14 barons, 42 nobles, and other prominent men of Vienna. His death came under unusual circumstances while on a trip to Berlin, and it is thought he was poisoned by a man named Salieri. He was buried in an unknown grave. A lodge of mourning was held for him and the oration delivered there was published in 1792, and sold for the benefit of his family: "It has pleased the everlasting Master Builder to tear our beloved Brother from the chain of our brotherhood. Who did not know him? Who did not value him? Who did not love him, our worthy Brother, Mozart? Only a few weeks ago he stood in our midst, and with the magic tones added such beauty to the dedication of our Masonic Temple. Mozart's death brings irreparable loss to his art; his talents which were apparent in his earliest youth have made him even then the greatest marvel of his time. Half Europe valued him. The great called him their favorite, Liebling, and we called him Brother. But while we must of necessity recall his powers in Art we must not forget the praise due to his great heart. He was a most enthusiastic follower of our Order. Love for his Brethren, sociability, enthusiasm for the good cause, charity, the true and deep feeling of pleasure when he was able by means of his talents to help one of his Brethren, these were the chief features of his character. He was husband, father, friend to his friends. Brother to his Brethren, these were the chief features of his character. Only the wherewithal was

wanted to hinder him from making hundreds happy, as his heart bade him.”

Alphonse Marie Mucha (1860–1932) Czech painter and illustrator. In 1923 he was elected sovereign grand commander of the Czech Supreme Council, AASR.

John S. Muckle (1862–1929) Engineer and inventor. b. Dec. 12, 1862 in Philadelphia, Pa. Member of engineering firm of Muckle & Co., Philadelphia for 22 years. He was the inventor of high pressure fire pumping system, and of elevator door safety lock. Served in Navy in Spanish–American War as a lieutenant. Member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa., receiving degrees on May 22, June 26, 1902. d. March 20, 1929.

Leo Mueffelman (1881–1934) German Masonic martyr. Studied in Rostock and Berlin, Germany, where he earned his doctorate on the thesis, *The Problem of Freedom and Will*. While on one of his trips abroad in 1933, he heard that the Nazis had arrested his closest Masonic colleagues. He hurried back to Germany to help them, but was arrested himself. After his release, broken in health as a result of torture and abuse, he died Aug. 23, 1934. He found his life’s work in Masonry. The son of Dr. Ludwig Mueffelman, he was initiated by his father in Humanitas Grand lodge of Hamburg on Nov. 13, 1913 and was passed and raised in one day (May 20, 1915) while under arms. In 1921 he and his father founded the Lodge of the Ancient Charges and he was master in 1925. In 1930 he founded the Symbolic Grand Lodge of Germany. After the dissolution of the grand lodge by Hitler, one of the

lodges, Ein Hashiloah continued, and eventually was incorporated into the Grand Lodge of Israel.

Friederich von Mueller German poet. He was a friend of Goethe, q.v., and a member of Lodge Amelia at Weimar, being initiated in 1809. He later served as the orator and deputy master of the lodge. He delivered the address to the lodge on the occasion of the 50th jubilee of the Grand Duke Charles Augustus, q.v., of Saxe Weimar in 1825. Shortly thereafter he made another address to the memory of Goethe. Several selections by him were printed in the song book of his lodge.

Friederich Muenter (1761–1830) Bishop of Seeland. Was professor of theology in the U. of Copenhagen. In 1794 he published the Statute Book of the Order of Knights Templar (in German), a valuable addition to the history of Templary.

Frederick Augustus Conrad Muhlenberg (1750–1801) Lutheran minister; son of Henry M. Muhlenberg, founder of the Lutheran Church in America; member of Continental Congress, and first speaker of the first U.S. House of Representatives. b. Jan. 1, 1750 in Trappe, Pa. He was educated at Halle, Germany, returning to America in 1770, where he became his father's assistant. From 1773–76 he was pastor of the Christ German Lutheran congregation in New York City, but his sympathies with the patriots compelled him to leave. He then resided for a time with his father at Trappe, Pa., and in 1777 moved his family to New Hanover to take pastoral charge of that part of his father's field of labor, and soon afterward of the congregations at Oley and New

Goshenhoppen. On March 2, 1779 he was elected to the 1st Congress, and in Aug. of that year he laid aside his pastoral office and entered on a political career. He was a member of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Pa. as was his brother John P. G. Muhlenburg, q.v. He is recorded as a visitor to Lodge No. 8, Chester Co. Pa. on Dec. 24, 1788. d. June 4, 1801.

John Peter Gabriel Muhlenberg (1746–1807) Lutheran minister; son of Henry M. Muhlenberg, founder of the Lutheran Church in America; Revolutionary Major General; U.S. Congressman and U.S. Senator. b. Oct. 1, 1807 in Trappe, Pa. Educated at Halle, Germany, returning to America in 1766, where he was pastor of Lutheran churches in New Germantown and Bedminster, N.J. In 1772 he moved to Woodstock, Va., where there was a large concentration of German Lutherans. Peculiarly, he had to go to England to be ordained an Episcopal priest before he could collect tithes—which he did. An ardent patriot, and friend of Washington, he accepted a colonel's commission in the Army. In a very dramatic and eloquent sermon before his congregation, he ended with the words: "There is a time for all things—a time to preach and a time to pray; but there is also a time to fight, and that time has now come." Then pronouncing the benediction, he went to the door of his church, ordered the drums beat for recruits, and 300 of the congregation responded. They became the 8th Va. Regiment, or "German Regiment," and fought with honor. He first went to the relief of Charleston, S.C. He was present at the Battle of Sullivan's Island, becoming brigadier general in 1777. He was engaged at Brandywine, Germantown, Monmouth, Stony Point, and

Yorktown. At the close of the war he was made major general. Returning to Pa. he was elected a member of the Pa. council, and was vice-president of that state when Franklin was president. He was a member of the 1st U.S. Congress (his brother Frederick A. C. Muhlenberg, q.v., was its first speaker) and also served in the 2nd and 3rd congresses, serving from 1789–95. He was elected again and served from 1799–1801. In 1801 he was elected U.S. Senator from Pa., but resigned before congress met, to accept the appointment as supervisor of revenue for Pa. His statue is in the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C. He was a member of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Pa. (as was his brother, Frederick A. C.), receiving his degrees, April 13–15–17, 1779, at the same time as General James Hogun, q.v., and General William Thompson, q.v. He is recorded as a visitor to Lodge No. 8, Chester Co., on two occasions—Sept. 2, 1784 and Dec. 20, 1785. d. Oct. 1, 1807.

Bey Ahmet Muhtar (1871–1934) Turkish diplomat who was ambassador to Russia, 1923–25, and ambassador to the United States from 1927–34. He became a member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C., Dec. 11, 1931.

Frank E. Mullen Radio executive. b. Aug. 10, 1896 in Clifton, Kans. Graduate of Iowa State Coll. in 1922. From 1923–26 he was radio editor of Stockman and Farmer, Pittsburgh, Pa., and in 1923 organized and conducted the first regular radio broadcasting service for farmers on station KDKA, Pittsburgh. From 1926–34 he was director of agriculture for the National Broadcasting Co. at Chicago, and in 1927 organized the National Farm and Home Hour. From 1934–39 he

was manager of the department of information of Radio Corp. of America in N.Y.C.; and from 1939–46 –was vice president of National Broadcasting Co., and executive vice president, 1946–48. He is now chairman of the board of Scenic Backgrounds, Inc., president and director of Mullen–Buckley Uranium Corp., and a business consultant. Received degrees in Western Star Lodge No. 157, Presho, S. Dak. Member of Elmhurst Chapter No. 254, R.A.M., Elmhurst, Ill. and Illinois Commandery No. 72, K.T., Chicago.

Walter M. Mumma U.S. Congressman to 82nd through 85th Congresses from 16th Pa. dist. b. Nov. 20, 1890 in Steelton, Pa. Graduate of State Forestry Academy (Pa.) in 1911, and with state forestry department until 1916. He was with the sales department of Lehigh Portland Cement Co. until 1921, and in that year organized and was president of the Pennsylvania Supply Co. at Harrisburg. Member of West Shore Lodge No. 681, Camp Hill, Pa., receiving third on June 17, 1913; exalted in Perseverance Chapter No. 21, RAM.; greeted in Harrisburg Council No. 7, R. & SM.; knighted in Pilgrim Commandery No. 11, K.T. all of Harrisburg. 32° AASR (NJ) at Harrisburg and received 33° in Sept., 1957. Past master of his lodge in 1918, past potentate of Shrine, and member of Tall Cedars.

Karl E. Mundt U.S. Senator from South Dakota since 1948; U.S. Congressman to 76th through 80th Congresses (1939–48). b. June 3, 1900 in Humboldt, S. Dak. Graduate of Carleton Coll. (Minn.) in 1923, and Columbia U. in 1927. From 1923–27 he was a teacher and superintendent of schools in S. Dak., and from 1927–36 was chairman of speech department of

General Beadle State Teachers Coll. at Madison, S. Dak. He then entered the loan and investment business at Madison. He was the author of the Voice of America act passed by the 80th congress, and the congressional resolution leading to the creation of UNESCO division of the United Nations. Also co-author of the Mundt–Nixon Anti–Communist Bill. He is co-founder of the National Forensic League, and was national president in 1933. Member of Evergreen Lodge No. 17, Madison, S. Dak. 32° and KCCH, AASR (SD) at Yankton, S. Dak.; Shriner and member of Eastern Star.

Royal F. Munger (1894–1944) Newspaperman, author. b. July 25, 1894 in Chicago, Ill. Received doctorate from U. of Chicago in 1937. Was with the Chicago Daily News from 1921 as reporter, financial reporter, investment editor, vocational adviser, and financial editor. He wrote The Rise and Fall of Samuel Insult and A Square Deal for Labor. Served in WWI from private to lieutenant in Marine Corps, and was wounded at Attigny, France. In WWII he served as a Marine Corps captain, was reported missing in action March 25, 1944, and later declared legally dead by the Marine Corps. Member of Kenwood Lodge No. 800, Chicago, receiving degrees on Sept. 8, 22 and Oct. 27, 1919.

Richard Munkhouse English cleric and Masonic author. Initiated in Phoenix Lodge of Sunderland, he united with lodge of Unanimity at Wakefield, where he was the rector of Saint John the Baptist's church. Dr. Munkhouse was an ardent admirer and defender of Freemasonry, and wrote A Discourse in Praise of Freemasonry (1805); An Exhortation

to the Practice of Specific Virtues Which Ought to Prevail in the Masonic Character (1805) ; and Occasional Discourses on Various Subjects, With Copious Annotations (1805 in three volumes) which had many discourses on Masonic subjects.

T. C. C. H. Munster (1761–1830) Bishop of Copenhagen and Danish archaeologist. Initiated in 1784.

Joachim Murat (1767–1815) French General and Prince; King of Naples. Was Napoleon's famous cavalry commander. He served in Italy in 1796–97 and Egypt, 1798–99, rising to general of division. He aided Napoleon in the coup d'etat of 1799, and the following year married Napoleon's sister, Maria Annunciata Bonaparte. He was appointed governor of Paris, and created marshal of France in 1804. In 1805 he was created prince and high admiral. He commanded the cavalry at the battles of Austerlitz (1805) and Jena (1806). In 1808 he became king of Naples under the title Joachim I Napoleon, and was known as the "Dandy King." He joined Napoleon on his return from Elba, and was defeated by the Austrian Army at Tolentino in May, 1815, captured, and executed on Oct. 13, 1815. In 1803 he was appointed senior grand warden of the Grand Orient of France. When the fifth Supreme Council of the World was established at Naples, on June 11, 1809, by the supreme council at Milan, a concordat became necessary and was executed May 3, 1811, between the Grand Orient, which was created June 24, 1809, and the Supreme Council of Naples, whereby the latter should have sole control over the degrees beyond the 18th. Murat (then king) accepted the supreme command of both bodies. His son, Napoleon Lucien Charles

Murat, q.v., was grand master of the Grand Orient of France.

Napoleon Lucien Charles Murat (1803–1878) Prince of France and son of Joachim Murat, q.v. Napoleon Bonaparte was his mother's brother. He came to the United States in 1825, but made repeated efforts to recover his father's throne as King of Naples. He settled in France about 1848, and was created a senator after the coup d'état of Dec. 2, 1851, and given formal recognition as prince of the imperial family. He was appointed grand master of the Grand Orient of France, –resigning the office in 1861.

Harold H. Murchie (1888–1953) Chief Justice Supreme Judicial Court of Maine from 1947. b. March 8, 1888 in Calais, Maine. Graduate of Dartmouth, 1909, and Harvard in 1912. He practiced law at Augusta from 1912–14; Calais, 1914–33; and Calais and Bangor, 1933–40. He was a supreme court judge from 1940–49 before becoming chief justice. Served in both houses of the state legislature and was president of the senate in 1933. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1940–41 and 33° AASR (NJ). Initiated March 31, 1913 in Bethlehem Lodge No. 35, Augusta, Maine. In 1916 affiliated with St. Croix Lodge No. 46, at Calais, serving as master in 1922. Exalted in Cushnoc Chapter No. 43, Augusta, May 22, 1913; affiliated with St. Croix Chapter No. 17, Calais in 1916. Greeted in Alpha Council R. & S.M. at Hollowell in 1914, and later member of St. Croix Council. Knighted in Trinity Cornmandery, K.T. in 1913, and later a member of Hugh de Payens Cornmandery. Received 32° in Portland in 1940, and 33° in 1941. d. March 7, 1953.

John R. Murdock U.S. Congressman to 75th through 81st Congresses (1937–51) from 1st Ariz. dist. b. April 20, 1885 in Lewis Co., Mo. Graduate of Kirksville (Mo.) State Teachers Coll. in 1912, and State U. of Iowa in 1925. He was a country school teacher and high school principal from 1904–10, and an instructor in Tempe Teachers Coll. (Ariz.), 1914–32. Mason and member of Tempe Lodge No. 15, Tempe, Ariz., receiving degrees on Feb. 21, June 25 and 28, 1917; 32° AASR (SJ).

Hardy Murfree (1752–1809) Revolutionary soldier. b. June 5, 1752 in Hertford Co., N. Car. In 1775 he was appointed captain in the 2nd Rgt. of the N. Car. line, and during the first part of the war served with his regiment with the main body of the Army under Washington. At the capture of Stony Point, Murfree commanded the N.C. battalion of picked men that took position immediately in front of the fort and opened fire to distract fire. It is said that three-quarters of the light infantry officers in that action were Masons, and often appeared in American Union Lodge. Murfree visited this lodge, June 24, 1779, at West Point. He was then sent to take part in the southern campaigns and served in Georgia under General Sumner. When the army disbanded in 1783, he retired as a colonel and became a leading figure in the Society of the Cincinnati in his state. His early Masonic connection was with the Royal William Lodge No. 5 at Winton, N.C., which he served as master. He represented the lodge at the organization of the grand lodge at Tarborough in 1787, serving as junior warden pro-tern of the convention. When the grand lodge began to issue charters under its own registry, Murfree promptly filed a petition of American George Lodge No. 17 at

Murfreesboro, Tenn., under the Grand Lodge of N. Car. and was its first master in 1789 and represented it at grand lodge session in 1790. d. July 6, 1809.

Arthur P. Murphy (1870–1914) U.S. Congressman to 59th through 61st Congresses (1905–11) from 16th Mo. dist. b. Dec. 10, 1870 in Hancock, Mo. Graduate of Missouri School of Mines in 1887. He was a telegraph operator from 1888–93; was admitted to the bar in 1894. Member of Waynesville Lodge No. 375, Waynesville, Mo., receiving degrees, July 27, Aug. 24, and Sept. 28, 1901. d. Feb. 1, 1914.

Franklin Murphy (? –1920) Governor of New Jersey, 1902–05. Received degrees in Kane Lodge No. 55, Newark, N.J. in 1873; member of Damascus Commandery No. 5, K.T. of Newark and Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C. d. Feb. 24, 1920.

John Murphy (1786–1841) Governor of Alabama, 1825–29; U.S. Congressman, 1833–35. b. in Columbia, S. Car., he was graduated from South Carolina Coll. in 1808, and was a clerk in the state senate from 1810–17. In 1818 he moved to Ala. where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. Although original membership is not known, he was charter master of Alabama Lodge No. 51, Claiborne, Ala. and on June 12, 1821 was elected the first senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Alabama. A member of Mon-roë Chapter No. 4, Claiborne, he was high priest; and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Alabama in 1827–29. d. Sept. 21, 1841.

J. Harvey Murphy (1882–1941) President of the Reformed

Church in America, 1938–39. b. April 28, 1882 in Paterson, N.J. Graduate of Rutgers Coll. in 1906 and New Brunswick Theol. Sem. in 1909. Was ordained in Reformed Church in America in 1909; served as pastor in Philadelphia, Pa., Amsterdam, N.Y., Jersey City, N.J., and Hudson, N.Y. He was vice president of the general synod in 1928–30 and president, 1938–39. Mason. d. Sept 19, 1941.

John K. Murphy Union Brigadier General in Civil War (brevet). Member of Montgomery Lodge No. 19, and Columbia Chapter No. 91, R.A.M., Philadelphia, Pa.

Christoph Gottlieb von Murr (1733–1811) German historian and archaeologist b. in Nuremberg. Among his works are *Essay on the History of the Greek Tragic Poets* (1760); *Antiquities of Herculaneum* (6 volumes, 1777–82). In 1803 he published an essay entitled *On the True Origin of the Orders of Rosicrucianism and Freemasonry With an Appendix on the History of the Order of Templars*. Here he attempts to trace Freemasonry to the times of Oliver Cromwell, and maintained that it, and Rosicrucianism, had an identical origin and the same history until the year 1633, when they separated.

Alfred P. Murrah Judge, U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals, 10th Circuit since 1940. b. Oct. 27, 1904 in Johnston Co., Okla. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1927. Was judge of U.S. District Court, 1937–40. Member of Capital City Lodge No. 518, Oklahoma City, Okla., receiving degrees on Jan. 22, 1931, March 31, May 9, 1932. 32° AASR (SJ).

Johnston Murray Twelfth Governor of Oklahoma, 1951–54. b. July 21, 1902 in Emet, Indian Terr. (Okla.), a son of W. H. “Alfalfa Bill” Murray, q.v. Graduate of Oklahoma City Coll. in 1946 and 1949, and admitted to the bar in 1946. A varied career includes that of a printer, reporter, advertising salesman in Okla.; farmer, cattle producer, guide interpreter, tool dresser and truck dispatcher in Argentina and Bolivia. From 1942–45 he was personnel director of Douglas Aircraft Co. at Oklahoma City. Received the degrees in Tishomingo Lodge No. 91, Tishomingo, Okla., Sept. 27, Dec. 21, 1923 and Jan. 25, 1924. Affiliated with Chikaaskia Lodge No. 109 on Aug. 13, 1931.

Lindley Murray (1745–1826) Grammarian. b. April 22, 1745 in Swatara, Pa. Member of Society of Friends throughout life. His father was a successful merchant, and when Lindley rebelled against his training, allowed him to study law. During the Revolution Lindley took neither side, but retired for four years, just fishing and hunting near Long Island. Following the war he assembled a fortune in his father’s business and due to his health, moved to Holdgate, England, where he devoted himself to intellectual pursuits. His English Grammar was used throughout England and America in the schools, and his name became a household word. He wrote *The Power of Religion on the Mind*, and many others. His latter years were devoted to the study of botany. He was a member of St. John’s Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C. and served as a warden prior to 1771. d. Feb. 16, 1826.

Reid F. Murray (1887–1952) U.S. Congressman to 76th

through 83rd Congresses (1939–52) from 7th Wis. dist. b. Oct. 16, 1887 in Ogdensburg, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1916 (in agriculture). In his student days he was a railway agent. He later became county agricultural agent, district agricultural agent, and from 1922–27, professor of animal husbandry at U. of Wisconsin. He is owner and manager of Waupaca Cattle Credit Co., and a farmer and cattle raiser. Member of Manawa Lodge No. 276, Manawa, Wis. d. April 29, 1952.

Sir Robert Murray (see under Moray).

William H. Murray (1869–1956) Known as “Alfalfa Bill,” he was a colorful political figure in Oklahoma and was the 7th governor of that state, serving from 1931–34. b. Nov. 21, 1869 at Collinsville, Texas. He was elected to the Oklahoma constitutional convention and served as president of the same. He was instrumental in writing the state constitution (claimed to have written it). He was elected to the first state legislature and was its speaker. He received his Masonic degrees in Tishomingo Lodge No. 91, Tishomingo, Okla., being initiated Jan. 13, passed Feb. 10 and raised April 24, 1911. Received the Scottish Rite degrees in Indian Consistory (SJ) at McAlester on April 25, 26, 27, 1911. d. Oct. 15, 1956.

Joseph S. Murrow (1835–1929) A Baptist missionary to the Seminole Indians, and “founder of Freemasonry in Oklahoma.” b. June 7, 1835 in Georgia, he came to the Indian Terr. in 1857. His long career among the Indian tribes caused him to be known as “Father Murrow” and this was carried into

his Masonic career, where the term was one of endearment. He was on the lookout for Masons at all times, both among the whites and Indians during this early period, with the idea of establishing a lodge. This was accomplished with the establishment of a lodge at Boggy Depot, which afterwards moved to the town of Atoka and is now known as Oklahoma No. 4. He received his degrees in Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 88, Linden, Tex. on Sept. 15, Oct. 20, Dec. 15, 1867. He dimitted from it on Feb. 16, 1867 and affiliated with the above named lodge (Ok-la-ho-ma No. 217) at Boggy Depot under the jurisdiction of Arkansas. He was the second grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indian Territory in 1877-78; first high priest of Ok-la-ho-ma Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. at Atoka in 1880; and grand high priest in 1890. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Indian Territory from 1880-1909, and after the consolidation with the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma, served as emeritus until his death on Sept. 9, 1929.

Robert, 1st Baron of Muskerry Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1783.

Harry W. Musselwhite (1868-1955) U.S. Congressman, 73rd Congress (1933-35) from 9th Mich. dist. b. May 23, 1868 in Branch Co., Mich. He learned the printer's trade and became a reporter, news and feature writer on papers in Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis until 1905, when he became associated with the Grand Rapids Herald (Mich.) ; in 1915 he became owner and publisher of the Manistee Daily News-Advocate (Mich.). Received degrees in Grand River Lodge No. 34, Grand Rapids, Mich., June 2, Oct. 13 and 20, 1909. He

affiliated with Malta Lodge No. 465, Grand Rapids, in 1912, and Manistee Lodge No. 228 in 1916. d. Dec. 14, 1955. Also 32° AASR (NJ), Knight Templar and Shriner.

Charles R. Musser Vice President of Wilson & Co., Chicago, meat packers since 1953. b. June 21, 1911 in Woodland, Ill. Started with Wilson & Co. in 1934. Was sales manager at Omaha; general sales manager at Sao Paulo, Brazil. Vice president of Frigorifico Wilson do Brasil in 1945–57, and since that date, president and general manager of same. Became vice president and general sales manager of Wilson & Co. in 1953. Member of Mizpah Lodge No. 302, Omaha, Nebr.

George W. Musser (1862–1921) Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1909–15. b. May 15, 1862 in Sacramento Valley, Calif. Graduate of Northern Indiana Normal School (now Valparaiso U.) in 1886. Admitted to the bar in 1891, he practiced at Colorado Springs, Colo. from 1893–1909 and 1915–21. Member of El Paso Lodge No. 13, Colorado Springs, Colo., receiving degrees on June 4, 18, and July 2, 1897; master of the lodge in 1901 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1909–10. d. Aug. 7, 1921 and buried Masonically.

Count Wassily W. Mussin–Pushkin**Bruce** Russian secret councillor and chamberlain of Emperor Alexander I, q.v. In 1814 he was elected to head the Directorial Grand Lodge of Russia. This lodge split the following year, due to differences, and he became the first grand master of the new grand lodge “Astrea.” On Aug. 1, 1822, Alexander I sent an edict through Kochubey, closing all Masonic lodges in Russia. S. S. Lanskoj,

q.v., grand master of the other grand lodge also received a copy of this edict.

Benito Mussolini (1883–1945) Italian dictator and anti-Mason. A revolutionary from youth, he was many times jailed and was under constant police surveillance. Became editor of *Avarai*, the official Socialist paper of Italy, in 1912, and resigned in 1914 to establish his own *Il Popolo d'Italia*. He appealed for Italy to enter WWI with the allies and served as a private in that war. After the war he engaged in a campaign against Communism and organized the *Fascio di Combattimento* at Milan on March 23, 1919. This was the beginning of Fascism in Italy. It officially took the form of a political party in 1921. In 1922 he led the Fascists in a march on Rome, and when the cabinet resigned, Mussolini was summoned by the king to form a ministry. By gaining control over a number of ministries, changing the electoral law, and suppressing all opposition, he gained control of the government. In 1929 he signed a treaty with the Roman church, ending a 59-year-old dispute. He conquered Ethiopia in 1936; withdrew from the League of Nations in 1937; conquered Albania in 1939; aided Franco in Spanish civil war; did away with the chamber of deputies in 1938; and entered WWII on side of Hitler in May, 1940. When the allies invaded Italy, he was deposed in July, 1943 and imprisoned. In a daring mission, the Germans rescued him in 1943. He was captured and killed by Italian partisans on April 28, 1945. At the time of Mussolini's rise to power, there were two grand lodges in Italy. He played one against the other, and finally the Roman church against what remained. He banned Freemasonry in Italy in 1923. Torrigiani, q.v., the grand master of the Grand

Orient of Italy, died in prison on the island of Lipari, a martyr to the Masonic cause, and other grand officers suffered various punishments.

Henry L. Myers (1862–1943) U.S. Senator from Montana, 1911–23; Justice, Supreme Court of Montana, 1927–29. b. Oct. 9, 1862 in Cooper Co., Mo. He practiced law at Boonville and West Plains, Mo. from 1885–93, and at Hamilton, Mont., 1893–1907. He was a state senator and district judge in Mont. Retired from supreme court bench in 1929 to resume practice of law. Received the degrees in Ionic Lodge No. 38, Hamilton, Mont., April 15, May 7, and Aug. 20, 1898 and on July 28, 1924 affiliated with Billings Lodge No. 113, Billings, Mont. d. Nov. 11, 1943.

John Mylne Early Scottish Mason, probably operative. The mutual agreement of the Lodge of Scoon and Perth in 1688 says: “Since about 1193 (the lodge) had been located at Perth. Thither came from the North Country a Mason and man ‘well experted in his calling’, by name John Mylne, who having entered himself a freeman and burgess of the Burgh, was in due course made King’s Master Mason and Master of the Lodge.”

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Conrad Nagel Actor. b. March 16, 1897 in Keokuk, Ia. Graduate of Highland Park Coll. (Des Moines) in 1914. Began stage career with the Princess Stock Co. in Des Moines and

became identified with motion pictures in 1919, appearing in more than 150 pictures, both silent and talking. His principal plays include *Midsummer Madness*; *What Every Woman Knows*; *Tess of the D'Urbervilles*; *Tin Hats*; *Quality Street*; *Dynamight*; and others. He returned to the stage in 1933, and appeared in *The First Apple*; *The Shining Hour*; *Skin of Our Teeth*; *The State of the Union*; *Tomorrow the World*; *For Love or Money*; and others. He is a founder, ex-president and honorary life member of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. In WWI he served as a seaman on the U.S.S. *Seattle*. Member of Hollywood Lodge No. 355; Shriner.

Sir Edmund Nagle British Admiral. Member of Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, London, being admitted in 1811.

Sarkis H. Nahigian (1872–1948) World's largest dealer in oriental rugs. b. Sept. 28, 1872 in Harpoot, Armenia. Came to the U.S. and settled in Chicago. He started a frugal rug business, selling from door to door, and became president of Nahigian Brothers Rug Co., Chicago. On Feb. 23, 1848 Nahigian presented the world's largest oriental rug to the George Washington Masonic National Memorial at Alexandria, Va. It is a priceless meshed Persian rug 50 feet long and 30 feet wide containing over 54,000,000 hand-tied knots. He was a member of Park Lodge No. 843, Chicago, and received the 32° AASR (NJ) on April 20, 1911. Member of Medina Shrine Temple, Chicago on April 21, 1911. d. Sept. 12, 1948, a few months after he presented the famous rug to the National Memorial.

Albinus Nance (1848–1911) Governor of Nebraska, 1879–83. b. March 30, 1848 in La Fayette, Ill. Studied at Knox Coll., Galesburg, Ill. Served in Union Army as a private in Civil War. Admitted to the bar in 1870 and practiced at Osceola, Nebr., until 1878, when he entered the banking business in that city. He was a member of the state legislature from 1875–79, and served as speaker of same in 1877–79. Member of Osceola Lodge No. 65, Osceola, Nebr. d. in 1911.

Sir Charles James Napier (1782–1853) British Lieutenant General. He served in Portugal in 1810 and against the U.S. in 1813. As a military resident of Cephalonia in 1822–33, he met Byron and declined offer to become commander of Greek Army. Began the conquest of Sind in 1842 and completed it by the victory of Hyderabad in 1843. He subdued the hill tribes in 1844–45 and resigned the government of Sind in 1847. He was the author of books on colonial administration and the government of India. He was made a Mason on June 16, 1807 in Doyle's Lodge of Fellowship, Guernsey, England, and in Nov. 1848 became an honorary member of Union Lodge Limerick, Ireland.

Francis, 7th Lord of Napier Thirty-seventh Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1788–89.

Frederic John Napier (see 1st Viscount Chelmsford).

Napoleon I (1769–1821) French military genius and Emperor of France, 1805–14. b. Aug. 15, 1769 in Ajaccio, Corsica. d. in exile May 5, 1821, on island of St. Helena. At one time he

controlled most of Europe. His biographers have depicted him as a champion of the French people and a defender of democracy on one hand, and as an adventurer and despot who exploited the Revolution for personal gain, on the other. He possessed an unquestionable military genius and great administrative ability. This biographical sketch will confine itself to his Masonic associations, the main part being taken from Bro. J. E. S. Tuckett's research appearing in the A.Q.C. transactions of 1914. One source has it that he was initiated in an Army Philadelphie Lodge between 1795–98, and another places it at Malta between June 12–19, 1798. The former would seem to have preference, as authorities who have studied his movements state that the Malta initiation would be unlikely at that –time. In 1801 a prominent Ecossais member, Bro. Abraham, wrote “as proud now to number the immemorial Brothers Bonaparte and Moreau, q.v., among its members.” The official report of a Masonic festival at Dijon in Nov. of that year described Masonic honors paid to Bonaparte and Moreau. Napoleon's four brothers—Joseph, Lucian, Louis, and Jerome, qq.v., were Freemasons, as well as his stepson, Eugene Beauharnais, q.v., his brother-in-law Murat, q.v., and nephew, Jerome. Most of them held high Masonic rank. The Empress Josephine was friendly to Freemasonry and was initiated into adoptive Freemasonry in the Lodge Les Francs Chevaliers at Paris in 1804, with several ladies of her court, and became an active member as well as patroness of that rite. Those who were chosen by Napoleon for high honor and office in the state were usually Freemasons. Of the six, who, with the emperor himself, formed the Grand Council of the Empire, five were certainly Freemasons, including Arch

Chancellor Prince Jean Jacques Regis Cambaceres, q.v., an enthusiastic and active Mason. Of the nine lesser imperial officers of state, six at least were active Masons. Of the marshals of France who served under Napoleon, at least 22 of the first 30 were Freemasons, many of them grand officers of the Grand Orient. The union of all the separate and often mutually hostile rites in one governing body was a project of Napoleon. As first consul of France, he threatened to abolish Freemasonry altogether unless this was accomplished. Late in 1804, at the request of Cambaceres, he interested himself in the reorganization of the Grand Orient, with the result that in 1805 it assumed control over the whole body of Freemasonry in the empire, with the emperor's brother, Joseph, as grand master, and Cambaceres and Murat as his deputies. Through Cambaceres, Napoleon assured the craft of his imperial protection, stating that he had instituted inquiry on the subject of Freemasonry, and that he perceived that their high moral aims and purposes were worthy of his favor.

Napoleon III (1808–1873) Emperor of France, 1852–71. Son of Louis Bonaparte, q.v., and nephew of Napoleon I. Full name was Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte. He became head of the Bonaparte family when Napoleon II died in 1832. He plotted a revolt in Strasbourg in 1836, but it was discovered and he was sent to America; he returned in 1837 and formed another conspiracy, at Boulogne in 1840. This time he was arrested and condemned to life imprisonment. He escaped prison in 1846, and made his way to England, where he wrote social and military papers. After the revolution of 1848 he was welcomed to Paris, elected to the national assembly, and

became president of the Republic, Dec. 10, 1848. He immediately began to acquire absolute authority, and by a coup d'état made himself dictator in 1851, and emperor on Dec. 2, 1852. He sent Archduke Maximilian, q.v., to Mexico and dreamed of establishing a Catholic and French empire in America, but his plans were frustrated by Juarez, q.v., the Mexican people, and the U.S. Bismarck involved him in the Franco-Prussian War and he was deposed by the national assembly in 1871; he retired with family to England, where he died. He was a member of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of France.

Alfred Joseph Naquet (1834–1916) French scholar, chemist and politician. He was a member of the chamber of deputies in 1871 and of the senate in 1882. He is known as the father of the French divorce law. He wrote among others, *Principes de Chimie*; *Socialisme Collectiviste et Socialisme Liberal*; and *Temps Futurs*. Bulletin of International Masonic Congress, 1917, states he was a Freemason.

Viscountess of Narbonne Lady of French nobility who was initiated into adoptive Freemasonry in a lodge established in 1780 by the Lodge of Social Contract. The Princess de Lamballe, q.v., was grand mistress of the lodge at the time. Other contemporary initiates of the lodge were the Viscountess of Alfrey, Countess of Maille, and Abbe Bertolio, qq.v.

Charles W. Nash (1864–1948) Founder and President of The Nash Motors Co. (now American Motors).b. Jan. 28, 1864 in Dekalb, Co., Ill. A farmer until 1894, he entered the employ

of the Flint Road Cart Co. in 1891, as a trimmer, advancing to superintendent and vice president, and then as general superintendent of its successor, the Durant–Dort–Carriage Co. He was president and manager of the Buick Motor Car Co. in 1910–16, and president of General Motors Co. 1912–16. In 1916 he organized The Nash Motors Co.; was president until 1932 and chairman of board from 1932. In 1937 the name was changed to Nash–Kelvinator Corp. Was also director of Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co. and Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis Railroad Co. Mason. Member of Flint Lodge No. 23, Flint, Mich., receiving degrees on March 15, 1898, Feb. 23 and March 14, 1899. Became life member Dec. 5, 1939. d. June 6, 1948.

Edgar Smiley Nash (1872–1935) Editor. b. July 6, 1872 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Brown U. in 1894. From 1895–98 he was an editorial writer for the Philadelphia Record, and from 1898–1901 associate editor of the Saturday Evening Post. In 1913–18 he was district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. d. Aug. 17, 1935.

Frederick Nash (1781–1858) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of North Carolina, 1852–58. b. Feb. 9, 1781 in New Bern, N. Car. Graduate of Princeton in 1799. Practiced law at New Bern, and was judge of the superior court, 1818–24 and 1836. Became justice of supreme court in 1844, and chief justice after 1852 until his death, Dec. 5, 1858. Mason, he delivered an address before Eagle Lodge No. 71, Hillsboro, N. Car., at one time.

George K. Nash (1842–1904) Governor of Ohio, 1900–04. b. Aug. 14, 1842 in Medina Co., Ohio. Left college without graduating, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He edited the Ohio State Journal for a time, was judge of the supreme court from 1883–85, and then practiced law at Columbus. He became a member of Columbus Lodge No. 3, Columbus, Ohio, in 1900 while governor, and was a member of Ohio Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. d. in 1904.

Mell Achilles Nash President of Oklahoma College for Women, 1927–43, and present chancellor of Oklahoma state system of higher education. b. July 20, 1890 in Tryon, Texas. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma and Central State Teachers Coll. (Okla.), and studied at U. of Mich. and Oklahoma Baptist U. He taught in rural schools, was high school principal and superintendent of schools until 1919, when he became chief high school inspector of Okla. He was state superintendent of public instruction of Okla. from 1923–27, when he resigned to become president of the Womens College. Member of Edmond Lodge No. 37, Edmond, Okla. since 1911; 32° AASR at Guthrie, Okla; member of Shrine and Eastern Star.

Alexander Nasmyth (1758–1840) Scottish portrait and landscape painter. His studio was in Edinburgh and he was intimate with Robert Burns, q.v. He painted Burn's portrait which now hangs in the Scottish National Gallery. He is known as the "father of the Scottish landscape art" and invented the bowstring bridge in 1794. Became a member of Canongate Kilwinning Lodge of Edinburgh on Feb. 5, 1777.

Ernesto Nathan Italian politician who was at one time mayor of Rome. He was grand master of the Grand Orient of Italy in 1896.

Arnold Naudain (1790–1872) U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1830–36. b. Jan. 6, 1790 near Dover, Del., was graduated from Princeton Coll. in 1806, and from medical department of U. of Pennsylvania in 1810. Began his medical practice in Dover, and was surgeon general of the Delaware militia in the War of 1812. Served in state house of representatives, 1823–27, and was speaker in 1826. He was state senator from 1836–39, and collector of the port of Wilmington, 1841–45. After his U.S. senatorship, he resumed practice of medicine in Wilmington, moving to Philadelphia in 1845. He was a member of Union Lodge No. 7, Dover, serving as master in 1817, and in 1823 we find him as master of Union Lodge No. 5 at Middletown. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1826, and served at one time as grand treasurer of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Delaware. d. Jan. 4, 1872.

A. T. A. Naylor English Dean of Battle and honorary chaplain to King George VI, q.v. b. Dec. 27, 1889. Received B.A. from Emmanuel Coll., Cambridge in 1911 and M.A. in 1917. Was ordained in 1912 and served a church in Pudsey, near Leeds, until the outbreak of WWI, when he joined the British forces as a chaplain. He took part in the 2nd Battle of Ypres, Hill 60, Loos, and on the Somme, being both wounded and gassed. For – his service he was awarded the Order of the British Empire. From 1926–29 he saw service in the North China campaign, and from 1936–37 was senior chaplain of

the 1st Expeditionary Force to Palestine. In WWII he was with the British troops at Dunkirk and did much to uphold their spirits, for which he received the D.S.O. In 1944 the Earl of Harewood, q.v., appointed him 3rd grand principal of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., of England. He installed both the Duke of Devonshire, q.v., and the Earl of Scarbrough, q.v., as 1st grand principals of that rite. In 1947 he was appointed provincial grand master for Sussex. In 1947–48 he also headed the Royal Arch in that province.

William K. Naylor (1874–1942) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 24, 1874 in Bloomington, Ill. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1898 and admitted to Minn. bar. Entered military service in Spanish–American War with 14th Vol. Minn. Inf. in 1898, and shortly entered regular army as a lieutenant. Served in WWI as colonel and brigadier general, and was chief of staff of the 33rd Division, participating in the Somme offensive, and in the Meuse–Argonne with the 3rd Corps. After war taught in army service schools, universities, and Army War Coll. He was assistant chief of staff and director of military intelligence of the general staff from 1922–24. In 1924–26 he commanded the 15th Infantry in China. After commanding several military establishments in the U.S. he was retired on Nov. 30, 1938. Member of Triune Lodge No. 190 (charter member) of St. Paul, Minn. Received degrees in Sacketts Harbor Lodge No. 135, N.Y. on Oct. 24, 1898, Jan. 9, 23, 1899. 32° AASR. d. Aug. 3, 1942.

Naymus Graecus A mysterious character referred to in most versions of the Old Charges. A legendary “curious

Craftsman,” said to be contemporary with both King Solomon and Charles Martel, q.v. The legend as set out in the ancient manuscript known as Grand Lodge Manuscript No. 1, dated 1583, states: “Curious Craftsmen walked about full wide in Divers Counties, some to learn more Craft and cunning and some to teach them that had but little cunning, and so it befell that there was one Curious Mason that hight Naymus grecus that had been at the making of Solomon’s Temple and he came into France and there he taught the Science of Masonry to men of France. And there was one of the Regal line of Francethat bight Charles Martel, and he was a man that loved will such a Craft and drew to this Naymus grecus and Learned of him the Craft, and took upon him the Charges and manners.” Subsequent manuscripts reproduce the legend, but with many variants in the spelling of the name.

John Neagle (1796–1865) American portrait painter. b. Nov. 4, 1796 in Boston, Mass. Began painting coaches but in 1818 devoted himself to portrait painting entirely. He moved from Philadelphia to Lexington, Ky., Frandford, La., and New Orleans, but returned to Philadelphia. He is considered second only to Gilbert Stuart among American portrait painters. He was a powerful colorist, a skilful delineator of character and a vigorous draughtsman. His portrait of Gilbert Stuart hangs in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts; his Washington in Independence Hall, Philadelphia. Other important portraits were painted of Patrick Lyon, the blacksmith, Henry Clay, Mathew Carey, Dr. G. T. Bedell, and Bishop Meade of Va. He was made a Mason in Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia, April 22, 1839, and served as

master of the lodge in 1841 and 1843. d. Sept. 17, 1865.

Thomas Neal (1858–1940) President of General Motors Co., 1910–12. b. Sept. 27, 1858 at Corunna, Ontario. In 1884 was an organizer and secretary–general manager of the Acme White Lead & Color Works. Chairman of the board of General Motors, 1913–15, and chairman of Equitable Trust Co., Detroit. d. Oct. 6, 1940. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 240, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on Nov. 21, Dec. 12, 1882 and Jan. 16, 1883. Made life member Jan. 20, 1925. Knight Templar. d. Oct. 6, 1940.

Colin Neblett (1875–1950) Federal Judge of New Mexico, 1917–48. b. July 6, 1875 in Brunswick Co., Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1897, and began practice at Silver City, N. Mex. in 1898. Affiliated with Silver City Lodge No. 8, Silver City, N. Mex. Dec. 28, 1898 from Brunswick Lodge No. 52, Lawrenceville, Va. d. May 7, 1950.

Matthew M. Neely (1874–1958) U.S. Senator, Representative, and Governor from West Virginia. b. Nov. 9, 1874 in Grove, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1901 and 1902; practiced law at Fairmont, W. Va. from 1902. Was a member of the 63rd through 66th congresses (1913–21) and 79th congress (1945–47); U.S. senator in 1923–29, 1931–41, and after 1949. He resigned from the senate in 1941 to be inaugurated governor of West Virginia, serving until 1944. Received the degrees in Friendship Lodge No. 56, West Union, W. Va., March 25, Dec. 27, 1899, and Sept. 8, 1900; later dimitted to Fairmont Lodge No. 9, Fairmont, W. Va. 32° AASR (SJ) in H.

Byron Baguley Consistory AASR (SJ) and member of Osiris Shrine Temple at Wheeling, W. Va. d. Jan. 18, 1958.

George N. Neff (1861–1933) President of Daily National Live Stock Reporter (St. Louis). b. June 6, 1861 in Winchester, Ind. Began as a reporter on the Corn Belt Farm Dailies, Inc. Became publisher of the Daily Drovers Journal (Chicago), the Daily – Journal Stockman (Omaha), and Daily National Live Stock Reporter. Member of Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City, Mo., receiving degrees on May 20, June 6, 30, 1899. d. May 4, 1933.

Jay H. Neff (1854–1915) Publisher of the Daily Drovers Telegram (Kansas City), and part owner of the South Omaha Drovers Journal and the National Stock Yards Reporter (St. Louis). b. July 6, 1854 in Hartford City, Ind. Graduate of Asbury U. (now DePauw) in 1877. Practiced law two years at Peru, Ind., moving to Kansas City in 1881, where he practiced law for a time before entering the publishing field. The J. H. Neff Hall of the U. of Missouri Journalism School is named in his honor, and presented to the university by his son, Ward A. Neff. Member of Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City, being raised Dec. 9, 1892. 32° AASR (SJ) in Valley of Kansas City in 1893; KCCH in 1905; 33°, honorary in 1909 and active member in 1911. d. Aug. 14, 1915.

Pat M. Neff (1871–1952) Governor of Texas, 1921–25; President of Baylor U. from 1932. b. Nov. 26, 1871 in McGregor, Texas. Graduate of Baylor U. in 1894 and 1898, and U. of Texas in 1897. Practiced law at Waco 1897–1921. Member of

state house of representatives, 1901–05 and speaker of same, 1903–05. He created the Texas Historical Board and originated the Texas state park system. Member of U.S. Board of Mediation in 1927–29. President of Baptist general conference of Texas, and vice president of Southern Baptist convention, Washington, in 1933. Received degrees in Waco Lodge No. 92, Waco, Texas on Feb. 21, March 29, May 27, 1909 and in 1926 affiliated with Baylor Lodge No. 1235, Waco. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1946. Member of Karem Shrine Temple, Waco. d. Jan. 20, 1952.

Ward A. Neff (1891–1959) Newspaper publisher. b. Feb. 11, 1891 in Kansas City, Mo., the son of Jay H. Neff, q.v. Journalism graduate of U. of Missouri in 1913, he later presented the university with the J. H. Neff Hall in honor of his father. Began as a reporter on the Daily Drovers Telegram in Kansas City. He moved to Chicago in 1917. Is president of the Corn Belt Publishers, Inc. comprising the Chicago Daily Drovers Journal; Omaha Daily Journal–Stockman; St. Louis Daily Livestock Reporter; Kansas City Daily Drovers Telegram; and Radio Station WAAF, Chicago. A fellow of Sigma Delta Chi, professional journalistic fraternity, and trustee of its Quill Endowment Fund, as well as honorary chairman of the golden anniversary celebration of that fraternity, 1959. Also honorary chairman of 50th anniversary celebration of Missouri School of Journalism, 1958–59. Life member of Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City, Mo.; 32* AASR (SJ) in Kansas City, Mo., on March 28, 1918 and member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City. d. July 11, 1959.

James S. Negley (1826–1901) U.S. Congressman, financier, and Union Major General in Civil War. b. Dec. 22, 1826 in Liberty, Pa. (now Pittsburgh). Enlisted in Army at age of 17 and fought through the Mexican War. Following the war he engaged in the manufacturing business. He was elected brigadier general of the 18th Pa. Militia, and entered Civil War with it in April, 1861. Served through the war, taking part in many major battles, including Stone River and Chickamauga. He was U.S. Congressman in 1869–73, 1875–77, and 1885–87. After the war he engaged in the promotion and construction of railways and acted as president and vice president of several lines. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa. d. 1901.

John W. Neilson (1872–1943) General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, 1930–33. b. Nov. 14, 1872 in Paris, Iowa. Studied pharmacy at Iowa State U. and began as a drug clerk in Concordia, Kans., becoming partner in the business. Was director and secretary-treasurer of the Home Lumber & Coal Co., and director of Concordia Building and Loan Co., both of Concordia, Kans. Initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 113, Concordia, Oct. 6, 1899, was master in 1904, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kansas in 1926. Exalted in Concordia Chapter No. 45, R.A.M., he was high priest in 1905, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Kansas in 1915. Member of Zabud Council No. 4, Topeka, Kans., dimitting to become charter member of Hiram Council No. 10, Concordia in 1908, serving as charter master and grand master of the Grand Council of Kansas in 1914. Knighted in Concordia Commandery No. 42, commander in 1907 and grand commander of Grand Cornmandery, K.T. of Kansas in

1918. Member of Scottish Rite and Red Cross of Constantine.
d. June 9, 1943.

Donald M. Nelson Corporation executive. b. Nov. 17, 1888 in Hannibal, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1911. Employed by Sears, Roebuck & Co. as a chemical engineer in 1912, advancing to manager of men's and boy's clothing department, general merchandise manager, vice president in charge of merchandising, 1930–39, and executive vice president and chairman of executive committee, 1939–42. He resigned in 1942 to become chairman of the War Production Board. In 1943–44 he was the president's personal representative to China and Russia. Member of Garfield Lodge No. 686, Chicago, Ill., receiving degrees, June 10, July 1, Aug. 26, 1913.

George B. Nelson (1876–1943) Justice, Supreme Court of Wisconsin, 1930–43. b. May 21, 1876 in Amherst, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1898 and George Washington U. in 1902. Practiced law at Stevens Point, Wis. from 1904–30. Received degrees in Waupaca Lodge No. 123, Waupaca, Wis., Aug 24, Sept. 14, Dec. 22, 1897. Affiliated with Evergreen Lodge No. 93, Stevens Point, Wis. March 21, 1905. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Jan. 10, 1943.

Viscount Horatio Nelson (1758–1805) British Naval hero. Saw first service in the West Indies in 1780. Served under Hood in taking Bastia and Calvi, losing his right eye in last engagement. He completed the reduction of Corsica in 1794 and was appointed commodore in 1796. With Jervis he gained victory over French and Spanish fleets off Cape St. Vincent

in Feb., 1797, and was named rear admiral that year. Was shot through right elbow in attempting to take Santa Cruz de Tenerife in 1797, and lost his arm by amputation. Captured or sunk all but two frigates of the French fleet in Battle of the Nile, 1798. Blockaded Malta and Naples; and was created viscount in 1801. Won the Battle of Trafalgar with the French fleet in 1805, but was struck by a sharpshooter's musket ball that broke his spine, and he died as victory was completed with the annihilation of the enemy fleet. A writer in the Freemasons' Quarterly Review in 1839 claimed Nelson and his servant, Tom Allen, were Freemasons, but gives no evidence to support his claim. Hamon Le Strange, in his History of Freemasonry in Norfolk, says that among the furniture of the Lodge of Friendship No. 100, at Yarmouth, there is a stone bearing an inscription to Nelson. On one side of the stone is an inscription commemorating the foundation of the Lodge of United Friends No. 564 on Aug. 11, 1697, and on the other side the inscription: "In Memory of Bro. V. Nelson of the Nile, and of Burnham Thorpe, in Norfolk, who lost his life in the army of Victory, in an engagement with ye Combin'd Fleets of France and Spain, off Cape Trafalgar, Oct. 21, 1805. Proposed by Bro. John Cutlove." At the Masonic Hall, Reading, may be seen a framed print with a representation of a banner carried at Lord Nelson's funeral. It bears the following words: "We rejoice with our Country but mourn our Brother." It was carried at the funeral by York Lodge No. 256.

John E. Nelson (1879–1951) Vice President and Director of Gulf Oil Corp. b. Aug. 30, 1879 in Helensburg, Scotland, coming to U.S. with parents the following year. Graduate

of Westminster Coll. (Pa.) in 1900. He was a clerk in the Keystone National Bank, Pittsburgh, 1900–02, and secretary to Andrew W. Mellon, q.v., from 1902–08. In addition to his offices in the Gulf Corp. he was executive vice president and director of 27 subsidiary corporations and companies. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 219, Pittsburgh, Pa., receiving degrees on Dec. 17, 1914, Jan. 28, Feb. 25, 1915. d. Oct. 6, 1951.

Martin A. Nelson Justice, Supreme Court of Minnesota since 1953. b. Feb. 21, 1889 in Hesper, Iowa. Graduate of St. Paul Coll. of Law in 1916. Practiced at St. Paul, 1916–19, and at Austin, Minn., 1919–44. He then served as district judge of the 10th district until appointed to supreme court bench in 1953. Received degrees in Spring Valley Lodge No. 58, Spring Valley, Minn. in June, 1912 and July, 1913 and in 1925 affiliated with Fidelity Lodge No. 39 at Austin, Minn.

Roger Nelson (1735–1815) Brigadier General in American Revolution and U.S. Congressman, 1804–10, from Maryland. b. in Fredericktown, Md. He was severely wounded in the Battle of Camden and left for dead on the field. After the war he studied law and was admitted to the bar in Fredericktown. From 1810–15 he was judge of the 5th judicial circuit of Md. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 28, Frederick, Md. he was junior warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1799, and deputy grand master from 1801–05. d. June 7, 1815.

Samuel Nelson (1792–1873) Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1845–72. b. Nov. 10, 1792 in Hebron, N.Y. Graduate of

Middlebury Coll. in 1813, studied law, and was admitted to the bar at Madison, N.Y. in 1817. Became associate justice, supreme court of N.Y. in 1831, and chief justice from 1837–45. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 5, New York. d. Dec. 13, 1873.

Thomas Nelson, Jr. (1738–1789) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. Dec. 26, 1738 in Yorktown, Va. Educated in England at Eton and Cambridge, and returned to the U.S. in 1761. Was a delegate in 1774 to the house of burgesses over which Peyton Randolph, q.v., presided. Elected to the Continental Congress in 1775, serving until 1777, when illness caused his resignation. He returned to congress in 1779 but health again sent him home. In the meantime he raised money to outfit regiments and gave freely of his personal fortune. He became governor of Virginia in June, 1781. At the siege of Yorktown, he commanded the Va. militia, and ordered artillery turned on his own house, which was supposed to be headquarters for Cornwallis. His Masonic membership has not been definitely established. It seems, however, that he visited Lodge No. 9 at Yorktown, Va. with Washington and LaFayette after the siege of Yorktown. Charles H. Callahan of Va. states that he was one time master of No. 9 at Yorktown, and that it was an army lodge. Roth in his *Masonry and the Formation of Our Government* says, "it is said he was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 2, N. Car." A. P. Anderson, in *Virginia Masons Who Served in the Revolution*, says he was a member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, and attended grand lodge in 1778. d. Jan. 4, 1789.

Wilbur D. Nesbit (1871–1927) Newspaperman and author.

b. Sept. 16, 1871 in Xenia, Ohio. He was a feature writer on the Baltimore American, Chicago Tribune, and Chicago Evening Post, 1899–1912. He was author of *The Trail to Boy/* and (1904) ; *The Gentleman Ragman* (1906); *The Land of Make-Believe and Other Christmas Poems* (1907); *A Friend or Two* (1908) ; and *Your Flag and My Flag*. He wrote many Masonic poems, the best known of which is, *I Sat in Lodge With. You*. He was raised in Evans Lodge No. 524, Evanston, Ill., March 27, 1915. d. Aug. 20, 1927.

James W. Nesmith (1820–1885) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1861–67; U.S. Representative from Oregon, 1873–75. b. July 23, 1820 in N.B., Canada while his parents were visiting there from their home in Washington Co., Maine. Moved to Claremont, N.H. in 1828; to Cincinnati, Ohio in 1838, and to Oregon City, Ore. in 1843. Studied law and admitted to the bar, but never practiced; engaged in agricultural pursuits and stock raising. Was elected judge of the provisional government of Oregon in 1845; was a captain in expeditions against hostile Indians in 1848 and 1853; U.S. marshal for Oregon from 1853–55, and colonel of volunteer troops of the Indian Wars. Was appointed superintendent of Indian affairs for Ore. and Wash. Territories in 1857. The grand lodge proceedings of 1853 record him as a member of Salem Lodge No. 4, Salem, Ore. d. June 17, 1885.

Jeremiah Neterer (1862–1943) Federal Judge, Western District of Washington, 1913–34. b. in 1862 near Goshen, Ind. Settled in Bellingham, Wash. in 1890, where he practiced law. Served as city attorney, judge of superior court of Whatcom

Co. and chairman of state Democratic convention in 1898. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Washington in 1910–11. d. Feb. 2, 1943.

Walter A. Netsch Vice President of Armour and Co., 1946–1952. b. Jan. 13, 1892 in Manchester, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1914. Began with Armour as a clerk in 1914 at Manchester, N.H.; salesman, 1915–17; branch house manager at Lowell, Mass., 1917–19; sales manager in dressed lamb and veal department; sales manager of that department, 1919–31; general manager of sheep, lamb and calf division, 1931–46; and vice president in charge of livestock buying, 1946–49. Vice president in charge of cattle, sheep and calf buying, dressed beef and lamb sales from Aug. 2, 1949 to 1952, when he retired. Received degrees in Bezaleel Lodge No. 100, Hanover, N.H. and affiliated with South Shore Lodge No. 1056, Chicago, Ill.

Nicholas, 5th Viscount of Netterville Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1732.

Paul Nettl Musician and author. b. Jan. 10, 1889 in Hohenelbe, Bohemia. Doctorate from U. of Prague, Vienna. Is professor of music at Indiana U. Received his degrees in Lodge Frelicht under the grand lodge Lessing zu den drei Ringen and is currently a member of Humanitas Lodge No. 1123, N.Y.C. Member of the Quatour Coronati Lodge, London, American Lodge of Research, N. Y., and Philalethes. Wrote *Music and Freemasonry*; *Mozart als Freimaurer und Mensch*; and in 1957 *Mozart and Masonry*.

Keith Neville Governor of Nebraska, 1917–19. b. Feb. 25, 1884 in North Platte, Nebr. Graduate of St. John's Coll., Annapolis, Md. in 1905. He engaged in banking, ranching, and real estate business at North Platte. Received degrees in Platte Valley Lodge No. 32, North Platte, Nebr. on Sept. 8, Nov. 24, 1908, July 31, 1909; Exalted in Euphrates Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. in 1909, serving as high priest of same and receiving Order of High-priesthood Dec. 11, 1912; Knighted in Palestine Commandery No. 13, K.T. on Jan. 17, 1910.

Wendell C. Neville (1870–1930) Major General, U.S. Marine Corps and holder of Congressional Medal of Honor. b. May 12, 1870 in Portsmouth; Va. Educated at U.S. Naval Academy. Commissioned in Marine Corps in 1892, and advanced through grades to major general in 1920. In the Spanish–American War he was with the 1st Battalion at taking of Guantanamo Bay; commanded a company in the Boxer Campaign, China; participated in capture of Peking; in Philippine campaign; commanded the marines at the taking of Havana, Cuba in 1906; commanded 2nd Regt. of Marines at taking of Vera Cruz, Mexico in 1914. In WWI he was regimental and brigade commander, participating in occupation of Toulon, Battles of Soissons, St. Mihiel, Blanc Mont, Meuse–Argonne, march to the Rhine, and occupation of the Coblenz bridgehead. Received Congressional Medal of Honor for “distinguished conduct” at Vera Cruz in 1914. Mason, and past president of San Francisco Chapter No. 18, National Sojourners. d. July 8, 1930.

Harry S. New (1858–1937) U.S. Senator from Indiana,

1917–23; U.S. Postmaster General, 1923–29. b. Dec. 31, 1858 in Indianapolis. Was with the Indianapolis Journal for 25 years as reporter, editor and publisher (1878–1903), and later president of the Bedford Stone and Construction Co. Member of the Indiana state senate from 1896–1900. Served as an officer in the Spanish–American War. He headed the postal service under both Harding and Coolidge. Member of Ancient Landmarks Lodge No. 319, Indianapolis; 32° AASR (NJ) and Murat Shrine Temple, all of Indianapolis. d. May 9, 1937.

Sir Cyril Louis Norton Newall Marshal of the Royal Air Force in 1940. b. in 1886. A British administrator, he served in WWI, and from 1926–31 was deputy chief of the air staff. In 1931–34 he commanded the Royal Air Force in the Middle East and was chief of air staff from 1937–40. He was governor general of New Zealand from 1941–46. His titles include G.C.B.; O.M.; G.C.M.G.; C.B.E.; A.M. In 1943 he was elected first grand principal in the Grand Chapter of England, and in 1953 was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England.

Walter C. Newberry (1835–1912) Union Brigadier General in Civil War, and U.S. Congressman from Ill. in 1891–93. b. Dec. 23, 1835 in Sangerfield, N.Y. He engaged in mercantile pursuits in Chicago and Detroit, and enlisted as a private in the 81st Reg., N.Y. Vols. Promoted through grades to brigadier general (brevet) in 1865 for gallant services at Dinwiddie Court House, where he was severely wounded. Moved to Petersburg, Va. in 1865, and was mayor of that city in 1869–70. Moved to Chicago, Ill. in 1876, where he was postmaster in

1888–89. Member of Sanger Lodge No. 129, Waterville, N.Y.
d. July 20, 1912.

Harry K. Newburn University president. b. Jan. 1, 1906 in Cuba, Ill. Graduate of Western Ill. Teachers Coll. in 1928; State U. of Iowa in 1931 and 1933. Taught and was superintendent and principal of schools in Ill. until 1931, when he became associated with the U. of Iowa. He was president of the U. of Oregon from 1945–53; president of Educational Television and Radio Center, Ann Arbor, Mich., 1953–58; consultant of the Ford Foundation, 1958–59; and president of Montana State U. at Missoula since July 1, 1959. He was a member of the president's commission on higher education in 1946–47. Member of McKenzie River Lodge No. 195 of Eugene, Oreg.

Eliphalet Newell Revolutionary patriot, said to be one of the members of the Boston Tea Party. He became a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, Dec. 11, 1777, and a charter member of King Solomons Lodge, Charles-town, Mass., when organized in Sept., 1783.

George A. Newell (1846–?) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1918–21. b. Jan. 11, 1846 in Medina, N.Y. and resided there all his life. Graduate of Yale in 1868, and was a Phi Beta Kappa. Admitted to the bar in 1869. Served as county clerk and treasurer of Orleans Co., N.Y. President of the Union National Bank of Medina. Raised in Medina Lodge No. 336, April 4, 1877, and served as master. Exalted in Orleans Chapter No. 175, Albion, N.Y., May 2, 1878, serving as high priest, but dimitting to become a charter

member of Medina Chapter No. 281, and served as high priest of this chapter for 13 years. He was grand high priest in 1904. Greeted in Alpha-Omega Council No. 71, Albion, Nov. 22, 1878, he was master of same for ten years, and grand master in 1893. Knighted in Genessee Commandery No. 10, K.T., Lockport in 1879, he was commander in 1891 and 1893, and grand treasurer of the Grand Cornmandery of New York. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Rochester in 1878 and 33° in 1895. Dropped from membership between 1930–33. Death date unknown.

G. Glenn Newell (1871–1947) Artist. b. in Berrien Co., Mich. Graduate of Albion (Mich.) Coll. in 1891, and student at National Academy of Design, 1897–99. His works hang in the National Gallery, Washington, D.C.; Youngstown (Ohio) Museum; Dallas (Texas) Museum; Detroit Museum of Art; Michigan State Teachers Coll.; and in other public and private collections. Won several national prizes, and was president of the Allied Artists of America, 1919–26, and New York Society of Painters, 1928–35. Raised in Dover Lodge No. 666, Dover Plains, N.Y. on June 29, 1916. Suspended NPD Sept. 18, 1941. d. May 7, 1947.

Robert Newell (1807–1869) Western pioneer and “mountain man.” b. March 30, 1807 near Zanesville, Ohio. Became a saddler’s apprentice in Cincinnati and moved to St. Louis. Left St. Louis for the Rocky Mountains on March 17, 1829 with the SmithJackson–Sublett party of trappers. He was closely associated with William Craig, q.v., and Kit Carson, q.v. Went to Oregon in 1840, bringing the first wagons to the

Columbia river. He was called "doctor" for his ability to make simple surgical operations in the wilds and for his knowledge of medicinal roots and herbs. He settled down to farming in Oregon first near the present town of Hillsboro and in 1844 near vicinity of Champoeg, on the Willamette. Here he stayed for nearly 20 years. Was active organizer of the Falls Association or Oregon Lyceum, at Oregon City, which was the earliest literary and debating society in Oreg. He was one of the three directors of the Oregon Printing Assn. which published *The Spectator*, in 1846. He owned and operated the first keel boats on the upper Willamette and made runs between Oregon City and Willamette Falls. Was a member of the legislative committee that formed the provisional government for Oregon, and served in every territorial legislature up to 1849, being speaker of two sessions. He was appointed Indian agent by President Polk in 1849. During the Calif. gold rush he spent some time in that state, served in the Indian War of 1855–56. When the great flood of 1861 washed out the Willamette valley, he moved to Lewiston, Idaho and his old friends, the Nez Perce Indians, deeded him five acres of land. Here he again became Indian agent. He is thought to have been a member of Multnomah Lodge at Oregon City sometime between its founding on Sept. 9, 1846 and the date when he appears as an officer in 1859. He was on the committee of Champoeg Lodge No. 27, Canby, Oreg. to fit up a lodge hall and was master of this lodge from 1859–62. It at one time met in his house. When he came to Lewiston, Idaho he became a member of Lewiston Lodge, U.D., which lasted from Dec. 23, 1862 to Dec. 1, 1865, when its charter was surrendered after most of its members had departed to

other gold fields. Newell affiliated with the lodge on April 6, 1863 and is listed as one of the brothers to whom dimitts were issued when the lodge was discontinued. The present Robert Newell lodge of Lewiston, Idaho, is named in his honor. d. Nov. 24, 1869.

William A. Newell (1819–1901) U.S. Congressman; Governor of New Jersey, 1856–60, and Governor of Washington Territory, 1880–84. b. Sept. 5, 1819 in Franklin, Ohio. Graduated from Rutgers Coll. grammar school in 1836, studied medicine and settled in N.J. He served in congress from N.J. from 1847–51, as a Whig, and again from 1865–67. In congress he served on committees of Revolutionary claims, foreign affairs, and war debts of the loyal states. He originated and procured the first congressional appropriation for life-saving stations on the N.J. coast, and was superintendent of those stations from 1861–63. From 1884–86 he was Indian commissioner for the Washington Territory. Was raised in Hightstown Lodge No. 41, Hightstown, N.J. on May 23, 1856. The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Oregon for 1882 lists him as a visitor to the grand lodge sessions. d. Aug. 8, 1901.

J. Lincoln Newhall (1870–1952) U.S. Congressman to 71st Congress (1939–41) from 6th Ky. dist. b. March 26, 1870 of American parents in Canada. With internal revenue department in Ky. from 1899–1905; director of music in public schools of Covington, Ky., 1913–29. Mason. d. July 26, 1952.

Chester O. Newlun President of State Teachers College, Platteville, Wis. since 1943. b. March 27, 1888 in Vernon,

Co., Wis. Graduate of State Normal School, La Crosse, Wis. in 1911; U. of Wisconsin in 1924, 1926, and Columbia U. in 1929. Was rural school teacher, principal and superintendent of schools in Wis. from 1904–28. From 1929–39 was professor and director of teacher training at the U. of Oklahoma. Received degrees in Marshfield Lodge No. 224, Marshfield, Wis. on April 16, May 14, June 9, 1926; dimitted Dec. 14, 1950 and affiliated with Melody Lodge No. 2, Platteville, Wis. on Feb. 6, 1951.

Robert Newman American Revolutionary patriot. He was sexton of Christ Church, Boston, and he is credited by some as the one who hung the lanterns in the church steeple that started Paul Revere, q.v., on his famous ride the night of April 18, 1775. Other writers credit John Pulling, Jr., q.v., as having hung the lanterns. Newman was made a member of St. Johns Lodge, Boston, in 1783. He received the Royal Arch degree in St. Andrew's Chapter, Boston, Nov. 5, 1794 and the Knight Templar Order in that chapter on Nov. 5, 1794. He was sentinel of the council of the Order of the Red Cross from 1802–04.

Nathaniel Newnham Lord Mayor of London, 1782–83. Member of Lodge of Emulation, London in 1788.

Sir Isaac Newton (1642–1727) English natural philosopher and mathematician. b. Dec. 25, 1642 in Woolsthorpe, England, credited with the invention of differential calculus in 1665 and integral calculus in 1666. He conceived the idea of universal gravitation after seeing an apple fall in his garden in 1665.

Most learned scientist of his day. Member of parliament in 1689; 1701–02. There is no evidence that he was a Mason, but many of his close friends were, and he is often credited with membership. d. March 20, 1727.

John W. Newton Vice President and director of Magnolia Petroleum Co., Beaumont, Texas, 1938–57. b. May 8, 1892 in Dallas, Texas. Graduate of Texas A. & M. Coll. in 1912. With Magnolia from 1914. Director of Texas Centennial of Statehood Commission in 1945–46. Member of board of directors of Texas A. & M. Coll. President of Norvell Wilder Supply Co. from May 1, 1957. Member of Tolerance Lodge No. 1165, Beaumont, Texas.

Joseph Fort Newton (1880–1950) Clergyman and Masonic author. b. July 21, 1880 in Decatur, Texas. Graduate of Coe Coll. (Ia.) in 1912; Tufts Coll. in 1918; and Temple U. in 1929. Ordained to Baptist ministry in 1893. Pastor in Paris, Texas, and St. Louis, Mo. Founder and pastor of People's Church, Dixon, Ill., 1901–08; pastor of Liberal Christian Church, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 1908–16; The City Temple, London, England, 1916–19; Church of the Divine Paternity, N.Y.C., 1919–25; Memorial Church of St. Paul, Philadelphia, 1925–30; St. James Church, Philadelphia, 1930–35; St. Luke and Epiphany, Philadelphia from 1938. He was raised in Friendship Lodge No. 7, Dixon, Ill., May 28, 1902, and later affiliated with Mt. Hermon Lodge No. 263, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Iowa from 1911–13. In 1944 he dimitted to Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Iowa Consistory, Cedar Rapids, Iowa in Oct., 1909,

and 33°, honorary, Oct. 20, 1933. Grand prelate of Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A. in 1929. His Masonic book, *The Builders*, stands as the most notable writing of the century. He also wrote *A Story and Study of Masonry* (1914) ; *The Religion of Masonry* (1926) ; his autobiography *River of Years* (1944) contains many Masonic references. He produced a score of other non-Masonic books. d. Jan. 24, 1950.

Thomas W. Newton (1804–1853) U.S. Congressman to 29th Congress (1847) from Arkansas, filling vacancy caused by resignation of Archibald Yell, q.v. b. Jan. 18, 1804 in Alexandria, Va. He attended the local schools, and moved to Arkansas in 1820, settling in Little Rock. He moved to Shelby Co., Ky., for a time, but returned to Little Rock in 1837, and became cashier in a bank. He was a member of the state senate, 1844–48. He fought a duel with Col. Ambrose H. Sevier, which ended in one shot each and a draw with a reconciliation. Member of Alexandria Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. d. Sept. 22, 1853.

Lord Brinsley Newtownbutler Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1757. Later was 2nd Earl of Lanesborough.

Michel Ney (1769–1815) Marshal of France. Served in Revolutionary and Napoleonic armies. Commanded army on the Rhine in 1799, and created marshal of France in 1804. He won the victory of Elchingen in 1805, was created *duo d'Elchingen*, and later *prince de La Moskova*. Fought at Jena, Eylau, Friedland; and from 1808–11, in Spain. He commanded the rear guard in the famous retreat from Russia in 1812, and

was engaged at Lutzen, Bautzen, and Leipzig in 1813, and the campaign for the defense of France the following year: After the Restoration, he was created a peer by Louis XVIII, but rallied to Napoleon during the Hundred Days, commanding the Old Guard at Waterloo on June 18, 1815. He was tried and condemned for treason by the chamber of peers, and shot on Dec. 7, 1815. Said to have been made a Mason in the Lodge of the Nine Sisters, Paris, about 1792. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress, 1917, says he was initiated in 1801, but does not give lodge.

Urban Niblo (1897–1957) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 20, 1897 in Galveston, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1919 and Mass. Institute of Tech. in 1928. Advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Served in Army of Occupation, Germany, 1919, and then in Hawaii. An ordnance officer, he was chief of research at Springfield (Mass.) Armory, chief of small arms division Office Chief of Ordnance, 1932–35, and then served at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and Raritan Arsenal, at N.J. In WWII he was ordnance officer of II Corps; participated in initial landing in North Africa; landing at Salerno, Italy; and was chief ordnance officer of the Mediterranean Theater until VJ Day. From 1946–51 he was chief ordnance officer of the United Nations Command in Korea. Mason, member of National Sojourners, and Heroes of '76. d. Aug. 12, 1957.

Harry W. Nice (1877–1941) Governor of Maryland, 1935–39. b. Dec. 5, 1877 in Washington, D.C. Admitted to Maryland bar in 1899 and practiced in Baltimore from that date. Served

as judge of appeal tax court, states attorney, and member of Baltimore city council. Member of Landmark Lodge No. 127, Baltimore, he received the Scottish Rite degrees in Baltimore, Jan. 8, 1931. Member of Boumi Shrine Temple, Baltimore. Attended the sesquicentennial of the Grand Lodge of Maryland at which time he said: "It is an honor to be a member of this fraternity. It is an honor to be a Marylander; and may the Almighty God on high descend upon us His richest blessing, so that you will go forth with a renewed vigor and determination to carry out His Divine command." d. Feb. 25, 1941.

Bradford Nichol (1841–1913) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1897–1900. b. Dec. 5, 1841 in Nashville, Tenn. A merchant in Nashville for 40 years. Served in the C.S.A. in the Civil War as a lieutenant on the staff of General Bate. Raised Sept. 6, 1867 in Cumberland Lodge No. 8; exalted in Cumberland Chapter No. 1, Sept. 30, 1869; greeted in Nashville Council No. 1, R. & S. M. Nov. 9, 1869; knighted in Nashville Commandery No. 1, K.T. April 30, 1880—all of Nashville. Was grand high priest in 1886; grand master of the grand council in 1887. d. Dec. 3, 1913.

Philip N. Nicholas (1773–1849) Judge of the General Court of Virginia from 1823–49. b. in Williamsburg, Va. He became a lawyer at an early age and was appointed attorney general of Virginia before he was 21. For many years he was president of the Farmers' Bank of Virginia. He was a member of the "Richmond Junta," which largely influenced the Democratic party of that state. Member of Jerusalem Lodge

No. 54, Richmond, Va. d. Aug. 18, 1849.

Samuel Nicholas (1744–1790) First U.S. Marine Corps Officer. b. in Philadelphia. The son of a tavern owner, he spent early years at sea and might have possibly served as a marine in the Royal Navy, for he was named a captain of “marines” in 1775, and given the duty of recruiting and training the first corps. By this time he was the owner of the famous Tun Tavern, Philadelphia, the site of many table–lodge meetings. His first landing was to take the forts at Nassau in the Bahamas early in 1776. For this he was promoted to major, and as the corps expanded, he became to all intents and purposes the first commandant. His original recruits were drummed into the Tun Tavern with the inducement of a colorful uniform of red, white, black, and green_ During the winter of 1776–77, when the vessels of the Navy were laid up, the Marines reinforced Washington’s little army, helped man the boats that crossed the Delaware at Trenton, and fought in the Battle of Princeton a week later. Marine detachments were assigned to all vessels of the Continental Navy, but were demobilized after the war. Their reorganization as a separate branch was effected later under the Federal government. After the war, Nichols renamed his tavern the “Conestoga Wagon,” and it was a popular meeting place for veteran leath-ernecks. He sailed on several voyages to China as supercargo on merchant vessels owned by Stephen Girard, q.v. He was a member of Lodge No. 13, Philadelphia, and on Jan. 24, 1783 he is recorded as the junior warden. d. 1790.

Wilson C. Nicholas (1757–1820) Revolutionary officer;

U.S. Senator from Virginia and Governor of Virginia. b. in Hanover, Va. about 1757. He was graduated from William and Mary Coll. In the Revolution he commanded Washington's life-guard until it was disbanded in 1783. He was a member of the convention that ratified the constitution of the U.S., and was elected U.S. senator in place of Henry Tazewell, serving from Jan. 3, 1800 until he resigned on Dec. 17, 1804. He was governor of Virginia, 1814–17. He was appointed first master of Warren Lodge No. 33, Warren, Albemarle Co., Va. d. Oct. 10, 1820.

Francis Nichols (1737–1812) Officer in American Revolution. b. in Crieve Hill, Enniskillen, Ireland in 1737. He came to America in 1769, and enlisted in the patriot army in Cumberland Co., Pa., in 1775. He was captured at Quebec, Dec. 31, 1775, and released in Aug. 1776. He subsequently rose to the rank of brigadier general. He was the first U.S. marshal of the eastern district of Pa. Member of . Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, he is recorded as having visited Lodge No. 8, Chester Co., Pa. during the Revolution. d. Feb. 13, 1812.

John C. Nichols (1896–1945) U.S. Congressman to 74th through 78th Congresses (1935–43) from 2nd Okla. dist. b. Aug. 31, 1896 in Joplin, Mo. Admitted to Okla. bar in 1926, and practiced at Eufaula from that time. He resigned from congress, July 3, 1943, to become vice president of Transcontinental and Western Air, Inc., Kansas City, Mo. Served in WWI. Member of Eufaula Lodge No. 1, Eufaula, Okla., receiving degrees on Sept. 1, 16, Oct. 19, 1939. Member of Indian Consistory No. 2, AASR (S.J.) at McAlester. Killed in

airplane accident in Egypt, Nov. 7, 1945.

Alfred O. P. Nicholson (1808–1876) U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1840–42 and 1859–61; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Tennessee, 1870. b. Aug. 31, 1808 in Williamson Co., Tenn. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1827, he abandoned the study of medicine for law, and was admitted to the bar in 1831, practicing at Columbia, Tenn; He edited *The Western Mercury* at Columbia from 1832–35; *The Nashville Union* in 1844–46; and *The Washington Union* in 1853–56. Member of the state house of representatives from 1833–39. He was appointed U.S. _ senator in place of Felix Grundy, q.v., serving from Dec. 25, 1840 to Feb. 7, 1842. He was president of the Bank of Tennessee in 1846–47, and printer to the 33rd congress, and to the senate in the 34th congress. He declined a cabinet appointment by President Pierce in 1852. Was elected U.S. senator and served from 1859 until March 3, 1861, when he retired and was formally expelled on July 11 of that year for his connection with the secession movement. During the war he was twice arrested and imprisoned. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 31, Columbia, Tenn. d. March 23, 1876.

James Nicholson (1737–1804) Commander-in-Chief of American Navy in Revolution. b. in Chestertown, Md. Received naval training, and was at the capture of Havana in 1762. Resided in New York from 1763–71, and in 1775 entered the Revolutionary Navy on the *Defense*, a Maryland ship. With this ship, he recaptured several vessels from the British, and in June, 1776 was given command of the *Virginia*

of 28 guns. In Jan., 1777 he succeeded Commodore Esek Hopkins as commander-in-chief of the Navy and held that post until its dissolution. A blockade of the Chesapeake prevented the Virginia from leaving the bay and Capt. Nicholson and his crew joined the army and took part in the Battle of Trenton. Later the Virginia was stuck on a bar in an escape attempt, and was captured. He afterward commanded the frigate Trumbull of 38 guns. He was captured with his ship and crew and imprisoned until near the close of the war. Made a Mason in Lodge No. 7, Kent Co., Md. and on June 19, 1778 was admitted to Lodge No. 16, Baltimore, Md., "being before a regular ancient Master Mason." Lodge No. 7 was an "Ancient" lodge chartered by Pennsylvania at Chestertown, where he had resided. d. Sept. 2, 1804. He was a brother of Samuel Nicholson, q.v.

Norman Nicholson President of Waterman Steamship Corp., Mobile, Ala. since 1944. b. Sept. 17, 1893 in San Francisco, Calif. Was an apprentice and petty officer on sea-going vessels from 1910–14; licensed officer, 1914–17; and master mariner, 1919–24. From 1924–31 he was port captain of Waterman Steamship Corp.; operating manager, 1931–33; vice president, 1933–37; and executive vice president, 1937–44. Member of Golden Gate Lodge No. 30, San Francisco, Calif.; Mobile Chapter No. 21, R.A.M.; Mobile Commandery No. 2, K.T. and Abba Shrine Temple, all of Mobile, Ala.

Oliver Nicholson (1864–1952) New Zealand lawyer, financier, and philanthropist. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Zealand, 1916–17. He was one of New Zealand's

authorities on finance, and his advice was often sought by prime ministers. At the time of his death he was the oldest practicing lawyer in Auckland. He was chairman of the Bank of New Zealand; chairman of the directors of the New Zealand Insurance Co. He owned a stable of racing horses. As a philanthropist, he was the prime mover of the Papakura Masonic Boys' Home and also of the building of the Masonic Temple in Auckland. In 1908 he was pro grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Zealand during the grand mastership of Lord Plunket, governor general.

Ralph Nicholson Newspaper publisher. b. Feb. 12, 1899 in Greens Fork, Ind. Graduate of Earlham Coll. in 1920 and Harvard in 1941. Began as a carrier boy in 1912. Part time reporter for Richmond (hid.) Item; European correspondent for Philadelphia Public Ledger; vice president of Editorial Research Assn. (N.Y.); production manager of New York Evening Post; general manager of Japan Advertiser, Tokyo; production manager of New York Telegram; assistant business manager of Pittsburgh Press; manager public relations for General Motors, 1930–31; general manager of McFadden Newspapers, 1932; assistant publisher of New York Daily Mirror, 1932–33; general manager of Tampa Times, 1933–41 and director, 1933–51; president of New Orleans Item, 1941–49; president of The Charlotte Observer, 1951–53 and owner, president and publisher of the Dothan (Ala.) Eagle since 1956. Received degrees in Webb Lodge No. 24, Richmond, Ind. in 1920.

Samuel Nicholson (1743–1813) Commander-in-chief of

the U.S. Navy. A lieutenant under John Paul Jones, q.v., in the battle between the *Bon Homme Richard* and the *Serapis*. b. in Maryland in 1743, the brother of James Nicholson, q.v. He was appointed a captain, Sept 17, 1779, and early in 1782 commanded the frigate *Deane* of 32 guns, with which he took many prizes including three sloops of war. He retained his rank of captain after the reorganization of the Navy in June, 1794, and was the first commander of the famous frigate *Constitution*, whose construction he superintended. At the time of his death he was at the head of the Navy. Member of Lodge No. 17, Queenstown, Md. d. Dec. 29, 1813.

Samuel D. Nicholson (1859–1923) U.S. Senator from Colorado, 1921–27. b. Feb. 22, 1859 in Prince Edward Island, Canada, he settled at Leadville, Colo. in 1881. He was a common laborer, but became a mine foreman. His savings were invested in mining prospects which eventually brought handsome returns. Was president and general manager of the Western Mining Co., and director of the Denver National Bank as well as banks at Leadville and Monte Vista. From 1893–97 he was mayor of Leadville. His will provided for a monument to be erected in Denver to the memory of Colorado pioneer miners. A large memorial window in the Colorado state senate chambers carries his portrait. Member of Leadville Lodge No. 51, receiving degrees on Jan. 20, Feb. 17, March 2, 1889 and was master of same in 1892. Exalted in Leadville Chapter No. 10, R.A.M. on March 25, 1889, later serving as Royal Arch Captain and Captain of Host. Knighted in Mt. of Holy Cross Commandery No. 5, K.T. also of Leadville on June 5, 1889, later serving as Standard Bearer and Senior Warden. Received

AASR (SJ) degrees in Colorado Consistory No. 1, Denver in Nov. 1912. Became member of El Jebel Shrine Temple, Denver on May 30, 1894. d. March 24, 1923.

Frank J. Nicht Newspaper executive. b. Feb. 23, 1889 in Auburn, N.Y. Was commercial manager of United Press, 1908–13; service and business manager of International News Service, 1917–19; sales manager of King Features Syndicate, 1919–43; and general sales manager of King Features, International News Service and International News Photos, 1943–56. Has been director of Hearst Corp. since 1956. Life member of White Plains Lodge No. 473, White Plains, N.Y.

Emil Nichtberg Midget, 4 feet tall, weighing 98 pounds. Member of Universal Lodge No. 958, Chicago Ill.

Christoph F. Nicolai (1733–1811) German writer, critic and bookseller. b. March 18, 1733 in Berlin. He was champion of German enlightenment (Aufklärung) and opponent of authority and orthodoxy in religion, the philosophy of Kant and Fichte, as well as the extravagance in contemporary literature. He was the literary associate of Lessing and Moses Mendelssohn, qq.v. He collaborated with the latter in the founding of the critical journal, *Bibliothek der Schönen Wissenschaften und Freyen Künste*, and in the literary review *Briefe, die Neueste Literatur Betreffend*. He was a member of Friend of Lessing Lodge. In 1782–83 he wrote *An Essay on the Accusations Made Against the Order of Knights Templar and Their Mystery*; with an Appendix on the Origin of the Fraternity of Freemasons. In it he advanced the theory that

Freemasonry was conceived by Francis Bacon. d. in Berlin, Jan. 8, 1811.

Henry F. Niedringhaus (1864–1941) U.S. Congressman to 70th through 72nd Congresses (1927–33) from 10th Mo. dist. b. Dec. 15, 1864 in St. Louis, Mo. Was district chairman, board of governors of Shriners Hospital for Crippled Children. Member of Occidental Lodge No. 163, St. Louis, receiving degrees on Jan. 11, 28, and Feb. 11, 1895. Imperial Potentate of the Shrine in 1916–17. d. Aug. 3, 1941.

Alfonso Poletti Nieva President of the Mexican Allied Railroads and former president of the Masonic Interamerican Confederation. b. Sept. 26, 1897 in Mexico City. His father was a doctor of Italian nationality, and a Mason. His mother was a Mexican. Due to family tragedy, he was forced to earn a living at the age of 11, being paid one cent an hour. While a youth he served in the Mexican revolution under the Carranza regime. He is an agent of the stock exchange and is employed by the Mexican National Railways. He has several industrial inventions to his credit. Initiated Aug. 11, 1927 in Union Lodge No. 6, and served twice as master and grand master of the Grand Lodge Valle de Mexico. Is a 33°, sovereign grand inspector general, and active member of the Supreme Council of Mexico.

Florence Nightingale (1820–1910) English nurse, hospital reformer, and philanthropist, known as “the Lady with the Lamp.” She was first woman to receive British Order of Merit (1907). While she was still living, a group of Masons

attached to the British Royal Artillery formed a lodge bearing her name, showing the esteem which soldiers held for her. It is Florence Nightingale Lodge No. 706, London, England.

Alva J. Niles (1882–1950) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. April 5, 1882 in Whitehall, Ill. In 1803–05 he was treasurer of school land funds of Oklahoma Territory, and adjutant general of same, 1906–07. He was president of Oklahoma banks in Mountain View, Sentinel, and Okemah from 1908–14, and president of Security National of Tulsa from 1919–23. In oil production and investment business from 1923. Served as private in Spanish–American War. In Oklahoma National Guard from captain to brigadier general. In Mexican border service. In regular Army in WWI and became brigadier general in 1923. Member of Chikaskia Lodge No. 109, Blackwell, Okla., receiving degrees on April 8, May 6, June 3, 1903; affiliated with Albert Pike Lodge No. 162, Guthrie, in 1907 and with Delta Lodge No. 425, Tulsa, in 1916. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Oklahoma Consistory, May 21, 1905; KCCH on Oct. 21, 1909 and 33° on Oct. 24, 1919. Shriner. d. Jan. 19, 1950.

Hezekiah Niles (1777–1839) American Journalist. b. Oct. 10, 1777 in Chester Co., Pa. He learned the printing trade, and about 1800, became a member of an unsuccessful firm in Wilmington, Del. He then moved to Baltimore, Md., where for six years he edited a daily paper. He is chiefly known as the founder, printer and publisher of Niles' Register, a weekly journal published at Baltimore, which he edited from 1811–36, and which is considered so valuable as a source of American history that the first 32 volumes were reprinted.

It was continued by his son until 1849, making a total of 76 volumes. He advocated the protection of national industry and was a champion of the "American system." The towns of Niles, Mich., and Niles, Ohio were named in his honor. He was made a Mason in Warren Lodge No. 51 about 1812 (Md.), and served as master several terms. Was active in the grand lodge. He was past high priest of Phoenix Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Baltimore, and was grand high priest of the grand chapter in 1818–19. d. April 2, 1839.

Eugene D. Nimms (1865–1954) President of Southwestern Bell Telephone Co., 1919–30. b. April 3, 1865 in Fond du Lac, Wis. In lumber business at Humboldt, Nebr. and Greenfield, Kans. He made the "run" at the opening of the Cherokee strip, Okla. in 1893, and settled at Perry. In 1896 he was a founder of the Arkansas Valley Telegraph Co. and Pioneer Telephone & Telegraph Co., which merged in 1914 with the Southwestern Bell system, of which he was vice president and treasurer until 1919, when he became president. He later became a director of the First National Bank, St. Louis, Mo. Became charter member of Perry Lodge No. 78, Perry, Oklahoma, in 1894. Dimitted in 1906. d. Jan. 30, 1954.

Robert H. Nisbet Landscape painter and etcher. b. Aug. 25, 1879 in Providence, R.I. His principal works are: Eve of St. John at National Arts Club, N.Y.; The Emerald Robe, Butler Art Institute, Ohio; Earliest Spring, Rhode Island School of Design; Promise of Spring, Rhode Island Hospital; Winter, Plantations Club, Providence, R.I.; The Hurrying River, Telfair Academy, Savannah, Ga. Represented by etchings in museums

of Milwaukee, Detroit, Brooklyn, Library of Congress, National Museum, Smithsonian Inst., and New York Public Library. Winner of many national prizes and awards for painting and etching. Mason and 32° AASR. Grand master, Grand Lodge of Connecticut, in 1952–53. Raised in St. Luke's Lodge No. 48, Kent. Conn. June 29, 1911; master of same in 1916. Member of Ousatonic Chapter No. 33, RAM., New Milford; Hamilton Cornmandery, K.T.; 32° AASR (NJ) in Lafayette Consistory; Pyramid Shrine Temple; Buel Council No. 20, R. & S.M. Recipient of Champlain Medal of G. L. of Rhode Island in 1953; Pierpont Edwards Medal of G. L. of Connecticut in 1955 and Erasmus James Phillips Medallion of G.L. of Nova Scotia in 1958.

Harold A. Nisley Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 16, 1892 in Washington Court House, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1917 and Mass. Inst. of Tech. in 1923. Advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1945, and retired in 1948, on physical disability. Served with Field Artillery in WWI, transferring to Ordnance Dept. in 1920. In WWII he was successively ordnance officer, Armored Force, Fort Knox, Ky.; chief automotive maintenance, field service, Ordnance Office; ordnance officer, Hdqrs., Ground Forces, Member of Fayette Lodge No. 107, Washington Court House, Ohio. Received first two degrees in own lodge in May, 1917 and third by courtesy of Carthage Lodge No. 158, Carthage, N.Y., in summer of 1917. 32° AASR (SJ) at Gulfport, Miss. Former member of Hamasa Shrine Temple, Meridian, Miss.

George S. Nixon (1860–1912) U.S. Senator from Nevada,

1905–12. b. April 2, 1860 in Placer Co., Calif. Entered employ of a railway company at age of 19, studied telegraphy, and was transferred to Nevada in 1881, where he served three years as a telegraph operator. He became the cashier of a bank at Winnemucca, Nev.; built an opera house in Reno and a theater in Winnemucca. He was also interested in mining and stock raising. Member of the state house of representatives in 1891. Member of Winnemucca Lodge No. 19, Winnemucca, Nev. d. June 5, 1912 and interred in the Masonic Cemetery at Reno, Nev.

John Nixon (1733–1808) American Revolutionary leader. b. in Philadelphia, Pa. Succeeded to his father's business (shipping merchant), and in the French War became lieutenant of the company of which his father had been captain on its organization. In 1765 he signed the non-importation agreement against the stamp act, and from that time onward was foremost in opposition to the crown. Member of the first committee of safety formed at Philadelphia, and a member of the committee which replied to the letter carried by Paul Revere, q.v. In May, 1776 he had charge of the defenses of the Delaware at Fort Island. In July 8, 1776 he read and proclaimed the Declaration of Independence to the people for the first time publicly, at the state house in Philadelphia. In Dec., 1776, having succeeded John Cadwalader, q.v., as colonel of the 3rd battalion of "The Associators," known as the "silk stockings," he marched with his battalion to Trenton, N.J. and remained with Washington's army until late in Jan., taking part in the Battle of Princeton, and with the troops at Valley Forge. In 1780, on the formation of the Bank of

Pennsylvania to supply the Continental Army, he was made first director. He was one of the organizers of the Bank of North America in 1783, and was its second president from 1792 until his death on Dec. 31, 1808. His lodge is not known, but he is recorded as a visitor to American Union Lodge on June 24, 1779.

Charles F. Noble (1872–1931) Pioneer oil producer of the mid-continent field, b. Dec. 1, 1872 in Ill. Studied at Park Coll. (Mo.), 1889–91. He was an oil producer and refiner from 1903, and president of the Creek Oil Corp. and San Juan Oil Syndicate. Member of Baxter Lodge No. 71, Baxter Springs, Kans. receiving degrees in June and Oct. of 1891. Expelled in 1905. Reinstated on June 7, 1920 and dimitted same day. d. Dec. 22, 1931.

James Noble (1785–1831) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1816–31. b. Dec. 16, 1785 near Berryville, Va. Moved with his parents to Campbell Co., Ky. in 1795. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and in 1811 moved to Brookville, Ind. Here he was a member of the convention to draft the constitution of the state in 1816, and a member of the first state house of representatives in 1816, which elected him to the U.S. senate. He served in the senate from 1816 until his death. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 11, Brookville, Ind. d. Feb. 26, 1831.

Noah Noble (1794–1841) Governor of Indiana, 1831–37. b. Jan. 15, 1794 in Frederick Co., Va. He was sheriff of Franklin Co., Ind., a colonel in the Brookville (Ind.) militia, member

of the state legislature and twice defeated for U.S. senator. He was the first petitioner in Harmony Lodge, Brookville, Ind. while U.D. from the Grand Lodge of Ohio, on June 7, 1817. He became master of Harmony Lodge No. 11 (under Grand Lodge of Indiana) in 1822. In 1829 he was grand marshal of the grand lodge and grand sword bearer in 1832. He transferred to Centre Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis, about 1834. d. Feb. 8, 1841.

Edmund F. Noel (1856–1927) Governor of Mississippi, 1908–12. b. March 4, 1856 near Lexington, Miss. He read law under an uncle in 1875–76, and was admitted to the bar in 1877, practicing at Lexington after that date. He served in both houses of the state legislature, and was district attorney, 1887–91. Served as a captain in Co. K, 2nd Miss. Inf., in Spanish–American War. He was the first chairman of the first conference of governors which was held at Washington, D.C. in May, 1908. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 24, Lexington, Miss. d. July 30, 1927.

Sterling Noel Managing editor of Baltimore News Post and American since 1956. b. March 28, 1903 in San Francisco, Calif. Studied at U. of California, Columbia U. and U. of Paris. Became member of editorial staff of San Francisco Bulletin in 1921. This was followed by stints on the San Francisco News; Sacramento Union; New York Daily News; New York American; and Chicago Tribune (in Paris). He was with the New York Journal American from 1933–52, serving as make-up editor, night editor, Sunday editor, and managing editor. In WWII he was U.S. liaison officer with the French Navy,

1943–44, and participated in invasions at Corsica, Normandy, and Southern France. Author of *I Killed Stalin*; *Few Die Well*; *Hydra-Head*; *Paris Affair*; and other books, motion pictures and short stories. Mason and Knight Templar.

Henry S. Nollen (1866–1942) President of Equitable Life Insurance Co. of Iowa, 1921–39. b. Sept. 26, 1866 at Pella, Iowa. Graduate of Central Coll., Pella, Ia. in 1885. Began as a bookkeeper in bank at Pella at age of ten. Was professor of mathematics at Central Coll., in banking and public utilities, and from 1893–1913 was auditor and later secretary of Banker's Life Assn. of Des Moines, reorganizing the association from an assessment to legal reserve basis. He was vice president of Equitable Life from 1913–21; president, 1921–39; chairman of board, 1939–41; and trustee after 1941. Member of both York and Scottish Rites, 33° AASR (SJ), Red Cross of Constantine, C.B.C.S., chairman of Masonic Service Committee of Grand Lodge of Iowa from 1920, and grand treasurer of same in 1940–41. Received degrees in Capital Lodge No. 110, Des Moines on June 10, 23, 30, 1908. dimitting Feb. 8, 1921 to become a charter member of Moingona Lodge No. 633, Des Moines. d. April 24, 1942.

Thomas H. Noonan (1865–1957) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1926–35. b. Dec. 17, 1865 in Ferris-burgh, Vt. Graduate of Middlebury (Vt.) Coll. in 1891 and admitted to the bar in 1894. He practiced at Buffalo until 1912, and was then deputy attorney general of N.Y., associate judge of city court, Buffalo, and county judge of Erie Co., N.Y. Official referee of supreme court since 1936. Affiliated with DeMolay

Lodge No. 498, Buffalo, N.Y. on Jan. 24, 1899 from Union Lodge No. 2 of Vermont. Served as master of DeMolay Lodge and in 1917–18 was grand sword bearer of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. Aug. 31, 1957.

John Noorthouck (c. 1746–1816) Editor of the English Book of Constitutions, fifth edition, which was considered by far the best (1784). William Preston, q.v., had originally been chosen for the task by Grand Secretary Heseltine, and when the task was assigned to Noorthouck, a quarrel resulted between the two. In 1778, Noorthouck, treasurer of the Lodge of Antiquity, which he had joined in 1771, saw fit to report Preston to its master for having organized a procession to St. Dunstan's Church without a dispensation. The subsequent expulsion of Noorthouck from the lodge added fuel to the flames. The quarrel seems to have been healed since Noorthouck apparently became a member of Preston's Grand Chapter of Harodim. He was the son of a London bookseller, and worked as an index-maker, corrector of the press, and author.

Peter Norbeck (1870–1936) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1920–36; Governor of South Dakota, 1917–21. b. Aug. 27, 1870 near Vermillion, S. Dak. Attended the U. of South Dakota, moved to Bloomington, and then Redfield, where he engaged in agricultural pursuits, and was a contractor and driller of deep wells. Was a member of the state senate from 1909–15 and lieutenant governor in 1915–16. He was instrumental in the establishment of the Rushmore National Monument, and a member of its commission from

the inception. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Yankton, S. Dak. on June 22, 1919. Member of Yelduz Shrine Temple at Aberdeen. d. Dec. 20, 1936.

Walter Norblad U.S. Congressman from Oregon to 79th through 85th Congresses from 1st Oreg. dist. b. Sept. 12, 1908 in Escanaba, Mich. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1930, 1932; graduate study at Harvard Law School. Admitted to the bar in 1932 and practiced at Astoria. Member of Oregon legislature, 1935–37. Intelligence officer with 8th and 9th Air Forces in WWII. His full name is Albin Walter Norblad, Jr. His father is former governor of Oreg. Member of Harbor Lodge No. 183, Astoria, Oreg.

Frank H. Norcross (1869–1952) Federal Judge, District of Nevada, 1928–45. b. May 11, 1869 in Reno, Nev. Graduate of U. of Nevada in 1891, 1911, and Georgetown U. (D.C.) in 1895. Admitted to Nevada bar in 1894. Served as district attorney for Was–hoe Co., member of Nevada assembly, and was a justice of the supreme court of Nevada from 1904–16, and chief justice of same from 1909–11 and 1915–16. Resumed private practice at Reno in 1917–27. Was an elector of New York U. Hall of Fame. Member of Reno Lodge No. 13; Reno Chapter No. 7, R.A.M.; DeWitt Clinton Cornmandery No. 1, K.T.; Kerak Shrine Temple, all of Reno, Nevada. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Reno Consistory, Dec. 20, 1901; KCCH, Oct. 19, 1905; 33° June 19, 1910. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada, 1909–10. d. Nov. 4, 1952.

Gunnar H. Nordbye Federal Judge of Minnesota since

1931. b. Feb. 4, 1888 in Urskog, Norway. Brought to U.S. by parents in 1888. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1912, and in practice of law at Minneapolis from 1912–22. Later served as judge of municipal court and judge of 4th judicial district. Member of Khurum Lodge No.112, Minneapolis, Minn., receiving degrees on Feb. 27, March 6, and March 12, 1914. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota in 1939. 33°, honorary, AASR.

Gustaf A. Nordin Executive Editor of Duluth Herald and News Tribune (Minn.) since 1956. b. April 24, 1911 in Duluth. Began as a reporter on Duluth News–Tribune. Was successively with Duluth Herald; United Press correspondent; editor and manager of Duluth Labor World (A.F. of L.) ; Washington correspondent for Northwest Publications, Inc.; bureau chief for same; managing editor of Duluth Herald and News Tribune, 1950–56. Member of Euclid Lodge No. 198, Duluth, Minn.

Thomas, 8th Duke of Norfolk Grand Master, Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1729–30. Family is still the premier dukedom of England, ranking next after princess of the royal blood.

Claude L. Norman British Brigadier General and Provincial Grand Master of Surrey. b. Feb. 19, 1876, in Somerset, son of Field Marshal Sir H. W. Norman. Educated in Marlborough Coll. and commissioned second lieutenant in British Army. Saw service on Northwest frontier of India, and afterwards in East Africa, Somaliland. Served in WWI, 1914–1918, where he was awarded the D.S.O. Retired from the Army in 1922.

Was senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1930, and provincial grand master of Somerset since 1935. Past district second grand principal of Punjab; grand inspector general 33°, in Ancient and Accepted Rite; past grand overseer in the Mark Grand Lodge of England; Knight Templar and provincial great constable of Somerset, Monmouth, and South Wales.

William F. Norrell U.S. Congressman, 76th through 86th Congresses (1939–60) from 6th Ark. Dist. b. Aug. 29, 1896 at Milo, Ark. Educated in Arkansas A.&M. Coll., Coll. of the Ozarks, and Ark. Law School. Admitted to the bar in 1920 and began practice in Monticello. Member of Arkansas state senate for eight years and president of same for four years. Served in Quartermaster Corps during WWI. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 40, Monticello, Ark., Monticello Chapter No. 115, R.A.M., Alpha Council No. 59, R. & S.M., 32° AASR (SJ) at Little Rock and Sahara Shrine Temple of Pine Bluff, Ark.

George W. Norris (1861–1944) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1913–43; U.S. Congressman, 1903–13. b. July 11, 1861 on farm near Clyde, Ohio. He taught school while studying law, and was graduated from Valparaiso U. (Ind.) in 1883. He continued teaching until he moved to Beaver City, Nebr. in 1885, where he practiced law. In 1899 he moved to McCook, Nebr. Elected as a Republican to 58th through 62nd congresses, becoming U.S. senator the next election. Received degrees in Beaver City Lodge No. 93, Beaver City, Nebr. on May 3, June 28, 1890. Member of Sesostris Shrine Temple, Lincoln, Nebr. d. Sept. 2, 1944.

Caleb North (1753–1840) Revolutionary soldier. b. July 15, 1753 in Chester Co., Pa. He was a merchant at Coventry, Pa. at the beginning of the Revolution. He was a captain in the 4th Pa. battalion and served in the Canada campaign. On his return from Ticonderoga, he was promoted to major of the 10th regiment, and as such, rendered important service. After the Battle of Germantown he was promoted to lieutenant colonel of the 11th Pa. regiment, and was in the Battle of Monmouth. In July, 1778 he was transferred to the 9th Pa. regiment and in Jan. 1781 to the 2nd regiment, which took part in the Southern campaign. After the surrender of Cornwallis, he had charge of the British prisoners on their march from Va. to York and Lancaster, Pa. After the war he resumed business at Coventry, and subsequently moved to Philadelphia, where in 1819 he was chosen high-sheriff. From 1828 until his death he was president of the Society of Cincinnati in Pa., and was the last surviving field officer of the Pa. line. He was a member of Pennsylvania-Union Lodge No. 29 of the Pa. line, and is recorded as having visited Lodge No. 8, Chester Co., Pa. d. Nov. 7, 1840.

Henry E. North Vice President of Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. from 1936–59. b. Jan. 20, 1889 in Kansas City, Kans. Was a civil engineer from 1910–13, becoming associated with Metropolitan in the latter year. He was first an agent, assistant manager, manager, superintendent of agencies, 1921–28, third vice president, 1928–33, second vice president, 1933–36, and vice president since 1936. Served overseas with U.S. Army in WWI. Member of Phalanx Lodge No. 31, Charlotte, N. Car.

H. Clifford Northcott Methodist Bishop. b. Oct. 16, 1890 in Exeter, Ont., Canada, and brought to the U.S. the same year. Graduate of Northwestern U. (Ill.) in 1918, 1919, and Illinois Wesleyan U. in 1929. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1919, and was pastor at Elmhurst, Chicago, Oak Park, Champaign, all in Ill. Consecrated bishop in July, 1948, and since that date has been bishop for Wisconsin area. Served as a chaplain in the A.E.F. of WWI. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 240, Champaign, Ill.; 32° AASR (NJ) in Madison, Wis.; 33° in Boston, Mass.

Sir John Northcott Australian Lieutenant General. b. in 1890 at Crestwick, Victoria, Australia. Be-came governor of New South Wales in 1952, and at the same time grand master of the Grand Lodge of New South Wales. Since 1888 it has been the custom of the governor of N.S.W. to be grand master of that grand lodge. Others serving before him in this double capacity have been: the Earl of Jersey; Sir Robert William Duff; Admiral Sir Harry Holdsworth Rawson; Lord Chelmsford; Lord Stonehaven; and Lord Gowrie. He was present at the Anzac landing at Gallipoli in WWI, and was later severely wounded. From 1923–25 he was on the staff of the Staff College, Camberley, England. Returning to Australia, he was director of supplies at Army headquarters, Melbourne. Spent time in U.S. and Canada and was director of military operations and intelligence of Australia. Deputy chief of the Australian General Staff at outbreak of WWII. Holds titles of KCMG, CB, MVO, K.St. J.

Lord Bishop of Norwich (Rt. Rev. Dr. Percy Mark Herbert).

b. April 24, 1885 in Shrewsbury, England. Attended Rugby and Trinity Coll., Cambridge. Ordained in 1908. Became bishop suffragan of Kingston-on-Thames in 1922, first bishop of the See of Blackburn in 1926–42, and Bishop of Norwich from 1942. He was spiritual advisor of King George VI, q.v., and not only attended the King during his illness at Sandringham, but officiated at the funeral service held in the church after his death and prior to the transfer of the remains to London. He continued as advisor to Queen Mary. Was initiated in the Lodge of Rectitude No. 502 at Rugby in 1913, and later affiliated with Billings Lodge No. 4926 of Blackburn, and was master in 1930. Exalted in Rectitude Chapter No. 502, Rugby, and is past first principal. Has been provincial grand master of Norfolk and head of the Royal Arch in that province since 1943.

1st Earl of Nottingham (see 2nd Baron of Effingham).

Amos Nourse (1794–1877) U.S. Senator from Maine, in 1857. b. Dec. 17, 1794 in Bolton, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1812. Was postmaster at Hallowell, Me., from 1822–41, and moved to Bath in 1845. He studied medicine and began practice at Bath. Was medical professor at Bowdoin Coll., Brunswick, Maine, 1846–54. He was elected to the senate to fill the vacancy caused by resignation of Hannibal Hamlin, serving from Jan. 16 to March 3, 1857. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1832. Member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 4, Hallowell, he was high priest in 1827, deputy grand high priest in 1829. Received Order of High Priesthood in 1854. d. April 7, 1877.

Nicolas Ivanovitz Novikov (1744–1818) Russian Masonic pioneer. b. April 27, 1744. A talented preacher and fighter for the rights of the oppressed. He wrote an instructive Masonic book, *The Freemason*. He began his Masonic career by preaching against the enslavement of the national intellect and failure to take advantage of the opportunity of education. It is probably that the Masonic ideal, as pictured by the writer Tolstoy in his *War and Peace*, was derived from Novikov. The Tsarina Catherine was influenced by his ideas and admitted him to her intimate circle, but when she thought he would found schools, she ordered him arrested. She then waged war against the Masons wherever they could be found. Freemasonry arrived in Russia from Scotland about 1772, and Novikov was associated with it from about that date. After Masonry was banned, he formed the Society of the Friends of Learning, which was Masonic in its concepts.

George C. Nowlan Canadian Minister of National Revenue since 1957. b. Aug. 14, 1898 in Havelock, N.S. Graduate of Acadia U. in 1920 and admitted to the N.S. bar in 1922; created Queen's Council in 1933. He has practiced law at Wolfville, N.S. from 1922. Was member of the N.S. legislature, 1925–33; member of House of Commons, from 1948; and member of Privy Council since 1957. Member of St. Georges Lodge No. 20, Wolf-vine, N.S. since 1925, and past master of same. 18° AASR at Halifax.

Frank E. Noyes (1856–1941) Newspaper publisher. b. April 21, 1856 in Appleton, Wis. Learned typesetting in 1868, and studied law in 1879. Was associated with father in

publishing the Marinette (Wis.) Eagle in 1884, and published the Marinette Eagle-Star from 1893. In 1919 he established the Ironwood (Mich.) Daily Globe, and in 1927 the Marshfield (Wis.) News-Herald. Received degrees in Olive Branch Lodge No. 250, Marinette, Wis. (now defunct) on March 24, April 21, May 28, 1881. Dimitted Feb. 4, 1892 and affiliated with Marinette Lodge No. 182, Marinette, Wis. on May 5, 1898. 33° AASR, he was grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. in 1909, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., in 1914. He erected many historical and geographical markers and monuments. d. Nov. 28, 1941.

Linwood I. Noyes Newspaper publisher. b. Dec. 9, 1894 in Marinette, Wis., the son of Frank E. Noyes, q.v. An engineering graduate of Mass. Inst. of Tech. in 1917, he first was an architectural engineer with Stone and Webster. In 1919 he was co-founder of the Ironwood (Mich.) Daily Globe, which he has published since that date. Also president and treasurer of Marinette (Wis.) Eagle-Star since 1932, and secretary of Marshfield (Wis.) News-Herald since 1927. Received degrees in Marinette Lodge No. 182, Marinette, Wis., on June 13, 21 and July 5, 1917; affiliated with Ironwood Lodge No. 389, Ironwood, Mich. on Nov. 9, 1922; became life member July 5, 1957.

William L. Nuessle (1878-1959) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of North Dakota. b. May 5, 1878 in North Boston, N.Y. Received degrees from U. of North Dakota in 1899, 1901. Admitted to the bar in 1901 and practiced at Grand Forks, S. Dak. Was justice of supreme court of North Dakota from

1923–50, and chief justice in 1928–33–39–40–49. Received degrees on Oct. 3, 1904, Feb. 6 and March 6, 1905 in Bismarck Lodge No. 5, Bismarck, N.D. Member of both York and Scottish rites; 33° AASR (SJ) and member of El Zagal Shrine Temple. Served on trial commission of the grand lodge. d. March 30, 1959.

Rafael del Riego y Nunez (see under del Riego).

Jesse L. Nusbaum Archaeologist. b. Sept. 3, 1887 in Greeley, Colo. Graduate of Colo. Teachers Coll. in 1907 and Colo. State Coll. of Education, 1946. Made his first expedition to Mesa Verde, Colo. in 1906. For many years a photographer, explorer, excavator, and repairer of ruins of Cliff Dwellers in Southwest, and member and director of expeditions to Utah, Mexico, Yucatan, Guatemala, etc. Appointed archaeologist of National Park Service and archaeologist of Department of Interior in 1927. Superintendent of Mesa Verde National Park, 1936–39. Raised Aug. 17, 1911 in Montezuma Lodge No. 1, Santa Fe, N. Mex., and life member of same. 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe and former member of Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple, Albuquerque.

Monroe L. Nute President of Lions, International, in 1954. b. May 10, 1902 in York, Pa. Owner of Nute Motor Co., Kennett Square, Pa., established in 1931. Was international 3rd, 2nd, 1st vice president of Lions in 1951–53. Member of Kennett Lodge No. 475, Kennett Square, Pa. and 32° AASR (NJ) in Delaware Consistory.

Gerald P. Nye U.S. Senator from North Dakota, 1925–45. b. Dec. 19, 1892 in Hortonville, Wis. Began as publisher of The Review, Hortonville, Wis. in 1911. After a stretch on Iowa newspapers, including the Des Moines Register and Leader, he moved to North Dakota and purchased the Fryburg Pioneer. In 1919 he settled in Cooperstown, N. Dak. and became editor and manager of the Griggs County Sentinel Courier. He was appointed to the U.S. senate on Nov. 14, 1925. He was chairman of the Teapot Dome and munitions investigations. Now president of Records Engineering, Inc., Washington, D.C. Member of Northern Light Lodge No. 45, Cooperstown, N. Dak., receiving degrees on Jan. 3, Feb. 7, March 25, 1929. 32° AASR (SJ).

James W. Nye (1815–1876) First U.S. Senator from Nevada, 1864–73. b. June 10, 1815 in De Ruyter, N.Y. Educated in Cortland Academy, Homer, N.Y., and studied law at Troy, N.Y., being admitted to the bar in Madison Co., N.Y. He was district attorney and judge of Madison Co. Practiced law at Syracuse, N.Y. from 1848–1857. He was the first president of the Metropolitan Board of Police, N.Y.C., 1857–60. In 1861 President Lincoln appointed him governor of Washoe (Nevada) Territory, and he served in that capacity until elected senator when Nevada gained statehood in 1864. Member of Hamilton Lodge No. 120, Hamilton, N.Y.

Jonathan Nye (1781–1843) Second Grand Master, Knights Templar, U.S.A., 1829–34, and General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, 1835–38. b. March 5, 1781 in Wareham, Mass. Was Unitarian minister. While serving a

pastorate at St. Albans, Vt. in 1805, he received the third degree, and was master in 1807. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Vermont in 1814, serving three successive terms. Moving to Claremont, N.H., he affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 9; served as its master. He became a Royal Arch Mason in Claremont, and was grand high priest of New Hampshire in 1822–32. He was also first grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of New Hampshire in 1823. d. April 1, 1843.

Ernest Nys (1851–1920) Belgian jurist and member of the Hague Tribunal. He is known for his treatises on international law, and was the author of *Idees Modernes Et FrancMaconerie*.

O

Edison E. Oberholtzer (1882–1954) President of University of Houston (Texas) since 1945. b. May 6, 1882 in Patricksburg, Ind. Graduate of U. of Chicago in 1910, 1915; U. of Tulsa in 1921, and Columbia U. in 1934. Taught rural schools in Ind. from 1898–1901. Was superintendent of schools at Carbon, Ind., Evansville, Ind., Clinton, Ind., Tulsa, Okla., and Houston, Texas. Was part time president of the U. of Houston from 1927–45 and president since 1945. Holds many national honors in the field of education. Affiliated with Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, Texas on Feb. 13, 1936 from Tulsa Lodge No. 71, Tulsa, Okla. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. June 18, 1954.

Amedeo Obici (1877–1947) Founder and president of Planters Peanut Co. b. July 15, 1877 in Oderzo, Treviso, Italy. He came to the U.S. at the age of 11, and shortly after secured a job at a peanut stand. In 1906, with M. Peruzzi, he organized the Planters Peanut Co. and became president and manager. It was incorporated in 1908 and the name changed to Planters Nut & Chocolate Co., Wilkes-Barre, Pa. with branches throughout the U.S. Member of Suffolk Lodge No. 30, Suffolk, Va.; 32° AASR and Shriner. d. in 1947.

Edward F. O'Brien (1876–1945) Newspaper editor and publisher. b. April 25, 1876 in Adams, Mass. He was with newspapers of various cities until 1898, when he became a member of the 14th N.Y. Inf. and took part in the Spanish–American War. Was in the Philippines as a member of the 22nd U.S. Inf., 1898–1901. In 1902 he became editor of the Manila Daily Freedom, and from 1903–05 published the Manila Sun. He was prosecuted for political writings, then pardoned after serving four months of a six months sentence. From 1906–11 he was telegraph editor of the New York Tribune; editor of the Havana (Cuba) Daily Post, 1911–12; and in 1928 founded Habana, which later merged as the Pan–American Review. Mason, 33° ASSR, Knight Templar, Shriner and Jester. d. Jan. 18, 1945.

Jeremiah O'Brien (1744?–1818) Naval captain in American Revolution. Birth date is variously given as 1744 and 1740. His father, Morris, was a native of Cork, Ireland. He settled in Machias, Maine, where he engaged in the lumber business with his six sons, before the Revolution. When the

English ship *Margaretta* sailed into the Machias harbor with two lumber sloops, O'Brien as captain, commandeered one of the sloops, and with 60 volunteers, including his brothers, captured the *Margaretta*. This was the first Naval engagement of the Revolution. He then captured the *Diligence* and her tender. Subsequently, he cruised the coast for a year and a half, taking several prizes. He was later captured while commanding the privateer, *Hannibal*, and was imprisoned six months on a guardship and sent to England, from where he escaped. He later became the collector of the port of Machias. He became a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston, being raised on March 26, 1778. At least three of his brothers were Freemasons. Jeremiah, with his father, started Warren Lodge No. 2, East Machias. It was named for General Joseph Warren, q.v., and Jeremiah was its first junior deacon and senior warden in 1782–84. In 1802 he is listed as one of the subscribers to *The Vocal Companion and Masonic Register*, printed in Boston. At one time a congressional committee was being prodded by Irish politicians, the Knights of Columbus, and the Ancient Order of Hibernians, to erect a monument to his memory. When Admiral George W. Baird, q.v., appeared before the committee and informed them of his Masonic connections, the monument plan was dropped. In 1900 a U.S. destroyer was named for him. The O'Brien Rifles (from Maine) of the Spanish–American War was also named in his honor. Sources also differ on his death date. One gives it as Sept. 5, 1818 and another Oct. 5, 1818.

Joseph O'Brien Revolutionary War patriot and brother of Jeremiah O'Brien, q.v. He assisted in the capture of the British

vessels at Machias, Maine, and later served as a private in the Revolutionary Army. Member of Warren Lodge No. 2, East Machias, Maine, which was founded by his brother, Jeremiah, and father, Morris.

William S. O'Brien (1825–1878) Early California gold miner. b. in Abbeylax, Ireland. He emigrated early in life to N.Y.C., where he acquired citizenship in 1845. Went to Calif. in 1849 and worked some time in the mines. In 1851 he was in the liquor business in San Francisco, and subsequently in the ship–chandlery business. In 1854 he entered into partnership with James C. Flood, his former associate in mining, and for 12 years they conducted a restaurant–saloon. Acquiring an interest in the silver mines of Nevada, they devoted themselves entirely to mining operations. O'Brien was one of the four principal stockholders of the mine on the Comstock ledge called the Big Bonanza, which was discovered in 1874. He left a fortune of 15 to 20 million dollars. In 1853 he was secretary of Golden Gate Lodge No. 30, San Francisco, Calif. d. May 2, 1878.

Daniel O'Connell (1775–1847) Irish national leader known as "The Liberator." b. Aug. 6, 1775. He united Irish Roman Catholics under the leadership of their priests into a league for urging Irish claims, and in 1823 originated the Catholic Association, and perfected its constitutional method of agitation for repeal of civil disabilities by mass meetings. He was elected a member of parliament in 1828. He took his seat only after the Catholic emancipation act of 1829, which was forced on Wellington and Peel by public opinion. He

led the agitation for the abolition of tithes of the established church in Ireland, and opposed the movement against rent. He was lord mayor of Dublin in 1841, and revived the earlier demand for repeal of the union between Great Britain and Ireland. He recreated the Catholic Association in 1842, and was arrested for seditious conspiracy in 1843, being released the following year. He found his power broken by dissension, opposition by young revolutionaries, and distress from the potato famine. O'Connell was raised in Lodge No. 189, Dublin, Ireland, in 1797, and served as master of the same in 1800. He later became a member of Lodge No. 13, Limerick, and a charter member of the lodge in Tralee. He once defined Freemasonry as "Philanthropy unconfined by sect, nation, colour or religion," and stated that he was "pleased to own himself a Mason." In 1800 he was selected by the grand lodge to explain to the grand master that the appointed district deputy grand master was disliked and should be removed. He fulfilled this delicate mission with success. Throughout the Seaton Rebellion, (1808-14), he acted as standing counsel for the Grand Lodge of Ireland. Little more is heard of him as a Freemason until 1837, when he wrote a letter to *The Pilot*, Dublin, to contradict a rumor that he still belonged to the Craft, stating that his objections to it were (1) that it might counteract the temperance movement, and (2) the wanton and multiplied taking of oaths. When this was reported to the grand lodge he was expelled by resolutions. Ironically the presiding deputy grand master had himself been made a Mason by Daniel O'Connell.

W. Lee O'Daniel U.S. Senator and Governor of Texas. b.

March 11, 1890 in Malta, Ohio. Attended school in Kansas. He was in farming, ranching, flour milling, and grain business until 1939, when he became governor of Texas, and served until 1941. He then served as U.S. Senator from Texas until 1949, and was not a candidate for reelection, but returned to farming. Member of Ninnescah Lodge No. 230, Kingman, Kansas, Worth Commandery, K.T., and Moslah Shrine of Fort Worth, Texas.

Tasker L. Oddie (1870–1950) U.S. Senator from Nevada, 1921–33, and Governor of Nevada, 1910–14. b. Oct. 24, 1870 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of New York U. in 1895. He went to Nevada in 1898 and engaged in mining operations, being one of the original locators, and in charge of early development of the Tonopah Mines. He was district attorney of Nye Co., 1900–02, and member of the state senate, 1904–08. Member of Tonopah Lodge No. 28, Tonopah, Nev.; Knight Templar, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Feb. 17, 1950.

Benjamin B. Odell (1854–1926) Governor of New York, 1901–05; U.S. Congressman to 54th and 55th Congresses (1895–99) from 17th N.Y. dist. b. Jan. 14, 1854 in Newburgh, N.Y. Graduate of Columbia U. Was engaged in banking and commercial enterprises at Newburgh and N.Y.C. Was president and director of the Central-Hudson Steamboat Co. He declined renomination for governor. Member of Newburgh Lodge No. 309, Newburgh, N.Y., and master of same from 1886–88. Also a member of Highland Chapter No. 52, R.A.M., Hudson Commandery, K.T. of Newburg, and Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn. d. May 9, 1926.

Thor A. E. Odencrants Swedish professor and academical lecturer in scientific photography. b. in 1881. He is a noted lecturer on Masonic topics and holds one of the highest offices in the Grand Lodge of Sweden.

William H. Odenheimer (1817–1879) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 11, 1817 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1835, end studied at the General Theological Seminary, N.Y.C. Ordained deacon in 1838 and priest in 1841. Served as assistant rector, and later, rector of St. Peter's Church, Philadelphia. In 1859 he was elected as the third Bishop of New Jersey. During his episcopate, he confirmed nearly 20,000 persons. He resided in Burlington until 1874, when the state of N.J. was divided into two dioceses; he then established his see at Newark. He published many works, including *The Devout Churchman's Companion*; *The True Catholic—No Romanist*; *Thoughts on Immersion*; *The Young Churchman Catechised*; *Essay on Canon Law*; *The Private Prayer Book*; and many others. He became a member of Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia in Feb., 1858, and was knighted in Philadelphia Commandery No. 2, K.T., May 14, 1858. d. Aug. 14, 1879.

William F. O'Donnell President of Eastern Kentucky State Teachers College since 1941. b. May 1, 1890 in Burnet, Texas. Graduate of Transylvania Coll. (Ky.) in 1911; Columbia U., 1932. He was high school principal in Carrollton, Ky., and later superintendent there. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 25, Richmond, Ky., since 1913; Carroll Chapter No. 55, Carrollton, Ky.; Richmond Council No. 71, R. & S.M.; Richmond

Cornmandery No. 19, K.T.; 32° AASR and KCCH in Louisville; and Oleika Shrine Temple, Lexington, Ky.

Juan O'Donoju (?–1821) Last Viceroy of Mexico and one time Minister of War for Spain. b. in Spain of Irish descendants. Entered the military service, and during the invasion of Spain by Napoleon in 1808, he was minister of war under the provisional government of Cadiz. Was imprisoned on restoration of Ferdinand VII, but later released and appointed adjutant to the king in 1820. A known liberal, he was appointed viceroy of Mexico, arriving at Vera Cruz, Aug. 3, 1821. He offered to give the country full self-government and through Santa Anna, q.v., met with Iturbide, q.v., at Cordova and signed a treaty recognizing the independence of Mexico under the immediate rule of Ferdinand VII. O'Donoju and Iturbide were members of the first ruling junta. It is said that O'Donoju formed several Masonic lodges and established a Masonic paper, *El Sol*. d. Oct. 8, 1821.

Hans Christian Oersted (1777–1851) Danish physicist, who, in 1819, discovered that a pivoted magnetic needle turned at right angles to a conductor carrying a current, thus founding the science of electromagnetism. In both his writings and his talks, he treated science in a popular vein, and thus contributed to education. A Mason.

Patrick O'Flynn (? –1818) Revolutionary War soldier. He owned the famous "The Sign of the Ship" tavern at the corner of Third and Market streets in Wilmington, Del., where he was host to such notables as George Washington, Thomas

Jefferson, John Adams and his wife, Abigail, Louis Philippe, Aaron Burr, and Commodore Perry. The name of the tavern was later changed to "Happy Retreat." He was a State representative in 1806. Member of Lodge No. 14 (Pa. charter) at Wilmington, and master of the same in 1780.

Aaron Ogden (1756–1839) Revolutionary War officer; U.S. Senator and Governor of New Jersey. b. Dec. 3, 1756 in Elizabeth, N.J. Graduated from Princeton in 1773 and was a tutor in Barber's Grammar School from 1773 until 1775, when he entered the Revolutionary Army as a lieutenant, later advancing to brigade major. He served as a colonel, in the War of 1799 with France, and in 1812 declined an appointment by President Madison as major general. Washington entrusted him with the delicate task of contacting Sir Henry Clinton in an effort to exchange Major Andre's life for the surrender of Benedict Arnold. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1784, practicing in Elizabeth. He served in the U.S. senate from Feb. 28, 1801 to March 3, 1803, and was governor of New Jersey in 1812. He was a trustee of Princeton Coll. from 1803 until his death. He was a member of Lodge No. 19, a military lodge of the Penn. Artillery about 1779, and later was a charter member and first junior warden of Military Lodge No. 36 of Pa. registry, whose warrant was dated May 25, 1782 and signed by officers of the New Jersey brigade. He was a captain at the time. He was a signer of the petition for warrant of Washington Lodge No. 41 (now No. 33) of Elizabeth, N.J., Dec. 28, 1818. d. April 19, 1839. His brother Matthias, q.v., commanded the 1st N.J. Reg., and Aaron served under him at one time. He was a cousin of Francis B. Ogden, q.v.

Francis B. Ogden (1783–1857) American inventor. b. March 3, 1783 at Boonton, N.J., the son of Mathias Ogden, q.v., and cousin of Aaron Ogden, q.v. He served in the War of 1812, and was an aide-de-camp to General Andrew Jackson, q.v., at the Battle of New Orleans on Jan. 8, 1815. He is credited with having first applied the principles of the expansive power of steam and the right angular gear on marine engines. In 1813 he received a patent for low pressure condensing engines with two cylinders, with gears at right angles. The first engine of this construction was built in 1817. James Watt, who examined the plan, declared it would make “a beautiful engine.” The first screw propeller brought into practical use was by John Ericsson on the Thames River in May, 1837, and the vessel was called the Francis B. Ogden. At Liverpool Ogden built the first propeller boat to be used in the U.S.; it was named the Robert F. Stockton. Ogden was U.S. consul at Liverpool from 1829–40 and at Bristol from 1840–57. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. July 4, 1857.

Herschel C. Ogden (1869–1943) Newspaper publisher. b. Jan. 12, 1869 at Worthington, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1887. He established the Wheeling News in 1890; bought the Wheeling Intelligencer in 1904. He was president of the News Publishing Co., the Intelligencer Publishing Co., the Parkersburg Sentinel Co., the Parkersburg News Co., the Fairmont Newspaper Publishing Co., the Elkins Inter-Mountain, the Welch Daily News, the Williamson Daily News, the Hinton Daily News, the Point Pleasant Register and the Washington (N.C.) News. Received degrees in Wheeling Lodge No. 5, Wheeling, W.

Va. on Jan. 7, July 5, Sept. 21, 1894. d. Jan. 31, 1943.

Matthias Ogden (1754–1791) Colonel and brevet Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. Oct. 22, 1754 in Elizabethtown, N.J. He was the father of Francis B. Ogden, q.v., and brother of Aaron Ogden, q.v. He joined army under Washington at Cambridge, and accompanied Benedict Arnold, q.v., in his march through the Kennebunk woods in the winter of 1775, participating in the attack on Quebec, where he was wounded. He was made lieutenant colonel of the 1st battalion in 1776, and subsequently colonel of the 1st regiment of the N.J. Continental line, which he commanded until the close of the war. His brother, Aaron, served under him in this regiment, and both were members of Lodge No. 36 of Pa. registry, which was established in the N.J. brigade on May 25, 1782. He was taken prisoner in Nov., 1780. He originated and commanded the unsuccessful attempt to capture Prince William Henry (later William IV, q.v.), in March, 1782. Brevetted brigadier general Sept. 20, 1783. d. March 31, 1791.

James E. Oglethorpe (1696–1785) Founder of Georgia, and British Major General. b. Dec. 31, 1696 in London. He entered the army at an early age, after a short time at Oxford, and was commissioned in the Guards about 1714. He was on the continent with the Duke of Marlborough and Prince Eugene, and in the campaign against the Turks in 1716. He was elected to parliament in 1722 from Hazlemere, and continued as an M.P. for 32 years. Here he concerned himself with the unfortunate condition of the large number of debtors in London prisons and conceived the idea of establishing a colony for

them where they could start life anew. Parliament granted ~£10,000 for this and a large sum was raised by subscription, Freemasons contributing heavily. In 1733 the Grand Lodge of England passed a resolution which authorized charity for a society “enabling the trustees to send distressed brethren to Georgia, where they may be comfortably provided for.” The new colony was named Georgia in honor of the monarch. In 1733 he led a band of 150 persons (35 families) to settle at the mouth of the Savannah River, made terms with the Indians, laid out the city of Savannah, was chosen first governor, and supervised its civic affairs. He returned to London in April, 1734, taking the Yamacraw Indian chief and several members of his tribe with him. He returned to Georgia in 1735 with about 300 more emigrants, among whom were the noted Methodist clerics, John and Charles Wesley. In the meantime a number of persecuted German Protestants had joined the colony. Having trouble with the Spanish, who were in possession of Florida, he hastened back to England and raised a regiment of about 600 men and was back in Georgia before the close of 1738. He repelled a Spanish attack in 1742 that was designed to throw the English out of the South. He returned to England in 1743 to answer charges made against him and was acquitted. Another trial in 1752 saw him acquitted again. In 1745 he was made major general and sent north against the forces of the pretender. In 1752 he resigned his charter to Georgia to the British government, and in 1754, retired from parliament. At the start of the American Revolution he was offered supreme command of the British forces in America, but he refused unless he was first given an opportunity to attempt to conciliate the difficulties. He was

the only founder of an American colony to see the formation of the United States. In 1735 the Grand Lodge of England issued a warrant for the establishment of King Solomon's Lodge No. 1 at Savannah (now Solomon's No. 1). Oglethorpe was its first master and served for nine years. This lodge was organized by Oglethorpe in a low vale under the spreading branches of an oak, in Feb., 1734. On June 21, 1866 a chair was presented to the lodge, made from the oak under which the lodge was first convened. The lodge also has a Bible presented it by Oglethorpe in 1735. d. 1785.

Frank T. O'Hair (1870–1932) U.S. Congressman to 63rd Congress (1913–15) from 18th Ill. dist. b. March 12, 1870 in Edgar Co., Ill. A graduate of DePauw U. in 1893, he began practice of law at Paris, Ill., in that year. Received degrees in Prairie Lodge No. 77, Paris, Ill. on March 9, Sept. 3, Oct. 8, 1898. d. Aug. 3, 1932.

Geoffrey O'Hara Composer and lecturer. b. Feb. 2, 1882 in Chatham, Ont., Canada. Educated at Chatham Collegiate Inst. and by private teachers. He came to the U.S. in 1904, and became a naturalized citizen in 1919. A writer of operettas and songs, his first success was in 1913, when the famous Caruso selected his *Your Eyes Have Told Me*, and Al Jolson simultaneously featured *Tennessee*. He was a pioneer Army song leader in WWI and served as song leader at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga. He wrote the wartime favorite *K-K-K-Katy*. Is a charter member of American Society Composers, Authors, and Publishers, and member of the board in 1941. His operettas include *Peggy and the Pirate*; *Riding Down the Sky*;

The Count and the Co-ed; The Smiling Sixpence; Rogues and Vagabonds; Lantern Land; Harmony Hall; The Princess Runs Away; Puddinhead the First; Our America; and The Christmas Thieves. He has composed more than 150 songs including Give a Man a Horse He Can Ride; There Is No Death; Leetle Bateese; Let's Get Together; I Walked Today Where Jesus Walked; He Smiled on Me; The Stranger; and many others. Member of Solomons Lodge No. 46, Somerville, N.J. (dimitted). 32° AASR (NJ) at Buffalo, N.Y. Was a contributor to the Masonic Outlook in 1920, and has compiled a Masonic song book in manuscript form.

William T. S. O'Hara (1864–1940) General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. in 1933–36. b. Jan. 20, 1864 in Cayuga Co., N.Y. He moved to Toledo, Ohio, with family in 1892. Graduate of Ohio Northern U. at Ada, Ohio in 1892, he taught in public schools, and in 1892 was admitted to the bar, practicing at Toledo until his death. Member of Social Lodge No. 217 in 1887 at Lena, Ohio; exalted in St. Paris Chapter No. 132, R.A.M., of St. Paris, Ohio in 1886; charter member of Toledo Chapter No. 161, R.A.M. in 1894, high priest in 1896, and secretary from 1900–39. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Ohio in 1909. Greeted in Toledo Council No. 33, R. & S.M. in 1893, he was master in 1897, grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M., of Ohio in 1914, and grand recorder of same from 1917 until his death. Knighted in Toledo Commandery No. 7, K.T. in 1893, commander in 1908; received 32° AASR (SJ) in Lake Erie Consistory, Cleveland, in 1894, and crowned honorary 33° in 1916. d. July 15, 1940.

Sir Menus William O'Keffe British Major General of Army Medical Service. Graduate, M.D., M.Ch. at Queen's University of Ireland in 1880, entering Royal Army Medical Corps in 1881, advancing to surgeon general in 1915, and major general the same year, retiring in 1919. Was in the Egyptian campaign of 1882; the Tirah expedition of 1897–98; and the Mohammed campaign on the Northwest frontier. In WWII he was with the expeditionary force in France, serving throughout the war as deputy director of medical services, Fourth Army. In 1928 he was master of Motherland Lodge No. 3861 of London.

Ben W. Olcott (1872–) Governor of Oregon, 1919–23. b. Oct. 15, 1872 in Keithsburg, Ill. He went to Oregon at age of 19, and then to British Columbia, where he mined and prospected. He later returned to Ill. and was cashier of the bank at Keithsburg for six years. From 1904–07 he was a prospector and bank employee in Alaska, returning to Salem, Ore. in the latter year. He was secretary of state of Oregon from 1911–19. Was an officer of several banks and savings associations in Ore. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner. Member of Multnomah Chapter No. 1, Salem, Ore.

Archie J. Old, Jr. Major General, U.S. Air Force, and air commander and pilot on the first non-stop around-the-world flight of three B-52's in 1957. b. Aug. 1, 1906 in Farmersville, Texas. Chemical engineering graduate of Texas U. in 1927. He was first a civil engineer with the Texas Highway Dept., 1927–31, and then owner of a retail automobile agency at Atlanta, Texas from 1936–39. Since that date he has been in

the U.S. Air Force. In WWII he was group commander of the pioneer group assigned to operate from England. He commanded the force that bombed Schweinfurt, Germany on Oct. 14, 1943, and also commanded the force making the pioneer shuttle raid from England to Russia, to Italy, and then to England. Since the war he has been commander of the A.T.C. in Southwest Pacific; commander of East Pacific wing of same; commanding general of Atlantic division of M.A.T.S.; commander of 8th Air Force, Texas; commander of 7th Air Division, England; commander of 5th Air Division, French Morocco; commanding general of operations at headquarters, S.A.C., Omaha, Nebr.; commanding general of 15th Air Force, Calif. since 1955. Received degrees in Atlanta Lodge No. 463, Atlanta, Texas about 1930; now suspended.

Ransom E. Olds (1864–1950) Pioneer in automobile field, who in 1886, built the first three-wheeled horseless carriage, and brought out a practical four-wheeled automobile in 1893. The Oldsmobile is named for him. b. June 3, 1864 in Geneva, Ohio. He received a high school education at Lansing, Mich. He was president of the Reo Motor Car Co. from 1904–24 and chairman of the board from 1924–36. He was the donor of Science Hall to Kalamazoo Coll., the engineering Building to Michigan State Coll., and the clubhouse to the affiliated women's clubs, and social welfare house to city of Lansing. Became a member of Capitol Lodge of S.O., No. 66, Lansing, Mich. on May 20, 1908; exalted in Capitol Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. on April 23, 1909; knighted in Lansing Commandery No. 25, K.T. on May 28, 1909; 32° AASR (NJ) in DeWitt Clinton Consistory, Grand Rapids in May, 1913 and

crowned 33° on Sept. 15, 1925. Shriner. d. Aug. 26, 1950.

William G. Oliphant President of Inland Waterways Corp. and Federal Barge Line. b. May 28, 1896 in New Orleans, La. Was with the Federal Barge Lines from 1922. He was president of the Inland Waterways Corp. which operated the government owned Federal Barge Lines from Jan., 1952 until July, 1953. It was then sold to the St. Louis Ship Building and Steel Corp., at which time he became president of the new company called the Federal Barge Lines, Inc., containing the former name, but under incorporation. He subsequently became chairman of the board until his retirement in June, 1958. He is now retained by that company as consultant. Member of Trowel Lodge No. 386, New Orleans, La. and past master of same. Member of Babylon Chapter No. 66, R.A.M. and past high priest of the same.

Allen L. Oliver President General of Sons of American Revolution, 1946–47; lawyer. b. Jan. 19, 1886 at Jackson, Mo. Graduate of Southeast Mo. State Teachers Coll. in 1905; U. of Missouri in 1908 and 1909. Has practiced law at Cape Girardeau, Mo. since 1910. Active in Boy Scout work for 40 years, he received Silver Beaver in 1935. Was president of the Law Foundation, U. of Missouri, 1941–42; president of Mo. Chamber of Commerce, 1945–46. Twice served as president of Mo. Bar Association (1943–44 and 1952–53) and president of U. of Missouri Alumni Association, 1940–42. His mother, Mrs. R. B. (Marie) Oliver, designed the state flag of Missouri, accepted by the state legislature in 1913. Member of St. Marks Lodge No. 93; Wilson Chapter No. 75, R.A.M.; Cape

Council No. 20, K.T.; and Cape Girardeau Commandery No. 55, K.T., all of Cape Girardeau, Mo. He was commander of his Commandery in 1929, and in 1948 received the certificate of merit from the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Missouri. He is a member of the Red Cross of Constantine at St. Louis and past master of the Missouri Lodge of Research.

George Oliver (1782–1867) English clergyman, scholar and early Masonic author. b. Nov. 5, 1782 in Pepplewick, England. He was educated at Nottingham and became a schoolmaster. After taking the Orders in 1813, he became Vicar of Clee in 1815, and later Vicar of Scopwick in Lincolnshire. He received the degree of D.D. in 1836, and became Rector of Wolverhampton. He is said to have been initiated by his father, Dr. Samuel Oliver, in St. Peter's Lodge, Peterborough, as a Lewis (son of a Mason). He later established a lodge at Grimsby and was master for many years. In 1813 he was appointed provincial grand steward, provincial grand chaplain in 1816, and deputy provincial 1944–45. Recalled grand master for Lincolnshire in 1833. He was probably the most prolific Masonic writer the Craft will ever know. From his study poured history, symbolism, law, morals, religion, ethics, facts and fancy in an endless river of information—and misinformation. He taught that Masonry began in the earliest periods of history, that it was given by Seth to his descendants and that after Noah, the art became divided into “pure” and “spurious,” the “pure” coming down through the patriarchs of the Old Testament to Solomon and thus to us. He insisted on giving Masonry a Christian character, and failed to see that the non-sectarianism of the Craft was its great attraction and

the bond between its adherents. Had his beliefs persisted, there would have been no universality in Freemasonry. d. March 3, 1867.

George T. Oliver (1848–1919) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1909–17. b. Jan. 26, 1848 in Donoughmore, Ireland during a visit abroad by his parents who were residents of Pittsburgh, Pa. A graduate of Bethany Coll. (W. Va.) in 1868, he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1871, practicing for ten years in Pittsburgh. He retired from his profession in 1881 and engaged in steel manufacturing until 1901, when he disposed of his interests and became publisher of the Pittsburgh Gazette–Times and the Pittsburgh Chronicle–Telegraph. He declined an appointment as U.S. senator in 1904. Member of St. John’s Lodge No. 219, Pittsburgh, Pa. d. Jan. 22, 1919.

George H. Olmsted Major General, U.S. Army; insurance executive. b. March 18, 1901 in Des Moines, Iowa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy as a distinguished cadet, in 1922. Resigned from Army in 1923. Recalled in 1942 and made brigadier general on the General Staff Corps, China Theater, again in 1950; was major general and director of military assistance in office of Secretary of Defense. Organized Olmsted, Inc., a general insurance agency at Des Moines in 1923, and in 1927 purchased Travelers Mutual Casualty Co., and was its president and secretary to 1940. He is president of the United Security Insurance Co., Industrial Insurance Co., and Bankers Security Life Insurance, N.Y. An officer or director in many organizations, including Bell Aircraft, Morris Plan Corp., and

International Bank. In 1931–32 he was president of the U.S. Junior Chamber of Commerce. Member of Pioneer Lodge No. 22, Des Moines, Iowa, receiving degrees Aug. 12, 28, Sept. 9, 1922; 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Louis A. Olney (1874–1949) Chemist and textile executive. b. April 21, 1874 in Providence, R.I. Graduate of Lehigh U. in 1896, 1908. Taught chemistry at Brown U. and was director of chemistry department of Lowell (Mass.) Textile Institute, 1897–1944. Was president of Stirling Mills, 1912–42; president of Wannalancit Textile Co., Lowell Lingerie Co., and Howes Publishing Co., N.Y.C. In 1944 the American Association of Textile Chemists established the L. A. Olney medal in his name, and he was the first recipient. It is presented for achievement in textile chemistry. Member of William North Lodge, Lowell, Mass., Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Feb. 11, 1949.

Floyd B. Olson (1891–1936) Governor of Minnesota, 1930–36. b. Nov. 13, 1891 in Minneapolis, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1915 and Northwestern Coll. of Law (Minneapolis) in 1915. Practiced law in Minneapolis. Was initiated Nov. 21, 1917 in Hennepin Lodge No. 4, Minneapolis, and received the 32° AASR at Minneapolis, April 2, 1920. d. Aug. 22, 1936.

Ralph J. Olson Major General, State Guard and business executive. b. March 3, 1904 in Marinette, Wis. Graduate of Ripon (Wis.) Coll. in 1926. After a time as a commercial survey supervisor and manager of the Milwaukee office of Wisconsin

Telephone Co., he founded at Madison, Wis., in 1937, the R. J. Olson Glass Co., of which he is president. Served in WWII in Armored Force overseas from captain to colonel. Became colonel in Wis. National Guard in 1950, and since that date has been adjutant general and state director of Civil Defense with rank of major general. Member of Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis., 32° AASR (NJ) and potentate of Zor Shrine Temple, Madison, Wis.

Emmet O'Neal U.S. Ambassador to Philippines, 1947–49; U.S. Congressman to 74th through 79th Congresses from 3rd Ky. dist. b. April 14, 1887 in Louisville, Ky. Graduate of Centre Coll., 1907, and Yale, 1908. Practiced law in Louisville, Ky. from 1910; since 1949 has been in private practice at Washington, D.C. He succeeded Ambassador Paul V. McNutt, q.v., as the U.S. representative to the Philippines. Member of Falls City Lodge No. 376, Louisville, Ky.

Edward E. O'Neill (1893–1952) President of American–LaFrance Foamite Corp., Elmira, N.Y., 1939–52. b. Jan. 22, 1893, in Denver, Colo. He was a salesman with various companies from 1913–17. Became associated with fire extinguisher industry in 1917, and subsequently was employed by Pyrene Mfg. Co., Toledo, Ohio; established the Firefoam Co. of Ohio, at Cleveland in 1919 and was vice president and general manager of Fire Equipment Co., Cleveland, 1922–26. He was then district manager of Foamite–Childs Corp. and with American–LaFrance from 1927. Member of Jesse L. Cooley Lodge No. 996, Elmira, N.Y., affiliating with Lakewood Lodge No. 601 (Ohio) on June 10, 1940. d. Nov. 11, 1952.

Merlin O'Neill Vice Admiral and Commandant of the Coast Guard from Oct. 1949. b. Oct. 30, 1898 in North Kenova, Ohio. Graduate of Coast Guard Academy in 1921. Advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1946, and vice admiral in 1949. After six years on Coast Guard cutters, he taught at the academy until 1930. He then commanded the *Cassin*, the *Apache*, and was chief director of the Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve. In WWII he commanded the U.S.S. *Leonard Wood* on landings in Atlantic, Mediterranean, and Central Pacific. He was assistant chief of finance and supply of the Coast Guard, district commander of 5th district at Norfolk, Va., and assistant commandant of Coast Guard headquarters in Washington, D.C., (1946–49), before becoming commandant. Received degrees in Doric Lodge No. 205, Morgan City, La. on April 24, May 29, June 6, 1920; affiliated with Semper Paratus Lodge No. 49, Washington, D.C. on Dec. 5, 1935.

Fabian Onsari (1892–1956) Argentine politician, newspaper editor, and author. b. Jan. 20, 1892 in San Vicente, Buenos Aires, Argentine. Associated himself with the Argentine Liberal Party, Union Civica Radical, whose founder was Dr. Leandro N. Alem, grand master of Argentina in 1887. Onsari's first public office was that of councilor for the municipality of Avellaneda in 1918–28, and again 1936–40. In 1920 he was elected deputy of the Provincial Legislature for Buenos Aires, serving until 1926, when he was elected senator from the same province. He served until 1930, when a revolution headed by General Jose F. Uriburu exiled Onsari and other high officials of the Liberal party including the ex-president, Dr. Marcelo de Alvear. The political situation becoming

normal, he returned from his island exile and was elected deputy of the National Congress for 1938–42, and reelected 1942–46. The latter term was not completed, as another revolutionary movement under General Rawson dissolved the congress. In his political party Onsari held all the offices from secretary to president, retiring from active political participation in 1945. In 1915 he was one of the founders of the newspaper *La Libertad* of Avellaneda, the most important daily of that zone, and collaborated in the editing of specialized magazines and periodicals. His writings included *Ten Years of Legislative Study*; *Civil Pensions*; *The Modern City*; *National Hospital of Labor*; *The Defense of Civilization*; and many others widely known on the American continent. Several of his writings have Masonic connotations, including *Domingo F. Sarmiento*, biography of former president of Argentina with Masonic documentations; *Laical Action*, an argument in defense of laical teaching in schools; and *San Martin, Lautaro Lodge and Freemasonry*. Was initiated in the Lautaro Lodge in Buenos Aires, March 23, 1921; was pro-grand master of the Grand Lodge of Argentina, 1926–28, and grand master, 1928–45. Under his grandmaster-ship, he obtained unity of Argentine Masonry by uniting into one group the several grand lodges then working. Received 32° AASR, Nov. 10, 1925, and was an active member of Supreme Council of Argentina on June 15, 1928. Was elected general secretary of the AASR bodies in 1937, and served until 1940, when he became sovereign grand commander, an office which he held at his death. He attended many international Masonic conferences throughout North and South America, and was a familiar figure at the annual conferences of Grand

Masters in Washington, D.C. Was a member of the Society of Blue Friars, a tribute to his Masonic literary ability, being the only one in South America. He died March 22, 1956, while preparing to leave for a Masonic conference at Havana, Cuba.

Albert J. L. R. Operti (1852–1927) Artist and official photographer for Admiral Peary, q.v., on his polar expeditions. b. March 17, 1852 in Turin, Italy. Educated in Dublin, Ireland, and at Glasgow, Scotland. Graduated at Portsmouth Naval School and entered British naval marine service. He resigned in 1868 to study art and sculpture. Became an artist, caricaturist, and scenic artist in New York theatres. He studied Arctic history and made two voyages to Arctic regions with Peary; was special correspondent for New York Herald on these expeditions. He made the first casts of North Greenland Eskimos for the American Museum of Natural History. His historical pictures include Rescue of the Greeley Party; Farthest North; The Schwatka Search; Finding DeLong in the Lena Delta; Dr. Kane; and portraits of Peary, Ziegler polar ship, America, and mural paintings in American Museum of Natural History, N.Y., and Pittsfield, Mass. Museum. He painted the Arctic picture Farewell which he presented to his own lodge (Kane No. 454, N.Y.C.), known as the “explorers” lodge. He illustrated many books on the Arctic and was decorated by the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia. d. Oct. 29, 1927.

Evarts W. Opie Major General, U.S. Army, newspaper publisher. b. Sept. 13, 1893 in Staunton, Va. Graduate of Staunton Military Academy. Started as a reporter, and is now general manager and publisher of The Evening Leader and The

News-Leader, Staunton, Va. dailies. Commissioned in Virginia National Guard in 1911 and was captain in U.S. Army during WWI. Called to duty again in 1941 as a colonel of Infantry, he was advanced to brigadier general (temp.) in 1942, and retired as major general in 1946. Member of Staunton Lodge No. 13, Staunton, Va., receiving degrees in 1918. Member of Union Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Staunton.

Jules Oppert (1825–1905) An Orientalist. b. in Hamburg, Germany. He settled in France in 1847, becoming naturalized in 1854. Among his many works are *Elements de la Grammaire Assyrienne* and *Babylone et les Babyloniens*. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states he was a Freemason.

Harper M. Orahood (1841–1914) Colorado pioneer. b. June 3, 1841 in Columbus, Ohio. He joined an emigrant train for Colo. in 1860, and spent 10 years in mercantile business at Black Hawk and Central City. Was admitted to the bar in 1873. Served in Civil War with the Colorado Vol. Cay. and was colonel on staff of Governor McIntire in 1895. Member of Chivington Lodge No. 6, and later Black Hawk Lodge No. 11. 33° AASR (SJ). Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Colorado and grand commander, Grand Commandery, K.T. of Colorado. In 1901 he was commander of the department of Colorado and Wyoming of the G.A.R. d. Sept. 15, 1914.

Alexander, Prince of Orange (see under Alexander).

Albert Ordway Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War.

Member of Lafayette Chapter No. 43, Richmond, Va.

Miles O'Reilly (see Charles G. Halpine).

Jose Maria Orellana (1872–1926) President of Guatemala, 1921–26. A Guatemalan general and politician, he was broad-minded, and was instrumental in calling a conference of the Central American republics. He was chosen provisional president in 1921, on the deposition of Carlos Herrera, and elected president in 1922, serving until his death in 1926. Initiated in Lodge Concordia No. 5.

George B. Orlady (1850–1926) Judge, Superior Court of Pennsylvania, 1895–1926. b. Feb. 22, 1850 in Huntingdon Co., Pa. Received M.A. from Pennsylvania State Coll. in 1911, M.S. in 1918; S.B. from Washington and Jefferson Coll. in 1870; M.D. from Jefferson Medical Coll. in 1871; also LL.D. from Washington and Jefferson in 1898. He practiced medicine from 1871–73, but took on the practice of law in 1875. Member of Mount Moriah Lodge N. 300, Huntingdon, Pa., receiving degrees on Aug. 9, Sept. 13, Oct. 11, 1875. Was master of his lodge in 1879 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1908–09. d. Sept. 9, 1926.

Duc de Orleans (see Duc de Chartres).

James B. Orman (1849–1919) Governor of Colorado, 1901–02. b. Nov. 4, 1849 in Muscatine, Iowa. Came to Colorado at the age of 20. He took the contract for building a section of the Kansas Pacific Railroad between Sheridan and

Denver, and in that work was compelled to fight the Indians who resisted the coming of the "iron horse." Thereafter he spent many years in construction work, the most important contracts being with the Denver & Rio Grande, Colorado Midland, Florence and Cripple Creek, Canadian Pacific and Oregon Pacific. His Masonic memberships in Pueblo were: South Pueblo Lodge No. 31, receiving degrees on Jan. 17, March 6, April 17, 1879; exalted in Pueblo Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. on Aug. 23, 1879, dimitting in Sept. 1882 to become a charter member of South Pueblo Chapter No. 12; knighted in Pueblo Commandery No. 3, K.T. on Dec. 23, 1879. Was also a member of the Scottish Rite and became member of El Jebel Shrine Temple, Denver on July 5, 1890. d. July 21, 1919.

Ebenezer J. Ormsbee (1834–1924) Governor of Vermont, 1886–88. b. June 8, 1834 in Shoreham, Vt. Admitted to bar in 1861. Served as a lieutenant and captain in 1st and 12th Vt. Vol. Inf., 1861–63. Was internal revenue collector of Vt., state's attorney, member of general assembly, and state senator. From 1891–93 he was U.S. land commissioner of Samoa. Member of St. Pauls Lodge No. 25, Brandon, Vt. d. April 3, 1924.

Carey Orr Political cartoonist. b. Jan. 17, 1890 in Ada, Ohio. Graduate of Chicago Academy of Fine Arts. He was with the Chicago Examiner in 1912, and the Nashville Tennessean and American, 1912–17. Since 1917 has been with the Chicago Tribune. Was awarded the U.S. government gold medal in 1918, and three times recipient of the Freedoms Foundation award (1950–52–53). He originated the cartoon character "Brain Trust," and helped pioneer daily color cartoons in the

Chicago Tribune. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

James L. Orr (1822–1873) Governor of South Carolina; U.S. Congressman; U.S. Minister to Russia. b. May 12, 1822 in Craytonville, S. Car. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1842, studied law, and practiced at Anderson, S. Car., where he also established and edited the Gazette. Member of the state legislature from 1844–57 and U.S. congressman 1849–59. Was speaker of the house in the 35th congress. He was opposed to secession and spoke strongly against it, but when his state voted to withdraw at the secession convention, he cast his lot with the South and organized a rifle regiment which he led in the field until elected to the Confederate senate in 1862. He was chosen governor of South Carolina under President Johnson's plan of reconstruction, and served until 1868. He was U.S. minister to Russia in 1872, and died at St. Petersburg, within two months after he had presented his credentials. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 68 and Burning Bush Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., both of Anderson, S. Car. He was grand master of South Carolina from 1865–68. d. May 5, 1873 in Russia.

Joseph K. Orr (1857–1938) Twenty-fifth Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A. b. Feb. 21, 1857 in New York City. Began with H. J. Libby & Co., dry goods, N.Y. in 1872, moving to Columbus, Ga. in 1873, where he was connected with J. Kyle & Co. until 1883, when he founded the J. K. Orr Shoe Company at Atlanta, Ga. and was president of same. Was grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Georgia in 1895, and elected to head the Grand Encampment, K.T. in 1919. He was the founder of the Knights Templar Loan

Foundation that raised over three million dollars in nine years to help needy college students in the U.S. d. Sept. 18, 1938.

Warren H. Orr Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Illinois, 1933–39. b. Nov. 5, 1886 in Hannibal, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1909 and 1911. Began practice of law in Hamilton, Ill. in 1911. Became justice of the supreme court in 1930, retiring in 1939 to enter private practice in Chicago. Member of Blackhawk Lodge No. 238, Hamilton, Ill. since 1912; Tecumseh Chapter No. 152, R.A.M., Hamilton and 32° AASR (NJ) at Quincy, Ill.

Sir Norman A. Orr-Ewing British Brigadier General and 91st Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1937–38.

Miguel de los Llanos Orrico Mexican General and Grand Commander of the Order of Constructor Masons for several years.

Godlove S. Orth (1817–1882) U.S. Congressman from Indiana, 1863–71; 1873–75; 1879–82. b. April 22, 1817 near Lebanon, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1839, he began practice in Indiana. Member of state senate from 1842–48 and president of same in latter year. In 1862 when a call for men was issued to defend Indiana from threatened invasion, he organized a company in two hours and was made its captain. Was placed in command of the U.S. ram, Hornet, with which he patrolled the Ohio River. His long service in the U.S. congress gave him great influence in that body. He was U.S. minister to Austria from 1875–77. Received degrees in 1861–62 in Perry Lodge

No. 37, Lafayette, Ind. (now defunct) and dimitted in 1875.
d. Dec. 16, 1882.

Chase S. Osborn (1860–1949) Governor of Michigan in 1911–12. b. Jan. 22, 1860 in Huntington Co., Ind. Received B.S. from Purdue U. in 1880; M.D. degree from Detroit Coll. of Medicine in 1909. Began newspaper work on Lafayette (Ind.) Home Journal; later with Chicago Tribune. At one time or other he owned and edited the Florence (Wis.) Mining News; Miner and Manufacturer, Milwaukee; Sault Ste Marie News, (Mich.); and Saginaw Courier–Herald (Mich.). He has one of the longest biographies in Who Was Who. Was post-master of Sault Ste Marie in 1889–93; state game and fish warden of Mich., 1895–99; commissioner of railroads for Mich., 1899–1903; regent of U. of Michigan, 1908–11. He was the discoverer of the source of a firefly's light; also discovered the Moose Mountain iron range of Canada and the Ndanga iron range of S.E. Africa. Jan. 22, 1941 was pro–claimed Chase Salmon Osborn Day in Mich. by the governor. Wrote a number of books, mostly of historical nature. Member of Hiram D. Fisher Lodge No. 222, Florence, Wis. Member of Sault Ste Marie Chapter No. 126, R.A.M.; Sault Ste Marie Council No. 69, R. & S.M.; Sault Ste Marie Commandery No. 45, K.T. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Detroit Consistory in Feb. 1897 and 33° AASR (NJ) Oct. 1, 1912. d. April 11, 1949.

Monroe Osborn (1887–1547) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma. b. July 15, 1887 in Brownwood, Texas. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1907, and admitted to Okla. bar the following year, practicing at Pauls Valley. Was justice of supreme

court from 1933. Affiliated with Valley Lodge No. 6, Paul's Valley, Okla. in 1904; affiliated with Purcell Lodge No. 27, Purcell, Okla. in 1911. Dimitted March 7, 1916. d. June 20, 1947.

Thomas W. Osborn (1836–1898) U.S. Senator from Florida, 1868–73. b. March 9, 1836 in Scotch Plains, N.J. He moved to N.Y. in 1842 with parents. Graduate of Madison U. (now Colgate) in 1860 and admitted to the bar in 1861. Served in Union Army in Civil War, with ranks from lieutenant to colonel. Settled in Florida; was a member of the state constitutional convention of 1868 and drew up the constitution that was adopted. First settled in Tallahassee, and later in Pensacola. Eventually settled in New York City, where he practiced law. Mason. d. Dec. 18, 1898.

Henry Z. Osborne (1848–1923) U.S. Congressman from California to 65th through 67th Congresses (1917–23). b. Oct. 4, 1848 in New Lebanon, N.Y. Served in 192nd N.Y. Vol. Inf. in Civil War. He was a printer and newspaper man, with residences in N.Y.C., Cincinnati, Memphis, New Orleans, Austin, and Los Angeles. From 1898–1906 he was U.S. marshal of the southern district of Calif. He was the last Civil War veteran to serve in Congress. Although he was elected to the 68th congress, he died before it convened. In 1912–13 he was senior vice-commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. Was master of Southern California Lodge No. 278 in 1888, commander of Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T. in 1891, and charter member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple, all of Los Angeles. He was one of the nobles on the committee that

selected the name of the Los Angeles Shrine. d. Feb. 8, 1923.

John E. Osborne (1858–1943) Governor of Wyoming, 1893–95; U.S. Congressman from Wyoming, 1897–99. b. June 19, 1858 in Westport, N.Y. Studied medicine and graduated from the U. of Vermont in 1880. He moved to Rawlins, Wyo., where he engaged in the practice of medicine, and later was a livestock rancher. He was a member of the Wyoming territorial legislature in 1883–85. He was renominated for a second term as governor, but declined. He also declined to run for a second congressional term. From 1913–17 he was first assistant secretary of state. Member of Sisco Lodge No. 259, Westport, N.Y., and was a past high priest and past commander. d. April 24, 1943.

Oscar of the Waldorf (see Oscar Tschirky).

Oscar I (1799–1859) King of Sweden and Norway, 1844–59. b. July 4, 1799, son of Charles XIV John, q.v., whom he succeeded on the throne. He married Josephine Beauharnais, granddaughter of Empress Josephine. In 1810 he became the Duke of Sodermanland. He sympathized with the liberals, and on his accession to the throne, introduced reforms such as freedom of the press and improvement of Sweden's economic position. In 1857–59 he relinquished the throne to his eldest son, Charles XV on account of ill health. In 1818 he was named deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Sweden by his father, and on his father's death in 1844, he became grand master and "vicarius salomonis" until his own death in 1859.

Oscar II (1829–1907) King of Sweden and Norway, 1872–1905 and King of Sweden, 1905–07, after the union between the two countries had been dissolved. b. Jan. 21, 1829 in Stockholm, the son of Oscar I, q.v., and brother of Charles XV, whom he succeeded on the throne. He found the problem of preserving the union between Sweden and Norway increasingly difficult. He insisted on a peaceful solution, and gave up the throne of Norway in 1905 to Haakon VII, q.v. He served as mediator in several international disputes, wrote a play, poems, and a number of historical works. While his brother, Charles, was king from 1859–72, Oscar was pro grand master of the Grand Lodge of Sweden, and upon his accession to the throne became grand master. He was initiated, Dec. 7, 1848, in Erick's Lodge, and served as master of the same. He was deeply interested in Freemasonry and took an active part in the lodge work. During his term as grand master, an old palace, built in the middle of the 17th century, was acquired and rebuilt to serve as Freemasons Hall in Stockholm. It is still in use.

George M. Osgoodby (1836–1908) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1883–86, being second person to hold this office. b. in Nunda, N.Y. He was grand master of the Grand Council of N.Y. from 1877–80. d. Aug. 16, 1908.

Camilo Osias Philippine government official. b. March 23, 1889 in Balaoan, La Union, Philippines. Attended Illinois State Coll. in 1908 and graduated from Columbia U. in 1910. Began as a public school teacher and became superintendent of schools in Bataan, Mindoro in 1917, and assistant director of

education in 1918. Was professor at U. of Philippines from 1919–21. He has written many textbooks on Philippine history, biography, religion and education for the public schools. Was a member of the Philippine senate from 1925–29 and served for a number of years as Philippine resident commissioner to the U.S. congress. Was a delegate to the Philippine constitutional convention and a member of several economic missions to the U.S. and Japan. Columbia U. awarded him a medal for service in 1929. Raised in Bagumbayan Lodge No. 4, Manila on Aug. 28, 1918; master in 1948 and grand master, Grand Lodge of Philippines in 1955. Member of Manila Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. and Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1938; KCCH in 1949; and 33°, sovereign grand inspector general in 1952.

Os-Ke-Non-Ton (Lewis Deer) Mohawk Indian baritone. Raised April 6, 1917 in Putnam Lodge No. 338, New York City, and received the 32° AASR (NJ) at Buffalo, N.Y. in April, 1923.

Frank C. Osmer, Jr. U.S. Congressman to 76th through 86th Congresses from 9th N.J. dist. b. Dec. 30, 1907 in Leonia, N.J. A jeweler, gem expert, and appraiser, he was vice president of Frank C. Osmer Co., Inc. N.Y.C., 1925–39, and engaged in newspaper and magazine publishing and commercial printing at Englewood, N.J. from 1946. Served in the Infantry in WWII, advancing from private to major, and was in Philippines and Okinawan campaigns, and Korean occupation. Raised in Tilden Lodge No. 183, Dumont, N.J. on Nov. 12, 1937. National Sojourner.

Count Alexander I. Ostermann-Tolstoy (1770–1837)

Russian Infantry General. He distinguished himself in the wars against Napoleon, especially at Eylau, Friedland, Bautzen, and particularly in the Battle of Borodino. Was a member of Les Amis Reunis Lodge (United Friends) at Petersburg, Russia. This was a French liberal lodge.

Stanley W. Ostrander Vice President of Ford Motor Co. from 1952–57. b. Sept. 21, 1895 in Whittemore, Mich. Was with Weston Mott Co. & Buick at Flint, Mich., 1915–20; Marvel Carburetor Co., 1920–27; Chevrolet division, 1927–33; Pontiac division, 1933–48; and general manufacturing manager, 1945–48. From 1948–52 he was operations manager of Lincoln–Mercury division at Detroit. Retired in 1957. Member of Friendship Lodge No. 417; 32° AASR (NJ) and Moslem Shrine Temple, all of Detroit, Mich.

Anthony O’Sullivan (1808–1866) Early Missouri Mason. b. Nov. 29, 1808 in County Kerry, Ireland, emigrating to New York in 1838, where he lived one year, and then moved to New Orleans, La. for two years. He arrived at the historic Arrow Rock, Mo. on March 17, 1841, and there obtained employment in the store of H. S. Mills, the secretary of Arrow Rock Lodge No. 55. It was Mills that signed O’Sullivan’s petition on April 4, 1846. He received the degrees on May 9, June 6, and June 20, 1846, and was master in 1850. O’Sullivan appears in Bingham’s famous picture, *The County Election*, as one of the clerks of the election. The records show he attended every meeting of Arrow Rock Lodge until Sept. 20, 1851, when he dimitted, and moved to St. Louis; here,

until his death in 1866, he was Missouri's most outstanding Freemason. Was high priest of St. Louis Chapter No. 8, R.A.M.; master of St. Louis Council No. 7, R. & S.M.; commander of St. Louis Commandery No. 1; received the Scottish Rite degrees in Chicago in 1852. He was grand secretary and grand lecturer of the Grand Lodge of Missouri from 1852–66; grand recorder of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Missouri from 1854–66; grand recorder of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Missouri from 1863–66; and grand secretary of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Missouri from 1864–66. Was made a 33° and in 1859, sovereign inspector general for "Missouri and bordering states." d. Aug. 11, 1866.

Eleazer Oswald (1755?–1795) Revolutionary soldier and newspaper publisher. b. about 1755 in England, he came to America about 1770, to enlist in the American cause. He served under Benedict Arnold at Ticonderoga and Quebec, and became his secretary. Was made lieutenant colonel of artillery and was highly regarded as an artillery officer, distinguishing himself at Compo and Monmouth. Left the service in 1778 and joined William Goddard in the publication of *Maryland Journal* at Baltimore. He moved to Philadelphia and in April, 1782 began publication of the *Independent Gazetteer*, or the *Chronicle of Freedom*. From 1782–87 he was in New York City, publishing the *Independent Gazette*, or *New York Journal Revived*. In 1792 he went to England and then to France where he joined the Republican Army and commanded a regiment at Battle of Jemmapes. France sent him on a secret mission to Ireland to learn the condition of that country and the feasibility of the projected French

invasion. From there he returned to America and died of yellow fever, shortly after his arrival in N.Y.C. (d. Sept. 30, 1795.) Member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, Pa.

Miguel Antonio Otero (1859–1944) Governor of Territory of New Mexico, 1897–1906 b. Oct. 17, 1859 in St. Louis, Mo. Educated in St. Louis U. and Notre Dame U. He was cashier of the San Miguel National Bank, Las Vegas from 1880–85, city treasurer, county clerk, and clerk of U.S. district court. He was treasurer of New Mexico, 1909–11 and U.S. marshal, Canal Zone, 1917–21. Was the author of *Conquistadores of Spain and Buccaneers of England*, *France and Holland*; *My Life on the Frontier*; *The Real Billy the Kid With New Light on the Lincoln County War*; *My Memoirs*; and *My Nine Years as Governor of the Territory of New Mexico*. Raised in Chapman Lodge No 2, Las Vegas, N. Mex. on Nov. 30, 1891. Dimitted Jan. 21, 1915 and affiliated with Montezuma Lodge No. 1, Santa Fe, N. Mex. on May 3, 1915. 32° AASR (SJ), Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Aug. 7, 1944.

James H. Otey (1800–1863) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Tennessee. b. Jan. 27, 1800 in Liberty, Va. Graduate of U. of N. Car. in 1820. While teaching school in Warrenton, N. Car., he was ordained deacon and priest in the Episcopal church. In 1827 he moved to Franklin, Tenn., later to Columbia, and finally to Memphis. Was known throughout the south as the “Good Bishop.” He was opposed to secession, but later changed his views. He was resolved with a desire to establish a Christian school of higher education in the South, and devoted many years to this end.

As a result the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn. was organized. He became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 7, Franklin, Tenn., Dec. 11, 1826, and at one time served as grand orator of Grand Lodge of Tennessee. Was a member of Franklin Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. and Nashville Commandery No. 1, K.T. On Jan. 5, 1835 he was recorded as a visitor to the Grand Lodge of Mississippi. d. April 23, 1863.

James Otis (1725–1783) American Revolutionary statesman, known for the phrase, “taxation without representation is tyranny.” b. Feb. 5, 1725 at West Barnstable, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1743, and then studied law under Jeremiah Gridley, q.v. Began law practice at Plymouth, but moved to Boston in 1750. He was king’s advocate general in 1760, when the royal customs collectors applied for writs of search and seizure. He thereupon resigned his office and appeared as counsel for the Boston merchants to oppose the issuance of the writs. He made a five-hour presentation, basing his opposition on principles of natural law, superior to acts of parliament, for which he has remained famous. He was in the Mass. legislature from 1761. He became insane about 1771, and lived at the home of his sister at Watertown. When he heard the rumor of the Battle of Bunker Hill, he stole away, borrowed a musket, and joined the minute men who were marching to the aid of the troops at Bunker Hill. He took an active part in that battle and made his way home again toward midnight. The last years of his life were spent at Andover. He had lucid intervals, and even tried cases on occasions. He was killed

by lightning while standing in his front doorway on May 23, 1783. Made a Mason in St. Johns Lodge, Boston, Mass., March 11, 1752.

Merrill E. Otis (1884–1944) Federal Judge, Western District of Missouri, 1925–44. b. July 7, 1884 in Nodaway Co., Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1906. Admitted to the bar in 1910 and began practice at St. Joseph, Mo. the following year. In 1926–27 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. Received the degrees in Acacia Lodge No. 602, Columbia, Mo. on April 11, 25 and May 4, 1910. Affiliated with Zeredatha Lodge No. 189, St. Joseph, Mo. on June 11, 1912. 32° AASR (SJ) in St. Joseph Consistory on April 15, 1926; KCCH, Oct. 20, 1931; 33° on Oct. 24, 1941. d. Dec. 23, 1944.

Edward S. Ott Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 30, 1893 at Mt. Hermon, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1917, he was commissioned that year and advanced through the grades to brigadier general in 1942. Retired on disability in 1947. He was an instructor in service schools, 1925–37, and on the War Department general staff at Washington, D.C., 1939–42. He was then on staff of Army Ground Force; artillery commander of 91st Inf. Div.; commander of XV Corps artillery. Member of Franklin-ton Lodge No. 101, Franklinton, La. Degrees conferred by courtesy in Kansas and Hawaii between 1920–22. Member of Lawton Chapter No. 44, R.A.M., Lawton, Okla. President of Fort Sill Masonic Club, 1928–29.

Nicolas Charles V. Oudinot (1791–1863) French general and Duc de Reggio. His father of the same name first held

the title. He served in the Napoleonic armies, especially in the defense of France in 1813–14. In 1849 he commanded the expedition against Rome and captured that city. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 states he was a Freemason.

James Adolphus Oughton British Lieutenant General and 27th Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1769–70.

Sir Frederick Arthur Gore Ouseley (1825–1889) English musical theorist and composer of church music, anthems, oratorios. He was the author of *Harmony* in 1868, and *Counterpoint, Canon and Fugue* in 1869. He was interested in Freemasonry for nearly 40 years and was a grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England.

Winfred Overholser Psychiatrist and superintendent of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington, D.C. b. April 21, 1892 in Worcester, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1912, and M.D. from Boston U. in 1916. In 1955 he received an honorary doctorate from Bonaventure U., the only Franciscan U. in the world. He is one of America's leading figures in the field of psychiatry and mental health. Taught at Boston U. and is now professor of psychiatry of George Washington U. School of Medicine. Prominent in national mental health organizations. Mason; received 33°, honorary (SJ) in 1957. Also awarded the coveted Gourgas Medal, highest decoration of the AASR, Northern Jurisdiction. Raised in Siloam Lodge, Westborough, Mass. in Jan., 1918. Member of Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston, and National Sojourners at Bethesda, Md. Dimitted from Jerusalem

Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., N.Y.C., and Boston Commandery No. 1, Boston, Mass.

Lee S. Overman (1854–1930) U.S. Senator from North Carolina, 1903–30. b. Jan. 3, 1854 in Salisbury, N. Car. Graduate of Trinity Coll. (now Duke U.) in 1874. After teaching school for two years, he was private secretary to Gov. Zebulon B. Vance, and later to Gov. Thomas J. Jarvis. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1878, practicing at Salisbury from 1880. Served five terms in lower house of N. Car. and was speaker in 1893. Died in office; funeral services held in chamber of the U.S. senate. d. Dec. 12, 1930. Mason.

John Overton (1766–1833) Tennessee jurist. b. April 9, 1766 in Louisa Co., Va. He moved to Kentucky before he was of age, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1787. Soon afterward he began practice in Nash-vile, Tenn., where he was an associate of Andrew Jackson, q.v., who was then district attorney. They formed a life-long friendship, and Jackson seldom took a legal step without consulting Overton. Before his death Overton became the wealthiest man in Tenn. He first established himself as an authority on titles, much confusion existing at that time in the district. He was appointed by Gov. Sevier, q.v., in 1804 to succeed Jackson as judge of the superior court, holding this post until 1810; elected judge of the supreme court of Tenn. in 1811, he held that position until his retirement in 1816. He was a member of Georgetown Lodge No. 3, Ky., and in 1812 became a charter member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8 of Nashville. In 1803 he is listed as a visitor to the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. d. April 12, 1833.

John H. Overton (1875–1948) U.S. Senator from Louisiana, 1933–48; U.S. Congressman, 1931–33. b. Sept. 17, 1875 in Marksville, La. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1895 and Tulane U. in 1897. Practiced Law at Alexandria, La. from 1898. Member of Oliver Lodge No. 84, Alexandria, La., receiving degrees, June 24, July 9, 16, 1902. Exalted in Keystone Chapter No. 44, R.A.M., Aug. 10, 1910, and knighted in Trinity Commandery No. 8, K.T., Jan. 19, 1911, all of Alexandria, La. d. May 14, 1948.

Abraham Owen (1769–1811) American Colonel who was killed at the Battle of Tippecanoe. b. 1769 in Va. He emigrated to Ky. in 1785, and served in the Indian campaigns under Gen. James Wilkinson, q.v., in 1791. He was subsequently a magistrate, surveyor of Shelby Co. Ky., and a colonel of the first militia regiment raised in Ky. He was in the state legislature in 1798, a member of the state constitutional convention the following year, and in 1810, a state senator. He was the first to join Gen. Wm. H. Harrison, q.v., and was his aide-de-camp. A county in Ky. is named in his honor. He was a past master of Shelbyville Lodge No. 5, Shelbyville, Ky. d. Nov. 7, 1811.

D. T. Owen (1878–1947) Primate of the Church of England in Canada, and Archbishop of Toronto. b. July 29, 1878 in Twickenham, England. Graduate of Trinity Coll.; U. of Toronto in 1907 and 1916. Honorary degrees from several other universities. Mason and 33° AASR. d. April 9, 1947.

John Owen (1787–1841) Governor of North Carolina, 1828–30. b. Aug. 1787 in Bladen Co., N. Car. Educated in U. of Nox

th Carolina, and engaged in planting. He was in the state legislature from 1812–28. He exercised a wide influence in state politics and did much for education; urged prison reforms, and others. He was president of the convention that nominated William H. Harrison, q.v., for president, and he declined the nomination for vice-president. A member of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, Fayetteville, N. Car., he received his degrees Feb. 21, May 5, 1809, and Dec. 5, 1810. Was suspended NPD on Nov. 7, 1823, but must have reaffiliated, for he was twice elected deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, serving in 1929–30. d. Oct. 9, 1841.

Robert L. Owen (1856–1947) U.S. Senator from Oklahoma, 1907–25. b. Feb. 3, 1856 in Lynchburg, Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1877. Began practice of law in 1880. From 1885–89 he was U.S. Indian agent for the Five Civilized Tribes. He was the organizer and president of the First National Bank of Muskogee, and was interested in real estate. In the senate, he drafted the Federal Reserve Act and the Farm Loan Act. Received degrees in Cherokee Lodge No. 10, Tahlequah, Okla. on April 8, July 8, Sept. 8, 1881 and was senior warden in 1883. Dimitted in 1884 and became charter member of Muskogee Lodge No. 28, Muskogee, Okla. on Nov. 7, 1888. 32° AASR (SJ). d. July 19, 1947. Member of Bedouin Shrine Temple, Muskogee.

Walter C. Owen (1868–1934) Justice, Supreme Court of Wisconsin, 1918–34. b. Sept. 26, 1868 in Trenton, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1891, practicing law in Superior, Wis. from 1891–98, and then at Maiden Rock.

He was a state senator, and attorney general of Wisconsin. Received degrees in Maiden Rock Lodge No. 196, Maiden Rock, Wis. in 1900; dimitted in 1920 to affiliate with Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis., Oct. 21, 1920. d. April 15, 1934.

Joshua T. Owens (1821–1887) Brigadier General in Civil War. b. March 29, 1821 in Caermarthen, Wales. He emigrated to the U.S. with his parents in 1830, settling in Baltimore, Md. Admitted to the bar in 1852, he, with his brother Robert, established Chestnut Hill Academy for boys. Entered the Union forces as a private in 1861, and after three months service, organized and was placed in command of the 69th Pa. _Rgt. He participated with his regiment in every battle fought by the Army of the Potomac from Fair Oaks to Cold Harbor, and was promoted to brigadier general of volunteers for meritorious conduct at the Battle of Glendale on Nov. 29, 1862. Mustered out of service in 1864, he returned to the practice of law, and in 1866 was elected recorder of deeds of Philadelphia. In 1871 he founded the New York Daily Register, a law journal, which became the official organ of the New York courts in 1873. He was the first master of William B. Schnider Lodge No. 419, Philadelphia. d. Nov. 7, 1887.

Walter D. Owens (1903–1952) Insurance executive. b. May 16, 1903 in Jacksonville, Fla. Started in insurance business in Jacksonville, Fla. in 1922, and later in Orlando, Atlanta, Ga. and Charlotte, N. Car. Went with U.S. Casualty Co. in 1932, rising to vice president in 1935, and president from 1948. Was also vice president and director of the New Amsterdam Casualty Co. of N.Y.C. Member of Malta Lodge No. 641,

Atlanta, Ga., receiving degrees Jan. 8, 22 and Feb. 12, 1930.
d. June 23, 1952.

G. Bromley Oxnam Methodist Bishop and former president of World Council of Churches. b. Aug. 14, 1891 in Sonora, Calif. Graduate of U. of Southern Calif. in 1913 and Boston U. in 1915, with graduate work in courses in universities in U.S., Japan, China, India, and England. Ordained to the Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1916, he served churches in Calif. and was professor in U. of Southern Calif. and Boston U. School of Theology until 1928, when he became president of DePauw U. at Greencastle, Ind. In 1936 he was elected bishop and served as resident bishop of Omaha area, 1936–39; Boston area, 1939–44; New York area, 1944–52; and Washington, D.C. area since 1952. He was president of American Fed. Council of Churches, 1944–46, and was one of the presiding officers at the organization of the National Council of Churches of Christ in U.S.A. at Cleveland, Ohio in 1950. In 1948 he became the first American president of the World Council of Churches, serving until 1954. In 1945 he was the representative of American churches at the enthronement of the Archbishop of Canterbury, q.v. He is the author of 16 books, the latest (1954) being *I Protest*. He was raised in Temple Lodge No. 47, Greencastle, Ind. on Nov. 22, 1929; exalted in Greencastle Chapter No. 22, R.A.M. on Feb. 2, 1931; knighted in Greencastle Commandery No. 11, K.T. June 2, 1931; received the 32° AASR on Dec. 5, 1929 and honorary 33° (NJ) on Sept. 28, 1949.

Thomas Oxnard (1703–1754) Provincial Grand Master of

North America. b. in Durham, England. He became a member of the First Lodge, Boston, on Jan. 21, 1736, and was master of the same. He was one of the founders of the Masters' Lodge, about Jan. 2, 1739. He was appointed deputy grand master in 1739, succeeding Tomlinson, q.v., as grand master. His grand master's commission is dated Sept. 23, 1743, and was received in Boston, March 6, 1744. His original warrant specifically appoints him as provincial grand master of North America and gives him full power to constitute lodges in North America. This he did, most of them around Boston, Newfoundland, RI., Md., Conn. The honor of being the first provincial grand master for North America is also claimed by some for Henry Price of Mass. and Joseph Montfort of S. Car., qq.v. Price's commission was dated April 30, 1733 and Montfort's Jan. 14, 1771. Oxnard died June 25, 1754.

P

Charles F. Pabst Physician and dermatologist who originated the term "athlete's foot." b. Dec. 3, 1887 in N.Y.C. Received M.D. degree from Long Island Coll. Hospital in 1909. Has been chief of clinic for skin diseases at Greenpoint hospital since 1915. In WWI he was medical officer in charge of treatment of skin diseases at U.S. Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va. An expert swimmer, he has saved several persons from drowning. In 1934 he gave the government an inexpensive, non-patented formula for fireproofing ships, clothing, and fabrics. He called attention to the widespread prevalence of

ringworm infection on feet and started a campaign against bare feet. He pointed out the dangers of overexposure to the summer sun and gave the term “heliophobe” to individual whose skin will not tan. Raised in Aurora Grata Day Star Lodge No. 756, Brooklyn, N.Y. on Nov. 29, 1921. 32° AASR (NJ) Knight Templar and member of Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Frederick Pabst (1836–1904) President of Pabst Brewing Co. b. March 28, 1836 in Nicholausreith, Saxony. He came to the U.S. in 1848, and for some time was captain of the steamer Comet on the Great Lakes. He became a brewer in 1862 and was president of the Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. He was raised in Cleveland Lodge No. 211, Chicago, Ill. on Jan. 17, 1861 and petitioned Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee, for affiliation on June 26, 1866, being elected that date. d. Jan. 1, 1904.

Fred Pabst, Jr. (1869–1958) President of Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. b. Nov. 3, 1869 in Milwaukee, the son of Frederick Pabst, q.v., founder of Pabst Brewing Co. Began as a brewer and director of the company in 1893. Was vice president from 1899–1905, vice president of Pabst Farms, Inc., president of Pabst Corp., 1921–32, vice president of Premier Pabst Corp., 1932–39, and chairman of board, 1939–54. Life member of Lafayette Lodge No. 265, Milwaukee. d. Feb. 22, 1958.

Charles N. Pace (1877–1954) President of Hamline University, St. Paul, Minn., 1934–48. b. Oct. 13, 1877 in

Keosauqua, Iowa. Graduate of Iowa Wesleyan in 1899 and 1912. Entered Methodist ministry in 1899, serving churches at Sigourney and Knoxville, Iowa until 1912, and then at St. Paul and Duluth, Minn. until 1933, when he became district superintendent. Received degrees in Braden Lodge No. 168, St. Paul, Minn. on Oct. 14, 28, Nov. 6, 1915 and affiliated with Ionic Lodge No. 186, Duluth on Nov. 13, 1916. d. Dec. 19, 1954.

Rustum Pacha Governor General of Lebanon, who in the 1860's made a national park of the Bsharri grove of Lebanon cedars, and put a wall around it to prevent depredation and guard against fires. He was a Freemason. This is the largest existing grove of Lebanon cedars mentioned in Masonic ritual, and contains about 420 trees.

Romualdo Pacheco (1831–1899) First native born Californian to become governor of that state, 1875; U.S. Congressman 1877–1878, 1879–83. U.S. minister to Central American States in 1890; Honduras and Guatemala in 1891, serving until 1893. b. Oct. 31, 1831 in Santa Barbara, Calif. as a Mexican citizen. His father, of the same name, a captain of the Santa Barbara garrison, was killed in a battle between the troops of Governor Manuel Victoria and Pablo de la Portill, not far from Los Angeles. Pacheco turned to nautical studies and then to ranching, after attending school in Hawaii. Among the public offices held by Pacheco were state senator, state assemblyman, county judge, state treasurer, and lieutenant governor. He retired from active life in 1893, and lived at Oakland. He was made a Mason in old San Luis Obispo

Lodge No. 148, in 1863, and served as its marshal the same year. In 1865, when it voted to surrender its charter, he affiliated with Washington Lodge No. 20 at Sacramento, where he was occupying the office of state treasurer. No matter where he traveled, or what offices he held after that, he remained a member of this lodge the rest of his life. d. Jan. 23, 1899, and was buried with Masonic honors. He was also a member of Sacramento Chapter No. 3, R.A.M.

Arthur J. Packard Hotel executive. b. Oct. 14, 1901 in Faribault, Minn. President of Packard Hotels Co., Graystone Hotels Co., Van Wert Hotels Co., and Arthur J. Packard Co. A director of Red Book Publishing Co. and several other firms. Raised in Mt. Zion Lodge No. 9, Mt. Vernon, Ohio in 1928. Member of Clinton Chapter No. 26, R.A.M., Mt. Vernon; 32° AASR (NJ) at Columbus and Aladdin Shrine Temple, Columbus, Ohio.

Francis H. Packer (1872-?) Sculptor. b. Feb. 13, 1873. Among his works are the statues of Chief Justice Thomas Ruffin and Ensign Worth Bagley, Raleigh, N.C. and of Attorney General George Davis, Wilmington, N.C.; "Monument to the Soldiers of the Confederacy" at Wilmington, N.C., and monuments to Nathanael Greene at Greensboro, N.C. and to Surgeon General E. B. Wolcott, Milwaukee, Wis.; the Alfred Benjamin Memorial Fountain, Kansas City, Mo.; and the T. E. Spunt Memorial, Wilmington, N.C. Designed medal commemorating Byrd Antarctic Expedition. Raised Dec. 14, 1917 in Henry Clay Lodge No. 277, N.Y.C. and dimitted Jan. 25, 1935.

William F. Packer (1807–1870) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1857–61. b. April 2, 1807 in Howard, Pa. Apprenticed himself at age of 13 to a newspaper publisher, worked as a journeyman, and in 1827, became one of the proprietors and editors of the *Lycoraing Gazette*, of which he was sole manager from 1829–36. Was one of the founders of *The Keystone* at Harrisburg in 1836. Served in state senate and house; was auditor-general of Pa., and president of Susquehanna Railroad. Made a Mason in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, and admitted to Lodge No. 106 of Williamsport, March 1, 1847. d. Sept. 27, 1870.

Algernon S. Paddock (1830–1897) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1875–81, 1887–93. b. Nov. 9, 1830 in Glens Falls, N.Y. Taught school and moved to Omaha, Nebr. in 1857, where he began practice of law. Was a delegate to the first territorial convention in 1859, and secretary of the Territory of Nebraska from 1861 until territory was admitted as a state in 1867. During this time he was often acting governor. Was member of Federal commission having jurisdiction over elections in Territory of Utah from 1882–86. He later engaged in the brokerage business at Beatrice, Nebr. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebr. d. Oct. 17, 1897.

Charles W. Paddock (1900–1943) Editor and athlete, who in 1920 was called “the world’s fastest human.” b. Aug. 11, 1900 in Gainesville, Texas. Graduate of Southern Calif. U. in 1922, and Ph.D. from U. of Paris in 1923. Began as newspaper man in 1914, and became vice president and general manager of the *Star-News*, Pasadena, Calif. He was also a columnist,

syndicate feature writer, and short story writer. Served in WWI as second lieutenant in Field Artillery. Was winner of the 100 meter Olympic championship in 1920; American champion, 1920–29; and Inter–Allied champion (100 and 200 meters) in 1919. Member of Carmelita Lodge No. 599, Pasadena, Calif., June 10, 1926. Killed June 22, 1943 in a Naval airplane crash near Sitka, Alaska.

Jose Antonio Paez (1790–1873) Venezuelan General who helped establish that country, and was three times president of same. b. June 13, 1790. He led in the struggle against Spain from 1810–23, and was chiefly responsible for bringing Venezuela into the new republic of Great Colombia. In 1829 he led a revolt against Bolivar, and in 1830 became the first president of the new Republic of Venezuela. He was president and dictator from 1831–46. In 1847 he led the revolt of the conservatives against President Monagas, q.v., but was captured and imprisoned until 1850. He went into exile in 1850, but returned in 1858 and was made minister to the U.S., holding that position until 1860. He was again proclaimed dictator in 1861, but in 1863 was forced to resign and go into exile again. He died in N.Y.C. on May 6, 1873. In 1925 the representative of the Venezuelan department of state in Washington, D.C. presented Paez's sword to General John J. Pershing, q.v. Paez was also the first grand master of Venezuela, and on the establishment of the Supreme Council, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Venezuela, May 1, 1840, he became its first sovereign grand commander, serving until 1843. He is also listed as an honorary member of the United Supreme Council for the Western Hemisphere in 1832. He

was present at the Lodge Union y Concordia at Kingston, Jamaica, June 26, 1847.

John Page (1744–1808) Governor of Virginia, 1802–05; U.S. Congressman to 1st through 4th Congresses, 1789–97. b. April 17, 1744 at “Roswell,” Gloucester Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary in 1763, where he was the intimate friend of Thomas Jefferson. Was with Washington on one of his western expeditions against the French and Indians. In the Revolution, he raised a regiment of militia to repel a British invasion; was a colonel in the Continental Army. He was lieutenant governor of Virginia when the war started. Page was a member of the state house of delegates for many years. Member of Botetourt Lodge No. 7, Gloucester, Va. d. Oct. 11, 1808.

John Page (1787–1865) U.S. Senator and Governor of New Hampshire. b. May 21, 1787 in Haverhill, N.H. Received little education and became a farmer. In 1818 he was elected to the state legislature and served two years; served another term in 1835. Was U.S. senator in 1836–37, being elected to fill a vacancy. Elected governor of N.H. in 1839 and served until 1842. Member of King Solomon’s Lodge No. 14, New London, N.H. d. Sept. 8, 1865.

Bayard H. Paine (1872–1955) Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska, 1930–48. b. April 27, 1872 near Painesville, Ohio. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1894, and Nebraska Wesleyan U. in 1934 (honorary). Began law practice in 1904 at Grand Island, Nebr. He was at one time referee in bankruptcy, and

district judge. Member of Ashler Lodge No. 33, Grand Island, Nebr. from 1916. 32° AASR (SJ) and Knight Templar. d. April 19, 1955.

Edward Paine Soldier of the American Revolution and founder of Painesville, Ohio. Member of Erie Lodge No. 47 (now 3) of Warren, Ohio, and its second master.

Robert Treat Paine (1731–1814) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. March 11, 1731 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1749. He studied theology and preached for a time, but finally took up law and practiced in Boston. He afterward removed to Taunton. He was a delegate to the provincial congress in 1774–75, and the Continental Congress from 1774–78, serving on important committees, and signing the Declaration of Independence. He was speaker of the Mass. house of representatives in 1777, and also attorney general of that state. From 1790–1804 he was judge of the supreme court of Mass. In 1780 he was a founder of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences. His son, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., q.v., was a poet. Paine is generally accepted as being a Mason. He was among those present at Roxbury, Mass. at a called meeting of the grand lodge, June 26, 1759. Some state that he was a member of Massachusetts Lodge, Boston. d. May 11, 1814.

Robert Treat Paine, Jr. (1773–1811) Poet. b. Dec. 9, 1773 in Taunton, Mass., the son of Robert Treat Paine, q.v., signer of the Declaration of Independence. Graduate of Harvard in 1792. He wrote for several newspapers and became interested

in the stage. When he married an actress, his father renounced him, and he was ex-eluded from fashionable society. He then studied law at Newburyport and practiced for a time in Boston. His writings were full of wit and sarcasm and have been called common-place and tawdry by some critics. There is no proof of his Masonic membership, but the name of "Massachusetts Lodge" creeps up in his biography as it does in his father's. The Gentleman's Pocket Register and Free-Masons Annual Anthology of 1813 carried a Masonic ode "written for, and sung at the anniversary of the Massachusetts Lodge, on the visitation of the Grand Lodge, 1796. By the late R. T. Paine, Jr. Esq." d. Nov. 13, 1811.

Thomas Paine (1737–1809) Political philosopher and author who wrote *Common Sense*; *Crisis*, the *Rights of Man*; and *The Age of Reason*. b. in England of Quaker parents. He tried various occupations but finally went bankrupt. At the suggestion of Benjamin Franklin, he came to America in 1774, and became the editor of *Pennsylvania Magazine*. His 47 page pamphlet *Common Sense*, published in 1776, advocated absolute independence, and did much to concentrate sentiment in favor of immediate independence in the colonies. He served for a time in the Continental Army as an aide to General Nathanael Greene, q.v., and following the war went to England and France. He was soon outlawed from England for his writings, urging the people to overthrow their monarchy. He fled to France and became a member of the National Convention and a French citizen. Again he offended the party in power (Jacobins), and was imprisoned. While in prison he wrote *The Age of Reason*. This was an attack on

the Christian religion, and it alienated many of his former friends. Paine, himself, was a Deist. Returning to America in 1802, he became involved in political controversies and lived his last years in ostracism and relative poverty. Although Paine wrote *An Essay on the Origin of Freemasonry*, he was not a Freemason. This essay sought to trace Freemasonry to the Celtic Druids. He drew on Smith Dodd and Prichard for his references. Certain writers have made claims that he was a member of various lodges both in America and France. d. June 8, 1809.

Gamaliel Painter (1743–1819) Revolutionary War soldier and principal founder of Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vt. b. May 22, 1743 in New Haven, Conn. He built the first house in Middlebury in 1773. In the Revolution he was a captain and quartermaster. In 1777 he was a delegate to the convention that declared the independence of Vt. Later he served in the state legislature and was a judge of the county court. He left \$10,000 to Middlebury Coll. Member of Union Lodge No. 5, Middlebury, Vt. d. May 21, 1819.

Lord James Paisley (see 7th Earl of Abercorn).

Raimundo Andueza Palacio President of the Republic of Venezuela, 1890–92. Was 17th sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council, 33°, AASR from 1885–88.

William Palfrey (1741–1780) Paymaster General in American Revolution. b. in 1741 in Boston, Mass. He was active in the movements that preceded the Revolution, and

visited England in 1771. He was an aide to Washington from March until April, 1776, when he was appointed paymaster-general with rank of lieutenant colonel. In Nov., 1780, he was appointed consul general to France by a unanimous vote of congress. Bound for France, he embarked in Dec. on a ship that was never heard from again. He became a member of St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, Jan. 26, 1761, and when Massachusetts Lodge was instituted, he became its charter secretary. From 1769–71 he was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. d. Dec., 1780.

Tomas Estrada Palma (1835–1908) First President of Cuba. Cuban patriot who joined other Cuban Masons, such as Carlos Manuel de Cespedes and Ignacio Agramonte y Loinaz, in the war which followed the declaration of independence on Oct. 10, 1868. He freed his slaves to demonstrate espousal of his principles. He was betrayed and imprisoned in 1877–78. Next he was in exile in Honduras and the U.S. until 1902. When another uprising took place in 1895, he offered his services to that cause, and he became Cuban minister plenipotentiary to the U.S. When the country was turned back to its people in 1902, during Theodore Roosevelt's administration, Palma became the first president of the Republic. He was reelected in 1906, but petty politics caused serious internal disorders and he appealed to the U.S. The troubles were not cleared up, and he and his cabinet resigned in Sept. 1906. The U.S. again took over. d. 1908. He was initiated in a lodge in Bayamo, Cuba, in 1868.

Charles S. Palmer (1858–1939) A chemist, who in 1900

invented the basic process for cracking oils to gasoline. He patented his process in 1907, and in 1916 sold his rights to Standard Oil Co. of Ind. b. Aug. 4, 1858 in Danville, Ill. Graduate of Amherst in 1879 and 1882, and of Johns Hopkins in 1886. Was professor of chemistry at U. of Colorado from 1887–92; president of Colorado School of Mines, 1902–03. He was then chief chemist of Washoe Smelter, Anaconda, Mont., associate editor of Engineering and Mining Journal, and consulting chemist for a number of companies. He defined chemical terms in Webster's International Dictionary in 1890. d. Nov. 30, 1939. Mason.

Clyde E Palmer (1876–1957) Newspaper publisher. b. Aug. 24, 1876 in Spirit Lake, Iowa. Started as stenographer in Texarkana Gazette and News, Texarkana, Texas in 1894, and became publisher after 1909. In Arkansas he published the El Dorado News and Times, Hot Springs New Era and Sentinel Record, and was co-publisher of the Hope Star. He also owned radio stations in Texarkana, Hot Springs, and Camden. He was president of the Palmer Foundation, a philanthropic organization he endowed in 1944. Member of Border Lodge No. 672, Texarkana, Texas, receiving degrees on July 13, Sept. 21, Dec. 21, 1926. Member of Amrita Grotto. d. July 4, 1957.

Elbridge W. Palmer (1886–1953) Book manufacturer and president of Kingsport Press at Kingsport, Tenn. from 1925. b. Dec. 4, 1886 in Meredith, N.H. Was with several printing concerns, including J. F. Tapley Co., of which he was president, before establishing the Kingsport Press. Was president of the National Society for Crippled Children from 1940–49;

former director of Rotary International, and recipient of highest awards by Boy Scouts. Member of Orient Lodge, Norwood, Mass.; Lynn Bachman Chapter No. 195, R.A.M. and Kingsport Commandery No. 33, K.T., both of Kingsport, Tenn. and Holston Council No. 101, R. & S.M. of Johnson City, Tenn. 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Nov. 18, 1953.

George W. Palmer (1835–1887) Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. b. June 7, 1835 in Ripley, N.Y. Active in politics throughout his life, he supported Lincoln, and in 1861 was assistant clerk in the U.S. senate. Served in quartermaster general's office in Civil War, and afterward was appointed captain and provost marshal of the 31st district of N.Y. In 1864 he became military secretary to Gov. Reuben E. Fenton, and later commissary-general of ordnance of N.Y. state, with the rank of brigadier general. In 1868 he was quartermaster general. He practiced law in N.Y.C. from 1869. Member of Bunting Lodge No. 655, N.Y.C. d. Jan. 2, 1887.

Henry E. Palmer (1841–1911) Western pioneer. b. July 31, 1841 in Centerville, Ohio. Received only a few months of formal education. Enlisted in Union Army in 1861 and rose to captain. He was chief of staff of Gen. P. E. Connor's command in the Powder River Indian expedition of 1865. He can be considered as a pioneer in several states: Wis. (1853); Neb. (1860); Colo. (1860); Kans. (1861); Wyo. (1865–66), where he was the first settler on Big Horn River; Mont. (1866); Idaho (1867). He was senior member of H. E. Palmer Son & Co., general insurance from 1869. Was commander of Neb. department, G.A.R. in 1884–85. Affiliated with Macoy Lodge

No. 22 (later changed to Plattsmouth Lodge No. 6) ; dimitted to Covert Lodge No. 11, Omaha. Affiliated with Nebraska Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. at Plattsmouth in Dec., 1869 and was grand high priest of Nebraska in 1884–85. Member of Mt. Zion Commandery No. 5, Plattsmouth, being knighted on Feb. 15, 1893. d. April 9, 1911.

Henry L. Palmer (1819–1909) President of Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.; Sovereign Grand Commander of Northern Supreme Council AASR for 30 years (1879–1909); Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T., in 1865. b. Oct. 18, 1819 in Mt. Pleasant, Pa. Was admitted to the bar and practiced at West Troy, N.Y. until 1849, when he moved to he continued practice in Milwaukee. Was four times member of the state assembly, and speaker of same in 1853. Served two terms as state senator, and was county judge of Milwaukee Co., 1873–74. Raised in Evening Star Lodge No. 75, West Troy, N.Y. in 1841, and affiliated with Tracy Lodge (now Wisconsin No. 13) of Milwaukee in 1849. Served several terms as master of this lodge, and was twice grand master of Grand Lodge of Wisconsin (1852–53), (1871–72). Exalted in Apollo Chapter No. 48, Troy, N.Y., he was a charter member of Wisconsin Chapter No. 7, serving as high priest several years, and as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Wisconsin in 1858–59. Was master of Wisconsin Council R. & S.M. several years and grand master of the Grand Council of Wisconsin in 1863–64. Knighted in Apollo Commandery No. 15, K.T. at Troy, N.Y., he assisted in organizing Wisconsin Commandery No. 1 in 1850 and became its commander in 1853, serving nine successive years. He was grand commander of the

Grand Commandery of Wisconsin for seven successive years, beginning in 1859. Received Scottish Rite degrees in 1863, including honorary 33°. Crowned active 33° in 1864, and was grand commander from 1879 until a few days before his death, May 7, 1909.

John M. Palmer (1817–1900) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1891–97; Union Major General in Civil War. b. Sept. 13, 1817 in Eagle Creek, Ky., moving to Madison Co., Ill. in 1831. Read law and was admitted to the bar through the influence of Stephen A. Douglas, q.v. He practiced at Carlinville, Ill. He presided over the Bloomington convention that organized the Republican Party, where Lincoln made the famous “lost speech” that started him on the way to the White House. In 1861 he was elected colonel of the 14th Ill. Inf., and two years later he was a major general commanding the 14th Army Corps. He was military governor of Kentucky for 14 months. After the war he settled in Springfield, Ill., and was governor of the state from 1869–73. While in the senate, he introduced the legislation that changed the election of senators and representatives from the state legislatures to a direct vote of the people. In 1896 he was a candidate for president on the Gold–Democratic ticket. He was raised Sept. 24, 1849 at the first meeting of Mt. Nebo Lodge U.D. at Carlinville, and during his life in that city, he held every office in the lodge except that of master. He once served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, and was the representative of the G.L. of Nevada near the G.L. of Illinois. By his own request he was buried in Carlinville, by Mt. Nebo Lodge No. 76. d. Sept. 25, 1900.

John R. Palmer College president. b. Aug. 18, 1916 in Lake Forest, Ill. Graduate of Dakota Wesleyan U. in 1940 and Iliff School of Theology in 1945. Ordained a Methodist minister in 1943. Served churches at Lemon and Plankinton, S. Dak., Denver, Colo., and Hanna, Wyo. until 1952, when he became president of Westminster College, Salt Lake City. In 1956 he became president of Morning-side College, Sioux City, Iowa. Member of Morningside Lodge No. 615, 32° AASR (SJ), Abu Bekr Shrine Temple, all of Sioux City, Iowa.

Joseph B. Palmer (1825–1890) Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Nov. 1, 1825. Became a member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 18, Nashville, Tenn. in July, 1847, and served as master of same. Exalted in Pythagoras Chapter No. 23, R.A.M., he became high priest. Knighted in Nashville Commandery No. 1 in 1850, he later became a charter member of Murfreesboro Commandery No. 10 and commander of same. In 1872 he was grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Tennessee. d. Nov., 1890.

Santiago R. Palmer (1844–1908) Founder of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Puerto Rico on Sept. 20, 1885. b. Feb. 25, 1844 in San German, Puerto Rico. Was raised in 1866 in La Union Germana Lodge No. 8, of his native town. In 1874 he founded in San German the lodge Tercera Prudencia No. 28, and in 1877, the Adelpchia Lodge No. 40 at Mayaguez. He was then appointed deputy of the grand master of the United Grand Lodge of Colon and Island of Cuba for the Island of Puerto Rico. With the help of Aurelio Almeida, he revived many lodges and established new ones. It was through his

efforts that the old grand lodge surrendered its rights and the new grand lodge of Puerto Rico was formed, with Palmer as first grand master. At his death, the Roman Catholic church refused his body the rights of burial, and even a grave in the cemetery. He was imprisoned for a time at Fajardo and Mayaguez, and again in Morro Castle, because of his political beliefs, but was freed through the intervention of the Prince of Wales. d. March 31, 1908.

Thomas W. Palmer (1830–1913)—U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1883–89; U.S. Minister to Spain, 1889. b. Jan. 25, 1830 in Detroit, Mich. Educated in U. of Michigan. He engaged in lumbering and agricultural pursuits. Was a member of the state senate in 1879–80. After his term as U.S. senator, he was not a candidate for reelection. He was president of the national commission of the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1890–93. Retired to his Wayne Co. farm home near Detroit. Received degrees in Fidelity Lodges No. 32, Hillsdale, Mich., on June 6 and July 12, 1852 (no record of second degree), and transferred to Maxson Lodge No. 26 on Jan. 2, 1860. d. June 1, 1913.

Baron of Panmure (see Fox–Maule Dalhousie).

Lord Panmure William Ramsay Maule, Member of Parliament and Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1808–09.

Pasquale di Paoli (1725–1807) Corsican patriot. He commanded the Corsican forces in the expulsion of the Genoese in 1755 and continued the struggle for independence after

the cession of Corsica by Genoa to France. When defeated in 1769, he took refuge in England where he was welcomed as a friend by Dr. Johnson, q.v., and pensioned. Boswell, q.v., wrote of him in his *Account of Corsica* in 1768. He was recalled to Corsica in 1789 as military governor, and led another revolt against France in 1793. With the help of the British, he expelled the French and turned the island over to England. He was disappointed in the hope of being viceroy, and retired to England in 1796. Had he not been a Roman Catholic, he would have received burial in Westminster Abbey; instead a cenotaph with a medallion by Flaxman stands there to his memory. He became a member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 325, Jan. 14, 1779, and a member of Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259, London in 1800.

Paracelsus (1493–1541) A charlatan who established the “Paracelsist” school from which the founders of the Hermetic Freemasonry drew much of the cabalistic and mystical science. His full name was Philippus Aureolus Theophrastus Bombastus Paracelsus de Hohenheim. Born in Germany, he devoted his life to the study of astrology, alchemy, magic, and medicine, and finally proclaimed himself to be the “monarch” of all such sciences.

George C. Pardee (1857–1941) Governor of California, 1903–07. b. July 25, 1857 in San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1879, 1882, and M.D. degree from U. of Leipzig in 1885. His practice was confined to diseases of the eye and ear. Served as mayor of Oakland, Calif. and regent of the state university. Member of Oakland Lodge No. 188

and past master of same. Also member of Oakland Chapter No. 36, R.A.M. d. Sept. 1, 1941.

Guy B. Park (1872–1946) Governor of Missouri, 1933–37. b. June 10, 1872 in Platte City, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1896. Began law practice at Platte City in 1896. He served as city attorney, county prosecuting attorney, and was circuit judge from 1923–33. Member of state constitutional conventions of 1922 and 1943–44. Member of Platte City Lodge No. 504, receiving degrees on April 24, May 9 and 23, 1904. Served as master in 1909–10. Exalted in Platte City Chapter No. 21, R.A.M., Feb. 17, 1909, and was high priest, 1911–13. Knighted in Belt Commandery No. 9, K.T. of Platte City, May 4, 1909; was commander in 1911. When Belt consolidated with Weston Commandery No. 2, Weston, Mo., in Jan., 1933, he continued his membership there. Member of St. Chrysostom Conclave, R.C.C. at Columbia, Mo. and Moila Shrine Temple of St. Joseph, of which he was a life member. d. Oct. 1, 1946.

John Park (1754–1789) Soldier of American Revolution, and poet. b. April 7, 1754 in Dover, Del. Educated at the Coll. of Philadelphia. At the beginning of the Revolution he entered the Continental Army and served in the quartermaster's department. Was with Washington's army until close of hostilities, and attained the rank of lieutenant colonel. After the war he lived at Philadelphia, and later in Va. He published *The Lyric Works of Horace, Translated Into English Verse*. It was dedicated to Washington, and the translation in rhymed verse is paraphrased by the substitution of American characters for the Roman worthies. Park was an original

member of American Union Lodge in April, 1776, and past master of same. He later became a member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. d. Dec. 11, 1789.

Alton B. Parker (1852–1926) Chief Justice, Court of Appeals, N.Y. and Democratic candidate for president in 1904 against Theodore Roosevelt. b. May 14, 1852 in Cortland, N.Y. Graduate of Albany Law School (N.Y.) in 1873. Practiced at Kingston, N.Y. Was justice of supreme court of N.Y. from 1885–89; member of court of appeals from 1889. Resigned as chief justice of appellate court to accept Democratic nomination for presidency. Later returned to private practice. In 1919 he was president of the National Civic Federation. Member of Kingston Lodge No. 10, Kingston, N.Y. and past master of same. d. May 10, 1926.

Arthur C. Parker (1881–1955) Archaeologist and museum curator. An American Indian whose name was Ga-Wa-So-Wa-Neh, a nephew of General Ely S. Parker, q.v., the Seneca chief. b. April 5, 1881 on Cattaraugus Indian Reservation, N.Y. Studied at Dickinson Sem. (Pa.) and Harvard, and had several honorary degrees. He was an archaeologist at Harvard's Peabody Museum; ethnologist at N.Y. State Library; archaeologist for N.Y. State Museum; and director of Rochester (N.Y.) Museum of Arts and Sciences, 1925–46. Was a consultant on Indian affairs under presidents Roosevelt, Taft, Wilson, and Coolidge. From 1919–22 he was N.Y. state commissioner on Indian affairs. He was the author of 12 books and more than 300 articles on various museum and Indian subjects. He was an organizer of the Society of American Indians, serving

as secretary from 1911–15, in which year he became president. In 1911 he founded “American Indian Day,” the second Saturday in May. He was founder and editor (1911–16) of the *American Indian Magazine*. He fought for opportunity for the Indian to make good, demonstrate ability, and to take a place side by side with other Americans. He was associate editor of *The Builder*, 1923–24. He wrote many articles on Freemasonry and had just finished one for the American Lodge of Research at the time of his death; was working on another for *The Philalethes*, of which he was a life member. Among his other Masonic writings was *American Indian Freemasonry* (1919). Several of his books contain Masonic references, including *Red Jacket*; *Last of the Seneca*; *Life of General Ely S. Parker*. Member of John Hodge Lodge No. 815, Naples, N.Y. and honorary member of Ely Parker Lodge No. 1002, Buffalo. He was raised in Masters Lodge No. 5, Albany, N.Y. A member of both the York and Scottish rites, he was made honorary 33° on Sept. 16, 1924 (NJ), and was a member of the Royal Order of Scotland. d. Jan. 1, 1955.

Ben H. Parker University president and business executive. b. Nov. 3, 1902 in Oklahoma City, Okla. Graduate of Colorado School of Mines in 1924, 1932, and 1934. Was geologist with oil companies from 1924–31, when he became a teacher at the Colorado Sch. of Mines. He was president of same, 1946–50. He has been vice president of Frontier Refining Co. since 1942, and president of Gold Crest Mining Co., 1939–49. Member of Oklahoma City Lodge No. 36, Oklahoma City, Okla. and 32° AASR (SJ) in Rocky Mountain Consistory No. 2, Denver, Colo.

Ely S. Parker (1828–1895) American Indian and Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. on the Tonawanda Indian Reservation, N.Y. in 1828, he was the son of Seneca Chief, William Parker, and the grandson of the famous Red Jacket, q.v. His Seneca name was Hasanoanda which was changed to Donehogawa when he became a sachem and the eighth chief of the tribe. While working at Galena, Ill., as an engineer, he became the friend of U. S. Grant. On entering the Army, he became Grant's secretary (1863) and was present at the surrender of General Lee, writing the official document of surrender. He resigned from the army in 1869 to accept the appointment as commissioner of Indian affairs from President Grant. He retired in 1871, but subsequently held several positions in the city government of N.Y.C. An active Freemason throughout his life, he was raised in Batavia Lodge No. 88, Batavia, N.Y. in 1847, affiliating with Valley Lodge No. 109 of the same city, May 6, 1850. He dimitted from there on Sept. 6, 1858 to become a founder and first master of Miners' Lodge No. 273, Galena, Ill., serving from 1858–60. Dimitted from there in 1862 to become first master of Akron Lodge No. 527, Akron, N.Y. In 1861 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois and grand representative of G.L. of Iowa near G.L. of Ill. Ely Parker Lodge No. 1002, Buffalo, N.Y. is named for him. Exalted in Hamilton Chapter No. 62, R.A.M. at Rochester, N.Y. on March 6, 1851, he became first high priest of Jo Daviess Chapter No. 51 of Ill., 1859–61. Knighted, April 22, 1853, in Monroe Commandery No. 12, K.T., Rochester, N.Y. and received the Cryptic degrees at Elmira N.Y. Ely S. Parker Council No. 60, R. & S.M. at Galena, Ill. was chartered in 1873 (now defunct).

Parker's portrait was hung in Miners' Lodge at Galena, Ill., in 1873. d. Aug. 31, 1895.

Glenn Parker Justice, Supreme Court of Wyoming from 1955. b. Nov. 25, 1898 in Murray, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Wyoming in 1922 and 1927. He taught school and was principal in Wyoming schools from 1922–26. Admitted to the bar in 1927, he practiced in Laramie. Served as city attorney, county attorney, and district judge. Member of Laramie Lodge No. 3, Laramie, Wyo. 32° AASR (SJ) at Cheyenne.

Homer C. Parker (1885–1946) U.S. Congressman, to 72nd and 73rd Congresses (1931–35) from 1st Ga. dist. b. Sept. 25, 1885 in Baxley, Ga. Graduate of Mercer U. in 1908. Practiced law in Statesboro, Ga. from 1908–27. He was comptroller general of Ga. in 1936–37 and comptroller general and insurance commissioner of Ga. 1941–46. Received degrees in Ogeechee Lodge No. 213, Statesboro, Ga. in 1915. Dimitted in 1938. d. June 22, 1946.

Sir Horatio Gilbert Parker (1862–1932) Canadian author. b. in Ontario. He became the associate editor of the Sydney (Australia) Herald, from 1885–89, and wrote Round the Compass in Australia in 1892. Up to 1900 he devoted himself to the portrayal of Canadian woodsmen, Canadian life and character. He settled in London and became a Conservative member of parliament in 1900, and a champion of imperialism. He was in charge of the British propaganda in America in 1914–17. Among his writings are The World in the Crucible; Pierre and His People; Northern Lights; Right of Way; The

Weavers; The Power and the Glory. His last book in 1928 was a Biblical story, The Promised Land. He became a member of Authors Lodge No. 3456, London, England, and was senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England.

Joel Parker (1816–1888) Governor of New Jersey, 1862–66; Judge, Supreme Court of New Jersey, 1880–88. b. Nov. 24, 1816 near Freehold, N.J. Graduate of Princeton in 1839; studied law, and settled in Freehold, N.J. Served in state assembly, as prosecuting attorney, and presidential elector. Was commissioned brigadier general of militia in 1857, and major general in 1861. He was elected as governor a second time in 1870, and, at the end of that term, became attorney general of the state. Raised April 24, 1857 in Olive Branch Lodge No. 16, Freehold, N.J. d. Jan. 2, 1888.

John M. Parker (1863–1939) Governor of Louisiana, 1920–24. b. March 16, 1863. He was engaged in the cotton business at New Orleans from 1880; was president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange in 1897 and Southern Commercial Congress in 1910. In 1916 he was the Progressive party's nominee for vice president of the U.S. He became a member of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans on April 11, 1889. d. May 20, 1939.

Joseph Parker Indian Chief and Grand Sachem of the Six Nations. Membership not known, but visited Friendship Lodge No. 153, Owego, N.Y. on June 24, 1853.

Myron M. Parker (1847–1929) Grand Master of District

of Columbia, who was in charge of the Masonic ceremonies at the dedication of Washington Monument in Washington in 1885. b. Nov. 7, 1847 in Fairfax, Vt. d. March 24, 1929 in Washington, D.C.

Sir Peter Parker (1721–1811) British Baronet and Admiral of the Fleet. b. in 1721. He became a post-captain in 1747, and in 1775 sailed on the *Bristol*, of 50 guns, to Charleston, S. Car. to cooperate with Sir Henry Clinton in his attack on that city. He arrived on June 28, 1776, and made an unsuccessful assault on Fort Moultrie, resulting in great loss of life and damage to his ships and final abandonment of the enterprise. He was subsequently knighted for his bravery in this battle. He aided Lord Howe in the capture of N.Y., commanded the squadron that took possession of R.I. in the latter part of 1776, and held the chief command on the Jamaica station from 1777–82. In the latter year he was made a baronet and subsequently was commander-in-chief at Portsmouth, England. He was a member of parliament for Malden, and admiral of the “white.” On the death of Lord Howe, he succeeded him as admiral of the fleet. He became a member of Royal Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4 of London on Oct. 11, 1773 and was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of England from 1787 until his death on Dec. 21, 1811.

Walter W. Parker (1889–1957) President of South East Missouri State Teachers College, Cape Girardeau, Mo. 1933–56. b. Jan. 17, 1889 in Howard Co., Ark. Graduate of Hendrix Coll., 1912 and 1929, and Columbia U. in 1915. Taught in Conway, Ark., Hendrix Academy, and Teachers College at

Warrensburg, Mo. In 1928 he became president of State Teachers Coll., Alva, Okla. Received degrees in Corinthian No. 265, Warrensburg, Mo. in 1924; affiliated with Alva Lodge No. 105, Alva, Okla. in 1929, and on Feb. 26, 1935 affiliated with St. Marks Lodge No. 93, Cape Girardeau, Mo. d. Feb. 9, 1957.

George A. Parks Territorial Governor of Alaska, 1925–33. b. May 29, 1883 in Denver, Colo. Graduate of Colo. School of Mines in 1906. Was mining engineer in Western U.S., Mexico, and Alaska, chief of field division of General Land Office, Alaska, 1920–23, and assistant superintendent of surveys and public lands of Alaska in 1924. Became territorial governor on appointment of President Coolidge, and was reappointed by President Hoover. Later, was district engineer for Alaska. Served as captain of engineers in WWI. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Peter Parley (see Samuel G. Goodrich).

Duke of Parma (see Jean Jacques Regis Cambaceres).

Joseph W. Parmley (1861–1940) “Father of the Yellowstone Trail,” the first 100 miles of same known as “Parmley Highway.” b. Jan. 12, 1861 in Mifflin, Wis. Was a South Dakota dealer in western lands, and interested in abstract companies and Scranton Clay Products Corp. He was a member of the S.D. state legislature and state highway commissioner of S. Dak. Was active in promoting the Canada–Panama highway, better farming, good roads, and hydro–electric power. He was also the promoter of the International Peace Garden in

Turtle Mountains, between N. Dak. and Manitoba. Raised in Devotion Lodge No. 76, Ipswich, S. Dak., Sept. 17, 1887. d. Dec. 15, 1940.

Harvey Parnell (1880–1936) Governor of Arkansas, 1928–33. b. Feb. 28, 1880 in Cleveland Co., Ark. Began as clerk in hardware stores in Warren and Dermott, Ark., and from 1902–10 engaged in general mercantile business at Dermott, and later in farming. Served in lower house, 1919–20, and state senate, 1921–25. Was lieutenant governor, 1927–28. Made a Mason on April 30, 1906 in Branson Lodge No. 113, Tiller, Ark., and later affiliated with Dermott Lodge No. 659, Dermott. d. Jan. 16, 1936.

John Parr Governor of Nova Scotia. Grand Master of Nova Scotia, 1786–91.

Albion K. Parris (1788–1857) Governor, and U.S. Congressman and Senator from Maine. b. Jan. 19, 1788 in Auburn, Maine. Worked on the farm until age of 14, and graduated from Dartmouth in 1806. He then studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1809, practicing at Paris. Served as county prosecuting attorney, member of state assembly, and state senator. From 1815–19 he was U.S. congressman. In 1818 he was appointed as judge of the U.S. district court and moved to Portland. In 1819 he was a delegate to the state convention to draw up the constitution. He was governor of Maine from 1821–26; U.S. senator from 1826–28, when he resigned to become judge of the supreme court of Maine from 1828–36. In 1836–50 he was the second comptroller of

the U.S. treasury. He became a member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 17, Portsmouth, Maine, March 15, 1809. d. Feb. 11, 1857.

Lucian W. Parrish (1878–1922) U.S. Congressman from Texas to 66th Congress (1919–21) from 13th dist. b. Jan. 10, 1878 in Van Alstyne, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1906 and 1909. Began as a cowboy and earned money to pay for his education. Practiced law at Henrietta. In college he was the champion hammer thrower of the South. Member of Henrietta Lodge No. 454, Henrietta, Texas, receiving degrees on Sept. 8, Oct. 9, Nov. 8, 1917. d. March 27, 1922.

Claude V. Parsons (1895–1941) U.S. Congressman to 71st through 76th Congresses (1929–41) from 24th Ill. dist. b. Oct. 7, 1895 at McCormick, Ill. He taught and was county superintendent of schools in Pope Co., Ill., between 1914–30, and edited and published newspapers from 1924–30. Member of Stonefort Lodge No. 495, Stone-fort, Ill., receiving degrees on Feb. 25, March 4, 11, 1918. d. May 23, 1941.

Lewis E. Parsons (?–1893) Provisional Governor of Alabama in 1865 by appointment of President Johnson. A New Yorker by birth, he settled in Talladega, Ala. in 1841 where he established a law practice. Was elected to lower house of state legislature in 1859 and in 1860 was a delegate to the Baltimore convention and supported Douglas for president. Although a Union man, he was well liked by his southern constituents and at the end of his term as provisional governor they elected him U.S. senator. The senate, however,

refused to seat him. Received degrees in Clinton Lodge No. 38, Talladega, Ala., on July 30, Aug. 6, 27, 1843 and was senior warden in 1942 and 1852. Charter of this lodge forfeited in 1856. d. June 8, 1893.

Samuel H. Parsons (1737–1789) Major General in American Revolution; on board that tried Major Andre; first judge of Northwest Territory. b. May 14, 1737 in Lyme, Conn. Graduate of Harvard in 1756, studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1759, first practicing in Lyme, Conn. Served 18 consecutive sessions in the state assembly, and was on the committee that originated the plan for forming the first congress, which met in N.Y., and was the forerunner of the Continental congress. Was appointed King's attorney in 1773, and moved to New London, Conn., where he was a member of the committee of correspondence. He was early a militia –officer. He joined Ethan Allan at Ticonderoga, participated in the Battle of Long Island in Aug. 1776, and was commissioned a brigadier general in that month. Served at Harlem Heights and White Plains, and was later stationed at Peekskill, N.Y., to protect the posts on the North River. He reinforced Washington in N.J. and built the fortifications at West Point. He was commissioned major general in 1780, and succeeded General Israel Putnam, q.v., in command of the Conn. line, serving until the close of the war. He then resumed law practice in Middletown, Conn., and in 1778 was appointed by Washington as the first judge of the Northwest Territory. He moved to Marietta, Ohio. When returning from treating with the Wyandotte Indians on Lake Erie, in the interests of the State of Conn., his boat overturned in the rapids of Big Beaver River on Nov. 17, 1789, and he

was drowned. He was an important link in the American counterespionage service, and at one time was suspected of double dealing with the British, being so mentioned in the intelligence reports of Sir Henry Clinton. One of his agents, perhaps by no coincidence, used the code name "Hiram." He received his first degree on May 18, 1863 in St. John's Lodge No. 2, Middletown, Conn. and on Oct. 23, 1765 was admitted a member of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. He was also an early member of American Union Lodge where he was listed as a Fellowcraft. Presumably, he was raised shortly thereafter, as he became master of that lodge when it was revived in his regiment of Putnam's division during the 1778–79 cantonment at Redding—the Valley Forge of Conn. At Redding, Parsons was the titular master of American Union, but he was absent on inspection duties much of the time. On his return to Middletown, he was elected master of St. John's Lodge No. 2, Dec. 27, 1782, and was installed at a meeting held at Mrs. Abigail Shailer's on Feb. 10, 1783. An early member of St. John's Mark Lodge of Middletown, his mark was the twin stars of a major general.

Donald B. Partridge (1891–1946) U.S. Congressman to 72nd Congress (1931–33) from 2nd Maine dist. b. June 7, 1891 in Norway, Maine. Graduate of Bates Coll., Lewiston, Maine in 1914. Was a high school principal from 1914–17, admitted to the bar in 1924. Raised in Whitney Lodge No. 167 and later affiliated with Oxford Lodge No. 18, Norway, Maine, serving as master of the latter in 1922. d. June 5, 1946.

Theodore S. Parvin (1817–1901) Librarian. b. Jan. 15, 1817

at Cedarville, N.J. Graduated from Woodward Coll., Cincinnati in 1836, and moved to Iowa in 1838. He was private secretary to the first territorial governor of Iowa, Robert Lucas, q.v., and first librarian of Iowa Territory, purchasing the nucleus of what is now the state library. He served as district attorney, county judge, state registrar of lands, professor of natural science, and librarian of the State U. of Iowa. He is best known for his founding of the Iowa Masonic Library in 1844. He built the structure (now replaced) that was the only Masonic library building in the world. He was raised in Nova Caesarea Harmony Lodge No. 2 of Cincinnati, March 14, 1838; grand master of Iowa in 1852. With the exception of the year he was grand master, he was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Iowa from 1844–1901. He was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., of Iowa, and later grand secretary; grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Iowa in 1857; grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T., of Iowa in 1864. Active in the Grand Encampment, K.T., of the U.S., he served as grand recorder of that body from 1871–86. In 1859 he received the Scottish Rite and was made 33°, and that same year, was sovereign grand inspector general for Iowa. d. June 28, 1901.

Martinez Paschalis (1700?–1779) Founder of the Rite of Elected Cohens or Priests, a modification of Freemasonry. A German, he traveled through Turkey, Arabia and Palestine, learning the Cabalistic teachings of the Jews. He established his rite in Paris. The rite was divided into classes and contained nine degrees. The first class represented the fall of man from virtue, and the second, his final restoration. It no

longer exists. Later went to Santo Domingo, where he died.

Samuel Pasco (1834–1917) U.S. Senator from Florida, 1887–99. b. June 28, 1834 in London, England. Family first moved to Prince Edward Island and later to Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1858 and 1872. He was principal of Waukeenh Academy (Fla.) from 1859–61. Served in the Confederate Army as private and non-commissioned officer from 1861–65. He was admitted to the bar in 1868, and practiced at Monticello, Fla. Was a member of the state house of representatives 1886–87, and speaker in latter year. He was a member of the Isthmian Canal Commission, 1899–1904. Member of Jefferson Lodge No. 33, Waukeenh, Fla., he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Florida from 1870–72; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Florida, 1909; and grand master of the Odd-fellows in 1885. d. March 13, 1917.

Khedive Ismail Pasha First grand master of the Grand Lodge of Egypt who, in 1879, presented the famous “Cleopatra’s Needle” to the United States. It was originally erected in Heliopolis, Egypt, about 1500 B.C. Weighing 200 tons, its removal and re-erection was quite a problem. It was shipped under the direction of Comdr. H. H. Gorringe, a Mason, and on Oct. 9, 1880 the foundation stone of the monument’s base was laid with Masonic ceremonies.

Juan Jose Paso (1757–1833) Argentine patriot and member of the first junta. He had the honor of reading Argentina’s declaration of independence in 1816. Was a member of Lautaro Lodge and Independencia Lodge formed in 1795.

Martinez de Pasqually (see under de Pasqually).

Otto E. Passman U.S. Congressman to 80th through 86th Congresses(1947–60) from 5th La. dist. b. June 27, 1900 near Franklinton, La. Is owner of Passman Equipment Co., Delta Furniture Co. of Monroe, La., and Commercial Equipment Co. of Fort Smith, Ark. Served as lieutenant in U.S. Navy in WWII from 1942–44, and was state commander of American Veterans of World War II, Inc. Member of Graham Surghnor Lodge No. 383, Monroe, La.; master from 1938–40, and grand master of Grand Lodge of Louisiana, 1944–45. Member of Monroe Chapter No. 18, R.A.M., Monroe Council No. 8, R. & S.M., and Monroe Commandery No. 7, K.T. 32° AASR (SJ) at Shreveport; El Karubah Shrine Temple, Shreveport; Teflis Grotto, Monroe; Ouachita Conclave No. 98, Red Cross of Constantine, Monroe; Tall Cedars of Lebanon, and High Twelve.

Antonio “Tony” Pastor (1837–1908) American actor and theater manager. b. in New York City, he was on the stage from childhood. He was experienced as a clown, ballad singer, and comedian. He opened Tony Pastor’s Opera House, 201 Bowery, N.Y.C. in 1865, and moved to the Metropolitan Theater on Broadway in 1875. In 1881 he secured the Fourteenth Street Theater, thereafter known as Tony Pastor’s. He developed legitimate vaudeville in his theaters. Member of New York Lodge No. 330, 32° AASR (NJ) and Mecca Shrine Temple, all of New York City.

Walter W. Patchell Vice President of Pennsylvania Railroad

since 1952. b. Nov. 28, 1897 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Pennsylvania State Coll. in 1919. Has been with the Pennsylvania Railroad since 1915, as general superintendent, 1939–42; assistant to vice president in charge of operations, 1942–46; general manager of Western region, 1946–48; Central region, 1948–51; vice president in charge of real estate and taxation, 1952–53; vice president to reduce and eliminate losses from passenger traffic, 1953–55; and vice president for research and development since 1955. Also vice president and director of West Jersey & Seashore R.R. Co.; director of Pittsburgh Testing Laboratories, American Contract & Trust Co. Member of E. Coppee Mitchell Lodge No. 605 in 1933. 32° AASR (NJ) at Pittsburgh as well as Syria Shrine Temple. Is a trustee of the grand lodge charity fund, Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.

John Paterson (1744–1808) Major General of American Revolution; U.S. Congressman to 8th Congress (1803–05) from N.Y. b. in Hartford Co., Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1762, taught, practiced law, and was justice of peace at New Britain, Conn. In 1774 he settled at Lenox, Mass., and was a member of the first Provincial congress, which met at Salem in 1774; was also a member of the next congress, at Cambridge, in Feb. 1775. He raised a regiment of minute-men and marched for Boston 18 hours after the arrival of news of the Battle of Lexington. They constructed the first redoubt on the American line at Charlestown, and on the day of the Battle of Bunker Hill, defended it from a British attack. Paterson was then ordered to N.Y. and later to Canada to reinforce Benedict Arnold, q.v. Some of his men were engaged in the

disastrous Battle of the Cedars, followed by Crown Point, Mount Independence, and Albany. In Nov. 1776, with only 200 men remaining of the original 600, he joined Washington's forces at Newtown, Pa., and participated in the battles of Trenton and Princeton. Paterson was made brigadier general, Feb. 21, 1777, and attached to the Northern department. He fought at the Battle of Stillwater, and took part in the defeat of General Burgoyne. In Sept., 1783 he became major general. Paterson was first master of Washington Lodge No. 10, a traveling military lodge under Mass., which was later located at West Point, N.Y. Previous to this he was a charter petitioner of Berkshire Lodge No. 5, located at Stockbridge, Mass. and constituted by the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts on March 8, 1777. d. July 19, 1808.

William Paterson (1745–1806) Justice, U.S. Supreme Court; U.S. Senator; Governor of New Jersey. b. at sea in 1745. Graduate of Princeton in 1763, and admitted to the bar in 1769. Member of N.J. state constitutional convention of 1776, and attorney general of the state in that year. Was a delegate to the Continental Congress in 1780–81. He was U.S. senator in 1780, but resigned in March of the next year to become governor of N.J. In 1793 Washington appointed him to the U.S. supreme court, and he sat on that bench until his death on Sept. 9, 1806. A member of Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J., he received the first two degrees on May 17 and the third on Nov. 7, 1791.

Wright Patman U.S. Congressman to 71st through 86th Congresses (1929–60) from 1st Texas dist. b. Aug. 6, 1893

near Hughes Springs, Texas. Graduate of Cumberland U. in 1916. Was a cotton farmer in Texas from 1913–14, and admitted to the bar in 1916, practicing at Hughes Springs. Served as assistant county attorney, district attorney, and member of lower house of Texas. Served in WWI as private and commissioned officer. Received degrees in Hughes Springs Lodge No. 671, Hughes Springs, Texas on Sept. 5, Oct. 7, Dec. 5, 1914, dimitting to Linden Lodge No. 192 in 1919. 32° AASR (SJ).

Edwin D. Patrick (1894–1945) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 11, 1894 in Tell City, Ind. Student at Indiana U. and U. of Michigan. Commissioned second lieutenant in U.S. Army in 1917, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1943. Served on Mexican Border in 1917–18, with the A.E.F. in WWI, and with Luxemburg Army of Occupation. In WWII he was on the staff of the 6th Army in South Pacific, and after 1943 chief of staff. Received degrees in 1915 in Tell City Lodge No. 623, Tell City, Ind. and dimitted in 1942. d. March 15, 1945.

Mason M. Patrick (1863–1942) Major General, U.S. Army and first Chief of Air Service. b. Dec. 13, 1863 in Lewisburg, W. Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1886. Commissioned in 1886, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1917, and major general in 1921. An engineer, he served with Engineering Corps on Mississippi River, raised the U.S.S. Maine, was assigned to the Great Lakes, Cuba and other places. Taught at West Point, and was in A.E.F. of WWI. Received his degrees in Orient Lodge No. 395, Wilmington,

N. Car., on Oct. 21, Nov. 3, and Nov. 12, 1891, dimitting in Feb. 6, 1895. d. Jan. 29, 1942.

Francis F. Patterson, Jr. (1867–1935) U.S. Congressman to 66th through 69th Congresses (1919–27) from 1st N.J. dist. b. July 30, 1867 in Newark, N.J. Began in newspaper office at age of 13, and later with Camden (N.J.) Courier. Edited the Philadelphia Record from 1890–94, and was owner and publisher of the Camden Post Telegram, 1894–1923. Raised Feb. 28, 1905 in Camden Lodge No. 15, Camden, N.J. d. Nov. 30, 1935.

Frederick D. Patterson Negro educator and President of Tuskegee (Ala.) Institute, 1935–53; now emeritus and director of Phelps–Stokes Fund, N.Y.C. b. Oct. 10, 1901 in Washington, D.C. Graduate of Iowa State Coll. in 1923, 1927; Ph.D. from Cornell U. (N.Y.), 1932. Taught veterinary science at Virginia State Coll., 1923–26; director of agriculture, 1927–28. Head–ed veterinary division of Tuskegee Inst., 1928–33 and director of school of agriculture there, 1933–35. Consultant of federal government on education and health and member of three presidents' commissions on health, higher education and employment of handicapped. Member of Lewis Adams Lodge No. 67, Prince Hall, at Tuskegee Institute (Ala.); 32° AASR (SJ) at same, receiving 33° on Oct. 16, 1939.

Isaac L. Patterson (1859–1929) Governor of Oregon, 1927–30 term, dying in office. b. Sept. 17, 1859 in Benton Co., Oreg. Member of state senate, 1894–98; collector of customs, Portland, 1898–1907; again state senator 1919–21. Engaged

in farming. Was raised, Dec. 22, 1881, in Salem Lodge No. 4, Salem, Oreg. d. Dec. 21, 1929.

Malcolm R. Patterson (1861–1935) Governor of Tennessee 1907–11, and U.S. Congressman to 57th through 59th Congresses (1901–07) from 10th Tenn. dist. b. June 7, 1861 in Somerville, Ala. Graduate of Christian Brothers' Coll., Memphis, and studied at Vanderbilt U. Admitted to the bar in 1883, and practiced at Memphis. Served both as district attorney and judge of first circuit court of Shelby Co. Member of Memphis Lodge No. 118, Memphis, Tenn. d. March 8, 1935.

Marion D. Patterson (1876–1950) Justice, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, 1940–50. b. Oct. 20, 1876 in Williamsburg, Pa. Taught school from 1895–1901 and admitted to the bar in 1904. Served as district attorney of Blair Co.; elected presiding judge of court of common pleas, 24th dist. Member of Juniata Lodge No. 282, Hollidaysburg, Pa., receiving degrees on Jan. 8, Feb. 2, March 12, 1900 and master of the lodge in 1906. d. Jan. 6, 1950.

Matthew C. Patterson President of Dodge Division of Chrysler Corp. since 1956. b. May 30, 1900 in Lanarkshire, Scotland. Came to U.S. in 1921, and naturalized in 1929. Served as an apprentice mechanical engineer in Scotland. Was plant engineer for Dodge at Detroit, 1939–48; general works manager, 1948–55; vice president in charge of manufacturing, 1955; vice president and manager of car operations, 1955–56. He is also vice president of Chrysler Corp. since 1956. Became member of Acacia Lodge No. 477, Detroit, Mich. on Feb. 16,

1932. 32° AASR, member of Moslem Shrine Temple and Walter P. Chrysler Shrine Club, all of Detroit.

Paul L. Patterson (1900–1956) Governor of Oregon in 1955. b. July 18, 1900 in Kent, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1923 and 1926. In private law practice at Hillsboro, 1932–52. Served as state senator. Was preparing to run for U.S. senator against Wayne Morse when he died Jan. 31, 1956. Mason.

Robert E. Patterson Brigadier General, Civil War. Past commander of Kadosh Commandery No. 29, K.T., Philadelphia, 33° AASR (NJ) and member of Masonic Veterans Association.

Robert U. Patterson (1877–1950) Major General, U.S. Army and Surgeon General, 1931–35. b. June 16, 1877 in Montreal, Canada, of American parents. Received M.D. and C.M. degrees at McGill U., Montreal, in 1898. Practiced medicine at Montreal, 1898–1900, and then at Belt., Mont., before being commissioned in U.S. Army in 1901. Advanced through grades to major general in 1931 and retired in 1935. He was dean of the school of medicine both at the U. of Oklahoma (1935–42) and U. of Maryland (after 1942). He served in the Spanish–American War in the Philippines and Cuba, as well as WWI. He affiliated with Acacia Lodge No. 18, Washington, D.C. on July 13, 1913; 32° AASR (SJ) in Oklahoma Consistory on Jan. 21, 1937; KCCH Oct. 19, 1943 and 33°, Oct. 24, 1947. d. Dec. 6, 1950.

Roscoe C. Patterson (1876–1954) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1929–35 and U.S. Congressman to 67th Congress

(1921–23) from 7th Mo. dist. b. Sept. 15, 1876 in Springfield, Mo. Student at Drury Coll. and U. of Missouri, with LL.B. from St. Louis Law School (Washington U.) in 1897. Practiced law at Springfield, Mo. from 1897. Member of Solomon Lodge No. 271, Springfield, Mo., receiving degrees on April 14, May 18, and June 27, 1900. d. Oct. 23, 1954.

Thomas M. Patterson (1839–1916) U.S. Senator from Colorado, 1901–07; U.S. Congressman. b. Nov. 4, 1839 in County Carlow, Ireland, coming to U.S. in childhood. Attended DePauw and Wabash Coll. and admitted to the bar, practicing at Denver. Was editor and owner of the Rocky Mountain News from 1890. He was the last territorial delegate from Colorado to the 44th U.S. congress (1875–77), and member of the 45th congress (1877–79). He received his degrees in Indiana and later affiliated with Denver Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo. Also Scottish Rite member. d. July 23, 1916.

Okey L. Patteson Governor of West Virginia, 1948–52. b. Sept. 14, 1898 in Dinges, W. Va. Graduate of Wesleyan Coll., Buckhannon, W. Va., and graduate study at Carnegie Tech. Began career in real estate and automobile business. Served as president of Fayette Co., court and sheriff of that county. Was executive assistant to governor of W. Va. in 1945. Since 1953 he has been general manager of the W. Va. Turnpike Commission. Member of McDonald Lodge No. 103, Mt. Hope, W. Va.; Sewell Chapter No. 24, Thurmond, W. Va.; and Mt. Hope Commandery No. 22, K.T., Mt. Hope, W. Va. Member of Beni Kedem Shrine Temple at Charleston, W. Va.

John M. Pattison (1847–1906) Governor of Ohio, 1906–08; U.S. Congressman to 52nd Congress. b. June 13, 1847 in Clermont Co., Ohio. Enlisted in Union Army at age of 16. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1869 and admitted to the bar in 1872. Served in both branches of state legislature. From 1891 he was president of the Union Mutual Life Insurance Co. Member of Milford Lodge No. 54, Milford, Ohio. d. June 18, 1906.

Robert E. Pattison (1850–1904) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1882–86, 1891–95. b. Dec. 8, 1850 at Quantico, Md. Admitted to the bar in 1872. From 1877–82 was comptroller of city of Philadelphia. Defeated for governor in 1902. Member and past master of Union Lodge No. 121, Philadelphia. d. 1904.

Fred Patton Baritone. b. Oct. 2, 1888 in Manchester, Conn. Was concert and opera singer from 1919. From 1926–31 he was with the Cincinnati Opera Co.; 1925–30 with Philadelphia Civic Opera Co.; 1927–29 with the Metropolitan Opera Co. Appeared with the New York Philharmonic and the Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Minneapolis, San Francisco and Manhattan symphony orchestras. From 1932–46 he was professor of music at Michigan State Coll. Raised in Island City Lodge No. 568, Long Island City, N.Y. on Oct. 8, 1917, dimitting on Sept. 25, 1950. 32° AASR (NJ).

John Paty (1807–1868) Said to have been for thirty years the most colorful shipmaster in the Pacific. He was a founding member of the French Lodge, Le Progres de l'Océanie,

in Honolulu. He first went to Hawaii from Mass. on the brig Avon, accompanied by his wife; was later themaster of the famous Don Quixote. A trusted advisor to the Hawaiian court, Paty was appointed the official representative of Hawaiian interests in Calif., and in 1846, commodore in the Hawaiian Navy, by King Kamehameha III, q.v. He was senior member of the firm Paty, McKinley & Co. He was a great friend of the Mexican governor, Manuel Micheltorena, q.v. In 1865 he celebrated his 100th voyage between Calif. and the islands. d. in Honolulu in 1868.

Paul I (1754–1801) Emperor of Russia. b. Oct. 1, 1754, the son of Emperor Peter HI and Catherine the Great. He succeeded Catherine and ruled despotically, but inaugurated some reforms in the treatment of the serfs. Real name was Pavel Petrovich. He is said to have been a Freemason, and during the early part of his reign the order received some impetus, but later in his reign his protection turned towards the Knights of Malta through the influence of the Jesuits, and Freemasonry again languished. His son, Alexander I, q.v., (Aleksandr Pavlovich) succeeded him on the throne. Assassinated March 12, 1801.

G. Stewart Paul Vice President of Western Union Telegraph Co. since 1954. b. June 4, 1905 in Johnson, Minn. –Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1928. Has been with Western Union since 1928, first as engineering apprentice, division engineering assistant, division traffic inspector, division traffic engineer, general traffic inspector, assistant general manager, assistant vice president. Member of Yerba Buena Lodge No.

403, Oakland, Calif.; Montclair Chapter No. 54, R.A.M. and Lebanon Commandery No. 31, K.T., both of Montclair, N.J.; and Salaam Shrine Temple of Newark, N.J.

Willard S. Paul Lieutenant General, U.S. Army and President of Gettysburg College since 1956. b. Feb. 28, 1894 in Worcester, Mass. Graduate of Johns Hopkins U. in 1924 and 1942. Commissioned in 1917, advancing to major general in 1942 and lieutenant general in 1948. In charge of classification of all military personnel, General Staff as G-4, Hdqrs, Army Ground Forces; in WWII he commanded the 26th Infantry Division; was G-1 of S.H.A.E.F.; deputy chief of staff, U.S. F.E.T.; assistant chief of staff G-1, and assistant director of O.D.M. President of Gettysburg College, Gettysburg, Pa. since 1956. Initiated in 1919 in Sackets Harbor Lodge No. 135, N.Y. and affiliated with Matthew John Whittall Lodge, Shrewsbury, Mass. Received 32° AASR (NJ) at Syracuse, N.Y. and affiliated with Army Consistory No. 1, (SJ) at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. National Sojourner and Hero of '76.

William G. Paul Former president of Los Angeles Stock Exchange, now retired. b. Nov. 14, 1893 in Peru, Ind. Graduate of Stanford U. in 1917. Engaged in securities since 1919, and with the Los Angeles Stock Exchange since 1925. Is chairman of board of Association of Better Business Bureaus. Raised in Santa Barbara Lodge No. 193 in 1924 and affiliated with South Pasadena Lodge No. 367 in 1930; Member of Signet Chapter No. 57, R.A.M., Los Angeles Council No. 11, R. & S.M., Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1937 and was director of Scottish Rite degree work

from 1931–56. Past sovereign of St. Gabriel Conclave No. 14, Red Cross of Constantine (1957), and past potentate of Al Maliakah Shrine Temple (1945).

John Paulding (1758–1818) Major of American Revolution, who with two others, captured Major Andre. b. in 1758 in N.Y.C. He served throughout the Revolution, and was three times taken prisoner by the British. A few days after his escape from his second imprisonment, he, Isaac Van Wart, and David Williams were patrolling the east bank of the Hudson River, when they intercepted Andre, who was on the way back to the British lines after his interview with Benedict Arnold. They refused to be bribed by Arnold and later Congress struck a silver medal for each of them. The Eastern Argus of Portland, Maine, carried the following on March 3, 1818: “Died at Yorktown, N.Y., Major John Paulding, one of those distinguished Revolutionary patriots who received the thanks of the nation for the capture of Major Andre. His remains were accompanied to the grave by a corps of cadets from West Point, a lodge of the Masonic fraternity, and a great concourse of people.” He was a member of Cortland Lodge No. 34, Cortland, Westchester Co., N.Y. He appears on the 1797–98 register of the lodge, so he was initiated sometime between 1793 (date of charter) and 1797. d. Feb. 18, 1818.

Ben S. Paulen Governor of Kansas, 1925–29. b. July 14, 1869 in De Witt Co., Ill. Brought to Fredonia, Kans. when three months old, he was educated in the public schools, attended Kansas U., and took a course in business in St. Louis. He clerked in his father’s store, and was in the mercantile

business in Fredonia from 1890–1919, and president of the Wilson Co. Bank from 1918. Was mayor of Fredonia, 1900–04, member of state senate, 1913–21, and lieutenant governor, 1921–23. Became a member of Constellation Lodge No. 95, Fredonia in Oct., 1891. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kansas in 1921, and has also served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Kansas, R.A.M., and grand master of the Grand Council of Kansas, R. & S.M. On July 14, 1958 the Freemasons of Kansas honored him with a dinner on his 89th birthday.

Konstantin Pavlovich (1779–1831) Russian Grand Duke. b. May 8, 1779, the second son of Emperor Paul I, q.v., and grandson of Peter III, q.v. Said to have been initiated into Freemasonry at the same time as his brother, Alexander I, q.v., and member of Loge Les Amis Rwnis (United Friends) of Petersburg. d. June 27, 1831.

Pawnee Bill (see under Gordon W. Lillie).

George Payne (? –1757) Second and fourth Grand Master of the Premier Grand Lodge of England in 1718–19, 1720–21, and the last commoner to hold that office. He lived at New Palace Yard, Westminster, England, where he died Jan. 23, 1757, leaving very little record of his personal life outside of the fact that he was, at the time, secretary to the tax office, with a good social and financial position. He was a member of the lodge which met at the “Horn Tavern” in Westminster, which is described in the 1738 Constitutions, as “the old Lodge removed from the ‘Runner and Grapes,’

Channel Row, whose constitution is immemorial." He was master of that lodge in 1723, and deputy master in 1725, when the Duke of Richmond was both master of the lodge and grand master. This lodge today is the Royal Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4. In 1747 Payne was a member of the Old King's Arms Lodge (now No. 28). He was senior grand warden in 1724, and deputy grand master in 1735. In 1754 he was appointed a member of a committee to revise the constitutions. During his first term as grand master he asked brethren to bring to the Grand Lodge "any old Writings and Records concerning Masons and Masonry in order to shew the Usuages of Antient Times." Anderson, in 1738, noted that this resulted in the production of several copies of old charges. During his second term of office he himself produced the Cooke M.S., and also compiled the general regulations which were published in Anderson's Constitutions of 1723. d. Jan. 23, 1757.

Thomas H. Paynter (1851–1921) U.S. Senator and U.S. Congressman from Kentucky. b. Dec. 9, 1851 near Vanceburg, Ky. Admitted to the bar in 1872, and began practice at Greenup, Ky. Was prosecuting attorney of Greenup Co. from 1876–82. Served in the 51st through 53rd U.S. congresses (1889–95), resigning to become judge of the court of appeals of Ky. (1895–1906). Elected U.S. senator, and served from 1907–1913; was not a candidate for reelection. He moved to Frankfort, Ky. in 1913, where he continued law practice, and also agricultural pursuits. Member of Greenup Lodge No. 89, Greenup, Ky. d. March 8, 1921.

Miguel Paz Baraona President of Republic of Honduras, 1925–29. His government was known for its sound financial policy. He was initiated in Eureka Lodge of San Pedro Sula.

James H. Peabody (1852–1917) Governor of Colorado, 1902–05. b. Aug. 21, 1852 in Topsham, Vt. Educated in public schools of Topsham, and settled in Colo. where he was first a bookkeeper, then a merchant, and from 1885, a banker. He was a candidate for reelection in 1904, but the Democratic candidate was seated for a short time and the legislature declared Peabody elected. He served as governor one day of this term and resigned in favor of the lieutenant governor. He became a member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 15, Canon City, Colo. in 1878; Pueblo Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Pueblo, in 1882; Pueblo Cornmandery No. 3, K.T., Pueblo, in 1883; Canon City Council No. 5, R. & S.M., Canon City in 1892; 32° AASR (SJ) in 1890 and 33° in 1899. He served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Colorado in 1896. d. Nov. 23, 1917.

Hervey B. Peairs (1866–1940) General Superintendent, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D.C. b. May 11, 1866 in Muskingum Co., Ohio. Attended high school in Vinland, Kans., and studied at U. of Kansas. Was with the Haskell Institute, Indian School at Lawrence, Kans., for many years from 1887, becoming superintendent and later, general superintendent for Indian Affairs. Member of Lawrence (Kans.) Lodge No. 6, receiving degrees on June 25, Sept. 24, Oct. 22, 1894. d. Sept. 2, 1940.

Charles Willson Peale (1741–1827) Early American

portrait painter. b. April 16, 1741 in Chestertown, Md. Began as a saddler in Annapolis, but turned to portrait painting. He lived in Boston in 1768–69, where he studied under J. S. Copley, and thence to London, England in 1770, where he studied under Benjamin West. He returned to Annapolis in 1774 and began painting portraits, moving to Philadelphia in 1776. Becoming interested in natural history, he established a museum in Philadelphia known as “Peale’s Museum,” and opened it to the public in 1802. This was the first such museum in America. A versatile man, he was also a silversmith, coach maker, harness maker, watch maker, dentist, naturalist, taxidermist, politician. In the Revolutionary War he became a captain of volunteers and was present at the battles of Trenton and Germantown. In 1779 he was a member of the state legislature. His greatest fame, however, came as a portrait painter, and he was for a long period the only such painter in the colonies. George Washington gave him 14 sittings. He executed the first portrait of Washington in 1772, when he was a Virginia colonel, and after that painted him repeatedly during the war, and afterward. Among the scores of portraits he executed werethose of Martha Washington, John Hancock, Robert Morris, Nathanael Green, Horatio Gates, Baron Steuben, Baron DeKalb, Benjamin Franklin, Peyton Randolph, Thomas Jefferson, Charles Carroll, Albert Gallatin, John Witherspoon, Alexander Hamilton, Andrew Jackson, and Henry Clay. Peale was a Mason, according to the records of old Williamsburgh (Va.) Lodge (now No. 6). “Brother Peale” is referred to in several instances in the 1775 minutes in connection with his borrowing a portrait of

Peyton Randolph, provincial grand master, from the lodge for the purpose of copying. d. Feb. 22, 1827.

Norman Vincent Peale Protestant clergyman. b. May 31, 1898 in Bowersville, Ohio. Probably the best known Protestant minister in America. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1920; Boston U. in 1924; Syracuse U. in 1931; Duke U. in 1938. Ordained a Methodist Episcopal minister in 1922, he was pastor at Berkeley, R.I., and Brooklyn and Syracuse, N.Y., between 1922–32. Since 1932 he has been pastor of the Marble Collegiate Reformed Church, N.Y.C. He writes a regular question and answer feature for Look Magazine; is editor of Guideposts, an inspirational magazine; president of the National Temperance Society; a lecturer on public affairs and personal effectiveness; recipient of Freedom Foundation Award; among his books are the best sellers, *A Guide to Confident Living* and *The Power of Positive Thinking*. Member of Mid-wood Lodge No. 1062, Brooklyn, N.Y. he was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of N.Y., 1949–51. A 32° AASR (NJ) member in N.Y.C., life member of Crescent Shrine Temple, Trenton, N.J., and past imperial grand chaplain of the Shrine.

Cromwell Pearce (1772–1852) General of War of 1812. b. Aug. 13, 1772 in Willistown, Pa. A farmer, he was a captain of militia in 1793–98, and became first lieutenant in 1st U.S. Infantry in 1799. Returning to civil life in 1800 he became first postmaster of West Chester, Pa., and a major general of militia in 1811. At the beginning of the War of 1812 he reentered the service as colonel of the 6th U.S. Infantry. He commanded his division after the fall of Gen. Montgomery Pike at York,

and led his regiment at the capture of Fort George. Resigned from army in 1815 and became sheriff of Chester Co., Pa., and later, associate justice of the county court. Member of Lodge No. 50, Pa. d. at Willistown on April 2, 1852.

Webster H. Pearce (1876–1940) President of Northern State Teachers College (Mich.), 1933–40. b. May 12, 1876 at Whitmore Lake, Mich. Graduate of Michigan State Normal, Albion Coll., U. of Michigan. Was school superintendent, principal in public schools of Albion and Adrian, Mich., and professor of mathematics at Central State Teachers Coll., Mount Pleasant, Mich. From 1927–33 he was state superintendent of public instruction for Mich. Raised in Springport Lodge No. 184, Springport, Mich., on Jan. 10, 1900 and affiliated with Wabon Lodge No. 305, Mt. Pleasant, Mich. on Jan. 1, 1918. d. Oct. 9, 1940.

Jack Pearl Comedian. Raised July 6, 1920 in St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, New York City.

Robert E. Peary (1856–1920) Discoverer of the North Pole. b. May 6, 1856 in Cresson, Pa. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1877 and 1894. He entered the U.S. Navy as a civil engineer in 1881. From 1887–88 he was engineer in charge of the Nicaragua Canal surveys, and invented the rolling lock gates for the canal. He started his Arctic explorations with a voyage to the interior of Greenland in 1886. In 1891–92 he made a voyage to northern Greenland; in 1893–95, a third voyage, which was intended to reach the North Pole, failed in its objective. In 1897 he was granted five years' leave of

absence from the Navy and was presented with a ship, the *Windward*, by Lord Northcliffe, which had been used by a British expedition. On his fourth voyage of 1898–1902, he reached 84° 17' N., the farthest north in the American Arctic. Granted another three years' leave in 1903, he sailed in the specially equipped *Roosevelt* in 1905–1906, and reached within 174 miles of the pole before being forced back. His final and successful expedition in 1908–09 reached the pole on April 6, 1909. When announcing the success of the expedition, he learned that Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who had been a surgeon on the 1891 expedition, had claimed he reached the pole on April 21, 1908—a year before Peary. Cook's claim and Cook himself, were later discredited, and Peary's attainment recognized. A member of the explorers' lodge, Kane No. 454 of N.Y.C., he received his degrees, Feb. 4, 18, and March 3, 1896. To this lodge he presented the Masonic flag that was displayed at Independence Bay, Greenland, on May 20 and 25, 1895. On March 30, 1920 this lodge presented his widow with a special medal in honor of her distinguished husband. Peary also presented two specimens of the great meteorite weighing 90 tons, which he discovered in North Greenland, to the Grand Lodge of New York. d. Feb. 20, 1920.

Austin Peay (1876–1927) Governor of Tennessee, 1923–27. b. June 1, 1876 in Christian Co., Ky. Student in Centre Coll., Danville, Ky. Settled in Clarksville, Tenn. in 1896, where he practiced law. Member of the lower house in 1901–03. Member of Clarksville Lodge No. 89, Clarksville, Tenn. d. Oct. 2, 1927.

Nilo Pecanha (1867–1924) President of Brazil, 1909–10. A Brazilian jurist and political leader, he was vice president of Brazil from 1906–09; he succeeded President Alfonso Penna to the presidency on the latter's death, and completed the term until 1910. In 1917–18 he was foreign minister. A Mason.

George W. Peck (1840–1916) Governor of Wisconsin, 1891–95, and author of the famous “Peck’s Bad Boy” series. b. Sept. 28, 1840 in Henderson, N.Y. Served as a private in Civil War with Wis. Cavalry. In 1860 he bought a half interest in the Jefferson Co. Republican, Jefferson, Wis., and in 1866, started The Representative at Ripon. He later owned the La Cross Democrat until 1874, in which year he founded The Sun, moving it to Milwaukee in 1878, and calling it Peck’s Sun. He was mayor of Milwaukee in 1890–91. Became noted for his humorous sketches, particularly for the Peck’s Bad Boy series. His writings included: Peck’s Bad Boy and His Pa; The Groceryman and Peck’s Bad Boy; Peck’s Boss Book; Peck’s Uncle Ike and the Red Headed Boy; Peck’s Bad Boy With the Circus, and Peck’s Bad Boy With the Cowboys. Affiliated with Frontier Lodge No. 45, La Crosse, Wis. on Nov. 17, 1871 (no record of former lodge) and on Feb. 7, 1879 dimitted from that lodge and affiliated with Wisconsin Lodge No. 13, Milwaukee, Wis. on Aug. 19, 1880. d. April 16, 1916.

Theodore S. Peck (1843–1918) Recipient of the Congressional Medal of Honor in Civil War. b. March 22, 1843 in Burlington, Vt. Prepared for college and then enlisted in Union forces. Served in 1st Vt. Cavalry and 9th Vt. Infantry from private to captain, and was on staff of Army of the

Potomac almost four years. He received the Congressional Medal of Honor “for distinguished gallantry in action at Newport Barracks, N.C., Feb. 2, 1864.” He was adjutant general of Vermont from 1881–1900. Was in insurance business after 1868. A Mason, he was grand marshal of the Grand Lodge of Vermont for 10 years. d. March 15, 1918.

Ferdinand Pecora Justice of Supreme Court of New York who presided over the special “racketeering crimes” sessions of 1936. b. Jan. 6, 1882 in Nicosia, Italy. Brought to U.S. in 1887, he became a naturalized citizen. Graduate of New York Law School in 1906 and admitted to the bar in 1911. Served N.Y. Co. as assistant district attorney and chief assistant district attorney. As a counsel to U.S. senate committee on banking and currency in 1933–34, he conducted an investigation into banking and stock market practices that led to the creation of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and served as one of its first members. Became associate justice of supreme court of N.Y. in 1935, serving until 1950, when he resigned to become unsuccessful candidate for mayor of N.Y.C. Member of York Lodge No. 197, N.Y.C., and past master of same.

Dom Pedro I (1798–1834) Emperor of Brazil, and as Dom Pedro IV, was later president of Portugal. Name in full was Dom Antonio Pedro de Alcantara Bourbon, the second son of John VI, King of Portugal, of the house of Braganza. b. in Lisbon. He fled to Brazil in 1807 to escape the French. He was made regent of Brazil in 1821, but took sides with the Brazilians against the Portuguese, and declared the independence of that country on Sept. 7, 1822. He was crowned

emperor on Oct. 22, 1822. At first he was a popular monarch, but his influence was weakened by despotic actions, and he abdicated in 1831, going to Europe. He was proclaimed king of Portugal, resigned in favor of his daughter, and waged a successful war against his brother Dom Miguel, the usurper. Initiated in Rio de Janeiro in 1821, he was at once elected grand master of the Grand Orient of Brazil. However, in 1822, he suppressed Freemasonry.

William Peet (1847–1934) Founder of Peet Brothers, soap manufacturers, now Palmolive–Peet. b. March 25, 1847 in Chattries, England, coming to America in 1862. He located in Kansas City, Mo. in 1872, where, with his brothers, Robert and Jesse, began the soap manufacturing business as “Peet Bros.” and later “Peet Bros. and Co.” In 1898 the name was again changed to Peet Bros. Mfg. Co., of which he was president. Mason. d. March 4, 1934.

Henry I. Pfeffer President of Seagram Distillers Corp. b. Aug. 5, 1879 in New York City. With F. W. Thurston Co., Chicago, 1901–17, from salesman to vice president. Vice president of U.S. Industrial Alcohol Co. and president of U.S. Industrial Alcohol Sales Co. Organizer and president in 1925 of American Solvents and Chemical Corp., which consolidated with Rossville Alcohol and Chemical Corp., of which he became president and chairman of board. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

William A. Pfeffer (1831–1912) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1891–97. b. Sept. 10, 1831 in Cumberland Co., Pa. Began

teaching at age of 15. Moved to San Francisco, Calif. in 1850, and then to St. Joseph Co., Ind., in 1853. In 1859 he moved to Morgan Co., Mo., and then to Warren Co., Ill. in 1862. During this time he was a farmer. Enlisted in Union Army as a private in 83rd Ill. Vol. Inf., and later became an officer. While in the army he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1865, first practicing at Clarksville, Tenn. In 1870 he moved to Fredonia, Kans. In addition to his law practice he owned the Fredonia Journal; later moved to Coffeyville, and edited the Coffeyville Journal. Received degrees in Keystone Lodge No. 102, Coffeyville, Kans. on April 21, May 19, Dec. 15, 1877; was secretary in 1879; dimitted June 2, 1886. d. Oct. 7, 1912.

Peter Pelham (? –1751) Early American artist and engraver. b. in England. He was the first engraver and earliest known artist in New England, coming to America in the latter quarter of the 18th century. His earliest known work in America was a portrait of Cotton Mather dated 1727. He also kept a school in Boston where he taught drawing, painting, and needlework, as well as academic subjects. In 1748 he married the widow of Richard Copley, the mother of John Singleton Copley, the artist, to whom Pelham gave instructions. He became a member of St. John's Lodge, Boston, Nov. 8, 1738, and was secretary of the lodge from 1738–44. d. Dec., 1751.

Carlos Pellegrini President of Argentina, 1890–92. b. in 1846 of Italian parents. He turned to politics after campaigning in Paraguay, and became successively representative, minister, and vice president. He was the prime mover in

founding of the Argentina National Bank, and an outstanding economist and jurist. Mason.

Charles Camille Pelletan (1846–1915) French journalist and politician. The son of Pierre Clement Eugene Pelletan, q.v. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917 states both were Freemasons.

Pierre Clement Eugene Pelletan (1813–1884) French Senator and author. Member of the Corps Legislatif from 1864–76, and of the senate in 1876–84. He was the author of *Les Droits de l'Homme*; *La Famille*, *La Mere*, and *Nouvelles Heures de Travail*. He was the father of Charles Camille Pelletan, q.v. The bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917 states both father and son were Freemasons.

William Y. Pemberton (1842–1922) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Montana, 1893–99. b. June 1, 1842 in Nashville, Tenn. Educated at the Masonic College, Lexington, Mo., and LL.B. from Lebanon (Tenn.) Law School in 1861. Practiced law at Versailles, Mo. from 1861–62 and at Helena, Mont. after 1865. Was a member of the Montana constitutional convention of 1884. From 1909–20 he was librarian of the state historical library. It is not known where he received his degrees, but on Feb. 20, 1897, he affiliated with Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Mont. d. Aug. 26, 1922.

Marquis of Pembroke (see Clare De Gilbert).

Hugh Pendexter (1875–1940) Author. b. Jan. 15, 1875 in

Pittsfield, Maine. He was on the staff of the Rochester (N.Y.) Post Express from 1900–11. After 1911 he devoted himself to writing. Among his books are *The Scarlet Years*; *Rifle Rule*; *Flaming Frontier*; *Red Man's Courage*; *Log Cabin Men*; *The Blazing West*; *The Torch Bearers*; *Call of the Wilderness*. He wrote about 45 historical novels. Member of Oxford Lodge No. 18, Norway, Maine. d. June 11, 1940.

Edmund Pendleton (1721–1803) Revolutionary patriot and statesman. b. Sept. 9, 1721 in Caroline Co., Va. He had little formal education, and while employed as a clerk, studied law, and was licensed to practice in 1744. Elected to Virginia house of burgesses in 1752. In 1773 he was one of the committee of correspondence, and a member of the first Continental Congress. He attended, in company with George Washington, Peyton Randolph, Patrick Henry, Benjamin Harrison and Richard Henry Lee. As president of the Virginia convention, he was head of the government of the colony from 1775 until the creation of the Virginia constitution in 1776, and was appointed president of the committee of safety in that year. He drew up the celebrated resolutions by which the delegates from Va. to the Continental Congress were instructed to propose a declaration of independence, and his words were afterwards incorporated almost verbatim in the Declaration. On the organization of state government in Va., he was chosen speaker of the house, and with George Wythe and Thomas Jefferson, revised the colonial laws. In 1779, on the establishment of the court of appeals he became president of that body, serving until his death. He was an uncle of Nathaniel Pendleton, q.v. A member of Fairfax Lodge No. 43,

Culpepper, Va., he is listed in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1800–01–02, and in 1803 in the death list. His name on the lodge record was Edward, but most Masonic historians agree that this was an error and should have been Edmund. d. Oct. 23, 1803.

Nathaniel Pendleton (1756–1821) Revolutionary soldier; U.S. district judge; Constitution framer. b. in 1756 in Culpepper Co., Va., a nephew of Edmund Pendleton, q.v. Entered Revolutionary army at 19, and served with rank of major on staff of Gen. Nathanael Greene, q.v. He settled in Georgia, studied law, and became U.S. district judge. Washington suggested his name for secretary of state, but the proposition was opposed by Alexander Hamilton. Hamilton and Pendleton later became good friends, and the latter acted as Hamilton's second in his duel with Aaron Burr. He was a delegate to the convention that framed the constitution of the U.S., but not being present on the last day of its proceedings, failed to sign it. He moved to New York City in 1796. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga. d. Oct. 20, 1821.

John Penn (1741–1788) Signer of Declaration of Independence. b. May 17, 1741 in Caroline Co., Va. Studied law with his relative, Edmund Pendleton, q.v., and was admitted to the bar in 1762. In 1774 he moved to Greenville Co., N.C. where he became a distinguished lawyer. Chosen to Continental Congress of Sept. 8, 1775 to fill a vacancy, and was reelected in 1777 and 1779. When Cornwallis invaded N. Car., Penn was placed in charge of the public affairs of that state and given almost dictatorial powers. There is no proof

of his Masonic membership other than a statement made by Col. William L. Taylor of Granville Co., that appeared in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1912. He stated that his father and Penn had attended lodges together in N. Car. d. Sept. 1788.

John Penn (1729–1795) Proprietary governor of Pennsylvania, and grandson of founder, William Penn. b. July 14, 1729 in London, England. Educated in Europe and sent to Pennsylvania, where on Feb. 6, 1753, he became a member of the provincial council with rank of “first member.” He left the colony after Braddock’s defeat, but returned as lieutenant governor, on Oct. 30, 1763. On the death of his father he sailed to England in 1771, leaving the government to the council, but in August, 1773, returned to Pa. as governor in his own right, and by deputation from his uncle. On June 30, 1775 the assembly provided for arming the province, and appointed a committee of safety, which thenceforth was supreme in Pa. Within a month after the Declaration of Independence was signed, a constitutional convention met and vested the supreme executive power in a council; Penn lost his power from this time until June 28, 1779, when the legislature of Pa. transferred to the state most of the proprietary property, and voted a remuneration for same. Sachse in his *Old Masonic Lodges of Pennsylvania* states that Penn was a member of the “first lodge” in Philadelphia. d. Feb. 9, 1795.

James C. Penney Founder of the J. C. Penney Co., Inc., the world’s largest department store chain, with more than 1700 stores in all 48 states, doing an annual sales of over

one billion dollars. b. Sept. 16, 1875 in Hamilton, Mo. A graduate of Hamilton (Mo.) High School, he attended in 1949 the Masonic cornerstone laying of a new high school building at Hamilton, for which he and his sister gave more than half of the \$250,000 cost. He holds honorary doctorates from eleven colleges and universities. He founded the J. C. Penney Co. in 1902, and is now honorary chairman of the board. Known as "the Golden Rule merchant," he quit using the word "employee," and called each of his 90,000 workers an "associate," giving each a share in the profits in addition to a salary. After the 1929 stock market crash, Penney lost his fortune, and wound up beaten and despondent, at 56, in a sanitarium, but proved that his method was sound by borrowing money and staging a comeback in which he recouped his fortune. Penney has influenced great numbers of young people through his business operations, Christian youth movements, and by talks, articles, and letters. His own comeback from the depths of financial and mental depression was made possible by a sudden and dramatic rekindling of Christian faith within him. He received his degrees in Wasatch Lodge No. 1, Salt Lake City, Utah, April 28, May 19, and June 2, 1911. In 1955 he became a dual member of United Services Lodge No. 1118, New York City. He is a member of Utah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Utah Council No. 1, R. & S.M., and Utah Commandery No. 1, K.T., all of Salt Lake City. He has contributed generously to the retirement of the bonds on the Masonic temple of that city. He received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Utah Consistory No. 1, April 23, 1936, KCCH, Oct. 24, 1941, and 33°, Oct. 16, 1945. He has addressed many Masonic groups. In April, 1958 he was presented the gold

distinguished service award by the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, at Kansas City, Mo.

Herbert J. Pennock (1894–1948) Member of Baseball's Hall of Fame. b. Feb. 19, 1894 at Kennett Square, Pa. He was an outstanding left-handed pitcher in the American League, and executive of Philadelphia National League club. He is among the rare few who made the jump from a prep school to major league baseball. He saw 22 years service with Philadelphia, Boston, and New York teams in the American League. He recorded 240 victories and 161 defeats, never losing a world series game. He won five in 1927, and pitched 7½ innings without allowing a hit in the third game of that series. Member of Kennett Lodge No. 475, Kennett Square, Pa. d. Jan. 30, 1948.

Sylvester Pennoyer (1831–1902) Governor of Oregon, 1886–94. b. July 6, 1831 in Groton, N.Y. Graduate of Harvard in 1854, he moved the following year to Oregon, where he engaged in lumbering. Was mayor of Portland in 1896. While governor, he received from secretary of state some suggestions made by President Cleveland, to which he replied: "I will attend to my business, let the President attend to his." Member of Willamette Lodge No. 2, Portland, Oreg. d. 1902.

Samuel W. Pennypacker (1843–1916) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1903–07. b. April 9, 1843 in Phoenixville, Pa. Served as private in Civil War. Law degree from U. of Pennsylvania in 1866. Was a judge of the court of common pleas No. 2 in Philadelphia from 1889–1902, and presiding judge

from 1896–1902. He formed a collection of notable early Pa. imprints, and wrote a number of volumes on Pa. history. Member of Washington Lodge No. 59, Philadelphia. d. Sept. 2, 1916.

Boies Penrose (1860–1921) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1897–1921. b. Nov. 1, 1860 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Harvard in 1881 and admitted to the bar in 1883, practicing in Philadelphia. He served in both houses of the Pa. legislature, and was speaker pro tern of the senate twice. Member of Rising Star Lodge No. 126, and Columbia Chapter No. 91, R.A.M., both of Philadelphia. d. Dec. 31, 1921.

Claude D. Pepper U.S. Senator from Florida, 1936–51. b. Sept. 8, 1900 in Dudleyville, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1921 and Harvard in 1924. Was instructor in law at U. of Arkansas, 1924–25, and admitted to Fla. bar in 1925, practicing at Perry. Later, practiced in Washington, D.C., Tallahassee, and Miami, Fla. Member of Jackson Lodge No. 1, Tallahassee, Fla.

George W. Pepper U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1922–27; lawyer and author. b. March 16, 1867 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1887, 1889, 1907, with honorary degrees from many institutions. Practiced law in Philadelphia and was professor of law at U. of Pennsylvania from 1893–1910. He authored many books including *In the Senate*; *Family Quarrels*; *Philadelphia Lawyer*; *A Voice From the Crowd*. Made a Mason at sight by the grand master of Pa., Dec. 19, 1925, and affiliated with Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia.

James G. Percival (1795–1856) American poet, physician, linguist, geologist, and botanist. b. Sept. 15, 1795 in Kensington, Conn. A man of great learning, he wrote his first poem at the age of 14, and was graduated from Yale in 1815, at the head of his class. After teaching a short time in Philadelphia, he studied medicine and botany, and was licensed to practice. Was appointed assistant surgeon of U.S. Army and professor of chemistry at West Point in 1824, but soon gave it up for medical practice in Boston. He later moved to New Haven, Conn. His best known poems are *Prometheus* and *Cleo*. He assisted in preparing the scientific words in the first edition of Noah Webster's *Dictionary of the English Language*. In 1835 he made a geological survey of Conn. In 1853 he was engaged by the American Mining Co. to survey their lead region in Wis., and the following year was appointed geologist of that state. Initiated, June 4, 1822, in Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. d. May 2, 1856.

John Percival (1779–1862) Naval officer of War of 1812. b. April 3, 1779 in Barnstable, Mass. He left the merchant service in 1809 and entered U.S. Navy as sailing-master. During the war he displayed great courage in the capture of the British ship, *Eagle*. He commanded the U.S.S. *Constitution* as captain, in 1843–47, retiring in 1848. His rough and eccentric manners won him the soubriquet of “Mad Jack.” Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. in 1816. d. Sept. 17, 1862.

Bishop W. Perkins (1841–1894) U.S. Senator and Representative from Kansas. b. Oct. 18, 1841 in Rochester, Ohio. He prospected through Calif. and N. Mexico in 1860–62,

served as sergeant of 83rd Ill. Regiment, and captain in 16th U.S. Colored Inf. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1867, beginning practice in Princeton, Ind., and moving later to Oswego, Kansas. Became editor of the Oswego Register in 1873. Served in 48th through 51st U.S. congresses, 1883–91, and was appointed to fill vacancy in U.S. senate, serving from Jan. 1, 1892 to March 3, 1893. He then resumed law practice in Washington, D.C. Original lodge unknown, but admitted to Adams Lodge No. 63, Oswego, Kans. on April 12, 1870. Was senior deacon, 1871; junior warden, 1872. d. June 20, 1894.

George C. Perkins (1839–1923) U.S. Senator and Governor of California. b. Aug. 23, 1839 in Kennebunkport, Maine. Went to sea at age of 12 as a cabin boy, and followed the sea for several years. In 1855 he shipped before the mast on a sailing vessel bound for San Francisco. In Calif. he engaged in mercantile pursuits in Oroville and later was in banking, mining, milling, farming, whale fishing, and operation of coastal steamships. He was elected to the state senate in 1869, and served for eight years. Served as governor of Calif. in 1879–83. In 1893 he was appointed to the U.S. senate to fill a vacancy caused by death of Leland Stanford, q.v., and was reelected twice, serving from 1893–1915, and was not then a candidate for reelection because of ill health. He received his degree in Oroville Lodge No. 103, Oroville, Calif. in Dec., 1859, before he had attained legal majority. He was master of the same in 1864–65, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of California in 1874. He later affiliated with Oakland Lodge No. 188, Oakland, Calif. He became a member of Franklin

Chapter No. 20, Oroville, in 1860, and was high priest in 1866. In 1867 he was commander of Oroville Commandery, K.T. He later affiliated with Oakland Chapter, R.A.M., and Oakland Commandery, K.T. d. Feb. 26, 1923.

Jacob Perkins (1766–1849) American born engraver and inventor. b. July 9, 1766 in Newburyport, Mass. He was apprenticed to a goldsmith, and at the age of 15, carried on the business of a goldsmith in his native town. Here he invented a method of plating shoe buckles. When about 21 years old he was employed by the state of Mass. to make dies for copper coinage, and three years later, invented a machine for cutting and heading nails at one operation. He made improvements in bank note engraving by substituting steel for copper plates. After residing for some time in Boston and New York, he moved to Philadelphia in 1814, where he was associated with a firm of bank note engravers. In 1818 he went to England, and in 1819 established the firm of Perkins, Fairman, and Heath, for printing of bank notes. When the penny post was introduced in 1840, his firm (now Perkins, Bacon and Petch) printed the first British stamps —the famous “Penny Black.” In a letter written Dec. 3, 1839, they stated they would charge eight pence per thousand stamps, exclusive of paper. Perkin’s original plates were used until the die was reengraved in 1855 by Wm. Humphrys. He also perfected engines and machines worked by steam power. He invented a “bathometer” to measure the depth of water and a “pleometer” to mark with precision the speed with which a vessel moved through water. He also constructed a gun using steam for propulsion, that would shoot a ball through 11 planks; he

attached a tube on the barrel, which, when filled with balls, fell into the barrel and were discharged at the rate of nearly 1,000 per minute. He was a member of St. Peter's Lodge (now defunct), Newburyport, Mass., receiving his degrees on June 10, 15, 1794. In a book entitled *Jacob Perkins, His Inventions, His Times and His Contemporaries*, it is stated that he was a member of the Newburyport Commandery, K.T., and assisted in conferring the degrees of Red Cross and Knight Templar. d. July 30, 1849.

Joseph Perkins (? –1824) Founder of the Missouri Fur Co. in 1820, in competition with the American Fur Co., which was headed by Pierre Chouteau, Jr. and Bartholomew Bert-hold, qq.v. Included in the founders of the Missouri Fur Co. were two other Freemasons, Joshua Pilcher and Moses B. Carson, qq.v. The first record of Perkins in Mo. was in 1804, when he was summoned as a member of the first grand jury in St. Louis. He was a member of the famous Louisiana Lodge No. 109 at St. Genevieve, Missouri Territory, and later a member of Missouri Lodge No. 1, of St. Louis. In 1814 he was in charge of an escort of 60 U.S. regular troops as a lieutenant. This detachment accompanied General William Clark, q.v., from St. Louis on several barges for Prairie du Chien, north on the Mississippi River. This place was then held by Indians and traders. Perkins and Clark established a fort there, and Perkins remained for some time in charge of the post. He was buried by Missouri Lodge No. 1 in St. Louis, Jan. 24, 1824.

Randolph Perkins (1871–1936) U.S. Congressman to 67th through 74th Congresses (1921–35) from 6th N.J. dist. b. Nov.

30, 1871 in Dunellen, N.J. Admitted to the bar in 1893 and began practice at Jersey City. He was mayor of Westfield, N.J. in 1904–06, and member of state assembly, 1905–07. Raised July 3, 1905 in Atlas Lodge No. 125, Westfield, N.J. Suspended NPD Dec. 3, 1934. d. May 25, 1936.

Harris Perlstein President of Pabst Brewing Co., Chicago, 1932–56, and now chairman and director. b. Aug. 18, 1892 in New York City. Graduate of Armour Institute of Tech., Chicago, in 1914. Was employed as a chemist and engineer until 1918, when he became a partner in construction engineering firm in Chicago. From 1924–27 he was treasurer and director of Premier Malt Products Co., Peoria, Ill., and president of same from 1927–32. This company merged with Pabst in 1932, and he became president and director of same. He is also executive director of the U.S. Brewers Foundation. Received degrees in Kismet Lodge No. 1107, Chicago, Ill. on Feb. 8, 15, and March 4, 1924; it has since merged with Ancient Craft Lodge No. 907. 32° AASR (NJ) at Peoria, Ill. and member of Mohammed Shrine Temple, Peoria.

Leslie N. Perrin President of General Mills, Inc., 1948–52, and director and member of executive committee since 1952. b. Aug. 22, 1886 in Chicago, Ill. Began as an accountant in Chicago; became vice president and director of Nye & Jenks Grain Co., 1911–19, and president in 1921. Was director of Chicago Board of Trade, 1919–22. In 1928 became Chicago and Kansas City director of grain purchases of General Mills; Minneapolis director of same and vice president, 1936–42; executive vice president and director, 1942–48. Member of

Berwyn Lodge No. 839, Berwyn, receiving degrees on May 4, 25, and July 1, 1922. Shriner.

Edward A. Perry (1833– ?) Governor of Florida, 1885–89, and Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. March 15, 1833 in Richmond, Mass. Entered Yale, but left college in 1853, going to Ala., where he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1857. Settled in Pensacola, Fla. At the start of the Civil War he became a captain of a company and was made colonel of the regiment, which he commanded at the Battle of Seven Pines, and others around Richmond. Was wounded at Fraser's Farm, and again at second Battle of the Wilderness. Made brigadier general. After war he resumed law practice in Pensacola, The proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Florida list him as junior warden of Escambia Lodge No. 15, Pensacola, Fla. in 1861 and Master of Dawkins Military Lodge, Fla., in 1864.

Eli Perry (1799–1881) U.S. Congressman, merchant and philanthropist. b. Dec. 25, 1799 in Cambridge, N.Y. Made his own living from the age of 15, and became a merchant in Albany, N.Y. He was mayor of Albany from 1856–65, a member of the state legislature, and U.S. congressman, 1871–75. Was noted for his large gifts to benevolent organizations, and his will provided that at the decease of his widow, his estate, estimated at \$400,000, should be divided among the charities of the Baptist church. Member of Masters' Lodge No. 5, Albany, N.Y. d. May 17, 1881.

Madison S. Perry Former Governor of Florida. Listed in

proceedings of 1855, Grand Lodge of Florida, as a member of Micanopy Lodge No. 29, Alachua Co., Fla.

Matthew C. Perry (1794–1858) Commodore, U.S. Navy who was known as the “father of the steam Navy”; negotiated treaty with Japan, which was its first contact with Western powers. b. April 10, 1794 in Newport, RI., the son of Christopher R., a naval officer, and brother of Oliver Hazard, q.v. He entered the navy as a midshipman in 1809 and served on the schooner *Revenge* under his brother, Oliver. From 1810–13 he was on the flagship, *President*, training under John Rodgers. His diary gives an account of the chase of the *Belvidera*, when Rodgers fired the first hostile shot afloat in the War of 1812. He then cruised the seas of northern Europe with the *President*, destroying commerce, while 20 British ships were searching for him. In 1837 he commanded the *Fulton*, one of the first naval steamships. In 1843 he served on the African coast in suppression of the slave trade, and in 1846 commanded a squadron that captured Frontera, Tabasco, Laguna, and Tuxpam; the following year he cooperated with Scott in the siege of Vera Cruz during the Mexican War. In 1852 he was sent to Japan in command of a squadron to negotiate a treaty which would open up that country to commerce. Turning the treaty over to representatives of the emperor on July 14, 1853, he sailed to China, and returned to have the treaty signed on March 31, 1854, giving to the U.S. trading rights at two Japanese ports. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. in 1819. d. March 4, 1858.

Oliver C. Perry U.S. Naval hero of War of 1812. Often

referred to as a Mason, but undoubtedly was not. His brother, Matthew G., q.v., was a member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C.

William S. Perry (1832–1898) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Iowa. b. Jan. 22, 1832 in Providence, R.I. Graduate of Harvard in 1854. Ordained deacon in 1857 and priest in 1858. Served churches in Boston, Nashua, N.H., Portland, Me., Litchfield, Conn., and Geneva, N.Y. Elected bishop of Iowa and consecrated at Geneva, N.Y., on Sept. 10, 1876. As historiographer of the American church, he probably wrote more on the history of Episcopalianism than any other person. He was made a Mason at sight, Feb. 4, 1885, by the grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia, and affiliated with Rising Star Lodge No. 126, Philadelphia on March 9, 1885, but dimitted June 8, same year with no further record of him in Pa. d. May 13, 1898.

John J. Pershing (1860–1948) General of the Armies. b. Sept. 13, 1860 in Linn Co., Mo. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1886, and LL.B. from U. of Nebraska in 1893. His wife and three daughters lost their lives in the burning of The Presidio (Calif.) on Aug. 27, 1915. He became brigadier general in 1906, major general in 1916, general in 1917, and general of the armies Sept. 3, 1919. Retired in 1924. He served in the Apache and Sioux campaigns; taught at West Point and U. of Nebraska; in Cuba campaign of Spanish-American War; in Philippines and in charge of operations against the Moros; military attache in Japan; with Kuroki's army in Manchuria; on general staff; pursued Villa into Mexico

in 1916; commander-in-chief of American forces in WWI and chief of staff, U.S. Army from 1921–24. Member of Lincoln Lodge No. 19, Lincoln, Nebr., receiving degrees on Dec. 4, 11, and 22, 1888. Received 50-year award on Jan. 5, 1939. On Sept. 30, 1941 he was made an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of Missouri and the certificate was presented to him by Harry S. Truman, then senator, at Walter Reed Hospital, Feb. 24, 1942. In 1919 he was made an honorary member of Stansbury Lodge No. 24, Washington, D.C. Exalted in Lincoln Chapter No. 6, R.A.M. March 28, 1894 and knighted in Mt. Moriah Commandery No. 4, K.T., Dec. 3, 1894, both of Lincoln, Nebr. In 1943 he laid a wreath on the tomb of the Unknown Soldier at the Knight Templar rites. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Wheeling, W. Va., April 9, 1920 and 33°, in Washington, D.C. on Jan. 6, 1930. Member of Sesostri Shrine Temple, Lincoln and New York Court No. 30, Royal Order of Jesters. d. July 15, 1948.

Seymour II. Person (1879–1957) U.S. Congressman to 72nd Congress (1931–33) from 6th Mich. dist. b. Feb. 2, 1879 in Livingston Co., Mich. Graduate of U. of Mich. in 1901 and practiced law at Lansing, Mich. from that date. Mason. d. April 7, 1957.

Epitacio da Silva ‘Pessoa (1865–1942) President of Brazil, 1919–22. Brazilian political leader and jurist. From 1924–30 he was a member of the Permanent Court of International Justice at The Hague. Mason.

Peter the Great (1672–1725) Emperor of Russia,

1689–1725. Name was Petr Alekseevich; son of Alexis, he reigned jointly with his half brother, Ivan, from 1682–89, and afterwards alone. He founded the new capital of St. Petersburg in 1703 and introduced western civilization into Russia, raising it to a recognized place among European powers. He traveled widely and became impressed with the western world. After his return he established the first Masonic lodge in St. Petersburg and placed his favorite councillor, General Lefort, q.v., as first master of the lodge. This information was presented in a document to Emperor Alexander I, q.v., by the last grand master of the Astera Grand Lodge in an effort to save Russian Freemasonry from being outlawed by that emperor. Dr. Ernest Friedrichs, however, in his *Freemasonry in Russia and Poland* states that Peter did not found the first lodge.

Emil C. Peters Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Hawaii, 1922–25 and Associate Justice, 1935–49. b. Dec. 15, 1877 in San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1900, and admitted to the Hawaiian bar in that year. He was deputy attorney general of Hawaii in 1903–05; attorney general, 1905–07. He was in private practice from 1925–35, and since 1949. Member of Honolulu Lodge No. 409, Honolulu, Hawaii. 32° AASR (SJ), Knight Templar, and Shriner.

John S. Peters (1772–1858) Governor of Connecticut, 1831–33. b. in Hebron, Conn., he was a country physician for 40 years. Held many local offices and was a state legislator. Was lieutenant governor of Conn. from 1827–31. Member of Wooster Lodge No. 10, Van den Broeck Chapter

No. 5, R.A.M. and Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., all of Colchester, Conn. d. 1858.

Matthew William Peters (1742–1814) English portrait painter, cleric, and member of the Royal Academy. b. in the Isle of Wight. He moved with parents at an early age, to Ireland. Attended Exeter and was graduated with law degree, but gave up that profession to become a rector. When he presented a painting of Lord Petre, q.v., as grand master, a special office of Grand Portrait Painter was created by the Grand Lodge of England for him, and he served as such from 1783 until his death in 1814. Other grand masters painted by Peters were the Duke of Manchester, the Duke of Cumberland, and George, Prince of Wales, qq.v. When the Prince of Wales's Lodge No. 259 was formed in 1787, Peters became the first secretary, serving until 1794. At that time he was chaplain to the Prince of Wales, who was master of the lodge. Peters was first provincial grand master for Lincoln. His paintings mentioned above burned in a fire in 1882.

Eric Peterson General Secretary–Treasurer of International Association of Machinists since 1945. b. Sept. 3, 1894 in Dalarne, Sweden. Joined the I.A.M. in 1913 as an apprentice machinist and held offices in local and district lodges, becoming acting general vice president in 1937 and general vice president in 1940. Member of Deer Lodge No. 14, Deer Lodge, Mont. since 1918. Also member of Valley Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 16, K.T., both of Deer Lodge; and Washington Council No. 1, R. & S.M. and Almas Shrine Temple, both of Washington, D.C.

Hugh Peterson U.S. Congressman to 74th through 79th Congresses (1935–47) from 1st Ga. dist. b. Aug. 21, 1898 near Alley, Ga. Is editor of the *Montgomery Monitor*, Mount Vernon, Ga. Served in both houses of Ga. legislature. In 1948 he was assigned as advisor on military government in occupied Germany. Member of Aural Lodge No. 239 of Mount Vernon, Ga., since 1919 and master of same in 1921.

J. Hardin Peterson U.S. Congressman to 73rd through 80th Congresses (1933–49) from 1st Fla. dist. b. Feb. 11, 1894 in Batesburg, S. Car. Law graduate of U. of Florida in 1914. Practiced at Lakeland from 1915. Member of Lakeland Lodge No. 91, Lakeland, Fla., receiving degrees on Feb. 25, March 2 (2nd and 3rd), 1918. Member of Lakeland Chapter No. 29, R.A.M.; Polk Council No. 11, R. & S.M.; Lakeland Commandery No. 21, K.T., all of Lakeland; 32° AASR (SJ) at Tampa; Royal Order of Scotland, Washington, D.C. and Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C.

John Peterson (1805– ?) Prince Hall Freemason who was the first colored school teacher in New York City. An Episcopal priest, he began teaching Sunday school at the age of 15. Member of Boyer Lodge No. 1, N.Y.C., which was sometimes referred to as the “African Lodge No. 1.” His Masonic service was under the jurisdiction of the United Grand Lodge. He was grand chaplain from 1855–58, grand secretary in 1859–60, and grand treasurer from 1860–69.

Val Peterson Governor of Nebraska, 1947–53; U.S. Ambassador to Denmark since 1957. b. July 18, 1903 in

Oakland, Nebr. Graduate of Wayne (Nebr.) State Teachers Coll. in 1927, and U. of Nebraska in 1931. Taught school at Carroll, Madison, and Kimball, Nebr. and was superintendent of schools at Elgin, Nebr. from 1933–39. From 1936–46 he was publisher of the Elgin Review at Elgin. In WWII in China–Burma–India theater, and discharged with rank of lieutenant colonel. In 1953 he was administrative assistant to the president of the U.S., and administrator of Federal Civil Defense Adm. from 1955–57. Received his degrees in Wayne Lodge No. 120, Wayne, Nebr., June 1, July 13, and Aug. 24, 1928, and in 1936 affiliated with Antelope Lodge No. 276, Elgin, Nebr. Member of Damascus Chapter No. 25, R.A.M. of Norfolk, and 32° AASR (SJ) at Omaha. Shriner and Jester. Name in full is Frederick Valdemar Erastus Peterson.

Robert Edward, 9th Lord Petre (1742–1801) One of the three Roman Catholics who served as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England. He gave his official sanction to the publication of the first edition of Preston's *Illustrations of Masonry* in 1772, and in 1776 the earliest Freemasons' Hall of London was opened during his reign. He dedicated it to "Masonry, Virtue, Universal Charity, and Benevolence." Although considered as the head of the Catholics of England, Petre presided for five years over a branch of society against which the thunders of the Vatican had been unleashed in 1739, and again in 1751. Other Catholic grand masters were Alfred Brown, 6th Viscount Montagu (1732), and George Frederick Samuel, Earl de Grey and Ripon (1870–74), qq.v. Lord Petre presided over many Masonic meetings after his tenure of office had ended. The last of record was in 1791,

when, in the presence of acting grand master, Lord Rawdan, he took the chair as past grand master. Records disclose that he expended about ~£5,000 annually for charity.

Samuel B. Pettengill U.S. Congressman to 72nd through 75th Congresses (1931–39) from Ind. b. Jan. 19, 1886 in Portland, Oreg. Graduate of Middlebury (Vt.) Coll. in 1908 and Yale in 1911. Has been in law practice at South Bend, Ind. since 1911. Author of *Hot Oil*; *Jefferson the Forgotten Men*; *Smokescreen*; and *For Americans Only*. Received degrees in 1913 in South Bend Lodge No. 294, South Bend, Ind. and was master in 1922. Was appointed junior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1939, resigning when he was deputy grand master in 1943. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1939. Now a resident of Grafton, Vt.

Richard F. Pettigrew (1848–1926) U.S. Congressman to 47th Congress from Territory of Dakota and U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1889–1901. b. July 23, 1848 in Ludlow, Vt. He moved with parents to Dane Co., Wis. in 1854, and later to Evansville, Wis. Went to Dakota in 1869 as a government surveyor, and settled in Sioux Falls. Was admitted to the bar about 1871, and practiced law while engaged in government surveying and real estate business. Was a member of the territorial house of representatives in 1872. Several times a member of the territorial council; on the admission of South Dakota as a state, was elected as Senator. Member of Minnehaha Lodge No. 5, Sioux Falls, receiving degrees, Jan. 26, May 1 and July 18, 1874. d. Oct. 5, 1926.

John H. Peyton (1778–1847) Early Virginia lawyer. b. April 3, 1778 in Stafford Co., Va. A graduate of Princeton in 1797, he was admitted to the bar in 1799. He established a reputation as a criminal lawyer. Served many years in the state legislature, and became deputy U.S. attorney for Western Virginia. He declined appointments as a member of congress and as federal judge. Past master of Dumfries Lodge No. 50, Dumfries, Va. d. April 3, 1847.

James I. Phelps (1875–1947) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1925–29 and 1935–38. b. June 20, 1875 in Newton, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1899. Began law practice at El Reno, Okla. Mason, 33° AASR (ST), Knight Templar, and Shriner. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma in 1932, potentate of India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City, in 1927, and grand patron, Eastern Star of Oklahoma in 1926. d. Jan. 5, 1947.

John B. Phelps General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1957–60. b. July 10, 1885 in Camden, S. Car. He began as a construction engineer with Bell Telephone System, serving that company for 21 years. In 1921 he retired and moved to Florida where he entered business for himself. He later became associated with the department of agriculture of the state of Florida. He is known as “Mr York Rite Mason” in Florida. Raised in Piedmont Lodge No. 417, Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 14, 1920, he is presently a member of Carnell Lodge No. 223, Miami. Exalted in Jerico Chapter No. 11, Miami, in 1922, he was high priest in 1927. Greeted in Adoniram Council No. 10, Miami, Oct. 29, 1926, he was master in 1929. Knighted in

Simon of Cyrene Cornmandery No. 13, K.T. of Miami, he was commander in 1927. He served as head of the grand chapter in 1938, grand council in 1935, and grand commandery in 1935. Since 1942 he has been grand secretary and recorder of the three York Rites bodies. Was grand master general of Convent General K.Y.C.H. in 1953. Member of many other Masonic organizations.

John S. Phelps (1814–1886) U.S. Congressman and Governor of Missouri, 1876–82. b. Dec. 22, 1814 in Simsbury, Conn. Studied law under his father, and after practicing a short time in – Conn., came to Mo. in 1837, locating at Springfield. After serving in the state legislature in 1840, he was elected as U.S. congressman in 1844, and served until 1863 in that body. In the Civil War he became a Union brigadier general of volunteers. In 1862 Lincoln appointed him as military governor of Arkansas. He distinguished himself at the Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark. He was a member of United Lodge No. 5, Springfield, his name first appearing in the 1857 proceedings. It is not known whether he was initiated in this lodge. On Aug. 15, 1850 he affiliated with Springfield Chapter No. 15, R.A.M., and on its reorganization in 1867, was recommended as high priest. d. Nov. 20, 1886.

Warren C. Philbrook (1857–1933) Justice, Supreme Court of Maine, 1913–29. b. Nov. 30, 1857 in Sedgwick, Maine. Graduate of Colby Coll. in 1882 and admitted to the bar in 1884. Served as mayor of Waterville and member of lower house. From 1909–11 he was attorney general of Maine. Member of Waterville Lodge No. 33, Waterville, Maine, and

master of same in 1889–90. Charter member and past high priest of Teconnet Chapter No. 52, R.A.M., Waterville, and commander of St. Omer Commandery No. 12, Waterville, in 1894–95. Grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Maine in 1910. d. May 31, 1933.

Philip IV (1268–1314) King of France, 1285–1314. Called “The Fair,” he was anything but that. He persecuted the Jews, and particularly the Knights Templar. With the aid of his willing instrument, Pope Clement V, he succeeded in overthrowing the order. He died execrated by his subjects, whose hearts he had alienated by the cruelty, avarice, and despotism of his administration.

Philip, Duke of Wharton (see under Wharton).

Prince Philip (see Duke of Edinburgh).

John W. Philip (1840–1900) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 26, 1840 in N.Y.C. Became commodore in 1898. During Civil War he was in the blockading service, and while executive officer of the Pawnee, was wounded in the leg in the Stone River fight. In 1877 he was on detached service with the Woodre Scientific expedition around the world. In the Spanish–American War he was in command of the battleship Texas, and was commander of the North Atlantic squadron. Member of Catskill Lodge No. 468, Catskill, N.Y. d. June 30, 1900.

Emanuel L. Philipp (1861–1925) Governor of Wisconsin,

1915–21. b. March 25, 1861 in Sauk Co., Wis. He was a farmer, school teacher, telegraph operator, station agent, and train dispatcher until 1893, and in the lumber business until 1903. President of Union Refrigerator Transit Co. in 1897, and became owner and manager of same in 1903. Raised in Ironton Lodge No. 79, Ironton, Wis.; was a York Rite and Scottish Rite member. d. June 15, 1925.

Dayton E. Phillips U.S. Congressman to 80th and 81st Congresses (1947–51) from 1st Tenn. dist. b. March 29, 1910 in Shell Creek, Tenn. Graduate of National U. in 1933. In law practice in Carter Co., Tenn. Served overseas with Army in WWII (European theater). Raised Sept. 3, 1946 in Dashiell Lodge No. 238; exalted Sept. 26, 1946 in R. D. Keller Chapter No. 215, R.A.M.; member of Elizabethton Council No. 119 (now renamed B. E. Wooten Council), R. & S.M. and Carter Commandery No. 27, K.T., all of Elizabethton, Tenn.

Frank Phillips (1873–1950) Honorary director and honorary chairman of board of Phillips Petroleum Co. b. Nov. 28, 1873 in Greeley Co., Nebr. Engaged in banking at Creston, Iowa in 1898–1903 and then moved to Bartlesville, Okla., where he organized and was president of the Citizens Bank & Trust Co., now the First National. He was in the oil production business from 1903–17. Was financial backer of Col. Arthur C. Goebel, who won the Dole prize for first successful flight to Hawaii in 1927. Became adopted member of Osage Tribe in 1930. Affiliated with Bartlesville (Okla.) Lodge No. 284 on April 10, 1906. Knight Templar; 33° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Aug. 23, 1950.

Glenn R. Phillips Methodist Bishop. b. May 24, 1894 in Paulding Co., Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan in 1915, and Garrett Bible Institute in 1917, 1933. Ordained minister of Methodist Episcopal church in 1920. Served as pastor in Southern Calif., Ariz. conference, 1920–25; North Hollywood, 1925–29; Phoenix, Ariz., 1929–30; Hollywood, Calif., 1930–48. Became resident bishop of Denver area in 1948. Member of Cahuenga Lodge No. 513, Hollywood, Calif.; Fidelity Chapter No. 96, R.A.M., Santa Maria, Calif.; Hollywood Commandery No. 56, K.T., Hollywood, Calif.; and 32° KCCH, AASR (SJ) in Denver, Colo. In 1934–35 he was grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of California.

Henry D. Phillips (1882–1955) Protestant Episcopal Bishop Southwestern Va., 1938–55. b. Jan. 16, 1882 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U. of the South in 1904; 1906; Oglethorpe U., 1920; U. of Georgia, 1923. Ordained deacon in 1906 and priest in 1907. Served churches in LaGrange, Ga., Sewanee, Tenn., Columbia, S. Car., and was professor at U. of the South until 1938, when he became bishop of diocese of Southwestern Virginia at Roanoke. In 1906 he founded the LaGrange Settlement and Training School for Christian workers. Member of Richland Lodge No. 39, Columbia, S. Car. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Columbia Consistory (S. Car.) on Feb. 13, 1925, dimitting from same Dec. 31, 1929. d. June 29, 1955.

Jesse S. Phillips (1871–1954) President of Great American Indemnity Co., 1926–32; chairman of board, 1933–50. b. May 4, 1871 in Allegany Co., N.Y. Graduate of U. of Michigan in

1893, and admitted to N.Y. bar in 1894. In general law practice until 1921, when he became counsel for National Bureau of Casualty & Surety Underwriters. Raised in Andover Lodge No. 558, Andover, N.Y. on June 3, 1895, receiving 50-year Masonic award in 1948 from Grand Lodge of New York. d. Nov. 6, 1954.

John Phillips U.S. Congressman to 78th through 84th Congresses (1943–1957) from 22nd Calif. dist. b. Sept. 11, 1887 in Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Graduate of Haverford Coll. (Pa.) in 1910. Business analyst, organizer, and rancher at Banning, Calif. Vice president of Public Relations Research Association. Served in state senate in 1936–42. Served in Army in WWI. Member of San Geronio Lodge No. 668, Banning, Calif.

Leon C. Phillips (1890–1958) Governor of Oklahoma, 1939–43. b. Dec. 9, 1890 in Worth Co., Mo. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1916 and admitted to the bar that year, practicing at Okemah, Okla. Member of state legislature, 1933–38, and speaker of the house in 1935. Served as a private in the artillery in WWI. Member and past master of Okemah Lodge No. 234, Okemah, Okla. Received 32° AASR (SJ), Nov. 20, 1919 at Guthrie; KCCH, Oct. 20, 1925; and 33° on Oct., 1939. d. March 27, 1958.

Orie L. Phillips Federal Judge. b. Nov. 20, 1885 in Viola, Ill. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1908. Admitted to New Mex. bar in 1910 and practiced at Raton. Member of N. Mex. state senate in 1920–23, resigning to become U.S. district judge of N. Mex. Commissioned U.S. circuit judge of 10th judicial

circuit by President Hoover in 1929, and was chief judge of the 10th circuit, 1940–55. Mason, Knight Templar, and 32° AASR (SJ). Affiliated with Springer Lodge No. 45, Springer, N. Mex., on Jan. 26, 1911 from Viola Lodge No. 577, Viola, Ill. On May 17, 1917 he affiliated with Gate City Lodge No. 11, Raton, N. Mex.

Thomas W. Phillips, Jr. (1874–1956) U.S. Congressman to 68th and 69th Congresses (1923–27) from 26th Pa. dist. b. Nov. 21, 1874 in New Castle, Pa. In the petroleum and natural gas business from 1897, and president of the T. W. Phillips Gas & Oil Co. Received degrees in Lodge of the Craft No. 433, New Castle, Pa. on April 19, May 17, June 21, 1898 and in 1919 became a charter member of Victory Lodge No. 694, Butler, Pa. d. Jan. 2, 1956.

Wallace C. Philoon Major General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 13, 1883 in Auburn, Maine. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1909, and advanced through grades to major general in 1945, retiring that year. Served in China, on general staff of War Dept., as chief of staff of Panama Canal, Caribbean defense command, commanded Infantry Replacement Center, Ft. McClellan, Ala. in WWII, and was also with the Alaskan Dept. and provost marshal in office of chief of staff. Member of Tranquil Lodge No. 29, Auburn, Maine since 1905 and made honorary member May 4, 1955.

John Phoenix (see George H. Derby).

Fred L. Pick English Masonic author. b. May 12, 1898 in

Blackpool, England. Served in Royal Field Artillery in WWI, after which he spent over 30 years in the National Health Insurance and National Health Services. In 1952 he was appointed provincial grand secretary for Lancashire (Eastern div.). He is the author of *More Masonry Into Men* and with G. Norman Knight, the joint author of *The Pocket History of Freemasonry* and *The Freemasons' Pocket Reference Book*. He has contributed extensively to *Ars Quatuor Coronatorum* and the *Transactions of the Manchester Association for Masonic Research*, as well as other publications. He was initiated in the Vale of Catmos Lodge No. 1265, Clakharn in 1926; joined the Lodge of Friendship No. 277 in 1928 and was a founder of the Manchester Lodge for Masonic Research No. 5502 in 1934 and master of same in 1939. In 1937 he was elected a full member of Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076 and was master in 1944. In 1948 he was Prestonian lecturer. He is past grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England; past assistant grand sojourner of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of England; past grand overseer of Mark Grand Lodge of England; past assistant grand director of ceremonies of Allied Masonic Degrees; chief adept for Lancashire and Cheshire of the Societas Rosicruciana in Anglia; a Blue Friar (U.S.) and Fellow of the College of Rites.

Lewis A. Pick (1890–1956) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army and Chief of Engineer Corps from 1949–53. b. Nov. 18, 1890 in Brookneal, Va. Graduate of Virginia Poly. Inst. in 1914 and commissioned first lieutenant in Corps of Engineers in 1917, advancing through grades to lieutenant general in 1951. Commanded an engineering company overseas in WWI, and

then on duty tour of Philippines. District engineer at New Orleans 1925–28; commanded the General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, 1934–38; division engineer Missouri River division at Omaha, 1942–43; commander of advance sector, CBI theater, and in charge of construction of famous Ledo Road, 1943–45. After retirement in 1953 he became vice chairman of Georgia Pacific Plywood Co. His road in Burma was called “Pick’s Pike.” The Missouri River valley flood control plan is known as the Pick–Sloan plan. Member of Mackey Lodge No. 69, Rustburg, Va. 32° AASR (SJ) in Dalcho Consistory (Va.) on Nov. 6, 1919. d. Dec. 2, 1956.

John Pickard (1858–1937) Archaeologist. b. Oct. 12, 1858 in Concord, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1883 and 1886, he studied at universities of Leipzig, Berlin, Munich, Athens, and Rome. Was professor of archaeology and art at U. of Missouri for many years. He was president of the Missouri state capitol decoration commission and a lecturer on art and Masonic subjects. He held his lodge and York Rite memberships in Columbia, Mo., and Scottish Rite in Kansas City, where he was master of Kadosh and a 33°. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Missouri; grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Missouri; grand patron of the Eastern Star of Missouri; president of Order of High Priesthood; president of Past Commanders’ Association, and national head (grand sovereign) of the Red Cross of Constantine. Pickard was the leading influence and president of the Missouri Masonic Research Council, which developed later into the Missouri Lodge of Research. d. Nov. 25, 1937.

Israel Pickens (1780–1827) U.S. Congressman from North Carolina to 12th through 14th Congresses (1811–1817) ; U.S. Senator from Alabama, 1826; and Governor of Alabama, 1821–25. b. Jan. 30, 1780 near Concord, N. Car. Graduate of Jefferson Coll., Canonsburg, Pa., in 1802, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. Member of N. Car. state senate in 1809. He was a member of Liberty Lodge No. 45, Wilkesborough, N. Car., and later of St. Stephens Lodge No. 81, St. Stephens, Ala. In 1824–25 he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Alabama. d. April 24, 1827.

George E. Pickett (1825–1875) Confederate Major General of Civil War, famous for his charge at Gettysburg. b. Jan. 25, 1825 in Richmond, Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1846. He served in the war with Mexico, and was at the siege of Vera Cruz and in all battles that preceded the capture of Mexico City. Then served in Texas, and on frontier duty in Northwest Territory. He resigned from the army on June 25, 1861, going to Va., where he was made colonel in the state forces. In Feb., 1862 he was made brigadier general in Longstreet's division in the Army of the Potomac which became the Army of Northern Virginia. He was severely wounded at the Battle of Gaines's Mills on June 27, 1862. At the Battle of Fredericksburg, his division held the center of Lee's line. At Gettysburg on July 3, 1863, he made his famous charge with 4,500 men across half a mile of broken ground against the Union positions on Cemetery Ridge, only to be repulsed with the loss of three-fourths of his division. He fought brilliantly at Five Forks, and after the war, returned to Richmond, where he engaged in the life insurance business.

He was a member of Dove Lodge No. 51, Richmond, Va., and during the war, of a military lodge in his division, known as Old Guard Lodge No. 211. He was also a member of St. Alban's Chapter and Richmond Commandery No. 2, K.T., both of Richmond. d. July 30, 1875. His funeral was attended by the Masonic fraternity.

Allin H. Pierce Judge of U.S. Tax Court since 1955. b. Jan. 18, 1897 in Graceville, Minn. Graduate of Swarthmore Coll. in 1919 and U. of Chicago in 1923. Practiced law in Chicago, 1923–28, and with Bureau of Internal Revenue, 1928–35. He then practiced in N.Y.C., 1936–43, and Chicago, 1943–55. Received degrees in Ashlar Lodge No. 111, Fort Dodge, Iowa about 1819, and is presently a member of Barristers Lodge No. 48, Washington, D.C.

Frederick E. Pierce (1862–1953) Major General, Volunteers. b. May 5, 1862 in Glenwood, Iowa, moving with parents to Greenfield, Mass. Here he worked in the postoffice and as a bank teller. Became postmaster in 1894, holding position 21 years. He was treasurer of the Greenfield–Turners Falls Street Railway, and president of the Connecticut Valley Street Railway. Was also treasurer of the Atlantic Mutual Life Insurance Co. for many years. Entered Mass. Volunteers in 1887 and served in Cuba during the Spanish–American War. He was promoted to major general and retired in 1913. Raised in Republican Lodge, July 15, 1886; exalted in Franklin Chapter, R.A.M., April 6, 1887; was high priest in 1891–93, and grand scribe of the Grand Chapter of Massachusetts in 1906. Greeted in Titus Strong Council R. & S.M., June 13, 1890; was

master in 1912; knighted in Connecticut Valley Commandery No. 23, was commander in 1906–08. All the above bodies are in Greenfield, Mass. d. Sept. 14, 1953.

Walter M. Pierce Governor of Oregon, 1923–27, and U.S. Congressman to 73rd through 77th Congresses (1933–43) from Oreg. b. May 30, 1861 in Grundy Co., Ill. He taught school in Ill. and Kans., and moved to Oregon in 1883, where he continued to teach, and was superintendent until 1890. In 1896 he was graduated from–law dept. of Northwestern U. (Ill.), and began practice at Pendleton, Oreg. After three years he entered banking and the power and light business; operated stock and wheat farms; and served in the state senate 1903–07, and 1917–21. Member of La–Grande Lodge, No. 41, LaGrande, Oreg. and member of both York and Scottish rites.

William Pierce (1740–1806) Revolutionary soldier and delegate to Continental Congress in 1786–87. b. in Georgia about 1740. He entered the army at the start of the Revolution, and was aide–de–camp to General Nathanael Greene, q.v., and was presented a sword by congress, in recognition of his gallant services. He was a delegate to the Continental Congress and to the convention that framed the constitution, but being opposed to the plan, he withdrew without signing the document. Was a member of Solomon’s Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga. at least as early as 1786.

Henry Piercy Officer of American Revolution and aide–de–camp to Washington. He was present with him at every battle except Yorktown, having been carried off the field wounded

the previous day. He commanded the Independent Blues of Alexandria, Va. at the funeral of Washington. Member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va.

Albert Pierson Major General, U.S. Army. b. July 10, 1899 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Commissioned in 1918, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1943 and major general in 1950. In overseas service at Puerto Rico, Canal Zone, Philippines, New Guinea, Okinawa, and Japan. From 1943–45 was assistant division commander of 11th Airborne Div. in recapture of Philippines and occupation of Japan; commanding general South Sector, Hawaii; War Dept., general staff, 1940–42; chief military advisor to Philippines, 1951–54; chief of staff U.S. Army Forces in Far East from 1954. Member of Sojourners Lodge, Cristobal, Canal Zone.

A. T. C. Pierson (1817–1889) Masonic author and “father of Freemasonry in Minnesota.” b. Aug. 29, 1817 in Morris Plains, N.J. He came to Minn. in 1851, as employee of Indian Dept. of the U.S. Raised in Painted Post Lodge No. 117, N.Y., in 1851, he affiliated with St. Paul Lodge (then No. 1) in Feb., 1853, and became a charter member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, St. Paul, in Jan., 1854. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota from 1856–64, and was grand secretary in 1864 and again from 1876–89. Exalted in Elmira Chapter No. 42, N.Y., March 16, 1852, and affiliated with Minnesota Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of St. Paul, as a charter member, on Dec. 21, 1853. Was first grand high priest of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Minn. in 1859, and grand secretary 1860–65 and 1875–89. Organized Damascus Commandery

No. 1, K.T., St. Paul, in 1856; was commander for nine years, grand captain general of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. from 1862–68; and grand recorder of Grand Commandery of Minnesota, 1876–89. A personal friend of Albert Pike from 1851, he received the degrees of the Scottish Rite and the 33° in 1859. Wrote *Traditions of Freemasonry* in 1866. d. Nov. 26, 1889.

William Pierson (1871–1935) Justice, Supreme Court of Texas, 1921–35. b. March 12, 1871 in Gilmer, Texas. Graduate of Baylor U. in 1896 and U. of Texas in 1898. Practiced law at Greenville, Texas. Served in house of representatives and as district judge. Member of Greenville Lodge No. 335, Greenville, Texas, receiving degrees on May 23, Aug. 1, 29, 1899. d. April 24, 1935.

Aristides S. Pietri Published first Masonic book in Puerto Rico in 1873, covering the first three degrees, with their secret work and baptismal ceremonies, and an explanation of the origin of symbols and ancient rites. In 1885 he published *Historical Summary of Ancient and Modern Freemasonry*. Was several times master of Aurora Lodge under the United Grand Lodge of Colon and Cuba.

Willem Pijper (1896–1947) Netherlands composer. He was of the opinion that good music during the initiation ceremonies was of great value and for that purpose, composed his *Six Adagios*—his last work. The first public appearance of this work after his death was conducted by a Roman Catholic, who could have had no idea of the Masonic trend of the

composition. This was also the case of the Roman Catholic critic, who after having stated that this composition was quite different from the composer's former work, wrote of the Six Adagios: "For what purpose, for what liturgic ceremony were they intended? How could it be that this purpose took possession of the entire man, Pijper, to such an extent, and changed his spiritual horizon so thoroughly? When did this alteration start? At what pace did it develop? Fast or Slow? Were the motives strong enough to suppose that they would have been of lasting influence on Pijper's aesthetics? I hope that one of his friends keeps data which will serve as a starting point for this chapter of Pijper's biography, which will have to declare an evolution as remarkable from the psychological, as from the musicological point of view. . Then he writes a song which, familiarly speaking, has a head and a tail. We hear it, we understand it, because it could rise from each of us. And the rest does not matter. One or another accord, this or another instrument, this or another rhythm, it all seems of no importance since that melody goes the way we desire, even without knowing it. That is why I consider the Six Adagios a masterwork." Pijper died in 1947 at the age of 51 after a long illness.

Albert Pike (1809–1891) Lawyer, poet, soldier, adventurer, author and 8th Grand Commander of the Southern Supreme Council, AASR. b. Dec. 29, 1809 in Boston, Mass. He entered Harvard in 1826, but financial problems prevented the completion of his education. Nevertheless, he became one of the leading intellectuals of that era by self-education. After a time as principal of a school in Newburyport, Mass., he set

out for the partially explored regions of the West, traveling by stage to Cincinnati; by steamer to Nashville; on foot to Paducah; by keel-boat down the Ohio; by steamer up the Mississippi; and in 1831 he left with a caravan of ten wagons as one of a party of 40 men under Capt. Charles Bent, q.v., en route from St. Louis to Santa Fe. He arrived at Taos on Nov. 10, 1831, having walked 500 miles from the Cimarron River, where his horse ran away. He remained at Santa Fe until Sept., 1832, and then started with a party down the Pecos River and into the Staked Plain, to the headwaters of the Brazos. Pike, with four others, then made their way to Fort Smith, Ark. Here he again took up the teaching profession, and in 1833 became associate editor of the *Arkansas Advocate*, purchasing the paper a year later. He then took up the study of law, and being admitted to the bar, sold the paper. In 1839 he contributed to *Blackwood's Magazine*, a poem, *Hymns to the Gods*, which established him as a poet of reputation. As a lawyer, he was recognized throughout the Southwest. In the Mexican War, he was commissioned a captain of cavalry in Archibald Yell's, q.v., regiment. After Yell's death, Pike had several differences of opinion with the new commander, which resulted in a bloodless duel between them, but ended his cavalry career. For the next few years he divided his time between the law and his writing, and his residence between New Orleans and Little Rock. When the Civil War broke out in 1861, he cast his lot with the Confederacy, and was named Indian agent and brigadier general of the area, which included the Indian Territory. Once again he differed with his superiors, and when accused of insubordination, he resigned, serving the rest of the war period as a judge of

the Arkansas superior court. He practiced law in Memphis, Tenn. for two years before moving to Washington, D.C. at the beginning of his term as sovereign grand commander of the Southern Jurisdiction AASR. He was raised in Western Star Lodge No. 2, Little Rock, Ark in Aug., 1850, when he was 40. Two years later (Nov. 4, 1852), he became charter member and first master of Magnolia Lodge No. 60, Little Rock. On Oct. 4, 1880 he affiliated with Pentalpha Lodge No. 23, Washington, D.C. While in Arkansas he served on many grand lodge committees, including Masonic Law and Usage; Foreign Correspondence; Library; By-Laws, and was a trustee, and subsequently president, of St. John's College, established by that grand lodge. Exalted in Union Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. of Little Rock, Nov. 29, 1850, he became the first grand scribe of the Grand Chapter of Arkansas, and grand high priest in 1853–54. He was first commander of Hugh de Paynes Commandery No. 1, K.T. of Little Rock. Received the R. & S.M. degrees in Columbia Chapter, R.A.M., of Washington, D.C. On March 20, 1853 he received the AASR (SJ) degrees, 4°–32° at Charleston, S. Car, from Albert G. Mackey, q.v., and received the 33° in New Orleans in 1857. The following year he was elected an active member, and sovereign grand commander (Jan. 3, 1859). In this position he did much for that rite. As one has said, "He found the Scottish Rite in a cabin and left it in a temple." He rewrote the AASR ritual, as well as many Masonic books, including *Morals and Dogma*. d. April 2, 1891, and is buried in the House of the Temple, Washington, D.C.

William J. Pike (1864–1923) U.S. Consul. b. March 24, 1864 in Scranton, Pa. He published and edited a weekly paper in

Northern Pennsylvania until 1889, and then became a government clerk in Washington, D.C. Entered consular service in 1903, and became consul at Zittau, Germany; vice consul at Reichenberg, Bohemia; later consul at Reichenberg and Kehl; consul general at Coburg, Germany; and consul at St. Gall, Switzerland, and Strassburg, France. Received degrees in Lodge No. 338 of Pa. on Oct. 28, 1884, March 24, April 28, 1885. d. April 23, 1923.

Zebulon Pike (1779–1813) Discoveror of Pike's Peak in Colorado, and brigadier general in War of 1812. b. Jan. 5, 1779 in Lamberton, N.J. His father, of the same name, was a captain in the Revolutionary Army, and when the son was a child, the family moved to Bucks Co., Pa., and then later to Easton. Young Pike was appointed an ensign in his father's regiment in March, 1799. He was killed at the attack on York, Canada, April 27, 1813. The younger Pike is often referred to as a Freemason, and his membership is given in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia. This, however, was undoubtedly his father of the same name (1751–1834) as he was initiated Feb. 19, 1782 (young Pike would have been three years old at the time). In 1791 a "Zebulon Pike" was a petitioner to the Grand Lodge of New Jersey for a warrant for a traveling lodge in the Army, but this too must have been the father, as young Pike was but 12 at this time. Later records of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia list "Zebulon Pike" as "removed" from the lodge.

Marcele H. del Pilar (see under del Filar).

Joshua Pilcher (? –1843) Founder of the American Fur

Co. in 1820, together with two other Freemasons, Joseph Perkins and Moses B. Carson, qq.v. A Virginian, he was a relative of Thomas F. Riddick, q.v., the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, with whom he was associated in business for some time. In the fur trade he secured a thorough knowledge of the geography and resources of the Northwest Territory. At the death of General William Clark in 1838, President Van Buren appointed him superintendent of Indian affairs in St. Louis and he filled this position until his death. He served as a second to Senator Thomas H. Benton, q.v., in his duel with Lucas. The pioneer St. Louis Lodge No. 111 became defunct following the War of 1812, and when its successor, Missouri Lodge No. 12, was formed under the Grand Lodge of Tennessee under date of Oct. 3, 1815, Pilcher was named charter master.

Abraham E. Pinanski (1887–1949) Justice, Superior Court of Massachusetts, 1930–49. b. July 9, 1887 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1908 and 1910. Member of Shawmut Lodge, Boston, Mass. d. Oct. 5, 1949.

George J. Pinckard (1829–1914) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M. b. May 28, 1829 in Cambridge, England. A graduate of St. John's College at age of 19, he enlisted in English Army in 1848 and served in quelling the Sepoy mutiny in India. Came to America and was employed by the U.S. surveyors' dept. during the Civil War. He served ten years in the U.S. Navy, and later became a member of a bridge contracting firm. Raised in Aloha Lodge No. 72, New Orleans and served eight years as master. Was

grand high priest of Louisiana in 1898 and grand treasurer from 1901. Grand master of his grand council in 1887–91. He received the 33° AASR (SJ), Nov. 28, 1892. He was one of the founders of the General Grand Council, representing Louisiana. d. Feb. 8, 1914.

Joseph C. Pinckney (1821–1881) Union Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. b. Nov. 5, 1821 in N.Y.C. Member of Eureka Lodge No. 243, Metropolitan Chapter No. 40, R.A.M., Morton Commandery No. 4, K.T., and 32° AASR (NJ), all in N.Y.C. A member of the Elks, his funeral on March 4, 1881 was the first improvised funeral ever conducted by them.

William B. Pine (1877–1942) U.S. Senator from Oklahoma. b. Dec. 30, 1877 in Scott Co., Ill. Taught school and was a farm machinery salesman in several central states. He then moved to Chanute, Kans., where he was in the oil producing business. He moved to Okla. in 1904, continuing in the oil industry. In 1909 he located at Okmulgee. Served in the U.S. senate from 1925–31. Was an unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1934. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Aug. 25, 1942.

Hazen S. Pingree (1840–1901) Governor of Michigan, 1896–1900. b. Aug. 30, 1840 in Denmark, Maine. Lived on father's farm until 14 years old; worked in a cotton factory at Saco, Maine, and then in a shoe factory at Hopkinton, Mass. He was a private in the Union Army in the Civil War, and prisoner of war for five months. After the war he went to Detroit and established a small shoe factory, which he developed into the largest shoe manufacturing business in

the West. He attained prominence by his project of securing vacant lots for the cultivation of potatoes by the poor. Was mayor of Detroit, 1889–96. Member of Union Lodge of Strict Observance, No. 3, Detroit; 32° AASR (NJ); and Moslem Shrine Temple, all of Detroit. d. 1901.

William Pinkney (1764–1822) U.S. Representative; U.S. Senator; U.S. Attorney General; U.S. Minister to England and Russia. b. March 17, 1764 in Annapolis, Md. Studied medicine, but turned to the practice of law in Harford Co., Md. Was member of the state constitutional convention of 1788. Served in 2nd U.S. congress, 1791, and 14th congress, 1815–16. Was a commissioner at London under Jay's treaty from 1796–1804; attorney general of Md. and joint minister to Great Britain with James Monroe in 1806, and individually, 1807–11. Madison appointed him U.S. attorney general, and he served 1811–14. Was wounded at the Battle of Bladensburg, Md. on Aug. 24, 1814. Was minister to Russia, 1816–18, and U.S. senator 1819–22. He is presumed to have been made a Mason in Lodge No. 16, Baltimore, and was one of the petitioners, and first senior warden, of Amanda Lodge No. 12, Annapolis, Md. d. Feb. 25, 1822.

Ciro Pinsuti Composer and singer. Initiated June 9, 1858 in Bank of England Lodge No. 263, London, England; was master of same in 1862.

John Pintard (1759–1844) Philanthropist. b. May 18, 1759 in N.Y.C. Left Princeton to fight in the Revolution, but returned to receive his degree in 1776. He subsequently served on

several military expeditions, and then became deputy commissioner of American prisoners in N.Y. under his uncle, Louis. After the war he entered the shipping business. He edited the N.Y. Daily Advertiser in 1802; founded the first savings bank in N.Y.C. Active in founding the N.Y. Historical Society, and American Bible Society (first secretary), and first sagamore of the Tammany Society. In 1805 he began with others, efforts that resulted in the formation of the free schools of N.Y.C. He was also active in the movement to build the Erie Canal, and was an associate of DeWitt Clinton, q.v. He projected the plan of the streets that now exist in the upper part of N.Y.C. He gave liberally from his own fortune to almost every worthy cause of the time. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. June 21, 1844.

Alva S. Pinto (1872–1944) American physician who was one of the first three to volunteer to be bitten by infected mosquitos at Havana, Cuba in 1900, thus proving the manner of infection of yellow fever. b. May 29, 1872 in Chillicothe, Ohio. Received M.D. degree from Creighton U., Omaha, Nebr. in 1898. Enlisted as a private in the volunteers in 1898 for Spanish–American War, and served in Cuba and Philippines, resigning as a captain in the Medical Dept. in 1903. In WWI he served as major, and lieutenant colonel. He was health commissioner of Omaha from 1921. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebr. receiving degrees on May 24, 1897, May 11, June 29, 1903. Master of lodge in 1910. Exalted in Omaha Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. on Sept. 29, 1905; greeted in Omaha Council No. 1, R. & S.M. on Dec. 12, 1905; knighted in Mt. Calvary Commandery No. 1, Omaha on Dec. 12, 1905. d. Dec. 7, 1944.

Nathaniel Pitcher (1777–1836) Governor of New York, 1928–29. b. in Litchfield, Conn. He moved to Sandy Hill, N.Y. early in life. He was a member of the state legislature in 1806, and 1815–17, and of the state constitutional convention in 1821. U.S. congressman, 1819–23. He was lieutenant governor of N.Y. from 1826–28, and became governor on the death of Governor DeWitt Clinton, q.v. Served on a committee in the Grand Lodge of N.Y. The grand lodge records, however, fail to reveal his membership. d. May 25, 1836.

John H. Pitchford (1857–1923) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1919–25. b. March 8, 1857 in Wallhalla, S. Car. Admitted to S. Car. bar in 1878, he practiced at Clayton and Gainesville, Ga. Moved to Ft. Smith, Ark. in 1890, and to Tahlequah, Okla. in 1896. Member of Cherokee Lodge No. 16, Tahlequah, Okla. d. March 2, 1923.

Peter P. Pitchlyn (1806–1881) Choctaw Indian Chief. b. Jan. 30, 1806 in Hush-ook-wa, Noxubee Co., Miss. of a white father and Choctaw mother. His Indian name of Hatchootuekee means “snapping turtle.” His father was commissioned by George Washington as an interpreter. Brought up as an Indian boy, he was given the benefit of a good education, being sent 200 miles to school in Tenn.; later attended the Columbia (Tenn.) Academy, and graduated from the U. of Nashville. He returned to Miss. to become a farmer; married, and was the first Choctaw to depart from the practice of polygamy. He also did great service to his tribe by enforcing the treaty on sale of liquor, and, as a reward, was made a captain and elected a member of the national tribal council

of the five civilized tribes. In 1828 he headed the delegation sent to Indian Territory (Okla.) in 1828 to select the lands for their future homes, and to make peace with the Osage. He later immigrated, and built a cabin on the Arkansas River. Charles Dickens met Pitchlyn on a steamboat on the Ohio River in 1842, and mentioned him in his *American Notes* as an Indian chief. Actually, Pitchlyn did not become a chief until 1860. Dickens described him as a handsome man with black hair, aquiline nose, broad cheekbones, sunburnt complexion, and eyes that were bright, keen, dark and piercing. He favored the Union cause in the Civil War, although three of his own children, and many of his people, joined the Confederate cause. After 1860 he spent most of his time in Washington, D.C., representing his tribe, and pressing claims for lands sold to the U.S. in 1830. In addition to the treaty of 1820, he signed the treaty of Dancing Rabbit (Miss.) in 1830, treaty of Washington (1855), and was principal chief of treaty of Washington in 1866. He was an able orator, a Christian, and a man of much wisdom and tact. His lodge and chapter are not known, but he was probably a member of both in Washington, D.C. as he was knighted in Washington Cornmandery No. 1, K.T., Washington, D.C., May 27, 1854. His name is mentioned in the bylaws of that commandery in 1857, 1859, 1869, and 1893. In 1854 he addressed the Grand Lodge of Georgia "giving good evidence that he felt and understood the true principles of the Order of Masonry; and also gave a very favorable account of the conditions of the Craft in his tribe, which he considered a convincing proof of their progress in civilization." He was also a Scottish Rite member, having received his 32° at the hands of Albert Pike,

q.v., in the spring of 1860. A warm friendship developed between Pike and Pitchlyn and the bonds grew stronger after the Civil War. It was Pike's intention to elevate Chief Pitchlyn to the 33° as noted in a letter dated Dec. 7, 1865: "I hope you may remain in Washington until the 3rd Monday of Feb., when the Supreme Council meets there, and I shall propose you for election to the Honorary 33°." d. Jan. 17, 1881 and was buried in the Congressional Cemetery in Washington. The Masonic rites were conducted by his friend, Albert Pike.

Frederick W. Pitkin (1837–1886) Governor of Colorado, 1878–84. b. Aug. 31, 1837 in Manchester, Conn. Graduate of Wesleyan U. (Conn.), and Albany (N.Y.) law school. In 1860 he went west, practicing in Milwaukee, Wis. His health became impaired and he went to Europe, but returned in 1873 in what was thought to be a dying condition. He moved to Colo. and engaged in rough labor in the mines, regaining sufficient health to resume law practice. As governor, his prompt and fearless intervention in the riots of Leadville saved many lives and much destruction. Pitkin Co., Colo. is named in his honor. Affiliated with Independence Lodge No. 80, Milwaukee, Wis. on June 2, 1865 from Manchester, Conn. Excluded for NPD on Nov. 16, 1877 and suspended for same on Jan 2, 1878. Member of Wisconsin Chapter No. 7, aAm., Milwaukee and knighted in Wisconsin Cornmandery No. 1, K.T. on Nov. 25, 1865, being suspended from same on June 1, 1880. d. Dec. 18, 1886.

Key Pittman (1872–1940) U.S. Senator from Nevada, 1913–40. b. Sept. 19, 1872 in Vicksburg, Miss. Educated by private

tutors, and S.W. Presbyterian U. of Tenn. Began law practice in Seattle, Wash. in 1892, and joined the movement to the Klondyke in 1897, where he worked as a common miner two years. Here he served as counsel for miners, attacking the corruption of government officials at Dawson, and went to Nome in 1899, where he became first district attorney and one of the leading counsels for miners in their fight against the conspiracy to rob them of their mines. In 1901 he moved to Tonopah, Nev. Elected to fill an unexpired term in U.S. senate in 1912, and served from 1913–41. He was president pro tern–pore of the senate in 73rd through 76th congresses. Member of Tonopah Lodge No. 28, Tonopah, Nev., receiving 32° at Reno on Sept. 11, 1903. d. Nov. 10, 1940.

William S. Pitts (1830–1918) Composer of The Little Brown Church in the Vale. b. Aug. 18, 1830 in Western New York. He was a music teacher, and later a country physician. The famous song was actually written before the church was built. Pitts visited Bradford, Iowa in 1857, when he was living in Wisconsin, and the site where the church is now located so impressed him that he imagined it to be the perfect setting for a church. Five years later Dr. Pitts moved to Fredericksburg, Iowa, about 20 miles from the church site, and at that time the building was under construction. He became the teacher of a small singing school at Bradford. The song was first sung in the church before it was finished. It was published by the H. M. Higgins Co. of Chicago, and became immensely popular. It was sung by the Fiske Jubilee Singers throughout the country, and before the royal courts of Europe. The building was dedicated, Dec. 29, 1864, a few months prior

to the publication of the song—and appropriately had been painted brown. In later life Pitts moved to Clarion, Iowa, and then to Brooklyn, N.Y., where he died Sept. 25, 1918. He was buried in a spot he picked and named—Rose Hill cemetery in Fredericksburg, Iowa. Six Freemasons were his pallbearers. Among his other songs were The O/d Musician and His Harp; Allie Ray; Nellie Wildwood; Sabbath Bells, and Little Fred. He received his degrees in Bradford Lodge No. 129 at Nashua, (two miles southwest of the famous church) in Chickasaw Co., in the early 60's. He became first master of Mt. Horeb Lodge No. 333, Fredericksburg, Iowa, when constituted in 1874, and was made secretary soon after, holding the office as long as he lived there.

Pius VII (1742–1823) Pope from 1800–23. Anti-Mason. Real name was Luigi Barnaba Chiaramonti. b. in Cesena, Italy. He ratified the concordat with France in 1801, and in 1804, visited Paris and crowned Napoleon emperor. Gradually he split with Napoleon, losing several provinces to the French in 1808. He was held prisoner by Napoleon at Savona and Fountainebleau from 1809–14, and reentered Rome in 1814. He restored the Jesuit order in 1814, and Aug. 13, 1814, issued an edict forbidding the meetings of all secret societies (especially the Freemasons and Carbonari), under heavy corporal penalties, to which were to be added, according to the malignity of the cases, partial orentire confiscation of goods, or a pecuniary fine. The edict also renewed the Bull of Pope Clement XII, q.v., by which the punishment of death was incurred by those who obstinately persisted in attending Masonic meetings.

Pius IX (1792–1878) Pope from 1846–78, being the longest pontificate in history. Anti-Mason. Became archbishop of Spoleto in 1827, and on becoming pope, proclaimed political amnesty in 1846, to meet critical conditions in Papal States. After the insurrection of Rome in 1848, he was forced to flee to Gaeta, but was restored by the French in 1850. From then on he became an extreme reactionary. He proclaimed the dogma of the Immaculate Conception in 1854, and convened the Vatican Council in 1869, which promulgated the dogma of papal infallibility. He lost his temporal powers to Victor Emmanuel in 1870, and thus became the first “prisoner of the Vatican.” About 1870, certain irresponsible Masonic journalists reported that he was a Freemason. This must have been an attempt to discredit him with the Roman Catholics, for about this time his rule had become most obnoxious to Protestants in general, and Freemasons in particular. The story of his “Masonic – membership” is still going the rounds after 89 years, but has been thoroughly discredited by more enlightened research. Among the statements made—and still being printed—in the Masonic press are: that he was initiated in a Sicilian Lodge under the name of Giovinni Maria Mastai-Ferretti; that he was initiated into Los Hijos des Hiram Lodge (place not given) under the symbolic name of Savola; that he received the degrees while at Montevideo, Uruguay, in 1816; that he was initiated in Chile in 1823; that he affiliated with Lodge Eterna Catena of Palermo, Italy in 1839; that a document numbered 13715 issued by Orient of Nuremberg, Grand Lodge of Bavaria certifies he was a Mason; that he received the 18° AASR; that he visited lodges in Spain; that he visited lodges in Argentina; that his photograph was made

in full Masonic regalia; that a Bro. J. B. Nones of St. John's Lodge No. 1, N.Y., when at Tripoli, sat with the "late Roman Pontiff," Pius IX in a Masonic lodge; that his signature is in the visitors book of the principal lodge in Florence, Italy; that Masonic charges were pressed against him in 1874; that he was tried in absentia by the Grand Orient of Palermo and "excommunicated"; that said expulsion order was signed by King Victor Emmanuel II, "grand master of Italy."

Louis Pizitz Merchant and philanthropist. b. April 3, 1868 in Poland. Came to the U.S. in 1892, and was naturalized in 1893. He rose from a house-to-house salesman at Swainsboro, Ga. in 1892, to chairman of the board of Louis Pizitz Dry Goods Co., Birmingham, Ala. in 1936. He is not only a Freemason, but an honorary knight commander of the Knights of Columbus, and recipient of the Knights of Columbus silver cup for services as city chairman in the K.C. drive in 1941. He is the founder, and past president, of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of Birmingham; founder and honorary life president of the Beth-El Hebrew Temple, Birmingham; founder of Ensley Negro Hospital, and fund chairman of the Tuskegee Institute (famous Negro college). He is a member of Birmingham Fraternal Lodge No. 384, Birmingham, Ala., being raised on April 26, 1920.

Frederick W. Plaisted (1865–1943) Governor of Maine, 1911–13. b. July 26, 1865 in Bangor, Maine. Educated in St. Johnsbury (Vt.) Academy. He was the owner and editor of The New Age at Augusta, Maine from 1889–1914. He served as sheriff of Kennebec Co., postmaster of Augusta from 1914–23.

Mason and 33° AASR (NJ), he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Maine in 1901, and grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Maine in 1902. d. March 4, 1943.

Edward S. Plank (1875–1926) Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Aug. 31, 1875 at Gettysburg, Pa. He was one of the greatest “lefties” of the game. He was elected to the Hall of Fame in 1946, 20 years after his death. He never pitched for a minor league, going from Gettysburg Coll. to the Philadelphia American League team, where he played from 1901–14, and then to the St. Louis American League. He was one of the few pitchers to win more than 300 games in big league ball. In eight of the 17 seasons, he won 20 or more games. He was raised in Good Samaritan Lodge No. 336, Gettysburg, Pa., on Nov. 13, 1913; exalted in Good Samaritan Chapter No. 266, R.A.M., Dec. 17, 1915, and knighted in Gettysburg Commandery No. 79, K.T., all of Gettysburg. He remained a member of these bodies until his death on Feb. 24, 1926.

George Plater (1736–1792) Sixth Governor of Maryland (1792), and – member of Continental Congress. b. in 1736 in St. Mary's Co., Md. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1753, he studied law and made a reputation as a successful Maryland lawyer. He was a member of the Md. convention at Annapolis, May 8, 1776, that invited the royal governor, Robert Eden, to vacate. He was then appointed to the council of safety to prepare the state for the coming conflict. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1778–81, and

president of the Maryland convention that ratified the U.S. Constitution in 1788. He was a member of the old lodge at Leonardtown, Md., when it was chartered June 6, 1759, and its first junior warden. He later served several terms as master. d. Feb. 10, 1792.

Orville H. Platt (1827–1905) U.S. Senator from Connecticut, 1878–91. b. July 19, 1827 in Washington, Conn. Admitted to the bar in 1849, and practiced at Meriden, Conn. Was clerk of the state senate; secretary of state in 1857; state senator in 1861–62, and member of the lower house in 1864–69, serving as speaker in the latter year. Member of Meriden Lodge No. 77, and St. Elmo Commandery No. 9, K.T., both of Meriden, Conn. d. 1905.

Thomas C. Platt (1833–1910) U.S. Senator from New York, 1881, and 1897–1903; U.S. Congressman to 43rd and 44th Congresses, 1873–77. b. July 15, 1833 in Owego, N.Y. Was a druggist from 1852–72, and president of the Tioga National Bank at its organization. Held lumber interests in Michigan. After being first seated in the U.S. senate March 4, 1881, he, and his colleague, Roscoe Conkling, resigned on May 16th in disagreement with President Garfield over Federal appointments in N.Y. He was secretary and director of the U.S. Express Co. in 1879, and president of same in 1880. Member of Ah-wa-ga Lodge No. 587, Owego, N.Y. d. March 6, 1910.

William P. Platt (1858–1926) Justice, Supreme Court of New York from 1915. b. May 16, 1858 in White Plains, N.Y. Began

law practice at White Plains in 1879. Member of White Plains Lodge No. 473, White Plains, N.Y., being raised on Nov. 17, 1897. d. Nov. 2, 1926.

Zephaniah Platt (1740–1807) Member of the Continental Congress, and founder of Plattsburg, N.Y. b. in Dutchess Co., N.Y. He received a classical education, studied law, and was a judge of the circuit court for many years. He was a delegate from N.Y. to the Continental Congress in 1784–86. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. in 1803. d. Sept. 12, 1807.

Alfred Pleasonton (1824–1897) Union Major General (brevet) in Civil War. b. June 7, 1824 in Washington, D.C. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1844, served in Mexican War, and subsequently on frontier duty. He was acting adjutant general to General William S. Harney during the Sioux expedition, and his adjutant general in the Seminole campaign, and operations in Kansas, Oregon, and Washington Territory. Entered Civil War as a major of 2nd Cavalry, and at the end of the Virginia peninsular campaign, became brigadier general of volunteers. He fought at Boonesborough, Stone Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, and Chancellorsville. He was breveted lieutenant colonel for action at Antietam, and major general of volunteers in June 1863. Was commander-in-chief of the cavalry in the Battle of Gettysburg. Transferred to Mo. in 1864, he drove the forces of General Sterling Price from the state. After retirement, he was U.S. collector of revenue, and later president of the Terre Haute and Cincinnati railroad. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia on Jan. 31, 1853. d. Feb. 17, 1897.

Ignaz Joseph Pleyel (1757–1831) Austrian composer, chiefly of instrumental works, who composed Pleyel's Hymn, widely used in Masonic ritualistic work. b. June 1, 1757, the 24th son of the village schoolmaster at Ruppersthal, Lower Austria. He studied under Haydn, q.v., for several years, and then went to Italy, where he developed a taste for Italian opera. In 1789 he became musical director of the cathedral at Strasburg. In 1791 he was conducting in London. The tune of the Masonic funeral hymn is taken from the slow movement of his fourth quartet, opus 7, and first appeared as a hymn tune in Arnold and Callcott's Psalms in 1791. Since that time the tune has appeared in all the major denominational hymnals, and usually is associated with John Cennick's Children of the Heavenly King. In 1795 Pleyel went to Paris where he published music, and, in 1807, established a piano factory which still bears his name. As far as known, he was not a Freemason. d. Nov. 14, 1831.

Walter C. Ploeser U.S. Congressman to 77th through 80th Congresses (1941–49), from 12th Mo. dist. b. Jan. 7, 1907 in St. Louis, Mo. Has been in the insurance business in St. Louis since 1922. He founded the firm Ploeser, Watts & Co. in 1933, and has been president and director since that time. He organized the subsidiary, Marine Underwriters Corp. in 1935, and in 1938 founded the Insurance Institute of Missouri, of which he was president from 1938–40. Member of Algabil Lodge No. 544, St. Louis, 32° AASR and member of Moolah Shrine Temple, St. Louis. Member of the grand council, Order of DeMolay, and member of Legion of Honor of same.

Robert Plot (1651–1696) A learned man and non-Mason, from whose writings we learn much of early 17th century Freemasonry in England. He was a professor of chemistry at Oxford, and later keeper of the Ashmolean Museum, to which position Elias Ash-mole, q.v., appointed him. His *Natural History of Staffordshire*, has a passage or two in it ridiculing Freemasonry. He gave much important information on the customs, organization, and ritual of the craft at that time and without his diatribe on the subject, we would know very little of Freemasonry at that early period.

Charles S. Plumb (1860–1939) University professor and author. b. April 21, 1860 in Westfield, Mass. Graduate of Mass. Agricultural Coll. He was an instructor in agriculture at the State Agricultural Experiment Station of N.Y., professor of agriculture at U. of Tennessee, and at Purdue U. From 1902–31 he was professor of animal husbandry at Ohio State U. He founded, published and edited until 1891, the *Agricultural Science* monthly magazine. He wrote many books on agriculture as well as the *History of American Union Lodge No. 1, F. & A.M. of Ohio* in 1934. Raised in Tippecanoe Lodge No. 492, La-Fayette, Ind., May 13, 1900. In 1902 he dimitted to Columbus Lodge No. 30, Columbus, Ohio. In 1915 he dimitted to University Lodge No. 631, Columbus, and was master the following year. Was a life member of Temple Chapter No. 155, R.A.M., and member of York Council No. 115, R. & S.M. Became a charter member, and made a Knight Templar, in Columbus Commandery No. 69, Jan. 31, 1920. Grand historian of Grand Lodge of Ohio from 1925. 33° AASR (NJ) in 1931. Member Aladdin Shrine Temple. d. March 4, 1939.

Preston B. Plumb (1837–1891) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1877–91. b. Oct. 12, 1837 in Delaware Co., Ohio. Learned the printing trade, and afterward purchased and edited the Xenia News. Moved to Lawrence, Kans. in 1856, and was one of the five who organized and laid out the town of Emporia where he established the Kansas News in 1857. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1861. Served several terms in the state lower house. In the Civil War he entered the Union Army in 1862, and rose to a lieutenant colonel. Received degrees in Emporia (Kans.) Lodge No. 12 on April 14, June 23, Oct. 9, 1859. Member of Emporia Commandery No. 8, K.T. d. Dec. 20, 1891.

Charles A. Plumley U.S. Congressman to 73rd through 81st Congresses (1934–51) from Vermont. b. April 14, 1875 at Northfield, Vt. Graduate of Norwich U. in 1896. Admitted to the bar in 1903, and began practice at Northfield, Vt. Was long-time president of the Northfield National Bank, and president of Norwich U. at Northfield from 1920–34. Was a member of the Vermont lower house, and speaker of same, from 1912–15. Member of DeWitt Clinton Lodge No. 15, Northfield, Vt. since 1896; King Solomon Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. at Montpelier, Vt.; Mount Zion Commandery No. 9, K.T. at Montpelier; 32° AASR (NJ) at Burlington, Vt.; Mount Sinai Shrine Temple at Montpelier; Tall Cedars at Washington, DC.

William A. Plummer (1865–1925) Justice, Supreme Court of New Hampshire from 1913. b. Dec. 2, 1865 in Gilmanton, N.H. Graduate of Boston U. in 1889. Practiced law at Laconia, N.H. from 1889. Was member of state lower house two terms, and

judge of the superior court of N.H. from 1907–13. Member of Mount Lebanon Lodge No. 32, Laconia, N.H., receiving degrees on July 1, Nov. 4, Dec. 8, 1891. Became member of Union Chapter, R.A.M. Dec. 29, 1892; Pythagorean Council, R. & S.M., June 14, 1900 and Pilgrim Commandery, K.T. June 1, 1894. Honorary member of Supreme Council AASR (NJ), 33° on Sept. 19, 1911. Was grand master of Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1906–07. d. Nov. 29, 1925.

Charles P. Plunkett (1864–1931) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 15, 1864 in Washington, D.C. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1884, and advanced through grades to permanent rank of rear admiral in 1919. Retired in 1928. Was with Naval Intelligence in 1904–05; executive officer of Texas, Georgia and North Dakota between 1905–1910. Commanded the Missouri, Culgoa, Wabash, South. Dakota and North Dakota between 1911–15. In WWI he commanded the 14-inch naval railway batteries operating with the French and American armies. After the war he commanded the U.S. destroyer force, and was chief of staff of Naval War Coll. His last assignment was the command of the 3rd Naval District and Navy Yard at N.Y., 1922–28. Became member of Anglo Saxon Lodge No. 137, N.Y.C. in 1924, and presented with life membership, Feb. 29, 1928. d. March 24, 1931.

Edward M. Plunkett (1886–1948) Vice President of S. S. Kresge Co. b. in Vernon, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1909 and 1910. He was a real estate representative of S. S. Kresge Co. from 1913, became vice president of same in 1942, and director in 1945. Received degrees in Palestine

Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich., Feb. 15, March 17, April 14, 1916. Knight Templar. d. March 13, 1948.

William R. Poage U.S. Congressman 75th through 86th Congresses (1937–60) from 11th Texas dist. b. Dec. 28, 1899 in Waco, Texas. Graduate of Baylor U. in 1921, and 1924. Was instructor in geology at Baylor U., 1922–24; instructor in law, 1924–28. Admitted to Texas bar in 1924, and since practiced at Waco. Was member of lower house, 1924–28, and state senate, 1930–36. Has been American delegate to Inter-Parliamentary Union at Cairo, Rome, Stockholm, Dublin, Istanbul, Bern, Washington, Vienna, Helsinki, and Bangkok. Member of Baylor Lodge No. 1235, Waco, Texas, receiving the degrees shortly after he was 21. 14° AASR (SJ) at Waco.

Richard H. Poff U.S. Congressman to 83rd through 86th Congresses from 6th Va. dist. b. Oct. 19, 1923 in Radford, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1948. Practiced law at Radford, Va. from 1949. In 1954 he was named as Virginia's Outstanding Young Man of the Year by the Junior Chamber of Commerce. Member of McDaniel Lodge No. 86, Christiansburg, Va. since 1948. Member of Taylor Chapter No. 70, R.A.M. at Christiansburg; 32° AASR at Roanoke, Va., and Kazim Shrine Temple of Roanoke.

George Poindexter (1779–1853) U.S. Senator, Congressman, and Governor of Mississippi. b. in Louisa Co., Va. Orphaned in early life, he became a lawyer at Milton, Va., and, in 1802, moved to Mississippi Territory where he attained note as a lawyer and politician. Was attorney general of the territory

in 1803, and, in this capacity, conducted the prosecution of Aaron Burr. He killed Abijah Hunt, a merchant, in a duel, following a political argument. He was a member of the territorial legislature in 1805, and in 1807 elected to U.S. congress, serving until 1813. In congress he won a reputation as an orator. In 1813 he was appointed U.S. judge for Mississippi, over much protest. Was with Jackson at the Battle of New Orleans, and his enemies accused him of gross cowardice in later years. In spite of this, he was elected governor of Mississippi, 1819–21. He was appointed senator in 1830 to fill an unexpired term and served until 1835. He moved to Louisville, Ky. in 1835, but soon returned to his law practice in Miss. Member of Asylum Lodge No. 6, Woodville, Miss. according to the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi in 1822. d. Sept. 5, 1853.

Joseph B. Poindexter (1869–1951) Governor of Hawaii, 1931–42. b. April 14, 1869 in Canyon City, Oreg. Graduate of Washington U., St. Louis, Mo. in 1892. Entered law practice at Dillon, Mont. in 1892. He was county attorney, district judge, attorney general of Montana until 1917, when appointed U.S. district judge of Hawaii by President Wilson. Roosevelt named him governor of Hawaii in 1931. Received degrees in Dillon Lodge No. 16, Dillon, Mont., Sept. 23, 1915, March 3, 1916 and March 11, 1917. 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Dec. 3, 1951.

Joel R. Poinsett (1779–1851) U.S. Secretary of War, and Minister to Mexico. Our traditional Christmas flower, the Poinsettia, is named in his honor. b. March 2, 1779 in Charleston, S. Car. His wealthy parents gave him an excellent

education in private schools in the U.S., and, in medicine, at Edinburgh U., Scotland. He traveled widely in Europe and the Czar of Russia offered him a commission in the Russian Army. President Madison sent him to South America to inquire into the conditions and the prospects of their success in the struggle with Spain for independence. While in Chile the Spanish captured several American vessels, and Poinsett put himself at the head of a force given him by the Chilean government and retook the ships. Back in South Carolina, he served in the state legislature and was elected to U.S. congress in 1821–25. Here he advocated the cause of the South American republics and that of Greek independence. In 1822 he was sent on a special mission to Mexico during the reign of Iturbide, q.v. He returned to Mexico as U.S. Minister under President Adams in 1825, and served until 1829. During this time he negotiated a treaty of commerce. The Catholic church complained that he was interfering, but he justified his course in a pamphlet after his return. At the request of the Freemasons of Mexico, he sent for charters for five of their lodges, which subsequently established the Grand Lodge of Mexico. They were granted by the Grand Lodge of New York. He also introduced Royal Arch Masonry to Mexico. At his installation as deputy general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, April 3, 1830, he defended his actions in helping the Mexican brethren saying: “I have been most unjustly accused of extending our order and our principles into a neighboring country, with a view of converting them into an engine of political influence. In the presence of this respectable assembly of my brethren, and on the symbols of our order, which are spread around me, and the sacred

book which is open before me, I solemnly aver, that this accusation is false and unfounded—and that if Masonry has anywhere been converted to any other than the pure and philanthropic purposes for which it was instituted, I have in no way contributed to such a perversion of its principles. And with the same solemnity I here declare, that if such evil councils were to prevail in this country, and Masonry be perverted to political use, which God forbid, I would sever the ties, dear as they are to me, which now unite me to my brothers.” He is recorded as being a past master of both Recovery Lodge No. 31, Greenville, S. Car., and of Solomons Lodge No. 1, Charleston, S. Car. In 1821 he was elected deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina. He was unable to serve as grand master due to his appointment as Secretary of War (1837–41) under Van Buren. In 1821 he was elected grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of South Carolina, holding office until 1341. He was elected deputy general grand high priest in 1829, 1832, and 1835. Upon the revival of Greenville Lodge No. 5, Greenville, S. Car. in 1849, he became its master despite his age. On his return from Mexico, he brought back a beautiful flowering shrub which had struck his fancy, developed, and improved it on his S. Car. plantation. He unwittingly immortalized his name in the plant world. Previously it had been called “painted leaf” and “Mexican fire plant.” Now, it is officially *Poinsettia pulcherrima*. d. Dec. 12, 1851.

Countess of Polignac French Countess, who was an early member of French Adoptive Freemasonry, a female organization which received quasi-Masonic recognition from the

Grand Orient of France. Other famous names, who were her contemporaries in this organization, were the Duchess of Chartres; Duchess of Bourbon; Princess Lambelle, Countess of Choiseul-Gouffier and Marchioness of Contebonne, qq.v.

Daniel A. Poling President of World Christian Endeavor Union; Editor of Christian Herald and Christian Endeavor World; lecturer, and author. b. Nov. 30, 1884 in Portland, Oreg. Graduate of Dallas (Oreg.) Coll. in 1904, and 1906, and many honorary doctorates. Was Prohibition candidate for governor of Ohio in 1912. Pastor of Marble Collegiate-Dutch Reformed Church, N.Y.C., 1922-30; Baptist Temple, Philadelphia, 1936-48. President of Greater N.Y. Federation of Churches, 1926-27, and of General Synod Reformed Church in America, 1929-30. A director of the J. C. Penney Foundation, the Presbyterian Ministers Life Insurance Fund, and trustee of Bucknell U. He is a major in the chaplain officer's reserve, U.S. Army. Since 1948 he has been chaplain of the Chapel of Four Chaplains, an inter-faith shrine, Philadelphia, which is a memorial to the four young clergymen of three faiths who gave up their lives in the sinking of the U.S.S. Dorchester in WWII. Dr. Poling's son, the Rev. Clark V. Poling, was one of those four heroic chaplains. He has flown nearly two million miles on religious missions, and in WWII visited every major theater, and was on every active front. When he joined the Lodge of the United Services No. 1118, N.Y.C. Dr. Poling said: "I arrived at the decision that Masonry is a vital and dynamic force in America, and in the world, for everything high and worthy to which my life has been long committed. And there is something more. Masonry occupies, in my opinion, a unique

position of opportunity and obligation in the human order today. Particularly in our great American cities. Masonry, casting aside bigotry and intolerance, is the powerful friend of all the American freedoms. As I had not known and could not know until I became a Mason, but as I long sensed, this brotherhood is freedom's friend. Reaching my conclusions, I could not escape the conviction that I owed something here; that, if I would be accepted, then surely I belonged! That my little weight should be, must be, committed to the unrelenting struggle of Freemasons against every form of man's enslavement, against every foe, however insidious, both within and without, every foe of our American freedom. Now I know that Masonry points the feet of men and directs their wills toward those highest objectives of moral, social, political—aye, and spiritual—achievement; those objectives that at last beyond time and space, center in the ultimate glory and wonder of man's immortal soul." Dr. Poling is a member of Crescent Shrine Temple, Trenton, N.J. and past imperial chaplain of the Shrine. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1959.

James K. Polk (1795–1849) Eleventh President of the United States, 1845–49; Governor of Tennessee, 1839–41. b. Nov. 2, 1795 in Mecklenburg Co., N. Car. In 1806 his family moved to N. Car., where his father became a large landowner, farmer, and surveyor. Young Polk often accompanied his father on surveying expeditions, and worked on the farm. Graduated from U. of North Carolina in 1818. In 1819 he entered the law office of Felix Grundy, q.v., and attracted the attention of Andrew Jackson, q.v. An orator of note, he was named "Napoleon of the Stump." Served two years in

the state legislature. Was U.S. congressman from 1825–39, withdrawing to become a candidate for governor. He was speaker of the house from 1835–39. His term as president saw Texas admitted to the Union; the War with Mexico; threatened war with England over the Oregon question; creation of the territorial governments of Oregon, New Mexico, and California, and the troubles of the rising question of slavery. On June 5, 1820, he petitioned, was elected, and initiated in Columbia Lodge No. 31, Columbia, Tenn. Was passed Aug. 7, and raised Sept. 4, 1820. He was elected junior deacon in Oct., 1820 junior warden, Dec. 3, 1821, and was active until his public duties called him to other fields. He received the Mark Master degree in Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Nashville, Jan. 17, 1821, and at a stated meeting on the same date, his petition for Past, Most Excellent, and Royal Arch degrees was read and ordered to lie over for one month. At the next stated meeting on Feb. 1, he was permitted to withdraw his petition, obviously for the purpose of placing it with LaFayette Chapter No. 4, which had just been chartered in his home town of Columbia. He received these degrees, April 5, 22, and 24, 1825 in LaFayette Chapter, and was recorded as captain of the host, pro-tern, on Sept. 8, 1825. On June 24, 1840 (St. John's Day) he attended the Masonic procession to the Methodist church at Nashville, Tenn. with Cumberland Lodge 18, and Hiram Lodge 7. On May 1, 1847 he attended the Masonic cornerstone laying of the Smithsonian Institution, together with Vice President George M. Dallas, q.v. In his diary of this day, Polk wrote, "About 12 o'clock a large procession, consisting of the military, Masons, the order of Odd Fellows, and citizens appeared at my door. . . . Delegations

of the Masonic Lodges of Pennsylvania and Maryland were present, as also a large number of the Masonic Fraternity, and the Odd Fellows of the District of Columbia." On July 5, 1847 he was in Portsmouth, N.H. where his reception included a Masonic procession under the direction of the grand master. He died June 15, 1849. His remains were removed from their temporary resting place in the Nashville cemetery, May 22, 1850, and reinterred on the capitol grounds with Masonic ceremonies. When the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of the U.S. met in Nashville, Term. in 1874, his widow invited the members to her home for a reception.

William Polk (1758–1834) Colonel in the American Revolution. b. July 9, 1758 in Mecklenburg Co., N. Car. He attended Queen's College at Charlotte, N. Car. until the beginning of the Revolution, and in April, 1775, was appointed a lieutenant in the 3rd S. Car. regiment. He made several expeditions, and captured the noted Tory, Thomas Fletcher, on one of them. He joined Washington as a major with the 9th N. Car. regiment in 1776, and was in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown. On the staff of General Caswell, he was present at the Battle of Camden; promoted to lieutenant colonel of the 4th S. Car. Cavalry, he was attached to the command of General Sumter and saw much active service, notably at the Battle of Eutaw Springs, remaining on duty in that section until the end of the war. He was twice wounded. He was appointed brigadier general in the regular army, in 1812, by President Madison, but declined the commission. In 1824 he was one of the three commissioners of N. Car. appointed to receive Lafayette. In 1783 he was appointed surveyor general

by the legislature, took up residence at French Lick Fort (now Nashville, Tenn.), and remained there until 1786. From 1811–19 he was director, and, later president, of the State Bank of N. Car. but resigned to devote more time to his 100,000 acres of land in Tenn. When president of the bank, he made Jacob Johnson, the father of Andrew Johnson, q.v., its first porter; to Samuel Polk, father of James K. Polk, he gave the agency for renting and selling portions of his land; to Andrew Jackson he furnished the necessary information from his surveys to enable him to secure valuable lands in Tenn. Thus three presidents were indebted to his efforts. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 40, Raleigh, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina from 1799–1801. d. at Raleigh, Jan. 4, 1834.

Arthur G. Pollard (1843–1930) General Grand High Priest, General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, 1903–06. b. Jan. 5, 1843 in Plaistow, N.H. In 1861 he entered the employ of A. G. Pollard Co. of Lowell, Mass., one of the largest department stores in that part of the country. In 1864 he was admitted as a partner, and, in 1885, purchased the entire business, and was president of same. He was also president of the Union National Bank, Stoney Brook Railroad, and Lowell Hosiery Co. Raised Sept. 14, 1864 in Ancient York Lodge, Lowell, Mass., and master in 1877. Was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1897. Exalted in Mt. Horeb Chapter, Lowell, Jan. 15, 1866, he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Massachusetts in 1888–90. Greeted in Ahasuerus Council, R. & S.M. of Lowell, March 25, 1872, and knighted in Pilgrim Commandery No. 9, Lowell, Mass., March

4, 1866, serving as commander and trustee of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Massachusetts. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in 1877 and crowned 33° honorary, Sept. 17, 1895. In 1912 he was elected an active member of the Supreme Council, N.J. d. June 5, 1930.

John G. Pollard (1871–1937) Governor of Virginia, 1930–34. b. Aug. 4, 1871 in King and Queen Co., Va. Graduate of Columbian (now George Washington) U. in 1893. Practiced law in Richmond, Va. for 25 years. Was attorney general of the state, and member of state board of education, 1913–17. In 1920–21 he was a member of the Federal Trade Commission. Initiated Oct. 21, 1911 in Lewis Ginter Lodge No. 317, Richmond, Va. d. April 28, 1937.

William J. Pollard (1860–1913) Lawyer, and St. Louis Police Judge who originated the “Pollard Plan” for reforming drunkards. b. May 1, 1860 in Kingston, Mo. He was judge of the 2nd district police court of St. Louis from 1903. His “pledge plan” consisted of releasing accused drunkards on their signing of a total abstinence pledge for one year. It has been widely copied in the U.S. and abroad. It was enacted into the statutes of Great Britain by Parliament. He visited Great Britain in 1906, where he addressed meetings and explained the “Pollard Plan.” The state of Vermont, and Victoria, Australia adopted the plan. President Taft appointed him to represent the U.S. at the International Congress on Alcoholism at London in 1909, and again at The Hague, in 1911. At the latter conference, 550 delegates and members signed a declaration praising Great Britain, Vermont and Victoria for recognizing and adopting

the plan. Mason. Member of Itaska Lodge No. 420, St. Louis, receiving degrees Jan. 4, 6, 20, 1890. d. Dec. 12, 1913.

James Ponder (1819–1897) Governor of Delaware, 1871–75. He conducted a mercantile business at Milton, Del. Was a state representative in 1856, state senator in 1864, and speaker of the senate in 1867. He was charter master of Endeavor Lodge No. 17 of Milton, Del., chartered June 27, 1848, and past deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware. d. Nov. 5, 1897.

Prince Jozef Antoni Poniatowski (1763–1813) Polish nobleman of Italian descent, and commander-in-chief of the Polish Army under Napoleon. b. in Warsaw. He fought against Russia and aided Kosciusko, q.v., in 1792–94. In 1800 he joined the French Army and became a marshal of France. He was active against the Russians; was wounded at Smolensk in 1812, and showed great valor at Leipzig. He was drowned in the Elster river during the retreat of the French troops from Leipzig on Oct. 19, 1813. He was a member of the United Brethren Lodge of Poland, and a lodge of sorrow was held in his honor. A large amount of money was collected on this occasion for soldiers in Polish hospitals, to be distributed without regard to rank or nationality.

Count Ian Ponisky He founded a Scottish lodge in Warsaw, Poland in 1779 under a dubious warrant. It was called “Catherine under the Northern Star” in homage to “the enlightened Sovereign, Protectress of Freemasonry in Her Realm”—i.e. Catherine II of Russia, q.v. It was recognized in

Feb. 1780 by the Grand Lodge of England. Two sons of the all-powerful Russian ambassador at the Polish court, Count Stackelberg, joined this lodge.

Herbert Poole (1885–1951) Scholar and Masonic author. b. in Godalming, England. He was ordained a priest in the Church of England in 1913, and became schoolmaster at King's School, Canterbury, and later at Christ's Hospital. Was an Infantry officer in WWI. Was initiated in the United Industrious Lodge No. 31; exalted in 1910 in Bertha Chapter No. 31. In 1936 he was appointed past assistant grand chaplain of the United Grand Lodge of England, and past grand standard bearer of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of England. In 1923 he became a full member of the Quatour Coronati Lodge, served as master in 1928, and was its secretary from 1948–51. He founded Winder Lodge No. 3984, and was its master in 1923. Among his published works are *The Old Charges*, dealing with Masonic ritual and secrets before 1717. His greatest work was editing the third edition of Gould's *History of Freemasonry*, completed just before his death. d. Feb. 14, 1951.

Charles A. Pooley (1854–1932) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1911–24, and referee of the Supreme Court after 1925. b. Nov. 17, 1854 in Buffalo, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in 1879, and practiced at Buffalo, principally corporation and railway law. Raised in DeMolay Lodge No. 498, Buffalo, N.Y. on March 9, 1880. District deputy grand master of Grand Lodge of New York in 1893; on committee on constitution of same in 1916–17. d. Nov. 18, 1932.

Ben Perley Poore (1820–1887) Journalist. b. Nov. 2, 1820 near Newburyport, Mass. in the ancestral homestead “Indian Hill Farm.” After an apprenticeship at Worcester, Mass., he edited the *Southern Whig* at Atlanta, Ga. at the age of 18. In 1841 he visited Europe as an attache of the American legation at Brussels, remaining abroad until 1848. After editing the *Boston Bee* and *Sunday Sentinel*, he entered on his life work as a Washington correspondent for the *Boston Journal*, signing his articles “Perley.” He gained a national reputation for his reporting from the nation’s capitol. He wrote many books including *Campaign Life of General Zachary Taylor*, which sold 800,000 copies; *Rise and Fall of Louis Philippe*; *The Conspiracy Trial for the Murder of Abraham Lincoln*; *Federal and State Charters* and others. He began to edit the *Congressional Directory* in 1867, and made compilations of various government publications. He was a member of St. Johns Lodge, Boston as early as 1847, and made a Knight Templar Dec. 21, 1866 in Newburyport Commandery, Newburyport, Mass. He received the Scottish Rite degrees 4°–32° in France, and was made a 33°, honorary by the Supreme Council (SJ), March 31, 1860. d. May 30, 1887.

Alexander Pope (1688–1744) Early English literary giant. b. May 21, 1688 in London, the son of a Roman Catholic linen draper. An illness, at the age of 12, left him deformed and he further undermined his health by overstudy. He was a contemporary and collaborator of Addison and Swift. His first writing appeared in Tonson’s *Miscellany* in 1709. He was a satirist, and at times rose to the heights of savage vindictiveness. With his friend Jonathan Swift, he published

Miscellanies from 1727–32. Gained fame by his translations of the Iliad and the Odyssey. His *Essay on Man*, published in 1733, was a monumental work done under the influence of his friend Lord Bolingbroke. It attempted a systematic survey of human nature, and lines and couplets from it have become household quotations. He was both a Roman Catholic and Freemason, being a member of Lodge No. 16 meeting at the “Goat at the Foot of the Haymarket” tavern in London. Jonathan Swift was also a member of this lodge. It was constituted in 1729 and erased in 1745. d. May 30, 1744.

James P. Pope U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1933–39. b. March 31, 1884 near Jonesboro, La. Graduate of Louisiana Poly. Inst. in 1906, and U. of Chicago in 1909. Admitted to the bar in that year, and began practice in Boise, Idaho. He was mayor and city attorney of Boise. In 1939 President Roosevelt appointed him a director of the Tennessee Valley Authority. Member of Boise Lodge No. 2, Boise, Idaho, receiving degrees Nov. 9, 23, 30, 1915. 32° AASR (SJ).

John Pope (1770–1845) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1807–13; U.S. Congressman from Kentucky, 25th through 27th Congresses (1837–43); Third Territorial Governor of Arkansas, 1829–35. b. in Prince William Co., Va. Studied law, and moved to Springfield, Ky., practicing in Washington, Shelby, and Fayette counties. He was a member of the state senate from 1825–29, and in 1813 was president pro-tern of the U.S. senate. A brother-in-law of the notorious anti-Mason, John Quincy Adams, q.v., he nevertheless supported Andrew Jackson, who appointed him territorial governor. In 1830

he challenged and fought a duel with Dr. John H. Cocke at the junction of the Mississippi and White rivers. Three shots were fired and a settlement arranged. The grand lodge proceedings of 1801 report him a member of Solomon's Lodge No. 5, Shelbyville, Ky., and, May 13, 1813, he was admitted a member of Daviess Lodge No. 22, Lexington, Ky. He served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky at one time. d. July 12, 1845.

A. W. Noel Porter Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Dec. 18, 1885 in Belary, India. Graduate of U. of Southern California in 1908, and 1915, and Iowa College in 1916. He came to the U.S. in 1902, and became a naturalized citizen in 1917. Ordained deacon and priest in 1911, he served churches in Los Angeles and San Jose, Calif. until 1925, when he became archdeacon of Calif.; bishop coadjutor of Sacramento in May, 1933, and bishop in Nov., of that year. Now retired. Member of San Jose Lodge No. 10, San Jose, Calif. Suspended NPD, July 7, 1930.

George B. Porter Third Territorial Governor of Michigan, 1831–34. Initiated in Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa., May 10, 1815, and master of same from 1819–21.

James D. Porter (1828–1912) Governor of Tennessee, 1874–78. b. Dec. 7, 1828 in Paris, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Nashville in 1846 and 1849. Began law practice in 1850. Served in the Confederate Army in the Civil War, on the staff of Major General Cheatham. Was in state legislature, 1859–61, and circuit judge, 1870–74. From 1879–93 he was president of

the Nashville & Chattanooga Railroad. From 1893–97 he was U.S. minister to Chile, and chancellor of the U. of Nashville from 1901. Member of Paris Lodge No. 108, Paris, Tenn. d. May 18, 1912.

James M. Porter Secretary of War under President Tyler. Member of Easton Lodge No. 152, Easton, Pa.

Pleasant Porter (1840–1907) Creek Indian Chief, and General of that Nation. He was a member of Muskogee Lodge No. 1 at Eufaula, Okla. in 1878; became a member of Muskogee Lodge No. 28, Muskogee, Okla. at its organization in 1888. In 1886 Albert Pike conferred the 32° AASR (SJ) on four Indian chiefs, including Porter. The others were Peter Pitchlyn, Choctaw; Elias C. Boudinot, Cherokee; and Holmes Colbert, Sr., Chickasaw.

William D. Porter (1809–1864) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. March 10, 1809, the son of David Porter, the naval officer who commanded the Essex in the War of 1812. He was appointed a midshipman in the Navy from Mass. in 1823. He served on the Franklin, Brandywine, Natchez, Experiment, United States, and Mississippi. He was placed on the reserve list in 1855, but restored to active duty as commander in Sept., 1859. At the start of the Civil War he was on the sloop, St. Mary's in the Pacific. He then commanded the Essex, which he named for his father's ship. He fought with this ship at Fort Henry, Fort Donelson, and ran it through the batteries on the Miss. to join the fleet at Vicksburg. He was made commodore on July 16, 1862. He bombarded Natchez, Vicksburg, and Port

Hudson. Two of his sons were in the Confederate service. He was a member of St. John Lodge No. 11, Washington, D.C., being raised May 11, 1846. d. May 1, 1864.

Garvasio Antonio de Posadas (1757–1833) “Supreme Administrator” of Argentina in 1814, resigning the following year. He was a member of the Lautaro Lodge.

Thomas Posey (1750–1818) Officer of the Indian War, Revolutionary War, and War of 1812; U.S. Senator from Louisiana; Territorial Governor of Indiana. b. July 9, 1750 in Virginia. Was quartermaster of a division under Lord Dumore, and took part in the battle with the Indians at Point Pleasant in 1774. In 1775 he was a member of the committee on correspondence, and commissioned a captain in the 7th Va. regiment. In 1777 his company was with Daniel Morgan’s, q.v., corps. Was in the battles of Bemis Heights and Stillwater, and led an expedition against the Indians in Wyoming valley in Oct. 1778. At the assault on Stony Point, he was the first to enter the fortress. He was present at the surrender at Yorktown. As a lieutenant colonel, he served under Wayne in Georgia. At the war’s end he settled in Spottsylvania Co., Va., and was a colonel of militia and brigadier general in 1793 when he served with Wayne in the Indian campaigns in the northwest. He settled in Kentucky where he was a member of the state senate, and ex-officio lieutenant governor in 1805–06. When war was threatening in 1809, he was commissioned major general and given charge of organizing the Ky. forces. Soon afterward he moved to Louisiana, and, during the War of 1812, raised a company of infantry in Baton

Rouge and was for a time its captain. He was U.S. senator from Louisiana, 1812–13, and in 1813 was named governor of Indiana Territory, continuing as such until its admission into the union. He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va., his name appearing in the proceedings from 1800 through 1804, but disappearing after that. d. March 19, 1818.

Count Knut Carlsson Posse (1719–1771) A Lieutenant Colonel in Swedish Army. He was initiated in 1746 in a German lodge at Metz and raised the following year. He founded the lodge, St. Jean Auxiliaire in 1752 at Stockholm, Sweden under a charter issued him by Count Clermont Tonnere, the grand master of the Grand Lodge of France. This is the present lodge, Den Nordiska Forsta.

J. Parke Postles (1840–1908) Awarded Congressional Medal of Honor in Civil War for gallantry at the Battle of Gettysburg. Entered Union army in 1861 as a private in Co. A., 1st Del. Regt. Vols. He was promoted to captain for gallantry at the Battle of Antietam, and in Feb. 1863 appointed to the staff of Gen. William Hughes, participating in the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. He was appointed adjutant general of Delaware in 1879, and served until 1887. Raised in Eureka Lodge No. 23, Del., Dec. 9, 1878, and served as master in 1891. d. May 27, 1908.

Hubert M. Poteat (1886–1958) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1950–51. b. Dec. 12, 1886 in Wake Forest, N. Car. Graduate of Wake Forest Coll. in 1906, and 1908, with Ph.D.

from Columbia in 1912. He was professor of Latin at Wake Forest Coll. from 1912. An accomplished organist, he ranked among the top ten pipe organists in America and was organist at the Baptist church for 40 years. In 1907 he won the Southern intercollegiate singles championship in tennis. Raised in Wake Forest Lodge No. 282, Feb. 18, 1908, he was master, 1913–15, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1923–24. He received the 33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 21, 1927. A Royal Arch Mason, and Knight Templar, he was past sovereign of St. Titus Conclave No. 72, Red Cross of Constantine; member of Allied Masonic Degrees; past potentate of Sudan Shrine Temple and member of the board of directors, Masonic Service Association for many years. d. Jan. 29, 1958.

Count Ignatius Potocki (1750–1809) Polish political leader who was one of the drafters of the constitution of May 3, 1791, and supported Kosciusko, q.v., in his rebellion. He was one of the three members of the Potocki family to become grand master of Polish Freemasonry. He served from Dec. 27, 1781 to 1783, when he left Poland as deputy for the Duchy of Warsaw in Vienna. Ignatius united the Polish lodges and obtained their recognition from several foreign jurisdictions. His work gave a definite and well-ordered organization to Polish Freemasonry for the first time.

Count Stanislaus Felix Potocki (1745–1789) One of the three members of the Potocki family who became grand master of Poland. He was grand master for a short time in 1789.

Count Stanislaw Kosta Potocki (1757–1821) Polish political leader and one of the three members of the Potocki family who became grand master of Polish Freemasonry. He was an artillery general, and a brother of Ignacy, q.v., and collaborated with him and others in drafting the constitution of May 3, 1791. He became head of the educational system in the Duchy of Warsaw in 1807, and in 1815 became minister of public instruction of the Polish cabinet. A member of United Friends Lodge at Petersburg, he became grand master of Polish Freemasonry on March 1, 1812, and retained his position until the dissolution of Freemasonry in that country.

Henry C. Potter (1834–1908) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. May 25, 1834 in Schenectady, N.Y. His father was bishop of Pennsylvania. Graduate of Union Coll., Trinity Coll. (Ont.), and U. of the South. Ordained priest in 1858, and served churches in Greensburg, Pa., Troy, N.Y., Boston, Mass., and N.Y.C.; from 1883–87 he was coadjutor bishop to his uncle, Horatio Potter, bishop of N.Y., becoming bishop of N.Y. himself in 1887. He served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York, and was a member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., N.Y.C. In speaking of Freemasonry in 1901 he said: "Freemasonry is the most remarkable, and altogether unique, institution on earth. Will you tell me of any other that girdles the world with its fellowship and gathers all races and most ancient religions, as well as our own, into its brotherhood? Will you tell me of any other that is as old or older; more brilliant in its history; more honored in its constituency; more picturesque in its traditions? Today it lies in the hand of the modern man, largely an unused tool, capable of great

achievements for God, for country, for mankind, but doing very little. For one, I believe that circumstances may easily arise, when the highest and most sacred of all freedoms being threatened in this land, Freemasonry may be its most powerful defender, uniting all minds and commanding our best citizenship. d. 1908.

Eugene Pottier (1816–1887) French song writer and politician. Among his songs is the International, published in 1871, with music by Adolphe Degeyter, which was adopted as the rallying song of Communism. He was a member of the Paris Commune of 1871. In 1887 his poems were collected under the title *Chants Revolutionnaires*. The Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Jonathan Potts (1745–1781) A leading Revolutionary War surgeon. b. April 1, 1745 in Popodicken, Pa. He was a son of John Potts, founder of Pottstown, Pa. After classical education he went to Edinburgh, Scotland with Dr. Benjamin Rush for medical study, and on his return was awarded one of the first medical degrees given in this country by the Coll. of Philadelphia. He was a member of the American Philosophical Society from 1768 until his death. He began his medical practice at Reading, Pa. In 1776 he was appointed surgeon for Canada and Lake George, and returned with General Gates, q.v., to Pa. In 1776 General Putnam, q.v., issued a general order that all officers in charge of any sick soldiers should “make return to Dr. Jonathan Potts, at Mr. John Biddle’s in Market St.” He was in service at the Battle

of Princeton, and in April, 1777 was medical director-general of the Northern department with headquarters at Albany. It was here in 1777 that he was admitted to Masters' Lodge at Albany. In Nov. 1777 he returned to Reading on furlough and was then appointed director-general of the hospitals of the middle department. He was the first master of Lodge No. 24 at Reading, Pa. d. Oct., 1781.

Norris Poulson U.S. Congressman to 78th through 83rd Congresses from 12th and 24th Calif. dists. b. July 23, 1895 in Baker Co., Oreg. He was a farmer from 1916-23, and a licensed certified public accountant from 1933. From 1938-42 he was a member of the state legislature. He resigned from congress in 1953 to become mayor of Los Angeles. Member of Baker (Oreg.) Lodge No. 47. 32° AASR (SJ).

Cuthbert W. Pound (1864-1935) Justice, Supreme Court of New York and Chief Judge, New York Court of Appeals. b. June 20, 1864 in Lockport, N.Y. Educated at Cornell U. He served one term in the state senate, and was a member of the state civil service commission five years, being president of same from 1902-05. Appointed justice of supreme court in 1906, he served until 1915, when designated associate judge of the court of appeals, and was chief judge of same from 1932-34. Raised in Red Jacket Lodge No. 646, Lockport, N.Y. on May 27, 1891. d. Feb. 3, 1935.

Roscoe Pound Former dean of Harvard Law School, internationally known for the vastness of his learning, and probably the greatest authority on Masonic jurisprudence. b. Oct. 27,

1870 in Lincoln, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1888, 1889, and Ph.D. in 1897. Admitted to the bar in 1890, he practiced at Lincoln, Nebr. –from 1890–1901, and 1903–07. He taught in the law department of the U. of Nebraska from 1899–1903, and was dean of same, 1903–07. He was professor of law at Northwestern U., 1907–09, and U. of Chicago, 1909–10. He was professor of law at Harvard U. from 1910–47 and dean of same from 1916–36. He retired in 1947. Since 1950 he has been president of the International Academy of Comparative Law, and an advisor to ministry of justice, Republic of China since 1946. He has served on legal commissions throughout the world and has been honored by many countries. Among his many writings are: Readings on Common Law; Readings on Roman Law; Lectures on the Philosophy of Freemasonry; The Spirit of Common Law; Law and Morals; Criminal Justice in America; Interpretations of Legal History; The Task of Law; New Paths of the Law; Masonic Jurisprudence; Masonic Landmarks; Masonic Addresses and. Writings, and many others. “Masonry” said Pound, “has more to offer the twentieth century than the twentieth century has to offer Masonry.” He was raised in Lancaster Lodge No. 54, Lincoln, Nebr. in 1901, and was master of same in 1905. In 1907 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska. He left the state in 1908, and affiliated with Woodlawn Park Lodge No. 841, and then with a lodge in Belmont, Mass. He is an honorary past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nebraska; recipient of the Gourgas Medal of the Scottish Rite (NJ) in 1940; deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1916; holder of the Henry Price Medal of Massachusetts and the distinguished service medal of Rhode Island.

Terence V. Powderly (1849–1924) Second national head of the Knights of Labor, succeeding Uriah S. Stevens, q.v. b. Jan. 22, 1849 in Carbondale, Pa. Worked as a switch-tender, car repairer and machinist until 1877, then studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He was mayor of Scranton, Pa. from 1878–84, being elected on the Labor ticket. He was general master workman of the Knights of Labor from 1879–93. This organization was the forerunner of our present labor organizations. From 1897–1902 he was U.S. commissioner general of immigration, and later was chief of division of information of bureau of immigration to distribute immigrants throughout the U.S. Author of *Thirty Years of Labor and History of Labor Day*. Mason. d. June 24, 1924.

A. Clayton Powell, Jr. U.S. Congressman to 79th through 86th Congresses from N.Y.; a Prince Hall Freemason. b. Nov. 29, 1908 in New Haven, Conn. Graduate of Colgate U. in 1930; Columbia U., 1932; Shaw U., 1935. Has been a minister of the Abyssinian Baptist Church since 1937. In 1941 he was the first Negro elected to the N.Y. city council. He is the founder of *People's Voice*, and editor-in-chief and co-publisher. Author of *Is This a White Man's War* and *Stage Door Canteen*.

Elmer N. Powell (1869–1946) A founder of the Kansas City School of Law, now part of the University of Kansas City. b. Sept. 19, 1869 in Farmington, Del. Graduate and valedictorian of U. of Kansas in 1895, and practiced at Kansas City, Mo. after that date. Was master in chancery, and referee in bankruptcy, of U.S. district court of Western Mo. Author of *The Whip of Justice* and *The Real Mission of the Bankruptcy*

Court. Member of Ivanhoe Lodge No. 446, Kansas City, Mo., receiving degrees on June 23 (1st and 2nd) and July 30, 1904. d. Aug. 25, 1946.

Hampton O. Powell President of The Lane Co., Inc., furniture manufacturers, since 1956. b. March 19, 1911 in Lynch Station, Va. Has been with The Lane Co. since 1927, beginning in the sales and advertising division, and successively staff credit and production departments, general administration, executive vice president and director from 1927–56. Member of Campbell Lodge No. 316 Altavista, Va.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Danville, Va. and Kazim Shrine Temple at Roanoke, Va.

Paul S. Powell President of Kentucky Wesleyan College, Winchester, Ky. since 1937. b. June 26, 1891 in Nashville, Tenn. Graduate of Henderson Coll. (Ark.) in 1908; Vanderbilt U. in 1910 and 1913. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1916, and was pastor at Drakesboro, Cloverpoat, Greenville, and Ashland, Ky.; Parkersburg, W. Va.; Fayette, Mo.; Morgan-field, Russellville, Hopkinsville, and Bowling Green, Ky. until 1937. Raised Jan. 17, 1914 in Cundiff Lodge No. 485, Drakesboro, Ky.; affiliated with Poage Lodge No. 325, Ashland, Ky. on Feb. 3, 1920; affiliated with Hopkinsville Lodge No. 37, Hopkinsville, Ky. on Sept. 15, 1930.

Richard D. “Dick” Powell Actor. b. Nov. 14, 1904 in Mt. View, Ark. He started as a singer with a concert orchestra in Louisville, Ky.; two years as master of ceremonies and orchestra conductor in Indianapolis, and three years at same in Pittsburgh. He signed a long term contract with Warner

Bros. in 1932, but purchased his release in 1939. He was then under contract to Paramount from 1940–43, and since that time has been free lance. He also appears on TV, and directed the legitimate stage production of the Caine Mutiny Court Martial in 1953. The following are but a few of his many motion pictures: Blessed Event; 42nd Street; Gold Diggers of 1933; Footlight Parade; Happiness Ahead; Flirtation Walk; Shipmates Forever; Thanks a Million; Colleen; Gold Diggers of 1937; Hollywood Hotel; Hard to Get; Naughty but Nice; etc. Member of Ascot Lodge No. 538, Los Angeles, Calif.

William F. Powell (1848–1920) U.S. Minister to Haiti from 1897–1905, and Prince Hall Freemason. b. June 26, 1848 in Troy, N.Y. Graduate of N.J. Collegiate Inst. in 1865. He opened the first state school for the children of freedom following the Civil War at Alexandria, Va. He was a government bookkeeper from 1881–82. He was principal of school in 4th district of N.J. (Camden), and introduced manual training into the public schools. From 1897–1905 he was a U.S. charge d'affaires to Santo Domingo. He served as grand secretary of the United Grand Lodge of New Jersey, now known as the Prince Hall Grand Lodge. d. Jan. 23, 1920.

Tyrone Power, Sr. (1869–1931) American actor. Name in full was Frederick Tyrone Power. b. in London, the grandson of William Grattan Tyrone Power, an Irish comedian. His son, Tyrone Edmond Power, 1914–58 became a famous movie actor. He was leading man successively of Mrs. Fiske, Mrs. Leslie Carter, Julia Marlowe. His chief success was in poetic drama, or in heroic roles. After 1927 he was in moving

pictures. His best role was the lead in *Servant in the House*, a New York stage production. He collapsed in a studio while making a movie, and died the next day—Dec. 30, 1931. His son died similarly, collapsing on the set in Spain in 1958. Member of Howard Lodge No. 35, New York City.

Llewellyn Powers (1836–1908) Governor of Maine, 1896–1900; U.S. Congressman from Maine, 1877–79, and 1901–08. b. Oct. 14, 1836 in Pittsfield, Maine. Law graduate of Union U. (Albany, N.Y.) in 1860. Began law practice in Houlton, Maine in 1861. Was prosecuting attorney, collector of customs, and member of state house of representatives. Member of Monument Lodge No. 96, Houlton, Maine. d. July 28, 1908.

Herbert, Earl of Powis British Freemason. His titles include Earl of Powis, Viscount Clive, Baron Clive in the peerage of England; Baron Clive in the peerage of Ireland. His family held the ancient hereditary rights in the historical town of Shrewsbury, and the family seat across the border of North Wales where the Powis Castle stands. He is a commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire; B.A. from Oxford; deputy lieutenant of the County of Salop; former colonel of Her Majesty's Regular Army, and officer of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. In 1955 he was installed as grand superintendent of Shropshire for the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of England. He was also junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England.

Baptiste Powles An Oneida Indian Chief who received the three degrees in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, June 5, 1840. He

is later recorded as a visitor to Apollo Lodge No. 13, Troy, N.Y. (Feb. 15, 1842).

Daniel D. Pratt (1813–1877) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1869–75. b. Oct. 26, 1813 in Palermo, Maine. Moved to N.Y.C. with parents, then to Fenner, and finally to Indiana in 1832. Graduate of Hamilton Coll., Clinton, N.Y. in 1831. In Indiana he taught school, and in 1834 settled in Indianapolis, where he studied law, and then practiced in Logansport. He was a member of the state house of representatives, and, in 1868, was elected to U.S. congress, but resigned before the congressional term, having been elected to the U.S. senate. In 1875 President Grant appointed him commissioner of internal revenue, and he served until 1876. Received the degrees in 1837 in Tipton Lodge No. 33, Logansport, Ind., and was master of same in 1844. d. June 17, 1877.

Harry H. Pratt (1864–1932) U.S. Congressman to 64th and 65th Congresses (1915–19) from 37th N.Y. dist. b. Nov. 11, 1864 in Corning, N.Y. He became associate editor of the Corning Daily Journal in 1882, and editor of same from 1906–19. He was postmaster of Corning from 1906–14. From 1923–28 he did public relations for the Erie Railroad, and published the Erie Railroad Magazine. Raised in Painted Post Lodge No. 117, Corning, N.Y. on April 18, 1905, dimitting on Aug. 29, 1924 to become a charter member of Corning Lodge No. 1038, same city. Was district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1912–14. d. Nov. 13, 1932.

Joseph M. Pratt (1891–1946) U.S. Congressman to 78th

Congress (1943–44) from 2nd Pa. dist. b. Sept. 4, 1891 in Paterson, N.J. Began as a stenographer and was successively salesman, sales manager, manufacturer and distributor. He was the owner of J. M. Pratt & Co. and Goehenauer Marine Co. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 186, Philadelphia, Pa. receiving degrees on Dec. 11, 1912, Jan. 8, April 16, 1913 and master of same in 1923. Past president of the Philadelphia Shrine Club. d. July 19, 1946.

Edward Preble (1761–1807) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Aug. 15, 1761 in Portland, Maine, the son of General Jedediah Preble, q.v. He ran away at the age of 17 and shipped on a privateer. On his return he was appointed midshipman in the Mass. state marine. He was on the Protector in the Revolutionary War when it captured the British privateer Admiral Duff. He was later captured on the Protector and imprisoned on the ship Jersey in N.Y. After his release he was on the Winthrop and took a British armed brig. After the peace of 1783 he sailed around the world in the merchant marine. Upon the organization of the U.S. Navy, he was one of the first five commissioned lieutenants (Feb. 9, 1798). He commanded the Essex and the Constitution. He was in command of the American squadron to operate against the Barbary states. Several famous American naval officers were at this time under his command—Bainbridge, Hull, Stewart, Decatur, and Somers. While blockading Tripoli with the Philadelphia, he ran aground and was captured. He was later released after Decatur, q.v., destroyed the Philadelphia in a daring feat. A treaty with Tripoli concluded his actions which ended the payment of tribute and the slavery of Christian captives. In

1806 Jefferson offered him a seat in the cabinet as head of the Navy, but ill health prevented his acceptance. He received the first degree in St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, May 8, 1783. On Jan. 3, 1786 he was elected to membership in Portland Lodge No. 1, Portland, Maine and in 1806 became a charter member of Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 17, Portland. d. Aug. 25, 1807.

Jedediah Preble (1707–1784) Pre-Revolutionary Brigadier General. b. in Wells, Maine in 1707. He began life as a sailor, and in 1746 became captain of a provincial regiment, settling in Portland about 1748. He was a lieutenant-colonel under General Winslow in Acadia in 1755; became colonel in 1758, and brigadier general on March 12, 1759. He was a representative on the general court for 12 years, and became a councilor in 1773. He was commissioned brigadier general by Mass. in 1774, and later major general, but refused the latter due to advanced age. He was a member of the state senate in 1780. Where he was initiated is unknown, but he was present at St. Johns Lodge, Boston in Dec. 1760, and was present at the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, June 24, 1783. He was a charter member of Portland Lodge No. 1, Portland, Maine in 1769, and served as treasurer of the same. d. March 11, 1784.

George D. Prentice (1802–1870) American journalist. b. Dec. 18, 1802 in Preston, Conn. He was principal of a public school before he was 15. Graduate of Brown in 1823, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1829, but never practiced law. In 1825 he was editor of the Connecticut Mirror, and in 1828 he took charge of the New England Weekly Review,

which he edited for two years before moving to Louisville, Ky. In 1831 he became editor of the Louisville Journal, a daily paper, which was the principal advocate of the Whig party in that region. He also furnished a column of wit and humor to the New York Ledger for several years. He was the author of Life of Henry Clay, and many poems. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 106, Louisville, Ky., and buried Masonically. d. Jan. 22, 1870.

George G. Prentice (1865–1941) Inventor and manufacturer. b. Oct. 23, 1865 in Oberlin, Ohio. In 1883 he assisted in building the first automatic machine for gumming, printing and folding envelopes. He was successively with Pratt & Whitney, Hartford; Yost Writing Machine Co., Bridgeport, and Garvin Machine Co., N.Y.C., until he organized and became owner and president of the George G. Prentice & Co., automatic turret machinery manufacturers, in 1896. He invented and patented typewriter improvements; designed and built a typewriter for printing on bound ledgers; improved and built Doremus automatic stamp cancelling machines; designed and built Prentice automatic multiple spindle turret machines; designed and built a steam turbine engine. Received degrees in St. John's Lodge No. 3, Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 23, Nov. 6 and Dec. 4, 1889. Dimitted Nov. 21, 1894 and no further record in Conn. d. Dec. 5, 1941.

Henning W. Prentis, Jr. President of Armstrong Cork Co., 1934–50, and Chairman of Board since 1950. b. July 11, 1884 in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1903 and U. of Cincinnati in 1907. Was secretary to the president of U. of

Missouri, 1903–05 and secretary of the U. of Cincinnati, 1905–07. He has been with the Armstrong Cork Co. since 1907. He was assistant manager of the insulation division at Pittsburgh; organizer and manager of the advertising department; general sales manager of the floor division; vice president and member of the board of directors from 1926; first vice president from 1929 until made president in 1934. Made a Mason “at sight” on Dec. 17, 1945. Member of Lamberton Lodge No. 476, Lancaster, Pa.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Harrisburg, Pa. and member of Lancaster Forest No. 27, Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

Louis W. Prentiss Major General, U.S. Army Engineers. b. Sept. 30, 1899. Graduate of Colorado School of Mines in 1921, and various service schools. Commissioned in 1921, he advanced through grades to major general in 1954. In 1941–44 he was director of training of the Engineer Replacement Training Center, Ft. Belvoir, Va.; in 1944–45 was in office of chief engineer, communications zone, E.T.O.; acting chief engineer of U.S. forces in Frankfurt, Germany, 1945–46; district engineer, Omaha division of Missouri River, 1947–49; division engineer, Dallas, 1949–52; chief of personnel and administration, office of chief of engineers, 1952–53; and commanding general of Fort Belvoir, Va., 1954–56. Retired, and now executive vice president of American Road Builders Association. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebraska, and 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas, Texas.

Francis Preston (1765–1835) Major General of Militia in War of 1812, and U.S. Congressman from Va. to 3rd and 4th Congresses, 1793–97. b. Aug. 2, 1765 at Greenfield, Botetourt

Co., Va. He was the father of William Campbell Preston, q.v. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1783, he studied law under George Wythe and practiced with success in Va. At the beginning of the War of 1812, he enlisted with the appointment of colonel of volunteers, subsequently advancing to major general. He was frequently a member of the Virginia lower house and state senate. Member of Abingdon Lodge No. 48, Abingdon, Va. d. May 25, 1835.

Prince H. Preston, Jr. U.S. Congressman, 80th through 86th Congresses (1947–60) from 1st Ga. dist. b. July 5, 1908 in Monroe, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1930, and began practice of law at Statesboro. Served as a private in U.S. Army overseas for 20 months in WWII, being discharged as a captain in 1945. Member of Ogeechee Lodge No. 213, Statesboro, Ga., receiving degrees on March 3, April 10, 21, 1936; suspended in 1940 and restored in 1944.

William C. Preston (1794–1860) U.S. Senator from South Carolina, 1833–42. b. Dec. 27, 1794 in Philadelphia, the son of Francis Preston, q.v. Attended Washington Coll. (Washington and Lee) and South Carolina Coll. (U. of South Carolina); studied law at U. of Edinburgh, Scotland and under William Wirt, q.v. In England he was the friend and companion of Washington Irving, and was with Irving during many of his Sketch Book impressions of scenes in the British Isles. He returned to the U.S. in 1819, and was admitted to the Va. bar in 1820, moving to Columbia, S. Car. in 1822. After his senatorial term, he resumed law practice in Columbia, S. Car., and was president of South Carolina Coll. from 1845–51.

He was a member of Abraham Lodge No. 8, Louisville, Ky.; Preston Lodge No. 281 of Louisville is named in his honor. d. May 22, 1860.

William Preston (1742–1818) English Masonic author, known for his *Illustrations of Masonry*, which was first published in 1772, and ran through several editions. b. July 28, 1742 in Edinburgh, Scotland. He became a member of Lodge No. 111, constituted by the “Ancients” in 1763, and shortly thereafter this lodge transferred its allegiance to the “Moderns,” being reconstituted as Caledonian Lodge No. 325 (now No. 134), and meeting at the Great Eastern Hotel, London. Preston became a joining member of the Lodge of Antiquity in June 1774, and was at once elected its master. He became deputy grand secretary of the grand lodge, and compiled an appendix to the Constitutions, which was issued in 1776. In 1777 the Lodge of Antiquity, under Preston’s guidance, had a serious dispute with the “Moderns,” which resulted in his suspension from the Order. It was soon rescinded, but other troubles followed, and the Lodge of Antiquity formed itself into a rival grand lodge, under the title of “Grand Lodge of England, south of the River Trent.” For this, Preston was again expelled by the “Moderns.” He was reinstated again in 1789. He left a sum of £300 as an endowment for the annual delivery of a lecture which has become known as the “Prestonian Lecture.” Stephen Jones, his close personal friend, was the first lecturer, being appointed by the Duke of Sussex, q.v. Later Peter Thompson, Preston’s last surviving pupil, became lecturer. Appointments were made irregularly, and after 1862, seemed to have ceased. They were revived

on a new basis in 1925, the value of the endowment having increased. WWII caused their abandonment, but in 1947 they were again revived. Preston is buried in St. Paul's Cathedral. d. April 1, 1818.

Henry Price (1697–1780) Sometimes called the “Father of Freemasonry in America.” b. in London, England about 1697, he came to Boston, Mass. in 1723, where he was a tailor and keeper of a drygoods and clothing establishment. He was made a major in the governor's troop of guards in the Massachusetts colony; the distinction of Cornet, or standard-bearer, was conferred upon him in 1733 by Governor Jonathan Belcher, q.v., the first known Freemason in America. Price retired from business in 1750 and devoted his time to land speculation, having large holdings in Mass., N.H., Conn., and R.I. An Episcopalian, he nevertheless paid pew rent in three other churches. He moved to Townsend in 1760, where he had a large estate, mills, and shops. At the age of 75, he married the third time, and subsequently had two children. Although too old for Revolutionary War service, he favored the colonies' cause. Where he was made a Mason is not known, but in 1730, when visiting in London, he was listed as one of the members of Lodge No. 75, which met at the Rainbow Coffee House. On April 13, 1733, when again in London, and being at that time provincial grand master of New England, he received a deputation of Masonic dignitaries. In 1734 his jurisdiction was extended to cover all of North America. Returning to Boston in 1733, he convened the craft and formed the first duly constituted Masonic body on this side of the ocean. He served as grand master of St.

John's Provincial Grand Lodge at Boston in 1733–37, 1740–43, 1754–55 and 1767–68. He was charter master of the Masters' Lodge, and served as master of both the first and second lodges in Boston. He was killed at the age of 83, when his ax slipped while splitting rails; he was buried with the honors due a past grand master and retired major. In 1888 the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts removed the remains of its first grand master and reburied them with a monument to his memory. The "Henry Price" medal is the highest award of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. d. May 20, 1780.

James H. Price (? –1943) Governor of Virginia, 1938–42. Imperial recorder of the Shrine, 1928–43. Member of Staunton Lodge No. 13, and later Lewis Ginter Lodge No. 317. Was past master, past high priest, past commander. From 1922–24 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia; in 1939 a portrait of him was unveiled during the annual communication of that grand lodge.

James R. Price Manufacturer of prefabricated homes; president of National Homes Corp., Lafayette, Ind., since 1944. b. Sept. 28, 1911 in Fowler, Ind. Was in real estate, mortgage, and insurance business at Lafayette before entering the home construction business. Received the degrees in 1934 in Benton Lodge No. 521, Fowler, Ind.

Julian Price (1867–1946) President of Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co., Greensboro, N.C. from 1919. b. Nov. 25, 1867 in Richmond, Va. Was with Southern R.R. from 1887–1903; American Tobacco Co., 1903–05. He was president

of the Atlantic & Yadkin R.R., and former president of the Federal Home Loan Bank at Winston-Salem. Mason and 33° AASR (SJ), he was past potentate of Oasis Shrine Temple. d. Oct. 25, 1946.

Malcolm Price President of Iowa State Teachers College, Cedar Falls, Iowa, 1940–50. b. July 6, 1895 in Carroll, Iowa. Graduate Cornell Coll., 1919, 1941, and U. of Iowa, 1927, 1929. He was a commercial chemist until 1921; a teacher and superintendent of schools until 1927; director of personnel, public schools of Detroit, 1929–40. Served as a lieutenant in the Infantry in WWI. Received degrees in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 112, Mt. Vernon, Iowa on April 18, 22 and May 16, 1918. Dimitted March 1, 1927 and no further record in Iowa.

Rodman M. Price (1816–1894) U.S. Congressman to 32nd Congress (1851–53) and Governor of New Jersey from 1854–57. b. May 5, 1816 in Newton, N.J., he attended Princeton and studied law. Was appointed purser in the Navy in 1850, serving for tenyears. He was in the Mexican War as an officer on the frigates Fulton and Missouri, and the sloop Cyane. He was the first American to exercise judicial functions in Calif., and was a delegate to the first constitutional convention of that state. He then returned to N.J. He is known as the father of the public school system of that state; and he established a ferry from Weehawken to N.Y. In 1861 he was a delegate to a peace conference in Washington, D.C., which tried to prevent the impending war. He was probably made a Mason in Calif., for in Dec., 1853, we find him affiliating with Union Lodge No. 11, Orange, N.J. d. June 7, 1894.

Stephen Price American theatrical manager. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C.

Sterling Price (1809–1867) Brigadier General of Mexican War; Confederate Major General; Governor of Missouri; U.S. Congressman. b. Sept. 11, 1809 in Prince Edward Co., Va. Moved to Charitan Co., Mo. in 1831, and was speaker of the lower house in 1840–44. Served as U.S. congressman, 1845–46, resigning in the latter year to raise the 2nd Missouri cavalry for the Mexican War. As its colonel, he joined Col. Doniphan under General Kearney, and marched from Ft. Leavenworth to Santa Fe. Made brigadier general on July 20, 1847, he moved to Chihuahua, where he was military governor. Defeated the Mexicans at Santa Cruz de Rosales in 1848. He was governor of Missouri from 1853–57, and state bank commissioner from 1857–61. As a major general of the state guard, he was joined by Generals McCulloch and Pearce to defeat General Lyon at Wilson's Creek in Southwest Mo., but fell back before General Fremont. He was driven from Springfield, Mo. toward Ft. Smith, Ark. by General Curtis, and was defeated at Pea Ridge, March 7, 1862. After participating in the engagements around Corinth and Tupelo, Miss., he was assigned to the Army of the West, and then to the district of Tenn. Assigned to command the district of Arkansas, he was driven from Little Rock by General Steele, but later forced Steele to retreat. He made a raid into Mo. in Sept., 1864, and after many engagements, reached the Mo. River. After the surrender he went to Mexico, but returned to Mo. in 1866. He was a member of Warren Lodge No. 74 of Keytesville, Mo., and is recorded as being a visitor to the

Grand Lodge of District Columbia in 1846. d. Sept. 29, 1867.

Thomas M. Price Engineer and Vice President of Kaiser Frazer Corp., Kaiser Engineers, Henry J. Kaiser Co.; Vice President and Director of Kaiser Co., Inc., Permanente Cement Co. and Henry J. Kaiser Contractors. b. Jan. 14, 1891 in Madison, N. Car. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1912 and 1915. Price was in charge of construction of Panama Canal, 3rd locks, Pacific side; Hoover, Grand Coulee and Bonneville dams. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Samuel Prichard An Englishman who published an expose of Freemasonry. Little is known of him except for this work, which was entitled, *Masonry Dissected* (with various subtitles). It contained a great deal of fact, but was mingled with an equal amount of falsehood. It passed through some 40 editions in 100 years, and was printed in many languages. Published at London in 1730, it was the first of such exposes, on which subsequent ones were founded. The same year, another volume was published entitled, *Defence of Masonry*, which was in answer to the former. It has been credited to Dr. Anderson, q.v., but subsequent research has discovered its author to be Bro. Martin Clare. The Abbe Larudan (French) issued a publication entitled *Freemasons Crushed*, in which he manufactured a wild tale about the death of Prichard. In short, he said Prichard was carried by force—at night—into the Grand Lodge at London, put to death, his body burned to ashes, and all the lodges in the world informed of the execution. Copies of the early editions are very rare; of some there are none. Only three copies of the first edition exist, so far as

known, and only four or five of the second edition. The only thing known about his membership is given on the title page of his work, in which he describes himself as a “late member of a constituted lodge.” This is undoubtedly true.

Vernon E. Prichard (1892–1949) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 25, 1892 in Smithland, Iowa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1915, advancing through grades to major general (temp.) in 1942. Member of Vesper Lodge No. 223, Onawa, Iowa; 32° AASR (SJ) in T. S. Parvin Consistory (La.) on Sept. 1, 1915. d. July 10, 1949.

Sir Archibald Philip Primrose (see Lord Carrington).

Aaron E. Prince College president. b. Jan. 1, 1887 in Fairfield, Ill. Graduate of LaGrange Coll. in 1918. D.D. at Ewing Coil., 1920. Ordained a Baptist minister in 1904. Served pastorates in Mo., Ill., Texas, and La. until 1944. Was president of Hannibal LaGrange Coll. from 1944–50. From 1951–52 he was pastor in Auckland, New Zealand, and in 1953 founded and was president of the Honolulu Christian Coll., Honolulu, Hawaii. Raised in Charleston Lodge No. 35 in 1915; 32° AASR (NJ), 1920 in East St. Louis, Ill. Exalted in Marion (Ill.) Chapter No. 100 in 1924. Member of Ainad Shrine Temple, East St. Louis, Ill. since 1920.

John Prince (1751–1836) Clergyman and inventor. b. July 11, 1751 in Boston, Mass. He was apprenticed to a tinsmith, but prepared himself for college, and graduated from Harvard in 1776. He then studied theology, and from 1779–1836 was

pastor of the First Unitarian Church in Salem, Mass. He was a friend of Count Rumford, and joined him in perfecting many inventions. He constructed and improved an air-pump which gave him a wide reputation. Member of Massachusetts Lodge of Boston, Jan. 11, 1779. d. June 7, 1836.

L. Bradford Prince (1840–1922) Governor of New Mexico, 1889–93; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of New Mexico, 1879–82. b. in Flushing, N.Y. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1866. In New York he was a member of the state assembly from 1871–75; chairman of judiciary committee, having charge of impeachment of judges, in 1872; father of constitutional amendments of 1874; a member of senate, 1876–77. In 1878 he declined the governorship of Idaho. In N. Mex., in 1911, he was chairman of the first state constitutional convention. A prominent Protestant Episcopal layman, he was the originator of the American Church Building Fund, in 1880. An amateur archaeologist, he had one of the largest collections of American stone idols in existence. Raised Nov. 8, 1865 in Cornucopia Lodge No. 563, Flushing, N.Y. Was district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1868–77 and grand representative from 1889–93. Master of his lodge in 1868 and 1870. d. Dec. 7, 1922.

Robert L. Prince Negro organizer of bogus lodges, being fought by legitimate Prince Hall Grand Lodges.

John Proby (see Lord Carysfort).

Mortimer R. Proctor Governor of Vermont, 1941–45. b.

May 30, 1889 at Proctor, Vt. Graduate of Yale in 1912. With Vermont Marble Co. and Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Served in WWI as a captain. Mason.

Thomas Proctor (1739–1806) Colonel in American Revolution. b. in Ireland, he emigrated to Philadelphia with his father; was a carpenter by trade. Was commissioned a captain by the committee of safety, Oct. 27, 1775, to raise a company of artillery, and the following year his command was raised to a battalion, and he was made a major. In 1777 he was made a colonel, and ordered to raise an entire regiment of artillery. He fought at Brandywine; had part of his command captured at Bound Brook. He was appointed colonel in the Continental Army in 1779, and marched to Wyoming, N.Y. He was at the Battle of Newtown and made a foray against Bergens Neck that netted only a few head of livestock as “prisoners.” Andre satirized him in the poem “Cow Chase”.

. . Sons of distant Delaware, And Still remoter Hannon, And Major Lee with horses rare, and Proctor with his cannon.” At the Battle of Trenton on Christmas night, 1776, he captured an entire British band (musical). He resigned from the army in 1781, after an argument with the president of Pa. In later years he became a brigadier general of Pa. troops and a major general of the Philadelphia militia. He applied to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for a warrant to hold a lodge in the 1st regiment of artillery. It was granted, and on May 18, 1779 he became the first master of Lodge No. 19, A.Y.M. (now Montgomery Lodge No. 19). He had previously been a member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. In 1783–84 he sat as senior grand warden, and as such, assisted in the institution

of Alexandria Lodge in Virginia. He was grand marshal from 1796 until his death ten years later. In Dec. 1799 he was master of ceremonies at the Philadelphia ceremony commemorating Washington's death. He was buried with military and Masonic honors. d. March 16, 1806.

Winston L. Prouty U.S. Congressman from Vermont to 83rd through 85th Congresses. b. Sept. 1, 1906 in Newport, Vt. He is a partner in Prouty & Miller Lumber Co. and a director of the National Bank of Newport. Member of Memphremagog Lodge No. 65, Newport.

Henry Louis Frederick, Prince of Prussia (see under Frederick).

Arthur Pryor (1870–1942) Band leader and composer. b. Sept. 22, 1870 in St. Joseph, Mo. He studied music under his father, who was also a band leader. He became widely known as a trombone soloist, and joined Sousa's, q.v., Band at the Chicago World's Fair in 1893. He made three world tours with Sousa, as premier trombone soloist, and also assistant conductor. He gave the first concert with his own band in N.Y.C. in 1903. He composed band music, as well as three light operas—Uncle Tom's Cabin; Jingaboo; and On the Eve of Her Wedding Night. Mason, 33° AASR, and Shriner. d. June 18, 1942.

Count Casimir Pulaski (1748–1779) Polish soldier who rendered valuable aid—and his life—to the cause of the American colonies. b. March 4, 1748 in Dodolia. He became

involved in the Polish rebellion in 1768, and was elected commander-in-chief of the Polish forces. This eventually led to the intervention of Prussia and Austria, and ultimately to the partition of Poland in 1773. Pulaski's estates were confiscated, and he escaped to Turkey, and later to France, where in 1775, he met Benjamin Franklin and became interested in the American struggle for independence. He came to America in March, 1777 with a recommendation from Franklin, and was immediately attached to the staff of Washington. He fought at Brandywine, was commissioned brigadier general, and placed in charge of the cavalry. He took part in the Battle of Germantown, and fought at Haddonfield, N.J. under Wayne. He organized a corps of lancers in which even deserters and prisoners of war might enlist, and it became famous as "Pulaski's Legion." He foiled a British attack on Charleston, and while investing Savannah, was wounded in the thigh and taken aboard the U.S. brig *Wasp*, where he died. He was buried at sea, but a ceremony took place afterward in Charleston. A monument donated by the citizens of Savannah was erected to his memory, the corner stone being laid by Lafayette on his visit to the U.S. in 1924. The monument was not completed until 1855. There is no proof of Pulaski's Masonic membership. All references to it stem from after 1824, when the corner stone of the monument was laid with Masonic ceremonies, and Richard T. Turner, high priest of Georgia Chapter at Savannah, reported to his chapter that they had laid the corner stone of the monument to "Brother Count Pulaski." Other sources say he was affiliated with the Army Lodge in the Maryland Line. Casimir Pulaski Lodge No. 1167, meeting in Logan Square Masonic Temple, Chicago, is

named in his honor, and a brochure issued by them, states in part, "Casimir Pulaski was raised to the sublime degree of Master Mason in Gould Lodge of Georgia on June 19, 1779 . . . was buried with Masonic honors." d. Oct. 11, 1779.

Eugene C. Pulliam Newspaper publisher and a founder of Sigma Delta Chi, honorary journalism fraternity. b. May 3, 1889, in Grant Co., Kansas. Attended Baker U. (Kans.) and DePauw U. (Ind.). He began as a reporter on the Kansas City Star in 1910. He was subsequently editor of the Atchison (Kan.) Champion; Franklin (Ind.) Star; and Lebanon (Ind.) Reporter. He is president of the Central Newspapers, Inc., Lebanon Newspapers, Inc., Vincennes Newspapers, Inc., Radio Station WAOV, Indianapolis Broadcasting Co. (Station WIRE), Star Publishing Co., Muncie Newspapers, Inc. (all of Indiana); and the Phoenix Newspapers, Inc. (Ariz). Received degrees in 1916 in Franklin Lodge No. 107, Franklin, Ind., affiliating with Boone Lodge No. 9, Lebanon, Ind., in 1924.

John Pulling, Jr. A boyhood friend of Paul Revere, q.v., and vestryman of the Old North Church of Boston. Some authors credit Pulling with hanging the lantern in the church steeple on the night of April 18, 1775, which started Revere on his ride. Others say it was Robert Newman, q.v., the sexton. Pulling was made a Mason in Philanthropic Lodge of Marblehead, Mass., but in 1761 affiliated with Revere's lodge, St. Andrew of Boston. Died in poverty.

George M. Pullman (1831–1897) Inventor and founder of the Pullman Palace Car Co. b. March 3, 1831 in Chautauqua

Co., N.Y. When 17 he joined an elder brother in the cabinet making business in Albion, N.Y. In' 1859 he moved to Chicago, and there built entire blocks of brick and stone buildings. In 1858 his attention was first directed to the discomfort of long distance railway traveling, and the following year, he remodeled two old day coaches of the Chicago and Alton into sleeping cars. In 1863 he built the prototype of the present Pullman car, at the cost of \$18,000. It was named the Pioneer. The Pullman Palace Car Co. was organized in 1867. He also devised dining cars in 1868; chair cars in 1875; and vestibule cars in 1887. In 1880 he founded the industrial town of Pullman, near Chicago, where he built the company's shops. Member of Renovation Lodge No. 97, Albion, N.Y. d. Oct. 19, 1897.

Clare Purcell Methodist Bishop, 1938–56. b. Nov. 17, 1884 in Columbia, Ala. Graduate of Birmingham–Southern Coll., 1916, and Vanderbilt U., 1910. He served as pastor in the following Alabama cities: Wedowee, Madison, Owenton, Sylacauga, Hartselle, Talladaga, Tuscaloosa, and Jasper (1906–38). He served as chaplain with the 131st Inf. in the AEF in WWI. Presently president of Carraway Methodist Hospital, Birmingham, Ala. Received degrees in Talladega Lodge No. 261, Talledega, Ala. in 1916 and life member since 1948; Life member of Talledega Chapter No. 23, R.A.M. Member of Talladega Commandery No. 17, K.T and Alcazar Shrine Temple, Montgomery, Ala.

William E. Purcell (1856–1928) U.S. Senator from North Dakota, 1907–11. b. Aug. 3, 1856 in Flemington, N.J. Admitted

to the bar in 1880, and practiced in Flemington until he moved to Wahpeton, Dakota Territory, in 1881, where he continued law practice. Was appointed U.S. attorney for the territory in 1888, and served one year, having been elected a member of the constitutional convention to divide property and indebtedness between North and South Dakota. At one time was a member of Wahpeton Lodge No. 15, Wahpeton, N. Dak. d. Nov. 23, 1928.

Henry Purkitt (?–1846) One of the participants in the Boston Tea Party, Dec. 16, 1773, and a colonel of the American Revolution. Was a member of St. Andrew's Lodge, Boston. Received the Mark degree Jan. 31, 1798 and the Royal Arch degree Feb. 28, 1798, both in St. Andrews Chapter, Boston. He was made a Knight Templar in Boston Commandery, March 8, 1806, and an honorary member, Feb. 26, 1807. He was captain general in 1808–09; generalissimo, 1809–11, and treasurer, 1821–23. He was master of his lodge in 1804–06. d. March, 1846.

Aleksander S. Pushkin (1799–1837) Russian poet. b. in Moscow. His Ode to Liberty, written in 1820 caused his exile to South Russia, but he continued to hold a government office. He was finally dismissed from public service because of his liberal views. In 1825 he was reinstated in good graces to write the life of Peter the Great, q.v. Among his works are: *The Captive of the Caucasus*; *Boris Goditnov*; *Ode to Napoleon*; *Gypsies*; *The Queen of Spades*; and *The Captain's Daughter*. Telepneff in his *Russian Freemasonry*. During the Reign of Alexander I credits Pushkin as being a

Freemason. Was killed in a duel in 1837.

Enoch Putnam Officer of American Revolution. He was a member of St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, as early as Feb. 13, 1777. He was treasurer of United States Lodge, Danvers, Mass. in 1776, and master of same between 1779 and 1782.

Israel Putnam (1718–1790) Major General, Continental Army, Revolutionary War. b. Jan. 7, 1718 in Salem, Mass. He was one of the four original major generals of the Continentals, and the only one to serve the entire length of the war. He was the most colorful character of the Revolution, and his exploits were legendary—his single handed encounter with a wolf—he ran the gantlet successfully through a double rank of Mohawk Indians—he put out the fire at the Fort Edward powder house—he was spared at the last minute from being burned at the stake—he sat out a powder keg duel until his opponent squirmed and ran away—he immobilized the French vessels on the St. Lawrence by driving wedges in their rudders—he fought the Spaniards in Cuba—he fought the wars against Pontiac—he explored bounty lands in the wilderness, and at the start of the Revolution he was to be found at Bunker Hill in his shirt sleeves. When Boston was under blockade from the sea he drove in a flock of sheep to feed the citizens, staying overnight with Grand Master Joseph Warren of Mass. No general was more popular among the soldiers. His speech and dress were both unusual. He was chief commander at New York just before Washington's arrival and during the defeat in the Battle of Long Island. He commanded at Philadelphia in 1776, and in the highlands of the

Hudson in 1777. In 1779 he was partially incapacitated by a paralytic stroke, but continued in the service, walking with a limp and talking with a lisp. He was poetically memorialized as “Putnam, scored with ancient scars, The living record of his country’s wars.” He is credited with being a member of a British military lodge meeting at Crown Point, N.Y., and was made a Mason there on June 7, 1758. However no source can be located for this fact and date. He is also credited with being a member of Hiram Lodge No. 1 at New Haven, Conn., but the history of that lodge does not list him. He did, however, visit Hiram lodge on many occasions, journeying about 40 miles to attend. He was also a frequent visitor to the lodge at Hartford, Conn. While in camp at Redding, Conn. in 1778–79, he was the guest of honor on those occasions when American Union Lodge had special events planned. Many lodges throughout the U.S. have been named in his honor. d. May 19, 1790.

Israel Putnam, Jr. Son of Israel, q.v., the Major General of the Revolution, and his aide during the war. Member of Moriah Lodge No. 15, Canterbury, Conn.

James C. Putnam (1868–1956) A founder and first national commander of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. He participated in three Indian wars; the Spanish–American War; served under General Pershing, q.v., in the Fifth Cavalry (1890–91); worked on the Panama Canal; and served six years in the Missouri legislature as a representative from Howell Co. He was first national commander of the V.F.W., following its organization at Columbus, Ohio in 1899. A Mason, he was known as an

excellent ritualist, and spent much time in the York Rite bodies. He was for many years prelate of Baldwin Commandery No. 4, Fayetteville, Ark. d. Oct., 1956.

Rufus Putnam (1738–1824) Brigadier General, American Revolution, and “Father of Ohio.” b. April 9, 1738 in Sutton, Mass., a cousin of Israel Putnam, q.v., the Revolutionary major general. Orphaned at an early age, he was almost self educated. Served an apprenticeship as a millwright. After service in the Indian Wars of 1757–60, he settled down to farming in New Braintree, Mass. In 1773, with his cousin Israel he explored and surveyed the Yazoo bounty lands on the Miss. During the Revolution he proved to be a resourceful engineer, constructing the siege works at Boston, Newport, New York City, and rebuilding the defenses at West Point. After the war he organized the Ohio Company of Associates, leading them into the Northwest Territory in 1788, and founded the city of Marietta, the first permanent city of the territory. He was appointed judge of the territory in 1790, and was general of militia. He was named surveyor general of the United States in 1796, holding that position until 1803. In 1793 he negotiated a peace treaty with the Indians, where others had failed. In 1802 he presided at the Ohio constitutional convention. He received his degrees in American Union Lodge at West Point, N.Y., July 26, Aug. 26, and Sept. 6, 1879. When this famous traveling military lodge brought its altar to rest at Marietta, Ohio in 1790, and reorganized, he was junior warden, and later served as master seven different terms. During a visit to Philadelphia in 1792, he was made a Royal Arch Mason, and from 1797–99 was high priest of American Union Chapter. In

1808 he was unanimously elected as the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, but declined the honor due to his advanced age. d. May 1, 1824.

10,000 FAMOUS FREEMASONS

By

WH.LIAM R. DENSLOW

Volume IV

Q-Z

Foreword by

HARRY S. TRUMAN, P.G.M.

Past Master, Missouri Lodge of Research

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Q

William A. Quarles (1820–?) Brigadier General, Confederate Army, Civil War. b. 1820 in Va. Member of Clarksville Lodge No. 89, Clarksville Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., and Clarksville Commandery No. 8, K.T. (knighted Sept. 6, 1871), all of Clarksville, Tenn.

George H. Quarterman Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Aug. 12, 1906 in Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Ordained to ministry in 1934, and served as rector in Ardmore, Okla., Amarillo, Texas, becoming bishop of Northwest Texas in 1946. Trustee of U. of the South since 1946. Member of Tascosa Lodge No. 1375, Amarillo, Texas, and 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas.

Edouard Quartier-La-Tente (1855–1925) Swiss Masonic editor and in charge of the International Bureau of Masonic Affairs. b. 1855 in New York City. He became an educator in Neufchatel, Switzerland, and served five years as grand master of the Grand Lodge Alpine. He edited *Alpine*, a Masonic periodical, for 15 years. Was a member of the Swiss Supreme Council, AASR. When the Grand Lodge Alpina established the International Bureau of Masonic Affairs in 1903, he was placed in charge. Its purpose was to link all grand lodges and serve as a clearing house for Masonic information. d. Jan. 19, 1925.

Matthew S. Quay (1833–1904) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1887–1899. b. Sept. 30, 1833 in Dillsburg, Pa.

Graduate of Jefferson Coll. (Pa.) in 1850; admitted to the bar in 1854, and practiced in Beaver, Pa. Served in Civil War with Pa. volunteers as major and lieutenant colonel in commissary and transportation departments. Was secretary of Pa., 1872–78; member of lower house, 1865–67; state treasurer, 1885–87; member of St. James Lodge No. 457, Beaver, Pa. d. May 28, 1904.

Queens (see Elizabeth and Mary).

Apolinar de Jusus Soto Quesada Costa Rican Secretary of State, and President of the Constitutional Congress. Member of Esperanza Lodge No. 2.

Conception Quesada Costa Rican Brigadier General. Commandant of the Plaza of San Jose. Member of Maraville Lodge.

Manuel Aragon Quesada Costa Rican politician. Was secretary of state, president of congress, and minister plenipotentiary to Europe, U.S., and Central America. An outstanding economist, he organized the Costa Rican office of statistics. Member of Caridad Lodge No. 26.

Manuel Luis Quezon (1878–1944) President of the Philippine Islands from Sept. 17, 1935 until his death in 1944. b. Aug. 19, 1878 in Baler, Tayabas, P.I. Admitted to the bar in 1903. He served on the staff of General Aguinaldo, q.v. He was successively provincial prosecuting attorney, provincial governor of Tayabas, and resident commissioner to the

U.S., 1909–16. He was president of the Philippine senate in 1916–35 and a leading figure in the movement which led to the gradual independence of the islands. Upon the Japanese invasion, he escaped by U.S. submarine to the U.S. on Feb. 20, 1942; he died in Saranac Lake, N.Y., August 1, 1944. Quezon was a Freemason most of his adult life, being grand master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines, 1918–19. Due to the influence of his wife he resigned from Freemasonry, Sept. 17, 1930. After his death, the Catholic church claimed he had renounced Freemasonry. Seven years after he left Masonry, he made this statement: "I didn't actually resign from the Masonic order until several months later, and I never denounced Masonry. There is a formal form which those returning to the church from the Masonic lodge are supposed to sign. but I refused to sign it. Instead, I wrote the Archbishop a personal note saying that I understood that I could not be readmitted to the Catholic Church so long as I remained a Mason, and for that reason I was resigning from Masonry." During his entire term as president, he fought for the separation of church and state.

Aristide Ambroise Quillet (1880–1955) French publicist and editor. Was orphaned at an early age and had to educate himself. At the age of 18 he opened the publishing house which still bears his name. A short time before WWI, he founded l'Editorial Labor in Spain. It still exists. He was co-director of the Dernieres Nouvelles de Strasbourg, a daily newspaper printed in two languages. In 1938 he founded the Editorial Argentina Aristide Quillet in Buenos Aires. In WWII he took an active part in the French resistance

movement and in 1949 was promoted to grand commander of the Legion of Honor. He was initiated in 1903 in the lodge, Temple de l'Honneur et l'Union of the Grand Orient of France. In 1936 he founded a new lodge, La Marseillaise, and was its master for many years. He was an honorary member of Goethe Lodge No. 379. Shortly before his death the Grand Lodge of France presented him with the 50-year service medal. d. 1955.

Henry B. Quinby (1846–1924) Governor of New Hampshire, 1909–11. b. June 10, 1846 in Biddleford, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1869 and 1872; M.D. from Nat. Med. Coll. (Washington) in 1870. Served in both branches of the state legislature. President of Laconia National Bank, City Savings Bank, and Masonic Temple Assn. Member of Mount Lebanon Lodge No. 32, Laconia; exalted in Union Chapter No. 70, R.A.M., April 12, 1871; greeted in Pythagorean Council No. 6, R. & S.M., Oct. 8, 1872; received 32° AASR (NJ) at Nashua, April 13, 1896, and became 33° and active member of the Northern Supreme Council. d. Feb. 8, 1924.

Josiah Quincy (1772–1864) President of Harvard, 1829–45; U.S. Congressman from Massachusetts, 1805–13. b. Feb. 4, 1772 in Boston, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1790; began law practice in Boston in 1793. Served in both branches of the state legislature, and was mayor of Boston, 1823–29, during which time the erection of the Bunker Hill monument was begun. Raised in St. John's Lodge of Boston, March 28, 1795. d. July 1, 1864.

Edgar Quinet (1803–1875) French writer and politician. Studied philosophy in Germany and made French translations of Herder's books. Traveled widely in Europe and wrote of his observations. Author of two epic poems, *Napoleon* (1836) and *Promethee* (1838). Involved in revolutionary activities in 1848 and banished from France. After his return in 1870 was elected to the national convention. A Freemason, but his lodge is not known.

James H. Quinn First man to raise the American flag on the pueblo at Taos, New Mexico in 1847. He was a nephew of Stephen A. Douglas, q.v. Member of Montezuma Lodge No. 109 (now No. 1 of Santa Fe) in 1853.

Vidkun Quisling (1887–1945) Norwegian Anti-Mason whose name has become a synonym for traitor. During WWI he was in the diplomatic and intelligence service, mainly in Russia. From 1931–32 he was the Norwegian minister of defense, resigning to found his own political party, the National Union, with a platform calling for the suppression of Communism and the freeing of Norwegian labor from unionism. He was chief collaborator in the German conquest of Norway in 1940. The Nazis proclaimed him sole political head of Norway as head of the state council of 13 Nazi-dominated commissioners. In this capacity he took over the beautiful Masonic Temple in Oslo and converted it into an officers quarters, ruining it for Masonic use. He ordered all the library and belongings shipped to Germany (but thanks to Norwegian patriots, they failed to arrive). He was tried by the Norwegian courts following the war. Ironically, the trial

was held in a former Masonic lodge room, in order to seat more spectators. He was convicted and shot in 1945.

John A. Quitman (1799–1858) Governor of Mississippi, 1835–36 and 1850–51; Major General, U.S.A. in Mexican War, 1846–48; U.S. Congressman from Mississippi, 1855–58, and “Father of Mississippi Masonry.” b. Sept. 1, 1799 in Rhinebeck, N.Y. He was early in-dined towards the ministry, but taught school and studied law in Philadelphia, then moved to Ohio, where he was admitted to the bar in 1821. In 1882 he went to Memphis, Tenn., and later to Natchez, Miss. He served as president of the state senate. In 1836 he raised a body of men to aid the Texans against the incursions of Santa Anna, q.v.; returning home to Natchez, he became a major general of the state militia. In Federal service in the Mexican War, he distinguished himself at Monterrey, Fort Tenerice, Vera Cruz, Pueblo and Chapultepec. He was appointed governor of the City of Mexico. In 1848 and again in 1856 he was suggested as Democratic nominee for vice president, but was not nominated. He was an avowed advocate of states rights, and as leader of the extreme Southern party, supported the right of secession for states. He was raised in Hiram Lodge No. 18, Delaware, Ohio, in 1820, and affiliated with Harmony Lodge No. 1, Natchez, Miss. in 1822, serving as master two years later. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi from 1826–37 and 1845–46, declining further terms. He was a 32° AASR (SJ) and intimate friend of Albert Pike, who conducted a lodge of sorrow in his memory in 1860. He was also an honorary member of the grand lodges of South Carolina and New York. d. July 17, 1858 at

his Natchez home “Monmouth,” which is now famous as one of the outstanding anti-bellum homes of Natchez. It is thought he died of poisoning at a banquet in Washington, D.C., during the inauguration of Buchanan.

R

Fritz Rackhorst (1870–1930) German physician and Masonic editor. He practiced medicine in Lennep, Germany from 1896, but his heart was more often in Masonry. He served as master of the lodge Theodor zum Belgischen Loewen at Duesseldorf for almost 20 years. At the same time he was editor of the Masonic magazine *The Light*, which at that time was the only independent Masonic publication. After WWI he attempted to cement ties between former enemies, but ran into much resistance among his own brethren. He resigned from his mother lodge and affiliated with the Lodge Plato at Wiesbaden, and finally with the Lodge Labor at Vienna. His opinion was that Masonry was a world brotherhood. His beliefs earned him many enemies among his brethren.

Milton R. Rackmil President of Decca Records, Inc., N.Y.C. since 1949, and President and Director of Universal Pictures Co., Inc. since 1952. b. Feb. 12, 1903 in N.Y.C. Graduate of New York U. in 1924. Was with Brunswick Radio Corp. from 1929 as comptroller; secretary of Brunswick Records, 1932–34. Treasurer of Decca Records, 1934–37; vice president 1937–46, and executive vice president, 1946–49. Director of

Decca since 1946. Member of Civic Lodge No. 853, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on Oct. 27, Nov. 24, 1936 and Jan. 12, 1937.

Charles Radcliffe (see Earl of Derwentwater).

George L. Radcliffe U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1935–47. b. Aug. 22, 1877 in Lloyds, Md. Received A.B. and Ph.D. from Johns Hopkins, and honorary degrees from several universities. Practiced law from 1903. President of American Bonding Co., 1914–30, and now first vice president and director of Fidelity & Deposit Co., and director of Fidelity–Baltimore National Bank and Trust Co. Was secretary of state of Maryland, 1919–20. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 158, Baltimore, and 32° AASR (SJ) in Chesapeake Consistory.

John Rae (1813–1893) Scottish Arctic explorer. b. Sept. 30, 1813 in the Orkney Islands. Received medical degree from U. of Edinburgh and was a doctor with Hudson's Bay Co. He joined the expedition of Sir John Richardson in search of Sir John Franklin, q.v., in 1847, and was on several exploring expeditions between 1846–64. He proved King William's Land to be an island, and on an expedition in 1853–54, learned the fate of Franklin from natives on the West coast of Boothia. He was known for his amazing endurance and vigor, traveling 23,000 miles on snowshoes and dragging a loaded sled. He received the Royal Geographical Society's "Founders Medal" and also the "Arctic Medal." He once covered 100 miles a day on snowshoes. He lived like the Eskimos, in contrast to other English "gentlemen" who needed great amounts of supplies and natives to carry them. His exploration method

is known as the “Rae Method.” d. July 22, 1893, and although his lodge membership is not known, Kilwinning Masonic Lodge attended the funeral. Buried in St. Magnus Cathedral in the Orkneys.

Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles (1781–1826) English administrator; founder of the city of Singapore and of the London zoo. He joined the East India Co. as a clerk, at the age of 13 and became a brilliant administrator, scholar, traveler, and naturalist. In 1805 he was sent to Penang as assistant secretary to the first governor. He persuaded Lord Minto of the necessity of taking Java from the French, and accompanied the expedition. He was lieutenant governor of Java from 1811–1816, and introduced a new system of land tenure, removing fetters imposed on trade. He was appalled at the selfish and cruel trade monopolies, forced labor, slavery, piracy, and general lawlessness, and hoped to end this by spreading British protection over the area. Cheated of his ambitions for the whole Eastern Archipelago, he did, however, obtain the pirate island of Singapore from the rulers of Johore. He justly referred to “my city of Singapore,” saying “I have declared that the port of Singapore is a free port and the trade thereof open to ships and vessels of every nation.” He was initiated in Lodge Vertutis et Ards Aminci, established on the Pondo–Gedeh coffee estate near Buitenzorg, Java, only two months after his conquest of the Dutch. The master was a former governor of Java, and a second candidate was a member of the Dutch council. Both of these brethren were markedly hostile to the British in public life, but such was the character of Raffles that he was welcomed into their midst. He was passed in this

lodge, but raised on July 5, 1813 in the Lodge of Friendship at Surabaja, Java, and subsequently made past master by his Dutch brethren. He received the 18th degree in the Rose Croix chapter, La Vertueuse in Batavia. On his re-turn to England, he founded the London zoo. d. 1826.

Idris Ragheb (?–1923) Egyptian Boy of a noble and wealthy family. He was grand master of the Egyptian Grand Lodge for 32 years, 1891–1923, and grand commander of the Supreme Council, AASR of Egypt, for nearly 20 years. He devoted his life to the study of languages, sciences, and the invention of a machine which writes Arabic characters. His public spiritedness and philanthropy found expression in the founding of the Assistance Publique, of which he was several times elected president, the Oeuvre d’Instruction Laique et Gratuite, and the Societe d’Alitnentation.

William T. Ragland (1866–?) Justice, Supreme Court of Missouri, 1923–33. b. Oct. 5, 1866 in Marion, Co., Mo. Admitted to bar in 1889, and practiced at Paris, Mo. Was circuit judge, 1911–19, and commissioner of supreme court of Missouri, 1919–23. Received degrees in Monroe Lodge No. 64, Monroe City, Mo., Jan. 16, and Feb. 6, 20, 1893. On April 17, 1908 he was affiliated with Paris Union Lodge No. 19, Paris, Mo. and dimitted from same Jan. 10, 1927.

Heartsill Ragon (1885–1940) U.S. Congressman from Arkansas to 68th through 72nd Congresses, 1923–33, from 5th Ark. dist.; Federal Judge, Western Arkansas, 1933–40. b. March 20, 1885 in Dublin, Ark. Graduate of Washington and

Lee U. in 1908, and began law practice in Clarksville, Ark, in that year. Served in state house of representatives. Raised in Franklin Lodge No. 9, Clarksville, Ark, on April 26, 1916. Suspended NPD Sept. 28, 1937. d. Sept. 15, 1940.

Jean Baptiste Marie Ragon (1781–1862) French Masonic writer called “the most learned Freemason of the 19th century” by his contemporaries. b. Feb. 25, 1781 in Paris. He joined the lodge Reunion des Amis du Nord at Bruges, Belgium in 1803, and later helped establish the lodge and chapter of Vrais Amis in the same city. In 1805, after his removal to Paris, he was the founder of the lodge Les Trinosophes. It was before this lodge in 1818 that he delivered a course of lectures which in 1838 were published under the title of *Cours Philosophique et Interpratit des Initiations Anciennes et Modernes*. He edited the periodical, *Hermes, ou Archives Maconniques*. Other books were *Orthodosie Maconnique* and *Tuileur General de la Franc-Maconerie, ou Manuel de His* greatest work, *Les Fastes Initiatiques*, which was to include a complete world history of Freemasonry, was left unfinished at his death. The Grand Orient of France later purchased the manuscript, which is now in its archives, uncompleted. d. 1862.

Carl August Ragotzky (?–1823) German Masonic author. His works include *Der Freidenker in der Maurerei oder Freimuthige Briefe caber Wichtige Gegenstande in der FreiMaurerei* in 1793 and *An Essay on Masonic Liberty for Initiated and Uninitiated Readers* in 1792. d. Jan. 5, 1823.

Edward T. Ragsdale Vice President of General Motors since 1956. b. May 15, 1897 in Hopkinsville, Ky. Held various positions with Maxwell Motor, Midwest Engine Co., Prest-O-Lite Co., Pierce-Arrow Co., before becoming a draftsman for the Buick division of General Motors in 1923. He became assistant chief engineer, general manufacturing manager, and general manager in 1956. Mason and 32° AASR.

Richard C. Raines Methodist Bishop of Indiana since 1948. b. Dec. 23, 1898 in Independence, Iowa. Graduate of Cornell Coll. (Ia.), Boston U., Oxford U., and U. of Maine. Ordained in 1926, and served churches in Newton and Scituate, Mass., Providence, R.I., Minneapolis, Minn. Member of Independence Lodge No. 87, Independence, Ia. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Indianapolis, Ind. and coroneted 33° in 1952.

Henry T. Rainey (1860–1934) Speaker of U.S. House of Representatives, 1933. b. Aug. 20, 1860 in Carrollton, Ill. Received A.B. and A.M. from Amherst and LL.B. from Union Coll. of Law, Chicago. Practiced law at Carrollton from 1885–1902. U.S. congressman to 58th through 66th congresses, 1903–21 and 68th through 73rd congresses, 1923–35. Member of Carrollton Lodge No. 50, Carrollton, Ill, being initiated, May 11, 1885. d. Aug. 19, 1934.

Robert M. Rainey Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1920–21. b. Sept. 29, 1882 in Sherman, Texas. Began law practice in Atoka, Okla. in 1904. Was member of the first Okla. legislature, 1907–08, and later district judge.

Associate justice state supreme court, 1917–20. In private practice in Oklahoma City after 1921. Received degrees in Oklahoma Lodge No. 4, Atoka, Okla. in 1909 and affiliated with Oklahoma City Lodge No. 36, Jan. 15, 1923. Knight Templar.

John E. Raker (1863–1926) U.S. Congressman to 62nd through 68th Congresses, 1911–25, from 1st Calif. dist. b. Feb. 22, 1863 near Knoxville, Ill. Read law with Judge E. V. Spencer, Susanville, Calif., married his daughter, and began law practice at Alturas, Calif. in 1886. Served as district attorney and judge of the superior court. Was grand master of the Odd Fellows of Calif. in 1908–09. Member of Alturas Lodge No. 248. d. Jan. 22, 1926.

John Rolls (1807–1882) Colonel in Mexican War, during which time he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri and thus became the father of Freemasonry in New Mexico. b. Nov. 18, 1807 in Sharpsburg, Ky. His father was a prominent resident of St. Louis, and it was his vote in the legislature that sent Thomas H. Benton, q.v., to the U.S. Senate. The family moved to Rails Co. (named for his father) and John was orphaned at an early age. He returned to Ky., where he was an apprentice in a court of record. Returning to Mo., he was a clerk in the state house of representatives, and in 1850 was admitted to the bar. He served in the state militia in the Black Hawk War in 1832, and was a lieutenant colonel in 1837. In 1847 he was named colonel of the 3rd regiment of Mo. volunteers, which assembled at Independence, Mo. and marched over the Santa Fe Trail to Santa Fe, where they

were assigned to the forces of Gen. Sterling Price, q.v. Having been elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1846, he issued a dispensation to Missouri Military Lodge No. 86, on June 12, 1847. It accompanied his regiment on its expedition, and while in the Territory of New Mexico, Ralls assumed Masonic jurisdiction of that territory for the Grand Lodge of Missouri, a charge maintained until the organization of the Grand Lodge of New Mexico in 1877. He also issued a charter to Multnomah Lodge No. 84, Oregon City, Oregon Territory. Ralls also issued another charter to some Illinois Masons for a lodge to be known as Hardin Lodge No. 87, but the formation of this lodge was never reported to the grand lodge. It was Ralls who had the honor of receiving the sabers of the captured Mexican officers at the fall of Santa Cruz. The last recorded minutes of Military Lodge No. 86 were dated July 5, 1848 in Santa Cruz. The regiment marched back to Mo. and was mustered out on Oct. 25, 1848. Ralls probably received his degrees in Palmyra Lodge No. 18, Palmyra, Mo. and was later a charter member of New London Lodge No. 21, New London, Mo. In 1853 he dimitted to become charter member of Ralls Lodge No. 33, serving as master in 1859. He was a trustee of the Masonic College in 1842, and curator of same in 1845. He was exalted in Palmyra Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Palmyra, Mo., May 6, 1842; became a charter member of Hannibal Chapter No. 7, Hannibal, Mo.; and later a charter member of Ralls Chapter No. 55, now located at Center, Mo. He was high priest of this chapter in 1872-73 and a member of the Order of High Priesthood. d. Oct. 8, 1882.

Samuel M. Ralston (1857-1925) U.S. Senator from Indiana,

1923–25, dying in office; Governor of Indiana, 1913–17. b. Dec. 1, 1857 in Tuscarawas Co., Ohio. Admitted to bar in 1886; practiced at Lebanon, Ind. and later at Indianapolis. Received degrees in Owen Lodge No. 273, Quincy, Ind. on Nov. 10, Dec. 15, 1880 and Jan. 12, 1881. Was junior steward in 1881. Charter of this lodge was revoked in 1903 and in 1904 he became charter member of Owen Lodge No. 655 of Quincy, Ind. d. Oct. 14, 1925.

Nawab of Rampur Head of the state of Rampur, one of the three Northern Moslem states of the United Provinces of India. b. in 1907, his full title is Major General, His Highness Alijah Farzand-i-Dilpizir-i-Daulat-i-Inglishia, Mukhlis-ud-Daul a h, Nasir-ul-Mulk, Amirul-Umara, Nawab Sir Sayed Mohammad Raza Ali Kan Bahadur, Justain Jung. He became ruler of Rampur in 1930. He was made a Mason in Lodge Raisana No. 3819, English Constitution in 1931; made past grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1946 and past grand warden in 1952. He is an honorary member of several lodges in India. A Royal Arch Mason, he was one of the petitioners in 1952 for Raza Chapter No. 1843 in his province. He is past grand junior warden of the Mark Grand Lodge of England.

Andrew Michael Ramsay (1668–1743) Better known as the Chevalier Ramsay. b. at Ayr, Scotland, the son of a baker, he was given a liberal education and attended the U. of Edinburgh. In 1709 he became tutor for the two sons of the Earl of Weymss. He left Britain and fought in the army of the Duke of Marlborough. In 1710 he visited Fenelon,

Archbishop of Cambrai, who converted him to Catholicism and secured him the preceptorship of the Duc de Chateau-Thierry and the Prince de Turenne. He was made a knight of the Order of Saint Lazarus, thus receiving the title Chevalier. He next tutored the two sons of the Pretender, James, III. It is thought he became a Freemason on a visit to England between 1728–30. In 1737 as chancellor, or orator of the Paris Grand Lodge, he delivered his celebrated oration in which he attributed the origin of Freemasonry to the crusaders rather than to operative Masons. He addressed it to the Pope and the King—the Pope, incidentally, ordered it burned. He is sometimes credited with the development of several Masonic degrees and rites. d. May 6, 1743.

Dennis Ramsay A colonel of the American Revolution and pallbearer at Washington's funeral. He served as captain through colonel in the Virginia Line. He was a member of Alexandria Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va., joining the lodge in 1783, and was junior warden of same in 1789–91.

Lord James Andrew Ramsay (see Marquis of Dalhousie).

George A. Ramsdell (1834–1900) Governor of New Hampshire, 1897–99. b. in Milford, N.H. Raised in Altemont Lodge No. 26, Peterboro, N.H., May 28, 1863 and dimitted in 1870. Was a 32° AASR (NJ). d. 1900.

John R. Ramsey (1862–1933) U.S. Congressman to 65th and 66 Congresses, 1917–21, from 6th N.J. dist. b. April 25, 1862 in Wyckoff, N.J. Admitted to N.J. bar in 1883, and practiced

at Hackensack from that time. Member of Fidelity Lodge No. 113, Ridgewood, N.J., receiving degrees on March 25, April 22, May 25, 1892. d. April 10, 1933.

Robert Ramspeck U.S. Congressman, 71st through 79th Congresses, 1929–47, from 5th Ga. dist.; Vice President of Eastern Airlines since 1953. b. Sept. 5, 1890 in Decatur, Ga. Graduate of Atlanta Law School in 1920. Between 1907 and 1920 he was deputy clerk of superior court of Ga., chief clerk of post office, U.S. House of Representatives, secretary to Congressman Howard, secretary, Decatur chamber of commerce, and U.S. deputy marshal in Ga. He was then in the insurance and real estate business, newspaper business, and law practice. Member of Georgia, lower house in 1929. He resigned from congress to become vice president of the Air Transport Assoc. of America and from 1951–52 was chairman of the U.S. civil service comm. Member of Pythagoras Lodge No. 41, Decatur, Ga. 32° AASR at Atlanta; Yaarab Shrine Temple, Atlanta; honorary member of Tall Cedars and National Sojourners.

John L. Rand (1861–1942) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon, 1927–28, 1933–34, 1939–40. b. Oct. 28, 1861 in Portsmouth, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1883. Admitted to bar in 1885 and began practice at Walla Walla, Wash. Member of state senate, 1903–05. On supreme court bench from 1921 until death on Nov. 19, 1942. Member of Baker Lodge No. 47, Baker, Oreg., receiving degrees on Feb. 27, March 27, May 15, 1902. Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ), and Shriner.

William Randal Sixth Earl of Antrim and 1st Marquis of Antrim; Viscount of Dunluce. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England (Ancients), 1783–91, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1773 and 1779.

Albert B. Randall (1879–1945) Ship captain and Commodore of United States Lines. b. Sept. 11, 1879 in Brookhaven, L.I., N.Y. He began as a seaman in sailing vessels and was promoted through grades, receiving his master mariner's license in 1905 and his first command in 1907. Among his ships were the Republic, George Washington, Leviathan and Manhattan. Made commodore in 1931, and retired because of age limit in 1939. During WWII he was rear admiral in Naval reserve, and was assigned to the War Shipping Adm. Mason and Knight Templar. d. Dec. 1, 1945.

Alexander W. Randall (1819–1872) U.S. Postmaster General, 1866–69; Governor of Wisconsin, 1857–61; U.S. Minister to Italy, 1861–62. b. Oct. 31, 1819 in Ames, N.Y. Began law practice in Waukesha, Wis. in 1840; became postmaster of that city and was a member of the convention that framed the state constitution. President Lincoln dissuaded him from entering the Army in the Civil War, and instead, made him minister to Italy. Member of Waukesha Lodge No. 37, Waukesha. In 1864 he was orator of Hermes Senate No. 1, Ancient and Primitive Rite of Freemasonry, in Washington, D.C. d. July 25, 1872.

George M. Randall (1810–1873) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Colorado, 1865–73. b. Nov. 23, 1810 in Warren,

R.I. Graduate of Brown in 1835, and of Episcopal Theo. Seminary, N.Y., in 1838. Ordained both deacon and priest in 1839. He held charges at Fall River and Boston, Mass. For many years he was the editor of *The Christian Witness and Church Advocate* and published many tracts, including *Why I Am a Churchman* and *Observations in Confirmation*. He was raised in Washington Lodge No. 3, Warren, R.I., and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts from 1852–54. d. Sept. 28, 1873 in Denver, Colo.

Samuel J. Randall (1828–1890) Speaker of U.S. House of Representatives, 44th through 46th Congresses, 1876–81. b. Oct. 10, 1828 in Philadelphia, Pa. Engaged in mercantile pursuits, and was a member of the state senate in 1858–59. Served with First Troop of Philadelphia in 1861, and promoted to captain in 1863. Served in Congress from Pa. from 1863–90. Raised in Montgomery Lodge No. 19, Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 1, 1864. d. April 13, 1890.

Andrew L. Randell (1880–1931) Masonic editor and orator. b. Aug. 15, 1880 in Denison, Texas. Received degrees from Princeton, U. of Texas, and Daniel Baker Coll. He was a lawyer and noted orator. Raised in Travis Lodge No. 117, Sherman, Texas, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1921. He was the father of *Little Masonic Library* and *National Masonic Library* as well as *The Master Mason* magazine. From 1923–28 he was executive secretary of the Masonic Service Association. d. March 14, 1931.

Beverley Randolph (1755–1797) Governor of Virginia,

1788, succeeding his relative Edmund Randolph, q.v., in that office. b. in Chatsworth, Heroic Co., Pa. in 1755. He was a graduate of William and Mary Coll. During the Revolution, he was a member of the assembly of Va. and actively supported all measures for American independence. In 1787 he was chosen president of the executive council of Va. He received his degrees in Williamsburg Lodge. No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. Date of E.A. degree not known, but received F.C. on Aug. 3 and M.M. on Oct. 15, 1773 (original minutes in Library of Congress). He was fined 1 shilling, 3 pence on Sept 7, 1773 for absence. In 1791 he is listed in its manuscript returns as a member of Botentourt Lodge. d. 1797.

Edmund Randolph (1753–1813) U.S. Attorney General, 1789–94; U.S. Secretary of State, 1794–95; Aide-de Camp to Washington, 1775–76; Member of Continental Congress, 1779–82; Governor of Virginia, 1786–88; Delegate to Constitutional Convention, 1787. b. Aug. 10, 1753 in Williamsburg, Va. A distinguished student at William and Mary Coll., he studied law with his father (John). He was a nephew of Peyton Randolph, q.v., and grandson of Sir John Randolph. He was first attorney general of Virginia under the new constitution. In 1779 he was elected to congress but resigned. In 1780 he was reelected and remained in congress two years. As a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1787, and leader of the Va. delegation, he proposed his own idea of a constitution, which was not discovered until 1887 in the papers of George Mason. He was a counsel for Aaron Burr on his trial for treason at Rishmond, and wrote History of Virginia. He was not in favor of the constitution as adopted and refused to sign it.

A member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6 of Williamsburg, Va. (later Richmond No. 10), he was proposed, March 1, 1774, and received his degrees, March 29, April 2, and May 28, 1774 (original minutes in Library of Congress). On June 24, 1777 he withdrew from the lodge to become charter master of Jerusalem Lodge No. 54. He was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1784, and grand master from Oct 27, 1786 to Oct. 28, 1788. d. Sept. 12, 1813.

Hollins N. Randolph (1872–1938) Lawyer. b. Feb. 25, 1872 at “Dunlora,” Albemarle Co., Va. A graduate of U. of Virginia in 1895, he began law practice at Atlanta, Ga., and in the Southeast in 1896. Served as counsel for many banking, railroad, and business interests. Was counsel for Pres. Tinoco of Costa Rica to secure recognition by U.S.; special counsel for Wm. Randolph Hearst in the South; counsel for Boulder dam development, Cape Cod (Mass.) Canal, and attorney for R.F.C. at Washintgon, D.C. He was a member of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Commission, 1935, and life president of the Stone Mountain Memorial Assn. He was the author of the Congressional act directing five million Stone Mountain memorial coins to be minted. Received degrees on June 6, 1905, Feb. 5, 1907 and Feb. 19, 1907 in Georgia Lodge No. 96, Atlanta. d. April 29, 1938.

Peyton Randolph (1721–1775) First President of the Continental Congress and last Provincial Grand Master of Virginia. b. in Williamsburg, Va. in 1721, the son of Sir John Randolph. A graduate of William and Mary Coll. and student of law at the Inner Temple, London, he was appointed

Kings's attorney for Va. in 1748. He served in the Va. house of burgesses from 1748–49 and 1752–75. When trouble with England threatened, he was a member of the committee of correspondence, 1759–67, and chairman of the committee in 1773. He was a close friend of Washington, and married the sister of Benjamin Harrison, governor of Va. His original Masonic affiliation is unknown. He was named as master of the lodge at Williamsburg, Va. (No. 6) in a warrant from Lord Petrie, grand master of the Grand Lodge of England, dated Nov. 6, 1773. He was present at this lodge on July 5, 1774 as provincial grand master. d. Oct. 22, 1775, while attending the Constitutional Convention.

Theodore F. Randolph (1816–1883) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, 1874–80; Governor of New Jersey, 1868–72. b. June 24, 1816, in New Brunswick, N.J. Entered mercantile career at age of 16. Settled in Vicksburg, Miss. about 1840, where he married a granddaughter of Chief Justice Marshall. Returned to N.J. in 1850, residing first in Hudson Co. and later in Morristown. Member of state legislature in 1859–60, and state senator, 1861–65. As governor, on July 11, 1871, the day preceding the Orange riot in N.Y.C., he issued a proclamation insuring the right to parade to the Orangemen of N.J. He secured patents for several inventions, including a “ditcher,” and an application of steam to typewriters. He was raised in Varick Lodge No. 31, Jersey City, N.J. on Oct. 18, 1854 and was master of the lodge, 1856–57. On March 4, 1875 he affiliated with Lodge of the Temple No. 110, Jersey City. From 1879–83 he was grand representative of the Grand Lodge of Ireland. d. Nov. 7, 1883.

Thomas Jefferson Randolph (1792–1875) Financier, and as favorite grandson of Jefferson, was executor of his estate. b. Sept. 12, 1792 at Monticello, Va., the son of Thomas Mann Randolph, q.v. His grandfather described him as “the staff of his old age,” and after Jefferson’s death, his debts to the extent of \$40,000 were paid by Randolph. He also supported and educated his brothers and sisters. As literary executor of Jefferson, he published *Life and Correspondence of Thomas Jefferson* in 1829. He served in the Va. legislature, and was an expert on monetary matters. He was rector of the U. of Virginia for seven years, and served on the board of visitors for 31 years. Member of Door to Virtue Lodge No. 44, Albemarle Co., Va. d. Oct. 8, 1875 and was buried at Monticello.

Thomas Mann Randolph (1768–1828) Governor of Virginia, 1819–21. b. Oct. 1, 1768 at Tuckahoe, Va. Attended Edinburgh U. where he formed a scientific society, of which Thomas Jefferson was elected an honorary member. Jefferson acknowledged the letter and wrote him several letters of advice, having been a close friend of his father’s. He married Jefferson’s daughter, Martha, in 1790 and they lived at Monticello. He served in Congress from Va. from 1803–07, and while in Washington, lived in the White House with Jefferson. He served in the War of 1812 as a captain in the 20th Infantry. Member of Door to Virtue Lodge No. 44 in Albemarle Co., Va. Was the father of Thomas Jefferson Randolph, q.v. d. June 20, 1828 at Monticello.

Jackson A. Raney President of Kiwanis International in 1955. Graduate of Franklin Coll. and Butler U. (Ind.).

Superintendent of Indiana School for Deaf at Indianapolis. Member of Versailles Lodge (Ind.) No. 7 and AASR officer.

Robert J. Rankin Editor of The Halifax (N.S.) Herald. b. Aug. 7, 1896 in Chatham, Ont., Canada. He has been managing editor of the newspaper since 1927 and is director of same. President of The Canadian Press and chairman of Port of Halifax Commission. Served in WWI, 1914–18, as signals officer in Canadian Army. He is presently vice chairman of the National Harbours Board at Ottawa. Initiated in Windsor (Ont.) Lodge No. 403, and in 1943 dimitted to St. Andrew's Lodge No. 1, Halifax, N.S. 33° AASR at Halifax and 1st general of the Nova Scotia Consistory. Member of Philae Shrine Temple.

Harry C. Ransley (1863–1941) U.S. Congressman to 66th through 72nd, 1921–33, and 73rd and 74th Congresses, 1933–37, from 1st and 3rd Pa. dists. b. Feb. 5, 1863 in Philadelphia. Member of Dunlap, Mellor & Co., oils and naval stores at Philadelphia from 1899. Served two terms in lower house, state legislature, and was on select council of Philadelphia for 16 years. Was sheriff of Philadelphia Co., 1916–20. Member of Meridian Sun Lodge No. 158, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on May 2, Sept. 5, Oct. 31, 1893. d. Nov. 5, 1941.

Matthew W. Ransom (1826–1904) U.S. Senator from North Carolina, 1872–95; U.S. Minister to Mexico, 1895–97. b. Oct. 8, 1826 in Warren Co., N. Car. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1847, studied law and began practice at Warrenton, N. Car. Was attorney general of state, 1852–55, and member of

lower house, 1858–60. He entered the Confederate Army as a private in 1861 and served throughout the Civil War, attaining the rank of major general. He received his first two degrees in Johnson–Caswell Lodge No. 10, Warrenton, N. Car. about 1850, and was carried on the rolls until 1856. The lodge itself disappeared in 1858. It was resuscitated in 1902 and he was given his third degree shortly thereafter. d. Oct. 8, 1904.

Thomas E. G. Ransom (1834–1864) Union Major General in Civil War. b. Nov. 29, 1834 in Norwich, Vt. His father, a colonel in the Mexican War, was killed at Chapultepec. Educated in Norwich 1J. and became a civil engineer. Moved to Illinois in 1851, where he engaged in business. Entered service as a lieutenant–colonel of the 11th Ill. Inf., and was wounded leading a charge at Charleston, Mo. in Aug., 1861. Participated in assault on Fort Henry, and led his regiment in assault on Fort Donelson, where he was again severely wounded. Pro–moted to colonel for bravery, at Shiloh he was again wounded. Served as chief of staff to Gen. John A. McClernand and inspector general of Army of Tennessee, and subsequently on staff of Gen. Grant. Made brigadier general in 1863. Was in Battle of Vicksburg and headed a division in the Red River Campaign. At Battle of Sabine Cross–Roads received another wound from which he never recovered. Commanded 17th corps at Atlanta, and was breveted major general in 1864. Member of St. John’s Lodge No. 13, Peru, Ill. Knighted in Ottawa Commandery No. 10, Ottawa, Ill. on July 23, 1864. d. Oct. 29, 1864.

Mario Rapisardi (1844–1912) Italian poet and literary

opponent of Carducci. As a professor in Catania, he wrote a poetic history of humanity called *Luzifero*. Also wrote *Giobbe* and *Atlantide*. He was a Mason (as was Carducci) and a chapter of the higher degrees is named after him.

Maxmillian A. R. Rasko Artist, b. June 13, 1883 in Budapest, Hungary. He studied there as well as Munich, Dresden, Paris, Vienna, and Rome. Became a famous portrait artist in London and New York. Among his subjects have been three presidents (Wilson, Harding, Coolidge), a czar of Bulgaria and king of Portugal. Member of Ehlers Lodge No. 953, N.Y.C., he was master of his lodge in 1953.

Francois Raspail (1794–1878) French scientist and politician. He was involved in revolutionary activities in 1830 and again in 1848. In the latter year he was arrested and banished from the country, but returned to France in 1859 after a general amnesty. Among his books are *Monoire sur les Graminees*, *Nouveau Systeme de Chimie Organique* and *Nouvelles Etudes Scientifiques*. He was a member of the lodge *Les Amis Reunis* of the Grand Orient of France and served as its grand orator for many years.

Henry R. Rathbone (1870–1928) U.S. Congressman to 68th through 70th Congresses, 1923–29, from Ill. b. Feb. 12, 1870 in Washington, D.C. His father and mother were in the box at Ford's Theatre with President Lincoln when the later was assassinated. Graduate of Yale in 1892 and U. of Wisconsin in 1894. Began law practice in Chicago in 1895. Member of Kenwood Lodge No. 800, Chicago, and both York and Scottish

rites. d. July 15, 1928.

Payne H. Ratner Governor of Kansas, 1939–42. b. Oct. 3, 1896 in Casey, Ill. Graduate of Kemper Military School (Mo.) and Washington U. (St. Louis). Admitted to bar in 1920, and was in general practice at Parsons until 1939. He was county attorney of Labette Co. and state senator from same. Raised May 30, 1940 in Siloam Lodge No. 225, Topeka. Knight Templar, Shriner, and received 32° AASR (SJ) at Topeka, Nov. 6, 1940.

Francis Rawdon (see 2nd Earl of Moira).

John A. Rawlins (1831–1869) Union Major General in Civil War; Chief of Staff, U.S. Army, 1865; U.S. Secretary of War, 1869. b. Feb. 13, 1831 in East Galena, Ill. Studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1854, practicing at Galena. It was after listening to a speech by Rawlins that U. S. Grant offered his services to the country, and when given command of a brigade on Aug. 7, 1861, offered the post of aide-de-camp to Rawlins. He was constantly with Grant from that time until the end of the war, and although he had never seen a company of uniformed soldiers, became a top-ranking military expert, and the closest confidant of Grant. Became a member of Miners Lodge No. 273, Galena, Ill., July 26, 1865. d. Sept. 9, 1869.

Richard Rawlinson (1689–1755) English scholar and Fellow of the Royal Society. b. in London in 1689, he was noted for his large and valuable collections of old manuscripts

and books on Freemasonry. His Masonic literature is now deposited in the Bodleian Library of Oxford. He was initiated about 1726, his name appearing in rosters of four London lodges; was grand steward in 1734. He was consecrated a nonjuring bishop of the Church of England on March 25, 1728. d. April 6, 1755.

Albert L. Rawson (1828–1902) Artist, author, scholar and one of the founders of the Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. b. Oct. 15, 1828 in Chester, Vt. Received D.D. and LL.D. at Christ Coll., Oxford, England; M.D. from the Sorbonne, Paris. Studied law under Wm. H. Seward, q.v., medicine under Prof. Webster of Mass. Medical Coll., and theology under “Elder” Graves. He made several visits to the Orient, and on a pilgrimage from Cairo to Mecca with the annual caravan, disguised as a Mohammedan medical student. He traveled in Yucatan and in Hudson’s Bay region. He was adopted as a brother by Adwan Bedouins of Moab; initiated by the Druses on Mt. Lebanon; was one of the two founders of the Shrine and one of the four founders of the Theosophical Society in the U.S. at one time he was alderman for the 15th ward in N.Y.C. As a painter, he painted portraits of Queen Victoria, Louis Napoleon, Empress Eugenie, and many others. He illustrated Beechers’, Deem’s, and Crosby’s books on the life of Christ as well as many other books. Among his books are Divine Origin of the Holy Bible; Stella and Other Novels; Vocabularies and Dictionaries of Arabic, Persian and Turkish; Bible Handbook; Ruins and Relics of the Orient; Antiquities of the Orient; Scarlet Book of Freemasonry; History of All Religions; History of Quakers; History of Protestantism, etc.,

and also rituals for many secret societies. He was general for life in the Society of Rosy Cross; 32° AASR and had received the 95 degrees of the Rite of Memphis. d. 1902.

Sir Harry Holdsworth Rawson British Admiral and Governor of New South Wales, 1906–09. He served as grand master of the United Grand Lodge of New South Wales at same time he was governor.

James B. Ray (1794–1848) Governor of Indiana, 1825–31. b. Feb. 19, 1794 in Jefferson Co., Ky. After studying law in Cincinnati, he began law practice in Brookville, Ind. In 1822 he was elected to the legislature, where he frequently served as president pro tempore. In 1826 he was appointed U.S. commissioner with Lewis Cass, q.v., and John Tipton, q.v., to treat with the Miami and Pottawattamie Indians for the purchase of lands in Indiana. In his later years he became very eccentric. He was a member of Brookville–Harmony Lodge No. 11, Brookville, Ind. and at one time was secretary of the lodge. d. Aug. 4, 1848.

John J. Ray (1845–1952) World's oldest Freemason. b. Sept. 2, 1845 in Orange Co., N. Car., he went to Texas in a covered wagon. He was initiated March 7, 1868 in Gravel Hill, Tenn. He was past grand master of the Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Texas and was active in York Rite Masonry until a short time before his death. On the eve of his 100th birthday he conferred a chapter degree, and on Sept. 1, 1945 the Grand Chapter R.A.M. of Texas called a special convocation in his honor. At the time of his death on May 7, 1952, he was 106

years old and had been a Mason for 84 years.

Sam Rayburn Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives in 77th–79th, 81st, 82nd, 84th–86th Congresses and Democratic majority leader of the 75th–77th Congresses. b. Jan. 6, 1882 in Roane Co., Tenn. Graduate of East Texas Coll. and studied law at U. of Texas. Began law practice in Bonham, Texas. He was a member of the Texas lower house 6 years and speaker of same for two years. He received the Entered Apprentice degree only, Aug. 7, 1922, in Constantine Lodge No. 13, Bonham, Texas.

Edward A. Raymond (1791–1864) Grand Commander of the Northern Supreme Council AASR; Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, 1848–51; Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Massachusetts; Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. of Massachusetts. b. Feb. 6, 1791 in Holden, Mass. He became a Mason, Jan. 15, 1816, in Amicable Lodge of Cambridge, Mass.; admitted a member of Saint Johns Lodge, Boston, April 2, 1836; on Nov. 24, 1843, affiliated with Massachusetts Lodge. He was a man of considerable wealth. d. Aug. 4, 1864.

Fred M. Raymond (1876–1946) Federal Judge, Western District of Michigan from 1925. b. March 22, 1876 in Ottawa Co., Mich. Admitted to the bar in 1899 and practiced at Grand Rapids, Mich. Received degrees in Berlin Lodge No. 248, Marne, Mich., Sept. 22, Oct. 13, Nov. 10, 1900. Affiliated with York Lodge No. 410, Grand Rapids, Mich. on Aug. 27, 1915, becoming a life member April 7, 1941. Received 33° AASR

(NJ) and was a Shriner. d. Feb. 6, 1946.

Harry H. Raymond (1864–1935) Steamship executive. b. Dec. 16, 1864 in Yarmouth, N.S., Canada, coming to the U.S. in 1884, and naturalized in 1892. He was with Mallory Steamship Co. from 1885, and was president of same in 1914, and afterward chairman of the board. He was also chairman of the board of the Clyde Steamship Co., Puerto Rico Steamship Co., and Cuba Mail Steamship Co. President of Colombian Steamship Co. and director of Eastern Steamship Lines. Member of Montauk Lodge No. 286, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on Oct. 11, 25, Nov. 8, 1905. d. Dec. 27, 1935.

Maurice Raymond (1879–1948) Magician, known as “The Great Raymond.” b. May 30, 1879 at Akron, Ohio. Made many world tours and appeared before such crowned heads as King Edward VII, King George V, King of Siam, King of Italy, Czar of Russia, Mikado of Japan, Emperor of China, and was court illusionist to King Alfonso XIII of Spain. His membership in Freemasonry was likewise world-wide. He was a member of Perseverance Lodge No. 338, Bombay, India, Royal Arch chapter in Calcutta, Royal and Select council and Cornmandery, K.T. in Balboa, Canal Zone, and the 32° AASR (SJ), at Los Angeles, April 13, 1932. Shriner. d. Jan. 27, 1948.

Robert, 2nd Lord Raymond Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1739.

Isador Rayner (1850–1912) U.S. Senator and U.S.

Representative from Maryland. b. April 11, 1850 in Baltimore. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1869, and admitted to bar in 1871, practicing at Baltimore. Member of state senate, 1884–86, resigning to become U.S. congressman, 1887–89 and 1891–95. Was attorney general of Maryland, 1899–1903, and U.S. Senator, 1905–12. Member of Mystic Circle Lodge No. 109, Baltimore, Md. d. Nov. 25, 1912.

Kenneth Rayner (1808–1884) U.S. Congressman to 26th through 28th Congresses, 1839–45, from N. Car. b. June 20, 1808 in Bertie Co., N. Car. Attended Tarborough Academy, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1829. He then moved to Hertford Co., where he practiced. Member of state constitutional convention in 1835, and served five terms in state house of commons. Served in state senate in 1854. Member of American George Lodge No. 17 at Murfreesboro, N.C.; was a delegate to the Washington Masonic Convention in 1842. d. March 4, 1884.

George Read (1733–1798) Signer of Declaration of Independence and the Constitution. First U.S. Senator from Delaware. b. Sept. 17, 1733 in Cecil Co., Md. Admitted to the bar at age of 19 in Philadelphia, moving to Newcastle, Del. in 1754. He was attorney general of Kent, Delaware, and Sussex counties in 1763–64, resigning to become a member of the first congress at Philadelphia. Was president of the first naval committee in 1775; of the Constitutional Convention in 1776; author of the first constitution of Delaware. He was one of the two men who signed the three great state papers that underlie the foundations of our government—the original

petition of the 1st congress to the king, the Declaration, and the Constitution. He was U.S. senator from Delaware for two terms, 1789–93, resigning to become chief justice of Delaware. His Masonic membership has not been definitely established. There is a record in Philadelphia of a George Read being admitted a member of Lodge No. 3 on Dec. 7, 1782. A dues ledger is also shown for him. He was admitted as a member of Lodge No. 33, New Castle, Del., Feb. 2, 1792, and his dues record is complete to Dec., 1798, with notation at that time of six years and nine months membership. Since he died Sept. 21, 1798, this would seem to be the Signer. His son, George Read, Jr., q.v., was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware, and his grandson, John M. Read, q.v., became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. d. Sept. 21, 1798.

George Read, Jr. Son of George Read, q.v., the Signer. Served as U.S. district attorney of Delaware for 30 years. Was a member of Lodge No. 14 at Wilmington (under Pa.), later dimitting to Lodge No. 33 at New Castle. He was master of St. John's Lodge No. 2 under the Grand Lodge of Delaware. In Nov., 1823, he delivered an oration before Union Lodge No. 5 (Del.) Was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1813. His son, William T. Read, q.v., became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1850–51.

John Meredith Read (1797–1874) Chief Justice of Pennsylvania, 1860–74. b. July 21, 1797 in Philadelphia, the grandson of Signer George Read, q.v. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1812 and admitted to the bar in 1818.

Member of Pa. legislature in 1822–23; U.S. district attorney for Eastern Pa., 1837–44. In 1860 he was a leading contender for Republican presidential nomination. The friends of Lincoln were prepared to back him for president and Lincoln for vice president, but local Pa. politics upset this ticket. Received degrees in Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia on Dec. 15, 1821, Jan. 9, June 15, 1822. Dimitted to Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia on Nov. 30, 1835. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1836–37. d. Nov. 29, 1874.

John Meredith Read, Jr. (1837–1896) Diplomat. b. Feb. 21, 1837 in Philadelphia. His father of the same name, q.v., was chief justice of the supreme court of Pa., and his great grandfather, George Read, q.v., was a signer of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution. Graduate of Brown U. and Albany Law School, he studied international law in Europe. He moved to Albany, N.Y. and was adjutant general of that state in 1860–66. Was cited for his ability in organizing, equipping and forwarding troops for the Civil War. He was the first U.S. consul-general for France and Algeria in 1869–73, and acting consul-general for Germany during the Franco–German War. In 1873 he was appointed U.S. minister resident in Greece, serving until 1879. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Providence, RI., receiving degrees on May 5, 12, June 21, 1858. Received the 33° AASR in Greece in 1878.

William T. Read (1792–1873) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1850–51. b. Aug. 22, 1792, the son of George Read, Jr., qv. and grandson of George Read, q.v., the Signer. He wrote *Life and Correspondence of George Read*

in 1870. He was a lawyer, state senator and secretary of the legation of the U.S. in Buenos Aires, Argentina. Graduate of Princeton and admitted to bar in 1813. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, at New Castle, Del. in 1813 and master in 1816, 1822, 1823. Withdrew to form Jefferson Lodge No. 15 on June 27, 1825 and was charter master. Due to the Morgan incident, St. John's Lodge and Jefferson Lodge both became inactive. Upon the revival of St. John's on June 27, 1848, he became master again. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Delaware, 1824–29 and served in other offices of the grand lodge line before becoming grand master. d. Jan. 27, 1873.

John H. Reagan (1818–1905) U.S. Senator and U.S. Congressman from Texas. b. Oct. 8, 1818 in Sevierville, Tenn. Attended common schools and private academies. Joined the Army and participated in the campaigns against the Cherokees. He was deputy surveyor of public lands from 1839–43; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1846, and practiced in Buffalo and Palestine, Texas. Was a member of the state house of representatives, 1847–49; judge of the district court, 1852–57. He served in the 35th and 36th U.S. congresses, 1857–61, and in 1861 was elected to the secession convention of Texas. He was deputy to the provisional congress of the Confederacy, and was appointed postmaster-general of the Confederacy in 1861, serving in that capacity until the close of the war. He was also acting secretary of the treasury of the Confederacy for a short time preceding the close of the war. In 1875 he was a member of the state constitutional convention. He was elected to the 44th–49th congresses and had been elected to the 50th, but resigned to

become U.S. senator. He served in the senate from 1887 until he resigned in 1891. He was initiated in Austin Lodge No. 12, Austin, Texas, and later affiliated with Palestine Lodge No. 31, Palestine, Texas, and served as its master. When Palestine Commandery No. 3, K.T. of Palestine, Texas was organized on June 8, 1853, the orders were conferred upon Reagan. Sam Houston was present and participated in the organization and the conferring of the orders. Reagan is recorded as having delivered an address before Washington Commandery No. 1, Washington, D.C. in 1879. d. March 6, 1905.

Alfred E. Reames (1870–1943) U.S. Senator from Oregon, Feb. 1 to Nov. 8, 1938. b. Feb. 5, 1870 in Jacksonville, Oreg. Attended U. of the Pacific (Calif.) and U. of Oregon. Graduated in law from Washington and Lee U. (Va.) in 1893, and began practice of law in Eugene, Oreg. He later practiced in Portland, Medford, and Jacksonville. He was also engaged in mining. He was appointed to the U.S. senate to fill a vacancy, and was not a candidate for reelection. Member of Warren Lodge No. 10, (Oreg.) receiving degrees on June 11, July 9, Aug. 31, 1892. d. March 4, 1943.

Ellsworth Reamon President of the Universalist Church of Americasince 1943. b. July 6, 1895 in Fort Plain, N.Y. Holds three degrees from St. Lawrence U., Canton, N.Y. Held pastorates in Minneapolis, Minn., 1921–27; Lansing, Mich., 1927–32; and Syracuse, N.Y. from 1932. Was president of the National Young People's Christian Union, 1923–26. Mason.

Frazier Reams U.S. Congressman to 82nd–83rd Congresses

from 9th Ohio dist. b. Jan. 15, 1897 in Franklin, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee in 1919 and Vanderbilt U. in 1922. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1922, and since practiced in Toledo. Has been president and director of The Community Broadcasting Co. (WTOL) since 1937, and president of the American Bank, Port Clinton, Ohio, 1947–48. Was U.S. collector of internal revenue, 1942–43, and director of public welfare of Ohio in 1945–46. Affiliated with Pyramid Lodge No. 701, Toledo, Ohio on May 10, 1926 from Lodge No. 686 of Tenn. Shriner.

Charles F. Reavis (1870–1932) U.S. Congressman to 64th–67th Congresses, 1915–22, from Nebraska. b. Sept. 5, 1870 in Falls City, Nebr. Attended Northwestern U., studied law and admitted to the bar in 1892, practicing at Falls City, Nebr. until 1924, when he moved to Lincoln. Member of Falls City Lodge No. 9 and Eureka Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. of Falls City, Nebr. Suspended in both prior to death on May 26, 1932.

Emmanuel Rebold French physician and deputy to the Grand Orient of France. He was the author of *A General History of Freemasonry*, which was translated from French to English.

Milton A. Reckord Major General and Adjutant General of Maryland. b. Dec. 28, 1879 in Harford Co., Md. He enlisted in the National Guard in 1901, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1924 and major general, Ä¢in 1934. Was in Federal service in WWI. In WWII he assumed command of the 29th Division, training at Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

He was provost marshal general of the European Theater, 1943–45; commanding general of 3rd Corps Area, and on duty in office of chief of staff, Washington, D.C. from June until Nov., 1945, when he retired from active duty. Adjutant general of Maryland since Nov., 1945. Initiated Feb. 23, 1904 in Mt. Ararat Lodge No. 44, Bel Air, Md. and suspended NPD, Jan. 4, 1944.

Anton P. Reclam (1807–1896) Famous publisher of Leipzig, Germany. His internationally known “Reclam Books” are still in print. He opened his printing plant in 1839 to bring good books at low prices to his readers. In 1867 he formed the “Universal Library.” He joined the lodge Minerva zu den Three Palmen in Leipzig and later founded the lodge Phaenig in the same city. He was active Masonically until the last days of his life.

Jean J. Elisee Reclus (1830–1905) French geographer and author of many books on travel including *The World*, and *Universal Geography*. Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917 lists him as a Freemason.

Red Jacket (1751–1830) Seneca Indian Chief. A contemporary of Joseph Brant, q.v., and after Brant’s death, the most important chief of the Six Nations. Before his elevation to chieftainship of the Wolf clan his name was Otetiani, meaning “prepared.” On his advancement he was named Sagoyewatha, or “he who keeps them awake.” He was famed as an orator and was champion of the Indian tribal customs, language, dress, and religion. He was particularly antagonistic

to missionaries and the Christian religion. Chief Brant had only contempt for Red Jacket, and named him “cow killer.” Chief Corn-planter called him a coward. In the Revolutionary War, he sided with the British who gave him a red coat, from which was derived his English name. In the War of 1812 he sided with the United States. Washington presented him with a medal. His Masonic membership has never been established, but it is thought he was an Entered Apprentice, being initiated in an army lodge—possibly British. This is the opinion held by the late Dr. Arthur C. Parker, q.v., whose grandfather, Nicholson H. Parker was a grandnephew of Red Jacket. Red Jacket owned a silver Masonic medal which passed down through his family. General Ely S. Parker, q.v., grandnephew of Red Jacket, who inherited his tribal honors as chief, also believed that his illustrious ancestor was a Freemason. d. Jan. 30, 1830 at Seneca Village, N.Y.

B. Carroll Reece U.S. Congressman to 67th–71st Congresses, 1921–31; 73rd–79th Congresses, 1933–47, and 82nd–86th Congresses, 1953–61, from 1st Tenn. dist.; chairman of the Republican National Committee, 1946–49. b. Dec. 22, 1889 in Butler, Tenn. Attended Carson and Newman Coll., New York U., and U. of London. Was instructor of economics and director of the school of commerce at New York U., 1916–20. Is chairman of board of several Tenn. banks and publisher of the Bristol (Tenn.) Herald. Served as an Infantry officer in WWI overseas; decorated with D.S.C. and D.S.M. Regent of the Smithsonian Institution. Member of Roan Creek Lodge No. 679, Butler, Tenn.; Thomas E. Matson Chapter No. 131, R.A.M., and Watauga Commandery No. 25, K.T., both of Johnson

City; 32° AASR (SJ) at Memphis, and Kerbela Shrine Temple at Knoxville.

Chauncey W. Reed (1890–1956) U.S. Congressman to 74th–84th Congresses from 14th dist. b. June 2, 1890 in West Chicago, Ill. Student at Northwestern U. and graduate of Webster Coll. of Law in 1915. Practiced law at Wheaton, 1:11. Served as sergeant in Army during WWI. Raised March 7, 1914 in Amity Lodge No. 472, West Chicago, Ill. and later a member of Euclid Lodge No. 65 at Naperville, Ill. d. Feb. 9, 1956.

Daniel A. Reed (1875–1959) U.S. Congressman to 66th–80th Congresses, 1919–48, and 82nd–85th Congresses, 1951–58, from 43rd N.Y. dist. b. Sept. 15, 1875 in Sheridan, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell U. in 1898, and began law practice at Dunkirk, N.Y. Member of Irondequoit Lodge No. 301, Dunkirk, N.Y. receiving degrees on April 18, May 2, 23, 1902. d. Feb. 19, 1959.

David A. Reed (1880–1953) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1922–35. b. Dec. 21, 1880 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1900. Served in Field Artillery as a major in WWI. Member of American Battle Monuments Commission, 1923–48. Member of Fellowship Lodge No. 679, Pittsburgh, receiving degrees on May 4, June 3, July 15, 1915. Also a Royal Arch Mason. d. Feb. 13, 1953.

Earl H. Reed (1863–1931) Artist. b. July 5, 1863 in Geneva, Ill. Exhibited in Paris and principal cities of U.S. His etchings are in the permanent collections of the Congressional Library,

Washington, D.C.; New York Public Library; Toledo Museum of Art; Detroit Museum of Art; Art Institute of Chicago; St. Louis Museum of Art. Mason. d. July 9, 1931.

Franklin H. Reed (1880–1931) Philanthropist. b. Jan. 20, 1880 in Geneva, Ind. Practiced law at Morris, Ill., 1902–05, and at Wewoka, Indian Territory (Okla.), 1905–17. After 1917 he devoted his time to personal investments, owning extensive tracts of oil producing land in Oklahoma. He was the donor of wading pools for children in many cities of Oklahoma, Kansas and Missouri. Parks named in his honor are at Tulsa, Oklahoma City, Sapulpa and Grandfield, Okla. Affiliated with Delta Lodge No. 425, Tulsa, Okla. on Dec. 18, 1917 and dimitted Oct. 9, 1924. d. Oct. 9, 1931.

Henry M. Reed (1880–1947) President and chairman of board of American Radiator and Standard Sanitary Corp. from 1930. b. Sept. 16, 1880 in Milvale, Pa. Began with Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co. in 1902 as an enamel mixer. Member of Bellevue Lodge No. 530, Bellevue, Pa., receiving degrees on Feb. 15, March 15 and April 26, 1909. 32° AASR (NJ), Shriner and Jester. d. Aug. 12, 1947.

Henry M. Reed, Jr. President of General Plywood Corp., Louisville, 1953–56; president of Show Pieces, Inc.; Satin Surfaces, Inc., and D. A. Clark Veneers, Ltd. b. Sept. 17, 1903 in Pittsburgh. Graduate of U. of Pittsburgh in 1926. Employed by the American Radiator and Standard Sanitary Corp. from 1926–53, becoming vice president and general manager of manufacturing. Mason.

James A. Reed (1861–1944) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1911–28. b. Nov. 9, 1861 on a farm near Mansfield, Ohio, moving with parents to Cedar Rapids, Iowa in 1864. Attended Coe Coll., Cedar Rapids, studied law and began practice in Cedar Rapids in 1885, moving to Kansas City, Mo. in 1887. Was mayor of Kansas City, 1900–04. Was not a candidate for reelection to senate in 1928, resuming law practice in Kansas City. He received only two degrees in Temple Lodge No. 299, Kansas City; Entered Apprentice, Dec. 11, 1909, and Fellowcraft, Dec. 20, 1910. He was prevented from advancing by objections originating in Iowa. d. Sept. 8, 1944.

James B. Reed (1881–1935) U.S. Congressman to 68th–70th Congresses, 1923–29, from 6th Ark. Dist. b. Jan. 2, 1881, near Lonoke, Ark. Was a public school teacher, prosecuting attorney, and served in state house of representatives in 1907. Raised in Lonoke Lodge No. 51, Lonoke, Ark. on July 20, 1909. Suspended NPD, Aug. 12, 1930. d. April 27, 1935.

James Frazier Reed (1800–1874) Organizer of the ill-fated Reed–Donner Party. b. Nov. 14, 1800 in Armagh, Ireland. Brought to America as a small boy, living first in Va., and in 1831 moving to Illinois. First settled at Galena but later moved to Springfield, where he became a leading citizen, merchant, furniture manufacturer and farmer. He became interested in Fremont's exploration of Calif. and joined with his neighbors, George and Jacob Donner, to form a party to migrate to Calif. They left Springfield April 15, 1846 and joined a larger party at Independence, Mo., leaving there on May 11. His party, with others, attempted a short cut across the salt desert, but

lost a full month and nearly died of thirst. Here Reed killed a desert-maddened teamster, John Snyder, in self defense. For this he was banished from the party without weapons and with very little food. His stepdaughter, Virginia, slipped out of camp at night and took his rifle to him, or otherwise he would have perished. He forged on with a Walter Herron, whom he picked up from one of the wagons which had gone ahead, and made his way through the Sierra Nevada mountains to Sutter's Fort to obtain relief for the rest of the party. By the time the Donner Party reached the mountains, the last semblance of organization was gone. They were trapped at 6,000 feet with deep snow, and half of their 80 members were dead of cold and starvation. A relief party broke through to them, and another party, headed by Reed, arrived a few days later. The Reed family first lived in Napa, but when they recovered from their ordeal, moved to San Jose in 1848, where he became an influential citizen. Reed was a member of Springfield Lodge No. 4 and Springfield Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., of Illinois. On July 11, 1850 he was one of 15 Masons of San Jose to petition the Grand Lodge of Calif. for dispensation to open a lodge in that city. However, when San Jose Lodge, U.D., received its charter four months later, he was not listed as a charter member, though a page was set aside for his name in the dues book. He did, however, become first treasurer of Howard Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. when it was organized in 1856. He remained a member of the lodge and chapter at Springfield until his death. d. July 24, 1874.

Joseph Reed (1741–1785) Revolutionary War patriot; Governor of Pennsylvania. b. Aug. 27, 1741 in Trenton, N.J.

Graduate of Princeton U. in 1757, and admitted to bar in 1763. First practiced in Trenton, N.J. Moved to Philadelphia, where he became active in Pre-Revolutionary plans. He was a member of the committee of correspondence in 1774, and was president of the 2nd Provincial congress. He was chosen lieutenant colonel of Pa. troops after the Battle of Lexington, and when Washington was appointed to command the American Army Reed became his military secretary. He was appointed adjutant general of the American Army in June, 1776, with rank of colonel, and was active in the campaign that terminated in the Battle of Long Island. In 1777 he was appointed brigadier general and tendered command of the American cavalry; about the same time he was appointed first chief justice of Pa., but declined both appointments, preferring to remain attached to Washington's headquarters as a volunteer aide without rank or pay. He served with credit at the battles of Brandywine, Germantown, and Monmouth. Was elected to the Continental congress in 1777, but continued with the army. In Dec., 1778, he was chosen president of the supreme executive council of Pa. and continued in that office for three years. This was equivalent to the governorship, at that time. He aided in the founding of the U. of Pennsylvania; favored the gradual abolition of slavery and elimination of the proprietary powers of the Penn family. In 1784 he was elected to congress, but never took his seat. Member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. d. March 5, 1785.

Marshall R. Reed Methodist Bishop. b. Sept. 15, 1891 at Onsted, Mich. Graduate of Albion (Mich.) Coll., 1914; Garrett Bibl. Inst. (111.), 1916; Northwestern U. in 1917. Ordained

to Methodist ministry in 1917 and served churches in Gains, Onaway, Detroit, and Ypsilanti, Mich. until 1948, when he was elected bishop and assigned to the Detroit area. Member of Ionic Lodge No. 474, Detroit; Redford Chapter No. 176, R.A.M., Redford, Mich.; and Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T., Detroit.

Philip Reed (1760?–1829) Officer of American Revolution and War of 1812; U.S. Congressman and U.S. Senator from Maryland. b. about 1760 in Kent Co., Md., he served as a captain in the Revolution. A U.S. senator from Md. from 1906–13. As a colonel of militia, he defeated the British at Moorefields, Md. on Aug. 30, 1814. Was U.S. congressman from Md. from 1817–19 and 1822–23. Was a member of Lodge No. 2, Chestertown, Md., and at one time served as its junior warden. d. Nov. 2, 1829.

Robert R. Reed (1855–1923) Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana in 1923. b. March 12, 1855 in Madison Co., Miss. Attended V.M.I. at Lexington, Va. Admitted to bar in 1877, and practiced at Amite, La. the remainder of his life. Reed served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana, grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., and grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Louisiana. He was in office as supreme court justice only 14 days when he died, Jan. 14, 1923.

Stanley F. Reed Justice, U.S. Supreme Court from 1938. b. Dec. 31, 1884 in Mason Co., Ky. Graduate of Kentucky Wesleyan Coll. in 1902 and Yale U., 1906. Admitted to bar in

1910, and he began practice at Maysville, Ky. From 1933–38 he was solicitor general of the U.S. Served as first lieut. in WWI. Member of Maysville Lodge No. 52, Maysville, Ky., and was present in Washington, D.C. on Dec. 16, 1941, when General George C. Marshall, q.v., was raised.

Stuart F. Reed (1866–1935) U.S. Congressman, 65th–68th Congresses, 1917–25, from 3rd W. Va. dist. b. Jan. 8, 1866 in Barbour Co., W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1889 and Ph.D. from Salem Coll. in 1911. Editor the Telegram at Clarksburg, W. Va. from 1890–98. Founder and editor of the Athenaeum, a college journal, in 1889. Postmaster of Clarksburg, 1897–1901, and member of state senate, 1895–99. Member of Hermon Lodge No. 6, Clarksburg, W. Va. as early as 1894. Suspended NPD in Aug., 1933 and records do not indicate a reinstatement. Was a past commander and Shriner. d. July 4, 1935.

Thomas B. Reed (1787–1829) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1826–27 and 1829. b. May 7, 1787 near Lexington, Ky. Attended Princeton, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1808, first practicing at Lexington, Ky., but moving to Natchez, Miss, in 1809. From 1821–26 he was attorney general of Miss. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 2, Natchez, Miss. d. Nov. 26, 1829 in Lexington, Ky., while on his way to Washington, D.C.

Edward H. Rees U.S. Congressman to 75th through 86th Congresses, 1937–60, from 4th Kansas dist. b. June, 1886 in Emporia, Kans. Was a school teacher from 1909–11;

court clerk, 1912–18; admitted to bar in 1915. Member of lower house, Kansas, 1925–31, and of state senate 1933–35. Member of Emporia Lodge No. 12 and Emporia Chapter No. 12. R.A.M., both of Emporia, Kans. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1957. Shriner.

William H. Rees (1882–1952) Chief Justice, Kentucky Court of Appeals, 1933–35; 1941–42; 1945–47. b. Aug. 30, 1882 in Maysville, Ky. Graduate of Kentucky Wesleyan Coll., Vanderbilt U., and U. of Virginia. Began law practice in Maysville, Ky. in 1908. Served on Kentucky court of appeals from 1926 until his retirement in 1951. Mason. d. Aug. 2, 1952.

Edwin B. Reeser (1873–) Former president of Barnsdall Oil Co. b. July 15, 1873 in New Ringgold, Pa. Also former president of American Petroleum Institute. Received degrees in Fellowship Lodge No. 679 of Pa. on Sept. 11, Oct. 9, Nov. 13, 1894 and affiliated with Phoenix Lodge No. 73, Sisterville, W. Va. and later with Rock Lodge No. 513, Tulsa, Okla.

Albert L. Reeves Federal Judge District of Western Missouri from 1923. b. Dec. 21, 1873 in Steelville, Mo. and graduate of Steelville Coll. in 1895. Admitted to bar in 1899 and practiced at Steelville. Member of state house of representatives, 1901–02; commissioner of supreme court of Mo., 1921–23. Member of Lebanon Lodge No. 77, receiving degrees on Jan. 18, Feb. 18, March 15, 1897. Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Dr. Regalado A Catholic priest of Puerto Planta, Dominican

Republic (then Santo Domingo), who was a Freemason and 33° AASR. When the Spanish authorities persecuted Freemasonry, the brethren met in caves near Trujillo, in one of which Tomas Bobadilla y Briones received the degrees. Later, Dr. Regalado was founder of the grand lodge and was grand commander of the supreme council.

Kenneth M. Regan U.S. Congressman to 80th Congress, 1947–49, from 16th Texas dist. b. March 6, 1893 in Mount Morris, Ill. In real estate and oil business in Texas since 1920. Served in state senate, 1933–37. Served in both WWI and WWII. Mason and Shriner.

Robert S. Regar (1882–1955) Postal official. b. Jan. 15, 1882 in Swartzville, Pa. Graduate of Georgetown U. in 1912 and admitted to D.C. bar. With post office department from 1918. Third assistant postmaster general, 1925–29, and administrative assistant to postmaster general, 1929–33. Later superintendent of office procedure. Knight Templar, Shriner, 33° AASR (SJ). Grand master of Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1935; potentate of Almas Shrine Temple in 1930. Member of Red Cross of Constantine and Grotto. His lodge was The New Jerusalem No. 9 of Washington, D.C. d. Oct. 21, 1955.

Sam N. Regenstreif Vice President Philco Corp. (manufacturing appliance division) and President and director of Rex Manufacturing Co. b. in Vienna, Austria. Was consulting management engineer, specializing in management policies of numerous policies of numerous corporations, Indianapolis,

1931–39. Member of Warren Lodge No. 15, Connersville, Ind., receiving degrees on Sept. 9, Oct. 21, 28, 1948.

Due de Reggio (see under Oudinot).

M. Reghellini (circa 1780–1855) A Masonic writer, born of Venetian parents, on the Island of Scio. He is therefore usually styled Reghellini de Scio. Outside of his Masonic writings, little is known of him. He settled in Brussels. In 1834 he published *Examination of Mosaicism and of Christianity*, and his opinions in this are considered quite unorthodox. His first book on Freemasonry, entitled *Spirit of the Dogma of Freemasonry, Studies on Its Origin and Theses of Its Various Rites*, was published in 1826. This was followed in 1833 by *Freemasonry Considered as the Result of Egyptian, Jewish, and Christian Religions*. Here he attempts to trace Freemasonry and the Mosaic religion to the religion of early Egypt. From 1822–29 he edited *Literary and Historical Chronological Record of Freemasonry in the Low Countries*. He was reduced to penury, and in Aug., 1855, entered a poor house at Brussels, where he died shortly thereafter.

George S. Register Federal Judge, District of North Dakota from 1955. b. Nov. 27, 1901 in Bismarck, N. Dak. Graduate of Jamestown Coll. in 1923 and U. of Michigan in 1926. Admitted to bar in 1928, practicing at Bismarck. Served as states attorney general and special assistant attorney general. Member of Bismarck Lodge No. 5, receiving degrees on Feb. 29, April 4, May 2, 1932; 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Claude Ambroise Regnier (1746–1814) Duc de Massa. A French statesman. He was a member of the States General in 1789 and was appointed counselor of the state by Napoleon. In 1802–03 he was minister of justice. Was a grand officer of the Supreme Council, of France.

Frank H. Reichel Business executive. b. Jan. 30, 1897 in Saegertown, Pa. Graduate of Allegheny Coll. in 1915 and 1916; Harvard, 1917; U. of Geneva, Switzerland in 1921. A research chemist, he was with Sylvania Industrial Corp., Fredericksburg, Va., from 1922 and president of same, 1938–46. In 1946 was president and chairman of American Viscose Corp. Presently chairman of board of Ketchikan Pulp Co., director of Chemstrand Corp., National Bank of Philadelphia, Provident Mutual Life Ins. Co., Baltimore & Eastern R.R., and trustee of Allegheny Coll. Mason.

Albert T. Reid (1873–1955) Publisher, writer, artist. b. Aug. 12, 1873 in Concordia, Kans. Studied at U. of Kansas and New York School of Art. Was artist for Kansas City Star, 1897–99; with Chicago Record, 1899, the New York Herald, Judge, McClure's, Saturday Evening Post, American and other magazines between 1900–15. He founded and published the Leavenworth (Kans.) Post, 1905–23; was president of Standard Farm Papers Assn., 1914–15; president and publisher of Kansas Farmer, Topeka, 1908–16; owner of the Albert T. Reid Syndicate from 1919. He painted murals on "romance of the mail" for post offices in Sabetha and Olathe, Kans. and Sulphur, Okla. Painted Coronado Entrada for the Coronado Quarto-Centennial in 1941; Meeting of the Two

Great Emancipators, Vincennes (Ind.); Custer Rides From Ft. Hays; Pawnee Rock Indian Attack; and others. Awarded San Francisco Expedition and George Washington bi-centennial medals; cited by Kansas State Historical Society; received grand prize for mural at San Francisco Exposition. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ). d. Nov. 26, 1955.

Charles S. Reid (1897–1947) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Georgia, 1938–43. b. Sept. 25, 1897 in Blairsville, Ga. Was bank teller and cashier from 1917–22, when he was admitted to the bar and practiced at Gainesville, Ga. Served in WWII as colonel, U.S. Army, was chief of property control branch of the military government in Germany, and chairman of the advisory board to I.G. Farbenindustrie. Received all three degrees in Sept., 1919 in Allegheny Lodge No. 114, Blairsville, Ga. Dimitted June 6, 1922 to Gainesville Lodge No. 219, Gainesville, Ga. and again dimitted in 1935 and affiliated with W. D. Luckie Lodge No. 89, Atlanta on May 3, 1940. Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Nov. 7, 1947.

Edward C. Reid (1900–1958) President and Director of American Writing Paper Corp. since 1952. b. Nov. 12, 1900 in N.Y.C. Graduate of New York U. in 1923. Was in purchasing departments of American Chicle Co. and Snider Packing Corp. until 1937, when he became associated with the American Writing Paper Corp. Trustee of Mechanic Savings Bank since 1948. Member of Stuyvesant Lodge No. 745, N.Y.C. from 1921. d. Nov. 11, 1958.

Frank R. Reid (1879–1945) U.S. Congressman to 68th–73rd

Congresses, 1923–35, from 11th Ill. dist. b. April 19, 1879 at Aurora, Ill. Admitted to Ill. bar in 1901, and served as county attorney, state's attorney, and assistant U.S. attorney. Member of state lower house, 1911–12. He resigned his seat in congress in Jan., 1934, to resume practice of law. He was counsel for General William Mitchell in the famous court martial proceedings. Raised Dec. 7, 1910 in Aurora Lodge No. 254, Aurora, Ill. d. Jan. 25, 1945.

Ogden M. Reid (1882–1947) Editor of the New York Herald Tribune, 1913–47. b. May 16, 1882 in N.Y.C. Graduate of Yale U. in 1904 and 1907. He first worked in a law office, was admitted to the bar in 1908, and began work on the Tribune in the summer of that year. In a short five years he worked his way up to the position of editor. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. Jan. 3, 1947.

Robert R. Reid (1789–1841) Governor of Florida, 1839–41; U.S. Congressman, 1819–23. b. Sept. 8, 1789 in Prince William Parish, S. Car. Moved to Georgia in early years, where he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practiced. He served two terms as a judge of the state superior court and was elected to congress from Georgia. He was mayor of Augusta in 1832. He was appointed judge of the superior court for the Eastern district of Florida, and while holding this office was a member of the convention that formed a state constitution of which body he was also president. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 12, St. Augustine, Fla. d. near Tallahassee on July 1, 1841.

Charles G. Reigner Author and publisher. b. Nov. 14, 1888

in Pottstown, Pa. Graduate of U. of Pittsburgh in 1915, and student at Princeton U. and U. of Pennsylvania. Began as a teacher in Pa. He became editor of the H. M. Rowe Co. of Baltimore in 1919, and has been president since 1926. He is often called "Mr. Business Education" and has written more than 35 textbooks, particularly in the field of business education. These are sold by the H. M. Rowe Co. As a philanthropist, he is the donor of The Charles G. Reigner Collection, Library Union Theol. Seminary at Richmond, Va.; The Charles G. Reigner Educational heading Room at Princeton Theol. Seminary; The Charles G. Reigner Doctors Library and the Charles G. Reigner Record Library at West Baltimore General Hospital. Past master of Concordia Lodge No. 13, Baltimore. Past high priest of Jerusalem Chapter No. 9, R.A.M.; Past commander of Beauseant Commandery No. 9, K.T.; 33° AASR (SJ); past master of Kadosh, Chesapeake Consistory; Boumi Shrine Temple; Baltimore Court 82, R.O.J., all of Baltimore. Blue Friar; fellow of Grand College of Rites and the Philalethes Society.

Eugen G. Reinarts Brigadier General, U.S. Army; psychiatrist. b. Dec. 27, 1889 in East Liverpool, Ohio. M.D. degree from Medico-Chirurgical Coll., Philadelphia, in 1916. Commissioned first lieut., Medical Corps in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1942. Was commandant of the School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Texas, 1941-46. Now retired from service, is in practice of psychiatry, and since 1948 has been chief medical officer and chief psychiatrist of department of corrections, Calif. Mason.

Frederick G. Reincke Major General. b. Nov. 1, 1899 in Winsted, Conn. Enlisted as a private in Conn. Home Guard in 1917, and advanced through grades to major general, U.S. Army, in 1948. In WWII he served in Solomon Islands and New Georgia. Since 1948 he has been adjutant general of Conn., police commissioner of Wethersfield, and Sheriff of Hartford Co. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 4, Hartford, receiving degrees April 2, 16, May 28, 1930. Member of Pythagoras Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., Wolcott Council No. 1, R. & S.M., Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., all of Hartford. 32° AASR (NJ) at Norwich; Sphinx Shrine Temple, Court No. 141 of Jesters, and National Sojourners.

Bartel H. Reinheimer (1889–1949) Protestant Episcopal Bishop, diocese of Rochester, N.Y., from 1938. b. April 6, 1889 at Sandusky, Ohio. Graduate of Kenyon Coll. (Ohio) in 1911, Bexley Hall Divinity School, 1914. Ordained deacon in 1914 and priest in 1915. Served churches in Shelby and Dayton, Ohio, 1914–21. Executive secretary and archdeacon Southern Ohio, 1921–31, and national secretary of field department of P.E. Church, 1931–36. Became bishop coadjutor, Diocese of Rochester, N.Y. in 1936, and bishop in 1938. Member of Mystic Lodge No. 405, Dayton, Ohio. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Valley of Rochester (N.Y.) in 1939 and made 33° on Sept. 25, 1946. Knight Templar. d. Nov. 12, 1949.

Karl L. Reinhold (1758–1823) German philosopher and Masonic author. b. in Vienna, he was associated with Wieland, his father-in-law, in the editorship of the German Mercury. He later became a professor of philosophy at Kiel, and published

Letters on the Philosophy of Kant. He published at Leipsic, in 1788, under the name of Decius, two lectures entitled The Hebrew Mysteries, or the Oldest Religious Freemasonry. Here he projected the idea that Moses derived his system from the Egyptian religion. In 1809 he published An Address on the Design of Freemasonry, and another in 1820 on the opening of a lodge at Kiel. He died in 1823, and five years later his son published a volume on his life.

Rufus O. Renfrew (1872–1950) Investments. One of the original organizers of Oklahoma Masonic Charity Foundation and member of its board of directors until his death. b. July 6, 1872 at Mirabile, Mo. Sovereign grand inspector general of AASR in Okla. Received degrees in 1901 in Alva Lodge No. 105, Alva, Okla. and affiliated with Woodward Lodge No. 189, Dec. 5, 1912. d. March 21, 1950.

Hiram R. Revels (1827–1901) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1870–71. A Prince Hall Freemason, he is the first and only U.S. senator of the Negro race ever elected to date. b. Sept. 27, 1827 in Fayetteville, N. Car. Graduate of Knox Coll. (Ill.), and ordained minister of the African Methodist Episcopal Church at Baltimore, Md. in 1845. Lectured to his people in the mid-west and south, and for a time taught school in St. Louis. Accepted a pastorate in Baltimore, Md., and at the outbreak of the Civil War, assisted in the organization of the first two colored regiments in Md. Served in Civil War as chaplain of a colored regiment. Settled in Natchez, Miss. in 1866; alderman of that city in 1868; and member of state senate in 1870. On the readmission of Miss. to representation, he was elected to

the U.S. Senate. Was secretary of state ad interim of Miss. in 1873. A Prince Hall Freemason, he served as grand chaplain of the Prince Hall Grand Lodge of Ohio. d. Jan. 16, 1901.

Joseph Warren Revere (1812–1880) Brigadier General, and grandson of Paul Revere, q.v., and Joseph Warren, q.v. b. May 17, 1812 in Boston. He was made a midshipman in the U.S. Navy in April, 1828, and a lieutenant in 1841. He took part in the Mexican War, and in 1850 resigned from the service and entered the Mexican army. For saving the lives of several Spaniards, he was knighted by Queen Isabella of Spain. He served in the conquest of Calif., 1846–48, and was given the honor raising the American flag at Sonoma; remained in command of the army in the Northern district of Calif. for several months. He was sent to Fort Sutter to repel the invasion of Walla Walla Chief Yellow Serpent and succeeded in settling with the chief personally, thus preventing the invasion. He was made colonel of the 7th regiment, N.J. volunteers, in 1861, and promoted to brigadier general, U.S. volunteers, in Oct., 1862. He led a brigade at Fredericksburg and was then transferred to the command of the Excelsior brigade of the 2nd Division. 1863 he was tried by courtmartial after the engagement, fell under the censure of his superior officer for a withdrawal without orders. In May, 1863 he was tried by courtmartial and dismissed from the service. He defended his conduct with great earnestness, and Lincoln revoked the order, accepting his resignation from the service. Member of St. John's Lodge, Boston. d. April 20, 1880.

Paul Revere (1735–1818) Metal-smith and Revolutionary

patriot. b. Jan. 1, 1735 in Boston, the son of a French Huguenot refugee and silversmith. His father died when Paul was 19, but he had already learned the trade as an apprentice and continued his father's business. Served in French and Indian Wars as a lieutenant of artillery. In 1776 when the British evacuated Boston, he joined a regiment of artillery raised to protect that city. He took part in the famous Boston Tea Party of 1773, which seemed to have been promulgated by his own lodge, St. Andrews of Boston. He was appointed official courier for the Mass. Provincial Assembly in 1774, and on April 18, 1775 made his famous ride from Boston to Lexington, to warn the countryside that the British were on the march. His ride was immortalized by Longfellow in his poem, *The Midnight Ride of Paul Revere*. As a cartoonist and pamphleteer, his series of political cartoons, printed from plates etched on copper, did much to hasten the final break with England. In 1778 he was in command of the forts in Boston harbor as a lieutenant colonel of artillery, when, ill-advisedly, he accepted a command and a responsible place in the disastrous expedition to the Penobscot. This defeat deprived him of any glory as a military leader, but as a cannon founder and powder manufacturer he continued to perform invaluable service to the colonies. He was the first to roll sheet copper in America, and he contracted for and furnished the bolts, spikes, pumps, sheathing, and anchors for U.S.S. *Constitution*. and other vessels. At times he did fine sliver work and engraving, among other things, making seals and jewels for several Masonic lodges. He designed and printed the first Continental bills; designed and engraved the first official seal for the colonies, and the state seal for Mass.

He made a denture for his friend, Joseph Warren, q.v., grand master of Mass., who was killed at Bunker Hill, and this very metal work was the key to positive identification of the body when it was recovered a year later and reburied. Revere was raised in St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, Sept. 24, 1760, becoming secretary of the lodge in 1769, and master in 1770, succeeding Joseph Warren in that office. He served as master again from 1777–79, and from 1780–82. This lodge met at the “Green Dragon Tavern” and plans for the famous tea party were undoubtedly made in this lodge. In 1783 he was a founding member of Rising States Lodge, and was its first master. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts from 1794–97. A Royal Arch Mason, he received the degrees, Dec. 11, 1769, in St. Andrews Royal Arch Chapter. In 1795, as grand master, he laid the cornerstone of the State House in Boston. Many lodges have charters or certificates signed by Revere while he was grand master. The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts has an urn designed by him, in which is a lock of Washington’s hair, secured by Revere for this purpose from Mrs. Washington. d. May 10, 1818 at Boston.

Robert Rexdale (1859–1929) Author and lecturer. b. March 26, 1859. Educated in Portland, Maine, learned printer’s trade, and was assistant editor of the Portland Sunday Times, 1885–92. Became a traveling lecturer and moved to Peoria, Ill. in 1893. Was with the Daily Times, Davenport, Ia., 1918–26, and editor of Geneseo (Ill.) Republican from 1926. Was author of *Drifting*; *Rhymes*; *The Book of Bohemia*; *Quest of a Master Mason*; *Daughters of Mokanna*; *At Low Twelve*; *To Our Absent Brothers* and many others. Raised July 9, 1908 in Rock Island

Lodge No. 658, Rock Island, Ill. d. Oct. 28, 1929.

Chester A. Reynolds (1887–1958) Founder of Cowboy Hall of Fame, Oklahoma City, Okla.; business executive. b. Aug. 7, 1887 in Fostoria, Ohio. Was a retail clerk, 1905–10; proprietor of a general store, 1910–15. In 1915 he was employed as a salesman by the H. D. Lee Co., manufacturers of unionalls. He successively became sales manager, branch manager, general sales manager, assistant treasurer, assistant secretary, vice president in 1942, and chairman of the board in 1952, retiring in 1955. He founded the Cowboy Hall of Fame and Museum in 1955, after his retirement. For him the project was a memorial to America's frontier heritage. He, himself, had a brief career as a young cowboy, when he homesteaded a farm in Hugo, Colo. Member of McCracken Lodge No. 58, McCracken, Kansas, Knight Templar, and member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, Mo. d. Dec. 11, 1958.

Frank B. Reynolds (1874–1922) Justice, Supreme Court of Montana from 1921. b. Jan. 20, 1874 in Quincy, Mich. Graduate U. of Michigan, 1895, and practiced law at Coldwater, Mich., with his father. Moved to Billings, Mont. in 1909, where he practiced law, was city attorney and probate judge. Original lodge not known, but undoubtedly in Mich. Affiliated with Ashlar Lodge No. 29, Billings, Mont. on Oct. 7, 1909 and was in good standing until his death on May 19, 1922.

George D. Reynolds (1841–1921) Federal Judge, Eastern District of Missouri, 1889–93. b. Dec. 16, 1841 in Gettysburg, Pa. Graduate of Illinois State U. in 1861 and 1866. Served in

Civil War with 2nd Ill. Light Artillery as private and rose to lieutenant colonel. Admitted to the bar at Hannibal, Mo. in 1867; moved to St. Louis in 1871; to Colorado in 1874, and back to St. Louis in 1877. He was the author of amendment to U.S. statutes under which the La. lottery was excluded from the mails; also that part of the section of U.S. laws which excluded from naturalization persons believing in or practicing polygamy. Original lodge not known, but affiliated with Potosi Lodge No. 131 on Dec. 3, 1870 and on Aug. 19, 1873 affiliated with Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis. d. March 18, 1821.

Joseph G. Reynolds, Jr. Artist in stained glass. b. April 9, 1886 in Wick-ford, R.I. Studied in Rhode Island School of Design; also in England, France, Italy, and Spain. Was designer of stained glass windows from 1907–20, and since 1921, with partnership of Reynolds, Francis & Rohn-stock, Inc. Has been president of the corporation since 1948. Among his principal works are Princeton U. chapel; St. Bartholomew's Church, N.Y.C.; Riverside Church, N.Y.C.; Cathedral St. John the Divine, N.Y.C.; East Liberty Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh; Presybterian Church, Glens Falls, N.Y.; and numerous others. Is co-author of the apse windows and Declaration-Constitution window of National Episcopal Cathedral, Washington, D.C. Awarded many national awards. Mason.

Marshall S. Reynolds Second Grand Equerry, Supreme Council, 33°, AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Wyoming. A lawyer, he has served as county attorney, a member of the Wyoming legislature, state collector

of Internal Revenue, and four terms as U.S. Commissioner. Received his 32° in 1914, and KCCH in 1923. Received 33° in 1929, appointed deputy in Wyoming in 1933, and crowned an active member in 1952. He was successively grand sword bearer, grand standard bearer, and appointed to his present office in 1957.

Samuel W. Reynolds U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1954 to fill interim term. b. Aug. 11, 1890 in Omaha, Nebr. President of Reynolds–Uptdike Coal Co., Omaha, since 1924. Is di-rec-tor of C.G.W. R.R., American Reserve Life Ins. Co., Nebraska Savings & Loan Assn., and Metz Brewing Co. Was seven times Nebraska amateur golf champion. Is Governor of Central States Shrine Hospital for Crippled Children. Served with Air Corps in WWI, and as a colonel in the Army Specialist Corps in WWII. Received Freedom Foundation award for direction of the 1952 Missouri River flood fight. Member and past master of George W. Lininger Lodge No. 268, Omaha; 32° and KCCH, AASR (SJ); National Sojourner; and past potentate of Tangier Shrine Temple, Omaha.

Thomas Reynolds (1796–1844) Governor of Missouri, 1840–44. b. March 12, 1796 in Bracken Co., Ky. He was admitted to the Kentucky bar; about 1818 moved to Illinois, where he took an active part in politics. He became clerk of the Illinois house of representatives, speaker of the same, attorney general, and finally justice of the supreme court. In 1826 he moved to Mo., locating at Fayette. He represented Howard Co. in the state legislature, and became speaker of the house. He was then appointed circuit judge, and was

elected governor in 1840. He was initiated Nov. 7, 1818 in the historic Western Star Lodge No. 107 of Kaskaskia, Ill., at that time the westernmost lodge in the U.S. He was passed, Dec. 5, 1818, at which meeting Shadrach Bond, q.v. (later to be governor of Ill.), was elected master. Reynolds was raised Dec. 23, and four days later elected secretary. Both Reynolds and Bond from Western Star were present at the convention held Dec. 9, 1822 to organize the Grand Lodge of Illinois. Reynolds was named to formulate a constitution at that time. On Dec. 6–9, 1824 he was again at grand lodge and was named to examine the books of the grand secretary. He was also acting grand senior deacon and was elected grand sword bearer at this communication. He was also present at grand lodge, Dec. 3, 1826, Dec. 20, 1826, and Jan. 1, 1827. At the latter meeting it appears that he was installed as deputy grand master of the grand lodge. In June, 1828, as deputy grand master, he constituted Western Star Lodge as a subordinate lodge of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, it having given up its Pa. charter. At this same time he installed Shadrach Bond as master, and Reynolds was elected secretary. Shortly thereafter he moved to Mo., where on May 2, 1833 he was a petitioner for a lodge at Fayette. The loss of early records makes it impossible to find if he was a member at the time of his death. He shot himself, Feb. 9, 1844, while still governor.

William Reynolds (1815–1879) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Dec. 18, 1815 in Lancaster, Pa. Appointed midshipman in 1831, lieutenant in 1841, and placed on retired list in 1851. He was then assigned to duty in the Sandwich Islands (Hawaii), where he was instrumental in effecting a treaty of

reciprocity. He returned to active service in 1861; was made commander in 1862 with the charge of the naval forces at Port Royal. Became captain in 1866 and commodore in 1870. He served as chief of bureau and acting secretary of the Navy in 1873, and was made rear admiral that year. Retired in 1877 because of ill health. His last service was in command of the U.S. naval forces on the Asiatic station. He was a member of Lodge No. 325, Gibraltar, and was buried on Nov. 8, 1879 by Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa. d. Nov. 5, 1879.

Count Adam Rgevusky Grand Master of the Russian Grand Lodge Astrea in 1820, following Count Mussin-Pushkin-Bruce, q.v. His deputy grand master was Prince Alexander Lobanov-Rostovsky, who was an honorary member of several Polish lodges in Warsaw and Cracow.

Frank A. Rhea Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Idaho, 1942–57. b. Sept. 26, 1887 in Dixon, Mo. Graduate of St. Stephen's Coll. and Berkeley Divinity School (Conn.). From 1915–18 he was a missionary to the Dakota Indians at Sisseton, S. Dak. During WWI he was a civilian chaplain at army camps. He then served churches at Gulf, Beaumont, Texas, and Boise, Idaho. In 1942 he became bishop of the missionary district of Idaho, retiring in 1957. He then spent a year in New York and several months in Colombia, S.A., as a missionary. Now lives in Seattle, Wash. Received his degrees in Arlington Lodge No. 346, Dixon, Mo. in 1911, when his father was master. Now a member of Boise Lodge No. 2, Boise, Idaho. Member of Boise Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Boise Commandery No. 1, K.T., and 33° AASR (SJ) at Boise. Served as grand prelate of

the Grand Commandery of Idaho and held various offices in the Boise Consistory. Member of El Korah Shrine Temple and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

James E. Rheim President of Rohr Aircraft Corp., Chula Vista, Calif. b. Nov. 23, 1911 in Butte, Mont. With Anaconda Copper Co. at Butte from 1932–34, and Ryan Aero. Co., San Diego, Calif., 1934–40. Became executive vice president of the Rohr Aircraft Corp. in 1940, and president of same since 1956. Raised Nov. 22, 1936 in Blackmer Lodge No. 442 of San Diego, Calif.

Cecil J. Rhodes (1853–1902) British administrator, financier, and philanthropist. b. July 5, 1853 in Hertfordshire, England. He was sent to Natal for his health in 1870. He moved to the Orange Free State on the discovery of diamonds there, and worked a prosperous claim with his brother. He acquired a fortune in the Kimberley diamond fields. He entered the Cape House of Assembly in 1881; was energetic in establishing cordial relations between the British and the Dutch and in bringing about the annexation of Bechuanaland in 1884. The territory north of Bechuanaland, obtained by Rhodes from the Matabele tribe, was named Rhodesia in his honor, and he was made sole manager of the company incorporated with the rights of sovereignty over it. He amalgamated the diamond mines about Kimberley under the name of the De Beers Consolidated Mines, in 1888. Was prime minister of Cape Colony, 1890–96, and advanced the project for a Cape-to-Cairo R.R. He aimed for the establishment of a federal South African dominion under the British flag. He ran

into trouble when he plotted the overthrow of the South African Republic by encouraging the Uitlanders in Transvaal to armed insurrection, and was forced to resign the premiership in 1896. He then devoted himself to the development of Rhodesia, established permanent peace with the Matabeles, and reentered Parliament in 1898. During the Boer War he was besieged at Kimberley. In his will, he left ≈Å6,000,– 000 to public service, and endowed 170 Oxford scholarships for the education of youths from Great Britain, the United States, and Germany. He was raised in Apollo University Lodge No. 357 at Oxford, England, April 17, 1877, and was a member of Prince Rose Croix No. 30, AASR at Oxford. His name appears on the charter of Bulawayo Lodge No. 2566, Rhodesia, in 1895. He gave the site on which the latter lodge built a temple. d. March 26, 1902.

John J. Rhodes U.S. Congressman 83rd–86th Congresses from 1st Arizona dist. b. Sept. 18, 1916 in Council Grove, Kans. Graduate of Kansas State Coll. in 1938 and law degree from Harvard U., 1941. Admitted to Kansas bar in 1942 and Arizona in 1945. Practiced law at Mesa, Ariz. from 1946 until elected to congress. Served in Army in WWII. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 20, Mesa, Arizona since 1950; 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Von Ribbentrop (See under Von)

Benjamin F. Rice (1828–1905) U.S. Senator from Arkansas, 1868–73. b. May 26, 1828 in Cattaraugus Co., N.Y. Admitted to bar and first practiced in Irvine, Ky., where he was a

member of the lower house in 1855–56. He moved to Minn. in 1860, and during the Civil War served in the Union Army as a captain. He moved to Little Rock, Ark. in 1864, and resumed the practice of law. Here he was active in organizing the Republican party. Upon the readmission of Arkansas to representation he was elected to the U.S. senate. After his senatorial term, he resumed law practice in Ark., but because of ill health moved to Colorado in 1875, and to Washington, D.C. in 1882, where he resumed law practice until his death. Member of Hyperian Lodge No. 48, Long View, Ark. d. Jan. 19, 1905.

Daniel Rice Showman and circus clown. b. in New York City in 1822. His name was originally McLaren, but he changed it to Rice after removing to Pittsburgh, Pa. and becoming an acrobat. He traveled through the west and southwest and acquired his own circus, which his rivals called the “one-horse show.” He soon gathered a large company, and enhanced his reputation by munificent gifts to charity and public monuments. During the Civil War he promoted recruitment by delivering patriotic speeches in conjunction with his act. He met with financial disaster, and performed under the management of others until intemperate habits interfered with his engagements. Having reformed, he occasionally lectured on temperance. He resided in Cincinnati and subsequently in Texas, where he became a large landowner. Received his degrees in Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. on Feb. 24, March 10, 1851. Dimitted May 9, 1853. Deceased.

Edmund Rice (1819–1889) U.S. Congressman from

Minnesota, 1887–89. b. Feb. 14, 1819 in Waitsfield, Vt., a brother of Henry M. Rice, q.v. Admitted to the bar in 1842, and began law practice in Kalamazoo, Mich. Served in Mexican War in 1847 as first lieutenant of Mich. volunteers. Moved to St. Paul, Minn. in July, 1849, where he was clerk of the supreme court, member of the territorial house of representatives in 1851, and practiced law until 1856. He served in the Minn. state senate in 1864–66 and 1874–76. Was president of the Minnesota & Pacific RR, 1857–63, and St. Paul & Pacific RR, 1863–72. Also president of St. Paul & Chicago RR, 1863–77. He was mayor of St. Paul from 1881–83 and 1885–87. Member of Cataract Lodge No. 2, Minneapolis, Minn. d. July 11, 1889.

Henry M. Rice (1817–1894) First U.S. Senator from Minnesota, and largely responsible for bringing that state into the Union. b. Nov. 29, 1817 in Waitsfield, Vt., a brother of Edmund Rice, q.v. Attended common schools of Detroit and Kalamazoo, Mich. Resided in the territories of Iowa and Wisconsin before moving to the Territory of Minnesota in 1839. He was post sutler for the U.S. Army at Fort Atkinson, and later engaged in the fur business. He settled in St. Paul in 1848. He negotiated a treaty with the Winnebago and Chippewa Indians in 1847, and through his personal influence, secured the consent of the objecting Sioux to confirmation of the treaty of 1851, which opened large parts of Minn. to white settlers. He was U.S. congressman to the 33rd and 34th congresses, 1853–59. Upon admittance of Minn. as a state, he was elected U.S. senator. He was U.S. commissioner in the making of several Indian treaties in 1887 and 1888.

Made a Freemason June 4, 1851 in St. Paul Lodge No. 3 (then U.D.), St. Paul, Minn. d. Jan. 15, 1894. His statue is in the Hall of Fame of the U.S. Capitol, Washington, D.C.

John K. Rice Major General, U.S. Army. b. May 16, 1896 in Leominster, Mass. Educated at Shattuck School (Minn.), U. of Michigan, and U. of Minnesota. Began in Minn. national guard in 1916, and commissioned 2nd lieutenant, Infantry, U.S. Army in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1943 and retiring as major general. Served overseas in WWI, 1919–22. Assistant division commander of 35th Division, and also 78th Division in 1943. Saw overseas combat duty in France, Belgium, and Germany, 1944–45. Commander of Camp McCoy, Wis. and War Dept. personnel center in 1945–46. Assistant division commander of 12th Infantry (Philippine Scouts) in Luzon, 1946–47; assistant division commander of the 6th Division in Korea, 1947–48; and with office of chief of staff, U.S. Army, Washington, D.C., after 1948. Mason, Shriner; in 1948–49 was national commander of the National Sojourners.

Robert F. Rich U.S. Congressman to 71st–77th Congresses, 1930–43, 79th–81st Congresses, 1944–51, from 45th Pa. dist. b. June 23, 1883 in Woolrich, Pa. Graduate of Mercersburg Acad. in 1902. Was vice president, treasurer, and general manager of the Woolrich (Pa.) Woolen Mills, and president of State Bank of Avis (Pa.). Also a director of several other companies. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 199, Lock Haven, Pa., receiving degrees on March 20, May 25, July 20, 1906 and master in 1919. 33° AASR (NJ).

Charles L. Richards (1877–1953) U.S. Congressman to 68th Congress, 1923–25, from Nevada. b. Oct 3, 1877 in Austin, Nev. Graduate of Stanford U. in 1901, and began law practice at Tonopah, Nev. that year. Served as district attorney, and was a member of the Nevada lower house in 1919. Moved to Reno in 1919. Mason. d. Dec. 22, 1953.

DeForest Richards (1846–1903) Governor of Wyoming, 1898. b. Aug. 6, 1846 in Charlestown, N.H. Attended Kimball Union Acad. (N.H.) and Phillips Andover Acad. Member of the Alabama legislature in 1868, and sheriff of Wilcox Co., Ala. 1868–71; in business in Camden, Ala. until 1885, when he moved to western Nebr. He was president of the 1st National Bank of Douglas, Wyo. from 1886. Member of the Wyoming constitutional convention of 1890, and state senator in 1893. Received degrees in Dale Lodge No. 24, Camden, Ala. in 1871, and was master of same 1883–85. He helped establish Samaritan Lodge No. 158 of Chadron, Nebr. Became member of Ashlar Lodge No. 10, Douglas, Wyo. and later served as master. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Wyoming in 1896–97. Belonged to R.A. Chapter at Casper; Commandery, K.T. in Cheyenne; and 32° AASR (SJ) in Wyoming Consistory. d. 1903.

George Richards (1872–1948) Brigadier General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Feb. 6, 1872 in Ironton, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy; commissioned in 1893. Became paymaster of U.S. Marine Corps with rank of brigadier general, Sept. 8, 1916. Served on the U.S.S. Newark and U.S.S. Lancaster, 1895–97; in Spanish–American War, participated in

bombardment of Santiago de Cuba and Battle of Manzanillo. Served in Philippines, 1899–1900, in Boxer Rebellion, 1900, and participated in march to relief of the legations at Peking in Aug. of that year. Served in the Army of Cuban Pacification, 1906–07, and retired from service March 1, 1936. Member of Osiris Lodge No. 26, Washington, D.C., receiving degrees on June 20, July 18, Oct. 6, 1923. Served as master in 1927. Dimitted July 21, 1938. d. Jan. 9, 1948.

George J. Richards Major General, U.S. Army. b. April 12, 1891 in Easton, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1915, commissioned that year and promoted through grades to major general in 1944. Was construction engineer of Pennsylvania R.R., 1925–26; assistant professor of mathematics, West Point, 1924–28; and district engineer, U.S. Lake Survey, 1938–40. In charge of War Dept. budget estimates, 1942–43, and director of budget, War Dept., General Staff, 1943–47. In 1948 he was Army comptroller and special assistant to the chief of staff. A business consultant since 1953. Became a member of Easton Lodge No. 152, Easton, Pa. in 1915; 32° AASR (NJ) at Buffalo, N.Y.; Aleppo Shrine Temple, Boston, Mass.

Harry M. M. Richards (1848–1935) Manufacturer, soldier, sailor, author. b. Aug. 16, 1848 in Easton, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1869. Served as a private in 26th Pa. emergency regt., was in Battle of Gettysburg, and later under Sheridan in W. Va. Became midshipman, U.S. Navy, in 1865, and senior lieutenant in 1874, when he resigned from service. Volunteered for Spanish–American War and served in 1898.

When 69 years old, he also volunteered for WWI. He invented a circuit closing device for torpedoes that was adopted by U.S. in 1872. Became treasurer and director of American Iron & Steel Co., retiring in 1916. Wrote many books, including *The Frontier Forts of the Blue Ridge*; *The Descendants of Henry Melchior Muhlenberg*; *The Pennsylvania German in the Revolutionary War*; *The First Discoverers of America, German, not Latin*; *Our Ancestors in the British Prisons of the Revolution*; *The Wieser Family*; and others. Mason. d. Sept. 28, 1935.

James P. Richards U.S. Congressman to 73rd–84th Congresses, 1933–55, from 5th S. Car. dist. Was special assistant to President Eisenhower in 1957 in the Middle East, with rank of ambassador. b. Aug. 31, 1894 in Liberty Hill, S. Car. Graduate of U. of South Carolina in 1921, and began practice of law that year at Lancaster. Served as an enlisted man and officer in WWI. Member of Jackson Lodge No. 3, Lancaster, S. Car., receiving the degrees in 1923.

John E. Richards (1856–1932) Justice, Supreme Court of California. b. July 7, 1856 in San Jose, Calif. Graduate of U. of Pacific, 1877, and U. of Michigan in 1879. Admitted to the bar in 1879; practiced at San Jose and San Francisco. Was judge of superior court of Santa Clara Co., 1907–13, and associate justice of district court of appeal, 1913–23. On supreme court bench, 1924–32. Member of Golden Gate Lodge No. 30, San Francisco, Calif. d. June 25, 1932.

John G. Richards (1864–1941) Governor of South Carolina,

1927–31. b. Sept. 11, 1864 in Liberty Hill, S. Car. A farmer, he served as magistrate; member of state legislature, 1898–1910; and railroad commissioner of S. Car. for 12 years. Was tax commissioner of the state for 14 years. Member of Barron Lodge No. 261, Health Springs, S. Car. d. Oct. 9, 1941.

Sir. Benjamin Ward Richardson (1828–1896) English physician who was knighted in recognition of his contributions to the welfare of humanity. b. Oct. 31, 1828 in Somerby, England. He delivered many lectures on medicine and engaged in extensive research. He experimented with new anesthetics and invented pieces of medical apparatus. Raised in St. Andrews Lodge No. 231, serving it as master in 1867. Was a founding member and first master of Solomon Lodge No. 2029. Was active in the work of Quatuor Coronati Lodge after 1889. d. 1896.

David P. Richardson (1833–1904) U.S. Congressman to 46th and 47th Congresses, 1879–83, from New York. b. May 28, 1833 in Macedon, N.Y. Graduate of Yale Coll. in 1856, studied law in Rochester, N.Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1859. Served three years in Union Army during Civil War. Moved to Angelica, N.Y. in 1866. Member of Western Union Lodge No. 146, Belfast, N.Y. d. June 21, 1904.

Friend W. Richardson (?–1943) Governor of California, 1923–27. b. in Michigan. Was a newspaper publisher at San Bernardino, 1896–1901, and Berkeley, 1901–19. Was state printer, 1912–15, and state treasurer, 1915–23. Published the Alameda (Calif.) Times–Star, 1931–32, and was president of

the Calif. Press Assn. 39 years. Was state building and loan commissioner, 1932–33, and state superintendent of banks, 1934–39. Member of Durant Lodge No. 268; Berkeley Chapter No. 92, R.A.M.; Berkeley Commandery No. 42, K.T., all of Berkeley and Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco. d. Sept. 5, 1943.

James D. Richardson (1843–1914) U.S. Congressman to 49th–58th Congresses, 1885–1905, from Tenn. b. March 10, 1843 in Rutherford Co., Tenn. Served four years in the Confederate Army. Admitted to the bar in 1867, and began practice in Murfreesboro. Served in state legislature, and was speaker of the house in 1871; in state senate, 1873–74. Was chairman of the national Democratic convention of 1900. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Tennessee in 1883 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1873. From 1900–14 he was sovereign grand commander of the Southern Jurisdiction, AASR. Was raised in Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 18, Murfreesboro, Oct. 12, 1867; member of Pythagoras Chapter No. 23, R.A.M., Murfreesboro in June, 1868 and Baldwin Commandery No. 7, K.T. at Lebanon, Tenn. in June, 1869. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1881; KCCH in 1884, and 33° same year. Crowned active member of Southern Jurisdiction by Albert Pike in 1885. d. July 24, 1914.

John P. Richardson (1801–1864) U.S. Congressman to 24th–25th Congresses, 1836–39, and governor of South Carolina, 1840–42. b. April 14, 1801 at Hickory Hill, S. Car. Graduate of South Carolina Coll. in 1819, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, starting practice at Fulton, S. Car.

Member of state legislature and judge of the circuit court.
Member of Manchester Lodge No. 52. d. Jan. 24, 1864.

Robert M. Richardson Civil War General. Member of Central City Lodge No. 305, Syracuse, N.Y. Charter junior warden of same in 1853. Dropped NPD June 29, 1860. Previous lodge not known.

W. Garland Richardson Foreign service officer. b. Jan. 18, 1905 at Fries, Va. Graduate U. of Richmond; U. of Virginia. Was an auditor before entering diplomatic service in 1935. Served as language officer in Tokyo, and while vice consul in Dairen, Manchuria, was imprisoned by the Japanese, 1941–42. Later he was consul at Sao Paulo, Brazil, Manila, Philippines, St. John's, Newfoundland, and in Monrovia and Tokyo; since 1955 has been executive secretary of the board of examiners, State dept. for foreign service. Member of Vegas Lodge No. 32, Las Vegas, Nev.; 32° AASR (SJ) in Washington, D.C. Was chaplain of Mt. Lebanon Lodge No. 80, Manila, Philippines in 1946.

William A. Richardson (1811–1875) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1863–65; U.S. Congressman to 30th–34th Congresses from Ill., 1847–56 and 37th Congress, 1861–63; Governor of Nebraska Territory, 1858–60. b. Oct. 11, 1811 in Fayette Co., Ky. Graduate of Transylvania U., studied law and began practice at Rushville, Ill., later moving to Quincy. Served in both houses of state legislature and speaker of house one year. Served in Mexican War as a captain and major. He was elected to the senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death

of Stephen A. Douglas, q.v. A member of Rushville Lodge No. 9, he was master of same in 1844. d. Dec. 27, 1875.

William A. Richardson (1821–?) U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, 1873–74. b. Nov. 2, 1821 in Tyngsborough, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1843 and Harvard Law School in 1846. Appointed to revise the Mass. statutes in 1855. Became assistant secretary of Treasury in 1869. Resigned from the cabinet in 1874 to accept a seat on the U.S. court of claims, of which he became chief justice in 1885. In 1863–75 he was an overseer of Harvard. Member of Ancient York Lodge, Lowell, Mass. from 1854–63 and 33° AASR (NJ).

William M. Richardson (1774–1838) U.S. Congressman to 12th and 13th Congresses, 1811–14, from Mass., and Chief Justice of New Hampshire, 1816–38. b. Jan. 4, 1774 in Pelham, N.H. Graduate of Harvard in 1797; studied law and began practice in Groton, Mass. in 1804. Raised in Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on Feb. 1, 1813. d. March 15, 1838.

Charles Robert Richet (1850–1935) French physiologist who discovered the phenomenon of anaphylaxis. Was a professor at the University of Paris (Sorbonne) where he conducted research in serum therapy. He was awarded the Nobel prize for medicine and was a member of the French Academy. Member of the Lodge Cosmos, Paris, joining in 1876.

L. P. Richie Vice President of Oliver Corp., manufacturers of farm and industry machinery. b. Oct. 14, 1897 in Louisville,

Ky. Joined Oliver Corp. in 1933; vice president and director of purchases, 1947–56; vice-president and director of manufacturing and purchases since 1956. Member of Compass Lodge No. 223, 32° AASR (SJ) and Kosair Shrine Temple, all of Louisville, Ky.

Charles, 2nd Duke of Richmond Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1724.

Jean Paul F. Richter (1763–1825) German humorist and prose writer. b. in Bavaria, he studied theology at the U. of Leipzig, 1781–84. Attempted to support himself by writing but fled creditors in 1784. Settled in Hof, where he lived in poverty and tutored from 1787–94. He met Charlotte von Kalb in Weimar; she was the “Linda” in his *Titan*. He settled in Bayreuth in 1804 and was pensioned by the government in 1808. Other writings include *Die Unsichtbare Loge*; *Hesperus*; *Leben des Quintus Fixleins*; *Der Komet*; and others. Was initiated in the Lodge *Pforte zum Tempel der Lichts* at Hof. d. 1825.

George C. Rickards (1860–1933) Major General, U.S. Army and first chief of Militia Bureau. b. Aug. 25, 1860 in Philadelphia, Pa. Was in hardware business in Oil City, Pa. from 1882–1915. Joined Pa. National Guard in 1877; promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1919. Colonel of 16th Infantry, U.S.A. in Spanish–American War. Served in Puerto Rico and on Mexican Border. In WWI he commanded the 112th Infantry at Chateau–Thierry, Champaign–Marne, Aisne–Marne, and Meuse–Argonne. Made chief of the Military

Bureau with rank of major general, in 1921, and held that position until he retired in 1925, with 40 years state service and eight years Federal service. He was one of the ten major generals who acted as pallbearers at funeral of President Harding, q.v., and also at burial of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington Cemetery. Mason; was director of Zem Zem Shrine Temple Hospital for Crippled Children at Erie, Pa. d. Jan. 15, 1933.

Edward V. "Eddie" Rickenbacker Aviator, Air Force officer, auto racer, and airline official. b. Oct. 8, 1890, in Columbus, Ohio. He was widely known in his early years as an auto racer, and won championships at many national and international meets. In WWI he accompanied General Pershing to France as a chauffeur, but on Aug. 25, 1917 was transferred to the Air Service at his own request. He became commanding officer of the 94th Aero Pursuit squadron, the first American aviation unit to participate in the Western front. This unit is credited with 69 victories, the largest of any American unit, and Rickenbacker headed the list with 26 victories to his credit. Captain Rickenbacker thus became the leading American "Ace." Following the war, he became assistant to the president of Aviation Corp., 1932–33; vice president of North American Aviation, Inc., 1933–34; general manager of Eastern Airlines, Inc. in 1935, and in 1938, president, general manager and director. He is now chairman of the board of Vncteni. In WWII his activities included special missions for the Secretary of War to England, the South Pacific, North Africa, Iran, India, China, Russia, Iceland, Greenland, and the Aleutians. He was forced down on a Pacific flight in 1942,

but was rescued after spending three weeks on a life raft. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross with nine clusters and the Congressional Medal of Honor. A member of Kilwinning Lodge No. 297, Detroit, Mich., he received his degrees, April 17, June 12, 26, 1922. In 1926 he became a member of Palestine Chapter No. 159, R.A.M. Also member of Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T., Moslem Shrine Temple, all of Detroit. Is a 33° AASR (NJ). In 1942 he received the Distinguished Achievement Medal of the Grand Lodge of New York. In Sept., 1957, his Commandery, Detroit No. 1, K.T., named a class in his honor.

Branch Rickey Baseball executive. b. Dec. 20, 1881 in Stockdale, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1904 and 1906. Started his major league career in baseball in 1904 as catcher with the Cincinnati Reds. Was with the St. Louis Browns two years; with the Yankees in 1907; and with the St. Louis Browns as secretary and manager, 1913–15, and vice president and business manager in 1916. He became president of the St. Louis Cardinals in 1917 and was manager from 1919–42. From 1942–50 he was president and general manager of the Brooklyn Dodgers. From 1950–55 he was vice president and general manager of the Pittsburgh Pirates; was chairman of the board and director from 1955. While with the Cardinals, he won pennants as manager in 1926–28–30–31–34–42, and four world championship pennants. With Brooklyn he won two pennants. Served with U.S. Army overseas in WWI. Was initiated in Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, Mo. and dimitted to Montauk Lodge No. 286, Brooklyn, N.Y. on Oct. 2, 1946.

Henry Scott Riddell (1798–1870) Scottish author of popular songs, as *The Crook and Plaid* and *Scotland Yet*. Listed as a Freemason by the bulletin of the International Masonic Congress in 1917.

Thomas F. Riddick (1781–1830) “Father of Missouri Public School System” and first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. b. June 5, 1781 in Suffolk, Va. Moved to Missouri Territory about 1804, settling in St. Louis, where he became an influential business man. Frederick Bates, q.v., appointed him assessor for levies in the St. Louis district in 1807, as well as clerk for court of common pleas. Bates, and also General William Clark, q.v., appointed him justice of the peace. In 1817 he became one of the first directors of the Territorial Bank of Missouri, and president of same in 1820. At the first session of the territorial legislature in 1812 he was elected clerk pro tem, and in 1818 he represented St. Louis in the fourth and last territorial legislature. He served in the Black Hawk War under Colonel Alexander McNair, q.v. He was the prime mover in the establishment of the first Episcopal church of St. Louis—Christ Church—in 1819. He was also an auctioneer. When congress passed an act in 1812 confirming land titles in the Missouri Territory, it became apparent that much land would not be claimed, because of errors, fraud, etc. Riddick rode on horseback to Washington, D.C., at his own expense, for the express purpose of ensuring that Representative Hempstead would insert a section into this law, giving these lands to the public schools. Riddick was originally a member of Solomon Lodge No. 30, Suffolk, Va. He twice visited Western Star Lodge No. 107, Kaskaskia, Ill.

in 1806 (March 24, Dec. 27). It was 60 miles from St. Louis and the only lodge in the area. He registered as a visitor from Solomon Lodge. On Dec. 27, 1806 he signed a petition for a new lodge at Ste. Genevieve, Mo., to be known as Louisiana Lodge No. 109 (first Mo. lodge); but when it was constituted, he was not a member, so must have signed only to assist his Ste. Genevieve brethren. He signed an application for a dispensation for St. Louis Lodge No. 111, his name being second and directly following that of Meriwether Lewis, governor of the territory. He was installed senior warden of this lodge on Nov. 8, 1808. He was present at the conferring of the degrees on General William Clark, in Sept., 1809. He later became a charter member of Missouri Lodge No. 12. He was present at the formation of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, and on April 24, 1821, was elected first grand master. He was installed May 4, 1821. He moved to Sulphur Springs, Jefferson Co. in 1822, where he died, Jan. 15, 1830, at the early age of 49.

Matthew Ridgeway Full General and Chief of Staff, U.S. Army, 1953–55. b. March 3, 1895 in Ft. Monroe, Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1917 and advanced through grades to full general in 1951. He served as technical adviser to the governor general of the Philippines, 1932–33; assistant chief of staff of 6th Corps Area, 1935–36; same for 2nd Army, 1936; assistant chief of staff of Fourth Army, 1937–39; on War Dept. general staff, 1939–42; assistant division commander of 82nd Infantry Division, 1942; commanding general of the 82nd Airborne Division, in Sicily, Italy, Normandy, 1942–44; commander of 18th Airborne Corps in Belgium, France, Germany, 1944–45; senior U.S. Army member of military

staff, United Nations, 1946–48; chairman of Inter-American Defense Board, 1946–48; commander in chief of Caribbean Command, 1948–49; deputy army chief of staff and commanding general of the 8th Army in Korea, 1950–51; commander in chief of Far East Command; commander in chief of United Nations Command and Supreme Commander for Allied powers, 1951–52. Now retired. Became a member of West Point Lodge No. 877 (New York), receiving degrees on April 3, 17, and May 1, 1924. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Tokyo, Japan in October, 1951.

Baron Friedrich Adolph von Riedesel (1738–1800) German Army officer. b. in Hesse. He commanded, as major general, the Brunswick mercenary contingent in the British Army under Burgoyne against the Americans, in the Revolution. He was captured at Saratoga in 1777 and exchanged in 1779. Was in command on Long Island from 1779–80. There were several Masonic lodges in the German regiments. Before he left Canada in 1783, an honorary Masonic title (presumably honorary deputy provincial grand master) was conferred upon him and upon others, at Quebec, “to entitle them to take a seat in the Germanick Grand Lodges.”

Harold Riegelman Lawyer and alternate delegate of the U.S. to the General Assembly of the United Nations in 1959. b. Aug. 19, 1892 in Des Moines, Iowa. Graduate of Cornell in 1914 and Columbia in 1916. Practiced law in New York City since 1916. Legal advisor of Chinese embassy since 1938; special state attorney general in 1931 under Roosevelt; special counsel U.S. Treasury in 1935; acting postmaster of New York

City in 1953; ran for Mayor of New York in 1953. Served in both WWI and WWII, retiring as a colonel. Was initiated in an Army field lodge, and presently a member of King Solomon Lodge No. 279, New York City.

Rafael del Riego y Nunez (see under del Riego).

R. Walter Riehiman U.S. Congressman to 80th–86th Congresses, 1947–60, from 36th N.Y. dist. b. Aug. 26, 1899 in Otisco, N.Y. He started as a bookkeeper for a wholesale drug company in Syracuse, N.Y. in 1920, later operated a general store and served as postmaster of Nedrow, N.Y. Since 1923 he has been the owner and operator of the Tully (N.Y.) Bakery. Received citation from Governor Dewey, and was awarded a gold cup by the people of Tully, N.Y. for outstanding community service in 1942. Member of Tully Lodge No. 896 since 1925 and past master of same; 32° AASR (NJ) at Syracuse, N.Y. Past district grand lecturer of the O.E.S.; member of Jesters Court No. 79, Syracuse.

Elias E. Ries (1862–1928) Inventor. b. Jan. 16, 1862 in Baden, Germany and brought to the U.S. at the age of three. He attended Maryland Institute at Baltimore and Johns Hopkins. As an electrical, mechanical, and technical engineer he took out more than 250 patents. His principle pioneer inventions were the underground electric railway conduit; the modern alternating current system of generation, transmission and conversion of electricity for operating electric railways which made possible the operation to rapid-transit elevated, subway, and tunnel systems now operating in N.Y.C.; the

original automatic electric motor starters; the Ries regulating socket, the first practical device for turning down the light of incandescent lamps; the controller system used on electric elevators; original methods for electric welding, riveting and soldering; methods and appliances for electric heating and cooking; original processes for manufacturing iron and steel tubes from hot billets in one continuous operation; the first practical self-starting electric motors adapted to operate on single phase alternating current; original methods for producing talking motion pictures directly from the film; and the audio scope for locating and detecting the presence of unseen vessels, icebergs, and submarines. Member of Mount Neboh Lodge No. 257, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on April 25, May 23, Nov. 17, 1904. d. April 20, 1928.

Sidney Rigdon (1793–1876) Mormon leader. b. Feb. 19, 1793 in Allegheny Co., Pa. Worked on farm until 1817 and after some experience as a printer, studied for the ministry and licensed to preach by the Baptist church in 1819. In Jan., 1822 he became pastor of the first church in Pittsburgh, Pa. Following the example of Alexander Campbell and Walter Scott, he withdrew from the church and assisted in establishing the Disciples or Campbell denomination (now Disciples of Christ). Began preaching at Bainbridge, Ohio in 1828 and the following year at Mentor. Here the Mormon and gentile versions differ. Detractors of Mormonism state that he came into possession of a manuscript written by Solomon Spauling, former Presbyterian minister which gave a romantic and fanciful account on the nations inhabiting Canaan. This, they claim, he gave to Joseph Smith, who copied it, with alterations, into the

Book of Mormon. The other version is that the Mormon elders Pratt, Peterson, Cowdery and Whitmer stopped in Mentor on their way to Missouri and Pratt, a former Baptist preacher obtained permission to speak in Rigdon's church. He then joined them. In a short time Rigdon, Frederick G. Williams and Smith were elected presidents of the church and styled "the first presidency." Smith and Rigdon fled to Missouri in 1838 to avoid arrest. In Far West, Mo. both were found guilty of "treason, murder and felony," allowed to escape and join the others at Nauvoo. When Joseph and Hyrum Smith were murdered at Carthage, Ill. in 1844, Rigdon aspired to the church leadership, but Brigham Young and the 12 apostles declared him "cutt off from the communion of the faithful, and delivered to the devil, to be buffeted in the flesh for a thousand years." He went to Pittsburgh, Pa. and thence to Friendship, N.Y. where he died July 14, 1876, still declaring firm belief in the truthfulness of the Book of Mormon. Both Rigdon and Smith were made Masons "at sight" by the grand master of Illinois in Smith's office at Nauvoo on March 15, 1842. This was one of the acts that precipitated closing of all Mormon lodges.

Russell M. Riggins Oil and gas executive; rancher. b. Nov. 13, 1894 in Gainesville, Texas. Began as a railway clerk and was successively a livestock agent; traffic manager for packing plant; senior partner of Riggins & Beck, C.P.A.'s at Oklahoma City, Okmulgee, and Bartlesville, Okla., Washington, D.C., and New York City. Served as comptroller of Phillips Petroleum Co., Independent Natural Gas Co., Parke, Davis & Co., way and tunnel systems now operating in N.Y.C.; the original

automatic elecand others. Is the president of Texas Gas Corp., Texas Gas Pipe Line Corp., and New Ulm. Corp. at Houston since 1951. Is the owner and operator of Rancho Riachuelo and R-Bar ranches in New Mexico, raising Aberdeen-Angus cattle. In WWII he was a colonel and chief of army ordnance depots in the U.S. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

Charles O. L. Riley (1855–1930) Archbishop of Perth, Australia. He served as chaplain general of the Australian army units during WWI. As grand master of the Grand Lodge of Western Australia, he was one of the most popular members and his spiritual influence in the development of the Australian lodges still exists.

John J. Riley U.S. Congressman to 79th–80th and 82–86th Congresses from 24th S. Car. dist. b. Feb. 1, 1895 in Orangeburg Co., S. Car. Graduate of Wofford Coll. (S. Car.) in 1915. Taught high school, and was English instructor at Clemson (S. Car.) Coll. until 1918. Has been president of Riley & Co., real estate and insurance at Sumter, S. Car. since 1920. Member of Claremont Lodge No. 64, Sumter, S. Car.

Russell L. Riley U.S. Consul General at Malta. b. Feb. 11, 1911 at Mendon, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1934. Began as a salesman, first for Montgomery Ward, and then with Swift & Co. Was division chief in office of export control; assistant chief of civilian personnel division, U.S. Army Air Force; executive assistant of War Assets Administration. Went with the State Department in 1948, becoming deputy director of office of educational exchange in 1951–52, and

director of same after 1953. Member of Mendon Lodge No. 628, Mendon, Mo. and also affiliated with Abercorn Lodge No. 273, Casa Pawla, Malta (Irish Constitution). Member of Mt. Vernon Chapter, No. 14, R.A.M. at Alexandria, Va., Arlington Commandery No. 29, K.T. at Arlington, Va., and Kena Shrine Temple at Alexandria. Member of Missouri Lodge of Research.

Valentin Rincon Justice of Supreme Court, Federal District of Mexico for 20 years. b. Oct. 8, 1901 in Chiapas, Mexico. Became a member of the Sons of Hiram Lodge No. 8, of the Orient of Tuxpan at Veracruz, Mexico, in Oct., 1926. Served two years as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Valley of Mexico during which time he secured regularity of lodges and recognition from other grand lodges. He is the representative of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, near the Grand Lodge of Valley of Mexico.

William A. Riner (1878–1955) Former Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Wyoming. b. June 26, 1878 in Greene, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Southern Calif. in 1899 and U. of Michigan in 1902. Established law practice at Lansing, Mich., and moved to Cheyenne, Wyo. in 1902. He was city attorney, district attorney, judge of district court, and first appointed to the supreme court bench in 1928, serving until 1951. Was chief justice, 1939–43 and 1947–51. Received degrees in Acacia Lodge No. 11, Cheyenne, Wyo. on March 16, 28, April 19, 1907. Was master in 1910 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Wyoming, 1922–23. 33° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Nov. 20, 1955.

Samuel Ringgold (1770–1829) U.S. Congressman to 12th–13th and 15th–16th Congresses, 1810–15 and 1817–21, from Maryland; Brigadier General of Maryland militia in War of 1812. b. Jan. 15, 1770 in Chestertown, Md. He received a limited education. Settled at Fountain Rock, near Hagerstown, Md., where he engaged in farming and became a large land-owner. He was a member of the state house of delegates in 1794–95, and of the state senate in 1801–06. He was the father of Samuel Ringgold, Jr., q.v., the artillerist. The senior Ringgold was a member and past master of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 33, Hagerstown. In 1811 he served as junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. d. Oct. 18, 1829.

Samuel Ringgold, Jr. (1800–1846) American artillerist. b. in Washington Co., Md. in 1800, the son of Samuel Ringgold, q.v., U.S. congressman from Md. and brigadier general of the War of 1812. Graduate of the U.S. Military Academy in 1818, he served for several years as aide-de-camp to General Winfield Scott. Was brevetted captain in 1836, and later major. He participated in the Florida War. In the Mexican War he organized a corps of “flying artillery” and was mortally wounded at Palo Alto, the first battle of that war. In addition to his introduction of “flying artillery,” he invented a saddle-tree, which was subsequently known as the McClelland saddle; also originated a rebounding hammer of brass for ex-ploding primers of field pieces, that prevented the blowing away of the hammer. He was a member of Comfort Lodge No. 143, Old Point Comfort, Fort Monroe, Va. in 1826. The lodge is now defunct. d. May 11, 1846 at Point Isabel, Texas.

The Ringling Brothers Kings of the Circus. Alfred T. (1861–1919); John Nicholas (?–1936); Albert Charles (1852–1916); Charles Edward (1866–1926); William Henry Otto (1858–1911); August George (1854–1907); and Henry William George (1868–1918). In the middle 1800's an Alsatian named Juliar had three daughters whose descendants were to make circus history. One married August Ringling, father of the Ringling Brothers; one married Gottlieb G. Gollmar, father of the Gollmar Brothers; and the third married Henry Moeller, father of the Moeller Brothers. The Ringlings and, in a more modest degree, the Gollmars were to acquire fame as circus owners and operators. The Moellers likewise became famous as manufacturers of circus wagons and materials. All of the branches of this family had early and strong connections with Masonry. This is most remarkable in view of the fact that these people were German in ancestry, members of a Lutheran Church in a synod in bitter opposition to Masonry. Membership in the fraternity terminated these church ties. Of the seven Ring-ling brothers, five were with the circus originally: Otto, Albert C., Alfred T., Charles E., and John. August G. was associated with them, but never a member of the firm. Upon the death of Otto in 1911, Henry, the youngest brother, became a member of the firm. Albert was the showman and the brother who sparked and encouraged the enterprise; later, John, who outlived the others, became the best known of the brothers. The circus had its first showing in Baraboo, Wis., the family home, on May 19, 1884, and then embarked as a "wagon show." In 1890, it became a "railroad show" and went on to become the "Greatest Show on Earth." After 1918 the circus no longer wintered in Baraboo, although

descendants of the family are still there. Prior to the opening in 1884, Albert realized that their name might not be sufficient to "sell" the circus. He had met an old showman, "Yankee" Robinson, who was in his sixties, ill and feeble, but at one time the owner of his own circus of considerable size. Al brought him into the group, and the first circus was called "Yankee Robinson and Ringling Brothers Great Double Shows, Circus and Caravan." "Yankee" died that August in Jefferson, Iowa, a stranger and without friends. He wore a Masonic pin, and the brethren of Jefferson gave him a Masonic burial at lodge expense. When Al came back to check on his friend, he found him dead and buried. The Ringling Brothers then provided a monument. Previous to the organization of the circus, the brothers had operated the "Classic Concert Co.," in which each took a part, and later the "Ringling Bros. Comedy Concert Co." They played in small town halls. John, who survived the rest, became head of Ringling Bros., Barnum & Bailey Circus; was subsequently head of the American Circus Corp., which included Sells-Floto Circus, Hagenbach Animal Show (his second wife was Emily Haag Buck), and the John Robinson, Sparks, and Al G. Barnes shows. He financially aided Tex Rickard in building Madison Square Garden in N.Y.C., engaged in oil production in Oklahoma, and was noted for his philanthropies. August Ringling, the father of the seven brothers, was raised in Baraboo Lodge No. 34, Baraboo, Wis., on August 19, 1891, and held membership until his death in 1898. The seven brothers were all members of the same bodies: Baraboo Lodge No. 34, Baraboo Valley Chapter No. 49, R.A.M., St. John Commandery No. 21, K.T., all of Baraboo, Wis., and 32° AASR at Milwaukee. The brothers

actually preceded their father into Masonry. First to petition was Alfred T., known as Alf T., who was raised Jan. 22, 1890, and died Oct. 21, 1919; John was raised March 1, 1890 and died Dec. 1, 1936; Albert C., known as Al, was raised March 29, 1890 and died Jan. 1, 1916; Charles E. was raised April 9, 1890 and died Dec. 3, 1926; Otto was raised April 9, 1890 and died March 31, 1911; August G. was raised Feb. 4, 1891 and died Dec. 18, 1907. Henry was raised March 18, 1891 and died Oct. 9, 1918. A picture of the Scottish Rite class of Nov. 17–20, 1891, in the Valley of Milwaukee, shows Alfred T., Charles E., Albert C., and William H. O. as members of the class. The minutes of the meeting of Baraboo Lodge on April 8, 1891 are of interest. This was a special meeting called to hear a report of a committee relative to the purchase of a lot where the temple now stands. The meeting was opened by the regular officers, after which the following assumed the chairs; W.M., Alf T. Ringling; S.W., August Ringling; J.W., Al Ringling; S.D., Charles Ringling; J.D., Otto Ringling; and S.S., Henry Ringling.

Duke of Rio Branco Brazilian statesman. b. in 1845. He formerly was Chancellor Jose Maria da Silva Parnahos. Was at one time president of the council of ministers of Brazil, and grand commander of the Scottish Rite in Brazil. In 1873 the Bishop of Pernambuco, Brazil, sought to enforce in his diocese the pontifical bull of excommunication against Freemasons issued by Pope Pius, q.v. A number of bishops joined a concentrated movement to have Masonic lodges banned, although the government had announced the right of Freemasonry to exist. The subject was debated before the

senate of Brazil. Rio Branco, answering the attacks, gave a splendid explanation of Freemasonry which ended with the following plea: "God preserve us, indeed, from a principle of faith which denies to us the right to appreciate the character and tendencies of a Brazilian civil association upon the grounds that the spiritual power has declared it anti-religious. If today the principle is admitted in relation to Masonry, tomorrow the same power will say that another civil institution comes within its anathemas, will proscribe its members, leaving to them no other recourse than to be silent, obey and suffer."

Ezra Ripley (1751–1841) Clergyman. b. May 1, 1751 in Woodstock, Conn. Graduate of Harvard in 1776, taught, and subsequently studied theology; in 1778 was ordained to the ministry in Concord, Mass., where he continued for 63 years, preaching his last sermon the day after his 90th birthday. He was a leader in the temperance cause. His step-son was Ralph Waldo Emerson, the poet, who wrote of him, "In him perished more personal and local anecdote of Concord and its vicinity than is possessed by any survivor, and in his constitutional leaning to their religion he was one of the rear-guard of the great camp and army of the Puritans." In 1836 he gave the land upon which is built the monument that commemorates the Battle of Concord. Member of Corinthian Lodge, Concord, Mass. d. Sept. 21, 1841.

1st Marquess of Ripon (see under Earl of De Grey).

Emil Rittershaus (1834–1897) German lyric poet. Initiated

in 1863. Served as master of the Lodge Leasing at Berman.

Charles Ritz President of International Milling Co., 1943–55; chairman of board since 1955. b. Feb. 15, 1891 in Mitchell, Ont., Canada. Began as a stenographer. Became associated with Robin Hood Flour Mills, Moose Jaw, Sask., Canada in 1910, becoming general manager in 1931; has been president since 1938. Became vice president of International Milling Co., Minneapolis, Minn. in 1937, and president in 1943. Life member of Tudor Lodge No. 141, Mitchell, Ont., Canada, receiving degrees, Feb. 23, April 27, June 22, 1915. Exalted in Elliot Chapter No. 129, R.A.M., Mitchell, Ont., April 13, 1917. Life member of Richard Coeur de Lion Preceptory, Montreal; 32° AASR at Minneapolis, Minn., and member of Court No. 53, Royal Order of Jesters.

Eurith Dickinson Rivers Governor of Georgia, 1937–41. b. Dec. 1, 1895 in Center Point, Ark. Graduate of Young Harris Coll. and Piedmont Coll. Has served as city attorney of Lakeland and Cairo, Ga.; county attorney of Grady and Lanier counties; member and speaker of state legislature; member and president pro tem of the state senate. He owns and operates radio station WGOV at Valdosta, Ga. Member of the national board of directors of Woodman of the World, Omaha, Nebr. Member of Lakeland Lodge No. 434, Lakeland, Ga. and received 32° AASR (SJ) at Savannah, April 16, 1937.

L. Mendel Rivers U.S. Congressman to 77th–86th Congresses, 1941–60, from 1st S. Car. dist. b. Sept. 28, 1905 in Berkeley Co., S. Car. Attended Coll. of Charleston and U. of

South Carolina Law School; was admitted to the bar in 1932. Served in state legislature, 1933–36. Raised March 15, 1939 in Landmark Lodge No. 76, Charleston, S. Car.

Charles N. Rix (1843–1927) Banker; General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. b. May 28, 1843 in Kalamazoo, Mich. Served in Union forces in Civil War and continued in pay department, U.S. Army, until 1867. He began in the banking business as a bookkeeper in 1867. Moved to Arkansas, where he was president of the Arkansas National Bank of Hot Springs for 27 years, and was president of several companies. Served as president of the Arkansas Bankers Assn. Received degrees in Dowagiac Lodge No. 10, Dowagiac, Mich. in 1866, and became member and past master of Hot Springs Lodge No. 62 in Ark. Served as grand high priest, grand master of the grand council, and grand commander of Arkansas. 33° AASR (SJ). Elected general grand high priest in 1924, resigning at the time of the election due to ill health. d. Sept. 2, 1927.

George F. Rixey Brigadier General and Deputy Chief of Chaplains, 1942–45. b. March 2, 1888 in Jonesburg, Mo. Attended Central Coll. (Mo.), U. of Missouri, Vanderbilt U., and graduated from Central Wesleyan Coll., Warrenton, Mo. in 1909. Ordained elder in Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in 1913. Served churches in Louisiana, Troy, Gallatin, and Chillicothe, Mo. from 1909–17. Became chaplain in U.S. Army in 1917, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1944, and retiring in 1948. He was chaplain of the 65th Infantry, 1917–22, in El Paso, Texas and with A.E.F. in France.

Served at Camps Funston, Meade, and Fort Washington. Was chaplain of the 26th Cavalry in the Philippines, 1929–30; post chaplain of the Presidio of San Francisco, 1930–35; chaplain of U.S. Army forces in China, Tientsin, 1935–37; at Fort Slocum, 1937–40; in office of Chief of Chaplains, Washington, D.C., 1940–42; deputy chief of chaplains, 1942–45; assistant to Inspector General, 1945–46; chaplain 2nd Army, 1946–48; chaplain of U.S. Forces in Korea, 1947–48. He is a member of Moscow Lodge No. 558, Moscow Mills, Mo. Was exalted Dec. 23, 1909 in Pike Chapter No. 86, Louisiana, Mo., serving as high priest in 1911. He affiliated with Gallatin Chapter No. 11, Gallatin, Mo., on Jan. 9, 1914 and served as its high priest in 1915–16. Received Order of High-priesthood in 1911. Was knighted in Triumphal Commandery No. 65, K.T. (now defunct) at Louisiana, Mo. in 1911 and affiliated with Pascal Commandery No. 32, Chillicothe, Mo. in 1916. Was awarded 40-year Knight Templar certificate on Oct. 24, 1959.

Jose Rizal (1861–1896) National hero of the Philippines. b. June 19, 1861 in Calamba, Laguna. Was educated in the U. of Madrid, Spain. A teacher and writer, he preached unity among the Filipinos. He was willing to live under the Spanish flag, but advocated reforms that gave the natives greater participation in the management of their internal affairs. He was exiled by the Spanish government for his political tale, *Noli me Tangere* (Touch Me Not), written in 1886. While in exile, he published a second political novel, *El Filibusterismo* (1891). On his return from exile he was arrested, and was shot on the field of Bagumbayam on Dec. 30, 1896. He was made a Mason in Acacia Lodge No. 9, Spain, in 1884, and the following year

joined a French lodge in Paris. He is credited with the establishment of the lodge Filipino, in the Philippines, and was venerable master of Lakandola Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite. On Dec. 12, 1912 the remains of Rizal were removed from the home of his sfater to Solomon's Temple in Tondo. The lodges under the Gran Logia Regional de Filipinas, with Sinukuan Lodge No. 305 (now 16) in charge, participated in the Masonic services over the remains. On the next morning, again with Sinukuan Lodge in charge, the Masons marched in procession with full Masonic regalia to the sister's home, where the remains were turned over to the government's representatives. The remains were then taken to the legislative building where the government also held funeral services. A request that the remains be taken to the Roman Catholic cathedral for religious services was turned down. The Catholic Church claimed that Rizal had renounced Freemasonry on the eve of his execution and had reembraced the church. Every evidence refutes the reported "conversion," which was not claimed until many years after the execution, and after Rizal became the "George Washington of the Philippines."

Ross Rizley U.S. Congressman to 77th–80th Congresses, 1941–49, from 8th Okla. dist.; Federal Judge, Western District of Oklahoma. b. July 5, 1892 in Beaver, Okla. Graduate of U. of Kansas City in 1915, and admitted to Okla. bar that year, practicing at Beaver. He was state senator, 1931–35. In 1953–54 he was assistant secretary of agriculture. Received degrees in Beaver Lodge No. 7, Beaver, Okla. in 1918 and is presently a member of Guymon Lodge No. 335, Guymon, Okla. 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie; India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma

City; Jester at Guthrie; Eastern Star at Guymon, and DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Archibald Roane (1760–1819) Governor of Tennessee in 1801–03. b. in Lancaster Co., Pa. He was the second governor of Tennessee. He served in several judicial offices. Member of Tennessee Lodge No. 2 of Knoxville (was No. 41 under North Carolina). He died Jan. 4, 1819 and was buried in Pleasant Forest Cemetery at Campbell Station, Roane County, Tenn., the county being named in his honor.

John S. Roane (1817–1867) Governor of Arkansas, 1848–52. b. Jan. 8, 1817 in Wilson Co., Tenn. Graduate of Cumberland Coll., Princeton, Ky., and served in the Arkansas legislature. Was speaker of same in 1844. He participated in the Mexican War as a lieutenant colonel of Arkansas cavalry under Col. Archibald Yell, q.v., and commanded the regiment after Yell was killed. In the Civil War he was a brigadier general in the provisional Confederate Army and commanded the district of Little Rock. From 1855–65 he was on the board of visitors from the Grand Lodge of Arkansas to St. Johns College (Masonic). d. April 7, 1867.

Clair E. Robb Justice, Supreme Court of Kansas from 1954. b. April 13, 1905 in Wichita, Kans. Graduate of Washburn Coll. in 1933 and admitted to bar that year, practicing at Wichita. Served as city and district judge. Member of Albert Pike Lodge No. 303, Wichita, 32° AASR (SJ) at Wichita, and member of Milian Shrine Temple. He organized the Midian Quartet, which was dubbed Imperial Shrine Quartet. Past

president of Wichita High Twelve and member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Sir Alfred Robbins (1856–1931) English journalist. One of the most important Freemasons of his time, he was known as the “Prime Minister of Freemasonry” in Great Britain. b. Aug. 1, 1856, at Launceston, Cornwall. He was an active journalist for 50 years, 45 of which were spent in Fleet Street. He represented the Birmingham Post for 36 years as its London drama critic and correspondent. For many years he was chairman of the London District of the Institute of Journalists. He was initiated in Gallery Lodge No. 1928, London in Dec., 1888; exalted in Gallery Chapter No. 1928, R.A.M. in Oct., 1897; and in Oct., 1920 became a member of Tuscan Lodge No. 454, Royal Ark Mariners. On Jan. 8, 1929 Alfred Robbins Lodge No. 5083 of London was constituted in his honor. He was appointed past grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1908, and past grand warden in 1923. He was president of the important board of general purposes of that grand lodge from 1913 until his death on March 10, 1931. In 1924 he made a visit to the United States in the interests of Masonic unity and friendship, visiting many American grand lodges at that time.

Daniel Roberdeau (1727–1795) First Brigadier General of Pennsylvania troops in the Revolution; member of the Continental Congress. b. in 1727 on the Island of St. Christopher, West Indies, he came to Philadelphia with his mother’s family in his youth. Here he became a merchant, and was manager of the Pennsylvania Hospital, 1756–58

and 1766–76. He was closely associated with Franklin and Alexander Hamilton. Was an early member of the “associators,” fitted out two ships as privateers, and was chosen a member of the council of safety. Elected brigadier general of the Pa. troops on July 4, 1776, he was called to the aid of Washington in New Jersey in 1777. Was active in supporting the Articles of Confederation, and affixed his name to that document on the part of Pa. He was three times elected to congress, and served until 1779. In 1778, there being a scarcity of lead for the army, he opened a lead mine in Bedford Co., where he was obliged to erect a stockade for protection from the Indians. Most of the expense of this operation was paid from his own pocket. After the war he moved to Alexandria, Va., where he often entertained General Washington. He was a member of the “first” lodge in Philadelphia; is recorded at one time as a visitor to Lodge No. 3 of that city, and was a contributor to the Masonic Hall erected there. d. Jan. 5, 1795.

William G. Roberds Judge, Supreme Court of Mississippi, 1941–50; now justice. b. March 8, 1884 in Prairie, Miss. Graduate of Miss. Agricultural and Mechanical Coll., in 1907, and U. of Mississippi in 1910. Was in private law practice from 1910–26 and 1930–37. Was instructor of law at U. of Mississippi for seven years. Raised Feb. 5, 1917 in Aberdeen Lodge No. 32, Aberdeen, Miss. (now Walter W. Kimmel Lodge). Dimitted April 3, 1919 and on Aug. 9 affiliated with West Point Lodge No. 159, West Point, Miss.

Robert I (1274–1329) Known as Robert the Bruce, king and liberator of Scotland. Was originally Robert VIII, but in

1306 he was crowned as Robert I at Scone. He was defeated by the English that year and took refuge on the coast of Ireland. He was excommunicated and outlawed. He returned in 1307, and in two years wrested most of Scotland from the English, routing Edward II's army at Bannockburn in 1314. He repulsed the English again and again, until finally Edward III recognized the independence of Scotland by the Treaty of Northampton in 1328. There is a legend that Robert the Bruce founded the Royal Order of Scotland. It is said that at the dissolution of the Order of the Temple, some of those persecuted individuals took refuge in Scotland, placed themselves under the protection of Robert the Bruce, and assisted him at the Battle of Bannockburn, which was fought on St. John's Day, 1314. After the battle the Royal Order was founded, and from the fact that the Templars had contributed to the victory, and because of subsequent grants to their order by King Robert, for which they were formally excommunicated by the church, it has by some been identified with that ancient military order. It was originally the Order of Saint Andrew of the Thistle, to which he afterwards united that of Heredom and Rosy Cross, for the sake of the Scottish Freemasons who made a part of the 30,000 men who fought with him. He reserved forever to himself and his successors the title of Grand Master. His titles have descended through the Elgin family to this date, Edward James Bruce, 10th Earl of Elgin, q.v., being the head of the Royal Order of Scotland, and possessor of the great sword of Robert the Bruce that has been handed down through the family. d. July 9, 1329.

Albert H. Roberts (1868–1946) Governor of Tennessee,

1919–21. b. July 4, 1868 in Overton Co., Tenn. Graduate of Hiwassee Coll. (Tenn.) in 1889 and 1892. Taught school five years and was county superintendent of schools two terms. Practiced law in Overton Co. from 1894–1910. Member of Livingston Lodge No. 259, Livingston, Tenn. d. June 25, 1946.

Bonny K. Roberts Justice, Supreme Court of Florida since 1949. b. Feb. 5, 1907 in Sopchoppy, Fla. Graduate of U. of Florida in 1928. In general law practice at Tallahassee, 1928–49, and a business executive since 1928. Mason and Shriner.

Donald F. Roberts Vice President of Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co. since 1941. b. Dec. 14, 1902 in Lakewood, Ohio. Graduate of Wharton School of Finance, U. of Pennsylvania in 1924. A director of Consolidated Title Corp., Washington, D.C. since 1935, and director of Lawyers Title Insurance Co. since 1935. Vice president of Acacia Mutual, 1941–56, and financial vice president since 1956. Member of Temple–Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C.

Ellsworth A. Roberts President and Director of Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Philadelphia since 1943. b. July 3, 1896 in Houghton, Mich. Graduate of Yale in 1922. Practiced law in Duluth, Minn., 1922–25, and was vice president and general counsel of Minnesota Mutual Life Ins. Co., 1934–43. Is a director Bell Telephone of Pa., Delaware & Bound Brook R.R., Great American Insurance Co., National Fire Insurance Co., and many others. Served as second lieutenant in Army, 1918–19. Mason.

Everett D. Roberts Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota since 1930. b. Aug. 17, 1890 in Buena Vista Co., Ia. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1918, starting law practice at Chamberlain, S. Dak. in 1918. Was assistant attorney general of S. Dak., 1928–30; president of the state historical society, 1943–44. Raised April 16, 1918 in Incense Lodge No. 2, Vermillion, S. Dak.

Field Marshal Frederick S. Roberts (1832–1914) 1st Earl Roberts of Kandahar, Pretoria, and Waterford, nicknamed by his soldiers “Bobs.” b. at Cawnpore, India, the son of a British general, he served in the Sepoy Mutiny of 1857–58, winning the Victoria Cross for heroism at Khudaganj. He aided in the siege and capture of Delhi, the relief of Lucknow, and the Battle of Cawnpore. In the second Afghan War, he forced Afghan position at Peiwar Kotal, took Kabul, and reentered the Afghan capital in 1879. He made the memorable march from Kabul to the relief of Kandahar, and pacified Afghanistan in 1880. He was commander-in-chief of Ireland in 1895–99. He relieved Kimberley and compelled the Boers under Cronje to surrender at Paardeberg in 1900. He annexed the Orange Free State, the Transvaal, and occupied Pretoria. After retiring in 1904 he devoted himself to the creation of a civilian army. He was a member and past master of Kyber Lodge, Peshawur, India.

Oran M. Roberts (1815–1898) Governor of Texas, 1879–83. b. July 9, 1815 in St. Car. Graduate of the U. of Alabama in 1836, studied law, and served in the Ala. legislature in 1839–40. Moved to Texas in 1841, where he was appointed

district attorney and later district judge in 1846, holding the latter office for five years. In 1857 he was elected justice of the supreme court of Texas. He was elected president of the secession convention, and was a colonel in the Confederate Army from 1862–64, when he was called to return to the bench as chief justice. In 1866 he was elected to the U.S. senate, but denied the seat. He was again chief justice of Texas from 1876–79, and after his governorship was a professor of law in the U. of Texas. Raised in McFarland Lodge No. 3, San Augustine, Texas on Feb. 4, 1846. Later dimitted to Clinton Lodge No. 23, Henderson; then back to McFarland Lodge and finally to St. John Lodge No. 53, Tyler, Texas. d. May 19, 1898.

Ralph H. Roberts Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 1, 1896 in Tuscola, III Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1918, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1947. Was in overseas transport and escort duty in WWI. In WWII he commanded the cruiser, U.S.S. St. Louis in the Solomons, Bougainville, New Britain, Mariannas, and Philippine campaigns. He specialized in gunnery and ordnance. He was director of ordnance production of the bureau of ordnance, Navy Dept., W and since 1946 served as manager of the Elmira works of General Electric Co. Mason.

William B. Roberts Protestant Episcopal Bishop of South Dakota from 1931. b. Dec. 10, 1881 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Trinity Coll. (Conn.) in 1905, and Berkeley Divinity School in 1908. Ordained deacon in 1908 and priest in 1909. Was missionary in charge of Dallas and other points in Rosebud Co., S. Dak., 1908–22, and consecrated suffragan bishop of

S. Dak. in 1922. Was chaplain of the 313th Engineers, A.E.F. in 1918–19. Raised Jan. 18, 1911 in Gateway Lodge No. 150, Dallas, S. Dak. and was master of same in 1916; 33° AASR (SJ); Knight Templar and Shriner.

Andrew W. Robertson Chairman of Board of Westinghouse Electric Corp., 1929–51, and now chairman of finance committee. b. Feb. 7, 1880 in Panama, N.Y. A.B. and LL.D. from Allegheny Coll., and LLB. from U. of Pittsburgh. Began law practice at Pittsburgh in 1910. Became general attorney for Philadelphia Co. and affiliated corporations (public utilities) in 1819; vice president, 1923–26; and president, 1926–29. Is also director of Chase National Bank, N.Y.C. Received degrees in Beta Lodge No. 647, Wilkinsburg, Pa. on March 25, April 22, May 27, 1912 and on Sept. 15, 1916 affiliated with Dormont Lodge No. 684, Dormont, Pa.

Charles R. Robertson (1889–1951) U.S. Congressman to 77th, 1941–43, and 79th–80th Congresses, 1945–49, from N. Dak. b. Sept. 5, 1889 at Arlington, Wis. Entered wholesale dry goods field at Minneapolis, moving to Aberdeen, S. Dak. in 1910, Redfield, 1912, and Mandan, N. Dak. in 1917. Organized Robertson's, Inc. (women's wear) at Valley City, N. Dak. in 1921, and later opened branches at Jamestown, Wahpeton, and Bismarck. Raised in Aberdeen Lodge No. 38, Aberdeen, S. Dak. Affiliated with Mandan Lodge No. 8, Mandan, N. Dak. on Nov. 4, 1919; affiliated with Valley City Lodge No. 7., Valley City, N. Dak., June 1, 1926; affiliated with Bismarck Lodge No. 5, Bismarck, N. Dak., on Feb. 18, 1935, where he retained membership until his death on Feb. 18, 1951.

David B. Robertson President of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen from 1913–1922. b. May 13, 1876 in West Austintown, Ohio. Employed by a nut and bolt works in Youngstown, Ohio at age of 12, and later with brick works and machine shop. Entered railroading with Pennsylvania R.R. as an engine wiper in 1895, became a hostler, fireman, and engineer on the Erie R.R., 1898–1913. Became general chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers of the Erie system from 1905–13; president, 1913–22. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 21, Youngstown, Ohio, receiving degrees on Dec. 18, 1903, Jan. 22, April 7, 1904. Received 50-year medal from grand lodge.

Edward V. Robertson U.S. Senator from Wyoming, 1943–49. b. May 27, 1881 in Cardiff, Wales. Served in Boer War, 1899–1902; engaged in mechanical and electric power engineering until he immigrated to the U.S. in 1912, and settled in Park Co., Wyoming. Here he engaged in raising livestock, and was in the mercantile business at Cody from 1912–42. Member of Shoshone Lodge No. 21, Cody, Wyoming, and served as master of same in 1928. Received the degrees on June 15, 30, July 27, 1922. Now lives in Denver, Colo.

James Robertson (1742–1814) American pioneer and brigadier general. b. June 28, 1742 in Brunswick Co., Va. The family moved to Wake Co., N. Car. about 1750, where he worked on a farm and received no education. In 1759 he accompanied Daniel Boone on his third expedition beyond the Alleghenies. Here he found a valley, watered by the Watauga River, which he explored while Boone went to Ky. The following spring

Robertson led 16 families to the West. He was the first settler of Nashville. For many years this small group fought the Indians for the land. In 1776 Robertson and John Sevier, q.v., built a fort at Watauga, and with 40 men withstood a siege of 20 days. In 1779 he emigrated to the Cumberland region, leaving Sevier in charge at Watauga. Here they had a long conflict with the Cherokees, who outnumbered them 100-to-1. At the close of the Revolutionary War he was able to bring 500 trained Indian fighters into the field. Through his diplomacy, he made friends with the Choctaws and Chickasaws who severed their alliance with Great Britain, and in 1790 Washington appointed him brigadier general and Indian commissioner for the area. He fought the half-breed Creek chief, Alexander McGillivray, q.v., on many occasions after peace had been secured with the other Indians, and had great difficulty with Spain, who supported McGillivray. He was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 1 of Tenn. and was buried Masonically upon his death, Sept. 1, 1814.

J. B. A. Robertson (1871–1938) Governor of Oklahoma, 1919–23. b. March 15, 1871 in Keokuk Co., Iowa. Moved to Oklahoma in 1893; admitted to the bar in 1898. Served as county attorney, district judge, and member of state capitol and supreme court commissions. Raised in Chandler Lodge No. 58, Sept. 18, 1900; later affiliated with Siloam Lodge No. 276 of Oklahoma City, and was life member of same. Was exalted in Chandler Chapter No. 51, R.A.M., Sept. 6, 1905, and knighted in Oklahoma Cornmandery No. 3, K.T. Received the Scottish Rite at Guthrie in April, 1903, and became member of India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City in June, 1903. d. March 7, 1938.

J. Ross Robertson (1841–1918) Canadian newspaper publisher, Masonic author, and philanthropist. b. Dec. 28, 1841 in Toronto, Ontario. Educated at Upper Canada Coll, and at the same time edited a small college paper from his father's home, 1857–60. He then edited *Young Canada*; the *Grumbler*; *Sporting Life*; and *Canadian*. *Railway Guide*. Entering the newspaper field, he was city editor of the *Toronto Globe*, and spent several years in England as its correspondent. In 1866 he founded the *Daily Telegraph*, in 1875, the *Nation*, and in 1876, the *Evening Telegram*. He published a 20-volume series dealing with the history of the city of Toronto. He was a collector of books, rare prints, and historical objects. He was chairman of the board of the Hospital for Sick Children, and visited the hospital every day for 35 years. He personally built many hospital buildings, and many civic benefits in Toronto are due to his efforts. He three times declined to be a candidate for mayor of Toronto, and in 1902 declined knighthood and a senatorship. He was invited by King Edward to attend his coronation in 1902. His Masonic writings are standard works in Canada, and include *Talks With Craftsman*; *History of the Cryptic Rite*; *History of Knights Templar of Canada*; and the two-volume *History of Freemasonry in Canada*. He was made a Freemason on March 14, 1867 in King Solomon's Lodge No. 22, Toronto, and was master in 1880. In 1879 he was master of Mimico Lodge No. 369. In 1890 he was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Canada, and was reelected the following year. As grand master he visited all 354 lodges of that jurisdiction. A member of King Solomon Chapter No. 8, R.A.M.; 33° AASR; prior of the Great Priory (K.T.) of Canada; and past grand master of the Grand Council

R & S.M. His last act of benevolence was the donation of \$111,000 to the Children's Hospital, eleven days before his death, May 31, 1918.

Reuben Buck Robertson President of Champion Paper and Fibre Co., 1946–50, and now chairman of the board. b. June 11, 1879 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Yale in 1900 and law student at U. of Cincinnati. Was an attorney from 1903–06, and on special assignments in manufacturing, 1907–12. Became general manager of Champion Fibre Co. in 1912, vice president in 1918, and president from 1925–35. Became executive vice president of Champion Paper & Fibre Co. in 1935, and president and chairman in 1946. Served on National War Labor Board; past president of American Paper and Pulp Assn.; and past director of National Assn. of Manufacturers. In 1951 he was named "Man of the South." Received degrees in Avon Lodge No. 542, Cincinnati, Ohio on June 16, Sept. 22, Oct. 20, 1903. Member of Scottish Rite. Dimitted Dec. 12, 1911.

Reuben B. Robertson, Jr. President of Champion Paper and Fibre Co. since 1950. b. June 27, 1908 in Asheville, N. Car. Has been with Champion Co. since graduation from Yale in 1930, successively as assistant manager of the Canton division, production manager and vice president, general production manager of all divisions, and director of personnel. In 1955–57 he was deputy secretary of defense. Is a director of B. F. Goodrich Co., and Procter & Gamble Co. Served from captain to lieutenant colonel in Army. Received degrees in Pigeon River Lodge No. 386, Canton, N. Car. on June 4, 29,

Aug. 13, 1934, dimitting in 1947 and affiliating with Benjamin Franklin Lodge No. 719, Hamilton, Ohio on Oct. 21, 1948.

Edward D. Robie (1831–1911) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Sept. 11, 1831 in Burlington, Vt. Became assistant engineer, U.S.N., in 1852, was promoted through grades to commodore, and retired on Sept. 11, 1893. On May 29, 1906 Congress advanced him to the rank of rear admiral for his Civil War record. He circumnavigated the globe in the U.S.S. Mississippi in Perry's Japan expedition of 1852–55. He erected and operated the first line of electric telegraph ever seen in Japan, and instructed the Japanese in building and operating the first steam railroad. He took the first daguerreotypes to Japan. He was on the U.S.S. Susquehanna with the expedition to capture the filibusters in Nicaragua, and in the laying of the first ocean cable to Ireland in 1857, when the cable broke. Was a member of the board which designed the first iron floating dry dock for the U.S.N.; fleet engineer of the combined fleets at Key West, Fla., during trouble with Spain in 1874; and selected and fitted out vessels for the Spanish–American War in 1898. He was fleet engineer of the North Pacific station, 1866–69; European station, 1871–74; Pacific Fleet, 1879–81; Norfolk Navy Yard, 1874–77 and 1887–91; Boston Navy Yard, 1881–84; New York Navy Yard, 1884–87. Member of Binghamton Lodge No. 177, Binghamton, N.Y. d. 1911.

Frederick Robie (1822–1912) Governor of Maine, 1883–87. b. Aug. 12, 1822 in Gorham, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin in 1841, and M.D. from Jefferson Medical Coll., Philadelphia, in 1844. Practiced medicine at Biddeford, Maine, 1844–55, and

at Gorham, 1859–60. Served in Civil War. He was president of the First National Bank of Portland from 1891, and also president of the Derigo Fire Insurance Co. of Maine. Member of the Maine house of representatives for eight terms, and was twice speaker. Member of the state senate, 1866–67. Was a member of Harmony Lodge No. 38, Gorham, Maine, as well as the chapter and commandery. d. in 1912.

Abbe Claude Robin A French litterateur and curate of Saint Pierred'Angers. In 1776 he advanced his views on the origin of Freemasonry in a lecture before the Lodge of the Nine Sisters at Paris. He subsequently enlarged this, and it was published in 1770, under the title, *Studies on Ancient and Modern Initiations*. In this work the abbe deduces from the ancient initiations in the pagan mysteries, the orders of chivalry, whose branches, he says, produced the initiation of Freemasonry.

Augustine W. Robins (1882–1940) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 18, 1882 in Gloucester Co., Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1907, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1917. In 1935 he was chief of Air Corps material division at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. Mason. d. June 16, 1940.

Charles A. Robins Governor of Idaho, 1947–51. b. Dec. 8, 1884 in Defiance, Iowa. Graduate of William Jewell Coll. (Mo.) in 1907 and M.D. degree from U. of Chicago in 1917. Was in general medical practice at St. Maries, Idaho, 1919–46. Served several terms as state senator, and was president pro tern

in 1943–44. Member of St. Maries Lodge No. 63, St. Manes, Idaho, and senior deacon at time of his election as governor.

Sir Ellis Robins First Rhodes Scholar. An American by birth, he was born in 1884 in Philadelphia, his father being an army officer, and his mother a native of Berkshire, England. Graduate of the U. of Pennsylvania, he was chosen as the first Rhodes scholar for Oxford U., England, under the scholarships endowed by Cecil Rhodes, q.v., for students from England, its colonies, the U.S., and Germany. After his years at Christ Church, Oxford, he went to Africa, where he formed a close acquaintance with Rhodes, and became entrusted with important posts in the new territory, which had been given the name of Rhodesia. In 1914 he was mobilized to active service with the City of London Yeomanry, and served overseas in the Middle East and Egyptian expeditionary forces from 1915–21. Was awarded the D.S.O., and in 1933 was made a commander of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem. He is resident director in Africa of the British South Africa Company, and a director of the Rhodesia Railway Trust, Rhodesia Land Bank, Anglo–American Corp. of South Africa, and others. In 1953 he was host to Queen Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, on her visit to Rhodesia, at the centenary of the birth of Cecil Rhodes. He became district grand master for Rhodesia in 1937, as well as grand inspector of the Royal Arch chapters there. He was appointed past grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1934.

Thomas Robins (1868–1957) Inventor of the belt conveyor, now largely used for carrying ores, coal, etc. b. Sept. 1, 1868

in Highland Falls, N.Y. Began a series of inventions in 1892 which eventually led to the belt conveyor. Was awarded the Grand Prize, Paris Expedition, in 1900. Was chairman of board of Hewitt–Robins, Inc. Received degrees in York Lodge No. 197, N.Y.C. on May 13, 27, June 24, 1904. d. Nov. 4, 1957.

Arthur R. Robinson U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1925–35. b. March 12, 1881 in Pickering, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Northern U. in 1901, Indiana Law School, 1910, and U. of Chicago, 1913. Admitted to Indiana bar in 1910. Was member of state senate, 1915–18, and later, judge of county superior court. Served as Infantry lieutenant in WWI overseas. Received degrees in Capital City Lodge No. 312, Indianapolis, Ind. on July 13, 20, 27, 1909 and master of same in 1916. Received 50-year button on Nov. 24, 1959. Member of Scottish Rite at Indianapolis; was master of Adoniram Lodge of Perfection in 1926–27 and received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1924.

Charles Robinson (1818–1894) First governor of Kansas, when it became a state in 1861. b. July 21, 1818 in Hardwick, Mass. Medical graduate in 1843, he practiced at Belchertown, Springfield, and Fitchburg, Mass. until 1849, when he went overland to Calif. There in Sacramento he edited a daily paper called *Settlers's and Miner's Tribune*. He took part in the riots of 1850, and was arrested and indicted for conspiracy and murder, for upholding the squatter sovereignty. While under indictment, he was elected to the legislature, and the charges were later dropped without trial. He returned to Fitchburg, Mass. in 1852, where he edited a weekly paper called the *News*. In June, 1854, he went to Kansas as an

agent of the New England emigrants' aid society. He settled in Lawrence, became the leader of the Free State party, and was commander-in-chief of the Kansas volunteers. He was a member of the Topeka convention that adopted a free-state constitution in 1855, and under it was elected governor in 1856. He was then indicted for treason and usurpation of office, but was acquitted by a jury. He was again elected by the Free-State party in 1858, and for the third time in 1859. He organized most of the Kansas regiments for the Civil War. Later he served one term. as representative and two terms as state senator. He was defeated for governor in 1882, and in 1887 became superintendent of the Haskell Institute at Lawrence. Member of Lawrence Lodge No. 6, being raised July 21, 1859 and dimitting April 13, 1880. d. Aug. 17, 1894.

Fayette L. "Yankee" Robinson (1818–1884) Early circus showman. b. May 2, 1818 in Avon, N.Y. Was apprenticed to a shoemaker, learning tent-making as well. He spent his evenings studying the Bible and dramatics; gave dancing lessons. In 1845 he commissioned an artist to do a 12 by 15 foot oil painting of "The Raising of Lazarus and the Baptism of Christ." He prepared a Biblical lecture on the subject, built a small stage, loaded it in a wagon, and left for Chicago. Here he lectured at Judge Fuller's Museum at the corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets. He then traveled with theatrical companies and owned the first "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company to play under a tent. He bought two circuses, consolidating them into a "175-horse circus." In that day the size of a circus was determined by the number of horses it took to pull the wagons. He lost this circus, but soon had a 225-horse

circus which was the largest of the day. This too, he lost, and then found employment with W. W. Cole circus, and later with Sells Bros. On May 19, 1884 he combined with the Ringling Brothers, q.q.v., to form The Yankee Robinson Ringling Bros. Great Double Show at Baraboo, Wis. On Aug. 27 of that year, he became sick at Bayard, Iowa, and Al Ringling put him on the train to make the trip to Lake City, Iowa. He became so ill that the conductor put him off at Jefferson, Iowa, where he died in the Charlie Dean Hotel, unknown. Inasmuch as he wore a Masonic ring, the funeral was conducted by Morning Star Lodge No. 159. When Al Ringling returned to search for him, he had already been buried. The Ringling Brothers erected a monument with Masonic emblems over his grave. His lodge has never been determined, but it might have been almost any place, as he showed in 4,000 cities and towns scattered throughout the U.S. and Canada. d. Sept. 4, 1884.

Frank H. Robinson Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. April 10, 1904 in Everett, Wash. Commissioned a 2nd lieutenant in 1927, and advanced through grades to major general, U.S.A.F., in 1951. He commanded the 44th Bomb Group in England, 1942–43; was inspector general of Eastern Flying Training Command, 1943–45; then commanded Moody Field and Williams Field. Was chief of staff of 13th and 20th air forces at Okinawa, 1947–49; inspector general of Far East Air Forces, Japan, 1949–50; deputy commander of Central Air Defense Force, 1951–53; and since 1956 has commanded crew training at Randolph Field, Texas. Member of Centralia Lodge No. 63, Centralia, Wash. since 1921; 32* AASR in Balboa, C.Z.; Afifi

Shrine Temple of Tacoma, Wash.; and Randolph Chapter No. 403, National Sojourners, Randolph AFB, Texas.

George F. S. Robinson (see Earl of De Grey).

James F. Robinson (1800–1882) Governor of Kentucky, 1862–63. b. Oct. 4, 1800 in Scott Co., Ky. A member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 14, Georgetown, Ky., he received his degrees on April 2, 23, 27, 1821, and was master of the lodge in 1822. He was buried with Masonic honors. Member of Georgetown Chapter No. 13, R.A.M. and past high priest of same. d. Nov. 1, 1882.

John C. Robinson (1817–1897) Major General, U.S. Army. b. April 10, 1817 in Binghamton, N.Y. Attended U.S. Military Academy, but left a year before graduation to study law. Commissioned in 1839, and served in Mexican War. Was at battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, and the concluding operations of that war. He then campaigned against the hostile Indians of Texas, led expeditions against the Seminoles in Florida, and took part in the Utah expedition. At the beginning of the Civil War, he was in command of Fort McHenry, Baltimore. Commissioned brigadier general of volunteers in 1862 and commanded a brigade at Newport News. Transferred to the Army of the Potomac, he took part in the seven days' battles before Richmond, and commanded a division at Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. Was also at Mine Run, Wilderness, and Spotsylvania Court House, being wounded in the latter battle and losing his left leg. Was breveted major general of volunteers in 1864, and

major general, U.S. Army in March, 1865. He later commanded the Department of the South and the Department of the Lakes; retired on May 6, 1869 with full rank of major general. In 1877–78 he was commander-in-chief of the G.A.R., and served as president of the Society of the Army of the Potomac in 1887. Member of Binghamton Lodge No. 177, Binghamton, N.Y. He was first master of Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 205, Camp Floyd, Utah Territory. Recorded as a visitor to Otseningo Lodge No. 435, Binghamton, N.Y., on Jan. 5, 1860. Knighted in Monroe Commandery No. 12, Rochester, N.Y. on Feb. 4, 1851. d. Feb. 18, 1897.

John G. Robinson Vice President of Container Corp. of America since 1949, and chairman of board of California Container Corp. since 1952. b. Dec. 23, 1904 in Cincinnati, Ohio. With the Container Corp. of America from 1926, successively as assistant sales manager at Cincinnati, general manager of Rock Island (Ill.) plant, and general manager of West Central division at Chicago. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner.

John M. Robinson (1794–1843) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1930–41. b. April 10, 1794 in Georgetown, Ky. Graduate of Transylvania U. at Lexington, Ky. Studied law and began practice in Carmi, Ill., in 1818. He was a judge of the state supreme court, and served as a general in the state militia. Member of Western Star Lodge at Kaskaskia, Ill. d. April 25, 1843. ¤
Jonathan Robinson (1756–1819) U.S. Senator from Vermont, 1807–15. b. Aug. 11, 1756 in Harwick, Mass. Studied law and began practice in Bennington, Vt. Was town clerk, member

of state house of representatives, judge of probate court, and chief justice of the supreme court of Vermont, 1801–07. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 8, Pawlet, Vt., and at one time served as its master. d. Nov. 3, 1819.

Joseph T. Robinson (1872–1937) Governor of Arkansas, 1913; U.S. Congressman, 58th–61st Congresses, 1903–13; and U.S. Senator, 1913–37. b. Aug. 26, 1872 in Lonoke Co., Ark. Admitted to bar in 1895, and began practice at Lonoke, Ark. He was Democratic majority leader of the senate from 1923–37. In 1928 he was unsuccessful candidate for vice president of the U.S. on the Democratic ticket, with Alfred E. Smith. Appointed member of the board of regents, Smithsonian Institution, in 1927. Member of Lonoke Lodge No. 51, Lonoke, Ark.; Scottish Rite at Little Rock, and Al Amin Shrine Temple, Little Rock. Also York Rite Mason. d. July 14, 1937.

Simon W. Robinson (1792–1868) Sovereign Grand Commander of Supreme Council, 33° AASR Northern Jurisdiction, 1865–68. b. Feb. 19, 1792 in New Hampton, N.H. Served in the War of 1812, and one term in the Mass. state legislature. Initiated Nov. 29, 1819 in Mount Lebanon Lodge, Boston, Mass., he served as master for several years, and 15 years as treasurer. In 1839 was acting grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mass.; grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts from 1846–48; and presided over the Grand Encampment, K.T. of Mass. and Rhode Island. Received the 33° at Boston in 1851; was lieutenant grand commander of the AASR (SJ) from 1861–65. d. Oct. 16, 1868.

“Sugar Ray” Robinson One-time middle weight and light heavyweight boxing champion of the world. Member of Prince Hall affiliated lodge, Joppa No. 55, New York City.

William D. Robinson (1856–1931) Pennsylvania doctor who was founder of the Volunteer Medical Service Corps, which at the time was the largest medical organization in the history of the world. b. March 25, 1856 in Fulton Co., Pa. Graduate of Philadelphia Coll. of Pharmacy in 1876, and received M.D. degree from U. of Pennsylvania in 1880. He practiced at Philadelphia. He was chairman and member of the board of the Sesquicentennial International Exposition at Philadelphia in 1926. Member of Corinthian Lodge No. 368, Philadelphia, Pa., receiving degrees on Feb. 19, March 19, April 16, 1895. d. Jan. 24, 1931.

John Robison (1739–1805) Professor of natural history at the University of Edinburgh and secretary of the Royal Society in that city. He is said to have been initiated at Liege early in life, and for some time was a working Freemason. His importance to Masonry, however, stems from an anti-Masonic book published in 1797, entitled *Proofs of a Conspiracy Against All the Religions and Governments of Europe Carried on in the Secret Meetings of the Freemasons, Illuminati, and Reading Societies Collected From Good Authorities*. It created a great sensation, and Lord Moira, q.v., called for a defense on the part of Freemasonry. In his second edition, however, he admitted that Freemasonry had “retained in Britain its original form, simple and unadorned, and the lodges have remained the scenes of innocent merriment, or meetings of

charity and beneficence.” The book was used in the U.S. by the anti-Masons of the Morgan period to bolster their claims.

John M. Robison (1878–1948) U.S. Senator and U.S. Congressman from Kentucky. b. Jan. 2, 1878 in Bracken Co., Ky. Graduate of National Normal U. at Lebanon, Ohio, and Centre Coll., Danville, Ky. Began law practice at Barboursville, Ky. in 1898. Was faculty member of Union Coll. in that city. Served as congressman from Ky. to 66th–70th congresses, 1919–29, and 74th–80th congresses, 1935–48. From Jan. 9, 1930 to March 3, 1931 he was U.S. senator from Ky., filling an unexpired term. Member of Mountain Lodge No. 187, Barboursville, Ky., receiving degrees on Sept. 28, Nov. 23, Dec. 28, 1903. d. Feb. 17, 1948.

Jean Baptiste Comte de Rochambeau (1725–1807) French General of American Revolution, and later Marshal of France. His father, who was governor of Vendome, sent his son to a Jesuit college to be educated for the priesthood. On the death of his older brother, however, his plans were changed. He entered the army in 1742, serving in central Europe and the Lowlands, receiving several wounds in action. Became a colonel in 1747, succeeding his father as Governor of Vendome, and after service in the Mediterranean and German campaigns, was made a brigadier general and decorated as a Knight of the Order of St. Louis. As a lieutenant general, he was given command of the expeditionary force sent by France to help the American colonies, and he landed at Newport, R.I. in Sept., 1780, where his troops went into winter quarters. The names of many Frenchmen

appear on the old lodge records of Newport and Providence during 1780–83. He joined Washington's Continentals at White Plains, N.Y. in July, 1781. The joint forces marched southward, besieged Cornwallis at Yorktown, and with the French fleet preventing an escape by sea, forced Cornwallis to capitulate on Oct. 19, 1781. After a tour of the states, Rochambeau returned to France, where he received many honors from the king. He was made Marshal of France and head of the army. During the French Revolution, he was arrested, imprisoned, and narrowly escaped the guillotine. With the rise of power of Napoleon, however, Rochambeau was accorded recognition as a famous soldier of France, and was pensioned by the emperor. His membership has not been established, but he and Lafayette and nearly 100 others, were listed as visiting brothers at the institution of the Lodge of Saint John de Candeur at Paris on Oct. 25, 1775.

Princess of Rochelle Italian noblewoman who was grand mistress of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem—an early emanation of Masonry in the 18th century. Other grand mistresses were the Duchess of Wisembourg (Germany), Princess de Latour, and Countess of Maille (both of France).

Knute Rockne (1888–1931) Football player and coach. b. at Voss, Norway, and came to the U.S. in 1893, settling in Chicago. Graduate of Notre Dame in 1914; was captain of its football team in 1913. He was assistant coach from 1914–18, and head coach from 1918–31. Killed in an airplane crash on March 31, 1931. He was definitely not a Freemason although the Masonic press has carried many references to his

“membership.” Our information is from Carl L. Hibbard, past grand master of Indiana, who was a good friend of Rockne’s, and who discussed Freemasonry with him several times.

Robert F. Rockwell (1886–1950) U.S. Congressman to 77th–80th Congresses, 1941–49, from 4th Coloradoist b. Feb. 11, 1886 in Cortland, N.Y. Was a cattle raiser and rancher in Colorado from 1907. Served in both branches of the state legislature, and was lieutenant governor of Colo. in 1922–24. Raised in Paonia Lodge No. 121, Paonia, Colo. on Jan. 15, 1912. Served through chairs from 1914 and was master in 1917. Exalted in Zion Chapter No. 46 (now merged with Delta No. 38 of Delta, Colo.), being exalted April 26, 1912 and served as chapter officer 10 years between 1913–27; greeted in Terruride Council No. 10, R. & S.M. Aug. 2, 1923; knighted in Delta Commandery No. 34, Delta, Colo. on April 19, 1918; 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. Sept. 28, 1950.

William S. Rockwell (1804–1865) Lawyer, Egyptologist, and Lieutenant Grand Commander of the Scottish Rite, S.J. b. in Albany, N.Y. Entered law practice at Milledgeville, Ga. as a young man. Member of Benevolent Lodge No. 3 of that city; master in 1845, and grand master of Georgia in 1856–62. Member of Temple Chapter No. 6, R.A.M., Georgia Council No. 4, R. & S.M., and St. Omer Commandery No. 2, K.T., and later Palestine Coinmandery No. 7, heading each of these bodies, and offices in the state organizations. Became lieutenant grand commander of the Scottish Rite.

Seaborn A. Roddenbery (1870–1913) U.S. Congressman

to 61st–62nd Congresses, 1910–13, from 2nd Ga. dist. b. Jan. 12, 1870 in Decatur Co., Ga. Admitted to the bar in 1894, and began practice at Thomasville, Ga. He engaged in farming after 1897. Member of Thomasville Lodge No. 369, Thomasville, Ga., receiving degrees on March 30, April 12, June 10, 1897. d. Sept. 25, 1913.

Homer A. Rodeheaver (1880–1955) Evangelistic music director. b. Oct. 4, 1880 in Union Furnace, Ohio. Was musical director for William A. “Billy” Sunday in his evangelistic campaigns, 1909–31. He directed choruses in nearly all leading cities of the U.S. He was president of The Rodeheaver Hall–Mack Co., gospel music publishers at Winona Lake, Ind., and founder of Rodeheaver’s Boys Ranch, Inc., in Florida. He played the trombone with the 4th Tenn. regimental band in Cuba, during the Spanish–American War. He was the author of *Song Stories of the Sawdust Trail*; *20 Years With Billy Sunday*; and *Singing Black*. He also wrote several gospel songs. In 1923–24 he toured the world with evangelist W. E. Biederwolf, and made a tour of the Belgian Congo in 1936. Received degrees in Lake City–Warsaw Lodge No. 73, Warsaw, Ind. on Dec. 22, 25, 30, 1914. Dimitted Nov. 16, 1934 and reaffiliated Dec. 1, 1952. Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Dec. 18, 1955.

Dorrance D. Roderick Newspaper publisher. b. Dec. 24, 1900 in Brooklyn, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1922. Began as reporter on Tulsa World in 1918, and was subsequently with Associated Press in Oklahoma City; Wichita (Kan.) Eagle; and Lubbock (Tex.) Journal. Was publisher of

the latter from 1926–29, as well as the Lubbock Avalanche. Publisher of the El Paso Herald and Times, 1929–31, and the El Paso Times since 1931. Is president of the El Paso Times, Inc. and Roderick Broadcasting Corp., as well as the Southwest Broadcasting Corp., and stations KROD and KROD–TV. Served overseas as a major in military government in WWII. Director of Federal Reserve Bank, El Paso, 1945–51, and chairman of same 1948–51. Vice president of Roderick Land and Cattle Co. Member of Fraternity Lodge No. 130, El Paso, Texas since 1924; 32° AASR (SJ) at El Paso; and member of KCCH. Past potentate of El Maida Shrine Temple, El Paso, and member–of Jesters and National Sojourners.

George W. Rodgers (1787–1832) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. Feb. 22, 1787 in Harford Co., Md. He entered the Navy as a midshipman in 1804, and was commissioned lieutenant in 1810. Served on the sloop Wasp in the capture of the Frolic in 1812, for which he received commendation of congress. He commanded the brig, Firefly, in the Algerian War of 1815, and the Peacock in 1816–18, in the Mediterranean. At the time of his death, he was commodore of the Brazilian squadron. He married a sister of Commodore Perry. Member of Union Lodge No. 31, New London, Corns. d. May 21, 1832.

Clarence J. Rodman Manufacturing executive. b. July 10, 1891 in Milwaukee, Wis. Graduate of Ripon Coll. in 1913 and U. of Wisconsin in 1914. Was successively a research chemist with Eastman Kodak, Westinghouse Electric, consulting engineer. Was vice president, secretary and director of Alliance Mfg. Co., 1925–44; president, treasurer and director

of Steel Sanitary Co., 1927–34; chairman of board, treasurer, and director of Alliance Porcelain Products Co., 1934–44; vice president, director of Alliance Ware, Ltd., Vancouver, 1945. Officer of many other corporations. Holds numerous patents, and was cited by the Navy for research and development of special anti-submarine device in WWII. He has given \$500,000 to Mt. Vernon College at Alliance, Ohio and offered \$250,000 to the city for a new library if the citizens will match that amount. Received degrees in Beta Lodge No. 647 of Wilksburg, Pa. on April 18, May 23, June 27, 1921. Affiliated with Conrad Lodge No. 271, Alliance, Ohio on Feb. 1, 1927 and has served as master of same. Member of chapter and commandery at Alliance as well as 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Hugh Rodman (1859–1940) Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 6, 1859 in Frankfort, Ky. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1880, and promoted through grades to rear admiral in 1917, and full admiral in 1919, retiring in 1923. Served on the Raleigh in the Spanish–American War. Was later on the Cincinnati and Wisconsin. Subsequently commanded the El Comodoro, West Virginia, Cleveland, Connecticut, and Delaware. He was transportation superintendent of the Panama Canal, and director of Panama R.R. Co., 1914–15. Was member of the general board of the Navy, 1916–17. In WWI he first commanded Division 3 of the Atlantic Fleet, then Squadron 1 of the Battleship Force; Division 3 of the Battleship Force One; Division 9, of same; and 6th Battle Squadron in North Sea, with British Grand Fleet. Was commanding admiral and commander-in-chief of Pacific Fleet in 1919. Was U.S. delegate to

the coronation of King George VI, London, in 1938. Mason. d. June 7, 1940.

Caesar A. Rodney (1772–1824) Attorney General of U.S.; U.S. Senator and Congressman; First U.S. Minister to Argentina. b. Jan. 4, 1772 in Dover, Del. The son of Thomas Rodney, he was a nephew of the Declaration signer of the same name. Graduate of the U. of Pennsylvania in 1789, he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1793, practicing at Wilmington, Del. He served Delaware as U.S. congressman from 1803–05, and again from 1820–22. In 1807 President Jefferson appointed him attorney general of the U.S.; he resigned in 1811. During the War of 1812 he commanded a rifle corps, which was afterward changed to a light artillery company. In 1817 he was a member of the Delaware committee of safety. In 1817 he went to South America as a commissioner of President Monroe, to report on the propriety of recognizing the independence of several South American republics. He was U.S. senator from Delaware from 1822–23, resigning to become our first minister to Argentina. He was raised July 10, 1800 in Lodge No. 14, Wilmington, Del. (under the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania). He was elected senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Delaware in 1812. He is recorded as having delivered a Masonic oration before his lodge on June 24, 1803. He was on a grand lodge committee in 1809, and the 1812 proceedings record him as past master of Washington Lodge No. 1, Delaware, in 1812. d. June 10, 1824 in Buenos Aires, S.A., while minister to that country.

Richard S. Rodney Federal Judge for District of Delaware

since 1946. b. Oct. 10, 1882 in New Castle, Del. Admitted to bar in 1906, and began practice at Wilmington. Was mayor of New Castle, 1911–17, and associate judge of the supreme court of Delaware, 1922–46. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, New Castle, Del. since 1910.

Cristobal Rodriguez Mexican General and journalist. b. in Coahuayutla, Guerrero. Attended San Nicolas de Hidalgo Coll., and National Military Coll. at Chapultepec. In 1910 he joined the revolutionary forces of Francisco I. Madero, q.v., and in 1913 joined Generals Sanchez and Amaro as a colonel fighting against the usurpation of Victoriano Huerta. As chief of the press section of the War Secretary's office, he was in charge of the publication of the newspapers, *The Fatherland* and *The Soldier*, as well as the magazine *Army and Navy*. He is presently publisher of the newspaper, *Voice of Juarez*, an anticlerical publication. He has written many books and pamphlets on clericalism including, *Influence of the Clergy in the Latin America*; *Cauteries and Whips*; *Fire's Dart*; and *The Catholic Church and Christ's Rebellion in Mexico*. He is a member of the World Union of Freethinkers, a fellow of the Unity Press of the Republic, president of the Constitutional Democratic Federation, as well as the Front of Liberal Action and Revolutionary Orientation. A founder and master of the lodge *Constitucionalims* No. 16, he was grand master of the Mexican Independent Grand Lodge in 1935–36. In the Scottish Rite, he is sovereign grand inspector general, 33° of the Supreme Council of Mexico.

Elias Rodriguez Catholic Bishop. Member of the Lodge

Philantropia, established in Santo Domingo (now Dominican Republic) in 1819. It met in the vestry of a Catholic church called Cony ento Dominico. The lodge also had five friars among its members.

Louis J. Zalce y Rodriguez (1875–1955) Mexican Senator and former Governor of the State of Zacatecas. b. in 1875, he had been a Freemason 59 years. Was an officer of the Supreme Council, AASR, and a past grand master of the Grand Lodge, Valle de Mexico. Served as director general of timber for the Mexican government. He was the author of *Apuntes para. la Historia de la Masoneria en Mexico*. d. Nov. 4, 1955.

Charles F. Roe (1848–1922) Major General of Volunteers in Spanish–American War. b. May 1, 1848 in New York City. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1868. Served in the Indian campaigns of the frontier for 21 years, including the Custer massacre. Was in First and Second Cavalry. Resigned from the Federal service in 1888 and engaged in real estate business. Became brigadier general of N.Y. national guard in 1898, and major general same year, retiring in 1912, due to age. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City. d. Dec. 1, 1922.

Clifford G. Roe (1875–1934) Father of the first “White Slave” law in America. b. June 26, 1875 in Rolling Prairie, Ind. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1899 and 1902. Began law practice in Chicago, Ill. Was state’s attorney of Cook Co. from 1906–09, and special prosecutor against panders (white slave traders), from 1909–11. Was attorney for Wilson & Co.,

packers from 1918, and president of American Bureau of Moral Education from 1909. Became judge of the Ill. court of claims in 1931. Was attorney for commission headed by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., during New York investigation of 1911–12. Author of *The Great War on White Slavery*. Member of South Park Lodge No. 662, Chicago, Ill., being raised Jan. 21, 1901. d. June 28, 1934.

Dudley G. Roe U.S. Congressman to 79th Congress, 1945–47 from 1st Md. dist. b. March 23, 1881 in Sudlersville, Md. Graduate of Washington Coll. (Chestertown, Md.) in 1901, 1903, and LL.B. from U. of Maryland in 1905.. President of Sudlersville Bank since 1928, and publisher of the Centreville (Md.) Observer, 1936–47. Served one term in Md. lower house and four terms in state senate. Member of Centreville Lodge No. 180, Centreville, Md., receiving degrees on Jan. 30, Feb. 20, March 20, 1911. Served two years as trustee of the lodge.

Francis A. Roe (1823–1901) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 4, 1823 in Elmira, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1847, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1884. Served in China, Japan, West Indies, Mediterranean, and on Polar exploration expedition. Was executive of the Porpoise in 1854, when it defeated 13 heavily armed pirate junks at Koulan Bay, China, destroying six and dispersing the others. Was executive officer of the Pensacola in 1861, when it passed down the Potomac through nine miles of Confederate batteries. Was in Farragut's first fleet, 1862–63, and in many naval battles of the Civil War. He suppressed two insurrections on the Great Lakes during the Civil War.

He was in command at Vera Cruz when Maximilian, q.v., was executed by the Republican Army of Mexico. He commanded the U.S.S. Saxcacus on May 5, 1864, in action with the rebel ram, A/beniar/e, off N. Car., defeating it. Member of Union Lodge No. 95, Elmira, N.Y. d. in Dec., 1901.

Carl Roessler A German Masonic writer (under the name of R. S. Acerrellos), who translated from French into German, the work of Reghellini on Freemasonry, in its relations to the Egyptian, Jewish, and Christian religions. It was published at Leipsic in 1834–35.

Arthur H. Rogers Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Oct. 27, 1892 in Mitchell, S. Dak. Enlisted in the 4th South Dak. Inf. in 1909, commissioned in 1914, and advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944. Served in Mexican Border, WWI, Army of Occupation, 1919. In WWII he served in Alaska, French Morocco, Tunis, Italy, and Army of Occupation. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Yankton, S. Dak. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Yankton on July 18, 1917 and dimitted from Scottish Rite Aug. 15, 1929. National Sojourner and member of Heros of '76.

Austin L. Rogers (1855–1937) President of Rogers Bros. Seed Co. and developer of new varieties of seed. b. Oct. 29, 1855 in Cape Vincent, N.Y. He founded in 1876, with his brother Everett, the Rogers Bros. Seed Co. at Alpena, Mich. He continued in the business under same title after death of brother in 1890, and was president of same from incorporation in 1902. He specialized as a breeder and grower of

garden varieties of peas and beans, and originated the Rogers Green Seeded Admiral and Rogers Winner (both peas) as well as the Rogers Improved Kidney Wax and Rogers Stringless Refugee (both beans). Mason. d. Oct. 19, 1937.

Henry H. Rogers (?–1909) Capitalist. b. in Fairhaven, Mass., he was one of the large stockholders and vice president and director of Standard Oil Co. He was also president and director of Amalgamated Copper Co., National Transit Co., National Fuel Gas Co., N.Y. Transit Co., and Righmont Light and R.R. Co. He was a trustee and director of several large corporations. He made many gifts to his native town, including a library, town hall, school and church. Was made a Mason in Star in the East Lodge at New Bedford, Mass., and later a member of Tabor Lodge, Fairhaven, Mass. He built and presented a temple to the latter lodge. d. 1909.

Hiram C. Rogers Brigadier General. Member of Binghamton Lodge No. 177, Binghamton, N.Y.

Horatio Rogers (1836–1904) Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War; Justice, Supreme Court of R.I., 1891–1903. b. May 18, 1836 in Providence, R.I. Graduate of Brown U. in 1855. Admitted to bar in 1858. Held many local offices in Providence and state of R.I. Was member of the general assembly, and attorney general of the state. Mason. d. 1904.

John R. Rogers (1838–1901) Governor of Washington, 1896–1904. b. Sept. 4, 1838 in Brunswick, Maine. Worked in drug store at Boston, 1852–56, and was manager of a drug

store in Jackson, Miss. in 1856. From 1860–66 he was a school teacher and farmer in Illinois, and in the drug business in that state from 1866–76. He went to Kansas in 1876, where he farmed and became a Farmers' Alliance organizer. He was later editor of the *Kansas Commoner* at Wichita. In 1890 he moved to Washington, where he was a member of the state legislature for seven terms. Was made a Mason in Neoga, Ill. in 1875, becoming a member of Burrton Lodge No. 182, Burrton, Kans. while in that state, and in 1890 affiliated with Corinthian Lodge No. 38, Puyallup, Wash. d. 1901.

Molten C. Rogers Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and later supreme court justice for 25 years. Member of Lodge No. 43 at Lancaster, Pa. and one of the signers of James Buchanan's petition, q.v., to that lodge. Buchanan was initiated Dec. 11, 1816. Rogers received his degrees on March 23, April 8, 17, 1812 and resigned June 10, 1829 after having served as master in 1814.

Moses Rogers Captain of the *Savannah*, first ship equipped with a steam engine to cross the ocean in 1819. The ship was "a failure by almost every standard," and yet today she is reckoned one of the world's most illustrious ships because of her history-making voyage, begun May 22, 1819 from Savannah, Ga. Built in New York, it used steam for only 3½ days out of the 29-day voyage. It was sent to Europe in the hope that it could be sold for a fancy price to the Czar of Russia, but found no buyer. Restored to a sailing craft, she blew ashore off Long Island when only three years old. Moses Rogers is traditionally believed to have been a Freemason, but it is not

verified. His cousin and brother-in-law, Stevens Rogers, was the navigator and a member of Union Lodge No. 31, New London, Conn.

Robert Rogers (1731–1800) Leader of “Rogers’ Rangers” in French–Indian Wars, and controversial character in American Revolution. b. 1731 in Methuen, Mass. He raised a company of rangers in 1756, which saw much service in the region of Lake George. In 1758 he was promoted to major by Gen. Abercromby. His rangers became famous for their raids. In March, 1758 he defeated 750 French–Indian troops with 170 men, losing all but 70 of his command. In 1759 he was sent by Sir Jeffrey Amherst from Crown Point to destroy the Indian village of St. Francis, which he did, killing 200 Indians. In 1760 he was ordered to take possession of Detroit and other western posts that were ceded by the French to the English after the fall of Quebec. He was appointed governor of Mackinaw, Mich. in 1765, but while holding this office was accused of plotting to plunder his own fort. Was sent in irons to Montreal, and tried. In 1769 he visited England the second time, and while there was imprisoned for debt. At the start of the American Revolution, he dealt with both sides. He was imprisoned by Washington on suspicion of espionage, even though he wrote him “I love America; it is my native country, and that of my family, and I intend to spend the evening of my days in it.” He was paroled by congress to the provincial congress of New Hampshire, and while on parole, accepted a colonel’s commission in the British Army and organized the “Queen’s Rangers.” He went to England in 1778, and was banished from this country. He was a member of St. Johns

Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., receiving his degrees in April, 1756. d. in England between 1795–1800.

Roy Rogers Actor–singer in movies, radio, and television. b. Nov. 5, 1912 in Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1932–38 he organized and appeared with the band, “Sons of the Pioneers.” In 1938 he appeared in his first movie, *Under Western Stars*, and since that date has starred in 89 Western pictures. Has been a radio singer since 1937, and since 1952 has been an actor and producer of TV films. He is president of Roy Rogers Enterprises. Member of Hollywood Lodge No. 355, Calif. receiving degrees in April, May and June, 1946. 32° AASR (SJ) at Los Angeles and member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple. Honorary member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Stephens Rogers Navigator of the *Savannah*, first ship equipped with steam engine to cross the ocean in 1819. The captain of the ship was Moses Rogers, q.v., a cousin and brother-in-law of Stephens. Stephens was a member of Union Lodge No. 31, New London, Conn., and usually carried the Bible board at its funerals—but not at his own, which was attended by more than 200 members of the Craft from miles around. He has a curiously wrought gravestone, more maritime than Masonic.

Warren L. Rogers (1877–1938) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Nov. 14, 1877 in Allentown, N.J. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1907; Union Theol. Seminary, 1911; General Theol. Seminary, 1912; and Kenyon Coll., 1925. Became deacon and priest in Protestant Episcopal Church in 1911, and

then served churches in Detroit, Pittsburgh, Jersey City, N.J. and again in Detroit. Became coadjutor bishop on April 30, 1925, and bishop in Sept. 1930. In 1929 he was a member of the national council of his church. Raised in Palestine Lodge No. 357, in 1923; exalted in Palestine Chapter No. 159, R.A.M., in 1923; knighted in Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. in 1924; greeted in Monroe Council No. 1, R. & S.M., 1925 (all of Detroit, Mich.). Dirnitted to Holyrood Commandery No. 32, K.T. of Cleveland, Ohio and was grand prelate of Grand Commandery of Ohio in 1929. Received 32° AASR (NJ) at Cleveland in 1925 and 33° at Boston on Sept. 16, 1930. d. Nov. 6, 1938.

Will Rogers (1879–1935) Full name was William Penn Adair Rogers. American humorist. b. Nov. 4, 1879 at Oologah, Indian Territory (now Okla.). His great grandmother on his father's side was a Cherokee. His father, Clem, served as a captain in the Confederate Army under the Cherokee General Standwaite, q.v. His father, who was a rancher of some means, attempted to give Will the best education possible, but young Will did not like being tied down to anything so formal as education. He attended Willie Halsell Coll. at Vinita, Okla., Scarritt Coll., at Neosho, Mo., and Kemper Military Academy at Boonville, Mo. He ran away from Kemper to punch cattle in Texas, but returned to his father's ranch for a time before setting off for the cattle country of Argentina. From there he went to Africa, where he joined Texas Jack's Wild West Circus. Next he joined Wirth Brothers Circus in Australia, and returned to America to join the Cummins Wild West Show. In St. Louis he turned to burlesque, and made his

first appearance on the New York stage, June 11, 1905. He then played in England and Europe, and just before the outbreak of WWI, was in the Empire Theater of London in the musical show, *The Merry-GoRound*. He entered the Ziegfeld Follies in 1916, where he perfected his monologue technique, and stayed with Ziegfeld until his death, with the exception of the years out for motion pictures. His best remembered pictures were *In the Land of Jubilo*; *Al- most a Husband*; *The Strange Border*; *Jes' Call Me Jim*. His first talking picture was *They Had to See Paris*, followed by *State Fair*; *A Connecticut Yankee*; *David Harurn*; *In Old Kentucky*; and *Steamboat Round the Bend*. His writings included *What We Laugh. At*; *Illiterate Digest*; *Letters of a Self-Made Diplomat to His President*; *There's Not a Bathing Suit in Russia*; *The Cowboy Philosopher on the Peace Conference*; *The Cowboy Philosopher on Prohibition*. His first weekly article as a columnist appeared in the *New York Times* in 1922, and later was syndicated and appeared as a Sunday feature in many U.S. newspapers. He petitioned Claremore Lodge No. 53, Jan. 21, 1905, at the age of 25, listing his occupation as that of a fanner. He received the degrees, Feb. 18, 1905; March 10, and 13, 1906. On April 16, 1908 he received the Scottish Rite degrees in the Webber Memorial Class in the Valley of McAlester, Okla. He was twice suspended from the Scottish Rite (1918 and 1921), but each time reinstated (1918 and 1927). Joined Akdar Shrine Temple at Tulsa, Nov. 20, 1914. He had applied for, and was scheduled to receive, the York Rite degrees, but for various reasons was never able to make satisfactory arrangements. He was an honorary member of the Bedouin Shrine Temple at Muskogee, and had attended

a Shrine ceremonial in Fairbanks, Alaska, just prior to his death. The Rogers Memorial in Claremore, Okla. exhibits his Masonic petition, and the Bible on which he took his obligation. He was killed in an airplane accident near Point Barrow, Alaska on Aug. 15, 1935, in a plane piloted by his friend Wiley Post.

William Rogers (1751–1824) Last surviving chaplain of the American Revolution. b. July 22, 1751 in Newport, R.I. He was the first (and for several days the only) student at Rhode Island Coll. (now Brown), from which he graduated in 1769. He became principal of an academy at Newport in 1772–75, pastor of the First Baptist Church in Philadelphia. In 1776 he was chosen chaplain to Col. Samuel Miles's Pa. rifle regiment, and served until June, 1778, when he was made brigade chaplain in the Continental Army. He retired from service in June, 1781. In 1789 he became a professor at the Coll. of Philadelphia, and in 1792 held the same post in its successor, the U. of Pennsylvania. He was active in societies for the gradual abolishment of slavery and for alleviating the miseries in public prisons. He was made a Mason in Proctor's Military Lodge No. 19, and admitted a member of Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Oct. 17, 1786. He is recorded as a visitor to American Union Lodge, and from 1803 until his death on April 7, 1824, was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.

Wynne G. Rogers (1874–1946) Justice, Supreme Court of Louisiana from 1924. b. Dec. 26, 1874 in New Orleans, La. Graduate of Tulane U. in 1895, and admitted to La. bar the

following year, practicing at New Orleans. Was judge of the civil district court, Parish of Orleans, 1920–24. Was professor of civil procedure at Tulane U. from 1920. Raised Nov. 17, 1904 in Union Lodge No. 172, New Orleans; master in 1909 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1920. Received KCCH in Scottish Rite in 1923 and 33° in 1924. Was exalted in Orleans Delta Chapter No. 1, Sept. 12, 1910; high priest in 1917 and grand high priest of Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Louisiana in 1928. Greeted in Louisiana Council No. 2, R. & S.M. and knighted in Indivisible Friends Commandery No. 1, K.T. Potentate of Jerusalem Shrine Temple in 1920. d. Sept. 15, 1946 and buried by his lodge.

Quincy Alvin W. Rohrbach President of Pennsylvania State Teachers College since 1934. b. June 6, 1894 in Mertztown, Pa. Graduate of Keystone State Normal, Kutztown, Pa. in 1912; Franklin and Marshall Coll., Lancaster, Pa. in 1922, and master's and doctor's degrees from U. of Pittsburgh. Was a high school teacher and principal, 1912–24. Joining the U. of Pennsylvania's teaching staff, he was head of the department of history and education, 1925–31, and professor of administration, 1931–34. Member of Huguenot Lodge No. 377, Kutztown, Pa. since 1917. Received 32° AASR (NJ) at Reading, Pa. and 33° in Sept., 1956. Member of. Rajah Shrine Temple, Reading, Pa.

Edward G. Rohrbough (?–1956) U.S. Congressman to 78th, 1943–45, and 80th, 1947–49, Congresses from W. Va. b. in Buckhannon, W. Va. Graduate of Allegheny Coll. in 1900 and Harvard in 1906. Taught school in Pa. and W. Va. from

1900–07. Was president of Glenville State Coll., 1908–42, and president emeritus since 1942. Member of Gilmer County Lodge No. 118, Blenville, W. Va. d. Dec. 12, 1956.

Luis Manuel Rojas Principal author of the Mexican constitution of 1917. A lawyer, he was named as president of the body to draw up a new liberal constitution for Mexico upon the victory of Venustiano Carranza. His position as president of the constitutional congress enabled him to collaborate with other prominent Freemasons to give Mexico a liberal and progressive constitution. It has since become known as the Magna Carta of Mexico. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge Valle of Mexico in 1918–19, and served as grand commander of the Supreme Council, AASR of Mexico.

Alexander Rojnesky Polish General who became deputy grand master of the Grand Orient of Poland in 1816. He was a close friend of N. N. Novosilzov, the high Russian commissioner of Poland, who later “liquidated” Polish Masonry in 1822, as being political. Rojnesky strengthened the Grand Orient numerically, and united Polish and Lithuanian lodges in 1819. In 1816 he proposed the adoption of a new Masonic constitution which would have brought Masonry under the control of the Russian government. This brought about the founding of a Polish “National Masonry” which was strongly nationalistic, and thereby helped bring about the eventual closing of all Polish lodges by Russia.

Edward H. Rollins (1824–1889) U.S. Senator, 1877–83, and U.S. Congressman to 37th–39th Congresses, 1861–67,

from New Hampshire. b. Oct. 3, 1824 in Strafford Co., N.H. Engaged in mercantile pursuits at Concord, and active in state politics many years. Was member of the lower house, 1855–57. He was secretary of the Union Pacific Railroad in 1869, and treasurer in 1871, but resigned both positions to take his seat in the senate. Was president of the Boston, Concord & Montreal R.R., 1886–89, and founder of the First National Bank of Concord and the banking house of E. H. Rollins & Sons at Concord. Member of Blazing Star Lodge No. 11, Concord, and served as commander of Mt. Horeb Commandery, K.T. of that city. d. July 31, 1889.

James M. Rolph, Jr. (1889–1934) Governor of California, 1931–35. b. Aug. 23, 1869 in San Francisco, Calif. He began as an office boy in a shipping firm in 1888. He was senior member of an insurance firm from 1928, and president of James Rolph & Co., shipping and commission merchants. He was mayor of San Francisco five terms, 1911–32. Made a Mason March 5, 1903 in California Lodge No. 1; member of Mission Chapter No. 79, R.A.M.; California Commandery No. 1, K.T.; Islam Shrine Temple and Jinnistan Grotto No. 76. He received the 32° AASR (SJ), Sept. 17, 1904, and was a member of Pyramid No. 1, of the Sciots. d. June 2, 1934, while serving as governor.

Enotrio Romano (see Giosue Car-ducual).

Fred W. Rombach Vice President of Philco Corp., in charge of Watson-town Cabinet Division, since 1946. b. Oct. 13, 1898 in Watsontown, Pa. Graduate of Cornell in 1921. Was an

engineer with Bell Telephone Co. at Pittsburgh in 1921–22, going with the Watsontown Table & Furniture Co. in 1922. He was vice president and treasurer of that company from 1925–36. He was chief cabinet engineer of the Philco Corp. at Philadelphia from 1936–38, and vice president and general manager of the Watsontown Cabinet Co., 1938–46. Member of Watson–town Lodge No. 401, Watsontown, Pa., receiving degrees on March 20, April 27, June 29, 1920. Served as master in 1936. Past president of Masonic Temple Assn.

Sigmund Romberg (1887–1951) Composer of light opera. b. in Hungary, he was educated in the elementary and high schools of Zeged, Hungary, and at the U. of Vienna. He described himself as a “middle–brow” composer “too low for a symphony conductor, and too highbrow for a jazz conductor.” He wrote some of the outstanding hits of the 1900’s, including *Maytime* (1917); *Student Prince* (1924); *Blossom Time* (1926); *Desert Song* (1926); *Ä¢ New Moon* (1927); *Nina Rosa* (1929); *East Wind* (1931); *Melody* (1933); *May Wine* (1935) as well as *The Night Is Young*, *Rosalie*, *My Golden Girl*, and *My Maryland*. He was a member of Perfect Ashlar Lodge No. 604, New York City. He was made a Scottish Rite Mason “at sight” on Oct. 25, 1946, in Baltimore, Md. by Dr. Edgar C. Powers, sovereign grand inspector general in Maryland. Romberg had a very fine pipe organ, specially de–signed for him, that had been in storage in N.Y. He offered it to the Scottish Rite of Baltimore for what the storage had cost him over the years. The Scottish Rite Temple thereby acquired a \$50,000 organ for a total cost of \$14,000, including installation. Romberg also gave \$1,000 to help defray the expense, and on the evening

of Oct. 25, 1946, gave a concert in the temple. He refused to play the pipe organ, pleading that he had not had sufficient practice, but entertained an audience of 1,000 for an hour on the piano, building harmonies around groups of two or three notes suggested by the audience. d. Nov. 9, 1951.

Milton Andrew Romjue U.S. Congressman to 65th–66th Congresses, 1917–21, and 68th–77th Congresses, 1923–43, from Mo. b. Dec. 5, 1874 in Macon Co., Mo. Received LL.B. from U. of Missouri in 1904, and was class orator and valedictorian. Began law practice in Macon, Mo. in 1904, and served as probate judge from 1907–15. Member of Censer Lodge No. 172; exalted in Macon Chapter No. 22, April 20, 1915; knighted in Emmanuel Commandery No. 7, K.T. Aug. 23, 1915, all of Macon, Mo.

Lawrence Alfred Merwyn Dundas, Earl of Ronaldshay The eldest son, heir of the 2nd marquess of Zetland. The family's connections with Freemasonry extends, unbroken, back to the time of the union of the two English grand lodges in 1813. During that time it has provided a grand master of England with 26 years tenure; two deputy grand masters and a pro grand master. The present earl was named junior warden in 1943, and in 1952 became grand superintendent over the Royal Arch province of Yorkshire, a position which his father relinquished to him after serving 29 years. He was initiated in Lennox Lodge No. 123, and was master in 1937. Member of Lennox Chapter of the Royal Arch which is attached to his lodge.

Finn Ronne Antarctic explorer and geographer. b. Dec. 20, 1899 in Horten, Norway. A graduate mechanical engineer and naval architect of Horten Technical Coll, in 1923, he came to the United States in that year and was naturalized in 1929. He was the leader of the Ronne Antarctic Research Expedition of 1946–48, which claimed 250,000 square miles of new land, including Edith Ronne Land (named for his wife), for the United States. Wintered three times on the Antarctic continent. A captain in the U.S. naval reserve, he is a consultant with the U.S. department of defense. He is commanding officer of the Weddell Sea Station, Antarctica, and scientific director of the International Geophysical Year, 1956–58. Received congressional silver medal in 1935, and the gold medal in 1943. Member of Norseman's Lodge No. 878, New York City.

Hans Johndal Ronneberg (1867–1941) Norwegian attorney and judge. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Norway from 1928–41, and as such had the sad task to acknowledge the receipt of the decree of the German occupation forces on Sept. 20, 1940, dictating dissolution of Freemasonry in Norway.

Charles Roome (1812–1890) Union Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War, and 14th Grand Master, Knights Templar, U.S.A., 1886–89. b. Aug. 4, 1812 in New York City. Was first a clerk, and then employed by the Manhattan Gas Light Co. of N.Y.C., as an assistant engineer. Became chief engineer and finally, in 1855, president of the company, continuing in that capacity until a short time before his death. He raised the 37th N.Y. regiment in the Civil War and led it in person.

For bravery he was breveted brigadier general of volunteers. Made a Mason in Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C. in Jan., 1866, and in 1868 served the first of his four terms as master of the lodge. In 1879 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. in 1866, and subsequently knighted in Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 23, K.T., serving as commander for three years. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in 1866, and 33° in 1872. Was grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York in 1875, and grand master of the Grand Encampment in 1886 at St. Louis. d. June 28, 1890.

A. W. Roos (1824–1895) Postmaster General of Sweden, 1867–89. He reorganized that country's postal service. Was initiated in St. John's Lodge Den Nordiska Forsta, the first of Scandinavia.

Elliott Roosevelt Writer and rancher. b. Sept. 23, 1910 in New York City, son of Franklin D. Roosevelt, q.v., 31st president of the U.S. Educated at Groton School, 1923–29. Was in various advertising, writing and editing work from 1929–41. Vice president and director of Dalco Uranium, Inc., from 1957. Ordered to active duty as a captain, U.S. Air Corps in 1940, advanced to brigadier general in 1945, and retired that year. He is the author of *As He Saw It*, and editor of *F.D.R., His Personal Letters, Early Years*; *Personal Letters, 1905–28*; and *Personal Letters, 1928–45*. He was raised in Architect Lodge No. 519, New York City, Feb. 17, 1933. His father, then president-elect, served as acting master and presided in the East during the conferring of the degree. His brothers, Franklin

D. and James, qq.v., were later raised in this same lodge with their father present. Suspended NPD, Dec. 21, 1955.

Franklin Delano Roosevelt (1882–1945) Thirty-first President of the United States. b. Jan. 30, 1882 in Hyde Park, N.Y. Graduate of Harvard in 1904, and attended Columbia U. Law School, 1904–07. Practiced law in New York City from 1907–33. Was member of N.Y. state senate, 1910–13, when he resigned to become assistant secretary of the Navy, 1913–20. Elected to governorship of New York two terms, 1929–33. Was Democratic nominee for vice president in 1920. Became president in 1933, serving until his death in 1945. Elected to four terms, he was the only president ever to serve more than two terms. A member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., he received his degrees, Oct. 10, Nov. 14, Nov. 28, 1911. Received the 32° AASR (NJ) at Albany, N.Y. Feb. 28, 1929, while governor of N.Y. Member of Cypress Shrine Temple, Albany, N.Y.; Tri-Po-Bed Grotto, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.; Greenwood Forest Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Warwick, N.Y. In 1930 he was appointed representative of the Grand Lodge of Georgia near the Grand Lodge of New York. He was present and took part in the degree, when his son Elliott was raised Feb. 17, 1933 in Architect Lodge No. 519, N.Y.C., and was made and honorary member of that lodge on this occasion. He was at the time president-elect. On Nov. 7, 1935 two more sons, James and Franklin D. were raised in this lodge, and their father was present. He was an honorary member of Washington Centennial Lodge No. 14 (March 15, 1933), and Stansbury Lodge No. 24, Nov. 21, 1919, both of Washington, D.C., as well as Capitol Forest No. 104 of the

Tall Cedars in that city (March 31, 1933). He was elected an honorary member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C. on March 23, 1934. Made honorary member of Tri-City Chapter No. 103, National Sojourners, Londonville, N.Y., on Feb. 18, 1931. During his years as president, he received many delegations of Freemasons at the White House. On April 13, 1934 he became the first honorary grand master of the Order of DeMolay. d. April 12, 1945.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr. U.S. Congressman to 81st–83rd Congresses from 20th N.Y. dist. b. Aug. 17, 1914 on Campobello Island, N.B., Canada, son of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, q.v., the 31st president of the United States. Graduate of Harvard in 1937, and U. of Virginia in 1940. Served in U.S. Navy in WWII, 1941–45. He and his brother James, q.v., were raised the same night–Nov. 7, 1935–in Architect Lodge No. 517, N.Y.C. with their father present. Brother Elliott had been raised in the same lodge two years previously.

James Roosevelt U.S. Congressman, 84th–86th Congresses from 26th Calif. dist. b. Dec. 23, 1907 in New York City, son of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, q.v., 31st President of the United States. Graduate of Harvard in 1930, and began as an insurance broker in that year. Organized Roosevelt & Sargent, Inc. in 1937, resigning in 1938 to enter the motion picture industry. Reentered Roosevelt & Sargent as executive vice president, establishing a West coast office in 1946. Is chairman of board of Roosevelt, Sargent & Haines, Inc. and president of Roosevelt & Co., Inc. Was Democratic candidate for governor of Calif. in 1950. Entered U.S. Marine Corps as captain in 1940,

and promoted to colonel in 1944, leaving service in 1945. Was raised in Architect Lodge No. 519, New York City, November 7, 1935. His brother Franklin D., Jr., q.v., was raised the same evening with their father present. Brother Elliott had been raised in the same lodge two years previously.

Nicholas Roosevelt (1767–1854) American inventor. Invented the vertical paddle wheel, and was associated with Robert Fulton in introducing steamboats on Western rivers. b. Dec. 27, 1767 in New York City, he was a great grand-uncle of Theodore Roosevelt, q.v. His efforts in the steamboat field were mentioned by John H. B. Latrobe, q.v., in his *Lost Chapter in the History of the Steamboat* (1871). He moved to N.Y.C. shortly after the withdrawal of British troops. Here he made a small wooden boat, across which was an axle projecting over the sides, with paddles at the ends. He became interested in the Schuylers copper mines in New Jersey on the Passaic river. He built engines for various purposes, including the water works of Philadelphia. He erected a rolling-mill, and held the government contract for copper drawn and rolled guns, for six 74-gun ships. In 1797, with Robert R. Livingston, q.v., and John Stevens, he agreed to build a boat for which the engines were to be constructed by Roosevelt, and the propelling agency by Livingston. The experiment failed, but the following year, Roosevelt described his vertical wheel to Livingston, and the latter strongly recommended it. Robert Fulton rejected it as being “out of the question.” It later proved one of the principles that made steam navigation a success. In 1802 Livingston and Fulton adopted Roosevelt’s vertical wheels. In 1809 Roosevelt and Fulton associated

themselves to introduce steamboats on Western waters, and in 1811, Roosevelt built the New Orleans, the pioneer boat that descended the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers from Pittsburgh to New Orleans in 14 days. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. July 30, 1854.

Theodore Roosevelt (1858–1919) Twenty-Sixth President of the United States. b. Oct. 27, 1858 in New York City. Graduate of Harvard in 1880; held honorary degrees from 13 universities. Member of the N.Y. state legislature, 1882–84, and in the latter year purchased a large ranch in N. Dak., where he resided for his health until 1886. Was U.S. civil service commissioner, 1889–95, and president of the N.Y. Police Board, 1895–97. Was assistant secretary of the Navy, 1897–98, but resigned to organize with Leonard Wood (later major general) the 1st U.S. Cavalry, popularly known as Roosevelt's Rough Riders. Distinguished himself in the Spanish–American War in Cuba. Was governor of New York from 1899–1900. Elected vice president of the U.S. for the term of 1901–05, he succeeded to the presidency on the death of William McKinley, q.v., on Sept. 14, 1901. He was elected to the presidency for the term 1905–09 by the largest popular majority recorded at that time. In 1912 he was defeated for the presidency as a Progressive Party candidate. In 1906 he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize (\$40,000). In 1910 he was special ambassador of the U.S. at the funeral of King Edward VII of England. Did much big game hunting in the West and in Africa. In 1914 he headed a party in Brazil, exploring a tributary of the Madeira River for about 600 miles; later it was named Rio Teodoro in his honor. He offered to raise a division in WWI

and go with it to France, but President Wilson declined the offer. Wrote many books, including History of the Naval War of 1812; Winning of the West; Hunting Trips of a Ranchman; Life of Thomas Hart Benton; Life of Gouverneur Morris; Ranch Life and Hunting Trail; History of New York; The Wilderness Hunter; The Rough Riders; and many others. A member of Matinecock Lodge No. 806 of Oyster Bay, N.Y., he received his degrees, Jan 2, March 27, April 24, 1901, shortly after his election to the vice presidency. Was made honorary member of Pentalpha Lodge No. 23, Washington, D.C., on April 4, 1904; honorary member of Illinois Masonic Veterans Ass'n., in 1903; honorary member of Masonic Veterans Ass'n. of the Pacific Coast, in 1901. He reviewed the annual inspection and review of Knights Templar on the ellipse of the White House on May 26, 1902; delivered an address at the Masonic laying of the cornerstone of the Army War College, Feb. 21, 1903; laid cornerstone of the north gate to Yellowstone Park, under the auspices of the Grand Lodge of Montana, April 24, 1903; assisted in laying the cornerstone of the Masonic Temple at Tacoma, Wash. and gave a short address, May 22, 1903; broke ground for the Masonic Temple at Spokane, Wash. on May 26, 1903; was present at the memorial service by the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania on April 19, 1906 at Christ Church, Philadelphia, in honor of the 200th anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin; attended the Masonic cornerstone laying of the House of Representatives' office building in Washington, D.C. on April 14, 1906, delivering the address; delivered the address at the laying of the cornerstone of the new Masonic Temple, 13th St. and New York Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C., June 8, 1907; was present in

Masonic regalia at the laying of the cornerstone of the Pilgrim Memorial Monument, Provincetown, Mass. on Aug. 20, 1907, and delivered an address; visited the Grand Lodge of New York on May 11, 1917, and made an address. He visited lodges in many parts of the world, including Africa, Europe, and South America. His correspondence contains many letters to Masonic groups. He was a proud and active Freemason. d. Jan. 6, 1919.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. (1887–1944) Brigadier General, U.S. Army, author and publisher. b. Sept. 13, 1887 in Oyster Bay, N.Y., son of Theodore Roosevelt, q.v., 26th President of the United States. Graduate of Harvard in 1908. Was member of N.Y. state assembly in 1919–20; assistant secretary of the Navy, 1921–24. In 1922 he was chairman of the commission of naval experts at the Limitation of Armament Conference. Defeated for governor of N.Y. in 1924. He was leader of the James Simpson–Roosevelt–Field Museum Expedition to Asia in 1925, and of the Kelley–RooseveltField Museum Expedition to Asia in 1928–29. From 1929–32 he was governor of Puerto Rico, and from 1932–33 was governor general of the Philippines. Was chairman of the board of the American Express Co, 1934–35, and vice president of Doubleday Doran & Co., publishers, from 1935 until death. Was commissioned major in the 26th Infantry in 1917, and later promoted to lieutenant colonel. In WWI he participated with the 1st Infantry Division in the battles of Cantigny, Soissons, Argonne–Meuse, St. Mihiel, and was twice wounded. In WWII he returned to active duty as a colonel commanding his old regiment—the 26th Infantry of the 1st Division in 1941, and was advanced

to brigadier general in Dec. of that year. He died in the early days of the invasion of France and was buried in the American Military Cemetery at St. Laurent, France. He was made a Freemason on July 7, 1920 in his father's lodge, Matinecock Lodge No. 806 of Oyster Bay, N.Y. Was a member of the Scottish Rite in Washington, D.C., and of the Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn, N.Y. d. July 12, 1944.

Erastus Root (1773–1846) U.S. Congressman from N.Y. and leader of the “anti-rent war” of Delaware Co., N.Y. in the 1840's. b. March 16, 1773 in Hebron, Conn. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1793. Studied law and began practice in Delhi, N.Y. Was in state legislature, 1798–1802, and a member of congress in 1803–05; 1809–11; 1812–15 and 1831–33. He was lieutenant governor of N.Y. in 1829–22, and state senator 1840–44. He was nominated for governor by the Working Man's Party in 1830 but declined on the ground that there was no chance of being elected. The “anti-rent war” led to the passage of the Homestead Act of 1862 which opened the West to settlement. He was affiliated with St. Andrews Lodge No. 45 of Stamford, N.Y. in July, 1799, and later became a charter member and first master of Cassia Lodge No. 180, New Delhi, N.Y. The latter lodge was forced to surrender its charter because of the “anti-rent war.” d. Dec. 24, 1846.

Daniel C. Roper (1867–1943) U.S. Secretary of Commerce, 1933–38 under Franklin D. Roosevelt. b. April 1, 1867 in Marlboro Co., S. Car. Graduate of Duke U. in 1888, and LL.B. from National U., Washington, D.C. in 1901. Served in state legislature of S. Car. in 1892–94; was clerk for U.S. senatorial

committee 1894–97; special agent U.S. Census Bureau, 1900–10, and clerk of ways and means committee of U.S. house of representatives, 1911–13. From 1913–16 he was first assistant postmaster general; commissioner of Internal Revenue, 1917–20. Raised in Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on April 28, 1896, becoming a charter member of Barristers Lodge No. 48, of that city, on Dec. 19, 1928. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Washington, D.C. on Dec. 17, 1929, and member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C. d. April 11, 1943.

Alberto T. Roraback (1849–1923) Justice, Supreme Court of Connecticut, 1908–19. b. Aug. 23, 1849 in Sheffield, Mass. Admitted to bar in 1873; was judge of common pleas court of Litchfield Co., 1889–97; judge of superior court of Conn., 1897–1908. Raised in Housatonic Lodge No. 61 of Canaan, Conn. in 1875. d. Feb. 1, 1923.

Carl A. N. Rosa (1843–1889) German operatic impresario in England. He started the Carl Rosa Opera Co. in 1875, popularized opera in English, and encouraged native English composers of opera. His original surname was Rose. Became a Freemason towards the end of his life.

Philip Samuel Rosa Mystic alchemist and Masonic charlatan. b. at Ysenberg, he was at one time a Lutheran clergyman, and in 1757 was rector of the Cathedral of Saint James in Berlin. Was initiated in the Lodge of the Three Globes. He was made a deputy to Von Printzen, who established a system of higher degrees at Berlin, based on the French system. He traveled in Holland, Germany, Denmark, and Sweden and

had some success in organizing lodges of advanced degrees in Holland and Germany. His moral conduct has been questioned by some historians. He faded from the Masonic picture and nothing is known of his subsequent life.

Francis Rose Commodore, U.S. Navy, Member of Union Lodge No. 95, New York.

Herschel H. Rose (1877–1945) Judge, Supreme Court of Appeals, West Virginia, 1941–45. b. April 20, 1877 in Mannington, W. Va. Graduate of West Virginia U. in 1906. Taught school, 1897–1900; was bank teller, 1900–03. Admitted to the bar in 1906, he practiced in Wetzel Co. and Fairmont until 1940. Mason, Knight Templar, and 33° AASR (SJ), he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia, 1937–38. Raised in Grafton Lodge No. 15, April 25, 1904, dimitting to Littleton Lodge No. 131 in 1909 and becoming a charter member of Acacia Lodge No. 157, Fairmont, W. Va. in 1919. d. June 17, 1945.

Philip S. Rose Editor-in-chief of Country Gentleman, 1927–40. b. July 13, 1872 in Allendale Center, Mich. Graduate of Michigan State Agricultural Coll. in 1899. Became member of engineering faculty of N. Dak. Agricultural Coll. in 1900–09, and was one of the pioneers in agricultural engineering education. Was associate editor of The American Thresherman, 1909–17, and also editor of the Gas Review during those years. Became associate editor and feature article writer for the Country Gentleman, 1917–27. Received first two degrees on April 16, Aug. 27, 1909 in Shiloh Lodge No. 1, Fargo, N.

Dak. with third degree conferred by Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis. as a courtesy to Shiloh Lodge. Dimitted Jan. 8, 1915 from Shiloh and no further record in N. Dak.

Uriah M. Rose (1834–1913) U.S. delegate to 2nd Hague Peace Conference in 1907, with rank of ambassador. b. March 4, 1834 in Marion Co., Ky. Received LL.B. from U. of Missouri in 1888 and also U. of Arkansas. Practiced law at Batesville, Ark., 1853–60, and at Little Rock after 1865. Was president of the American Bar Association, 1901–02, and was often called the “foremost citizen of Arkansas.” His statue is in the National Hall of Fame, Washington, D.C. Was author of *Rose’s Digest of Arkansas Reports*. Received Entered Apprentice degree in Mount Horeb Lodge No. 4, Washington, Ark. (now defunct). d. Aug. 12, 1913.

Alfred Rosenberg (1893–1946) Nazi Reichsleiter and Anti-Mason. Was editor in chief of *Völkischer Beobachter* in 1921, and editor of *Nationalsozialistische Monatshefte* in 1930. He entered the Reichstag in 1930, and was the director of the newly established foreign policy office of the Nazi party in 1933. He was the founder and leader of *Kampfbund für German culture*. Hitler chose him to lead in the persecution of Freemasonry. On March 1, 1942, Hitler ordered Rosenberg to seize all libraries and materials found in Masonic lodges in occupied countries. In 1930 Rosenberg wrote: “The idea of honor–national honor–will be for us the beginning and end of all our thoughts and deeds. It does not permit besides itself any other equivalent center of power, be it of whatever kind, neither Christian love, nor the humanity of the

Freemasons, nor the Roman philosophy.” Among his writings was the book, *The World Policy of Freemasonry*. At his trial in Nurnberg, he was closely questioned concerning his attacks on Freemasonry and Jews and his confiscation of Masonic libraries and records. Hanged as a war criminal in 1946.

Marvin B. Rosenberry (1868–1958) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Wisconsin, 1929–50. b. Feb. 12, 1868, in River Styx, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1893, and began law practice in Wausau, Wis. that year. Was appointed a justice of the supreme court in 1916, and elected for four terms, ending in 1950. Raised in Forest Lodge No. 130, Wausau, Wis. on Aug. 21, 1895; exalted in Wausau Chapter, R.A.M. June 8, 1898; greeted in Madison Council No. 3, R. & S.M. Dec. 14, 1945; knighted in St. Omer Commandery No. 19, Wausau, Feb. 26, 1902. Received 32° AASR (NJ), April 30, 1943, and 33° in Sept., 1945. d. Feb. 15, 1958.

William F. Rosenblum Rabbi of Temple Israel, New York City since 1930. b. Aug. 10, 1892 in Grodno, Poland, and brought to U.S. in 1897. Graduate of Coll. of City of New York in 1910 and of Tulane U. School of Law (New Orleans) in 1916. Was with the Cleveland Educational Alliance, 1911–13; assistant superintendent of Jewish Orphan’s Home, New Orleans, 1913–16; assistant superintendent of Chicago Hebrew Institute, 1916–17; general secretary of Y.M.H.A. in Nashville, 1917; vice president of Purity Co. and sales manager of N. Martin & Co., Nashville, 1918–23. Was student rabbi at Temple Beth-El, Steubenville, O., 1924–26, and assistant rabbi of Washington Hebrew Congregation, 1926–30. Is

creator of TV series, Crossroads. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Active in interfaith and Jewish welfare movements. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept., 1957, and has been grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York since 1937. Affiliated with Mount Neboh Lodge No. 257, N.Y.C. on March 27, 1933 from Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn.

Charles C. Rosewater (1874–1946) Publisher. b. May 24, 1874 in Omaha, Nebr. Graduate of Cornell in 1894 and Columbia in 1895. Joined staff of Omaha Bee in 1895, and was vice president of the Bee Publishing Co., 1905–17. Organized and published the Twentieth Century Farmer in 1900. Was general manager of Los Angeles Express in 1917 and Los Angeles Times in 1918. President of Kansas City Journal Co., 1912–21; vice president of Success Magazine, N.Y.C., 1924–27, and also of The New Age, Illustrated. Mason, 32° AASR. d. Oct. 3, 1946.

William St. Clair of Roslin First Grand Master Mason of Scotland, in 1736.

Edmund G. Ross (1826–1907) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1866–71, and Governor of Territory of New Mexico, 1885–89. b. Dec. 7, 1826 in Ashland, Ohio. Learned printing trade in Sandusky, Ohio; moved to Milwaukee, Wis. in 1849 and was connected with the Milwaukee Sentinel. Moved to Topeka, Kans. in 1856, where he published the Topeka Tribune until 1859, then established the Kansas State Record. He was a promoter and director of the Santa Fe Railroad, and it was his suggestion that it be named the Atchinson, Topeka and

Santa Fe. Served in Civil War in Union Army from private to major. Edited Kansas Tribune in 1865–66, and appointed to U.S. 'senate to fill a vacancy in 1866. In the impeachment of President Johnson he voted "not guilty," although he knew it meant political suicide for him—and it was. He then moved to New Mexico Territory, settling at Albuquerque (1882). He studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1889, and practiced in Albuquerque. He was secretary of the U.S. bureau of immigration, 1894–96. Member of Topeka Lodge No. 17, Topeka, Kans. d. May 8, 1907.

George Ross (1730–1779) Signer of Declaration of Independence. b. May 10, 1730 in New Castle, Del. Several Masonic publications have claimed he was a Freemason, but there is no evidence to support these claims.

James Ross (1762–1847) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1794–1803. b. July 12, 1762 near Delta, York Co., Pa. Was Latin instructor in what is now known as Washington and Jefferson Coll., Washington, Pa. Studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1784, practicing in Washington, Pa. Was delegate to state constitutional conventions of 1789 and 1790. Moved to Pittsburgh in 1795. Was twice an unsuccessful candidate for governor. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa. d. Nov. 27, 1847.

John Ross (1726–1800) Revolutionary War patriot and purchasing agent for Continental Army. b. Jan. 29, 1726 in Tain, County Ross, Scotland. Entered mercantile business in Perth, Scotland, but came to Philadelphia in 1763, where he

became a shipping merchant. He early espoused the cause of the colonies. In 1775 he was appointed muster-master of the Pennsylvania navy, serving until Feb. 23, 1776. In May, 1776 he was employed by the committee of commerce of the Continental Congress to purchase clothes, arms and powder for the use of the army. He established agencies in Nantes and Paris, and made several visits there during the war. He pledged his credit for ≈\$20,000 more than was supplied by congress and lost heavily from his personal fortune. Washington's diary makes several references to dining at the home of Ross during the constitutional convention. Member of the Tun Tavern Lodge of Philadelphia.

John Ross (1790–1866) Cherokee Indian Chief. b. Oct. 3, 1790 in Ross-vine, Ga. His father was a Scotchman, and his Cherokee mother was three-quarters white. His boyhood name was Tsanusdi (Little John) and this was exchanged when he reached manhood for that of Guwisguwi or Cooweescoowee. He was an uncle of William P. Ross, q.v., another Cherokee chief and Freemason, whom he educated. John, himself, received a good education at Kingston, Tenn. In 1809 he was sent on a mission to the Cherokees in Arkansas by the Indian agent, and from this time on he remained in the public service of his nation. He was adjutant of the Cherokee regiment in their war with the Creeks (1813–14). He resisted Georgia's attempt to secure their removal West of the Mississippi, and fought his tribe's rights to the Supreme Court. Nevertheless in 1835 a treaty was made with the Cherokees, and 15,000 under the leadership of Ross, migrated into Indian Territory (later Oklahoma) ; 1,200 remained in Georgia and

other states, becoming known as the “Eastern Band.” From 1828 until the removal to Indian Territory in 1839, he was principal chief of the Cherokee nation, and headed the various national delegations that visited Washington to defend the right of the Cherokees to their territory. After the arrival in Indian Territory, he was chosen chief of the united Cherokee nation, and held that office until his death, with the exception of a short time during the Civil War, when he was deposed by Federal authorities, due to the dissensions over slavery within the tribe. The Indian artist, George Catlin described Ross as “civilized, highly educated, accomplished, devoted, urbane and temperate.” He was, without question, a Freemason, but his initiation dates and lodge are not known. He is named in the proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas for 1850 as a member of Cherokee Lodge No. 21, Tahlequah, Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory. However the minutes of that lodge in 1850 list him under the title of “names of brethren, not members.” In his capacity as chief, he approved the action of the Cherokee National Council when it gave the ground for the first Masonic temple at Tahlaquah. It consisted of lots 5 and 6 in square 10, the title to be held by the board of trustees. He was given Masonic burial at his death on Aug. 1, 1866 in Washington, D.C.

J. Walker Ross (1868–1937) Editor and publisher of *Daily States*, New Orleans, 1931–37. b. Feb. 22, 1868 in Gretna, La. Began as copyholder on the newspaper in 1885, advancing as reporter, city editor, and managing editor from 1909. Received degrees in Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans, La. on Oct. 16, Dec. 4, 18, 1890. d. Sept. 30, 1937.

Lawrence S. Ross (1838–1898) Governor of Texas in 1886. b. Sept. 27, 1838 in Bentonsport, Iowa. Graduate of Florence Wesleyan U., Florence, Ala. He commanded Texas frontier troops under General Samuel Houston, q.v., and became colonel of the 6th Texas Cavalry in the Confederate Army on May 24, 1862; was made brigadier general on Dec. 21, 1863. He led a brigade in Wheeler's cavalry corps of the Army of Tennessee. Member of Waco Lodge No. 92, Waco, Texas, receiving degrees on March 23, May 11 and June 6, 1861. Suspended NPD June 4, 1892. d. Jan. 3, 1898.

Leonard F. Ross (1823–) Brigadier General of Volunteers in Civil War. b. July 18, 1823 in Fulton Co., Ill. Admitted to the bar in 1845. He joined the 4th Ill. Volunteers the following year for service in the Mexican War, and served at Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo. He commanded the bodyguard of General James Shields, q.v. Resumed his law practice after the war. In May, 1861, was chosen colonel of the 17th Ill. Regiment, which he raised and commanded in Missouri and Kentucky. Commissioned brigadier general in April, 1862, he commanded a brigade, and later, a division at Bolivar, Tenn. Following the war he devoted himself to livestock raising. Member of Lewistown Lodge No. 104, Lewistown, Ill.

Silas E. Ross Grand Standard Bearer, Supreme Council, 33°, AASR (SJ), and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Nevada. b. Feb. 11, 1887 in Truckee Meadows, Nev. Graduate of U. of Nevada in 1909. Was assistant professor of chemistry at U. of Nevada, 1909–14, and chemist for state department of foods, drugs and soils. After a short time as an insurance

agent at Reno, he became president of the Ross-Burke Co. (funeral service) in that city. He was a regent of the U. of Nevada from 1932-57, and chairman of the board. A York Rite Mason, he is past sovereign of Red Cross of Constantine, and past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nevada. Also past grand patron of the Eastern Star. Received 32° in 1910; KCCH in 1913; 33° in 1925; appointed deputy in Nevada in 1931, and crowned active member in 1953. Appointed to his present office in 1957, after having served as grand herald and grand sword bearer.

William B. Ross (1873-1924) Governor of Wyoming, 1923-27. b. Dec. 4, 1873 in Dover, Tenn. Settled in Cheyenne, Wyo., in 1901. He was prosecuting attorney of Laramie Co., 1906-07, and member of board of law examiners of Wyoming, 1910-22. Mason. d. Oct. 2, 1924.

William P. Ross (1820-1891) Cherokee Indian Chief. b. Aug. 28, 1820, a nephew of Chief John Ross, q.v., who bore the expense of his education. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1842. He taught school in the Cherokee country and was clerk of the Cherokee senate. In 1844 he became editor of the Cherokee Advocate and was frequently sent to Washington on official business for the tribe. He participated in the grand council of Indian tribes at Okmulgee, Indian Territory, in 1871, and in 1874, became chief of the Cherokee. He was editor of the Indian Journal at Muskogee, the Indian Chieftain at Vinita, and the Indian Arrow at Fort Gibson. An active Freemason throughout his life, he was elected in Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. on April 4, 1848, and received his degrees

April 4, 18, 25, 1848. He was also a member of Columbia Chapter No. 15, R.A.M. of Washington, but is listed as withdrawn in the 1850 proceedings. He was a charter member of Cherokee Lodge No. 21 at Tahlequah, the first lodge in the Indian Territory, and served as its first secretary in 1849. In 1851 he was master of the lodge. Ross and Federal lodge played an important part in uniting the Cherokee nation, which was split over the removal from Georgia to the newly created Indian Territory. Ross, and the other headmen of the Cherokee nation, were at the capital to arrange a treaty and they were arrayed in two hostile factions with negotiations at a standstill. But at one of the meetings of Federal lodge, the rival leaders, all Freemasons, were brought together by the exertions of St. Yorke Atlee, the master, and other members, and the treaty was then successfully concluded. d. July 28, 1891.

William R. Ross President of Colorado State College of Education since 1948. b. Aug. 25, 1899 in Fort Collins, Colo. Graduate of Colorado A. & M. in 1921. Taught mathematics in Longmont, Colo. high school, and was then superintendent of schools in Erie, Delta, and Trinidad. Was president of the Trinidad State Jr. Coll., 1933–39. Became professor of education in Colorado State Coll. in 1942, and president in 1948. Is archaeological researcher on Folsom and Yuma Man. Member of Garfield Lodge No. 50, Erie, Colo., receiving degrees on Jan. 6, 20, Feb. 3, 1926 and was junior warden in 1929. Exalted in Delta Chapter No. 38, R.A.M., Delta, Colo. and dimitted in 1951; greeted in Rocky Mountain Council No. 2, R. & S.M. May 11, 1936 and dimitted in 1953.

Albert B. Rossdale U.S. Congressman to 67th Congress, 1921–23, from 23rd N.Y. dist. b. Oct. 23, 1878 in N.Y.C. Was proprietor of Rossdale Co., wholesale jewelry. Was postoffice clerk in N.Y.C., 1900–10, and former president of National Federation of Post Office Clerks. Took an active interest in post office affairs and effected various reforms in the postal service. He long advocated the enactment of the present pension system for government employees. Became member of Bronx Lodge No. 860, Bronx, N.Y., receiving degrees on Oct. 27, 1909; Jan. 12, 26, 1910. This lodge forfeited charter in 1927.

Richard, 1st Earl of Rosse Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1725–30.

Francis Robert, 4th Earl of Rosslyn Sixty-ninth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1860–72.

James, 2nd Earl of Rosslyn Forty-eighth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1810–11.

George William, 11th Earl of Rothes Sixty-fourth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1840.

James Meyer Rothschild (1792–1868) Financier. Son of Meyer Amschel Rothschild, founder of the family banking empire which became one of the richest and most affluent of all times. James established a branch at Paris. His brother Nathan, q.v., founded the London branch. A 33° AASR of the French Supreme Council. Listed as attending six “fete de l’Ordre” between 1841–45.

Nathan Meyer Rothschild (1777–1836) Financier. Son of Meyer Amschel Rothschild, German–Jewish founder of the family banking empire which became one of the richest and most affluent of all time. Nathan established the London branch and his brother James, q.v., founded the Paris branch. Member of the Lodge of Emulation, London, on Oct. 4, 1802.

Frank C. Roundy (1858–1955) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1907–08. b. Jan. 15, 1858 in Lake Geneva, Wis. In his long life, he personally knew every imperial potentate from its founding in 1876 until his death in 1955 (64) and had installed many of them in office. At the time of his death he was the oldest living 33° AASR (NJ). Was potentate of the Medinah Shrine Temple in Chicago, 1899–1900. He had organized more Shrine auxiliary units than any other man. He held many offices in both York and Scottish rites. d. Feb. 12, 1955.

Lovell H. Rousseau (1818–1869) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Aug. 4, 1818 in Lincoln Co., Ky. Studied law, and moved to Bloomfield, Ind. where he was admitted to the bar in 1841. Served in Indiana legislature, 1844–45. Raised a company for the Mexican War. Elected to Indiana senate on his return from war in 1847, and served two terms. Moved to Louisville, Ky. in 1849, where he continued law practice, and was a member of the state senate. Appointed colonel of the 5th Kentucky Volunteers in 1861; commissioned brigadier general of volunteers in Oct. of that year. Took part in the Battle of Shiloh, Stone River, Tullahoma campaign, and Battle of Chickamauga. Made raids into Alabama, destroying railway lines, and was

in command of the middle Tenn. district. Elected to U.S. congress from Ky. and served from 1865–66, when he resigned after being censured for publicly assaulting Josiah B. Grinnell. However he was reelected and served again from 1866–67. President Johnson appointed him brigadier general in the regular army in 1867; at same time he was breveted major general for Civil War service. He was sent to receive Alaska from the Russian government, and assumed control of that territory. He was then assigned command of the Dept. of the Gulf, with headquarters at New Orleans, where he died Jan. 7, 1869. His lodge is not known, but he was referred to as a “brother,” when he accompanied Andrew Johnson on one occasion; was present at the dedication of the Masonic temple in Boston, June 24, 1867. He was buried Masonically by Past Grand Master Samuel A. Todd of Louisiana.

John L. Routt (1826–1907) Territorial Governor of Colorado, 1875–76, and first Governor of Colorado, in 1876. b. April 25, 1826. Was sheriff of McLean Co., Ill. in 1860–62, and served 1861–65 as capt. of Co. E, 94th Ill. Vols. Was in business in Bloomington, Ill., 1865–69, and U.S. marshal of Southern Ill., 1869–71. From 1871–75 he was 2nd assistant postmaster general of the U.S. He served a second term as governor of Colorado from 1890–92. Member of Union Lodge No. 7, Denver, Colo. d. 1907.

Robert K. Row (1858–1932) President of Row, Peterson & Co., publishers of educational books from 1906. b. Aug. 28, 1858 in Woodstock, Ont., Canada. Graduate of Queen's U., Kingston, Ont., in 1897. Was teacher, principal, and

superintendent of schools in Kingston, Berwyn, Ill. Author of a number of educational books. d. Dec. 22, 1932.

Charles A. Rowan (1874–1940) Chairman of board of Westinghouse Air Brake Co. b. Sept. 27, 1874 in Pittsburgh. Started as a bookkeeper, and later, bank cashier. Associated with Westinghouse in 1903 as assistant auditor; auditor, 1910–16; comptroller, 1916–19; and vice president and comptroller after 1919. Was president of Westinghouse International Brake & Signal Co. from 1927 to its dissolution in 1936. Member of Beta Lodge, Wilkinsburg, Pa., receiving degrees on Oct. 26, Nov. 30, 1908 and Feb. 1, 1909. d. Sept. 13, 1940.

John Rowan (1773–1843) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1825–31; U.S. Congressman, 1813–17, 1822, and 1824. b. July 12, 1773, near York, Pa. His family moved to Kentucky in 1783, settling in Louisville, where he received his early education under Dr. Priestly in his school at Danville, Ky. Studied law at Lexington in the late 1790's, and became a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1 (then No. 25 of Virginia) in 1799. This same year he was a member of the state constitutional convention. Was secretary of state of Ky. from 1804–06, and judge of the court of appeals, 1819–21. He built "Federal Hill," his home in Bardstown, and lived there. Here he was a member of Washington Lodge No. 6, Bardstown (charter forfeited in 1806). While living in Frankfort, Ky. he became a member of Hiram Lodge No. 4 and served as master in 1803. In 1816 he helped reorganize Bardstown Lodge No. 38 and was its first master on reorganization. Later he moved to Louisville and became affiliated with Clark Lodge No. 5L d. July 13, 1843.

Stephen C. Rowan (1808–1890) Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Dec. 25, 1808 near Dublin, Ireland, and brought to this country in 1818. Appointed midshipman in 1826. During Seminole War, he cruised in the sloop *Vandalia* on the West coast of Florida. Was executive officer of the sloop *Cyane* of the Pacific squadron, 1846–48, and during the Mexican War took part in the capture of Monterrey and San. Diego, hoisting the American flag at the latter on July 29, 1846. His sloop captured 20 Mexican vessels. Commanded land expeditions into Mexico. He was then on ordnance duty until the outbreak of the Civil War. He commanded the *Pawnee* at Acquia Creek, and here participated in the first naval engagement of the war, by attacking Confederate batteries there. Made commodore in 1855, rear admiral in 1866, and vice admiral in 1870. In many engagements in Civil War, including destruction of Fort Ocracoke; captured forts at Roanoke Island, New Berne, N. Car., and Fort Macon, Beaufort, N. Car. In 1862 he commanded the *New Ironsides*. Commanded Norfolk Navy Yard, 1866–67; commander-in-chief of Asiatic squadron, 1868–70; naval station at New York, 1872–79; superintendent of Naval observatory in 1883; and chairman of light-house board from 1883. Made a Freemason in Montgomery Lodge No. 19, Philadelphia, May 4, 1865. d. 1890.

Gilbert Roweliff Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. July 22, 1881 in Peoria, Ill. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1902, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1936, retiring from active duty in 1945, after 25 years of sea service. Before WWI he was gunnery officer on U.S.S. *Virginia* and U.S.S. *New York*. In WWI he was executive officer of the U.S.S. *New York*;

commander of destroyer division of scouting fleet, and with British Grand Fleet. He commanded the U.S.S. Cincinnati, 1928–30; a destroyer squadron, 1933–35; a cruiser division and heavy cruiser force, 1938–41. In WWII he was a member of the General Board, Navy Dept., 1941–45. His shore service included that of naval aide to Presidents Theodore Roosevelt and W. H. Taft; head of engineering dept. U.S. Naval Academy; commanding office Naval Training Station, Newport, R.I.; director of Naval communications. Since his retirement he has been in charge of the Washington office of Fitch Investors Service. Mason.

John Rowe (?–1787) Revolutionary patriot who first suggested throwing the tea in Boston harbor by his question, “Who knows how tea will mingle with salt water?” Made a member in St. John’s Lodge, Boston, in 1740, master of same in 1749, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1768–87.

Thomas A. Rowley (1808–?) Brigadier General (Union) in Civil War. b. Oct. 5, 1808 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Entered Mexican War as 2nd lieutenant of Pa. volunteers. At beginning of Civil War he enlisted as a captain in the 13th Pa. volunteers, and later re-enlisted as a colonel of the 102nd volunteers. Made brigadier general for services at Fredericksburg, Va. in 1862, resigning commission in Dec., 1864. From 1866–70 he was U.S. marshal for Western district of Pa.; after that practiced law in Pittsburgh. Member of Lodge No. 45, Pittsburgh, Pa. Received degrees on April 20, June 13, Aug. 29, 1845 and was suspended Dec. 26, 1853.

William Rowley Archbishop of Canterbury. Initiated in Royal George Lodge, Bristol, about 1789.

William R. Rowley (1824–1886) Union Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. b. Feb. 8, 1824 in Gouverneur, N.Y. After teaching in Ohio, he settled in Galena, Ill., where he held various civil offices. Entered military service as 1st lieutenant in the 45th Ill. regiment. After the capture of Fort Donelson, he was commissioned captain and appointed aide-de-camp to General Grant, q.v. He distinguished himself at Shiloh by riding into the thickest of the fight with orders to General Lew Wallace, q.v. to bring his troops to the field. For this he was promoted to major. When Grant was promoted to lieutenant general, Rowley was made a lieutenant colonel and military secretary to Grant. He held this office until Aug. 30, 1864, when impaired health forced him to resign. He was then breveted brigadier general of volunteers on March 13, 1865. Back in Galena, he was elected county judge in 1877, holding this office until his death. Was raised May 15, 1858 in Miners Lodge No. 273, Galena, Ill.; exalted in Jo Daviess Chapter No. 51, Galena, June 11, 1859; greeted in Ely S. Parker Council, Galena, July 9, 1873; knighted in Galena Commandery No. 40, Sept. 29, 1871. d. Feb. 9, 1886.

Manuel A. Roxas (1892–1948) First President of the Philippine Republic, 1946–48. b. Jan. 1, 1892 in Capiz, island of Uanay, Philippines. Graduate of U. of Manila in 1913, and admitted to bar that year. Was municipal councilor of Capiz in 1918, and provincial governor of same, 1920. In house of representatives, 1924–36; secretary of finance, 1938–41;

senator, 1941–45, and president of senate in latter year. Was member of constitutional convention of 1934, and head of the Philippine independence missions to Washington four times after 1923. Entered Philippine Army as a colonel in Dec., 1941, and in 1942 was a brigadier general and aide to General MacArthur, q.v. Roman Catholic. He was past master of Makawiwili Lodge No. 55 in his native town of Capiz. Received 32° AASR in Rizal Consistory on Nov. 13, 1923. d. April 15, 1948.

Gustave Royers (1848–1923) Belgian engineer and director of public works for city of Antwerp. Elected to the Belgian Chamber in 1910 and was one of the vice presidents of the Liberal Party. In 1876 he joined the Lodge Les Amis du Commerce et la Perseverance Reunis and was its master from 1899–1902. Later he was grand master of the Grand Orient of Belgium, presiding as such at the opening of the port of Antwerp. On this occasion he used a silver gavel for the three symbolic raps, which he explained as “wisdom, strength and beauty.” For this he was attacked by the Catholic press of Belgium.

Pascual Ortiz Rubio President of Mexico, 1930–32. b. in 1877. He was minister to Germany in 1923, and ambassador to Brazil in 1926. He was elected to succeed the provisional president Emilio Portes Gil, q.v., in 1929, and to fill out the unexpired term of Alvaro Obregon. He resigned in Sept., 1932. At the time he became president, he had been a Mason for 30 years. He received the 32° AASR at Chapultepec Castle on Feb. 6, 1931, and was also invested with membership in the Anezeh Shrine and Royal Order of Jesters.

Friedrich Ruckert (1788–1866) German poet. He was a professor of Oriental languages at the University of Erlangen and later the University of Berlin. He was particularly famous for his Love Poems and the Wisdom of the Bramas, as well as his translations of famous Eastern literature. In his lyrics, we find many allusions to Freemasonry, one being: “Do you accept that we are building you within our house; we shall make of you a perfect ashlar, fitting well in the invisible building of our dreams.” In 1861 he became a member of the Lodge Zum Rautenkranz at Hildesburghausen.

Herbert B. Rudolph (1894–1957) Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota since 1931. b. May 22, 1894 in Canton, S. Dak. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1916, and U. of Michigan in 1918. Began law practice at Canton in 1919. Was circuit court judge from 1924–29. Raised Feb. 5, 1919 in Silver Star Lodge No. 4, Canton, S. Dak. and was master of same in 1922. d. Sept. 3, 1957.

Rafael Ruego Spanish colonel in command of troops at Cadiz, Spain scheduled to leave for an expedition to Mexico. On Jan. 1, 1820 he led a successful revolt at Cadiz against the king in favor of the constitution of 1812. His expedition failed to sail and a new envoy, Juan O'Donoju, q.v., was sent. Ruego was initiated in France in 1813, three years before his departure from Cadiz. He succeeded Count Montijo as grand master of the Grand Orient of Spain.

Henry W. Rugg (1833–1910) Twenty-first Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T., of the U.S. b. Sept. 3, 1833 in

Framingham, Mass. Raised in Fraternal Lodge, Barnstable, Mass. on Sept. 12, 1854. Affiliated with St. John's Commandery, Providence, R.I. in 1869. 33° AASR (NJ). Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island. d. July 21, 1910.

Daniel Ruggles (1810–?) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. Jan. 31, 1810 in Barre, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1833. He entered the 5th U.S. Infantry and served on the frontier, and in recruiting duty, until the Mexican War. Promoted to captain in June, 1846, and was soon breveted major, and then lieutenant colonel, for gallantry at the Battles of Contreras, Churubusco, and Chapultepec. At the latter, his command raised the first American flag over the fort. He then served in Texas until his resignation on May 7, 1861. He joined the Confederate Army and was commissioned brigadier general in the same year. He served at New Orleans; led a division at Shiloh, and at Baton Rouge, and in 1863, became a major general in command of the Department of Mississippi. He repelled raids on the Northern and Southern borders. After the war he took charge of his large estate near Palafox, Texas, and also resided at Fredericksburg, Va. Member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va. Affiliated with the lodge on Dec. 25, 1868 and dimitted Jan. 8, 1875.

Harry L. Ruggles First treasurer of Rotary International, and last surviving original officer. Member of Exemplar Lodge No. 966, Chicago, Ill.

H. R. Runnels Former Governor of Texas. Member of Austin

Lodge No. 12, receiving degrees on Jan. 20, 26, March 17, 1848.

William N. Runyon (1871–1931) Federal Judge, District of New Jersey, 1923–31. b. March 5, 1871 in Plainfield, N.J. Graduate of Yale in 1892 and New York Law School in 1894. Resided at Plainfield, where he was city judge, 1899–1910, a member of the house of representatives, 1915–17, and of state senate, 1918–22 (president of same in 1919), and acting governor of New Jersey from May 16, 1919 to Jan. 13, 1920. Member of Anchor Lodge No. 149, Plainfield, N.J., receiving degrees on May 10, June 14, July 26, 1898. d. Nov. 9, 1931.

Benjamin Rush (1745–1813) Signer of the Declaration of Independence and probably the outstanding physician of the American Revolution. b. Dec. 24, 1745 in Byberry, Pa., he was educated at Princeton and studied medicine in Philadelphia, Edinburgh, London, and Paris. Began practice in Philadelphia in 1769. Appointed treasurer of the U.S. mint in 1779, and served in that office until his death on April 19, 1813. Although referred to as a Freemason many times, there is no documentary proof of his membership. He joined with Washington in the burial of Captain William Leslie (of the British forces) with Masonic honors. Vandever says his membership is unknown, but is said to have “recanted his Masonry.” In a dispute with Joseph Reed, of Philadelphia, he referred to the “leather apron majority in Pennsylvania.” His son, Richard, q.v., was anti-Mason.

Richard Rush (1780–1859) Anti-Mason; U.S. Attorney

General, 1814–17; U.S. Secretary of State, 1817; U.S. Secretary of Treasury, 1825–28; Minister to Great Britain, 1817–25 and to France, 1847–49. b. Aug. 29, 1780 in Philadelphia. Graduate of Princeton in 1797. Was sent to England by President Jackson to obtain the legacy of James Smithson, left to found the Smithsonian Institution. He was an intimate friend of John Quincy Adams, q.v., another anti-Mason, and undoubtedly was greatly influenced in his beliefs by Adams. Rush was initiated in Union Lodge No. 121, Philadelphia on Sept. 19, 1811, and withdrew in Jan., 1827. In a letter to the Anti-Masonic Almanac for 1832, Rush wrote Editor Edward Giddens: "Many years ago I became an entered apprentice, went to a lodge once—and but once. On my return from England, after an absence in the service of the United States, I voluntarily withdrew from the body, by a letter to that effect. My separation from it was in 1826." He was a son of Benjamin Rush, q.v., Declaration Signer.

Sylvester R. Rush (1860–1932) Lawyer who was special government prosecutor of many important cases. b. July 24, 1860 in Greene Co., Pa. Began law practice at Omaha, Neb., in 1888. Was special assistant to U.S. attorney general from 1907–22, and again after 1923. He successfully represented the government in cases arising from unlawful enclosure of public lands in Neb., Wyo., Colo.; in the prosecution of fraudulent sales of swamp lands in Fla.; fraudulent entry of coal lands in Alaska; in Mabray foot and horse race swindling scheme; in the case against Dr. Cook, alleged discoverer of the North Pole. Mason. d. March, 1932.

John Rushworth (see Earl of Jellicoe).

Jeremiah M. Rusk (1830–1893) Governor of Wisconsin, 1882–89; U.S. Secretary of Agriculture, 1889–93; U.S. Congressman, 1871–72. b. June 17, 1830 in Morgan Co., Ohio. His varied career saw him as a stage driver, railroad construction foreman, tavern keeper, sheriff, coroner, and farmer. He moved to Wis. in 1853, and in 1862 was commissioned major in the 25th Wis. regiment. He served under General Sherman from the siege of Vicksburg until the close of the war, receiving the brevet of brigadier general of volunteers in 1865 for meritorious service at the Battle of Salkehatchie. As governor he ordered troops out to halt the mob violence of strikers at Bay View, Wis. in 1886. Five strikers were killed. It was on this occasion that Rusk made the now-famous utterance: “I seen my duty and I done it!” Previously, in 1882, he had sided with labor in the case of the bankrupt Chicago, Portage and Lake Superior Railroad. He was mentioned several times as a candidate for president and vice president of the U.S. He was known nationally as “Uncle Jerry.” He was initiated in 1855 in Frontier Lodge No. 45 at La Crosse, Wis., and became a charter member of La Belle Lodge No. 85, Viroqua, Wis. This lodge’s dispensation was issued Dec. 20, 1856 and its charter dated June 10, 1857. He was one of the six charter members. He was master of the lodge in 1859, 1860, and 1866. Was exalted in Smith Chapter No. 13, R.A.M., La Crosse, and knighted in Robert Macoy Cornmandery No. 3, K.T., at Madison. Received the Scottish Rite at Milwaukee in April, 1886. Seven months after his death (June 13, 1894), Jeremiah M. Rusk Lodge No. 259, South Milwaukee, was chartered.

Also member of Tripoli Shrine Temple at Milwaukee. d. Nov. 21, 1893.

Thomas J. Rusk (1803–1857) U.S. Senator from Texas (first), 1846–57. b. Dec. 5, 1803 in Pendleton Dist., S. Car. Admitted to the bar and began practice in Georgia, moving to Nacogdoches, Texas in 1835. He was a delegate to the convention which declared for the independence of Texas on March 21, 1836, and was the first secretary of war under the new republic. At the Battle of San Jacinto, he took command of the forces after General Houston was wounded, retaining command until Oct., 1836, when he resumed his duties as secretary of war. Was thief justice of the supreme court of Texas, 1838–42. In 1843 he was appointed brigadier general of militia of the Republic of Texas. He was president of the convention that confirmed the annexation of Texas to the U.S. in 1845. He was a member of Milan Lodge No. 40, Nacogdoches, Texas, and at one time was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Texas. d. July 29, 1857.

Chevalier Bartholomew Ruspini (1728–1813) Early English surgeon–dentist. b. near Bergamo, Italy in 1728, he studied surgery under Monsieur Copran, dentist to the King of France. In 1766 he settled in London under the patronage of Dowager Princess of Wales, and became surgeon–dentist to the Prince of Wales, afterward King George IV, q.v. Was initiated in the Mourning Bush Tavern Lodge No. 116, Bristol, England, April 7, 1762, and over a period of 51 years he held membership in several lodges, and was most active in the Craft. In 1777 he was a founder of the Lodge of the Nine

Muses No. 235, London, and in 1787, it was at his instigation that the Prince of Wales founded Prince of Wales Lodge No. 259. He served the Grand Lodge of England as grand steward and grand sword bearer and was active in Royal Arch Masonry. His greatest contribution, however was the foundation, in 1788, of the Royal Cumberland Freemasons School, which has now become the Royal Masonic Institution for Girls. Strangely, although of modest wealth, his property was wasted by his children, and two of his grandchildren became recipients of the benefits of the institution he had founded. He was probably the leading dental surgeon of his day in England and Europe, and was known for his generosity and benevolences. Although a noted Freemason, the Pope conferred on him the title Chevalier and made him a Knight of the Golden Spur, in return for his concern and hospitality towards foreigners in England. d. Dec. 14, 1813.

Archibald D. Russell (1811–1871) Philanthropist b. at Edinburgh, Scotland in 1811, his father, James, was president of the Royal Society of Edinburgh for many years. He graduated from the U. of Edinburgh in philosophy, law, and medicine, and later studied at the U. of Bonn, Germany. In 1836 he settled in New York City. Here he founded the Five Points Mission, of which he was president for 18 years; aided in establishing the Half-Orphan Asylum, of which he was vice president; was an active member of the Christian Commission during the Civil War; established the school system of Ulster Co., N.Y. and built the Presbyterian church near Glen Albyn. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. April 12, 1871.

Benjamin Russell (1761–1845) Early American journalist. b. Sept. 13, 1761 in Boston, Mass. Was apprenticed to Isaiah Thomas, q.v., printer, at Worcester, Mass., but before completing his term, enlisted in the Revolutionary Army and contributed war news to the *Spy*, Thomas's paper. He began the publication of the *Columbian Centinel* about 1784. It was a semiweekly journal which had no equal at the time. In 1788 he attended the Mass. convention for ratifying the constitution of the U.S. and made the first attempt at reporting for any Boston newspaper. His paper was conspicuous in collecting foreign intelligence, and he visited all ships that came into the Boston harbor. When congress was holding its first session, Russell offered to publish gratuitously all the laws and other official documents; and the treasury being almost bankrupt, his offer was accepted. After several years he was called on for his bill, which he sent marked "paid." Washington, however, said: "This must not be. When Mr. Russell offered to publish the laws without pay we were poor. It was a generous offer. We are now able to pay our debts." A few days later Russell was paid \$7,000. From 1795–1830 he published a paper called the *Gazette*. He retired from the *Centinel* in 1829. Member of Rising States Lodge, Boston and St. John's Lodge, Boston. Was grand sword bearer in 1792–95; grand marshal 1796–1810; junior grand warden, 1811–12; senior grand warden, 1813 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Mass., 1814–16. d. Jan. 4, 1845.

Charles H. Russell Governor of Nevada, 1950–58; U. S. Congressman to 80th Congress, 1947–49. b. Dec. 27, 1903 in Lovelock, Nev. Graduate of U. of Nevada in 1926. After two

years in a mine office at Ruth, Nev. he became editor of The Ely Record, 1929–46. Member of state legislature, 1935–40, and state senator, 1941–46. Member of Ely Lodge No. 29, Ely, Nev. and past master of same. He addressed the Grand Lodge of Nevada in 1951 while governor. A Royal Arch Mason, 32° AASR, Shriner, and Jester.

T. Stuart Russell Editor. b. May 27, 1892 in Newton, Iowa. Graduate of Grinnell Coll. (Iowa) in 1913. Was a farmer from 1914–18, and published a weekly newspaper at Sac City, Iowa, 1919–26. Was farm editor of the Des Moines Register and Tribune, 1926–42. During 1942–43 he was with the War Food Administration in Iowa and Washington. Returning to Des Moines, he became managing editor of the Register and Tribune from 1943–46. He has been farm editor since Jan. 1943, and also editor of the Iowa Farm and Home Register since 1946. Was chairman of the president's Famine Emergency Committee in 1946. He is deputy chairman of the board of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, and active in many farm organizations. Served in Army in WWI. Member of Occidental Lodge No. 178, Sac City, Iowa, since 1920.

Lee M. Russell (1875–1943) Governor of Mississippi, 1920–24. b. Nov. 16, 1875 near Oxford, Miss. Graduate of Toccoola Coll. in 1897, and U. of Mississippi in 1901 and 1903. Began law practice at Oxford, Miss. in 1901, and was in real estate business at Gulfport, 1912–16. Served as lieutenant governor of Miss. from 1916–20. Raised May 4, 1905 in T.S. Gathright Lodge No. 33, Oxford, Miss. d. May 16, 1943.

Louis A. Russell (1854–1925) Composer and musician. b. Feb. 24, 1854 in Newark, N.J. Studied extensively in New York and London. Was organist and choirmaster of the South Park Presbyterian Church, Newark, N.J., for 17 years, and Peddie Memorial Church, Newark, 12 years. Was founder and conductor of Oratorio Society, Newark Symphony Orchestra; director of Newark College of Music from 1879. He was director of the Normal Institute of Music, Carnegie Hall, N.Y. Was managing editor of the Essex Publishing Co. and founder of American Guild of Organists. He composed *A Pastoral Rhapsody* and *The Triumph of Freedom and Peace*, both cantatas; the *Suite Fantastique* and *Suite Psychique* for the piano and *Suite Lyrique* for the violin, as well as many songs. He wrote a number of books on singing, piano, and organ. Member of Pythagoras Lodge No. 118, Newark, N.J., receiving degrees on Jan. 17, June 21, Sept. 20, 1909. d. Sept. 5, 1925.

Richard B. Russell (1861–1938) Judge, cotton planter, editor, business executive. b. April 27, 1861 near Marietta, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1879 and 1880. Fathered 18 children, five of them dying in infancy. One son, Richard B. Russell, Jr., q.v., became governor and U.S. senator. Practiced law at Athens, Ga. Served two terms in state legislature, and was author of bill for Georgia State Coll. for Women, in 1887. Judge of superior courts eight years; candidate for governor in 1906; judge of state court of appeals, 1906–21, and chief judge of same, 1913–16. Elected chief justice of state supreme court in 1922. An extensive cotton planter, he was president or owner of telephone, street railway, and manufacturing companies and newspapers. Mason. d. Dec. 3, 1938.

Richard B. Russell, Jr. Governor of Georgia, 1931–33; U.S. Senator from Georgia since 1933, present term ending in 1961. b. Nov. 2, 1897 at Winder, Ga., son of Richard B. Russell, q.v., and one of 18 children. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1918, he served as county attorney of Barrow Co. and was a member of the state house of representatives, 1921–31, serving as speaker of same, 1927–31. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Initiated June 10, 1921 in Winder Lodge No. 33, Winder, Ga.

William H. Russell (1812–1872) Partner in the pioneer Western freighting firm of Russell, Majors & Waddell. b. Jan. 31, 1812 in Burlington, Vt. His father was a veteran of the War of 1812, and on his death, the mother remarried and moved to Missouri. Russell served in the Black Hawk War of 1832 and the Seminole War of 1837. In the Mexican War he served as a colonel under General Fremont, on the West coast. He was a principal witness at the trial of Fremont in 1848. In 1854 he formed a partnership with Wm. B. Waddell, owner of a general store in Lexington, with branches along the Missouri River. Waddell had freight lines operating in 1850. By 1855 the partnership had expanded to include Alex Majors, q.v., and in two years they had cleared \$300,000. In 1859, Horace Greeley, visiting their depot near Ft. Leavenworth, Kans. said they had two million dollars invested, employed 6,000 teamsters, and worked 45,000 oxen. It was their firm that opened up the West to the pioneer, and hauled the supplies that enabled the settler to exist. It was also the forerunner of the famous Pony Express. They established a fast pony express from St. Joseph, Mo. to Placerville, Calif., the first rider leaving St. Joseph on April 3, 1860. Previous to this, they had express riders on a

line from the Missouri River to Pike's Peak region of Colo., and a semi-monthly line from St. Joseph to Salt Lake City. All these lines were failures. The St. Joseph-Placerville line was facing ruin in its first summer, and it was sold to Ben Holliday, a member of Weston Lodge No. 53, Weston, Mo., who in turn sold it to Wells, Fargo & Co. Initiated in Lafayette Lodge No. 32, Lexington, Mo., in 1848, Russell served as master in 1852. In 1856 he transferred membership to Lexington Lodge No. 149. He was active in the Lexington bodies for many years, being exalted in Lexington Chapter No. 10, R.A.M., Nov. 14, 1849, and a member of DeMolay Commandery No. 3, K.T., both of Lexington. d. Sept. 10, 1872.

Albert G. Rutherford (1879-1941) U.S. Congressman to 75th and 76th Congresses, 1937-41, from 15th Pa. dist. b. Jan. 3, 1879 at Watford, Ont., Canada, and brought to U.S. in 1883. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1904, admitted to bar that year, and practiced at Scranton until 1918, and at Honesdale, Pa. after 1918. Member of Peter Williamson Lodge No. 323, Scranton, Pa., receiving degrees on April 4, May 9, June 6, 1907. d. Aug. 10, 1941.

Wiley B. Rutledge (1894-1949) Justice, Supreme Court of the U.S., 1943-49. b. July 20, 1894 in Cloverport, Ky. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1914, and U. of Colorado in 1922. Taught in high schools of Indiana, N. Mex., and Colo., 1915-22. Admitted to bar in 1922 and began practice at Boulder, Colo. He taught law at the U. of Colorado, 1924-26, and at Washington U. (St. Louis, Mo.), 1926-35. Was acting dean of the latter, 1930-31, and dean 1913-35. From 1935-39 he was

dean of the college of law at the State U. of Iowa. In 1939 he be-came associate justice of U.S. Court of Appeals for D.C., retaining that bench until named to the supreme court bench in 1943. Member of Boulder Lodge No. 45, Boulder, Colo., receiving degrees, Sept. 9, 23, Oct. 19, 1921. d. Sept. 10, 1949.

Count Frederick Augustus. Rutovsky (1702-?) Polish nobleman who is considered the founder of Freemasonry in Poland. b. May 1, 1702. His name in the Masonic order was Chevalier de L'Aigle. In 1738 he founded the Saxon lodge of "Three White Eagles" in Dresden. In 1741 he became grand master of Upper Saxony, and in the same year he was governor of Dresden with the rank of general field-marshal. In his youth, he was in the French service, and the Lodge of the Three Eagles was strongly tinged with French influence.

Julien Rybinsky (?-1957) French general. He was grand master of the French Rectified Rite and grand master of the Great Priory of Gaul (C.B.C.S.) at the time of his death on Aug. 14, 1957 in Paris.

Abraham Viktor Rydberg (1828-1895) Swedish poet, writer, and critic, who was a champion of liberalism and tolerance. He was a professor of the history of civilization at Stockholm from 1884. Was the author of many tales, historical novels, and volumes of lyrics. His most controversial work was *The Teachings of the Bible About Christ* in 1862. Wrote also on history of art and Germanic mythology. Was initiated in 1865 in St. John's Lodge Salomon, Gothenburg.

William Harry Rylands (1846–1923) English lawyer and fellow of Society of Antiquaries. Was initiated in the Lodge of Faith and Unanimity No. 417, Dorchester. He was a founder of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge in 1886, and in 1901 succeeded Speth as its secretary. He made many valuable contributions to its early transactions. Was the author of *Masons' Marks*, and editor of Vol. 1 of *Records of The Lodge Original No. 1* (now the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2).

Walter H. Ryle President of Northeast Missouri State Teachers College, Kirksville, Mo., since 1937. b. June 1, 1896 in Yates, Mo. In 1919 was graduate of the school he now heads; masters and doctorate from George Peabody Teachers Coll. in 1927 and 1930. Was a principal and public school superintendent in Mo. until 1927. He then taught at Northeast Mo. State Teachers Coll., and later at Peabody Coll., Nashville, Tenn. Returned to Northeast State Coll. in 1930 as professor of social science, and was made president in 1937. Member of Palmyra Lodge No. 18, Palmyra, Mo., since 1920.

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Dwight M. Sabin (1843–1902) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1883–89. b. April 25, 1843 near Marseilles, Ill. Moved with parents to Conn. in 1857 and attended Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. Moved to Stillwater, Minn. in 1868, where he engaged in lumbering and the manufacture of railroad cars and agricultural machinery. Member of state senate, 1872–75,

and lower house, 1878–81. Mason. d. Dec. 22, 1902.

Carl E. A. Sachs (1829–1909) German lexicographer and language scholar. Together with Cesaire Villatte, he prepared the German–French Dictionary, which is still today a basic book for French–German translations. Initiated in 1854 in the Lodge Friedrich, Wilhelm zur Gekroenten Gerechtigkeit. Was master of the Lodge Friedrich sur Tugend at Brandenburg from 1877–87 and an honorary member of the Lodge Teutonia zur Weisheit at Berlin.

Morris B. Sachs (1896–1957) Owner of Morris B. Sachs, Inc., Chicago retail apparel store. b. March 23, 1896 in Lithuania, coming to the U.S. in 1910, and naturalized in 1924. Engaged in retailing wearing apparel as Morris B. Sachs, Chicago, from 1923. Was city treasurer of Chicago, 1955–57. In 1934 he was the founder of the radio Amateur Hour. A director of the Chicago Medical School Research Foundation, he received numerous awards for his civic interests. Member of Monroe C. Crawford Lodge No. 1042, Chicago, being raised June 30, 1922. d. Sept. 23, 1957.

Julius F. Sachse (1842–1919) Masonic author and researcher. b. Nov. 22, 1842 in Philadelphia, Pa. He was librarian and curator of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania from 1906. Was the author of Benjamin Franklin as a Freemason, 1906; Freemasonry in Pennsylvania, 1727–1907; Old Masonic Lodges of Pennsylvania, 1730–1800; Quaint Old Germantown; History of Masonic Knights Templar in Pennsylvania, 1797–1919. Member of Columbia Lodge No.

91, Columbia, Pa. d. Nov. 14, 1919.

Buel Sackett Revolutionary soldier who was one of the guards at the execution of Major Andre on Oct. 2, 1780. Raised in Unity Lodge No. 17, New York in 1796.

Lord George Sackville (1716–1785) The third son of the first duke. In 1770 he changed his name to Germain. Was wounded and captured at Fontenoy in 1745, and was second in command of the St. Malo expedition in 1758. He failed to lead the cavalry charge needed to complete the victory at Minden, and was dismissed from the service. He attained the rank of lieutenant general. As secretary of state for the colonies in 1775–82, he virtually directed the British efforts in the War of the American Revolution. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1751. The title became extinct with the death of his son, Charles, in 1843.

Henry Sadler (1840–1911) English Masonic historian. b. Oct. 19, 1840, he was initiated in Lodge of Justice No. 147 in 1862 while serving in the Mercantile Marine; served as master in 1872. He was the founder and first master of two other lodges. Exalted in the Royal York Chapter of Perseverance No. 7, R.A.M. in 1869. From 1879–1910 he was grand tyler of the Grand Lodge of England. During his years in this office there was no librarian, and Sadler devoted much of his time to arranging and collecting the archives. In 1887 he was appointed sub-librarian. It was Sadler who discovered the long lost minutes of the “Ancients,” written by Dermott. A reliable investigator, he published many books,

his outstanding work being *Masonic Facts and Fictions* (1887). Also wrote *Thomas Dunckerley, His Life, Labours and Letters*; *Masonic Reprints and Historical Revelations*; and *Illustrated History of Emulation Lodge of Improvement*, No. 21. d. Oct. 15, 1911.

McGruder Ellis Sadler President of Texas Christian University since 1941. b. Nov. 5, 1896 in Hobucken, N. Car. Graduate of Atlantic Christian Coll. (N.C.) in 1919; Vanderbilt U. in 1921; Yale in 1925 and 1929. He was director of leadership training of the Disciples of Christ in Va., 1922–27 and nationally, 1929–31. From 1931–36 he was dean of Lynchburg Coll., and from 1936–41, minister of Central Christian Church at Austin, Texas. Active in many national organizations, such as Y.M.C.A., Red Cross, Conference of Christians and Jews, and Federal Council of Churches. Was president of the international convention of Disciples of Christ, 1944–46. He delivered the address before the Grand Lodge of Texas at its 1955 communication. Raised May 21, 1921 in Lafayette Lodge No. 151, Lafayette, Ky.; then affiliated with Hill City Lodge No. 183, Lynchburg, Va.; affiliated with Austin Lodge No. 12, Austin, Texas on Sept. 5, 1936 and affiliated with Cooke–Peavy Lodge No. 1162, Ft. Worth on May 12, 1958. Member of Scottish Rite and Shrine.

Percy L. Sadler Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. March 30, 1893 in Mobile, Ala. Served through grades from private to brigadier general, 1942, retiring in 1946. Served in Mexican Border, WWI and WWII. Was commander of Task Force 5889 in 1942; commanding general U.S. Army Forces in Central

Africa, 1943–44; deputy commander U.S. Forces in Middle East, 1944. Mason.

Reinhold Sadler (1848–1906) Governor of Nevada, 1896–1903. b. Jan. 10, 1848 in Prussia. Elected lieutenant governor in 1895, and on death of Governor Jones in 1896, assumed governorship and elected for a second term. Initiated in Escurial Lodge No. 7, Virginia City in 1867, and later affiliated with Eureka Lodge No. 16, Eureka, Nev. Exalted in White Pine Chapter, R.A.M. of Hamilton, and later affiliated with St. Johns Chapter, Eureka (both now defunct). Knighted in DeWitt Clinton Commandery No. 1, Virginia City, in 1880, and affiliated with Eureka Cornmandery No. 2. 32° AASR (SJ). Was past master and past high priest. d. 1906.

Charles G. Sage Brigadier General, A.U.S. and Adjutant General of New Mexico since 1846. b. April 10, 1895 in Sparks, Kans. He published the Deming (N.M.) Headlight from 1926–41 and since 1949. Served as second lieutenant with 326th Field Artillery in WWI. In WWII he was commanding officer of the 200th Coast Artillery (AA) and Philippine provisional coast artillery brigade in the Philippines, surrendering to Japanese on April 9, 1942. He was a prisoner of war on Bataan until Aug., 1945. Advanced to brigadier general, A.U.S., in Jan., 1946 and major general of national guard from 1954 until retirement in 1957. Member of Deming Lodge No. 12, Deming, N. Mex., and master of same in 1925; member of Deming Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. and high priest in 1926; 32° AASR (SJ) at Santa Fe; Ballut Abyad Shrine Temple at Albuquerque and Royal Order of Jesters.

Comfort Sage (1731–1799) Brigadier General of Connecticut militia in Revolution; merchant and West Indian trader of Middletown, Conn. A man of wealth and influence, he answered the Lexington alarm as a captain of a light horse troop. He rose to command a militia regiment, and was later brigadier general. He participated in the fighting at Long Island, New York, Harlem Heights, White Plains, Fort Washington, Danbury, New Haven and elsewhere. He gave asylum to the children of Benedict Arnold. He was often in the general assembly, and frequently a local office holder. Was made a Mason June 12, 1754 in St. John's Lodge No. 2 at Middletown. He was once fined a shilling for "coming to lodge in a check shirt." Nevertheless he served as master in 1768–83. He was exalted Oct. 8, 1783 in the "grand" chapter at Middletown (now Washington Chapter No. 6). His mark was the "Bible." He was high priest of the chapter from 1785–95. In 1783 he was moderator of a convention to consider a grand lodge in Conn. A cousin of Nathan Sage, q.v.

Nathan Sage (1752–1833) Privateer commander in Revolutionary War. Shipbuilder, merchant, and West Indian trader, he was a cousin of Comfort Sage, q.v. He brought in many prizes during the war, including an English vessel loaded with powder, which was sorely needed by the Americans. He succeeded in bringing this prize safely into the New London harbor, although closely pursued by the British. For this he was publicly honored by Congress. He invested in Western New York lands; was county judge at Redfield; and served as collector of customs at Oswego, where he died in 1833. On Jan. 16, 1786 he was made a Mason in St. John's

Lodge No. 2, Middletown, Conn., and became a Royal Arch Mason soon after, in what is now Washington Chapter No. 6. His mark was a “ship.”

Russell Sage (1816–1906) Capitalist. b. Aug. 4, 1816 in Oneida Co., N.Y. Brought up on a farm, he attended school in winter and began business career as an errand boy in his brother’s grocery at Troy, N.Y. Became a retail grocer from 1837–39 and wholesale grocer, 1837–57, at Troy. He served in the U.S. Congress from 1853–57, and was the first to advocate the purchase of Mount Vernon by the government. Moving to New York City, he began his financial rise by investing in small Western railroads and disposing of them to trunk lines. He was president of the Milwaukee & St. Paul for 12 years and was closely associated with Jay Gould in the management of many interests, including the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, Missouri Pacific, M.K.&T., D.L.&W. railroads, the American Cable Co., and Western Union. Received degrees in King Solomon’s Primitive Lodge No. 91, Troy, N.Y. on May 20, June 17, 25, 1852, withdrawing on June 30, 1853 to become a charter member of Mount Zion Lodge No. 311, Troy, N.Y. Withdrew from latter on June 14, 1858. d. 1906.

Saint Alban Early English Christian martyr. b. at Verulam (now St. Albans) in Hertfordshire. In his youth he visited Rome and served seven years as a soldier under the Emperor Diocletian. On his return to Britain, he embraced Christianity, and was the first to suffer martyrdom in the great persecution which raged during that time. Anderson, in his Constitutions of 1738, says this appeared in the old constitutions: “Saint

Alban loved Masons well and cherished them much, and he made their pay right good: viz two shillings per week and three pence to their cheer; whereas before that time, through all the land, a Mason had but a penny a day and his meat, until Saint Alban amended it. He also obtained of the King a Charter for the Free Masons, for to hold a general council, and gave it the name of Assembly, and was thereat himself as Grand Master and helped to make Masons and gave them good charges.” Anderson’s Constitutions contain much that is tradition.

1st Earl of St. Albans (?–1684) Henry Jermyn, English courtier and statesman. Was vice–chamberlain to Queen Henrietta Maria in 1628, and her master of the horse in 1639. Fought in Royalist army, and accompanied queen to France in 1644. After execution of Charles I, in 1649, Jermyn remained in France with Charles II, and after the Restoration was created earl in 1660 and lord chamberlain in 1674. In his constitutions of 1738, Dr. Anderson, q.v., recorded that the Earl of St. Albans was grand master in 1663, with Sir John Denham as his deputy grand master, and Sir Christopher Wren, q.v., and John Webb as his grand wardens. Anderson stated that: “According to a copy of the old constitutions this grand mason held a general assembly and feast on St. John’s Day, 27th December, 1663.”

Saint Augustine Was sent to England with 40 monks, near the end of the sixth century, to evangelize the country. No reference is made to him in the Old Charges, but Lenning, vv., states that according to a tradition, Augustine placed

himself at the head of the corporations of the builders and was recognized as their grand master.

William St. Clair of Roslin (1700–1778) By both tradition and fact, the St. Clair family of Roslin, Scotland, held an intimate connection with the history of Freemasonry in that country for more than 300 years. By tradition, King James II appointed William St. Clair, Earl of Orkney and Caithness, the protector of Freemasonry in Scotland in 1441. The family connection was passed from generation to generation until Nov. 30, 1736 when the above William St. Clair, who was childless, gathered the members of the Edinburg and nearby lodges and tendered a resignation of his hereditary office. At that meeting he was elected grand master, thus becoming the first grand master of Scotland (1736–37). He had been made a Mason in the Lodge Canon-gate Kilwinning only the previous year, and it is thought by several Masonic historians that he was made a Mason in order that he might dramatically resign these family powers (which had ceased to be of practical value) in order to gain election as first grand master over the Earl of Home, supported by another faction.

Arthur St. Clair (1734–1818) Major General in American Revolution and first Governor of the Northwest Territory, 1789–1802. b. March 23, 1734 in Thurso, Scotland, a member of the St. Clair of Roslyn, q.v., family so prominent in Freemasonry of that country. He inherited a fortune from his mother. Joined the 60th Foot on May 13, 1757, and came to America with Admiral Boscawen's fleet. Was under General Wolfe at Quebec in 1758. Resigned his British commission

on April 16, 1762, and settled in Ligonier Valley, Pa., where he became prominent in all political and cultural affairs of that area, building a residence and erecting mills. Became a colonel of militia in July, 1775, joining General John Sullivan in Canada, where, by his counsel, he aided that officer in saving his command at Three Rivers. Made brigadier general on Aug. 9, 1776, organized the New Jersey militia, participating in the Battles of Trenton and Princeton. Appointed major general, Feb. 19, 1777; succeeded Horatio Gates in command at Ticonderoga. Here he was overwhelmed by the superior forces of Burgoyne. For this he was tried by courtmartial in 1778, but "acquitted with the highest honor." He assisted General Sullivan in preparation for his expedition against the Six Nations; was a member of the courtmartial that tried Major Andre at West Point, which he commanded in Oct., 1780. He was a member of the Pa. council of censors in 1783, and a delegate to the Continental Congress, 1785–87, from Pa. While governor of the Northwest Territory, he fixed the seat of justice at Cincinnati, Ohio, which he named in honor of the Society of the Cincinnati, of which he was president for Pa. in 1783–89. Was appointed commander-in-chief of the army operating against the Indians in 1791. When this army suffered a defeat, he resigned his commission as major general. He died in poverty at Greensburg, Pa. on Aug. 31, 1818, attempting to settle his claims against the government. His original lodge is not known, but presumed to be a British military lodge. On Sept. 8, 1791, he was one of those signing a request to the Grand Lodge of New Jersey for a lodge at Cincinnati (Nova Caesarea Harmony Lodge No. 2). He is recorded at many meetings of this lodge, and in 1798, the

anniversary oration of that lodge was dedicated to him. At his burial, Masonic services were first conducted and the ceremonies then turned over to the ex-soldiers of the town. After several years of neglect, the lodge at Greensburg, Pa. erected a sandstone monument over his grave, but wind and weather obliterated all inscriptions on the stone. The local lodge must have had the help of several Pa. lodges in erecting this first monument, as the minutes of Washington Lodge No. 164, Washington, Pa., for April 5, 1830 record a subscription of ten dollars "to assist the Greensburg lodge in erecting a suitable monument to the memory of our distinguished brother, Gen. Arthur St. Clair." In 1913 Westmoreland Lodge erected a second granite monument over the grave.

Comte de Saint Germain (?-1784) Masonic charlatan. An unusual scamp, who is best described by Frederick II of Prussia, q.v., as "a man no one has ever been able to make out." He claimed to be more than 500 years of age, and to have achieved the highest rank of Freemasonry. He said that he was born in Chaldea, and claimed to possess the secrets of the ancient Egyptians, including the ability to transmute metals and to produce pure diamonds by carbon. He was handsome, an able musician, expert magician, linguist, and a gambler. He was known as Count de Bellamura in Venice; Chevalier de Schoning at Pisa; Chevalier Welldone at Milan; and Count Soltikow at Genoa. He became an intimate of Frederick the Great, q.v., and remained at his court for some time.

C. F. St. John Major General, U.S. Army. Became commanding

general of Walter Reed Medical Center, Nov. 2, 1959, succeeding Lt. General Leonard D. Heaton, q.v. A member of Jamestown Lodge No. 352, Jamestown, Ohio, receiving the degrees at the age of 21. Also member of the National Sojourners and Heroes of '76.

Elizabeth St. Leger (1693–1773) probably the only “Lady Freemason” whose membership is now generally accepted as authentic. Her initiation occurred in Cork Co., Ireland about 1710, when she was 17. She was the daughter of the 1st Viscount Doneraile, who, as was the custom in that day of the nobility, held lodges in his house. When it was discovered that she had been listening to the ceremonies through a wall that was being repaired, it seemed to her father and brothers that the only course was to complete her knowledge by making her a Mason. After her marriage to Richard Aldworth in 1713, Elizabeth became a patroness of the Craft. After her death the memory of “our sister Aldworth” was toasted by the Freemasons of Ireland. Her Masonic jewel and apron exist to this day. d. April, 1773, at the advanced age of 80.

Louis Claude de Saint Martin (1743–1803) French mystic philosopher and member of the Illuminati. b. Jan. 18, 1743 at Amboise, France. After six years of army service, he traveled throughout Europe, and at one time studied three years in a state of almost absolute seclusion. He fell under the influence of Martinez Pasqualis early in his Masonic career, but later attempted to reform the Pasqualis system into what he called a “Rectified Rite” of ten degrees; this has since taken his own name, and is known as Martinism. He later devoted

himself to the philosophical speculations of Jakob Bohme, q.v., His concepts were introduced into the Masonic lodges of Russia and Germany.

Joseph Remi Valliere de St. Real (1787–1847) First French–Canadian to receive an important political appointment under the British regime. The son of a blacksmith, he became one of the best educated men of his day in Canada. Attended the Quebec Seminary studied law, and served as a British officer in the War of 1812. A political rival of Louis Papineau, leader of the Canadian rebellion of 1837–38, St. Real served as speaker of the provincial parliament, 1823–25, and chief justice of the Queen’s Bench for the district of Montreal, 1842–47. He was named to the executive council of Lower Canada by the Earl of Durham in 1838, but that same year was suspended from the bench for granting a writ of habeas corpus to a prisoner of the rebellion (two other judges had been suspended previously for the same thing). He is believed to have received his degrees in the lodge known as Les Freres du Canada, under warrant from the Provincial Grand Lodge of Lower Canada (Ancients). He was senior grand warden of the provincial grand lodge in 1820; junior grand warden of the District Grand Lodge of Quebec and Three Rivers in 1821, and senior grand warden of the same in 1822. He was buried from the Roman Catholic church, Sacre Nom de Marie in Montreal.

Louis Guillemain de Saint Victor French Masonic writer, either established Adonhiramite Masonry, or modified it into a working system. In 1781 he published Choice Collection

of Adonhiramite Masonry, which contained instructions of the first four degrees. This was followed by another in 1787, which contained the higher degrees of the rite. His Origins of Adonhiramite Masonry sought to trace the source of Masonic initiation to the mysteries of the Egyptian priesthood.

Ceran St. Vrain (1797–1870) Pioneer trader and Indian fighter. b. in St. Louis in 1797. He was closely associated with Charles, q.v., and William Bent, and Kit Carson, q.v. In fact he was a partner of Charles Bent in a chain of early day trading posts and forts. His headquarters in the New Mexico Territory was at Taos and Santa Fe. When the Civil War broke out, he organized the First New Mexico Cavalry and became its colonel, with Kit Carson as a lieutenant colonel. Following the war he moved to Mora near Fort Union, then the principal military base in the Southwest. Here it was more convenient for him to conduct his business of furnishing supplies to the government. He was raised in Montezuma Lodge No. 109 (now No. 1) of Missouri charter, Jan. 25, 1855. In 1860 he dimitted and secured a warrant from the grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri to constitute Bent Lodge No. 204 at Taos on Aug. 4, 1860. He was the first treasurer, and Kit Carson the first junior warden. War conditions forced the surrender of this charter in 1864. d. at Mora, Oct. 28, 1870, and his funeral on Oct. 30 was attended by General Gregg and nearly all officers of Fort Union. The 8th Cavalry acted as an escort and the general and his staff as pallbearers. Masonic services were held. The Daily New Mexican (Oct. 29) said: "Col. St. Vrain came to New Mexico 40 years ago and has been one of its most highly respected and influential citizens.

Possessed of good education, fine natural abilities, the highest style of courtesy, and very good energy and enterprise, he at once engaged in merchandising and manufacturing, by the legitimate profits of which he has accumulated a handsome property. His upright dealing, fairness and courteous treatment of all with whom he came in contact, win him hosts of friends who will sincerely sorrow at his death.”

Marquis de Saisseval French nobleman. On March 11, 1775, the marquis, assisted by several distinguished brethren, formed the Lodge of Candour, under the constitution of the Grand Orient of France. The Duke of Chartres was then grand master. Fourteen days later (March 25) this lodge gave a fete d’ adoption for the female counterpart of Freemasonry known as adoptive Freemasonry. It was a gala affair attended by 1,000 of the elite of French society. The Duchess of Bourbon was at this time installed as the first grand mistress of adoptive Masonry.

George A. H. Sala (1828–1895) English writer. b. in London; his father was an Italian and his mother a native of the West Indies. He was educated for an artist, but became a journalist, contributing to several London magazines. During the Civil War, he was the American correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph. From 1870–71 he was in France, and later in Russia and Australia. He authored a number of books on travel, social satire, and novels. Among his volumes were *America in the Midst of War*; *America Revisited*; *Quite Alone* (a novel); and *Life and Adventures*. He was a member of Drury Lane Lodge No. 2127, London, for many years. d. 1895.

Duke of Saldanha (1791–1876) Portuguese soldier and statesman. Name in full was Duque de Joao Carlos de Oliveira e Daun. He held military and diplomatic posts in Brazil between 1810–22, and was Portuguese minister of foreign affairs in 1825. In 1826–27 he was governor of Oporto. Was appointed marshal in 1834, and minister of war and president of the council in 1835. After instigating a counter-revolution against the Septembrists, he was exiled from 1836–46. Returning to Portugal, he was premier in the years 1846–49; 1851–56 and 1870. After the Peninsular War, he was head of Freemasonry in Portugal.

Charles P. “Chic” Sale (1885–1936) American humorist and actor. b. in Huron, S. Dak. in 1885, he was educated in the public schools of Urbana, Ill. He became a character actor in vaudeville in 1908. He appeared in motion pictures, including *The Star Witness*; *The Expert*; and *When a Fellow Needs a Friend*. His greatest fame, however, came from his publication of a small book entitled *The Specialist*, an humorous account concerning outdoor toilets, which sold over 200,000 copies in three months. Raised Aug. 29, 1918 in Urbana (Ill.) Lodge No. 157. d. Nov. 7, 1936.

Francesco Salvi (1759–1832) Italian philosopher and author. b. Jan. 1, 1759 at Cozenza in Calabria. He was a professor of history and philosophy at Milan. A prolific writer, he wrote many works on history and political economy. He also published several poems and dramas. In 1811 he received the prize given by the lodge at Leghorn for a Masonic essay on the utility of the Craft and its relation to

philanthropy and morals. d. Sept., 1832.

Manuel Ferraz de Campos Salles (1846–1913) Fourth President of Brazil. A lawyer and politician, he was born in Campinas, Sao Paulo. Was a deputy, 1884–89; minister of justice 1889; governor of Sao Paulo, 1896–98. He had a part in bringing about the dethroning of Dom Pedro II, the last emperor of Brazil. He served as president of Brazil from 1898–1902, and during his administration made many reforms in finance, peaceful settlement of boundary questions, and friendly relations with Argentina and European nations. Mason.

William C. Salmon (1868–1925) U.S. Congressman to 68th Congress, 1923–25, from 7th Tenn. dist. b. April 8, 1868 in Henry Co., Tenn. Graduate of Valparaiso U. in 1893 and Cumberland U. in 1897. Began law practice at Columbia, Tenn. in 1897. Mason. d. May 13, 1925.

William C. Salmon (1868–1925) U.S. Governor of Washington Territory, 1870–74. b. Dec. 25, 1836 in Germany, he was a brigadier general in the Civil War. Was raised in Eureka Lodge No. 80, Seattle, Wash. in 1870; was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Washington, 1873–74. d. in San Francisco, Calif., in July, 1913.

Haym Salomon (1740–1785) American merchant and financier of the Revolution. b. in Lissa, Poland about 1740. He came to America in 1772 and founded a mercantile and brokeragebusiness in N.Y.C. In 1776 and again in 1778 he was

imprisoned in N.Y. as a spy, by the British; the second time, he was condemned to death, but escaped to the American lines. He opened a brokerage business in Philadelphia and accumulated a large fortune, subsequently devoting it to the use of the American government during the war. He negotiated all the war subsidies obtained from France and Holland, and acted as paymaster general of the French forces in America. He also gave financial aid to many patriot leaders, including Jefferson, Madison, and Randolph. He was proposed in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, June 21, 1764; received the first two degrees, June 23, and raised Aug. 9, 1784. d. 1785.

Felix Salten (1869–1945) Hungarian–Austrian writer of children's stories, including *Bambi*, essays, plays, and works of fiction. His works also included *City Jungle*; *Fifteen Rabbits*; *Hound of Florence*; *Samson and Delilah*; *Florian, the Emperor's Stallion*; *Bambi's Son*; *Good Comrades*; and *A Forest World*. His children's stories are widely read in all languages. In his books, he created a firm belief in humanity, a deep love for his Austrian homeland, its people, and a devotion to the divine Creator. He was elected an honorary citizen of Vienna. Member of the lodge *Zur Wahrheit* in Vienna. His real name was Felix Salzmann.

Leslie E. Salter Congressman, government prosecutor and judge. b. May 10, 1895 in Alva, Okla. Graduate of U. of Oklahoma in 1920 and 1922. Practiced law in Carmen and Enid, Okla, 1922–25; assistant U.S. attorney for Western Okla., 1925–28, and special assistant to attorney general of U.S. from 1928, prosecuting important criminal cases throughout U.S.,

including Insull mail fraud trial. Served two terms in Okla. state legislature, 1920–24, and was U.S. congressman from 4th Okla. dist., 1949–51. Has been judge of superior court of Cook. Co. (Chicago), Ill. since 1953. Member of Neighbor Lodge No. 1169, Homewood, Ill. Received degrees in Norman, Okla. in 1917. 32° AASR (NJ) in Chicago.

Leverett Saltonstall U.S. Senator from Massachusetts since 1944; Governor of Mass., 1939–44. b. Sept. 1, 1892 in Chestnut Hill, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1914 and 1917. Admitted to bar in 1919 and began practice in Boston. Served in state house of representatives, 1923–36, and was speaker of same, 1929–36. Elected to U.S. senate in 1944 to fill unexpired term of Henry Cabot Lodge; reelected in 1948 and 1954. Served in WWI as lieutenant in Field Artillery. Is president of board of overseers, Harvard U. Is a member of Fraternity Lodge, Newton, Mass.; St. Paul's Royal Arch Chapter, Boston; St. Bernard Cornmandery, Boston; Massachusetts Consistory AASR (SJ), and 33°; trustee of the Masonic Education and Charity Trust of his grand lodge, and representative of the Grand Lodge of Washington. A frequent attendant at grand lodge sessions.

Alexander, 18th Lord of Saltoun Seventy-fifth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1897–99.

Alexander Arthur, 19th Lord of Saltoun Eighty-eighth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1933–34. Initiated in Mary's Chapel Lodge No. 1 in 1911, and master of same. Affiliated with Lodge No. 1055 in 1923. Also member of lodges No. 67,

197, 1244 and 1278. Member of Old Etonian Lodge No. 4500, English constitution.

Albert M. Sames (1873–1958) Federal Judge of Arizona, 1931–45. b. Feb. 9, 1873 in Rockford, Ill. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1894, and admitted to bar that year. Moved to Arizona in 1900, holding several city, county, and state positions, including U.S. commissioner and judge of superior court of Cochise Co. Retired in 1945. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. Member of Keystone Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. of Douglas. d. Sept. 3, 1958.

Frank P. Samford President of Liberty National Life Insurance Co. b. Nov. 1, 1893 in Troy, Ala. Graduate of Alabama Polytech. Inst., 1914. Was deputy insurance commissioner of Ala., 1915–19; Ala. manager of Lumbermens Mutual Casualty Co., 1919–21; and with Liberty National Life since 1921, as secretary, 1921–32, vice president, 1932–34, and president since 1934. Member of Birmingham Lodge No. 757 since 1924; 32° AASR (SJ), Zamora Shrine Temple and Birmingham Court No. 127, Royal Order of Jesters, all of Birmingham.

William J. Samford (1844–1901) Governor of Alabama, 1900–01; U.S. Congressman from Alabama, 1879–81. b. Sept. 16, 1844, in Greenville, Ga., moving to Ala. in early childhood. Enlisted as a private in Confederate Army in 1862, and advanced to captain in command of a company at close of war. Admitted to the bar in 1867 and began practice in Opelika. Served in both houses of the Ala. state legislature

and was president of state senate in 1886. A member of Auburn Lodge No. 76, Auburn, Ala. on March 15, 1866, he affiliated with Opelika Lodge No. 195, and was master of this lodge in 1877–78. When this lodge forfeited its charter in 1879, and Lee Lodge No. 454 succeeded it, he became a member of that lodge. d. June 11, 1901.

Flem D. Sampson Governor of Kentucky, 1928–31; former chief justice of supreme court of Kentucky. b. Jan. 23, 1875 in London, Ky. Graduate of Valparaiso (Ind.) U. in 1894. Practiced law at Barbourville, Ky., 1894–1906; served as county judge then district judge for six years. Practiced law at Barbourville and Louisville, 1932–38, and then returned to circuit bench. Initiated in Mountain Lodge No. 187, Barbourville, on Dec. 8, 1900.

Edmund W. Samuel (1857–1930) U.S. Congressman, 1905–07 from 16th Pa. dist. b. Nov. 27, 1857 at Blamavon, Wales. Received M.D. degree from Jefferson Medical Coll. in 1880, and practiced medicine at Mt. Carmel, Pa. from that date. Also in the drug business from 1889. He served two terms as supreme commander, Supreme Commandery of the Continent of America, Knights of Malta. Received degrees in Mount Carmel Lodge No. 378, Mount Carmel, Pa. on May 14, June 11, July 16, 1903 and on Jan. 18, 1912 affiliated with Cedar Lodge No. 670, Mount Carmel. d. March 7, 1930.

John C. Sanborn U.S. Congressman to 80th Congress, 1947–49, from 2nd dist. of Idaho. b. Sept. 28, 1885 in Chenoa, Ill. Graduate of Oberlin (Ohio) Coll. in 1908; Columbia U. in

1912. Served five terms in state house of representatives, and two terms as state senator. A farmer at Hagerman, Idaho since 1913. Mason.

Jefferson D. Sandefer (1868–1940) President of Simmons College (now Hardin–Simmons University) at Abilene, Texas, from 1909. b. March 13, 1868 in Sharp Co., Ark. Graduate of U. of Chicago, 1907, and Baylor U., 1917. Taught, and was superintendent of schools in several Texas cities. Was president of John Tarleton Coll., Stephenville, Texas, 1908–09. Raised Oct. 5, 1889 in Whitt Lodge No. 624, Whitt, Texas; affiliated with Gordon Lodge No. 634, Gordon, Texas on May 11, 1895 and was junior warden in 1895 and senior warden in 1896; affiliated with Granbury Lodge No. 392, Granbury, Texas on Jan. 20, 1900; affiliated with Stephenville Lodge No. 267, Stephenville, Texas on Dec. 16, 1904; affiliated with Abilene Lodge No. 559, Abilene, Texas, on June 5, 1920 and suspended NPD June 15, 1933. d. March 22, 1940.

Jared Y. Sanders (1869–1944) Governor of Louisiana, 1908–12; U.S. Congressman, 1916–20. b. Jan. 29, 1869 near Morgan City, La. Graduate of Tulane U. in 1893. Served in state house, 1892–1904 and was speaker in 1900. Was lieutenant governor in 1904–08. Elected to U.S. senate in 1910 but chose to continue as governor. Father of Jared Y. Sanders, Jr., q.v. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 57, Franklin, La. being raised Oct. 6, 1895; also member of York Rite, Scottish Rite and Shrine. His lodge conducted funeral services. d. March 23, 1944.

Jared Y. Sanders, Jr. U.S. Congressman from Louisiana,

1933–36 and 1940–42. b. April 20, 1892 in Franklin, La., the son of Jared Y. Sanders, q.v. former governor and congressman. Graduate of Louisiana State U. in 1912 and Tulane U. in 1914. Admitted to the bar in 1914 and began practice in Baton Rouge. Member of state house of representatives, 1928–32 and state senate, 1932–33. Received his degrees in St. James Lodge No. 47, Baton Rouge on Oct. 19, 26 and Nov. 23, 1922. Master of the lodge in 1955 and presently (1960) deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. Belongs to both York and Scottish Rites, 33° AASR (SJ) and deputy of the Southern Supreme Council, 1953–57. Member of Red Cross of Constantine.

Wilbur F. Sanders (1834–1905) First U.S. Senator from Montana, 1890–93. b. May 2, 1834 in Leon, N.Y. Moved to Ohio where he taught school and was admitted to the bar in 1856. Served with 64th Ohio in Civil War on staff of General J. W. Forsyth. He resigned his commission because of ill health, and went to Montana (then Idaho), where he practiced law and was interested in mines. He came to public attention in the prosecution of a noted desperado, George Ives, in Adler Gulch, Dec., 1863. His closing speech at the trial laid the cornerstone for the establishment of the famous “Vigilantes.” He participated in its formation and was official prosecutor of that organization. He was president of the Montana Historical Society from 1865–90; president of board of Montana Wesleyan from 1889 until death; founder of Montana Bar Assn., and its first president. At the time of his death, July 7, 1905, he was a commander of the G.A.R. in Montana. Made a Freemason in Ohio. He was a charter

member of Virginia City Lodge No. 1 and chaplain of same. In 1879 he is recorded as a member of Morning Star Lodge No. 5, Helena. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Mont. from 1866–68 and grand master of same, 1868–69.

Robert E. L. Saner (1871–1938) Former President of American Bar Association. b. Aug. 9, 1871 near Washington, Ark. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1896 and admitted to Texas bar that year, practicing at Dallas. As president of American Bar Assn., upon invitation of English and French bars, arranged trip to England and France for 2,000 members of American bar. In 1924 he presided, at the invitation of President Coolidge, at the first national contest of high school orations on “The Constitution,” in which judges were from members of the supreme court. This was the culmination of a movement he inaugurated by his report to the American Bar Assn. in 1922, “to reestablish the Constitution in the minds and hearts of the people.” In 1925 he presided at the first national intercollegiate oratorical contests. Mason and past sovereign of St. Mark’s Conclave, Red Cross of Con-stantine; member of Royal Order of Scotland. Received degrees in Dallas Lodge No. 760, Dallas, Texas, on March 27, April 24, May 13, 1912. Affiliated with Pentagon Lodge No. 1080, Dallas in Dec. 1913, as a charter member. d. Oct. 31, 1938.

Jose de San Martin (1778–1850) South American soldier and liberator. b. Feb. 25, 1778 in Yapeyu, now in Argentine, on the Uruguay River. Educated in Spain from the age of eight, he entered the Spanish Army in 1791 and rose to lieutenant colonel. Left army to offer his services in the

cause of South American independence, arriving in March, 1812, in Buenos Aires. He defeated the Spaniards in 1813, and succeeded Belgrano as commander-in-chief the next year. Organized an army in Cuyo province of Argentina, 1814–16, crossed the Andes, and with General O'Higgins, q.v., defeated the Spanish at Chacabuco in 1817, and at Maipo in 1818. He established the independence of Chile, and with the aid of Lord Cochrane, developed a Chilean fleet and left with it for Peru in 1820. In July, 1821, as the Spanish withdrew, he entered Lima, Peru and proclaimed the independence of that country, assuming the title of "Protector." In this capacity he freed all slaves and revoked the taxes levied on the Indians. After a short reign, he resigned on Sept. 20, 1822. His work made possible the victories of the liberator, Bolivar, to whose assistance he sent his famed mounted grenadiers. He then went to Brussels, where he established himself, returning in 1828 to Buenos Aires. Finding the country plagued with internal troubles, he returned to Brussels, vowing never again to draw his sword in civil war. He died Aug. 17, 1850 at Boulogne, France in comparative poverty. He received his degrees in the Logia Legalidad of Cadiz, Spain, in 1808. Later he joined the Lautaro lodge in Spain, Joseph Bonaparte, q.v., being grand master of that group. He went to England and there joined Miranda's, q.v., Lautaro Lodge before leaving for Buenos Aires. Shortly after his arrival in that city he formed Lautaro Lodge No. 3, followed by No. 4 in Mendoza, and No. 5 in Santiago. These lodges had five degrees. San Martin was "Gran Presidente" of the grand lodge at Buenos Aires. In 1825, after his return to Europe, he was presented a medal by Parfaite Amitie Lodge

of Brussels. This medal is on exhibit in the Mitre Museum, Buenos Aires.

James M. J. Sanno (1840–1907) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 10, 1840 in New Hampton, N.J. Graduated from U.S. Military Academy in 1863; assigned to 7th Infantry as a 2nd lieutenant, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1903, and retired that year. Was provost marshal, adjutant, and inspector general of Dept. of Florida, 1865–69; on frontier duty, 1869–78; inspector of Indian supplies in Mont., 1877–78; in charge of law department at Inf. and Cay. School, Fort Leavenworth, 1889–94; engaged in collecting and deporting 537 refugee Canadian Creek Indians in 1896; inspector general of depts. of Mo., Dak., and the Lakes in 1898; president of board of claims against the U.S. at Manila in 1900; organized 27th U.S. Infantry in 1901. 33° AASR (SJ). Raised March 3, 1864 in Mansfield Lodge No. 36, Washington, N.J. Member of Temple Chapter No. 12, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 6, both of Washington, N.J. Received 32° AASR (SJ) on March 12, 1890 and 33° Oct. 3, 1895. d. May 4, 1907.

Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna (1795–1867) Mexican general, revolutionist, president and dictator. b. Feb. 21, 1795 in Jalapa. He led revolts against Iturbide in 1822; Guerrore in 1828; and Bustamante in 1832. Was president of Mexico, 1841–45. He attempted to crush the Texas revolution; seized the Alamo in 1836, but was defeated and captured by Sam Houston at San Jacinto, April 21, 1836. Forced to sign articles of independence for Texas, he was released in eight

months. Was in control of Mexico from 1839–42, and made dictator in 1844 by the constitution. In 1845 he was deposed and exiled, but recalled and made provisional president in 1847. He commanded the Mexican Army against the U.S. in 1846–47, but was defeated at Buena Vista, Cerro Gordo, Puebla, and Mexico City by General Scott. Exiled again in 1848, but recalled and made president in 1853–55. Again exiled in 1855. He returned to Mexico City in 1874, where he died June 20, 1876, in poverty and neglect. In a political fight, he favored the Scottish Rite faction (the Escoseses), which demanded the recall of U.S. Ambassador Poinsett, q.v. Later he appeared to become a Yorkist. Andrew Jackson once wrote Sam Houston that “He is the pride of the Mexican soldiers and the favorite of the priesthood.” At age 80, writing his memoirs, he stated, “I wish to record also that I defended the Apostolic Roman Catholic religion (the only one in which I believe and in which I must die).” It is said that Santa Anna owed his life at San Jacinto to the giving of a Masonic distress sign, first to James A. Sylvester, one of his captors; secondly, to Sam Houston, when he was brought before the general; and thirdly, to a group of Texas soldiers, among whom were John A. Wharton, George W. Hockley, Richard Bache, Dr. J. E. Phelps and others. These Masons are said to have worked together to save the Mexican general’s life. Certainly after his slaughter at the Alamo, something unusual must have saved him. John Stiles of Red River, a soldier, was one of those guarding Santa Anna following his capture and while he was held prisoner at “Orizimbo”, the plantation home of Dr. Phelps. Wishing to show his appreciation of the treatment received, Santa Anna presented his Masonic apron to Stiles.

This apron was displayed at a meeting of Friendship Lodge No. 16, Clarksville, Texas, and reported in the Texas Grand Lodge Magazine in Oct., 1938. At that time it was the property of Robert Stiles of Broken Bow, Okla.

Pedro Santana (1801–1864) First President of Santo Domingo. He was the leader of the revolution by which Santo Domingo separated from Haiti in 1844. He served as president in 1844–48; 1853–56 and 1858–61. Mason and 33° AASR.

Francisco de Paula Santander (1792–1840) Regarded as the founder of Colombia (New Granada). A general and statesman of New Granada, he served in the revolutionary war and was promoted to general of division at the Battle of Boyaca, Aug. 7, 1819. He cooperated with Paez and Bolivar, qq.v., both Masons, and later opposed them. He was vice president from 1821–28, and acting president in Bolivar's absence, 1821–27. In the latter year he led an unsuccessful revolt against Bolivar and was sentenced to death. Bolivar commuted the sentence to exile. While living in the United States, he was elected president of Nueva Granada (now Colombia) in 1832. Returning, he served in that capacity until 1837, his term being noted for the advancement of education. He was a past master and sovereign grand inspector general, 33° ASK Prince Kasimir–Nestor Sapieha Polish general and marshal of the Polish Diet, widely known for his patriotism. Was elected grand master of Poland in 1789. The anti-Russian movement, then spreading in Poland, penetrated also into Polish Freemasonry, and the Lodge of "Catherine

under the Northern Star” (named for Catherine the Great of Russia) changed its name to Lodge of “Stanislaus Augustus under the Northern Star.”

Jules Sara (1835–1900) Belgian lawyer, deputy and Minister of Justice. Mason.

William H. Sargeant (1868–1935) President of Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Co. from 1928. b. Oct. 5, 1868 in Springfield, Mass. With the above company from 1884; vice president from 1909–28. Member of Springfield Lodge, Springfield, Mass., from 1896 until 1935. d. Dec. 28, 1935.

Aaron A. Sargent (1827–1887) U.S. Congressman, from Calif., 1861–63 and 1869–73; U.S. Senator from Calif., 1873–79. b. Sept. 28, 1827 in Newburyport, Mass. Apprenticed to a cabinetmaker, he then learned the printer’s trade. Moved to Philadelphia, and then to Washington, D.C., and finally in 1839, to Calif. where he settled in Nevada City. Here he was on the staff of the Nevada City Journal, later becoming owner of the paper. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1854. Served in state senate in 1856 and was district attorney for Nevada Co. in 1855–56. Was minister to Germany in 1882–84 but declined ministership to Russia, returning to Calif. in 1884, to resume practice of law. Member of Nevada Lodge No. 13 and Nevada Chapter No. 6, R.A.M., both of Nevada City, Calif. d. Aug. 14, 1887.

Frank P. Sargent (1854–1908) Labor leader and government

official. b. Nov. 18, 1854 in East Orange, Vt. A locomotive fireman, he was chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen from 1885–1902. Declined position of chief of Bureau of Engraving and Printing offered by McKinley in 1900, but accepted position of U.S. commissioner general of immigration in 1902. Mason. d. 1908.

Fred W. Sargent (1876–1940) President of two railroads from 1925—the Chicago and Northwestern and the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha. b. May 26, 1876 in Akron, Iowa. Graduate of State U. of Iowa in 1901, he began law practice at Sioux City, Iowa in that year. Moved to Chicago in 1920. Director of several banks, railroads, Bell Telephone Co. Awarded Rosenthal Foundation medal for outstanding civic service in 1933. Mason. d. Feb. 4, 1940.

Winthrop Sargent (1753–1820) Secretary of the Northwest Territory (Ohio) from 1787–88, and first Governor of Mississippi Territory, 1798–1801. b. May 1, 1753 in Gloucester, Mass. Graduate of Harvard. Became captain of a ship belonging to his father in 1771. In 1775 he entered the Revolutionary Army and was naval agent at Gloucester; later, captain in General Henry Knox's regiment of artillery. Served throughout the war, taking part in the battles of Long Island, White Plains, Trenton, Brandywine, Germantown, and Monmouth, attaining the rank of major. He became connected with the Ohio Co. in 1786 under General Rufus Putnam, q.v., and was appointed surveyor of the Northwest Territory by congress. During the Indian wars of 1791 and 1794–95, he became adjutant general, and was wounded in the expedition under

General St. Clair. Was an original member of the Society of the Cincinnati. He was raised in the famous American Union Lodge (military) in 1776, being one of its charter members. When the lodge moved to Marietta, Ohio, he was secretary, and for a time it met at his home. This lodge is now No. 1 under the Grand Lodge of Ohio. When he became first governor of the Mississippi Territory in 1798, he moved to Natchez. This territory composed the present states of Miss. and Ala. Seemingly he did not join the numerous pioneer Ma-sons at Natchez in chartering Harmony Lodge No. 7 in that city. d. June 3, 1820.

Ellanore Y. Sarles (1859–1929) Ninth Governor of North Dakota, 1905–07. b. Jan. 15, 1859 in Wonewoc, Wis., attending high school at Sparta, Wis. Came to N. Dak. in 1881, locating at Hillsboro. Here he organized the Train Co. Bank in 1885, which later became the 1st National Bank of Hillsboro. He established or acquired banks at Caledonia, Grand-in, Northwood and Blanchard. He developed Trail County by financing new settlers. Was raised in Kane Lodge No. 61 of Wis. and on June 15, 1882 affiliated with Hillsboro Lodge No. 10 as a charter member. He served two terms as potentate of El Zagal Shrine Temple, Fargo and was a 33° AASR (SJ). d. Feb. 14, 1929.

Domingo Faustino Sarmiento (1811–1888) President of the Argentina, 1868–74. A journalist, he founded papers in Chile and Argentina, writing 52 books, many in the field of education. An outspoken liberal, he was exiled three times. In 1845 he was commissioned by the president of Argentina

to study scholastic methods in the U.S. and Europe. He was an advocate of free public instruction and was instrumental in bringing teachers from the U.S. to further his aims in this direction. He joined with General Urquiza in the fight against Rosas. Also allied with General Mitre, who, when he became president, appointed Sarmiento as minister to the U.S. While in America, he represented the Grand Lodge of Argentina in negotiations for recognition by numerous American grand lodges. He was a member of Union Del Plata Lodge. He was a grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Argentina, and was most active in reviving Freemasonry after the overthrow of the tyrant, Rosas. Opposing Mitre's foreign policy, he returned to his homeland from the U.S. in 1868, and was elected president of Argentina. His term was a stormy one, but he is remembered for his advancement of free and universal education.

David Samoff Chairman of Board of Radio Corporation of America; called "father of American television." b. Feb. 27, 1891 in Uzlian, Minsk, Russia, he was brought to the U.S. when nine years old, and almost immediately took over the support of his family. His life is one of the miracle stories of American history. He rose from a messenger to president of Radio Corp. of America at the age of 39. Was with Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. in 1906 as office boy, and promoted to wireless operator, radio inspector, assistant chief engineer, and commercial manager. After this company was taken over in 1919 by Radio Corp. he rose to general manager in 1921, vice president and general manager in 1922, executive vice president in 1929, and president from 1930–47. Has received

many honors from presidents, universities, and foreign countries. Served in WWII as brigadier general. Became a Mason in Lodge of Strict Observance No. 94, New York City, June 14, 1921. In June, 1955 he received the coveted award for distinguished achievement from the Grand Lodge of New York.

Selim Sarper Permanent representative of Turkey to the United Nations with rank of ambassador since 1947. b. 1899, he was educated in the U. of Ankara. Has been an officer of the foreign service of Turkey since 1927. Served in Odessa, Moscow, Berlin, Bucharest. Was press officer to the prime minister, 1940–44. Ambassador to Moscow, 1941–46, and Rome, 1946–47. A 33° AASR Mason, he has appeared at numerous Masonic functions in New York City.

John Sartain (1808–1897) American artist and engraver who introduced pictorial illustrations as a characteristic feature in American periodicals. b. Oct. 24, 1808 in London, England, coming to the U.S. in 1830. Although chiefly an engraver, he designed bank notes, painted in oils, and did miniatures on ivory. He purchased the Union Magazine (N.Y.) in 1848 and changed the name to Sartain's Union Magazine. It became widely known during its four years of publication. Framing prints from his studio include The County Election in Missouri after Bingham, q.v., and one used frequently in masonic publications, entitled The Iron-Worker and King Solomon. He became a member of Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia, Oct. 31, 1848, and elected master of same in Dec., 1867. He was a member of Kadosh Commandery No. 29, K.T. at Philadelphia (Nov. 24, 1868); and was a 33° AASR (NJ).

Guisepppe Sarti (1729–1802) Italian composer. Lived in Venice, Milan and St. Petersburg. His specialty was sacred music. He was an honorary member of the Academy of Science at St. Petersburg. He invented an instrument to count the vibrations and rhythms of sound. Member of the St. Martin lodge in Copenhagen.

Lansdale G. Sasscer U.S. Congressman to 77th–81st Congresses, 1941–51, from 5th Md. dist. b. Sept. 30, 1893 in Upper Marlboro, Md. Graduate of Dickinson School of Law (Pa.) in 1914 and practiced at Upper Marlboro since 1915. Publisher of The Enquirer Gazette. Served overseas in artillery in WWI. Member of the Maryland senate, 1922–38, and president of same five years. Member of Centennial Lodge No. 174, Upper Marlboro, Md.; Tall Cedars of Lebanon.

John E. Sater (1854–1937) Federal Judge, Southern Ohio, 1907–24. b. Jan 16, 1854 in New Haven, Ohio. Graduate of Marietta Coll. in 1875 and 1878. Lived and practiced law in Columbus, Ohio. Member of Goodale Lodge No. 372, Columbus, Ohio, receiving degrees on March 7, 12, 24, 1879. d. July 18, 1937.

Willard Saulsbury (1820–1892) U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1859–71. A son of the same name was also senator from Del. b. June 2, 1820 in Kent Co., Del. Studied law and began practice at Georgetown. Was attorney general of Del., 1850–55. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 12, Georgetown, Del. d. April 6, 1892.

George M. Saunders Recorder of the Imperial Shrine since 1948. b. Nov. 17, 1898 in Kansas City, Mo. Served as recorder of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, from 1923–48. Life member of Sheffield Lodge No. 625; member of Kansas City Chapter No. 28, R.A.M., Westport Council No. 38, R. & S.M., and East Gate Commandery No. 70, K.T., all of Kansas City. 33° AASR (SJ). Life member of Ararat Shrine Temple; past sovereign of Mary Conclave No. 5, Red Cross of Constantine, Kansas City, and present member of St. John's Conclave No. 1, Chicago; Past grand master of the International Supreme Council. Order of DeMolay. Member of Royal Order of Scotland and Royal Order of Jesters.

Richard Savage (1697?–1743) English poet. He claimed to be the son of Richard Savage, 4th Earl Rivers, by Countess of Macclesfield. A Bohemian, he sank lower and lower, and eventually died in prison at Bristol in 1743, where he had been incarcerated for debt. An intimate friend of Samuel Johnson, q.v., they shared poverty together when Johnson first came to London. In 1744 Johnson wrote Savage's biography, and later included him in his *The Lives of the Poets*. Savage had several plays produced at Drury Lane, including *Love In a Veil* (1718) and *Sir Thomas Overbury* (1723), playing the title role in the latter. His poems included *The Bastard* (1728) and his masterpiece, *The Wanderer* (1729). In 1727 he barely escaped the death penalty for killing a gentleman in a tavern brawl. He was pensioned for a time on condition he write a yearly ode on Queen Caroline's birthday. He alienated his friends who aided him, of whom Pope, q.v., was the most persevering. He was master of the Richmond Lodge No. 55, in 1737, which

met at "Old Man's Coffee House," Charing Cross, London.

Savalette de Langes Founder of the Rite of Philalethes at Paris in 1773. Was the president and moving spirit of the Masonic Congress at Paris in 1785 and 1787, for the purpose of discussing important points in Freemasonry.

Charles Sawyer U.S. Secretary of Commerce, 1948–52; U.S. Ambassador to Belgium and Minister to Luxembourg, 1944–45. b. Feb. 10, 1887 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Oberlin Coll., 1908, and U. of Cincinnati, 1911. Admitted to bar in 1911; practiced in Cincinnati. Lieutenant governor of Ohio in 1933–34. Enlisted in Army in 1917 and discharged as a major, Ä¢ in 1919. Member of Madisonville Lodge No. 419, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees on Aug. 29, Sept. 30, Nov. 5, 1908. Received 50-year medal from grand lodge.

Charles H. Sawyer (1840–1908) Governor of New Hampshire, 1887– 89 (44th). b. March 30, 1840 in Watertown, N.Y., moving to N.H. with parents in 1850, and settling at Dover. Entered textile industry; was superintendent of Sawyer Woolen Mills from 1865–81 and president of same, until sold to American Woolen Co.

Rufus Saxton in 1898. Served in state legislature; was N.H. commissioner for Paris Exposition. Served as master of Strafford Lodge No. 29 and commander of St. Pauls Commandery, K.T., both of Dover. d. 1908.

Grant Sawyer Governor of Nevada from 1959. b. Dec. 14,

1918 in Twin Falls, Idaho. Graduate of U. of Nevada in 1941 and Georgetown U. in 1948. Practiced law in Elko, 1948–50; was district attorney of Elko Co., 1950–58. Served in Army from private to 1st lieutenant, 1942–46. In 1952 was named as Elko's "man of the year." Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). Raised in Elko Lodge No. 15 Dec. 20, 1957. 32° AASR (SJ) and Kerak Shrine Temple.

Philetus Sawyer (1816–1900) U.S. Senator and Representative from Wis. b. Sept. 22, 1816 in Whiting, Vt., moving to Crown Point, N.Y. in 1817 and to Fond du Lac Co., Wis. in 1847 where he engaged in the lumber business. Served in state assembly and was mayor of Oshkosh. U.S. congressman five terms, 1865–75 and U.S. senator, 1881–93. Member of Oshkosh Lodge No. 27, being initiated Dec. 6, 1864 and raised Jan. 1, 1873. d. March 29, 1900.

Samuel N. Sawyer (1858–1939) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1907–29; Justice, Appellate Division, 1926–29. b. Oct. 6, 1858 in Palmyra, N.Y. Attended Phillips Academy at Andover, Mass. and graduated from Albany Law School in 1883, practicing law at Palmyra from that date. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1908–10. Member of Palmyra Lodge No. 248, Palmyra, N.Y. Raised Dec. 10, 1879; master in 1887. d. May 1, 1939.

John G. Saxe (1816–1887) American poet. b. June 2, 1816 in Highgate, Vt. Graduate of Middlebury in 1839; studied law in Lockport, N.Y. and then in St. Albans, Vt., where, in 1843, he was admitted to the bar. Was state's attorney for

Chittenden Co., and superintendent of schools. Gradually he fell into journalism, purchasing the Burlington Sentinel in 1850, which he edited until 1856. Was attorney general of Vt. in 1856, and ran for governor in 1859 and 1860. He settled in N.Y., lecturing until 1872, and then became editor of the Evening Journal at Albany, N.Y. For the centennial of Master's Lodge No. 5, Albany, he wrote the Masonic poem Song of the Century.

Prince August of Saxe-Altenburg A brother of Ernest Ludwig II, he was initiated with him in the Cosmopolite Lodge in Gotha in 1774.

John Adolf, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (1721-?) Belonged to the Lodge of Naudenberg in 1750.

Karl August, Duke of Saxe-Weimar (see under "Karl").

Duke of Saxony (see Ernest II).

Duke of Saxony-Hildburghausen (see under Frederick).

Duke of Saxony-Meiningen (see under George Frederic Karl).

Rufus Saxton (1824-1908) Union Civil War General. b. Oct. 19, 1824 in Greenfield, Mass. A graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1849, he advanced to brigadier general of volunteers in 1862 and same rank in regulars in 1904; breveted major general of volunteers in 1865. Awarded the

Congressional Medal of Honor for distinguished gallantry in defense of Harper's Ferry, Va., May, 1862. Served on coast survey, 1853–61, and developed instruments for deep sea sounding, one of which (a self registering thermometer), bears his name. Was chief quartermaster on staff of General Lyon in Mo. campaign, serving as same under General McClellan in Western Va., and under General Sherman's Port Royal expedition. He commanded the forces at Harper's Ferry in 1862, and was military governor of the Dept. of the South in 1862–65. Member of Washington Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., of Washington, D.C. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 11, Washington, D.C. d. 1908.

Anthony Sayer (1672–1742) First Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of England in 1717, holding the office one year. Very little is known of his Masonic history or private life. He was a member of the Old Lodge No. 3, which met at the "Apple Tree" Tavern in Charles Street, Covent Garden, now the Fortitude and Old Cumberland Lodge No. 12. He served as its warden in 1723, in which year he was one of the brethren who signed their approbation of Anderson's Constitutions. In 1718 he proclaimed George Payne his successor as grand master, and in 1719 was appointed senior grand warden by Dr. Desaguliers, q.v. All else that is known of Sayer from official records is unfortunate. He was thrice an applicant for grand lodge relief—in 1724, 1730, and 1741. In 1730 he had to appear to answer charges to a complaint of irregularity, the nature of which is unknown. He was acquitted, but told to do "nothing so irregular in the future." From 1733 until his death, he was tyler of what is now the Old King's Arms Lodge

No. 28. At his funeral, says the London Evening Express of Jan. 16, 1742, "his corpse was followed by a great number of Gentlemen of that Honourable Society of the best quality" to Covent Garden, where he was buried. d. Jan. 5, 1742. , Karl Sayer Secretary to the Grand Duke Nicholas Pavlovich, who later became Nicholas I, Emperor of Russia. Member of the lodge Palestine about 1820 in Russia.

Joseph D. Sayers (1841–1929) Governor of Texas, 1899–1903. b. Sept. 23, 1841 in Grenada, Miss. Moved with father to Bastrop, Texas in 1851 and was educated in the Bastrop Military Inst. Served in the Confederate Army from 1861–65. Admitted to the bar in 1866. Was member of Texas state senate in 1873, and lieutenant governor of the state from 1879–80. He served as U.S. congressman from the 49th to 55th congresses, 1885–99, resigning to become governor. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas, 1875–76. Member of Gamble Lodge No. 244, Bastrop, Texas. d. May 15, 1929.

John P. Saylor U.S. Congressman to 81st–86th Congresses from Pa. b. July 23, 1908 in Somerset Co., Pa. Graduate of Franklin and Marshall Coll. in 1929 and Dickinson Law School in 1933. Served in U.S. Navy in WWII. Received degrees in Sunnehanna Lodge No. 742, Johnstown, Pa. on Oct. 4, Dec. 6, 1939, and Jan. 3, 1940. Member of Portage Chapter No. 195, R.A.M., Cambria Council No. 32, R. & S.M., Oriental Commandery No. 61, K.T., all of Johnstown, Pa. 32° AASR (NJ) at Pittsburgh, Jaffa Shrine Temple at Altoona, Pa., and Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Johnstown, Pa.

Anthony D. Sayre (1858–1931) Justice, Supreme Court of Alabama from 1909. b. April 29, 1858 in Tuskegee, Ala. Graduate of Roanoke Coll. (Va.) in 1878. Admitted to bar in 1881 and began practice at Montgomery, Ala. Served in state lower house 1890–93, and state senate 1894–97. Member of Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 173, Montgomery, Ala., receiving degrees on Jan. 7, Sept. 4, Oct. 19, 1888. At the time of his death, Nov. 18, 1931, he had been in good standing for 43 years.

David A. Sayre (1793–1870) Philanthropist. b. March 12, 1793 in Bottle Hill, N.J. Early in life he moved to Lexington, Ky., where he became a successful merchant and banker. Though repeatedly meeting with heavy losses, he gave about \$500,000 to benevolent causes during his lifetime, including \$100,000 to found the Sayre Female Institute. Member of Trotter Lodge No. 75. d. Sept. 11, 1870.

Morris Sayre (1885–1953) President of Corn Products Refining Co. from 1945 and director from 1929. b. Nov. 27, 1885 in Montrose, Pa. Graduate of U. of Richmond. Was with the refining company from 1908, serving as manager of the Granite City and Argo, Ill. plants; general manager in N.Y.C.; vice president, 1933–45; executive vice president, 1942–45. Mason. d. March 7, 1953.

Chevalier Andrea Sbarboro (1839–1923) Founder and teacher of first Italian school and publisher of first Italian school book in Calif. b. Nov. 26, 1839 in Acero Liguria, Italy, he was brought to America at the age of four. Attended

schools in New York, and under private tutors. Began as a clerk in a San Francisco grocery store, becoming proprietor of same. He was organizer and president of the Italian-American Bank; founder, secretary and manager of Italian Swiss Agricultural Colony; founder and secretary of San Francisco Sanitary Reduction Works. He was the organizer and manager of five mutual loan associations, beginning in 1875. Their total receipts in monthly installments amounted to \$6,500,000, which built homes for 2,500 families, all fully paid. An anti-prohibitionist, he delivered addresses against prohibition before the Calif. legislature and U.S. congress. He was both a Catholic and Freemason. He was the first senior warden of Speranza Italiana Lodge No. 219, San Francisco, Calif. d. Feb. 28, 1923.

Alexander Scammell (1747–1781) General of the American Revolution, mortally wounded at Yorktown. b. March 24, 1747 in Mendon (now Milford), Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1769 and taught in Kingston and Plymouth, Mass. Later (1771), went to Portsmouth, N.H. where the government employed him to explore and survey land. Studied law with John Sullivan in Durham, N.Y. until 1775. With Sullivan and others he captured William and Mary Fort at Newcastle, one of the first overt acts of the Revolution. Entered army as a brigade major; promoted to colonel of the 3rd New Hampshire regiment, Dec. 10, 1776; later transferred to 1st regiment. In 1777 he served under General Gates, q.v., in the Northern Army and was wounded at Saratoga on Jan. 5, 1778. Then became adjutant general of the army and a member of Washington's military family. As such, he had custody of the

spy, Andre, during his trial and execution. Desiring to return to the field, he was given command of a regiment of light infantry, and on Sept. 30, 1781 was captured at the siege of Yorktown, while reconnoitering the enemy's position. He was shot after his capture, but Washington obtained the permission of Cornwallis for his evacuation, and he was taken to Williamsburg, where he died Oct. 6, 1781. He became a Mason March 6, 1777, in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., and was a frequent visitor to American Union Lodge.

Earl of Scarborough (Lawrence Roger Lumley). Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of England, since 1951. He became the 11th Earl of Scarborough in 1945, on the death of his uncle. Is the son of Brigadier General Osbert Lumley. He went to Eton, and afterward to the Military Academy at Sandhurst. In 1921 he graduated from Magdalen College, Oxford U. Entering parliament, he represented Kingston-upon-Hull, East, 1922–29, and York from 1931–37. In the latter year he was appointed governor of Bombay, a post he retained until 1943, through a difficult period in the early war years. Upon his return to England, he was appointed parliamentary undersecretary for India and Burma. He was given the active rank of major general, and at the time was a member of the house of lords. This office ended in 1947 with the passing of the Act of Indian Independence. In 1948 he was created a knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter by King George VI, q.v. In 1937 he was created a knight grand commander of the Eminent Order of the British Empire, followed in 1943 by that of knight grand cross of the Most Exalted Order of the British Empire. Queen Elizabeth

made him a knight of the Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, and also Lord Chamberlain of the Household—one of the most important positions in England. In WWI he served in France with the 11th Hussars, and from 1921–37 with the Yorkshire Dragoons. He is the author of the history of the 11th Hussars. Was initiated in 1920 in Apollo University Lodge No. 357.

Frank M. Scarlett Federal Judge, Georgia, since 1946. b. June 9, 1891 in Brunswick, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1913, and entered private law practice in Brunswick that year. Member of Ocean Lodge No. 214, Brunswick, Ga., receiving degrees on April 17, May 4, May 18, 1914; was master of the lodge in 1920. Shriner.

William Scarlett Protestant Episcopal Bishop, 1933–53. b. Oct. 3, 1883 in Columbus, Ohio. Graduate of Harvard, 1905, Episcopal Theol. School, 1909, U. of Arizona, 1922. Became deacon in 1909, and priest in 1910, and served churches in New York City, Phoenix, Ariz. and St. Louis, Mo. Became bishop co–adjutor in 1930 and was bishop of Missouri, 1933–53. Now retired. Became a Freemason in Phoenix, Ariz., but on removing to St. Louis dropped membership “because of the tough job I had on my hands. So while I believe in Masonry, I can hardly qualify as a ‘good Freemason.’”

Nathan Scarritt (1821–1890) Missouri mission teacher and educator who made a fortune in Kansas City, Mo. real estate. b. in 1821 near Alton, Ill., where his family had migrated from N.H. in a covered wagon. Worked on father’s farm until 16,

when he entered McKendree Coll. at Lebanon, Ill. and paid his expenses by clearing timber, from the campus. Taught for awhile at Waterloo, Ill.; then moved to Fayette, Howard Co., Mo. in 1845, with \$10 in his pocket. At Fayette, he cooperated with his brother-in-law, Dr. W. T. Lucky, in establishing Howard high school, subsequently Central Coll. He was the first president of the college, being one of the original incorporators, and a curator from the beginning until his death. In August, 1847, he became one of the the first recipients of a degree from the U. of Missouri, and was ordained a Methodist Episcopal (South) minister, in Oct. of that year. In 1848 he became head of the classical department of Shawnee Indian Mission and Manual Training School, in Kansas, just southwest of Westport, Mo. He was one of the organizers and first principals of Westport High School in Westport, before it became a part of Kansas City. He was a teacher and preacher all his life. He became a millionaire through judicious real estate investment. Scarritt School of Kansas City is named in his honor. He established a Bible training school for missionaries which later was moved to Nashville, Tenn. and is now called the Scarritt College for Christian Workers. Member of the old Golden Square Lodge of Kansas City, Mo. d. 1890.

Hjlmар Schacht German financier, who was probably one of the greatest financial wizards of his time. From 1908–15 he was director of the Duetsche Bank and later a partner of the Darmstaedter and National Bank. During the Weimar Republic in 1923, he was appointed commissioner of currency. As president of the Reichsbank, he stopped the German inflation. He was president of the Reichsbank until 1930 and

again appointed to the same position by Hitler from 1933–40. It is certainly true that at this time he helped Germany to arm, but in 1940 he was put under house arrest by the Nazis. At the end of the war he was brought into court at the Nurnberg trials as a war criminal, but acquitted in 1946. His own defense in this trial is remarkable. He belonged to the Lodge Zur Freundschaft under the Grand Lodge of Prussia. This is the grand lodge which hoped to continue under Hitler by virtue of its strong national feeling. As late as January of this year (1960) he wrote an article concerning some Masonic subjects which came up during the time of Hitler.

Johann Gottfried Shadow (1764–1850) Prussian court sculptor. In 1788 he was director of the Academy of Art in Berlin. He is regarded as the founder of the modern school of sculpture. Among his works are a statue of Frederick the Great, the Quadriga of Victory group atop the Brandenberger Tor at Berlin and a statue of Marshal Bluecher. Many European museums display his works. He belonged to the lodge, Friedrich Wilhelm zur Gekroenten Gerechtigkeit at Berlin.

John A. Schaeffer (1886–1941) President of Franklin and Marshall College from 1935; vice president of Eagle–Pitcher Lead Co. and director of research, 1911–35. b. May 31, 1886 in Kutztown, Pa. Graduate of Franklin and Marshall Coll. (Lancaster, Pa.) in 1904, 1905, 1929 and U. of Pennsylvania in 1908. Before being employed by the Eagle–Pitcher Lead Co. in 1911, he was instructor of chemistry at Carnegie Inst. of Tech. Member of Lodge No. 43, Lancaster, Pa., receiving degrees on Nov. 13, 1907 and Jan. 8, Feb. 12, 1908. d. April 6, 1941.

Raymond Wm. Schalk Elected to Baseball Hall of Fame in 1955. Known as “Cracker.” b. Aug. 12, 1892 in Harvey, Ill. Was a catcher for the Chicago American League from 1912–28. Raised Jan. 6, 1916, in Litchfield Lodge No. 236, Litchfield, Ill.

Thomas D. Schall (1878–1935) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1925–35; U.S. Congressman, 64th–68th Congresses, 1915–25. b. June 4, 1878 in Reed City, Mich. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1902 and St. Paul Coll. of Law in 1904. Began law practice in Minneapolis in 1904. Lost his sight by an electric shock in 1907. Member of Hennepin Lodge No. 4, Minneapolis, receiving degrees April 4, 11, 18, 1906 and stricken from rolls on Nov. 8, 1933. d. Dec. 22, 1935 after being struck by an automobile.

Gerhard J. D. von Scharnhorst (1755–1813) Prussian General and Chief of Staff in war against Napoleon, 1806–07. He reorganized the Prussian army in 1807, but was forced by Napoleon to leave Prussian service in 1810. With the French defeat in Russia in 1812, he became chief of staff to Blucher. Fought in War of Liberation and was badly wounded at Lutzen, dying at Prague a month later. Was the author of several works on military science. Member of the “Great Countries Lodge” at Berlin, being initiated in 1779.

William Schaw (1550–1602) Early Scottish Freemason. Appears to have been connected with the royal household from an early period. His signature appears on the original parchment deed of the National Covenant signed by King James VI and his household at Holyrood Palace, Jan. 28, 1580.

He became Master of Works, supervising all royal buildings and palaces in Scotland. He accompanied King James VI to Denmark in 1589 for his wedding to Princess Anna, and remained with them during that winter, returning to Scotland in March, 1589 to make arrangements for the reception of the wedding party and to refurbish Holyrood Palace for the royal couple. He died April 18, 1602 and his queen erected a monument to his memory in the Abbey Church of Dunfermline. It is said to depict his Freemason's mark, among other things.

Count Carl Fredrik Scheffer (1715–1786) Member of the Swedish Royal Council. He was tutor to Prince Gustaf, later King Gustaf III. In 1753 he became national grand master of Sweden. When the Grand Lodge of Sweden was constituted in 1760, Scheffer was elected the first grand master.

Josef Scheiner (1861–1932) Organizer of the Czechoslovakian national organization, "The Sokols." For his patriotic activities on behalf of his country before WWI, he was imprisoned by the Austrians, but freed in 1917 by the amnesty of Emperor Carl. He had advocated the liberation of his country without bloodshed. His dream came true towards the end of WWI when the new nation "Czechoslovakia" was formed. He was a lawyer in Prague and member of the lodge Narod.

Joseph M. Schenck Motion picture executive. He started in moving picture industry as manager for Norma Talmage and Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle. Married Miss Talmage in 1917 (now divorced). He was president of Motion Picture Producers, Inc. in 1924 and since 1938. Became chairman of board of United

Artists in 1925. Founded Twentieth Century Pictures Corp. in 1933. Merged with Fox Film and became vice president and chairman of board. Now executive head of production of Twentieth Century–Fox. Member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, N.Y.C. and of the old “233 Club” in Hollywood, Calif.

Max von Schenkendorf (1783–1817) German lawyer and poet. His poetry belongs to the romantic school and is filled with love of country, life and belief in the Creator. In the last years of his life he was city counselor in Coblenz, and his grave is still tended today by the Freemasons of that city. Although he lost his right hand in a duel, he participated in the wars of 1806 and 1816 against Napoleon, in the Prussian Army. He was initiated early in his life and was active in the formation of the Lodge Friedrich zur Vaterlandsliebe at Coblenz. He was also a member of the Lodge Carl at Carsruhe, Baden, Germany.

Gordon H. Scherer U.S. Congressman to 83rd–86th Congresses from 1st Ohio dist., 1953–60. b. Dec. 26, 1906 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Salmon P. Chase Coll. of Law in 1929 and practiced law in Cincinnati since that time. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 81, Cincinnati, Ohio since 1929 and master in 1935. Exalted in Kilwinning Chapter No. 97, R.A.M., and knighted in Cincinnati Commandery, K.T., both of Cincinnati. 32° AASR (NJ) in Cincinnati and sovereign prince of AASR in 1944. Member of Syrian Shrine Temple, Oola Khan Grotto, Winton Chapter, O.E.S., Red Cross of Constantine, Royal Order of Jesters, and state master counselor, Order of DeMolay in 1926–27.

Emanuel Schickaneder (1751–1812) German theater manager and librettist. Among his most famous librettos was that of *The Magic Flute*, with music written by Mozart, q.v. In the year 1791 he was initiated in a lodge in Regensburg and his hand-written petition is still displayed in the Masonic museum at Bayreuth.

Johann C. F. von Schiller (1759–1805) German poet and playwright. Regarded as second only to Goethe, q.v., in the field of German literature, and as first among German dramatists. Goethe, incidentally, was his closest friend, and inspired him to produce more poetry. He settled in Weimar in 1799 to be near Goethe. His Masonic membership has not been definitely established, but German brethren believe he was a member of Rudolstadt Lodge of Berlin.

J. Myer Schine Hotel and theater owner. b. 1892 in Russia, he was educated in the Jamestown, N.Y. high school and by private tutoring. President of Schine Theatrical Enterprises, Gloversville, N.Y., since 1920. Owner and president of Roney Plaza Hotel, Miami Beach, Fla.; Boca Raton (Fla.); Ten Eyck Hotel, Albany, N.Y.; Ambassador Hotel, Los Angeles; Ritz-Carlton, Atlantic City; Wiggins Tavern, Northampton, Mass.; Gulf Stream Hotel, Miami Beach, Fla. Member of Mt. Sinai Lodge No. 864, Syracuse, N.Y., receiving degrees on Feb. 10, 24, March 10, 1915. Member of Ismailia Shrine Temple, Buffalo, N.Y.

Friedrich von Schlegel (1778–1829) German poet and man of letters, who with his brother, August Wilhelm,

founded the literary journal *Athenaeum*, which became the organ of the romantic school of German writers. He studied Oriental languages in Paris, 1802–04, and curiously, in 1803, adopted the Roman Catholic faith. He was secretary to the state chancery in Vienna in 1808 and Austrian counselor of legation at Frankfurt am Main in 1815–18. His works include lyric poems; the novel *Lucinde*; the drama *Alarcos*; and the essays *Von der Sprache and Weisheit der Indier*; *Geschichte der Alten and Neuen Literatur*; *Philosophie des Lebens* and *Philosophie der Geschichte*. A Mason, his background gave him an understanding for his volume, *Lessing's Anthologie* (his Masonic credo). In explaining Lessing's conversation between the Masons in *Ernest and Falk*, he conceived the idea that instead of Freemasonry, a new order should be created, to build a Christian religion for Germany based on liberty, truth, and high moral standards. He was married to Dorteia, the daughter of the famous Jew, Moses Mendelssohn, q.v.

William Schley (1786–1858) Governor of Georgia, 1835–37. b. Dec. 15, 1786 in Frederick, Md. Was educated at academies in Louisville and Augusta, Ga.; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1812, practicing at Augusta. Was judge of the superior court, 1825–28, and in state legislature, 1830–32; served in U.S. congress, 23rd and 24th congresses, 1833–35. He resigned from congress to become governor. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Georgia, and was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Georgia from 1822–46, inclusive, during the bitter Anti-Masonic strife. d. Nov. 20, 1858.

Winfield S. Schley (1839–1911) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 9, 1839 in Frederick Co., Md. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1860. In Civil War he served on the frigate Niagara, the frigate Potomac, the gun boat Winona, and the sloops Monongahela and Richmond. Later served in Asiatic and Brazil stations. In Spanish–American War he was second to Admiral Sampson in commanding naval force blockading Santiago de Cuba (1898), and because of Sampson's absence from the spot at time of emergence of Spanish fleet, Schley directed action resulting in the destruction of that fleet on July 3. In 1884 he commanded the relief expedition that rescued Lieut. Greely and six of his companions in Grinnell Land. Promoted to rear admiral in 1899 and retired in 1901. Was made a Mason at sight by the grand master of the District of Columbia, Oct. 21, 1899; received 32° AASR (SJ), Feb. 10, 1903; invested KCCH, Oct. 19, 1905 and crowned 33°, honorary, Oct. 10, 1907. d. Oct. 11, 1911.

Joseph Schlitz Founder of the Schlitz Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. Member of Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee.

Albert G. Schmedeman (1864–1946) Governor of Wisconsin, 1933–35. b. Nov. 25, 1864 in Madison, Wis. Was U.S. minister to Norway, 1913–21 and a delegate to the International Conference of Spitzbergen in 1914. Served as mayor of Madison, Wis. 1925–32. From 1935–42 was state director of Federal Housing Adm. Member of Madison Lodge No. 5, Madison, Wis., being raised on Feb. 3, 1893. Dimitted Dec. 21, 1944. d. Nov. 26, 1946.

Elmer N. Schmuck (1882–1936) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Wyoming, 1929–36. b. July 27, 1882 in Peoria, Ill. Graduate Seabury Divinity School (Minn.) in 1905, 1927. Ordained deacon in 1905 and priest in 1906. Served churches in New Ulm, Sleepy Eye, Owatonna, and Minneapolis, Minn. At the St. Mark's Church, Denver, Colo., 1923–25; general secretary of field department of the national council, 1925–29. Received degrees in Star in East Lodge No. 33 of Owatonna, Minn. on Sept. 8, Oct. 27, Nov. 10, 1909; affiliated with Lake Harriet Lodge No. 277, Minneapolis on Jan. 23, 1913. d. April 28, 1936.

Lester L. Schnare U.S. Consul. b. May 15, 1884 in Mondovi, Wis. Graduate of George Washington U. in 1914 and 1919. After teaching school, edited a newspaper, and worked for U.S. bureau of immigration until 1915. Was then vice consul at stations in China and Japan until 1919. Was consul at Yokohama and Kobe, Japan; Swatow, China; Cartagena, Colombia; Breslau and Hamburg, Germany; and Milan, Italy, until 1941. Was consul general at Rangoon and Maymyo, Burma, and Calcutta, India until 1942. Was first secretary of Legation at Tehran, Iran, 1942–43; consul general, Rome, Italy, 1944–45; consul general, Genoa, Switzerland, 1946–47, retiring in latter year. Mason. Home in Macon, Ga.

Johann August Schneider (1755–1816) German Masonic writer. Member of the Lodge Archimedes of the Tree Tracingboards, Altenburg, Germany. Contributed many valuable articles to Masonic journals and wrote a now scarce history of Freemasonry.

Frederick Schoeller Prussian ambassador to Russian Court of Alexander I. At the same time he was junior grand warden of the Russian Grand Lodge Astrea.

Andrew F. Schoeppel Governor of Kansas, 1943–47; U.S. Senator from Kansas since 1948. b. Nov. 23, 1894 in Claflin, Kans. Studied at U. of Kansas and U. of Nebraska. Admitted to bar in 1923 and practiced at Ness City, Kans. Served as county attorney, city attorney, and mayor of Ness City. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. Raised Feb. 24, 1918 in Lawrence Lodge No. 6, and dimitted to home lodge, Walnut Valley No. 191, Ness City on Feb. 24, 1925.

William E. Schooley Grand Treasurer General AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in District of Columbia. He is vice president of the American Security and Trust Co. in Washington. During WWII he served with the finance department, receiving the Legion of Merit. Presently holds rank of colonel and commands the Reserve Finance Training Group at Ft. Myer, Va. Received 32° in 1937; KCCH in 1941. Was coroneted 33° in 1947 and appointed deputy for D.C. in 1948. Crowned active member in 1952, and elected grand treasurer general at that time.

Frederic P. Schoonmaker (1870–1945) Federal Judge, Western Pennsylvania from 1923. b. March 11, 1870 in Limestone, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell in 1891. Practiced law at Bradford, Pa. Served on Mexican border and with A.E.F. in WWI, with 28th and 92nd divisions. Discharged as lieutenant colonel of Infantry in 1919. Member of Union Lodge No.

334, Bradford, Pa., receiving degrees on July 12, 13, 1917. d. Sept. 5, 1945.

Emil Schram President of New York Stock Exchange, 1941–51; President of U.S.O., Inc., 1953–57. b. Nov. 23, 1893 in Peru, Ind. Began as bookkeeper in 1910 at Peru, Ind.; managed grain elevators at Hillview, Ill., 1915–33; became associated with drainage, levee, and irrigation division of R.F.C. in 1933 as chief, and was chairman of same, 1939–41. Is vice president and director of Federal Prisons Industries, Inc.; chairman of board and director of Butler Brothers; director of Cities Service Co., Peru Trust Co., Empire Gas & Fuel Co., and Corn Products Refining Co. Charter member of Hillview Lodge No. 1094, Hillview, Ill., and Roodhouse Chapter No. 241, R.A.M., of Roodhouse, Ill.

Johann Georg Schrepfer (?–1774) Masonic charlatan and keeper of a coffee house in Leipsic, Germany. Here he opened what he called a “Scottish Lodge” in 1768. He claimed to have been commissioned by “superiors” to destroy the Strict Observance system then established in Germany. He boasted that he held supernatural powers; alone, possessed the great secret of Freemasonry and could evoke spirits. He later claimed to be the natural son of a French prince, and gave himself the title of “Baron Von Steinbach.” Falling into disrepute, he invited some of his disciples to accompany him to a nearby woods on Oct. 8, 1784, where he blew out his brains with a pistol while they watched.

Lester O. Schriver Managing director of National Association

Life Underwriters, from 1953. b. March 7, 1891 in Bristol, Conn. Graduate of Syracuse U. in 1915. Ordained to ministry of Congregationalist Church in 1916. Was director of education, Aetna Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn., 1924–29, and a general agent at Peoria, Ill., 1929–53. Won Freedom Foundation award for best public address in 1951 and for best editorial, 1952. Has co-authored several books on Abraham Lincoln. Mason.

Friedrich L. Schroeder (1744–1816) German actor; dramatic and Masonic writer. b. Nov. 3, 1744 at Schwerin. He began as an actor in Vienna, and is said to have been “incontestably the greatest actor that Germany ever had, and equally eminent in tragedy and comedy.” Bode, q.v., was his intimate friend, and it was through his influence that Schroeder was initiated into Freemasonry in 1774 in the Lodge Emanuel zur Maienblume. He later established a new lodge working under Zinnendorf’s system. He then went to Vienna where he remained until 1785, returning to Hamburg that year. Here he was elected by his old friends as master of the Lodge Emanuel, retaining that office until 1799. In 1794 he was elected deputy grand master of the English provincial grand lodge of Lower Saxony, becoming grand master in 1814. He devoted himself to a thorough reformation of the Masonic system which was known as “Schroeder’s Rite.” He based his system on the premise that all Freemasonry had proceeded from England through the English constitutions. d. Sept. 3, 1816.

Arthur A. Schuck Chief Scout Executive, Boy Scouts of

America, since 1948. b. June 20, 1895 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Began in 1917 as a scout executive in Lancaster, Pa.; became supervisor of region 3, which included four states and Washington, D.C., 1919–22. From 1931–44 he was with the National Council of Boy Scouts, and from 1944–48 was scout executive of Los Angeles. Contributor and member of editorial board of several youth magazines. Raised in West Chester Lodge No. 332, West Chester, Pa. in Dec., 1920. Affiliated with Century Lodge No. 100, South Orange, N.J. Dimitted from latter on Feb. 6, 1945, on removal to Calif.

Hans Schuler (1874–1951) Sculptor. b. May 25, 1874 in Morange, Lorraine, Germany and was brought to U.S. in 1880. Graduate of Maryland School of Art and Design in 1894, Rinehart School of Sculpture in 1898, and Julian Academy, Paris, in 1900. Winner of several medals, including St. Louis Exposition of 1904. Among his works are Arladne and Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse at Walters Gallery, Baltimore; Memory; Life Is but the Turning of a Leaf and other tomb figures; busts of Walter Reed, Dr. Osler, Buchanan Memorial (Washington); Freedom of Conscience, St. Mary's City, Md.; Maryland Tercentenary medal and half dollar; monument to Johns Hopkins; heroic statue of Martin Luther in Baltimore; heroic statue to Ignatius Loyola, Blakefield, Md., bust of Sidney Lanier in N.Y.U. Hall of Fame. Initiated in Fidelity Lodge No. 136, Maryland (now defunct) on Jan. 28, 1899. d. March 30, 1951.

Edward T. Schultz (1827–1913) Masonic author. b. Aug. 23, 1827 in Frederick, Md. Educated in public schools of Frederick;

later moved to Mobile, Ala., where he was employed by a wholesale commission concern. Returned to Baltimore in 1853 and engaged in wholesale cotton yarn business. He was the author of *History of Freemasonry in Maryland* (4 volumes), which is today rare and valuable. It was completed after the loss of an eye, making his work very difficult. Became a member of Concordia Lodge No. 13 of Baltimore in 1954, and rose to grand senior warden of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. Was elected grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Maryland, but declined to serve because of duties in completing his history. Was made a Knight Templar in 1862, assisted in the formation of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Md., and was grand commander in 1874. He later became an officer of the Grand Encampment, U.S.A. d. March 11, 1913.

John R. Schultz (1884–1947) President of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa. from 1942. b. Dec. 12, 1884 in Canton, Mo. Graduate of Culver–Stockton Coll. (Mo.) in 1905; Yale, 1909 and 1917. Was school principal at Canton, Mo., taught in St. Louis, and later at Yale U. Associated with Allegheny as professor of English literature from 1917–42, and was dean of men, 1930–42. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Aug. 11, 1947.

John W. N. Schulz Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. May 14, 1885 in Wheeling, W. Va. A graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1908, he advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1941, retiring in 1946. In charge of improvement of Yellowstone National Park, 1915–17. With Chemical Warfare Service in WWI in France. Division and district engineer in San Francisco and New York City. Member of Hancock

Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., receiving 32° AASR (SJ) there on March 27, 1923; dimitted from later on May 8, 1952. National Sojourner and Hero of '76.

Hermann Schulze-Delitzsch (1808–1883) German lawyer, economist and sociologist. Elected member of the Prussian legislature from 1849–61. He devoted himself to furthering cooperative societies and the people's bank. He is regarded as the founder of the workman's cooperative association. A member of the lodge Zur Bestaendigkeit, at Berlin.

Carl Schurz (1829–1906) Secretary of the Interior, 1877–81; U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1869–75; Brigadier General (Union) of Volunteers in Civil War; Editor of New York Evening Post, 1881–84. b. March 2, 1829 near Cologne, Germany. He took part in the revolution of 1848 and was compelled to flee the country. Became a newspaper correspondent in Paris and later taught school in London. In 1850 he returned secretly to Germany to help liberate his friend and teacher, Paul Kinkel, from prison at Spandau. Immigrated to the U.S. in 1852 and settled in Philadelphia, Pa. In 1855 he moved to Watertown, Wis. where he studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing in Milwaukee. Was appointed U.S. minister to Spain in 1861 but resigned soon afterward to become a brigadier general of volunteers in the Union Army. After the war he engaged in newspaper work at St. Louis and served as a Republican U.S. senator from Missouri from 1869–74, but was not a candidate for reelection. He was a contributor to Harper's Weekly, 1892–98 and president of the National Civil Service Reform League, 1892–1901. He was a member

of Herman Lodge No. 125 at Philadelphia. Received all three degrees by special dispensation on Feb. 23, 1855 and elected a member of the lodge on March 23, 1855. He was suspended Nov. 23, 1860. d. May 14, 1906.

Frederik Schwatka (1849–1892) Arctic explorer. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1874. With William H. Gilder, he commanded the Arctic expedition in search of Sir John Franklin in 1878–80, discovering wreckage of one of Franklin's ships and graves of members of his party. He resigned from the army in 1885, explored course of Yukon River, headed the New York Times' Alaskan expedition, and visited Northern Mexico. Wrote several books on the Arctic. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 37, Yreka, Calif. (now extinct).

Albert Schweitzer Scholar, clergyman, physician and musician. One of the outstanding personalities of the 20th century. b. near Strasburg, Germany in 1875. Has labored for many years as a missionary in French Equatorial Africa. His outstanding medical work in the back country brought him fame and the love of the natives, who he considers as his children. Peter Leppich, a Catholic priest, by way of defamation, called him "a Protestant Freemason and Socialist." Dr. Schweitzer has never been a member of the Craft, but in 1960 on his 85th birthday, he was honored by the United Grand Lodge of Germany by being presented with the Mathias Claudius Medal—the first time this was given to a non-Mason.

J. Otto Schweizer (1863–1955) Sculptor. b. March 27, 1863 in Zurich, Switzerland. Came to U.S. in 1894 and was

naturalized in 1904. Among his principal works are statue of General Peter Muhlenberg, Philadelphia; Angel of Peace, Pittsburgh; Abraham Lincoln, generals Gregg, Pleasanton, Humphrey, Geary, Hays at Gettysburg; Molly Pitcher, Carlisle; portrait medallions of eight Civil War generals in Union League, Philadelphia, of Frederick W. von Steuben, Milwaukee, and many others. Member of Mount Moriah Lodge No. 155, Philadelphia, Pa. Received degrees on March 3, April 7, May 13, 1914. 32° AASR (NJ). d. Dec. 1, 1955.

Edgar W. Schwellenbach (1887–?) Judge, Supreme Court of Washington since 1946. b. March 16, 1888 in Frederick, S. Dak. Admitted to Wisconsin bar in 1924, and Washington bar in 1925, practicing first in Seattle. Mason. Deceased.

Pius Louis Schwert (1892–1941) U.S. Congressman to 76th Congress, 1939–41, from 42nd N.Y. dist. b. Nov. 22, 1892 in Angolak, N.Y. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1914. Was a baseball player with the New York Yankees, 1914–16. Owned a general store in Angola, N.Y., 1916–20, then became successively clerk, vice president, and president of Bank of Angola. Received degrees in Evans Lodge No. 261, Angola, N.Y. on Jan. 22, Feb. 12, May 23, 1916; district deputy grand master in 1930–31; on grand lodge committee on ceremonial forms. d. March 11, 1941.

Isabella Scoon Englishwoman of the 18th century, who by popular tale, was said to have been initiated into Melrose Lodge of Newstead, England after eavesdropping on meetings. There is no substantiation of the story.

Henri Scott (1876–1942) Operatic singer. b. April 8, 1876 in Coatesville, Pa. A basso, he was on tour with Caruso in 1908; engaged by Oscar Hammerstein for five years; leading basso with Manhattan Opera Co. Adrian() Theatre, Rome, Chicago Grand Opera, and Metropolitan Opera Co., N.Y. His debut was as Ramfis in Aida. Member of Keystone Lodge No. 271, Philadelphia, receiving degrees on Sept. 7, Oct. 5, Nov. 2, 1903. Suspended NPD on Dec. 3, 1906 but restored June 1, 1936. d. April 2, 1942.

Hugh D. Scott, Jr. U.S. Senator to 86th Congress and U.S. Congressman to 77th–78th Congresses, 1941–45, and 80th–85th Congresses, 1947–58, from Pa. b. Nov. 11, 1900 in Fredericksburg, Va. Graduate of Randolph–Macon Coll. and U. of Virginia. Admitted to bar in 1921, practicing at Philadelphia from 1922. Served in Army in WWI and Navy in WWII. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 81 and Germantown Chapter No. 208, R.A.M., both of Philadelphia, Pa.

Hugh L. Scott (1853–1934) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Sept. 22, 1853 in Danville, Ky. His mother was a great, great–granddaughter of Benjamin Franklin. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1876. He served with the famous 7th Cavalry on the Western plains from 1876–97. Was with Sioux expedition, Nez Perce expedition, Cheyenne expedition, and in 1890–91 was in charge of the “ghost dance” investigations. From 1894–97 he was in charge of Geronimo’s band of Chiricavua Apaches. Assigned to Smithsonian Inst. to do work on language of plains Indians. Was adjutant general of Cuba, 1898–1903, and governor of Sulu Archipelago, 1903–06. From

1906–10 was superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy with rank of colonel. Then returned to the plains, settling troubles of Navajos, Kickapoos, and others until 1914, when he became chief of staff, U.S. Army, and laid ground work for U.S. participation in WWI before his retirement in 1917. Member of Republic Lodge No. 690, N.Y. and 33° AASR (NJ). d. April 30, 1934.

John Scott (1785–1861) Missouri's last territorial delegate and first U.S. Congressman. b. May 18, 1785 in Hanover Co., Va. he moved with parents to Indiana Territory in 1802, graduated from Princeton in 1805, studied law, and began practice in Ste. Genevieve, Mo. in 1806. He presented credentials as a delegate–elect to the 14th congress from the Territory of Missouri and served from Aug. 6, 1816 to Jan. 13, 1817, when the election was declared illegal and the seat vacant. Again elected as a delegate to 15th and 16th congresses, serving from 1817–21, and upon the admission of Missouri as a state, was elected to 17th–19th congresses, 1821–27. He voted for John Quincy Adams against Andrew Jackson, q.v., and this cost him his political future. He sponsored Missouri's petitions for statehood, and was one of the framers of the state's first constitution. He was the author of the provisions on education, thus becoming known as the father of the public school system of Missouri. Was first lieutenant in the Ste. Genevieve troop of cavalry (1809), and in 1815 was judge avocate of the 2nd regiment of militia. In 1814 he was appointed U.S. attorney for the Missouri Territory. He was a member and past master of the pioneer lodge, Louisiana No. 109, at Ste. Genevieve. He had a large private

law practice in Ste. Genevieve, and usually appeared in court wearing pantaloons several sizes too large for him, his hair braided in a queue, and armed with pistols and knives. He was habitually profane, and when a short time before his death he was urged by friends to seek religion he replied, "I have served the devil all my life and it wouldn't be right to desert him now." d. Oct. 1, 1861.

John Scott (1824–1896) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1869–75. b. July 24, 1824 in Alexandria, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1846 and practiced in Huntington, Pa., 1846–69. Moved to Pittsburgh in 1875; was general counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad until 1877 and general solicitor until 1895. Member of Lewistown Lodge No. 203, Lewistown, Pa. d. Nov. 29, 1896.

Leader Scott Pen name of Mrs. Lucy E. Baxter, daughter of William Barnes, English poet, philologist and clergyman. In 1899 she wrote *The Cathedral Builders* in which she attempted to supply the missing historical link between the operative and modern Masons. Her theory was widely discussed, and is accepted by many today. She lived for many years in Florence, Italy. Among her writings are *The Renaissance of Art in Italy* ; *Handbook of Sculpture*; and *Echoes of Old Florence*. d. about 1904.

Leslie M. Scott Publisher, writer, and Grand Chancellor, Supreme Council, AASR (SJ). b. Feb. 18, 1878 in Portland, Ore. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1899. Was reporter on *Oregonian* (Portland), 1896–1904; associate editor, 1904–10; and vice

president of Oregonian Publishing Co. from 1911 until retirement in 1946. Was U.S. marshal for Oregon, 1911–13; chairman of state highway commission, 1932–35; state treasurer, 1941–49; president of Portland Chamber of Commerce, 1938. In 1933–34 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon. Received 32° in 1907, KCCH in 1923, and coroneted 33° in 1932. Appointed deputy in Oregon in 1941, crowned active member in 1943, and elected grand chancellor in 1957. Author and compiler of several volumes.

Lon A. Scott (1888–1931) U.S. Congressman to 67th Congress, 1921–23, from 8th Tenn. dist. b. Sept. 25, 1888 in Cypress Inn, Tenn. Graduate of Cumberland U. in 1915. President of Scott Land & Lumber Co. from 1919. Raised in Savannah Lodge No. 102, Oct. 10, 1913. d. Feb. 11, 1931.

Nathan B. Scott (1842–1924) U.S. Senator from West Virginia, 1899–1911; Commissioner of Internal Revenue, 1898–99. b. Dec. 18, 1842 in Quaker City, Ohio. Engaged in mining in Colo., 1859–62. Served as enlisted man in Union Army in Civil War. Was engaged in glass manufacture and banking at Wheeling, W. Va. after the war. Later was a banker in Washington, D.C. Was admitted to membership in 1883 in Wheeling Lodge No. 5, Wheeling, W. Va. and dimitted on Sept. 26, 1911. d. Jan. 2, 1924.

Owen Scott (1848–1928) U.S. Congressman to 52nd Congress from Illinois. b. July 6, 1848 on farm in Effingham Co., Ill. He taught school and was superintendent of schools in his home county, 1783–81. Admitted to the bar in 1873,

he practiced in Effingham and also published the Effingham Democrat. Member of Macon Lodge No. 8, Decatur, Ill. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, 1895–96 and grand secretary of same from 1912 until his death, Dec. 21, 1928.

Robert F. Scott (1868–1912) English Antarctic explorer. He entered the Royal Navy in 1882. In 1901–04 he commanded an Antarctic expedition in the *Discovery*, surveying South Victoria Land and interior of Antarctic continent; discovered King Edward VII Land and sounded Ross Sea. He left the navy in 1909, and the following year commanded an Antarctic expedition in the *Terra Nova*. In Nov., 1911, with four companions, he began a sledge journey and reached the South Pole on Jan. 18, 1912—just five weeks after it was discovered by Amundson. He perished, with his companions, on the return trip, as a result of bad weather and insufficient food. His records and diaries were found by a search party in Nov., 1912. He was a member of Drury Lane Lodge No. 2127, London, in 1901. Also member of St. Alban's Lodge No. 2597, Christ Church, New Zealand, and Navy Lodge No. 2613, of England.

Sir Walter Scott (1771–1832) Scottish poet, novelist, historian and biographer. Known as “The Border Minstrel,” “The Wizard of the North,” and “the Great Magician.” His father, of the same name, was a medical professor at Edinburgh U. In his early years he published under various pseudonyms. His literary output was vast, including *The Lay of the Last Minstrel*; *Marmion*; *Lady of the Lake*; *Life and Works of Swift*;

Waverly; Lord of the Isles; Guy Mannering; The Black Dwarf; Rob Roy; The Bride of Lammermoor; Ivanhoe; Tales of the Crusaders; The Talisman and many others. He was called to the bar in 1792, and was sheriff of Selkirk in 1799. Became a principal clerk to court of session, but withdrew from bar to devote himself to writing and publishing. An unfortunate publishing partnership left him with debts amounting to ≈£130,000, which he paid in full before his death. He was initiated, passed, and raised at an emergency meeting of Lodge Saint David No. 36 of Edinburgh on Monday, March 2, 1801. His father had been initiated in the same lodge in Jan., 1754, and his elder brother was also a member of this lodge. Later his son was initiated in Lodge Canongate Kilwinning No. 2, on Nov. 29, 1826. On June 4, 1816, he laid the foundation stone of a new lodgeroom at Selkirk in the presence of the provincial grand master, the Marquis of Lothian, and was elected an honorary member of that lodge on the occasion (now Saint John No. 32). He was created a baronet in 1820. In 1823 he was offered the grandmastership of the Royal Grand Conclave of Knights Templar of Scotland, but declined because of "age and health not permitting me to undertake the duties which whether convivial or charitable, a person undertaking such an office ought to be in readiness to perform when called upon." He attended lodge frequently, as was attested by the secretary in 1841, when proposing that the name of Saint David Lodge be altered to "Sir Walter Scott's Lodge." The proposal, however, was defeated. St. David Lodge subscribed to the monument to Sir Walter in Princess St., Edinburgh, and attended the laying of the cornerstone with Masonic honors by the grand master in 1840.

Winfield Scott (1786–1866) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army, and commander-in-chief of American forces in Mexican War. b. June 13, 1786 near Petersburg, Va. Admitted to the bar in 1806, he entered the army in 1808 as a captain of light artillery, and the following year at Baton Rouge, La. was court-martialed for remarks concerning the conduct of his superior, General Wilkinson, q.v. Back in the army, he fought gallantly in the War of 1812 at Queenstown Heights, Chippewa, and Lun dy's Lane. Received promotion to brigadier general in March, 1814 and breveted major general same year. After war, was on duty in S. Car. and on Canadian border. Was made generalin-chief of U.S. Army in 1841, and commanded in the Mexican War. Captured Vera Cruz; defeated Mexicans at Cerro Gordo, Contreras, Cherubusco, Molino del Rey, and Chapultepec, occupying Mexico City on Sept. 14, 1847. Was promoted to lieutenant general in 1852. In that year he was defeated by Franklin Pierce as the Whig candidate for presidency. Retired in 1861. Was made a Mason in 1805 in Dinwiddie Union Lodge No. 23, Dinwiddie Court House, Va. (now extinct). In 1825 he is recorded as a visitor to the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. d. May 29, 1866 at West Point, N.Y. and buried there.

William W. Screws (1839–1913) Newspaper editor. b. Feb. 25, 1839 in Barbour Co. Ala. Admitted to bar in 1859 and practiced until 1861. Was opposed to secession, but went with his state. Fought at Pensacola, and Ft. Barnacas; saw hard service with Bragg's army in Ky., Chickamauga, Knoxville, and with Lee in Va. the last 12 months of war. During this time he wrote letters to the Montgomery Advertiser; became

identified with the paper after the war. He became president of the publishing company and editor in chief of paper. Prominent Episcopalian. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Alabama from 1885–87. Raised Nov. 3, 1870 in Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 173, Montgomery, Ala., and master in 1886–87; exalted in Montgomery Chapter No. 22, R.A.M., on Nov. 2, 1871 and high priest in 1881–83; greeted in Montgomery Council No. 3, R.. & S.M., and master in 1883–84; knighted in Montgomery Commandery No. 4, K.T., on March 21, 1872 and commander in 1887–88 and 1892. d. Aug. 7, 1913.

Errett P. Scrivner U.S. Congressman to 78th–84th Congresses from 2nd Kans. dist. b. March 20, 1898 in Newton, Kans. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1925, and engaged in general practice of law, 1925–43. Served with 35th Division, A.E.F. in WWI. Member of Wyandotte Lodge No. 3, Kansas City, Kans., receiving degrees Feb. 12, March 12, April 16, 1927. Shriner.

James G. Scrugham (1880–1945) U.S. Senator, 1942–45 from Nevada; Governor of Nevada, 1923–27; U.S. Congressman to 74th–77th Congresses, 1935–43, from Nevada, resigning to become senator. b. Jan. 19, 1880 in Lexington, Ky. Graduate of U. of Kentucky in 1906, and served in engineering capacity in Cincinnati, Chicago, and San Francisco. Was professor of mechanical engineering at U. of Nevada, 1902–14, and dean, 1914–17. Served in WWI as major and lieutenant colonel. Was state engineer of Nevada, 1917–23; state public service commissioner, 1919–23; editor and publisher of the Nevada

State Journal, 1927–32. Affiliated from A.O. Fay Lodge No. 676, Illinois, to Reno Lodge No. 13, Reno, Nevada. Member of Reno Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., DeWitt Clinton Commandery, K.T., and Kerak Shrine Temple, all of Reno. d. June 2, 1945.

John Scudder (1793–1855) Missionary and physician. b. Sept. 3, 1793 in Freehold, N.J. Graduate of Princeton in 1811 and New York Coll. of Physicians and Surgeons in 1813. He first practiced successfully in N.Y.C., but in 1819 went to India as a missionary, under the direction of the American board. Was ordained in ministry of Dutch Reformed church in 1820, and settled in Ceylon, laboring there for 19 years in the double capacity of clergyman and physician. He established a large hospital and was successful in treatment of cholera and yellow fever. Founded several native schools and churches. His seven sons and two daughters were all missionaries in southern India. Member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C. d. Jan. 13, 1855.

Townsend Scudder Justice, Supreme Court of N.Y.; U.S. Congressman to 56th and 58th Congresses, 1899–1901 and 1903–05. b. July 26, 1865 in Northport, N.Y. Attended preparatory schools in Europe, and graduated from Columbia Law School in 1888. Began practice in N.Y.C. in 1888. Was elected justice of supreme court of New York in 1906, and served 14 years on that bench. In 1927 he was again elected to that bench and became member of the appellate division for the 2nd judicial district, serving until his retirement became mandatory at age of 70. Governor Alfred E. Smith appointed him as state park commissioner for Long Island. Scudder

gained national prominence in 1927 when he sentenced Mrs. Ruth Snyder and her lover, Judd Gray, to the electric chair. He served two terms as master of Glen Cove Lodge No. 580, Glen Cove, N.Y., 1891–92; was district deputy grand master, 1893–94; senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1895; deputy grand master, 1904; and grand master, 1906–07. He was commissioner of appeals (grand lodge), 1898–1900, and chief commissioner, 1901–02. After his grandmastership, he served on many important grand lodge committees, including jurisprudence and correspondence and relations.

W. B. Seabrook Governor of South Carolina, 1848–50. Master of Harmony Lodge No. 20, Edisto Island, S. Car. in 1826.

Samuel Seabury (1729–1796) First Protestant Episcopal Bishop in America. b. Nov. 30, 1729 in Groton, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1748, and until 1752, was a theology student under his father of the same name. He studied medicine for a year at the U. of Edinburgh. Was ordained deacon and priest in 1753. Returning to America, he served churches in New Brunswick, N.J. and in Jamaica, Flushing, and Newtown, L.I., N.Y. Was elected first bishop of Connecticut at Woodbury, March 25, 1783, but the English episcopate in London would not confirm his ordination. He was finally consecrated, Nov. 14, 1784, by Scottish bishops at Aberdeen. His lodge is unknown, but on Dec. 27, 1782 he gave an address before the Grand Lodge of New York, for which he was thanked and called “Rev. Bro. Seabury.” On June 24, 1795, at the installation of Somerset

Lodge No. 34, Norwich, Conn., he read a sermon, which he later published and dedicated to "The Most Worshipful President of the United States," signing himself "affectionate brother." He was buried Masonically by Union Lodge (now 31) of New London, Conn. d. Feb. 25, 1796.

Joseph W. Seacrest Co-editor and publisher of Lincoln (Nebr.) State Journal; vice president of the Journal Star Co., and chairman of the board of Station KFAB of Lincoln and Omaha, Nebr.; director of Fairmont Foods Co.; director of Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City; director of Bankers Life of Lincoln. b. Oct. 23, 1895 in Lincoln, Nebr. Is grand equerry, Supreme Council 33° AASR (SJ), and sovereign grand inspector general of Nebraska. Received 32° in 1917; KCCH in 1935 and 33° in 1941. Deputy for Nebraska in 1950 and active member in 1951.

Robert T. Seacrest U.S. Congressman and member of Federal Trade Commission. b. Jan. 22, 1904 near Senecaville, Ohio. Graduate of Muskingum Coll. in 1926, and Washington Coll. of Law in 1939. Was high school principal at Senecaville, 1926-30, and superintendent of schools at Murray City, Ohio, 1931-32. Served in Ohio state legislature, 1931-32. Elected U.S. congressman from 15th Ohio dist. in 1933, and served until 1942, when he resigned to enter the Navy as a commander from 1942-48. Was reelected to congress on return from active duty in 1948. Eisenhower appointed him to the Federal Trade Commission in 1954. Member of Point Pleasant Lodge No. 360, Senecaville, and 32° AASR (NJ) in Scioto Consistory, Columbus, Ohio.

Charles A. Seager (1872–1948) Archbishop and Metropolitan of Ontario (Anglican) from 1943–48. b. July 9, 1872 in Goderich, Ont. Graduate of U. of Trinity Coll. in 1895. Ordained to Anglican ministry in 1896. Served in Toronto, 1891–1911; Vernon, B.C., 1911–12; Vancouver, B.C., 1912–17; Toronto, 1917–21; bishop of Ontario, 1926–32; bishop of Huron, 1932–43. Mason, past master, 1927, grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Canada, 1928; president of executive committee of Red Cross of Constantine; member of Royal Order of Scotland. d. Sept. 9, 1948.

Eugene C. Seaman (1881–1950) Second Protestant Episcopal Bishop of North Texas from 1925. b. Dec. 9, 1881 in Galveston, Texas. Graduate of U. of the South (Tenn.) in 1903, 1906, 1925. Ordained deacon in 1906, priest in 1907, and served churches in Houston and Temple, Texas until 1911, when he became archdeacon and general missionary in North Texas. Then served churches in Amarillo, Texas and Gadsden, Ala. Was executive secretary for diocese of Ala. 1923–24. Received degrees in Knob-creek Lodge No. 401, Temple, Texas on Feb. 23, March 26 and April 27, 1910; affiliated with Stamford Lodge No. 853, Stamford, Texas on Nov. 7, 1912, and finally with Amarillo Lodge No. 731, Amarillo, Texas on Jan. 8, 1926. Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Nov. 22, 1950.

Jacob J. Seaman General in War of 1812. Charter member of Morton Lodge No. 63, Hempstead, N.Y.

Isaac Sears (1729–1786) Revolutionary patriot. b. in

Norwalk, Conn. He commanded a privateer against the French in 1758–61, but lost his vessel in the latter year, and then engaged in the West Indian and European trade, making N.Y.C. his home. On the passage of the stamp act, he became an active member of the Sons of Liberty, harassing the English in N.Y.C. In Nov. 1775, he led a troop on horses, raided the shop of James Rivington, the Royal printer, destroyed his presses, and carried away his type to be made into bullets. He also abducted the Royalist preacher and sympathizer, Samuel Seabury, q.v. (later first P.E. Bishop in America), and took him to New Haven, where he was imprisoned for a time, but released because he was a man of the cloth. After 1777 Sears seems to have made Boston his base of operation for privateering and trading in captured merchandise. He was back in N.Y.C. in 1784, where he was a member of the provincial congress of N.Y., a vestryman of Trinity church, and a vice president of the chamber of commerce. He lost his fortune in the war, and died on a ship in the harbor of Canton, China, Oct. 28, 1786. He had become a member of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. in Dec., 1775, while making that city his headquarters.

Frederick A. Seaton Secretary of Interior under Eisenhower from May 28, 1956. b. Dec. 11, 1909 in Washington, D.C. Attended Kansas State Coll. Was a journalist most of life. Starting in Kansas, he was a sports announcer on stations KSAC and WIBW, 1929–37; wire news editor of Manhattan Morning Chronicle; city editor of Manhattan Evening Mercury; associate editor of Seaton Publications, Manhattan, 1933–37 (a family owned company). In 1937 the family purchased

the Hastings (Nebr.) Daily Tribune, around which they have built a group of newspapers. He is president of the Sheridan (Wyo.) Newspapers, Inc.; Seaton Publishing Co., Lead, S. Dak.; Winfield, (Kans.) Publishing Co.; Seaton Publishing Co., Hastings, Nebr.; Manhattan (Kans.) Broadcasting Co. Also vice-president of Seaton Publishing Co., Manhattan, Kans.; Midwest Broadcasting Co., Coffeyville, Kansas; Coffeyville Pub. Co.; and director of Nebraska Broadcasting Co., Hastings, Nebr. In 1951 he was appointed as U.S. senator from Nebraska to fill an unexpired term. In Sept., 1953 he became Assistant Secretary of Defense for legislative and public affairs. In 1955 he became Eisenhower's deputy assistant. Member of Hastings Lodge No. 50, Hastings, Nebr., receiving the third degree on Sept. 3, 1958 in Washington, D.C., as a courtesy to Hastings Lodge.

Comte Horace Francois Sebastiani (1772–1851) French general and diplomat. He distinguished himself at Marengo, Austerlitz, and in the Spanish and Russian campaigns. Was ambassador at Constantinople, 1802, and 1806–07; ambassador to Naples, 1834, and ambassador to London, 1835–40. Became marshal of France in 1840. In 1805 he was grand keeper of the seals of the Grand Lodge Symbolique of France.

Charles Louis de Secondat (see de Secondat).

Arthur R. Seder Vice President of Chicago & Northwestern Railway since 1945. b. Sept. 25, 1889 in Minneapolis, Minn. Graduate of U. of New Mexico in 1911. Was principal of high schools at Carlsbad and Clovis, N. Mex., 1911–18. Became

associated with Chicago & Northwestern in 1918, advancing as assistant comptroller, general auditor, and vice president. Raised Aug. 21, 1917 in Wilmette Lodge No. 931, Wilmette, Ill.

Comte Louis Philippe Segur (1753–1830) French soldier and diplomat. He served with Rochambeau in America. Became ambassador to St. Petersburg. He was appointed by Napoleon as councilor of state, and at the restoration, made peer of France. Was deputy grand commander of Supreme Council AASR of France.

Francis Seiberling (1870–1945) U.S. Congressman to 71st–72nd Congresses, 1929–33, from 14th Ohio dist. b. Sept. 20, 1870 in Des Moines, Iowa. Began practice of law at Akron, Ohio in 1894. Was director of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. Member of Adoniram Lodge No. 517, Akron, Ohio, receiving degrees on Nov. 19, 1900, May 23, 1901 and Feb. 24, 1902. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Feb. 1, 1945.

Charles C. Selecman (1874–1958) Methodist Bishop from 1938. b. Oct. 13, 1874 in Savannah, Mo. Entered Methodist (South) ministry on rural charge; later, with Kingdom House, St. Louis, and then New Orleans. Served churches in Los Angeles and Dallas between 1913–23; from 1923–38 was president of Southern Methodist U. at Dallas. Served with Y.M.C.A. in U.S., England, and France in WWI. Was delegate to World Conference on Faith and Order in 1927 and 1937, and was chairman of commission on evangelism of Methodist Church from 1940. A member of Pentagon Lodge No. 1080, Dallas, Texas, by affiliation from Wilshire Lodge No. 445 of

California, on Feb. 8, 1921. Received 50-year service award from Grand Lodge of Texas in 1952. Past sovereign of St. Mark Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine; 33° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. March 27, 1958.

William N. Selig (1864–1948) Pioneer motion picture producer. b. March 14, 1864 in Chicago, Ill. Was an actor and theatrical manager from 1888–99. He invented many appliances used in motion picture photography, and was in the production of pictures from 1896. Was the first to produce long, historical photographs, the *Coming of Columbus* being the first, for which Pope Pius X awarded him a medal in 1912. He was the first to introduce wild animals in dramatic action. He financed expeditions of Prof. Frederick Starr to interior of Africa, Korea, Japan and Philippines; of Dr. E. B. McDowell to China, Africa, and India; and expedition of Emmett O'Neill to the Amazon River in 1912. Mason. d. July 15, 1948.

Arthur Seligman (1873–1933) Governor of New Mexico, 1931–33. b. June 14, 1873 in Santa Fe, N. Mex. Entered mercantile business at Santa Fe in 1888. Was president of Seligman Bros., 1903–26; president of La Fonda Building Corp., 1920–26; president of First National Bank, 1924–33. Held many public offices, including that of mayor of Santa Fe. Initiated June 6, 1895 in Montezuma Lodge No. 1, Santa Fe., N. Mex. d. Sept. 25, 1933.

James M. Sellers President of Wentworth Military Academy, Lexington, Mo., 1935–60. b. June 20, 1895 in Lexington.

Graduate of Wentworth in 1912, U. of Chicago in 1917, and U. of Missouri in 1925. Commissioned second lieutenant in Marine Corps at outbreak of WWI, participating in the battles of Chateau-Thierry, Mont Blanc, and three Meuse-Argonne offensives, for which he was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, Navy Cross, Silver Star, and Croix de Guerre. Wounded in action, he received the Purple Heart. He retired in 1944 with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He came to Wentworth in 1921 as assistant commandant and instructor in Latin and mathematics. His father, Col. Sandford Sellers, was president of Wentworth for 52 years. Raised in Lexington Lodge No. 149 in 1921 and served as master in 1938. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1953. Exalted in Lexington Chapter No. 10 in 1925, he was high priest in 1940. Greeted in Shekinah Council No. 24 in 1940. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 3, K.T. in 1937, he was commander in 1941, and grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Missouri in 1951. Also member of Red Cross of Constantine, serving as intendent general for Mo., Ararat Shrine Temple, Allied Masonic Degrees, and the Missouri Lodge of Research.

Marcel Sembat (1862–1922) Leader of the French Socialist Party (with Jean Jaurres). Elected deputy in 1914–16. He was initiated in the lodge La Fidelite at Lille, France and later affiliated in Paris with the lodge La Raison. As an officer of the Grand Orient of France in 1918, he glorified the deaths of the French soldiers of WWI and reminded the French people of the sacrifices they had made for humanity and their country. One of the Parisian lodges is called Marcel

Sembar Lodge in his honor.

White Seneca A Seneca Indian chief who was raised June 5, 1840 in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, N.Y.C.

DeWitt C. Senter Former Governor of Tennessee. Member of Morristown Lodge No. 231.

Orestes A. B. Senter (1843–1915) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1891–94. b. Dec. 17, 1843 in Boston, Mass., moving to Columbus, Ohio in youth. Served as enlisted man in Civil War with 133rd regiment. He was associated with a regalia house in charge of its Masonic department. Member of Columbus Lodge No. 30, Columbus, Ohio (1865); exalted in Ohio Chapter No. 12, R.A.M.; greeted in Columbus Council No. 8, R. & S.M.; and knighted in Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K.T. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1887. Served as grand high priest in 1894; grand master of Grand Council of Ohio in 1879. d. Feb. 21, 1915.

Alexander Sergeevich Sergeev Russian Counselor of State who is said to have influenced Alexander I, q.v., in his Masonic views. Was master of the Elizabeth of Virtue Lodge in the Swedish Rite.

Sir Phiroze Sethna Indian political leader. Served as president of the Central Bank of India and the Chamber of Commerce of Bombay. Elected a counselor of state. Was master of Rising Star Lodge of Western India No. 342, and was deputy grand master of the Scottish Rite in that country.

Luigi Settembrini (1813–1877) Italian patriot and writer. Was imprisoned for political activities, 1839–42 and 1849–58. On his way to deportation in Argentina, he escaped and came to England. After 1864 he returned to Naples, where he was a teacher at the University. At this time he wrote *Lezioni di Letteratura Italiana* (3 vols.), for which he is best known. He was master of a lodge. The German writer, Thomas Mann, used his name in the *Magic Mountain*, for the Masonic character in the work.

Henry H. (Hal) Sevier (1878–1940) U.S. Ambassador to Chile, 1933. b. March 16, 1878 in Columbia, Tenn. Began as editor of country newspaper in 1895, and was founder, owner, and editor of the Austin (Texas) *American* until 1917. Served two terms in the Texas house of representatives. He was appointed to visit South America to conduct an educational and informative campaign to combat propaganda against the U.S., in WWI. Member of Uvalde Lodge No. 472, Uvalde, Texas, receiving degrees on April 2, April 30, June 3, 1904; suspended NPD in 1934. d. March 10, 1940.

John Sevier (1745–1815) Pioneer, frontiersman, Revolutionary soldier, Indian fighter, first governor of Tennessee, and first and only governor of the briefly historic “State of Franklin.” b. Sept. 23, 1745 in Rockingham Co., Va. Educated until the age of 16 at the academy in Fredericksburg, Va. He married the next year, and founded the village of Newmarket in the Shenandoah Valley. Here he became celebrated as an Indian fighter, and was victor in many battles with neighboring tribes. Was appointed captain in the Virginia line in

1772, moving then to Watauga on the Western slope of the Alleghenies. Took part in the Indian battle of Point Pleasant in 1774. He petitioned the N. Car. legislature, asking them to annex his colony so they might help in the Revolution under official state authority. The petition was granted, and the whole of what is now Tennessee was organized into a county of N. Car., then known as "Washington district." Sevier was then chosen as a delegate to the state convention. He organized every able-bodied man between 16 and 50 years in the militia and became their colonel. This group fought many successful conflicts with the border Indians, burning their towns and raiding their camps. They won the Battle of Boyd's Creek, and with Col. Isaac Shelby, won the Battle of King's Mountain. At the end of the war, N. Car. felt that they could not afford the large territory which Sevier had organized, as it increased their portion of the Federal debt. Therefore they ceded it to the Federal government. When the news of this reached the settlers, they formed their own government, called a convention on Aug. 23, 1784, organized a constitution and state government, elected Sevier governor, and named their state "Franklin." N. Car. then reversed its decision to cede the "state" and set up a militia with Sevier as its general, and a Superior court. The natives did not like this, and were determined to have their own state. Sevier advised them against this independent action, but went along with them. Gov. Richard Caswell, q.v., declared a revolt existed in the territory and sent troops into "Franklin," capturing and imprisoning Sevier, who was later rescued. Finally the territory was ceded by N. Car., and Sevier then took an oath of allegiance to the U.S., was commissioned brigadier general

in 1789, and the following year chosen to Congress as the first representative from the valley of the Mississippi. He continued his campaigns against the Creeks and Cherokees, and broke their will to fight in the Etowah campaign of 1793. When Tennessee was admitted to the Union in 1796, he became the first governor, serving until 1801, and again from 1803 to 1809. Was elected to congress in 1811 and again in 1815, but died in the latter year before he could take his seat. His original lodge is not known, but he was first master of Tennessee Lodge No. 41 (under N. Car, jurisdiction) in 1800, while governor. This lodge later became Tennessee Lodge No. 2, under the Grand Lodge of Tennessee. The charter was arrested in Oct., 1827. His name also appears as a member of Greenville Lodge No. 3 (No. 43 under N. Car.) in 1805. d. Sept. 24, 1815.

Randolph Sevier President of Matson Navigation Co. from 1950. b. June 6, 1897 in Eureka, Calif. Began with agricultural activities in the San Joaquin and Sacramento Valleys, 1920–23, and with Matson Lines since 1923 in many capacities. Stationed both in San Francisco and Hawaiian Islands. Became executive vice president in 1948. Member of Crockett Lodge No. 139, San Francisco, Calif., being raised in 1923. 32° AASR in Honolulu; member of Aloha Shrine Temple and Aloha Court No. 1, Royal Order of Jesters, both of Honolulu, Hawaii.

Fabien Sevitzyky Musical director and conductor of Indianapolis Symphony Orchestra since 1937. b. Sept. 30, 1893 in Wichny, Volotchok, Russia. His original family

name was Koussevitzky. Graduated with honors from St. Petersburg Imperial Conservatory of Music in 1911. Came to U.S. in 1923 and naturalized in 1928. Began as a double bass virtuoso in 1911, making concert tours in Russia, Poland, Finland, and the Americas. Was soloist with St. Petersburg Conservator, Philharmonic Orchestra, Moscow Imperial Opera, Warsaw State Opera. Became a member of the Philadelphia Orchestra in 1923, and founded the Philadelphia Chamber String Simfonieta in 1925. Conducted Philadelphia Grand Opera, 1927–28; Pennsylvania Opera Co., 1928–30; Peoples Symphony Orchestra, Boston, 1932–35; and Indianapolis Symphony since 1937. Has made many recordings and extensive tours. Served as guest conductor of Los Angeles Philharmonic, Philadelphia Symphony, New York Philharmonic, Detroit Symphony, Vancouver and Montreal Symphony orchestras. Served in Russian Army, 1915–17. Raised June 6, 1944 in Oriental Lodge No. 500, Indianapolis, Ind.; exalted in Oriental Chapter No. 147, R.A.M. on March 8, 1945; knighted in Oriental Commandery No. 62, K.T.; received 32° AASR in Indianapolis on Nov. 22, 1944 and created 33° on Sept. 29, 1948.

Samuel Sewall (1757–1814) U.S. Congressman and Justice of Supreme Court of Massachusetts from 1800, and Chief Justice, 1813–14. b. Dec. 11, 1757 in Boston, he was the great grandson of Samuel Sewall, one of the judges of the “witches” during the period of Salem witchcraft. His ancestor was the only one of the judges who later acknowledged his error; he spent one day each year in prayer and meditation to keep in his mind a sense of the enormity of his offense.

Sewall graduated from Harvard in 1776 and practiced law at Marblehead, Mass. He was frequently a member of the legislature, and was U.S. congressman two successive terms, 1797–1800. Member of Philanthropic Lodge, Marblehead, Mass.

Sumner Sewall Governor of Maine, 1941–45. b. June 17, 1897 in Bath, Maine. Was a student at Harvard and Yale, receiving LL.D. from Colby Coll. in 1941. In WWI was in American Ambulance Field Service, overseas in 1916 and later with American Air Service, commanding squadron 95 of the 1st Pursuit Group, and designated as an ace, with many decorations. After war he worked in Mexico, Cuba, and Wyoming. Helped organize the Colonial Air Transport in 1920. Was director of United Air Lines Transport Corp., 1930–45, and president of American Overseas Airlines, Inc., 1945–46. In office of Military Government, Germany, since 1946. Received degrees in Solar Lodge No. 14, Bath, Maine on Nov. 9, 23, 1940 and Feb. 3, 1941, while governor–elect. 32° AASR (NJ) in Maine Consistory and member of Kora Shrine Temple.

Coy A. Seward (1884–1939) Artist. b. March 4, 1884 in Chase, Kansas. Employed by Western Lithograph Co., Wichita, Kan. His works are on permanent exhibition at many places, including California State Library; Grand Lodge A.F. & A.M. of Kansas at Topeka; Bethany College, Lindsborg, Kans.; Library of Congress, Chicago Art Institute; Rhode Island School of Design; Honolulu Academy of Fine Arts; Bibliotheque National, Paris. Received degrees in Chase Lodge No. 247,

Chase, Kans., on June 20, Aug. 12, Sept. 9, 1905. Affiliated with Albert Pike Lodge No. 303, Wichita, Kans., on May 22, 1935. d. Jan. 31, 1939.

Herbert L. Seward Naval architect and marine engineer. b. April 17, 1885 in Guilford, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1908. Advisor to U.S. Maritime Commission, U.S. Lines, Inc., and professor of mechanical engineering at Yale from 1928. Organized and operated the Navy Steam Engineering School at Hoboken, N.J. in WWI. Consultant to secretary of Navy in salvaging the S.S. Normandie. A licensed master of steam vessels and licensed chief engineer. Served as assistant navigator S.S. Leviathan. Raised in 1931 in Wooster Lodge No. 79, New Haven, Conn. Affiliated with Siloam Lodge No. 32, Saybrook, Conn. in 1954.

William H. Seward (1801–1872) Anti-Mason. U.S. Secretary of State, 1861–69; U.S. Senator from New York, 1849–61; Governor of New York, 1839–43. b. May 16, 1801 in Florida, N.Y. Admitted to bar at Utica, N.Y. in 1822, settling in Auburn in 1823. In 1830 he was named as the anti-Masonic candidate for the state senate. d. Oct. 10, 1872.

William Mark Sexson (1877–1953) Founder of Order of Rainbow for Girls. An ordained Christian minister, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oklahoma in 1928. b. July 8, 1877 in Arnica Springs, Mo. He received his degrees on March 22, 31 and April 26, 1902 in Bloomfield Lodge No. 84, Bloomfield, Ind. and on Feb. 6, 1914 affiliated with South McAlester Lodge No. 96, McAlester, Okla. d. Dec. 20, 1953.

Thomas H. Seymour (1808–1868) Governor of Connecticut, 1851–53; U.S. Minister to Russia, 1853–57; U.S. Congressman from Conn., 1843–45. b. Sept. 3, 1808 in Hartford, Conn. Practiced law and published *The Jeffersemi* at Hartford. Fought in Mexican War as major and colonel, his regiment being the first to enter the fortress at Chapultepec. Was initiated in St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford about 1850; exalted in Pythagoras Chapter No. 17, R.A.M.; and knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., Nov. 1, 1850. He served as commander of the commandery and as senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut in 1853. d. Sept. 3, 1868.

Artur von Seyss-Inquart (1892–1946) Nazi Anti-Mason. Was Austrian minister of interior and security in Schuschnigg cabinet of 1938; chancellor and minister of defense in Austria after German occupation of 1938. Hitler appointed him governor of Austrian territory that year. Admitted to German cabinet in 1939 as minister without portfolio. Was governor of occupied territory in Poland, 1939–40 and high commissioner of the Netherlands in 1940–43. Hanged as a war criminal. In 1918 he worked out the plan of an organization, which resembled Freemasonry in some respects. It was an anti-Jewish, anti-Masonic group to be formed of several degrees with secret vows.

Shabonee (1775–1859) Potawatomi Indian Chief who was great friend of white settlers and in 1832 saved the settlers of Chicago from massacre by Black Hawk, by warning them of his attack. Earlier, was one of Tecumseh's lieutenants, and

with him when he was killed at Battle of the Thames. Later, incensed by treatment of Indians by British, he transferred his allegiance to the Americans. Chosen peace chief of his tribe. Saved many white villages from Winnebago attack. The Sauk and Fox attempted to murder him and did kill his son and nephew. Although he migrated West of the Mississippi with his tribe in 1836, he returned to De Kalb Co., Ill., where he retired on two sections of land given him by the government as a reward for his services. He was a grand nephew of Chief Pontiac. Said to have been a Freemason, but no proof. d. July 17, 1859.

Sir Ernest H. Shackleton (1874–1922) British Antarctic explorer. b. in Kilkee, Ireland. He was junior officer on the national Antarctic expedition under Robert F. Scott, q.v., on the *Discovery* in 1901. He accompanied Scott on the sledge journey over the Ross Ice Shelf. In 1907 he sailed in the *Nimrod* in command of an expedition, which reached a point about 97 miles from the South Pole in 1909. Commanded a trans-Antarctic expedition in the *Endurance*, which set out in 1914. When ship was crushed in ice, he made a trip of 800 miles with five companions to north coast of South Georgia for help (1916). Died at South Georgia Island in 1922, while on a third expedition to the Antarctic. Author of *Heart of the Antarctic* and *South*. A Freemason.

George F. Shafer (1888–1948) Governor of North Dakota, 1929–33. b. Nov. 23, 1888 in Mandan, N. Dak. Attended U. of North Dakota, 1908–12 and admitted to bar in latter year, practicing at Schafer. Served as assistant attorney general and

attorney general of N. Dak. Was first native born governor of N. Dak. Initiated May 12, 1919 in Yellowstone Lodge No. 110 of Alexander, N. Dak. Scottish Rite member at Bismarck. d. Aug. 13, 1948.

Paul W. Shafer (1893–1954) U.S. Congressman to 75th–81st Congresses, 1937–51 from Michigan. b. April 27, 1893 in Elkhart, Ind. Was reporter, editor and publisher from 1912–29, and municipal judge at Battle Creek, Mich., 1929–36. Publisher of Bronson Journal. Received degrees in Ira A. Beck Lodge No. 503, Battle Creek, Mich. on Nov. 21, 29 and Dec. 14, 1929. 32° AASR (NJ), Shriner and member of Royal Order of Jesters. d. Aug. 17, 1954.

Walter S. Shafer Vice President and General Sales Manager of Armour & Co. since 1947. b. Aug. 5, 1900 at Kangley, Ill. Graduate of Knox Coll. in 1922. Began as shipper with Armour in 1922, later salesman, branch house manager, district sales manager, product sales manager. Received degrees in Taylor Lodge No. 98, Washington, Ill. in 1924.

Taliaferro P. Shaffner (1818–1881) American inventor. b. in Smithfield, Va. in 1818. Self educated, he studied law and was admitted to the bar, but gave much of his time to invention. Was an associate of Samuel F. B. Morse in the introduction of the telegraph. He built the line from Louisville, Ky. to New Orleans and that from St. Louis to Jefferson City, Mo. in 1851. Was a projector of the North Atlantic cable via Labrador and Iceland, and was the inventor of several methods of blasting with nitroglycerine and other high explosives. In addition to

several scientific volumes, he published Odd-Fellowship in 1875. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 196, Louisville, Ky. about 1843. Coroneted 33° on November 17, 1865 and designated by Supreme Council AASR (SJ) as a special deputy. d. Dec. 12, 1881.

William R. Shafter (1835–1906) Major General, U.S. Army. Won Congressional Medal of Honor in Civil War for action at Battle of Fair Oaks. b. Oct. 16, 1835 in Galesburg, Mich. Taught school three years prior to 1861, when he enlisted in Union Army as 1st lieutenant of 7th Mich. Infantry. Mustered out as brevet brigadier general in 1865, and reentered regular army as a lieutenant colonel in 1867. Made brigadier general in 1897 and assigned to head department of California. Made major general of volunteers in May, 1898. In Cuba, he commanded the military operations ending in the capitulation of General Linares' army and surrender of Santiago de Cuba. Known as "Pecos Bill." Retired in 1901 as major general. Was made a Mason in Prairie Lodge No. 92, Galesburg, Mich., while home on leave of absence in 1864. He was a member of the Masonic Veterans Assoc. of Illinois, and a few months before his death (Nov. 12, 1906), wrote General John C. Smith, q.v., the venerable chief, that he could not be present at the annual reception, but "hope to have the pleasure of seeing you and your good wife some time next year."

Earl of Shaftesbury (Anthony Ashley-Cooper), 7th Earl of Shaftesbury. Title dates to 1672. He inherited it at the age of 17, on the death of his father in 1886. Has title of KP, PS, GCVO and CBE. Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable

Privy Council since 1922. Served as Lord Chamberlain to the Queen from 1910–22 and Lord Steward H.M. Household from 1922–36. Was provincial grand master of Dorset for over 50 years.

William Shakespeare (1554–1616) English playwright and poet. With the passing of time, the person, character and writings of Shakespeare become more and more controversial, including the question “Was he a Freemason.” There is certainly no evidence that he was a Mason, but the supporters of that contention point out many unusual statements and thoughts in his writings such as “Come swear to that; kiss the book”; “And from the cross-bow plucks the Letter G”; “Doth any name particular belong unto the lodging? . . . ‘Tis called Jerusalem.” Also references to the grip and whisper in King John iv, 2; the North for darkness and for evil in Henry VI, v, 3; the plant that discovered the grave and thus revealed the murder of Polydorus in Virgil, book iii, 22.

Ashton C. Shallenberger (1862–1938) Governor of Nebraska, 1909–11. U.S. Congressman to 64th–65th and 68th–72nd Congresses, 1915–19, 1923–33, from 5th Nebr. dist. b. 1862 in Toulon, Ill. Moved to Nebraska in 1881, where he engaged in cattle raising and farming. In 1887 he organized the Bank of Alma and was president of same. Member of Harlan Lodge No. 116, Alma, Nebr., and master of same in 1900. d. Feb. 22, 1938.

Wilson Shannon (1802–1877) Governor of Ohio, 1838–40 and 1842–44; Governor of Kansas Territory, 1855–56; U.S.

Congressman to 23rd Congress, 1853–55, from Ohio; U.S. Minister to Mexico, 1844–45. b. Feb. 24, 1802 in Mount Olivet, Ohio, he attended Ohio U. and Transylvania Coll. (Ky.), studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1830, practicing at St. Clairsville, Ohio. After his term as governor of Kansas Territory, he engaged in law practice in Lawrence, Kans. Received degrees in Belmont Lodge No. 16, St. Clairsville, Ohio in 1846, dimitting the same year and later affiliating with Lecompton Lodge No. 13, Lecompton, Kansas (now defunct). d. Aug. 31, 1877.

William L. Sharkey (1797–1873) Provisional Governor of Mississippi in 1865. b. in 1797 in Mussel Shoals, Tenn., he moved with his parents to the Territory of Mississippi in 1804. Was present at the Battle of New Orleans, as a substitute for his uncle. After graduating at Greenville Coll. (Tenn.), he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1822, practicing first at Warrenton, and from 1825 at Vicksburg. Member of the state legislature in 1827, and chief justice of the court of errors and appeals in 1832–50. A member of Vicksburg Lodge No. 26, his name first appears in the grand lodge proceedings of 1826 as a member of Franklin Lodge U. D. of Vicksburg, and after 1841, as member of Lodge No. 26. In 1865 he is listed as senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Mississippi. Also member of Vicksburg Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. d. April 29, 1873.

William L. Sharp (1862–1950) Twenty-eighth Grand Master, Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, U.S.A. b. Jan. 19, 1862 at Princeton, Ill. Entered banking business in Iowa as a young man, and later engaged in manufacture of sash and

door, and plate and window glass. Was president of Sharp, Partridge & Co., Chicago; Treasurer of C. E. Sharp Lumber Co., Oklahoma City; and head of Wm. L. Sharp & Co., mortgages and investments. Raised Sept. 21, 1891 in Normal Park Lodge 797, Chicago, Ill.; exalted in Englewood Chapter No. 176, Oct. 29, 1891, and later a charter member of Normal Park Chapter No. 210; greeted in Imperial Council No. 85, R. & S.M.; and knighted in Englewood Commandery No. 59, K.T., Feb. 6, 1892. He served as head of lodge, chapter, council, and commandery. Was grand commander of Grand Cornmandery, K.T. of Illinois in 1912, and served as grand master of the Grand Encampment, K.T. from 1928–31. 33° AASR (NJ) at Chicago, Royal Order of Scotland, Medinah Shrine Temple, and St. John's Conclave No. 1, R.C. of C. d. Dec. 22, 1950.

Nelson Sharpe (1859–1935) Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan from 1919. b. Aug. 25, 1858 in Northumberland Co., Ont., Canada. Graduate of U. of Michigan. Became naturalized citizen in 1885. Member of West Branch Lodge No. 376, West Branch, Mich., receiving degrees on May 12, 22, and June 25, 1888 and becoming a life member on Dec. 3, 1929. d. Oct. 20, 1935.

Christian Sharps (1811–1876) Inventor of the famous Sharps breech loading rifle. b. in 1811 in N.J. He developed an early talent for mechanics and became a machinist. In 1854 he removed to Hartford, Conn. to superintend the manufacture of his rifle; he subsequently invented other firearms, and received many patents in other fields. Member of Meridian Sun Lodge No. 158, Philadelphia, Pa., receiving degrees on

April 14, June 2, July 14, 1857. Received Mark Degree in Jan., 1858 and exalted on Oct. 2, 1863 in Harmony Chapter No. 52, Philadelphia. d. June 1, 1876.

Lemuel Shattuck (1793–1859) Writer. b. Oct. 15, 1793 in Ashby, Mass. Taught school and was a merchant in Concord, Mass. from 1823–33. Later a bookseller and publisher in Boston and member of the city council. Served in state legislature several years. Member of many historical societies. Author of *History of Concord, Mass.*; *Vital Statistics of Boston*; *The Census of Boston*; and others. Became member of Corinthian Lodge, Concord, Mass. on Nov. 18, 1824 and master from 1827–29. Also member of Concord Royal Arch Chapter. d. Jan. 17, 1859.

Edwin C. Shaw (1863–1941) Former Vice President, Director, and General Manager of B. F. Goodrich Co., Akron, Ohio. b. Feb. 1, 1863 in Buffalo, N.Y. Served as chairman of Ohio State Board of Administration; Ohio State Prison Commission; and Ohio State Board of Pardons and Parole. Held many responsible civic positions. Member of Adoniram Lodge No. 517, Akron, Ohio, receiving degrees on Nov. 19, Dec. 20, 1894 and Jan. 31, 1895. 32° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 25, 1941.

Elwyn R. Shaw (1888–1950) Federal Judge, Northern Illinois from 1944. b. Oct. 19, 1888 in Lyndon, Ill. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1910 and began law practice in Freeport, Ill. Judge of supreme court of Illinois, 1933–42, and chief justice, 1938–39. Member of Excelsior Lodge No. 97, Freeport, Ill. d. July 22, 1950.

George Bernard Shaw (1856–1950) British playwright and novelist. Although not a Freemason, he at one time referred to the organization in his usual Shavian wit. Whenever asked about marriage, his stock reply would be: “I might say that it is like Freemasonry; those who are not received into the order cannot talk about it, and those who are members are pledged to eternal silence.”

John Shaw (1773–1823) American Naval officer who commanded the *Enterprise* in hostilities with France, and fought in War of 1812. b. in Mount Mellick, Ireland, he was the son of an English officer. Came to America in 1790, settling in Philadelphia, and became a sailor in the merchant marine. Entered U.S. Navy as a lieutenant in 1798 when hostilities with France began, and in Dec. of 1799 was given command of the *Enterprise*, a ship of 165 tons with 12 light guns, especially built for chases with small, fast privateers. In a cruise of eight months he captured eight French privateers and recovered eleven American prizes. His most serious action was with the *Flambeau*, forcing her to strike the colors in a little more than an hour, after killing half her crew of 100. He cruised the Mediterranean in the *George Washington* in 1801 and the *John Adams* in 1805. Became captain in 1807, and commanded the squadron in 1814 that was blockaded by the enemy in the Thames River, Conn. Member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C. d. Sept. 17, 1823.

Leslie M. Shaw (1848–1932) U.S. Secretary of Treasury under Theodore Roosevelt, 1902–1907. Governor of Iowa, 1898–1902. b. Nov. 2, 1848 in Morristown, Vt. Graduate of

Cornell Coll. (Ia.) in 1874 and Iowa Coll. of Law in 1876. Practiced law in Denison, Iowa, 1876–97, and engaged in banking at Denison, Manilla, and Charter Oak, Iowa. He was permanent chairman of the International Monetary Convention at Indianapolis in 1898. Mason. d. March 28, 1932.

Sir Michael Robert Shaw–Stewart Seventieth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1873–81.

Daniel Shays (1747–1825) Officer of the American Revolution and insurgent leader of “Shays’ Rebellion” of 1786–87. b. in Hopkinton, Mass. Heserved as an ensign at the Battle of Bunker Hill, and attained the rank of captain in the Continental Army, fighting at Ticonderoga, Saratoga, and Stony Point. He resigned his commission “for reasons quite problematical.” He then settled in Pelham (now Prescott), Mass. Following the war there were many grievances against the government by the citizens of Western Mass., including high taxation, aristocracy of the senate, excess salary for the governor, site of the general court, and many others. Shays first became known as leader of the rebellion, when at the head of about 1,000 men, he appeared in Springfield to prevent the session of the supreme court at that place. The rebellion climaxed with an attack on the U.S. government arsenal at Springfield. Shays’ forces were repulsed, and the following month (Feb.) routed at Petersham. He fled to Vermont. He was condemned to death by the Mass. supreme court, but pardoned on June 13, 1788. He then resided at Sparta, N.Y. until his death, Sept. 29, 1825. Shays signed the by-laws of Masters’ Lodge in Albany, N.Y. as a member, in 1778, although

he may have been made a Mason elsewhere. He was present at the St. John's Day observance of American Union Lodge at West Point on June 24, 1779. He was one of the original petitioners for Hampshire Lodge, Northampton, Mass. in 1786. The reprint of Grand Lodge of Mass. Proceedings, 1733–92, states, "A return from Hampshire Lodge, of their choice of officers for ensuing year was read—also a vote of said lodge, that the names of Daniel Shays, Luke Day and Elijah Day, who are members of that Lodge, be transmitted to the Grand Lodge, to be recorded with Infamy in consequence of their conduct in the late Rebellion."

Walter A. Sheaffer (1867–1946) Organizer and President of W. A. Sheaffer Pen Co., Fort Madison, Iowa. b. July 27, 1867 in Bloomfield, Iowa. Began as a jeweler in Bloomfield in 1882, and was owner of the Sheaffer Jewelry and Music Co., Bloomfield, 1888–1906. From 1906–18 he owned the Sheaffer Jewelry Co. at Fort Madison, Iowa. He organized the Sheaffer Pen Co. at Fort Madison in 1912, was president until 1938, and chairman of the board after 1938. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 14, Bloomfield, Ia.; 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner. d. June 19, 1946.

Frank T. Sheets (1890–1951) President of Portland Cement Association from 1937. b. Oct. 5, 1890 in Lafayette, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1914. With Illinois state highway dept., 1907–33, from clerk to chief highway engineer. In 1941 received Bartlett Award for "outstanding contribution to highway progress." Was consulting engineer for Portland Cement Assn., Chicago, from 1933–37, and president from

1937. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 500, Springfield, Ill., Knight Templar and past potentate of Ansar Shrine Temple, Springfield. d. Nov. 3, 1951.

Charles H. Sheldon (1840–1898) Second Governor of South Dakota. b. Sept. 12, 1830 in New York. Was a farmer. Raised April 18, 1894 in Coteau Lodge No. 54, Webster, S. Dak. d. Oct. 20, 1898.

John W. Shenk (1875–1959) Justice, Supreme Court of California from 1924. b. Feb. 7, 1875 in Shelburne, Vt. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan in 1900 and U. of Michigan in 1903. Began practice at Los Angeles in latter year. Served as city attorney and judge of superior court, Los Angeles. Served in Spanish–American War and in Puerto Rico. Past master of South Pasadena Lodge No. 367 (Calif.); member of the jurisprudence committee of Grand Lodge of California, Oct. 1943–Aug. 1959; 32° AASR (SJ), Knight Templar, Shriner. d. Aug. 3, 1959.

William Shepard (1737–1817) U.S. Congressman, 1797–1803, from Massachusetts. Served in French and Indian Wars. Major General of Mass. militia; helped subdue Shays' Rebellion. b. Dec. 1, 1737 in Westfield, Mass. In Revolutionary War he was member of committee of correspondence for Westfield in 1774, and lieutenant colonel of minutemen in April, 1775. Entered Continental Army in May, 1775, becoming colonel of 4th Mass. Regiment in 1776 and serving throughout Revolutionary War. Served two terms in state house of representatives and was selectman for Westfield. Complimented by

general court of Mass. for his gallantry while holding position in defense of Springfield Arsenal in Shays', q.v., rebellion. Was member of governor's council, 1792–96; appointed in 1796 to treat with Penobscot Indians and in 1797 with the Six Nations. Elected to 5th–7th Congresses; resumed agricultural pursuits after 1803. Member of Washington Military Lodge No. 10 at West Point, N.Y., in 1780. His Masonic apron was presented to Mount Moriah Lodge, Westfield, Mass. on May 21, 1907. d. Nov. 16, 1817.

Francis W. Shepardson (1862–1937) Teacher, newspaperman, editor and authority on college fraternities. b. Oct. 15, 1862 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of Denison U. in 1882, 1886; Brown U. in 1883; Yale in 1892. Taught at U. of Chicago; lectured to American teachers in the Philippines; edited the Granville (Ohio) Times; director of The Julius Rosenwald Fund; editorial writer for the Chicago Tribune. He was national president of Beta Theta Pi from 1918 and vice president of national Phi Beta Kappa, 1919–28. He edited 11th–13th editions of Baird's Manual of American College Fraternities and was author of The Beta Book, Beta Lore, and Beta Life. Member of Center Star Lodge No. 11, Granville, Ohio, receiving degrees on March 27, April 23, May 28, 1885. d. Aug. 9, 1937.

Joshua K. Shepherd Venerable Grand Prior, AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General for Arkansas. Received 32° in 1916; KCCH in 1919, and coroneted 33° in 1933. Appointed deputy for Arkansas in 1943, and crowned active member same year. He is founder and senior partner of Shepherd &

Co., general insurance agents, Little Rock, Ark.

Lemuel C. Shepherd, Jr. Full General and Commandant of U.S. Marine Corps. b. Feb. 10, 1896 in Norfolk, Va. Graduate of Virginia Institute in 1917 and commissioned 2nd lieutenant in Marine Corps that year. Advanced through grades to full general in 1952 and retired in 1955. In WWI he participated in battles of Aisne, St. Mihiel, Meuse–Argonne, and in defensive sectors of Toulon–Troyons and Chateau Thierry. With army of occupation in Germany until 1919. Then saw service at White House as Marine aide, and in China and Haiti on ships Idaho and Nevada. In WWII he was regimental commander of 9th Marines, 3rd Marine Division; assistant division commander of 1st Division; participated in landings at Cape Gloucester, New Britain; commanding general 1st Prov. Marine Brigade; participated in landing and seizure of Guam; commanding general of 6th Marine Division; participated in Okinawa campaign; received surrender of Japanese forces in China; commandant of Marine Corps Schools; commanding general of Fleet Marine Force, Pacific; participated in Inchon landing; and was commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps from 1952 until retirement in 1955. Member of American Overseas Lodge No. 40, Providence, R.I.

Oliver L. Shepherd (1815–1894) Union Brigadier General of Civil War. b. Aug. 15, 1815 in Clifton Park, N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1840, he served in the Seminole War. In Mexican War, he served under Zachary Taylor at Contreras and Churubusco, being promoted to major for action at Chapultepec. He was in command of Fort Defiance,

New Mexico, when it was attacked by 2,500 Indians. Was later stationed at Fort Hamilton, N.Y. Commanded a battalion of the 3rd Infantry in the defense of Washington, D.C. at start of Civil War, and then served in Tenn. and Miss. campaigns and in the Army of the Ohio. Brevetted colonel for siege of Corinth in 1862. With Rosecrans in Tenn. campaign and then with Army of Cumberland. Was brevetted brigadier general on March 13, 1865 for service at Stone River. Retired in 1870. Received degrees in Clinton Lodge No. 140, Waterford, N.Y. on July 22, 26, Aug. 19, 1850. Note on lodge return says: "Major Shepherd did not join the lodge. Grand Lodge gave him Grand Lodge Certificate before his going to the South." d. April 16, 1894.

John II. Sheppard (1789–1873) Author. b. March 17, 1789 in Cirencester, England, settling with parents in Hallowell, Maine in 1793. Attended Harvard, studied law, and practiced in Wicasset, Maine. Pioneer member of New England historic-genealogical societies. Wrote several Masonic articles. Became member of Lincoln Lodge No. 3, Wicasset, Maine, Nov. 16, 1812, and member of St. Andrew's Royal Arch Chapter, Boston, Oct. 9, 1818. d. June 25, 1873.

Lucius E. Sheppard (1863–1934) President of Order of Railway Conductors, 1919–28, and Assistant President after 1928. b. Feb. 10, 1863 in Bridgeton, N.J. Entered service of Pennsylvania Railroad in 1881 and became conductor in 1833. Member of Ionic Lodge No. 94, Camden, N.J., receiving degrees on Feb. 17, April 6, June 1, 1896. d. Sept. 26, 1934.

Morris Sheppard (1875–1941) U.S. Congressman to 57th–62nd Congresses from Texas; U.S. Senator 1913–41 from Texas. b. May 28, 1875 in Wheatville, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas at Austin in 1897, and from Yale in 1898. Was national treasurer of the Woodmen of the World for many years. Elected first president of Texas Fraternal Congress in Dallas in 1901. Practiced law first in Pittsburg, Texas, moving to Texarkana in 1899. He went to congress, filling the vacancy caused by the death of his father, John L. Sheppard. Served in congress from 1902–13, when he was elected to U.S. Senate, serving there until his death. Received degrees in Frank Sexton Lodge No. 206, Pittsburg, Texas, Sept. 22, 1899 and Jan. 26 and Feb. 23, 1900. Dimitted, and affiliated with Border Lodge No. 672, Texarkana, Texas in May, 1900. 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas and member of Hella Shrine Temple. d. April 9, 1941.

John C. Sherburne (1883–1959) Justice, Supreme Court of Vermont since 1934. b. Aug. 31, 1883 in Pomfret, Vt. Graduated from U. of Vermont in 1904, and was the first Rhodes scholar selected in Vermont, studying at Oxford U. in England from 1904–07. Admitted to bar in 1898. Was states attorney, referee in bankruptcy, member of state senate, and secretary of civil and military affairs. Was superior judge, 1926–34. Mason. d. June 30, 1959.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan (1751–1816) Irish dramatist, member of Parliament. b. Oct. 30, 1751 in Dublin. Settled in London in 1773 and turned to dramatic composition; rose to first place among writers with his three great comedies, *The*

Rivals; The School for Scandal; and The Critic. He bought Garrick's share in Drury Lane Theatre, London in 1776, and became manager. Was a member of Parliament in 1780; secretary of treasury in 1873, and confidential adviser to George, Prince of Wales. He declined a gift from the American Continental Congress for opposing British war in America. He opposed the Irish union in 1799; was treasurer of the navy in 1806–07. Admitted as a corresponding member of Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, London, in 1811. d. July 7, 1816; given a magnificent funeral and burial in Westminster Abbey.

Buren R. Sherman (1836–1904) Governor of Iowa, 1882–86. b. May 28, 1836 in Phelps, N.Y. Moved to Iowa in 1855 and admitted to bar in 1859. He practiced at Vinton, Iowa. Entered Union Army in 1861 as 2nd lieutenant in Co. E, 14th Iowa Vol. Inf. Was severely wounded at Shiloh, April 6, 1862; promoted to captain that month and resigned on same date because of wounds. He was state auditor of Iowa from 1875–81. Member of Vinton Lodge No. 62, Vinton, Ia. Coroneted 33° AASR (SJ) in 1883. d. Nov. 11, 1904.

Charles R. Sherman (?–1829) Justice of Supreme Court of Ohio, 1825–29; father of General William Tecumseh Sherman. Although the son never became a Freemason, Charles R. was the seventh grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, serving in 1824. He was a member of Lancaster Lodge No. 57 and high priest of Lancaster Chapter No. 11, R.A.M., both of Lancaster, Ohio. He was knighted in Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K.T., of Columbus, Ohio in 1826.

Frederick C. Sherman Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. May 27, 1888 in Port Huron, Mich. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1910 and advanced through grades to vice admiral in 1945, retiring as admiral in 1947. In WWI he was commander of the submarine 0-7. In WWII he commanded the aircraft carrier U.S.S. Lexington, 1940-42. Was commanding officer at Battle of Bougainville and Battle of Salamaua, as well as the Battle of the Coral Sea, when the Lexington was disabled and sunk on May 8, 1942. The last to leave his ship, he became the hero of the Battle of the Coral Sea. As a rear admiral he commanded the carrier task forces in the Pacific from 1942-45, participating in all major actions during this time. He was commander of the 5th Fleet, 1945-46, and retired with rank of admiral in Feb., 1947. Member of Naval Lodge No. 87, Vallejo, Calif. and received 32° AASR (SJ) in San Francisco, July 14, 1915.

Lawrence Y. Sherman (1858-1939) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1913-21. b. Nov. 8, 1858 near Piqua, Ohio, moving with parents to Ill. in 1859. Studied law, and admitted to bar in 1882, practicing in Macomb, Ill. Member of state legislature, 1897-1905, and speaker of the house, 1899-1903. Was lieutenant governor and ex officio president of state senate, 1905-09. Continued practice of law in Springfield, Ill. Moved to Daytona Beach, Fla. in 1924, and practiced law there as well as engaging in the investment business. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 500, Springfield, Ill. Was raised June 19, 1884. d. Sept. 15, 1939.

Moses H. Sherman (1853-1932) President of Los Angeles Steamship Co. b. Dec. 3, 1853 in West Rupert, Vt. Taught

schools in Prescott, Ariz., 1874–76. Was territorial superintendent of public instruction for Arizona, 1878–81, and author of the school laws of Arizona. Served as adjutant general of Arizona Territory in 1881. Moved to Los Angeles, Calif. in 1889, and with Eli P. Clark built the Los Angeles Electric Railway, 1889–95. Was with Los Angeles Steamship Co. from 1920; president from 1926. President and director of various other companies. Member of Southern California Lodge No. 278, Los Angeles. d. Sept. 9, 1932.

Roger Sherman (1721–1793) The only person to sign the Declaration of Independence, Articles of Association, Articles of Confederation and the Federal Constitution. b. April 19, 1721 in Newton, Mass. Admitted to bar in 1754. Member of the Connecticut assembly a number of terms between 1755 and 1766. Moved to New Haven, Conn. in 1761. Served in state senate, 1766–85. Was elected as congressman to 1st congress, 1789–91, and was U.S. senator from Conn. from 1791 until death in 1793. Although his Masonic apron is in the historical collection of Yale University, having been presented by his descendants, his membership in the fraternity is based on tradition and not supported by any evidence. d. July 23, 1793.

Elmer W. Sherwood President of American Travelers Life Insurance Co.; Sherwood Associates (public relations); The F. F. J. Company; The Independent Mutual Fire Insurance Company; Brigadier General and Adjutant General of Indiana, 1944–45; editor of National Legionnaire, official publication of American Legion, 1937–42. b. Feb. 22, 1896 in Linton, Ind.

Graduate of Indiana U. in 1921. Was high school teacher, automobile salesman, and owner of coal companies until 1937. Served in WWI and WWII plus 20 years in U.S. Army reserve. Received degrees in Linton (Ind.) Lodge No. 560 on July 12, 19, 24, 1919, transferring to Bloomfield Lodge No. 84, Bloomfield, Ind. in 1931. 32° AASR (NJ).

William Shield (1748–1829) English viola player at Italian opera, London, and composer of songs and operatic music at Covent Garden, London. Was the King's Musician Extraordinary. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 94.

James Shields (1806?–1879) U.S. Senator from three states; Governor of Oregon Territory; general in two wars. b. in Ireland, his birth date is given variously as 1806 and 1810. Emigrated to the U.S. in 1826, studied law and began practice at Kaskaskia, Ill. in 1832. He was breveted major general for gallantry at Cerro Gordo in the Mexican War. Elected to Illinois state legislature in 1836, was state auditor and then judge of supreme court of He was land commissioner in Washington, D.C. in 1845 under President Polk. He fought in the Seminole Indian War, 1835–42. Following the Mexican War, he was appointed governor of the Oregon Territory (1849), but resigned to accept election as U.S. senator from Illinois (1849–55). At the expiration of his senatorial term he settled in Minnesota Territory and served in its legislature. When Minn. became a state, Shields was again elected to the U.S. senate (1858–59). Made brigadier general at outbreak of Civil War and fought in the Shenandoah Valley campaign. Resigned his commission in 1863 and moved to Carrollton,

Mo. Here he served in the state legislature in 1874 and was elected U.S. senator in 1879. He was raised Jan. 4, 1841 in Springfield Lodge No. 4, serving as junior warden the same year. He was exalted in Springfield Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. about 1841. When he moved to Washington, D.C. as land commissioner, he became charter master of National Lodge No. 12, the first roster of that lodge being dated Oct. 27, 1846, listing him as master. In 1847 he is recorded in attendance at the Grand Lodge of South Carolina, being made an honorary member at that time. On his return to Illinois after the Mexican War he was received at a special communication of the Grand Lodge of Illinois on Jan. 3, 1848. He had previously served as the grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1841. Upon moving to Minnesota, he became a charter member of Faribault Lodge No. 9, Faribault, Minn., Jan. 6, 1857. Here his Masonic membership seems to cease. Shields was a Roman Catholic, and it was about this time that Rome put pressure on American Catholics to divest themselves of all Masonic affiliations. After he moved to Missouri there is no more record of his Masonic activities. He died June 1, 1879 and is buried in a Catholic cemetery just north of Carrollton, Mo., where the U.S. government erected a monument in his honor.

John K. Shields (1858–1934) U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. at “Clinch-dale” near Bean Station, Tenn., Aug. 15, 1858. Studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1879, practicing in Grainger and adjoining counties until 1893. He then moved to Morristown. Served as associate justice of the supreme court of Tenn. from 1902–10 and was chief justice, 1910–13,

resigning to become U.S. senator. Served in senate from 1913–25, and being defeated for another term, resumed law practice in Knoxville. Raised in Rising Star Lodge No. 44, Rutledge, Tenn. on Sept. 23, 1884; withdrew April 27, 1903 and reaffiliated, Nov. 25, 1909. May have held membership at Morristown, Bean Station or Knoxville between 1903–09. Member of the York Rite bodies at Morristown at time of his death on Sept. 30, 1934. Member of Kerbela Shrine Temple at Knoxville.

Albert Shiels (1865–1940) Educator; first chairman of National Board of Censorship of Moving Pictures; actively identified with movements affecting the immigrant and assimilation of foreign population. b. July 9, 1865 in New York City. Graduate of Coll. City of New York in 1886, 1896, 1899. Was Mexican consul at Panama and Colon and acting consul for Great Britain. Taught in various grades and evening schools in N.Y.C. Was in charge of all evening schools, 1911–13. Was superintendent of schools of Los Angeles, Calif., 1916–19. Director of Community Councils of N.Y. from 1919. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on Oct. 5, 1897, March 29, April 19, 1898. d. March 14, 1940.

Archibald W. Shiels (1878–) President of Pacific American Fisheries, Inc., 1930–46 and chairman since 1946. President of Pacific American Steamship Line and Deming & Gould Co. b. May 26, 1878 in Edinburgh, Scotland, coming to U.S. in 1893; was naturalized in 1907. Was a steamship purser, 1893–97, and engaged in railway construction in Alaska, 1898–1916. Mason, 33° AASR (SJ). Member of St. Alban's

Conclave No. 18, Red Cross of Constantine, Bellingham, Wash.

George Shillibeer English inventor, and first user of what is now known as the funeral hearse. He was also the pioneer in London's omnibus system, and gave that vehicle its name. Was also one of the five men (one after another) who created Britain's post office system. Member of Globe Lodge No. 23 of London.

Ernest G. Shinner Owner of E. G. Shinner & Co., with 35 meat stores in Mich., Wis., and Iowa. b. May 22, 1883 in St. Johns, Mich. In 1921 he organized the Nippersink Lodge Assn., a resort at Genoa City, Wis. In 1947 he organized the Shinner Political Economic Research Foundation. Member of Mystic Star Lodge No. 758, Jackson Park Chapter No. 222, R.A.M., Woodlawn Commandery No. 76, K.T., and Medinah Shrine Temple, all of Chicago.

Herbert Shipman (1869–1930) Protestant Episcopal Suffragan Bishop of New York, 1921–30. b. Aug. 3, 1869 in Lexington, Ky. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1890. Made deacon in 1894 and priest in 1895. Was rector of the Church of Heavenly Rest, N.Y.C., 1907–21. He was a chaplain of the U.S. Army in 1896; in WWI was chaplain of the 104th Field Artillery, 1917–18, and senior chaplain of the 1st Army Corps, 1918–19. A member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., he once served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. March 23, 1930.

Joseph Shippen (1679–1741) Scientist. b. Feb. 28, 1679 in Boston, Mass., he moved to Philadelphia in 1704. He was among the men of science in his day, and in 1727 joined Benjamin Franklin in founding the Junto, “for mutual information and the public good.” Member and officer of the Grand Lodge of “Moderns” in 1831.

Henrik Shipstead U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1923–47. b. Jan. 8, 1881 in Burbank, Minn. Graduate of dental dept. of Northwestern U. in 1903, and practiced that profession in Glenwood, Minn, 1904–20. Was mayor of Glenwood, 1911–13. Moved to Minneapolis in 1920, where he resumed practice of dentistry. After term as senator, he retired to private life, living at Carlos, Minn. Received degrees in Crow River Lodge No. 192, Belgrade, Minn. on Dec. 19, 1903, Jan. 2, Feb. 16, 1904. Affiliated with Valley Lodge No. 174, Glenwood, Minn. on March 16, 1905.

Robert Shirley (see under Earl of Ferrero).

Allan Shivers Governor of Texas, 1949–56. b. Oct. 5, 1907 in Lufkin, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1931 and 1933. He practiced law in Port Arthur, Texas, 1931–49. Was state senator 11 years and lieutenant governor, 1947–49. Has farming and other business interests. Received degrees in Magnolia Lodge No. 495, Woodville, Texas on Oct. 21, 1950, Aug. 2 and Oct. 19, 1951. Was knighted in Colorado Commandery No. 4, K.T. of Austin on Dec. 20, 1956, being the fifth governor of Texas to become a member of that commandery. Shriner.

Floyd C. Shoemaker Secretary of State Historical Society of Missouri, 1915–60. b. May 7, 1886 in Kissimmee, Fla. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1909 and 1911. Taught history and Latin at Gallatin, Mo. and political science and public law at U. of Missouri. Was assistant librarian of State Historical Society of Missouri, 1910–15. In his 45 years with the society, its membership rose from 315 to over 8,000, making it the largest of any such society in the U.S. He is known as the dean of historical society directors, and his vast knowledge of Missouri history earned him the title of “Mr. Missouri.” He has edited the Missouri Historical Review since 1915 and written many volumes on Missouri history. Was raised in Bucklin Lodge No. 233, Bucklin, Mo. in 1907, and is presently a member of Acacia Lodge No. 602 of Columbia, Mo.

George E. Shofner Portrait painter. b. Aug. 16, 1899 in Haley, Tenn. Has been official portrait painter, Grand Lodge of Tenn., since 1950. Raised in Libanus Lodge No. 308, Wartrace, Tenn. on March 29, 1928, and presently a member of Leila Scott Lodge No. 289, Memphis.

Lord Sholto (see Charles Aberdour).

David Sholtz Governor of Florida, 1933–37. b. Oct. 6, 1891 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Graduate of Yale in 1914 and Stetson U. (Fla.) in 1915, being admitted to bar in the latter year. Member of Florida legislature in 1917. Served as states attorney and municipal judge of Daytona. Officer and director of many companies. Served as ensign in Navy in WWI. Was commander-in-chief of Military Order of World Wars in 1944–45.

Affiliated with Halifax Lodge No. 81, Daytona Beach, Fla. on April 1, 1915 from Wooster Lodge No. 79, New Haven, Conn. A member of Acacia fraternity, National Sojourner, Shriner, and received the 33° AASR (SJ) in Oct., 1935.

John Shore English inventor of the tuning fork. Was sergeant trumpeter to King George II. Member of a lodge which met at the Griffin in Newgate St., circa 1725.

Dewey Short U.S. Congressman from Missouri for 28 years, 1928–30, 1934–56. b. April 7, 1898 in Galena, Mo. Graduate of Baker U. (Kans.). Taught for three years in Southwestern College. Served in Infantry in WWI. Defeated for congress in 1956, he was ranking Republican member of the armed services committee at that time. On Feb. 20, 1957 he was appointed assistant secretary of the Army in charge of civil functions. Member of Galena Lodge No. 515, Galena, Mo., receiving the degrees on Aug. 9, 23, Oct. 27, 1919.

William Short (1759–1849) American diplomat. b. Sept. 30, 1759 in Spring Garden, Va. Educated at William and Mary Coll. Chosen member of executive council of Va. at an early age. When Jefferson was appointed minister to France in 1785, Short accompanied him as secretary of legation, and after Jefferson's departure, remained as charge d'affaires. His commission was the first signed by Washington as president. Was transferred to The Hague as minister resident in 1792, and on Dec. 19 of same year was assigned to Spain to treat with that government concerning the Florida and Mississippi boundaries and the navigation of the Mississippi River. Signed

treaty of friendship with Spain on Oct. 27, 1795. Attended the Grand Lodge of Virginia in Oct., 1778 as a member of Cabin Point Lodge. On Nov. 17 same year he was recorded as a visiting brother of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va., and was admitted a member on that night. d. Dec. 5, 1849.

John G. Shortall (1838–1908) Lawyer and humanitarian; organized the American Humane Association in 1877 and was its president for many years. b. Sept. 20, 1838 in Dublin, Ireland, and came to U.S. when three years old. Settled in Chicago, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. Became owner of real estate abstracts, which acquired exceptional value after the destruction of public records of deeds, etc., by the famous Chicago fire of 1871. President of Chicago Public Library three terms, and ten years a director. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 308, Chicago. d. 1908.

John G. Shorter (1818–1872) Governor of Alabama, 1861–63. b. in Jasper Co., Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1837, and soon afterward began law practice in Eufaula. In 1842 he was appointed state's attorney, and later served in both branches of the legislature. Appointed circuit judge in 1852, serving for nine years. Member of Harmony Lodge No. 46, Eufaula, Ala., and listed as senior warden of same in proceedings of 1854. d. May 29, 1872.

Samuel M. Shortridge (1861–1952) U.S. Senator from California, 1921–33. b. Aug. 3, 1861 in Mount Pleasant, Iowa, moving to Calif. with his parents, who settled in San Jose in 1875. Admitted to the bar in 1884, he began practice at

San Francisco. His campaign slogan was "America First and Protection for California Products." Member of Excelsior Lodge No. 166; California Chapter No. 5, R.A.M.; California Commandery No. 1, K.T.; Scottish Rite; and Islam Shrine Tern-ple, all of San Francisco. d. Jan. 14, 1952.

George L. Shoup (1836–1904) Territorial Governor of Idaho, 1889–90; first Governor of Idaho, 1890; and first U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1890–1901. His statue represents Idaho in the Hall of Fame of the U.S. Capitol. b. June 15, 1836 in Kittanning, Pa., he moved with his parents to Ill, in June, 1852. Here he engaged in agricultural pursuits until 1858; moved to Colorado the following year. In Colo, he engaged in mining and mercantile pursuits until the Civil War. As a lieutenant, he did scouting duty on the Canadian, Pecos, and Red Rivers until the end of the war. In 1864 he was a member of the convention to prepare a constitution for the proposed state of Colorado. After the war he moved to Virginia City, Mont., where he was in the mercantile business, but shortly moved to Salmon City, Idaho. Here he was county treasurer, county commissioner, and superintendent of schools. He was a member of the territorial house of representatives in 1874 and territorial council in 1878. He was raised July 13, 1864 in Denver Lodge No. 5, Denver, Colorado, and became a charter member of Lemhi Lodge No. 11, Salmon City, Idaho, in 1874. Served as master of his lodge and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Idaho in 1889. Became member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C. in 1899. d. Dec. 21, 1904.

Anthony J. Showalter (1858–1924) Composer and

publisher. b. May 1, 1858 in Rockingham Co., Va. Studied music in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, England, France, and Germany. Began as a teacher, compiler of school song books, and composer, in 1880. Began publishing in Dalton, Ga. in 1884. Was president of the A. J. Showalter Co., with branches in Georgia, Arkansas, Texas, and Tenn. Wrote many books on music, such as *Work and Worship*; *Rudiments of Music*; *Showalter's Practical Harmony*. His most popular composition was *Leaning on the Everlasting Arms*, a gospel song which was printed in more than a thousand music books. Received degrees in Dalton Lodge No. 105, Dalton, Ga. on March 25, April 22, June 20, 1889. Dimitted Dec. 11, 1911. d. Sept. 15, 1924.

Otho Shrader (?–1811) Pioneer judge in Missouri and member of the first lodge West of the Mississippi River. He came from Sunbury, Pa. Previously a member of the old lodge at Kaskaskia, Ill., he was elected master of Louisiana Lodge No. 109 at Ste. Genevieve, Mo. in 1808.

Milton W. Shreve (1858–1939) U.S. Congressman from Pennsylvania to 63rd Congress, 1913–15, and 66th to 72nd Congresses, 1919–33. b. May 3, 1858 in. Venango Co., Pa. Was admitted to bar in 1893, practicing in Erie, Pa. Served in state house of representatives, 1907–12, and speaker in last year. d. Dec. 23, 1939. Mason.

Earl of Shrewsbury Name and titles in full are John George Charles Henry Alton Alexander Chetwynd, Chetwynd–Talbot the 21st Earl of Shrewsbury, Waterford and Talbot. b. in 1914,

he succeeded to the title in 1921. The earldom of Shrewsbury, created in 1442, is the oldest on the English rolls, and makes its holder the premier earl of England and Ireland. The earldom of Waterford in Ireland was created in 1446. The barony of Talbot was created in 1733, and raised to an earldom in 1784. Educated at Eton, Shrewsbury served in WWII from 1939–45 as an officer of the Royal Artillery. He was the godson of the late King George V and Queen Mary. He is a member in the Province of Staffordshire, and in 1953 was appointed senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England.

Thomas J. Shryock (1851–1918) Served as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland for 32 years, the longest ever served by any grand master in the United States. Had been elected to his 33rd term when he died. b. Feb. 27, 1851 in Baltimore. Appointment to the staff of Governor Henry Lloyd earned him the honorary title of “General.” He was in the lumber business, and held many public offices, including police commissioner of Baltimore and state treasurer of Maryland. Was president of the Iron Mountain and Greenbrier Railroad. Was a director of bank, power, and telephone companies. He was first president of the George Washington National Masonic Memorial; treasurer of Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and sovereign grand inspector general in Md.; grand treasurer of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M.; was past grand high priest of Grand Chapter, past grand master of the grand council, and past grand commander of the grand commandery in Maryland. d. Feb. 3, 1918.

William A. Shullenberger President International

Convention, Disciples of Christ, 1941–42. b. June 10, 1881 in Shippensburg, Pa. Graduate of Drake U. (Ia.) in 1904. Ordained to ministry in Christian Church (Disciples) in 1906. Served pastorates in Grant City, Mo., 1906–08, Trenton, Mo., 1908–10, Mexico, Mo., 1910–16, Des Moines, Iowa, 1916–26, and Central Christian Church, Indianapolis, Ind., since 1926. Special lecturer on theology at Drake U. and Butler U. Trustee of Drake and Butler universities. Received 1st degree in Grant City Lodge No. 66, Grant City, Mo. in 1908 and 2nd and 3rd degrees in Capitol Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, Iowa in 1918. Presently a member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. (since 1926). 32° AASR (SJ) at Des Moines, Iowa.

Francis R. Shunk (1788–1848) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1844–48. b. Aug. 7, 1788 in Trappe, Pa. Was teaching school at age of 15. Became a clerk in the office of the state surveyor-general, and while employed there, studied law. Was clerk of the state house of representatives for many years. In 1838 he was appointed secretary of state; in 1842, established himself as a lawyer at Pittsburgh. Was elected governor in 1844 and again in 1847, but was forced to resign on July 9, 1848 because of illness. He died on July 30. Became a member of Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa., on Sept. 9, 1818. Was secretary in 1819 and master in 1820.

Herbert L. Shuttleworth, II President of Mohawk Carpet Mills, Inc. from 1952. b. Nov. 2, 1913 in Amsterdam, N.Y. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1935 and M.I.T. in 1937. With Mohawk Mills since 1937. Has been a director since 1940; vice president, 1940–42; executive vice president, 1945–52.

Served as major in Quartermaster, U.S. Army, 1942–45. Now president of Mohasco Industries, Inc. Received degrees in Welcome Lodge No. 289, Amsterdam, N.Y. on Feb. 8, 22, and March 8, 1938.

Count Pavel Andreevich Shuvalov (1773–1823) Aide-de-camp to Emperor Alexander I, q.v.; brave soldier; philanthropist. He was elected ruler of the Russian Directorial Grand Lodge in 1814 to replace Boeber, q.v. The grand lodge was so split with dissension that Shuvalov declined the post, and Count V. V. Mussin–Pushkin–Bruce was elected in his place.

Jan (Jean) Sibelius (1865–1957) Finland's greatest composer. b. Dec. 8, 1865 in Hämeenlinna (Tavastahus). His full name was Johan Julius Christian Sibelius, but he later took the christian name of his uncle. At the age of ten he composed two pieces of music, Drops of Water and Aunt Evelina's Life. He thought of studying law, but gave it up in favor of music. He first studied violin under Gustav Levander. In 1888 Gunnar Wennerberg's tale, The Watersprite, was performed in Helsingfors, the 23-yearold Sibelius writing its central theme. He composed seven symphonies, a violin concerto, and much chamber music and piano music. Best known are his two great orchestral tone poems: En Sage, 1892, and Finlandia, 1900. Sibelius was the greatest Masonic composer since Mozart, q.v. On Aug. 1, 1822 the Czar of Russia issued an order closing all lodges in what is now Finland. Nearly 100 years later, Finland gained its independence, and in 1918 certain Finnish Masons who had been initiated in the U.S.

returned to Finland and petitioned the Grand Lodge of New York for a lodge at Helsinki. It was granted, and in 1922 Grand Master Arthur S. Tompkins visited Finland, where on August 18th, in the old Parliament House, the three degrees were conferred on 27 leading citizens of Finland, including Sibelius. The Finnish lodges now work under the ritual of the Grand Lodge of New York, translated verbatim into Finnish. Almost immediately, Sibelius and others formed Suomi Lodge No. 1 at Helsinki. Sibelius was the grand organist of the Grand Lodge of Finland, and in 1927 he composed a series of nine vocal and instrumental numbers, titled *Masonic Ritual Music*. It included a brief adagio for piano, five vocal solos with piano accompaniment, as march for piano with two trios, one of which has an additional voice part, an a cappella choral for male quartet, and a funeral march for organ. This work virtually escaped notice for the next seven years. In 1935 the music, in the form of a highly prized manuscript copy, was presented to the Grand Lodge of New York by the Grand Lodge of Finland, in token of friendship and brotherly love. It was signed by Sibelius. It also bore the request that the music be used for Masonic purposes only. It was first performed in the U.S. on Sept. 30, 1935 in the American Lodge of Research. In the same year, Sibelius received the annual Distinguished Achievement award from the Grand Lodge of New York. The first edition of the *Masonic Ritual Music* was published (for Masons only) in 1936. The second edition, in 1950, contained extensive revisions by the composer and was enlarged by three additional pieces, including the theme of the famous *Finlandia*, with Masonic words. Sibelius died

September 20, 1957 at the age of 92. He had been blind several years preceding his death.

Theodore A. Sick President of Security Mutual Life Insurance Co., Lincoln, Nebr. b. Sept. 14, 1897 in Fontanelle, Nebr. Began as clerk with Security Mutual in 1917. Was vice president and treasurer, 1928–42, director from 1937. President since 1943. Member of Lancaster Lodge No. 54; 32° AASR (SJ); Sesostri Shrine Temple; and Jesters, all of Lincoln, Nebr.

Horatio G. Sickel (1817–1890) Union Major General (brevet) in Civil War. b. April 3, 1817 in Belmont, Pa. He was in the coach-making business. In 1848 he invented a new method of producing artificial light, and became an extensive manufacturer of lamps. He entered Federal Service in June, 1861, as a colonel of the 3rd Regiment of Pa. reserves, and succeeded General George G. Meade in the command of the brigade. Commanded a brigade in the Kanawha Valley expedition of 1864, and another in the 5th Army Corps until the close of the war. He participated in the principal battles of the Army of the Potomac, losing his left elbow joint, besides receiving two other wounds. Brevetted brigadier general in Oct., 1864 and major general in March, 1865. Member and past master of St. John's Lodge No. 115, Philadelphia, and during the war a member of the Lodge of the Potomac, U.D., of the 3rd Regiment, Pa. Vols. d. April 18, 1890.

Vernon R. Sickel Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota from 1944. b. Aug. 24, 1887 in Farmersburg, Iowa. Graduate of Drake U. (Ia.) in 1909. Admitted to bar in that year, and

practiced law at Faulkton, S. Dak. until 1917. From 1922–37 he practiced at Mitchell. Served as circuit judge, 1937–44. Raised March 16, 1911 in Faulkton Lodge No. 95, Faulkton, S. Dak.

Kim Sigler Governor of Michigan, 1947–50. b. May 2, 1894 in Schuyler, Nebr. Graduate of Detroit Law School in 1918 and admitted to bar in that year. First associated with law firm in Detroit, but was in private practice at Hastings, Mich., 1922–41. From 1942–46 practiced in Battle Creek. Was special prosecutor of the Carr–Sigler grand jury for investigation of legislative graft in state government, 1943–46. Member of Hastings Lodge No. 52, Hastings, Mich., receiving degrees, Sept. 21, Oct. 19, and Nov. 9, 1929.

Robert L. F. Sikes U.S. Congressman to 77th–86th Congresses, 1941–60, from 3rd Florida dist. b. June 3, 1906 in Isabella, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1927 and U. of Florida in 1929. Was in agricultural and industrial research, 1928–32. Published the Okaloosa News–Journal, Crestview, Fla., and other newspapers, 1933–40. Served in European Theater in WWII. Member and past master of Concord Lodge No. 50, Crestview, Fla. Also member of Crestview Chapter No. 40, R.A.M., and Crestview Commandery No. 25, K.T. Other memberships include Zelica Grotto, Pensacola; Morocco Shrine Temple, Jacksonville; and National Sojourners, Eglin AFB, Fla.

Milton Sills (1882–1930) Stage and motion picture actor. b. Jan. 12, 1882 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of U. of Chicago in

1903, and took year and a half graduate work in philosophy at same university. Made his stage debut in *Dora Thorne* in New Palestine, Ohio, in 1906. Had leads in *This Woman and This Man*; *A Happy Marriage*; *The Servant in the House*; *The Fighting Hope*; *Diplomacy*; *Mother*; *The Rack*; *The Governor's Lady*, etc. His first motion picture was *The Pit*, in 1914. This was followed by *Behold My Wife*; *The Great Moment*; *Adam's Rib*; *As Man Desires*; *Skin Deep*; *The Sea Hawk*; *The Knock Out*; *Men of Steel*; *Hard Boiled Haggerty*; and others. Was a frequent speaker on screen art, literature, and religion. Was a member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, N.Y.C. (an actors' lodge) and was the first vice president and charter member of the "233 Club" in California, which was exclusively for Masons in the film industry and named for the New York actors' lodge. d. Sept. 15, 1930.

Luiz Alves de Lima e Silva (see Duque de Codas).

H. Percy Silver (?–1934) Protestant Episcopal priest who was elected bishop three times—declining each time. b. in Philadelphia. Graduate of General Theological Sem., N.Y. in 1894, and also of Hobart College. Ordained deacon in 1894 and priest in 1895. Served churches in Omaha and Lincoln, Nebr., 1894–1901. Was an Army chaplain, 1901–10; secretary of the missionary department of the Southwest, 1910–13. Was elected bishop coadjutor of Kansas, but withdrew. Was elected bishop coadjutor of Texas, but declined. In 1927 was elected bishop of Wyoming, but declined. He was chaplain of U.S. Military Academy, 1913–18. From 1918 until his death, Dec. 15, 1934, he was rector of the Church of the Incarnation,

New York. Mason and KCCH in Scottish Rite.

David Silverman (1903–1959) Executive editor of Minneapolis Star. b. April 19, 1903 in Minneapolis, Minn. Was with the Duluth News Tribune, 1922–24, and with the Minneapolis Star since 1924. Was managing editor, 1934–56, and since that date, executive editor. Member of Plymouth Lodge No. 160, Minneapolis, receiving degrees on June 7, 28 and July 12, 1943. d. July 28, 1959.

Merwin H. Silverthorn Lieutenant General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Sept. 22, 1896 in Minneapolis, Minn. Enlisted in the Marine Corps in 1917, commissioned the following year, advanced to major general in 1949, lieutenant general in 1954, and retired in that year. Served overseas in WWI; was chief of police, Port au Prince, Haiti, 1925. Member of joint U.S. strategic comm., Joint Chiefs of Staff, 1942–43; chief of amphibious warfare division, Army and Navy Coll., 1943; chief of staff, III Amphibious Corps, Pacific, 1944–45; chief of staff, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific, 1945–46; commanding general of troop training, amphibious force of Atlantic fleet, 1946–47. Assistant commandant of Marine Corps, 1950–52, and commanding general of recruiting depot, Parris Island, S. Car., 1952–54. Raised Oct. 19, 1927 in John A. Lejeune Lodge No. 350, Quantico, Va. Served twice as senior warden. Member of Quantico Chapter No. 44, National Sojourners.

George S. Silzer (1870–1940) Governor of New Jersey, 1923–26. b. April 14, 1870 in New Brunswick, N.J. Admitted to bar in 1892. Served in state senate, 1907–12, and was

county prosecutor and circuit judge. Chairman of board of two banks and trustee of a third. Chairman of Port of New York Authority, 1926–28. Made a Freemason, March 26, 1894, in Union Lodge No. 19, New Brunswick, N.J. d. Oct. 16, 1940.

Franklin Simmons (1839–1913) American artist and sculptor. b. Jan. 11, 1839 in Webster, Maine. After some preliminary work in portraiture in Maine, he spent the winters of 1865–66 in Washington, D.C., with sittings for Admirals Farragut and Porter and generals Grant, Meade, Sheridan, Sherman, Thomas, Hooker, and others. After 1868 he lived mostly in Rome, Italy. He executed about 100 portrait busts in marble; about 15 public monuments, including statues of William King, Roger Williams, Gov. Pierpont of Va., the G.A.R. monument of General Grant for national capitol, and equestrian monument of Gen. Logan in Iowa Circle, Washington, D.C. In Portland, Maine, he executed statues of Longfellow and soldiers' monument. Was decorated three times by the King of Italy. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Providence, R.I. d. Dec. 8, 1913.

Furnifold M. Simmons (1854–1940) U.S. Senator and Representative from North Carolina. b. Jan. 20, 1854 near Pollocksville, N. Car. Graduate of Trinity Coll. (now Duke U.) in 1873, studied law and admitted to bar in 1875. Moved to New Bern, N. Car. in 1876, where he began practice. Served in 50th congress, 1887–89. Appointed collector of internal revenue, 1893–97. Served as U.S. senator from 1901–31. A member of St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, N. Car., he received his degrees on April 3, May 28, July 15, 1878; at the

time of his death, April 30, 1940, had been a Freemason for nearly 62 years.

J. Edward Simmons (1841–1910) President of the New York Stock Ex-change, 1884–85; banker, financier and corporation president. b. Sept. 9, 1841 in Troy, N.Y. Graduate of Williams Coll. in 1862 and Albany Law School in 1863. Practiced law in Troy and N.Y.C. Was president of the Fourth National Bank of N.Y. from 1888, and also president of the Panama Railroad Co., Columbia Steamship Co., and New York Clearing House. Was president of Chamber of Commerce, State of New York, from 1907. Initiated, Dec. 5, 1864, in Mount Zion Lodge No. 311, Troy, N.Y., affiliating with Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C. ten years later. Was master of the latter in 1877 and again in 1878. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., Nov. 20, 1874, and knighted in Coeur de Leon Commandery No. 23, Oct. 1, 1878. Was commander of same in 1881. Received Scottish Rite degrees in Dec. 1875, and in 1885 was created 33° AASR (NJ). Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1883–84. d. 1910.

Robert G. Simmons U.S. Congressman; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Nebraska since 1938. b. Dec. 25, 1891 in Scotts Bluff Co., Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1915. Began law practice at Gering in 1915. Was U.S. congressman to 68th–72nd congresses, 1923–33, from 6th Nebr. dist. Was Republican nominee for U.S. senate in 1934 and 1936. In WWI he enlisted in the Air Service of U.S. Army and qualified as a spherical balloon pilot and balloon observer. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1918, he commanded the 63rd and 74th

Balloon companies. Member of Robert Furnas Lodge No. 265, Scottsbluff, Nebr. since 1917. Received 33° AASR (SJ), and is member of Sesostris Shrine Temple at Lincoln, Nebr.

William G. Simms (1806–1870) American poet and novelist. b. April 17, 1806 in Charleston, S. Car., living there his entire life. Aspired to a medical career, but studied law at 18. He never practiced law, but became interested in writing poems. He first published *Lyrical and Other Poems* at Charleston in 1827. The following year he became editor and part owner of the *Charleston City Gazette*. It proved a bad investment, and when it failed in 1833, he was left in poverty. He then devoted himself entirely to literature. In 1832 he published the best and longest of his poems, *Atalantis, a Tale of the Sea*. Gradually he turned to novels and this is where he gained his literary standing. They were usually historical novels with local color and wholly Southern in tone. *The Yemassee* is considered his best, although he wrote a score of others. A fine bronze bust of Simms by Ward was unveiled at Charleston in 1879. Edgar Allen Poe called him the “best novelist America has produced after Cooper.” He served as a member of the state legislature for many years, and in 1846 was defeated for lieutenant governor by one vote. He was admitted a member of Orange Lodge No. 14, Charleston, S. Car., on Feb. 12, 1866. He once wrote a poem of seven stanzas of eight lines each, entitled *Epistle to a Brother in Affliction*. d. June 11, 1870.

Joseph Simon (1851–1935) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1897–1903. b. Feb. 7, 1851 in Bechtheim, Germany, coming to U.S. with parents in 1857 and settling in Oregon. Admitted

to the bar in 1872 and began practice in Portland. Active in Republican state politics, he was a member of the state senate from 1880–98 and chairman of the central committee. Was delegate to two national conventions, and a member of the national committee, 1892–96. Was mayor of Portland, 1909–11. Member and past master of Portland Lodge No. 55, Portland, Oreg., he was a 33° AASR (SJ). d. Feb. 14, 1935.

Robert Simple Editor of The Californian, first newspaper published in California. He was first treasurer of Benicia Lodge No. 5, and donated the lumber used in building the first Masonic hall in that state.

Gordon Simpson Lawyer; Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Texas, 1945–49; head of War Crimes Commission to Germany for Department of Army in 1948. b. Oct. 30, 1894 in Gilmer, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1915 and 1919. Practiced law first in Pecos, and then at Tyler. Member of lower house, 1923–27. Elected to supreme court bench while in Italy with Air Force. In WWI he was a lieutenant in the Army, and in WWII a lieutenant colonel in judge advocate general dept. In private law practice at Dallas since 1949. President and director of General American Oil Co., Texas, and director of several oil-associated companies. Received degrees in St. John's Lodge No. 53, Tyler, Texas in 1919, dimitting in 1925 to become a charter member of Tyler Lodge No. 1233, Tyler, Texas; was senior deacon in 1935. Suspended NPD in 1939 and reinstated in 1944.

Howard E. Simpson President of the Baltimore and Ohio

Railroad since 1953. b. March 15, 1896 in Jersey City, N.J. Began with Central Railroad Co. of N.J. as a clerk in 1912, advancing to assistant general passenger agent, N.Y., in 1926. Became associated with the B. & O. in 1931 as general Eastern passenger agent; assistant to general passenger traffic manager at Baltimore, 1936–41; assistant passenger traffic manager, 1941–44; general passenger traffic manager, Baltimore, 1944–46; assistant vice president of traffic, 1946; vice president of traffic, 1947–52; executive vice president of the B. & O., 1952–53; and president since 1953. He is also president of various affiliated corporations and a director of several other corporations, including Libby–Owens–Ford Glass Co., Maryland Casualty Co., Maryland Shipbuilding & Dry–dock Co., and Fidelity–Baltimore National Bank. Member of Zeredatha Lodge No. 131, Jersey City, N.J. and 32° ASSR (NJ) in N.J.

Jeremiah (Jerry) Simpson (1842–1905) U.S. Congressman to 52nd–53rd Congresses, 1891–95, and 55th Congress, 1897–99, from Kansas. b. March 31, 1842 on Prince Edward Island, Canada, moving with parents to Oneida Co., N.Y. in 1848. Went to sea at age of 14 and followed nautical pursuits from 1856–79. Served in Civil War in 12th Regiment, III. Vol. Inf. Moved to Barber Co., Kansas in 1878 and settled near Medicine Lodge, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. Admitted to Delat Lodge No. 77, Medicine Lodge, Kans. on June 18, 1887. Was treasurer in 1888; suspended on Nov. 28, 1903 and restored Oct. 7, 1905. Received Scottish Rite degrees April 16, 1901. d. Oct. 22, 1905, 15 days after he was reinstated in the lodge; buried Ma–sonically.

John Simpson Brigadier General of Militia in American Revolution. Member of “the first lodge in Pitt County, North Carolina” (from proceedings of 1938).

Oramel H. Simpson (1870–1932) Governor of Louisiana, 1926–28. b. March 20. Served as secretary of the La. state senate from 1908–24, being elected lieutenant governor in the latter year. Received degrees in Mount Moriah Lodge No. 59 of New Orleans on June 19, July 3, 27, 1894, dimitting in 1905 to become a charter member of Osiris Lodge No. 300. Was master of Mount Moriah in 1902 and 1904. Was charter master of Osiris Lodge. Elected grand junior warden of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana in 1905. 32° AASR and member of Jerusalem Shrine Temple, New Orleans. d. Nov. 17, 1932 and buried by Osiris Lodge.

Robert T. Simpson Justice of Supreme Court of Alabama since 1944. b. Sept. 2, 1893 in Florence, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1915 and 1917. Was school teacher, laborer, and timekeeper before being admitted to bar in 1919. Practiced at Florence, Ala. until 1929, when he became solicitor of the 11th judicial circuit and, from 1940–44, judge of court of appeals of the state. Served in WWI as Infantry captain in A.E.F., participating in engagements at Lucey, Marbache, St. Mihiel, and Meuse–Argonne. Member and past master of Florence Lodge No. 14, Florence, Ala.; grand orator of Grand Lodge of Alabama in 1958. Member of Cyrus Chapter No. 6, Florence; National Sojourner and O.E.S.

William L. Sims, rr President of Colgate–Palmolive Co.,

soap manufacturers, 1955–57. b. Oct. 17, 1896 in Birmingham, Ala. Farmed at Eden, Ala. in 1913–16; then in manufacturing, sales, and advertising until 1927. Opened market for Colgate–Palmolive in Italy, 1927–29, and was continental European general manager at Paris, 1930–40. Returned to U.S. as assistant to the president; was vice president and director in charge of foreign department, 1945; executive vice president, 1952–55. Member of executive committee and president of Colgate–Palmolive International in 1953. Now a citrus grower at Orlando, Fla. Served in Army in W Wi. Member of Temple Lodge No. 636, Birmingham, Ala. and received 32° AASR (SJ) in Alabama Consistory No. 1, Birmingham on Nov. 18, 1921.

James H. Sinclair (1871–1943) U.S. Congressman to 66th–73rd Congresses, 1919–35, from North Dakota. b. Oct. 9, 1871 in St. Mary's, Canada. Brought to U.S. at age of six. Was superintendent of schools at Cooperstown, N. Dak., 1896–98; registrar of deeds, Cooperstown, 1899–1905; engaged in farming and real estate from 1908. Member of state house of representatives, 1915–17. Received degrees in Northern Light Lodge No. 45, Cooperstown, N. Dak. on April 2, May 7, June 4, 1897 and was master in 1903. Dimitted in Nov., 1913 to affiliate with Kenmare Lodge No. 70, Kenmare, N. Dak., and served as master in 1917. Retained his membership here until his death, Sept. 5, 1943.

Bernard S. Sines President of Southern Pacific Railroad Co. of Mexico since 1948; vice president of Texas & New Orleans R.R. Co. 1942–54, and executive vice president since 1955. b. Aug. 8, 1901 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Cornell in 1922

and A.M.P. from Harvard in 1953. Started as chainman for Union Pacific in 1921 and instrumentman for Illinois Central, 1922–24. With Southern Pacific since 1925, successively as trainmaster, assistant superintendent, superintendent, and vice president of the Mexican division. Member of El Paso Lodge No. 130, El Paso, Texas, since 1926.

Maharaja Dhuleep Singh (see under Dhuleep).

Sir Yadavendra Singhji The Maharajah of Patiala. In 1957 he was the district grand master of Northern India under British constitution. Visited U.S. that year and was a guest at the dinner in N.Y.C., celebrating the centennial of the Scottish Rite in that city.

Gordon G. Singleton Educator, college president. b. June 15, 1890 in Bluffton, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1919, Columbia U., 1924 and 1925; studied at Cambridge U., England. Was principal and superintendent of schools in Springvale, Cuthbert, Shellman, Stapleton, Pavo, and Cordele, Ga., 1909–23. With Ga. state department of education, 1925–35. Was president of Mary Hardin–Baylor Coll., Belton, Texas, 1937–52, and professor of higher education at Baylor U., Waco, Texas, since that date. Affiliated with Belton Lodge No. 166, Belton, Texas on July 11, 1940 from McDonald Lodge No. 172, Georgia. On Aug. 28, 1953 he affiliated with J. H. Gurley Lodge No. 337, Waco, Texas. Shriner.

William I. Sirovich (1882–1939) U.S. Congressman to 70th–75th Congresses, 1927–39, from 14th N.Y. dist. b. March

18, 1882 in York, Pa. Graduate of Coll. of City of New York in 1902, with Masters and M.D. degrees from Columbia U. in 1906. Began medical practice in N.Y.C. Was superintendent of the Peoples Hospital from 1917. Official arbitrator in labor disputes. Member of Perfect Ashlar Lodge No. 604, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on May 23, June 13, 27, 1912. d. Dec. 17, 1939.

Fred J. Sisson (1879–1949) U.S. Congressman to 73rd and 74th Congresses, 1933–37, from 33rd N.Y. dist. b. March 31, 1879 in Wellsbridge, N.Y. Graduate of Hamilton Coll. in 1904. Practiced law at Utica, N.Y. from 1911. Was active in legislation to keep U.S. out of war. Member of Sconondoa Lodge No. 814, Vernon, N.Y., receiving degrees on Feb. 20, March 6, 20, 1906. d. Oct. 16, 1949.

Thomas U. Sisson (1869–1923) U.S. Congressman to 61st–67th Congresses, 1909–23, from 4th Miss. dist. b. Sept. 22, 1869 in Attala Co., Miss. Graduate of Southwestern Presbyterian U. (Tenn.) in 1890. Was principal of schools at Carthage and Kosciusko, Miss. until 1893; admitted to the bar in 1894, he practiced at Memphis, Tenn. for two years and then at Winona, Miss. Served in state senate; defeated for governor in 1907. Raised in 1893 in Trinity Lodge No. 88, Kosciusko, Miss. dimitting in 1896 to affiliate with Winona Lodge No. 48, Winona, Miss. Started in grand lodge line in 1902 as junior grand warden and was grand master in 1904. d. Sept. 27, 1923.

Richard B. “Red” Skelton Comedian. b. July 18, 1913 in

Vincennes, Ind. Began acting in a medicine show at age of ten and was successively with a tent show, minstrel show, on a show boat, a clown in Hagenbeck & Wallace Circus, and on burlesque circuit. Made Broadway debut in 1937; radio debut on Rudy Vallee program in 1937, and first motion picture appearance in *Having a Wonderful Time* in 1938. He has since appeared in many movies including *Ship Ahoy*; *I Dood It*; *DuBarry Was a Lady*; *Thousands Cheer*; *Bathing Beauty*; *The Show Off*; *Merton of the Movies*; *The Fuller Brush Man*; *A Southern Yankee*; *Neptune's Daughter*; *Excuse My Dust*; *The Clown*; etc. His first radio program was "Red Skelton's Scrapbook of Satire" in 1942. Since 1951 he has starred on television in *The Red Skelton Show*. Was raised in Vincennes Lodge No. 1, Vincennes, Ind. in 1939. Member of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple, Los Angeles.

John Skene Claimed by some to be the first Mason in America. He was raised in Aberdeen Lodge No. 1 (27 on their roll) in Aberdeen, Scotland in 1682. He came to America in October, 1682, settling at Burlington, N.J. He was deputy governor of West Jersey from 1685 until his death in 1690, James Sketchley English printer and publisher at Birmingham; was the originator of Masonic coins and tokens. He made the first of these to commemorate the election of the Prince of Wales as grand master in Sept., 1794. They were so superior to the coins in use at that time that they became readily accepted as ordinary money. Thousands of them were placed in circulation. All coins werewithdrawn from circulation in 1817 by a government order.

Alexander Slade Author of *The Free Mason Examin'd*, a curious and rare “exposure” printed in 1754. It differs from others of the 18th century in that the ceremonies described in its catechism center around the building of the Tower of Babel under Nimrod. Nothing is known of the author, who described himself as “late master of three regular lodges in the city of Norwich.” Six editions were published in 1758, and there were also Irish and American editions.

Robert L. Slagle (1865–1920) President of South Dakota A. & M. College, 1906–14, and president of University of South Dakota, 1914–20. b. March 17, 1865 in Hanover, Pa. Graduate of Lafayette in 1887, 1890, and Johns Hopkins in 1894. First associated with food studies at Middletown, Conn. After 1895 he was a professor of chemistry in South Dakota colleges. Raised March 21, 1899 in Rapid City Lodge No. 25, Rapid City, S. Dak., and was master of same in 1902. d. Jan. 29, 1920.

James H. Slater (1826–1899) U.S. Congressman and Senator from Oregon. b. Dec. 28, 1826 near Springfield, Ill. Moved to Calif. in 1849 and settled in Corvallis, Ore. in 1850. Admitted to the bar in 1854. Was member of the territorial assembly in 1857–58 and state house of representatives in 1859. He published the *Oregon Weekly Union* at Corvallis in 1859–61. Served as congressman to 42nd congress, 1871–73, and as U.S. senator from 1879–85. Resumed law practice at La Grande, Ore., where he died, Jan. 28, 1899, and was buried in the Masonic cemetery. However, Oregon Grand Lodge has no record of his membership.

Albert E. Sleeper (1862–1934) Governor of Michigan, 1917–20. b. Dec. 31, 1862 in Bradford, Vt. Was president of banks in Yale, Bad Axe, Marlette, and Ubley, Mich. Served as state treasurer, 1909–13. Received degrees in Lexington Lodge No. 61, Lexington, Mich. on March 9, 16 and May 25, 1892. Affiliated with Verona Lodge No. 365, Bad Axe, Mich. on Dec. 14, 1921. d. May 13, 1934.

Charles H. Sloan (1863–1946) U.S. Congressman to 62nd–65th, 1911–19, and 71st, 1929–31, Congresses from 4th Nebr. dist. b. May 2, 1863 in Monticello, Iowa. Graduate of Iowa State Ag. Coll. in 1884. Was superintendent of schools at Fairmont, Nebr., 1884–87, admitted to the bar in 1887, and practiced at Fairmont until 1891. After that date he practiced in Geneva. Was author and advocate of legislation for eradication of tuberculosis in cows and cholera in hogs. Member of Geneva Lodge No. 79, Geneva, Nebr., and Triune Chapter No. 41, R.A.M. of same city. A Knight Templar and member of Scottish Rite. d. June 2, 1946.

John D. Sloat (1781?–1867) U.S. Naval officer. b. July 26, 1781 at Stratsburg, near Goshen, Rockland Co., N.Y. (Another source states b. in 1780 in New York City.) Entered Navy as a midshipman on Feb. 12, 1800, serving until May 21, 1801. Reentered the Navy as a sailing master in 1812; served on the frigate *United States* with Decatur and participated in the capture of the British frigate *Macedonian*. The *United States* was subsequently blockaded in the Thames River, Conn. until the end of the war. He was in command of the *Grampus* suppressing piracy in the West Indies, capturing several ships,

and finally, the pirate chief Colfrecinas, the last of the pirates, in 1825. Promoted to captain in 1837, he was commandant of the navy yard at Portsmouth, N.H. from 1840–44. In 1844–46 he was in command of the Pacific squadron. On July 7, 1846 he placed the U.S. flag on a custom house at Monterrey and took possession of that Mexican territory which is now Calif., for the U.S. He returned to Norfolk, Va. in 1847, where he commanded the navy yard until 1851. Was placed on the reserve list in 1855 and retired in 1861. Promoted to commodore in 1862 and real admiral in 1866, while on the retired list. He was admitted a member of St. Andrew's Lodge No. 3, N.Y.C. on May 13, 1800, and "declared off" July 2, 1800. The Grand Lodge of New York has the certificate issued to him by St. Andrew's Lodge. Evidently, he later became a member of St. Nicholas Lodge No. 321, N.Y.C. and was buried Masonically by this lodge and Tompkins Lodge No. 471. d. Nov. 28, 1867.

Frederick P. Small (1875–1958) President of American Express Company, 1923–44 and director since 1944. b. Nov. 28, 1875 in Augusta, Maine. With the American Express from 1896 and a director from 1918. Also a director of many associated companies. Member of Constitution Lodge No. 241, N.Y.C. Exalted in Bergen Chapter No. 40, R.A.M., Hackensack, N.J. and on Jan. 2, 1906 affiliated with Constitution Chapter No. 732, N.Y.C. Member of Merita Commandery No. 13, K.T., Paterson, N.J. and life member of Salaam Shrine Temple, Newark, N.J., being No. 732 on roster.

John Small A British officer of the American Revolution, who is said to have been acquainted with General Putnam

from the French and Indian Wars. There is a tradition that when Small was once a close target for American marksmen, “Old Put” struck up a rifle barrel and shouted, “Spare that officer, for he is as dear to me as a brother.”

Michael P. Small (1831–1892) Union Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. b. Aug. 9, 1831 in Harrisburg, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1855, and assigned to frontier duty. Served as chief commissary and quartermaster at Rolla, Mo. from Sept., 1861 to Jan., 1863; as chief commissary of the 13th Army Corps. Was supervising commissary officer of states of and Ind., 1863–64, and chief commissary of department of Va. and N. Car. at Fortress Monroe, supplying the armies operating against Richmond. Became brevet colonel in 1865 and brevet brigadier general later the same year. From Oct., 1884 until retirement he was with commissary at Baltimore, Md. Member of York Lodge No. 266, York, Pa. d. Aug. 1, 1892.

Robert O. Small Vice President of Chicago, Northwestern Railroad, 1952–55; now Executive Consultant. b. Aug. 10, 1889 in Deer Creek, Ill. With the Northwestern since 1910; was successively general agent at Indianapolis and Philadelphia; general freight agent, Chicago; freight traffic manager, traffic manager, general freight and traffic manager, and assistant to vice president. From 1952–54 he was vice president in charge of rates, and since 1954 has been vice president of traffic. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Sam Small (1851–1931) Journalist and evangelist. b. July 3, 1851 in Knoxville, Tenn. Graduate of Emory and Henry Coll.

(Va.) in 1871 and 1887. Ph.D. from Taylor U. (Ind.) in 1894 and D.D. from Ohio Northern U. same year. Was secretary to President Andrew Johnson during his post-presidential political campaigns. Was on the staff of the Atlanta Constitution from 1875. Was the founder of the Norfolk (Va.) Daily Pilot, and later, of the Daily Oklahoman, at Oklahoma City. He entered evangelistic work at Atlanta in 1885 and was associated in many campaigns with Sam Jones; later alone, he lectured on reform. When only 14 years old he served as a reserve soldier of the Confederate army (Jan.–Apr., 1865). In Spanish–American War was a chaplain of the 3rd U.S. Vol. Engineers. Mason. d. Nov. 21, 1931.

Robert Smalls (1839–1915) Negro U.S. Congressman and Naval captain in Civil War. b. April 5, 1839 in Beaufort, S. Car., moving to Charleston in 1851. Was appointed pilot in the U.S. Navy and served in that capacity on the monitor Keokuk in the attack on Fort Sumter. Promoted to captain for gallant and meritorious conduct in 1863, he was placed in command of the Planter, and served until that vessel was placed out of commission in 1866. Returned to Beaufort after war, and was member of state constitutional convention in 1868, state house of representatives in 1868, and state senate, 1870–72. Served in 44th–45th, 1875–79, congresses; 48th–49th congresses, 1884–87; and also, having successfully contested election of a congressman to 47th congress, served from July, 1882–March, 1883. Was collector of the port of Beaufort, 1887–1913. A Prince Hall Freemason. d. Feb. 22, 1915.

William Smallwood (1732–1792) Major General of

American Revolution; Governor of Maryland, 1785–88. b. in Kent Co., Md. Elected colonel of the Maryland battalion on Jan. 2, 1776, and on July 10 joined Washington in N.Y. Took an active part in Battle of Brooklyn Heights, and bore the brunt of the fight at White Plains. For this he was appointed brigadier general, Oct. 23, 1776. Fought at Fort Washington, and saved the day at Germantown in Oct. 1777. Won new laurels in the Battle of Camden. In Sept. 1780 he was appointed major general, but after the removal of Gates, he refused to serve under Baron Steuben, his senior officer. Nevertheless he did serve until Nov. 15, 1783. No proof of his Masonic membership, but traditionally is considered a member of Military Lodge No. 27 of the Maryland line. d. Feb. 14, 1792.

Jacob E. Smart Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. May 31, 1909 in Ridgeland, S. Car. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1931, and rose through grades to major general in 1953. From 1931–55 he served in various posts in U.S. and Europe. Since 1955 he has been assistant vice chief of staff of the U.S. Air Force in Washington. Made a Master Mason at sight on Dec. 30, 1955, by the grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in a special communication of American Lodge No. 98 of Ridgeland, his birthplace.

Graham B. Smedley (1879–1954) Justice, Supreme Court of Texas, 1945–54. b. Nov. 10, 1879 in Millersburg, Ky. Graduate of Georgetown Coll. (Ky.) in 1901 and U. of Virginia, 1904. Practiced law in Dallas, 1905–07, and Midland, 1907–13. Was assistant attorney general of Texas at Austin, 1913–18, and practiced in that city, 1918–25. From 1925–29 he practiced

at Wichita Falls, and at Fort Worth, 1929–33. Member of Hill City Lodge No. 456, Austin, Texas, receiving degrees on July 19, Oct. 1 and 29, 1921. 32° AASR and KCCH; Shriner. d. June 16, 1954.

Sir Robert Smirke (1781–1867) English architect. He designed the Covent Garden Theatre in classical style in 1909, the College of Physicians, the Post Office, the Mint, and the British Museum. He did the library and dining hall of the Inner Temple in Gothic style and the restoration of Yorkminster. His father was an historical painter and book illustrator, who became a member of the Royal Academy in 1793. Sir Robert became a subscribing member of the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2 of London in 1808.

A. Frank Smith Methodist bishop. b. Nov. 1, 1889 in Bastrop Co., Texas. Graduate of Southwestern U. (Texas) in 1912 and 1923. Entered Methodist Episcopal, South, ministry in 1912. Served Texas churches in Dallas, Austin, San Antonio, and Houston. Elected bishop in 1930. In charge of many area, state, and Indian mission conferences. Bishop of Houston–San Antonio area since 1934. Served on many national commissions of the church. In 1940–41 he was president of the Council of Bishops of the Methodist Church. Member of Bennett Lodge No. 531, Detroit, Texas since 1914. 32° AASR at Houston and Arabia Shrine Temple, Houston. Was imperial chaplain of the Imperial Shrine in 1948–49.

Barton Smith (1852–1935) Grand Commander of Supreme Council, 33°, Scottish Rite, Northern Jurisdiction, 1910–21. b.

June 2, 1852 in Channahon, Ill. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1872 and 1875. Practiced law in Toledo, Ohio from 1875. Was president of the Toledo Blade Co., 1920–26. Active in politics until 1896. Made a Mason in Sanford L. Collins Lodge No. 396, Toledo, May 9, 1876. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio; grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Ohio; first commander-in-chief of the Toledo Consistory AASR. Was delegate to conference of supreme councils of the world at Brussels in 1907, Washington, 1912, and Lausanne, Switzerland, 1922. d. Nov. 16; 1935.

Benjamin Smith (1750?–1829) Aide–de–camp to General Washington; Governor of North Carolina, 1810–12; Major General of state militia. His birth dates have been given as 1750 and 1756, in Brunswick Co., N. Car. In 1776 he became an aide–de–camp to Washington and was with him in the retreat from Long Island. He participated in the defense of Fort Moultrie and served during the British invasion of S. Car. In 1789 he gave 20,000 acres of land to the U. of North Carolina, and the trustees named a hall in his honor. He was a member of the state senate 15 times. He served as a major general of militia from 1794–1810. He was a member of St. John’s Lodge No. 1 of Wilmington, N. Car., and on Dec. 20, 1797, when he was speaker of the state senate, that body passed the act incorporating the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. He represented his lodge at grand lodge in 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808. He was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1809–1810–1811. He last attended that body on Dec. 7, 1816. In 1807 he was selected as a representative, together with James Turner, to represent

N. Car. at the convention in Washington, D.C., to consider the formation of a general grand lodge. d. Feb. 10, 1829.

Sir Bracewell Smith Former Lord Mayor of London, England. As such he was master of Guildhall Lodge No. 3116, which has had 35 lord mayors fill the chair. He was a school-teacher before WWI. He then turned to catering and became director of several of London's leading hotels, including the Park Plaza. He represented Dulwich in Parliament, and served as sheriff of London. He was twice master of Motherland Lodge No. 3861.

Sir C. Aubrey Smith (1863–1948) English movie actor, who made many pictures in the United States as a character actor. Was knighted for his work. A member of Hova Ecclesia Lodge No. 1466 of Brighton, England and served as its master in 1891. d. 1948.

Caleb B. Smith (1808–1864) Secretary of Interior in Lincoln's first cabinet, 1861–62; U.S. Congressman to 28th–30th Congresses, 1843–49, from Indiana. b. April 16, 1808 in Boston, Mass. Moved to Ohio with parents in 1814. Attended Miami U. at Oxford, Ohio, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1828, beginning practice in Connersville. Founded and edited the Indiana Sentinel in 1832. In state house of representatives, 1833–37 and 1840–41. As congressman he was member of the board to investigate claims against Mexico. Moved to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he was active in politics, and a member of the peace convention of 1861 in Washington. Resigned as secretary of interior to become U.S.

district judge for Indiana, serving as such until his death on Jan. 7, 1864 at Indianapolis. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana in 1837. Received degrees in Warren Lodge No. 15, Connersville, Ind. on April 18, 24, 29, 1829, and was master in 1832. In 1852 he dimitted, and is thought to have affiliated with a lodge in Indianapolis. His funeral, held on Jan. 12, 1864, included Masonic services.

Charles E. Smith (1842–1908) U.S. Postmaster General, 1898–1902; U.S. Minister to Russia, 1890–92; editor. b. Feb. 18, 1842 in Mansfield, Conn. Moved with parents to Albany, N.Y. in 1849. Engaged in raising and organizing Union regiments in Civil War. Was editor of the Albany (N.Y.) Express, 1865–70; the Albany (N.Y.) Journal, 1870–80, and Philadelphia Press after 1880. Made a Mason “at sight” by Judge Michael Arnold, grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1896, and became member of Rising Star Lodge No. 126, Philadelphia. d. 1908.

Charles M. Smith (1868–1937) Governor of Vermont, 1935–37. b. Aug. 3, 1868 in West Rutland, Vt. Graduate of Dartmouth Coll. in 1891. Served in state senate, 1927–31, and in house of representatives, 1931–32. Was lieutenant governor, 1932–34. Was president and trustee of the Marble Savings Bank of Rutland. Raised in Hiram Lodge No. 101 of West Rutland, in 1891. d. Aug. 12, 1937.

Charles P. Smith (1878–1948) Judge of Tax Court of the United States, 1924–46. b. Dec. 12, 1878 in Windham, N.H. Graduate of Brown U. in 1902. Was with Bureau of Census,

1905–11; admitted to bar in latter year and began practice at Washington, D.C. Was assistant to commissioner of Internal Revenue, 1921–23. Member of Joppa Lodge No. 35, Washington, D.C. d. July 6, 1948.

Delazon Smith (1816–1860) One of the first two U.S. Senators from Oregon. b. Oct. 5, 1816 in New Berlin, N.Y. Graduate of Oberlin Coll. (Ohio) in 1837, studied law and admitted to bar. Established the New York Watchman in Rochester, N.Y. in 1838, and edited it for two years. Published and edited the True Teffersonian and Western Herald in Rochester in 1840. In 1841 founded the Western Empire in Dayton, Ohio. Moved to Territory of Iowa in 1846, and entered the ministry. Moved to the Territory of Oregon in 1852, where he edited the Oregon Democrat. Member of the territorial house of representatives in 1854–56 and delegate to state constitutional convention in 1857. Elected by the legislature as one of the first two U.S. senators from Oregon. Drawing for seniority by lot, Smith became “senior senator” over Joseph Lane, q.v. He spent many months in Washington, D.C. waiting for the Oregon statehood bill to pass before he could be sworn in on Feb. 14, 1859, and was therefore a senator but 18 days. He was named first master in the dispensation for Corinthian Lodge No. 17 of Albany, Oreg., in March 1857. In 1904 this lodge consolidated with St. Johns No. 62 to become St. Johns No. 17. d. Nov. 18, 1860.

DeWitt C. Smith Vice President of the American Red Cross. b. Oct. 30, 1892 in Hagerstown, Md. First employed by government of District of Columbia, 1916–17, and with Red Cross

since 1919. Was assistant to general manager, 1919–21; director of fiscal service, 1921; assistant to vice chairman, 1921–32; manager of eastern 24 states, 1932–33; assistant director of domestic operations, 1933–39; director of domestic operations and national director of disaster relief, 1939–43; vice chairman of American Red Cross, 1943–47; vice president in charge of social welfare services, 1948–51; assistant general manager, 1951–54; and vice president in charge of operations since 1954. Served with A.E.F. in WWI as lieutenant of machine gun company. Member of Takoma Lodge No. 29, Takoma Park, Md.

Earl B. Smith Justice of Supreme Court of Idaho from 1954. b. May 9, 1896 in Boise, Idaho. Graduate of U. of Idaho in 1919 and admitted to bar in 1923. Was in law practice until 1954. Mason.

Edgar Smith (1857–1938) Playwright and librettist who wrote or adapted more than 160 plays, travesties, burlesques, musical comedies and operas. b. Dec. 9, 1857 in Brooklyn, N.Y., he was educated at Pennsylvania Academy at Chester. Was an actor in New York companies, 1878–86, and a writer of Weber and Fields' extravaganzas and burlesques, 1896–1904. Among his originals are Spider and Fly; Pousse Cafe; Catherine; Barbara Fidgety; Tillie's Nightmare; Old Dutch; The Mimic World; The Sun. Dodgers; Hands tip; Robinson Crusoe, Jr.; The Blue Paradise; Oh, What a Girl; Home Sweet Home; Hotel Topsy Turvy; Dream City; Step This Way; Hello Alexander; Red Pepper, etc. Mason. d. March 8, 1938.

Edward H. Smith Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard and Director of Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, 1950–56. b. Oct. 29, 1889 in Vineyard Haven, Mass. Graduate of U.S. Coast Guard Academy in 1913 and Harvard U. in 1924 and 1934. Commissioned ensign in U.S. Coast Guard in 1913, and advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1942. Engaged in oceanographic studies in Bergen, Norway in 1924; with British Meteorol. Office, London, 1925; commander of Coast Guard Marion Expedition, surveying Labrador Sea and Baffin Bay in 1928; member of staff of Graf Zeppelin Polar Expedition, 1931; commander of International Ice Patrol force, 1939–40; commanded Task Force 24, 1943–45; and later commanded Eastern area of U.S. Coast Guard. Mason.

Edward J. Smith Vice President of Ingersoll–Rand Co., 1945–55. b. Feb. 15, 1890 in Ridgeway, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1915. Foundry engineer and superintendent of Ingersoll–Rand at Painted Post, N.Y., 1917–33, and general manager, 1933–55. Director of the company since 1943. Now a manufacturing consultant. Mason.

Ellison D. Smith (1866–1944) U.S. Senator from South Carolina, 1909–44. b. Aug. 1, 1866 in Lynchburg, S. Car. Member of S. Car. lodge, but dropped NPD in 1933. d. Nov. 17, 1944.

Elmo Smith Governor of Oregon, 1956–57; publisher. b. Nov. 19, 1909 in Grand Junction, Colo. Graduate of College of Idaho in 1932. Was editor and publisher of the Ontario Argus Observer, 1933–46, and the Blue Mountain Eagle since

1946; and of the Albany (Oreg.) Democrat Herald since 1957. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 118, Ontario, Oreg.; Zadoc Chapter No. 34, R.A.M. of Ontario; Baker Council No. 16, R. & S.M., and Baker Commandery No. 9, K.T. of Baker, Oreg. Also 32° AASR (SJ) at Baker, and Al Kader Shrine Temple, Portland.

Fielding Smith Prominent early-day Mormon who was a member of the lodge at Nauvoo, Ill., and present at cornerstone laying of the Masonic temple.

Forrest Smith Governor of Missouri, 1948–52. b. Feb. 14, 1886 in Richmond, Mo. Studied at Woodson Institute (Richmond) and Westminster Coll. (Fulton). Was deputy county assessor four years and clerk of Ray Co. eight years. He taught school for a time in Ray Co. Served as a member of the state tax commission, 1925–32. Was state auditor, 1932–48, being the only person in Mo. elected to a fourth term. He became president of the National Assn. of State Auditors, Comptrollers, and Treasurers, and a member of the executive committee of the National Tax Association. He has been referred to as the “father” of the State Sales Tax Act. in Mo. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 47; Cyrus Chapter No. 36, R.A.M.; Richmond Commandery No. 27, K.T.; 32° AASR (SJ) in St. Louis; Ararat Shrine Temple in Kansas City; St. Chrysostom Conclave No. 36, R.C.C., Columbia, Mo.

Frank O. Smith (1859–1924) U.S. Congressman to 63rd Congress, 1913–15, from 5th Md. dist. b. Aug. 27, 1859 in Smithville, Md. In internal revenue service until 1889, when

he organized the Calumet Canning Co. and the Frank O. Smith & Co. general merchandise, in 1890. Member of Prince Frederick Lodge No. 142, Prince Frederick, Md., being initiated Jan. 28, 1899. d. Jan. 29, 1924.

Frederick M. Smith (1874–1946) President of the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, 1915–46; son of Joseph Smith, first president of the reorganized branch; grandson of Prophet Joseph Smith, q.o., founder of Mormonism, to whom the angel Moroni revealed the Book of Mormon. b. Jan. 21, 1874 at Plano, Ill., where his father, editor of *The Saints' Herald*, had, in 1860, established the reorganized branch of the church in opposition to the Brigham Young, q.v., group in Utah. Graduate of Graceland Coll. (Ia.) in 1898 and 1923; at U. of Missouri, 1908–09; A.M. from U. of Kansas in 1911; and Ph.D. from Clark U. in 1916. He was first counselor of the church, 1902–15, and on the death of his father in 1914, succeeded him as the second president. Was professor of mathematics at Graceland Coll., 1899–1900, and editor of the *Lamoni (Ia.) Chronicle*, 1900–02. Was associate editor of *The Saints' Herald*, 1900–04, and editor after 1917. He edited the *Journal of History*, 1908–12. Raised in Carbondale Lodge No. 70, Carbondale, Kans., on March 16, 1927; affiliated with Orient Lodge No. 546, Kansas City, Mo. on April 28, 1928, and was master in 1934; grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1929–30; and Grand Chaplain, Grand Lodge of Missouri, 1940–41. Exalted in Orient Chapter No. 102, R.A.M., Kansas City, June 26, 1928; greeted in Shekinah Council No. 24, R. & S.M., Kansas City on Sept. 12, 1928; knighted in Oriental Commandery No. 35,

K.T., Kansas City, Dec. 21, 1928; and affiliated with Palestine Commandery No. 17, K.T., of Independence, Mo., June 2, 1938. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Fort Scott, Kans. on April 26, 1927 and affiliated with Western Missouri Consistory in Kansas City, Jan. 25, 1933. Received Shrine in Mirza Temple, Pittsburg, Kans., May 25, 1927, affiliated with Ararat in Kansas City, Oct. 8, 1929, and was potentate for 1941. Served on board of directors of Shrine Hospital, St. Louis. Member of Missouri Lodge of Research. Dimitted from chapter, council and commandery in Oct., 1941, but retained other memberships. d. March 20, 1946.

George Smith British Army captain who was inspector of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. His fame rests on his work, *The Use and Abuse of Freemasonry*, published in 1783. He had requested the sanction of the grand lodge for its publication, but on its refusal printed it anyway. It was very popular and all copies were soon sold. Although born in England, he had entered the military service of Prussia at an early age, being connected with a noble family in that country. It appears that he was initiated in one of the German lodges. On his return to England he became master of the Royal Military Lodge at Woolwich, serving four years. During his mastership, he opened the lodge in the King's Bench Prison and initiated some persons confined there. This brought the censorship of the grand lodge on both Smith and the lodge. In 1778 the Duke of Manchester appointed him provincial grand master of Kent, and in 1780 he was appointed junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England. Grand Secretary Heseltine, unfriendly to Smith,

objected to it as illegal for a person to hold two offices in the grand lodge, and Smith resigned at the next quarterly communication. (Actually it was legal at that time, but was not written into the law until 1784.) In 1785 he was expelled from the Craft “for uttering an instrument purporting to be a certificate of the Grand Lodge recommending two distressed Brethren.”

George W. Smith (1846–1907) U.S. Congressman to 51st–60th Congresses, 1899–1907, from Illinois. b. Aug. 18, 1846 in Putnam Co., Ohio. Moved to Wayne Co., Ill. with father in 1850, where he learned the blacksmith trade. Studied law and graduated from Indiana U. in 1870. Practiced his profession at Murphysboro, Ill. Member of Murphysboro Lodge No. 496 and Cairo Commandery No. 13, K.T. of Cairo, Ill. d. Nov. 30, 1907, and buried Dec. 4 by his lodge, with an escort from Cairo Commandery.

George Wm. Smith (1762–1811) Tenth Governor of Virginia, succeeding James Monroe, who had resigned to accept the position of secretary of State in Madison’s cabinet. On Dec. 26, 1811—exactly three weeks later—while attending a performance at the Richmond Theatre, he, with many others, was killed in the fire that consumed the building. The Monumental Church was erected on the site of the theatre the following year, and the remains of the victims, including Smith’s, are buried in the portico of the church. He received the degrees in Jerusalem Lodge No. 54, Richmond, Va. (now extinct) in 1804, and on Jan. 13, 1807, affiliated with Richmond Lodge No. 10. d. Dec. 26, 1811.

Green Clay Smith (1826–1895) U.S. Congressman from Kentucky to 38th–39th Congresses, 1863–66; Governor of Montana Territory, 1866–69; Major General (Union) of volunteers, by brevet, in Civil War. b. July 4, 1826 in Richmond, Ky., the son of John Speed Smith, q.v. Served in the Mexican War as a second lieutenant of 1st Ky. Vol. Inf. 1846–47. Graduate of Transylvania U., Lexington, in 1849. Studied law; admitted to bar in 1852, practicing in Covington. Member of state house of representatives, 1861–63. Commissioned colonel of 4th Regt., Ky. Vol. Cavalry in 1862; made brigadier general of volunteers on July 2, 1862; resigned Dec. 1, 1863 and breveted major general of volunteers on March 13, 1865. Moved to Washington, D.C. in 1869, where he became a Baptist minister and evangelist. Was a candidate of the National Prohibition Party in 1876 for president of the United States. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 25, Richmond, Ky., and at one time grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. Later he was a member of Virginia City Lodge No. 1, Montana. He is recorded as addressing the Grand Lodge of Montana at its third communication on Oct. 7–12, 1867, but his name disappears from the list of members of Virginia City Lodge after 1873. d. June 29, 1895.

Gustavus W. Smith (1822–1896) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. Jan. 1, 1822 in Scott Co., Ky. Graduate of the U.S. Military Academy in 1842, and appointed to Engineer Corps. Constructed fortifications in New London, Conn. Harbor, and taught engineering in the U.S. Military Academy in 1844–46. In war with Mexico he commanded the sappers and miners at siege of Vera Cruz, and was at Cerro Gordo

and Contreras. Again taught in military academy in 1849, but resigned from Army in 1853. Devoted himself to construction of buildings, and was street commissioner of New York City, 1858–61. In 1860 was a member of the board to revise the instruction at the U.S. Military Academy. Returned to Ky. at start of Civil War, entering Confederate service in Sept., 1861, being appointed major general. Succeeded Gen. Joseph E. Johnston in temporary command of the Army of Northern Virginia in May, 1862, and subsequently commanded at Richmond. Was in charge of forces of Georgia in 1864–65, and was taken prisoner at Macon on April 20, 1865. After war was superintendent of Southwest Iron Works at Chattanooga, Tenn., 1866–69, and insurance commissioner of Ky., 1870–76. Then moved to New York City, where he died June 23, 1896. Member of Keystone Lodge No. 235, N.Y.C.

Hoke Smith (1855–1931) Governor of Georgia, 1906–09, and Jul.–Nov., 1911; U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1911–21; Secretary of Interior in cabinet of President Cleveland, 1893–96. b. Sept. 2, 1855 in Newton, N. Car. Admitted to bar in 1873, and commenced practice in Atlanta, Ga. Became owner of the Atlanta Evening Journal in 1887, serving as editor and president until 1900. Member of Gate City Lodge No. 2, Atlanta, Ga., receiving all degrees in September, 1889. d. Nov. 27, 1931.

Howard W. Smith U.S. Congressman to 72nd–86th Congresses, 1933–60, from Virginia. b. Feb. 2, 1883 in Broad Run, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1903. Practiced law at Alexandria, Va., 1904–22. Served as circuit judge, 1928–30. President of Alexandria National Bank, and engaged in

farming and dairying. A vice president and trustee of the National Florence Crittenton Mission. Member of Alexandria-Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va.

Hurlbut Wm. Smith (1865–1951) An organizer of the L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co. in 1903, of which he was director and member of Executive board; was president, treasurer, and chairman of executive board of L. C. Smith & Corona Typewriters, Inc. b. June 24, 1865 in Centre Lisle, N.Y. Began in the gun manufacturing works of L. C. Smith; was later with Smith Premier Typewriter Co. as treasurer, until 1903. Member of Central City Lodge No. 305, Syracuse, N.Y., receiving degrees on Nov. 23, 1897, Feb. 15, March 8, 1898. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner. d. Dec. 16, 1951.

Hyrum Smith (?–1844) Brother of Joseph Smith, q.v., the founder of Mormonism. Killed with his brother by a mob in the jail at Carthage, Ill. on June 27, 1844. He was first senior warden of the Nauvoo Lodge, U.D. at Nauvoo, Ill. After the grand lodge had ordered the dispensation for this lodge returned, it continued work clandestinely, with Hyrum as master. In this capacity he officiated at the dedication ceremonies of the Masonic Hall at Nauvoo on April 5, 1844, and his signature is one of those in the cornerstone documents. It has been claimed that both Hyrum. and Heber C. Kimball were Masons in Ontario Co., N.Y., before becoming Mormons.

Israel Smith (1759–1810) U.S. Congressman, U.S. Senator and Governor of Vermont. b. April 4, 1759 in Suffield, Conn.

Graduate of Yale in 1781. Practiced law first at Rupert, Vt. and later at Rutland. In state house of representatives several terms, and was a delegate to state constitutional convention in 1791. Upon admission of Vt. as a state, he was elected to the 2nd congress and reelected to 3rd and 4th congresses, serving from 1791–97. Was appointed chief justice of the state supreme court in 1797. He was elected to the 7th congress, 1801–03, and was U.S. Senator from 1803 to 1807, when he resigned to become governor of Vermont. Member of Center Lodge No. 6, Rutland, Vt. d. Dec. 2, 1810.

James Smith (1720?–1806) Signer of Declaration of Independence. Birth date unverified, but born in Ireland, emigrating to America with family in 1729. Educated at Coll. of Philadelphia; studied law, settling first in Shippensburg and later in York, Pa. Possessed considerable property at start of Revolution, but lost it all. Raised a military company in 1774. Appointed brigadier general of Pa. militia in 1782. Member of the provincial congress of 1776 that formed a new government for Pa. Elected to congress on July 20, 1776, remaining in that body until 1778. Served again in congress in 1785. His Masonic membership is not verified. There was a “James Smith” initiated in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia on Sept. 11, 1754 and another who received the degrees in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia in 1851. d. July 11, 1806.

James A. Smith (1865–1920) U.S. Consul General. b. Nov. 3, 1865 in Grand Rapids, Mich. Manager of marble quarries in Vermont in 1891. American consul at Leghorn, Italy, 1897–1907; consul general at Boma, Congo Free State, 1907–08; at

Genoa, Italy, 1908–13; and Calcutta, India after 1913. Mason. d. Oct. 2, 1920.

James Fairbairn Smith Editor of the Detroit Masonic World. b. Jan. 30, 1902 in Hawick, Roxburghshire, Scotland. Educated at schools in Hawick and Morpeth, England, taking special courses at Rutherford Technical Coll. and the Royal Society of Arts, London. He graduated from the National College of Music in 1923. Left Scotland in Jan., 1924 for Calgary, Alberta, but on arriving in Toronto, decided to visit Detroit, Mich., and remained to make it his home. For the next 12 years he taught music, becoming a director of the Redford Branch, Detroit Conservatory of Music, and an associate instructor of Detroit Foundation School. Helped found the Brightmoor Musical Festival and also the Detroit Musicians' League. Was raised as a "Lewis" at the age of 18 in the lodge at Hawick, Scotland. Exalted in King Cyrus Chapter No. 133, Detroit, in Nov., 1925, and high priest in 1934. Was grand high priest of Michigan in 1945. Greeted in Monroe Council No. 1, R. & S.M. in March, 1926 and knighted in Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. in Nov., 1926. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in 1934, and headed the Detroit Consistory in 1953–56; received 33° in 1946. Is a member of St. Clements Conclave No. 39, R.C.C.; Royal Order of Scotland; Philalethes Society; Moslem Shrine Temple; Royal Order of Jesters; Blue Friar.

Joe L. Smith U.S. Congressman to 71st–78th Congresses, 1929–45, from 6th W. Va. dist. b. May 22, 1880 in Raleigh Co., W. Va. Publisher of Raleigh Register for 20 years. President of Beckley National Bank since 1914 and Beckley Hotel Co.

Mayor of Beckley, W. Va. four terms, 1904–29; member of state senate, 1909–13. Member of Beckley Lodge No. 95, Beckley, W. Va., since 1901; member of Beckley Chapter No. 38, R.A.M.; Mount Hope Commandery No. 22, K.T., Mt. Hope, W. Va.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Charleston, W. Va. and Beni Kedem Shrine Temple of same city. Served twice as master of his lodge.

John Smith (1752–1816) U.S. Senator from New York, 1804–13. b. Feb. 12, 1752 in Mastic, near Brookhaven, N.Y. Served in state legislature, 1784–99, and was U.S. congressman from N.Y., 1799–1804. He took the place of DeWitt Clinton, q.v., in the senate, Clinton having resigned. After his service in the senate he became U.S. marshal for N.Y., and was a major general of militia for many years. He was one of the petitioners for a lodge granted in Montgomery, Orange Co., N.Y., on June 6, 1798. d. Aug. 12, 1816.

John Smith (1850–1929) Philanthropist who endowed the Masonic Home for Bays in Pennsylvania with \$600,000, and in his will left more than one million to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for its Masonic homes. b. April 18, 1850. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 155, Philadelphia. d. Feb. 8, 1929.

John B. Smith (1838–1914) Governor of New Hampshire in 1893–94. b. April 12, 1838 in Saxton's River, Vt. Began as a manufacturer of hosiery in 1864, locating permanently in Hillsboro, N.H. in 1866. He built up a large business, which was incorporated in 1882, with himself and his nephew as

chief owners. Was on executive council of N.H., 1887–89. Raised in Harmony Lodge No. 38, Hillsboro, N.H. on May 3, 1882, and was a member at the time of his death, Aug. 10, 1914.

John Corson Smith (1832–1910) Union Brigadier General (brevet) of volunteers in Civil War. b. Feb. 13, 1832 in Philadelphia, Pa. Moved to Galena, Ill. in 1854, where he followed his trade as a builder. He enlisted as a private in the 74th Ill. Vols. in 1862. In same year he raised Co. I of the 96th Ill. Inf. and was elected major on Sept. 6. Brevetted brigadier general of volunteers “for meritorious services,” June 20, 1865. He participated in the 2nd Battle of Fort Donelson, and the battles of Franklin, Liberty Gap, Chickamauga, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Resaca, Kingston, Cassville, New Hope Church, Dallas, Pumpkinvine Creek, Pine Mountain, and Kenesaw Mountain, being severely wounded in the latter. He was in the internal revenue service, 1865–74; chief grain inspector of Ill., 1875–77; state treasurer, 1879–81; lieutenant governor of Ill., 1885–89. He was a member of Miners’ Lodge No. 273 of Galena, Ill., which furnished five generals in the Civil War from a membership of 50. The others were John A. Rawlings, Ely S. Parker, William R. Rowley and John E. Smith, q.q.v. He was raised May 21, 1859, was secretary in 1862, master in 1870–74, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, 1887–88. He was also grand master of the Oddfellows. Exalted in Jo Daviess Chapter No. 51, R.A.M. of Galena on March 15, 1860, he was high priest from 1868–74; greeted in Ely S. Parker Council No. 60, R. & S.M., Galena, on Feb. 19, 1873, he was master of it that year, later becoming

member of Freeport Council No. 39, Freeport, Ill. Knighted in Galena Commandery No. 40, K.T. on April 26, 1871, he was commander, 1871–74. Received 32° AASR (NJ) on May 28, 1873 at Freeport, and elected active member of Northern Supreme Council on Sept. 27, 1883. Was also venerable chief of the Illinois Masonic Veteran Association. d. Dec. 31, 1910.

John Cotton Smith (1765–1845) Governor of Connecticut in 1812–17 and first Freemason to hold that office. A Yale graduate in 1783; LL.D. in 1814. Was a lawyer and state legislator. Served as U.S. congressman, 1800–06; was associate judge of the Connecticut supreme court, 1806–09; and lieutenant governor of state, 1809. Was the last of the Puritan–Federalist governors, being defeated for reelection by Oliver Wolcott, who headed the reform of Toleration ticket, and was concurrently governor and grand master. Smith retired to his extensive farm in Sharon. Made a Mason in St. Paul’s Lodge No. 11, Litchfield, Conn. in 1796. d. 1845.

John Eugene Smith (1816–1897) Major General (brevet) of Civil War in both volunteers and U.S. Army. b. Aug. 3, 1816 in Berne, Switzerland. His father was an officer under Napoleon, and after the latter’s downfall, emigrated to Philadelphia. As a young man Smith learned watchmaking, then the jeweler’s business. After living in St. Louis for several years he moved to Galena, Ill, in 1836, living there until the outbreak of the Civil War. He entered service on April 15, 1861 as a colonel of the 45th Ill. Inf. Was at the capture of Fort Henry and Fort Donelson, the Battle of Shiloh, and siege of Corinth. Became brigadier general of volunteers on Nov. 29, 1862, and

commanded the 8th Division of the 16th Corps. At Vicksburg he led the 3rd Division of the 17th Corps, and in Sept., 1863 was transferred to the 15th Corps, taking part in the capture of Missionary Ridge (for which Grant mentioned him in his memoirs), and in the Atlanta and Carolina campaigns of 1864–65. Received brevet of major general of volunteers on Jan. 12, 1865, and mustered out of volunteer service in April, 1866. He then became a colonel of the 14th Inf. Received brevets of brigadier general and major general, U.S. Army, March 2, 1867, for his conduct at the siege of Vicksburg and action at Savannah. Retired in May, 1881. His original membership must have been in St. Louis, for on Dec. 27, 1838 we find him as a charter member of Far West Lodge U.D., chartered in Galena, Ill, by the Grand Lodge of Missouri. At the first meeting of Far West Lodge No. 29, March 23, 1839, he was secretary, and was ordered “to procure the jewels for the Lodge.” In 1845 this lodge requested to be released from the Grand Lodge of Missouri, and on May 15, 1858 we find Smith as an honorary member of Miners’ Lodge No. 273, Galena. Smith was one of the five generals this lodge furnished in the Civil War. He later became a regular member, served as master, and then became a life member of this lodge. He was exalted in Jo Daviess Chapter No. 51, R.A.M. of Galena, June 22, 1859. In 1888 he was present at the Masonic Veteran Association’s meeting at the home of General John C. Smith, q.v., a member of the same lodge and venerable chief of the organization. The home was at 65 Sibley Road, and as the annual meeting place, was designated “Smith’s Inn.” d. Jan. 29, 1897 at Chicago, and buried at Galena.

John M. C. Smith (1853–1923) U.S. Congressman to 62nd–67th Congresses, 1911–23, from 3rd Michigan dist. b. Feb. 6, 1853 in Belfast, Ireland and brought to America by parents in 1855. Admitted to the bar in 1882 and practiced at Charlotte. Was president of First National Bank of Charlotte from 1898, and was also interested in farming and stock raising. Member of Charlotte Lodge No. 120, Charlotte, Mich., receiving degrees on May 14, June 11, July 16, 1875; became life member on March 7, 1919. d. March 30, 1923.

John Speed Smith (1792–1854) U.S. Congressman to 17th Congress, 1821–23, from Kentucky. b. July 1, 1792 near Nicholasville, Ky. He was the father of Green Clay Smith, q.v. Served in the Indian campaign of 1811 as a private. Admitted to the bar in 1811 and practiced at Richmond. In War of 1812 he again enlisted as a private, and was promoted to colonel as aide-de-camp to General Harrison. Member of state house of representatives in 1819, 1827, 1839, 1841, and 1845. In state senate, 1846–50. Was U.S. district attorney for Ky., 1828–32. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 25 as early as 1813, and served as its master. Member of Danville Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., Danville, Ky. in 1825, and also a Knight Templar. d. June 6, 1854.

John Stafford Smith (1750–1836) English composer who wrote the music for the anthem that later became Key's Star-Spangled Banner. Its original use is in doubt, but at an early date it was used by an Irish Masonic orphans home as its song. It was also known as To Anacreon in Heaven, a drinking song popular in the English pubs. Although Francis Scott

Key's words were written in the War in 1812, it was not until March 3, 1931 that congress passed the bill and President Hoover signed it, making The Star-Spangled Banner our national anthem. Smith was a member of Royal Somerset House & Inverness Lodge No. 4 of London.

John W. Smith (1845–1925) U.S. Congressman to 56th Congress, 1899–1900, from Maryland; Governor of Maryland, 1900–04; U.S. Senator, 1908–1921. b. Feb. 5, 1845 in Snow Hill, Md. Was in lumber business in Md., Va. and N. Car. Was a director of many business and financial institutions. Served in state senate three terms, and was president of same in 1894. Initiated May 4, 1899 in Sinepuxent Lodge No. 193, Snow Hill, Md. d. April 19, 1925.

Jonathan Bayard Smith (1742–1812) Member of the Continental Congress from Pa., 1777–78. b. Feb. 21, 1742 in Philadelphia, son of a well-known merchant. Graduate of Princeton in 1760; engaged in mercantile pursuits. Chosen as secretary of the committee of safety in 1775. Commissioned lieutenant colonel of a battalion of “associators” under his brother-in-law, Col. John Bayard. Auditor general of Pa. in 1794. A founder and on first board of U. of Pennsylvania. Raised in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia, Dec. 18, 1783, was master in 1785, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1789–94. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. of Philadelphia, and was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Pennsylvania in 1798. d. June 16, 1812.

Joseph Smith (1790–1877) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b.

March 30, 1790 in Boston, Mass. Entered navy as a midshipman in 1809. Was a first lieutenant on the brig *Eagle* in the victory on Lake Champlain on Sept. 11, 1814, where he was severely wounded. Received a medal from Congress for this. He then served with the Mediterranean fleet, 1815–45, commanding that fleet in 1844–45, with the frigate *Cumberland* as his flagship. Was chief of bureau of yards and docks, 1846–69, and then president of the examining board for promotion of officers, until 1871. He had been retired in 1861 and promoted to rear admiral in 1862. After his service with the examining board, he resided in Washington until his death, at which time he was the senior officer of the Navy on the retired list. His son, Joseph B. Smith, q.v., an officer on the Congress, was killed March 8, 1862, in its encounter with the *Merrimac*. d. Jan. 17, 1877.

Joseph Smith (1805–1844) Founder of the Mormon Church (The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints). b. Dec. 23, 1805 in Sharon, Vt. of a poor family which migrated to Palmyra, N.Y. in 1815, and then to nearby Manchester. The angel Moroni is said to have revealed the Book of Mormon to him, written on golden plates, which he was able to transcribe by the use of “Urim and Thummim,” instruments of magical power. His detractors say that the Book of Mormon is based on an imaginative tale written in Biblical style by a former Presbyterian minister, Samuel Spaulding, but never published. The manuscript was delivered to Smith by Sidney Rigdon, q.v., who helped revise it and shortly afterwards became one of the presidents of the church. It was printed in Palmyra, N.Y. in 1830, and the church was founded at the home of Peter

Whitmer in Fayette, N.Y., on April 6 of that year. Smith moved to Kirtland, Ohio in 1831 and to Missouri in 1838. Here the Mormons ran into trouble at Independence and Far West and were removed in a body from the state by the militia. Smith, Rigdon, and others were arrested for “murder, treason, burglary, arson and larceny,” but allowed to escape and join the others at Commerce, Ill., which they renamed Nauvoo. Here Smith governed despotically with the aid of a small group of advisors. When he claimed the revelation of polygamy in 1843 the church was split by a schism. Arrested and jailed at Carthage, Ill., he was shot and killed by a mob on June 27, 1844. It is claimed that many of the symbols and ceremonies used by the Mormon Church are of Masonic origin. In Smith’s journal under the date of March 15, 1842 he said: “I officiated as Grand Chaplain at the installation of the Nauvoo Lodge of Freemasons at the Grove near the Temple. Grand Master Jonas, of Columbus, being present, a large number of people assembled for the occasion. The day was exceedingly fine; all things were done in order. In the evening I received the first degree in Freemasonry in Nauvoo Lodge, assembled in my general business office.” The following day he added: “I was with the Masonic Lodge and rose to the sublime degree.” Thus it was that Smith officiated as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Illinois before he was a Mason. It also happened that Sidney Rigdon received his degrees “at sight” with Smith. This, plus the fact that in nearly five months that lodge initiated 256 candidates and raised 243, caused Bodley Lodge No. 1 to prefer charges against Nauvoo Lodge on July 15, 1842, asking the grand lodge to “make inquiry into the manner the officers of Nauvoo Lodge, U.D., were installed by the Grand

Master of this State, and by what authority the Grand Master initiated, passed and raised Messers Smith and Rigdon to the degree of Entered Apprentice, Fellow Craft and Master, at one and the same time." A special committee visited Nauvoo, inspected the records and work and recommended that the lodge be permitted to resume labor. Then they did so much work that two more lodges were established in Nauvoo—Nye and Helm; Rising Sun Lodge at Montrose, Iowa, and a dispensation requested for still another at Keokuk, Iowa. Again the grand lodge ordered an investigation, and this time the committee was refused access to the minutes. The grand lodge then struck all the Mormon lodges from its rolls. However, the Mormon lodges refused to recognize this, and continued their work. On Friday, April 5, 1844 they dedicated the Masonic Hall at Nauvoo. In the History of the Church, Smith wrote that he attended the ceremonies; that about 550 Masons from various parts of the world were present and took part in a procession that was formed, accompanied by the Nauvoo brass band; that the ceremonies were in charge of Hyrum Smith, worshipful master; that the principal address of the occasion was delivered by Apostle Erastus Snow; and that he, Joseph Smith and Dr. Goforth also addressed the assembly; and that all visiting Masons were given dinner in the Masonic Hall at the expense of Nauvoo Lodge. If the above dedication is the same ceremony and date as the cornerstone laying, there is a discrepancy somewhere. Recently the Mormon Church purchased the old hall for restoration as an historic shrine. The cornerstone box was removed in 1954, and sent to Salt Lake City, where in the presence of President David O. McKay and the twelve apostles, it was opened; the

original documents were retained in Utah, and photostatic copies returned, to be redeposited in two new boxes in the cornerstone at Nauvoo. This ceremony took place, June 24, 1954, being reported in the newspapers as “exactly 111 years after the first ceremony.” A document in the cornerstone states that Smith was not present in the procession or ceremony, as he was then being sought on an extradition warrant issued by “Governor Ford of Missouri” (Missouri never had a man named Ford as governor; Gov. Reynolds had recently died and Lt. Gov. Marmaduke had taken his place). Although Smith’s signature is among the 50 or more names of the prominent Mormons on the document, it was noted therein that it was added later. It also asked that “peace and harmony be restored and that the chain that holds mankind together and has done so since the dawn of mankind, be retained.” Both Joseph and his brother Hyrum were killed by a mob at the Carthage, Ill. jail on June 27, 1844.

Joseph B. Smith (?–1862) U.S. Naval officer. He was killed on board the Union ship Congress when it was attacked by the Merrimac on March 8, 1862. His father, Joseph Smith, q.v., a rear admiral then on the retired list, when he heard the Congress had surrendered, exclaimed, “Then Joe is dead.” The younger Smith was raised Jan. 24, 1852 in National Lodge No. 12 and was knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., D.C., on March 5, 1853. d. March 8, 1862.

Julian C. Smith Lieutenant General, U.S. Marine Corps. b. Sept. 11, 1885 in Elkton, Md. Graduate of U. of Delaware in 1907. Commissioned in Marine Corps in 1909, and advanced

through grades to lieutenant general in 1946, when he retired. Served in Cuba, Panama, Mexico, Haiti, Santo Domingo, and Nicaragua. Was commanding general of the Army of Republic of Nicaragua in 1932; director of operations and training of Marine Corps, 1936–37; director of personnel, 1937–38; naval observer in England, 1941; commanded 2nd Marine Div. at Battle of Tarawa, 1943; commander of expeditionary troops, 3rd Fleet in Battle of Palau, 1944; and commanding general of Dept. of Pacific, 1944–46. Was captain of Marine Corps rifle and pistol teams, 1928–29. Wrote History Guardia Nacional de Nicaragua, 1927–33. Member of Union Lodge No. 48, Elkton, Md.

June S. Smith (1876–1947) Judge, Supreme Court of Illinois, 1941–47. b. March 24, 1876 in Irvington, Ill. Admitted to bar in 1904; practiced in Centralia, Ill. Served as major of Infantry in Army during WWI. Member of Centralia Lodge No. 201, Centralia, Ill., being raised April 11, 1919; 32° AASR (NJ) . d. Feb. 7, 1947.

Lawrence H. Smith (1892–1958) U.S. Congressman to 77th–85th Congresses from Wisconsin. b. Sept. 15, 1892 in Racine, Wis. Graduate of Marquette U. in 1923, beginning law practice in Racine that year. Served as Infantry officer in WWI. Member of Belle City Lodge No. 92, Racine, Wis., receiving degrees on Oct. 3, 24, 1916 and Jan. 2, 1917. d. Jan. 22, 1958.

Lee S. Smith (1844–1926) Grand Master of Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, U.S.A., 1916– Luther A. Smith Sovereign Grand Commander of the Supreme Council, 33°

Scottish Rite, Southern Jurisdiction from Oct. 21, 1955. b. 1887 in Alpharetta, Ga. Graduate of Emory Coll. (Ga.) in 1904; LL.B. from Vanderbilt U. in 1909. Began law practice in Hattiesburg, Miss., continuing there until appointed judge of court of chancery in 1953. He held this office until elected grand commander in 1955, succeeding Thomas J. Harkins, q.v. Raised in Toccopola Lodge No. 310, Toccopola, Miss., March 23, 1907; master of Hattiesburg Lodge No. 379 in 1923; grand master of Grand Lodge of Mississippi in 1949. Member of chapter, council, and commandery at Hattiesburg. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Mississippi Consistory in 1920; KCCH in 1923; coroneted 33° in 1929; crowned sovereign grand inspector general in Miss. in 1937; elected lieutenant grand commander in 1952.

Lyman C. Smith (1850–1910) Organizer of L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co. in 1903; manufacturer of L. C. Smith breech-loading firearms, 1877–90; capitalist. b. March 31, 1850 in Torrington, Conn. Moved to N.Y. in 1872, where he managed a live stock commission house and engaged in the lumber business. Following his venture in firearms manufacture, he entered the typewriter field in 1886, and in 1890 founded the Smith Premier Typewriter Co., of which he was president; when later he sold to Union Typewriter Co., he became vice president and member of executive board, resigning in 1903 to organize with his brothers, the L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co. In 1900 he gave Syracuse U. the Lyman Cornelius Smith Coll. of Applied Sciences. Mason and Knight Templar. Sciences. Petitioned Western Light Lodge No. 597, Lisle, N.Y. at the age of 21 and received degrees on

May 8, Sept. 4, 5, 1871. On Nov. 30, 1875 he affiliated with Central City Lodge No. 305, Syracuse, N.Y. Knight Templar. d. Nov. 15, 1910.

McGregor Smith President of Florida Power & Light Co., 1939–54 and President of Board since 1954. b. June 5, 1899 in Cookeville, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee in 1921. Began as assistant engineer with Tenn. Railroad & Public Utilities Comm.; then manager of South New Orleans Light & Traction Co.; vice president and general manager of Louisiana Power & Light Co., Algiers, La.; president and general manager of same, 1936–39; vice president and general manager of Florida Power & Light Co., Miami, 1939, and then president. Member of Coral Gables Lodge No. 260, Coral Gables, Fla. and 32° AASR (SJ) at Miami. Shriner.

Marcus A. Smith (1851–1924) Delegate of Arizona Territory to U.S. Congress, and one of the first two U.S. Senators from that state when admitted to the Union. b. Jan. 24, 1851 near Cynthiana, Ky. Graduate of Transylvania U. (Ky.) in 1872 and U. of Kentucky. Began law practice in Lexington, Ky., moving to San Francisco, 1879–81, and then to Tombstone, Ariz. where he continued the practice of law. Served in U.S. congress as a territorial delegate, 1887–95, 1897–99, 1901–03, 1905–09. Upon admission of Arizona to the Union, he and Henry F. Ashurst, q.v., were the first two senators. He served in the senate from April 2, 1912 to March 3, 1921. Member of Tucson Lodge No. 4, Tucson, Ariz. d. April 7, 1924.

Nels H. Smith Governor of Wyoming, 1939–42. b. Aug.

27, 1884 at Gayville, Dakota Territory. A successful rancher, he lives near Newcastle, Wyoming. Received degrees in Newcastle Lodge No. 13, Newcastle, Wyo. on May 5, 1921, April 6, 1922 and May 26, 1923.

Norman M. Smith Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy and President of University of South Carolina. b. Nov. 16, 1883 in Williston, S. Car. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1906 and Rensselaer Poly. Inst. in 1909. Made around-the-world cruise as a midshipman; promoted through grades to rear admiral in 1933. Engaged in construction of Great Lakes Training Station (Ill.), Navy yards of Puget Sound, Mare Island, and Pearl Harbor Naval base, 1914–17. Between 1917–33 he built plants, hospitals, dredged harbors, and developed waterfronts for the Navy. From 1933–38 he was chief of Bureau of Yards and Docks and chief civil engineer of the Navy. Retired in 1937, he returned to active duty in 1942 and retired again in Feb., 1945. He was elected president of the U. of South Carolina in Dec., 1944, before his final retirement. Mason and Knight Templar.

R. Jasper Smith Federal Judge, Western District of Missouri since 1956. b. July 25, 1908 in Campbell, Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1931; began law practice in Springfield that year. Past president of Missouri Association of Republicans. Served in the state senate, 1942–54. Was majority floor leader in the 64th general assembly and minority floor leader of the 65th. He was chairman of the commission that rewrote the uniform state laws. A member of Solomon Lodge No. 271, Springfield, Mo., he received degrees, Jan. 16, Feb. 19,

March 19, 1936, and was master in 1942. Presently (1960), he is senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. Exalted in Springfield Chapter No. 15, R.A.M., Oct. 7, 1937; greeted in Zabud Council No. 35, R. & S.M., June 16, 1942; knighted in St. John's Commandery No. 20, K.T., Nov. 11, 1937; past sovereign (1949) of St. Christopher Conclave No. 56, R.C.C. and member of Abou Ben Adhem Shrine Temple, all of Springfield. Member of Joplin Consistory No. 3, Scottish Rite (SJ), Kilwinning Council No. 19, A.M.D., DeMolay Legion of Honor and Missouri Lodge of Research (Master, 1960).

Ralph C. Smith Major General, U.S. Army. b. Nov. 27, 1893 in South Omaha, Nebr. Graduate of Colorado State Coll., 1919. Commissioned 2nd lieutenant in 1916 and advanced through grades to major general. With the A.E.F. in France, 1917–19; instructor at U.S. Military Academy, 1920–23; Infantry School, 1924–27; Command and General Staff School, 1930–34. With War Dept. Gen. Staff on military intelligence, 1938–42; assistant division commander of 76th Div., 1942 and commanding general of 27th Div., 1942–44; 98th Div., 1944 and military attache to Paris, 1945–46. Raised Jan. 30, 1917 in Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Robert W. Smith Union Brigadier General (Brevet) in Civil War. Past master of Oriental Lodge No. 33, Chicago, and member of Illinois Masonic Veteran Association. Active in Ill. politics, and was a delegate to convention of 1860 that named Lincoln for presidency.

Samuel Smith (1752–1839) Soldier of Revolution and War

of 1812; U.S. Congressman and Senator from Maryland; Secretary of the Navy. b. July 27, 1752 in Lancaster, Pa. Appointed captain in the 6th Co. of Maryland line in 1776, under Col. Wm. Smallwood. In heavy fighting at Long Island where his regiment lost one third of its men; took part in battles of Harlem and White Plains. Promoted to lieutenant colonel of the 4th Maryland Rgt. in 1777. Was in attack on Staten Island, at Battle of Brandywine, and commanded Fort Mifflin. Severely wounded in the latter, he received thanks of congress for his gallant defense. Was at Valley Forge, Battle of Monmouth. Served in U.S. Congress from Md., 1793–1803 and 1816–22. U.S. senator from Md. 1803–15, and 1822–33. Under President Jefferson he served without compensation a short time in 1801, as secretary of Navy, though declining the appointment. In the threatened war with France and England in 1794 he was appointed brigadier general of militia of Baltimore, and with the rank of major general, commanded the Maryland troops suppressing the Whiskey Insurrection of Pa. He was a major general of state troops in the defense of Baltimore in the War of 1812. He was among the projectors of the Washington Monument; was mayor of Baltimore, 1835–38. Member of Concordia Lodge No. 13, Baltimore, Md. d. April 22, 1839.

Seba Smith (1792–1868) American journalist and humorist. b. Sept. 14, 1792 in Buckfield, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin in 1818, settling in Portland, Maine as a journalist, where he edited the *Eastern Argus*, the *Family Recorder*, and the *Portland Daily Courier*. During the administration of President Jackson, he wrote a series of humorous and satirical letters,

which attained wide celebrity. He moved to N.Y.C. in 1842, where he continued his profession. Member of Ancient Land Mark Lodge No. 17, Portland, Maine, in 1819.

St. Clair Smith Judge, Supreme Court of South Dakota since 1937. b. July 10, 1889 in Rondell, S. Dak. Graduate of Washington U. in 1912 and practiced law at Aberdeen, S. Dak. from 1933–37. Raised Dec. 28, 1915 in Aberdeen Lodge No. 38, Aberdeen, S. Dak. Was master of lodge in 1925, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Dakota in 1928.

W. Angie Smith Methodist Bishop. b. Dec. 21, 1894 in Elgin, Texas. Graduate of Southwestern U. in 1917 and Columbia U. in 1924. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1921, serving churches at Kerrville and Midland, Texas, Nashville, Tenn., El Paso, Texas, Shreveport, La., Washington, D.C., Birmingham, Ala., and at Dallas, Texas. Became bishop in 1944. Was official representative of Council of Bishops to India, Burma, and Maylaysia in 1946. Member of Amity Lodge No. 473, Oklahoma City, Okla.; 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie, and KCCH. Member and chaplain of India Shrine Temple, Oklahoma City, and honorary member of DeMolay Legion of Honor.

Wayne C. Smith Major General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 4, 1901 in St. Joseph, Mo. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1925, advancing through grades to major general in 1952. With Chemical Warfare Service, 1920–21. In China, 1931–34; Hawaii, 1937–39; Central Pacific, 1943. Was assistant and chief of staff, G–4 of VII Corps, 1941–43; chief of staff, Central Pacific Base Command, 1944–45; commanding general

Schofield Barracks, 1945–47; asst. commanding general 9th Inf. Div., 1947–49; asst. division commander 11th Airborne Div., 1949–51; asst. corps commander IX Corps, asst. division commander of 46th Div. and commanding general of 7th Inf. Div. in Korea, 1952–53; commanding general 11th Airborne Div. and commander of Ft. Campbell, Ky., 1953–55. Was chief military advisor to Republic of Philippines, 1955–56, retiring in latter year. Received degrees in Schofield Lodge No. 443, Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, Dec. 17, 1946, Jan. 21, and Feb. 18, 1947, and in 1953 became charter master of Fort Campbell Lodge U.D. (now 946) of Fort Campbell, Ky. He is thought to be the only general officer, besides George Washington to be charter master of a lodge. 32° AASR (NJ) at Trenton, N.J. Member of Rizpah Shrine Temple, Madisonville, Ky.; honorary member of Nile Temple, Oregon, and El Hasa Temple, Ashland, Ky. Past president of Fort Campbell Shrine Club (1954). Commander of Old Hickory Camp, Heroes of '76 (1950) at Fort Campbell. Past president of Fort Dix Chapter, National Sojourners (1948). Past commander of Washington Crossings Camp, Heroes of '76 (1949). National president of National Sojourners, 1956–57, and commander of New England area since 1958. His great, great-grandfather was Cains Smith, one of the Freemasons actively concerned in the famous William Morgan case. His father was not a Mason, due to the fear engendered in his family by the Anti-Masonic Party. The 14th degree diploma of his grandfather was hidden and finally turned over to him before his mother died. She had been afraid that he still might be hurt or hounded in some way by the Morgan affair.

William Smith (1727–?) Dedicated first Masonic building in America. b. in Aberdeen, Scotland, he came to N.Y. in 1751, and later was a minister and teacher in Pa. He preached the dedication sermon of “The Freemasons’ Lodge” (said to be the first Masonic building in America). A member of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, he was famous throughout the colonies for his learning. In 1781, the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania decided to reissue its Ahiman Rezon, or Book of Constitutions, and appointed Smith to do the revision. He served as grand secretary of that grand lodge in 1783.

William Smith Compiler of the Pocket Companion for Freemasons, published at Dublin, Ireland in 1735. He was from Belfast, but of Scottish descent. He set himself up as a bookseller in Dublin. The same book had been printed in London earlier in 1735 and was banned by the Grand Lodge of England. Anderson, q.v., who wrote the English Constitutions, complained that “one William Smith, said to be a Mason, had without his consent pyrated a considerable part of the Constitutions aforesaid to the prejudice of the said Dr. Anderson, it being his sole property.”

William Smith (1762–1840) U.S. Senator and Congressman from South Carolina. b. in 1762 in N. Car. A graduate of Mount Zion Institute, Winnsboro, S. Car., in 1780, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1784, practicing first at Pickneyville, and later Yorkville (now York). Also engaged as a planter, he amassed large tracts of land in La. and Ala. U.S. congressman to 5th Congress, 1797–99; served in state senate, 1802–08, and president of same in 1806. Was judge

of circuit court, 1808–13. Served in U.S. senate, 1816–23 and 1826–31. He was twice offered a seat on the U.S. Supreme Court bench, refusing both times. He moved to La. in 1831, and to a farm near Huntsville, Ala. in 1833. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina, Ancient York Masons. d. June 26, 1840.

William A. Smith (1859–1932) U.S. Congressman to 54th–61st Congresses, 1895–1907, and U.S. Senator, 1907–19, from Michigan. b. May 12, 1859 in Dowagiac, Mich. Studied law and was admitted to bar, 1883, practicing in Grand Rapids. Was general counsel of Chicago & Western Railway, and Detroit, Lansing, and Northern Railroad. Served as assistant secretary of the state senate in 1883, and as state game warden, 1887–91. Became owner of the Lowell & Hastings R.R. in 1900 and owner and publisher of Grand Rapids Herald in 1906. Member of York Lodge No. 410, Grand Rapids, Mich., and York and Scottish Rite bodies of that city. d. Oct. 11, 1932.

William A. Smith Justice, Supreme Court of Kansas from 1930. b. Dec. 31, 1888 in Valley Falls, Kans. Graduate of Washburn Law School, 1914, and began practice at Valley Falls, Kans. Attorney general of Kansas, 1926–30. Member of Valley Falls Lodge No. 21, Valley Falls, Kans., receiving degrees Dec. 5, 1914, Jan. 2 and March 3, 1915. Was junior deacon in 1916. Exalted in Oskaloosa Chapter No. 9, R.A.M., Oskaloosa, Kans., on Dec. 6, 1915. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

William E. Smith (1873–1946) President of Standard Oil Co. of New York, 1927–45. b. March 12, 1873 in Buffalo, N.Y. With

Standard Oil of N.J., 1897–1901; sales manager Standard Oil of N.Y., 1906–21; vice president of same, 1921–27. Retired in 1945, after 50 years of service. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 5, Shelbyville, Ky. receiving degrees on March 9, April 13, June 8, 1903. d. Oct. 21, 1946.

William L. Smith (1758–1812) U.S. Congressman to 1st–5th Congresses, 1789–97, from South Carolina. b. in Charleston, S. Car., he attended preparatory schools in England, and studied law in the Middle Temple at London. Studied in Geneva, 1774–78, and returned to Charleston in 1783, being admitted to the bar the following year, and practicing at Charleston. Member of state house of representatives, 1784–88. Also engaged in agricultural pursuits. Appointed U.S. minister to Portugal and Spain in 1797, and served until 1801. Member of Lodge No. 8 in Charleston and past master of same. Grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina, 1793–98 and again 1809–12. d. Dec. 19, 1812.

Sir William Sidney Smith (1764–1840) English Admiral. While plenipotentiary at Constantinople, he went to the relief of Acre, and compelled Napoleon to raise his siege. He destroyed the Turkish fleet off Abydos in 1807, and blockaded the Tagus River. Made vice admiral in 1810 and admiral in 1821. Received all three degrees, April 17, 1790, in Somerset House and Inverness Lodge No. 4, London. In 1818 he was chancellor of the Chapitre des Trinosophes at Paris, and in 1829 became a joining member of the Grand Masters Lodge in London.

Wint Smith U.S. Congressman to 81st–86th Congresses from 6th Kans. dist. b. Oct. 7, 1893 in Mankato, Kansas. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1920 and Yale in 1922. Admitted to bar in 1923 and practiced at Mankato. Was assistant attorney general of Kansas, 1931–40. Served on Mexican border and overseas with 47th Inf., in WWI. Member of Westgate Lodge No. 438, Kansas City, Kansas; 32° AASR (SJ) at Salina and Isis Shrine Temple, Salina.

Robert E. Smylie Governor of Idaho from 1954. b. Oct. 31, 1914 in Marcus, Iowa. Graduate of Coll. of Idaho in 1938 and George Washington U. in 1942. Practiced law in Boise since 1947. Was attorney general of Idaho from 1947–54. Member of Boise Lodge No. 2, Boise, Idaho.

Thomas A. Smyth (1832–1865) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Dec. 25, 1832 in Ballyhooly, Cork, Ireland. Emigrated to America in his youth, settling in Wilmington, Del., where he engaged in coach making. At the beginning of the Civil War, he raised a company. He became major of a Del. regiment, and rose to brigadier general of volunteers on Oct. 1, 1864. He earned a reputation for bravery, fighting in the following battles: Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Bristow Station, Warrenton, Centreville, Culpepper, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Petersburg, and Hatcher's Run. He was killed by a sniper's bullet at Farmville, Va. Wounded on April 7, 1865, he died two days later (on the very day of Lee's surrender), and was the last Union general to be killed in the war. He was a Freemason but 28 days. He had received the degrees in Washington

Lodge No. 1, Wilmington, Del. on March 6, 1865, by special dispensation of A. V. Lesley, grand master. He had petitioned and was elected on Dec. 15, 1864. He was buried by the lodge, April 17, 1865, in Brandywine Cemetery at Wilmington.

Howard M. Snapp (1855–1938) U.S. Congressman from Illinois to 58th–61st Congresses, 1903–1911. b. Sept. 27, 1855 in Joliet, Ill. Studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1878, beginning his practice at Globe, Ariz., but returning to Joliet, where he lived the rest of his life. Was raised in Matteson Lodge No. 175, Sept. 16, 1890; exalted in Joliet Chapter No. 27, R.A.M., April 18, 1892, and knighted in Joliet Commandery No. 4, K.T., Nov. 25, 1896. Also a member of Joliet Council No. 82, R. & S.M. d. Aug. 14, 1938.

Earl Snell (1895–1947) Governor of Oregon. Elected governor in 1942 and again in 1947, but was killed in an airplane crash before he could complete second term. b. July 11, 1895 in Olex, Ore. He was owner of automobile agency and garage in Arlington from 1915. Served four terms in state house of representatives, and was speaker in 1933. Was elected secretary of state in 1934 and 1938. Member of Arlington Lodge No. 88, Arlington, Ore. receiving degrees on Nov. 3, Dec. 7, 1920 and Jan. 15, 1921. Was master in 1924–25 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Oregon, 1940–41. Was killed in airplane accident, Oct 28, 1947.

Perez Snell Early day ritual instructor who worked throughout the Southern states. He belonged to a Royal Arch Chapter in Lexington, Ky. and held a commission from John Barker

authorizing him to confer the R. & S.M. degrees on “such worthy companions, Royal Arch Masons, of respectable standing in the community as he may think proper in the states of Louisiana, Mississippi, and Missouri.”

Culver C. Sniffen (1844–1930) Brigadier general, U.S. Army in Spanish–American War. b. Jan. 1, 1844 in N.Y.C. From 1873–77 he was assistant secretary to President Grant. Entered army as major from New York in 1877. Became brigadier general and paymaster general on Sept. 11, 1906, retiring Jan. 1, 1908. Member of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C. d. July 28, 1930.

Charles A. Snodgrass Author of *Light From the Sanctuary of the Royal Arch. and Freemasonry* iv. Tennessee. b. Dec. 27, 1876 in Terre Haute, Ind. Member of Ridgedale Lodge No. 660, Chattanooga, Tenn. Served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Tennessee.

George M. Snodgrass (1879–1939) President of Wisconsin State Teachers College, La Crosse from 1926. b. Jan. 4, 1879 in Boscobel, Wis. Graduate of Hamline U. at St. Paul in 1900 Taught in Wausau and River Falls, and was principal in Alma and Barron. Was superintendent of schools in Oconto and Neillsville, and then director of teacher training at State Normal School in Superior. Mason. d. Jan. 12, 1939.

H. Clyde Snook (1878–1942) Electrophysicist and inventor of X-ray transformer, holding numerous patents in X-rays, radio, metallurgy, optics and communications. b. March 25,

1878 in Antwerp, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1900 and 1910. Taught school until 1902. Became president of the Roentgen Mfg. Co. at Philadelphia, 1903–13, and of the Snook–Roentgen Mfg. Co., 1913–16. Was vice president of Victor Electric Corp., Chicago, 1916–18, and with Western Electric Co., 1918–25. Was consulting engineer after 1927. Mason. d. Sept 22, 1942.

John Snow (1780–1852) Early Masonic lecturer. b. Feb. 15, 1780 at Providence, R.I. Made a Mason in Mt. Vernon Lodge of Providence in 1809, and master in 1811. He affiliated with New England Lodge No. 4 of Worthington, Ohio, and was master from 1818–22 and 1827–31. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, 1818–23, and again in 1829. In 1818 he was the founder and first grand commander of the first grand encampment of Knights Templar West of the Allegheny Mountains—Mt. Vernon Encampment No. 1 of Worthington. He was high priest of Horeb Chapter No. 3, Worthington, and grand high priest of Ohio in 1819. As deputy grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter, he presided at both the 1826 and 1829 meetings, the principal officer being absent. In the council, he received the degrees from Jeremy Cross, q.v., and was authorized to establish councils in the West. He was instrumental in introducing Webb's system into the lodges of the Western states. In the grand encampment he rose to general grand generalissimo, and presided over that body in the absence of the senior officer. d. May 16, 1852.

Leslie P. Snow (1862–1934) Justice, Supreme Court of New Hampshire, 1921–32. b. Oct. 19, 1862 in Eaton, N.H. Graduate

of Bridgton Academy, 1881, Dartmouth, 1886 and Columbian Law School, 1890. Practiced law at Rochester, N.H. Served in both branches of state legislature, and was president of senate in 1921. President of Rochester Trust Co. from 1920 and was president of both state bankers and state bar associations. Raised in Humane Lodge No. 21, Rochester, N.H. on Feb. 13, 1894. d. March 16, 1934.

Silas D. Snow President of Arkansas State Teachers College, Conway, Ark., from 1953. b. July 9, 1909 in Conway, Ark. Graduate of the State Teachers Coll. in 1929. Was principal or superintendent of schools in Magnet Cove, Crossett, and Corning, Ark. until 1953. Member of Crossett Lodge No. 576, Crossett, Ark. being raised Feb. 12, 1932.

Valentine Snow An English sergeant trumpeter for whom Handel wrote the trumpet obligato in the Messiah and Judas Maccabaeus. He was a member of a lodge meeting at the Rainbow Coffee House in York Buildings, about 1731.

Eulan L Snyder Former National President of National Sojourners and National Commander of Heroes of '76. b. in Berks Co., Pa. Received degrees of A.B., LL.B., LL.M. and M.P.I. from National University (now George Washington) at Washington, D.C. A Naval commander and lawyer, he served on the staff of the judge advocate general of the Navy from 1926–1958, and for six years on the military judicial system, created by Congress and comparable to the U.S. court of appeals. Charter member and past master of Sojourners Lodge No. 51; past high priest of Columbia Chapter No. 1,

R.A.M.; past master of Adoniram Council No. 2, R. & S.M.; life member of Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T.; life member of Almas Shrine Temple; past master of Kadosh of Albert Pike Consistory, AASR (SJ) , all of Washington, D.C. Holds membership in many other Masonic organizations. Member of grand lodge committee on correspondence since 1946, and director of Friends of Pusan Children's Charity Hospital (Korea).

John W. Snyder U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, 1946–53. b. June 21, 1895 in Jonesboro, Ark. Was a banker in Arkansas and Missouri, 1919–30. From 1931–37 he was a national bank receiver in Washington, D.C., and from 1937–43 was manager of the St. Louis loan agency of the R.F.C. Was executive vice president and director of the Defense Plant Corp., Washington, D.C., 1940–43. Appointed Federal loan administrator in 1945 but resigned to become director of Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion. From 1943–45 he was vice president of the First National Bank, St. Louis. Since 1953 he has been chairman of finance committee, director and executive vice president of the Overland Corp. Member of Steele Lodge No. 634, Steele, Mo.

Oscar P. Snyder Major General and Chief of Army Dental Corps, 1954–56. Member of faculty of College of Dentistry, Ohio State University, since 1957. b. Jan. 6, 1895 in Millersburg, Ohio. Received dental degree from Ohio State U. in 1916, and was commissioned 1st lieutenant in U.S. Army Dental Corps in that year, advancing to brigadier general in 1948 and major general in 1954. In 1942–44 he was chief dental surgeon of

S.W. Pacific Theatre; Fitzsimons General Hospital, 1945–48; director of dental activities, Army Medical Center, Washington, 1948–53. Retired, 1956. Became member of Cedar Lodge No. 430, Orrville, Ohio in 1920. Once affiliated with both York and Scottish Rites as well as Shrine in Rockford, Ill., but now dimitted. Is charter member and past president of National Sojourner chapters at Walter Reed Hospital (303), Washington, D.C. and Fort Sam Houston (370), Texas.

Reginald C. Snyder (1873–1941) Newspaper publisher. b. Sept. 25, 1873 in Findlay, Ohio. Purchased Coshocton Daily Age in 1907 and Evening Herald and Daily Reflector of Norwalk, Ohio in 1912, merging the latter two. In 1929 he purchased and merged the Sandusky Register and Star Journal. Was president of Sandusky Newspapers, Inc., and Associated Ohio Dailies. Vice president of Press Congress of the World. Member of Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 64, Norwalk, Ohio, receiving degrees on Feb. 1, March 20, 1915 and April 5, 1916. d. Oct. 3, 1941.

George Soane A non–Mason; published one of the earliest essays in the attempt to prove that Freemasonry originated in Rosicrucianism.

Fernando Figueredo Socarras (1846–1929) Cuban patriot. b. Feb. 9, 1846 in Camaguey, Cuba. Entered Troy (N.Y.) Polytechnic Academy in 1864, and while there organized a patriotic club of 60 Cuban students to assist in a revolution for Cuban independence. It was also in Troy that he was raised in King Solomon's Lodge No. 91, Jan., 1868. He sailed

for Cuba with Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, q.v., “Father of Cuba,” and became a lieutenant in the Cuban Army. He went to the Dominican Republic, where he became orator and senior warden of Restauracion Lodge at Puerta Plata. Later, he settled in Key West, Fla., and became an American citizen. Here he joined Dr. Felix Varela Lodge No. 64 and served as its master for several years. In 1885, he was elected to the state house of representatives. He then settled in Tampa where he again became interested in a movement to free Cuba from Spanish rule. With other Cuban emigrants, he founded the city of West Tampa, Fla., and became its mayor. A charter member of Francisco Vicente Aguilera Lodge, and was its master from 1894–98. Assisted in raising funds for the fight for Cuban independence, and when it was won, returned to his native land. On Sept. 18, 1899 he was made sovereign prince of Rose Croix in Humildad Chapter, Cienfuegos. In 1900, General Leonard Wood, governor of the island under American occupation, and a Mason, appointed Socarras, as secretary of interior and state. On April 29, 1900, he and other Cuban patriots were granted a charter for Logia Cobe. He served as master in 1901–06 and 1909–20. He became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Cuba in 1907, and served as grand treasurer from 1910–26. Was master of the Rose Croix chapter in Havana for several years, and in 1909 was grand master of ceremony of the Supreme Council AASR (SJ). d. April 13, 1929.

Charles, Duke of Sodermanland (see Charles XIII of Sweden).

Duke of Sodermanland (see Oscar I).

Axel Solitander Became first grand master of Grand Lodge of Finland on Aug. 9, 1924. Was one time Finnish consul general in New York City and government officer in Helsinki. Became master of Lodge Suoni No. 1, Finland in Aug., 1922. A contemporary of Sibelius, q.v.

Haym Solomon (see under Salomon).

Anastasio Somoza (1896–1956) President of Nicaragua, 1939–47 and 1950–56. b. Feb. 1, 1896 in San Marcos, Nicaragua. After graduating from the Instituto Nacional de Oriente at Granada, he attended the Pierce School in Philadelphia, Pa. He became administrator of taxes for department of Leon in 1925, and the following year participated in the revolution of the Nationalist Liberal Party. He became governor of the department of Leon, ambassador to Costa Rica, second in command under President Moncada, undersecretary of foreign relations and minister of war. Was named chief director of auxiliary army of Nicaragua in 1932, and chief director of the national guard under President Sacasa. Following his first term as president he was again head of the national guard under President Arguello, and minister of war under presidents Lacayo Sacasa and Roman y Reyes. Upon the death of the latter he was named president by congress, and reelected by the Liberalist Party for a six-year term beginning in 1950. His son of the same name succeeded him as president in 1956. He was raised a Master Mason in Managua on April 21, 1939, and shortly afterwards, while on a visit to the United

States, was made an honorary member of the Spanish lodge, Cervantes No. 5, in New Orleans under the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. d. Sept. 29, 1956.

Gilberto M. Sotomayor Peruvian physician. b. March 29, 1903 in Morropon, Pirura, Peru. Graduate of the medical school of National Univ. of San Marcos, Lima, in 1931. He has served as president of the Children's Hospital Medical Assn.; Children's Hospital Society; Sports Medical Assn.; Daniel A. Carrion Medical Assn.; and the Peruvian Medical Assn. He has attended many inter-American conferences on children's medical service, national surgery con-gresses and conferences of International Congress of American Surgeons College. Became member of Lodge Virtue and Union No. 3 in 1943 and master in 1947-48. Has held many grand lodge positions, and in 1951-55 was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Peru; member of Supreme Council AASR of Peru and 33°. In 1951-52 he was president of the executive committee of the Inter-American Masonic Confederation, and in 1954 and 1955 attended the Grand Masters' Conference in Washington, D.C.

Carlos Soubllette (1790-1870) President of Venezuela, 1843-47. Was a general and secretary of war of Venezuela, 1836-39. In exile, 1848-58. Was third sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council of Venezuela, AASR from 1850-55.

George Soule (1834-1926) Founded (1856) and was president of the Soule Commercial College and Literary Institute,

New Orleans. b. May 14, 1834 in Barrington, N.Y. Was an expert accountant and lecturer on social and educational problems. Served as a lieutenant colonel, C.S.A. in Civil War. A past grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Louisiana and member of the Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A. Wrote a number of books on arithmetic, accounting, and business problems. Received degrees in Quitman Lodge No. 76, New Orleans, La. on April 1, 15, May 15, 1859 and life member in 1887. Master of lodge in 1877–78. Affiliated with Orleans–Delta Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1882 from Polar Star Chapter. Greeted in Holland Council No. 1, R. & S.M. in 1878 and later affiliated with Louisiana Council No. 2. Knighted in Indivisible Friends Cornmandery No. 1, K.T. March 18, 1860; commander in 1878; grand commander in 1881. 32° AASR and member of Jerusalem Shrine Temple, New Orleans. d. Jan. 26, 1926.

Joshua Soule (1781–1867) Methodist Bishop. b. Aug. 1, 1781 in Bristol, Maine. Joined the church when 16, and the following year traveled with a presiding elder as a “boy preacher.” When 23, he was placed in charge of the church organization in Maine, as a presiding elder. Helped draft the constitution of the general conference of 1813, which remained church law for several decades. At the conference of 1816 he was elected editor of the Methodist Magazine. In 1820 he was elected bishop, and declined, but accepted the office in 1824. In 1844, at the general conference held in New York, when Bishop James O. Andrew, who had become involved in the complications of the slavery question, was asked to desist. Soule sided with him, causing the church to split into Northern and

Southern groups—a break unhealed for almost 100 years. He became the senior bishop of the Southern group. d. March 6, 1867 in Nashville, Tenn. Mason.

Pierre Soule (1801–1870) U.S. Senator from Louisiana, 1847 and 1849–53; U.S. Minister to Spain, 1853–55. b. Aug. 28, 1801 in Castillon, near Bordeaux, France. Attended a Jesuit College at Toulouse, but rebelled and quit after a year, going to an academy in Bordeaux. He took part in a plot against Louis XIV, was detected, and fled to the Pyrenees, where he worked as a shepherd for a year. Went to Paris, where he engaged in journalism, supporting the extreme liberal faction. He was imprisoned for publishing revolutionary articles in 1825, but escaped and made his way to England, Haiti, and then to the U.S. He first settled in Baltimore, Md. and later in New Orleans, La., where he studied law and began practice there. Was a member of the state senate in 1845 and elected to fill vacancy in U.S. Senate in 1847. He was elected the next year, but resigned to become U.S. minister to Spain, with instructions to attempt to settle the Cuban situation. In Spain, his son fought a duel with the Duke of Alva, and a resulting duel followed between the elder Soule and the French ambassador, Marquis de Turgot. Soule crippled de Turgot for life. While in the senate he favored secession, but when Louisiana eventually did secede, he had reversed himself, although he abided by his state's action. When New Orleans was captured, he was arrested and imprisoned in Fort Lafayette for several months. He later served on the staff of General Beauregard and was made brigadier general for special service. He moved to Havana, Cuba, but eventually

returned to New Orleans. He was master of Polar Star Lodge No. 5 (L'Etoile Polaire) of New Orleans in 1833, and served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana. He was a Royal Arch Mason and 33° AASR (SJ). d. March 26, 1870.

Robert H. Soule (1900–1952) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 10, 1900 in Laramie, Wyo. Was commissioned second lieutenant in 1918 and advanced through grades to major general in 1950. In WWI he was with the 31st Infantry, and then served in Siberia and the Philippines. From 1929–33 he was attached to American legation in Peking, China, and with War Department general staff, 1941–42. He was commander of the 11th Airborne Division in 1943–45, and military attache at Nanking, China, 1946–50. He was later commanding general of the 3rd Infantry in Korea and inspector of Army Field Forces at Fort Monroe, Va. Mason and Shriner. d. Jan. 26, 1952.

Nicholas Jean de Dieu Soult (1769–1851) Duke of Dalmatia, Marshal of France. Won distinction under Massena at Zurich in 1799 and in defense of Genoa in 1800. Created marshal by Napoleon in 1804. Was at Austerlitz, Jena, Pultusk, Preussich–Eylau. Created Duke of Dalmatia in 1807. Served in Spain, 1808–11; conquered Andalusia in 1810, but suffered defeat at La Albuera in 1811. He was minister of war under Louis XVIII, 1814–15, and rallied to Napoleon on his return from Elba. He lived in exile, 1815–19, but was recalled to France and again appointed marshal; was minister of war, 1830–34 and 1840–44. Was a 33° AASR and second grand surveillant of the Grand Chapter General of France. After

his defeat by the Duke of Wellington, his Masonic apron was found in his tent and became the property of Lodge St. Nathalan, Tulloch-in-Mar, where it was preserved until 1851. It was then given to the grand lodge for return to its owner. It reached Soult, through the British ambassador, shortly before his death.

John Philip Sousa (1854–1932) American bandmaster and composer, known as “The March King.” b. Nov. 6, 1854 in Washington, D.C. He was a teacher of music at 15 and a conductor at 17. He was leader of the U.S. Marine Corps Band, 1880–92, and after that of his own band, with which he successfully toured the world. Among his most famous marches are *Semper Fidelis*, 1888; *Washington Post March*, 1889; *Liberty Bell*, 1893; *King Cotton*, 1897; *Stars and Stripes Forever*, 1897; and *Hands Across the Sea*, 1899. Among his comic operas were *El Capitan* and *The Bride Elect*. He probably had more influence on martial music than any other composer or band leader. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 10, Washington, D.C., he petitioned June 3, was initiated July 15, and raised, Nov. 18, 1881. A member of Eureka Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., Washington, he was knighted in Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T., Dec. 10, 1886, and was a member of the Almas Shrine Temple, all of Washington. At the time of his death he had been a Mason more than 50 years. Masonic services were conducted by his lodge at the Congressional Cemetery. d. March 6, 1932.

Thomas, 2nd Baron of Southwell Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1743.

Thomas George, Viscount Southwell Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1753.

Solemn Southwick (1773–1839) Anti-Mason. b. Dec. 25, 1773 in Newport, R.I., where his father was editor of the Mercury and an active patriot. He first entered a printing office in N.Y.C.; in 1792 moved to Albany, N.Y., where he was employed by his brother-in-law on the Albany Register. He became a partner and later, 1808, sole editor. He held many local offices at this time, and his paper was a great influence in the Democratic party. He lost party support in a quarrel and the paper was discontinued in –1817. He then established The Ploughboy, first agricultural paper of the state. Subsequently he edited the Christian Visitant, a religious periodical, and the National Democrat, in opposition to the majority of his party. He ran for governor of New York on the Anti-Masonic ticket, and for several years published the National Observer, which he founded in the interest of that party. He then retired from public life, and between 1831–37, delivered lectures on the Bible, temperance, and self-education. Many of his addresses and pamphlets were published, including A Solemn Warning Against Free-Masonry, 1827. He received the degrees in Union Lodge, Albany, N.Y., Jan. 26, March 8, 22, 1796. In the same year, he was a petitioner for Temple Lodge No. 14 of Albany, but does not appear as a member. In 1806 Union Lodge became Mount Vernon Lodge No. 3. He did become a member of this lodge, but did not sign the by-laws of 1806. d. Nov. 18, 1839.

Cyril S. Spackman Artist. b. Aug. 15, 1887 in Cleveland,

Ohio. Attended Kings College, London. Exhibited at Chicago Art Institute, Cleveland Museum of Art, Carnegie Institute, and Corcoran Gallery of Art. Also in London, Liverpool, Hull, Brighton, Bradford in England, and in Paris. Designed Masonic Peace Memorial medal and other Masonic medals. Painted The Nativity, The Crucifixion, The Ascension, as altar panels of 13th century church in Grosmont, England. Has executed a number of heads in stone. A Mason and Knight Templar, he is past provincial grand senior warden of Surrey.

Edward E. Spafford (1878–1941) National commander of American Legion, 1927–28. b. March 12, 1878 in Springfield, Vt. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1901. Resigned from Navy as lieutenant commander in 1914, but returned in WWI. Raised in Delta Lodge No. 451, Brooklyn, N.Y., April 15, 1924. d. Nov. 13, 1941.

Richard D. Spaight, Jr. (1796–1850) Governor of North Carolina, 1835–37; U.S. Congressman to 18th Congress, 1823–25. b. in New Bern, N. Car. in 1796; his father of the same name (not a Mason however) had also served as governor of the state. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1815 and admitted to the bar in 1818, practicing in New Bern. Member of state house of commons, 1819–22 and state senate, 1825–26. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 3, he was elected junior warden of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1822 and grand master in 1830. He was also high priest of Eureka Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., when it was organized. d. May 2, 1850.

Rufus P. Spalding (1798–1886) U.S. Congressman from

Ohio to 38th–40th Congresses, 1863–69; Associate Justice Supreme Court of Ohio, 1849–52. b. May 3, 1798 in West Tisbury, Mass. Graduate of Yale in 1817, studied law, and began practice in Little Rock, Ark. in 1820. Moved to Ravenna, Ohio in 1835, and later to Cleveland. Member of state house of representatives in 1839–42. Was first master of Akron Lodge No. 48, Akron, Ohio in 1841. Also member of old Jerusalem Lodge No. 19. d. Aug. 29, 1886.

Simon Spalding (1742–1814) Revolutionary soldier, and later general of Pennsylvania militia. b. Jan. 16, 1742 in Plainfield, Conn., moving to Wyoming, Pa. in 1772. Was a lieutenant and later a captain, June, 1778, in the American Revolution. Was present at Bound Brook, N.J., April 13, 1777, and the escape of the Americans with slight loss was largely due to his personal efforts. Served until the close of the war. In May, 1783 he moved to Shesequin, Bradford Co., Pa. Member of Rural Amith Lodge No. 70, Athens, Pa. d. Jan. 24, 1814.

Harrison E. Spangler Chairman of Republican National Committee, 1942–44, and general counsel of same, 1944–48. b. June 10, 1879 in Guthrie Co., Iowa. Graduate of U. of Iowa in 1903 and 1905. In law practice at Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Served as private in Spanish–American War. Mason; 32° AASR (SJ) in Cedar Rapids.

John Spargo Author and antiquarian. b. Jan. 31, 1876 in Cornwall, England. At the age of 18 he was identified with the Socialict cause in England, and publicly opposed the

Boer War. Came to U.S. in 1901, and has since been active as a lecturer, writer, and political worker. He was the U.S. delegate to the International Socialist and Trade Union Congress at Copenhagen in 1910; served several years on the national executive committee of the Socialist party; was a delegate to all leading conventions of that party, and state chairman of Vermont. He resigned from the Socialist party in May, 1917. Was temporary chairman of the National Party, organized in 1918, and director of propaganda and educational activities of same. Is a founder of Prospect House Social Settlement, Yonkers, and director-curator of Bennington Historical Museum and Art Gallery, Bennington, Vt. Has written dozens of books, many on socialism, communism, labor, capital, Vermont, and early American history. In the Masonic field he has written *One Hundred Years of Masonry in Bennington, Vt.*; *Lieut. Col. Joseph Wait of Rogers' Rangers*, *Freemason and Pioneer Vt. Settler*; *Freemasonry's Link to Operative Masonry and the Mediaeval Guilds*. In 1917, with Samuel Gompers, q.v., he founded the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy. Was with U.S. government in Italy in 1918, and appointed by President Wilson as a member of the Industrial Conference in 1919. A Knight Templar and 33° AASR (NJ), he is grand historian of the grand lodge, grand chapter, and grand commandery of Vermont. Member of Royal Order of Scotland; Red Cross of Constantine; grand prior of Vermont Priory, Knights York Cross of Honour.

John Sparkman U.S. Senator from Alabama since 1946. U.S. Congressman to 75th–79th Congresses, 1937–47. b. Dec. 20, 1899 in Morgan Co., Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in

1921, 1923 and 1924. Admitted to bar in 1925, and practiced at Huntsville, 1925–30. Was raised in Tuscaloosa (Ala.) Lodge No. 785 on Jan. 11, 1922, and later dimitted to Helion Lodge No. 1, Huntsville. Was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Alabama in 1948–49. Member of Eastern Star.

Will M. Sparks (1872–1950) Judge of U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals, 7th circuit, 1929–49. b. April 28, 1872 in Charlottesville, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1896. Admitted to Indiana bar, and was a circuit court judge for many years. Received degrees in Phoenix Lodge No. 62, Rushville, Ind. on April 15, May 9, 29, 1895. A Knight Templar, he was grand commander of Knights Templar of Indiana in 1926. d. Jan. 7, 1950.

Count Axel Wrede Sparre (1708–1772) Swedish Major General. Was governor general of Stockholm. Initiated in Paris in 1731, he was raised in 1733. After his return to Sweden, he founded the first Masonic lodge in that country at Stockholm in 1735, named after its founder, Grey Wrede Sparres. It ceased to work in the middle of the 18th century.

Oliver L. Spaulding (1833–1922) Union Brigadier General of Civil War; U.S. Congressman to 27th Congress, 1881–83, from Mich.; Assistant Secretary of Treasury, 1890–93 and 1897–1903. b. Aug. 2, 1833 in Jaffrey, N.H. Graduate of Oberlin Coll. in 1855, and admitted to bar in 1858. Entered Civil War as captain of Co. A, 23rd Mich. Inf. in 1862, and breveted brigadier general of volunteers on June 25, 1865. Was regent of U. of Michigan, 1859–64; secretary of state of

Michigan, 1866–70. He declined appointment as U.S. judge of Utah Territory in 1871. Was a special agent of U.S. Treasury, in 1885 and 1889–90. His son, of the same name, was also a brigadier general and Mason, q.v. Initiated July 15, 1861 in St. Johns Lodge No. 105, St. Johns, Mich. and raised Aug. 2, 1861. Elected senior deacon the same year. Returning from the war in 1865, he was elected senior warden, and was master two years, 1866–67. In 1881 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan. In capitular Masonry, he was exalted in Grand Rapids Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Nov. 20, 1863, and was charter member and first king of St. Johns Chapter No. 45, when organized in 1866. Was high priest in 1867, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., of Michigan in 1877. Greeted in Ionia Council No. 12, R. & S.M. in 1866, he was grand master of the Grand Council of Michigan in 1869. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 5, Grand Rapids, Jan. 29, 1864, he was charter member and first commandery of St. Johns Commandery No. 24, K.T. In 1872 he was grand commander of St. Johns Commandery, K.T. of Michigan. d. July 30, 1922.

Oliver L. Spaulding, Jr. (1875–1947) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. June 27, 1875 in St. Johns, Mich., the son of Oliver L. Spaulding, q.v., who was a brevet brigadier general in the Civil War and assistant secretary of the U.S. Treasury. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1895 and 1896; of Harvard U. in 1932. Entered army as second lieutenant of artillery in 1898, and retired as a brigadier general in 1939. Was recalled to active duty in 1941 and taught at Army War College. He saw service in Alaska, China relief expedition, Philippine

insurrection, Panama, Mexican Border, and with A.E.F. in France in WWI as a brigadier general. He taught at several Army service schools, and was professor of military science at Harvard, 1931–35. He lectured on military history at Lowell Institute, Boston, and George Washington U., 1939–41. In WWI he was chief of the historical section of the general staff, A.E.F. Among his writings are Notes on Field Artillery; Warfare; The United States Army in War and Peace; and The Second Division., A.E.F., in France. d. March 27, 1947.

Tristram E. “Tris” Speaker Member of Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1937. b. Aug. 4, 1888 in Hubbard City, Texas. He was the greatest centerfielder of his day. His lifetime batting average was .344. He was manager of the Cleveland American League team in 1920 when it won its first pennant and world championship. Always with the American League, he played for Boston, 1909–15; Cleveland, 1916–26; Washington, 1927; and Philadelphia, 1928. Member of Hubbard City Lodge No. 530, Hubbard City, Texas.

John C. Speaks (1859–1945) U.S. Congressman to 67th–71st Congresses, 1921–31, from 12th Ohio dist. b. Feb. 11, 1859 in Canal Winchester, Ohio. In milling and lumber business. State conservation officer of Ohio, 1907–18. Served 40 years in Ohio National Guard, from private to brigadier general. Major of Ohio Volunteers in Spanish–American War. Member of Potter Lodge No. 540, Canal Winchester, Ohio, receiving degrees on June 24, July 8, 22, 1885. Knight Templar and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Nov. 6, 1945.

Albert M. Spear (1852–1929) Justice, Supreme Court of Maine, 1902–23. b. March 17, 1852 in Madison, Maine. Graduate of Bates Coll., 1875. Taught school, 1868–75; was principal of Anson Academy, 1876–77; admitted to bar in 1878, he practiced at Hallowell until 1885, and then at Gardiner. Served in both branches of state legislature. Was grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Maine in 1899 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Maine, 1922. d. Jan. 31, 1929.

J. Zach Spearing (1864–1942) U.S. Congressman to 59th–71st Congresses, 1925–31, from 2nd La. dist. b. April 23, 1864 in Alto, Texas. Admitted to La. bar in 1886, and began practice in New Orleans. First appointed to congress to fill vacancy. Member of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, New Orleans; Jerusalem Shrine Temple and National Sojourners. d. Nov. 2, 1942.

Merritt C. Speidel (1879–1960) Newspaper editor and publisher. b. May 19, 1879 in Port Jervis, N.Y. Interested in journalism since boyhood, he began with the Tri-States Publishing Co. of Port Jervis, N.Y., and became editor of the Port Jervis Daily Union. Purchased the Piqua. (Ohio) Daily Call in 1910; Iowa. City Press–Citizen. in 1921, and moved to Iowa; moved to Palo Alto, Calif. in 1937, and in that year established Speidel Newspapers, Inc., national newspaper service and research organization. President of Speidel Newspapers, Inc. (papers in 7 states) ; pres. of Press–Citizen Co. (Ia.); Chillicothe (Ohio) Newspapers, Inc.; Salinas (Calif.) Newspapers, Inc.; Fort Collins (Colo.) Newspapers, Inc.; Reno

(Nev.) Newspapers, Inc.; Poughkeepsie (N.Y.) Newspapers, Inc.; and Western Horseman, Inc. Mason; received 32° AASR (SJ) in Iowa June 2, 1930. Had several transfers of membership, including Dayton, Ohio (NJ). d. March 20, 1960.

Brent Spence U.S. Congressman from Kentucky to 72nd–86th Congresses, 1931–60. b. Dec. 24, 1874 in Newport, Ky. Graduate of Law School, U. of Cincinnati, and admitted to Ky. bar in 1895, practicing at Newport. In state senate, 1904–08. Received 1st and 2nd degrees in Robert Burns Lodge No. 163, Newport, Ky. on March 23, July 17, 1907, and third degree in Fort Thomas Lodge No. 808, Fort Thomas, Ky. and made life member of same. Member of Ft. Thomas Chapter No. 177, R.A.M. and 32° AASR (SJ) at Covington, Ky. Member of Grotto.

Edward William Spencer (see 10th Duke of Devonshire).

Herbert L. Spencer (1894–1960) President of Samuel H. Kress Foundation, N.Y.C., since 1949; President of Pennsylvania College for Women, Pittsburgh, 1935–45; President of Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa., 1945–49. b. July 13, 1894 in Whitney Point, N.Y. Graduate of Carnegie Inst. of Technology, 1921, and U. of Pittsburgh in 1934. Was a mechanical engineer with various industrial organizations, and then a teacher in Pittsburgh. Member of Monongahela Lodge No. 269, Pittsburgh, Pa., receiving degrees on Dec. 15, 1922, Jan. 19, Feb. 16, 1923. 33° AASR (NJ). d. Jan. 29, 1960.

John W. Spencer (1864–1939) Chief Justice, Supreme

Court of Indiana, 1912–19. b. March 7, 1864 in Mt. Vernon, Ind. Began law practice at Evansville, Ind. in 1885. Became member of Reed Lodge No. 316, Evansville, Ind. in 1905 but dimitted in 1919. d. June 28, 1939.

Mickhail M. Speransky (1772–1839) Russian count and statesman. He accompanied Czar Alexander I to the conference with Napoleon at Erfurt in 1806, and was described by Napoleon as “the only clear head in Russia.” He was minister of state, 1809–12; governor general of Siberia and member of the council of state in 1821. He was initiated at a secret meeting of the Lodge of the Polar Star (Fessler’s lodge), probably at the request of Alexander I, q.v., for he was later a member of a governmental committee to look into the political status of all Masonic lodges.

George W. Speth (1847–1901) A founder and first secretary of the English research lodge, Quatuor Coronati No. 2076. b. in 1847, he was initiated in the Lodge of Unity No. 183, London, and master of same in 1876. In 1881 he published a history of the lodge. He served the research lodge as secretary from 1886–1901. Author of many Masonic articles, particularly for AQC. d. April 19, 1901.

John C. Spooner (1843–1919) U.S. Senator from Wisconsin, 1885–91 and 1897–1907. b. Jan. 6, 1843 in Lawrenceburg, Ind. Moved to Madison, Wis. in 1859. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1864. Served with 40th Wis. Inf. in Civil War, and was later secretary to Governor Lucius Fairchild, q.v., in 1866–67. Admitted to the bar in 1867, he was assistant attorney general

of Wis., and in general practice at Madison from 1867–70. From 1870–84 he practiced at Hudson, Wis. Was a regent of the U. of Wisconsin, 1882–85; member of state assembly, 1872. He resigned as senator, May 1, 1907, to enter law practice in New York City. He was known as one of the most brilliant men in the senate at that time. A personal friend and confidant of President Theodore Roosevelt, three presidents—McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft—offered him a place in their cabinets, but he declined all. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 50 at Madison, he received the degrees, Feb. 20, March 20, 1865, and Jan. 25, 1867. He was a member of Madison Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., and a Knight Templar. d. June 11, 1919.

Count Antonius Sporck (1662–1738) The first true Mason in Bohemia. An adherent to the teachings of Comenius, benefactor of the poor and enemy of the Jesuits. He preached the return of the original Christian life, erected churches and benevolent institutions, protected art, and upheld the connections with the most prominent savants of that time. He was first master of The Three Stars Lodge. All the enemies of the monarchy, dynasty, and the Jesuits gathered into this lodge. At the request of the priest, Konais, famous destroyer of Bohemian literature, Sporck's library of more than 30,000 volumes was confiscated, and Count Sporck himself tried before the bishops' consistory at Hradec, Kralovi (Koeinigrantz) as a heretic.

Edward W. Spottswood (1866–1951) General Grand High Priest of the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, 1946–48. b. Jan. 2, 1866 in Lake City, Minn., Graduate of

medical school of U. of Minnesota in 1893, he located in Missoula, Mont. Was assistant chief surgeon of the Western division of the Northern Pacific Railway, and after 1903, chief surgeon, resigning in 1908 for private practice. He retired from active practice in 1940. Was past president of the state medical board. Raised in Missoula Lodge No. 12, May 4, 1897, was its master twice, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Montana in 1925–26. Exalted in Western Sun Chapter No. 11, R.A.M., Missoula, Nov. 6, 1897, was high priest in 1919, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Montana, 1927–28. Although he was elected general grand high priest of the General Grand Chapter for the term 1946–48, he was too ill to serve actively as such. Greeted in Tyrian Council No. 3, R. & S.M. of Missoula, May 10, 1917, he was master in 1920, and grand master of Grand Council, R. & S.M. of Montana in 1924–25. Knighted in St. Omer Commandery No. 9, K.T., Missoula, on Feb. 11, 1898, he was commander in 1919, and grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T., of Montana in 1932–33. Member of St. Peter's Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine; past sovereign and intendant general. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1939. Member of Algeria Shrine Temple of Helena and potentate in 1926. d. May 13, 1951.

John de Spoulee He is claimed to have presided over the Freemasons of England in 1350, in the reign of Edward III. Dr. Anderson stated that he was called Master of the Ghiblim in his 1738 Constitutions.

Peleg Sprague (1793–1880) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1829–35; U.S. Congressman from Maine, 19th–21st Congresses,

1825–29. b. April 27, 1793 in Duxbury, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1812, studied law at Litchfield Law School, and admitted to bar in 1815. Commenced law practice in Augusta, Maine, but moved to Hallowell in 1817. After his resignation as U.S. senator in 1835, he practiced in Boston, Mass. He was a member of the lower house of Maine in 1821–22, and an incorporator of the Maine Historical Society in 1822. He was U.S. district judge of Mass. from 1841–65. Member of Kennebec Lodge No. 5, Hallowell, Maine, he was corresponding grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maine in 1822, district deputy grand master in 1825, and deputy grand master in 1828. Member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., Hallowell, serving as high priest in 1825. d. Oct. 13, 1880.

William Sprague (1830–1915) U.S. Senator from Rhode Island, 1863–75; Governor of Rhode Island, 1860–63. b. Sept. 12, 1830 in Cranston, R.I. Was in calico-printing business, and also the manufacture of locomotives. Was a colonel of marine artillery of R.I. militia in 1860, and at start of Civil War declined a commission as brigadier general. He was an unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1883. An uncle of the same name (but not a Mason) was also governor of R.I. in 1838–39. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 2, Providence, R.I. d. in Paris, France, Sept. 11, 1915.

Edward Spratt Editor of an Irish edition of Anderson's Constitutions of 1738, published at Dublin in 1751. He was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Ireland.

Claus A. Spreckels (1828–1908) Capitalist. b. in Hanover in

1828, coming to the U.S. in 1846. He worked at Charleston, S. Car. and N.Y., going to San Francisco in 1856. Here he conducted a store, and later a brewery. Established Bay Sugar Refinery in 1863, procuring raw material from Hawaii. He invented a new refining process; acquired sugar properties in Hawaii, and was a large owner in the Oceanic Steamship Co., plying between San Francisco and Honolulu. He was a brother of John D. Spreckels, q.v., and both were members of Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco. d. 1908.

John D. Spreckels (1853–1921) Capitalist. b. Aug. 16, 1853 in Charleston, S. Car., a brother of Claus A. Spreckels, q.v. In 1880 he founded J. D. Spreckels & Bros., shipping and commission merchants. He was president of the Oceanic Steamship Co. (mail and passenger line to Hawaii), Western Sugar Refining Co., Spreckels Sugar Co., Coronado Beach Co., Hotel del Coronado, Coronado Tent City, San Diego Electric Railway Co., Coronado Water Co., San Diego & Coronado Ferry Co., United Light, Fuel and Power Co., San Diego & Arizona Railway Co., and other companies. He registered the first automobile in Calif. (a White Steamer) on May 5, 1905. A member of Oriental Lodge No. 144 and San Francisco Chapter No. 1, both of San Francisco. d. Aug. 8, 1921.

Christian F. K. von Sprengseisen (1731–1809) German Mason of note. b. Saalfeld, Germany in 1731. Was an ardent adherent of Von Hund, q.v., and admirer of his Templar system. In 1786 he wrote the book, *Anti Saint Nicaise*, in defense of the system and against spiritual templarism. d. Jan. 11, 1809.

Raymond S. Springer (1882–1947) U.S. Congressman to 76th–80th Congresses; 1939–49, from 10th Ind. dist. b. April 26, 1882 in Rush Co., Ind. Graduate of Indiana Law School in 1904. Was county attorney and circuit judge. Practiced law at Connersville from 1922. Candidate for governor in 1932 and 1936. Served as captain of Infantry in WWI. Received degrees in Warren Lodge No. 15, Connersville, Ind. on May 28, June 10, July 1, 1909 and was master in 1914. d. Aug. 28, 1947.

William L. Springer U.S. Congressman to 82nd–86th Congresses, 1951–60, from 22nd dist. b. April 12, 1909 in Sullivan, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1931 and U. of Illinois in 1935. In law practice at Champaign, from 1935. Served as states attorney and county judge. With Navy in WWII, advancing to lieutenant commander. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 240, Champaign, Ill., being raised Aug. 29, 1945.

Elliott White Springs Flying ace of WWI; manufacturer and author. b. July 31, 1896 in Lancaster, S. Car. Graduate of Culver Military Academy in 1913 and Princeton U. in 1917. As a test pilot, he flew in first cross country airplane race (N.Y.C. to Toronto) in 1919. Enlisted as a private in aviation corps in 1917, training with the R.F.C. Rose to captain, and was officially credited with destroying 11 enemy planes. A cotton manufacturer, he is known as the creator of a revolutionary advertising technique for his company's Springmaid Sheets. He is president of three banks, Springs Cotton Mills, Columbia Compress, Leroy Springs & Co., Kershaw Cotton Mills, Lancaster Cotton Mills, Fort Mill Mfg. Co., Eureka Cotton Mills, Springstein Cotton Mills and Springs Mills. A member

of Catawba Lodge No. 56, Fort Mill, S. Car., he received the degrees, Nov. 30, Dec. 28, 1922, and Feb. 8, 1923.

Ebenezer Sproat (1752–1805) Revolutionary soldier and Ohio pioneer. b. in Middleborough, Mass. Entered Provincial Army as a captain early in 1775, was promoted to lieutenant colonel and given command of the 2nd Mass. Regiment. Was in General Glover's brigade at battles of Trenton, Princeton, and Monmouth. Was appointed brigade inspector by Baron Steuben. After the war he was a surveyor at Providence, R. I., and subsequently went West, where in 1786, he began a survey of the territory now within the border of Ohio. In 1788 he led the party of emigrants that settled at Marietta, and was for 14 years sheriff and colonel of militia. He was tall and commanding in person, and known among the Indians as "The Big Buckeye"—from which Ohio derived its name of "The Buckeye State." Member of American Union Lodge No. 1, Marietta, Ohio, being raised Dec. 8, 1790. d. Feb., 1805.

Elliott W. Sproul (1856–1935) U.S. Congressman to 67th–71st Congresses, 1921–31, from 3rd Ill, dist. b. Dec. 28, 1856 in Apohaqui, Canada. Came to U.S. in 1878 and was naturalized in 1886. Was a building contractor in Chicago from 1880, and later president of the E. W. Sproul Co. (until 1913). Raised Oct 3, 1885 in Englewood Lodge No. 690, Chicago, Ill. d. June 22, 1935.

William C. Sproul (1870–1928) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1919–23 and industrialist. b. Sept. 16, 1870 in Octoraro, Pa. Graduate of Swarthmore Coll. in 1891. President of Chester

(Pa.) Daily Times and Morning Republican; organizer and president of Seaboard Steel Casting Co.; organizer and chairman of General Refractories Co. with 15 plants; also Lebanon Iron Co., Lackawanna & Wyoming Valley R.R. Organized and developed numerous railroads, mining, traction, and power enterprises in W. Va. Served 22 continuous years in Pa. state senate. A Republican primary candidate for president in 1920. Known as “father of the good roads” in Pa. Raised April 15, 1897 in Chester Lodge No. 236, Chester, Pa. Received Mark Master degree, Nov. 21, 1919. d. March 21, 1928.

Mary Sproule Said to be Canada’s only “woman Freemason.” It is told that in 1783, when 10,000 refugee Loyalists from the U.S. settled in New Brunswick, they did their best to pick up their old way of life. Many of the men, who were granted land around Sussex in the Kennebecasis River Valley, were Masons in the U.S. It was not long before they formed Zion Lodge at Sussex. Scattered over a 40–mile area, they traveled to meetings by horse in the summer and snowshoe in the winter. They had no hall but met in private homes, “on the first Monday after the full moon in the calendar month,” with each member taking a turn as host. Early in the 1800’s they met in the two–room log house of young James Sproule. As the first brethren arrived, Mary Sproule, James’ wife, picked up her candle and knitting and withdrew to the bedroom, which was separated from the main room by a curtain. It was not until the meeting was over and the candidate had been initiated, that the Rev. Oliver Arnold, Anglican rector of the parish, realized that Mrs. Sproule had been able to hear all that went on—that, in fact, she couldn’t help from hearing.

“You listened to the initiation ceremony,” he thundered at her. “I didn’t listen,” she said, “but you talked so loud. . . .” The old parson turned pale, for it was prescribed that no outsider could be allowed to live after learning the secrets of initiation. It was then determined that she should be sworn in as a Freemason, and she took the oath that made her the only woman member of the Order in Canadian history. She was never to hold office, nor even to attend another meeting, but the curious incident was eventually reported in newspapers around the world, and brought fame to the little lodge in the Kennebecasis Valley. When Mary Sproule died, a stone bearing the Masonic emblem was placed over her grave. As a footnote to the story, Ralph T. Pearson, of Sussex, a direct descendant of James and Mary Sproule was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick in 1954.

Arnon L. Squiers (1869–1921) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1919–21. b. Oct. 6, 1869 in Smyrna, N.Y. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1893 and New York Law School in 1894. Was assistant professor of mathematics at Columbia U., and instructor of mathematics at Barnard Coll. until 1895. Admitted to bar in latter year, practicing in N.Y.C. Member of Anglo–Saxon Lodge No. 137, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on May 17, June 7, 21, 1905; master in 1911; district deputy grand master of 1st Kings dist. in 1919–20. d. Oct. 28, 1921.

St. (all names with “Saint” or “St.” are grouped under the alphabetical listing of Saint for convenience).

Edward J. Stackpole Publisher and soldier. b. June 21, 1894 in Harrisburg, Pa. Graduate of Yale in 1915. Starting as a salesman for Telegraph Press, of Harrisburg, he has been president and director since 1931. Also president, director of Radio Station WHP since 1931, Telegraph Building Corp., and The Stackpole Co., book publishers. Is director of many other companies. Was infantry captain in WWI, and later organized and commanded the 104th Cavalry of the Pa. National Guard, as well as the 22nd Cavalry Div. Served throughout WWII as brigadier general of the line. Reorganized the Pa. National Guard, and was major general, commanding 28th Inf. Division, 1946–47. Has written a number of books on the Civil War. Member of Robert Burns Lodge No. 464, Harrisburg, Pa., since 1917. 32° AASR (NJ), Zembo Shrine Temple, and National Sojourners, all of Harrisburg.

H. Eugene Stafford (1869–1954) Medical officer, U.S. Army, and first grand master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines. b. in Meridian, Miss. Was one of the first to be commissioned in the medical service in the Spanish–American War. Made captain and assistant surgeon in the 71st N.Y. National Guard. Was wounded by shrapnel at San Juan Hill in Cuba. Arrived in Manila, Philippines, in May, 1899, where he was in charge of the surgery department of the First Reserve Hospital. Then detailed to the Malacanan Palace as surgeon to General Arthur MacArthur, q.v. He engaged in civil practice for a time, and shortly before WWII, moved to Baguio, a mountain resort 165 miles north of Manila. In 1942 his stay was interrupted by the Japanese, who imprisoned Stafford and his wife. Here he underwent, from the hands of the Japanese, innumerable

tortures which left him sightless and deaf—and from which he never recovered. Dr. Stafford raised General Douglas MacArthur, q.v., to the third degree, and MacArthur later said of him, “He was the noblest Mason of them all.” Raised in Roome Lodge No. 746, N.Y.C., he was master in 1895 and 1898. He later dimitted to become charter member and first master of Manila Lodge No. 342 under Calif. (now Manila No. 1). Became a member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., New York City, March 28, 1894, and high priest of same in 1898; greeted in Adelpic Council No. 7, R. & S.M. in 1894; knighted in Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 23, K.T. of N.Y.C. on May 11, 1894, and was generalissimo in 1898. Was life member of Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C., and first president of the National Sojourners in Manila. Received the 32° AASR (NJ) in Dec. 1892, and affiliated with Southern Jurisdiction, Sept. 9, 1921; KCCH in 1931 and 33° in May, 1936. Was first grand master of the Grand Lodge of the Philippines at its formation in Dec., 1912, and reelected the next year at the first regular meeting. d. 1954, and his ashes, together with those of his wife, were scattered over Manila Bay at sundown on Aug. 7, 1954, as ordered by his will.

John M. Stahl (1860–1944) Writer, lecturer; leader of “good roads” movement; first to propose Rural Free Delivery; led in the movement for parcel post. b. Aug. 24, 1860 in Mendon, Ill. Was an editor of the Ohio Farmer at 18; editor of same, 1881–1916; and proprietor, 1883–1916. President of Farmers’ National Life Insurance Co., 1913–24. Opposed free silver. An organizer of National Civic Federation in 1900. Declined appointment as secretary of Agriculture under Harrison, and

another cabinet seat under Wilson. Was an early advocate of direct election of U.S. senators. Raised Feb. 29, 1892 in Kenwood Lodge No. 800, Chicago, Ill.; Knight Templar and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Oct. 17, 1944.

James G. Stab'man Publisher and president of the Nashville Banner. b. Feb. 28, 1893 in Nashville, Tenn. Graduate of Vanderbilt U. in 1916. Served as private in Army in WWI, and captain in Navy in WWII. President of American Newspaper Publishers, 1932–33, and chairman of board, 1933–34. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (SJ), and past potentate of Al Menah Shrine Temple.

John, 12th Earl of Stair (Sir John James Dalrymple) Eighty-fourth grand master Mason of Scotland, 1924–45. Peer of the Realm. Initiated in Lodge Stranraer Kilwinning No. 208 in 1905. Affiliated with Scots Lodge No. 2319 (E.C.) in 1910, and master in 1919.

Robert N. Stanfield (1877–1945) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1921–27. b. July 9, 1877 in Umatilla, Oreg. Engaged in live-stock and banking. Member of state house of representatives, 1913–17, and speaker of same in 1917. Mason, and member of Al Kader Shrine Temple, Portland. Received degrees in Umatilla Lodge No. 90 in 1902 and dropped NPD Dec. 12, 1933. d. April 13, 1945.

Leland Stanford (1824–1893) Founder of Leland Stanford, Jr. University, Palo Alto, Calif. in 1885 in memory of his only son; capitalist; governor of California, 1861–63, and U.S.

senator from Calif., 1885–1893. b. March 9, 1824 in Watervliet, N.Y. Studied law, and admitted to practice in 1848. Moved to Port Washington, Wis. in 1848 and to Calif. in 1852, where he opened a general store at Michigan Bluff. In 1855 he moved to Sacramento and engaged in mercantile pursuits on a large scale. He was one of the “big four” who built the Central Pacific Railroad, linking the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific lines to form the first transcontinental road, 1,776 miles long. He drove the golden spike at Promontory Point, Utah, May 10, 1869. To establish Leland Stanford, Jr. Univ. he gave \$22,500,000; he is buried on the university grounds. Was raised in Prometheus (now Ozaukee) Lodge No. 17, Port Washington, Wis., in March, 1850. Dimitted from same in 1852 to become charter member and first senior deacon of Michigan City Lodge No. 47, Michigan City, Calif., on January 11, 1854. A year later he withdrew from the lodge. d. June 21, 1893.

Philip Dormer Stanhope (see 4th Earl of Chesterfield).

Augustus Poniatowski Stanislas, II (1732–1798) Last king of independent Poland, 1764–95. Son of Prince Stanislaw Poniatowski. Elected to the Diet in 1752. As a representative at the Russian court in 1755, he gained the favor of Catherine II, and through her influence was made king in 1764. He was well educated and well meaning, but without strength of character. The condition of the country became anarchic, and three partitions were carried out by Russia, Austria, and Prussia. Stanislas resigned in 1795, on the third partition, and was called to St. Petersburg, where he died. He was

the protector of Freemasonry, and a member of the Warsaw Lodge “Under Three Helmets” in 1777. This lodge worked under the German system of “higher” grades, and the king was knighted, assuming the name *Eques Salsinatus*. Nearly all his courtiers, prominent statesmen, and many aristocrats were Masons, such as Prince Kasimir Sapieha, Prince Adam Chartorysky, Ignatius Potocky, and the Priest Piatoly. Masonic ideas of tolerance and benevolence influenced the policy of the Polish government and a number of charitable institutions were organized by Polish Masons.

Edward John Stanley (see earl of Derby).

Wykeham Stanley (see Lord Cornwallis, 2nd Baron).

Edwin M. Stanton (1814–1869) Attorney General of the U.S., 1860–61; Secretary of War, 1862–68, guiding the war department through the Civil War. b. Dec. 19, 1814 in Steubenville, Ohio. Admitted to the bar in 1836, and practiced at Cadiz, Ohio, returning to Steubenville in 1839. In 1848 he moved to Pittsburgh, Pa., and in 1857, to Washington, D.C. Served as attorney general under President Buchanan. Lincoln named him secretary of war, in which position he “masterminded” the Union forces, retiring General McClellan, and placing General Grant as commander-in-chief of the three armies. After Lincoln’s death, Stanton opposed President Johnson, and intrigued with congressional groups against him. He was suspended by Johnson in Aug., 1867, but restored by act of U.S. Senate in Jan., 1868. Was dismissed by Johnson, Feb. 21, 1868, but refused to leave the office. In this the senate

supported him. This led to the impeachment charges against Johnson, and when these charges failed, Stanton resigned in May, 1868. President Grant appointed him associate justice of the supreme court, but he died Dec. 24, 1869, four days after he had been confirmed by the senate. He was a member of Steubenville Lodge No. 45, Steubenville, Ohio, and upon moving to Pittsburgh, Pa., became a member of Washington Lodge No. 253 of Pittsburgh on March 25, 1851 as a charter member. He resigned on Nov. 29, 1859. d. Dec. 24, 1869.

Johann August Von Starck (1741–1816) Closely connected with the history of German Freemasonry, especially with the Rite of Strict Observance. b. Oct. 29, 1741 at Schwerin. Studied at the U. of Gottingen. Made a Freemason in 1761 in a French military lodge. In 1763 he became a teacher in a public school at St. Petersburg, and it is thought that here he was adopted into the Rite of Melesine, then flourishing in the Russian capital. After two years in Russia, he went to England, and then to Paris in 1766. In 1767 he was director of schools at Wismar, where he was junior warden of the Lodge of the Three Lions. In 1770 he went to Konigsberg to occupy the chair of theology and to be court chaplain. The following year he resigned both offices and retired to Mettau to devote himself to literary and philosophical pursuits. He formed a schism from the Strict Observance, which he gave the name Clerks of Relaxed Observance. It consisted of seven degrees. Originally a Protestant, he had been secretly connected with Romanism while in Paris, and attempted to embody Roman Catholicism into his new system. In fact, he demanded that the candidate should be a Roman Catholic as a prerequisite to admission.

Other groups grew suspicious of his intentions and linked him with the Jesuits. His rite diminished in popularity, and he finally withdrew from Freemasonry and wrote several anti-Masonic works, including *A Treatise on Secret Catholicism*, on *Proselyte Making*, on *Jesuitism* and on *Secret Societies*. In this book he says “It is true that when the so-called Strict Observance was introduced into Masonry I belonged to it.. . . But I have withdrawn from all that, and all that is called Freemasonry for more than nine years.” Whatever his secret motives, he was an active member of the Masonic order and wrote many valuable Masonic works, including *Apology for the Order of Freemasonry*, 1778, and *On the Design of the Order of Freemasonry*, 1781. d. March 3, 1816.

Benjamin Stark (1820–1898) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1861–62. b. June 26, 1820 in New Orleans, La. Engaged in mercantile pursuits in N.Y.C., studied law and moved to San Francisco, Calif., where he was in the mercantile business from 1849–50. He then moved to Portland, Oreg. and was admitted to the bar in 1850. Was a member of the territorial house of representatives in 1852; served in the Oregon Indian hostilities in 1853 as a colonel; was a member of the house of representatives in 1860. He later moved to New London, Conn. where he was active in political affairs, and served in the Connecticut legislature in 1874. Received the degrees in *Loge Le Progres de l’Océanie*, Honolulu, Hawaii, and later affiliated with *Willamette Lodge No. 2*, Portland, which he served as secretary and master. d. Oct. 10, 1898.

John Stark (1728–1822) Major General of American

Revolution and last surviving general officer of that war. b. Aug. 28, 1728 in Londonderry, N.H. Hunting and trapping in his early years, he was captured by the Indians, but ransomed for \$103—remarking that he thought he was worth more than that. Joined the famous Rogers' Rangers as a lieutenant, and served through all the campaigns around Lake George and Lake Champlain. At the close of the Indian War, he retired to his farm at Derryfield, N.H. (now Manchester) until news of the Battle of Lexington reached him. He led several hundred neighbors to join the army at Cambridge. He was famous for his saying "Look yon, men! There are the red coats! Before the night they're ours or Molly Stark's a widow." His remark at the Battle of Bunker Hill, "Boys, aim at their waistbands," has become historical. He was in the Canadian expedition of 1776 and met with defeat. Next he was at Trenton and Princeton. Having been slighted in the promotion list, he resigned his commission and retired to his farm. Congress rebuked him, but he again entered the conflict as a brigadier general of N.H. militia, and his troops completely routed the British at the Battle of Bennington on Aug. 16, 1777. This led to the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga. For this victory, congress made him a brigadier general, Oct. 4, 1777. He commanded the Northern Department, and was a member of the court martial that condemned Major Andre of treason. At the end of the war he was breveted major general. He became a member of Masters Lodge No. 2 (later 5) at Albany, N.Y., Jan. 9, 1778. The minutes read, "The petition of Brigadier General John Starke being presented to the body, he was balloted for, met with the unanimous consent of the members present, and was initiated accordingly. Brig. Gen. John Starke paid 5

pounds for his initiation fee, 8 shillings to the Tyler, and 4 shillings for extra lodge." d. May 8, 1822.

Joe Starnes U.S. Congressman to 74th–78th Congresses, 1935–45, from 5th Ala. dist. b. March 31, 1895 in Guntersville, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1921, and in law practice at Guntersville since that time. Was member of special committee for investigating un-American activities, 75th–78th congresses, and author of the Veterans Preference Act of 1944. Member of Marshall Lodge No. 209, Guntersville, Ala., being raised in Aug., 1917; past master of same. Member of Tuscaloosa Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Tuscaloosa Council No. 4, R. & S.M., and Tuscaloosa Commandery No. 13, K.T., all of Tuscaloosa, Ala. Member of Eastern Star at Guntersville and Zamora Shrine Temple of Birmingham.

Floyd Starr Founder and President of Starr Commonwealth for Boys and author of the statement "There is no such thing as a bad boy." b. Decatur, Mich. Graduate of Albion Coll. in 1910. In 1913 he established the home and school for underprivileged and delinquent boys at Albion, Mich., for which has provided home, education, and guidance for 5,000 boys. A recognized pioneer in the field of social service. The Starr Commonwealth also has branches at Jackson, Mich. (advanced students) and in Van Wert, Ohio (limited to Ohio boys). Member of Murat Lodge No. 14, Albion, Mich., receiving degrees on March 18, April 1 and 22, 1924. Exalted in Albion Chapter No. 32, R.A.M. and Marshall Commandery No. 17, Marshall, Mich. 32° AASR (NJ) at Grand Rapids, Mich. Member of Saladin Shrine Temple, Grand Rapids, and Albion

Chapter No. 124, O.E.S., Albion.

Harris E. Starr Chief Associate Editor of Dictionary of American Biography, 1926–36. b. May 7, 1875 in Phenix, R.I. Graduate of Brown U., 1897; Harvard U., 1899; Yale, 1910 and 1922. English instructor at Brown U., then ordained to ministry in Congregational Church in 1902, serving at Mansfield, Mt. Cannel, and New Haven, Conn. Director of Dictionary of Biography since 1936, and editor in chief of The Army Chaplain, official organ of the Chaplains' Association, U.S. Army, 1929–34. Served as chaplain in WWI with rank of captain. Raised in 1903 in Uriel Lodge No. 24, Merrow, Conn. Was master of same and grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of Connecticut in 1908.

Raymond W. Starr Federal Judge, Western Michigan since 1946. b. Aug. 24, 1888 in Harbor Springs, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1910, and practiced law at Grand Rapids. Attorney general, 1937–38, and justice of supreme court of Michigan, 1941–46. Member of York Lodge No. 410, Grand Rapids, Mich., receiving degrees on Dec. 12, 1921, Jan. 2, 23, 1922. 33° AASR (NJ) in Oct., 1955.

Harold E. Stassen Governor of Minnesota, 1939–43. b. April 13, 1907 in West St. Paul, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1927 and 1929. Began law practice in South St. Paul. Was youngest governor in the history of the U.S. Was reelected for term 1943–45, but resigned to serve with U.S. Navy. He was personal aide and flag secretary to Admiral William P. Halsey in the South Pacific, and appointed assistant chief of staff in

June, 1944. President of U. of Pennsylvania, 1948–53. Mutual Security Administrator, 1953; special assistant to president with cabinet rank to direct studies of U.S. and world disarmament; one of U.S. delegates to San Francisco Conference of United Nations in 1945. Temporary chairman and keynoter of Republican National Convention in 1940. Member of Shekinah Lodge No. 171, St. Paul, Minn., and master of same in 1939, while governor of state. 32° AASR (NJ) and received KCCH in 1945.

Ellsworth M. Statler (1863–1928) Founder of the Statler Hotel system. b. Oct. 26, 1863 in Somerset Co., Pa. Founded Statler's Restaurant, Buffalo, N.Y. in 1896; built and operated hotel at Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, 1901, and Inside Inn at St. Louis Exposition in 1904. Was president and director of Hotels Statler Co., Inc., owning and operating hotels in Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, St. Louis, and New York City. Became member of DeMolay Lodge No. 498, Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 8, 1900. Received 33° AASR (NJ) at Buffalo, Sept. 18, 1923. d. April 16, 1928.

Charles H. Stauffacher (1879–) United Brethren Bishop from 1934. b. Oct. 27, 1879 in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. Graduate of Des Moines U. in 1901; Western Union Coll., (Ia.) in 1927. Licensed minister in Evangelical United Brethren Church in 1901, and ordained in 1903, serving churches in Belle Plaine, Waterloo, Zeiring, and Cedar Rapids, Iowa until 1917. Then served as associate secretary of General Missionary Society, 1921–22; secretary of Forward Movement, 1922–26; and field secretary of General Missionary Society, 1926–34. As bishop,

was supervisor of Southwestern Area, including Ia., Mo., Kan., Neb., Colo., Okla., Texas and Calif. Mason and 33° AASR (SJ).

Edward L. Stauffacher President of Cities Service Oil Co. of Pennsylvania. b. Sept. 25, 1901 in St. Paul, Mimi. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1924. Started as engineer with Cities Service Oil Co. of Del. in 1924, rising to vice president in charge of marketing, 1950–55, and director. Became vice president of Cities Service Oil Co., Ltd., 1950–55. Mason and Shriner.

William Staughton (1770–1829) Early American Baptist clergyman and college president. b. Jan. 4, 1770 in Coventry, England. Graduate of Baptist school in Bristol, England in 1792, and came to U.S. in 1793, landing at Charleston. Preached for more than a year at Georgetown, S.C.; moved to N.Y.C., and thence to N.J., residing for some time at Bordentown, and then at Burlington. Came to Philadelphia in 1805 as pastor of the 1st Baptist church. After a successful ministry there of six years, he founded a new church on Sansom St., where he served from 1811–22. Became president of Columbian College, Washington, D.C., 1822–27, and president of Georgetown Coll. (Ky.), 1829. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia, Pa. d. Dec. 12, 1829.

Ralph F. Stearley Major General U.S. Air Force. b. July 25, 1898 in Brazil, Ind. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy, 1918, advancing through grades to brigadier general in 1943, and major general (temp.) in 1949. Director of Air Support, Hdq., Army Air Forces, 1943; A-3 with 9th Air Force, E.T.O.,

1944; G-3 of first Allied Airborne Army, E.T.O., 1944-45; commanding general of 9th Tactical Air Command, E.T.O., 1945-46; deputy chief and later chief of War Dept. Special Staff Legislative and Liaison Div., 1946-48; commanding general 14th Air Force, 1948-50; commanding general of 20th Air Force, 1950-53, retiring in latter year. Now military advisor of Twigg Industries, Brazil, Ind. Received degrees in Rio Grande Lodge No. 81, Brownsville, Texas on Jan. 5, Feb. 9, March 9, 1921. Suspended NPD in 1933 and restored in 1953, transferring to Brazil Lodge No. 264, Brazil, Ind. in 1954.

Lorenzo Stecchetti (see under Olindo Guerrini).

Daniel F. Steck (1881-1950) U.S. Senator from Iowa, 1926-30. b. Dec. 16, 1881 in Ottumwa, Iowa. Graduate of U. of Iowa in 1906, and began law practice in Ottumwa. Served as a captain in 34th Division, A.E.F. in WWI. Was special assistant to U.S. attorney general, 1933-47. Member of Ottumwa Lodge No. 16, Ottumwa, Iowa. d. Dec. 31, 1950.

William E. Steckler Federal judge, Southern District of Indiana since 1950. b. Oct. 18, 1913 in Mount Vernon, Ind. Graduate of Indiana Law School in 1936 and 1937. Practiced law in Indianapolis, 1937-50. Served as seaman, U.S. Navy in WWII. Raised Oct. 25, 1943 in Center Lodge No. 23, Indianapolis. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in Sept., 1956. Member of Murat Shrine Temple, active member of Order of DeMolay, and Royal Order of Jesters.

Thomas J. Steed U.S. Congressman to 81st-86th Congresses

from 4th Okla. dist. b. March 2, 1902 near Rising Star, Texas. Connected with Okla. daily newspapers for 20 years, and managing editor of the Shawnee News and Star, four years. Served in WWII from private to lieutenant. Member of So. McAlester Lodge No. 96 of McAlester, Okla. since 1925. 33° AASR (SJ) in McAlester (Indian Consistory) and member of the Shrine.

James B. Steedman (1818–1883) Union Major General in Civil War. b. July 30, 1818 in Northumberland Co., Pa. Went to Ohio in 1837, where he was a contractor on the Wabash and Erie Canal. Member of state legislature in 1843. In 1849 organized a company to cross the plains to Calif. in search of gold, but returned to Ohio the next year. During Buchanan's administration he was public printer at Washington. At opening of Civil War he became a colonel of the 4th Ohio Regiment. Promoted to brigadier general in July, 1862; was at Perryville; commanded 1st division of the reserve corps of Army of the Cumberland; reinforced General G. H. Thomas at Battle of Chickamauga. Promoted major general in April, 1864; relieved the garrison at Dalton and defeated General Wheeler's cavalry in June, 1864. Resigned in July, 1866, after serving as provisional governor of Georgia, and was appointed by President Johnson as collector of internal revenue at New Orleans. Poor business judgment involved him in financial trouble and he returned to Ohio in 1879, where he was editor and nominal owner of the Weekly Ohio Democrat, and police chief of Toledo. Received his degrees in Northern Light Lodge No. 40, Waynesfield, Ohio in the summer in 1851. Was also a Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar. d. Oct. 18, 1883.

John Steele (1758–1827) Revolutionary War officer and Brigadier General of Pennsylvania militia. b. Aug. 15, 1758 in Lancaster Co., Pa. Rose to the command of a company in March, 1779, but was seriously wounded at the Battle of Brandywine, and retired from the service in Jan., 1783. Member of Pennsylvania state senate and speaker of that body in 1805. President Jefferson appointed him collector of the Port of Philadelphia in 1808, and he held that post until his death, Feb. 27, 1827. Member of Lodge No. 61, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

John Steele (1764–1815) First Comptroller of the U.S. Treasury; U.S. Congressman from North Carolina. b. Nov. 1, 1764 in Salisbury, N. Car. Became a merchant and successful planter. Served in state legislature in 1787, 1788, 1811–13. He was a member of the first two U.S. congresses, 1790–93. Washington made him the first comptroller of the Treasury, and he served from 1796 to 1802. Active in the state militia, he attained the rank of general. Member of Old Cone Lodge No. 9, Salisbury, N. Car. He was at one time grand pursuivant of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. d. Aug. 14, 1815.

John B. Steele (1814–1866) U.S. Congressman to 37th–38th Congresses, 1861–65, from New York. b. March 28, 1814 in Delhi, N.Y., he graduated from Williams Coll. Williamstown, Mass., and was admitted to the bar in 1839. Began law practice at Cooperstown, N.Y. moving to Kingston in 1847. Accidentally killed near Kingston, N.Y. Sept. 24, 1866. Member of Kingston Lodge No. 10, Kingston, N.Y.

John H. Steele Governor of New Hampshire, 1844–45. Initiated March 13, 1816 in Altemont Lodge No. 26, Peterborough, N.H.; raised April 1, 1817. Was twice master, 1826–29 and 1849–50. Was grand lecturer of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire, 1835–37, and district deputy grand master, 1838–40 and 1851. Member of Peterborough Chapter No. 12, R.A.M.

Sir Richard Steele (1672–1729) British essayist and dramatist. Started the *Tatler* in 1709, a triweekly journal of politics and society, into which he inserted essays on manners and morality. Also collaborated with Addison on the *Spectator*, but later broke with him. Believed to have been a Mason, but no proof.

Thomas J. Steele (1853–1920) U.S. Congressman to 64th Congress, 1915–17, from Iowa. b. March 19, 1853 in Rush Co., Ind. Practiced law at Sheldon, Iowa, and after 1897 was in the cattle commission business at Sioux City. Mason. d. March 21, 1920.

Reuben A. Steere (1838–?) Midget. b. Oct. 19, 1838 in Gloscester, R.I. Was called the “Second Tom Thumb” and “Colonel Steere.” He entered Stone & Murray’s Circus in 1870, at the age of 31; weighed 43 lbs. and was 44 inches tall. He was later with Bailey’s Circus, North American Circus, and others. Married another midget—Rebecca Ann Myers—March 7, 1880, and both traveled with circuses until 1906, when they retired to his home in Chepachet, R.I. Was made a Mason in Friendship Lodge No. 7, Chepachet in May, 1889, and served as its tyler for 15 years.

Karl Stefan (1884–1951) U.S. Congressman to 74th–82nd Congresses, 1935–51, from 3rd Nebr. dist. b. March 1, 1884 in Zbravkow, Bohemia, and brought to the U.S. the following year. Educated in public schools of Omaha, Nebr. Was variously a telegraph operator, news writer, reporter, editor, radio news commentator. Member of committee in 1935 to assist in inauguration of Philippine Commonwealth. Was congressional observer to signing of Japanese Peace Treaty in San Francisco in 1951. Member of Mosaic Lodge No. 55, Norfolk, Nebr., receiving degrees in 1911. d. Oct. 2, 1951.

Baron Heinrich von Stein (1757–1831) Prussian statesman, born at Nassau, Germany. As Prussian minister of foreign affairs from 1807–08, he accomplished many reforms in administration, taxation, and civil service, as well as abolishing serfdom. He assisted Sharnhorst and Gneisenau in reorganizing the army. Napoleon forced him to resign in 1808, and he fled to Austria where he lived until 1812. He was summoned to Russia as a counselor to the czar and after the Battle of Leipzig he headed the council of administration of the reconquered German territory, and was leader in military diplomacy. He was frustrated in his plans for Germany by Metternich and Hardenberg at the Congress of Vienna, and spent the remaining years in promoting German arts and sciences. He is said to have been a member of the lodge "Joseph of the Three Helmets" at Wetzlar.

Louis P. Stein (1893–1952) Organizer of Helene Curtis Industries, beauty supply manufacturers at Chicago in 1927. b. Sept. 18, 1893 in Warsaw, Poland. Was student at universities

of Heidelberg and Warsaw. Came to U.S. in 1913, and naturalized in 1919. Served as president of Helene Curtis Industries, 1927–47, and chairman of board after that date. Raised Jan. 2, 1923 in Hyde Park Lodge No. 989, Chicago, Ill. d. June 24, 1952.

Frederick Steiwer (1883–1939) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1927–38. b. Oct. 13, 1883 in Jefferson, Oreg. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1906. Admitted to bar in 1908, and began practice at Pendleton. Was actively identified with wheat growing. Served as district attorney, member of state senate, and in Field Artillery in WWI. Delivered the “keynote” address at the Republican National Convention of 1936. Member of Jefferson Lodge No. 33, Jefferson, Oreg. receiving degrees on Feb. 15, Aug. 12, Sept. 9, 1905. d. Feb. 2, 1939.

John C. Stennis U.S. Senator from Mississippi since 1947. b. Aug. 3, 1901 in Kemper Co., Miss. Graduate of Mississippi State Coll. in 1923, and U. of Virginia in 1928. Entered law practice at DeKalb, Miss. Active in promotion of farm youth training programs. Member of DeKalb Lodge No. 64, DeKalb, Miss., receiving degrees on Sept. 10, 1925, Feb. 15, and March 7, 1940.

Alexander Petrovich Stepanov (1731–1837) Russian author who joined “Gerebzov’s Lodge,” Gerebzov being grand master of the provincial lodge, successor to the Directorial Lodge Vladimir of Russia in 1815. He wrote of his initiation on June 14, 1815. Prince G. M. Odoevsky was initiated the same night. Stepanov’s uncle, R. S. Stepanov, the celebrated

Moscow Rosicrucian, became the leader of Moscow Masons after Posdeef's death.

Lawrence V. Stephens (1858–1923) Governor of Missouri, 1897–1901. b. Dec. 21, 1858 in Boonville, Mo. Learned printers' trade, and was at one time editor of the Boonville Advertiser. Became vice president and director of Central National Bank, Boonville, and later appointed government receiver of Fifth National Bank of St. Louis. Was state treasurer of Missouri, 1889–97. Was a member of Tuscan Lodge No. 360, St. Louis, Mo.; received chapter degrees in Kilwinning Chapter No. 50, R.A.M. St. Louis, on March 28 and April 24, 1890; knighted in Olivet Commandery No. 53, K.T. of Boonville, Dec. 18, 1891. Masonic services conducted by Tuscan Lodge, following his death, Jan. 10, 1923.

Uriah S. Stephens (1821–1882) Early American labor leader who became first Grand Master Workman of the Noble Order of the Knights of Labor in 1878. A tailor by trade, he formed the first local assembly of the Knights of Labor among the garment cutters of Philadelphia. The organization expanded by taking in other trades, and when the national group was founded, he became first Grand Master Workman, with Charles Litchman, q.v., as first Grand Secretary. The principles laid down were secrecy, union of all trades, education, cooperation, and "brotherhood." The Knights believed in boycott rather than strike. In the second year, Stephens was succeeded by Terence V. Powderly, q.v. The scriptural passages and oath were eliminated in 1881 because many of the members were Irish Catholic. By 1886 the Knights had

more than 700,000 members. It passed out of existence in the early 1890's, being taken over by the A.F. of L. under Samuel Gompers, q.v. Stephens was a member of Kensington Lodge No. 211 of Philadelphia.

William D. Stephens (1859–1944) Governor of California, 1917–23, and U.S. Congressman to 62nd–64th Congresses, 1911–17. b. Dec. 26, 1859 in Eaton, Ohio. Taught school while reading law. Engaged in railroad construction in Indiana, Ohio, La., and Iowa from 1880–87, and then moved to Los Angeles, where he was a traveling salesman and member of Carr & Stephens grocers, 1902–09. Was mayor of Los Angeles in 1909. Was member of Signet Chapter No. 57, R.A.M., Los Angeles; served as grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Calif. in 1908; 33° AASR (SJ); charter member of Red Cross of Constantine; potentate of Al Malaikah Shrine Temple in 1904. Member of Southern California Lodge No. 278, Los Angeles. d. April 25, 1944.

Clotworthy Stephenson Was grand marshal at the laying of the cornerstone of the U.S. capitol in 1793. He was at one time a member of Lodge No. 19 of Virginia, but listed as “removed” in proceedings of 1794. He was later past master of Federal Lodge No. 1, Washington, D.C., and was a Royal Arch Mason and high priest of an early “encampment” of Royal Arch Masons in the District of Columbia, 1795–98.

Ross S. Sterling (1875–1949) Governor of Texas, 1931–32. b. Feb. 11, 1875 in Anahuac, Texas. Was on a farm until maturity, then entered business for self. From 1903 he was an oil

operator, being chairman of board of Sterling Oil & Refining Corp., and chairman of board and president of Humble Oil & Refining Co., 1917–25. Initiated in Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, Texas, on Oct. 30, 1923. d. March 25, 1949.

Thomas Sterling (1851–1930) U.S. Senator from South Dakota, 1913–25. b. Feb. 21, 1851 in Amanda, Ohio. Moved with parents to McLean Co., Ill. in 1854, and graduated from Illinois Wesleyan U. at Bloomington in 1875. Admitted to bar in 1878, after teaching school for two years, and began practice in Springfield, Ill. Moved to Dakota Territory, and located at Northville in 1882, but moved to Redfield in 1886. Member of state constitutional convention of 1889. Was dean of college of law at U. of South Dakota, 1901–11. After senatorial term he resumed law practice in Washington, D.C., and served on faculty of National U. Law School. Received his degrees in Illinois in May, 1877. Member of El Riad Shrine Temple, Sioux Falls, S. Dak. d. Aug. 26, 1930.

Horace Stern Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania 1952–54, and associate justice for a term of 21 years from 1935. b. Aug. 7, 1878 in Philadelphia. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1899 and 1902 with honors. Practiced law in Philadelphia. Was judge of court of common pleas, 1920–35. Served as a lecturer at the U. of Pennsylvania from 1902–17 and for many years was director and honorary president of the Federation of Jewish Charities in Philadelphia. Was major in Ordnance Dept., U.S. Army in WWI. Member of Mozart Lodge No. 436, Philadelphia.

Joseph S. Stern President of U.S. Shoe Corporation, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1931–39 and chairman of board from 1949. b. Sept. 10, 1891 in Cincinnati. Graduate of Cornell U. in 1913. With Stern–Auer Co., 1913–35, and president of same, 1921–35. With U.S. Shoe from 1931. Member of Cincinnati Lodge No. 133 (Ohio) receiving degrees on Dec. 4, 1913, Jan. 8, Feb. 5, 1914. 32° AASR (NJ).

Frank W. Sterrett Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Bethlehem, Pa. from 1928. b. Jan. 21, 1885 in Middleport, N.Y. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1908; Philadelphia Divinity School, 1911. Became priest in 1912, and served churches in Kingston and Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Consecrated bishop coadjutor of Bethlehem in 1923 and bishop in 1928. Member of Quakertown Lodge No. 512, Quakertown, Pa., receiving degrees on Feb. 9, March 9, May 11, 1911. 33° AASR (NJ) in 1952.

Thomas P. Stetson Member of Hancock Lodge No. 70, N.Y.C.; as captain of the ship Mercury on a voyage from New York to Havre, France in June, 1865, rescued 43 persons from the burning American ship, William Nelson. Again in Feb., 1862, while captain of the Frothingham, he saved the lives of 47 persons on the ship, Sparta. Was also a member of Columbian Commandery No. 1, K.T., of N.Y.C.

Baron von Steuben (1730–1794) Major General of American Revolution. Name in full was Frederick William Augustus Henry Ferdinand von Steuben. b. Nov. 15, 1730 in Magdeburg, Prussia. Educated in Jesuit colleges at Neisse and Breslau,

distinguishing himself as a mathematician. His father was a Prussian Army officer, and at the age of 14 young Frederick served under him in the War of 1744, and was present at the siege of Prague. Entered army at age of 17, and served in the Seven Years' War. Was taken prisoner by Russians at capitulation of Colberg. In 1762 was made aide to Frederick the Great, q.v., and took part in the siege of Schweidnitz, which closed the Seven Years' War. From 1762–63, he was aide-de-camp to the king. Franklin recommended him to Washington, and in 1777 he came to America, reporting to Washington at Valley Forge, Feb. 23, 1778. He was designated inspector general of the Continental Army with the rank of major general, and given the task of training the troops. He reorganized and drilled the army with marked success. He was engaged at Monmouth and Yorktown, and became a trusted adviser to Washington. It is doubtful if the American cause would have succeeded without the aid of Steuben in organizing and training. He was one of those who sat on Andre's court martial. He desired a field command, but did not receive it until late in the war, when he commanded in the Virginia campaigns. Honorably discharged in 1784, he became a naturalized American citizen of Pennsylvania and New York, making his home in New York, where he received bounty lands near Utica. A generous man he never learned the value of the American dollar, and his former army associates kept him out of deep financial embarrassment only by closely supervising his funds. At Washington's inauguration he had a seat on the platform with the favored few, and soon after became the beneficiary of liberal retired pay from the new congress. He made frequent trips to New York City

where he mingled with his brethren of the Masonic fraternity. It is not known where he received the degrees and earned the title of “past master,” but it is presumed to have been in Europe. E. A. Sherman states it was in the “Military Lodge of the Blazing Star” at Berlin. He was a member of Trinity Lodge No. 10 (now 12) of New York City and an honorary member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. On St. John’s Day, 1788, he dined with Holland Lodge, and addressed the “Veterans of the Royal Art” in French. In the minutes of Feb. 6, 1789, “Bro. Past Master von Steuben” was appointed a member of the committee to inform Washington of his election as an honorary member of the lodge. d. Nov. 28, 1794.

Arthur W. Steudel President of Sherwin-Williams Co., paint manufacturers, since 1940. b. Aug. 28, 1892 in Cleveland, Ohio. Has been with Sherwin-Williams since 1908. Transferred to Chicago in 1917 as Eastern sales manager; Eastern sales manager N.Y.C., 1919–23; assistant to president and department manager at Cleveland, 1928–29; vice president, 1929–36, then vice president, general manager and director. Director of Wilson & Co., Inc., Chicago; Baltimore & Ohio Railroad; Cleveland Trust Co.; Republic Steel Corp. Mason.

Atherton H. Stevens, Jr. Union Major who gave protection to the Masonic Hall at Richmond, Va. during the Civil War. Was a member of Putnam Lodge, East Cambridge, Mass.

Edward Stevens (1745–1820) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. in Culpeper, Va. Commanded a battalion of militia at the Battle of Great Bridge in Dec., 1775,

and the following year was appointed colonel of the 10th Va. Regiment. Joined Washington's Army in N.J. in 1777, and checked the attack of General Howe's forces at the Battle of Brandywine, where by holding the road until nightfall, he prevented a serious disaster. Served at Germantown, and was made a brigadier general. In Aug., 1780, he joined the army of General Horatio Gates with 700 Virginia militia, fighting in the Battle of Camden and at Guilford Courthouse. He was severely wounded in the latter. He served at the siege of Yorktown. From the adoption of the state constitution until 1790 he was in the Virginia senate. In his will he left one acre of land near his own family burying-ground in Culpeper to be used as a cemetery for the members of his lodge—Fairfax No. 43. d. Aug. 17, 1820.

Frederick B. Stevens Acting Grand Commander, Northern Supreme Council, AASR from Oct. 10, 1932 to Sept. 28, 1933.

Thaddeus Stevens (1792–1868) Anti-Mason. U.S. Congressman, 1849–53 and 1859–68. He vigorously opposed slavery and was a leader in the congressional reconstruction plan. He was the principal leader in the proposed impeachment of President Johnson and managed the trial. It is claimed by some—and disclaimed by others—that he was rejected for membership in Good Samaritan Lodge No. 336 of Gettysburg, Pa. He did much for the public schools and higher education in his state.

W. Bertrand Stevens (1884–1947) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Los Angeles from 1928. b. Nov. 19, 1884 in Lewiston,

Maine. A graduate of Bates Coll., Columbia U., New York U., and Episcopal Theol. School. Became deacon in 1910, and priest in 1911, of Protestant Episcopal Church. Served churches in New York City and San Antonio, Texas until 1920, when he became bishop coadjutor of Los Angeles, and in 1928, bishop of same. Was originally a member of Johkheer Lodge No. 865, Yonkers, N.Y., and at time of his death, of Garfield Lodge No. 565, Los Angeles. A member of both York and Scottish Rites, he was a 33° AASR (SJ), and twice grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of California. d. Aug. 22, 1947.

Walter H. Stevens (1827–1867) Confederate Brigadier General and chief engineer of Lee's Army. b. Aug. 24, 1827 in Penn Yan, N.Y. Graduate of the U.S. Military Academy in 1848; commissioned a lieutenant of engineers. Engaged in construction and repairing of fortifications at New Orleans; built two forts on the coast of Texas; removed the great Colorado River raft by order of congress; and built lighthouses, etc. Resigned his commission in May, 1861, and entered the Confederate service, accompanying General Beauregard to Va. as his chief engineer. Was chief engineer of the Army of Northern Virginia until 1862, when he was placed in charge of fortifications at Richmond. He then became chief engineer for Lee's Army, and continued as such until the close of the war. After the war he became an engineer on the Mexican Railway between Vera Cruz and Mexico City, and at the time of death was its superintendent and constructing engineer. Member of Richmond Lodge No. 10, Richmond, Va. and buried Masonically by that lodge. d. Nov. 12, 1867.

Adlai E. Stevenson (1835–1914) Twenty-Third Vice President of the United States. b. Oct. 23, 1835 in Christian Co., Ky. Educated at Centre College in Ky. The family removed to Bloomington, Ill. in 1852, and he was admitted to the bar in 1857. He served as master in chancery and district attorney. He was U.S. congressman to the 44th and 46th congresses, 1875–77; 1879–81. From 1885–89 he was first assistant postmaster general, and vice president of the United States from 1893–97. Received the degrees in Metamora Lodge No. 82, Metamora, Ill. (now extinct) sometime in 1858, and was master of same in 1862. He later affiliated with Bloomington Lodge No. 43, Bloomington, Ill, and was master in 1874. He was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1895–96, and while vice president, addressed that body, saying: “I have been a member of the Masonic fraternity from my early manhood, and the more I have known of its principles, the more I have mingled with the members of this order, and the darker the shadows gather around me, the dearer the Order becomes.” He was exalted in Peoria Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Peoria, Ill. about 1866. Belonged to Metamora Council No. 38, R. & S.M. at Metamora, Ill. and DeMolay Commandery No. 24, K.T. of Bloomington. He dimitted from the latter in 1904. On June 24, 1875 he delivered an oration on St. John’s Day at Bloomington, Ill. On Nov. 3, 1887 (while first assistant postmaster general) he addressed a Masonic gathering in Washington, D.C., the minutes of St. John’s Lodge No. 11 of that date stating: “Immediately the grand lodge retired, our lodge was formed in procession and proceeded to LaFayette Lodge where we were entertained by a very interesting address by Brother Past Master Stevenson of Bloomington,

Ill.” He was present at the dedication of the Mary Washington monument at Fredericksburg, Va. by the Grand Lodge of Virginia on May 10, 1894, being vice president at the time. His grandson, of the same name, who became governor of Illinois and Democratic presidential nominee in 1956, is not a Mason. d. June 15, 1914.

Carter L. Stevenson Confederate Major General of Civil War. He was first junior warden of Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 205, Camp Floyd, Utah, military lodge (Mo.).

Coke Stevenson Governor of Texas, 1941–47. b. March 20, 1888 in Mason Co., Texas. With a bank in Junction, Texas from 1906–14. Admitted to bar in 1913. Served in state legislature, and was speaker of the house, 1933–37. Was lieutenant governor, 1939–41. Returned to private law practice at Junction, Texas. Member of Junction City Lodge No. 548 since May, 1911; 32° and KCCH, ASSR (SJ) at San Antonio. Master of his lodge in 1916 and 1918 and twice district deputy grand master.

Edward A. Stevenson (?–1895) Governor of Idaho Territory; fourtimes grand master of the Grand Lodge of Idaho, being first elected in 1876. While he was governor of Idaho Territory, his brother Charles C., was governor of Nevada. They were cousins of Adlai E. Stevenson, q.v., the vice president of the United States. In his youth Col. Stevenson was in charge of an Indian reservation in Northern Calif. Called away on business, he left his wife and children at their agency home. He returned to find that they and all employees of the reservation

had been murdered by the Indians. He pursued, captured, and killed all the Indians but one. The one was brought to trial, and Stevenson strode into the courtroom, took the criminal out, and with his own hands hanged him to a nearby tree. He received the first degree at Red Bluff, Calif. in 1857 and the other degrees in Pioneer Lodge No. 4, Pioneerville, Idaho, in the spring of 1869. d. July 6, 1895.

William H. Stevenson U.S. Congressman to 77th–80th Congresses, 1941–47, from 3rd Wis. dist. b. Sept. 23, 1891 in Kenosha, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1919; practiced law first at Richland Center and then LaCrosse. Member of Badger Lodge No. 345, LaCrosse, Wis., receiving degrees on July 6, Dec. 28, 1944 and April 3, 1945. Shriner.

Tom (Arthur Thomas) Stewart U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1939–49. b. Jan. 11, 1892 in Dunlap, Term. Admitted to bar in 1913; began practice in Birmingham, Ala., returning to Jasper, Tenn. in 1915, and moving to Winchester, Term. in 1919. After his term in senate, resumed practice of law in Nashville. Received first degree in Olive Branch Lodge No. 297 of Jasper, Tenn., Jan. 5, 1918, and others on July 17 and Nov. 6, 1923 in Winchester Lodge No. 158, Winchester, Term.

Dugald Stewart (1753–1828) Scottish philosopher. Was professor of moral philosophy at Edinburgh from 1785–1820. He was of the Scottish school, holding the doctrine of natural realism. He professed the Baconian empirical method, but disavowed its developments and retained intuitionism. Was the author of *Elements of the Philosophy of the Human Mind*

and The Philosophy of the Active and Moral Powers. Became a member of Canongate Kilwinning Lodge at Edinburgh in Dec., 1775 when a young man. Later made an honorary member of Lodge St. James, Tarbolton.

James G. Stewart (1881–1959) Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio, 1947–59. Father of Potter Stewart, q.v., U.S. supreme court justice. b. Nov. 17, 1881 in Springfield, Ohio. Graduate of Kenyon Coll. (Ohio) in 1902 and U. of Cincinnati Law School in 1905. Was mayor of Cincinnati, 1938–47. Member of Anthony Lodge No. 455, Springfield, Ohio, receiving degrees on Jan. 16, Feb. 5, March 21, 1907. Received 50-year medal from grand lodge. 33° on Sept. 24, 1947. d. April 4, 1959.

Paul Stewart (1892–1950) U.S. Congressman to 78th–79th Congresses, 1943–47, from the 3rd Okla. dist. b. Feb. 27, 1892 in Clarksville, Ark. Entered business at the age of 13, and was a farmer, merchant, lawyer, publisher, and ranchman. Owned and published the Antlers (Okla.) American, a weekly paper, from 1929. Operated the Paul Stewart Ranch–Farm at Antlers. Served two terms in state house of representatives and five terms in state senate. Received degrees in Haworth Lodge No. 338, Haworth, Okla. on May 18, July 6, Aug. 7, 1916. Affiliated with Good–water (Okla.) Lodge No. 148, Oct. 27, 1934. d. Nov. 13, 1950.

Potter Stewart Associate Justice, United States Supreme Court from 1958. b. Jan. 23, 1915 in Jackson, Mich., the son of James G. Stewart, q.v., judge of the Ohio supreme court. Graduate (cum laude) of Yale in 1937 and 1941. Was a fellow

at Cambridge U., England, 1937–38. Admitted to bar in 1941 and practiced in New York City and Cincinnati. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 81, Cincinnati, Ohio, receiving degrees, April 17, May 22, and Oct. 2, 1951, Member of Oola Khan Grotto, Cincinnati.

Sir Robert King Stewart Eightieth Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1914–16.

Robert M. Stewart (1815–1871) Governor of Missouri, 1857–61. b. March 12, 1815 in Courtland Co., N.Y. Studied law and taught school at same time. In 1837 he went to Louisville, Ky., practiced law there and worked on a newspaper until 1838, when he moved to St. Charles, Mo. A year later he relocated in Buchanan Co. at the present site of DeKalb. With the removal of the county seat from Sparta to St. Joseph, he made his home in the latter city and was active in political affairs there. Elected a member of the state constitutional convention in 1845; served in the state senate from 1846–57. He is credited with improving the railway systems in Missouri, and fathered the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad. Member of Zeredetha Lodge No. 189, St. Joseph, Mo. d. Sept. 21, 1871.

Samuel V. Stewart (1872–1939) Governor of Montana, 1913–21. b. Aug. 2, 1872 in Monroe Co., Ohio. Law graduate of U. of Kansas in 1898. Began practice of law at Virginia City, Mont. in July, 1898. Was justice of supreme court of Montana, 1933–39. Member of Virginia City Lodge No. 1. d. Sept. 15, 1939.

Thomas E. Stewart (1824–1904) U.S. Congressman to 40th Congress, 1867–69, from New York. b. Sept. 22, 1824 in N.Y.C. Admitted to bar in 1847 and practiced in N.Y.C. Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, N.Y.C. in 1893. d. Jan. 9, 1904.

Walter Stewart (1756?–1796) Aide-de-camp to General Gates in American Revolution. Early in war he raised a company for the 3rd Pennsylvania battalion and was commissioned captain in Jan., 1776. Appointed an aide to General Gates in May, 1776, serving in that capacity until June, 1777. Led a regiment of Pa. militia at Brandywine and Germantown. In Nov. 1777 his regiment was annexed to the Continental Army, becoming the 13th Regiment of the Pa. line. In Jan., 1881 it was incorporated with the 2nd Pa. Retired in Jan., 1783 with the rank of brevet brigadier general. He was said to have been the handsomest man in the American Army, and was known as the “Irish Dandy.” He afterward became a well known merchant in Philadelphia, and a major general of state militia. His full length portrait is in Col. Trumbull’s picture of the surrender of Cornwallis, on the left of the line of American officers. Member of Pennsylvania Union Lodge No. 29, A.Y.M. d. June 14, 1796.

William M. Stewart (1827–1909) U.S. Senator from Nevada, 1864–75 and 1887–1905. b. Aug. 9, 1827 in Galen, N.Y. Moved with parents to Trumbull Co., Ohio. In 1850 he moved to San Francisco and engaged in mining in Nevada Co. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1852, practicing in Nevada City, Calif. In 1854 he was attorney general of Calif. He moved to Virginia City, Nev. in 1860, where he was active

in developing the Comstock lode. A member of the territorial council in 1861, and member of state constitutional convention in 1863. Upon the admission of Nevada as a state, he became—with James W. Nye, q.v.—first U.S. senator from that state. Member of Nevada Lodge No. 13, Nevada City, Calif. d. April 23, 1909.

William W. Stickney (1853–1932) Governor of Vermont, 1900–02. b. March 21, 1853 in Plymouth, Vt. Graduate of Phillips Academy at Exeter, N.H., in 1877. Admitted to the bar in 1878. Served as states attorney and in Vermont legislature, being speaker, 1892–96. Was president of Vermont Bar Assn. and life president of the Vermont Bar Assn. and life president of the Vermont Historical Society. Became a Mason in Black River Lodge No. 85 of Ludlow, Vt. on Sept. 14, 1880, and exalted in Skitchewaugh Chapter No. 25, R.A.M., Springfield, Vt., Jan. 14, 1889. d. Dec. 15, 1932.

James F. Stiles, Jr. Former vice president, director, treasurer, and chairman of board of Abbott Laboratories, Chicago. b. June 27, 1892 in Chicago. Associated with Abbott from 1913, he rose from an order picker in the shipping room. Presently is associated with treasury department in U.S. Savings Bonds division, Washington, D.C. Was president of Illinois Chamber of Commerce, 1945–47. Past sovereign of St. John's Conclave No. 1, Red Cross of Constantine, Chicago. Member of Wayfarers Lodge No. 1001, Evanston, Ill. and was raised May 21, 1919.

Andrew T. Still (1828–1917) Founder of osteopathy. b.

Aug. 6, 1828 in Jonesboro, Va. He moved to Kansas in 1853, where he busied himself with farming, doctoring Indians, and studying anatomy. He lost three children in an epidemic of spinal meningitis in 1864, and soon thereafter devised the treatment known as osteopathy. He was a surgeon, and major of the 21st Kansas Vol. in the Civil War. Began the practice of osteopathy on June 22, 1874. He moved to Kirksville, Mo. in 1875 and developed a large practice. Here he founded the American School of Osteopathy in 1892, and published the Journal of Osteopathy. Was raised in Palmyra Lodge No. 23, Baldwin, Kansas. d. Dec. 12, 1917.

Joseph W. Stillwell (1883–1946) General, U.S. Army. b. March 19, 1883 in Florida. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1904; rose through grades to major general in 1940, lieutenant general in 1942, and full general in 1944. He was nicknamed “Vinegar Joe.” After a term in the Philippines, he was an instructor at West Point, 1906–10 and 1913–17. It was during this last tour of duty that he became a member of West Point Lodge No. 877, June 1, 1916. In WWI was with general headquarters, A.E.F., as assistant chief of staff, 4th – Corps. After studying the Chinese language at the U. of Calif., he spent three years in Peking, and another three years in Tientsin. In WWII he was appointed commander of the 5th and 6th Chinese Armies in Burma by Chiang Kai-Shek, and was commanding general of U.S. forces in ChinaBurma–India Theater, 1942–44. In 1945 he was appointed commander of the U.S. ground forces and in 1945 commander of the 10th Army in the Pacific Theater. d. Oct. 12, 1946.

Sir James Stirling Lord Provost of Edinburgh and 42nd Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1798–99.

Charles C. Stockley (1819–1901) Governor of Delaware, 1883–87. b. Nov. 6, 1819 in Sussex Co. Del. Was treasurer of the county, 1851–52, sheriff, 1856 and state senator in 1872. In 1891 he was registrar of wills of his county. Was president of the Farmers Bank of Georgetown, Del. In 1855 he was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Delaware. d. April 21, 1901.

John Stockton Brigadier General of state militia in War of 1812. Coroner of New Castle Co., Del. in 1783; sheriff, 1788–91; state senator in 1795. Served in Revolutionary War. Admitted a member of Lodge No. 33, New Castle, Del. (Pa. charter) on March 1, 1790.

Richard Stockton (1730–1781) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. Oct 1, 1730 near Princeton, N.J. Graduate of Princeton in 1748, admitted to the bar and gained reputation in the legal field. He secured the services of Dr. John Witherspoon as president of Princeton U. Member of state executive council in 1768, and raised to the supreme bench of N.J. in 1774. A moderate patriot, he first tried to effect a reconciliation between the colonies and England. Sent to Continental Congress in 1776 by the provincial congress. He was betrayed by Tory neighbors in 1777, and held prisoner in N.Y.C. for some time. When released, his health was shattered, his estate pillaged, his fortune gone, and he soon succumbed under these misfortunes. He was charter master

of St. John's Lodge at Princeton on Dec. 27, 1765, having possibly been made a Mason while in England or Scotland in 1766–67. In 1888 his statue was placed in the national capitol at Washington as New Jersey's representative in the Hall of Fame. d. Feb. 28, 1781.

Thomas Stockton (1781–?) Thirty-third Governor of Delaware, being elected in Nov., 1844. b. April 1, 1781, the son of General John Stockton, q.v. He was the last master of Lodge No. 14 in Delaware under Pa. charter. Was charter master of Washington Lodge No. 1. In 1812 he was master of St. John's Lodge No. 2 at New Castle, and was active in establishing the Grand Lodge of Delaware, being the first grand treasurer. He served in the War of 1812 as a captain and fought in the battles of Fort George and Lundy's Lane. In 1833 he was adjutant general of the state.

Walter L. Stockwell (1868–1950) General Grand Master of the General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1930–33. b. Jan. 13, 1868 in Anoka, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1889, and served as principal of schools at St. Thomas, N. Dak. same year. Superintendent of schools at Grafton, N. Dak. 1891–1903, and elected state superintendent of public instruction of N. Dak. in 1903. In 1910 he was made grand secretary of the various Masonic bodies of N. Dak. Raised in Temple Lodge No. 30, St. Thomas in 1891, he later affiliated with Crescent Lodge No. 11 of Grafton, and was master in 1898. He later became charter member of East Gate Lodge No. 120 at Fargo and served as its first master. Member of Grafton Chapter No. 9, R.A.M., and high priest in 1897.

Charter member of St. Omer Commandery No. 6, Grafton, and commander in 1898. Greeted in Fargo Council No. 1, R. & S.M., he was master in 1919. He headed the grand lodge in 1902, the grand council in 1921, and was given title of honorary past grand commander, K.T., in 1922. Grand high priest in 1923. d. Dec. 4, 1950.

A. E. Stoddard President of Union Pacific Railroad from 1949. b. July 28, 1895 in Auburn, Nebr. Began as a shop apprentice on the Frisco Lines at Springfield, Mo. in 1915. Associated with Union Pacific from 1916 successively as student helper, operator, dispatcher, chief dispatcher, train-master, assistant superintendent, superintendent, assistant general manager, general manager, vice president, and president. Served in Navy in WWI as a radio operator. In WWII was brigadier general, serving in Iran, England, and Europe. Was deputy director general of military railroads for SHEAF in England, and European manager of first military railway service, 1945–46. Member of Victory Lodge No. 310 of Valley, Nebr. since 1925; 32° and KCCH, Scottish Rite at Omaha; and member of Tangier Shrine Temple, National Sojourners and High Twelve Club.

Amos Stoddard (1762–1813) Governor of Missouri Territory, 1804–05. b. Oct 26, 1762 in Woodbury, Conn. He served as a soldier in the American Revolution from 1779 until the close of the war. He then became a clerk of the supreme court in Boston, Mass. and practiced as a lawyer in Hallowell, Maine from 1792–98. He was appointed captain of artillery on June 1, 1798; major on June 30, 1807 and deputy quartermaster on

July 16, 1812. At the siege of Fort Meigs, he received a wound that resulted in his death. He wrote *Sketches, Historical and Descriptive of Louisiana* (1812) and *The Political Crisis*. His papers are in the archives of the Western Reserve Historical Society, Cleveland, Ohio. A member of Kennebec Lodge No. 5, Hallowell, Maine, he gave a Masonic oration before that lodge on June 24, 1797 and on June 24, 1799 gave a Masonic oration at Portland, Maine. On April 1, 1801, Kennebec Lodge "voted no longer a member on account of absence." Records of the Grand Lodge of Maine indicate he was born in 1759 and died at age of 54.

Edward C. Stokes (1860–1942) Governor of New Jersey, 1905–08. b. Dec. 22, 1860 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Brown U. in 1883, and was engaged in banking from that date. Chairman of Board of First Mechanics' National Bank, Trenton, N.J. Served in both branches of the state legislature. Was first president of New Jersey Bankers Assn. Member of Shekinah Lodge No. 58 of Millville, N.J., being initiated, May 4, 1893, while superintendent of schools in that city. d. Nov. 4, 1942.

Montfort Stokes (1762–1842) U.S. Senator; Governor of North Carolina; Veteran of Revolutionary War and War of 1812; Indian agent. b. March 12, 1762 in Lunenburg Co., Va. Entered Continental Navy under Commodore Stephen Decatur at the age of 14, and was captured by the British in the same year and confined to the prison ship *Jersey* in the New York harbor for seven months. Settled in N. Car. after the war and engaged in planting. Elected to U.S. senate in

1804, but declined. Moved from Salisbury to Wilkesboro in 1812. Served in U.S. senate, 1816–23. Was in state senate, 1826–29, and house of commons, 1829–30. Served as governor of North Carolina from 1830–32. Jackson appointed him a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners in 1832, and he resided at Fort Gibson (now Okla.). Was later appointed commissioner to negotiate treaties with various Indians in the West and Southwest. In 1837 he was appointed agent to the Cherokee Indians, and later subagent for the Senecas, Shawnees and Quapaws. In North Carolina he was a member of four lodges, including Royal White Heart No. 2, at Halifax where he received the degrees on May 28, June 13, 1783, and March 1, 1784. His other lodges were Old Cone No. 9, Salisbury; Stokes Lodge No. 32, Concord; and Liberty Lodge No. 45, Wilkesboro. In 1787 he was nominated for grand secretary of the grand lodge. Received Mark Master degree in session of the grand lodge at Fayetteville on Nov. 22, 1789. Was grand secretary pro tem at grand lodge meeting on Jan. 8, 1792. From 1787 until 1818 he attended grand lodge almost every year, and was deputy grand master from 1803–07, serving as grand master pro tem for several years, during the annual communication. d. Nov. 4, 1842.

William B. Stokes (1814–1897) U.S. Congressman to 39th–41st Con-gresses, 1866–71, from Tennessee and brevet major general in Union Army of Civil War. b. Sept. 9, 1814 in Chatham Co., N. Car. Moved to Term., where he engaged in agricultural pursuits. Served in both branches of state legislature between 1849 and 1856. Entered Civil War as a major of Tenn. volunteers, and breveted major general on discharge in

1865. Admitted to the bar in 1867, he practiced at Alexandria, Tenn. Member of Alexandria Lodge No. 175, Alexandria, Tenn. d. March 14, 1897.

Claudius U. Stone (1879–1957) U.S. Congressman to 62nd–64th Congresses, 1911–17, from 16th Ill. dist. b. May 11, 1879 near Middletown, Ill. Prior to 1902 was a high school principal and teacher; county superintendent of schools, Peoria Co., Ill., 1902–10. Admitted to bar in 1909. Was post-master of Peoria, Ill. 1917–20, and editor and publisher of the Peoria Staff, 1938–49. Served as enlisted man in Spanish–American War with Co. K, 4th Vol. Inf., and was in Cuba four months. Raised Sept. 19, 1906 in Temple Lodge No. 46, Peoria, Ill. Shriner. d. Nov. 13, 1957.

John M. Stone (1830–1900) Governor of Mississippi, 1878–81 and 1890–95. b. April 30, 1830 in Gibson, Tenn. Moved to Miss. in 1855. Served in Confederate Army from captain to colonel of the 2nd Miss. Vol. Was state senator, 1869–77, and acting governor, 1876–77. Member of Iuka Lodge No. 94, Iuka, Miss. and senior warden in 1860; master in 1875. Grand master of Grand Lodge of Mississippi in 1898. d. March 26, 1900.

Lewis Stone (1879–1953) Actor. b. Nov. 15, 1879 in Worcester, Mass. He starred on the stage in New York City and also in the Belasco Theatre, Los Angeles. Starred in motion pictures from 1915, and had a part in all the “Andy Hardy Family” series. Served in the Spanish–American War, and in WWI was a major. Member of Silver Trowel Lodge No. 415, Los Angeles. d. 1953.

Mortimer Stone Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1945–53 and Chief Justice, 1953–55. b. Jan. 15, 1882 in Mansfield, Pa. Graduate of Colgate U. in 1904 and N.Y. Law School, 1910. Taught in N.Y.C. private schools, 1905–09 and after receiving law degree, settled in Delat, Colo. and later Fort Collins (after 1922). Since 1955 he has practiced at Denver. Raised March 17, 1913 in Paonia Lodge No. 121, Paonia, Colo., dimitting to Delta Lodge No. 62, Delta, Colo. on May 24, 1915, and to Collins Lodge No. 19, Fort Coffins, Colo. on July 17, 1928. Member of Colorado Consistory No. 1, AASR (SJ) of Denver; inactive member of Delta Commandery No. 34, K.T. and Delta Chapter No. 38, R.A.M.

Royal A. Stone (1875–1942) Justice, Supreme Court of Minnesota, 1923–42. b. June 26, 1875 in LeSueur, Minn. Graduate of Washington U. in 1897, and began law practice at Morris, Minn. in that year. Practiced at St. Paul from 1907–23. Served as enlisted man in Spanish–American War with 15th Minn. Vol. Infantry, and as a captain and major in 88th Div. in WWI. Received degrees in Golden Sheaf Lodge No. 133 of Morris, Minn. on July 22 and 23, 1898 and affiliated with Summit Lodge No. 163, St. Paul on Nov. 1, 1910. d. Sept. 13, 1942.

Seymour M. Stone Portrait painter. b. June 11, 1877 in Russia. Original family name was Kameniaysky. Brought to U.S. at age of six. Studied at Chicago Art Institute, Royal Academy, Munich, Julian Academy, under Lefebvre, and with John Singer Sargent, London. Produced the celebrated painting Parsifal, and has painted many portraits of royalty and

nobility in their respective castles in Europe. American portraits include Chauncey M. Depew, Theodore Roosevelt, Harry F. Byrd, Richard E. Byrd; Generals Bullard, Allen, Pershing and Connor; Calvin Coolidge, Franklin D. Roosevelt, John Nance Garner, Will Rogers, Harry S. Truman, Dwight D. Eisenhower and many others. Raised in Cortland Lodge No. 34, Peekskill, N.Y. and later dimitted to Fort Worth Lodge No. 148, Texas. Member of Scottish Rite in Dallas and Shriner. He writes "I am a Roving Ambassador of the Shriners wherever I go." Member of York Rite in Texas.

William A. Stone (1846–1920) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1899–1903, and U.S. Congressman to 52nd–55th Congresses, 1891–99, from 23rd Pa. dist. b. April 18, 1846 in Tioga Co., Pa. Served in Civil War as second lieutenant in Co. A, 187th Pa. Vols. Admitted to the bar in 1870, he practiced at Wellsboro until 1877 and then at Pittsburgh. U.S. district attorney, Western district of Pa., 1880–85. Member of Allegheny Lodge No. 223, Allegheny City, Pa. and was made a Mason "at sight." d. March 1, 1920.

William H. Stone (1828–1901) U.S. Congressman to 43rd–44th Congresses, 1873–77, from Missouri. He was a member of the firm of Stone & Howe, St. Louis, which manufactured gunboats during the Civil War. b. Nov. 7, 1828 in Shawangunk, N.Y. Moved to St. Louis in 1848 and engaged in manufacture of iron. Was president of the St. Louis Hot Pressed Nut and Bolt Co., on its organization in 1867. Served in state house of representatives. Was past master of George Washington Lodge No. 9; exalted in St. Louis Chapter No. 8,

R.A.M., April 22, 1854; and knighted in St. Louis Commandery No. 1, June 16, 1856. He was commander of same in 1867, 1868, 1871, and 1883. He was grand generalissimo of the Grand Cornmandery, K.T., of Missouri in 1870. Stone was active in the construction of the Masonic Temple at 7th and Market in St. Louis. d. July 9, 1901.

William J. Stone (1848–1918) U.S. Senator, Congressman and Governor of Missouri. b. May 7, 1848 near Richmond, Ky. Graduate of U. of Missouri at Columbia in 1867, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1869. Practiced a short time at Bedford, Ind., but moved to Columbia, Mo. where he was city attorney for a few months in 1870, and then removed to Nevada, Mo. Was U.S. congressman from Mo. to the 49th–51st congresses, 1885–91. Was vice chairman of the Democratic National Committee in 1900–04. Moved to St. Louis in 1897, where he practiced law. Was governor of Missouri, 1893–97. Served in U.S. senate from 1903–18, and during WWI was chairman of the important Foreign Relations Committee. A member of Argyle Lodge No. 451, Nevada, Mo., he affiliated with Osage Lodge No. 303 of the same city, when Argyle's charter was surrendered in 1892. Exalted in Nevada Chapter No. 56, R.A.M., Jan. 2, 1882, and knighted in O'Sullivan Commandery No. 15, K.T., on March 9, 1882. Shriner. d. April 14, 1918.

William Leete Stone (1792–1844) American journalist who was active in anti-Masonic period. b. April 20, 1792 in New Paltz, N.Y. Moved to Sodus, N.Y. in 1808, where he helped his father on a farm. At the age of 17 he became a printer

in the office of the Cooperstown (N.Y.) Federalist, and 1813 became editor of the Herkimer (N.Y.) American with Thurlow Weed, q.v., as his journeyman. He then edited the Northern Whig at Hudson, N.Y., and while here in 1815, became a member of Hudson Lodge No. 7. In 1817 he was editor of the Albany (N.Y.) Daily Advertiser and was exalted in Temple Chapter No. 5, R.A.M., of that city. In 1818 he became editor of the Hartford (Conn.) Mirror. Here he was admitted to Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., April 28, 1819. At Hartford he was also associated with Peter Parley, q.v., and others in the publication of a literary magazine called The Knights of the Round Table. In 1821 he became editor and part owner of the New York Cammerca/ Advertiser, and held this position until his death. He advocated the abolition of slavery by congressional action, and favored the Greeks in their struggles for independence. In 1825 (with Thurlow Weed) he accompanied Lafayette on his tour through part of the U.S. He was appointed U.S. minister to The Hague by President Harrison, but was recalled by Tyler. Soon after the William Morgan episode, he addressed a series of letters on Masonry and Anti-Masonry to John Quincy Adams, who in his retirement had taken an active part in the anti-Masonic movement. These letters were afterward collected and published (1832). In the letters he attempted to placate both sides and maintained that Freemasonry should be abandoned, chiefly because it had lost its usefulness. He also cleared away the mists of slander which had gathered around the name of DeWitt Clinton, q.v. He was the first superintendent of public schools in N.Y.C. and while holding that office in 1844, engaged in a discussion with Archbishop Hughes as

to the use of the Bible in public schools. d. Aug. 15, 1844.

William M. Stone (1827–1893) Sixth Governor of Iowa, 1864–68. b. Oct. 14, 1827 in Jefferson Co., N.Y. As a youth he was a driver on the Ohio Canal and then learned the chairmaker's trade. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1851, beginning practice at Coshocton, Ohio. In 1854 he moved to Knoxville, Ohio. In 1855 he became editor of the Knoxville Journal and a member of the convention of 1856 which organized the Republican party in Iowa. Entered Civil War as a private and assisted in organizing Co. B of the 3rd Iowa Inf. Became captain, major and breveted brigadier general in 1864 after he resigned. Was wounded in the Battle of Blue Mills, Mo. and taken prisoner at Shiloh. As a colonel of the 22nd Iowa Vols. he participated in the battles of Fort Gibson, Champion Hills, Black River and Vicksburg. Resigned commission to become governor. He was at Ford's Theatre when Lincoln was assassinated and was with the president until his death; later accompanied the remains to Springfield, Ill. Resumed practice of law at Knoxville, served in the state legislature. Moved to Arizona and then to Colorado for a brief period, but returned to Des Moines. In 1893 he moved to Oklahoma Territory where he died July 18, 1893. Received degrees in Coshocton Lodge No. 96, Coshocton, Ohio on Nov. 19, Dec. 1, 4, 1852. In Iowa he was a petitioner for the dispensation for Oriental Lodge No. 61, Knoxville and was charter senior warden in 1855. Member of Tadmor Chapter No. 18, R.A.M. of Knoxville and was captain of the host in 1861. Was knighted in DePayens Commandery No. 6, Oskaloosa in 1874.

William O. Stone (1830–1875) American portrait painter. b. Sept. 26, 1830 in Derby, Conn. He studied with Nathaniel Jocelyn at New Haven, and in 1851 moved to New York City. In 1856 he was elected an associate of the National Academy, and became an academician three years later. He gained distinction in portraiture. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C. d. Sept 15, 1875.

Baron Stonehaven (1874–1941) British diplomat and Governor General of New South Wales, 1928–30. Name was John Lawrence Baird, 1st Baron Stonehaven. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of New South Wales at same time he was governor. Initiated in Grecia Lodge No. 1105 at Cairo (under English Constitution) and became a founding member of Lawrence Sheriff Lodge No. 3497 at Rugby, England, and was master of same.

George Stoneman (1822–1894) Union Major General in Civil War and Governor of California, 1883–87. b. Aug. 8, 1822 in Chautauqua Co., N.Y. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1846. Acted as quartermaster to the Mormon battalion at Santa Fe, and was sent with it to Calif. in 1847. From 1857–61 he was with the 2nd Cavalry, chiefly in Texas. Appointed brigadier general and chief of cavalry in the Army. of the Potomac in 1861, commanding it during the Va. peninsular campaign of 1862. He pursued the Confederates after the evacuation of Yorktown and brought them to battle at Williamsburg. Took command of General Kearney's division after second Battle of Bull Run, and succeeded General Heintzelman as commander of 3rd Army Corps in 1862, leading it at Fredericksburg.

Promoted to major general on Nov. 29, 1862, and led a cavalry corps in the raid toward Richmond. He later commanded a cavalry corps in the Department of Ohio, in the Atlanta campaign, and conducted a raid for the capture of Macon and the Andersonville prison. Retired from army in Aug. 1871. Was a member of Benicia Lodge No. 5, Benicia, Calif., and Temple Lodge No. 14, Sonoma, Calif., being secretary of the latter. Was a member of Benicia Chapter No. 7, R.A.M. d. Sept. 5, 1894.

James Richard Neville Stopford (see Earl of Courtown).

Clement Storer (1760–1830) U.S. Senator and Congressman from New Hampshire. b. Sept. 20, 1760 in Kennebunk, Maine. Studied medicine in Portsmouth, N.H. and in Europe. Engaged in practice of medicine at Portsmouth and also had a store on Portsmouth pier before it was destroyed by fire in 1813. Became major general of state militia. Served as U.S. congressman to 10th congress, 1807–09, and U.S. senator from 1817–19. At one time he entertained President Monroe at his home, Cutter House, at corner of Middle and Congress Sts. Monroe was accompanied by General Miller, Commodore Bainbridge and General Henry Dearborn. He was raised Jan. 6, 1790 in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, and served as the 12th master of same from 1795–97. He was elected grand steward of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1792, but resigned after three months, because of his election as junior warden of St. John's Lodge. However, he later went through the chairs and was grand master from 1808–10. d. Nov. 21, 1830.

Dr. Elisha Story Surgeon of the American Revolution; was one of the members of the Boston Tea Party. Was the father of Joseph Story, q.v., who became justice of the U.S. Supreme Court. Member of Philanthropic Lodge of Marblehead, Mass., as was his son.

Joseph Story (1779–1845) Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1811–45. b. Sept. 18, 1779 in Marblehead, Mass., the son of Dr. Elisha Story, q.v., a Revolutionary War surgeon. A graduate of Harvard in 1798, he studied law, began practice in Salem in 1801, and soon became a leading member of the New England bar. As supreme court justice he divided with Chancellor Kent the honor of having founded the American system of equity jurisprudence. Taught law at Harvard from 1829–45. Member of Philanthropic Lodge at Marblehead, Mass., as was his father. d. Sept. 10, 1845.

Sir Alexander Strachan One of the first three speculatives to be admitted to the Lodge of Edinburgh on July 3, 1834.

Earl of Stradbroke (1863–1947) Grand Master of the Provincial Grand Lodge for Suffolk for 45 years, and Grand Master of the Mark Grand Lodge from 1943–47. Served as pro-grand master for 30 years under two ruling royal princes. A soldier, statesman, squire, farmer, and sportsman, he was active in affairs up to his last illness. d. Dec. 20, 1947.

Herbert R. Straight Oil and gas executive. b. Sept. 30, 1874 in Tidioute, Pa. Graduate of Leland Stanford U., 1897. Began in oil business with father in Pa. in 1897. Was manager of

oil production of several companies in Okla., 1912–20; vice president and general manager of Empire Gas and Fuel Co., later Empire Oil and Refining Co., 1920–37; president and director of Cities Service Oil Co. (Del.) and Empire Pipeline Co., 1937–46, and chairman of board of both companies, 1946–47; president and director of Cities Service Gas Co., 1937–44; retired in 1947. Mason, Knight Templar.

Robert Strange (1796–1854) U.S. Senator from North Carolina, 1836–40. b. Sept. 20, 1796 in Manchester, Va. Attended Washington College (now Washington and Lee U.) and graduated from Hampden–Sidney Coll. (Va.). Moved to Fayetteville, N. Car, in 1815, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, practicing at Fayetteville. Was member of house of commons, 1821–23 and 1826. Resigned from U.S. senate on Nov. 16, 1840 to resume practice of law. A past master of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1823–24. Exalted in Concord Chapter No. 1 at Wilmington, N. Car., he became high priest of Phoenix Chapter No. 2, Fayetteville, and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of N. Car. in 1822–24 and 1829–30. d. Feb. 19, 1854.

Duke of Strathearn (see Prince Arthur, Duke of Connaught).

Charles S. Stratton (1838–1883) Midget made famous by P. T. Barnum as “General Tom Thumb.” b. Jan. 4, 1838 in Bridgeport, Conn. He was first exhibited by Barnum in his American Museum in N.Y.C. on Dec. 8, 1842. At that time he was not more than two feet high and weighed 16 pounds.

Was engaged at a salary of three dollars a week and traveling expenses. In 1844 he visited Europe under Barnum's management, appearing at the courts of England, France and Belgium. He accumulated a large fortune, and settled at Bridgeport. In 1863 he married Lavinia Warren, also a midget exhibited by Barnum. His title to the "world's smallest Mason" was also claimed by two other midgets —Vance Swift and Reuben Allen Steer, qq.v. Later in life Stratton became stout, weighing 70 pounds and was 40 inches in height. He and his wife traveled throughout the world giving exhibitions. He was raised in St. John's Lodge No. 3, Bridgeport, Conn., Oct. 3, 1862; exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 13, Oct. 8, 1862; greeted in Jerusalem Council No. 16, R. & S.M. on July 21, 1863, and knighted in Hamilton Commandery No. 5, July 23, 1863; received 32° AASR (NJ) in Lafayette Corisistory in 1866, all being in Bridgeport, Conn. Hamilton Commandery No. 5, K.T., displays his Knight Templar uniform with the little sword and other proportionate equipment. d. July 15, 1883.

William G. Stratton Governor of Illinois from 1953; Member of 77th and 80th congresses. b. Feb. 26, 1914 in Ingleside, Ill. Graduate of U. of Arizona in 1934. Was state treasurer of Ill. in 1943–44 and 1951–52. In 1957–58 he was chairman of the Governors' Conference, and president of the Council of State Governments in 1958. Member of Cedar Lodge No. 124, Morris, Ill., being raised March 17, 1942. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1955.

Joseph Rend Valliere de St. Real (1787–1847) Chief Justice of Montreal, 1842–47. The son of a blacksmith named Valliere,

he became known as one of the best educated men of his day in Canada. Attended Quebec Seminary, studied law, and served as a British officer in the War of 1812. He was a political rival of Louis Papineau, leader of the Canadian Rebellion of 1837–38. Served as speaker of the provincial parliament, 1823–25. He was named to the executive council of Lower Canada by the Earl of Durham in 1838, but that same year was suspended from the bench for granting a writ of habeas corpus to a prisoner of the rebellion (after two other judges had been suspended previously for the same thing). He was married three times—to women of French–Canadian, Jewish and Irish backgrounds. He was buried from the Catholic church, Sacre Nom de Marie in Montreal. He is believed to have received degrees in the lodge known as Les Freres du Canada, under warrant from the provincial grand lodge of Lower Canada (Ancients). He was grand senior warden of the provincial grand lodge in 1820, grand junior warden of the district grand lodge of Quebec and Three Rivers in 1821, and senior grand warden of the latter body in 1822.

Alfred B. Street (1811–1881) American author and poet. b. in Poughkeepsie, N.Y. He was director of the New York State Library at Albany from 1848–62. His collected poems were published in 1845. Among the better known individual poems are *The Gray Forest Eagle*; *The Settler*; *Lost Hunter*; *Frontenac*. A member of Temple Lodge No. 14, Albany, N.Y., he was considered “poet laureate of the state.”

Oliver D. Street (1866–1944) Lawyer and Masonic author. b. Dec. 6, 1866 in Warrenton, Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama

in 1887 and 1888. Was active in state and local politics, being a nominee for congress and governor. Was U.S. district attorney, 1907–14. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Alabama, 1925–27. Author of *The Symbolism of the Three Degrees of Masonry*; *World Masonry*; and *History of Freemasonry in Alabama*. Raised Nov. 19, 1901 in Marshall Lodge No. 209, Guntersville, Ala., and was master in 1904–05 and 1910. Exalted in Eunomia Chapter No. 5, R.A.M., Huntsville, Ala. on June 29, 1906, and on July 6, 1906 became a charter member and first high priest of Palmyra Chapter No. 130, Guntersville, Ala., serving until 1919. Greeted in Montgomery Council No. 3, R. & S.M., on Dec. 2, 1919; knighted in Cyrene Commandery No. 10, K.T., at Birmingham on May 21, 1926; 32° AASR (SJ) on Nov. 20, 1914 and KCCH on Oct. 21, 1919. Member of Zamora Shrine Temple, Birmingham and Red Cross of Constantine in that city. d. Aug. 3, 1944.

Paul H. Streit Major General, U.S. Army, and physician. b. March 18, 1891 in Seguin, Texas. Graduate (M.D.) U. of Texas in 1916, and postgraduate training at U. of Bordeaux, France. Is nose and throat specialist. Commissioned in U.S. Army Medical Corps in 1917, and rose through grades to major general in 1949. In 1919–20 he was a member of the Typhus Relief Expedition to Poland. From 1943–45 was surgeon in Central Pacific Base Command. He then commanded Dibble General Hospital, 1945–46; Brooke General Hospital, 1946–49; Army Medical Center and Walter Reed General Hospital, 1949–53. Retired, he is now consultant of the United Mine Workers of America Welfare and Retirement Fund. Member

of Columbian Lodge No. 7, Columbus, Ga. and Walter Reed Chapter No. 303, National Sojourners. Inactive in lodge since WWII.

Gustav Stresemann (1878–1929) Chancellor of Germany in 1923 and Minister of Foreign Affairs, 1923–29, during the difficult years following WWI. He was a member of the Reichstag from 1907. He pursued a postwar conciliatory policy. He negotiated the Locarno Pact of mutual security with France, and secured Germany's admission to the League of Nations on an equal status with the other great nations. He sponsored Germany's adoption of the Dawes plan in 1924, and the Young plan in 1929. In 1926 he shared the Nobel Peace Prize with Aristide Briand. Twenty years before he became a Freemason, he published an article entitled "The Mason's Way and the Building of our Humanity." He was initiated in the Lodge, Friedrich der Grosse, in 1923, and was an honorary member of the Grand Lodge, Zu den 3 Weltkugeln. His speech before the League of Nations, seeking German admission, began: "The divine Architect of the earth has created humanity not as a conformed unity, but as people of different blood who express their souls in their own language. But the supreme will of the divine order is not to turn against each other, but to help each other to higher development." It is claimed that at the end of the speech he gave a Masonic sign by mistake. In his lifetime and even after his death the National Socialists claimed he had misused his membership in Freemasonry for political purposes. His efforts to cooperate in the unification of German Freemasonry were frustrated owing to the dismemberment into nine grand

lodges. German Freemasons, now united in the United Grand Lodge of Germany, honor Stresemann's memory. His dream of unification was accomplished following WWII.

Victor Stretti (1878–?) Czechoslovakian painter in magazine illustrations, advertising and book work. He was a member of the Lodge Jan Amos Komensky.

William L. Stribling, Jr. (1904–1933) Prizefighter. b. Dec. 26, 1904 in Bainbridge, Ga. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Macon, Ga. in 1928. d. Oct. 3, 1933.

Silas A. Strickland Civil War General. Member of Capitol Lodge No. 3, Omaha, Nebr.

William Strickland (1787–1854) Architect. b. in Philadelphia. He studied under Benjamin H. Latrobe, q.v., and in 1809 became a landscape painter. He produced a series of aquatint engravings of the city of Philadelphia. His first important architectural work was the old Masonic Hall, Chestnut St., Philadelphia, which was opened in Dec., 1810. The style was Gothic. His next important work was the U.S. Bank, modeled after the Parthenon at Athens, and finished in 1824. Then followed the Chestnut Street Theatre, Arch Street Theatre, U.S. Custom House, St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, Merchants' Exchange, U.S. Mint and U.S. Naval Asylum, all being in Philadelphia. He later turned to railroad construction, and went to Europe to study the systems there. His last work was the state house at Nashville, Tenn.; he died while superintending that construction. Member of Columbia Lodge No.

91, Philadelphia, and past master of same. d. April 7, 1854.

Samuel Stringer (1734–1817) Physician of Revolutionary War. b. in Maryland, he studied medicine in Philadelphia with Dr. Thomas Bond, and was appointed to the medical department of the army in 1755 by Gov. William Shirley. He served in the campaign of 1758 at Ticonderoga. He settled in Albany, N.Y., and on Sept. 14, 1775 was appointed director and physician of the hospitals of the Northern department, and authorized to appoint a surgeon for the fleet that was then being fitted out upon the lakes. He accompanied the troops in the invasion of Canada, but on Jan. 9, 1777, was dismissed by Congress, which ordered an inquiry to be made concerning medicines he had bought. General Schuyler remonstrated against his removal, and on March 15, 1777 he was reprimanded by congress. He afterward practiced in Albany, where he achieved a great reputation as a physician. He was senior warden of Masters' Lodge No. 2, Albany, when it was warranted in 1768, and was one of the members of the Ineffable Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite at Albany. d. July 11, 1817.

George E. Stringfellow Vice President of Thomas A. Edison, Inc., West Orange, N.J., and Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1958–59. b. Dec. 2, 1892 in Reva, Va. He began with Edison Industries in 1918 as manager of the Washington sales office. In 1923 he became general sales manager, and as such, was in daily association with Thomas A. Edison until the latter's death in 1931. He is also a director of a number of nationally known corporations. While hi. Washington he

was raised in Hiram Lodge No. 10; exalted in Washington Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., and served as high priest; knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, K.T., and became a member of the Almas Shrine Temple. His memberships were later transferred to Hope Lodge No. 124, East Orange, N.J.; AASR (NJ) at Trenton, N.J.; Crescent Shrine Temple, Trenton, N.J.; St. Quentin Conclave No. 75, Red Cross of Constantine; Crescent Court No. 65, Royal Order of Jesters, and an active member of the Supreme Council, Order of DeMolay.

Julius L. Strong (1828–1872) U.S. Congressman to 41st–42nd Congresses, 1869–72, from Conn. b. Nov. 8, 1828 in Bolton, Conn. Member of state house of representatives in 1852, and state senate in 1853. Studied law at National Law School, Ballston Spa, N.Y. and admitted to bar in 1853, commencing practice in Hartford, Conn. He was again a member of the lower house in 1855. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. d. Sept. 7, 1872.

N. T. Strong A Seneca Indian Chief who was raised in Manhattan Lodge No. 62, New York City on April 15, 1840.

Samuel Strong (1762–1832) General in War of 1812. b. July 17, 1762 in Salisbury, Conn. During the War of 1812 he raised a body of soldiers and hastened to the relief of the garrison at Plattsburg, N.Y. For this he received the formal thanks of the legislatures of Vermont and New York, and a gold sword from the latter. He became a large landholder at Vergennes, Vt. Member of Dorchester Lodge No. 1, Vergennes. d. Dec. 5, 1832.

James F. Strother (1870–1930) U.S. Congressman to 69th–70th Congresses, 1925–29, from 5th W. Va. dist. b. June 29, 1870 in Pearisburg, Va. Settled in Welch, W. Va. in 1895, where he began law practice with his father. Admitted to McDowell Lodge No. 112, Welch, W. Va. in 1899. d. April 10, 1930.

Louie W. Strum (1890–1954) Judge. b. Jan. 16, 1890 in Valdosta, Ga. Graduate of Stetson U. in 1912. Practiced law at Jacksonville, Fla. Associate justice of supreme court of Florida, 1925–31 and chief justice in 1931. Federal judge, Southern district of Florida 1931–50, and on U.S. court of appeals after 1950. Mason, knighted in Damascus Commandery No. 2, K.T., of Jacksonville in 1915; received 32° AASR (SJ) on Nov. 25, 1915; became member of Morocco Shrine Temple, Jacksonville on Nov. 26, 1915, and was potentate of same in 1928. d. July 20, 1954.

Charles Edward Stuart (1720–1788) Full name was Charles Edward Louis Philip Casimir. An English prince known as the “Young Pretender” and “Bonnie Prince Charlie.” Was elder son of James Francis Edward Stuart, the Old Pretender, and grandson of James II. He fought at the siege of Gaeta in 1734. Was sent by Marshal Saxe in 1744 to head a quickly thwarted French invasion of England. He landed in the Hebrides unsupported, and raised his father’s standard in Scotland. After success at Prestonpans, he was crushed by the Duke of Cumberland at Culloden Moor in 1746. After five months of hiding, he escaped to Brittany, but was expelled from France by terms of the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle in 1748. His life is

the subject of Sir Walter Scott's, q.v., *Waverley*. He is reputed to have taken an active interest in Masonry, and on Sept. 24, 1745 was installed as grand master of the Order of Knights Templar at Holyrood Palace. Previously Chevalier Ramsey, q.v., the Scottish Freemason had been his tutor. Returning to France after his ill-fated expedition, he is said to have established a Rose Croix Chapter at Arras on April 15, 1747 and his patent styles himself: "King of England, France, Scotland and Ireland and as such substitute Grand Master of the Chapter of Heredom, known as Knight of the Eagle and Pelican and since our disasters, under that of Rose Croix."

Edwin S. Stuart (1853–1937) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1907–11. b. Dec. 28, 1853 in Philadelphia. Graduate of Lafayette and U. of Pennsylvania, as well as U. of Pittsburgh. Engaged in bookselling and publishing from 1868. Was mayor of Philadelphia, 1891–95. A director of Bell Telephone Co. of Pa. and Diamond States Telephone Co. Member of Keystone Lodge No. 271, Philadelphia. d. March 21, 1937.

Jesse H. Stuart American author. b. Aug. 8, 1907 near Riverton, Ky. Graduate of Lincoln Memorial U. at Harrogate, Tenn. in 1929. He taught and lectured before colleges and universities since 1940. Was superintendent of schools at Greenup, Ky., 1941–43, and since that date, principal of McKell High School, South Shore, Ky. Served in U.S. Navy in 1944. Among his books are *Taps for Private Tussey*; *The Year of My Rebirth*; *Mongrel Mettle*; *The Thread That Runs so True*; *Head O' W-Hallow*; *Trees of Heaven*; *Men of the 1Vloientains*; and many others. Named "Man of the Year" for Kentucky

in 1957. Originally a member of Harrison-Fullerton Lodge No. 937 of South Shore (Greenup Co.), Ky., where he taught school. Later dimitted to Greenup Lodge No. 89, Greenup, Ky.

William M. Stuart President of Martin-Senour Co. (paint), Chicago, since 1946. b. Sept. 13, 1896 in Basham, Va. Was with Sherwin-Williams Co., 1921-31, and with Martin-Senour from 1931. Member of Virginia Heights Lodge No. 324, Roanoke, Va.

Henry E. Stubbs (1881-1937) U.S. Congressman to 73rd-74th Congresses, 1933-37, from 10th Calif. dist. b. March 4, 1881 in Texas. Studied at Phillips U. in Enid, Okla. Ordained to ministry of Christian church. Mason. d. Feb. 28, 1937.

Walter B. Stubbs (1858-1929) Governor of Kansas, 1909-13. b. Nov. 7, 1858 in Richmond, Ind. Moved with parents to Hesper, Kans. in 1869. Began as a railroad contractor, and later was owner and operator of cattle ranches in Kansas, Texas, N. Mex., and Colorado. Served three terms in state legislature. Member of Lawrence Lodge No. 6, Lawrence, Kans. d. March 25, 1929.

John W. Studebaker U.S. Commissioner of Education, 1934-48. b. June 10, 1887 in McGregor, Iowa. Graduate of Leander Clark Coll., Columbia U., earning way through college as a union bricklayer. Began as principal of high school and coach at Guthrie Center, Ia., in 1910, and then to Mason City, Ia. With Des Moines schools from 1914, and was superintendent of same from 1920-34. Is now vice president and

chairman of editorial board of Scholastic Magazine. Received degrees in Adelpic Lodge No. 509, Des Moines, Iowa on April 10, Oct. 9, Dec. 28, 1920; 32* AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

William Stukeley (1687–1765) English antiquarian, physician and minister. Attended Bennet College, Cambridge. Became a fellow of the Antiquarian Society in 1717, a fellow of the Royal Society in 1718, and an M.D. in 1719. Admitted a fellow of the College of Physicians in 1723. In July, 1729 went into orders of the Church of England at the instance of Archbishop Wake. In 1741 he became one of the founders of the Egyptian Society. He was most noted for his works on the Druids, and he was called “The Arch Druid.” His most famous work was on Stonehenge, in 1740. His connection with Masonry began soon after the revival of 1717. His diary records: “I was made a Freemason at the Salutation Tavern, Tavistock St., with Mr. Wollins, Capt. Rowe, who made the famous diving engine.” The entry date is Jan. 6, 1721. At one time he presented to the lodge an account of a Roman amphitheatre near Dorchester.

Taylor H. Stukes Chief Justice, Supreme Court of South Carolina since 1956; Associate Justice, 1940–56. b. June 1, 1893 in Manning, S. Car. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1915 and George Washington U. in 1919. Admitted to bar in latter year, and was with Treasury department, Washington, D.C. Was in general law practice at Manning, S. Car. from 1920. Served in both branches of the state legislature, and was speaker of the house and president pro-tern of the senate. Member of St. Peter's Lodge No. 54, Manning, S. Car. since 1917.

Wilmer L. Stultz Pilot of the Friendship plane on non-stop flight across the Atlantic Ocean in June, 1928. Member of Ocean View Lodge No. 35, Ocean View, Va., receiving degrees on Nov. 1, 18, and Dec. 3, 1921.

Harry C. Stutz (1876–1930) Manufacturer of the Stutz automobile. b. Sept. 12, 1876 in Ansonia, Ohio. Began with a machine shop in Dayton in 1897. In 1903 was in charge of Lindsey–Russell Axle Co. at Indianapolis, later was with G. & J. Tire Co., and sales engineer of Schebler Carburetor Co. From 1906–10 he was engineer and factory manager of the Marion Motor Car Co. Became associated with Henry Campbell in Stutz Auto Parts Co., and in 1911 the Ideal Motor Car Co. was organized to manufacture the Stutz car. The two companies consolidated in 1913 to form the Stutz Motor Car Co., of which he was president. He sold out in 1919 and organized the H.C.S. Motor Car Co. Member of Ancient Landmarks Lodge No. 319, Indianapolis, Ind., receiving degrees on Sept. 14, 28, Oct. 12, 1908. d. June 26, 1930.

Antonio Jose de Sucre (1795–1830) South American liberator and Mason. Aided in the liberation of Ecuador, Peru, and Bolivia from Spanish rule. He was Bolivar's chief lieutenant in the campaign of 1821, in Ecuador. Served under Bolivar in Peru in 1823–25. Became first president of Bolivia in 1825, and was named president for life. Resigned three years later, and while on his way to be installed as president of Ecuador, was slain by his enemies near Pasto, Colombia, June 4, 1830.

Eugene Sue (1804–1857) French novelist. b. in Paris, the

son of a distinguished surgeon. He was also a surgeon, serving for six years in the navy during the Spanish campaign and at the Battle of Navarino. In 1829 he settled in Paris and began to write. His best known works are the ten volumes of *Mysteries of Paris* and another ten volumes of *Errant Jew*. Both sets became enormously popular. After the coup d'état of Napoleon III on Dec. 2, 1851, Sue lived in exile. He was a member of the Grand Orient of France.

Walter S. Sugden (1880–1938) Imperial Potentate of the Shrine in 1937. b. April 9, 1880 in Amsterdam, N.Y. Graduate of Harvard in 1903. Practiced law at Sistrerville, W. Va. from 1910. Belonged to both rites of Freemasonry. d. July 7, 1938.

Sir Arthur S. Sullivan (1842–1900) English composer and partner in the famous comic opera team of Gilbert and Sullivan. b. May 13, 1842 in Lambeth, London. Was organist and choirmaster of St. Michael's Chester Square of London, 1861–72, and gained a reputation by the performance of his *Tempest* music at the Crystal Palace in 1862. He wrote the overtures *In Memoriam* (1866) and *Marmion* (1867), and two oratorios, *The Prodigal Son* (1869) and *The Light of the World* (1873). In 1871 he wrote *Te Deum*, in celebration of the recovery of the Prince of Wales, later Edward VII, q.v. He first collaborated with W. S. Gilbert in *Thespis* (1871). Then followed the famous series of comic operas, which included among others, *H.M.S. Pinafore*; *The Pirates of Penzance*; *The Mikado*; *The Gondoliers*; *Utopia, Limited*; *The Grand Duke*; and others. He was first principal of the National Training School of Music from 1876–81. In 1891 he wrote the serious

opera, *Ivanhoe*. Among his best known songs are *The Lost Chord*; *Onward Christian Soldiers*; and *Thou'rt Passing Hence*. A Freemason, he was grand organist of the Grand Lodge of England in 1887. A lodge in Manchester, England has been named in his honor. d. Nov. 22, 1900.

Jeremiah Sullivan (1794–1870) Judge, Supreme Court of Indiana, who proposed “Indianapolis” as the name for the state capital. b. July 21, 1794 in Harrisonburg, Va. Educated at William and Mary Coll., and was admitted to the bar in Winchester, Va. in 1814. Served as a major of volunteers in the War of 1812; in 1816 moved to Indiana, settling at Madison, where he practiced law. Member of state legislature in 1821. Member of Union Lodge No. 2, Madison, Ind. d. Dec. 6, 1870.

John Sullivan (1740–1795) Major General in American Revolution; Governor of New Hampshire, 1786–89; First Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire, 1789–90. b. Feb. 17, 1740 at Somersworth, N.H., he became an able lawyer. Was first commissioned major of militia in 1772, and colonel in 1773. The next fall he attended the first Continental Congress as a delegate from N.H. In June, 1775, he was named by congress as one of the eight original Continental brigadier generals, and served as such throughout the siege of Boston. Was sent with General Thomas to the relief of American forces in Canada in 1776. Was promoted to major general in August of that year, but shortly afterwards became a prisoner of war in the Battle of Long Island. Paroled and exchanged, he served at Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine and Germantown, and wintered at Valley Forge. He led

the punitive expedition against the Six Nations of Indians known as "Sullivan's Expedition." They burned the villages and routed the Indians and British in the Finger Lakes area of upper New York. Following the war he served in congress in 1780–81. Was. attorney general of N.H. in 1782. Received his degrees in St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H., on March 19 (E.A. and F.C.), 1767 and Dec. 28, 1768. Although chosen as grand master of N.H. on July 8, 1789 (when two lodges organized the Grand Lodge of N.H.), he had never served as master of a lodge. St. John's Lodge elected him master on Dec. 3 following, and he was installed three weeks later. He was finally seated in the grand East on April 8, 1790, but the state of his health did not permit him to finish the year as grand master, and he resigned Sept. 5. d. Jan. 23, 1795.

William Sulzer (1863–1941) Governor of New York, 1913; U.S. Congressman to 58th–62nd Congresses, 1903–13, from 10th N.Y. dist. b. March 18, 1863 in Elizabeth, N.J. Admitted to bar in 1884. Member of N.Y. assembly four years, and was speaker and minority leader. Was impeached as governor and removed from office, Oct. 18, 1913. Again elected to state assembly in 1913 on Independent ticket. Nominated for president in 1916 by the American Party, but declined. Member and past master of Republic Lodge No. 690; Amity Chapter No. 160, R.A.M.; Palestine Commandery No. 18, K.T.; member of Scottish Rite and Shrine; all of New York City d. Nov. 6, 1941.

Charles P. Summerall (1867–1955) Major General, U.S. Army and Chief of Staff, 1929, under President Coolidge.

b. March 4, 1867 in Lake City, Fla. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1892. Rose through grades to brigadier general in 1917, major general (N.A.) 1918, major general regular army, 1920. Retired with rank of general of the armies in 1931. Was in Philippines during Spanish–American War; China Relief Expedition; initiated construction of Ft. William H. Seward in Alaska; commanded 1st Division in 1918, and later the V, IX, and IV army corps. Appointed chief of staff, U.S. Army in 1926. After retirement in 1931 he was president of The Citadel, Military Coll. of S. Car. He was made a Mason “at sight” in Pythagorean Lodge No. 21, Charleston, S. Car. on May 3, 1934, by the grand master of S. Car. He affiliated with that lodge in 1938. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Charleston on Nov. 22, 1934 and made 33°, honorary on Oct. 22, 1937. Later became active 33°, sovereign grand inspector general of S. Car., and grand treasurer. d. May 14, 1955.

Arthur E. Summerfield Postmaster General of United States, 1953–60 under President Eisenhower. b. March 17, 1899 in Pinconning, Mich. Was a real estate broker, 1919–24, and president of Summerfield Oil Co., distributor for Pure Oil Co. at Flint, Mich., 1924–37. President of Summerfield Chevrolet Co., Flint, from 1929, and president of Bryant Properties Corp. from 1938. Was Republican national committeeman from Mich. for eight years. Member of Genesee Lodge No. 174 of Flint, Mich. since 1922. The following year both he and his father, William H. Summerfield, were knighted in Genesee Valley Cornmandery No. 15, K.T. of Flint. On May 8, 1953 he and his son, Arthur E. Summerfield, Jr., received the 32° AASR (NJ) in Bay City Consistory. Received 33° Oct. 1955.

John W. Summers (1870–1937) U.S. Congressman to 66th–72nd Congresses, 1919–33, from 4th Wash. dist. b. April 29, 1870 in Valeene, Ind. Received M.D. degree from Kentucky School of Medicine in 1892; did postgraduate work in New York, London, Berlin, and Vienna. Began medical practice at Mattoon, Ill., but moved in 1908 to Walla Walla, Wash., where he was also a wheat grower and orchardist. Mason. d. Sept. 25, 1937.

Charles Sumner (1811–1874) U.S. Senator from Massachusetts, 1851–74; an anti-Mason. Was a leader in congress among the opponents of slavery. His vitriolic attacks upon slavery and its defenders brought a physical assault on him by Representative Preston S. Brooks of S. Car., on May 22, 1856, inflicting injuries from which he never fully recovered. He was the first prominent statesman to urge emancipation. He early became interested in the anti-Masonic movement and called it “great and good.” He took a prominent part in the impeachment proceedings against President Johnson, q.v., and was opposed to Grant’s reelection in 1872.

Jethro Sumner (1730–1790) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. in Virginia. His father came from England and settled near Suffolk about 1690. He was active in the measures that preceded the revolution, and in 1760 was paymaster of the provincial troops of N.C. and commander of Fort Cumberland. In 1776 he was appointed colonel of the 3rd N.C. regiment by the provincial congress, and served under Washington in the North. Was commissioned brigadier general by Continental Congress in 1779 and ordered to join

General Gates in the South; was at the Battle of Camden. He then served under General Nathanael Greene, and at the Battle of Eutaw. Member of Royal White Hart Lodge No. 2 of Halifax, N. Car. d. about 1790.

Duke of Sundermania (see Charles XIII).

Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex (1773–1843)

First Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of England, serving 30 years, 1813–43. b. Jan. 27, 1773, the sixth son of King George III. Was initiated in the Royal York Lodge of Friendship at Berlin, Dec. 20, 1798. He later joined the Lodge of Antiquity (now No. 2), of which he was master for many years. He also served as master of the Lodge of Friehdship No. 6 in March, 1808. In 1805 he was given the rank of past grand master by his brother, the Prince of Wales, who (when prince regent) appointed him as deputy grand master in 1812. The next year he succeeded as grand master of the Moderns, and at the union with the Ancients, was proposed by his elder brother, the Duke of Kent, who was grand master of the Ancients, as first grand master of the United Grand Lodge of England. The Royal Masonic Benevolent Institution was founded during his grand mastership, but rather despite than because of him. Exalted in 1810, he was M.E. Zerubbabel of the Grand Chapter, RAM., and grand superintendent of the Grand Conclave of Knights Templar. He took little interest in the orders of knighthood, and during his long career the grand conclave met only once. d. April 21, 1843.

Howard Sutherland (1865–1950) U.S. Senator from West

Virginia, 1917–23, and U.S. Congressman to 63rd–64th Congresses, 1913–17. b. Sept. 8, 1865 near Kirkwood, Mo. Graduate of Westminster Coll., Fulton, Mo. in 1889; studied law at Columbian U., Washington, D.C. Was editor of the Republican, Fulton, Mo. 1889–90. Moved to Elkins, W. Va. in 1893, and affiliated with coal, railroad, and timber ber interests. Raised in Elkins Lodge No. 108, Elkins, W. Va. on Oct. 19, 1903. Member of Nemesis Shrine Temple, Parkersburg, W. Va. d. 1950.

John Sutter Keeper of the famous inn known as Sutter's Tavern in Georgetown, where George Washington stayed on March 29, 1791, and the next day met with Commissioners Charles L'Enfant and Andrew Ellicott to sign agreements for acquiring the territory now comprising the Federal District. Lodge No. 9 of Georgetown often met at Sutter's Tavern, and John Sutter was one of those who petitioned for the lodge to be reconstituted in 1795. He attended almost every meeting in 1795–96 when it was reconstituted as Maryland Lodge No. 19.

John A. Sutter (1803–1880) California pioneer and proprietor of Sutter's Fort at Sacramento, where gold was first discovered on his property on Jan. 24, 1848. b. Feb. 15, 1803 in Kandern, Baden, of Swiss parentage. Graduate of a military college in Berne, and served in the French Army as a member of the Swiss guard in the Spanish campaign of 1823–24. He emigrated to America and settled in St. Louis in 1834. He carried on a successful trade at Santa Fe with Indians and trappers, whose accounts of California induced him to

cross the Rockies in 1838. He went to Oregon, descended the Columbia River to Fort Vancouver, and then sailed to the Sandwich Islands, where he purchased a vessel and went to Sitka, Alaska. After disposing of his cargo, he sailed along the Pacific coast, and on July 2, 1839 was stranded in the bay at San Francisco. He penetrated into the interior and founded in that year the earliest white settlement, on the site of Sacramento. He received a considerable land grant from the Mexican government and became a Mexican citizen. In 1841 he built his fort, calling it New Helvetia. He welcomed Capt. Charles Wilkes's expedition, and also John C. Fremont. Gold prospectors despoiled his property and killed his cattle; then claim-jumpers won his property in the supreme court. He was reduced to poverty, and in 1873 moved to Litiz, Pa. The California legislature later awarded him a pension of \$250 a month. As late as 1955 his descendants were still seeking restitution from congress. d. June 17, 1880. He was elected to receive the degrees in Corinthian Lodge No. 9, Marysville, Calif. on Sept. 1, 1853, but there is no record of the degrees having been conferred.

Count Alexandra V. Suvorow (1729–1800) Russian Field Marshal. Born in Finland of Swedish descent. He served Russia during the Seven Years' War and in the Russo–Turkish War of 1773–74. He won the Battle of Kinburn by a bayonet charge and gained the surname of “Rymnikski” for his victory at Rimnik. In 1800 he was commander-in-chief of the Russian armies. He was a member of a lodge in St. Petersburg. During the occupation of Koeningsberg, he served as governor of this town and was known for his clemency. He was later made a

member of the lodge Zu Den Drei Kronen to thank him for his help to the city.

Henry Suzzallo (1875–1933) President of University of Washington, 1915–26; President of Carnegie Foundation from 1930. b. Aug. 22, 1875 in San Jose, Calif. Graduate of Stanford and Columbia universities. Was a specialist in higher education. Was an instructor at Stanford and professor at Columbia. Served as director of the President's Advisory Commission on Education. Member of the Scottish Rite bodies at Seattle. d. Sept. 25, 1933.

H. Nathan Swains (1890–1957) Judge, Supreme Court of Indiana, 1939–45 and Judge, U.S. Court of Appeals, 7th Circuit from 1949. b. Nov. 30, 1890 in Zionsville, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1913 and U. of Chicago, 1916. Practiced law in Indianapolis from 1916–39. Received degrees in Zion Lodge No. 197, Zionsville, Ind. on Oct. 28, Nov. 11, Dec. 2, 1913, transferring to North Park Lodge No. 646 of Indianapolis in 1922. d. July 30, 1957.

David L. Swain (1801–1868) Governor of North Carolina, 1832–35. b. in Asheville, N.C. on Jan. 4, 1801. Educated at the U. of North Carolina, he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1823, practicing in Raleigh. Served in state legislature and was appointed judge of state supreme court. Was elected president of the University of North Carolina in 1835, and held that post until his death. In 1865 he was invited by President Johnson to advise with him regarding the reconstruction of the Union. Wrote many valuable historical papers,

particularly about N. Car. Member of Western Star Lodge No. 91, Rutherfordton, N. Car.; was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1843. He was raised in 1823, and represented his lodge at several grand lodge sessions. d. Sept. 3, 1868.

Thomas Swann (1805–1883) Governor of Maryland, 1865–69; U.S. Congressman, 1869–79. b. in Alexandria, Va. Studied law and settled in Baltimore in 1834. Became director of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in 1836 and was president of same from 1847–53. Was also president of the Northwestern Virginia Railroad. Served two terms as mayor of Baltimore. Was elected U.S. Senator in 1866, but declined to serve, preferring to remain as governor of Maryland. Member of Fidelity Lodge No. 136, Baltimore. d. July 24, 1883.

Claude A. Swanson (1862–1949) Secretary of Navy, 1933–49; Governor of Virginia, 1906–10; U.S. Senator from Virginia, 1910–33; U.S. Congressman to 53rd–59th Congresses, 1893–1906. b. March 31, 1862 in Swanson-vile, Pittsylvania Co., Va. Graduate of Randolph–Macon Coll. in 1885 and U. of Virginia in 1886. Began law practice in Chatham in 1886. Member of Pittsylvania Lodge No. 24, Chatham, and Chatham Chapter No. 56, R.A.M., being exalted, Aug. 21, 1908. d. July 7, 1949.

Andrew P. Swanstrom (1849–1925) General Grand Master of the General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1903–06. b. Sept. 4, 1849 at Williamsburg, N.Y. Family moved to St. Paul, Minn. early in his life, where he later became a successful merchant in the fuel business. Raised in Ancient Landmark Lodge No.

5, St. Paul, Nov. 6, 1873; exalted in Minnesota Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1887; greeted in St. Paul Council No. 1, in 1888. In the state he was grand high priest in 1900, and grand master of Grand Council of the Scottish Rite bodies for 12 years. Minn. in 1890. He was secretary of d. May 23, 1925.

Edward M. Swartz President and Treasurer of Keystone Camera Co., Boston. b. April 2, 1896 in Lithuania. Brought to U.S. in 1903, and naturalized in 1917. Was engineering student at Lowell Inst. and Boston U. In 1919 he founded, with others, the Keystone Mfg. Co. and was president of same from 1919–34, and since 1952. Member of Society Motion Picture and TV Engineers. Member of S h a w m u t Lodge, Boston, Mass. for more than 25 years.

Noah H. Swayne (1804–1884) Associate Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1862–81. b. Dec. 7, 1804 in Culpeper Co., Va. Admitted to the bar in 1823, he moved to Ohio in 1825 and opened a law office in Coshocton. Was prosecuting attorney, state legislator, and U.S. district attorney for Ohio from 1831–41, living in Columbus. President Lincoln appointed him to the supreme court bench and he served until 1881, when he resigned because of advanced age. He became a member of Clinton (now Coshocton) Lodge No. 96 at Coshocton, Ohio in 1827, and on Feb. 16, 1841, affiliated with Columbus Lodge No. 30, Columbus, Ohio. d. June 8, 1884.

Emanuel Swedenborg (1688–1772) Swedish scientist, philosopher and religious writer. He distinguished himself at the siege of Fredericksburg in 1718 by inventing machines

for carrying boats overland from Stromstadt to Iddefjord. Was ennobled by Queen Erika Eleonora in 1719, and took his seat in the House of Peers. He devoted himself to scientific research and published many volumes. He began having visions in 1743, and resigned his political positions to devote himself to spiritual research. He began a voluminous work on the interpretation of the Scriptures as the immediate voice of God. Although he never tried to preach, or to found a religious sect, his followers, the Swedenborgians, constitute a considerable society with a regular organization known as the Church of New Jerusalem or New Church. Many writers of many nations have attempted to connect him with Freemasonry, stating that the Swedenborg Rite of Freemasonry was in effect established by him. However, there is not the slightest foundation for such a theory, although the theosophists and Hermetic philosophers probably borrowed from his teachings in setting up the rite, which is said to be still practiced in some Swedish lodges. It consists of six degrees: Apprentice, Fellow Craft, Master Neophyte, Illuminated Theosophite, Blue Brother, and Red Brother.

Alvin R. Sweeney (1881–1954) Director of U.S. Public Health Service. b. Sept. 2, 1881 at Lake Charles, La. Studied at Texas Central U., Vanderbilt U., and Jefferson Medical Coll., Philadelphia. Was practicing physician at Lake Arthur, La., 1909–13, and then entered public health service as an assistant surgeon. Stationed at Cleveland, Ellis Island, New Orleans, Galveston, St. Louis, Port Arthur and Boston, where he was in charge of quarantine stations. After retirement was superintendent of Gal–linger Municipal Hospital, Washington,

D.C. Initiated in Live Oak Lodge No. 346, Dallas, Texas, on April 11, 1918. Dimitted from Scottish Rite (SJ) on Dec. 14, 1953. d. April 17, 1954.

Joseph H. Sweeney (1845–1918) U.S. Congressman to 51st Congress, 1889–91, from Iowa. b. Oct. 2, 1845 in Russell, Pa. Graduate of State U. of Iowa. Served in Iowa national guard for 12 years, retiring as brigadier general and inspector general. In law practice at Osage, Iowa. Founded, with brother, the Sweeney Bros. Bank of Osage. Trustee for 30 years, and part of the time was president of Cedar Valley Seminary, Osage. Raised March 2, 1867 in Osage Lodge No. 102, Osage, Iowa. Knight Templar. d. Nov., 1918.

Thaddeus C. Sweet (1872–1928) U.S. Congressman to 68th–69th Congresses, 1923–27, from 32nd N.Y. dist. b. Nov. 16, 1872 in Phoenix, N.Y. In 1895 he organized and was president of Sweet Bros. Paper Mfg. Co. Served in N.Y. house of representatives, 1909–20, and was speaker from 1914–20. Led in successful movement to deny seats to American Socialists in the N.Y. legislature in 1920. Members of Callimachus Lodge No. 369, Phoenix, N.Y., receiving degrees on March 16, April 15, May 11, 1904, Knight Templar and Shriner. d. May 1, 1928.

John Swett (1839–1913) Known as the “Father of California’s Public Schools.” b. in 1839 in New England. Went west seeking recovery of his health, and after prospecting for gold on the Feather River, he began teaching in the San Francisco schools. Within ten years he had made a name for himself, and in 1863 became state superintendent of public instruction

for California. He fought for the free school system, and was finally able to announce that “for the first time in its history, the public schools of California are free for every child to enter.” Member of Oriental Lodge No. 144, San Francisco, receiving the degrees in March, 1862. d. Aug. 22, 1913.

Innis P. Swift (1882–?) Major General, U.S. Army. b. Feb. 7, 1882 in Fort Laramie, Wyo. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1904, advancing to brigadier general in 1940, and major general in 1941. Served in A.E.F. of WWI as major of Infantry and lieutenant colonel of Cavalry; was in Philippines during insurrection and in Mexican border expedition. In WWII he served in Dutch New Guinea, Philippines. Commanded the 8th Cavalry, 1936–39; 2nd Cavalry Brigade, 1939–41; and 1st Cavalry Div., 1941–44; with task force which recaptured the Admiralty Islands. In 1944–45 was in First Army Corps in Dutch New Guinea, also during recapture of Luzon and occupation of Japan. Member of Hancock Lodge No. 311, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas. 32° AASR and Shriner. Deceased.

Jonathan Swift (1667–1745) English satirist. b. Nov. 30, 1667 in Dublin, coming to England in 1688, where he became secretary to Sir William Temple. Dissatisfied, he returned to Ireland and took the orders of the church in 1694. Back in England, he wrote *A Tale of a Tub*, satire on corruption in religion and learning, and *The Battle of the Books*, a travesty on the controversy over ancient and modern learning. Wrote frequently under the pseudonym, Isaac Bickerstaff. Champion of the Irish, he became a power in the state through his political writings, contributing to the overthrow of Marlborough,

and to peace of Utrecht in 1713. Made dean of St. Patrick's Cathedral of Dublin in 1713, despite dislike of Queen Anne, who would not consent to a bishopric. He was a regular contributor to the Examiner, Tatler, Spectator, and Intelligencer; a friend of Pope, Arbuthnot, and Gay. In 1726 he published his most famous work, Gulliver's Travels, a keen satire upon the sham of courts, parties, statesmen, etc. He spent a third of his income on charities. In later years he had a great fear of insanity, and produced works that were trivial, bitter, and sometimes indecent. Dr. Samuel Johnson wrote his biography. He is thought to have been a member of the lodge which met at the "Goat-at-the-Foot-ofthe-Haymarket" (No. 16). It was constituted in 1723 and erased in 1745, the year of his death. Alexander Pope, his contemporary, was a member of this lodge. d. Oct. 19, 1745.

Vance Swift Midget. Contests with "Tom Thumb" the title of "World's Smallest Mason." When he was 26 year old, he was 26 inches tall and weighed 34 pounds. He was raised in Pythagoras Lodge No. 355, New Albany, Ind., in March, 1943.

Philip D. Swing U.S. Congressman to 67th-72nd Congresses, 1921-33, from 11th California dist. b. Nov. 30, 1884 in San Bernardino, Calif. Graduate of Stanford in 1905. Began law practice in San Bernardino. Served as district attorney and judge of superior court of Imperial County. Later practiced in San Diego. Raised in El Centro Lodge No. 384, El Centro, Calif. on April 4, 1909 and member of El Centro Chapter No. 109, R.A.M.

Guy J. Swope U.S. Congressman to 75th Congress, 1937–39, from 19th Pennsylvania dist.; Governor of Puerto Rico in 1941. b. Dec. 26, 1892 in Meckville, Pa. Taught school, and was U.S. internal revenue agent until 1918. Was private accountant, banker, and department store comptroller, 1919–35. Member of Swope and Nichols, public accountants since 1936. Was budget secretary, state of Pennsylvania, 1935–37; auditor of Puerto Rico, 1940–41; director, division of territories, department of Interior in 1941. Entered active duty as naval officer in 1943; deputy military governor of Saipan in 1944; member of General MacArthur's staff as chief of legislative division, 1945–46, and retired from active service as commander in Nov., 1946. Returned to Tokyo in Feb., 1947 as chief of national government division of MacArthur's headquarters, in civilian status. Was special assistant to U.S. high commissioner in Germany, and chief of displaced populations division, 1949–54. Received degrees in Robert Burns Lodge No. 464, Harrisburg, Pa. on Feb. 16, March 18, April 29, 1921 and was master of same in 1934. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Eugene O. Sykes (1876–1945) Member of Federal Communications Commission, 1934–39; Federal Radio Commissioner, 1927–34; Justice, Supreme Court of Mississippi, 1916–24. b. July 16, 1876 in Aberdeen, Miss. Attended U.S. Naval Academy; graduated from U. of Mississippi in 1897. Practiced law at Aberdeen, Miss., and after 1939, at Washington, D.C. Raised in 1871 in Aberdeen Lodge No. 32, Aberdeen, Miss. d. June 21, 1945.

Harry S. Sylk Executive. b. April 6, 1903 in Philadelphia,

Pa. President of Sun Ray Drug Co., Philadelphia, 1949–59; chairman of board Consolidated Sun Ray, Inc. since 1959. Vice president of radio stations WSAI, WALT and WPEN. Treasurer of Philadelphia Eagles, professional football club. Director of Diners Club, Inc., Einstein Medical Center, Villanova U., City of Hope. Member of Equity Lodge No. 591, Philadelphia, Pa.

Evander Wallace Sylvester Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Jan. 2, 1899 in Alexandria, La. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1919 and Mass. Inst. Tech., 1923. Advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1946. Specialist in design, construction and repair of naval surface vessels and submarines. Now director of the Mariners Museum, Newport News, Va. Member of Oliver Lodge No. 84, Alexandria, La.

Stuart Symington First Secretary of the Air Force, 1947–50; U.S. Senator from Missouri from 1952. b. June 26, 1901 in Amherst, Mass. Student at Yale U., 1919–23, working summers as a reporter on the Baltimore Sun. Began in the steel business as a moulder, in Rochester, N.Y. Worked with various radio and steel companies in an executive capacity from 1926–37, and in 1938 became president of the Emerson Electric Mfg. Co. of St. Louis, Mo. Early in 1941 he went to England at the request of the War Department to study airplane armament. Entered government service on July 16, 1945 as chairman of the Surplus Property Board. Became assistant secretary of War for Air in 1946. In 1951 he was administrator of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Member of Frank R. Lawrence Lodge No. 797, Rochester, N.Y.; received the 32° AASR (SJ) in Nov., 1954 at St. Louis.

John C. Symmes (1742–1814) Founder of Cincinnati; judge and Ohio pioneer. b. July 21, 1742 on Long Island, N.Y. Was a delegate to the Continental Congress in 1785. In 1786 he was a judge of the superior court of N.J., and later chief justice of the same. In 1787 he was appointed judge of the Northwest Territory. The following year he obtained one million acres from the government. It was bounded on the South by the Ohio River and on the West by the Miami River. He founded the settlements of North Bend and Cincinnati on this land. His daughter, Anna, became the wife of William H. Harrison, q.v. He became a member of Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J., April 17, 1788, and on June 23 of that year is recorded as a visitor to the Grand Lodge of New Jersey. d. Feb. 26, 1814.

Philip Syng He made the silver ink stand used by the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Became a member of St. John's Lodge, Philadelphia, Nov. 7, 1734, and was grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1741. He was once president of the American Philosophical Society.

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John Taber U.S. Congressman to 68th–86th Congresses, 1923–60, from N.Y. b. May 5, 1880 in Auburn, N.Y. Graduate of Yale U. in 1902. Began law practice at Auburn, N.Y. in 1904. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 124, Auburn, N.Y., and a Royal Arch Mason.

Alphonse Taft (1810–1891) Attorney General of the United States, 1876–77; Secretary of War, 1876; Minister to Austria–Hungary, 1882–84; Minister to Russia, 1884–85. Father of Charles P. Taft, q.v., and William H. Taft, q.v. b. Nov. 5, 1810 in Townshend, Vt. Graduate of Yale in 1833, and tutor there in 1835–37. Studied law and admitted to the bar in 1838, and after 1840 practiced in Cincinnati, Ohio. Recorded as being a member of Miami Lodge No. 46, Cincinnati, and past master of Kilwinning Lodge No. 356 of the same city. d. May 21, 1891.

Charles P. Taft (1843–1929) Owner and editor of the Cincinnati Times; U.S. Congressman to 54th Congress, 1895–97, from 1st Ohio dist. b. Dec. 21, 1843 in Cincinnati, the son of Alphonso Taft, q.v., and brother of William H. Taft, q.v. Graduate of Yale U. in 1864 and 1867, and Heidelberg in 1887. Admitted to the bar in 1866, and practiced at Cincinnati, 1869–79. In 1879 he purchased controlling interest in the Cincinnati Times, which he consolidated with the Star, becoming editor. Member of Kilwinning Lodge No. 356, Cincinnati, and exalted in Kilwinning Chapter No. 97, R.A.M., May 10, 1871. d. Dec. 31, 1929.

William Howard Taft (1857–1930) Twenty-seventh President of the United States, 1909–13. b. Sept. 15, 1857 at Cincinnati, Ohio, son of Alphonso Taft, q.v. Graduate of Yale U. in 1878 and Cincinnati Law School in 1880. Practiced law at Cincinnati, 1883–87. Served as assistant county solicitor, judge of superior court, solicitor general of U.S., and was U.S. circuit judge, 1892–1900. Was president of the U.S. Philippine Commission, 1900–01, and first civil governor of

the Philippines, 1901–04. Twice declined appointment from Roosevelt as justice of supreme court. Was Secretary of War in cabinet of Theodore Roosevelt, 1904–08. Taught law at Yale, 1913–21. Was chief justice of the United States, 1921–30. He had expressed a desire to be a Freemason a year before his presidential candidacy. On Feb. 18, 1909, he was made a Mason “at sight” within the body of Kilwinning Lodge No. 365, Cincinnati, Ohio, by Grand Master Charles S. Hoskinson. On this occasion he said: “I am glad to be here, and to be a Mason; it does me good to feel the thrill that comes from recognizing on all hands the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. . . . Many years ago my father stood in the same place and expressed his love and admiration of the order.” Both his father and half-brother, Charles P. Taft, were members of Kilwinning Lodge and his father served as master. Taft affiliated with the lodge on April 14, 1909. He made many visitations in later years. Some are as follows: Temple Lodge No. 32, Washington, D.C. on April 22, 1909; Aztlan Lodge No. 1, Prescott, Ariz., Oct. 12, 1909; Naval Lodge No. 4, Washington, D.C., April 7, 1910; American Union Lodge No. 1, Marietta, Ohio, June 15, 1910; Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va., Feb. 22, 1911; St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Newark, N.J., May 13, 1911; Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, May 23, 1912; Liberty Lodge, Beverly, Mass., Sept. 30, 1912; banquet of Supreme Council 33° AASR (NJ), Oct. 2, 1912; Webbs Lodge No. 166, Augusta, Ga., March 12, 1913; Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, Dec. 29, 1914; Altair Lodge No. 601, Brooklyn, N.Y., May 16, 1916; Crescent Lodge No. 25, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, June 5, 1918, and Grand Lodge of Virginia, Feb. 13, 1923. He was made honorary member of the Illinois

Masonic Veterans Association in 1909; America Lodge No. 3368, London, England on June 3, 1909; American Union Lodge No. 1, Marietta, Ohio; King Solomon Lodge No. 2029, London, England; Liberty Lodge, Beverly, Mass., Nov. 18, 1912; Naval Lodge No. 4, Washington, D.C., April 21, 1910. On May 9, 1911 he posed for photographs of himself, wearing the Masonic apron and sash of George Washington, at the executive mansion. On Nov. 10, 1911, he was presented with a souvenir plaque at Nashville, Tenn., commemorating the laying of the cornerstone of the Supreme Council Temple AASR (SJ) at Washington, D.C. He was present at the laying of the cornerstone of the University Club Building, Washington, D.C. by the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia on April 10, 1912, and made a short address. Again on Feb. 13, 1913 he assisted in the laying of the cornerstone of All Souls' Unitarian Church in Washington. On Feb. 22, 1912 he was present at the annual meeting of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Assn. at Alexandria, Va., where he made a short address, and in company with the association, journeyed to Mt. Vernon, where he placed a wreath on, the tomb of Washington. He was among the first to subscribe to the "charter roll of honor" of the Washington Masonic memorial, and was a life member of the association. He was present on Feb. 21, 1913 at the annual meeting of the memorial association, and gave an address. Finally on Nov. 1, 1923, he was present at the laying of the cornerstone of the memorial at Alexandria and assisted (as did President Coolidge) by spreading some of the cement upon which the stone would rest, using the trowel with which Washington had laid the cornerstone of the U.S. Capitol. Taft said: "Masonry aims at the promotion of

morality and higher living by the cultivation of the social side of man, the rousing in him of the instincts of charity and the foundation of the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God." d. March 8, 1930.

Thomas Taggart (1856–1929) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1916. b. Nov. 17, 1856 in County Monaghan, Ireland, and came to U.S. in 1861 with parents, who settled in Xenia, Ohio. Moved to Indianapolis in 1877, where he first was employed in a restaurant and later engaged in the restaurant and hotel business. He was mayor of Indianapolis, 1896–1901. Was president of the French Lick Hotel Co. Member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 398, Indianapolis, Ind. d. March 6, 1929.

Francis M. Taitt (1862–1943) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Pennsylvania from 1931. b. Jan. 3, 1862 in Burlington, N.J. Graduate of Philadelphia Divinity School in 1883. Made deacon in 1883 and priest in 1886; he served churches in Philadelphia, Southwark, and Chester, Pa. Was Bishop coadjutor of Pa., 1929–31. Member of Lucius H. Scott Lodge No. 352, Chester, Pa., and past master of same. Served as grand chaplain of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., of Pennsylvania. d. July 17, 1943.

Melunet Talaat Pasha (1872–1921) Earlier name was Talaat Bey. A Turkish political leader. After the Turkish revolution of 1908, he became the leader of the Young Turks. He later became minister of the interior, postmaster general and eventually succeeded Said Halim Pasha as grand vizier of Turkey (1917), but was forced into retirement in Oct., 1918.

He served as grand master of the Grand Orient of Turkey. In 1919 he left Turkey and two years later he was assassinated in Berlin by an Armenian student.

Silas Talbot (1751–1813) Officer in both Army and Navy in American Revolution. b. in Dighton, Mass. Raised a company and, as captain, engaged them at the siege of Boston. Set fire to the British ship, *Asia*, in New York harbor by floating a fire-ship down the Hudson. Promoted to major on Oct. 10, 1777. Fitted out a small sloop and, on Oct. 27, 1778, captured the British blockading schooner, *Pigot*, off Newport, R.I. Promoted to lieutenant colonel. Planned similar operations against British vessels on the coast and, on Sept. 17, 1779, he was promoted to captain in the Navy. With his captured *Pigot* and the sloop, *Argo*, he captured the ships *Lively*, *King George*, *Adventure* and *Dragon*. Was taken prisoner on the ship *George Washington* while becalmed. Held on prison ship at N.Y.C. and later taken to England. Suffered much privation while a captive. Eventually exchanged for a British officer. After the war he took command of one of the squadrons in the West Indies, and during the war with France, commanded the *Constitution* as his flag ship. Was initiated in St. John's Lodge, Providence, RI., Dec. 16, 1778. d. June 30, 1813.

William B. Taliaferro (1822–1898) Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. Dec. 28, 1822 in Belleville, Va. Educated at Harvard and William and Mary Coll., graduating from latter in 1841. In Mexican War he became a major and mustered out Aug. 26, 1848. At the beginning of the Civil War he was made colonel in the provisional army of Va., became

brigadier general, March 4, 1862, and major general, Jan. 1, 1865. Commanded Confederate troops in 1862 at Gloucester Point, Va.; took part in engagements at Carrick's Ford, Va., and was in most of the battles of the Army of Northern Va. until March 1863, when he was placed in charge of the district of Savannah, Ga. Led a division of four brigades in Florida. In 1864 he commanded the 7th military district of S. Car. and, in Dec. of same year, commanded all S. Car. Was a member of the Va. general assembly for ten years. Member of board of visitors of V.M.I. and William and Mary Coll. Received his degrees in Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va., all in one day (Nov. 10, 1849). He later became first senior warden of Botetourt Lodge No. 7, Gloucester Court House, Va., and in 1876–77 was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia. d. Feb. 27, 1898.

Eugene Talmadge (1884–1946) Governor of Georgia, 1933–37 and 1940–43. b. Sept 23, 1884 in Forsyth, Ga. Father of Herman E. Talmadge, q.v. Admitted to Georgia bar and practiced at McRae, 1908–26. Also engaged in farming from 1912 and was state commissioner of agriculture, 1927–33. Member of Henela Lodge No. 536 at McRae, Ga., and received 32° AASR (SJ) at Savannah, Oct. 22, 1937. d. Dec. 21, 1946.

Herman E. Talmadge Governor of Georgia, 1948–55 and U.S. Senator since 1957. b. Aug. 9, 1913 in McRae, Ga., son of Eugene Talmadge, q.v. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1936. Practiced law with his father in Atlanta, 1936–41, and 1945–48. From 1941–45 he was in the U.S. Navy, advancing through grades to lieutenant commander. Participated in invasion of

Guadalcanal. Was executive officer of the U.S.S. Dauphin and participated in various engagements with the Japanese fleet and in Battle of Okinawa. Entered Tokyo Bay on V-J Day. Member of Atlanta Lodge No. 59; Mt. Olive Chapter No. 161, R.A.M.; Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 4, K.T.; 32° AASR (SJ), Khorassan Grotto, all of Atlanta, and Ft. McPherson Chapter No. 60 of National Sojourners.

Wilkins Tannehill (1787–1858) Masonic writer. b. March 4, 1787 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Was one of the best known Freemasons of his day and his writings, notably Tannehill's Manual and Tannehill's Portfolio, were read and quoted widely. He played a part in the early history of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee and was the author of much sound legislation in that period. Was the first Master Mason raised in Cumberland Lodge No. 8 (N.C. 60) of Nashville on April 24, 1813. Elected master in Dec., 1816. Was elected grand secretary Oct. 3, 1814, and served as such in 1815, 1816, and 1823. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee seven times between 1817 and 1842. He was charter member and first principal sojourner of Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., when it was organized on March 2, 1818; was high priest in 1822, and grand high priest in 1829. Was first commander of Nashville Encampment No. 1, K.T., when it was organized in 1846. d. June 2, 1858.

Benjamin Tappan (1773–1857) U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1839–45. b. May 25, 1773 in Northampton, Mass. Became a printer and engraver, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Hartford, Conn. Began practice in Ravenna, Ohio, in

1799, moving to Steubenville in 1809. Served in War of 1812, as an aide to General William Wadsworth. Was county and circuit court judge. Member of Steubenville Lodge No. 45, Steubenville, Ohio. d. April 12, 1857.

Duke de Tarente (See Jacques Etienne MacDonald).

T. Tarjanne Chief Judge, Supreme Court of Finland and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Finland in 1955.

J. G. Tarver Giant with Ringling Brothers Circus. Was eight feet four inches in height and weighed 460 pounds. A half dollar could easily pass through his finger ring. He dressed in Western clothes; was with the circus for many years. Member of Alba Lodge No. 633, Alba, Texas, a 32° AASR (SJ) and member of Hella Shrine Temple, both at Dallas. Appearing with him at the same time was Mrs. Morris, one of the tallest women in the world, standing seven feet two inches. She was a native of Ontario, Canada, and member of Elizabeth Chapter No. 41, O.E.S. Her husband held an executive position with Ringling Brothers Circus.

Hugh M. Tate (1882–1938) Member of Interstate Commerce Commission, 1930–37. b. Sept. 15, 1882 in Morristown, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee in 1902 and 1903. Practiced law at Morristown and, after 1900, in Knoxville. Mason. d. May 29, 1938.

J. Hugo Tatsch (1888–1937) Masonic author. b. Jan. 29, 1888 in Milwaukee, Wis. With Old National Bank, Spokane,

Wash., 1905–19; Chemical National Bank, N.Y.C., and First National Bank, Boston, Mass., 1919. Was assistant cashier of Union Bank & Trust Co., Los Angeles, 1921–22. He was assistant secretary and assistant editor of the National Masonic Research Society, Cedar Rapids, Ia., 1923, and with Masonic Service Association of the U.S., Washington, D.C., 1923–24. From 1925–29 he was curator of the Iowa Masonic Library and associate editor of the Grand Lodge Bulletin (Ia.). Became vice president of the Macoy Publishing Co., N.Y.C. 1927–34; acting librarian, curator of Grand Lodge of Massachusetts and Supreme Council, 33° AASR (NJ). In WWI was a special agent of military intelligence, and later became a lieutenant colonel (reserve) in finance department. Among his Masonic writings are: Short Readings in Masonic History; Masonic Bookplates; Freemasonry in the Thirteen Colonies; A Reader's Guide to Masonic Literature; The Facts About George Washington; Lodge Officers' Speech Book; Books on Freemasonry; List of Masonic Subject Headings. Was raised in Oriental Lodge No. 74, Spokane, Wash. in 1909, and was master in 1914. Was junior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Washington in 1914–15, and grand orator, 1917–18. Member of many Masonic bodies in U.S. and abroad. d. Oct. 19, 1937, while delivering a Masonic address in London, England.

Josiah Tattnall (1762–1803) Governor of Georgia, 1801–02; U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1796–99. b. near Savannah. At start of American Revolution, he and his brother were taken to England by their father and grandfather, who remained loyal to the Crown. The family estates in Georgia were confiscated. In 1780 Josiah ran away from his parents and returned to

America, where he joined Gen. Nathanael Greene's army and served against the British until the close of the war. In recognition of this service the state of Georgia returned part of the estate to him. He became brigadier general of the Georgia state militia. His son, of the same name, distinguished himself as a naval officer in the Civil War. Member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga. d. June 6, 1803.

Friedrich Bogislaw Tauentzein (1760–1824) Count of Wittenberg and Prussian General. He fought in the war of liberation against Napoleon. He won the battles of Grossbeeren, Torgau and Wittenberg. A Mason, his name is found as a visiting brother in the lodge Ferdinand zur Glueckseligkeit at Magdeburg.

Leo Taxil (1854–1907) Pen name of Gabriel Antoine Jogand-Pages, a literary rogue who was both anti-Catholic and anti-Masonic. He perpetrated one of the greatest hoaxes of his age in his creation of the mythical "Diana Vaughan." b. March 21, 1854 in Marseilles, France, he was educated in a reform school by the Jesuits and his life there caused him to develop a great antagonism to the Roman Catholic Church. In Paris, he began to write against religion in 1879. He accused the clergy of fantastic acts. He was fined for his book, *Private Love Affairs of Pius IX*, because of the obscene material it contained. He organized a group of "freethinkers" and edited the *Anti-Clerical*. In 1881, in spite of some objections, he was initiated into the Lodge Le Temple de L'Honneur Francis. Before he could receive the other degrees, he was expelled for some wrongdoing. His hate now turned against Freemasonry and,

on April 23, 1885, he solemnly adjured his errors and did penance under the form of a prolonged monastic retreat. It was at this time (April 20, 1884) that Pope Leo XIII, q.v., had denounced Freemasonry to ecclesiastical dignitaries as a tool of the devil. Shrewdly, Taxil began writing a number of anti-Masonic books, including *Complete Revelations Upon Freemasonry* and *The Brothers of Three Points*, the latter published in 1886. Echoing the official church pronouncements, he described the ceremonies of Masonry as being presided over by Lucifer himself, and on his admission to the first degree the candidate was required to plunge a knife into the breast of a sheep which had been shaved. Being blindfolded, the candidate was told that it was a man who had been a traitor to the Craft. Thus, claimed Taxil, all Freemasons were murderers in spirit, if not in fact. The church applauded his splendid efforts on their behalf and he received private audiences with the Pope, fraternized with the high prelates and was honored by Roman Catholics wherever he went. In April, 1895, he dedicated his work, *The Devil and the Revolution*, to the Pope. He now brought upon the scene his great hoax, one Miss Diana Vaughan, who from 1895 to 1897 was credited with publishing the recollections of a converted satanist. She claimed that she was an American and that her father had founded a sacrilegious body of a thousand members at Louisville, Ky. and that he had instructed Diana in satanism. She took part in the shameless travesties of the services, and said that Albert Pike, q.v., who knew her to be a "grand priestess," greeted her with profound respect. Through Taxil she even carried on correspondence with Cardinal Parocchi and the Pope's intimate secretary. The church held a grand

anti-Masonic congress at Trente on Sept. 26–Oct. 1, 1896, and the Roman Catholic world held its breath in hopes that Taxil would reveal the whereabouts of Diana. She was, he claimed, hidden in a convent. When a German priest rose to ask some particular questions, Taxil silenced him by saying: “You are too curious, dear Sir. The dagger of the Freemasons is lifted at all hours above Diana Vaughan. Let, us be silent then, lest we put the saint in peril.” The Abbe Bessonies solemnly declared that in doubting the existence of Diana a Catholic would then commit an offense against the anti-Masonic cause. Seven months later, however, Taxil made a public appearance in the hall of the Geographical Society at Paris (April 17, 1897), where he shame- lessly declared that he had erected a series of gigantic hoaxes. Addressing himself to the ecclesiastics present, he said with scorn: “My Reverend Fathers, I sincerely thank my colleagues, the Roman Catholic press and our Lords, the Bishops, of having so excellently assisted me to construct a work, the finest and greatest of all my trickeries!” Taxil escaped the meeting under protection of the police.

Alfred A. Taylor (1848–1931) Governor of Tennessee, 1921–23; U.S. Congressman to 51st–53rd Congresses. b. Aug. 6, 1848 in Happy Valley, Tenn. Was admitted to the bar in 1870. Member of Dashiell Lodge No. 238, Elizabethton, Tenn. A brother of Robert L. Taylor, q.v., who was also a governor and U.S. Senator. d. Nov. 24, 1931.

Benjamin I. Taylor (1877–1946) U.S. Congressman to 63rd Congress, 1913–15, from 25th N.Y. dist. b. Dec. 21, 1877 in

New York. Graduate of Columbia U. Law School in 1899. Began practice at Port Chester, N.Y. in same year. Received degrees in Mamaro Lodge No. 653, Port Chester, N.Y., Jan. 25, Feb. 8, 25, 1904. Dimitted in 1928 to become a member of Harrison Lodge No. 1093, Harrison, N.Y., June 5, 1928. d. Sept. 5, 1946.

Edward T. Taylor (1793–1871) Methodist missionary and noted orator who was known as “Father Taylor.” b. Dec. 25, 1793 in Richmond, Va. He was left an orphan in infancy, and taken by a sea captain when seven years old. Trained as a sailor, he spent his early life at sea. In 1819 he became a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church. About 1830 he was a Bethel minister in Boston. Serving as chaplain on the frigate *Macedonian*, which took supplies to the famishing Irish in 1827, he delivered addresses in Cork and Glasgow. He mingled nautical terms and figures in his discourses, and by his wit, pathos, and imagination, controlled the moods and wrought upon the feelings of his hearers in a remarkable degree. He became a Mason in Cornerstone Lodge of Duxbury, Mass., March 6, 1820. Later was a member of Columbian Lodge, Boston, Boston Commandery, K.T., and was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. In an opening prayer of Columbian Lodge he once invoked: “Bless this glorious Order; bless its friends; yes, bless its enemies, and make their hearts as soft as their heads.” d. April 6, 1871.

Fred M. Taylor Federal Judge, Idaho, from 1954. b. Feb. 25, 1901 in Nampa, Idaho. Graduate of U. of Idaho in 1926.

Practiced in Boise from 1938–54. State senator, 1943–51. Mason.

J. Will Taylor (1880–1939) U.S. Congressman to 66th–75th Congresses, 1919–39, from 2nd Tenn. dist. b. Aug. 28, 1880 in Union Co., Tenn. Began law practice at La Follette, Tenn. in 1902 and was mayor of the city two terms. Mason. d. Nov. 14, 1939.

James W. Taylor (1833–1925) General Grand High Priest of General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, 1900–03. b. Oct. 25, 1833 in Lexington, N. Car. M.D. degree from Atlanta Medical Coll. in 1858, and for many years as a physician in Meriwether Co., Ga. Served as captain of Confederate First Georgia Cavalry, 1861–62. After close of war, he practiced medicine at Luthersville and later at Atlanta. Raised in Haralson Lodge No. 142, Nov. 25, 1854. He never missed a roll call of the Grand Lodge of Georgia from 1859–1925 inclusive, even obtaining furloughs during the Civil War to attend. Was elected grand master of Georgia in 1896. At time of his death was a member of Luthersville Lodge No. 236. Exalted in Zebulon Chapter No. 95 in 1862, and was first high priest of Glenn Chapter when constituted at Luthersville. Was grand high priest of Grand Chapter of Georgia, 1886–93. Greeted in Hiram Council No. 18, R. & S.M., at Newnan, he was elected honorary past grand master in 1896. Knighted in William Tracy Gould Commandery No. 6, K.T. of Forsyth in May, 1879, he was a member of Tancred Commandery No. 11 (Newnan) at time of his death. Received the Scottish Rite degrees in Atlanta Consistory in 1898, and was member of

Yaarab Shrine Temple, Atlanta, from 1898. d. Dec. 16, 1925.

John L. Taylor (1769–1829) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of North Carolina, 1808–29. b. March 1, 1769 in London, England, and brought to the U.S. at age of 12 by a brother, the father having died. Studied law, was admitted to the bar, and settled at Fayetteville, N. Car. Moved to New Berne in 1796, and in 1798 was elected a judge of the superior court. Between 1817–21 he revised the statutes of N. Car. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, Fayetteville, N. Car., he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina from 1802–04 and 1814–16. d. Jan. 29, 1829.

John W. Taylor (1784–1854) Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives. b. March 26, 1784 in Charlton, N.Y. Graduate of Union Coll., Schenectady, N.Y. in 1803, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1807, practicing in Ballston Spa, N.Y. Served in state assembly in 1812–13. Was U.S. Congressman to 13th–22nd Congresses, 1813–33. He was speaker during the second session of the 16th Congress, and during the 19th Congress. Resumed practice of law at Ballston Spa in 1833. Member of state senate in 1840–41, but resigned and moved to Cleveland, Ohio. Member St. John's Lodge No. 22, Greenfield Center, N.Y. d. Sept. 8, 1854.

Laurence R. Taylor Editor of the Indiana Freemason. b. March 14, 1893 in Columbus, Ind. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1918 with B.S. in chemistry. Raised in French Lick Lodge No. 586, French Lick, Ind., Aug. 7, 1925. He served as master four years. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of

Indiana in 1950. Has been chairman of the Indiana committee on Masonic Education since 1944, and developed the “mentor plan” for candidate instruction. Has been an active participant in the Midwest Conference of Masonic Education.

Myron C. Taylor (1874–1959) Chairman of the board, U.S. Steel Corp., 1932–38; personal representative and ambassador of presidents Roosevelt and Truman to Pope Pius XIII, 1939–50. b. Jan. 18, 1874 in Lyons, N.Y. Graduate (law) of Cornell U. in 1894. A corporation lawyer, he was with U.S. Steel for more than 30 years. Was chairman of finance committee, 1927–34, and chairman of board and chief executive officer, 1932–38. Participated in many national and international civic and relief movements, and was in quasi-governmental service for many years, starting with the Hoover administration's efforts to halt the depression. He was virtually unknown when, in 1927, he took the post of chairman of U.S. Steel's finance committee and proceeded to wipe out the firm's 340 million dollar funded debt by issuing common stock. It was his assignment to the Vatican, with its resultant controversy, which gained him the widest attention. He was a member of Humanity Lodge No. 406, Lyons, N.Y., from Oct. 13, 1897, and received the 50-year grand lodge medal from the Grand Lodge of New York. d. May 6, 1959.

Robert L. Taylor (1850–1912) Governor of Tennessee, 1887–91 and 1897–99; U.S. Congressman to 46th Congress, 1879–81, and U.S. Senator, 1907–12. b. July 31, 1850 in Happy Valley, Tenn., he was a brother of Alfred A. Taylor, q.v., who was also governor of Tennessee and a U.S. congressman. Robert was a

life-long Democrat and Alfred a firm Republican. At one time they campaigned against each other for the governorship in 1886, Robert winning. Both were popular in the state and in this election, known as the "War of Roses." Bob wore a red rose, and Alf a white one, throughout the campaign. Near its close, Bob, in commenting upon the mutual friendliness and absence of political rancor in the campaign, recounted his long and pleasant associations with his brother and finished by saying they had played together as children, slept together, worked and hunted together, and that he loved his brother dearly, but politically he despised him! He engaged in making bar iron and in tobacco raising; studied law in Jonesboro, Term. and was admitted to the bar in 1878, practicing in Elizabethton and then Jonesboro. After his first term as governor, he resumed law practice in Chattanooga. He died in office as U.S. Senator. A member of Dashiell Lodge No. 238, Elizabethton, Term., he was a member of Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Nashville, and Knight Templar and 32° AASR (SJ). d. March 31, 1912.

Waller Taylor (1786?–1826) First U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1816–25. b. in Lunenburg Co., Va. sometime before 1786. Studied law and was admitted to the bar, practicing in Virginia. Member of Va. state house of delegates, 1800–02. Moved to Vincennes, Ind., in 1804 and continued practice of law. Was appointed chancellor of Indiana Territory in 1807 and major of territorial militia the same year. He served as aide-de-camp to General William H. Harrison, q.v., in the War of 1812, and was promoted to adjutant general in 1814. Member of Vincennes Lodge No. 1, Vincennes, Ind. d. Aug. 26, 1826.

William H. Taylor (1863–1926) Justice, Superior Court of Vermont, 1906–13, and Justice Supreme Court of Vermont, 1913–25. b. July 18, 1863 in Wheelock, Vt. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1886. Served as principal of Hardwick Academy, 1886–89, and principal of schools, Caldonia Co., Vt., 1889–91. Admitted to bar in 1892 and practiced in Hardwick. Served in both branches of state legislature. Mason. d. March 28, 1926.

William M. Taylor (1817–1871) Texas pioneer and “father of the Texas work” used by the Grand Lodge of Texas. b. April 17, 1817 in Fairfield Co., Ohio. Graduate of Miami U., Oxford, Ohio, in 1839. Moved to Republic of Texas in Aug., 1843, first locating in Brazoria Co., where he was admitted to the bar in 1844. Lived in Houston from fall of 1844 until 1849, when he moved to Huntsville. He was a partner of Henderson Yoakum, author of the History of Texas. Served in state senate, 1854–58; was district judge from 1862, until removal from office by military government following downfall of the Confederacy. During Civil War was appointed brigadier general, and recruited a brigade for service, but never saw actual military service. Was a delegate to the reconstruction convention of 1866. Married Isabella A. Moore, a niece of General Sam Houston, q.v., in 1850. A member of Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, he received his degrees, March 17, April 17, May 22, 1845. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1854. Was exalted in Houston Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of the old Grand Chapter of the Republic of Texas, and later healed in Washington Chapter No. 2 of Houston. Was grand high priest of Texas in 1853. Knighted in Ruthven Commandery No. 2, K.T., Houston in 1849, he presided over the conventions

organizing the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Texas in Jan., 1854, serving as grand commander in 1856. He also presided over the convention organizing the Grand Council, R. & S.M., of Texas in June, 1856, and was grand master in 1857. Was chairman of the committee on work of the grand lodge from its formation in 1853 until his death, and "Taylor's Work" is the esoteric work of Texas lodges even until today. In 1849 "Taylor's Monitor" was published as the official Texas monitor and continued in use until the adoption of Lightfoot's Manual in 1934. He died Sept. 23, 1871 in Baltimore, Md., where he was attending the Grand Encampment, K.T., as a delegate, and also the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal "Church. On Sept. 24 he was buried there with Masonic rites by Fidelity Lodge of that city with Grand Master John H. B. Latrobe, q.v., presiding.

Zachary Taylor (1784–1850) Twelfth president of the United States. b. in Orange Co., Va., he entered the Army as a first lieutenant in 1808. After years of Indian fighting and routine frontier duty, he took command of the Army in Texas (1845), defeated the Mexicans at Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, and occupied Matamoros on May 18, 1846. He was breveted major general and made commander of the army of the Rio Grande. He defeated Santa Anna at Buena Vista in Feb., 1847, ending the war in the Northern part of Mexico. He was definitely not a Mason, saying so himself soon after his inauguration as president, when the direct question was asked of him. He stated that he had always entertained a favorable opinion of the institution; that many of his personal friends and officers of the Army with whom he had been

associated were Masons, and that he should have probably been one himself, had not so much of his time been occupied in camp duties, or had he been more favorably circumstanced to avail himself of the opportunity of joining a lodge, and added "I would do so now, but have got to be too old." Rob Morris, q.v., who knew him personally, said he was not a Mason. However, there were many Freemasons in lodges throughout the country who believed him to be a member. Zachary Taylor Lodge No. 166, Kiddville, Ky., was named after him under this misconception. The history of Marsh Lodge No. 188, N.Y., refers to him as a "brother." On Aug. 2, 1850 the two lodges of Portland, Maine, joined in funeral ceremonies for him. Santa Rosa Lodge No. 16, Milton, Fla., passed a set of resolutions on "the death of Brother Taylor." The Grand Lodge of New York and many of its subordinate lodges participated in the military and civic funeral honors in N.Y. on July 23, 1850, 450 brethren turning out. At Troy, N.Y., on July 31, 1850 King Solomon's Primitive Lodge held a Masonic service for "brother Zachary Taylor." The nearest Taylor came to a Masonic ceremony was probably at the Masonic cornerstone laying of the equestrian statue of George Washington at Richmond, Va., Feb. 22, 1850, by the Grand Lodge of Virginia.

Henry Tazewell (1753–1799) U.S. Senator from Virginia, 1794–99. b. Nov. 15, 1753 in Brunswick Co., Va. A graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1772, he studied law and began practice in 1773. Was a member of the provincial house of burgesses in 1775 and a delegate to the state constitutional convention of 1775–76. Was judge of state supreme court,

1785–93, and chief justice from 1789–93. He was the father of Littleton W. Tazewell, q.v., who was also U.S. Senator from Va. and governor of the state. A member of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va., he received his degrees, Feb. 7, April 2, and May 28, 1774. He seems to have been “admitted” again on Aug. 4, 1778. The original records of the lodge are in the Library of Congress. d. Jan. 24, 1799.

Littleton W. Tazewell (1774–1860) Governor of Virginia, 1834–36; U.S. Congressman, 6th Congress, 1800–10, and U.S. Senator, 1824–32. b. Dec. 17, 1774 in Williamsburg, Va., the son of Henry Tazewell, q.v., who was also U.S. Senator. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1792, he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1796. He was elected to congress to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of John Marshall. He was one of the commissioners of claims under the treaty with Spain ceding Florida in 1820. He declined an appointment as U.S. minister to Great Britain. A member of Naphtali Lodge No. 56, Norfolk, Va., he represented his lodge at the grand lodge meeting in 1837, and became junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Virginia. d. May 6, 1860.

Tecumseh (1768?–1813) American Indian; Chief of Shawnee tribe. He joined with his brother, Tenskwatawa, in an effort to unite the Western Indians against the whites. During his temporary absence his brother was maneuvered into battle with the Americans under William H. Harrison, q.v., and was utterly defeated at Tippecanoe on Nov. 7, 1811. He then threw his lot with the British in the War of 1812 and was killed in action at the Battle of the Thames, Oct. 5, 1813. Many have

claimed that he was “made a Mason while in Philadelphia on a visit.” The Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania says there is no record of this. Tecumseh Lodge of New York was named for him. Sadowski has found where another Indian by the name of Tecumseh (a Chippewa, not Shawnee) was initiated Feb. 22, 1851, in Valley Lodge No. 109 at Rochester, N.Y. He and his family were traveling and giving exhibitions of Indian customs. Both he and his brother, Peewauk, were initiated. They were the sons of Maungdwais, who is also said to have been a Mason.

Sidney S. Tedesche Rabbi of Union Temple, Brooklyn, N.Y. since 1929. b. April 9, 1890 in Elmwood Place, Ohio. Graduated as a rabbi from Hebrew Union Coll. at Cincinnati in 1913 and U. of Cincinnati same year; Ph.D. from Yale in 1928. Served synagogues in Springfield, Ill., Providence, R.I., San Antonio, Texas, New Haven, Conn. Active in many civic organizations. Mason and grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Lothair Teetor Former President and Chairman of Board of Perfect Circle Co. (piston ring manufacturers), Hagerstown, Ind. b. March 30, 1897 in Hagerstown, Ind. Attended Pomona Coll. (Calif.) and U. of Wisconsin. Served in Navy in WWI. Began with Perfect Circle Co. in 1920 as a clerk; was sales manager, 1921–38; vice president, 1926–38; president, 1938–46; chairman of board, 1946–57, when he retired. He is still a director of the company. Was assistant secretary of Commerce, 1953–55, for domestic affairs. Served four terms in Indiana general assembly; president of Indiana State Chamber

of Commerce in 1940–41. Member of Hagerstown Lodge No. 49, Hagerstown, Ind., receiving degrees April 20, May 11 and 21st, 1920. 32° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis, Ind.

Ralph R. Teetor President of Perfect Circle Co. (piston ring manufacturers), Hagerstown, Ind., from 1946–57. b. Aug. 17, 1890 in Hagerstown, Ind. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1912 and 1920. In charge of engineering of Teetor–Hartley Motor Co., 1912–18, and assistant to superintendent of N.Y. Ship Building Corp., 1918–19. With Perfect Circle as chief engineer, 1919–38; vice president, 1938–46; now director. Member of Hagerstown Lodge No. 49, Hagerstown, Ind.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis, and Shriner.

Boris Telepnef Russian Masonic writer, living in London since 1915. b. in 1886 in Moscow. Member of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076 London. His two books, *Some Aspectsof Russian Freemasonry During the Reign of Emperor Alexander I* and *An Outline of the History of Russian Freemasonry*, give us a clear picture of the times when Freemasonry flourished in Russia.

Henry M. Teller (1830–1914) U.S. Secretary of Interior in President Arthur's cabinet, 1882–85; U.S. Senator from Colorado (first) 1876–82, and again from 1885–1909. b. May 23, 1830 in Granger, N.Y. Taught school, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Binghamton, N.Y. in 1858. Moved to Illinois in same year, and to Colorado in 1861. Was major general of Colorado militia, 1862–64. In 1908 he was a member of the U.S. Monetary Commission. Initiated Sept. 5, 1858 in

Dunlap Lodge No. 321, Morrison, Ill. Became charter member of Central City (then Chivington) Lodge No. 6, Central City, Colo. Dec. 1861 and served through chairs to master. Was elected grand master of Grand Lodge of Colorado in 1863 and again in 1867, serving annually thereafter until 1872. Exalted in Central City Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1863; knighted in St. John's Commandery No. 24, K.T. in Cuba, N.Y. in winter of 1863 and was commander of Central City Cornmandery (Colo.) No. 2, K.T. for ten years beginning with its organization. When the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Colorado was organized in 1876 he was its first commander and served in that capacity for 10 years. He received the 33° AASR (SJ) April 20, 1866, crowned an active in 1882 and served as sovereign grand inspector general of Colo. for 32 years. d. Feb. 23, 1914.

Philip S. Teller (1861–1930) Commissioner, U.S. Shipping Board, 1926–30. b. Jan. 14, 1861 in San Francisco, Calif. Was a shipping clerk, salesman, and traveling man until he organized Norton, Teller & Co., wholesale groceries, in 1888; retired in 1924. President of the Masonic Hall Assn. of Alameda, Calif. Raised in Oak Grove Lodge No. 215, Alameda, Calif. on July 7, 1910. d. Aug. 8, 1930.

Charles A. Templeton (1871–1955) Governor of Connecticut, 1923–25. b. March 4, 1871 in Sharon, Conn. At the age of 13 he was assistant postmaster of Plymouth, Conn. Then became bookkeeper in a hardware store at Waterbury, Conn., in 1888. Was secretary–treasurer of Hotchkiss & Templeton for 15 years, and president of Charles A. Templeton, Inc., wholesale and retail hardware, from 1913. Served as lieutenant governor

of Connecticut in 1921–23. Member and past master of Liberty Lodge No. 123, Waterbury, Conn. Past commander of Clark Commandery No. 7, K.T., same city, and member of Sphinx Shrine Temple of Hartford. d. Aug. 15, 1955.

John K. Tener (1863–1946) Governor of Pennsylvania 1911–15; U.S. Congressman to 61st Congress (1909– 11) . b. in County Tyrone, Ireland, July 25, 1863. Immigrated to U.S. with parents, who settled in Pittsburgh in 1872. He was a professional baseball player, 1885–90. In 1901 he entered the banking business at Charleroi, Pa., serving as cashier, then president, of the First National Bank. He was president of the National League of Professional Baseball Clubs, 1914–18, and a director of the Philadelphia National League Club in 1931. Member of Charleroi Lodge No. 615, Charleroi, Pa. d. May 19, 1946.

Peter G. Ten Eyck (1873–1944) U.S. Congressman to 63rd and 67th Congresses (1913–15 and 1921–23) from 28th N.Y. dist. b. Nov. 7, 1873 in Bethlehem, N.Y. A signal engineer, he organized the signal department of the New York Central R.R. and designed signal standards. Was vice president and general manager of the Federal Railway Signal Co., and inventor of many signal devices. In 1915 he was consulting engineer and chairman of committee to revise by-laws of Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and Pennsylvania railroads. Was a director of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress. Member of Masters Lodge No. 5, Albany, N.Y., receiving degrees on Nov. 8, 22, 1909, Feb. 14, 1910. d. Sept. 2, 1944.

Edward D. Tenney (1859–1934) Capitalist. b. Jan. 26, 1859 in Plainfield, N.Y. Began in mercantile business at Honolulu, Hawaii, in 1880. Became chairman of the board of Castel & Cook, Ltd.; Bank of Hawaii, Ltd.; Hawaiian Trust Co., Ltd.; Matson Navigation Co.; Oceanic & Oriental Navigation Co. Was president of Ewa Plantation Co.; Waialua Agriculture Co. Ltd.; Kohala Sugar Co.; Territorial Hotels, Ltd., and Oceanic Steamship Co. Member of Honolulu Lodge No. 409. d. April 29, 1934.

Albert Payson Terhune (1872–1942) Author; breeder of collie dogs. b. Dec. 31, 1872 in Newark, N.J. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1893. Traveled on horseback through Syria and Egypt in 1893–94, investigating leper settlements and living among the Bedouins. On the staff of the New York Evening World, 1894–1916, and park commissioner of New Jersey after 1925. Wrote the libretto of Nero, a comic opera, in collaboration with William C. de Mille. His books were many, including *The World's Great Events*; *The Fighter*; *The New Mayor*; *The Locust Years*; *Wonder Women of History*; *Lad: A Dog*; *Bruce*; *The Pest*; *His Dog*; *The Tiger's Claw*; *The Heart of a Dog*; *Treasure*; *Gray Dawn*; *Lad of Sunnybank*; *The Book of Sunny-bank*; etc. Also wrote more than 30 motion pictures, short stories. Was an expert on physical culture. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 and exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 150 R.A.M., June 14, 1917, both of New York City. d. Feb. 18, 1942.

Gabriel Terra (1873–1942) President of Uruguay, two terms, 1931–38, making himself a dictator in 1933. A lawyer by

profession. He was grand master of the Grand Orient of Uruguay and a 33° AASR.

Joseph M. Terrell (1861–1912) Governor of Georgia, 1902–07, and U.S. Senator, 1910–11. b. June 6, 1861 in Greenville, Ga. Admitted to the bar in 1882. Served in both houses of the state legislature and as attorney general of Georgia. After his term as senator, he resumed law practice at Atlanta. Member of Greenville Lodge No. 321, Greenville, Ga., receiving degrees on May 28, June 14, 19, 1888. d. Nov. 17, 1912.

Mortimer C. Terrill (1888–1944) Executive Vice President of Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Hartford, from 1935. b. Nov. 4, 1888 in Newtown, Conn. Graduate of Yale U. in 1909 and was with Phoenix Mutual from that date on. Member of Manchester Lodge No. 73, Manchester, Conn. d. March 25, 1944.

William H. Terry Elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame, Cooperstown, N.Y., in 1954. b. Oct. 30, 1898 at Atlanta, Ga. Outstanding first baseman from 1923–36 with the New York National League Team, he was manager–first baseman from 1932–36. Also non playing manager from 1937–41. Now president of Bill Terry's Buick Agency in Jacksonville, Fla. Member of Park Avenue Lodge No. 362, Memphis, Tenn., since 1920; Scottish Rite Mason since 1924 and member of Al Chymia Shrine Temple, Memphis, since 1924.

Tewahquahkemongoh (see George Washington Finley)

Maurice H. Thatcher U.S. Congressman to 68th–72nd Congresses, 1923–33, from Kentucky. b. Aug. 15, 1870 in Chicago, Ill. Moved with family to Kentucky in 1874, settling near Morgantown where he attended school, farmed, and was employed in a newspaper office. Studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1896, beginning practice in Frankfort and moving to Louisville in 1900. Was assistant attorney general, 1898–1900; assistant U.S. attorney for Western Ky., 1901–06. From 1910–13 he was a member of the Isthmian Canal Commission and headed the department of civil administration. Resumed practice of law in Louisville after that date. After his term in congress, he practiced law in Washington, D.C. Wrote *Masonic If*, a parody on Kipling's poem. Received degrees in Falls City Lodge No. 376, Louisville, Ky. on Sept. 19, 1923, March 20, April 17, –1923. Still living.

Roscoe W. Thatcher (1872–1933) President of Massachusetts State College, 1927–33. b. Oct. 5, 1872 in Chatham Centre, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1898, 1901, and 1920. A chemist, he was with several state experimental stations (Nebr., Wash., Minn., N.Y.). Appointed by President Coolidge on agricultural commission in 1924. Received degrees in Whitman Lodge No. 49, Pullman, Wash. in 1907; affiliated with Ancient Landmark Lodge No. 5, St. Paul, Minn.; on Jan. 4, 1922 he affiliated with Ark Lodge No. 33, Geneva, N.Y. dimitting on Dec. 7, 1927 and affiliated with Pacific Lodge, Amherst, Mass. in 1928. d. Dec. 6, 1933.

Thayendanega (see under Joseph Brant)

Harry I. Thayer (1869–1926) U.S. Congressman to 69th Congress (1925–26) from Mass. b. Sept. 10, 1869 in Pembroke, Mass. Engaged in leather business and was president and organizer of Thayer–Ross Co. President of the Tanners' Council of the U.S. in 1920. Home at Wakefield, Mass. Received degrees in Golden Rule Lodge, Wakefield, Mass, in 1902. d. March 10, 1926.

John M. Thayer (1820–1906) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1867–71; Governor of Nebraska, 1887–91; Governor of Wyoming Territory, 1875–79; Major General in Civil War. b. Jan. 24, 1820 in Bellingham, Mass. Graduate of Brown U. in 1847, moving to Nebr. in 1854, where he engaged in agricultural pursuits, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1855. Practiced law in Omaha. Was brigadier general and major general in the territorial forces operating against the Pawnee Indians, 1855–61. He captured the Pawnees and placed them on reservations in 1859. Member of the Territorial senate in 1860 and a delegate to the state constitutional convention of that year. Commissioned colonel of the 1st Nebraska Volunteers on July 21, 1861, promoted to brigadier general in 1863, and brevetted major general on March 13, 1865. Upon the admission of Nebraska as a state, he was elected as one of the first two senators. Grant appointed him governor of the Wyoming Territory. After his term as governor of Nebraska, he resumed the practice of law in Lincoln. Original lodge not known (probably Iowa), but he was admitted as a charter member to Capitol Lodge No. 101, Omaha when they received the charter from Iowa. It later became Capitol Lodge No. 3 under Nebraska. He was

suspended June 13, 1859; reinstated Nov. 5, 1866 and again suspended June 5, 1876. d. March 19, 1906.

Simeon Thayer (1737–1800) Soldier in Rogers' Rangers and American Revolution. b. April 30, 1737 in Men-don, Mass. Moved to Rhode Island in his youth. Served in the French War in 1756 with Robert Rogers' Rangers, and was taken prisoner at Fort William Henry in 1757. In May 1775, he was appointed captain by the R.I. assembly, and accompanied Benedict Arnold's expedition against Quebec, where he was captured. Promoted to major on Jan. 1, 1777, and served with great credit in the defense of Red Bank and Fort Mifflin. Wounded in the Battle of Monmouth, and retired from service on Jan. 1, 1781. His *Journal of the Invasion of Canada* in 1775 was printed in 1867. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Providence, R.I., being initiated on Jan. 22, 1779.

Maria Theresa (1717–1780) Archduchess of Austria and Queen of Hungary and Bohemia. An anti-Mason. A daughter of Emperor Charles VI, she married Francis I, Holy Roman Emperor, q.v. In 1764 she issued the first law in Austria forbidding the practice of Freemasonry in that country. It was done in consequence of the refusal of three masters of lodges to make her acquainted with the secrets of the Order. It does not appear that she was aware that her husband was a member. He was initiated at The Hague in 1751 when he was the Duke of Tuscany, and the ceremony was performed by the Earl of Chesterfield.

Frederic Augustus Thesiger (1827–1905) Second Baron

Chelmsford and father of Frederic John Napier, q.v., first Viscount Chelmsford. Served throughout the Crimean War, Sepoy Mutiny, and Abyssinian campaign of 1868. He commanded troops in the Kaffir War of 1878; the Zulu War in 1879. Was promoted to lieutenant general in 1882 and general in 1888. Was lieutenant of the Tower of London from 1884–89. Member of the Craft in Nova Scotia.

Ezra George Thiem Newspaperman and Pulitzer prize winner. b. July 8, 1897 in Chicago, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1921. Started as agricultural advisor and editor of Country Weekly, Morrison, Ill. 1921–23. Assistant editor of Prairie Farmer, Chicago, 1923–26; editor and director of information of the Ill. Agricultural Assn., 1926–39, and since 1940 with the Chicago Daily News as reporter and agricultural editor. Was author of series on price control in Canada in 1942 and another on agrarian reforms in Mexico in 1946. Was joint winner of Pulitzer Prize in 1949 for most disinterested and meritorious public service of any newspaper for the exposé of state payroll padding. Winner of Freedoms Foundation citation in 1951. Member of Dunlap Lodge No. 321, Morrison, Ill. from 1922. 32° AASR (NJ) at Freeport, Ill.

Theodore F. Thieme (1857–1949) Organizer and president of Wayne Knitting Mills (hosiery) from 1891, Fort Wayne, Ind. b. Feb. 7, 1857 in Fort Wayne, Ind. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1876. In drug business 12 years. President of Morris Plan Co. in 1909. Active in state and city government improvement; established the Fort Wayne Art School and Museum. Author of many brochures on municipal and state government. Member

of Summit City Lodge No. 170, Fort Wayne, Ind., receiving degrees Feb. 10, 17, 24, 1905. Shriner. d. Aug. 11, 1949.

Wilbur P. Thirkield (1854–?) Methodist Episcopal Bishop. b. Sept. 25, 1854 in Franklin, Ohio. Received four degrees from Ohio Wesleyan U. Entered Methodist ministry in 1878, and was first president of Gammon Theological Sem., Atlanta, Ga., from 1883–1900. Was general secretary of the Epworth League, 1899, and general secretary of Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, 1900–06. Became bishop in 1912 and retired in 1928. Author of many volumes on religion. Mason. Deceased.

Augustus Thomas (1857–1934) American playwright. b. Jan. 8, 1857 in St. Louis, Mo. Spent six years in railroading, and then became special writer and illustrator on St. Louis, Kansas City, and New York newspapers. For a time was owner and editor of the Kansas City Mirror. Among his dramas were *Alabama*; *In Mizzoura*; *Arizona*; *The Burglar*; *Colorado*; *Man of the World*; *The Meddler*; *The Man Upstairs*; *Oliver Goldsmith*; *On the Quiet*; *The Harvest Moon*; *As a Man Thinks*; *Indian Summer*; *The Copperhead* and many others. Masonic membership was in Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City. d. Aug. 16, 1934; Masonic services conducted by his lodge.

Augustus O. Thomas (1863–1935) Educator and historian. b. Feb. 21, 1863 in Mercer Co., Ill. Held several university degrees. Was principal of schools at Cambridge, Nebr., 1891–93, and superintendent of schools at St. Paul, Minden, and Kearney, Nebr. between 1893–1905. In the latter year he was

the organizer and first president of the State Normal School at Kearney, serving in that capacity until 1913. Was state superintendent of public instruction of Maine, 1917–29. Was chairman of World Conference of Education at San Francisco in 1923, and president of World Federation of Educational Assns., 1923–27, and secretary-general of same after 1931. Revised the Morton History of Nebraska (two volumes) and wrote Thomas' Rural Arithmetic in 1916. Raised March 14, 1895 in St. Paul Lodge No. 82, St. Paul, Nebr. Affiliated with Rob Morris Lodge No. 46, Kearney, Nebr. on March 4, 1903 and suspended NPD Aug. 1, 1923. d. Jan. 30, 1935.– Bryan M. Thomas (1836–1905) Confederate Brigadier General in Civil War. b. in 1836 at Milledgeville, Ga. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1858, and then sent on frontier duty. While at Camp Floyd, Utah, with the troops to suppress the Mormons, he became a member of Rocky Mountain Lodge No. 203 (then U.D. under Missouri. constitution). He was a lieutenant at that time. Spent four years in the Confederate army, advancing from first lieutenant to brigadier general. After the war he engaged in farming and teaching. Was superintendent of schools at Dalton, Ga. after 1891. d. 1905.

Cecil Thomas English sculptor. Did recumbent memorials of Archbishop Lang in Canterbury Cathedral; of Bishop Talbot in Southwark Cathedral; the Toc H. Monument in All Hallows Barking-by-the-Tower. He designed the badge of the British Transport Corps displayed on the sides of all trucks and other heavy vehicles during WWII, showing a lion rearing up on a wheel. He designed the Coronation Medal which Queen Elizabeth presented for services rendered; some of the

present coinage issued in the dominions and the new issues of stamps in 1954 showing the sculptured profile of Queen Elizabeth within the petals of a Tudor rose. His bust of Lord Ampthill, q.v., is in Freemasons' Hall, London. Initiated in Panmure Lodge No. 715 in 1913, he is the senior past master of that lodge, and in 1948 was appointed assistant grand superintendent of the works.

Charles E. Thomas, Jr. Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. April 8, 1896 in Atlanta, Ga. Commissioned second lieutenant in Air Corps in 1918, and advanced through grades to major general in 1950. Served on Admiral Halsey's staff on U.S.S. Saratoga in 1940 as aviation observer. Was then assistant chief of staff of Wright Field; commanding general of Warner Robins Air Service Command; deputy commander for supply and maintenance XXI Bomber Command; deputy commander for operations of Army Air Forces, Pacific areas; director of aviation advisory group, Nanking, China; commanding general of 1503rd Air Transport Wing, Tokyo, and commanding general of 14th Air Force since 1950. Now retired and lives in San Antonio, Texas. Received degrees in Aero Lodge No. 648, Dayton, Ohio on March 9, April 18, June 18, 1921. Now member of Perfect Union Lodge No. 10, San Antonio, Texas. 32° AASR (SJ) in Peking, China and life member of Southern Jurisdiction.

Charles M. Thomas (1846–1908) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Oct. 1, 1846 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1865 and advanced to rear admiral in 1905. Between 1865–73 he served on the ships Shenandoah,

Potomac, Ajax, Terror and Dictator. After shore duty at Philadelphia Navy Yard in 1875, he served on ships St. Louis, Constitution and Hartford. At Naval Academy, 1880–84; with coast survey, 1889–91; with Bureau of Navigation, 1891–93. Also served at Naval War Coll., Naval Academy, on the Oregon, Brooklyn and Franklin. Was commandant of the Naval Training Station, Newport, R.I. and 2nd naval district, 1904–05, and commanded 2nd division of Atlantic Fleet from 1907. Member of Montgomery Lodge No. 19, Philadelphia, from Sept. 2, 1869. d. 1908.

Sir Clement Price Thomas Foremost English specialist in thoracic surgery, who operated on King George VI. b. Nov. 28, 1893. Holds rank of past junior grand deacon in Grand Lodge of England and past grand sojourner in Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of England.

Darwin W. Thomas Judge, Supreme Court of Idaho from 1950. b. Sept. 5, 1895 in Malad, Idaho. Graduate of U. of Idaho in 1925, practicing first at Pocatello, and at Boise after 1942. Mason and Shriner.

Edwin J. Thomas President of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. since 1940; chief executive officer since 1956; chairman of board from 1958. b. April 27, 1899 in Akron, Ohio. Began as a stenographer in 1916. Was personnel manager of Goodyear, 1926–28; superintendent of production in Calif. plant, 1928–30; assistant to factory manager, Akron, 1930–32; general superintendent, 1932–35; managing director in England, 1935–36; assistant to president at Akron, 1936–37

and executive vice president, 1937–40. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ).

Elmer Thomas United States Senator from Oklahoma from 1927; U.S. Congressman to 68–69th Congresses (1923–27). b. Sept. 8, 1876 in Greencastle, Ind. Graduate of DePauw U. in 1900. Admitted to Ind. bar in 1897 and Okla. bar in 1900. Practiced at Lawton, Okla., 1901–11. Former owner and operator of Medicine Park, Okla. Member of state senate from 1907–20, and president pro-tem, 1910–13. Member of Lawton Lodge No. 183, Lawton, Okla. receiving degrees on June 17, 1907, Nov. 2, Dec. 17, 1908. Knight Templar and Shriner.

Elwyn Thomas Justice, Supreme Court of Florida since 1938 and Chief Justice, 1947–49; 1959. b. July 5, 1894 in Ankona, Fla. Admitted to Fla. bar in 1915; practiced at Deland, Ft. Pierce and Vero Beach. Was first chairman of Florida Judicial Council, 1953–57. Raised in Ft. Pierce Lodge No. 87, Ft. Pierce, Fla. in 1916, and past master of same, holding all chairs.

Francis Thomas (1799–1876) Governor of Maryland; U.S. Congressman. b. Feb. 3, 1799 in Frederick Co., Md. Graduate of St. John's Coll. at Annapolis; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1820, practicing at Frankville. Served in state legislature three terms, and was speaker of same in 1829. Was U.S. congressman from 1831–41 and again from 1861–69. Served as governor of Maryland, 1841–44. During his canvass for the governorship he fought a duel with William Price. He was president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co., 1839–40. Was minister to Peru from 1872–75. Became a

member of Columbia Lodge No. 58, Frederick, Md. on Oct. 29, 1821. Killed by a locomotive while walking on the railroad track, Jan. 22, 1876.

George H. Thomas (1816–1870) Union Major General in Civil War. b. July 31, 1816 in Southampton Co., Va. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1840. Served in Florida Indian War in 1840–41, and in Mexican War under Zachary Taylor, q.v., distinguishing himself at Monterrey and Buena Vista in 1847. Remained loyal to the Federal government and was made brigadier general of volunteers in Aug., 1861, and major general in April, 1862. Later became major general in regular army. He fought at Perryville, and gained fame and the nickname “the Rock of Chickamauga” by his defense of his position in the Battle of Chickamauga in Sept., 1863. He commanded the Army of the Cumberland in the Battle of Chattanooga in Nov., 1863, and was in Sherman’s Atlanta campaign of 1864. Was sent to Tennessee to repel Hood’s army, and won the Battle of Nashville in Dec., 1864. From 1869–70 he commanded the military division of the Pacific. A Mason, he once visited Ward Lodge, an Ohio army lodge, during the Civil War. d. March 28, 1870.

Isaiah Thomas (1749–1831) Revolutionary patriot and printer. b. Jan. 19, 1749 in Boston, Mass. Apprenticed to be a printer at age of six, and served 11 years of apprenticeship. In 1770 he entered into partnership with his former master in the publication of the *Massachusetts Spy*. Three months later the partnership was dissolved and he carried on alone. Published spirited attacks on the British government. Shortly

before the Battle of Lexington, he packed his press and types and took them by night to Worcester. He joined Paul Revere, q.v., and his associates in giving information of the march of the British. In 1786 he secured the first font of music-type from Europe, and was the first printer in America to use such type. Published the Farmer's Museum at Walpole, N.H., and in 1788 opened a book store in Boston with branches in several parts of the U.S. He printed most of the Bibles and school books that were used in the country at that time. It is not known where he was made a Mason, but presumably in Trinity Lodge of Lancaster, Mass., of which he became master. He was a founding member of Morning Star Lodge of Worcester, Mass. in 1793, and was the first master. Was elected senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, and was grand master from 1803–05. His diary of June 17, 1825 tells of attending the laying of the cornerstone of the Bunker Hill Monument with Lafayette and marching in the procession that was more than a mile in length. He tells that more than 5,000 dined together on this occasion in a temporary building. d. April 4, 1831.

John Thomas (1874–1945) U.S. Senator from Idaho, 1928–33 and 1940–45. b. Jan. 4, 1874 on a farm in Phillips Co., Kans. Taught school, and was superintendent of schools of Phillips Co., Kansas, 1898–1903. Moved to Gooding, Idaho in 1909, where he engaged in banking and livestock business. Was first appointed to senate to fill vacancy caused by death of Frank R. Gooding, q.v. Member of Phillipsburg Lodge No. 184, Phillipsburg, Kans., and 32° AASR and KCCH in Boise, Idaho. d. Nov. 10, 1945.

John Charles Thomas (1890–1960) Baritone. b. Sept. 6, 1890 in Meyersdale, Pa. Studied at Mount Street College of Homeopathy, Baltimore, Md., before turning to music. At Peabody Conservatory of Music, 1910–13, and under private teachers. Received two degrees in music from Dickinson Coll. Made debut as Passion in *Every Woman* at London, Ont., Canada in 1912. Starred in *The Love Letter*; *The Peasant Girl*; *Apple Blossoms*; *May-time* and others. Made operatic debut as Amonasro in *Aida* at Washington, D.C. in 1925. Has appeared with the Royal Opera of Brussels, Philadelphia Grand Opera Co., San Francisco Opera Co., Los Angeles Opera Co., Chicago Civic Opera Co., Metropolitan Opera Co., as well as various concert tours, radio engagements, and motion pictures. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C. He was exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 159, R.A.M., Brooklyn on May 13, 1920; greeted in Columbian Council No. 1, R. & S.M., N.Y.C. on June 3, 1920, and knighted in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 36, K.T., N.Y.C. on June 17, 1920.

John M. Thomas (1869–1952) University president. b. Dec. 27, 1869 in Ft. Covington, N.Y. Held degrees from Middlebury (Vt.) Coll., Union Theol. Seminary; Amherst, and Dartmouth. Ordained to Presbyterian ministry in 1893, and served church in East Orange, N.J. until 1908. Was president of Middlebury (Vt.) Coll., 1908–21; president of Pennsylvania State Coll., 1921–25; president of Rutgers U., 1925–30; president of Norwich U., 1939–44. Was vice president of the National Life Insurance Co., Montpelier, 1930–38. Mason, and grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey, 1904–06. Received degrees in Hope Lodge No. 124 (N.J.), dimitting on

Oct. 7, 1908 and affiliated. In 1927 he affiliated with Palestine Lodge No. 111 (N.J.) from State College Lodge No. 700 (Pa.) and dimitted Nov. 6, 1930 with no further record in N.J. d. Feb. 26, 1952.

John R. Thomas (1830–1896) Song writer and baritone. b. in Newport, Wales, he came to this country at an early age. For several years he taught music in Brooklyn and N.Y.C. and frequently sang in oratorios. About 1852 he appeared with the Seguin Opera Co. and afterward joined a troupe of Negro minstrels. Among his many compositions were: The Cottage by the Sea; Happy Be Thy Dreams; Someone to Love; 'Tis But a Little Faded Flower; Mother Kissed Me in My Dreams; Beautiful Isle of the Sea; Angel Voices; Land of Dreams; Flag of the Free; The Mother's Prayer; The Voice of Effie Moore; Eileen Alanna; Seek, and Ye Shall Find; No Crown Without the Cross. Originally a member of Mystic Tie Lodge No. 272, N.Y.C., he was one of the founders of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C., which has become known as the "actors and musicians" lodge. d. April 5, 1896.

John R. Thomas (1846–1914) U.S. Congressman to 46th–50th Congresses, 1879–89, from Ill. b. Oct. 11, 1846 in Mt. Vernon, Ill. Served in Union Army in Civil War, rising from private to captain in Co. D, 120th Indiana Vols. Studied law, and began practice in Metropolis, Ill. in 1869. In 1889 he resumed practice of law in Muskogee, Okla. He was U.S. judge of the Indian Territory from 1897–1901. In congress he served on various important committees, and has been called the "father of the modern American Navy." Served as

grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1885. Received degrees in Metropolis Lodge No. 91, Metropolis, Ill. on Dec. 20, 1870, Jan. 12, Feb. 6, 1871. He was a commanding figure in the Grand Lodge of Illinois for many years. He later practiced law at Muskogee, Okla. His death was tragic. On Jan. 20, 1914, while in consultation with a client in the state penitentiary at McAlester, Okla., he was shot and killed in an effort made by three convicts to escape from the prison.

Parnell Thomas U.S. Congressman to 75th to 81st Congresses, 1937–49, from 7th N.J. dist. b. Jan. 16, 1895 in Jersey City, N.J. Attended U. of Pennsylvania. Was salesman with Kountze Bros., and later with Paine, Webber & Co., both of N.Y.C., 1919–24; since 1938, a member of Thomas & Godfrey, insurance brokers. Mayor of Allendale, N.J., 1926–30. Served as Infantry captain overseas in WWI. Was chairman of Committee on Un-American Activities and member of Committee on Armed Services. Received degrees in Fortitude Lodge No. 200, Ramsey, N.J. receiving degrees on June 4, Sept. 3, Oct. 29, 1937 and ceased to be a member on Dec. 7, 1956.

Leonard E. Thomas (1898–1959) Major General in Air Force; lawyer. b. July 21, 1898 in Independence, Kans. Graduate of Harvard in 1920, moving to Calif. where he was graduated in law from the U. of Southern California in 1923. Practiced law until recalled for service in Air Corps for WWII. He served in both world wars, and flew planes from the original “flying jenny” in WWI to the post-WWII jets. Served as master of James A. Garfield Lodge No. 566, Los Angeles in 1926; was high priest of Signet Chapter No. 57, R.A.M. in

1928; commander of Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T. in 1935; monarch of Jinnistan Grotto No. 76. In 1936 he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Calif. Made honorary member of the grand chapters of Arizona, Louisiana, and Kentucky. He served . on his commandery's drill team from 1924–28. d. in 1959 and Masonic services held on July 29.

Lorenzo Thomas (1804–1875) Major General, U.S. Army, and U.S. Secretary of War ad interim. b. Oct. 26, 1804 in New Castle, Del. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1823. Served in 4th Infantry in Florida until 1831, and again in Florida in the war of 1836–37. In the Mexican War he was chief of staff for General William O. Butler, 1846–48, and of the Army of Mexico in latter year. He was then adjutant general at Army headquarters in Washington, D.C. until 1853, and chief of staff to General Winfield Scott until 1861. Brevetted brigadier general in May, 1861, and made adjutant general of the Army that Aug. with the full rank of brigadier general. In 1864–65 he organized and trained Negro troops in the Southern states. When President Johnson removed Edwin M. Stanton from his post as Secretary of War, he appointed Thomas as secretary ad interim on Feb. 21, 1868, but owing to Stanton's refusal to vacate, Thomas did not fill the office. He was brevetted major general on March 13, 1865 and retired Feb. 2, 1869. He affiliated with Potomac Lodge No. 5, Washington, D.C., on Jan. 19, 1857. d. March 2, 1875.

Lowell Thomas Author, traveler, b. April 6, 1892 in Woodington, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Northern Indiana in

1911; U. of Denver in 1912, and Princeton U. in 1916. Holds many honorary degrees. A reporter and editor on various newspapers including the Chicago Journal until 1914. Taught at Chicago Kent Coll. of Law, 1912–14, and Princeton U., 1914–16. Lectured on Alaska, 1914–16. Chief of civilian mission sent to Europe by President Wilson to prepare historical record of WWI. Attached in turn to Belgian, French, Italian, Serbian, American, British, and Arabian armies. Was historian of Palestine Campaign and Arabian revolution. Lectured in America and England on Palestine and Arabian campaigns. Was with Prince of Wales on tour of India in 1922. Explored Malaya, India, Upper Burma and Central Asia. Lectured on “Romantic India.” Has been a news commentator since 1930; made movie news reels since 1935, and on television since 1940. Was associate editor of Asia Magazine, 1919–23. Fellow of American Geographic Society and Royal Geographic Society. Is the author of a score of books, mostly on travel and adventure. Was made a Master Mason Feb. 7, 1927, in St. John’s Lodge, Boston, Mass. and is currently a dual member, being affiliated with Kane Lodge No. 454, N.Y.C.

Sir Miles Thomas Chairman of British Overseas Airways Corp., 1949–56; chairman of Monsanto Chemicals Ltd., since 1956. b. March 2, 1897 in North Wales. Engaged in motor car sales, 1914–47, and became vice chairman and managing director of Morris Motors, Ltd. and Wolseley Motors, Ltd. An expert on tank and tank engine production, he served as chairman of the cruiser tank production group in WWII, and was chairman of the British tank engine mission to the U.S. in 1942. Served in WWI as private. Knighted in 1943. Mason.

Warren Laine Thomas (1845–1914) 17th Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, 1895–98. b. Jan. 25, 1845 at Elizabethtown, Ky. Knighted in DeMolay Commandery No. 12, K.T., Louisville, on Oct. 1872, and became charter member of Ryan Commandery No. 17, Danville, Ky. in Feb. 1873. In 1880 he served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, grand master of the Grand Council R. & S.M. of Kentucky and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Kentucky. Received 33° AASR (SJ) on Jan. 23, 1889. d. Nov. 23, 1914.

William D. Thomas (1880–1936) U.S. Congressman to 73–74th Congresses, 1933–37, from 20th N.Y. dist. b. March 22, 1880 in Middle Granville, N.Y. Graduate of Union Coll., Schenectady in 1904. Was a pharmacist at Hoosick Falls, N.Y. from 1905. Raised May 21, 1902 in Granville Lodge No. 55, Granville, N.Y. and on June 15, 1909 affiliated with Van Rensselaer Lodge No. 400, Hoosick Falls, N.Y. d. May 17, 1936.

William N. Thomas Rear Admiral and Chief of Chaplains, U.S. Navy in 1945. b. March 21, 1892 in Rankin Co., Miss. Graduate of Millsaps Coll., Jackson, Miss. in 1912. Entered Methodist ministry in 1911, and served churches in Jackson, Daleville and Summit, Miss. until 1918, when appointed to chaplaincy. Served on many ships; at Fort Lyon, Colo. hospital and U.S. Naval Academy. Mason.

Robert E. Thomason Federal Judge, Western Texas; U.S. Congressman to 72nd–80th Congresses, 1931–47, from 16th Texas dist. b. May 30, 1879 in Shelbyville, Tenn. Graduate

of Southwestern U. at Georgetown, Texas in 1898, and U. of Texas in 1900. Began law practice at Gainesville, Texas in 1900, and at El Paso after 1912. Was mayor of El Paso, 1927–31. Received degrees in Era Lodge No. 796, Era, Texas in 1901 later affiliating with Gainesville Lodge No. 210, Gainesville, Texas and finally Five Points Lodge No. 1137, El Paso.

Alexander Thompson (1879–1939) President of Champion Coated Paper Co., from 1932, and Chairman of Board of Champion Paper & Fibre Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. b. Nov. 24, 1879 in Cincinnati. He was apprenticed with the above company in 1896 and worked his way through the various positions to president. Mason. d. June 27, 1939.

Carmi A. Thompson (1870–1942) Treasurer of the United States, 1912–13. b. Sept. 4, 1870 in Wayne Co., W. Va. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1892 and 1895. Admitted to the bar in latter year and practiced at Ironton, Ohio. Served in state legislature, 1904–07, and was speaker of the house last two years. Became Assistant Secretary of Interior March 6, 1911, and served until July 1, 1912. Then became secretary to President Taft, July–Nov., 1912. Active in coal and mining interests. Member of Lawrence Lodge No. 198, Ironton, Ohio, affiliating on April 15, 1897 from Bement Lodge No. 365 of Ill. d. June 22, 1942.

Charles J. Thompson (1862–1932) U.S. Congressman to 66th–71st Congresses, 1919–31, from 5th Ohio dist. b. Jan. 24, 1862 in Wapakoneta, Ohio. Learned printer's trade, and became a newspaper owner. Was postmaster of Defiance,

Ohio, 1898–1915. Received degrees in Hamer Lodge No. 167, Wapakoneta, Ohio on Jan. 14, 26, March 1, 1889 and on Nov. 19, 1890 affiliated with Tuendawie Lodge No. 195, Defiance, Ohio. d. March 27, 1932.

Clark W. Thompson U.S. Congressman to 73rd and 80th–86th Congresses from 7th Texas dist. b. Aug. 6, 1896 in LaCrosse, Wis. Treasurer of American National Insurance Co., Galveston, Texas, 1919–20, and president of Clark W. Thompson Co., 1920–32. Now public relations counsel for American National Ins. Co. and Moody interests. Served with U.S. Marines in WWI, and as lieutenant colonel of Marines in Pacific in WWII. Raised in Harmony Lodge No. 6, Galveston, Texas on Nov. 13, 1919. Served as master of the lodge and district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas. Member of the Scottish Rite in Galveston and a KCCH (SJ). Shriner and National Sojourner.

Frank D. Thompson (1876–1940) Justice, Supreme Court of Vermont, 1929–37. b. April 9, 1876 in Irasburg, Vt. Graduate of Boston U. School of Law in 1899. In practice, first at St. Johnsbury, and at Barton after 1906. Raised in Orleans Lodge No. 55, Barton, Vt. on March 25, 1910 and dimitted June 18, 1937. d. June 12, 1940.

Frank H. Thompson Grand Herald, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Florida. Is president of Mine and Mill Supply Co. and director of the Florida National Bank at Lakeland, where he also operates a general insurance agency. Received 32° in 1915; KCCH

in 1919; 33° in 1923, and appointed deputy in Fla. in 1952. Crowned an active member in 1955, he was appointed to his present position in 1957.

Glenn W. Thompson President of Arvin Industries, Columbus, Lid. since 1946. b. July 17, 1899 in Columbus, Lid. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1922. Began with Arvin as a salesman in 1924 (when it was Noblitt-Sparks), becoming vice president in 1928 and president in 1946. Now chairman of board. Director of many companies. President of board of trustees of DePauw U. Received degrees in Ancient Landmarks Lodge No. 319, Indianapolis, Ind. on Sept. 9, 23, Oct. 21, 1929 and in 1934 transferred to St. Johns Lodge No. 20, Columbus, Ind. where he is now a member.

Hugh S. Thompson (1836–1904) Governor of South Carolina, 1882–86. b. Jan. 24, 1836 in Charleston, S. Car. Graduate of S. Car. Military Academy in 1856. Was captain of a battalion of state cadets, Confederate States, 1861–65. Was state superintendent of education, 1876–82; assistant secretary of U.S. treasury, 1886–89; U.S. Civil Service commissioner, 1889–92, and comptroller of New York Life Insurance Co. in 1892. Member of Richland Lodge No. 39, Columbia, S. Car. d. 1904.

Ira F. Thompson (1885–1937) Justice, Supreme Court of California, 1932–37. b. June 20, 1885 in Crawford Co., Wis. Admitted to Calif. bar in 1909, he practiced in Oakland one year and in Los Angeles, 1910–23, when he became judge of the superior court, and then justice of the district court

of appeals in 1926. Lectured in law at U. of Southern Calif., 1926–32. Was master of two Los Angeles lodges—Elysian No. 418 and Liberal Arts, 677. 32° and KCCH of AASR (SJ). d. Aug. 4, 1937.

Jacob Thompson (1810–1885) U.S. Secretary of Interior; U.S. Congressman; Governor of Mississippi. b. May 15, 1810 in Casewell Co., N. Car. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1831, and admitted to the bar following year, settling in the Chickasaw country of Mississippi. Served in congress from 1838–57, and then secretary of Interior from 1857 to Jan. 8, 1861 under Buchanan. Resigned, and returned to Miss. where he was governor from 1862–64. Later served as aide-de-camp to General Beauregard. In the summer of 1864 he went to Canada as Confederate commissioner. Here he promoted a plan to release the prisoners of war at Camp Douglas, near Chicago, and to seize that city. He also was charged with instigating plots to burn northern cities. Received the degrees in Oxford Lodge No. 33, Oxford, Miss. about 1849. d. March 24, 1885.

Joseph B. Thompson (1871–1918) U.S. Congressman, 63rd–65th Congresses, 1913–18, from Okla. b. April 29, 1871 in Grayson Co., Texas. Admitted to bar in 1892 and began practice in Ardmore, Indian Territory. Later located in Pauls Valley, Okla. Member of Democratic state committee to prepare a constitution for State of Oklahoma, 1906–10. Mason. d. Sept. 18, 1918.

Richard W. Thompson (1809–1900) Secretary of the Navy,

1877–81, in Hayes cabinet. b. June 9, 1809 in Culpeper Co., Va. Went to Kentucky in 1831, where he was clerk in a Louisville store. Moved to Lawrence Co., Ind.; admitted to the bar in 1834. Was member of state legislature, 1834–36, and state senate, 1836–38. From 1841–43 and 1847–49 he was U.S. congressman from Ind. He was the author of *The Papacy and the Civil Power*; *Footprints of the Jesuits*; *History of the Tariff*; and *Personal Recollections of Sixteen Presidents*. He became a member of Terre Haute Lodge No. 19, Terre Haute, Ind., May 29, 1854, and was master of same in 1859. In 1867 he was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Indiana. An intimate friend of Albert Pike. He was one of the founders of the Masonic Veterans' Association in Washington, D.C. d. Feb. 9, 1900 and buried by his lodge Feb. 12.

William Thompson (1736–1781) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. in Ireland. He settled in Carlisle, Pa. where he was a farmer, surveyor, and justice of the peace. He was captain of a troop of mounted militia in the French–Indian Wars. After the Battle of Lexington, he was placed in command of a battalion of eight companies recruited in Pa., who were the first troops raised on demand of the Continental Congress. They suppressed a British landing party at Lechmere Point, Mass. on Nov. 10, 1775. He was made brigadier general, March 1, 1776, and relieved General Charles Lee of the command of New York forces. In April, 1776, he was ordered to Canada to reinforce General John Thomas. He met the remnant of the Northern Army on its retreat from Quebec, and assumed the chief command, yielding it to General John Sullivan. Sullivan ordered the disastrous

attack on Three Rivers on June 6 where Thompson was taken prisoner. In August he was returned to Philadelphia on parole but not exchanged for two years. While in Philadelphia he received the degrees in Lodge No. 3, together with two other generals—James Hogun and John P. G. Muhlenberg, qq.v., on April 13, 15, 17, 1779. He was described as “A prisoner on parole, enroute to New York.” d. Sept. 4, 1781.

William H. Thompson (1871–1928) U.S. Senator from Kansas, 1913–19. b. Oct. 14, 1871 in Crawfordsville, Ind., moving to Kans. with parents in 1880. Studied law under his father, and admitted to the bar in 1894. Was clerk of Kansas Court of Appeals, 1897–1901, and judge of the 32nd district, 1906–13. In 1923 he settled in Tulsa, Okla. Received degrees, Ä¢ in Seneca Lodge No. 39, Seneca, Kans. in summer of 1894 and was secretary of same in 1895–96. Dimitted to Iola Lodge No. 38, Iola, Kans. in 1902 and then moved to Garden City, Kansas where he affiliated with Tyrian Lodge No. 246 on July 17, 1908 and retained membership until death on Feb. 8, 1928.

James Thomson (1700–1748) Scottish poet. He went to London in 1725 as tutor to Thomas Hamilton, who became the 7th Earl of Haddington. Was introduced to Pope, Arbuthnot and Gay. He published the blank-verse poems Winter, Summer, Spring; Autumn and then brought them together as *The Seasons* (1726–30). This was the first time that description of nature had been given the leading place and it paved the way for the emotional treatment of nature by the romantic poets. He was author of the dramas *Sophonisba*,

Agamemnon, and Edward and Eleanora. Pensioned in 1738 by the Prince of Wales after dedicating his poem, *Liberty*, to the prince. He joined David Mallet in writing *The Masque of Alfred* in 1740, which contained the song *Rule Britannia*, with music by T. A. Arne. In 1745 he produced *Tancred and Sigismunda*., the most successful of his dramas. His allegorical poem, *The Castle of Indolence* (1748) is generally considered to be his masterpiece. He was initiated at a lodge held at Old Man's Coffee House, Charing Cross Road, London in 1737. He is also recorded as a member of Caledonian Lodge, Scotland. On June 24, 1819, Kelso Lodge, with deputations from other adjacent lodges, laid the foundation stone of a monument to be erected to the memory of Thomson at Fernyhill, in the parish of Ednam, Scotland.

Matthew McBlain Thomson Masonic charlatan. b. in Ayr, Scotland, he was a paperhanger, painter, and saloon-keeper. In the early 1870's he became a member of a clandestine body and was active in the propagation of spurious Masonry, and, while a member, succeeded in visiting a lodge in Ayr under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. For this, the lodge's charter was taken up. Later, Thomson was given permission to apply for membership in a regular lodge. He then joined Newton-on-Ayr St. James No. 125, and later affiliated with Patna Bonnie Doon No. 565. In 1881 he came to America as a convert to the Mormon Church, and settled at Montpelier, Idaho, where he pursued his vocation of painting and paper-hanging. He returned to Scotland under strange conditions, but was back in Montpelier in 1898, bringing with him a dimit from a Scottish lodge and a patent from the "Scottish Grand

Council of Rites.” He then built up his “American Masonic Federation” which later became more expansive under the title of “International Masonic Federation.” He then began to sell degrees of all types, from Blue Lodge to Shrine. In Scotland, one Robert Jamieson of Kilmarnock signed documents, diplomas and charters which proved the “validity” of Thomson’s claims. He obtained his followers by solicitation among the humbler classes and sent out paid organizers to peddle the degrees and issue certificates. Reduced rates were offered to those who would get a number of friends to join. Thomson and two others were finally brought to trial in a Federal court and convicted of using the mails to defraud, sentenced to two years, and fined \$5,000each. Sentence was pronounced May 15, 1922.

William N. Thomson General Manager, New York Mirror since 1951. b. June 21, 1904 in Ayr, Scotland. Educated in public schools of Sherbrooke, Quebec, coming to the U.S. in 1924, and being naturalized in 1937. With General Electric, 1924–30; chief accountant Albany (N.Y.) Times Union, 1930–35. With Milwaukee Sentinel from 1935–51, first as business manager, and assistant publisher, 1943–51. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Homer Thomberry U.S. Congressman to 81st–86th Congresses, 1949–60, from 10th Texas dist. b. Jan. 9, 1909 in Austin, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1932 and 1936. Practiced law in Austin since 1936. Held local and state offices, including member of legislature from 1937–40. Served in Navy in WWII 1942–46. Raised in Austin Lodge No. 12,

Austin, Texas in 1930. 32° and KCCH of AASR (SJ) in Austin. Member of Ben Hur Shrine Temple.

George Thornburgh (1847–1923) Editor. b. Jan. 25, 1847 in Havana, Ill. Served in Confederate Army in 1865. Was editor of the *Masonic Trowel*, 1867–1919, and business manager of the *Arkansas Methodist*, 1889–1903. In state legislature four terms, and speaker in 1881. Active Methodist and president of Arkansas Methodist Orphanage 15 years. After 1919 he was superintendent of Arkansas School for the Blind. He served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas, grand high priest of the grand chapter, and grand commander of the grand commandery. He was the author of *Masonic Monitor* in 1903 and *History of Freemasonry* in 1914. d. March 9, 1923.

Arthur H. Thornhill President and Chairman of Board of Little, Brown & Co., publishers, Boston, Mass. since 1948. b. Feb. 25, 1895 in Hyde Park, Mass. With Little, Brown & Co. since 1913; manager of N.Y. office, 1935–48; director, 1938–41; vice president, 1941–48. Received degrees in Constellation Lodge, Dedham, Mass. in 1920.

Sir James Thornhill (1675–1734) English painter. He designed a series of paintings for interior of the dome of St. Paul's, and executed others in the Greenwich Hospital, Blenheim Palace, Chatsworth House, etc. William Hogarth, q.v., the great satirical painter of that time, married his daughter, Jane, clandestinely, in 1729. Thornhill was knighted in 1720 and became a member of parliament in 1722. He was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England in 1728.

His own portrait, painted by his son-in-law Hogarth, hangs in the Freemasons' Hall, London.

Matthew Thornton (1714–1803) Signer of the Declaration of Independence. b. July 1, 1714 in Ireland. Started medical practice at Londonderry, N.H., and was a surgeon in the expedition against Cape Breton, Nova Scotia in 1745. He was first president of the Provincial Convention of 1775. Became judge of the superior court of N.H., and elected to U.S. congress in 1776. Later moved to Exeter, N.H. Although many claims have been made concerning this Masonic membership, James R. Case is probably right in saying: "No—his alleged connection fabricated—never shown to the satisfaction of his great-greatgrandson, living in Portsmouth and a 32° Mason."

Bertel Thorwaldsen (1768–1844) Danish sculptor. He had his studio in Rome from 1798–1838, and later in Copenhagen. As a leader in the classical revival, he found immortality in his colossal statue of a lion at Lucerne. Executed statues of various figures of classical mythology, including Jason, Ganymede, Venus, Psyche and the Graces. His bas-reliefs include Christ and the Twelve Apostles, Night and Morning, and Entry of Alexander into Babylon. He donated many of his works to the museum which today bears his name and made a donation to the same museum of about 4,000,000 Kroner. He was an honorary member of the Zorubabel Lodge in Copenhagen.

Claude Antoine Thory (1759–1827) French Masonic writer. b. May 26, 1759 in Paris. Was an advocate by profession,

and was registrar of the – criminal court of the Chatelet, and later first adjunct of the mayor of Paris. Member of a number of learned societies and a botanist of some distinction. Was a member of the Lodge Saint Alexandre d'Ecosse and of the Lodge Contrat Social. They incorporated into one that preceded the Mother Lodge of the Philosophic Scottish Rite, of which Thory may be called the founder. He made a collection of books, manuscripts, medals, seals, etc. for the Mother Lodge. In 1813 he published the History of the Foundation of the Grand Orient of France and in 1815 Masonic Proceedings, or Chronology of the History of French and Foreign Freemasonry. d. Oct., 1827.

James W. Throclanorton (1825–1894) Governor of Texas, 1866–67; U.S. Congressman, 1875–79 and 1883–87. b. Feb. 1, 1825 in Sparta, Term. Came to Texas with father in 1841, and became a lawyer. He served continuously in one or the other branch of the state legislature from 1851 until the beginning of the Civil War. A member of the convention that passed the ordinance of secession, he was one of the six that voted against it. He entered the Confederate Army in 1861, serving as a captain and major. In 1864 he was appointed brigadier general of the state troops and made treaties with the Comanches, Cheyennes, and other tribes. In 1866 he was chosen governor of Texas for four years, but the following year he was removed from office by General Philip Sheridan. Was a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 51, McKinney, Texas. d. April 21, 1894.

Buckner Thruston (1764–1845) U.S. Senator from

Kentucky, 1805–09. b. Feb. 9, 1764 in Gloucester Co., Va. Graduate of William and Mary in 1783; studied law, and moved to Lexington, Fayette Co., Va. (now Kentucky) in 1788. After Kentucky was organized as a state, he was elected clerk of the first state senate in 1792. He was one of Kentucky's three commissioners to settle the boundary dispute between Kentucky and Virginia. Served as a circuit and district judge, and from 1809–45 he was a judge of the U.S. circuit court for District of Columbia. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. d. Aug. 30, 1845.

Tom Thumb (see Charles S. Stratton).

J. Strom Thurmond U.S. Senator from South Carolina since 1955; Governor of South Carolina, 1947–51. b. Dec. 5, 1902 in Edgefield, S.C. Graduate of Clemson Coll. in 1923, and admitted to the bar in 1930. He was variously county superintendent of education in Edgefield. Co., state senator, and circuit judge. Was chairman of the Southern Governors Conference of 1950. In 1948 he was the States Rights Party candidate for president of the U.S. Served in 82nd Airborne Div. in WWII and became brigadier general in Army Reserve. Member of Concordia Lodge No. 50, Edgefield, S.C.

Howard Thurston (1869–1936) One of America's greatest magicians. b. in Columbus, Ohio. He made a tour of the world in 1904–07, and starred with Harry Keller, q.v., in 1907–08. He was the author of *My Life of Magic*, in 1929. Thurston had this to say of his Masonic membership in a letter: "I was initiated into Freemasonry in Manitou Lodge No. 106, New

York City, July 22, 1907. I received the 32° of the Consistory in New York, July 10, 1910. I sometimes think that the traveling Masons have more opportunities of being both proud and glad of the social distinction designated by the square and compass than those who remain home most of the time. This is certainly true of a public entertainer, and especially of a magician. I see now on the walls of my den, about a score of Masonic emblems, fezzes, banners, Shrine pins, canes, ribbons—from baskets of flowers, parchments of honorary membership, etc., all telling me again of the many kindly acts of brother Masons during my annual tours. What a wonderful thing for a stranger to be able to meet the best men of the community as a brother and friend!” He was also a member of Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C. d. 1936.

John M. Thurston (1847–1916) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1895–1901. b. Aug. 21, 1847 in Montpelier, Vt., moving to Madison, Wis. in 1854 and to Beaver Dam, Wis. in 1856. Admitted to the bar in 1869 and began practice in Omaha, Nebr. Was city attorney, member of city council and in state legislature. Was temporary chairman of Republican National convention at Chicago in 1888 and chairman of Republican National convention at St. Louis in 1896. Was raised Dec. 12, 1874 in St. Johns Lodge No. 25, Omaha, Nebr. and remained in good standing until his death on Aug. 9, 1916.

Theodore P. Thurston (?–1941) Episcopal Bishop of Oklahoma, 1919–26. b. in Delavan, Ill. Graduate of Trinity Coll., Hartford, Conn. in 1891, 1894, and 1911. Ordained deacon in 1894 and priest in 1895. He served churches at

Owatonna, Winona, and Minneapolis, Minn. from 1894–1911. In 1911 he became bishop of Eastern Oklahoma, and in 1919 became bishop of Oklahoma, resigning in 1926. Charter member of the trustees of Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn., and trustee of U. of the South at Sewanee, Tenn. Mason. d. Jan. 28, 1941.

Edward J. Thye U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1947–59. Governor of Minnesota, 1943–46. b. April 26, 1896 in Aberdeen, S.D. Served in Army Air Force in WWI. Owner and operator of a farm at Northfield, Minn. from 1922. In Minn. he was dairy and food commissioner and deputy commissioner of agriculture, 1939–42, becoming lieutenant governor the following year. Member of Social Lodge No. 48, of Northfield, Minn. and past master of same. Also member of Corinthian Chapter No. 33, R.A.M., Northfield Council No. 12, R. & S.M., both of Northfield, and Faribault Commandery No. 8, K.T. of Faribault, Minn.

Merton B. Tice Commander-in-Chief of Veterans of Foreign Wars, 1954–55. b. Dec. 7, 1909 in Chicago. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1935. Was trial attorney for penal division of U.S. Treasury Dept. in Washington, N.Y., and Chicago, 1936–46. Has been in private practice at Mitchell, S.D. since 1946 and judge of the municipal court of that city since 1953. Held national offices in the Veterans of Foreign Wars from 1948 until elected head of the organization in 1954. Mason and 32° AASR at Mitchell.

Isaac Tichenor (1754–1838) U.S. Senator and Governor

of Vermont. b. Feb. 8, 1754 in Newark N.J. Graduate of Princeton in 1775, studied law, and in the Revolutionary War was appointed assistant commissary general in 1777, and stationed in Bennington, Vt. After the war, he remained in that city, practicing law. Was member of state house of representatives, and speaker of same in 1783. Was agent from that state to congress in 1782 to present Vermont's claim for admission into the Union. Was associate justice of state supreme court, 1790–94, and chief justice, 1795–96. As a Federalist he was elected to the U.S. senate, serving from 1796–97, but resigning to become governor of Vermont, 1797–1806, and again in 1808. He again served in the U.S. senate from 1815–21. He was a member of Temple Lodge No. 4, Bennington, and a charter Member of Mt. Anthony Lodge No. 13 of the same city. The members wanted to name the latter lodge for him, but Tichenor looked out the window to Mount Anthony and said: "Call our lodge after the mountain." He was a member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 2, Vergennes, Vt. and in 1809 was deputy grand master of the grand lodge and grand high priest of the grand chapter. d. Dec. 11, 1838.

De La Tierce French Translator of Anderson's Constitutions in 1743. Was said to have lived in London and to have been a friend of Anderson.

John J. Tigert U.S. Commissioner of Education, 1921–28, and President of University of Florida, 1928–47; now president emeritus. b. Feb. 11, 1882 in Nashville, Tenn. His father of the same name was a Methodist bishop. Graduate of Vanderbilt U. in 1904 and was first Rhodes scholar to

Oxford U. from Tenn., graduating there in 1907. Was a professor at Central College, Fayette, Mo., 1907–09; president of Kentucky Wesleyan Coll., Winchester, 1909–11; professor at U. of Kentucky, 1911–21. Made a Mason “at sight” at grand lodge meeting at Jacksonville, Fla. and affiliated with Gainesville Lodge No. 41, Gainesville, Fla. On dimit from that lodge since 1954.

John E. Tilford President and Director rector of Louisville & Nashville R.R., 1950–59; now member of advisory committee. b. July 12, 1888 in Atlanta, Ga. Began as traffic officer of the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlanta R.R. Became assistant vice president of the Louisville & Nashville R.R., 1937–45; vice president of traffic, 1945–47, and executive vice president, 1947–50. Received degrees in Gate City Lodge No. 2, Atlanta, Ga. in 1910 and presently is a member of Louisville Lodge No. 400, Louisville, Ky. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Atlanta in 1919 and presently is a member of consistory at Louisville and a KCCH. Member of Kosair Shrine Temple, Louisville.

Tench Tilghman (1744–1786) Military aide and secretary to George Washington in Revolution. b. Dec. 25, 1744 in Talbot Co., Md. Began as a merchant in Philadelphia, but at the beginning of the Revolution became a lieutenant in a company from that city known as the Ladies Light Infantry. He was named secretary and treasurer to the commission that was sent by congress to treat with the Six Nations in 1775. Became military secretary to Washington, serving in this post until the end of the war. Rose to lieutenant colonel April 1, 1777. On surrender of Cornwallis, he was selected by

Washington to bear his dispatch to congress announcing that event. Congress rewarded him with a horse, "properly caparisoned," and a sword. After the war he re-entered business with Robert Morris, but the effects of wartime exertion and hardship soon brought on his death. Member of St. Thomas Lodge No. 37, Baltimore, Md. d. April 18, 1786.

A. F. A. DeGrasse Tilly (see under DeGrasse).

John Q. Tilson (1866–1958) U.S. Congressman from Connecticut, 1908–1932, with the exception of the 1912 term. b. April 5, 1866 in Clearbranch, Tenn. Graduate of Yale U. in 1891, 1893, and 1894. Served in Spanish–American War with Conn. national guard and returned to Tenn. to accept a commission in the 6th U.S. Vol. Inf. He commanded the 2nd Conn. Inf. on the Mexican border in 1916 and retired as colonel in Ordnance reserve. Served in Conn. legislature, 1904–08, and speaker last term. A friend and advisor of both Coolidge and Hoover. He lectured at Yale on parliamentary law. Raised in Mountain Lodge No. 408 of Term., and affiliated with Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn., June 7, 1923; was a trustee of same from 1943 until his death. Was awarded the Pierpont Edwards Medal for distinguished Masonic service. Exalted in Mountain Chapter, R.A.M., Tenn. in 1894 and affiliated with Franklin Chapter No. 2 of New Haven in 1916; greeted in Harmony Council No. 8, R. & S.M., New Haven in 1902; knighted in New Haven Commandery No. 2, K.T. in 1913, and was trustee from 1944 until his death. Received 32° AASR (NJ) in Lafayette Consistory, Bridgeport, Conn. on April 27, 1923, and 33° on Sept. 28, 1949. Member of Pyramid Shrine

Temple, Bridgeport, Conn. on Dec. 8, 1913. d. Aug. 14, 1958.

James Tilton (1745–1822) Surgeon General of U.S. Army during War of 1812. b. June 1, 1745 in Kent Co., Del. Graduate M.D. from U. of Pennsylvania in 1771, settling at Dover, Del., where he remained until the start of the Revolution. Was regimental surgeon in a Delaware regiment, 1776–77 and in charge of hospitals, 1777–80. He was senior hospital physician and surgeon, 1780–83. During the winter of 1779–80, it was through his efforts that typhus fever was stamped out at camp near Morristown N.J. He was a member of the Continental Congress from 1783–85. Served as surgeon general of U.S. Army, 1813–15. In 1814 he issued Regulations for the Medical Department, defining clearly for the first time the duties of medical officers and the sanitary staff. He was raised July 9, 1776 in Lodge No. 18, Dover, Del., a military lodge under Pa. registry. In the 1870's he affiliated with Lodge No. 14, Wilmington, Del. d. May 14, 1822.

Charles B. Timberlake (1854–1941) U.S. Congressman to 64th–72nd Congresses, 1915–33 from Colo. dist. b. Sept. 25, 1854 in Wilmington, Ohio. Moved to Colo. in 1887 where he engaged in farming and stock raising. Received degrees in Holyoke Lodge No. 81, Holyoke, Colo. in summer of 1891; was master in 1894; treasurer, 1895–96 and secretary, 1897. Dimitted Jan. 2, 1903 to affiliate with Sterling Lodge No. 54, Sterling, Colo. where he served as senior warden and senior deacon. d. May 31, 1941.

Theodore R. Timby (1819–1909) Inventor and author. b.

April 5, 1819 in Dover, N.Y. In 1836 he invented a floating dry-dock, and in 1841, the revolving turret used on the Monitor and battleships. In the same year he invented a practical method of raising sunken ships; the American turbine waterwheel in 1844, and, in 1857, the first commercially portable 33 in. mercurial barometer. From 1861–91 he invented and patented at home and abroad a system of coast defenses as follows: The sighting and firing of heavy guns by electricity; the tower and shield; the cordon across the channel; the planetary and subterranean systems. He was the author of *Beyond; Stellar Worlds; Lighted Lore for Gentle Folk*. Member of Rising Sun Lodge No. 103, Saratoga Springs, N.Y. d. 1909.

Donald H. Tippet Methodist Bishop of San Francisco area since 1948. b. March 15, 1896 in Central City, Colorado. Graduate of U. of Colorado, 1929; Iliff School of Theology, 1924; New York U., 1932. Ordained Methodist minister in 1919. Served churches in Longmont, Johnstown, Denver, and Gunnison, Colo. from 1919–27; and at New York City, Columbus, Ohio, and Los Angeles, Calif., 1928–48. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 14, Boulder, Colo. Member of both York and Scottish Rites, holding 33° in latter. Was grand chaplain of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Calif., 1945–51, and 1957–58; grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Calif., 1951–52.

John Tipton (1786–1839) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1831–39; Brigadier General of Militia in War of 1812; “Ensign Hero” of Battle of Tippecanoe. b. Aug. 14, 1786 in Sevier Co., Tenn. His father, Joshua, had moved from Md. to Tenn., where he

was killed by Indians on April 18, 1793. Young Tipton, believing it his sacred duty to avenge his father's death, became an Indian fighter. Joined the "Yellow Jackets," a military company, and afterwards became ensign. Served with that company in the Battle of Tippacanoë, where he assumed command after death of all senior officers. Settled in Indiana in 1807. Was U.S. Indian agent to Pottawattamie and Miami tribes, 1823–26, and made treaties with them. Uneducated, himself, he was vitally interested in the school system of Indiana and gave much land and money for erection of schools. A member of Pisgah Lodge No. 32, Corydon, Ind., he was master in 1819. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Indiana from 1820–21, and 1828–29. He was also high priest of Logan Chapter No. 2, R.A.M. of Logansport, Ind. d. April 5, 1839.

Alfred von Tirpitz German naval commander who is credited with the creation of the modern German Navy. Promoted to admiral in 1903, he was responsible for the German declaration of the so-called "war zone," in which German submarines would maintain a blockade and exercise unrestricted submarine warfare in WWI. This led to the entry of the U.S. into the war. At the fall of the German empire, he took refuge in Switzerland where he published his memoirs. Shortly after 1924 he returned to Germany and became a member of the Reichstag. He was a member of the lodge, Zuni. Aufrichtigen Herzen at Frankfurt–Oder.

Benjamin L. Tisinger (1866–1925) Justice, Supreme Court of Oklahoma, 1918–19. b. Jan. 21, 1866 in Talbot Co., Ga. Practiced first at Thomaston, Ga. and was member of both

branches of Georgia legislature. Moved to Mangum, Okla. in 1908, and to Oklahoma City after 1919. Mason. d. July 6, 1925.

Charles W. Tobey (1880–1953) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1939–51; Governor, 1929–30; U.S. Congressman to 73rd–75th Congresses, 1933–39 from 2nd N.H. dist. b. July 22, 1880 in Roxbury, Mass. Served in both branches of the state legislature. In congress he served as member of the Kefauver Crime Committee. Member of Souhegan Lodge No. 67, Greenville, N.H. d. July 24, 1953.

George Tod (1773–1841) Judge of Supreme Court of Ohio, 1806–09. b. Dec. 11, 1773 in Suffield, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1795, and settled in Georgetown, Ohio in 1800. Was lieutenant colonel in the War of 1812, and served with credit at the defense of Fort Meigs in May, 1813. Member of Erie Lodge No. 47, Warren, Ohio. d. April 11, 1841.

Thomas Todd (1765–1826) Justice, U.S. Supreme Court, 1807–26. b. Jan. 23, 1765 in King and Queen Co., Va. Served in army during latter part of the Revolutionary War. Began his profession as a lawyer in Danville, Ky. in 1786. Took part in the agitation for Kentucky statehood, and appointed clerk of all conventions preceding that event. Was made clerk of the U.S. court for Ky. when it became a state in 1799. He was made fourth judge of that court in 1801, and chief justice in 1806. He was originally a member of Lodge No. 24 of Virginia and became a charter member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. d. Feb. 7, 1826.

William H. Todd (1867–1932) Shipbuilder. b. Nov. 27, 1867 in Wilmington, Del. He was president of Todd Shipyards Corp., Robins Dry Dock & Repair Co., Tietjen & Lang Dry Dock Co., Todd Engineering, Dry Dock & Repair Corp. (New Orleans), Todd Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co. (Mobile, Ala.), Todd Dry Dock, Inc. (Seattle, Wash.) and Todd Dry Dock Construction Corp. (Tacoma, Wash.). Mason and 33° AASR (NJ). Member of Damascus Commandery No. 58, K.T. and Kismet Shrine Temple, both of Brooklyn, N.Y. d. May 15, 1932.

Thor Carl Tollefson U.S. Congressman to 80th–86th Congresses, 1947–60 from 6th Wash. dist. b. May 2, 1901 in Perley, Minn. From 1915–22 he was a mechanic and mill-worker. Admitted to the Washington bar in 1930, he entered private practice at Tacoma. Member of Destiny Lodge No. 197, Tacoma, Wash. since about 1940. Had started in chairs when elected to congress in 1946. 32° AASR (SJ) at Tacoma and member of Shrine, Jesters and Grotto.

Warren W. Tolman (1861–1940) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Washington, 1925–26, and 1931–32. b. Dec. 8, 1861 in Kendall Co., Ill. Graduate of Northwestern U. in 1888. Began law practice in Chicago in that year, but moved to Spokane, Wash. in 1892. Was associate justice of supreme court of Wash, from 1918–37, retiring in latter year because of health. Mason. d. May 15, 1940.

Clyde A. Tolson Associate Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation since 1947. b. May 22, 1900 near Laredo, Mo. Graduate of George Washington U. in 1925 and 1927. From

1919–28 he was confidential secretary to three secretaries of war—Newton D. Baker, John W. Weeks, and Dwight F. Davis. Admitted to the D.C. bar in 1928 and supreme court bar in 1935. Became special agent with F.B.I. in 1928; assistant director in 1930; assistant to J. Edgar Hoover, q.v., in 1938 and associate director since 1947. Received alumni achievement award from George Washington U. in 1947. Formerly a lieutenant commander in U.S. naval reserve. Member of New Jerusalem Lodge No. 9, District of Columbia.

Hillory A. Tolson Assistant Director of National Park Service since 1943. b. Oct. 24, 1897 near Laredo, Mo., brother of Clyde A. Tolson, q.v. Graduate of George Washington U. in 1924 and 1927; and National U. in 1930 and 1931. Served with War department, and as special agent with F.B.I. Was assistant director of National Park Service, 1933–39; regional director at Santa Fe. N. Mex., 1939–40 and chief of operations, 1940–43. Former lieutenant commander in U.S. Naval Reserve. Member of New Jerusalem Lodge No. 9, Washington, D.C. since 1926.

Count Leo Tolstoi (1828–1910) Russian novelist, social and moral philosopher, who wrote the famous *War and Peace*. b. Aug. 8, 1828 in province of Tula. Served with army in the Caucasus and in Crimean War of 1854–56, commanding a battery at Sevastopol in 1855. He then retired to devote himself to study and writing. He emancipated the serfs on his country estate of Yasnaya Polyana. After 1876 he underwent a spiritual transformation which led him to renounce the Russian Orthodox Church and evolve a new Christianity whose central creed was non-resistance to evil. “Tolstoyism”

became an organized sect about 1884. Although his greatest work was *War and Peace*, published in 1866, he wrote many other novels and plays including: *Childhood*, *The Cossacks*; *Two Hussars*; *Three Deaths*; *Anna Karenina*; *A Confession*; *The Death of Ivan Ilyich*; and others. Many have thought him to have been a Freemason, for in his *War and Peace* he describes a Masonic initiation with great accuracy, and several of his characters are mentioned as being Freemasons. However, he was born at a time when Freemasonry was forbidden and extinct in Russia and when it returned, he was too old and feeble to attend a meeting and never left his estate. d. Nov. 8, 1910.

Count Alexander Ostermann-Tolstoy (see under Ostermann).

John B. Tomhave Active Member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Minnesota. Received 32° in 1937; KCCH in 1947; 33° in 1951; appointed deputy in Minnesota in 1957, and crowned active member in that year. He is a pharmacist and owner of a drug store. Is past president of the Minnesota State Pharmaceutical Assn. and at present its treasurer and member of the executive board.

Arthur S. Tompkins (1865–1938) Justice, Supreme Court of New York, 1906–35; U.S. Congressman to 56th–57th Congresses, 1899–1903 from N.Y. b. Aug. 26, 1865 in Schoharie Co., N.Y. Admitted to the bar and practiced at Nyack in 1887. Was appointed to the appellate division of the supreme court

in 1930 and retired by legal age limit. Raised in Enterprise Lodge No. 228, N.Y.C. on Dec. 8, 1891, he affiliated with Rockland Lodge No. 723, Nyack, N.Y. on May 22, 1893 and was master of same in 1897. A past district deputy grand master, and from 1922–23, was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York. He was also past grand master of the Odd Fellows of New York and a member of the grand forum of the Elks. d. Jan. 20, 1938.

Daniel D. Tompkins (1774–1825) Sixth Vice President of the United States, 1817–25. b. June 21, 1774 in Fox Meadows (now Scarsdale), N.Y. His father was a farmer. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1795, studied law, and admitted to the bar in N.Y.C. in 1797. Was elected U.S. congressman, but resigned before taking seat in order to become associate justice of the supreme court of N.Y. in 1804. He served on the bench until 1807, when he resigned to become governor of New York from 1807–17, a term of ten years. Before resigning the governorship and entering the office of vice president, he sent a message to the legislature on Jan. 28, 1817, recommending that a day be fixed for the abolition of slavery within the bounds of the state. The assembly acted, setting the date as July 4, 1827. He served two terms as vice president (1817–25), and while holding that office was elected twice as grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York (1820–21). He was made a Mason in Hiram Lodge No. 72, Mt. Pleasant, Westchester Co., N.Y. on Feb. 3, 1800. This lodge did not long survive and on Oct. 7, 1802 he was “admitted” a member of Salem Lodge No. 74, Salem, Westchester Co., N.Y. He had been a Mason only four months, when, on June 4, 1800 he

was elected deputy grand secretary of the grand lodge. He served in this capacity until June 15, 1801. On June 25, 1801, he became grand secretary and held this office until June 13, 1805. He is known to have been a Royal Arch Mason and Knight Templar. In 1824 he was made an honorary member of Morton Commandery No. 4, K.T. of N.Y.C. In his first election as grand master on June 2, 1819, his opponent was DeWitt Clinton, q.v., who had succeeded him, and was then governor of New York. Although he was not able to be present at all the grand lodge meetings, he did attend on July 5 and Sept. 12, 1820; March 14 and June 9, 1821 and June 5, 1822. On June 6, 1822, he declined another term as grand master. On June 11, 1822 the grand lodge passed the following resolution: "Resolved, unanimously, that the thanks of this Grand Lodge be presented to the R.W. Daniel D. Tompkins, for the services rendered by him to the fraternity, in officiating as their presiding officer for the last two years." Tompkins received the 32° AASR on Nov. 8, 1808 at the hands of John G. Tardy 33°. On Aug. 5, 1813 he received the 33° at the hands of a provisional supreme council and was immediately elected sovereign grand commander of the newly formed Supreme Council, Northern Jurisdiction. He was grand commander up to the time of his death in 1825. On Nov. 8, 1820 he attended a meeting of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C. and the same evening was initiated into the "Mystery of the Union" or "Union Degree" at a meeting of the grand officers of the Grand Lodge of New York and masters of lodges in N.Y.C. On April 2, 1821 he is recorded as a visitor to Hiram Lodge No. 449. He was present at the grand lodge sessions on June 5, 1823, the year after he relinquished the grandmastership.

When General Lafayette visited America in 1824, Tompkins, as vice president, entertained the French Freemason at his residence in Staten Island, N.Y. on Sept. 15–16. The apron he wore while grand master is now in possession of that grand lodge. The grand lodge also possess another historic relic identified with Tompkins. When the affairs of the old United States Bank at Washington, D.C. were wound up, a small gold trowel used by Benjamin Franklin in his lodge, was found in the safe. Tompkins presented it to Franklin Lodge No. 447, N.Y.C. and the lodge later presented it to the grand lodge. d. June 11, 1825.

Joseph K. Toole (1851–1929) First governor of Montana, serving three terms, 1889–93 and 1901–09; delegate to 49th and 50th Congresses, 1885–89. b. May 12, 1851 in Savannah, Mo. Moved to Montana in 1870, and admitted to the bar in 1872, practicing at Helena. Was district attorney, member of territorial legislature, and member of the state constitutional convention. Initiated in Helena Lodge No. 3, Helena, Mont on Nov. 9, 1878 and was master of same in 1881. d. March 11, 1929.

Robert Toombs (1810–1885) First Secretary of State of Confederate States of America; Brigadier General in Confederate Army; U.S. Congressman to 29th–32nd Congresses, 1845–53; U.S. Senator from Georgia, 1853–61. b. July 2, 1810 in Wilkes Co., Ga. Graduate of Union Coll., Schenectady, N.Y. in 1828. Studied law at U. of Virginia. Entered law practice at Washington, Ga. in 1828. He commanded a company in the Creek War of 1836. After the Civil

War, he went to Europe, returning home to Washington, Ga. in 1877. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 23, Washington, Ga. In the AASR (SJ) he received KCCH on May 8, 1872, honorary 33° on May 7, 1874 and was made active member of the Southern Supreme Council. Became emeritus inspector general on Oct. 19, 1880. d. Dec. 15, 1885.

Thomas Topham English strongman of the 18th century. About 1730, the attention of Dr. Desaguliers, q.v., was attracted to the strength of Topham, who kept the “Red Lion” public house near the old St. Luke Hospital of London. Desaguliers saw Topham brace his feet against the remnant of a stone wall, and holding the traces in his hands, outpull a horse on the other side. Later he outpulled two horses and Desaguliers was so impressed that he ventured Topham could do the same with four horses! Although mighty of muscle, Topham was meek as a lamb and a perfect slave at home. His strength was no match for his wife’s tongue and she finally drove him from home. At this time, his friend Desaguliers placed him in another public house at the Hermitage, identified by the “Sign of the Ship” and after making him a Freemason, established a lodge at his pub as a means of increasing business. Desaguliers was master, and it attracted many respectable members. In honor of Topham it was called The Strong Man Lodge No. 68, and the identifying sign on the pub was Topham with his feet braced on a wall, matching his strength against a horse. The lodge was established about 1734 and was carried on the rolls for a number of years.

Alfred T. A. Torbert (1833–1880) Union Major General

in Civil War (brevet). b. July 1, 1833 in Georgetown, Del. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1855. He then served on frontier duty in Texas, Florida, and Utah. In April, 1861, he was sent to muster in New Jersey volunteers and made colonel of the 1st N.J. regiment. He served through the peninsula campaign; in Battle of Manassas; in Maryland campaign; wounded at Battle of Crampton's Gap in bayonet charge; at Gettysburg and Rappahannock. In Nov., 1863 he was transferred from infantry to command the 1st division of cavalry of the Army of the Potomac. He had been made brigadier general of volunteers in Nov. 1862. After many successful battles and raids, he was made chief of cavalry of the middle military division and given command of three divisions when Sheridan took over the Army of the Shenandoah. Was breveted major general of volunteers on Sept. 9, 1864. Among his engagements were Winchester, Liberty Mills, Gordonsville. After the war he commanded the Army of the Shenandoah, the district of Winchester and district of Southeastern Va. On March 13, 1865 he was breveted brigadier general in regular army for action at Cedar Creek, and major general for gallantry during the war. Mustered out of service on Jan. 15, 1866. Appointed U.S. minister to San Salvadore in 1869, transferring as consul general to Havana two years later, and filled the same post at Paris from 1873-78. Lost in a shipwreck off Florida coast, on way to Mexico as president of a mining company. He was a member of Temple Chapter No. 2, R.A.M., Milford, Del., and in 1869 was the first grand secretary of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Delaware. d. Sept. 30, 1880.

Homer F. Torrey Vice President and Director of J. C. Penney

Co. since 1950. b. June 10, 1900 in La Grande, Ore. Joined J. C. Penney organization at Hood River, Ore. in 1919. Managed stores at Port Angeles, Wash. and Danville, Ill., 1919–31. Became district manager in charge of San Francisco office in 1931; national sales manager, N.Y.C. in 1947. Originally a member of Anchor Lodge No. 980, Danville, Ill., in 1943 he affiliated with a lodge in Colo. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Denver on May 7, 1943. Shriner.

Joseph Torrubia A Catholic priest, who by papal brief, January 17, 1750 was authorized as a procensor of the Inquisition in Spain, to seek admission into Freemasonry, take all the obligations required, and to use every possible means for acquiring a complete knowledge of the institution and its membership. This he did in March 1751, securing the membership of 97 Masonic lodges in Spain. As a result of his report, King Ferdinand VI, July 2, 1751 “outlawed Ma-sonic assemblies and prescribed a punishment of death against all convicted as masons.”

Vincente Tosta Provisional President of Honduras, 1924–25, following the revolution of 1924. Was initiated in the lodge Igualdad No. 1 of Tegucigalpa.

Frank M. Totton (1890–1954) Vice Presient of Chase National Bank, N.Y.C., 1929–54. b. May 5, 1890 in Minneapolis, Minn. Graduate of Harvard in 1912 and LaSalle U. in 1915. Started as a clerk in Farmers Loan & Trust Co., N.Y.C. in 1912 and went with the Chase National as trust officer in 1923. Served as officer in WWI. President of N.Y.C. YMCA from

1945 and president of N.Y. State YMCA's in 1930. National president of American Institute of Banking in 1928. Was on general council of the Presbyterian Church in U.S.A., 1945–48. Active in a dozen youth and social welfare groups, colleges and universities. He traveled more than a million miles for the Chase National, making speeches to civic groups. Member of Bunting Lodge No. 655, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on Nov. 18, Dec. 2, 16, 1912 and master in 1920. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1948–50. d. Nov. 1, 1954.

M. Tournon A French Freemason, who had been invited into Spain by the government in order to establish a brass button factory and instruct Spanish workmen. In 1757, he was arrested by the Inquisition on the charge of being a Freemason, and of having invited his pupils to join the Craft. Was sentenced to imprisonment for one year, after which he was banished from Spain, being conducted under an escort to the frontier of France. Tournon was indebted for this clemency to his want of firmness and fidelity to the Craft. He solemnly abjured it, and promised never again to attend a meeting. Llorente's History of the Inquisition gives an account of his trial.

Manuel Felipe de Tovar Eleventh President of Republic of Venezuela in 1860–61. Was a 33° AASR.

Salem Town (1779–1864) Masonic lecturer and author. Wrote A System of Speculative Masonry in 1818, which was fiercely attacked during the anti-Masonic period. b. March 5, 1779 in Belchertown, Mass. He was raised in Liberty Lodge

No. 55, in what is now Granville, N.Y., in 1803. He was principal of three academies—at Granville, N.Y., Powelton, Ga., and Aurora, N.Y. He authored many text books and one ran through 30 editions and was used for many years after his death. He was also a member of DeLafayette Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. in Granville. Later he became a member of Scipio Lodge No. 110 and Aurora Chapter No. 64 of Aurora, N.Y. In 1848 he was one of the organizers of Town Encampment No. 16, which is now Salem Town Commandery in Auburn, N.Y., and was its first commander; also was grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of New York. He also served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York, and was grand chaplain of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of New York for 47 years. d. Feb. 24, 1864.

Charles A. Towne (1858–1928) U.S. Senator from Minnesota, 1900–01; U.S. Congressman to 54th Congress, 1895–97, from Minn., and to 59th Congress, 1905–07, from New York. b. Nov. 21, 1858 near Pontiac, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1881. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1886, practicing first at Lansing, Mich., and moving to Duluth, Minn. in 1890. After his term as U.S. Senator, to which he had been appointed to fill a vacancy, he resumed law practice in New York City. He died in Tucson, Ariz. on Oct. 22, 1928, while on a speaking tour on behalf of the candidacy of Alfred E. Smith for president. Member of Ionic Lodge No. 186, Duluth, being initiated on Nov. 19, 1895.

Horace M. Towner (1855–1937) U.S. Congressman from Iowa to 62nd–68th Congresses, 1911–23; Governor of Puerto

Rico, 1923–29. b. Oct. 23, 1855 in Belvidere, Ill. Admitted to the bar in 1877, and began practice in Prescott, Iowa, moving to Corning, Ia. in 1880, having been elected county superintendent of schools. He served in that capacity until 1884 when he – resumed law practice. Was judge of third Iowa district from 1890–1911. Lectured on constitutional law at U. of Iowa, 1902–11. Member of Instruction Lodge No. 275, Corning, Iowa. d. Nov. 23, 1937.

Charles E. Townsend (1856–1924) U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1911–23; U.S. Congressman to 58th–61st Congresses, 1903–11. b. Aug. 15, 1856 near Concord, Mich. Taught school five years and was registrar of deeds for 11 years. Admitted to the bar in 1895, and began law practice in Jackson, Mich. Appointed member of International Joint Commission on boundary between U.S. and Canada in 1923. Member of Moslem Shrine Temple, Detroit, Mich. Member of Parma Lodge No. 183, Parma, Mich. receiving degrees on Nov. 12, Dec. 17, 1881 and March 23, 1882, becoming a life member Aug. 12, 1922. d. Aug. 3, 1924.

John Townsend (?–1850) An organizer of the Murphy-TownsendStevens Party of 1844 to Calif. which brought the first wagons through the Sierra Nevadas, and the first graduate M.D. to settle in Calif. Born of Quaker parents in Pa., he was graduated at the Lexington Medical Coll., then came West to the Little Platte River in Buchanan Co., Mo., where he farmed for a time. The call of the West induced him to join with some of his relatives and others and move up the Nishnabotna and Missouri rivers, joining a larger party bound

for Oregon. They crossed the Missouri near Omaha, following the Platte to Fort Laramie. Townsend went on to San Francisco, where he was the city's first resident physician. He was well liked and held many civic positions. Townsend St. of that city is named for him. In 1850 he went to San Jose for his wife's health. Here he assisted in organizing San Jose Lodge No. 10 and was the first junior warden. He was a victim of the cholera epidemic in the same year.

John G. Townsend, Jr. U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1929–42; Governor of Delaware, 1917–21. b. May 31, 1871 in Worcester Co., Md. Received medical degree from U. of Delaware, but was largely identified with banking, farming, and business interests. Appointed alternate delegate to the United Nations General Assembly in Jan., 1946. Member of Franklin Lodge No. 12, Georgetown, Del.

Nathan Towson (1748–1854) Major General (brevet) of U.S. Army. b. Jan. 22, 1784 near Baltimore, Md. At beginning of War of 1812 he was appointed captain in 2nd U.S. Artillery. He served with distinction, particularly in the capture of the brig Caledonia from under the guns of Fort Erie on Oct. 8, 1812, and at the Battle of Chippewa on July 5, 1814. He was appointed paymaster-general of the army in 1819, and again in 1822. He served in the Mexican War and was brevet brigadier general June 30, 1834, and major general May 30, 1848 for meritorious conduct during that conflict. His lodge not known, but the proceedings of the District of Columbia, 1837, p. 100 has this resolution submitted by the grand secretary: "Resolved, that the Hon. J. R. Poinsett, Hon. Amos Kendall,

Hon. Geo. Wolf, General Towson, and such others of our distinguished fellow-citizens as may be residents of this city and known to be members of the Craft be respectfully invited to unite with us at the installation of the officers of the Grand Lodge on St. John's day next." d. July 20, 1854.

Harry S. Toy (1892–1955) Justice, Supreme Court of Michigan, 1935–37. b. Jan. 12, 1892 in Elkhorn, W. Va. Graduate of Detroit Coll. of Law in 1913, and was in general practice at Detroit, 1913–21 and 1923–30. Served as assistant county prosecutor, prosecuting attorney, and attorney general of Michigan. Was also professor of criminal procedure at U. of Detroit, 1924–31. He earned the title of "racket-buster" during his colorful life. He also held the post of Detroit police commissioner. His death cut short his plans to run for governor in 1956. Member of Waverly Lodge No. 527; Palestine Commandery, No. 159, R.A.M.; Detroit Commandery No. 1, K.T. and Valley of Detroit, Scottish Rite. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in 1938. d. Sept. 9, 1955.

Benjamin F. Tracy (1830–1915) Secretary of the Navy under Harrison, 1889–93; Congressional Medal of Honor winner; breveted Brigadier General (Union) in Civil War. b. April 26, 1830 in Owego, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in 1851. One of the organizers of the Republican party in N.Y. He raised the 109th and 137th N.Y. volunteers and was made colonel of the former in Aug., 1862. He received Congressional Medal for gallantry in the Battle of the Wilderness, and was breveted brigadier general, March 14, 1865. He resumed law practice in N.Y. after 1893. Member of Friendship Lodge No.

153, Owego, N.Y. d. Aug. 6, 1915.

John and Nathan Tracy In 1884 the father of John and Nathan Tracy willed them to Eastland Lodge No. 467, Eastland, Texas, together with his farm and cattle. Chief Justice T. H. Conner of the second court of civic appeals was appointed administrator. In 1932, the son Nathan became grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Texas.

Uriah Tracy (1755–1807) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Connecticut. b. Feb. 2, 1755 in Franklin, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1778, studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1781, starting practice at Litchfield. Became major general of militia and served in state house of representatives, 1788–93, being speaker in latter year. Elected to the third and fourth congresses as a Federalist, 1793–96. Was then U.S. Senator from Oct. 13, 1796 until his death, July 19, 1807. Member of St. Paul's Lodge No. 11, Litchfield, Conn.

William I. Traeger (1880–1935) U.S. Congressman to 73rd Congress, 1933–35, from 15th Calif. dist. b. Feb. 26, 1880 in Porterville, Calif. Was deputy U.S. marshal of Southern dist. of Calif. and also deputy sheriff of Los Angeles Co. Sheriff of same from 1921–32. Served as an enlisted man in both the Spanish–American War and WWI. Raised in West Lake Lodge No. 392, Los Angeles, Calif. on March 20, 1922. d. Jan. 20, 1935.

Martin E. Trapp Governor of Oklahoma, 1923–27. b. April 18, 1877 in Robinson, Kans. Admitted to Okla. bar in 1912. He

was first state auditor of Okla. from 1907–11, and lieutenant governor from 1914–23, when J. C. Walton was impeached and –Trapp named to succeed him. Engaged in crude oil production, financing and construction. Mason and member of Scottish Rite bodies at Guthrie.

Viscount Robert Arthur Traprain The 92nd Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1939–41. He later became the 3rd Earl of Balfour.

George M. Trautman President and Treasurer of the National Association Professional Baseball Leagues since 1947. b. Jan. 11, 1890 in Bucyrus, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1914. He was assistant athletic director of that university from 1919–28. From 1929–33 he was director of conventions and publicity of the Columbus, Ohio, Chamber of Commerce. He was president of the Columbus Baseball Club from 1933–35. From 1936–45 he was president of the American Association, Professional Baseball Clubs at Columbus. In 1946 he was executive vice president and general manager of the Detroit (Mich.) Baseball Club. Mason.

Louis Travenol French Freemason who wrote several Masonic works which were published under the assumed name of Leonard Gabanon. His most valuable work, published in Paris in 1743 was entitled: Catechism of Free Masons, Preceded by the Abridged History of Adorara.

William B. Travis (1811–36) Commander of the Alamo. b. in Conecuh Co., Ala. He was admitted to the bar about 1830, and

practiced at Claiborne, Ma., but upon becoming financially embarrassed in 1832, he went to Texas where he took up arms in the struggle for Texas independence. As a colonel, he headed the 140 men who were besieged in the old mission station of San Antonio de Valerio, which had been named Fort Alamo by General Santa Anna, q.v. Santa Anna besieged the fort with 4,000 Mexicans on Feb. 23, 1836. Frequent assaults brought great slaughter to the Mexicans without a single injury on the American side. Many appeals for reinforcements were sent out, but only 32 men got through the lines. Finally, on March 6, three assaults were made, and in the hand to hand fight that followed, the Texans were overpowered. Only six were left, including Travis, David Crockett, and James Bowie. They surrendered under the promise of protection, but when they were brought before Santa Anna, he ordered them cut to pieces. Travis is described as a man of fine stature, with regular features, blue eyes, and auburn hair. He was a member of Alabama Lodge No. 3, Claiborne, Ala., receiving his degrees on June 11, July 16, and August 13, 1829. d. March 6, 1836.

Harold J. "Pie" Traynor Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Nov. 11, 1899 in Framingham, Mass. He is rated among the great third basemen of all time. He became a regular with the Pittsburgh National League team in 1922, and continued as a player until the conclusion of the 1937 season. He then managed the Pirates from June, 1934 through Sept., 1939. He holds several fielding records, and compiled a lifetime batting mark of .320. He is one of the few players ever to make 200 or more hits during

a season—collecting 208 in 1923. His highest batting average was .366 in 1930. He was raised in John Abbott Lodge, Somerville, Mass., May 14, 1925.

Allen T. Treadway (1867–1947) U.S. Congressman to 63rd–78th Congresses, 1913–45, from 1st Mass. dist. b. Sept. 16, 1867 in Stockbridge, Mass. Graduate of Amherst in 1886. Officer in banks, fire, and life insurance companies. Served in both branches of state legislature, and was president of the senate three times. Received degrees in Occidental Lodge, Stockbridge, Mass. in 1892 and was junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts in 1909; and active 33° AASR (NJ) d. Feb. 16, 1947.

Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree (1853–1917) English actor and theatre manager. b. Dec. 17, 1853 in London. He was the son of Julius Beerbohm, a naturalized English grain merchant of German origin. He made his stagedebut in 1876 as “Beerbohm Tree”—the surname Tree being a translation of the second element of his original surname Beerbohm (pear tree). Won first success as curate in *The Private Secretary* in 1884. He was lessee and manager of the Haymarket Theatre from 1887–97, playing in Ibsen, Wilde, Maeterlinck. Took the roles of Iago, Hamlet, Henry VIII, and Falstaff. He was manager of Her Majesty’s Theatre from 1897, and produced many elaborate productions, particularly of poetic dramas such as *Herod*, *Ulysses* and *Nero*, as well as Shakespearean productions. Became a member of Drury Lane Lodge No. 2127 in 1887. d. July 2, 1917.

George W. Trendle Creator of The Green Hornet; The Lone Ranger; Sgt. Preston of the Yukon, and other radio and TV series. b. July 4, 1884 in Norwalk, Ohio. Graduate of Detroit Coll. of Law in 1908. Began as bookkeeper in 1899, and for a time was chief accountant of Ralston Purina Co., St. Louis, Mo. Admitted to the bar in 1908, and practiced in Detroit until 1920. Was president of Kunsky Theatres Corps., 1920–30, and the Trendle Campbell Broadcasting Corp. since 1946. Was president and general manager of the King–Trendle Broadcasting Corp. (Station WXYX), Detroit, 1930–46, and president and part owner of Station WTAC, Flint, Mich., 1947–54. Member of Ashlar Lodge No. 91, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees April 9, 22, May 20, 1909 and a life member on Nov. 3, 1949. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Niels Treschow (1751–1833) Professor of philosophy at the University of Oslo, Norway, who in 1818 introduced the Swedish system of Freemasonry into that country. He was master of the lodge St. Olaus til den Hvide Leopard from 1816–33, and a K. and C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

John Trevett (1747–1823) U.S. Naval Captain in Revolutionary War. In Nov., 1775 he entered the Continental Navy as a midshipman aboard the Columbus, and was soon promoted to lieutenant, in which capacity he served under Comm. Esek Hopkins. In 1776 he was attached to the Andrea Doria, and commanded the marines on the Providence. On the latter, he was active in the capture of New Providence. He joined the frigate Trumbull in 1780, and lost his right eye in an engagement. He then cruised with the Deane, but was taken

prisoner and carried to St. John's, Nfld. where he remained two years. Member and past master of Philanthropic Lodge, Marblehead, Mass. d. Nov., 1823.

Duc d Trevis (see under Edouard A. J. C. Mortier).

Frank M. Trexler (1861–1947) Justice of Superior Court of Pennsylvania, 1914–35 and presiding judge, 1930–35. b. Jan. 9, 1861 in Allentown, Pa. Graduate of Muhlenberg Coll. (Pa.) in 1879, and 1882. Began law practice at Allentown, Pa. in 1882. Received degrees in Barger Lodge No. 333, Allentown, Pa. on Nov. 9, 1883, Jan. 4, Feb. 8, 1884 and was master of same from 1889–90. Received 33° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 22, 1947.

Jacob Trieber (1853–1927) Federal Judge, Eastern District of Arkansas, 1900–27. b. Oct. 6, 1853 in Raschkow, Germany. Admitted to the bar in 1876. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 189, Helena, Ark. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas, 1906–07. d. Sept. 17, 1927.

James W. Trimble U.S. Congressman to 79th–86th Congresses, 1945–60, from 3rd Ark. dist. b. Feb. 3, 1894 in Osage, Ark. Graduate of U. of Arkansas in 1917. Teacher in Carroll Co., Ark., 1911–17, and then county clerk, tax collector, district attorney, and county judge. Served in Army in WWI. Affiliated with Ashley Lodge No. 66, Berryville, Ark. on May 21, 1921.

Robert Trimble (1777–1828) Associate Justice, Supreme Court of the U.S., 1826–28. b. in Berkeley Co., Va. His parents

moved to Kentucky when he was a child. He was largely self-educated. Taught school, studied law, and licensed to practice in 1803. He settled in Paris, Ky. that year. In 1808 he became judge of the court of appeals, and in 1810 was appointed _ chief justice of Kentucky. Was U.S. district attorney in 1813, and Federal judge of the state in 1816–26. Member of Union Lodge No. 16, Paris, Ky., being raised Aug. 2, 1809, and later served as master of the lodge. d. Aug. 25, 1828.

William A. Trimble (1786–1821) U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1819–21. b. April 4, 1786 in Woodford, Ky. Graduate of Transylvania Coll. (Ky.), studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1811, starting practice in Highland Co., Ohio. Was adjutant in the campaign against the Pottawattomie Indians in 1812. A major and lieutenant colonel of Ohio Volunteers in War of 1812. Taken prisoner in the capture of Detroit. Later became lieutenant colonel of regulars serving in Eighth and First Infantry. Member of Scioto Lodge No. 6, Chillicothe, Ohio. d. Dec. 13, 1821 while senator.

Elbert Lee Trinkle (1876–1939) Governor of Virginia, 1922–26. b. March 12, 1876 in Wytheville, Va. Graduate of Hampden–Sydney Coll. in 1896, and U. of Virginia in 1898. Began law practice at Wytheville, Va. in 1898. Was president of the Shenandoah Life Insuranc Co., Roanoke, Va., and president of state board of education. Member of Wytheville Fraternal Lodge No. 82, a 32° AASR (SJ), KCCH, and Kazim Shrine Temple of Roanoke. d. Nov. 25, 1939.

Fred B. Tritle A former Governor of Arizona. Member of

Carson Lodge No. 154, Carson City, Nevada.

Anthony Trollope (1815–1882) English novelist. b. in London. In service of post office, he became an inspector in Ireland. He was sent on missions to the West Indies which gave him material for *The West Indies and the Spanish Main*. He also traveled in Egypt, U.S., Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. He was the author of more than 50 novels including *The Warden*; *Barchester Towers*; *Doctor Thorne*; *Framley Parsonage*; *The Small House at Allington*; *The Last Chronicle of Barset*; *Phineas Finn*; *The Prime Minister*; *The Three Clerks*; *the Belton Estate*, and many others. He was proposed for membership in Banagher Lodge No. 306, Banagher, Ireland on Oct. 11, 1841; initiated Nov. 8, and raised Dec. 13, 1841. His autograph appears in the attendance book on Aug. 5, 1844.

James F. Trotter (1802–1866) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1838. b. Nov. 5, 1802 in Brunswick Co., Va. Moved with father to eastern Tenn. Was admitted to the bar in 1820, and began practice in Hamilton, Miss. Served in both branches of state legislature and was a circuit court judge. He resigned from the U.S. senate to become judge of the supreme court of Miss. from 1839–42. Later he moved to Holly Springs, Miss., where he practiced law and was a circuit judge. Member of Columbus Lodge No. 5, Columbus, Miss. d. March 9, 1866.

Charles V. Truax (1887–1935) U.S. Congressman to 73rd Congress, 1933–35 from Ohio at large. b. Feb. 1, 1887 in Wyandot Co., Ohio. Was a farmer from 1900, and edited the

Swine World, 1917–21. Was director of agriculture, State of Ohio, 1923–29. Nominated for U.S. Senate in 1928. Mason. d. Aug. 9, 1935.

Allen T. True (1881–1955) Mural artist. b. May 20, 1881 in Colorado Springs, Cob. Studied at U. of Denver, Corcoran Art School, and under individuals. He started as a magazine illustrator. He executed murals in the state capitols of Wyoming, Missouri, and Colorado. Other murals are in the Telephone Bldg., Denver, Colorado National Bank, Denver, U. of Colorado. His one-man exhibition was circulated in 29 cities by the American Federation of Arts. He became the first member of Authors Lodge No. 3456, London, England, being initiated Feb. 18, 1914 and was carried on its rolls until his death. He was also a member of Authors Chapter No. 3456, R.A.M. In the lodge he was listed as a “non-dining” member with address at 2393 Raleigh St., Denver, Cob. d. May 8, 1955.

George W. Truett (1867–1944) President of the Baptist World Alliance, 1934–39. b. May 6, 1867 in Clay Co., N. Car. Graduate of Baylor U. (Texas) in 1897, and 1899, with many honorary degrees. He was financial secretary of Baylor U., 1890–92, and although elected to its presidency, he declined. He was first a pastor at Waco, and then at Dallas, Texas. From 1927–29 he was president of the Southern Baptist Convention. A member of Dallas Lodge No. 760, Dallas, he received his degrees on July 2, 1918, July 30, and Oct. 1, 1920. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas, April 29, 1921. In addressing the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1940, he stated: “From my earliest recollection, sitting about my father’s knee, who was a

Mason, and hearing him and fellow Masons talk, I imbibed the impression in early childhood that the Masonic fraternity is one of the most helpfully mediating and conserving organizations among men, and I have never wavered from that childhood impression, but it has stood steadfastly with me through the busy and vast hurrying years." d. July 7, 1944.

Rafael L. Trujillo-Molina Former President of the Dominican Republic and Commander-in-Chief of its Armies. b. Oct. 24, 1891 in San Cristobal. Attended public schools and Academia Militar de Haina. He entered the Dominican Army as a cadet in 1918, and advanced to brigadier general in 1927. Was elected president of the Republic in 1930, and in 1931 founded the Dominican Party, Named generalissimo of the armies by congress in 1933. He was reelected president of the Republic, 1934–38 and 1947–52. In 1952 he was ambassador at large to the United Nations. He was secretary of foreign relations, and also of social planning and aid in 1953. In 1954 he was secretary of war, navy, and aviation. He established many social reforms in the Republic and his administration earned him the title of "The Great Benefactor" and it was known as the "Era of Trujillo." He carried on a large program of public works and gave public education impetus by establishing hundreds of new rural schools as well as university reform and the creation of the Ciudad Universitaria. He is an ardent Mason.

Harry S. Truman Thirty-third President of the United States (32nd to serve, although officially designated as the 33rd). b. May 8, 1884 at Lamar, Mo. Educated in the public

schools of Independence, Mo. and a student at the Kansas City School of Law. He was with the Kansas City Star in 1901; a timekeeper for a railroad contractor in 1902; with National Bank of Commerce and Union National Bank, Kansas City, 1903–05; and operated the family farm from 1906–17. In WWI he served from first lieutenant to major with Battery F, and later Battery D, of the 129th Field Artillery, 35th Division, participating in the Vosges operations, St. Mihiel and Meuse–Argonne offensives of the A.E.F. He was discharged as a major in May, 1919. Since 1927 he has been a colonel of Field Artillery in the reserves. Following the war he was a judge of the Jackson Co. Court (1922–24), and presiding judge, 1926–34. He was elected U.S. senator from Missouri in 1934, and reelected in 1940. In the senate he distinguished himself as chairman of a special committee to investigate the national defense program. On Nov. 7, 1944 he was elected vice president of the United States on the ticket with Franklin D. Roosevelt, q.v., taking office on Jan. 20, 1945. On the death of Roosevelt, he succeeded him to the presidency on April 12, 1945. He was elected president in 1948, and served the term of 1949–53. Thus, he served two terms in that office, less approximately three months. He is the author of *Years of Decisions*, Vol. I in 1955, and the companion volume, *Years of Trial and Hope*, Vol. II, 1956. Truman petitioned Belton Lodge No. 450, Grandview, Mo. on Dec. 21, 1908 when 24 years old. He was elected on Feb. 9, 1909, and received his first degree that evening. He was passed March 9, and raised March 18, 1909. The following year he accepted the station of junior warden, but in 1911, several members of Belton Lodge separated to establish a new lodge—Grandview Lodge No.

618, and Truman was honored by being made the first master. Later, he served as secretary of the lodge, and in 1917, when leaving for WWI, he was again master of the lodge. After the war he was appointed district deputy grand lecturer, and district deputy grand master of the 59th Masonic district. He remained in these stations from 1925 until his appointment in the grand lodge line in 1930. In that year he became grand pursuivant through the appointment of Grand Master William R. Gentry of St. Louis. In Sept., 1940 when the grand lodge met, Truman was running for U.S. senator and the political situation was heated. Notwithstanding, he was elected grand master, and a few weeks later, U.S. senator. During his year as grand master, Congress was in session most of the time, yet he found time to make individual visits to 19 Mo. lodges; six district associations; both conferences of district deputies; presented several 50-year buttons; visited the grand lodges of Texas and District of Columbia; attended an anniversary gathering of Philadelphia Lodge, and in Jefferson City attended a Masonic dinner at which Gov. Forrest C. Donnell, grand senior warden, was present and 128 lodges were represented by 394 Master Masons, including 80 members of the Missouri legislature. Representing Mo. at the Washington conference of Grand Masters in Feb., 1941, he presented Missouri's check for \$1,900 to the Washington Memorial at Alexandria. It was also during his year that the Missouri Lodge of Research was established and both the dispensation and charter were signed by him. Long interested in the research lodge, he served as its master in 1950, while president of the United States. In this capacity he secured the offices of the Library of Congress, and furnished the research lodge with copies of

the vast amount of reference cards on Freemasonry that are on file in that institution. He again aided the Missouri Lodge of Research by writing the foreword for Volume I of 10,000 Famous Freemasons, published in 1957. While president, he was never too busy to go out of his way to render a Masonic service. During this period he raised more than 30 candidates with the strict injunction that no publicity was to come from his participation. His capitular degrees were received in Orient Chapter No. 102 of Kansas City on Nov. 11 and 15, 1919; the cryptic degrees in Shekinah Council No. 24, Kansas City on Dec. 18, 1919; the orders of knighthood in Palestine Commandery No. 17 of Independence on June 7 and 15, 1923. His Scottish Rite degrees were received in Kansas City, Jan. 24, March 27, 30 and 31, 1917. On Oct. 19, 1945, he received the 33° (SJ) at Washington, D.C. while president. Became a member of Ararat Shrine Temple, Kansas City, April 2, 1917. He was orator of that body in 1932, marshal in 1933, and second ceremonial master in 1934. Became member of Royal Order of Jesters, Kansas City Court No. 54 on Dec. 18, 1931. He is also a member of Mary Conclave, Red Cross of Constantine, Kansas City. He is the grand representative of the Grand Lodge of Scotland near the Grand Lodge of Missouri. Mrs. Truman, the former Bess Wallace, is the daughter of David W. Wallace, who was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of Missouri in 1892. His sister, Mary Jane Truman, is past grand matron of the Order of Eastern Star of Missouri.

John H. Trumbull Governor of Connecticut, 1925–31. b. March 4, 1873 in Ashford, Conn. Began manufacturing electric

machinery in 1899. Was an organizer of the Trumbull Electric Mfg. Co. and president of same from 1900–45. Director of other companies. Served two terms in state senate and was elected lieutenant governor in 1924. He was raised March 31, 1903 in Frederick Lodge No. 14, Plainville, Conn. and was master of same in 1909. Member of both York and Scottish Rites; he belongs to the Tall Cedars of Lebanon, and is past potentate of Sphinx Shrine Temple of Hartford. In 1944 he raised his son-in-law, John Coolidge (son of President Coolidge) in Wyllys Lodge No. 99, West Hartford, Conn.

William T. Truxtun (1824–1887) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. March 11, 1824 in Philadelphia. Entered Navy as a midshipman in 1841. Attended the Naval Academy for one year and was graduated as a “passed midshipman” in 1847. Served first on the Brazil station and later the Pacific station. Was on special service in connection with the laying of the trans-Atlantic cable, and in 1854, with the Strain expedition to survey a route for a ship-canal across the Isthmus of Darien. Served in North Atlantic squadron in Civil War. Commanded the steamers Alabama, Chocura, and Tacony. Participated in engagements in sounds of N. Car. and the capture of Plymouth, N. Car. and attacks on Fort Fisher. Promoted to commander in 1866, captain in 1873, and commodore in 1882. He was promoted to rear admiral by seniority in 1886, but action on his nomination was delayed, and he was retired by law as a commodore on March 11, 1886. Member of Owen’s Lodge No. 164, near Norfolk, Va. d. Feb. 25, 1887.

Oscar Tschirky (1866–1950) Famous chef known as “Oscar

of the Waldorf.” b. Sept. 28, 1866 in canton of Neuchtel, Switzerland. He came to the U.S. in 1883 and was naturalized in 1888. He began with the old Hoffman House, N.Y.C. and was later with Delmonico’s. When the Waldorf–Astoria opened in 1893, he became chef, and thus began an association that was not only to make him famous, but the hotel as well. It is said that he knew more people from all over the world than any other person in America. He was the owner of a model 1,000 acre farm near New Paltz, N.Y. He had received royal decorations from Belgium, Rumania, and France. Was a member of Metropolitan Lodge No. 273, N.Y.C. d. Nov. 6, 1950.

Louis Theodore Tschoudy (1720–1769) French Counselor of State and member of the Parliament of Metz who wrote much on Freemasonry and against its detractors. b. in Metz. He was descended from a family originally of the Swiss canton of Glaris. He was an active apostle of the school of Ramsay, q.v., adopting the theory of the Templar origin of Freemasonry. In 1752 he angered the Papal court by the publication at The Hague of *A New Year’s Gift for the Pope, or the Free Masons Avenged*. It was a caustic commentary on the Bull of Benedict XIV, excommunicating Freemasons. He followed it in the same year by *The Vatican Avenged*, an ironical apology intended as a sequence to the former book. The two works subjected him to such persecution by the church that he was compelled to flee to Russia. On his return to France, he was imprisoned in the Bastille, but Grand Duke Peter of Russia was successful in securing his liberty. He also wrote *The Blazing Star, or the Society of Freemasons Considered*

Under Every Point of View; Scottish Knight of Saint Andrew, Containing the Entire Development of the Royal Arch of Freemasonry. It was his opinion that the so-called advanced degrees of Freemasonry were a waste of time and merely an expense to the candidate. He did concede that in addition to the three basic degrees, the Scottish Knight of Saint Andrew (which he composed) and Knight of Palestine contained the essence of Freemasonry. d. May 28, 1769.

William M. Tuck Governor of Virginia, 1946–50; U.S. Congressman to 83rd–86th Congresses from 5th Va. dist. b. Sept 28, 1896 in Halifax Co., Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1921. Since that date practiced law in South Boston, Va. Was lieutenant governor of Va. in 1942–46, and served in both branches of the state legislature. Served with U.S. Marines in WWI. Member of Virgilina Lodge No. 248, Virgilina, Va.

Henry St. George Tucker (1874–) Presiding Bishop of Protestant Episcopal Church in U.S.A., 1938–46. b. July 16, 1874 in Warsaw, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1895 and 1911. Became deacon and priest in 1899, and sent to Japan in that year as a missionary. Was president of St. Paul's Coll., Tokyo, 1903–12. Became bishop of diocese of Kyoto in 1912, retiring in 1923. In 1926 he was named bishop coadjutor of Virginia and, from 1927–44, was bishop of Virginia. From 1942–44 was president of the Federated Council of Churches of Christ in America. Mason.

Nathaniel Beverley Tucker (1784–1851) Jurist, Author,

and second Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. b. Sept. 6, 1784 in Williamsburg, Va., of a distinguished family. Graduate of William and Mary Coll. in 1801, studied law, and practiced in Va. until 1815 when he moved to Missouri, where he was a circuit judge for St. Louis Co. He later resided in Saline Co., where he acquired more than 800 acres of land, and married a daughter of General Thomas A. Smith. In St. Louis he served as Federal judge of the Northern district of Mo., was on the board of directors of the Bank of St. Louis, and was one of the organizers of the Grand Lodge of Missouri. Returning to Va., he was elected professor of law at William and Mary and filled that post until his death. His most remarkable work was *The Partisan Leader; a Tale of the Future*. Published in 1836 in two volumes, it was printed secretly, bearing the fictitious date of "1856," and purported to be an historical novel of the events between 1836 and 1856. Its accurate delineation of events is quite prophetic. Other works include *George Balcombe*, a novel, in 1836, and several political and legal volumes. He was second grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri from 1921–24. While living in central Mo. he was summoned by the Presbyterian Church to appear at the schoolhouse at Boonville on Oct. 22, 1831 at 10:00 a.m. to answer the charge of "Unchristian Conduct in the following acts. 1stly That at a party in the house of Mr. Shackelford of Saline Co. on or about Dec. 25, 1830, you partook of the amusement of dancing. 2ndly—that at a party at the house of Dr. Sappington soon afterwards you again danced. 3rdly—That at the wedding of C. F. Jackson and Miss Sappington at the house of Dr. Sappington on the 17th of February, 1831, a time when you were apprised that such

conduct was disapproved by the officers of the church, you again danced.” Witnesses to the charges were C. F. Jackson (Confederate governor of Mo.), Dr. Sappington, Dr. Penn and the Rev. Justinian Williams (one time grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Missouri). It is not known whether any action was taken—or if Tucker ever appeared at Boonville, but when he moved to Virginia, he became an Episcopalian! He had received his degrees in Virginia, but became a charter member of Missouri Lodge No. 1. He was the second son of St. George Tucker, q.v. d. Aug. 26, 1851.

Samuel Tucker (1747–1833) American Naval Commodore in Revolutionary War. b. Nov. 1, 1747 in Marblehead, Mass. Ran away at age of 11 and shipped in the English sloop Royal George. Before the Revolution he had many voyages, and commanded a merchantman as captain. Was in London when war began. Washington commissioned him a captain in the Navy on Jan. 20, 1776 and he commanded the schooner Franklin. He transferred to the Hancock in 1776. In these two ships he captured more than 30 vessels. In 1777 he commanded the frigate Boston in which he took John Adams to France as minister. He later commanded the Boston, the Confederacy and the Thorn. He was twice captured—exchanged once and escaped the second time. All told, he is said to have captured 62 vessels, 600 cannon, and 3,000 prisoners. He later served in the Mass. legislature (1814–18) and was a member of the convention to form a constitution for the new state of Maine in 1819. He retired to a farm near Bristol. Was a member of the Maine legislature in 1820–21. Was made a Mason in St. Johns Lodge of Boston, Mass. on

Jan. 30, 1779. Bristol Lodge at Bristol Mills, Maine, possess his Masonic apron and diploma dated 1779. d. March 10, 1833.

St. George Tucker (1752–1828) Jurist, poet, and Revolutionary soldier. b. July 10, 1752 in Bermuda. Came to Virginia in 1771 to complete his education, and was graduated at William and Mary in 1772. Finished a law course, and began to practice in the colonial courts. In June 1775 he went to Bermuda, but returned to Va. in Jan. 1777 to serve as a lieutenant colonel at the siege of Yorktown. In 1778 he married Frances Bland, mother of John Randolph, q.v. After the war he resumed the practice of law, and was made a judge of the general court of Va. in 1787, and a professor of law in the College of William and Mary in 1789. Was appointed presiding judge of the Va. court of appeals in 1804, and Federal judge of the U.S. district of Va. in 1813. He wrote many poems and satires. His son, Nathaniel B. Tucker, q.v., became the second grand master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, and later returned to Va. where he took his father's chair of professor of law at William and Mary. St. George Tucker signed the by-laws of Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. on July 6, 1773. On Sept. 7 and Oct. 5, same year, he was fined one shilling and three pence for absence. On Dec. 10, 1773, he received the third degree. The original minutes of the above are in the Library of Congress. d. Nov. 10, 1828.

Tilghman M. Tucker (1802–1859) Governor of Mississippi, 1841–43, and U.S. Congressman to 28th Congress, 1843–45. b. Feb. 5, 1802 near Lime Stone Springs, N. Car. Moved to Hamilton, Miss., where he studied law, was admitted to the

bar, and commenced practice in Columbus, Miss. Member of both houses of the state legislature. Retired to his plantation home, "Cottonwood," in Louisiana and died at the home of his father near Bexar, Ala. on April 3, 1859. Member of Columbus Lodge No. 5 and Columbus Chapter No. 4, R.A.M., both of Columbus, Miss.

Stephan Tuerr (1825–1908) A patriot, both Hungarian and Italian. In 1847 he fought against Italy, but changed sides as he felt the reactionary powers in Hungary to be in error. When the Hungarian Legion, composed of patriots exiled from Hungary, was formed in Italy, he served as its commander in Piedmont, Italy. He later participated in the revolution in Baden against the Grossherzog, and in 1853 saw service with the British in the Crimean War. He returned to Italy in 1859–60, where he was promoted to general and made adjutant to the King of Italy. After the general amnesty of 1867 in Hungary, he returned to his country and aided in its development. He worked on the blueprints of the Panama Canal, and also the Isthmus of Corinth in Greece. In 1896 he was elected as president of the International Peace Conference. Originally, he was initiated into one of the Italian field lodges, but later affiliated with the Craft in his own country. He was a founding member of the Lodge, Corvin Matyas, in Hungary, and was its master for many years.

Rexford Guy Tugwell Former governor of Puerto Rico, university professor and author. Joined Ontario Lodge No. 376 in N.Y. on Sept. 3, 1912, and was dropped from the roll at his own request on Nov. 20, 1923.

Charles, 2nd Baron of Tullamore Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1741. Served again as grand master in 1760 when he was 1st Earl of Charleville.

Richard W. Tully (1877–1945) Playwright and producer. b. May 7, 1877 in Nevada City, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1901. Wrote *My Cinderella Girl*, a musical comedy; *Rose of the Rancho*, which he produced with David Belasco; *The Bird of Paradise*; *Omar, the Tent Maker*; *The Flame*; *Blossom Bride*. Member of Mount Olive Lodge No. 506, of Los Angeles, Calif. d. Jan. 31, 1945.

James M. Tunnell U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1941–47. b. Aug. 2, 1879 in Clarksville, Del. Graduate of Franklin Coll. (now combined with Muskingum Coll. at New Concord, Ohio) in 1900. Began as public school teacher and was later principal at Frankford and Ocean View. Admitted to the bar in 1907. Member of Doric Lodge No. 30, Millville, Del. and 32° AASR (NJ).

Benjamin Tupper (1738–1792) General (brevet) in the Revolutionary War. b. in Aug., 1738 in Stoughton, Mass. He served as a soldier in the French War of 1756–63. Soon after the Battle of Lexington, he was a major at Boston, and distinguished himself in a boat expedition at Castle Island, Boston harbor. Became lieutenant colonel on Nov. 4, 1775, and a colonel of the 11th Mass. early in 1776. In August of that year he commanded gunboats on the North River. He served under General Horatio Gates at Saratoga; was at the Battle of Monmouth in 1778, and breveted general before the close of

the war. With General Rufus Putnam, q.v., he originated the Ohio Land Company and was appointed surveyor of the Ohio lands in 1785. He served against Shay's Rebellion in 1786. Settled at Marietta, Ohio in 1787, and became a judge in 1788. He was the first senior warden of Washington Lodge No. 10, a traveling lodge located at West Point, N.Y. The charter was granted Oct. 6, 1779. In 1785 he was master of Hampshire Lodge, Northampton, Mass. d. June, 1792.

Bolon B. Turner Judge, Tax Court of the United States. b. March 13, 1897 in Little Rock, Ark. Graduate of George Washington U. in 1922 and 1924. Began as a clerk in the Bureau of Internal Revenue in 1920, and later attorney for the bureau. Was attorney for U.S. Board of Tax Appeals, 1924-27 and member of the Tax Court since 1934. He was chief judge of same, 1945-49. Mason.

Clarence W. Turner (1866-1939) U.S. Congressman to 67th and 73rd-75th Congresses from Tenn. b. Oct. 22, 1866 near Clydeton, Tenn. Was owner and editor of the Waverly (Tenn.) Sentinel. Raised in Waverly Lodge No. 304, Waverly, Tenn. on July 6, 1903 and held continuous membership there until his death on March 24, 1939.

Dan W. Turner Former Governor of Iowa. Made a Mason Nov. 22, 1901 in Instruction Lodge No. 275, Corning, Iowa.

Daniel Turner (1794-1850) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. in Staten Island, N.Y. He entered the Navy as a midshipman in 1808. Served with Commodore Perry on the Great Lakes,

and commanded the brig *Caledonia* in the victory of Sept. 10, 1813, on Lake Erie, for which he received a silver medal from congress. The following year he served on Lakes Huron and Superior, where he commanded a boat expedition and captured two forts and several prize vessels. He was captured on Sept. 5, 1814, while in command of the schooner *Scorpion* on Lake Huron. After the war he cruised in the frigate *Java* on the Mediterranean, and later commanded the schooner *Nonesuch*. As a captain, he commanded the *Constitution* on the Pacific station, 1839–41, and was commodore of the Brazil squadron in 1843–46. In charge of Portsmouth Navy Yard, 1846–49. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, N.Y.C. d. Feb. 4, 1850.

Edward C. Turner (1872–1950) Judge, Supreme Court of Ohio from 1940. b. March 26, 1872 in Columbus, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State U. in 1901 and 1903. Practiced law at Columbus from 1901. Was attorney general of Ohio in 1915–17 and 1927–29. Mason and 33° AASR (NJ). Member of York Lodge No. 563, Columbus, Ohio, receiving degrees on Aug. 27, Sept. 10, 20, 1900. d. Sept. 13, 1950.

George Turner (1850–1932) U.S. Senator from Washington, 1897–1903. b. Feb. 25, 1850 in Edina, Mo. Served as a military telegraph operator with Union forces in Civil War. Studied law and admitted to the bar, beginning practice at Mobile, Ala. Was U.S. marshal for Southern and middle districts of Ala. in 1876–80. Was associate justice for supreme court of the Territory of Washington, 1884–88, resuming law practice in Spokane in the latter year. Was a member of the territorial

convention of 1889 that framed the new state constitution. Member of Spokane Lodge No. 34 in 1885, and also Royal Arch Mason in Spokane, Wash. d. Jan. 26, 1932.

James Turner (1766–1824) Governor of North Carolina, 1802–05, and U.S. Senator, 1805–16. b. Dec. 20, 1766 in Southampton Co., Va. He moved with father to Warren Co., N. Car. in 1770, where he attended the common schools and engaged in planting. Served as a private in a N. Car. company of volunteers during the Revolutionary War. Was member of the state house of commons, 1797–1800, and of the state senate in 1801–02. Amember of Johnston–Caswell Lodge No. 10, Warrenton, N. Car., and served as master in 1798–99. Received his degrees, June 16, 1786, Sept. 15 and Oct. 7, 1786. In 1807 he was one of the delegates to a national Masonic convention in Washington. He was senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina in 1811. d. Jan. 15, 1824.

Philip Turner (1740–1815) Revolutionary War surgeon. b. Feb. 25, 1740 in Norwich, Conn. Orphaned at age of 12, he was adopted by Dr. Klisha Tracy, under whom he studied medicine, and whose daughter he married. In 1759 he was appointed assistant surgeon to a provincial regiment that served under General Amherst at Fort Ticonderoga. After the peace of 1763 he settled at Norwich, Conn., where he was unrivalled as a surgeon. In 1775 he was the first surgeon of the Conn. troops before Boston, and in 1776 he accompanied the Continental Army to N.Y., attending it in the battles of Long Island and White Plains. He was appointed surgeon general of the Eastern department in 1777, and held that post

until near the close of the war. He resumed private practice in Norwich, but in 1800 moved to New York City. He was a member of three Conn. lodges—Norwich Lodge of Norwich, Conn., which became defunct; Columbia Lodge, organized in 1785, with Turner as master; and in 1795, of Somerset Lodge No. 34, which was organized when Columbia Lodge became defunct d. April 20, 1815.

Robert Turner First Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Antients) in 1753.

Roscoe Turner Aviator; President of Turner Aircraft Radio Corp. and chairman of board of Turner Aero Corp., Indianapolis, Ind. b. Sept. 29, 1895 in Corinth, Miss. Was barnstorming flyer and stunt performer, 1919–27; operated commerical air field at Richmond, Va., 1927–28; operated world's first high speed air line, 1929–30. Holder of many cross country speed records. Won Bendix Race (New York to Los Angeles) in 1933, with time of 11 hours and 30 minutes. This record stood for several years. Won Thompson Trophy at National Air Races in 1934. Finished second in international race from London to Melbourne in 1934. Member of Corinth Lodge No. 116, Corinth, Miss. 32° AASR (SJ) at Meridian, Miss.; member of Hamasa Shrine Temple, Meridian, Miss. and honorary member of Al Koran, Cleveland, and Murat of Indianapolis. O.E.S. member at Corinth.

Roy J. Turner Governor of Oklahoma, 1946–50; oil producer and cattleman. b. Nov. 6, 1894 in Lincoln Co., Okla. Started as packinghouse bookkeeper in 1911. Entered real estate

business in Okla., Fla. and Texas, 1920–28. Partner of Harper–Turner Oil Co., Oklahoma City, since 1928. He was founder of the Turner ranch at Sulphur, Okla. in 1933, and established the Turner purebred Hereford herd. He was president of the American Hereford Assn. in 1939 and again in 1945. Mason.

Thomas J. Turner (1815–1874) U.S. Congressman from Illinois to 30th Congress, 1847–49. b. April 5, 1815 in Trumbull Co., Ohio. Moved to Butler Co., Pa. in 1825; to Lake Co., Ind. in 1837, and to Freeport, Ill. in 1838. Studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1840, practicing at Freeport. He was probate judge and postmaster of Freeport. Established the first weekly newspaper in Stephenson Co. Served in state legislature, and was speaker in 1854. Was first mayor of Freeport in 1855. In 1861 he was a delegate to the peace conference held in Washington, D.C. in an effort to devise means to prevent the impending war. Served with the 15th Illinois Vol. Inf. as a colonel in Civil War, 1861–62, resigning because of ill health. Moved to Chicago in 1871. He was master of Excelsior Lodge No. 97, Freeport, in 1854, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, 1863–65. Received the Royal Arch degree in Freeport Chapter No. 23, R.A.M., and was senior warden of Freeport Commandery No. 7, K.T. in 1864–65. d. April 4, 1874.

Hopkins Lacy Turney (1797–1857) U.S. Senator and U.S. Congressman from Tenn. b. Oct. 1797 in Dixon Springs, Tenn. Was apprenticed to the tailor's trade. Served in the Seminole War in 1818, studied law, and was admitted to the bar, commencing practice in Jasper, Tenn. He moved to Winchester later. Member of state house of representatives, 1828–37.

Served in 25th–27th congresses, 1837–43, and in U.S. Senate from 1845–51. First became a member of Mt. Olivet Lodge No. 53 at Jasper, and later member of Cumberland Lodge No. 158, Winchester. d. Aug. 1, 1857. His son, Peter Turney, q.v., became governor of Tenn.

Peter Turney (1827–1903) Governor of Tennessee, 1893–97. b. Sept. 22, 1827 in Jasper, Tenn., the son of Hopkins L. Turney, q.v., a U.S. Senator. Admitted to the bar in 1848, and practiced at Winchester, Tenn. He was colonel of Turney's 1st Tenn. Rgt. in the Confederate Army during Civil War. Was recommended for promotion but failed to receive it because of unfriendliness of Jefferson Davis. He was a judge of the supreme court of Tennessee from 1880–93, and chief justice from 1886–93. Member of Cumberland Lodge No. 158, of Winchester, in which his father also had held membership. d. 1903.

Stefan Turr (1824–1908) Hungarian General and patriot. Was first master of the lodge Mathias Corvinus at Budapest.

Duke of Tuscany (see Francis D).

Richard S. Tuthill (1841–1920) Judge of the world's first "juvenile court" in Chicago, Ill. b. Nov. 10, 1841 in Jackson Co., Ill. Graduate of Middlebury Coll. (Vt.) in 1863 and 1868. Served in Civil War as a scout under General J. A. Logan. Admitted to the bar in 1866; he first practiced at Nashville, Tenn., locating at Chicago in 1873. He was city attorney, district attorney, and after 1887, judge of the circuit court of

Cook Co., Ill. Under the juvenile court law of 1899, he was chosen by his fellow judges to organize and hold a juvenile court, in addition to his other duties on the bench. He held this court for six years. It was the original court for juveniles, the idea of this has extended throughout the U.S. and the world. Mason. d. April 10, 1920.

Arthur J. Tuttle (1868–1944) Federal Judge, Eastern Michigan from 1912. b. Nov. 8, 1868 in Leslie, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1892, and 1895. Entered law practice, and was prosecuting attorney, member of state senate, and U.S. district attorney. Member of Leslie Lodge No. 212, Leslie, Mich., receiving degrees on Feb. 4, 24, March 17, 1896. 32° AASR (NJ). Knight Templar and Shriner. d. Dec. 2, 1944.

Mark Twain (see Samuel L. Clemens).

George, 8th Marquis of Tweeddale Fifty-second Grand Master Mason of Scotland, 1818–19.

Millard E. Tydings U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1927–51. b. April 6, 1890 in Havre de Grace, Md. Graduate of Maryland Agri. Coll. in 1910, and U. of Maryland in 1913. Began law practice in Havre de Grace. Served in both branches of state legislature, and was U.S. Congressman to 68th and 69th Congresses, 1923–27, from 2nd Md. dist. In the U.S. Senate he was chairman of the Armed Services Committee, and member of Foreign Relations Committee and Joint Commission on Atomic Energy. In WWI he served with the A.E.F., advancing to lieutenant colonel of the 29th Division. Awarded the D.S.M.

and D.S.C. Member of Susquehanna Lodge No. 130 of Havre de Grace since 1918.

John Tyler, Sr. (1747–1813) American jurist; Governor of Virginia, 1808–11, and father of President John Tyler. As a judge of the Virginia general court, 1789–1808, he was one of the first judges to maintain the overruling power of the judiciary. He is listed in the original manuscript returns of Richmond Lodge No. 10, Richmond, Va. as receiving his Entered Apprentice degree in 1785. His son, who became tenth president of the U.S., made this statement in a public address before a body of Masons at a cornerstone laying a few years before his death: “It is not my good fortune to belong to your society, or to any of a kindred character.”

Marcus, 1st Viscount of Tyrone Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland, 1736. Also Earl of Tyrone.

Lawrence D. Tyson (1861–1929) U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1925–29; Brigadier General in WWI; Democratic candidate for Vice President in 1920. b. July 4, 1861 near Greenville, N. Car. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1883. Professor of military science at U. of Tennessee from 1891–95, and received law degree there in 1894. Began law practice in Knoxville. Served with the 9th Regt. U.S. Infantry until 1895, when he resigned commission. Volunteered in 1898 for service in Spanish–American War, and as colonel, commanded the 6th Vol. Inf. Became brigadier general and inspector general of Tenn. National Guard. Made brigadier general in command of all Tenn. national guard troops at

start of WWI, and later commanded the 30th Division. Was in engagements of Ypres–Lys and Somme, receiving the D.S.M. Member of Knoxville Lodge No. 718; received degrees May 23, June 19, July 20, 1923. d. Aug. 24, 1929.

U

Conrad F. Uden Masonic author, who was Doctor of Medicine and professor of University of Dorpat, and later counselor and secretary of the medical college of St. Petersburg, Russia. From 1783–85 he was the editor of the *Archly fur Freimaurerei und Rosenkreuzer*, published at Berlin. It contained much interesting information concerning Rosicrucianism. He also edited *Tables of the Total Freemasons of Lodges* in 1785 and 1786.

William E. Umstattd President of Timken Roller Bearing Co. b. Aug. 17, 1894 in Bristol, Tenn. Received 33° AASR (NJ) in Oct., 1955. Received craft degrees in Lathrop Lodge No. 676, Canton, Ohio on May 15, June 5, 19, 1928.

William B. Umstead U.S. Congressman to 73rd–75th Congresses, 1933–39, from N. Car. and U.S. Senator, 1946–48. b. May 13, 1895 in Durham Co., N. Car. Admitted to the bar in 1920, and practiced at Durham, N. Car. Served in WWI as a lieutenant in 81st Division.

Charles L. Underhill (1867–1946) U.S. Congressman to

67th–72nd Congresses, 1921–33, from 9th Mass. dist. b. July 20, 1867 in Richmond, Va. Began as an office boy; later coal teamster, and learned blacksmith's trade. Entered hardware business in 1896. Served ten terms in Mass. house of representatives. Received degrees in Soley Lodge, Somerville, Mass. in 1900–01. d. Jan. 28, 1946.

Edwin S. Underhill (1861–1929) U.S. Congressman from N.Y. to 62nd–63rd Congresses, 1911–15. b. Oct. 7, 1861 in Bath, N.Y. Graduate of Yale in 1881. Published *Steuben Farmers' Advocate*, *Corning (N.Y.) Evening Leader*, and other papers. Member of Steuben Lodge No. 112, Bath, N.Y. receiving degrees on March 16, April 20, May 18, 1887. d. Feb. 7, 1929.

Adin B. Underwood (1828–1888) Major General (brevet) in Civil War. b. May 19, 1828 in Milford, Mass. Graduate of Brown U. in 1849. Settled at Boston in 1855. Raised recruits at beginning of Civil War; was appointed captain in the 2nd Mass. Inf. in April, 1861, advancing to lieutenant colonel in same year. Participated in battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. Served under General Hooker at Lookout Mountain, where he was wounded. Appointed brigadier general of volunteers in Jan., 1863, and major general in Aug., 1865. Was surveyor of the port of Boston for nearly 20 years. Member of Bunker Hill Army Lodge No. 5 (Mass.) and later Montgomery Lodge, Milford, Mass. d. Jan. 14, 1888.

Cecil H. Underwood Governor of West Virginia, 1956–60. b. Nov. 5, 1922 in Joseph's Mills, W. Va. Graduate of Salem

Coll. and W. Va. U. Taught school from 1943, and became vice president of Salem Coll., 1950–56. Served in state house of delegates, 1944–56, and was minority leader, 1949–56. Raised in Phoenix Lodge No. 73, Sistersville, W. Va. in May, 1955. Member of John W. Morris Consistory, AASR (SJ) at Charleston and Beni Kedem Shrine Temple of that city.

Joseph R. Underwood (1791–1876) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Kentucky. b. Oct. 24, 1791 in Gooch-land Co., Va. Was grandfather of Oscar W. Underwood, q.v. Moved to Barren Co., Ky. in 1803. Graduate of Transylvania Coll., Lexington, in 1811. Served in War of 1812 as a lieutenant in 13th Ky. Inf. Admitted to the bar in 1813 and began practice in Glasgow, Ky. Member of state house of representatives in 1816–19, and moved to Bowling Green, Ky. in 1823. Served in 24th–27th Congresses, 1835–43. Was U.S. senator, 1847–53. Member of Allen Lodge No. 24, Glasgow, Ky., and served as senior warden at one time (1816). Member of Clay Mark Lodge No. 7 of that city and Bowling Green Chapter No. 38, R.A.M. of Bowling Green. Buried Masonically. d. Aug. 23, 1876.

Oscar W. Underwood (1862–1929) U.S. Senator from Alabama, 1915–27; U.S. Congressman to 55th–63rd Congresses, 1897–1915. b. May 6, 1862 in Louisville, Ky., the grandson of Joseph R. Underwood, q.v. Admitted to the bar in 1884, and began practice in Birmingham, Ala. Was Democratic floor leader of the house of representatives, 1911–15, and same in senate, 1921–23. He was candidate for Democratic presidential nomination in 1912 and 1924. Became a member

of Birmingham (Ala.) Fraternal Lodge No. 384 on Oct. 20, 1909. Received KCCH on Oct. 16, 1917 and 33° on Oct. 24, 1919. d. Jan. 25, 1929.

James Bailey Upham (1865–1905) Wrote the original Pledge of Allegiance to the flag of the United States. b. Dec. 27, 1865 in New Hampton, N.H. He was a member of the firm Perry Mason & Co., publishers of *The Youth's Companion*. The “pledge” was moulded into final form by his firm’s editorial staff and was first printed in the issue of September 8, 1892 in conjunction with the public school celebration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. Member of Converse Lodge, Malden, Mass., receiving degrees on Feb. 16, March 15, May 15, 1888. d. Nov. 25, 1905.

William H. Upham (1841–1924) Governor of Wisconsin, 1895–97. b. May 3, 1841 in Westminster, Mass. Moved to Niles, Mich. in 1852, and to Racine, Wis. the following year. Entered 2nd Wis. H. in 1861. Was shot through lungs at Bull Run on July 21, 1861, and reported dead. Was prisoner of war six months. Lincoln appointed him to the U.S. Military Academy and he was graduated in 1866. Resigned from Army in 1869. Was in lumber, furniture manufacturing, and banking at Marshfield, Wis. from 1878. Mason. d. July 2, 1924.

John E. Upston (1890–1952) Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Sept. 9, 1890 in Tawas City, Mich. Enlisted as aviation cadet in WWI and promoted through grades to brigadier general in 1942, and major general in 1950. In WWII he was chief of African and Middle Eastern Theater Unit; on War

Dept. general staff; chief of staff of XX Bomber Command; in ChinaBurma–India Theater; commanding general of 72nd Fighter Wing. In 1948 he was commanding general of the 4th Air Force. Mason, 32° AASR, and Shriner. d. Aug. 18, 1952.

Joseph Uriot Author of *True Portrait of a Freemason*, published at Frankfort in 1742. It is one of the earliest expositions of the true principles of Freemasonry to appear in Germany. Many editions were published. In 1769 he published *Letters on Freemasonry at Stongard*, which was in effect, an enlargement of the former work.

Justo Jose de Urquiza (1800–1870) Argentine patriot, general, and first constitutional president of Argentina, 1854–60. He was governor of Entre Rios province from 1842–54. Caseros Day (Independence) in Argentina on Feb. 3 celebrates his defeat of the tyrant, Juan Manuel de Rosas. He reorganized the dismembered country and called a conference of provincial governors. Out of this grew a confederation. He was succeeded by Derqui, q.v. He was commander in chief of the national forces. He was defeated in the Battle of Pavon in 1862, and General Mitre, q.v., was proclaimed president. Urquiza pledged his support to Mitre, but declined appointment as commander in chief of cavalry, and returned to his huge ranch, where he and two sons were murdered in 1870. He was initiated in “Jorge Washington” Lodge No. 44 at Conception and rose to the 33° AASR. He later became a member of the Union del Plate Lodge. Four successive presidents of Argentina were members of this lodge at the same time. In addition to Uriquiza they were: Santiago Derqui,

president from 1860–62; General Bartolme Mitre, president from 1862–68 and Domingo Faustino Sarmiento, president from 1868–74.

V

George Vail (1809–1875) U.S. Congressman to 33rd–34th Congresses, 1853–57, from New Jersey. b. July 21, 1809 in Morristown, N.J. Was a manufacturer of telegraph instruments. Served as U.S. consul to Glasgow, Scotland, 1858–61. Was knighted in Washington Commandery No. 1, Washington, D.C., June 14, 1854. Lodge membership was in Cincinnati Lodge No. 3 (NJ), receiving degrees in July–Aug. 1833. d. May 24, 1875.

William N. Vaile (1876–1927) U.S. Congressman to 66th–70th Congresses, 1919–27, from Colo. b. June 22, 1876 in Kokomo, Ind. Graduate of Yale in 1898. Served as a private in Spanish–American War. Admitted to the bar in 1901, and began practice in Denver, Colo. Wrote a novel, *The Mystery of the Golconda*. Raised July 8, 1911 in Union Lodge No. 7, Denver and charter member and first junior warden of Arvada Lodge No. 141 at Arvada, Colo. on Sept. 17, 1912; master in 1914; member of Colorado Chapter No. 29, R.A.M., Denver Commandery No. 25, K.T. and Denver Council No. 1, R. & S.M. all of Denver. Received Scottish Rite in Denver in Nov., 1912. Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Colorado, 1924–25. d. July 2, 1927.

Nasciso Valdes Cuban patriot and Freemason who was keeper of the lighthouse at Morro Castle, Havana, and raised the new Cuban flag over that historic fort on May 20, 1902.

Edward V. Valentine (1838–1930) American sculptor. b. Nov. 12, 1838 in Richmond, Va. Studied art in Europe in 1859, and returned to Richmond, where he opened a studio. Among his noteworthy works are the recumbent figure of Robert E. Lee for the Lee mausoleum at Washington and Lee U.; bronze statue of Lee in Statuary Hall, Washington, D.C.; statue of Jefferson Davis in Richmond, Va.; statue of Stonewall Jackson in Lexington, Va. and statue of John J. Audubon in New Orleans. Member of Dove Lodge No. 21 at Richmond, Va. d. 1930 at age of 92.

Rene Garcia Valenzuela Chilean physician and director of the El Peral Hospital of Santiago. He was the first president of the Medical College of Chile; former director general of Charity Services; former counselor of the National Health Service; former minister of state, Department of Public Health; and former consultant to the World Health Organization. He is also professor of social medicine at the Doctor Luciano Cordova School. Initiated Nov. 17, 1922 in Union Fraternal Lodge No. 1, he received the 33° AASR, Supreme Council of Chile on April 11, 1948. He has twice served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Chile and grand commander of the Grand Council, AASR. He was president of the organizing committee of the first Inter-American Masonic Convention and first general secretary of same.

Clement L. Vallandigham (1820–1871) U.S. Congressman to 35th–37th Congresses, 1858–63. b. July 29, 1820 in New Lisbon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar in 1842, and commenced practice in Dayton. While in congress he made a motion (which was tabled by a close vote) that “as the war was originally waged for the purpose of defending and maintaining the supremacy of the constitution . . . whosoever should attempt to pervert the same to a war of subjugation . . . and to abolish slavery, would be guilty of a crime against the constitution and the Union.” He became quite outspoken in Ohio against the Northern war effort and General Burnside ordered him arrested. He was tried, convicted and sentenced to close confinement for treasonable utterances. Lincoln later allowed him to cross the Confederate lines and he went from there to Bermuda and later Canada. After the war he became prominent in national Democratic politics. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 13 of Dayton, Ohio. He died June 17, 1871 from an accidental discharge of a pistol in a courtroom, when trying to show his theory of the manner in which a homicide had taken place. Received Masonic burial.

George W. Vallery Twenty-seventh Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, U.S.A. b. Jan. 24, 1861 in Plattsmouth, Nebr. Became member of Oriental Lodge No. 87, Denver, Colo. on June 28, 1893; exalted in Colorado Chapter No. 29, R.A.M. on Sept. 11, 1893; knighted in Colorado Commandery No. 1, K.T. Sept. 11, 1894. Became grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Colorado in 1910. Was member of Denver Council No. 1, R. & S.M. in 1906; received KCCH in 1909 and became 33° AASR (SJ).

Duke of Valmy (see under Francois Kellermann).

Jacob Van Braam A drillmaster of the Continental Army who served as French interpreter for George Washington on one of the latter's journeys to the Northwest. Some writers say he was Washington's instructor in fencing. He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va.

Arthur "Dazzy" Vance Member of the Baseball Hall of Fame, Cooperstown, N.Y., being nominated in 1955. b. March 4, 1893 in Orient, Iowa. A national league pitcher, he played for Brooklyn from 1922–32. Raised March 23, 1926 in Clearwater Lodge No. 127, Clearwater, Fla.

Joseph Vance (1786–1852) U.S. Congressman; Governor of Ohio, 1836–38. b. March 21, 1786 in Washington Co., Pa. Moved with father to Kentucky and then to Urbana, Ohio, where he became a successful merchant and engaged in farming and stock raising. Served four years in the state legislature, and was U.S. congressman from 1822–35 and 1842–47. Fought in the War of 1812. Received first degree in Scioto Lodge No. 6 in 1813. Became member of Harmony Lodge No. 8, Urbana, and was master in 1817. d. Aug. 24, 1852.

Zebulon B. Vance (1830–1894) Governor, Congressman and Senator from North Carolina; his statue is in National Hall of Fame, Washington, D.C. b. May 13, 1830 near Asheville, N. Car. Admitted to the bar in 1852, he began practice at Asheville. Served in 35th–36th Congresses, 1858–61. Entered Confederate service as a captain in 1861 and became a

colonel. He was governor of North Carolina in 1862–66 and became known as the “war governor of the South.” He was again governor of the state from 1876–78. He was U.S. Senator from 1878 until his death April 14, 1894. Received degrees in Mt. Hermon Lodge No. 118, Asheville, on Feb. 4, April 11 and June 20, 1853, and held offices to and including senior deacon. In 1863 he represented Pine Forest Lodge No. 186 of Harrington, N.C. at grand lodge, and in 1865 represented Carolina Lodge No. 141 of Carolina College. Dimitted from Mt. Hermon in 1869 and in 1872 affiliated with Phalanx Lodge No. 31, Charlotte. On Aug. 3, 1881 he delivered the oration at the laying of the cornerstone of a monument to Richard Caswell, q.v., in Kinston. He was a member of Asheville Chapter No. 25, R.A.M. as early as 1855, seemingly keeping his membership there after moving to Charlotte. d. April 14, 1894. Z.B. Vance Lodge No. 2, 40th Regiment Heavy Artillery of North Carolina (Confederate military lodge), was named in his honor in 1864.

Peter Van Cortlandt (1749–1831) Officer of the Revolution; U.S. Congressman. b. Sept. 1, 1749 in Cortlandt Manor at Croton-on-Hudson, the son of Pierre Van Cortlandt, q.v., the first lieutenant governor of New York. Graduate of King’s Coll. (now Columbia) in 1758. Became a surveyor. In June, 1775, he was commissioned lieutenant colonel of the 4th battalion, N.Y. Inf., and in Nov. 1776 made colonel by Washington and placed in 2nd N.Y. regiment. At the end of the war he was breveted brigadier general by congress. He served with General Sullivan on his Western N.Y. expedition; was present at the surrender of Burgoyne; took part in the Va. campaign, and

witnessed the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown. Later was a member of the N.Y. state assembly and senate and was U.S. Congressman from 1793–1809. Was treasurer of the Society of the Cincinnati for N.Y. many years, and when Lafayette came to the U.S. in 1824, Van Cortlandt accompanied him through the country. Became a member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, N.Y.C. on Aug. 8, 1777. d. Nov. 5, 1831.

Pierre Van Cortlandt (1721–1814) First Lieutenant Governor of New York, serving 18 years, from 1777 to 1795. b. in Cortlandt Manor, Croton-on-Hudson, N.Y., Jan. 10, 1721. His Dutch ancestors, who came to America in 1638, had become prominent in New York. He was the father of Philip Van Cortlandt, q.v. The early deaths of his brothers left him at the head of the family. Was a member of the provincial convention, the council of safety and the provincial congress. In 1777 he was president of the convention at Kingston which framed the first constitution of New York. He is listed as the first master of Cortlandt Lodge No. 34 of Peekskill, N.Y. On Dec. 10, 1804 he was sent a summons to answer for his non-attendance. d. May 1, 1814.

Arthur H. Vandenberg (1884–1951) U.S. Senator from Michigan, 1928–51. b. March 22, 1884 in Grand Rapids, Mich. After serving with Collier's Weekly, he was editor of the Grand Rapids Herald, 1906–28. Received votes in the Republican presidential nominations of 1940 and 1948. He was president pro tern of the senate in 1947. He was U.S. delegate to the San Francisco United Nations organizational meeting and also to the first and second general assemblies

of the United Nations in 1946. Was U.S. representative at Council of Foreign Ministers and at the Peace Conference, Paris, 1946. Was advisor to Secretary Byrnes at the Big Four foreign ministers meeting in Paris. He was raised May 8, 1907 in Grand River Lodge No. 34, Grand Rapids, Minn. Member of Columbian Chapter No. 132, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 5, K.T., as well as DeWitt Clinton Consistory and Saladin Shrine Temple. Was a 33° Scottish Rite member. d. April 18, 1951.

Henry Vanderburgh President of the Northwest Territory. Appointed by President Adams in 1797 as a member of the legislative council of the Northwest Territory, and when it was organized, became its president. In 1804 the Upper Louisiana Territory, which included Missouri, was attached to the Northwest Territory for administration and, as a territorial judge, he assisted in framing the laws of the Louisiana Territory. Five districts were established in the present state of Mo.—St. Charles, St. Louis, Ste. Genevieve, Cape Girardeau, and New Madrid. Vanderburgh had received his degrees in a New York traveling lodge and became a member of Vincennes Lodge No. 1, Vincennes, Ind.

Willis Van Devanter (1859–1941) Justice United States Supreme Court, 1910–37. b. April 17, 1859 in Marion, Ind. Graduate of Cincinnati Law School in 1881. Practiced law at Marion, Ind. until 1884 and then at Cheyenne, Wyo. Member of Wyoming Territorial legislature in 1885, and chief justice of supreme court of Wyoming, 1889–90. Was assistant attorney general of U.S., 1897–1903, and U.S. circuit judge of 8th

judicial circuit, 1903–10. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 11 and the Scottish Rite at Cheyenne, Wyo. d. Feb. 8, 1941.

William Vandever (1817–1893) Union Major General (brevet) in Civil War and U.S. Congressman from both Iowa and California. b. March 31, 1817 in Baltimore, Md. Moved to Ill. in 1839 and to Ia. in 1851. Studied law and admitted to the bar in 1852, practicing in Dubuque. Served in 36th–37th Congresses, 1859–61, and then mustered into army as a colonel of 9th Iowa Vol. Inf. Promoted to brigadier general in 1862 and breveted major general in 1865. Was a member of the peace convention held at Washington in 1861 in an attempt to prevent war. Appointed U.S. Indian inspector by Grant in 1873–77. Elected to 50th–51st Congresses from Calif., 1887–91. Member of Dubuque Lodge No. 3, Dubuque, Ia. in 1858. d. July 23, 1893.

Frederic F. Van de Water Author. b. Sept. 30, 1900 in Pompton, N.J. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1914. Was reporter on New York American in 1914 and then with New York Tribune, 1915–21 as reporter, special writer and night city editor. From 1922–24 he was book critic for latter. On staff of Ladies' Home Journal, 1922–28, and book critic of New York Evening Post, 1928–32. Among his many books are *Grey Riders*; *Horsemen of the Law*; *The Eye of Lucifer*; *Hurrying Feet*; *Still Waters*; *Havoc*; *The Real McCoy*; *Plunder*; *Thunder Shield*; *Glory Hunter*; *A Life of General Custer*; *Hidden Ways*; *Death in the Dark*; *The Reluctant Republic*; *Fools Errand*; *Lake Champlain and Lake George* (of the *Lakes of America* series); *Reluctant Rebel*; *Catch a Falling Star*; *Day of Battle*,

etc. Exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 159, Brooklyn, N.Y. on Oct. 27, 1921 and high priest in 1934; greeted in Columbian Council No. 1, R. & S.M. May 4, 1922; knighted in Ivanhoe Cornmandery No. 36, Feb. 16, 1922. Raised July 19, 1921 in St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C., and master of same in 1925.

George R. Vandewater (1854–1925) Episcopal priest, author. b. April 25, 1854 in Flushing, L.I., N.Y. Graduate of Cornell in 1874 and Gen. Theol. Sem., in 1879. Became deacon in 1876 and priest in 1879. Was rector at Oyster Bay and Brooklyn, N.Y. Organized congregation of St. Bartholomew, and was rector of St. Andrew's, Harlem, 1888–1920 and of Church of the Beloved Disciple, N.Y.C. after 1920. Served as chaplain in Spanish–American War. Wrote: *New York Forces in War With Spain*; *History of the Christian Church* (2 vol.); *Masonic Teaching Bible Truth*; *Manual of Church Missions* and *Manual of Church Prayer*. Received degrees in Cornucopia Lodge No. 563, Flushing, N.Y. on June 5, 19, July 17, 1878 then affiliated with Bedford Lodge No. 574, Brooklyn, N.Y. from 1882–88 and after that was a member of Republic Lodge No. 690, N.Y.C. He was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1898–1903 and 1910–18. d. March 15, 1925.

Charles B. Van Dusen (1871–1958) President of S. S. Kresge Co., 1925–38. His first job paid him \$175 a year for a six 11-hour day week. He was a newsboy, telegraph messenger, and in wholesale goods business. With Kresge Co. from 1905. During his lifetime he gave hundreds of thousands of dollars to church and charity. In 1947 the Westminster Presbyterian Church of Detroit, Mich. raised \$300,000 for a

new church and Van Dusen matched the gift. He was raised in Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, on Jan. 28, 1907 and when he served as master in 1914 it was the largest Masonic lodge in the world. Member of Palestine Chapter No. 159, R.A.M. Knighted in Detroit Commandery No. 1 on Jan. 15, 1910 and was commander in 1923. He organized the famous drill team of that commandery and served as its captain-general for 19 years. A member of Detroit Consistory AASR (NJ) in 1919, he received the 33° on Sept. 23, 1936. Also a member of Moslem Shrine Temple, Detroit. d. Aug. 16, 1958.

Vedder Van Dyck (1889–1960) Episcopal Bishop of Vermont from 1936. b. July 18, 1889 in Bayonne, N.J. Graduate of Gen. Theol. Sem. in 1914 and ordained to the ministry in 1915. In charge of missions on Long Island, N.Y., Farmingdale, Seaford, Hicksville, 1914–17. At Amityville, N.Y., 1917–29, and Burlington, Vt., 1929–36. Member of the commission for examining chaplains, 1929–36. Mason, with membership in Amityville, N.Y. d. Aug. 3, 1960.

Nicholas Van Dyke, Jr. (1769–1826) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Delaware. b. Dec. 20, 1769 at New Castle, Del., son of the 7th governor of Delaware. Graduate of Princeton in 1788. Studied law and admitted to the bar at New Castle in April, 1792. Served in U.S. Congress from 1807–11, and U.S. Senator, 1817–26. He also served in both branches of the Del. legislature. At the wedding of his daughter to Charles I. DuPont, General Lafayette gave away the bride. He was master of St. John's Lodge No. 2 in 1815. d. May 21, 1826.

Walter Van Dyke (1823–1905) Justice, Supreme Court of California, 1899–1905. b. Oct. 3, 1823 at Tyre, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in Ohio in 1848 and practiced in Cleveland, going to Calif. across the plains in 1849 with 14 other young men. Settled first in San Francisco and then in Humboldt Co., upon its organization in 1853. Practiced law and edited the Humboldt Times. Served in state senate. Moved to San Francisco in 1863. Was U.S. attorney of Calif., 1874–77. Practiced in Los Angeles, 1885–88, and was judge of superior court there, 1888–98. Member of Arcata Lodge No. 106, Arcata, Calif. d. 1905.

Ernest H. Van Fossan Judge, The Tax Court of the U.S. b. Sept. 6, 1888 in Lisbon, Ohio. Graduate of Oberlin Coll. and Columbia U. Served in Army in WWI. Made survey of efficiency of Panama Canal Zone government in 1919; director of claims U.S. Shipping Board in 1923. Appointed by Coolidge as member of U.S. Board of Tax Appeals in 1916 (which became the Tax Court of the U.S. in 1942) and was appointed by Hoover and Roosevelt for term ending 1956. Retired, but recalled for indefinite period. Member of New Lisbon Lodge No. 65 (Ohio) since 1915, and served as junior and senior deacon of same before joining Army in 1917. Honorary member of Barristers Lodge No. 48, D.C. Member of York Rite; chapter in Salem, Ohio, and council and commandery in D.C.

Robert Van Pelt Federal Judge of Nebraska since 1957. b. Sept. 9, 1897 in Gosper Co., Nebr. Graduate of Doane Coll. in 1920 and U. of Nebraska in 1922. Practiced law in Lincoln, 1922–57. Was assistant U.S. attorney, 1930–34. Received

degrees on Oct. 19 and 21, 1918 in Stockville, Nebr., and now a member of Cambridge Lodge No. 150, Cambridge, Nebr. Received 32° AASR (SJ) on Nov. 21, 1919 at Lincoln; KCCH in 1945 and 33° Dec. 10, 1949. Served AASR as master of Lodge of Perfection; Knights Rose Croix and Kadosh. Shriner.

Henry Killian Van Rensselaer (1744–1816) Militia General in Revolutionary War. b. near Albany, N.Y. He commanded a N.Y. regiment during the Revolution. Was wounded at the capture of Gen. Burgoyne, and carried the ball in his body for 35 years. In July 1777 he was attacked by a large force near Fort Ann, and made a brave resistance, but, learning of the abandonment of Fort Ticonderoga, withdrew after receiving another severe wound. He was subsequently a general of militia. He was the father of Solomon, and brother of Nicholas and Killian K., qq.v. He was also kin of Philip S., Jeremiah, and Stephen, qq.v. He was a member of Masters' Lodge No. 2, Albany, N.Y., and member of the Albany Lodge of Perfection, AASR. d. Sept. 9, 1816.

Jeremiah Van Rensselaer (1741–1810) Member of the first congress of the United States, 1789–91 and lieutenant governor of New York, 1800–04. Graduate of Princeton in 1758. He actively supported the Revolution. Was a presidential elector in 1800. He was active in the promotion of the Inland Navigation Co., of which Philip Schuyler was the first president. In the Revolution he was an ensign and paymaster. Member of Masters' Lodge No. 2, Albany, N.Y. d. Feb. 19, 1810. A relative of the other Van Rensselaers listed in this volume.

Killian Henry Van Rensselaer (1800–1881) Sovereign Grand Commander of the Supreme Council AASR (NJ), 1862–67. b. Sept. 9, 1800 in Greenbush (now Rensselaer), N.Y., a member of that famous N.Y. Knickerbocker family. Made a Master Mason in Mount Moriah Lodge No. 245, Otisco, N.Y. on April 4, 1822. He was active in lodges, chapters, cornmanderies, and the Scottish Rite in several states. He became an active member of the Supreme Council on June 17, 1845, making the seventh member of that body then an active. He resigned as grand commander when the “Union” took place in 1867. He attended all but the first meeting of present Supreme Council, N.J . until his death–12 in all. Spent his latter years in the West, and was a member of Cambridge Lodge No. 66, Cambridge, Ohio, serving as master twice. d. Jan. 29, 1881.

Killian K. Van Rensselaer (1763–1845) U.S. Congressman from N.Y., 1800–11. b. in Rensselaer Co., N.Y. Earned a reputation as a lawyer. Was admitted to Masters’ Lodge No. 2, Albany, N.Y. in 1787. He was a brother of Henry and Nicholas, qq.v. d. June 18, 1845.

Nicholas Van Rensselaer (1754–1848) Colonel of the American Revolution. b. 1754 in Rensselaer Co., N.Y., a brother of Henry K. and Killian K., qq.v. As a colonel, he served with gallantry on the heights of Stillwater. After the surrender of Gen. Burgoyne, he was dispatched by General Gates to announce the news in Albany. Member of Masters’ Lodge No. 2, Albany, N.Y. d. in 1848.

Philip S. Van Rensselaer (1767–1824) Mayor of Albany, N.Y. for 19 years. b. April 15, 1767 in Albany, a member of the famous Knickerbocker family of the same name. He was a public spirited, energetic officer, and active in promoting educational, moral and religious interests. He married Ann Van Cortlandt. He was president of the Albany Bible Society for many years. Member of Masters' Lodge No. 2, Albany and at one time acted as junior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of New York. d. Sept. 25, 1824.

Stephen Van Rensselaer (1764–1839) Major General of New York militia in War of 1812; U.S. Congressman 1822–29; Founder of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1826. b. Nov. 1, 1764 in N.Y. He inherited the vast Van Rensselaer estate in N.Y. in 1769. Married Margaret, daughter of Gen. Philip Schuyler. Served in state assembly and state senate, and was lieutenant governor in 1795. Became major general of militia in 1801. He was the first to propose a canal between the Hudson River and the Great Lakes and was appointed a commissioner to investigate the route in 1810. In 1812 he commanded the U.S. forces on the Northern frontier, but suffered a serious defeat and resigned. He was president of the boards of the Erie and Champlain canals for 14 years. As a U.S. Congressman, he supported John Quincy Adams, the anti-Mason, for president. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1825–29. When Gov. DeWitt Clinton, q.v., concluded the ceremony of installing him in office, he replied, "I accept the distinguished honor conferred on me by the Grand Lodge of this state. To be selected by the members of this numerous, ancient and respectable Fraternity

to preside over its deliberations, to guide its councils, is a mark of confidence which I shall ever highly appreciate, and although I cannot bring to the station the talents or the learning which in former years have adorned it, I still may venture to promise that, on my part, no exertions shall be wanting to reunite the brotherhood into one bond of union; to illustrate the virtues and to extend the influence of Freemasonry." d. Jan. 26, 1839.

Hart E. Van Riper Medical Director of National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, 1946–56, who figured in nationwide publicity in wake of the Salk vaccine announcement. b. Dec. 9, 1904 in Kirkwood, Ill. A.B. from U. of Pennsylvania in 1926 and M.D. in 1930. Specialized in pediatrics at Cincinnati until 1933, and at Madison, Wis., 1933–41. While at Madison he was an active AASR (NJ) worker and served as master of the Madison Lodge of Perfection. Presently medical director of Geigy Chemical Corp., Ardsley, N.Y.

Samuel R. Van Sant (1844–1936) Governor of Minnesota, 1901–05 and Commander-in-Chief of G.A.R., 1909–10. b. May 11, 1844 in Rock Island, Ill. Served as enlisted man in 9th Ill. Cavalry in Civil War. Graduate of Cornell U. (Ia.) in 1904. In steamboat business after leaving college. Served in Minn. house of representatives and speaker of same in 1895. Became a member of Snow Lodge No. 44, Le Claire, Ia. in 1869, and affiliated with Winona Lodge No. 18, Winona, Minn. in 1894. A Knight Templar and member of Osman Shrine Temple, St. Paul, Minn. d. Oct. 3, 1936.

Abraham Van Vechten (1762–1823) Known as “the father of the New York bar,” being the first lawyer admitted to practice after the adoption of the state constitution. b. Dec. 5, 1762 in Catskill, N.Y. Was educated at Columbia U., studied law, and began practice in Johnstown, N.Y., but soon removed to Albany. Served as city recorder, state senator, member of the state assembly, attorney general, and member of the constitutional convention of 1821. He declined appointment to supreme court bench of N.Y. by Gov. John Jay. Admitted to Masters’ Lodge No. 2, Albany, N.Y. in 1784. d. May 10, 1823.

Murray D. Van Wagoner Governor of Michigan, 1941–42. b. March 18, 1898 in Kingston, Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1921. Began as civil engineer. Owner of private engineering company at Pontiac, Mich., 1926–30. Was state highway commissioner, 1933–40. Delegate to International Road Conference in 1938. Member of Pontiac Lodge No. 21, Pontiac, Mich.

Charles C. Van Zandt Former governor of Rhode Island. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Newport, R.I.

James E. Van Zandt U.S. Congressman to 76th–86th Congresses, 1939–60, from Pa. b. Dec. 18, 1898 in Altoona, Pa. Started with Pennsylvania Railroad in 1916 as a molder apprentice, and became passenger agent in 1938. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI and saw active duty as a lieutenant and captain, 1941–46. He was commander of the Pa. dept. of Veterans of Foreign Wars, 1928–29 and national commander-in-chief of the American Legion, 1933–35. Member of Hiram Lodge

No. 616, Altoona, Pa., receiving degrees on April 15, May 20, June 24, 1926. Also a Shriner.

James K. Vardaman (1861–1930) Governor and U.S. Senator from Mississippi. b. July 26, 1861 in Jackson Co., Texas. Read law and admitted to the bar in 1882, practicing at Winona, Miss. Became editor of the Winona Advance in 1883; the Greenwood (Miss.) Enterprise, 1890–96; established The Commonwealth at Greenwood in 1896 and became editor of The Issue at Jackson in 1908. Served in state house six years. Elected governor of Miss. for term 1904–08 and U.S. Senator, 1913–19. Mason. d. June 25, 1930.

William S. Vare (1867–1934) U.S. Senator from Pennsylvania, 1927–30. b. Dec. 24, 1867. Entered mercantile life at 15. Served on Philadelphia council, was recorder of deeds three terms, and served as U.S. congressman, 1913–27. Was elected to U.S. senate in 1926 for the term of 1927–33, but was rejected by the senate in 1930 because of excessive campaign expenditures. Member of Vaux Lodge No. 383, Philadelphia. d. Aug. 8, 1934.

Jose Maria Vargas (1786–1854) Second President of the Republic of Venezuela, 1835–36. A physician and statesman, he was vice president in 1834 and senator, 1838–46. From 1847–49 he was councilor of state and after 1853 was a resident of the United States. He was an 18° member of the Scottish Rite.

Charles A. Varnum (1849–?) Recipient of the Congressional

Medal of Honor. b. June 21, 1849. He served under General Custer. Was a life member of Olive Branch Lodge No. 47, Sturgis City, S. Dak. from 1881. Deceased.

James M. Varnum (1748–1789) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. Dec. 17, 1748 in Dracut, Mass. Was in first graduating class of Brown U. (1769). Admitted to the bar in 1771 and settled in East Greenwich, R.I. In 1774 he became colonel of the Kentish Guards, and at the start of the Revolution, was commissioned as colonel of the 1st R.I. Inf., on May 8, 1775. Was present at the shelling of Roxbury, Mass., the siege of Boston, the action at Harlem Heights, and the Battle of White Plains. Appointed brigadier general of Rhode Island troops Dec. 12, 1776 and to same rank in Continental Army Feb. 12, 1777. Commanded the American troops on the Jersey side of the Delaware at the Battle of Red Bank. He was at Valley Forge in the winter of 1778, where Washington called him “the light of the camp.” Resigned commission on March 5, 1779 because of ill health, and resumed law practice at East Greenwich, R.I., where he was recognized as an eloquent orator. He was major general of R.I. militia, 1779–88. Was a member of the Continental Congress from R.I. in 1780–82 and 1786–87. In Oct., 1787, he was appointed by congress as one of the judges of the Northwest Territory, and he moved to Marietta, Ohio, in June, 1788. He was an original member of the Society of the Cincinnati and second president of the R.I. society of that order. He was a member of St. John’s Lodge No. 1, Providence, RI., and at the St. John’s Day in Dec., 1778 was the speaker for the lodge celebration at which Major General John Sullivan, q.v., was the guest of

honor. His Masonic funeral at what is now Marietta, Ohio, was the first Masonic gathering in the Northwest Territory of record. d. Jan. 10, 1789.

Pierre G. Vassal (1769–1840) French physician who is said to have introduced the use of *Digitalis purpurea* (dried leaves of the foxglove plant) as a treatment of diseases of the heart. b. Oct. 24, 1769 at Manosques, France. Began ecclesiastical studies, but left for 18 months in army during the Revolution. Later studied medicine and gained a wide reputation as a physician. He was initiated about 1811 and thereafter took an active part in the Craft. He presided in the lodge, chapter, and Areopagus of the Scottish Rite and in 1819 was elected secretary-general of the Grand Orient, and in 1827, president of the College of Rites. He attained the 33° AASR. His principal Masonic works are *Historical Essay on the Institution of the Scottish Rite* in 1827 and *General History of Initiation Since Its Origin Upto Its Institution in France* in 1832. d. May 4, 1840.

Diana Vaughan A character fabricated by the rogue, Leo Taxil. See interesting story under Taxil's biography.

Harry H. Vaughan Major General and Aide to President Truman. b. Nov. 26, 1893 in Glasgow, Mo. Graduate of Westminster Coll., Fulton, Mo., in 1916. Began as a chemist in wood preservation; later plant superintendent and from 1935–39, a manufacturers' agent. Was secretary to Harry S. Truman when U.S. Senator, 1940–41. Served with Mo. Natl. Guard on Mexican Border and in 35th Div., U.S. Army, in

1917–19. In 1942–43 he was with U.S. Air Forces in Australia. Mason, National Sojourner, and member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C.

Horace W. Vaughan (1867–1922) U.S. Congressman and Federal Judge of Hawaii. b. Dec. 2, 1867 in Marion Co., Texas. Admitted to Texas bar in 1885 and practiced at Texarkana. Was city attorney, county attorney and district attorney. Member of state senate, 1910–13; U.S. congressman to 63rd Congress, 1913–15; U.S. attorney for Hawaii, 1915–16 and Federal judge of Hawaii after 1916. Received degrees in Border Lodge No. 672, Texarkana, Texas, being raised May 7, 1897. Was master from 1899–1904 and grand orator of Grand Lodge of Texas in 1912. He died on July 9, 1915 upon moving to Hawaii and probably affiliated there. d. Nov. 10, 1922.

Richard Vaux (1816–1895) U.S. Congressman to 51st Congress, 1890–91, from Pa. b. Dec. 19, 1816 in Philadelphia. Admitted to the bar at Philadelphia in 1837. In diplomatic service in Great Britain one year, and declined appointment as secretary of legation at St. Petersburg. Served in state house of representatives in 1839; was recorder of deeds and later mayor of Philadelphia. Was raised in Lodge No. 3, Philadelphia on Feb. 21, 1843; exalted in Harmony Chapter No. 52, R.A.M. on Sept. 24, 1846; exalted in Philadelphia Commandery No. 42, K.T., Nov. 16, 1855. As grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, he laid the cornerstone of the Masonic Temple at Philadelphia in 1868. d. March 22, 1895.

James C. Veatch (1819–1895) Union General of Civil War.

b. Dec. 19, 1819 in Elizabethtown, Ind. Practiced law for many years. Was in state legislature in 1861–62 and became colonel of the 25th Ind. Vols. in 1861. Made brigadier general in April, 1862 and breveted major general in Aug., 1865, at which time he retired from the Army. Was engaged at Fort Donelson, Shiloh, the sieges of Corinth and Vicksburg, the Atlanta campaign, and the siege and capture of Mobile. Became adjutant general of Indiana in 1869 and was collector of internal revenue from 1870–83. Member of Rockport Lodge No. 112, Rockport, Ind. d. Dec. 22, 1895.

George G. Verbryck General Grand Master of the General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1960–63. b. July 28, 1895 in Cambria, Wyo. Moved to Salt Lake City, Utah, with parents, in 1902. Attended U. of Utah; was graduated from U. of Chicago in 1916 and Rush Medical College in 1919. First practiced medicine at Gooding and Glenns Ferry, Idaho, and finally at Long Beach, Calif., where he has been in general practice many years. Member of Los Angeles Co. Medical Assn., California Medical Assn., the American Academy of General Practice; fellow of American Geriatric Society. On staffs of Long Beach Hospital, Memorial Hospital, St. Mary's Hospital, and Community Hospital, being chief of staff of latter in 1947. Raised in Argenta Lodge No. 3, Salt Lake City on Sept. 25, 1917, and now life member of Seaside Lodge No. 504, Long Beach, Calif. Exalted in King Solomon Chapter No. 16, R.A.M., of Gooding, Idaho, and now member of Searchlight Chapter No. 133, serving as high priest in 1939 and grand high priest of Grand Chapter of Calif. in 1948. Greeted in Menelik Council, R. & S.M., of Gooding, Idaho, and now member of Long Beach

Council No. 26, serving as master in 1938–41 and grand master of Grand Council of Calif. in 1940. Knighted in Long Beach Commandery No. 40, K.T. in 1939 and commander in 1944. In AASR (SJ), he received KCCH in 1939 and 33° in 1945; past sovereign of St. Croix Conclave No. 63, R.C.C. and intendant general for Southern Calif. Also member of El Bekal Shrine Temple, Mizpah Grotto, Long Beach Pyramid, Sciots.

Pierre T. Verhaegen (1796–1862) Belgian lawyer and statesman. While a young man, he was elected to the Belgian senate, and in that chamber defended Freemasonry many times against the accusations and attacks of the clergy. He was one of the founders of the University Libre (free university) in Brussels. He earned the title of “fighter for Freedom and Liberty in Belgium.” In 1854 he was elected grand master of the Grand Orient of Belgium. In this capacity he advocated his belief that Freemasonry should take an active part in political events. Only after his death did the Grand Orient of Belgium restore the “landmark” that no religious or political discussion should be held in Masonic lodges.

Claude Joseph Vernet (1714–1789) French painter of marines and landscapes. Was father of Horace Vernet (1789–1863), who specialized in battle and genre scenes and Arab life. Both were Freemasons according to the Bulletin of the International Masonic Congress of 1917.

J. H. Vernhes A French litterateur and Masonic writer, who in 1813 wrote *Essay on the History of Freemasonry Since Its Establishment Up to Our Days*, and in 1820 *The Perfect*

Mason or Complete Repository of Symbolic Masonry. The latter contained a rational refutation of several works which had been written against the Order. He became an active disciple of the Rite of Mizraim. In 1821 he was head of the Lodge of Perfect Humanity at Montpellier.

George Graham Vest (1830–1904) U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1879–1903. Noted for his famous “Tribute to a Dog,” delivered in a court case which involved the shooting of a Missouri hound dog. b. Dec. 6, 1830 in Frankfort, Ky. Graduate of Centre Coll., Danville, in 1848 and law department of Transylvania U. at Lexington in 1853. Admitted to the bar in that year and practiced at Georgetown, Mo., moving to Boonville, Mo. in 1856. Member of state legislature in 1860–61. In 1862 he espoused the Confederate cause and became judge advocate in General Price’s Confederate forces of Missouri. He served in the Confederate congress as a representative from Feb. 1862 to Jan. 12, 1865, when he resigned to serve in the Confederate senate. He resumed law practice at Sedalia, Mo. in 1865, moving to Kansas City in 1877. Retired from public life in 1903 and lived at Sweet Springs, Mo. His lodge was in Kentucky, and on Feb. 28, 1868, he was exalted in Sedalia Chapter, No. 18, R.A.M. of Sedalia, dimitting in 1879 when he went to Washington, D.C. as senator. d. Aug. 9, 1904.

Albert H. Vestal (1875–1932) U.S. Congressman to 65th–71st Congresses, 1917–31, from 8th Ind. dist. b. Jan. 18, 1875 in Frankton, Ind. Admitted to the bar in 1896 and began practice at Anderson, Ind. Member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 77,

Anderson, Ind., receiving degrees on May 31, June 1, 2, 1922 and in good standing at death on April 1, 1932.

Auguste de Viany Masonic writer of Tuscany, and one of the founders of the Philosophic Scottish Rite there. Was the author of many essays, discourses, and dissertations on Masonic subjects and collected a large number of manuscript degrees and rituals.

Arthur Lionel Vibert (1872–1938) English Masonic author. Was in civil service in India, 1891–1918. Initiated in the Royal Alfred Lodge, Jersey in 1892, he joined the Quatuor Coronati Lodge in 1917 and was master in 1921. He served as secretary of that research lodge from 1928–36 and was Prestonian lecturer in 1925–26. Was honored as honorary past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Iowa. His works include *The Story of the Craft*; *Freemasonry Before Grand Lodges*; *Rare Books of Freemasonry* and *the Compagnonnage*.

Queen Alexandrina Victoria (1819–1901) Queen of England, 1837–1901. She was the only child of George III's fourth son, Edward, Duke of Kent, q.v. Her father was the last grand master of the "Ancients" in England (1813) and her son, Edward VIII, became grand master of the United Grand Lodge of England in 1874. At the death of her father, she announced that as a monument to his memory, she would appoint herself as Royal Patroness of the Fraternity in the British Empire. She became patroness of the Royal Masonic Institution for Boys in 1852 and chief patroness of the Royal Masonic Institution for Girls in 1882. At a great assembly of

Freemasons at the Royal Albert Hall under the presidency of the Prince of Wales, an address was voted to Her Majesty on her Jubilee. She then received a deputation from the grand lodge on Aug. 2, 1887, when the address was presented. The same occurred in 1897 on her diamond jubilee.

Gabriel Gonzales Videla Former President of Chile. Was a member of Luz Esperanza Lodge No. 11 at Serena.

Egbert L. Viele (1825–1902) Brigadier General of Volunteers (Union) in Civil War. b. June 17, 1825 in Waterford, N.Y. Graduate of West Point in 1847. He served in Mexican War and also in Indian campaigns on Western frontier, resigning from Army in 1850. Settled in N.Y. as a civil engineer, and was state engineer of N.J., 1854–56. In 1856 he was appointed chief engineer of Central Park, N.Y.C., and prepared original plans adopted for that park. Later, engineer for Prospect Park, Brooklyn, but resigned to enter army, and commanded the force that opened the Potomac River to Washington. Was captain of 7th N.Y. Engineers and brigadier general of volunteers in Aug., 1861. Was second in command of the Port Royal expedition and commander at the capture of Fort Pulaski. He planned and executed the march on Norfolk, Va., and was military governor of Norfolk. After the war he was an engineer on many public works, and served in the U.S. congress, 1885–87, from N.Y. Member of Kane Lodge No. 545, N.Y.C. d. 1902.

Count Michael U. Vielgorsky (1787–1862) Prominent Russian statesman who was a zealous Mason, devoting his

life to charity and encouragement of art and science. He was master of the Lodge of Palestine in 1810. This lodge was formed under the French ritual on March 4, 1809. Under his leadership the lodge acquired many devoted adherents and grew to 75 members. He was grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Russia in 1817, succeeding General Gerebzyov, q.v.

Feliciano Viera President of Uruguay, 1915–19. An active member of the Grand Orient of Uruguay.

Dr. Laureano Villanueva Provisional President of the Republic of Venezuela in 1879. A 33° AASR member.

George Villiers (see 2nd Duke of Buckingham).

Bird J. Vincent (1880–1931) U.S. Congressman to 68th–71st Congresses, 1923–31, from 8th Mich. dist. b. March 6, 1880 in Clarkston, Mich. Graduate of U. of Mich. in 1905. Practiced law in Saginaw. Served overseas in WWI. Member of Ancient Landmarks Lodge No. 303, Saginaw, Mich. receiving degrees on June 10, 30, July 4, 1909. d. July 18, 1931.

John Vining (1758–1802) Member of the Continental Congress, 1784–86; U.S. Congressman to 1st–2nd Congresses, 1789–93; and U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1793–98. b. Dec. 23, 1758 in Dover, Del. Admitted to the bar in 1782 and began practice in New Castle Co., Del. Member of Lodge No. 63 at Lewis Town, Del. d. Feb., 1802.

Frederick M. Vinson (1890–1953) U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, 1945–46; Chief Justice, Supreme Court of U.S., 1946–53. b. Jan. 22, 1890 in Louisa, Ky. Graduate of Centre Coll. (Ky.) in 1909 and 1911. Began law practice at Louisa, Ky. in latter year. Member of 68th–70th and 72nd–75th Congresses from Ky. Resigned from congress in 1938 to become associate justice of U.S. court of appeals for Dist. of Col., and served until 1942 when appointed as chief judge of U.S. emergency court of appeals. Resigned the latter in 1943 to become director of Office of Economic Stabilization, serving until 1945 when he was appointed federal loan administrator. In April, 1945 he was appointed director of Office War Mobilization and Reconversion, and in July, same year, made secretary of treasury. Member of Apperson Lodge No. 195 and Louisa Chapter No. 95, R.A.M., both of Louisa, Ky. d. Sept. 8, 1953.

David Vinton (1774–1833?) Wrote the words for Pleyel's Hymn which is still used as a Masonic funeral dirge. b. Jan. 6, 1774 in Medford, Mass. Was proposed for membership in Mt. Vernon Lodge No. 4, Providence, R.I. on Feb. 7, 1811 and received his degrees on March 11 and April 24 of that year. He became a teacher of the ritual, mainly in the states of North and South Carolina. In 1821 he was expelled by the Grand Lodge of North Carolina for selling manuscripts of the Masonic lectures and for conferring the Mark and Past Master degrees without authority. (At that time they were probably conferred by the lodges in that state.) His own lodge, however, rose to his defense. The original dirge was first published by him in 1816 at Dedham, Mass. in a volume of Masonic music entitled, *The Masonic Minstrel*, which sold

more than 12,000 copies. By trade he was a goldsmith. His death date is given variously as 1833, 1830 and 1826.

John C. Vivian Governor of Colorado, 1943–47. b. June 30, 1887. Was state editor of Denver Times, 1911–12, and served as city and county attorney. Was lieutenant governor, 1938–42. Served with Marines in WWI. Member of Golden City Lodge No. 1, Golden, Colo. and 32° AASR (SJ) .

Paul J. S. Vogel (1753–?) German Masonic writer. Published Letters Concerning Freemasonry in 1785 at Nuremberg, in three volumes. The first treated the Knights Templar; the second of the Ancient Mysteries, and third of Freemasonry. It was the earliest attempt made in Germany to trace the Craft from the operatives or stonemasons of the Middle Ages. The research in recent years indicates that his approach was the most logical in Freemasonry's family tree. He was a professor of theology.

Theodore Vogel. German industrialist and first Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of Germany, 1949–55. b. July 31, 1901 in Schweinfurt, Bavaria. Attended the universities at Frankfurt and Wurzburg, receiving his first degree in 1925, and his doctorate in engineering in 1933 at Darmstadt. He was an engineer and later chief engineer in Nurnberg and Schweinfurt in a factory for steel constructions. Because of Nazi persecution, he was forced to retire from his positions and took up work as a private consulting engineer. In 1945 he returned to Schweinfurt and is now the owner of two factories for steel doors and windows (in Schweinfurt and Sontra).

Active in civic and public affairs, he served as vice president of the Wurzburg chamber of commerce and was president of the Union of Bavarian Industries. Member of various boards of directors in Berlin, Schweinfurt, etc. Became a Mason at same time as his father in 1927 in the lodge Brudertreue ant Main No. 422 at Schweinfurt, and served the lodge as chaplain until 1933 when Hitler forbade Masonic activity. After the war, when the American service men assisted in the reconstitution of German Freemasonry, he became master of the lodge, and was elected district deputy grand master for Bavaria in 1947. At the founding of the United Grand Lodge of Germany in St. Paul's Cathedral in Frankfurt, he was unanimously elected grand master, serving in the difficult times when Freemasonry was gradually rebuilt. A successor was elected grand master in 1955, but soon died, and Vogel was again reelected in 1956. He became one of the first Royal Arch Masons in Germany, having the degrees communicated to him in the U.S. Became a member of Living Arch Chapter No. 1 of Frankfurt, Europe Council, R. & S.M., and Hermann von Salza Commandery, K.T. He served as the first grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Germany for two years. Is one of the founders of the Order of High Priesthood in Germany. Is a member of the German Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite and a 33° since 1949. Is a frequent visitor to the annual Conference of Grand Masters in the U.S.

Voltaire (1694–1778) Full name was Francois Marie Arouet de Voltaire. French writer and philosopher. He gained fame as the defender of victims of religious intolerance and as a master of satire. This won him the condemnation of the

established church, who labeled him an “atheist,” and who still ban his books until this day. He was educated under the Jesuits and began writing at an early age. He was confined to the Bastille in 1717–18 and again in 1726, but made good use of his time by writing. Banished to England, he wrote his observations on English social and political institutions, which caused such an uproar that he was forced to seek seclusion in Lorraine from 1734–49. In 1750 he accepted an invitation to visit Frederick the Great, q.v., at the Prussian court, where he produced his greatest historical work, *Le Siecle de Louis XIV*. He quarreled with Frederick, left Prussia in 1753, and spent his last 20 years at Ferney, near Geneva. He was initiated into Freemasonry on April 7, 1778, less than two months before his death. The event took place at Paris in the lodge of Les Neuf Soeurs. The ceremony was conducted by the celebrated French astronomer, Joseph Lalande, q.v., who had as his wardens the Comte de Stroganoff, court chamberlain to Empress Catherine of Russia, and Colonel de Laroche. He entered the lodge escorted by Benjamin Franklin, the American ambassador, and Count de Gebelin. It is recorded that the scene was one of unusual brilliance. Owing to Voltaire’s age, distinction and debility, the usual preparations were dispensed with. The apron with which the candidate was invested was one which belonged to the philosopher Claude Helvetius, q.v. Despite the charges of the established church, Voltaire was a Diest rather than an Athiest. At his own expense he erected a church on his estate and dedicated it to God. One of his most quoted statements is: “If God did not exist, it would be necessary to invent Him.” The fact that he became a Freemason is conclusive proof to all members of the Craft

that he believed in Diety. His last words were "I die adoring God, loving my friends, not hating my enemies, and detesting superstition." d. May 30, 1778.

Von Goethe (see under Goethe).

Ferdinand Rudolph von Grofe. (see Ferde Grofe).

Karl August von Hardenberg (see under Hardenberg).

Rolf Magnus von Heidenstam (see under "Heidenstam").

Johann G. von Herder (see under Herder).

Baron Karl G. von Hund (see under Hund).

Rufus Bernhard von Kleinsmid Former President and Chancellor for life of the University of Southern California. b. June 27, 1875 in Sandwich, Ill. Following his first degree from Oberlin Academy (Ohio) in 1897, he received advanced degrees from Northwestern U. in 1905, 1906 and from U. of Arizona in 1914. Holds many honorary doctorates from universities in America and throughout the world. He was professor of education at DePauw U., 1905–09, and professor of education and psychology, 1909–14; from 1914–21 was president of the U. of Arizona; and from 1921–47, was president of the U. of Southern California, being named life chancellor of same on his retirement in April, 1947. While in Indiana he was associate superintendent and director of the research department of the Indiana reformatory at

Jeffersonville, 1912–14 and consulting psychologist to same, 1914–18. Connected with many state, regional, national and international organizations in fields of penology, history, archaeology, family relations, and cinematography. Has been decorated by scores of foreign countries. Was member of International Prison Conference in London, 1925; delegate to Pan American Scientific Congress in Washington, 1915; member of National Commission on Prisons and Prison Labor. Member and past master of James Madison Lodge No. 572, Los Angeles; grand orator of the Grand Lodge of California in 1927. A York Rite Mason and member of Los Angeles Commandery No. 9, K.T., and past sovereign of St. Gabriel Conclave No. 14, Red Cross of Constantine. Received 33° in Scottish Rite (SJ).

August Friedrich F. von Kotzebue. (see under “Kotzebue”).

Count Felix von Luckier German naval officer who was famous in the first World War as a sea raider. b. in 1886. Made a name for himself in the Battle of Jutland. In 1937–39 he made a world tour in his yacht, *The Sea Devil*. He is the author of *Der See-Teufel* and *Der See-Tuefel Erobert Amerika*. He suffered much during the persecution of Freemasons in Germany under the Nazis. He is a member of *Zur Goldenen Kugel* Lodge No. 66 of Hamburg, Germany. An AP news dispatch of June 14, 1959 from Nurnberg stated that he had been named “German Grand Master of the Knights Templar, a Masonic organization.” This is, however, not Masonic.

Erich von Ludendorff (see under Ludendorff).

Joachim von Ribbentrop (1893–1946) Organizer of the Nazi government in Germany and an anti-Mason. Served in WWI and after the war became a wine merchant. He conducted negotiations between Hitler and the German government in 1930 and identified himself with the Hitler movement and the organizing of the Nazi government in 1933. Was ambassador at large in 1935 and ambassador to Great Britain in 1936–38. Became minister of foreign affairs in 1938–45 and as such negotiated the AngloGerman naval agreement of 1935; the German–Japanese anti-Comintern agreement of 1936; the Russo–German Non-aggression Pact of 1939 and the Italo–German–Japanese alliance of 1940. At the war–crime trials at Nurnberg he offered the following in evidence: “I have been a patriot all my life. I have placed myself at the disposal of Adolf Hitler in the desire to help him save our country from ruin in 1933 and to build up a strong and united Germany in Europe. . . . I always was an opponent to the radical party programme. I have always opposed the policy against the Jews, churches, Freemasons, etc., which I considered in principal a fault and which has caused considerable difficulties in foreign politics.” Hanged as a war criminal in 1946.

Johann C. von Schiller (see under Schiller).

Johann A. von Starck (see under Starck).

Count Pericles Voultsos Heinrich von Stephan

(1831–1897) German statesman and first postmaster general of the German Empire. It was Dr. von Stephan who was the moving spirit in founding the Universal Postal Union while a Prussian postmaster general. He first proposed a postal union in 1868, but the Franco–Prussian War caused the plan to be temporarily dropped. In 1874 he succeeded in getting 22 governments to send delegates to a meeting in Berne, Switzerland, where a treaty was adopted. In 1949, the 75th anniversary of the UPU, about 175 countries issued some 600 stamps in commemoration of that event and many bore the picture of von Stephan as the founder. He was a member of the lodge Teutonia zur Weisheit, in Potsdam, having been initiated in 1868.

Frederick William von Steuben (see under Steuben).

Johann W. von Zinnendorf (see under Zinnendorf).

Daniel W. Voorhees (1827–1897) U.S. Senator and Representative from Indiana. b. Sept. 26, 1827 in Butler Co., Ohio, moving to Indiana with parents in early childhood. Graduate of Indiana Asbury (now De Pauw) U. at Greencastle in 1849; studied law and admitted to the bar in 1851, practicing at Covington. He later moved to Terre Haute. Served as U.S. congressman from 1861–66 and again 1869–73. U.S. senator from 1877–97. Member of Fountain Lodge No. 60, Covington, Ind. Is recorded as having made a Masonic address at Terre Haute in Dec., 1873. d. April 9, 1897.

Foster M. Voorhees (1856–1927) Governor of New Jersey,

1899–1901. b. Nov. 5, 1856 in Clinton, N.J. Graduate of Rutgers in 1876, 1879. Admitted to the bar in 1880 and practiced at Elizabeth, N.J., from that date. Served in both branches of state legislature. Raised Feb. 17, 1899 in Washington Lodge No. 33, Elisabeth. Received Scottish Rite degrees in May, 1899. d. June 14, 1927.

William M. Voorhies Brigadier General in Confederate Army in Civil War. b. Sept. 4, 1815 in Maury Co., Tenn. Made Master Mason in Miss. in 1863; received Royal Arch in Columbia, Tenn., in 1866; member of DeMolay Commandery No. 3. Served as senior warden of the lodge, high priest of the chapter and generalissimo of the commandery.

Harold V. B. Voorhis Analytical chemist and assayer. Masonic author. b. Jan. 3, 1894 in Red Bank, N.J. Educated at Columbia U. Joined the firm of Bull & Roberts in 1912 as a laboratory assistant. In 1947 he became secretary and treasurer of the firm. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Was raised in Mystic Brotherhood Lodge No. 21, Red Bank, N.J. on June 1, 1920, and past master of same. Is member of practically every Masonic body. Has made many special studies of Freemasonry and maintains a list of the oldest living Freemasons. He is the author of History of Negro Freemasonry in the United States.

Count Pericles Voultsos Musician. b. Jan. 26, 1910 in Athens, Greece. Studied at N.Y.U., College of Music, U. of Chicago and Aquinas U. A musician since 1930, he was music critic for Greek daily papers, 1948–50 and for National Herald, N.Y.C., 1949–50. He composed three operettas, including

Maid of Phaleron, wrote four piano sonatas, and Mass in C, 1831. Was awarded the Grand Cordon of Holy Sepulchre, 1931; Order of St. Mark, 1st Class, 1948; Commander, Order of Malta; officer of Order of Danilo I; chevalier of Order of Polonia Restituta; commander, Order of S.S. Maurice & Lazarus (Italy); commander of Crown of Italy; chevalier of Order of St. Anne (Russia). Member of Parthenon Lodge No. 1101, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on Oct. 23, Nov. 13, 27, 1935. 32° AASR (NJ).

J. de Vries (1887–1945) Banker of Amsterdam, Holland. For many years he was secretary of the Lodge, Post Nubila Lux, in Amsterdam. During his life he pioneered the General League of Freemasons in Holland. He lectured and wrote much in explanation for the need of cooperation between the various lodges. He served for many years as secretary of the league, and gave of his own wealth to make a success of the organization. During the German occupation of Holland in WWII, he suffered much at the hands of the enemy.

John Black Vrooman Masonic writer and editor. b. March 4, 1899 at Chicago, Ill. His maternal grandfather was General John Charles Black, q.v. Educated at Oxford, England; graduate of Wabash Coll., Crawfordsville, Ind., in 1921 and post graduate work at Indiana State Normal and Fairmont Coll., Wichita, Kans. His first employment was as a teacher in the American Indian Institute, Wichita, Kans. He later taught high school in Versailles, Ill.; French instructor at Fairmont Coll.; reporter on the Wichita Eagle; editor of the Kansas Masonic Digest, 1930–42. Since 1954 he has been executive secretary and editor of

the Philalethes magazine and editor of The Freemason, official publication of the Grand Lodge of Missouri since 1960. He is also librarian of the Scottish Rite Bodies of St. Louis and editor of the Scottish, Rite Magazine. He has also been employed by the Masonic Service Association since 1941, first in charge of the Masonic Service Center in Rolla, Mo. until 1946; established the Masonic hospital visitation program at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1946–54 and since 1954 has been the Masonic Hospital Visitor at the John J. Cochran Veterans Hospital in St. Louis. Initiated in Montgomery Lodge No. 50, Crawfordsville, Ind. on May 9, 1921, he is presently a member of Equality Lodge No. 497 of Newburg, Mo., since 1943, serving as master in 1945. Exalted in Wichita Chapter No. 33, R.A.M., Wichita, Kansas, is presently member of Rolla Chapter No. 33, Rolla, Mo. Greeted in Wichita Council No. 12, R. & S.M. in 1941, presently member of Rolla Council No. 39. Knighted in Rolla Commandery No. 59, K.T., July 2, 1942, and commander in 1946. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Wichita on Nov. 15, 1923 and presently a member in St. Louis, received KCCH in Oct., 1957. Created member of KYCH in 1946. Also member of O.E.S., National Sojourners, Heroes of '76, Missouri Lodge of Research and Grand College of Rites, being one of the three honorary life Fellows of the latter.

Charles W. Vursell U.S. Congressman to 78th–84th Congresses from Ill. b. at Salem, Ill., in 1881. Was first a hardware merchant and later in publishing business. Served in state legislature, 1915–17, and was sheriff of Marion Co., 1910–14. Member of Marion Lodge No. 130, Salem, Ill. receiving degrees on Sept. 19, Oct. 20, Nov. 27, 1906 and is a 50-year member of that lodge.

Maharaja Sir Jaya Chamaraja Wadiyar Governor of Mysore (India). An author and scholar of philosophy. While in Minneapolis, Minn. in 1959, he was entertained by the grand master and other grand lodge officers of that state. The maharaja holds membership under both the Grand Lodge of England and Grand Lodge of Scotland. He is a member and past master of Lodge No. 1811, in Mysore.

Robert Pershing Wadlow (1918–1940) Tallest person in medical history. He was 1.7 inches less than nine feet tall and weighed almost 500 pounds. Masonic ceremonies were conducted at the grave. Received degrees in Franklin Lodge No. 25, Alton, Ill. on Oct. 19, 31, Nov. 4, 1939.

Peleg Wadsworth (1748–1829) Brigadier General of Militia in Revolutionary War and U.S. congressman from Mass. to 3rd–9th congresses, 1793–1807. b. May 6, 1748 in Dux-bury, Mass. Graduate of Harvard Coll. in 1769. Engaged in mercantile pursuits in Kingston, Mass. Served in Revolutionary Army as an aide to Gen. Artemas Ward; an engineer under Gen. Thomas and brigadier general of militia in 1777. Was adjutant general of Mass. in 1778. Moved to Portland, Maine, in 1784 (then a district of Mass.) and became a land agent. Moved to Oxford Co., Maine in 1807 to survey and improve a large tract granted him by the government, and here established the town of Hiram, Maine. Was a member of St. John's Lodge of Boston. He was the maternal grandfather of the American

poet, Henry Wadsworth Longfellow. d. Nov. 12, 1829.

Eberhard Baron von Waechter (1747–1825) Lord of the Chamber to the King of Denmark and Danish Ambassador at Ratisbon. b. in 1747. He was at one time an active member of the Rite of Strict Observance, bearing the name Eques a ceraso. He was sent to Italy by the old Scottish lodge of which the Duke Ferdinand was grand master, that he might obtain some information on the Rite of Strict Observance and learn something of the unknown superiors claimed by that rite. He returned with intelligence unfavorable to Von Hund and increased the embarrassments of the Strict Observance group. They in turn accused him of secretly attaching himself to the Jesuits. d. May 25, 1825.

Russell R. Waesche (1886–1946) Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard. b. Jan. 6, 1886 in Thurmont, Md. Graduate of U.S. Coast Guard Academy in 1906 and advanced through grades to admiral in 1945. Was appointed rear admiral and commandant of the U.S. Coast Guard in 1936; reappointed in 1940 and again in 1944. Received degrees in Acacia Lodge No. 155 (Md.) on April 6, 7, 8, 1908. Suspended NPD March 4, 1936; reinstated Nov. 2, 1936 and suspended again Jan. 16, 1939. d. Oct. 17, 1946.

John “Honus” Wagner (1874–1955) Original member of the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. b. Feb. 24, 1874 at Carnegie, Pa. He was a member of the Pittsburgh Pirate National League team from 1900–17. Previous to that he had played three years with the Louisville team. He was probably

the greatest shortstop in baseball history, and some claim him to be the greatest player. He was known as “Honus,” “Hans” and “The Flying Dutchman.” When he retired in 1917, he had scored more runs, made more hits and stolen more bases than any other player in the history of his league. A life member of Centennial Lodge No. 544, Carnegie, Pa., he received the degrees on March 17, April 21, May 19, 1919. d. Dec. 6, 1955.

Louis Wagner (1838–1914) Brigadier General (Brevet) in Civil War and Commander-in-Chief of G.A.R. in 1880–81. b. Aug. 4, 1838 in Giessen, Hesse–Darmstadt, Germany. Came to Philadelphia with his family in 1849. He entered the Union Army in 1861 and rose through the ranks to colonel in 1863 and brevet brigadier general in 1865. Was badly wounded at Second Battle of Bull Run and the wound broke out anew at Chancellorsville. He was then placed in charge of Camp William Penn for the organization of colored troops and sent to the front over 14,000 men. Began in insurance business in 1866 and was president of the Third National Bank of Philadelphia from 1891. Held many city offices in Philadelphia. Received degrees in Harmony Lodge No. 52, Philadelphia on Jan. 4, Feb. 1, March 1, 1865 and was master in 1872. d. Jan. 15, 1914.

Richard Wagner (1813–1883) German composer. b. 1813 in Leipzig. Although not a Freemason, he wanted to be. He had many Masonic influences in his life, including his family and friends. His brother-in-law, Prof. Oswald Marbach, was one of the most important personalities in Freemasonry during Wagner’s time, and in view of the Masonic aspects of

his Parsifal, it is speculated that he learned much of Masonic ritual and ideas from Marbach. Marbach held the chair of the chapter Ba/duin, Zur Linde of Leipzig for more than 30 years, and was an honorary member of more than 50 lodges. Another great friend was the banker, Feustel in Bayreuth, who from 1863–69 was master of the lodge Zur Sonne in Bayreuth. In 1847 Feustel proposed that the lodge abolish the restrictions on non-Christians becoming members. Seemingly, Wagner informed Feustel of his desire to become a member of the lodge Eleusis zur Verschuregenheit in Bayreuth, but was advised not to submit a formal petition as there were members who reproached Wagner for his personal life. Feustel suggested to Wagner that his admission to the lodge would strengthen the opposition of the Bavarian clericals if it was known he was a member of the Craft.

Webster Wagner (1817–1882) Inventor of the railroad sleeping car. (See also George M. Pullman.) b. Oct. 2, 1817 near Palatine Bridge, N.Y. Received a common school education and became a wagon maker. He subsequently became a freight agent of the New York Central Railroad. In 1858 he had four of his sleeping cars in operation, and their use gradually extended until they were adopted on all the lines of the Vanderbilt system. In 1867 he manufactured the first drawing-room car and founded the Wagner Palace-car Co. of which he was president until his death. Served in both branches of the N.Y. state legislature. Member of Hamilton Lodge No. 79. He was killed in a railroad disaster on the Hudson River Railroad on Jan. 13, 1882.

Philip D. Wagoner President of Elliott–Fisher Co. since 1918. b. July 24, 1876 in Somerville, N.J. Graduate of Stevens Inst. of Technology (N.J.) in 1896. Began with General Electric and in 1910 became president of its subsidiary, the General Vehicle Co. He is honorary chairman of board and director of Underwood Corp. (formerly Underwood–Elliott–Fisher Co.) a consolidation of Elliott–Fisher Co., Underwood Typewriter Co. and Sunstrand Corp. He is a member of York Lodge No. 197, N.Y.C.

Jonathan M. Wainwright (1883–1953) American general who was the hero of Bataan in the Philippine fight and for which he was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor in 1945. b. Aug. 23, 1883 in Walla Walla, Wash. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1906, and advanced through grades to brigadier general, 1938; lieutenant general (temp.) in 1942 and full general in 1945. He retired from service on Aug. 31, 1947. In WWI he was on the general staff of the 82nd Division at Toul, St. Mihiel and Meuse–Argonne. Subsequently he was on general staff of 3rd Army in Germany. He was assigned to Philippine duty in Oct., 1940 and commanded the Philippine Div. He served throughout the Bataan campaign, and assumed command of all troops when MacArthur, q.v., went to Australia. He was a prisoner of war for three years and three months, being rescued in Manchuria in Aug., 1945. He became commander of the 4th Army in 1946. He was stationed at this time in Fort Sam Houston, Texas, but his domicile was in Kansas. At this time application was made to the grand master of Kansas for a special dispensation to confer the degree in less than required time. The degrees

were given in full on the day of May 16, 1946 in Union Lodge No. 7, Junction City, Kansas. He had been previously elected on Dec. 20. The E.A. degree was given in the morning, the F.C. and first section of the M.M. degree in the afternoon, and the second section in the evening. Many of his military comrades were present. The proficiency only was waived, the work being conferred in full form throughout. The following day (May 17) he received the Scottish Rite degrees (SJ) at Salina, Kansas and on the same day took the Shrine degrees in Isis Temple, Salina. Wainwright thus holds what is probably a record; from non-member to Shriner in two days! He later received the KCCH, and in 1948 was awarded the medal of the Grand Lodge of New York for distinguished achievement. He died Sept. 2, 1953 and was buried on Sept. 8 in Arlington Cemetery with Masonic services.

Arthur E. Waite (1857–1942) English Christian mystic and writer on Masonic and occult subjects. b. Oct. 2, 1857 in Brooklyn, N.Y. (site now covered by approach to the Brooklyn Bridge). His mother returned to England following the death of his father in 1858. Reared a Catholic, he later left the church. Was initiated Sept. 19, 1901 and raised Feb. 10, 1902 in St. Marylebone Lodge No. 1305, London. Was exalted May 1, 1902 in Metropolitan Chapter and knighted in the Preceptory of St. George; later became a founder of King Edward VII Preceptory. Among his writings are *The Secret Tradition in Freemasonry*; *Emblematic Freemasonry* or a *New Encyclopaedia of Freemasonry*. A large collection of his writings and letters is in the Iowa Grand Lodge Library at Cedar Rapids. d. May 19, 1942.

Roscoe R. Walcutt General Grand Secretary of the General Grand Chapter, R.A.M. since 1941; lawyer and judge. b. May 29, 1888 in Franklin Co., Ohio. Educated in Martin Boehm Academy (now Otterbein Coll.) and Bowling Green State U., holding an LL.D. degree from the latter. He first taught in public schools, and then turned to shorthand reporting before entering the legal profession. He served for a number of years in the Ohio state senate and became Republican majority leader of that body. He is a polished orator and greatly in demand. He is probate judge of Franklin Co., Ohio (Columbus). Member of Blendon Lodge No. 339 of Westerville, he served as master in 1916. Exalted in Horeb Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. of Westerville, he was high priest in 1920 and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Ohio in 1934. Greeted in Zabud Council No. 99, R. & S.M., Westerville, he was master in 1920 and since 1940 has been grand recorder of the Grand Council R. & S.M. of Ohio. Walcutt was knighted in Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K.T., of Columbus, and commander in 1936. Member of St. Jerome Conclave No. 32, R.C.C.; received 32° AASR (NJ) in 1912 at Columbus and coroneted a 33°, honorary.

David Waldo (1802–1878) Pioneer doctor, soldier and New Mexico trader. b. April 30, 1802 in Clarksburg, W. Va. Graduated in medicine in Lexington, Ky. in 1822 and practiced in Missouri and New Mexico. In 1827 he became interested in the commerce of the prairies and the push to the West, and relinquished his general practice to engage in the overland trade to Santa Fe and Chihuahua. He received his third degree in Missouri Lodge No. 1, St. Louis on May 5, 1829, and then

returned to Taos where he was the first graduate medical doctor to practice in New Mexico. In the late thirties, he returned to Missouri, where he remained until he joined Doniphan's expedition as a captain of artillery. His brother was killed at Moro, N. Mex. during the uprising of 1847, known as the Taos Rebellion. After the Mexican War he returned to Independence, Mo. by way of New Orleans. In 1841 we find him one of the charter members of Independence Lodge No. 35 at Independence, Mo. He was an active Freemason and the records of New Mexico make frequent reference to him. In 1861 he deeded a house and lot to Bent Lodge No. 204 of Taos. Unfortunately he was confined to an insane asylum at Fulton, Mo. in his last years and failed to answer a summons of his lodge at Independence to "appear and show cause" for nonpayment of dues. He was suspended, but at his death when Masonic burial was requested in Independence, Mo., the grand master ruled that he was illegally suspended, and was therefore reinstated. d. May, 1878.

George E. Waldo (1851–1943) U.S. Congressman to 59th and 60th Congresses from 5th N.Y. dist. b. Jan. 11, 1851 in Brooklyn. Admitted to the bar in 1876. Moved to Pasadena, Calif. in 1913. Mason and 32° AASR. d. June 11, 1943.

Ernest L. Waldorf (1876–1943) Methodist Bishop. b. May 14, 1876 in South Valley, N.Y. Graduate of Syracuse U. in 1900 and 1915. Ordained to Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1900 and served churches in N.Y. until 1915, when he went to Cleveland, O. Became bishop in 1920, and was in charge of Kans., Okla., Texas and La. areas; later Mo. was added. In

1932 he was assigned to the Chicago area. Mason. d. July 27, 1943.

Oscar of the Waldorf (see Oscar Tschirky).

John W. Waldron (1873–1935) President of Honokaa Sugar Co., Hawaii, from 1917. b. Aug. 2, 1873 in Bidford, England. With Empire Tobacco Co., Montreal, Canada in 1896–97 and settled in Hawaii in 1897, becoming U.S. citizen in 1906. Was also president of Hawaiian Irrigation Co., director of Inter-Island Steam Navigation Co., Sugar Factors Co., Honolulu Iron Works and Olaa Sugar Co. Raised in Hawaiian Lodge No. 21, Hawaii on June 19, 1900 and withdrew Nov. 2, 1925. d. 1935.

Edward, Prince of Wales (see Edward VII).

Edward, Prince of Wales (see Edward VIII).

Frederick, Prince of Wales (see Louis Frederick).

George Augustus Frederick, Prince of Wales (see George IV).

John Wales (1783–1863) U.S. Senator from Delaware, 1849–51. b. July 31, 1783 at New Haven, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1801, studied law and admitted to the bar in that year, practicing first at New Haven, later at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Md., and after 1815 at Wilmington, Del. Was president of the National Bank of Wilmington, and Brandywine; secretary of the state of Delaware, 1845–49. Elected to senate to fill

vacancy. One of founders of Delaware Coll., Newark. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. d. Dec. 3, 1863.

Clifford M. Walker (1877–1954) Governor of Georgia, 1923–27. b. July 4, 1877 in Monroe, Ga. Graduate of U. of Georgia in 1897 and admitted to the bar that year. He served as mayor of Monroe, Ga., solicitor general, attorney general. Raised Nov. 1, 1898 in Lodge No. 20, Monroe, Ga. Member of Scottish Rite (SJ). d. Nov. 9, 1954.

David S. Walker Former governor of Florida. Member of Jackson Lodge No. 1, Tallahassee, Fla. as early as 1858. Member and high priest of Florida Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., at Tallahassee.

Fred A. Walker (1867–1947) Publisher of New York Evening Telegram, 1920–25, and chairman of executive board, New York Sun, 1925–34. b. March 27, 1867 in South Berwick, Maine. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1888. Was managing editor of Springfield (Mass.) Union, 1893–96; Baltimore News, 1909–11; publisher of Washington (D.C.) Times, 1911–19. Was editorial assistant to Arthur Brisbane on Hearst publications, 1919–20. Mason. d. March 25, 1947.

George Walker (1763–1819) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, Aug. 30–Dec. 16, 1814. b. in Culpeper Co., Va. Served under Generals Greene and Morgan in Revolutionary War. Moved to Ky. in 1797, studied law, and began practice in Nicholasville in 1799. Served in state senate, 1810–14. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Kentucky. d. in 1819.

Gilbert C. Walker (1833–1885) Governor of Virginia, 1869–74 and U.S. Congressman from Virginia to 45th Congress, 1875–79. b. Aug. 1, 1833 in South Gibson, Pa. Graduate of Hamilton Coll., Clinton, N.Y. in 1854, studied law and admitted to the bar in 1855, beginning practice in Owego, N.Y. Practiced law in Chicago, Ill., 1859–64 and then moved to Norfolk, Va. In 1879 he settled in Binghamton, N.Y., and then moved to New York City in 1881, where he continued law practice. He served as president of the New York Underground Railroad Co. d. May 11, 1885. Member of Friendship Lodge No. 153, Owego, N.Y.

Harry C. Walker (1873–1932) Grand Master of Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A. in 1932. b. March 18, 1873 in Binghamton, N.Y. and belonged to bodies in that city. Was 33° AASR S(NJ) and deputy for New York for that supreme council. d. Nov. 2, 1932.

Paul A. Walker Member Federal Communications Commission, 1934–53. b. Jan. 11, 1881 in Washington Co., Pa. Graduate of U. of Chicago, 1909 and U. of Oklahoma, 1912. Taught high school in Shawnee, Okla., and was instructor at U. of Oklahoma, 1909–12. Practiced law at Shawnee, 1912–15; referee of supreme court, 1919–21 and chairman of State Corp. Comm. of Okla., 1931–34. Mason, Knight Templar, and Shriner.

Walton H. Walker (1889–1950) Lieutenant General, U.S. Army (4–star general posthumously). b. Dec. 3, 1889 in Belton, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1912,

advancing through grades to major general in 1942 and lieutenant general in 1945. He participated in the Vera Cruz engagement of the Mexican expedition, and was with the A.E.F. in WWI. In WWII he commanded the IV Armored Corps, 1942–43; the XX Corps, 1943–45; European Theater of Operations, 1944–45; Sixth Service Command, 1946; Fifth Army, 1946–48 and Eighth Army in Japan and Korea from 1948. He died in Korea on Dec. 23, 1950. He was a member of Belton Lodge No. 166, Belton, Texas, a Knight Templar, Shriner and Scottish Rite bodies (SJ) at Galveston, Texas. At the request of his widow, the Star in the East Lodge No. 640, Yokohama, Japan, conducted Masonic services. Buried in Arlington National Cemetery.

Wendell A. Walker Director. Library and Museum of the Grand Lodge of New York. b. 1908 in Battle Creek, Mich. He was educated at Western State Teachers Coll. (now Western Mich. U.), the University College of the South West of England and School of Library Service, Columbia U., N.Y.C. With the exception of two periods of military duty his career has been with the grand lodge library. Served as lieutenant and captain in WWII in campaigns of Sicily, Naples–Foggia, Rome–Arno, Southern France, Rhineland and Central Europe. Recalled for Korean emergency and served two years as a major. Is past master of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C., and dual member of A. T. Metcalf Lodge No. 419, Battle Creek, Mich.; served twice (1950 and 1953) as master of The American Lodge of Research; past district deputy grand master and past grand representative of Argentina. Member of Orient Chapter No. 138, R.A.M., Columbian Council No. 1, R.

& S.M., Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 23, K.T., all of N.Y.C. and in 1957 was most wise master of Chapter of Rose Croix, AASR (NJ). Member of Kismet Shrine Temple, Brooklyn; present viceroy of St. Quentin Conclave No. 75, RCC, and member of many other Masonic connected organizations.

William G. Walker (1824–1860) Revolutionist and adventurer. b. May 8, 1824 in Nashville, Tenn. Studied law and was admitted to the bar. He later studied medicine at Edinburgh and Heidelberg, but turned to journalism in New Orleans and San Francisco. He was a charter member of Texas Lodge No. 46, San Juan Bautista, Calif., later withdrawing. Having visions of becoming a conqueror, on Nov. 3, 1853 he seized La Paz, Lower California, but being compelled by the Mexicans to retreat, he surrendered to U.S. forces. He was tried in San Francisco on conspiracy charges, but acquitted. In 1855 he induced American speculators to interfere in the internal troubles of Nicaragua. He seized Granada and set himself up as president of a new republic, which was recognized by U.S. President Pierce. Native forces combined with Vanderbilt's steamship company and U.S. Navy to defeat him, and he was arrested and returned to the U.S. He was twice released and twice returned to this country. In 1860 he set out with a force for Honduras. He reached Trujillo, but his arrest was demanded by the commander of a British warship, Icarus, and he was forced to retreat. He was captured by the British commander, who delivered him to the Honduras authorities on their demand, and he was court-martialed and shot on Sept. 12, 1860.

Garret D. Wall (1783–1850) U.S. Senator from New Jersey, 1835–41. b. March 10, 1783 in Middletown, N.J. Practiced law first at Burlington, N.J. Served in War of 1812; clerk of state supreme court; quartermaster general of state; member of general assembly and U.S. district attorney in 1829. Elected governor of N.J. in 1829, but declined to serve. Member of Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, N.J. d. Nov. 22, 1850.

David Wallace (1799–1859) Governor of Indiana, 1837–40, and father of Lewis Wallace, q.v., b. April 4, 1799 in Lancaster Co., Pa. Moved with family to Brookville, Ind. in 1817. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1821. Resigned from army to practice law in Franklin Co., Ind. Served one term in congress as a Whig in 1840. Served several terms in state legislature and was lieutenant governor, 1831–34. Advocate of public school system. Made a Mason in 1826 in Brookville Lodge No. 11, and frequently delivered addresses at the annual sessions of the Grand Lodge of Indiana and on other occasions. d. Sept. 3, 1859.

Henry A. Wallace Vice President of the United States, 1941–45; Secretary of Agriculture, 1933–40; Secretary of Commerce, 1945–46. b. Oct. 7, 1888 in Adair Co., Iowa, the son of Henry C. Wallace, q.v., who was secretary of agriculture under President Harding. Graduate of Iowa State Coll. in 1910. Was associate editor of *Wallaces' Farmer*, 1910–24 and editor, 1924–29; editor of *Wallaces' Farmer* and *Iowa Homestead*. Is a former editor of *New Republic*. In 1948 he was a candidate for president. Has written many books on both agriculture and politics, including *Statesmanship* and

Religion; Whose Constitution; Paths to Plenty; The American Choice; Sixty Million Jobs; The Century of the Common Man; Corn and the Midwestern Farmer; Corn and Corn Growing. He was raised Oct. 4, 1927 in Capital Lodge No. 110, Des Moines, Iowa; received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Des Moines on Nov. 23, 1928, affiliated with the District of Columbia bodies (AASR) on Jan. 15, 1935, and dimitted from there on Dec. 2, 1947. He dimitted from Capital Lodge No. 110 of Des Moines on Jan. 13, 1948 and it is not known if his membership was transferred elsewhere.

Henry C. Wallace (1866–1924) Secretary of Agriculture, 1921–24, in cabinets of Harding and Coolidge. b. May 11, 1866 in Rock Island, Ill., he was the father of Henry A. Wallace, q.v. Graduate of Iowa State Coll. in 1892, he was a farmer and breeder of pure bred live stock. Was professor of dairying at Iowa State Coll, 1893–95; manager and associate editor of Wallaces' Farmer, 1895–1916; editor of same, 1916–21. Was president and treasurer of Wallaces' Publishing Co. and Capital City Printing Plate Co. Member of Pioneer Lodge No. 22, Des Moines, Iowa; Tall Cedars of Lebanon (Evergreen Forest No. 49) at Milford, Del. and Za-Ga-Zig Shrine Temple in Des Moines. d. Oct. 25, 1924.

Lewis (Lew) Wallace (1827–1905) Union Major General in Civil War; Territorial Governor of New Mexico, 1878–81; U.S. Minister to Turkey, 1881–85, and author of the famous novel, Ben Hur, a Tale of the Christ. b. April 10, 1827 in Brookville, Ind., son of David Wallace, q.v. He was self-educated, and after the Mexican War, in which he served, he studied law.

At the beginning of the Civil War he was appointed adjutant general of Indiana, and soon afterwards became a colonel of the 11th Ind. Vols. He was commissioned brigadier general in Sept., 1861 and major general in March, 1862. He took part in the capture of Fort Donelson and distinguished himself at Shiloh. He saved Cincinnati from capture in 1863, and was defeated by Early at Monocacy in July, 1864, but saved Washington from capture. He was a member of the court-martial which tried those accused of complicity in the assassination of Lincoln, and was president of the court that tried and convicted Henry Wirz, notorious commandant of the Andersonville prison. He returned to law practice after the war. Other writings by Wallace are *The Fair God*; *Prince of India*; *The Boyhood of Christ*; *Life of Benjamin Harrison*. His statue is in Statuary Hall of the national capitol. Received his degrees in Fountain Lodge No. 60, Covington, Ind. on Dec. 15, 30, 1850 and Jan. 15, 1851. On June 3, 1895 he affiliated with Montgomery Lodge No. 50, Crawfordsville, Ind. d. Feb. 15, 1905.

William H. L. Wallace (1821–1862) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. July 8, 1821 in Urbana, Ohio. Moved with father to Illinois in 1832 and became a lawyer in 1846, but in the same year volunteered as a private in the Mexican War. He rose to rank of adjutant; participated in the Battle of Buena Vista and other engagements. In 1861 he was appointed colonel of the 11th Ill. Vols., and at the Battle of Fort Donelson he commanded a brigade with such ability that it led to his appointment as brigadier general of volunteers. In the Battle of Shiloh, he commanded General C. F. Smith's brigade and

fell mortally wounded. Received degrees in Occidental Lodge No. 50, Ottawa, Ill. on June 15, 16, 1846, and was master in 1848. Exalted in Shabbona Chapter No. 37, Ottawa, on July 17, 1855 and was high priest in 1858. Knighted in Blaney Commandery No. 5, K.T., of Morris, Ill., and was a charter member of Ottawa Commandery, Ottawa, and served as generalissimo. d. April 10, 1862.

William L. Wallace President and Director of Manitowoc Shipbuilding, Inc., since 1952. b. Jan. 29, 1883 in Orange, N.J. With the company since 1907 as draftsman, sales engineer, plant engineer, works manager, vice president and general manager. Member of Manitowoc Lodge No. 65 since 1918; also Manitowoc Chapter No. 16, R.A.M. and Manitowoc Commandery No. 45, K.T. Served as patron of Manitowoc Chapter No. 196, O.E.S. and is member of Tripoli Shrine Temple of Milwaukee.

William R. Wallace Federal Judge, Oklahoma, since 1950. b. Feb. 21, 1886 in Troy, Texas. Admitted to the bar in 1910 and practiced at Pauls Valley, Okla. until 1925, and then at Oklahoma City. Served in both branches of state legislature, and was chairman of Oklahoma Public Welfare Commission, 1939–42. Mason.

Thomas M. Waller (1840–1924) Governor of Connecticut, 1882–84. b. in New York City. He was orphaned at age of nine and adopted by Robert K. Waller of New London, Conn., whose name he assumed. Admitted to the bar in 1861 and practiced at New London. Served several years in general

assembly, and was secretary of state in 1870. Was mayor of New London six years. He was U.S. consul general at London, England in 1885–89. Made a Mason in Brainard Lodge No. 102, New London, Conn. on Dec. 24, 1867 and was junior warden in 1870; member of Union chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Cushing Council No. 10, and Palestine Commandery No. 6, K.T., of New London. While in England he became a member of Anglo–American Lodge No. 2191, London. d. Jan. 25, 1924.

Monrad C. Wallgren U.S. Senator and Governor of Washington. b. April 17, 1891 in Des Moines, Iowa. Engaged in retail jewelry and optical business. Was member of 73rd–76th Congresses, 1933–41, from 2nd Wash. dist. Elected to U.S. senate in Nov., 1940 to replace L. B. Schellenbach, and elected for term 1941–47, but resigned to become governor of Washington in Jan., 1945. Member of Peninsular Lodge No. 95, Everett, Wash., receiving degrees on June 10, July 16, Aug. 19, 1920; 32° AASR (SJ) and Knight Templar.

Homer N. Wallin Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. Dec. 6, 1893 in Washburn, N. Dak. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1917; advanced through grades to rear admiral in 1943 and vice admiral in 1955, retiring from service in the latter year. Served on U.S.S. New Jersey in WWI. He served as repair and shipbuilding superintendent in several Navy yards including Brooklyn, Mare Island, and Philadelphia. In 1942 he was salvage officer in charge of operations at Pearl Harbor, and then assistant maintenance officer of the U.S. Pacific Fleet. In 1942–43 he was maintenance and salvage officer under Admiral Halsey for the South Pacific. From 1943–46 he was

supervisor of shipbuilding in the Puget Sound area; same at Norfolk Naval Shipyard (Va.), 1949–51; and chief of Bureau of Ships, Navy Dept., Washington, 1951. Was raised in Republic Lodge No. 690, New York City in 1922. Received Scottish Rite degrees (NJ) in Brooklyn, N.Y., dimitting to Seattle, Wash. (SJ) in 1945. Received KCCH in 1947. Was president of the National Sojourners in 1955. He has spoken before many Masonic lodges and groups on the subject of “Americanism,” and written on the subject for the Masonic press.

Thomas U. Walter (1804–1887) Architect of the U.S. Capitol extension of 1851–65. b. Sept. 4, 1804 in Philadelphia. Served apprentice under William Strickland, the architect of the U.S. mint, Philadelphia. Began practice as an architect in 1830. While in Washington, D.C. he also designed the extensions of the patent office, treasury, post office buildings, the dome on the old capitol, the congressional library, and the government hospital for the insane. He was an original member of the American Institute of Architects and was president of same at time of his death. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 91, Philadelphia. d. Oct. 30, 1887.

Edward C. Walthall (1831–1898) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1885–94 and 1895–98; Confederate Major General in Civil War. b. April 4, 1831 In Richmond, Va. Admitted to the bar in 1852 and began practice in Coffee-vine, Miss. Entered Civil War as a lieutenant in the 15th Miss. Rgt.; was promoted to brigadier general in 1862 and major general in 1864. After war, resumed law practice at Coffeeville and later at Grenada, Miss. Member of Coffeeville Lodge No. 83. d. April 21, 1898.

Henry Walthall (1878–1836) Movie actor. Member of Beverly Hills Lodge No. 528, Calif.

George Walton (1750–1804) Signer of Declaration of Independence and Articles of Confederation; Revolutionary War officer; Governor of Georgia; Chief Justice of Georgia and U.S. Senator. b. near Farmville, Va. in 1750. He moved to Savannah, Ga. in 1769, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1774. Was secretary of the Provincial Congress in 1775 and member of the committee of intelligence. Was member of the council of safety in 1775, and later president of that body. Served in Continental Congress, 1776–81. He was twice governor of Georgia, 1779 and 1789. He was also twice chief justice of Georgia, 1783–86 and 1793. Was U. S. senator from 1795–96. In the war, he was wounded and captured at Savannah as a colonel of the First Georgia Bn. He was a member of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, Savannah, Ga., but his dates of initiation are not known. He is mentioned in the minutes immediately after the close of the Revolution in 1785 and several times thereafter. When Solomon's Lodge was reconstituted in 1785, Walton took his degrees over again and was then made an "ancient." d. Feb. 2, 1804.

J. C. Walton Former Governor of Oklahoma. Was member of Siloam Lodge No. 276, Oklahoma City, and India Shrine Temple. Expelled for conduct unbecoming a Mason.

William B. Walton (1871–1939) U.S. Congressman to 65th Congress, 1917–19, from New Mexico. b. Jan. 23, 1871 in Altoona, Pa. Began law practice in N. Mex. in 1893 and was

former owner of the Silver City (N.M.) Independent. Was member of house of representatives of New Mexico Territory, 1901–02; member of state constitutional convention of 1910 and member of first state senate of N. Mex., 1812–16. Defeated for U.S. senator in 1918. Received degrees in Silver City Lodge No. 8, Silver City, N. Mex. on Nov. 23, Dec. 18, 1899 and March 22, 1900. Was master of lodge in 1904–05 and tyler in 1906. Started in grand lodge line in 1905 and was grand master of Grand Lodge of New Mexico, 1911–12. Elected a life member of his lodge in 1935. d. April 13, 1939.

Reuben H. Walworth (1788–1867) Last Chancellor of State of New York and U.S. Congressman to 17th Congress, 1821–23. b. Oct. 26, 1788 in Bozrah, Conn., moved to New York with parents, who settled on a farm near Hoosick in 1796. Admitted to the bar in 1809 and began practice in Plattsburg in 1810. Served in the War of 1812 as aide-de-camp to General Benjamin Mooers and was division judge advocate with rank of colonel. Moved to Saratoga Springs, N.Y. in 1828 and was chancellor of the State of New York from 1828–48 when that office was abolished. He was appointed associate justice of the U.S. supreme court by President Tyler in 1844, but was not confirmed by the senate. Member of Rising Sun Lodge No. 103, Saratoga Springs, N.Y. and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New York in 1853. d. Nov. 27, 1867.

John Wanamaker (1838–1922) Noted American merchant and philanthropist. b. July 11, 1838 in Philadelphia, Pa. At the age of 14 he was an errand boy in a book store. Went to Indiana, but returned to Pa. in 1856, and was a retail

clothing salesman for the next two years. In 1861 he established a clothing house known as Wanamaker & Brown at Philadelphia (with Nathan Brown). In 1876 he established a department store in Philadelphia, and a similar business in New York City in 1896. In politics he was an active Republican; declined nomination for 48th congress, as well as for mayor of Philadelphia. He was postmaster general of the U.S. from 1889–93 in the cabinet of President Harrison. An active Presbyterian, he helped found the Presbyterian Hospital, of which he was a trustee, and with Mrs. Wanamaker, built the children's ward. He founded the Wanamaker Institute of Industries, Bethany Dispensary, and First Penny Savings Bank, of which he was president. He erected Y.M.C.A. and college buildings in India, China, Japan, Korea, and many churches and other institutions. In 1914 he sent two relief ships to Belgium. He was made a Mason "at sight" by the grand master of Pennsylvania on March 30, 1898, and then affiliated with Friendship Lodge No. 400 of Jenkintown, Pa. and served as master of the same in 1905. He became a member of Abington Chapter No. 245, R.A.M., Nov. 13, 1900; Mary Commandery No. 36, K.T. of Philadelphia, June 18, 1902. On Dec. 20, 1912 he became a member of Ka-winning Rose Croix Chapter AASR (NJ) in Philadelphia, and received the 33° AASR on Sept. 16, 1913. In the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, he served as chairman of the Museum and Library Committee. d. Dec. 12, 1922.

Paul Waner Elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame at Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1952. b. April 16, 1903 in Harrah, Oklahoma. His nickname is "Big Poison." Both he and his

brother, Lloyd "Little Poison" Waner, were outfielders for the Pittsburgh National League team. Paul played for them from 1926–40; was then with the Brooklyn National League team until 1944, and finally with the New York, American League club until 1945. Both brothers are members of Ada Lodge No. 119, Ada, Okla.

Cheng Thomas Wang Chinese politician. Educated in the universities of Michigan and Yale, he took part in organizing the new Republican Chinese government in 1912. He was a delegate to the Paris Peace Conference in 1918–19 and was China's ambassador to the U.S. in 1936–38. He was a member of the International Court at The Hague. Initiated in 1922 in Oriental Lodge at Peking, China. In 1931 he helped found Amity Lodge in Shanghai.

Artemus Ward (see Charles F. Browne).

Charles A. Ward (1887–1959) President of Brown & Bigelow since 1933. b. May 29, 1887 in Seattle, Wash. With the company since 1925 as foreman of engineering department, 1926–27; superintendent, 1927–28; general superintendent, 1928–29; assistant generalmanager, 1929–31; vice president, 1931–33. Also president of several ink, paper, box and land development companies. Member of Triune Lodge No. 190, St. Paul, Minn.; also both York and Scottish Rite bodies of St. Paul. Member of Osman Shrine Temple, Royal Order of Jesters and High Twelve Club. d. May 25, 1959.

Henry C. Ward (1843–1925) Brigadier General, U.S. Army.

b. Sept. 10, 1843 in Worcester, Mass. Enlisted in 15th Mass. Inf. in 1861 and mustered out as a captain in 1865. Served in Army of Potomac in battles of Ball's Bluff, siege of Yorktown, Fair Oaks, Richmond, Wilderness, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Spottsylvania, and others. Was wounded twice, taken prisoner, and confined in Libby Prison until capture of Richmond in March, 1865. Entered regular army after war, rose to brigadier general in 1905, and retired. Mason. d. Nov. 16, 1925.

John, 6th Lord Ward Grand Master, Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1742–43. He was afterwards Viscount Dudley and Ward.

J. H. Hobart Ward (1823–1903) Union Brigadier General of Volunteers in Civil War. b. June 17, 1823 in New York City. Served as a sergeant major in the 7th U.S. Inf. during the Mexican War. He was commissary general of New York state, 1850–59. At the start of the Civil War he raised the 38th N.Y. Rgt. of Vols. as a colonel, and assisted in organizing the Scott Life Guards, both regiments in the Army of Virginia. He commanded the 1st division, 4th corps at Gettysburg, Manassas Gap and Kelly's Ford. Was made a Mason in Metropolitan Lodge No. 273, N.Y.C. in 1855 and was a member of the military lodge, Master Scott Life Guard Lodge in the 38th N.Y. Rgt. Also member of Metropolitan Chapter No. 140, R.A.M., 1856; Palestine Commandery, K.T.; Mecca Shrine Temple, all of N.Y.C. Was made an active 33° AASR (NJ) member on Sept. 22, 1897. d. in 1903.

Mathias Ward (1805–1861) U.S. Senator from Texas,

1858–59. b. Oct. 13, 1805 in Elbert Co., Ga. Received a college education in Huntsville, Ala., taught school two years, studied law and moved to the Republic of Texas in 1836, settling at Bowie, and subsequently in Clarksville in 1845. Engaged in trading. Served a number of years in the congress of the Republic of Texas. Later moved to Jefferson, Texas. In 1856 he was president of the Democratic State Convention at Austin. He served as junior grand steward and grand sword bearer of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1843–44. Member of DeKalb Lodge No. 9, De-Kalb, Texas, receiving degrees on Sept. 5, Oct. 4, Nov. 10, 1839. d. Oct. 5, 1861.

Ralph A. Ward (1882–1958) Methodist Bishop and missionary. b. June 26, 1882 in Leroy, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1903, 1906, 1919. Ordained to ministry in 1906, he served churches in Mass. until 1909, when he went to Foochow, China as a missionary. Most of his life was spent in China. He was president of the AngloChinese Coll. at Foochow, 1925–27 and executive secretary of World Service of the M.E. Church, 1928–32. Elected bishop in 1937, he was resident bishop at Chengtu until 1941 and at Soochow U., Shanghai, from 1941. In 1956 he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of China, and on Jan. 21, 1956 delivered a sermon at the reconstitution of Pearl River Lodge No. 3 at Taipei, Taiwan. d. Dec. 11, 1958 in Hong Kong.

Samuel Ward (1756–1832) Revolutionary officer, merchant, pioneer in the China trade and founder of marine insurance business. b. Nov. 17, 1756 at Westerly, R.I. Graduate of Brown in 1771. Raised a company and marched to the siege of Boston

in 1775. Joined Benedict Arnold's forces on Canadian expedition; taken prisoner at Quebec. As a major he saw action at Red Bank, writing the official report of the battle, and was with the army at Valley Forge. Retired as a lieutenant colonel on Jan. 1, 1781. Made a voyage to China in 1788, and in 1790 established himself in the mercantile business in N.Y.C. Served as president of the New York Marine Insurance Co. in 1806–08. Initiated in St. John's Lodge at Providence, R.I. on Feb. 17, 1779. d. Aug. 16, 1832.

Orie S. Ware U.S. Congressman to 70th Congress, 1927–29, from 6th Ky. dist. b. May 11, 1882 in Peach Grove, Ky. Graduate of U. of Cincinnati in 1903 and began law practice at Covington, Ky. Received degrees in Covington Lodge No. 109, Covington, Ky. on Nov. 23, 1903, Jan. 25, Feb. 27, 1904. Was grand master of Grand Lodge of Kentucky, 1913–14 and 33° AASR (SJ).

David Warfield (1866–1951) Actor. b. Nov. 28, 1866 in San Francisco, Calif. First appeared at the Wigwam Theatre, San Francisco, in 1889. The following year he went to New York, where he played in the Casino Theatre and Weber and Field's Music Hall, 1898–1900. He was starred by David Belasco in *The Auctioneer*, 1900–03, and *The Music Master*, 1903–07 and 1917–18. Other roles were Vanderdecken in *The Flying Dutchman* and Shylock in *The Merchant of Venice*. He was also starred in *The Grand Army Man* and *The Return of Peter Grimm*. Mason. d. June 28, 1951.

Edwin Warfield (1848–1920) Governor of Maryland,

1804–08. b. May 7, 1848 in Howard Co., Md. Was founder and president of Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md. and Fidelity Trust Co. of Baltimore. Was state senator and president of the senate in 1886. Under President Cleveland, he was surveyor of the port of Baltimore. Served as president general of the National Society, Sons of American Revolution. Member of Adherence Lodge No. 88, Baltimore. d. March 31, 1920.

Fred M. Warner (1865–1923) Governor of Michigan, 1904–10. b. July 21, 1865 in Nottinghamshire, England, coming to U.S. with parents when three months old. On his mother's death he was adopted. Established a large cheese factory at Farmington, Mich. in 1889, and also others in the state. Was secretary of state from 1900–04. Member of Farmington Lodge No. 151, Farmington, Mich. receiving degrees on June 4, 25, July 9, 1898. Shriner. d. April 17, 1923.

Glenn S. "Pop" Warner (1871–1954) Football coach. b. April 5, 1871 at Springville, N.Y. Graduate of Cornell U. in 1894 and admitted to N.Y. bar in that year. Was football coach at U. of Georgia, 1895–96; Cornell U., 1897–98; Carlisle (Pa.) Indian School, 1899–1903; Cornell U., 1904–06; Carlisle, 1907–14; U. of Pittsburgh, 1915–23; Stanford, 1924–32; Temple U. (Philadelphia), 1933–38. Was president of All-American Football Board from 1925. Received the degrees in Springville Lodge No. 351, Springville, N.Y. Received Scottish Rite degrees in 1911 at Harrisburg, Pa. Was also a Knight Templar. d. Sept. 7, 1954.

Harold J. Warner Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon

from 1952–57 and associate justice since 1950. b. Nov. 6, 1890 in Ft. Wayne, Ind. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1913 and 1916. Practiced law first at Pendleton and later at Portland. Received degrees in Eugene Lodge No. 11, Eugene, Oreg. on Dec. 11, 1911; Jan. 23, March 6, 1912. Transferred to Pendleton Lodge No. 52, Pendleton, Oreg. on May 7, 1917. Dropped NPD in 1937 and reinstated in 1950. 32° AASR (SJ).

Jack M. Warner Motion picture producer. b. May 27, 1916 in San Francisco, Calif. Graduate of U. of So. Calif. in 1938, cum laude. Worked in home office of Warner Brothers Pictures, Inc. and then traveled for them throughout the country. Produced short subjects for Warner Bros., then worked in theatre and distribution departments. Organized own firm, Jack M. Warner Productions, in 1949. Is also vice president of Warner Brothers, in charge of TV commercials and industrial films division. Distinguished service in WWII as signal corps officer. Raised in Mt. Olive Lodge No. 506, Los Angeles, Calif. on Nov. 30, 1938. Shriner.

Seth Warner (1743–1784) Colonel of the Revolution, and leader of the “Green Mountain Boys.” b. May 17, 1743 in Roxbury, Conn. Moved with family to Bennington, Vt. (then the New Hampshire Grants) in 1763. When jurisdictional troubles arose with N.Y. residents, Warner and Ethan Allen became the leaders of the residents in the “Grants.” At the opening of the Revolutionary War, he was commissioned by congress. As second in command, he captured Ticonderoga, and the following day took Crown Point with its garrison. For this he was made a colonel by congress on July 27, 1775.

He joined General Montgomery in Canada, took part in the siege of St. John's, N.B., and defeated Sir Guy Carleton. His regiment was then discharged, but he raised another body of troops and marched to Quebec. He fought in 16 battles, remaining in the army until 1782, when his health gave away. He was made a Freemason in Union Lodge No. 1 of Albany, N.Y. in 1772. d. Dec. 26, 1784.

Earl Warren Chief Justice of the United States, since 1953; Governor of California, 1943–53. b. March 19, 1891 in Los Angeles Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1912 and 1914, practicing law in Oakland until 1938. From 1939–43 he was attorney general of Calif. In 1948 he was the Republican candidate for the vice president of the U.S. In Sept., 1953 he was special ambassador of the U.S. to the coronation of Queen Elizabeth II. Since 1953 he has been chancellor of board of regents of Smithsonian Institution and chairman of board of trustees of the National Gallery of Art. A member of Sequoia Lodge No. 349, Oakland, Calif., he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of California from 1935–36. Is a member of Oakland Chapter No. 36, R.A.M. and Oakland Commandery No. 11, K.T. Is past potentate of Aahmes Shrine Temple of Oakland, 1933, and a member of St. Phillip Conclave No. 23, Red Cross of Constantine. He joined the Scottish Rite in Oakland in Dec., 1919; was wise master of Rose Croix in 1938, venerable master of Lodge of Perfection in 1945 and received honorary 33° AASR (SJ) on Dec. 23, 1941.

Francis E. Warren (1844–1929) Territorial Governor and first elected Governor of Wyoming; U.S. Senator from Wyoming.

b. June 20, 1844 in Hinsdale, Mass. Enlisted as a private in 49th Mass. Vol. Inf. in Civil War and won the Congressional Medal of Honor for gallantry on the battlefield at the siege of Port Hudson. Engaged in farming and stock raising in Mass., and moved to Wyoming (then a part of the Territory of Dakota) in 1868. Here he was interested in real estate, mercantile, livestock businesses. Was a member of the Territorial senate, and was president of same in 1874. Was treasurer of Wyoming in 1876, 1879, 1882, 1884. Was appointed governor of Wyoming Territory by President Arthur in Feb., 1885, but was removed by President Cleveland in Nov., 1886. Again appointed governor by President Harrison in March, 1889, and served until elected as first governor of the state, Sept. 11, 1890. He resigned his governorship on Nov. 24, 1890 to become U.S. senator, serving from 1890–93, and again from 1895 until his death on Nov. 24, 1929. He was a member of Cheyenne Lodge No. 1, Cheyenne, Wyo. Received AASR (SJ) degrees in Nov., 1900 and 33° on March 7, 1908. He was a member of the Korein Shrine Temple at Rawlings, Wyo. His daughter, Helen, married John J. Pershing, q.v., and died in a fire, together with her three daughters, at the Presidio in San Francisco, Calif., in 1915.

Frederick A. Warren (1877–1944) Judge of Supreme Court of South Dakota from 1931 and three times Presiding Judge. b. Aug. 13, 1877 in Green Bay, Wis. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1903. Practiced law at Flandreau, S. Dak. Member of Flandreau Lodge No. 11, Flandreau, S. Dak. as well as Orient Chapter No. 19, R.A.M. and Ivanhoe Commandery No. 13, K.T. all of Flandreau. Shrine membership in El Riad

Temple, Sioux Falls, S. Dak. d. June 18, 1944.

John Warren (1753–1815) Physician in the American Revolution and brother of Joseph Warren, q.v. b. July 27, 1753 in Roxbury, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1771, and studied medicine for two years with his brother, Joseph, and then began practice in Salem, Mass., where he attained rapid success. He attended the wounded at the Battle of Bunker Hill (where his brother was killed) and here received a bayonet wound, while attempting to pass a sentry in order to see his brother. He was appointed hospital surgeon, and in 1776 accompanied the army to N.Y. and N.J. He was at Trenton and Princeton, and from 1777 until the close of the war was superintending surgeon of the military hospitals in Boston. For nearly 40 years he occupied the foremost place among the surgeons of New England. In 1783 he was appointed professor of anatomy and surgery in the newly established medical school at Harvard. He was first president of the Massachusetts Medical Society and retained that office from 1804 until his death. He was made a Mason in St. Andrews Lodge, Boston on April 18, 1777, and on June 6, 1780 became a member of Massachusetts Lodge of Boston. On June 24, 1783 he became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. d. April 4, 1815.

Joseph Warren (1741–1775) American Physician and Major General in American Revolution. b. June 11, 1741 in Roxbury, Mass., the brother of Dr. John Warren, q.v. Graduate of Harvard in 1759. After teaching school for a year, he took up the study of medicine and began practice in 1764. From

the time of the 1765 Stamp Act he contributed to the press, and when Samuel Adams left Boston in 1774 to attend the Continental Congress in Philadelphia, Warren became the leading figure in Massachusetts political movements. He wrote the Suffolk Resolves of Sept. 9, 1774, and after the provincial Congress met in October, he became chairman of the Committee of Safety. He was elected president of the Provincial Congress on May 31, 1775. It was Warren who sent Paul Revere and William Dawes, qq.v., to Lexington on April 18, 1775 to warn Hancock and Adams of their danger. On June 14, 1775 he was elected major general of the Mass. forces, but three days later he was killed in the Battle of Bunker Hill while fighting in the ranks as a volunteer. His body was buried near the spot where he fell, and remained there until it was found and identified on April 4, 1776. On April 8, the grand lodge convened for the purpose of burying the remains of its late grand master. The remains were reinterred in the tomb of George Richard Minot, a friend of the Warren family, in the Granary Burying Ground, Boston, where they remained until 1825. Then they were removed to the Warren tomb in Saint Paul's Church, Boston. On Aug. 2, 1855, the remains were deposited in an urn and placed in the family vault at Forest Hills Cemetery, Boston. Warren received his degrees in the Lodge of St. Andrew, Boston, in 1761, and was elected master of the lodge, Nov. 30, 1768. On May 30, 1769, George Earl of Dalhousie, grand master of Scotland, granted him a commission as provincial grand master of Masons in Boston, New England, and within 100 miles of the same. A subsequent commission dated March 3, 1772 extended his jurisdiction over all of North America. Warren

exercised the authority of his commission on Dec. 27, 1769 by organizing the Provincial Grand Lodge of Massachusetts (Ancients) at the Green Dragon Tavern, Boston, and continued as its grand master until his death at Bunker Hill on June 17, 1775. The above organization is historically known as Massachusetts Grand Lodge. It assumed its independence on March 8, 1777, thus becoming the first independent grand lodge in the United States. On March 5, 1792 it united with St. John's Lodge of Massachusetts.

John Warrock (1774–1858) Printer and publisher of Warrock's Almanac. b. Nov. 4, 1774 in Richmond, Va. For forty years he issued his almanac annually. He was chosen to the office of printer to the Virginia senate, and held that place for more than forty years. Was initiated Jan. 9, 1810 in Richmond Lodge No. 10, Richmond, Va., and was later master and treasurer. Also member of Richmond Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. d. March 8, 1858.

Henry D. Washburn Led a party into the Yellowstone area in 1870. It included Grand Master Nathaniel P. Langford, q.v., of Montana, and Cornelius Hedges, q.v., deputy grand master and grand secretary of Montana for 36 years. Langford was appointed first superintendent of the park. Washburn was a Mason, but his lodge is not identified.

Booker T. (Taliaferro) Washington (1859–1915) Negro educator and leader, who was a Prince Hall Freemason. b. near Hale's Ford, Va. Graduate of Hampton Institute of Va. in 1875 and honorary degrees from Harvard and Dartmouth.

He founded the Tuskegee Institute of Alabama in 1884 and served as its president. A writer and speaker on racial and educational subjects, he was the author of many books including *Sowing and Reaping*; *Up From Slavery*; *Future of the American Negro*; *Character Building*; *Working With Hands*; *The Negro in Business*; *The Story of the Negro*; *My Larger Education*, etc. He was made a Mason “at sight” by the grand master of the Prince Hall Grand Lodge of Massachusetts. This caused some difficulty, as he was then a resident of Alabama and this jurisdictional question may have prevented him from affiliating with a lodge in his jurisdiction. d. Nov. 14, 1915.

George Washington (1732–1799) First President of the United States; supreme commander of Continental forces in American Revolution and “father of his country.” b. Feb. 22, 1732 (by present calendar) at Bridges Creek, Westmoreland Co., Va. Inasmuch as his biography is readily available, this sketch will deal only with the Masonic facets of his life. He was initiated in 1752 in the lodge at Fredericksburg, Va., and the records of that lodge, still in existence, show that on the evening of Nov. 4 “Mr. George Washington was initiated as an Entered Apprentice” and the entrance fee of £2 3s was acknowledged. On March 3, 1753 he received the Fellow Craft degree, and on Aug. 4, same year, was raised to Master Mason. Each of the above days fell on Saturday and he was last in the Fredericksburg lodge on Saturday, Sept. 1, 1753. It is possible that he received some additional degree, or was reobligated during the French War in a military lodge attached to the 46th Regiment. It might have been the Mark Master degree. It is also speculated that he received the Royal Arch degree in

Fredericksburg Lodge as it was being worked by that lodge at the time Washington was raised. This claim is aided by the fact that in Aug., 1784 Lafayette presented Washington with a Masonic apron which had been embroidered by Madame Lafayette, and contained emblems of the Royal Arch with the letters H.T.W.S.S.T.K.S. in a circle and a beehive within the circle to indicate that it was the wearer's mark. In 1777 a convention of Virginia lodges recommended Washington to be Grand Master of the Independent grand lodge of that commonwealth. Washington, however, declined. Soon after the start of the Revolution, there was a movement to throw off the authority of the mother country, and several of the provincial grand lodges assumed an independent character. The idea of a grand master for all the colonies also became popular. On Feb. 7, 1780, a convention of delegates from Army lodges met at Morristown, N.J. and suggested to several grand lodges that "one Grand Lodge in America" be established. On Jan. 13, 1780, the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania held a session, and declaring that Freemasonry would benefit by "a Grand Master of Masons throughout the United States," they elected Washington for the position. They then sent minutes of the election to the different grand lodges, but when Mass. failed to come to any determination on the question, the matter was dropped. The next Masonic record of Washington is in 1788 when Lodge No. 39 of Alexandria, Va., which had previously been working under the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, transferred its allegiance to Virginia. On May 29 of that year the lodge adopted the following resolution: "The Lodge proceeded to the appointment of Master and Deputy Master to be recommended to the Grand Lodge of Virginia when George

Washington, Esq., was unanimously chosen Master; Robert McCrea, Deputy Master; Wm. Hunter, Jr., Senior Warden; John Allison, Junior Warden. The charter to the lodge was issued by Edmund Randolph, then governor of Virginia and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia, and named Washington as master. It also designated the lodge as Alexandria Lodge No. 22. In 1805 the lodge was permitted to change its name to that of Washington Alexandria Lodge in honor of its first master. Washington served in the capacity of master a total of 20 months. Throughout his career, Washington visited a number of lodges and attended many Masonic functions. His correspondence has many references to Freemasonry. In 1797 he wrote the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts, "My attachment to the Society of which we are members will dispose me always to contribute my best endeavors to promote the honor and prosperity of the Craft." In an earlier letter to the same body he expressed his idea that the Craft's "grand object is to promote the happiness of the human race." In answering a letter from the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1791, he said: "I recognize with pleasure my relation to the Brethren of your Society," and "I shall be happy, on every occasion, to evince my regard for the Fraternity." He also referred to the fraternity as "an association whose principles lead to purity of morals, and are beneficial of action." Writing to the officers and members of St. David's Lodge at Newport, R.I. in 1791 he stated: "Being persuaded that a just application of the principles on which the Masonic fraternity is founded must be promotive of private virtue and public prosperity, I shall always be happy to advance the interests of the Society, and to be considered by them as a deserving Brother." In

November, 1798, only 13 months before his death, he wrote to the Grand Lodge of Maryland; "So far as I am acquainted with the doctrines and principles of Freemasonry, I conceive them to be founded in benevolence, and to be exercised only for the good of mankind. I cannot, therefore, upon this ground, withdraw my approbation from it."

Lawrence Washington (1854–1920) Reference librarian, Library of Congress, and last male member of the Washington family. b. Jan. 14, 1854 in Mt. Vernon, Va., the ancestral home. Educated in Virginia Military Institute, 1869–71. He was a civil engineer from 1871–76 and engaged in farming from 1876–97. From 1897 he was with the Library of Congress. Made a Mason in Alexandria Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va., Feb. 22, 1910. d. Jan. 28, 1920.

William H. Waste (1868–1940) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of California, 1926–40. b. Oct. 31, 1868 in Chico, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1891 and 1894 and began law practice at Oakland, Calif. Served in state legislature; was judge of superior court, Alameda Co.; presiding justice dist. court of appeal and associate justice of supreme court from 1921. Member of Durant Lodge No. 268 and master in 1901. Was grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Calif. in 1922 and in 1939 elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of California, but because of failing health was compelled to resign. d. June 6, 1940.

Sterry R. Waterman U.S. Circuit Judge, Court of Appeals, 2nd Circuit (N.Y.C.). b. June 12, 1901 in Taunton, Mass.

Studied at Dartmouth, Harvard and George Washington U. Admitted to the bar in 1926. Practiced law in Vermont until nominated as circuit judge of court of appeals in 1955. He is a member of Passumpic Lodge No. 27; Haswell Chapter No. 11, R.A.M.; Caledonia Council No. 13, R. & S.M.; Palestine Commandery No. 5, K.T., all of St. Johnsbury, Vt. Served as commander of his commandery and grant commander of the Grand Cornmandery of Vermont, K.T. Is 33° AASR (NJ).

Louis A. Watres (?–1937) Prominent Pennsylvania lawyer and banker. b. in Mt. Vernon, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1878, and was lieutenant governor of Pa. in 1891–95. Was chairman of board of Scranton Lackawanna Trust Co., president of Scranton Republican Publishing Co. and the Mansfield Water Co., and director of the First National Bank. Member and past master of Peter Williamson Lodge No. 323, Scranton, and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1916–17. A Knight Templar and Shriner, he was a 33° AASR (NJ) member. For several years he was president of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association. d. June 28, 1937.

John R. Watrous (1754–1842) Surgeon in American Revolution. Was a physician at Colchester, Conn. and a co-founder of the Conn. State Medical Society. Initiated in American Union Lodge on Feb. 17, 1779, and on Dec. 15, 1779 became secretary. Was senior deacon of that lodge in 1782. Became deputy grand master of Conn., was grand high priest of thegrand Chapter, R.A.M., and first grand commander of the Grand Cornmandery, K.T., of Conn.

Burl S. Watson Business executive. b. Nov. 7, 1893 in Talledega Co. Ala. Graduate of U. of Alabama in 1916. Began with Cities Service Co. and became president in 1946. Has been also, president and general manager of the Chesebrough Building Co., N.Y.C., from 1939; president and director of No. 8 State St. Corp. from 1937; president and director of Sixty Wall St. since 1940, as well as Mexico Texas Petrolene & Asphalt Co., Sabina Gordo Petroleum Corp., Zulia Petroleum Corp. Is also an officer and director in many more companies. Mason.

Frederic Watson Musician. Arranger of George M. Cohan's, q.v., *Over There*. Member of Charter Oak Lodge No. 249, N.Y.C.

George Watson English painter. A pupil of Nasmyth and Sir Joshua Reynolds. He became the first president of the Royal Scottish Academy. A member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses No. 325, London.

James Watson (1750–1806) U.S. Senator from New York. b. April 6, 1750 in Woodbury, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1776. Served in Conn. regiment as captain in 1776–77; resigned and studied law; in 1780 appointed purchasing agent for Conn. troops. Moved to N.Y.C. in 1786 where he engaged in mercantile pursuits. Served in both branches of state legislature. Member of Society of the Cincinnati. U.S. senator from 1798–1800, resigning to accept appointment as naval officer at N.Y.C. Admitted a member of St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Corm., July 3, 1783. d. May 15, 1806.

James E. Watson (1863–1948) U.S. Congressman and U.S. Senator from Indiana. b. Nov. 2, 1863 in Winchester, Ind. Admitted to the bar in 1886 and began practice in Winchester. Served in 54th congress, 1895–97 and 56th–60th congresses, 1899–1909. Resumed law practice at Rushville, Ind. Was U.S. senator from 1916–33 and then practiced law in Washington, D.C. Received degrees in Winchester Lodge No. 56, Winchester, Ind. on Jan. 23, May 7, June 23, 1892; transferred to Phoenix Lodge No. 62, Rushville, Ind. in 1898 and in good standing there at death on July 29, 1948.

Thomas J. Watson (1874–1956) Chairman of Board of International Business Machine Corp. b. Feb. 17, 1874 in Campbell, N.J. Was connected with National Cash Register Co. as branch manager, special representative, and general sales manager, for 15 years. Was president and director of IBM, 1914–49; chairman of the board and chief executive officer, 1949–56, and chairman of board after 1956. He has one of the longest biographies in Who Was Who, having received hundreds of honorary degrees and awards. Raised May 20, 1901 in Valley Lodge No. 109, Rochester, N.Y. Received grand lodge 50-year service medal in 1952, and in 1954 was presented the grand lodge medal for distinguished achievement. d. June 19, 1956.

Edmund O. Wattis (1855–1934) President of Six Companies, Inc., builders of Hoover Dam. b. March 6, 1855 in Uintah, Utah. Was in railroad construction work from early youth. Vice president and director of Utah Construction Co. from 1911, and later chairman of board. An organizer of the Six

Companies, Inc., in 1931. Was president of Lake View Mining Co. and vice president of Utah Rapid Transit Co. His main activity was in building railroads. Built the W. P. Railroad from Salt Lake City to Oroville, Calif.; the U.P. from Salt Lake City to Calif. state line; relocation of S.P., U.P., and D. & R.G. Railroads, involving over 200 tunnels. Built the O'Shaughnessy Dam and American Falls Dam. Affiliated with Unity Lodge No. 18, Ogden, Utah on March 1, 1916 from Oroville Lodge No. 103, Oroville, Calif. Member of Scottish Rite and Shrine. d. Feb. 3, 1934.

Richard C. Watts (1853–1930) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of South Carolina from 1927; associate justice from 1912. b. March 15, 1853 in Laurens, S. Car. Practiced law at Laurens, S.C. after 1873. Was circuit judge from 1894–1912. Mason and grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M., of S. Car. in 1883. d. Oct. 13, 1930.

John Wautuhquant Indian chief. The minutes of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C., of June 29, 1802 state: "In consequence of an application being made by Bro. Holmes (Rev.) in favor of an Indian linguist and chief of the Mohegan tribe, named John Wautuhquant, who wished to be initiated into the mysteries of this fraternity, and to receive the three degrees in one night, a dispensation for this purpose having been applied for and granted by the M.W. Grand Master, this person was pursuant thereto brought forward and had those three degrees conferred upon him."

William W. Waymack Member of U.S. Atomic Energy

Commission, 1946–48; editor and Pulitzer Prize winner. b. Oct. 18, 1888 in Savanna, Ill. From reporter to chief editorial writer of Sioux City (Ia.) Journal, 1914–18. With Des Moines (Ia.) Register and Tribune from 1918; managing editor, 1921–29; editorial editor and director, 1931–46; vice president, 1939–46; editor, 1942–46. Member board of directors Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, 1941–46. Served on many national quasi-governmental commissions including Resources Planning Board, War Labor Board, International Economic Reconstruction, Farm Tenancy, Rural Housing, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, etc. Won Pulitzer Prize in 1937 for editorial writing, and Sigma Delta CM award for same in 1938. Received degrees in Tyrian Lodge No. 508, Sioux City, Iowa on Oct. 22, 29, Dec. 3, 1914 and later became charter member of Morningside Lodge No. 615, Sioux City where he still holds membership. 32° AASR (SJ) and Shriner.

Anthony Wayne (1745–1796) General in American Revolution. b. Jan. 1, 1745 in Easttown, Pa. He was a surveyor and farmer in Pennsylvania. He recruited and led a regiment at the start of the Revolution, becoming a brigadier general in 1777, and in 1792 was appointed by Washington a major general in command of the regular army. His bravery earned him the name of “Mad Anthony.” After the war, his successful negotiations and military victories over the Indians opened up the Northwest U.S. to settlers. He is said to have been a Freemason, but his lodge has not been identified with certainty. He is credited with membership in “Winchester Lodge No. 12,” but no location is given for it. Sache refers to him in his Old Masonic Lodges of Pennsylvania as a Mason, and

states that in June, 1778 he “gave a grand entertainment and banquet to the members of the Masonic fraternity.” On July 16, 1857 the Grand Lodge of New York dedicated a monument to his memory at Stony Point, N.Y. d. Dec. 15, 1796.

Arthur J. Weaver (1873–1945) Governor of Nebraska, 1929–31; orchardist. b. Nov. 18, 1873 in Falls City, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1895 and 1896. Practiced law at Falls City until 1904, when he became a fruit grower, and later raised grain and livestock. Was president of Weaver & Towle Orchards Co., Falls City Hotel Realty Co., Falls City Wholesale and Supply Co. Was a director of the Omaha branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City. Held many city, county, and state political offices. Member of Falls City Lodge No. 9, receiving degrees on Jan. 7, Feb. 4, March 16, 1895. Member of Scottish Rite (SJ) at Omaha. d. Oct. 18, 1945.

Joseph Webb Proprietor of the famous Webb House in Wethersfield, Conn., where Washington conferred with French officers to institute the campaign which resulted in the British surrender at Yorktown. His house is now the headquarters of the Colonial Dames of Conn., and is filled with many interesting pieces of household articles of colonial days. He was a brother of Col. Samuel Webb of General Washington’s staff. Joseph was an early member of St. John’s Mark Lodge (1st in the U.S.) of Middletown, Conn. and of Washington Chapter No. 6, Middletown.

Thomas Smith Webb (1771–1819) Credited as the founder of the American, or York Rite of Freemasonry. b. Oct. 13, 1771

in Boston, Mass. His parents had only recently emigrated from England. He worked in Keene, N.H. as an apprentice printer, and here he was initiated into Rising Sun Lodge. He then moved to Albany, N.Y., where he opened a bookstore. While here he helped establish a Royal Arch Chapter and a Knight Templar Encampment. In 1797 he published at Albany the first edition of his *Freemasons Monitor; or Illustrations of Masonry*. He did not claim the authorship until the subsequent edition, but his name and that of his partner, Spencer, appear in the imprint as publishers. About 1801 he moved to Providence, R.I., where he engaged in the manufacture of wallpaper. He affiliated with St. John's Lodge of that city, and after passing through the chairs, was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island in 1813. On Oct. 24, 1797 a convention of committees from several Royal Arch chapters in the Northern states was held in Boston for the purpose of establishing a grand chapter for those states. Webb was chosen chairman. When the grand chapter was organized in 1798, Webb was elected grand scribe, and reelected in 1799, at which time that body assumed the title of General Grand Chapter. In 1806 he was promoted to general grand king, and in 1816 to deputy general grand high priest, holding that office until his death. In 1816 he visited the Western states and remained there two years, during which time he was actively engaged in organizing chapters, grand chapters and encampments. He established the grand chapters of Ohio and Kentucky by virtue of his powers as deputy general grand high priest. d. July 6, 1819 while visiting in Cleveland, Ohio.

William J. Webb Vice President and General Manager

of Outboard Marine Corp. from 1952. b. Jan. 30, 1901 in Shullsburg, Wis. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1923. With Elto Outboard Motor Co. and its successors (Outboard Marine) since 1926. Was successively assistant sales manager, sales manager and director of sales. Member of Amicitia Lodge No. 25, Shullsburg, Wis. since 1922; exalted in Wauwatosa Chapter No. 92, R.A.M. and knighted in Wauwatosa Commandery No. 51, K.T., both of Wauwatosa, Wis. Received 32° AASR in Milwaukee and member of Tripoli Shrine Temple of that city.

Charles E. Webber Sovereign Grand Inspector General (AASR, NJ) for Virginia from 1959. b. Jan. 17, 1900 in Salem, Va. President of Farmers' National Bank of Salem and in the pharmacy business formany years. Member of Taylor Lodge No. 23, Salem; master in 1926 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1948; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Virginia in 1942; past commander of Bayard Commandery No. 15, K.T., of Roanoke; past sovereign of Red Cross of Constantine; past potentate of Kazim Shrine Temple, Roanoke. Received KCCH in 1939 and 33° in 1947.

Frederick Webber (1827–1907) Secretary General of Southern Supreme Council, AASR, 1886–1907. b. June 1, 1827 at Cork, Ireland. Knighted in Louisville, Ky. Commandery No. 1, K.T., Feb. 28, 1851; exalted in Louisville, Ky. Chapter No. 5 R.A.M. in May, 1850. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Louisville on Aug. 16, 1852 and 33° at Charleston, S.C., becoming an active member on March 28, 1859. Member of Antiquity Lodge No. 113, Louisville, receiving all degrees on June 1, 1848. d. Nov. 4, 1907.

Lord Webb-Johnson English physician. Held titles of K.C.V.O.; C.B.E.; D.S.O.; T.D.; and M.B. Was a fellow and past president of the Royal College of Surgeons. Was surgeon to Her Majesty Queen Mary, and was in attendance at her death in March, 1953. Was senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of England in 1936 and given past rank of junior grand warden in 1948.

Joseph M. Weber (1867–1942) Actor, manager and member of the team, Weber and Fields. b. Aug. 11, 1867 in New York City. Educated in N.Y.C. public schools, he began his stage career with Lewis M. Fields in 1877. With Fields he managed several theatrical enterprises, including the Broadway Music Hall from 1895–1904. After 1904 he was the owner and manager of Weber's Theatre. Member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C. d. May 10, 1942.

Max Weber (1824–1901) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Aug. 27, 1824 in Achern, Germany. Graduate of the military academy at Karlsruhe in 1843, he took part as an officer in the revolution in support of the German Parliament in 1849, and upon its failure, came to the U.S. He served in the U.S. Army, 1861–65 from colonel of 20th N.Y. Vols. to brigadier general (1862). He lost his right arm at the Battle of Antietam. He had command of Harper's Ferry against General Early. Following the war he was assessor and collector for internal revenue at N.Y.C. for ten years. Member of Trinity Lodge No. 12, N.Y.C., from 1851 until his death in 1901.

Randolph H. Weber Federal Judge, Eastern District of

Missouri from 1957. b. Nov. 26, 1909 in St. Louis, Mo. Graduate of Washington U. in 1933, and admitted to the bar in that year. He practiced law in Poplar Bluff, Mo. from 1933–57, serving as city attorney, prosecuting attorney, circuit judge, and in the state legislature. Member of Poplar Bluff Lodge No. 209, past master of same, and past district deputy grand master of the 52nd Missouri Masonic District. Member of Poplar Bluff Chapter No. 114, R.A.M.

Daniel Webster (1782–1852) American statesman. U.S. Congressman, senator and twice secretary of state. Said by many to have been an anti-Mason. He was present and took part in the Masonic cornerstone laying of the Bunker Hill Monument on June 17, 1825, with his friend Isaiah Thompson, q.v.

Georg C. G. Wedekind (1761–1831) German physician and Masonic author. b. Jan. 8, 1761 at Gottingen. He was professor of medicine at Metz and a medical writer of reputation. As a Freemason, he was distinguished as a member of the Eclectic Union. His Masonic works are numerous and consist in the main part of addresses and pamphlets.

William W. Wedemeyer (1873–1913) U.S. Congressman from Michigan to 62nd Congress, 1911–13. b. March 22, 1873 in Washtenaw Co., Mich. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1894 and 1895 and began practice of law at Ann Arbor in 1899. He was American consul at Georgetown, British Guiana in the summer of 1905; president of the Michigan Fraternal Congress. Member of Golden Rule Lodge No. 159, Ann Arbor,

Mich., receiving degrees on April 12, 26, May 31, 1900. d. Feb. 2, 1913.

Thurlow Weed (1797–1882) American journalist and politician who was an anti-Mason, but later mellowed in his views toward the fraternity. b. Nov. 15, 1797 in Cairo, N.Y. He was editor of the Albany (N.Y.) Evening Journal from 1830–62 and became a leader of the Whig and later of the Republican party. He was instrumental in the nomination of Harrison, Clay, Taylor and Scott. He was an associate of Seward and Greeley (both anti-Masons), q.v., in the political domination of New York State. In 1867 he became editor of the New York Commercial Advertiser. d. Nov. 22, 1882.

George Weedon (1730–1790) Brigadier General in the American Revolution. b. in Fredericksburg, Va. about 1730. Previous to the Revolution, he was an innkeeper in his native town and a zealous patriot. He became a lieutenant colonel of the 3rd Va. Rgt. in Feb., 1776 and in August of the same year was transferred to the 1st Va. Rgt. Commissioned brigadier general in Feb., 1777, he participated in the battles of Brandywine and Germantown. In the former he supported the brigade in Gen. Nathanael Greene's, q.v., division that rendered valuable service in arresting the British pursuit. He retired from the Army in a dispute with Gen. Wm. Woodford as to supremacy of rank. In 1780 he resumed the command of a brigade and during the siege of Yorktown in Oct., 1781 was in charge of the Virginia militia at Gloucester. He was made a Mason in Kilwinning Cross Lodge No. 2, Port Royal, Va. on May 3, 1757 and later seemingly affiliated with Fredericksburg

Lodge No. 4 (Va.) in his home town, where he was a regular attendant for many years. He presided at the ceremony in Fredericksburg on Sept. 19, 1783, “fixing at the market house a grand keystone and plate of silver inscribed in testimony of the revival of Masonry and our intention to fix our covenant there.” d. 1790.

Illa Delbert Weeks President of University of South Dakota since 1935. b. Sept. 5, 1901 in Scotia, Nebr. Received degrees from Nebr. State Teachers Coll., State U. of Iowa and Dakota Wesleyan U. Served as superintendent of schools in Riverdale, Nebr.; professor of rural education at Northern State Teachers Coll. (Nebr.) and state superintendent of public instruction for S. Dak. from 1933–35. Member of Sunrise Lodge No. 211, Aberdeen, S. Dak. 33° AASR (SJ) at Yankton, S. Dak. and member of El Riad Shrine Temple at Sioux Falls, S. Dak.

Sinclair Weeks Secretary of Commerce of the United States, 1953–58 and U.S. Senator from Massachusetts, Feb.–Dec., 1944, serving in place of Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr. b. June 15, 1893 in West Newton, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1914. Associated with the First National Bank of Boston from 1914. Served as a captain of field artillery in WWI with A.E.F. in France. Member of Fraternity Lodge, Newton, Mass., receiving degrees in 1922–23.

Mason Locke Weems (1760–1825) An itinerant preacher and bookseller, who fabricated the story of George Washington and the cherry tree. Known as “Parson” Weems, he was born in Dumfries, Va. about 1760, and studied theology in London.

He took the orders of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and for several years was rector of Pohick Church, Mount Vernon Parish, Va., of which Washington was an attendant. The necessities of his large family compelled him to resign that charge about 1790 and he became a book agent for Mathew Carey of Philadelphia. He was one of America's first door-to-door salesmen and traveled throughout the South peddling his wares. He was equally ready for a stump, a fair or a pulpit. Among his own writings are *The Philanthropist*; *Life of George Washington*; *Life of Gen. Francis Marion*; *Life of Benjamin Franklin* and *Life of William Penn*. He was a member of Lodge No. 50, Dumfries, Va. At one time he dedicated a copy of *The Philanthropist*, signing himself as "your very sincere friend and Masonic Brother." d. May 23, 1825.

Carl M. Weideman U.S. Congressman to 73rd Congress, 1933–35, from Mich. b. March 5, 1898 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Detroit Coll. of Law in 1921 and since practiced at Detroit. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 477, Detroit, Mich., receiving degrees on May 12, 23, Sept. 15, 1931.

Perry W. Weidner (1871–1932) Twenty-Ninth Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, K.T., of the U.S. Was active member of the Supreme Council AASR (SJ) in 1911; secretary-general of same from 1921–23; orator in 1929 and grand minister of state in 1931. d. Aug. 16, 1932.

William Weigel (1863–1936) Major General in WWI. b. Aug. 25, 1863 in New Brunswick, N.J. Graduate of

Caspar H. Weis U.S. Military Academy in 1887. Served in Indian wars, Spanish–American War, Philippine Insurrection and WWI. Promoted to major general in 1918 and after war reverted to rank of colonel. Made a brigadier general in regular Army in 1921 and major general in 1924, retiring in 1927. In WWI he commanded the 56th Brig. of the 28th Div. and later the 88th Div. Mason. d. March 4, 1936.

Caspar H. Weis Midget. b. April 19, 1878 in Morchingen, Germany. Made a Mason in Richard Vaux Lodge No. 384, Philadelphia just after the turn of the century. Was also a member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 3, R.A.M., Corinthian Commandery No. 53, K.T. and Lu Lu Shrine Temple, all of Philadelphia. He was 47 inches tall and weighed 55 pounds.

Adam Weishaupt (1748–1811?) Founder of the Order of Illuminati. b. Feb. 6, 1748 in Ingoldstadt, Germany. He was educated by the Jesuits. He was named as professor extraordinary of law at Ingoldstadt U. in 1772, and in 1775 professor of natural and canon law. The latter position had been held previously only by an ecclesiastic. Weishaupt's views were cosmopolitan and liberal. He condemned the bigotry and superstitions of the established church and gained a following of young students who would meet in his private apartment and discuss philosophic subjects. This was the beginning of his Order of the Illuminati, or Enlightened Ones. At first it was totally unconnected with Freemasonry, for Weishaupt was not initiated into the Craft until 1777, when he received the degrees in the Lodge Theodore of Good Counsel at Munich. He then sought to incorporate the Illuminati into

Freemasonry. Originally of high aims and purposes, the organization became a corrupt political instrument, and fell into disfavor. In 1784 all secret associations were prohibited by royal decree, and the following year Weishaupt was deprived of his professorship and banished from the country. He went to Gotha and was kindly received by Duke Ernest, who made him a counselor and gave him a pension. His date of death is given variously as 1811 and 1830.

Harry Weiss (see under Harry Houdini).

Godfrey Weitzel (1835–1884) Union Major General in Civil War. b. Nov. 1, 1835 in Cincinnati, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1855, he advanced to major general of volunteers in 1864; brigadier general in regulars in 1865 and brevet major general in regulars, same year. After the capture of New Orleans he became assistant military commander and mayor of the city. Was in Louisiana until 1864. Commanded the 18th Army Corps in 1864, and later was in charge of all troops north of the Potomac River during final operations against General Lee's Army. After the war he was in command of the Rio Grande district in Texas and later in engineering work at Philadelphia. Mason. d. March 19, 1884.

Herbert Welch Methodist Bishop. b. Nov. 7, 1862 in New York City. Graduate of Wesleyan U. in 1887 and 1890. Entered ministry in 1890, serving churches in Bedford Station, N.Y.; St. Luke's, N.Y.C.; Brooklyn; Middletown, Conn.; and Mt. Vernon, N.Y. Was president of Ohio Wesleyan U. from 1905–16 and elected bishop in 1916. Was resident bishop of Japan and

Korea, 1916–28; Pittsburgh area, 1928–32; Shanghai area, 1932–36; Boston area, 1938–39. Received 33° AASR (NJ) on Aug. 13, 1920.

Paul R. Welch (1882–1952) President of Welch Grape Juice Co., from 1928 and later Chairman of Board.

Arthur, Duke of Wellington b. July 20, 1882 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Columbia U. Law School in 1905. He was vice president of the Welch company from 1903–14; vice president and treasurer, 1914–28. Member of Summit Lodge No. 219, Westfield, N.Y., receiving degrees on May 11, 25, June 22, 1914. Dimitted May 14, 1951. d. Nov. 22, 1952.

Philip J. Welch U.S. Congressman from Missouri to 81st and 82nd Congresses, 1949–53. b. April 4, 1895 in St. Joseph, Mo. He served St. Joseph as both treasurer and mayor. In 1946 he was appointed assistant director of the R.F.C. in Kansas City. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ), Shriner and Jester.

Herman Welker (1906–1957) U.S. Senator from Idaho from 1951. b. Dec. 11, 1906 at Cambridge, Idaho. Graduate of U. of Idaho in 1929 and admitted to the bar that year. Moved to Los Angeles, 1936–43, but returned to Payette, Idaho in 1944, where he practiced until elected senator. Was state senator, 1948–50. Mason. d. Oct. 30, 1957.

Ovington E. Weller (1862–1947) U.S. Senator from Maryland, 1921–27. b. Jan. 23, 1862 in Reisterstown, Md. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1881 and served two years

in Navy. Graduate of National Law School (D.C.) in 1887 and practiced law for three years. He then became a member of a stock brokerage firm in Boston and New York, retiring in 1901 to travel extensively. In 1927 he resumed the practice of law in Baltimore. Received degrees in Ionic Lodge No. 145 (Md.) on May 28 (1st and 2nd) and Aug. 9, 1907. Dimitted Dec. 18, 1936 and no further record in Maryland. Was 32° AASR (SJ). d. Jan. 5, 1947.

Gideon Welles (1802–1878) Secretary of the Navy, 1861–69. b. in Glastonbury, Conn., he was editor and part owner of the Hartford (Conn.) Times. Active in politics, he was postmaster of Hartford from 1836–41 and an organizer of the Republican party in 1856. In this same year he founded the Republican newspaper Hartford (Conn.) Evening Press. A supporter of both Lincoln and Johnson, he was secretary of the Navy in both their cabinets. He was instrumental in developing the Monitor, famous Civil War ironclad ship. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 4 and Pythagoras Chapter No. 17, R.A.M., both of Hartford.

Sir Arthur Wellesley (see Duke of Wellington).

Viscount and Marquis of Wellesley (see under Mornington).

Arthur, Duke of Wellington (1769–1852) British general and statesman known as “The Iron Duke”; defeated Napoleon, q.v., at Waterloo. He entered the army in 1787. He was an Irish member of Parliament from 1790–95. After commanding a

division in the war with Tipu in 1799, he returned to England as Irish Secretary for three years and was then given command as lieutenant general in the Peninsular War of 1808. He defeated the forces of King Joseph (Bonaparte) at Talavera; forced the French to retreat under Massena and defeated them at Salamanca. Given supreme command of Spain, he drove the French across the Pyrenees in 1814 and was created 1st Duke of Wellington in that year. With the Prussian Blucher, he crushed Napoleon at Waterloo in 1815. Was active in politics the remainder of life, being prime minister of England in 1828–30 and commander in chief of the armed forces 1827–28, 1842–52. His father, Gafrett, Earl of Mornington, q.v., was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1776, and his brother Richard, 1st Marquess of Wellesley and 2nd Earl of Mornington, q.v., was grand master of Ireland in 1782. The Iron Duke was initiated in the family Lodge No. 494 (I.C.) at Trim on Dec. 7, 1790 as “A. Wesley” (the family used this name until about 1790, when they changed it to Wellesley). His father was master of the lodge at this time and his brother was also present in the lodge. He continued as a subscribing member until 1795. The Duke admitted as much in 1838, when Dublin Lodge No. 2, having acquired the Trim warrant, wished to call itself by his name. It is curious, however, that in 1851, towards the end of his life, when pestered by an importunate correspondent, the Duke denied “any recollection of having been admitted a Freemason.”

Edward W. Wellington (1853–1925) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1915–18. b. Feb. 4, 1853 in Cambridge, Mass. He earned his way through college and

graduated with honors from Harvard in 1874. Admitted to the Mass. bar in 1877, he moved to Kansas the following year, where he became a successful business man in Ellsworth. He headed the four York Rite bodies of Kansas, being grand master of Masons in 1907, grand high priest in 1902, grand master of the Grand Council in 1902, and grand commander in 1901. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in 1917. Was grand warden of the Grand Encampment, K.T., in 1904–07. He originated and carried out the trip to Pike's Peak, Colorado in 1899 where a memorial was deposited in a crypt hewn in the rock. d. Feb. 18, 1925.

John S. Wells (1803–1860) U.S. Senator from New Hampshire, 1855. b. Oct. 18, 1803 in Durham, N.H. Studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1828, practicing at Guildhall, Vt. until 1835, moving to Lancaster, N.H. in 1836 and then to Exeter in 1847. Served in lower house of state legislature and was speaker in 1841. In 1847 he was attorney general of N.H., and in 1851–52 was president of the state senate. Member of Star in the East Lodge No. 52, Exeter, N.H. d. Aug. 1, 1860.

W. Franklin Wells (1884–1947) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1942–46. b. March 14, 1884 in Clayton Co., Ga., one of 15 children. Dr. Wells received his M.D. degree from Atlanta School of Medicine in 1911 (now part of Emory U.). He served on the faculty of the school until 1917. He practiced after 1917 in Atlanta, Ga. and vicinity, making his home at Hapeville. He specialized in gynecology and obstetrics. In 1932 he was made a fellow of the American College of Surgeons, and was visiting

gynecologist and obstetrician to Georgia Baptist Hospital and Grady Memorial Hospital, both of Atlanta. Raised in Hapeville Lodge No. 590 in 1912, he served as master in 1916–18 and 1926. Exalted in East Point Chapter No. 97 in 1916, was high priest in 1919 and grand high priest in 1927. Greeted in East Point Council No. 23, he was grand master in 1933. Knighted in Coeur de Lion Commandery No. 4, May, 1918, he was grand commander in 1947. 32° AASR (SJ) at Atlanta in May, 1918 and member of Yaarab Shrine Temple, Atlanta. d. Nov. 7, 1947.

George A. Welsh Federal Judge, Eastern District of Pennsylvania since 1932 and U.S. Congressman to 68th–72nd congresses, 1923–33, from 6th Pa. dist. b. Aug. 9, 1878 in Bay View, Md. In law practice at Philadelphia, where he held many political offices. Served as director and secretary of Temple U. for many years, and a vice president since 1939. Received degrees in Mount Moriah Lodge No. 155, Philadelphia on June 27, Sept. 26, Oct. 31, 1905 and master of same in 1917. A Knight Templar.

Earl of Wemyss (see Lord Elcho).

Francis, 6th Earl of Wemyss (see Francis Charteris).

Elmer H. Wene (1892–1957) U.S. Congressman from N.J. to 75th, 77th–78th Congresses, 1937–39 and 1941–45. b. May 1, 1892 in Pittstown, N.J. Engaged in poultry raising near Vineland, N.J. from 1918. President and owner of station WSNJ at Bridgeton, N.J. and WTTM at Trenton, N.J. Was defeated for U.S. senator, 1944, and governor in 1947. Member

of Vineland Lodge No. 69 (N.J.), receiving degrees on Jan. 21, Feb. 25, March 25, 1918. d. Jan. 25, 1957.

Benning Wentworth (1696–1770) English Colonial Governor of New Hampshire, 1741–1767. b. July 24, 1696 in Portsmouth, N.H. Graduate of Harvard in 1715, he became a merchant in Portsmouth. He issued land grants in what is now southern Vermont and was challenged by the colonial governor of New York, who claimed the land was in his territory. For these grants he received heavy fees, through which he accumulated a large fortune. He stipulated that on each grant a lot be set aside for the erection of an Episcopal church. After his resignation as governor, he gave 500 acres of land to Dartmouth College. His second wife is the subject of Longfellow's poem, Lady Wentworth. Bennington, Vt. was named in his honor. He was admitted a member of St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H. in 1736. d. Oct. 14, 1770.

Sir John Wentworth (1737–1820) Last Colonial Governor of New Hampshire and later Governor of Nova Scotia. b. Aug. 9, 1737 in Portsmouth, N.H., the nephew of Benning Wentworth, Tv. A graduate of Harvard in 1755, he then associated with his father as a merchant. He succeeded his uncle as royal governor of New Hampshire in 1767, serving until 1775. He was a popular man, giving Dartmouth College its charter and endowing it with 44,000 acres of land. He also gave a piece of land to each member of the first graduating class. When the American Revolution began he sailed to England and remained there for its duration. In 1792 he was appointed governor of Nova Scotia, holding that office until

1808. He was a member of the Royal Nova Scotia Regiment Lodge No. 24 and master of same in 1800–01. d April 8, 1820.

John Wentworth (1815–1888) Chicago pioneer, editor and politician. b. March 5, 1815 in Sandwich, N.H. After graduation at Dartmouth in 1836 he settled in Chicago. He attended the first meeting to consider the propriety of organizing the town of Chicago into a city, and did much to procure its charter. Admitted to law practice in 1841. He purchased the Chicago Democrat and made it the chief daily paper of the Northwest. He was publisher, editor and proprietor of same until 1861. He served three terms as a U.S. congressman, 1843–51, 1853–55 and 1865–67. He was one of the founders of the Anti-Slavery party, out of which grew the Republican party. Was elected mayor of Chicago in 1857 and again in 1860. As mayor, he introduced the first steam fire-engine, named Long John in his honor. He was a very tall man and was nicknamed “Long John.” Initiated in Oriental Lodge No. 33, Chicago, in 1841. d. Oct. 16, 1888.

Joshua Wentworth (1742–1809) Colonel of the 1st New Hampshire Regiment in 1776. b. in Portsmouth in 1742. He served four years in the legislature and was appointed a delegate to the Continental Congress, but did not attend. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth. d. Oct. 19, 1809.

Louis H. Wentz (1877–1949) Oklahoma oil producer and philanthropist. b. in Tampa City, Iowa, Nov. 10, 1877. Settled at Ponca City, Okla. in 1911 and became one of the principal oil and gas producers of the state. He was the founder of

the Lew Wentz Foundation of Oklahoma U., the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical Coll. and other colleges of the state for providing students with loans. He was organizer and treasurer of the Oklahoma Society for Crippled Children, and was a leader in the movement for State Crippled Children's Law and the construction of a state hospital for crippled children. He was founder of a camp for boys' and girls' organizations at Ponca City and also a wild game sanctuary near that city. Member of Ponca City Lodge No. 83; received 32° AASR (SJ) at Guthrie on Oct. 17, 1912; KCCH Oct. 18, 1927 and 33° on Oct. 17, 1933. A Knight Templar and Shriner. He was president of the Masonic Charity Foundation of Oklahoma, financed the Ponca City Masonic Temple and personally financed student loan funds in Okla. d. June 9, 1949.

Harald Nicolai Storm Wergeland (1814–1893) Norwegian Lieutenant General and provincial grand master of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Norway. Received K.C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

Hazen G. Werner Methodist Bishop of Ohio since 1949. b. July 29, 1895 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Albion Coll. (Mich.) and Drew U. (N.J.). Ordained a minister in 1924 and then served churches in Detroit and Flint, Mich. and Dayton, Ohio. From 1945–49 he was head of department of practical theology of Drew U., Madison, N.J. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 13, Dayton, Ohio and was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, 1941–42. Received Scottish Rite degrees in the Valley of Dayton in Nov., 1940 and made honorary 33° AASR (NJ) Sept. 26, 1945 at Boston.

Reinald Werrenrath (1883–1953) Baritone, teacher and conductor. b. Aug. 7, 1883 in Brooklyn, N.Y. Made debut at Metropolitan Opera House as Sylvio in *Pagliacci*, on Feb. 19, 1919. Appeared with success in recitals and oratorios in leading cities of the U.S. from 1907. Was star of operetta, *Music in the Air*, 1932–33. With NBC from 1929–32 as vocal supervisor. Taught in own studio at Carnegie Hall, N.Y., Washington Musical Inst. (D.C.) and Albany (N.Y.) Conservatory. Member of Guttenberg Lodge No. 737, Albany, N.Y. receiving degrees on May 16, June 6, 20, 1946. d. Sept 12, 1953.

Floyd R. Wertman (1884–1947) Vice President of S. S. Kresge Co. b. April 2, 1884 at Farm Mundy, Mich. Was with Kresge Co. from 1906, becoming vice president in charge of merchandising. Mason and 32° AASR (NJ) . d. May 13, 1947.

Wesley (see also Wellesley).

John Wesley (1703–1791) The founder of Methodism was not a Freemason, although sometimes claims are made of his membership. A critical examination by W. J. Chetwode Crawley concludes that the person of that name initiated in Downpatrick Lodge No. 36, Downpatrick, Ireland, on Oct. 30, 1788 was not the Wesley of Methodist fame. As a matter of fact it seems that he entertained dubious opinions of the fraternity. Had he been a member of the Craft it would undoubtedly have been chronicled in his copious and accurate journals and diaries.

Samuel Wesley (1766–1837) Distinguished English organist,

whom Mendelssohn called “the father of English organ-playing.” He was a nephew of John Wesley, q.v., founder of Methodism. b. Feb. 24, 1766. Raised in the Lodge of Antiquity No. 1, of London, on Dec. 18, 1788 at the age of 22. He was appointed grand organist of the Grand Lodge of the Moderns on May 13, 1812, being the first to hold that office. He was at his place as organist at the assembly which ratified the Articles of Union, Dec. 1, 1813, and at the inaugural communication of the United Grand Lodge of England, when the two grand lodges merged. In honor of the occasion he composed the Grand Anthem, for Freemasons. He was appointed to this position annually until succeeded by Sir George Smart. He was the composer of many songs, glees, etc. for the use of the Craft. d. Oct. 11, 1837.

Theodoric R. Westbrook (1821–1885) U.S. Congressman from New York, 1853–55. b. Nov. 20, 1821 in Fishkill, N.Y. Graduate of Rutgers Coll. (NJ) in 1838; admitted to the bar in 1843 and began practice in Kingston, N.Y. Elected justice of supreme court of N.Y. in 1873. Member of Kingston Lodge No. 10, Kingston, N.Y. d. Oct. 6, 1885.

William W. Westcott (1848–1925) English physician and Masonic author. b. Dec. 17, 1848, he was orphaned at ten years of age. Received diplomas from College of Surgeons and of the Society of Apothecaries at age of 21. Initiated in 1871, he became master of Quatuor Coronati Lodge in 1893, and was the author of many valuable contributions to the transactions of that lodge. Became secretary general of the Societas Rosicruciana in Anglia in 1883. His home lodge was

Parret and Axe Lodge No. 814, Crewkerne, England. d. July 30, 1925.

Lord Westhall (see David Dalrymple).

Thomas, 6th Earl of Westmeath Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1763.

Oscar Westover (1883–1938) Major General and Chief of U.S. Air Corps from 1935. Westover Air Force Base in Mass. is named in his honor. b. July 23, 1883 in Bay City, Mich., he was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1906. Rose through grades to major general in Dec., 1935. In WWI he was assistant executive of the Bureau of Aircraft Production. From 1919–20 he was chairman of the U.S. Claims Board; from 1922–28 was director of aircraft production in the U.S. Became assistant to chief of Air Corps in 1932 and chief in 1935. He participated in many free balloon races in the U.S. and abroad. Mason. d. Sept. 21, 1938.

Carl V. Weygandt Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Ohio since 1933. b. June 14, 1888 in Wayne Co., Ohio. Graduate of Coll. of Wooster, 1912. Began as a teacher in country school and later high school at Wooster, Ohio. Began law practice at Cleveland in 1918. Served in the state general assembly, and was judge of court of common pleas six years. From 1930–33 he was judge of the 8th appellate district of Ohio. Member of Ebenezer Lodge No. 33, Wooster Chapter No. 27, R.A.M., Wooster Council No. 13, R. & S.M., Wooster Commandery No. 48, K.T., all of Wooster; 33° AASR (NJ),

Red Cross of Constantine and Shrine.

Thomas, 2nd Viscount of Weymouth Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of England (Moderns) in 1735.

Francis Charteris, 6th Earl of Weymyss Twelfth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1747.

James, 5th Earl of Weymyss Eighth Grand Master Mason of Scotland in 1743.

Francis, 8th Earl of Weymyss (see Lord Elcho).

Fred L. Wham Federal Judge, Eastern Illinois, 1927–1956. b. June 15, 1884 in Marion Co., Ill. Admitted to the bar in 1909, first practicing in Ft. Smith and Fayetteville, Ark. In 1917 he moved to Centralia, practicing law until 1927. Member of Centralia Lodge No. 201, Centralia, Ill. and received 50-year card in 1959. Member of Scottish Rite in East St. Louis, he was created an honorary member of the Supreme Council in 1945 and an active member for Illinois in 1952. Is a Knight Templar and Shriner.

Philip, 1st Duke of Wharton (1698–1731) Was the second person of the nobility to be Grand Master of England and the fourth Roman Catholic to hold that office. He has been called the “evil genius” of the early grand lodge days. When he was 18 the Old Pretender conferred on him the Dukedom of Northumberland, on the strength of which he borrowed and squandered ≈£2,000 from the widow of James II. Upon

returning from his travels, he espoused the Hanoverian cause and was rewarded with another dukedom. He took his seat in the House of Lords and was president of the notorious Hell-Fire Club. Anderson's account in his second Book of Constitutions (1738) accuses the duke of having engineered his irregular election as grand master in June, 1722. He was almost certainly the founder of the anti-Masonic body of "Gormogons." In 1726 he left England, never to return, and the next year found him fighting against the British at the siege of Gibraltar. For this he was outlawed by England and shorn of his title and estates in 1729. In the same year he formed a lodge in Madrid which lasted until 1768. He became a Roman Catholic in 1726 and died in a monastery. He was satirized by Pope in his Moral Essays: "Wharton, the scorn and wonder of our days, whose ruling passion was the lust of Praise."

William H. Wheat (1879–1944) U.S. Congressman to 76th–77th Congresses from Ill. b. Feb. 19, 1879 in Kahoka, Mo. Was president of the First National Bank of Rantoul, Ill., from 1909. Member of Rantoul Lodge No. 470, Rantoul, Ill. receiving degrees on June 10, 17, 22, 1916; Shriner. d. Jan. 16, 1944.

Zachary D. "Zach" Wheat Elected to Baseball Hall of Fame, Cooperstown, N.Y. in 1959. b. May 23, 1888 in Hamilton, Mo. Was left fielder for Brooklyn Dodgers for 18 years. Now operates a resort on the Lake of the Ozarks. Member of Polo Lodge No. 232, Polo, Mo.

Burton K. Wheeler U.S. Senator from Montana, 1923–47. b. Feb. 27, 1882 in Hudson, Mass. Graduate of U. of Michigan in 1905 and began law practice at Butte, Mont. in 1906. Served in state house of representatives, and for five years was U.S. attorney of the District of Montana. Since 1947 he has practiced law with his son. In 1924 he was the Progressive Party candidate for the vice presidency, with Robert M. LaFollette as the presidential running mate. Member of Butte Lodge No. 22, he received the Scottish Rite degrees (SJ) at Butte on May 22–25, 1916 and is a member of Bagdad Shrine Temple of Butte.

Joseph Wheeler (1836–1906) Confederate Lieutenant General in the Civil War. His statue is in the Hall of Fame of the U.S. Capitol. b. Sept. 10, 1836 in Augusta, Ga., he was graduated from the U.S. Military Academy in 1859. Resigned from the Army on April 22, 1861 and was made colonel of the 19th Alabama Inf. the following Sept. He commanded a brigade at Shiloh and covered the Confederate retreat. In July, 1862 he was transferred to a cavalry command and became famous for his raids. Made brigadier general in Oct., 1862, major general in Jan., 1863, and lieutenant general in Feb., 1865. He contested General Rosecrans' advance; commanded the cavalry at Chickamauga; was at the siege of Knoxville, covering Bragg's retreat from Mission Ridge and Lookout Mountain. He fought almost daily against General Sherman's march to the sea. At the end of the war he was senior cavalry general of the Confederate Armies. After the war he studied law and practiced in Wheeler, Ala., where he was also a planter. His election to the 47th congress was

successfully contested, but subsequent to the death of W. M. Lowe, who had contested his seat, he was elected to the same congress and served from March 4, 1885 until April 20, 1900. In the Spanish–American War he was commissioned major general of volunteers in May, 1898, in charge of a cavalry division. He commanded at the Battle of Las Guasimas and in all the conflicts in front of Santiago. He was senior member of the commission that negotiated the surrender of the Spanish Army in Cuba. He then served in the,Ä¢Philippine Insurrection, commanding the 1st Brig., 2nd Div., 8th Army in the Tarlac campaign. He was commissioned brigadier general in the regular Army in 1900. Was raised, Nov. 4, 1873, in Courtland Lodge No. 37, Courtland, Ala., and was a member of Courtland Chapter No. 25, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 14, K.T., of Decatur, Ala. d. Jan. 25, 1906.

Kenneth S. Wherry (1892–1951) U.S. Senator from Nebraska, 1943–51. b. Feb. 28, 1892 in Liberty, Nebr. Graduate of U. of Nebraska in 1914. He was senate minority whip, 1944–46; Republican whip 1944–48 and Republican floor leader from 1949. In WWI he was with the U.S. Naval Flying Corps. Member of Pawnee Lodge No. 23, Pawnee City, Nebr. and Shriner. d. Nov. 29, 1951.

Abraham Whipple (1733–1819) Commodore in the American Revolution. On June 9, 1772 he led the volunteers that took and buried the British schooner Gaspe in Narragansett Bay, which was the first American uprising against a British armed vessel. b. Sept. 16, 1733 in Providence, R.I. He commanded a vessel in the West Indian trade early in

life. During the French War of 1759–60 he commanded the privateer *Gamecock* capturing 23 French vessels in a single cruise. In June, 1775, Rhode Island fitted out two armed vessels, placing Whipple in command with the title of commodore. He captured the British sloop *Rose*, and in this encounter fired the first gun of the Revolution on the water. Later captain of the *Columbus* and then the *Providence*. The latter ship captured more British prizes than any other American vessel. In July, 1779, while commanding the *Providence* and two other ships, he attacked a fleet of English merchantmen under convoy and captured eight of them, a prize in excess of one million dollars. In 1780 he went to Charleston, S. Car. in an effort to relieve that city, but was captured by the British and held prisoner until the close of the war. He later became a farmer at Cranston, R.I., but in 1799 connected himself with the Ohio Company and settled at Marietta. He was initiated and passed in St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Providence, R.I. on June 4, 1761. He was a brother of William Whipple, q.v., signer of the Declaration of Independence. d. May 29, 1819.

William Whipple (1730–1785) Signer of the Declaration of Independence and Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. Jan. 14, 1730 in Kittery, Maine, he was the brother of Abraham Whipple, q.v. He commanded a ship before he was 21 and engaged in the European, West India and African trade, bringing many slaves from the latter continent. In 1759 he abandoned the sea and went into business in Portsmouth, N.H. with his brother, Joseph. Was elected a delegate to the Continental Congress from N.H. in 1775 and served until 1778, declining his reelection. Was

commissioned brigadier general in 1777 and commanded a brigade of state troops at the battles of Saratoga and Stillwater. After Burgoyne's surrender he signed the articles of capitulation on behalf of General Gates. He participated in Sullivan's expedition to R.I. in 1778 and resigned his commission in 1782. Was state superintendent of finances from 1782–84. His petition was received by St. John's Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, N.H. on January 2, 1752 at the age of 21. Some sources say the date was June 2, but this is probably due to the abbreviation in the lodge minutes, i.e.: "At a Lodge held at Mr. James Stoutley, this 2d Jan. 1752, being the first night of the Quarter, Mr. William Whipple Proposed & by Dispensation Balloted for & Unanimously Voted to be made a member of this Society." d. Nov. 28, 1785.

John Whistler (1756–1829) U.S. Army Captain who was the builder and first commandant of Fort Dearborn (site of Chicago). b. about 1756 in Ulster, Ireland. He ran away from home as a boy and enlisted in the British Army, serving under General Burgoyne during the American Revolution. After the war he settled at Hagerstown, Md. Enlisting in the army, he was severely wounded in the Indian campaign of 1791. Was promoted to captain July 1, 1797, and in the summer of 1803 was sent with his company of the 1st Infantry from Detroit to the headwaters of Lake Michigan, where he completed construction of Fort Dearborn before the close of the year. He attained the rank of brevet major and in 1815 was appointed military store-keeper, first at Newport, Ky. and afterwards at Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis, Mo. Member of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10 (now

Harmony No. 2) of Cincinnati. d. Sept. 3, 1829.

John C. Whitaker Former President and Chairman of Board of R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. b. Aug. 7, 1891 in Winston-Salem, N.C. Graduate of U. of North Carolina in 1912 and with Reynolds Co. since 1913. Was vice president from 1937-48; president, 1948-52; chairman of board, 1952-59 and now honorary chairman. Has been a director since 1935. Received degrees in Winston Lodge No. 167, Winston-Salem, N.C. on April 26, 1919, April 30, May 7, 1926. Received N.C. 25-year service award on Oct. 19, 1951 and elected to life membership Dec. 10, 1956. Elected to honorary membership in Forsyth Lodge No. 707 (N.C.) on June 14, 1960.

James Whitcomb (1795-1852) U.S. Senator and Governor of Indiana. b. Dec. 1, 1795 in Windsor, Vt. Graduate of Transylvania U. (Ky.) in 1819, studied law and began practice in Bloomington, Ind. in 1824. Appointed by President Jackson as Commissioner of the General Land Office, he served from 1836-41 and then resumed law practice in Terre Haute, Ind. Was governor of Indiana, 1843-49 and U.S. senator from 1849-52. He was past master of Bloomington Lodge No. 22, Bloomington, Ind. and served as grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Indiana at one time. Member of Indianapolis Chapter No. 5, R.A.M. and secretary of same from Feb. 3-May 30, 1846. Raper Commandery No. 1, K.T. of Indianapolis was organized on May 17, 1848 at the governor's residence and on May 20 the orders were conferred on Whitcomb as the first initiate of the commandery. He served as recorder of the commandery from May, 1848 until

Jan., 1849, when he left for Washington to take his seat as senator. d. Oct. 4, 1852.

Albert B. White (1856–1941) Governor of West Virginia, 1901–05. b. Sept. 22, 1856 in Cleveland, Ohio. Graduate of Marietta Coll. in 1878. Was a reporter and later managing editor of the Lafayette (Ind.) Daily Journal 1878–81, when he purchased the State Journal at Parkersburg, W. Va. and remained editor until retired in 1899. He was raised in Mt. Olivet Lodge No. 3, Parkersburg, in 1887 and received the chapter degrees and commandery orders in the same year. In 1895–96 he was commander of his commandery. d. July 3, 1941.

Bob White (see under Ray P. Holland).

Frank White (1856–1940) Treasurer of the United States, 1921–28 and Governor of North Dakota, 1901–05. b. Dec. 12, 1856 in Stillman Valley, Ill. Graduate of U. of Illinois in 1880. He served in both branches of the N. Dakota legislature. He served in the Philippines as a major of the 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. in 1898–99, and in WWI was a colonel of the 41st Inf. Div., spending 14 months in France. He was a member of a military lodge attached to the 1st N. Dak. Vols. and served as junior warden. Later he became grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of N. Dak., 1916–17. Was raised March 29, 1889 in Valley City Lodge No. 7, Valley City, N. Dak.; exalted in Cheyenne Chapter No. 4, R.A.M. of that city on Aug. 12, 1889 and knighted in Wi-ha-ha Commandery No. 4, K.T. of Jamestown, March 13, 1890. He was a charter

member of St. Elmo Commandery No. 5, K.T., Valley City and was commander in 1908. d. March 23, 1940.

George White (1872–1953) Governor of Ohio, 1931–35 and U.S. Congressman to 62nd, 63rd and 65th congresses, 1911–15 and 1917–19. b. Aug. 21, 1872 in Elmira, N.Y. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1895. He mined for two years in the Klondike, and after 1902 was an oil producer at Marietta, Ohio. Was initiated May 10, 1915 in American Union Lodge No. 1, Marietta, Ohio. d. Dec. 15, 1953.

Hugh L. White (1773–1840) U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1825–40, being first elected to fill the vacancy on the resignation of Andrew Jackson, q.v. b. Oct. 30, 1773 in Iredell Co., N. Car. He moved with parents in 1785 to that part of N. Car. which is now Knox Co., Tenn. He participated in the expedition against the Cherokees under General Sevier, q.v. Studied law and began practice in Knoxville, Tenn. in 1796. Was district attorney in 1808, judge of the supreme court, 1801–07 and 1809–15. He received the electoral votes of Tenn. and Ga. in 1836 for president of the U.S. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 7, Franklin, Tenn. d. April 10, 1840.

John C. White (1867–1956) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Springfield, Ill. from 1924. b. May 21, 1867 in Laurens Co., S. Car. Ordained deacon in 1891 and priest in 1892, serving churches at Rantoul, Thomasboro, Waverly, Ill. and Hartwell, Ohio; then to East St. Louis and Lincoln, Ill. Received degrees in Central Lodge No. 71, (M.) on Aug. 14, 26, Sept. 23, 1924; Knight Templar and 32° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 11, 1956.

Julius White (1816–1890) Union General in Civil War. b. Sept. 29, 1816 in Cazenovia, N.Y., moving to Ill. in 1836. He then went to Wis. where he engaged in commercial pursuits, but returned to Ill. and was collector of customs at Chicago in 1861. Became colonel of the 37th Ill. Vols., known as the “Fremont Rifle Regiment” and commanded it under General Fremont in the expedition to Southwest Missouri in autumn of 1861. Was then placed at the head of a brigade and advanced into Arkansas, where he participated in the Battle of Pea Ridge. Made brigadier general of volunteers on the date of that battle, June 9, 1862, and then assigned to Dept. of the Shenandoah. Was captured at Harpers Ferry, but released in a month. Was brevetted major general of volunteers in 1865. Member of Oriental Lodge No. 33, Chicago. d. May 12, 1890.

Roy B. White President of Western Union Telegraph Co., 1933–41; President of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 1941–53 and since, Chairman of Board. b. Aug. 8, 1883 in Metcalf, Ill. Began as a telegraph operator and advanced as train dispatcher, chief train dispatcher, chief clerk and general superintendent with the C.H. & D. Ry. Went with the B. & O. in 1915 as a superintendent, becoming general superintendent at Baltimore in 1921 and general manager at N.Y.C. in 1923. In 1926 he joined the Central Railroad of N.J. as senior vice president, and was president from 1926–33. Mason, 32° AASR and Shriner.

Sir Sydney White (1884–1958) Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of England, 1937–58. b. Oct. 19, 1884 at Ellsworth, Northamptonshire. Made a Freemason in Neptune

Lodge No. 22, London, in 1913, and while serving as master in 1919, became a member of the grand secretary's staff. In 1923 he was made assistant grand secretary and two years later given the rank of past grand deacon. At the death of Sir P. Colville Smith, grand secretary in 1937, White was named grand secretary and served as such under five grand masters. He was made a member of the Royal Victorian Order in 1938 and made a Knight Commander of same on Jan. 1, 1952 (KCVO). d. March 9, 1958.

Wallace H. White, Jr. (1877–1952) U.S. Senator from Maine, 1931–49; U.S. Congressman to 65th–71st Congresses, 1917–31. b. Aug. 6, 1877 in Lewiston, Maine. Graduate of Bowdoin Coll. in 1899. Held various government jobs in Washington, D.C., studying law, and was admitted to the bar in 1902 and began practice in Lewiston, Maine. He served as the U.S. representative on many international meetings by appointment of the president or secretary of state. Received the degrees in Ashlar Lodge No. 105, Lewiston, on May 13 and June 24, 1912. Was exalted in King Hiram Chapter No. 9, Lewiston, on April 25, 1913 and received the Scottish Rite degrees (NJ) in Maine Consistory, Portland, on May 18, 1916. d. March 31, 1952.

William R. White President of Baylor University, Waco, Texas, since 1948. b. Dec. 2, 1892 near Brownsboro, Texas. Graduate of Howard–Payne Coll., 1917 and 1927; S. W. Baptist Theol. Seminary, 1922 and 1924. Ordained Baptist minister in 1911 and served pastorates in Goldthwaite, Royce City, Greenville, Lubbock, Fort Worth, Texas and Oklahoma City, Okla. Secretary of Baptist General Convention of Texas,

1929–31. Was president of Hardin–Simmons U., 1940–43; secretary of the Sunday School Board, Southern Baptist Convention, 1943–45 and pastor of 1st Baptist Church, Austin, Texas, 1945–48. He is a past master of Baylor Lodge No. 1235, Waco, 33° AASR (SJ), Knight Templar in Waco Commandery No. 10, member of Red Cross of Constantine, Shriner and former grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Texas.

John Whiteaker (1820–1902) Governor and U.S. Congressman from Oregon. b. May 4, 1820 near Fort Wayne, Ind. Engaged in livestock raising and moved to the Pacific coast in 1849, settling in Lane County, Oreg. Member of territorial legislature in 1857 and governor of the state of Oregon in 1858–62. Served several terms in both houses of the state legislature, and was speaker of the house and president of the senate. Served in the U.S. congress from 1879–80. Raised in Eugene City Lodge No. 11, Eugene, Oregon. d. Oct. 2, 1902 and buried in the Masonic Cemetery of Eugene.

Cortlandt Whitehead (1842–1922) Protestant Episcopal Bishop. b. Oct. 30, 1842 in N.Y. Graduate of Yale in 1863 and 1866 and Philadelphia Divinity Sch. in 1867. Ordained deacon in 1867 and priest in 1868. Was a missionary in Colorado until 1870, and from 1870–82 was rector of the Church of the Nativity, South Bethlehem, Pa. Was consecrated bishop of Pittsburgh, Pa. on Jan. 25, 1882. Twice delegate to general conference and three times delegate to Lambeth conferences in London. Member of Bethlehem Lodge No. 283, Bethlehem, Pa. and master of same in 1878. Was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, 1883–1921. d. Sept. 18, 1922.

Ennis C. Whitehead Lieutenant General, U.S. Air Force. b. Sept. 3, 1895 in Westphalia, Kans. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1920. Became a flying cadet in WWI, 1917, and advanced through grades to lieutenant general in 1945. Became commanding general of the Fifth Air Force, SW Pacific in 1945, and also commanded the Far East Air Forces in that year. Retired in 1951 and now serving as an aviation consultant. Became member of Burlington Lodge No. 66, Burlington, Kansas in 1916. Received Scottish Rite at Houston, Texas in 1922 and now member at Wichita, Kansas. Became a member of Arabia Shrine Temple of Houston, Texas in 1922 and now a member of Midian Temple of Wichita.

Clarence Whitehill (1871–1932) Operatic baritone. b. in Marengo, Iowa. Studied music in Chicago and Paris, making his operatic debut as Friar Lawrence in Gounod's *Romeo and Juliet* at the Theatre de la Monnaie, Brussels in 1900. He was the leading baritone at the Cologne (Germany) Opera House, 1903–08. Joined the Metropolitan Opera Co. in 1909 and made first appearance in N.Y. as Amfortas in *Parsifal*. He studied Wagnerian roles under Frau Wagner and sang at the Bayreuth Festivals. Was a regular member of the Metropolitan, 1920–31. He was first American to sing at Munich or Bayreuth. He played the part of George Washington in the official Bicentennial talking picture honoring the birth of the first president. Member of New York Lodge No. 330, N.Y.C. d. Dec. 19, 1932.

Paul Whiteman Orchestra conductor known as the "King of Jazz." b. March 28, 1891 in Denver, Colo. In charge of two transcontinental symphonic jazz concert tours in the

U.S., 1924–26, and toured England and the principal cities of Europe in 1926. Was musical director of the Blue Radio Network in 1943. Has appeared many times on radio, television, and in movies. A member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C., he was exalted in Corinthian Chapter No. 159, R.A.M., of Brooklyn, N.Y. on May 22, 1922; greeted in Columbian Council No. 1, R. & S.M. on Aug. 3, 1922, and knighted Aug. 17, 1922 in Ivanhoe Commandery No. 36, K.T. Also a member of the Mecca Shrine Temple, N.Y.C.

Jenkin Whiteside (1772–1822) U.S. Senator from Tennessee. b. in Lancaster, Pa. Admitted to the bar and moved to Tenn. commencing practice in Knoxville. Served in U.S. senate from 1809–11, resigning to resume the practice of law. Member of Tennessee Lodge No. 2, Knoxville, Tenn. d. Sept. 25, 1822.

Henry L. Whitfield (1868–1927) Governor of Mississippi, 1924–27. b. June 20, 1868 in Rankin Co., Miss. Studied law and taught school, becoming state superintendent of education, 1898–1907, and president of Miss. State Coll. for Women, 1907–20. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 70, Florence, Miss., being raised in 1895. Also member of York Rite bodies and Shrine. d. March 18, 1927.

Greeley W. Whitford (1856–?) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Colorado, 1929–31, and Justice from 1921. b. June 5, 1856 in Rockville, Ind. Practiced law in Washington, 1884–87 and then moved to Denver, Colo., where he was city attorney, district attorney and U.S. attorney. Member of Union Lodge No. 7, Denver. Deceased.

Henry Whiting (1790–1851) Brevet Brigadier General in Mexican War. b. about 1790 in Lancaster, Mass. Entered Army in 1808, fought in War of 1812, and was at the capture of Fort George, Upper Canada. In the Mexican War he was chief quartermaster of Zachary Taylor's army, and was breveted brigadier general for meritorious conduct in the Battle of Buena Vista. Elected a regent of the U. of Michigan in 1848, he was the author of several books. Member of Comfort Lodge No. 143 (now defunct), Old Point Comfort, Va. d. Sept. 16, 1851.

Nathan Whiting (1724–1771) Officer of the French and Indian War who saved the day at the Battle of Lake George in leading the retreat. b. May 4, 1724 in New Haven, Conn. His father died during Nathan's infancy and he was reared by his sister, Mary, and her husband, Rev. Thomas Clap, who became president of Yale U. in 1740. Nathan was graduated from Yale in 1743 and became a merchant in New Haven. Was made colonel of the 2nd Conn. regiment in 1756, and served throughout the war. A member of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn., he sponsored the affiliation of Benedict Arnold in that lodge. d. April 9, 1771.

Charles S. Whitman Former Governor of New York. Member of Albion Lodge No. 27 of N.Y.; Mecca Shrine Temple and 33° AASR (NJ).

Alexander F. Whitney (1873–1949) President of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen from 1928. b. April 12, 1873 in Cedar Falls, Iowa. Began as railroad news agent and

became a brakeman. Mason. d. July 9, 1949.

Henry H. Whitney (1866–1949) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Dec. 25, 1866 in Glen Hope, Pa. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1892. In disguise, made military reconnaissance of Cuba and Puerto Rico. Was on General Miles' staff during Spanish–American War. Later adjutant general of Mindanao, Philippines, and adjutant of Western Department at San Francisco. Commanded the Presidio at San Francisco in 1915 and in WWI was member of General Staff, A.E.F. and chief of staff, District of Paris, France, 1918–19. Retired in June, 1920 at own request after 32 years' service. Raised in Orange Lodge No. 36, Apopka, Fla. in Jan. 1888, and entered West Point in June of the same year. He was probably the first Mason to enter that institution. Received the Scottish Rite degrees at Gulfport, Miss. in 1917 and became member of Hamasa Shrine Temple, Meridian, Miss. Member of National Sojourners in San Pedro, Calif. He was president of the A.E.F. Overseas Masonic Club of Paris in 1917–18. d. April 2, 1949.

Jamie L. Whitten U.S. Congressman from 2nd Miss. dist. since 1941. b. April 18, 1910 in Castilla, Miss. Served in state legislature in 1931 and was elected district attorney three times before entering the 77th congress. Mason.

Washington C. Whitthorne (1825–1891) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Tennessee. b. April 19, 1825 near Farmington, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee in 1843; studied law and admitted to the bar in 1845. Began practice in Columbia, Tenn. Served in both branches of the state

legislature. In Civil War, he was in the Confederate service as adjutant general of Tenn., 1861–65. Was U.S. Congressman to 42nd–47th congresses, 1871–83, and U.S. senator, 1886–87. Member of Columbia Lodge No. 31, Columbia, Tenn. d. Sept. 21, 1891.

Elisha Whittlesey (1783–1863) First Comptroller of the U.S. Treasury, 1848–57 and 1861–63; U.S. Congressman, 18th–25th Congresses from Ohio; one of the founders of Whig Party and general agent from the Washington National Memorial Association, 1847–49. b. Oct. 19, 1783 in Washington, Conn. Practiced law in Conn. until 1805, when he moved to Canfield, Ohio. Was military and private secretary to General Wm. Henry Harrison. From 1841–43 he was sixth auditor of the U.S. Treasury, resigning to practice law in Canfield. He was appointed first comptroller of the Treasury by Taylor, removed by Buchanan, and reappointed by Lincoln. Raised in Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Warren, Ohio in 1810, he was junior warden in 1811, secretary, 1812, and senior warden in 1813. He was an original petitioner for Western Star Lodge No. 21, Canfield in 1812 and first treasurer in 1813. Became member of Huron Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Norwalk, Ohio on Oct. 25, 1820 and dimitted to Mahoning Chapter No. 10, Warren, Ohio in 1824. Was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1820–21. d. Jan. 7, 1863.

Henry Josiah Whympier (1845–1893) English Masonic author. b. April 26, 1845 in Lambeth, England. Was in brew-ery business, going to India in 1865, where he was the first to make beer that would keep and the first to cultivate hops in

Kashmir. He conducted numerous other business enterprises and accumulated a considerable fortune, much of which he used in charitable work and public projects. Was initiated in Lodge Mayo No. 1413, Rawal Pindi, India on Dec. 17, 1872 and was deputy grand master of Punjab, 1884–94. In 1880 he published *Religion of Freemasonry*, in which he attempted to prove that the Craft is a Christian association. d. April 27, 1893.

George John Whyte-Melville (1821–1878) British novelist. b. in Scotland. Was a captain in the Coldstream Guards, 1846–49, serving in Turkish cavalry in Crimean War of 1854. Was the author of several novels fox hunting and steeplechasing including *Dig by Grand* in 1853; *Tilbury Nogo* in 1854. His best known, written in 1863, is an historical novel entitled *The Gladiators*. Became member of Lodge of Edinburgh in 1843.

Claude R. Wickard U.S. Secretary of Agriculture, 1940–45. b. Feb. 28, 1893 in Carroll Co., Ind. Graduate of Purdue U. in Agr., 1915. Was assistant chief of corn and hogs section, A.A.A., Dept. of Agriculture, 1933–35 and chief of same, 1935–36. Became undersecretary of Agriculture in 1940 and secretary the same year. Member of Mt. Zion Lodge No. 211, Camden, Ind., receiving degrees on Feb. 28, April 21, May 19, 1914. 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Charles A. Wickliffe (1788–1869) U.S. Postmaster General under Tyler, 1841–45. b. June 8, 1788 in Bardstown, Ky. Began law practice in that city in 1809. Served in U.S. congress from Kentucky, 1823–33 and 1861–63. Served several times in state

legislature; was lieutenant governor of Kentucky and in 1839 became, acting governor. A wealthy man, he was known for his aristocratic bearing and contempt for the poorer classes, winning him the name of “the Duke.” He was the father-in-law of Dr. Joseph S. Halstead, q.v. Member of Bardstown Lodge No. 38 and past master of same. d. Oct. 31, 1869.

Christoph Martin Wieland (1733–1813) German poet, prose writer and translator, often called the “German Voltaire.” Was brought up as a Pietist, and lived chiefly in Weimar from 1772. He was a friend of Goethe, Schiller and Herder, qq.v., who inspired him to write his works of about 45 volumes of classical poetry and prose. They are largely satirical or didactic and included *Lady Johanna Gray*; *Idris* and *Zenide*; *Musarion*; *Oberon*. Most famous, however, was his fantastic tale, *Dschinnistan*, on which Mozart, q.v., based his *Magic Flute*. He made the first German prose translations of Shakespeare’s plays in 1762–66, as well as translations of Horace, Lucian and Cicero. During his younger years, he was extremely critical of Freemasonry. At the age of 76 he asked to be accepted. Four years before his death he was initiated into the Lodge Araaiia at Weimar. He read several lectures to his lodge, and his opinion of Freemasonry may be partially learned from two of his statements: “The Freemason is a citizen of the whole world; to talk in the spirit of our wise men, a citizen of the town of God, in which the sun and planets form different places—but united in harmony.” Again, he said: “Let us be sure, that the world in His totality, protected by the all-seeing eye, is of such a beauty that future generations will enjoy the fruit of this arbor. We are children of one

father; we adore all who believe in humanity and we behold the unity of the spirit, expressed by the mystic chain.”

Edward Wigglesworth (1742–1826) Colonel in American Revolution. b. Jan. 3, 1742 in Ipswich, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1761. Engaged in commercial pursuits, and in 1776 commissioned as colonel and took part in the operations of the American fleet on Lake Champlain under Benedict Arnold and Horatio Gates, being third in command. In 1777 he returned to his home in Newbury-port to raise a second regiment. Took part in battles of Ticonderoga and Monmouth. Resigned his commission in 1779 and Washington later appointed him collector for Port of Newburyport, as his fortune had been ruined by his devotion to his country. Member of Lodge of St. Andrew, Boston, in 1781. d. Dec. 8, 1826.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox American poet. b. in Johnstown Centre, Wis. about 1845. She wrote a poem for St. Elmo Commandery No. 9, K.T., of Meriden, Conn., which was read at the public installation of its officers on Jan. 5, 1887.

George H. Wilcox (1856–1940) Chairman of Board of International Silver Co. b. Aug. 22, 1856 in Meriden, CT.

Alexander Wiley b. May 26, 1884. Graduate of U. of Wisconsin in 1907, admitted to the bar and since practiced in Chippewa Falls. Is past chairman and now ranking member of the senate judiciary committee as well as ranking member of the foreign relations committee. Is owner and operator of a farm. Is a member of Chippewa Falls Lodge No. 176,

Chippewa Chapter No. 46, R.A.M. and Tancred Commandery No. 27, K.T., all of Chippewa Falls. Also member of Eau Claire Consistory, AASR, and Tripoli Shrine Temple.

Xenophon P. Wilfley (1871–1931) U.S. Senator from Missouri, April 30–Nov. 5, 1918, filling unexpired term of W. J. Stone. b. March 18, 1871 near Mexico, Mo. Graduate of Clarksburg Coll. in 1891 and Central Coll. in 1894. Taught school for four years and then was graduated from law school of Washington U. in 1899 and began practice in St. Louis. Was president of the Mo. Bar Assn. in 1925. Member of Scottish Rite bodies in St. Louis. d. May 4, 1931.

L. Dana Wilgress Canadian diplomat. b. Oct. 20, 1892 in Vancouver, B.C. Graduate of McGill U. in 1914. Entered government service with department of Trade and Commerce and served in Ottawa, Omsk, Vladivostok and Hamburg. Became ambassador to Russia, 1942–47, and was high commissioner for Canada at London from 1949–52. Was undersecretary of state for external affairs, 1952–53 and permanent representative to the North Atlantic Council since 1953. He was chairman of the Canadian delegation to the preparatory committee of the U.N. in 1945. Was raised in Canada Lodge No. 3527 of London while serving as high commissioner in London.

John Wilkes (1727–1797) English political reformer known as the "Friend of Liberty." He led a profligate life. Founded *The North Briton* in 1762 and attacked Lord Bute and charged George III with falsehood. Was prosecuted for libel, but obtained verdict with damages for illegal arrest. Member of

Parliament from 1757–64, being expelled the latter year for seditious libel. He then fled to the continent to escape trial, but returned in 1768; was elected to parliament; stood trial and was imprisoned from June, 1768 to April, 1770. He was then reelected to parliament and expelled three times, but finally gained his seat. He became the idol of the mob, rioting for “Wilkes and liberty.” He was lord mayor of London in 1774. He championed the colonial rights in the American Revolution. While in prison, on March 3, 1769, “Ye members of ye Lodge held at ye Jerusalem Tavern, in Clerkenwell, attended at the King’s Bench Prison, and made Mr. Wilkes a Mason.” This is now Jerusalem Lodge No. 197. The *Gazeteer* and *New Advertiser* at that time added that the ceremony was performed in the King’s Bench Prison in the presence of the grand officers, whom the minutes show to have included Thomas French, the grand secretary. Mystification arose when the same paper officially denied the dispensation and presence of the grand officers four days later.

James Wilkinson (1757–1825) American Army officer and adventurer. b. in Calvert Co., Md. Completed medical studies and entered Continental Army in 1776 as a captain. Was with Arnold in retreat from Montreal to Albany in 1776 and was at Trenton and Princeton. Was promoted to lieutenant colonel in 1777 and brevetted brigadier general. Was secretary of board of war in 1778, but became involved in the Conway Cabal and forced to resign commission in 1778. He then became clothier general of the army, 1779–81. Then engaged in trade in the Mississippi Valley region and conspired with the Spanish governor of La. to gain trade monopolies for

himself. He was also charged with attempting to separate Kentucky from the U.S. and turn it over to Spain. He again entered the service as a lieutenant colonel and fought against the Indians. In 1792 he became brigadier general. Took over Detroit from the British in 1796 and on General Wayne's death in that year he became the ranking officer of the U.S. Army. With Col. Wm. C. C. Claiborne, he represented the U.S. in taking over the Louisiana Purchase in 1803 from the French. Was governor of Louisiana, 1805–06. He was implicated in Aaron Burr's conspiracy and was chief witness at Burr's trial. He was acquitted by a court of inquiry and later (1811) by court-martial. Commissioned major general in 1813 and commanded American forces on Canadian frontier. Again acquitted before a board of inquiry in 1815 and honorably discharged from Army in that year. Went to Mexico in 1821 and died in the home of Joel R. Poinsett, q.v., on Dec. 28, 1825. There is some confusion as to his various Masonic memberships. He was undoubtedly a member of a "Lodge No. 2," but whether this was the Masters Lodge No. 2 at Albany, N.Y. or at Philadelphia, Pa. is unclear. On Dec. 5, 1780 he was admitted a member of Bristol Lodge No. 25, Bristol, Pa. and on May 5, 1795 admitted a member of Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10, Cincinnati. He was an occasional visitor to lodges in the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys, including Harmony No. 7 at Natchez.

Morton S. Wilkinson (1819–1894) U.S. Senator and Representative from Minnesota. b. Jan. 22, 1819 in Skaneateles, N.Y. He moved to Ill. in 1837 for two years, but returned to Skaneateles in 1840, where he studied law and was admitted

to the bar in 1842. Began law practice in Eaton Rapids, Mich. in 1843; moved to Stillwater, Minn. in 1847. Was elected to the first legislature of the Minn. Territory in 1849. Moved to Mankato in 1858. Was U.S. senator from 1859–65 and congressman from 1869–71. Member of St. Paul Lodge No. 3, St. Paul, Minn. d. Feb. 4, 1894.

Daniel Willard (1861–1942) President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1910–41. b. Jan. 28, 1861 in North Hartland, Vt. Entered railway service in 1879 and in various duties on different railways until 1899, when he became assistant general manager of the Baltimore & Ohio. Later became 2nd vice president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 1904–10, and president of Colorado Midland. Received degrees in Crescent Lodge No. 66, Lyndonville, Vt. on July 10, 21, Aug. 11, 1882 and dimitted Aug. 10, 1889 to become charter member of Arcana Lodge No. 187, Minneapolis, Minn. d. July 6, 1942.

Jean-Baptiste Willermoz (1730–1824) Leader in Masonic and occult movements of France in second half of 18th century. b. July 10, 1730 at Lyons, France of humble parentage. Was initiated at age of 20 and became master of lodge two years later. In 1753 he founded the lodge Perfect Friendship. In 1760 he was a leader in founding the Grand Lodge of Lyons and in 1763 founded a Rosicrucian chapter of Knights of the Black Eagle. He believed that somewhere in the various Masonic and quasi-Masonic bodies there was concealed a sacred deposit of divine truth capable of being used for the redemption of mankind. Was associated with Pasqually in the “Freemasonry of Knights Masons Elected Cohens of the

Universe” and on May 13, 1768 was admitted a member of the Reaux–Croix, the highest degree of the Cohens. He then became aligned with Von Hund, q.v., and the Order of Strict Observance. In 1778 he took a leading part in the famous Convent des Gaules, which freed the French from German control in the Strict Observance Rite. This later became the Knights Beneficent of the Holy City. The French Revolution caused him to flee France to escape the guillotine. When an attempt was made in 1808 to revive the Knights Beneficent, he was not notified until they came to him in search of the old rituals. d. May 29, 1824.

William I (1797–1888) King of Prussia, 1861–88; and Emperor of Germany, 1871–88. Full name was Wilhelm Friedrich Ludwig, second son of Frederick William III, q.v., and father of Frederick III (both dying in the same year). Fought against Napoleon in 1814–15. Became Prince of Prussia in 1840 when his brother Frederick William IV became emperor. Being unpopular as such because of his absolutist ideas and suppression of insurrections, he fled to England in 1848. On becoming king of Prussia in 1861 he proclaimed that he “ruled by the favor of God and of no one else,” and he maintained a continuous struggle with liberals. He was aided by Bismarck, and in the war with Austria in 1866 he personally commanded at Sadowa and led the German armies in the Franco–Prussian War of 1870–71. Again he personally commanded at Gravelotte and Sedan, and was proclaimed emperor of Germany at Versailles on Jan. 18, 1871. He strengthened Bismarck and his generals in exercising Prussian control of Germany. He was initiated in

a special lodge of the Grosse Landesloge at Berlin on May 22, 1840, at which time the three grand masters of the Berlin Grand Lodges participated. He was an honorary member of the Grand Lodge of Scotland and protector of Freemasonry in Germany. The proceedings of the Grand _Lodge of New York in 1888 stated: "It would be superfluous now to mention of his wonderful career. Despite the cares of state, he had upon frequent occasions manifested his attachment to our Fraternity, of which for many years he had been a member. He held the office, unknown among us, of Protector of the eight German Grand Lodges comprising the Grand Lodge League within his dominion."

William II (1792–1849) King of the Netherlands, 1840–49. Full name was Willem Frederik George Lodewijk. A son of William I, he fought in Spain under Wellington and commanded the Dutch forces at Waterloo in 1815. In 1832 he commanded the Dutch army that was defeated by the French. He was made king on abdication of his father in 1840. He aided in financial improvements of his country, and in 1848 secured a new constitution with many liberal features. He was made a member of the Lodge of Hope of Brussels in 1817, became honorary master of the lodge and assisted in its workings.

William Frederick II (1744–1797) (see under Frederick).

William Frederick III (1770–1840) (see under Frederick).

William Frederick III (1831–1888) (see under Frederick).

William IV (1765–1837) King of England, 1830–37 and King of Hanover, 1830–37. Called the “Sailor King” also “Silly Billy.” Was the third son of George III. He was previously H.R.H. Prince William, Duke of Clarence and St. Andrews as well as Earl of Munster. Served as a midshipman in 1780; captain of a frigate in 1785 and stationed in West Indies. Became rear admiral in 1790 and in 1789. Sat in House of Lords and opposed emancipation of slaves. Became heir to the throne and lord high admiral in 1827. Succeeded George IV, q.v., as king in 1830. Succeeded on British throne by his niece, Victoria, q.v., and on Hanoverian throne by his brother, Ernest Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, q.v., He was initiated in Lodge No. 86, Plymouth, England on March 9, 1786 and on May 30, 1789 became a member of Prince of Wales Lodge, London and was master of same for three years prior to his elevation as king. His brother, the Duke of Sussex, q.v., became grand master of England. When he assumed the throne, he became grand patron of the Order in 1831.

William (see Prince of Brunswick).

William Augustus (see Duke of Cumberland).

William Frederick (see Prince of Gloucester).

William Henry, Duke of Clarence (see William IV).

William Henry (see Duke of Gloucester).

Arthur B. Williams (1872–1925) U.S. Congressman to

68th Congress, 1923–25, from Michigan. b. Jan. 27, 1872 in Ashland, Ohio. In general law practice at Battle Creek, Mich. from 1894. From 1911–23 he was vice president and general counsel of the C. W. Post and Postum Cereal Co. Active in developing 1,000 farms of 100 acres each out of raw prairie lands. Received degrees in Charlotte Lodge No. 120, Charlotte, Mich. on June 29, Aug. 24, Nov. 9, 1894 and transferred to Battle Creek Lodge No. 12, June 4, 1895. d. May 1, 1925.

Barney Williams (1823–1876) Actor whose real name was Bernard Flaherty. b. in Cork, Ireland. He came to this country as a boy and in 1836 was connected with the old Franklin Theatre, N.Y. In 1845 he was the manager of the Vaux–Hall Garden in the Bowery, and after his marriage in 1850, he played with his wife in Irish comedy. After a successful visit to San Francisco in 1854 they went abroad, then returned to the U.S. in 1859 and filled a long engagement at Niblo's Garden. He became manager of Wallack's Broadway Theatre in 1867 and subsequently played with success in the U.S., Canada, and England, attaining a wide reputation as an Irish comedian. Among his last plays were *The Emerald Ring*; *The Connie Soogah* and *The Fairy Circle*. He was a member of Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, N.Y.C. His wife was Maria Pray, the sister of Mrs. William J. Florence. Florence, q.v., also an actor, is considered to be the founder of the Ancient and Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. d. April 25, 1876.

Benjamin Williams (1754–1814) Governor of North Carolina, 1799–1802 and 1807–08; U.S. Congressman 1793–95.

b. in N. Car. He entered the Revolutionary Army as a captain. He saw service at Guilford, for which he was promoted to colonel. Received degrees in St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, on Dec. 9 and 19, 1795. d. July 20, 1814.

Bert Williams (1876?–1922) Negro comedian and song writer of the American stage. b. in the Bahama Islands, he was brought to the U.S. as a child. He was a partner with George Walker in vaudeville from 1895–1903 and in musical comedy from 1903–09. After 1909 he was a leading comedian in Ziegfeld Follies. He was raised in Waverly Lodge No. 597, Edinburgh, Scotland on June 1, 1904. He died in. March, 1922, and the Grand Lodge of Scotland requested St. Cecile Lodge No. 568 (the actors' lodge) to conduct his services. This they did on March 6 in the grand lodge room of the Masonic Temple in N.Y.C.

Charles K. Williams (1782–1853) Governor of Vermont. b. Jan. 24, 1782 at Cambridge, Mass. He served as judge of the Supreme Court of Vt., from 1822–23, and after four years as collector of customs, was again elected to the supreme court where he served 17 years, the last 13 being as chief justice. He was exalted in Green Mountain Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1810, and was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Vermont in 1816–17. d. March 9, 1853.

David R. Williams (1776–1830) Governor of South Carolina, 1814–16; U.S. Congressman, 1805–13; Brigadier General of Regular Army in War of 1812. b. March 10, 1776 in Robbins Neck, S. Car. Graduate of Brown in 1797, studied law and was

admitted to the bar. In addition to his law practice, he managed a large plantation. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina at the same time he was governor of that state. d: Nov. 15, 1830.

David Williams (1754–1831) American patriot and one of the trio who captured Major Andre in the American Revolution. b. Oct. 21, 1754 in Tarrytown, N.Y. Enlisted in 1775 and served under Gen. Richard Montgomery at St. John's and Quebec, continuing his service until 1779, when he resigned. His feet had been badly frozen and this partially disabled him for life. With John Paulding, q.v., and Isaac Van Wart, he was one of the captors of Major John Andre on Sept. 23, 1780. After the war, he bought a farm near the Catskill mountains that had been the property of Daniel Shays, q.v., leader of Shay's rebellion. He was given a silver medal by order of congress. He was raised in Lotus Lodge No. 31, N.Y.C. in 1827. Charles A. Lakin in his *History of Military Lodge* –No. 93, Manlius, N.Y. states that he was first junior warden of this military lodge and presented the lodge with a sword he had taken on the Battlefield of Yorktown. d. Aug. 2, 1831.

Eleazar Williams (1789?–1858) Episcopal missionary among American Indians who claimed to be the Lost Dauphin of France. His claim is definitely in contradiction with historical records, for he was the son of Thomas (Tehoragwanegen) and Mary Ann Rice (Konwatewenteta) Williams and was probably born at Sault St. Louis, Quebec. His father was a war chief of the Caughnawaga–Mohawk Tribe of Quebec with a trace of white blood from a great-grandmother. Furthermore

his petition to Menomonie Lodge No. 374 of Green Bay, Wis., signed by him, states in part: "He was born at Sault St. Louis, is 32 years of age, by profession, clergyman." This, however, would make his birthdate 1792. He was reared as a Roman Catholic, attending school at Long Meadow, Mass. under Nathaniel Ely. Became a missionary in 1812 among the Canadian Indians at Sault St. Louis. Served in War of 1812 under General Dearborn, q.v., and was wounded in Battle of Plattsburg on Sept. 14, 1814. As a missionary to the Oneida Indians he was charged with malfeasance of funds, but the matter was never adjusted. In 1820 he became interested in a project to remove the New York Indians to a western homestead near Lake Michigan. He moved to Green Bay in 1823 and after some questionable activities was relieved of his missionary post. At the request of the Indians, the U.S. government, governor of New York, missionary societies and others were notified by letter that the Oneidas had forever repudiated Williams. He then dropped out of sight until 1853, when he reappeared in the new role—that of the Dauphin of France, The Lost Prince, Louis XVII! It is said that in later years he lived on the charity of his Masonic brethren of New York. He was buried with Masonic honors in the old cemetery North of the village of Hogansburg, N.Y., with a square and compasses on the stone. d. Aug. 8, 1858.

George H. Williams (1823–1910) U.S. Senator from Oregon, 1865–71; Attorney General of U.S. in Grant's cabinet, 1872–75. b. March 23, 1823 in New Lebanon, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in 1844 and began practice at Fort Madison, Iowa. Was chief justice of the Territory of Oregon, 1853–57 and reappointed

by Buchanan, but declined. President Grant named him chief justice of the supreme court of the U.S., but his name was later withdrawn. Served as mayor of Portland, 1902–05. d. April 4, 1910. Mason, but no record of membership in Oregon; probably Iowa.

G. Mennen Williams Governor of Michigan, 1949–60. b. Feb. 23, 1911 in Detroit, Mich. Graduate of Princeton U. in 1933 and Michigan Law Sch. in 1936. Was assistant attorney general of Mich., 1938–39 and executive assistant to U.S. attorney general, 1939–40; with criminal division, Dept. of Justice, 1940–41. President Kennedy appointed him under-secretary of state for African Affairs in 1961. Served overseas as a Naval officer from 1942–46. Raised March 24, 1950 in Lotus Lodge No. 549 of Detroit; Lansing Chapter No. 316, National Sojourners (Aug. 20, 1951); Highland Park Chapter No. 440, O.E.S., Highland Park, Mich. on Sept. 18, 1953; exalted Oct. 22, 1953 in Loyalty Chapter No. 165, R.A.M.; knighted Nov. 23, 1953 in Damascus Cornmandery No. 42, K.T. of Detroit; honorary member, Legion of Honor, DeMolay; became member of Moslem Shrine Temple, Detroit on Nov. 26, 1955. Made honorary member of Syria Lodge No. 566, Detroit on May 10, 1955.

Guinn Williams (1871–1948) U.S. Congressman to 67th–72nd Congresses, 1923–33 from 13th Texas dist. b. April 22, 1871 in Calhoun Co., Miss. In cattle and mule business for 30 years. Served in Texas senate. At one time was president of five banks. Member of Decatur Lodge No. 447, Decatur, Texas, affiliating July 16, 1910 from another lodge. Was district

deputy grand master of 87th district, 1919–20; entered grand lodge line in 1922 as grand junior warden and became grand master of the Grand Lodge of Texas in 1925. Was on grand lodge jurisprudence committee from 1934–40. 32° AASR (SJ) d. Jan. 9, 1948.

Harold P. Williams Associate Justice, Supreme Court of Massachusetts from 1947. b. Oct. 2, 1882 in Fox-borough, Mass. Graduate of Harvard in 1903 and 1906. Served as assistant district attorney, district attorney and U.S. attorney for Mass. Received degrees in Charles River Lodge, West Medway, Mass. in 1913 and in 1919 affiliated with Beth-horon Lodge, Brookline, Mass.

Jared W. Williams (1796–1864) U.S. Senator and Representative from New Hampshire and governor of that state in 1847–49. b. Dec. 22, 1796 in West Woodstock, Conn. Graduate of Brown U. in 1818 and admitted to the bar in 1822, practicing at Lancaster, N.H. Served in both houses of the state legislature and was U.S. congressman to 25th–26th congresses, 1837–41. Was U.S. Senator from Nov. 29, 1853 to July 15, 1854, filling an unexpired term. Member of North Star Lodge No. 8, Lancaster, N.H. and district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1831. d. Sept. 29, 1864.

John Williams (1778–1837) U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1815–23. b. Jan. 29, 1778 in Surry Co., N. Car. Studied law in Salisbury, N.C. and began practice in Knoxville, Tenn. in 1803. Fought in War of 1812 as captain and colonel. Was in

expedition against the Seminoles in Florida and later served under General Jackson against the Creek Indians in Ala. Participated in the decisive Battle of Horse Shoe Bend in 1813. John Quincy Adams appointed him charge d'affaires to the Central American Federation, 1825–26. Was initiated in Johnston–Caswell Lodge No. 10, Warrenton, N. Car. and also a member of Tennessee Lodge No. 2, Knoxville. d. Aug. 10, 1837.

John Sharp Williams (1854–1932) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Mississippi. b. July 30, 1854 in Memphis, Tenn. Attended several universities, including Heidelberg in Germany. Was admitted to the bar in Shelby Co., Term. in 1877 and moved to Yazoo City, Miss. in 1878, where he practiced law and engaged in cotton planting. Served in 53rd–60th congresses, 1893–1909 and was minority leader three times. Was temporary chairman of the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis in 1904. Served in the U.S. senate from 1911–23. Member of Wahabi Shrine Temple, Jackson, Miss. d. Sept. 27, 1932.

John Stuart Williams (1818–1898) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1879–85. b. July 10, 1818 near Mount Sterling, Ky. Graduate of Miami U. (Ohio) in 1839 and admitted to the bar in 1840. Began practice in Paris, Ky. Served in the Mexican War as captain and colonel. He entered the Civil War as a Confederate colonel in 1861, was promoted to brigadier general in 1862, and served until the end of the war. Served several terms in state legislature and was unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1875. Member of Winchester Lodge

No. 20, Winchester, Ky. and Louisville Chapter No. 5, R.A.M.,
Louisville. d. July 17, 1898.

Jonathan Williams (1750–1815), Ä First superintendent of West Point and “father of the corps of engineers.” b. May 26, 1750 in Boston, Mass. He was a grand nephew of Benjamin Franklin. His father, of the same name, was a patriot of the Revolution. He was Franklin’s secretary during the latter’s residence in France as U.S. ambassador. Was a judge of the court of common pleas in Philadelphia for several years. Entered regular army in 1801 as a major of artillery. On Dec. 4, 1801 he was made inspector of fortifications and took command of the post at West Point, N.Y., becoming superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy upon its founding at that place. He planned and built most of the forts in New York harbor, one being named for him. At the start of the War of 1812 he asked for command of the fort named in his honor and when the secretary of war refused, he resigned. He then returned to Philadelphia, and for several years was secretary of the American Philosophical Society. Was elected to congress in 1814, but died without taking his seat. Member of Massachusetts Lodge, Boston, on Dec. 23, 1771. d. May 16, 1815.

Nelson Williams (1853–1944) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1936–39. b. March 23, 1853 near St. Paris, Ohio. Lived in Champaign and Miami Counties, Ohio and was obliged to work on the family farm. At 18 he began teaching in rural schools, and in 1874 entered the law office of an uncle in whose home he lived for six

years. He was admitted to the bar in 1876. He specialized in civil practice—estate, corporation and commercial branches. Some of the largest corporations in the country were his clients. Raised June 6, 1887 in Washington Lodge No. 17, Hamilton, Ohio; master in 1889 and grand master in 1897. Exalted on June 11, 1888 in Hamilton Chapter No. 21, was high priest in 1893 and grand high priest in 1902. Greeted in Hamilton Council No. 19 on Aug. 20, 1888, he was master in 1893 and grand master in 1904. Knighted in Hamilton Commandery No. 41, K.T., he was commander in 1894 and grand commander in 1914. Received 33° AASR (NJ) on Sept. 19, 1899. Member of Syrian Shrine Temple and Royal Order of Scotland. d. Feb. 11, 1944.

Otho H. Williams (1749–1794) Brigadier General of American Revolution. b. in March, 1749 in Prince George Co., Md., he was orphaned at 12. Was lieutenant of Maryland troops at siege of Boston, 1775. Wounded and taken prisoner at Fort Washington. His health was impaired when exchanged in 1778. He was a colonel at the Battle of Monmouth and was in the Southern campaigns as adjutant general under Generals Gates and Greene, qq.v. He fought at Camden, Kings Mountain, Guilford Court House and Hobkirk's Hill, distinguished himself at Eutaw Springs, and was made brigadier general by congress in 1782. During his imprisonment he shared a prison cell with Ethan Allen of Ticonderoga fame. Was appointed collector of customs at Baltimore in 1783, and four years later removed to Williamsport, Md. (named for him) and died at the age of 45. He was among the early initiates of American Union Lodge during the siege of Boston,

when it was meeting at Roxbury. Was initiated Feb. 26, passed March 11, and raised March 13, 1776. Strangely enough, he was elected junior deacon the evening before he was raised. In 1780 he was among the petitioners to the Grand Lodge of Pa. for a charter for Military Lodge No. 27 (A.Y.M.) to be held in the Maryland line regiments, and was designated the first senior warden under General Mordecai Gist, q.v., the master. The lodge accompanied the army in the Southern campaigns and lost its charter and effects in the baggage captured by the British in the Battle of Camden. It was recovered by Gist in 1782, and the lodge resumed labor in Charleston. Williams was present in American Union Lodge at the famous St. John's Day observance of Dec. 27, 1780 at Morristown, N.J. d. 1794.

Ransome J. Williams Governor of South Carolina, 1945–47. b. Jan. 4, 1892 in Cope, S. Car. Educated in Medical Coll. of South Carolina at Charleston. Is president of the Delta Drug Co. and manager of the Standard Life Insurance Co. of Florence. Served as mayor of Mullins, S. Car. Mason, member of York Rite bodies and Shriner.

Robert L. Williams (1868–1948) Governor of Oklahoma, 1915–19; Federal Judge; Justice State Supreme Court. b. Dec. 20, 1868 in Brundidge, Ala. Admitted to the bar in 1891 and began practice in Troy, Ala., going to Atoka, Indian Terr. in 1896, and six months later to Durant. Was member of Oklahoma Constitutional Convention of 1906–07 and was elected one of the original justices of the supreme court of Oklahoma, serving from 1907–14. Was judge of Eastern dist. of Okla., 1919–37 and U.S. circuit judge, 10th circuit, 1937–39.

Received degrees in Durant Lodge No. 45, Durant, Okla. on March 30, May 20, July 7, 1905 and received 32° AASR (Si) at McAlester on Oct. 25, 1906. d. April 10, 1948.

Robert R. Williams President of S. S. Kresge Co., 1938–46. b. in 1882 in Markeson, Wis. Was with S. S. Kresge from 1908, being store manager, buyer, vice president of merchandising and finally president. Retired in May, 1946, but continued as director and chairman of executive committee. A director of National Bank of Detroit. Received degrees in St. Pauls Lodge No. 500, Springfield, on July 15, Oct. 18, 30, 1907; transferred to Palestine Lodge No. 357, Detroit, Mich. on Feb. 6, 1914, becoming life member of same on Nov. 6, 1947. Also Knight Templar and Shriner.

Thomas Hickman Williams (1801–1851) U.S. Senator from Mississippi, 1838–39 and known as “father of the state university.” b. Jan. 20, 1801 in Williamson Co., Tenn. Moved to Miss. and settled in Pontotoc Co., where he engaged in planting. He was first to propose the University of Mississippi at Oxford and aided in securing it. He served as secretary and treasurer of the university from 1845–51. Member of Shields Chapter No. 18, R.A.M. of Pontotoc, Miss. d. May 3, 1851.

Walter Williams (1864–1935) Although he never received an academic degree, he was President of the University of Missouri, 1931–35, and founder in 1908 of the famous Journalism School at that institution. b. July 2, 1864 in Boonville, Mo., he learned the printer’s trade following high school. Was editor and part owner of the Boonville Advertiser,

1884–89; editor of the Columbia Herald, 1890–98; established The Country Editor (monthly) in 1895; editor of the St. Louis Presbyterian, 1897–99; Daily State Tribune, Jefferson City, 1898–1902. He became dean of the School of Journalism at the U. of Missouri and professor of history and principles of journalism in 1908. Was president of Mo. Press Assn. in 1889; president of Natl. Editorial Assn., 1895; president for North America of the International Press Congress, 1902; organ-izer and secretary of World's Press Parliament, St. Louis, 1904; first president of Press Congress of the World, 1915–25; chairman of World's Press Council; first president of American Assn. Schools and Depts. Journalism, 1916. He is the author of many standard books on Missouri history and history of journalism in particular. Member of Twilight Lodge No. 114, Columbia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M. and St. Graal Commandery No. 12, K.T. all of Columbia, Mo. Was 33° AASR (SJ). d. July 29, 1935.

William J. Williams (1759–1823) Painted the only picture of George Washington in Masonic Regalia. It is now the property of Alexandria–Washington Lodge No. 22, Alexandria, Va. and hangs in the George Washington National Masonic Memorial of that city. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, N. Car. d. Nov. 30, 1823.

Yancey S. Williams (1876–1938) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy. b. April 7, 1876 in Monetta, S. Car. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1898 and promoted through grades to rear admiral in 1931. Served in Spanish–American War, Samoa, Haiti, San Domingo. In WWI was on U.S.S. Delaware, with Asiatic

Fleet, 1925–27 and in Navy Dept. at Washington, 1927–31. Was national commander of the National Sojourners in 1937–38. d. Nov. 1, 1938.

Ben Williamson (1864–1941) U.S. Senator from Kentucky, 1930–31. b. Oct. 16, 1864 in Pike Co., Ky. One of the founders of Williamson, W. Va. In 1886 he founded and was president of the Ben Williamson & Co. wholesale hardware business. He also engaged in coal and banking business in Eastern Ky. and Southern W. Va. Received degrees in Hampton Lodge No. 235 of Catlettsburg, Ky. on May 22, June 26, July 24, 1888. d. June 23, 1941.

Harry A. Williamson Leading Prince Hall Masonic scholar and author. b. Oct. 25, 1875 at Plainfield, N.J. Was in U.S. Postal Service until his retirement in 1940. Raised March 5, 1904 in Mount Olive Lodge No. 2, Manhattan, N.Y., he was charter senior warden of Carthaginian Lodge No. 47 in 1905 and second master in 1907. Served as grand master of the Prince Hall Grand Lodge of New York, 1918–21. Held many appointments, including grand secretary pro tern, grand lecturer and grand historian. Honorary member of several lodges. A member of six American and foreign research societies and a contributor to many Negro and Caucasian Masonic periodicals since 1915. He is the founder of the Harry A. Williamson Collection on Negro Masonry at the 135th Street Branch of the New York Public Library. Was master of the Prince Hall Lodge of Research formed in N.Y. in 1943.

James A. Williamson (1829–1902) Brevet Major General of

Volunteers in Civil War and holder of Congressional Medal of Honor for gallantry at Chickasaw Bayou. b. Feb. 8, 1829 in Adair Co., Ky. Studied law and was admitted to the bar, but mustered into service in 1861 as a lieutenant of the 4th Iowa Inf.; later became its colonel. Present at siege of Vicksburg, where he was given command of the 2nd Brig., 1st Div., 15th Corps. Following capture of Savannah, he was made full brigadier general of volunteers and breveted major general in March, 1865. Commanded the district of Missouri at St. Louis in latter part of war. Became president of Atlantic & Pacific R.R. Co., serving as such until it was sold to the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. Member of Pioneer Lodge No. 22, Des Moines, Iowa. d. 1902.

Frank B. Willis (1871–1928) Governor of Ohio and U.S. Senator and Congressman from Ohio. b. Dec. 28, 1871 in Lewis Center, Ohio. Admitted to the bar in 1906. Was professor of history and economics at Ohio Northern U., Ada, Ohio, 1894–1906 and then professor of economics and law until 1910. Served in 62nd–63rd congresses, 1911–15 and was then governor of Ohio from 1915–17. Nominated Theodore E. Burton for president at Republican convention of 1916 and in 1920 nominated Warren G. Harding as candidate for president. Served in U.S. senate, 1921–28. Mason. d. March 30, 1928.

Raymond E. Willis (1875–1956) U.S. Senator from Indiana, 1940–47. b. Aug. 11, 1875 in Waterloo, Ind. Graduate of Wabash Coll. in 1896. Began as printer's apprentice on Waterloo (Ind.) Press in 1889. Was editor and publisher of Angola (Ind.)

Magnet, 1898–1907 and of the Steuben Republican from 1907. Served in state legislature, 1919–21 and was floor leader in 1920. Member of Angola Lodge No. 236, Angola, Ind. receiving degrees on April 29, May 6, 20, 1907, and served as master of same. Member of Fort Wayne Consistory AASR (NJ) and 33° in 1952. d. March 21, 1956.

Wendell L. Willkie (1892–1944) Republican nominee for President of the United States in 1940. b. Feb. 18, 1892 in Elwood, Ind. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1913 and 1916, being admitted to the bar in latter year. Practiced in Elwood, Ind., 1916–19; at Akron, Ohio, 1919–29 and New York City, 1929–33. Was president of Commonwealth & Southern Corp., 1933–40 and chairman of board of 20th Century–Fox. In WWI he enlisted as a private the day war was declared and served in the A.E.F. as a lieutenant and captain, field artillery. Was initiated Sept. 9, 1913 in Quincy Lodge No. 230, Elwood, Ind. and in 1920 became a charter member of Coventry Lodge No. 665, Akron, Ohio. d. Oct. 8, 1944.

William H. Wills (1882–1946) Governor of Vermont, 1941–45. b. Oct. 26, 1882 in Chicago, Ill. Was dry goods clerk until 1915, when he entered insurance and real estate business as president of the Wm. H. Wills Agency, Inc., Bennington, Vt. Served in both branches of state legislature and was lieutenant governor, 1937–39. Initiated Aug. 8, 1912 in Mount Anthony Lodge No. 13, Bennington, Vt. and 32° AASR (NJ).

John N. Willys (1873–1935) Automobile manufacturer and U.S. Ambassador to Poland, 1931–32. b. Oct. 25, 1873 in

Canandaigua, N.Y. Began in bicycle business in that city in 1890, moving to Elmira, N.Y. where he organized the Elmira Arms Co. and engaged in selling automobiles on an extensive scale. He purchased the Indianapolis plant of the Overland Automobile Co. in 1907 and then the Toledo plant of the Pope Toledo Co. Was later chairman of board and co-receiver of the Willys-Overland Co., Toledo and Willys-Marrow Co., Elmira. Member of Barton Smith Lodge No. 613, Toledo, Ohio, affiliating with same in 1912 on dimit from Union Lodge No. 95, N.Y.; 32° AASR (NJ). d. Aug. 26, 1935.

David Wilmot (1814–1868) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Pennsylvania and author of the “Wilmot Proviso” relative to slavery in newly annexed territory of the U.S. b. Jan. 20, 1814 in Bethany, Pa. Admitted to the bar in 1834 and began practice in Towanda, Pa. Served in 29th–31st congresses, 1845–51. He took a leading part in the founding of the Republican Party in 1854. He drafted the first Republican platform in 1856. Was temporary chairman of Republican convention at Chicago in 1860. Served in U.S. senate filling a vacancy from 1861–63. Was member of the peace convention held in Washington, D.C. in 1861. Appointed by Lincoln to U.S. court of claims in 1863 and served until death. Member of Lodge No. 108, Towanda, Pa. and Harmony Chapter No. 52, R.A.M., of Philadelphia. d. March 16, 1868.

Alexander Wilson (1766–1813) Ornithologist and author of the nine-volume *American Ornithology*, a classic of that field. b. July 6, 1766 in Rentfrewshire, Scotland, of poor parents. He was a weaver from 1799–89 and an itinerant peddler from

1789–94. He came to the U.S. in the latter year and became a schoolmaster in the rural schools of N.J. and Eastern Pa. He was encouraged by William Bart-ram of Philadelphia and began a serious ornithological work about 1802. He was aided by Alexander Lawson, who prepared the plates of the above named volumes on birds. He also authored a volume of verse in 1790 and a poetical account of a walking trip from Philadelphia to Niagara Falls and back under the title of *The Foresters* (1805). He became a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia on Feb. 11, 1808. d. Aug. 23, 1813.

Allen B. Wilson (1824–1888) Inventor of the Wheeler and Wilson sewing machine. b. Oct. 18, 1824 in Willet, N.Y. He invented his sewing machine without ever having seen one before. His first patent bears the date of Nov. 12, 1850 and was the 15th patent of record for an improved sewing machine. In the following years he made many improvements on it. He entered into partnership with Nathaniel Wheeler, a practical manufacturer, and they began to make their machines in a small shop in Watertown, Conn. First one was completed early in 1851 and sold for \$125. At this time output was limited to eight or ten machines a week but the demand increased and they moved to Bridgeport, Conn., where they established the largest factory of its kind in the world and were making 600 machines a day. Wilson later withdrew from the firm and engaged in other enterprises. Made a Mason in Harmony Lodge No. 42, Waterbury, Conn. on Feb. 2, 1865. d. April 29, 1888.

Arthur R. Wilson (1894–1956) Major General U.S. Army

and Vice President of Trans World Airlines, 1946–47. b. July 18, 1894 in Cherokee, Calif. Graduate of U. of California in 1919. Promoted to major general in 1944 and retired in 1946 to become vice president of TWA. After 1947 he was vice president of Industrial Products Trading Co., Zurich. Author of Field Artillery Manual (2 vols.) in 1925 and same in 1940; also Drill and Ceremonies for Field Artillery in 1941. Raised in Oroville Lodge No. 103, Oroville, Calif. on Jan. 26, 1920. Knight Templar. d. Aug. 11, 1956.

Benjamin D. Wilson (?–1878) b. in Tennessee. He was a Taos, N. Mex., trader who went to California with the Workman–Rowland party in 1841. He became the first county clerk and 2nd mayor of Los Angeles. Mount Wilson is named after him. Was a member of Los Angeles Lodge No. 42 and later affiliated with Pentaphia Lodge No. 202. d. March 11, 1878.

Charles Edward Wilson President of General Electric Co., 1940–42 and 1944–50; Director of Office of Defense Mobilization, 1950–52 under Truman (not to be confused with Charles Erwin Wilson, q.v., his contemporary with a similar career). b. Nov. 18, 1886 in New York City. Began in shipping department of General Electric, N.Y.C. in 1899 and served successively in accounting, production, engineering, manufacturing and marketing departments. Became vice president, 1930–37; executive vice president, 1937–39 and then president. He was executive vice chairman of the WPD, 1942–44. Served as director and chairman of executive committee and chairman of board of W. R. Grace & Co. Life member of

Mariners Lodge No. 67, N.Y.C. and in 1948 received coveted Achievement Award of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Charles Erwin Wilson President of General Motors, 1941–53; U.S. Secretary of Defense, 1953–57 under Eisenhower (not to be confused with Charles Edward Wilson, q.v., his contemporary with a similiar career). b. July 18, 1890 in Minerva, Ohio. Graduate of Carnegie Inst. of Technology in 1909. Was an electrical engineer with Westinghouse Electric from 1909–19, designing the first automobile starting motors in 1912. Was chief engineer and factory manager of Delco Remy Co., 1919–26, and president of same, 1926–29. Was vice president of General Motors Corp., 1929–39; director from 1934; executive vice president, 1939–40 and president, 1941–53. In 1946 he was designated chief executive officer. He developed the Lovejoy shock absorbers, industrial motors for refrigeration and washing machines; automobile lamps and Del-co batteries. Raised in Fellowship Lodge No. 681, Anderson, Ind. on March 27, 1925. Received AASR (NJ) degrees in Indianapolis with 33° at Boston in 1954. Member of Murat Shrine Temple, Indianapolis.

E. Willis Wilson Governor of West Virginia, 1884–88. Member of lodge, chapter and commandery in Charleston, W. Va. and a charter member of Beni Kedem Shrine Temple of that city. He was succeeded in the governorship by Wm. A. MacCorkle and both men had received the Shrine degrees in Osiris Temple, Wheeling.

Frank E. Wilson (1885–1944) Protestant Episcopal Bishop,

Eau Claire, Wis. from 1929. b. March 21, 1885 in Kittanning, Pa. Ordained deacon and priest in 1910 and served churches in Chicago Heights, Chicago, Wilmette (Ill.) until 1917 and then at Eau Claire, Wis. from 1910–29. Was chaplain in AEF in 1917–18. Mason and 33° AASR (NJ). d. Feb. 16, 1944.

George A. Wilson (1884–1953) U.S. Senator from Iowa, 1943–49; Governor of Iowa, 1939–43. b. April 1, 1884 in Menlo, Iowa. Admitted to the bar in 1907 and began practice in Des Moines, Iowa. Served as county attorney, district judge and state senator. Member of Home Lodge No. 370, Des Moines and received 32° AASR (SJ) in Des Moines on June 3, 1921. d. Sept. 8, 1953.

Howard S. Wilson (1894–1958) President of Bankers Life Insurance Co. of Nebraska from 1919. b. Nov. 16, 1894 in Lincoln, Nebr. Trustee at large of National Society for Crippled Children, 1950–54 and member of national executive committee, 1951–54; member of board of governors, American Red Cross, 1947–51. Raised in Lincoln Lodge No. 19, Lincoln, Nebr. on Oct. 26, 1920. Was a member of Lincoln Chapter No. 6, R.A.M.; Lincoln Council No. 4, R. & S.M.; Mt. Moriah Commandery No. 4, K.T. and a 33° AASR (SJ) member, all of Lincoln and the Sesostri Shrine Temple. d. March 14, 1958.

James Wilson (1835–1920) Secretary of Agriculture in cabinets of McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft, 1897–1913. b. Aug. 16, 1835 in Ayrshire, Scotland, coming to U.S. with parents in 1851 and settling in Conn. Went to Tama Co., Iowa in 1855. Engaged in farming after 1861 and was director of

agricultural experiment station and professor of agriculture at Iowa Agriculture Coll., Ames, 1890–97. U.S. congressman to 43rd–44th congresses, 1873–77 and 48th congress, 1883–85. Member of Hesperia Lodge No. 340, Iowa. d. Aug. 26, 1920.

John Wilson (1785–1854) Pseudonym was Christopher North. A Scottish poet, essayist and critic. Hewas a friend of Wordsworth, Southey, Coleridge and others. Published two volumes of poetry: *The Isle of Palms* and *The City of the Plague*. Joined the Tory publication, *Blackwood's Magazine*, and was professor of moral philosophy at Edinburgh, 1820–51. His fiction includes *Lights and Shadows of Scottish Life*; *Trials of Margaret Lyndsay* and *The Foresters*. Became a member of Canongate Kilwinning Lodge, Edinburgh on Feb. 2, 1830.

John L. Wilson (1784–1849) Governor of South Carolina, 1822–24. b. May 24, 1784 in Marlborough dist., S. Car. Began law practice in Columbia, S. Car. in 1807. Served many terms in both branches of state legislature. Was master of Winyaw Lodge No. 40, Georgetown, S. Car. in 1823 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1823–24. From 1824–26 he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of S. Car. d. Feb. 12, 1849.

Robert G. Wilson, Jr. Imperial Potentate of the Shrine for North America, 1951–52. b. Sept. 4, 1891 in Boston, Mass. Graduate cum laude of Harvard in 1914 and 1917. Practiced law in Boston from 1917–40 and a probate judge since 1940. Was grand commander of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of

Mass. and R.I. in 1950. Received degrees in Joseph Webb Lodge, Boston, Mass. in 1913 and was master of same in 1927.

Stanley C. Wilson Governor of Vermont, 1931–35. b. Sept. 10, 1879 in Orange, Vt. Graduate of Goddard Sem. (Vt.) and Tufts Coll. in 1901. Admitted to the bar in 1904 and began practice at Montpelier. Served in both branches of legislature; judge of superior court, 1917–23 and lieutenant governor, 1929–31. Made a Mason Dec. 7, 1905 in George Washington Lodge No. 51, Chelsea, Vt.; Knight Templar and Shriner.

Thomas B. Wilson Business executive; Vice President and Manager of Southern Pacific Motor Transport Co., 1926–29; President of Pacific Greyhound Lines, 1929–33; Vice President and General Manager, Alaska Steamship Co., 1933–38; Chairman of Board and Director, T.W.A., Inc., 1938–47. Now chairman and board member of several companies. Raised in Perry Lodge No. 415, Perry, Kans. on Feb. 2, 1918 and retains membership there. Shriner.

Thomas E. Wilson (1868–1958) Founder of Wilson & Co., meat packers. b. July 22, 1868 in London, Ont., Canada. Came with parents to Chicago in 1877. First job was with C.B. & Q. R.R. Became connected with Morris & Co., packers in 1887 and was vice president, 1906–13 and president, 1913–16. Elected president of Sulzberger & Sons Co. in 1916, he changed the name the same year to Wilson & Co. Plants established in Chicago, Dothan, Ala., Oklahoma City, Okla., Kansas City, Kans., Omaha, Nebr., Los Angeles, Calif., Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Albert Lea, Minn., Columbus, Ga., Buenos Aires,

Sao Paulo, Australia, New Zealand and branches in principal countries of Europe. Resigned as chairman of board in 1953. Was one of the organizers and first president of the American Meat Institute and was chairman of the National Live Stock and Meat Board, 1935–39. Was a director of many corporations, and received national honors for his work among youth. Received degrees in Mizpah Lodge No. 768, Chicago, Ill. on July 2, Aug. 13, Nov. 19, 1894 and was a 50-year member of that lodge at the time of his death on Aug. 4, 1958.

Thomas W. Wilson (1893–1948) U.S. Congressman to 68th–70th Congresses, 1923–29 from Miss.; Federal Judge of Virgin Islands, 1933–35. b. Jan 24, 1893 in Coldwater, Miss. Graduate of U. of Mississippi in 1913. Began law practice at Laurel, Miss. Was member of Federal Board of Parole and chairman of U.S. Board of Parole, 1946–47. Mason, Knight Templar and 32° AASR (SJ). d. Jan. 31, 1948.

William B. Wilson (1862–1934) Secretary of Labor; U.S. Congressman; an organizer of United Mine Workers of America. b. April 2, 1862 in Blantyre, Scotland, coming to U.S. in 1870. Became secretary and treasurer of National Union of Miners, 1900–08 and was U.S. congressman to 60th–62nd congresses, 1907–13. Served in cabinet of President Wilson from 1913–21 and then engaged in mining and farming. Was president of the district miners' union, 1888–90, and in 1890 was a member of the national executive board which organized the United Mine Workers of America. Prominent in national and international labor conferences and settlement of labor disputes. Home was at Blossburg, Pa. Received degrees

in Bloss Lodge No. 350, Blossburg, Pa. on Dec. 26, 1905, April 7, 1906 (2nd and 3rd same date). d. May 26, 1934.

Bishop of Winchester (see under Wykeham).

Levin Winder (1756–1819) Governor of Maryland in 1812. Was appointed major of the 4th Maryland Rgt and before the close of the Revolutionary War attained the rank of lieutenant colonel. Later he became brigadier general in the Maryland militia. Served in both branches of the state legislature. He was the first master of Lodge No. 37 in Princess Anne, Md. under Pa. charter in 1782. This lodge was No. 7 under Maryland. It became dormant about 1793 but was revived in 1811 as Somerset No. 49, and Winder's name appeared as a charter member. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. d. July 7, 1819.

William H. Winder (1775–1824) Brigadier General in War of 1812. b. Feb. 18, 1775 in Somerset Co., Md. Studied law and settled in Baltimore where he lived from 1798 until the War of 1812. Appointed lieutenant colonel of the 14th U.S. Inf. in March, 1812 and given command of regiment that July. Led successful expedition to Canada and made brigadier general in March, 1813. At Stony Creek his command repelled the British attack, but he was captured. Was admitted a member of Cassia Lodge No. 45, Baltimore at its formation in 1811. He probably received his degrees in the old lodge No. 7 at Princess Anne, Md., or while residing for a short time in Nashville, Term. He was master of Cassia Lodge in 1816 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland in 1822–24.

Also member of Phoenix Chapter No. 7, R.A.M., Baltimore.
d. May 24, 1824.

Edward, Duke of Windsor (see Edward VIII).

Sir Francis Reginald Wingate (1861–1953) British General and administrator who was prominent in the creation of the Sudan. b. June 25, 1861 at Broadfield, Renfrewshire. He played a major part in the Egyptian, Sudanese and Arabian affairs of Great Britain. He succeeded Kitchener as governor general of Sudan in 1899 and became full general in 1913. He was high commissioner for Egypt in 1916–19. He held the titles of Bt., G.C.B., G.C.V.O., G.B.E., K.C.M.G. and D.S.O. He was a past grand warden of the Grand Lodge of England from 1900. He was district grand master for Egypt and the Sudan for 21 years (to 1921), succeeding Field Marshal Lord Kitchener. d. Jan. 28, 1953.

Otis T. Wingo (1877–1930) U.S. Congressman to 63rd–71st Congresses, 1913–31, from Arkansas. b. June 18, 1877 in Weakly Co., Tenn. Admitted to the bar in 1900. As a member of state legislature (Ark.) from 1907–09 he was the author of the Wingo Corp. Act. leading to investigation of frauds in new state capitol construction. Member of Sweet Home Lodge No. 461, DeQueen, Ark. and was grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Arkansas in 1913. d. Oct. 21, 1930.

Percy G. Winnett President of Bullock's, Inc., leading department store, Los Angeles, Calif., 1933–50, and chairman of board since 1950. b. April 3, 1881 in Winnipeg, Canada.

With Bullock's from 1896 and vice president from 1912–33. Active in community charities and activities. Member of Hollywood Lodge No. 355, Hollywood, Calif.

Forbes Winslow (1810–1874) English alienist who was a pioneer in the humane treatment of the insane and of the now generally accepted plea of insanity in criminal cases. He was a lineal descendant of the first governor of Plymouth Colony, Mass. Author of treatises on insanity, and appeared before parliamentary committees and at numerous trials. Member of the Lodge of the Nine Muses, No. 325, London.

William A. Winstead U.S. Congressman to 78th–86th Congresses from Miss., 1943–60. b. Jan. 6, 1904 in Union, Miss. Supt. of education Neshoha Co., 1936–40. Mason.

Charles E. Winter (1870–1948) Congressman, lawyer, judge, author and acting governor of Puerto Rico, 1932–33. b. Sept. 13, 1870 in Muscatine, Ia. Practiced law at Omaha, Nebr. from 1895–1902 when he moved to Encampment, Wyo. and to Casper in 1913. District judge of Wyoming, 1913–19. Member 68th–70th congresses, 1923–29. Wrote *Grandon of Sierra*; *Ben Warman* (made into a movie); *400,000,000 Acres—The Public Lands and Resources*; and *The Gold of Freedom*, a Wyoming historical novel. He also wrote the words of the Wyoming State Song. Received degrees in Encampment (Wyo.) Lodge No. 19 on July 22, Sept. 9, Oct. 3, 1903, affiliating with Casper (Wyo.) Lodge No. 15 on March 25, 1914. Member of Wyoming Consistory AASR (SJ) and Korein Shrine Temple. d. April 22, 1948.

Alexander Winton (1860–1932) Inventor and President of the Winton Co. b. June 20, 1860 in Grangemouth, Scotland. He established the Winton Bicycle Co. at Cleveland, Ohio in 1890 and began the manufacturer of motor cars in 1894. He was an incorporator of the Winton Co. in 1897 and later president. He established the Winton Marine Oil Engine Works in 1912. Member of Lakewood Lodge No. 601, Lakewood, Ohio, receiving degrees on Oct. 15, Nov. 19, 1917 and Jan. 19, 1918. d. June 21, 1932.

Earl of Winton (see Earl of Eglinton).

William Wirt (1772–1834) U.S. Attorney General, 1817–29 and anti-Masonic candidate for the President of the United States in 1832. b. Nov. 8, 1772 in Bladensburg, Md. Began law practice at Culpeper Court House, Va. Moved to Richmond in 1799 and to Norfolk in the winter of 1803–04, but returned to Richmond in 1806. Served in Va. house of delegates in 1808; district attorney in 1816 and attorney general of the U.S. in 1817. After his attorney-generalship was completed in 1829 he moved to Baltimore, where in 1832 he accepted the nomination by the anti-Masonic Party as its candidate for the president. He received the seven electoral votes of Vermont and a popular vote of 33,108. Wirt even defended Freemasonry before the nominating convention: “I was myself initiated into the mysteries of Freemasonry. I never took the Master’s degree, but it proceeded from no suspicion on my part that there was anything criminal in the institution, or anything that placed its members in the slightest degree in collision with their allegiance to their country and its laws. I

have thought and repeatedly said that I considered Masonry as having nothing to do with politics, and nothing has surprised me more than to see it blown into consequence. . . .” The 1801 proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Virginia lists Wirt as a Fellowcraft of Jerusalem Lodge No. 54 at Richmond. The 1802 proceedings (page 27) shows that the Honorable W. Wirt has withdrawn from Jerusalem Lodge No. 54. Although Wirt claims he never received the third degree, the proceedings of 1803 shows a “William Wirt” as a Master Mason of Stevensburg Lodge No. 40 and the 1804 proceedings (page 35) again lists a “William Wirt” as a Master Mason in that lodge. It is possible, however, that the member of the Stevensburg lodge was another person of the same name. d. Feb. 18, 1834.

Oswald Wirth (1860–1940?) French Masonic writer. For a time was employed as a librarian by the French government, but upon joining the Lodge Travail et Vrai Amis Fideles, his interest in Freemasonry became so great that he started a Masonic journal *Symbolisme*, which even today is the leading publication of the Grand Lodge of France. For many years he was a member of the Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite in France. He is recognized as the father of basic instruction in his grand lodge, and his booklets on the three degrees of Freemasonry are still in use in France.

Henry A. Wise (1806–1876) Governor of Virginia, 1855–59; Brigadier General in Confederate Army; U.S. Congressman, 1833–39; Minister to Brazil, 1844–47. b. Dec. 3, 1806 in Drummondstown, Va. Was graduated from Washington Coll. (Pa.) in 1825, studied law and was admitted to the bar in

Winchester, Va. in 1828 and settled in that year in Nashville, Tenn., but in 1830 returned to Accomack Co., Va. On his first election to congress in 1833 he fought a duel with his competitor. In 1837 he was second to Wm. J. Graves of Ky. in his duel with Jonathan Cilley of Maine, in which the latter was killed. Won the governership of Va. by opposing the "Know-Nothings." One of his last acts as governor was ordering the execution of John Brown for his attempted seizure of Harpers Ferry. As a Confederate general his force was driven out of Kanawha Valley by the troops Under General J. D. Cox and at Gauley Bridge he lost a large quantity of arms and stores. He subsequently commanded at Roanoke Island, N.C. and was defeated here by General Burnside. Listed as a member of Northampton Lodge No. 11, Eastville, Northampton Co., Va. in proceedings of 1848 (p. 34) and of Metropolitan Lodge No. 11, Richmond, Va. in a sketch of that lodge. d. Sept. 12, 1876.

James A. Wise (1875–1939) Protestant Episcopal Coadjutor Bishop of Kansas from 1916. b. July 26, 1875 in Dundee, Scotland, coming to U.S. in 1888. Ordained in 1901, he served charges in Omaha, Papillion and South Omaha, Nebr.; St. Louis, Mo. until 1916. Was member of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 40, St. Louis and undoubtedly his original membership was in Nebr. as shortly prior to his death he presented the museum of the Grand Lodge of Kansas with a white leather apron and a Nebraska monitor. d. July 8, 1939.

James W. Wise (1868–1925) U.S. Congressman to 64th–68th Congresses, 1915–25 from 6th Ga. dist. b. March 3, 1868 in Henry Co., Ga. Admitted to the bar in 1893 and practiced

in Fayetteville. Member of Mount Moriah Lodge No. 130, Fayetteville, Ga., receiving degrees on Sept. 19, Oct. 3, 17, 1896. d. Sept. 8. 1925.

Stephen S. Wise (1874–1949) Founder and Rabbi of Free Synagogue of New York. b. March 17, 1874 in Budapest, Hungary, the son of a rabbi. Graduate of Columbia U. in 1892 and 1901. Was pastor of Congregation of Madison Ave. Synagogue, N.Y. 1893–1900; Beth Israel, Portland, Oreg., 1900–06 and in 1907 founded the Free Synagogue of N.Y.C. He was the founder and first secretary of Federation of American Zionists. Served as president of the American Jewish Congress, World Jewish Conference and Zionist Organization of America. Was founded and president of the Jewish Institute of Religion. Member of Perfect Ashlar Lodge No. 604, N.Y.C. d. April 19, 1949.

Thomas A. Wise (1865–1928) Actor. b. March 23, 1865 in Faversham, England and brought to America in 1868. He earned his own living from the age of nine. Began as an actor in Calif. in 1883. Starred with John C. Rice in 1902–03, in *A Gentleman From Mississippi* (which he co-authored), 1908–11 and with John Barrymore in 1911. He appeared in the following N.Y. productions: *Mr. Wilkinson's Widows*; *Gloriana*; *The Last Chapter*; *The Cuckoo*; *House That Jack Built*; *Prince Chap*; *Are You a Mason?*; *Vivian's Papas*; *Harriet's Honeymoon*; *Military Mad*; *Home Folks*; *Mrs. Temple's Telegram*; *Little Cherub*; *Miss Hook of Holland*; *Lights o' Lon-* don and others. Became member of St. Cecile Lodge No. 568, N.Y.C. on Dec. 2, 1902. d. March 21, 1928.

Duchess of Wisembourg German duchess who was grand mistress of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem—an early emanation of Masonry in the 18th century. Other grand mistresses were Princess of Rochelle (Italy), Countess of Maile and Princess de Latour (France), qq.v.

Isaac J. Wistar (1827–1905) Brigadier General of Volunteers in Civil War. b. Nov. 14, 1827 in Philadelphia, Pa. Practiced law at Philadelphia. Entered National Army in 1861 as a captain of Pa. Vols. and served in Maryland and Virginia. Was president of Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, 1892–96; president of State Board of Charities and was a writer and speaker on penology. Was president of American Philosophical Society, 1901–03. Initiated May 31, 1850 in Franklin Lodge No. 134, Philadelphia. d. 1905.

Robert E. Withers (1821–1907) U.S. Senator from Virginia, 1875–81; 13th Grand Master of Grand Encampment, K.T., U.S.A., 1883–86. b. Sept. 18, 1821 in Campbell Co., Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1841 and received M.D. degree in 1843. He practiced medicine in Campbell Co. and Danville, Va. until 1861, when he commanded the 18th Rgt. C.S.A. He was editor of the Lynchburg Daily News, 1866–69; lieutenant governor of Va., 1873; U.S. consul at Hong-Kong, China, 1885–89. Initiated in Marshall Lodge No. 39, Lynchburg, Va. on Feb. 1, 1851 and was master of Mackey Lodge No. 69, 1854–57. He was later a member of Roman Eagle Lodge No. 122, Danville, but about 1866 reaffiliated with Marshall Lodge No. 39 and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1871. Member of Eureka Chapter No. 10, Lynchburg as

early as 1855 and later of Euclid Chapter No. 15, Danville. Served as grand high priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Virginia. Member of DeMolay Commandery No. 4, K.T. of Lynchburg, 1856, and served as grand commander of Grand Commandery, K.T. of Virginia. Was also a 32° AASR (SJ). d. Sept. 21, 1907.

Robert E. Withers, II (1865–1952) Vice President of Aluminum Co. of America, 1922–46. b. March 13, 1865 in Danville*, Va., the son of Robert E. Withers, q.v., a U.S. senator. Graduat of V.M.I. in 1885, he was secretary to his father when the latter was U.S. counsul to Hong–Kong, China in 1885. In 1886 he was appointed vice and deputy cousul. Became associated with Pittsburgh Reduction Co. (now Aluminum Co. of America) at New Kensington, Pa. in 1895 as chief clerk, and became treasurer and assistant secretary in 1898; vice president in charge of finance, 1922; director in 1927 and senior vice president after 1931. Original lodge not known but affiliated with Verona Lodge No. 548, Verona, Pa. on Feb. 2, 1897 and on June 22, 1906 affiliated with Tyrian Lodge No. 644 of Kensington, Pa. as a charter member and was master of same in 1908. d. Dec. 29, 1952 John Witherspoon (1723–1794) Signer of Declaration of Independence. Has been claimed as a Freemason, but the evidence is quite dubious and is based on conflicting dates.

Count of Wittenberg (see under Friedrich B. Tauentzein).

Johann C. von Woellner (1732–1800) Prussian statesman and leader of the Rite of Strict Observance and Rosicrucian

Order in Germany. b. May 19, 1732 in Dobritz. Studied theology; was appointed a preacher near Berlin in 1750 and afterward a canon at Halberstadt. King William III, of Prussia, appointed him privy councilor of finance in 1786, and in 1788 he became minister of state and was put at the head of ecclesiastical affairs. He was dismissed from his political appointments at the death of William, and retired to his estate at Grossriez. d. Sept. 11, 1800.

E.C. Wolcott Founder and Executive Director of High Twelve, International. b. April 22, 1881 in Muscatine, Iowa. Educated in Penn. Coll., Oskaloosa, Ia. and at Chicago U. Has been a Congregational pastor since 1907. Was vice president of National Fidelity Life Ins. Co. and Western Protective Ins., both of Kansas City, Kans. Served as sales manager of Blue Valley Creamery Co. of Chicago; sales consultant of Ralston Purina Co. of St. Louis and in 1942 organized Wolcott Associates, Inc., business consultants. In 1932-33 he was vice president of Hemline U., St. Paul, Minn. in charge of endowment and personnel. He operates and owns a 245 acre farm and raises Hereford and Angus cattle. Has worked with youth all his life, YMCA, Boy Scouts, Hi-Y, DeMolay, etc. Held night classes for underprivileged boys, sponsored criminal youths and worked with juvenile courts. Was secretary of High Twelve, International, 1921-32 and president, 1921-23 and 1925-26. Became executive director in 1936, and in 1942 began building the international organization from 27 clubs to 124 clubs. Member of Cyrus Lodge No. 338, Bilman, Iowa since 1904. Received Scottish Rite in Sioux City, Iowa in 1916, Shrine in Kansas City in 1924 and Commandery in St. Louis in 1945.

Jesse P. Wolcott Chairman of Board of Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. since 1957; U.S. Congressman from Michigan, 72nd–84th Congresses. b. March 3, 1893 in Gardner, Mass. In law practice at Detroit, Mich. from 1915–19 and after that at Port Huron, Mich. Received 1946 Collier award for distinguished Congressional service. Served in WWI with 26th Inf., 1st Div. Member of Port Huron Lodge No. 58, Port Huron, Mich., receiving degrees on April 14, Oct. 13, 1921 and Jan. 19, 1922.

Oliver Wolcott (1760–1833) Secretary of the Treasury, 1795–1800; Governor of Connecticut, 1817–27; Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut, 1818–20. b. Jan. 11, 1760 at Litchfield, Conn., the son of the signer of the Declaration of Independence of the same name. Graduate of Yale U. in 1778, having in the previous year taken part as a militiaman in encounters with the British who attempted to capture the Continental stores at Danbury. Studied law at Litchfield, at the same time accompanying his father to the coast in 1779 as an aide (father became major general of militia). Entered law practice at Hartford in 1781. Became U.S. comptroller of the treasury in spring of 1791, retaining that office in preference to the presidency of the U.S. Bank, which he was offered upon its organization. President John Adams appointed him U.S. judge for 2nd Dist. which embraced Conn., Vt. and N.Y., and he served until 1802. For a while he was in the mercantile business in N.Y.C. and there founded the Bank of North America and was president from 1812–14. Returning to Connecticut, he was elected ten times to the governorship (starting in 1817) and after this returned to New York City.

Was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge No. 4, Hartford, Conn. on Jan. 28, 1784. d. June 1, 1833. G.M. of Conn. 1818–21.

Friedrich August Wolf (1759–1824) German dassical philologist and critic of Homer. He was a friend of Goethe and Humbold. His theory was that the Iliad and the Odyssey are not the work of one author, but of several. Member of the lodge Zum Goldenen Zirkel at Goettingen and Zu den Drei Degen at Halle.

George Wolf (1777–1840) Governor of Pennsylvania, 1829–35; U.S. Congressman, 19th–21st Congresses, 1824–29; First Comptroller of the Treasury of the U.S., 1836–38. b. Aug. 12, 1777 in Northampton Co., Pa. At beginning of Jefferson's administration he was appointed postmaster of Easton, Pa. As governor he promoted the construction of canals and worked for the establishment of a general system of common schools. For this he is known as the "father of the public school system of Pennsylvania." A member of Easton Lodge No. 152, Easton, Pa., he was one of those who refused to testify against Freemasonry before a state legislative committee in 1836. d. March 17, 1840.

Simon Wolf (1836–1923) U.S. Minister to Egypt, 1881–82; President of national and international order of B'nai B'rith, 1904–05. b. Oct. 28, 1836 in Hinzweiler, Bavaria. Graduate of U. of Strassburg and Ohio Law Coll. at Cleveland. Began law practice in Washington, D.C. in 1862. Was judge of the municipal court, Washington, D.C., 1878–81. Was founder of the Hebrew Orphan's Home at Atlanta, Ga. and president of

same for 25 years. He was active in charitable organizations from local to international levels. Among his writings are: *Influence of the Jews on the Progress of the World*; *The American Jew as a Soldier, Patriot and Citizen*; *Biography of Commodore U. P. Levy*, and *The Presidents I Have Known* (1917). In the latter volume (p. 461) he relates this interesting Masonic incident: "While I was delivering a wagon load of food supplies to Gen. Pope (who issued a call for same to feed his Confederate prisoners at Charleston, S.C.) I was captured by Confederate soldiers, and when I asked to be taken before the commanding officer I was brought before him, same proved to be none other than Gen. Stonewall Jackson, to whom I gave the Masonic Signal of Distress, the General answered and not only set me free, but saw that I was safely taken back to the Union lines." Wolf was a member of Lafayette Lodge No. 19, Washington, D.C. and a 33° AASR (SJ). d. June 4, 1923.

James Wolfe (1727–1759) British Major General whose capture of Quebec gave England control of Canada. b. Jan. 2, 1727 in Westerham, Kent, England, the son of Major General Edward Wolfe. He was adjutant of a regiment at the age of 16 and served in Flanders, Germany and against the Young Pretender. He was present at Dettingen, Falkirk and Culloden Moor. In 1758 he was made brigadier general and commanded a division under Amherst at the siege of Louisburg. His gallantry there resulted in his promotion to major general and the following year he was placed by William Pitt in command of the expedition against Quebec. Here in 1759 he scaled the heights to the Plains of Abraham with 5,000 men

and routed the French under Mont-calm. This completed the British conquest of North America. Both Wolfe and Montcalm fell on the field mortally wounded. It is claimed that Wolfe was a member of Minden Military Lodge. The cornerstone of the Wolfe–Montcalm Monument was laid Masonically at Quebec on Nov. 20, 1827.

Albert Wolfgang (1699–1748) Prince of Lippeschaumberg. He was one of the Masonic circle favored by Frederick the Great, q.v.

Willard R. Wolfinbarger Major General, U.S. Air Force. b. Dec. 12, 1900 in Marion, Kans. Graduate of U. of Kansas in 1924 and admitted to the bar in that year. Served in WWI as a volunteer in 139th Inf. and joined U.S. Army Air Service as a flying cadet in 1924. He entered Army Air Corps as 2nd lieut. in 1927, advanced through grades to major general in 1950, and retired in 1953. Was a military attache with U.S. Embassy in Berlin, 1940–41, and successively assigned to Joint Chiefs of Staff, 1942–44; commander of 13th Fighter Command, 13th Air Force, Pacific, 1944–45; on faculty National War Coll., 1946–48; assistant chief of staff for plans, U.S. Air Forces in Europe, 1948–49; commanding general Tactical Air Force, 1950; commanding general of 9th Air Force, 1950–51; and then director of Joint Tactical Air Support Board, 1951–53. He is now vice president and general manager of the Washington Planning Corp. of Florida. Member of Centre Lodge No. 147, Marion, Kans.

Jack F. Wolfram Vice President of General Motors Corp. and

General Manager of Oldsmobile division since 1951. b. Dec. 18, 1889 in Pittsburgh, Pa. Began in blueprint department of H. Koppers Co. in 1917 and was later on engineering staff of B. & O. R.R., American Heating & Ventilating Co., Enterprise Tool Co. and Chandler Motor Car Co. With Oldsmobile division of General Motors since 1927, first as assistant experimental engineer and then experimental engineer, assistant chief engineer of all products (1940–44), chief engineer (1944–51) and general manager since 1951. Member of Lansing Lodge No. 33, Lansing, Mich., receiving degrees in 1929; 33° AASR (NJ) at Grand Rapids; Elf Khurafeh Shrine Temple and Court No. 74, R.O.J. both of Saginaw, Mich.

Louis E. Wolfson Financier. b. Jan. 28, 1912 in St. Louis, Mo. With M. Wolfson & Co., 1934. Director of Florida Pipe & Supply Co., Jacksonville, 1934–49; president of Southern Pipe & Supply Co., Orlando, 1948–57; controlling stockholder of Tampa Shipbuilding Co., 1945–48; chairman of board of Merritt–Chapman & Scott Corp., N.Y.C. since 1951; chairman of board of N.Y. Shipbuilding Corp., Camden, N.J. since 1953; chairman of board of Capital Transit Co., Washington, D.C., 1951–56 and Newport Steel Corp. (Ky.) from 1954–56. Director of Montgomery Ward & Co., 1955–56. He is a director and trustee of several foundations. Mason and Knight Templar.

August Wolfstieg (1859–1922) German professor and director of the government library at Berlin. He dedicated his life to the reading and collecting of the classics. Was initiated in 1899 in the lodge Pythagoras at Berlin and was its master in 1901–04. His three volume book, *Bibliography of Masonic*

Literature, is outstanding in its field. In 1920 he published *The Philosophy of Freemasonry*.

Garnet Joseph Wolseley (1833–1913) Commander-in-Chief of British Army, 1895–99 and 1st Viscount Wolseley. He was wounded and lost an eye at Sevastopol in 1855. In 1857–58 he served in the Sepoy Mutiny and accompanied the Anglo–French expedition into China in 1860. From 1861–71 he was in Canada, where he commanded an expedition to quell the uprising in Red River in 1870. He commanded the Ashanti expedition of 1873–74 and was commander of Natal in 1875, Cyprus, 1878 and Southeast Africa, 1879–80. He suppressed the rebellion in Egypt with a victory at Tell elKebir in 1882 and commanded the Nile expedition of 1884, arriving too late to relieve General Gordon at Khartoum. Made field marshal in 1894 and commander-in-chief of the British Army in 1895. He was a member of “The Military” Lodge No. 728 of Ireland, receiving degrees on April 13, 21, July 21, 1854, and was installed as master on Jan. 21, 1893. He received the Mark Degree in Old Kent Lodge of London on April 23, 1883.

Thomas Wolsey (1475?–1530) English Cardinal who virtually took over the political affairs of England. He affected extravagant pomp and arrogated to himself royal privileges. The Northouck edition of Anderson’s *Constitutions* (1784) claims that he was a patron of Freemasonry in 1515.

Charles A. Wolverton U.S. Congressman to 70th–85th Congresses, 1927–58, from New Jersey. b. Oct. 24, 1880 in Camden, N.J. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1900 and

began law practice at Camden, N.J. in 1901. Was member of state legislature, 1915–18, and speaker of same in 1918. Mason, Knight Templar, 32° AASR (NJ) and Shriner.

Charles E. Wolverton (1851–1926) Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Oregon, 1898–1900 and 1904–05; U.S. Federal Judge of Oregon, from 1905. b. May 16, 1851 in Des Moines Co., Iowa. Began law practice in Albany, Oreg., 1874 and became a justice of the supreme court in 1894. Member of St. Johns Lodge No. 62, Albany, Oreg. and master of same in 1886. Member of Bayley Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of Albany and high priest in 1894; member of Temple Commandery No. 3, K.T. and commander in 1903. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1910. d. Sept. 21, 1926.

Arthur B. Wood (1870–1952) President of the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, one of the world's largest insurance companies, from 1934 and later chairman of board. b. Oct. 28, 1870 in Knowlton, P.Q., Canada. Graduate of McGill U. in 1892. He began with his company in 1893 as chief clerk of the actuarial department and was in turn assistant actuary, actuary, vice president and actuary, vice president and managing director, 1923–34, and president from 1934. He was a past grand master of the Grand Lodge of Canada (Quebec). d. June 14, 1952.

Fernando Wood (1812–1881) Mayor of New York City and U.S. Congressman. b. June 14, 1812 in Philadelphia, Pa. Moved to N.Y.C. with father in 1820. Served in the 27th Congress, 1841–43; to 28th Congress in 1863–65; and the 40th–48th

Congresses, 1867–81. He was mayor of New York City in 1855–58, 1861–62. In his first term as mayor he brought the city out of a state of demoralization, and in the latter election was elected by the better elements of both parties. In Jan., 1861, when the question of secession was foremost, he recommended that New York secede and become a free city. Member of Eastern Star Lodge No. 227, N.Y.C. d. Feb. 14, 1881.

George T. Wood Governor of Texas and member of Forest Lodge No. 19, Huntsville, Texas, receiving degrees on July 31, Nov. 27, 1847 and dimitting July 21, 1851.

Grant Wood (1892–1942) The most famous American Gothic painter. b. Feb. 13, 1892 in Anamosa, Iowa. He was a student at the Minneapolis Handicraft Guild, 1910–12; Art Institute of Chicago, 1912–14 and Academy Julian, Paris, France in 1923. Received many honorary degrees from American universities. He began as a craftsman in metal and handmade jewelry in 1912 and became a teacher of art in the public schools of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, from 1919–24. He won the Harris Bronze Medal on “American Gothic” at the American exhibit, Art Institute of Chicago in 1930. His many paintings are distinctive and easily recognizable. The Iowa Masonic Library possesses a three-panel painting by Wood entitled, “Freemasonry.” It was donated to the library by Brother Otto A. Schoitz. For a description of the painting see the Royal Arch Mason magazine, Vol. III, p. 73–74. Wood was a member of Mount Hermon Lodge No. 263, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, receiving degrees on April 14, May 6, 19, 1921 but was suspended NPD on March 6, 1924. d. Feb. 12, 1942.

Jack W. Wood Major General, U.S. Air Force; participated in the first raid on Ploesti, Rumania in WWII in Aug. 1943. b. Jan. 2, 1907 in Faribault, Minn. Commissioned 2nd lieut. in U.S. Army Air Corps in 1929; advanced through grades to brigadier general in 1944 and major general in 1954. Served in Hawaii, 1935–37; commanded 389th Bomb Group in England and N. Africa, 1943; 20th Combat Bomb Wing, England, 1943–44; commanded Air Component, Supreme Hdqrs., A.E.F. Mission, 1944; senior military attache in London; director of readiness inspection, Hdqrs., USAF and now deputy inspector general of USAF. Received DSC and DFC. Received all three degrees by special dispensation in Feb., 1928 in West Gate Lodge No. 438, Kansas City, Kans.

James Wood (1750–1813) Governor of Virginia in 1796–99. His father was the founder of Winchester, Va. In 1774 the son was commissioned by Lord Dunmore as a captain of Virginia troops, and in 1775 he was elected to the house of burgesses from Frederick Co. He served in the Virginia line as a colonel in the Revolution and became a brigadier general of state troops. He was made superintendent of all the prisoners of war in Va. He was succeeded in office as governor of Va. by James Monroe. Wood Co., W. Va. is named in his honor. He was vice president of the Society of Cincinnati in Va. in 1784 and became president in 1789, serving until his death on July 16, 1813. He was a “visiting brother” to Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. on April 5, May 30, and June 30, all in 1774. These original records are in the Library of Congress.

Leonard C. Wood (1860–1927) Major General, U.S. Army;

Commander of the "Rough Riders" in Spanish-American War; Governor of Cuba in 1899; Governor of Philippine Islands, 1921-27. b. Oct. 9, 1860 in Winchester, N.H. Received medical degree from Harvard in 1884 and law degree from same in 1899. Entered the Army as an assistant surgeon in 1886. After being made brigadier and major general of volunteers in the Spanish-American War, he became brigadier general in regular army in 1901 and major general in 1903, retiring in 1921 after 30 years of service. Fort Leonard C. Wood, in Mo., is named in his honor. In the Spanish-American War he commanded the 1st U.S. Vol. Cavalry (Rough Riders). He commanded the Philippine Div., 1906-08, and the Department of East, 1908-09. From 1910-14 he was chief of staff of the U.S. Army. He was again commander of the Dept. of the East from 1914-17. Was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for distinguished conduct in campaign against the Apache Indians in 1886. In 1920 he was the Republican candidate for the presidency of the U.S. He was raised in Anglo Saxon Lodge No. 137 of Brooklyn, N.Y. on April 3, 1916; exalted in Normal Park Chapter No. 210, R.A.M. of Chicago, M. on July 26, 1919; knighted in Englewood Commandery No. 50, K.T., Chicago on Aug. 23, 1919 and a member of Medinah Shrine Temple, Chicago. Received the 32° AASR (NJ) in 1927 and was elected to receive the 33°, but died before it could be conferred. d. Aug. 7, 1927.

Reuben Wood (1792-1864) Governor of Ohio, 1850-53. b. in Rutland Co., Vt. He served in the War of 1812 as a volunteer from Vermont, and after studying law was admitted to the bar and began practice in Cleveland, Ohio. Served in state senate;

judge of state supreme court. Was discussed as a presidential candidate of the Democrats in 1852. Was U.S. consul in Valparaiso, Chili, in 1853–54. Affiliated with Concord Lodge No. 15, Cleveland, Ohio on Dec. 22, 1825. d. Oct. 2, 1864.

William R. Wood (1861–1933) U.S. Congressman to 64th–77th Congresses, 1915–33, from Ind. b. Jan. 5, 1861 in Oxford, Ind. Graduate of U. of Michigan, 1882 and practiced law at Lafayette, Ind. In 1916 he placed Charles W. Fairbanks, q.v., in nomination for the presidency at the Republican national convention. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 123, Lafayette, Ind., receiving degrees May 17, Oct. 4, 18, 1893 and in good standing at death on March 7, 1933.

Urban A. Woodbury (1838–1915) Governor of Vermont, 1894–96. b. July 11, 1838 in Acworth, N.H. Received medical degree from U. of Vermont in 1859. Served in Civil War as enlisted man and officer, losing right arm and being taken a prisoner in first Battle of Bull Run. Was mayor of Burlington, Vt. in 1885–86. He affiliated with Mount Vernon Lodge No. 8, Morrisville, Vt. on July 5, 1865 on a dimit from some lodge which is not stated in the grand lodge records. When he died he was a member of Burlington Lodge No. 100, Burlington, Vt. Was 32° AASR (NJ) in Vermont Consistory and a Shriner. d. April 15, 1915.

Adolphus F. A. Woodford (1821–1887) English Masonic author and encyclopaedist. After commissioned service in the Coldstream Guards, 1838–41, he was graduated from Durham U. in 1847, being ordained priest in the same year.

He was rector of Swillington Leeds, 1847–72. Was initiated in 1842 in the Lodge of Friendship No. 278, Gibraltar, where his father, Sir Alexander Woodford, was governor of the fortress. In 1878 he was elected deputy master of the Lodge of Antiquity No. 2, under the Duke of Albany. As grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of England in 1863–64, he delivered an oration on the “Dignity of the Order and the Principles of Freemasonry” at the laying of the foundation stone of the new Freemasons’ Hall. He edited both *The Freemason* and *The Masonic Magazine* from 1873 and 1875–82 respectively and was a constant contributor to the Masonic press. He compiled *Kenning’s Cyclopaedia of Freemasonry* in 1878 and wrote *A Defence of Masonry* in 1874. He was one of the nine founders of the Quatuor Coronati Lodge No. 2076.

Stewart L. Woodford (1835–1913) Brigadier General of Volunteers in Civil War (Union) and U.S. Minister to Spain just previous to Spanish–American War. b. Sept. 3, 1835 in New York. Graduate of Columbia and Yale universities. Was in law practice in N.Y.C. from 1857. Elected to 43rd U.S. congress and served 1873–74. Placed Charles Evans Hughes in nomination for presidency at Republican convention of 1908. Member of Continental Lodge No. 287, N.Y.C. and served as master. d. Feb. 14, 1913.

William Woodford (1735–1780) Brigadier General in American Revolution. b. in Caroline Co., Va. He served in the French and Indian War, and in 1775 was chosen colonel of the 2nd Va. Rgt. Was engaged with his regiment at Hampton Roads and sank five enemy vessels. Was appointed brigadier

general on Feb. 21, 1777 and given command of the 1st Va. Brigade. Was wounded at the Battle of Brandywine; took an active part in battles of Germantown and Monmouth. Ordered to the relief of Charleston, he marched his troops 500 miles in 28 days. He was taken prisoner at Charleston on May 12, 1780 and sent to N.Y.C. where he died as a prisoner. Member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, Fredericksburg, Va. d. Nov. 13, 1780.

Harry H. Woodring U.S. Secretary of War, 1936–40; Governor of Kansas, 1931–33. b. May 31, 1890 in Elk City, Kans. In banking business at Neodesha, Kans. from 1907 and former owner of 1st Natl. Bank of that city. Was assistant secretary of War, 1933–36. Served in Tank Corps in WWI. Initiated in Harmony Lodge No. 94, Neodesha, Kans. on June 23, 1911. Received AASR degrees on July 27, 1918 in Caldwell Consistory, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Rollin S. Woodruff (1854–1925) Governor of Connecticut, 1907–09. b. July 14, 1854 in Rochester, N.Y. Was a wholesale iron dealer at New Haven from 1889. Member of Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven, Conn. d. June 30, 1925.

Roy O. Woodruff (1876–1953) U.S. Congressman to 63rd and 67th–82nd Congresses from Mich. b. March 14, 1876 in Eaton Rapids, Mich. Began dental practice in Bay City, Mich. in 1902 and served as mayor, 1911–13. Served in Spanish–American War and WWI. Member of Joppa Lodge No. 315, Bay City, Mich., receiving degrees on April 11, 26, June 21, 1904 and becoming a life member Nov. 6, 1945. d. Feb. 12, 1953.

Clifton A. Woodrum (1887–1950) U.S. Congressman to 68th–78th Congresses, 1923–45, from Virginia. b. April 27, 1887 in Roanoke, Va. Practiced law at Roanoke from 1908, Mason and Shriner. d. Oct. 6, 1950.

Robert A. Woods (1861–1959) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1933–36. b. Jan. 5, 1861 at Princeton, Ind. Graduate of U. of Indiana in 1881 and studied at U. of Leipzig, Germany, 1885–86. He was deputy clerk of the Gibson County circuit court for 11 years and then with the Peoples National Bank and Princeton Coal and Mining Co. For 13 years he was with a Masonic regalia house. Member of Prince Lodge No. 231 (1885); Princeton Chapter No. 75, R.A.M. (1885); Vincennes Council No. 41 (1898) and later Princeton Council No. 71 as a charter member; knighted in Vincennes Commandery No. 20 (1885) and later charter member of Princeton Commandery No. 46. He headed the lodge, chapter, council and commandery; 32° AASR (NJ) at Indianapolis in 1886 and 33° on Sept. 17, 1901. Member of Red Cross of Constantine, Royal Order of Scotland, Murat Shrine Temple. d. 1959.

Saschel Woods (9–1854) California pioneer and first Junior Grand Warden of Grand Lodge of California. Was a member of Wakonda Lodge No. 52 of Carrollton, Mo., and when he went to Calif., he brought the first Masonic charter to that state. He was the first master of Western Star Lodge No. 98 (No. 2 under Calif. charter) of Missouri charter at Shasta. The lodge in Carrollton, Mo. has a sword used by him in the Mormon War in Mo. He was active in the formation of the

Grand Lodge of California. He contracted an intestinal ailment on a trip to Mexico in 1851. Returning to Calif. in 1853, he settled near Crescent City. His health remained poor and he was supported by the local lodge which also paid his burial expenses of \$600 and erected a monument over his grave. d. April 26, 1854.

William B. Woods (1824–1887) U.S. Supreme Court Justice and Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Aug. 3, 1824 in Newark, Ohio. A graduate of Yale in 1845, he practiced law at Newark. Served as mayor and in state legislature. Entered National Army as a lieutenant colonel of the 76th Ohio Vols., and from Nov., 1861 until close of war he was continuously at the front. Participated in the battles of Shiloh, Chickasaw Bayou, Arkansas Post, Resaca, Dallas, Atlanta, Jonesboro, Lovejoy Station and Bentonville. He commanded a division in Sher-man's march to the sea. Was appointed brevet brigadier general of volunteers in Jan., 1865; brevet major general in March, and full brigadier general in May of same year. Then settled in Alabama as a cotton planter and lawyer, and was chancellor of the state in 1868. President Hayes appointed him as U.S. supreme court justice. Member of Newark Lodge No. 69

David Wooster (now 97) of Newark, Ohio. d. May 14, 1887.

Silas Woodson (1819–1896) Governor of Missouri, 1873–75. b. May 18, 1819 near Barbersville, Ky., and licensed to practice law in that county at the age of 21. Served in Kentucky legislature and was a circuit attorney. He participated in the

state constitutional convention in 1849. In 1854 he came to Missouri, settling in St. Joseph. He was Missouri's first Democratic governor following the Civil War. He refused to run for U.S. senator, and returned to law practice in St. Joseph. Member of St. Joseph Lodge No. 78; Mitchell Chapter No. 14, R.A.M. (by affiliation) and Hugh de Payens Commandery No. 4, K.T., all of St. Joseph. He is said to have embraced the Roman Catholic faith shortly before his death on Oct. 9, 1896, but there is no record of his dismission from the Masonic bodies.

Ralph L. Woodward President of Central College, Fayette, Mo. from 1950. b. Aug. 31, 1906 in Kansas City, Kans. Graduate of Central Coll., 1931; Yale U., 1936. Ordained to Methodist ministry and served Mo. circuits from 1927–32; pastor of 1st Congregational Church, Lyme, Conn., 1933–36; from 1939–50 he was director of department of religious field work at Yale U. and assistant dean of the divinity school at Yale from 1942–49. Member of Salisbury Lodge No. 208, Salisbury, Mo.

Samuel Woodworth (1785–1842) Poet, best known for *The Old Oaken Bucket*. b. Jan. 13, 1785 in Scituate, Mass. Served newspaper apprenticeship, and moved to New Haven, Conn., where he published a weekly paper called *Belles-Lettres Repository*. It failed after two months. He moved to New York in 1809, and during War of 1812 issued a weekly paper called *The War*, and a monthly Swedenborgian magazine entitled, *Halcyon Lund-nary* and *Theological Repository*. Wrote a two-volume history of the War of 1812, entitled *Champions of Freedom* (1816). In 1823 he began the publication of the

New York Mirror, with a partner, but withdrew within a year. He wrote an operetta that was quite successful, entitled *Forest Rose*. Later in life he was paralyzed and his resources were meager. Member of Morton Commandery No. 4, K.T. of N.Y.C. d. Dec. 9, 1842.

David Wooster (1710?–1777) Brigadier General in the American Revolution and “Father of Freemasonry in Connecticut.” Both the dates and place of birth are in question. Some say it was March 2, 1710, others, 1711; some say Danbury and others, Stratford, Conn. Graduate of Yale U. in 1738, he became a merchant in New Haven. In the “War of Jenkin’s Ear,” 1741–43, he became the captain of Connecticut’s first naval vessel, the *Defense*, and in 1745 commanded a company in the first siege of Louisbourg, so distinguishing himself that he was chosen to escort the prisoners back to France. From there he went to London, where he was rewarded with a captain’s commission in the regular army and a guarantee of half pay for life. Returning to New Haven, he married the 15-year-old daughter of the president of Yale. As a colonel in the Conn. service he campaigned for six years in the French and Indian War. At the outset of the American Revolution, he gave up his British commission (and the half-pay) to become a major general of Conn. troops. He commanded in the vicinity of New York and on Long Island in 1775; next he marched towards Canada under Schuyler. Here he succeeded to the command as well as the responsibility of military governor of Canada, when Montgomery fell at Quebec. He was made a scapegoat for reverses in Canada, was cleared by an investigating committee but retired from

the regular service. He then became the senior major general of Conn. Militia, and in April, 1777 lost his life defending Danbury, Conn. Sources differ as to his original lodge. Some say he was first made a member in St. James Lodge, London, England, about 1745 on his visit there. Others say it was in a military lodge at Louisbourg, along with Lord Blayney (later grand master of England). Nevertheless, he secured the charter for the first lodge in Conn.—Hiram No. 1 at New Haven, dated Nov. 12, 1750, and was its first master. d. May 2, 1777. His son, Thomas, q.v., was an aide to General Washington.

Thomas Wooster Aide to General Washington in the American Revolution. Son of General David Wooster, q.v. Father and son were both members of the same lodge—Hiram No. 1, of New Haven, Conn. Thomas was raised in 1777 and served as master in 1778.

John L. Worden (1818–1879) Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy, and commander of the Monitor in its famous battle with the Merrimac in the Civil War. b. March 12, 1818 in Westchester Co., N.Y. He entered the Navy as a midshipman in 1835. He served on various vessels and at the Naval Observatory until the Civil War. Was prisoner of war for seven months, and after exchange was ordered to superintend the completion of the Monitor and to take command. His famous battle with the Confederate Merrimac occurred on March 9, 1862. At 11:30 a.m. a shell exploded on the pilot-house of the Monitor while Worden was looking through the slit. This rendered him blind and helpless. He later recovered from the injury to his eyes. Was commissioned a commander in July, 1862, commodore in

May, 1868, and rear admiral in Nov., 1872. He was commander in chief of the European Squadron from 1875–77; superintendent of the U.S. Naval Academy, 1870–74. Was retired at his own request by Congress in a special act on Dec. 23, 1886. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 310, Brooklyn, N.Y., receiving degrees on May 25, June 15, 29, 1857 and stricken from roll March 12, 1866. d. Oct. 18, 1897.

Hubert Work (1860–1942) U.S. Secretary of Interior, 1923–28; Postmaster General, 1922–23. b. July 3, 1860 in Marion Center, Pa. Received medical degree from U. of Pennsylvania in 1885. He began medical practice in Greeley, Colo. in that year and in 1896 moved to Pueblo, Colo., where he founded the Woodcroft Hospital for mental and nervous diseases. Before his term as postmaster general, he served as assistant postmaster general, 1922–23. He was president of the American Medical Association; chairman of the Republican National Committee, 1928–29. Member of Pueblo Lodge No. 17, Pueblo, Colo. d. Dec. 14, 1942.

William Workman (1800–1880) California pioneer, born in England about 1800. He was a member of the second immigrant company to arrive in California, spending some time in Taos, N.M. before coining westward. He was a leader of the Workman–Rowland Party and married a native woman; he and Rowland were given a 45,000 acre grant near Los Angeles in 1842; Workman expanded his holdings; his daughter married Francis Temple and they accumulated much property, including what is known as the Temple Block in Los Angeles; the failure of banks in which he was interested resulted in

Workman's suicide in 1880. As early as 1850 he was a member of Los Angeles Lodge No. 42, withdrawing in 1862 and affiliating with Lexington Lodge No. 104; withdrew from the latter in 1874. There is some evidence that he was made a Freemason in England.

Francis E. Worley Chief Justice, U.S. Court of Customs and Patent Appeals since 1950; U.S. Congressman to 77th–81st Congresses from Texas, 1941–51. b. Oct. 10, 1908 in Lone Wolf, Okla. Admitted to the Texas bar in 1936 and served in state legislature, 1935–40. Mason and 32° AASR (SJ). Member of Shamrock Lodge No. 929, Shamrock, Texas, receiving degrees on Jan. 14, Feb. 13, March 14, 1930. Served as tyler in 1931.

William J. Worth (1794–1849) Brevet Major General in War of 1812. b. March 1, 1794 in Hudson, N.Y. Was first employed in a store at Hudson and then moved to Albany, where he continued in the merchantile business until he was 18. Was commissioned in March, 1813 as a 1st lieutenant of the 23rd Inf.; served as an aide to Gen. Winfield Scott. He distinguished himself at the Battle of Niagara and was made a major. At close of war he was superintendent of the U.S. Military Academy. In 1838 became colonel of 8th Inf. Served in Florida War, and was second in command to Gen. Zachary Taylor at opening of War with Mexico. He was first to plant with his own hand the flag of the U.S. on the Rio Grande. Distinguished himself in the Mexican War, and was in all battles from Vera Cruz to Mexico City. He was the first to enter Mexico City and cut down the Mexican flag from the

National Palace with his own hands. He was known as the “most handsome man in the Army.” Breveted major general for his service at Monterrey and given a sword, not only by the U.S. congress, but by the states of N.Y. and La., as well. Although he was buried Masonically and although Worth Lodge No. 210 of N.Y. is named for him, his lodge is not known. d. May 17, 1849. The Grand Lodge of N.Y. dedicated a memorial to him on Nov. 25, 1857 in Madison Square Park.

Thomas Worthington (1773–1827) U.S. Senator from Ohio, 1803–07 and 1810–14; Governor of Ohio, 1814–18. b. July 16, 1773 in Jefferson Co., Va. Moved to Ross Co., Ohio in 1798, where he was a member of the first and second territorial legislatures, 1799–1801; delegate to state constitutional convention of 1803. Member of Nova Caesarea Harmony Lodge No. 10 (now No. 2) and was initiated on Nov. 6, 1799. d. June 20, 1827.

Count Axel Ericson Wrede-Sparre (1708–1772) Progenitor of Freemasonry in Sweden. Raised in Paris, France in 1733, he established the first lodge in Stockholm as early as 1735.

Sir Christopher Wren (1632–1723) Early England’s most noted architect. The designer of St. Paul’s Cathedral in London, he is said to have been the last grand master of the operative masons. Anderson in his Constitutions (1738) says that in 1685 “the lodges met and elected Sir Christopher Wren Grand Master.” He also invented the hypodermic needle in conjunction with Boyle. After the fire of August, 1666 in London, he

was made surveyor-general and there was hardly an important building in which he did not have a hand. Preston states that Wren attended the Lodge of St. Paul (now Antiquity No. 2) regularly for 18 years during the building of St. Paul's Cathedral, and presented the lodge three candlesticks and a mallet with which the king leveled the foundation stone. These relics are still proudly treasured by this lodge. An old minute book of the lodge dated "Queen's Arms, June 3, 1723," which is a month or two after Sir Christopher's death, states: "The three Mahogany Candlesticks presented to this Lodge by its worthy old Master, Sir Christopher Wren, ordered to be carefully deposited in a Wooden Case, lin'd with Cloth to be immediately purchased for the purpose."

Dudley Wright (1868-?) English journalist who wrote a number of Masonic books, including *Women and Freemasonry*; *Masonic Legends and Traditions* and *Roman Catholicism and Freemasonry*. Studied at Kings College and University College, London.

Richardson L. Wright Author, and editor of *House & Garden* magazine, 1914-49. b. June 18, 1887 in Philadelphia, Pa. Graduate of Trinity Coll., Conn. and later a trustee. Was Sunday editor of the Knickerbocker Press, Albany, N.Y. in 1910; foreign correspondent for American papers in Russia and Manchuria, 1911-12; literary critic for *The New York Times*, 1913. Author of a score of volumes, including *Rambles in Jamaica*; *Through Siberia*; *The Russians*; *Hawkers and Walkers in Early America*; *Forgotten Ladies*, and *The Bed-Book of Eating and Drinking*. He is president of the Wine

and Food Society. A horticulturist, he has been chairman of the Horticultural Society of N.Y. and of the International Flower Show. Is a trustee of the New York Botanical Garden and fellow of the Royal Horticultural Society. Awarded a gold medal by the American Iris Society in 1937 and the Mass. Horticultural Society in 1943. Raised in Amity Lodge No. 323, Manhattan, N.Y., and was its master in 1933. He holds dual membership in Holland Lodge No. 8 and is a charter member and former secretary of the American Lodge of Research (now secretary emeritus); member of St. Paul's Conclave, R.C.C.; received Scottish Rite degrees in Aurora Grata Consistory, Brooklyn in 1931, and is grand historian emeritus of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Robert Wright (1752–1826) U.S. Senator and Congressman from Maryland. b. Nov. 20, 1752 in Chestertown, Queen Anne's Co., Md. Admitted to the bar in 1773 and began practice in Chestertown. He served in the Revolutionary war as a private and became captain. Served in both branches of the state legislature and was governor of Maryland, 1806–09. In U.S. congress, 1810–17 and 1821–23. Was U.S. senator, 1801–06, resigning to become governor. Schultz lists him as a member of Lodge No. 17, Queenstown, Md. and Keatings as a member and past master of Lodge No. 7, Md. d. Sept. 7, 1826.

William L. Wright Canadian Archbishop of Algoma and Metropolitan of Ontario. b. Sept. 8, 1904 at Roslin, Ontario. Graduate of University of Trinity Coll., Toronto in 1927. Ordained deacon in 1926 and priest the following year. Served churches in Toronto (1926–28); Tweed (1928–32); Hamilton

(1932–36) and Sault Ste. Marie (1941–44). Elected the sixth bishop of Algoma diocese in 1944, and in 1955 the house of bishops of the Province of Ontario elected him metropolitan of that province. Was initiated in Tweed Lodge No. 239 and later affiliated with Barton Lodge No. 6, Hamilton. Moving to Sault Ste. Marie, he affiliated with Hatherly Lodge No. 625 and was master of same. Member of Algonquin Chapter No. 102, R.A.M. at Sault Ste. Marie. Served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Canada in 1947 and grand master of same in 1955–56. He is past grand superintendent of the Algoma district of the Grand Chapter of Canada. Member of Royal Order of Scotland and a 33° AASR.

Duke of Wurtemberg (see under Frederick Eugen, Frederick Ludwig and Frederick Wilhelm Paul).

Prince of Wurtemberg (see under Frederick Heinrich Eugen).

William of Wykeham (1324–1404) English Bishop of Winchester. Was eminent both as an ecclesiastic and statesman. Edward III appointed him surveyor of the works at Windsor, which castle he rebuilt. At this time Anderson in his Constitutions stated that Wykeham was at the head of 400 Freemasons and was master of work under Edward II and grand master under Richard II. Became a priest in 1362; keeper of privy seal, 1364; bishop of Winchester, 1367–1404 and lord chancellor, 1368–71. He founded New College at Oxford and St. Mary's College at Winchester.

William Wyler Motion picture director and producer. b. July 1, 1902 in Mulhouse, France. Studied in France and Switzerland. Served as a major in U.S. Air Force, European Theatre, in WWII. He received the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences award for direction of *Mrs. Miniver* in 1943 and *The Best Years of Our Lives* in 1947. Other notable pictures include: *The Little Foxes*; *The Heiress*; *Carrie*; *Detective Story*; *Roman Holiday*; *The Desperate Hours*; *Friendly Persuasion*; *The Big Country* and *Ben-Hur*. Member of Loyalty Lodge No. 529, Los Angeles, Calif.

Ed Wynn Real name is Leopold. b. Nov. 9, 1886 in Philadelphia, Pa. With Keith Vaudeville for 11 years and in Ziegfeld's Follies, 1914–15. Wrote lyrics and music for several songs, including *The King's Jester*; *Mr. Busybody*; *Joy and Gloom*. Starred in stage shows of *Doing Our Bit*; *Sometime*; *Over the Top*; and *Shubert Gaieties* of 1919. Wrote the book, lyrics, music, starred in and owned: *Ed Wynn's Carnival*; *The Perfect Fool* and *The Grab Bag*. At one time wrote weekly newspaper articles. Gave many charity performances and sold war bonds in both WWI and WWII. Played in camps, and was first actor to organize theatrical company to play in hospitals. In movies he starred in *Laugh Town*, *Laugh and Big Time*. Received greatest fame in radio and was known throughout the country as "Fire Chief." Mason.

Sir Marmaduke Wyville Grand Master, Grand Lodge of Ireland in 1747.

X

Madame de Xaintrailles Wife of a French general; was one of the Republican heroines of the French Revolution and won rank at the point of the sword. In Clavel's *Histoire Pittoresque de la Franc-Maconnerie* it is written that Madame de Xaintrailles, wearing the uniform of a major of cavalry, presented an aide-de-camp's commission to the lodge of Les Freres Aristes when it was about to hold a fete of adoption, and that it was resolved that the first degree (not of Adoptive Masonry but of real Masonry) should be conferred on a lady who had displayed the courage and virtues of a man. Subsequently she is said to have assisted in the work of various degrees.

Francisco Xavier Mier E. Campello Bishop of Almeria and Inquisitor-General of Spain. He was an ardent persecutor of Freemasons. In 1815, when Ferdinand VII reestablished the Inquisition in Spain and suppressed the Masonic lodges, Xavier denounced the lodges as "societies which lead to sedition, to independence, and to all errors and crimes." He then instituted a series of persecutions of the most atrocious character. Many of the most distinguished persons of Spain were arrested and imprisoned in the dungeons of the Inquisition on the charge of being "suspected of Freemasonry."

Y

Edward B. Yancy (1888–1948) Vice President and member of executive committee of E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co. from 1944. b. Jan. 26, 1888 in Harrisonburg, Va. Graduate of U. of Virginia in 1908. With Du Pont from 1908. He conducted research on T.N.T. and other explosives and became general manager of the explosives department in 1935. Was manager of explosive plants in Colo., Mo., and Ala. Mason and Shriner. d. Oct. 24, 1948.

John Yarker (1833–1913) English Masonic writer. For some reason he was not accepted into Masonic circles in England. It is said that his connection with the Ancient and Primitive Rite brought down upon him the condemnation of officialdom. He had been a member of the Ancient & Accepted Rite, but was expelled from it in 1870. He wrote a number of Masonic volumes, the most impressive being his *Arcane Schools* in 1909. Some have called his writings “interesting, but ill-digested and unreliable.”

Christopher Yates (1737–1785) Colonel in American Revolution. He was a land surveyor. He became quartermaster general under General Schuyler. His son, Joseph C. Yates, q.v., became governor of New York. Was initiated in St. Patrick's Lodge No. 4, Johnstown, N.Y. on Sept. 9, 1769 and became a charter member and first master of St. George's Lodge No. 6, Schenectady, N.Y. on Sept. 14, 1774, serving until 1776 and again from 1778 until his death in 1785.

Giles Fonda Yates (1796–1859) Grand Commander of the Northern Supreme Council, AASR in 1851. b. in Schenectady, N.Y. He was graduated from Union Coll. A lawyer, he devoted much of his time to the study of archaeology, philosophy and the occult sciences. Initiated in Saint George's Lodge No. 6, Schenectady in 1817 and in 1821 affiliated with Morton Lodge No. 87 in same city. Served as master in 1844. Member of York Rite bodies.

Joseph C. Yates (1768–1837) Governor of New York, 1823–25; Judge of Supreme Court of New York, 1808–22. b. Nov. 9, 1768 in Schenectady, N.Y., the son of Christopher Yates, q.v. He practiced law at Schenectady and was one of the founders of Union Coll. in 1795. A county in New York is named in his honor. He was master of St. George's Lodge No. 6, Schenectady, N.Y., 1791–96 and 1798. d. March 19, 1837.

Richard Yates, Jr. (1860–1936) U.S. Congressman from Illinois to 66th–72nd Congresses, 1919–33; Governor of Illinois, 1901–04. b. Dec. 12, 1860 at Jacksonville, Ill. the son of Richard Yates, Sr., q.v., who had been governor, congressman and senator from Ill. Graduate of Illinois Coll. at Jacksonville in 1880 and U. of Michigan in 1884. Was city editor of Daily Courier, 1878–79 and Daily Journal, 1881–83, both of Jacksonville. Began law practice in that city in 1884. Became member of Harmony Lodge No. 3, Jacksonville on June 27, 1882; member of Jacksonville Chapter No. 3, R.A.M. and past commander of Hospitaler Commandery No. 31, K.T. of Jacksonville. At one time he was a member of Elwood Commandery No. 6, K.T. of Springfield. He served as grand

orator of the Grand Lodge of Illinois in 1901. d. April 11, 1936.

Richard Yates, Sr. (1818–1873) Governor of Illinois, 1861–65; U.S. Congressman to 32nd–33rd Congresses, 1851–55 and U.S. Senator, 1865–71. b. Jan. 18, 1818 in Warsaw, Ky., moved with father to Springfield, in 1831 and subsequently settled at New Berlin. Practiced law from 1837 at Jacksonville. His son of the same name, q.v., also served as governor and congressman from Illinois. Was raised May 26, 1847 in Harmony Lodge No. 3, Jacksonville, Ill. d. Nov. 27, 1873.

William Yates President of William and Mary College, Va. Received degrees in Williamsburg Lodge No. 6, Williamsburg, Va. on Aug. 3 and Nov. 12, 1773 and May 28, 1774. The original records of the lodge are in the Library of Congress.

Francis Yeates-Brown (1886–1944) English author and army officer. Served in India, 1906–13, and France and Mesopotamia, 1914–15. He was a prisoner of war in Turkey, 1915–18. Among his books are *Bengal Lancer*, 1930; *Dogs of War*, 1934; *Lancer at Large*, 1936; *The Confessions of a Thug*, 1938 and *European Jungle*, 1939. In his *Golden Horn* he tells of an episode: “A grey-headed Turkish gendarme spurred his frightened horse up to me and held out his right hand. I grasped it in surprise and relief; and was still more amazed when I found that the grip he gave me was an ancient and honorable one, proving that even here in the desert, men are brothers. I climbed off my perch and put myself under his protection, thinking of a night in India when I had become Master of my Lodge. . . .”

Archibald Yell (1797–1847) Governor of Arkansas, 1840–44; U.S. Congressman to 24th–25th Congresses from Ark., 1836–39, and 29th Congress, 1845–46. b. in N. Car. He moved to Tenn. in his youth and settled in Bedford Co. He took part in the Creek Indian campaign and participated in the War of 1812, serving under General Jackson at the Battle of New Orleans. He then studied law and began practice at Fayetteville, Term. In 1832 President Jackson appointed him judge of the Territory of Arkansas (he had previously declined the governorship of Territory of Florida). He took up residence at Fayetteville, Ark. and served as judge until 1835. When Arkansas was admitted to the Union, he was one of the first congressmen from that state. He was probably initiated in Warren Lodge No. 19, Fayetteville, Tenn. He was first master of Shelbyville Lodge No. 49, Shelbyville, Tenn. in 1824 and was elected grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee from the floor, in 1831. He belonged to a Royal Arch chapter in Cumberland, Tenn. In Ark. he founded what is now Washington Lodge No. 1, at Fayetteville, Ark. When he was inaugurated governor of Ark. in 1840, the inaugural procession was led by Capt. Albert Pike's artillery company followed by Masons and Odd Fellows. He had resigned his seat in congress to become a colonel of the 1st Rgt., Ark. Vol. Cavalry in the Mexican War. He was killed in the Battle of Buena Vista on Feb. 22, 1847.

Duke of York (see Edward Augustus).

Duke of York (see Frederick Augustus).

Duke of York (see George VI).

Dominique You (1775?–1830) Pirate and associate of Jean and Pierre Lafitte. b. in Haiti about 1775, and little is known of his early life. He is supposed to have followed the sea from early years; subsequently he served in the artillery corps during the wars of the French Republic, and in 1802 accompanied General Leclerc to Santo Domingo. Associating himself with the pirate brothers, Jean and Pierre Lafitte, he soon became their principal captain and was nicknamed “Captain Dominique.” He won a reputation for boldness and daring. When Venezuela declared her independence, Dominique procured letters of marque from the patriots, and did much damage to Spanish commerce in the Gulf of Mexico. In the following years he took part in the unlawful operations of the Lafittes in the bayous, and in July, 1814 a grand jury indicted him for piracy, but he could not be apprehended. When the English invaded Louisiana, he offered his services to the Americans and was appointed commander of an artillery company, which he formed from the best gunners of the pirate ships, and which performed such good service in the Battle of New Orleans that General Andrew Jackson, q.v., wished he had “fifty such guns on this line and 500 such devils at their butts.” Dominique became a good friend of Jackson, who mentioned him in an order dated Jan. 21, 1815. Following his pardon by President Monroe, he settled quietly in New Orleans, where he enjoyed great popularity as a politician. He was a member of Lodge La Concorde of New Orleans, according to a certificate dated June, 1811. His funeral was a notable affair, and persons of all racial, political,

and religious affiliations attended. A lot in St. Louis Cemetery No. 2 (Catholic) was purchased by the Freemasons, who also ordered a tombstone with a Masonic emblem inscribed on it. d. in Nov., 1830.

Brigham Young (1801–1877) American Mormon leader who directed the settlement in Nauvoo, Ill. in 1838; succeeded Joseph Smith, q.v., as head of the Mormon Church in 1847 and superintended the mass migration of the Mormons to the Great Salt Lake Valley in Utah. b. June 1, 1801 in Whitingham, Vt. Was converted to Mormonism in 1831 by Samuel H. Smith, the prophet's brother. He was the first governor of Territory of Utah (1849–57). Although his Masonic membership has not been proved, there are several reasons why it is thought that he belonged to the Craft: apparently, all the leaders, as well as large numbers of the rank and file of the Mormon Church in the Nauvoo period, were members of Nauvoo Lodges, for when the cornerstone of the Masonic Temple at Nauvoo (which had been deposited there on June 24, 1843) was opened on June 24, 1854 by officials of the Mormon Church from Salt Lake City, a list of 50 Mormon–Masons who had signed a document as being present on the historic occasion in 1843, included the name of Brigham Young; in a booklet entitled *The City of the Saints in Picture and Story*, printed by the *Deseret News* in 1906, there is a picture of Young as governor of Utah, and shown in this picture in the center of his shirt front is the conventional Masonic emblem—the square and compasses; furthermore, in the *History of Utah*, written

by Apostle Orson F. Whitney, it is stated, "A Masonic Temple was likewise projected at Nauvoo, and Joseph and Hyrum Smith, Brigham Young, and other leading Mormons became Freemasons." Some have claimed that Young was a member of Milnor Lodge No. 303, Victor, N.Y., but this lodge, which was warranted in 1818, sent membership returns regularly to the grand lodge until 1830, and Young's name is not among them. d. Aug. 29, 1877.

Claud F. Young Grand Secretary General, Ancient, Accepted Scottish Rite, Southern Jurisdiction from 1952. b. Nov. 19, 1887 in Bonnie, Texas. Reared on a Texas farm until his family moved into Bowie, Tex. He was employed as telegraph operator, cotton clerk, and cashier of a railroad before entering the U. of Texas to study medicine, receiving his M.D. degree in 1912. Served internship in K.C., Mo. Practiced medicine in Bowie, Tex. for three years and then entered into partnership at Fort Scott, Kans., forming the Newman-Young Clinic, of which he was chief of the surgical section, until elected grand secretary general in 1952, when he gave up his practice. He became a Mason in Bowie, Texas in 1910 while a medical student, and also joined the chapter and council in that city. At this time he also received the Scottish Rite degrees (SJ) in Galveston. Upon moving to Fort Scott, Kans., he transferred all his memberships to that city and became a member of the Commandery, Shrine, Red Cross of Constantine, White Shrine of Jerusalem, the Jesters, National Sojourners and Heroes of '76. Subsequently he served as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kansas, and potentate of his Shrine temple. He received the 32° in 1911; honored with the KCCH in 1919;

33° in 1933; appointed AASR deputy in Kansas in 1938 and crowned active 33° member in 1939. Was appointed successively grand sword bearer, grand standard bearer, second grand equerry and grand master of ceremonies.

Denton True “Cy” Young (1867–1955) The “Grand Old Man of Baseball” and the first pitcher honored with membership in the Baseball Hall of Fame, Cooperstown, N.Y., 1937. b. March 29, 1867 in Gilmore, Ohio. He was the only pitcher in the first 100 years of baseball to win 500 games. Among his 511 victories were three no-hit-shut-outs, and on May 5, 1904, he pitched a perfect game with no batsman reaching first base. His pitching career was with the Cleveland National League team, 1890–98; St. Louis National team, 1899– 1900; Boston, American League, 1901–08; Cleveland, American League, 1909–11 and Boston, National League, 1911. In all his career he never received more than \$2,500 a year. Raised in Mystic Tie Lodge No. 194, Uhrichsville, Ohio, Feb. 29, 1904; exalted in Cyrus Chapter No. 114, R.A.M., Nov. 12, 1904; greeted in Gebal Council No. 56, Dec. 27, 1904 and knighted in St. Bernard Commandery No. 71, K.T. on Feb. 1, 1905 (all of Uhrichsville). Received the Scottish Rite degrees in Valley of Columbus, Nov. 27, 1908. Cy was an active Freemason until his death. Less than a year before his death he told reporters that “we went over to Canton Saturday night for a big Masonic doings.” Was a member of Aladdin Shrine Temple in Columbus (Nov. 27, 1908). For his last 23 years he lived with his friend, Bro. John Benedum, and to him he left his Masonic ring. He was buried in his Masonic apron. d. Nov. 4, 1955.

Lafayette Young (1848–1926) U.S. Senator from Iowa, 1910–11. b. in Iowa. He was owner and publisher of the Des Moines Capital from 1890. Received the degrees in Pymosa Lodge No. 271, Atlantic, Iowa and was admitted to Home Lodge No. 370 of Des Moines on Oct. 9, 1890, holding membership there until his death. He once visited a Masonic Lodge in London. d. Nov. 15, 1926.

Owen D. Young Lawyer, financier, corporation officer and author of the Young Plan of war reparations after WWI. b. Oct. 27, 1874 in Van Homes–vile, N.Y. Graduate of St. Lawrence U. in 1894 and holds many honorary degrees. Practiced law in Boston from 1896 until moving to N.Y.C. in 1913 as counsel for General Electric Co. He was vice president of this corporation until 1922; chairman of board, 1922–39 and 1942–44, and now honorary chairman. Was chairman of board of Radio Corporation of America until 1929 and chairman of executive committee until 1933. Has served as chairman of advisory council National Broadcasting Co.; director of American and Foreign Power Co.; N.Y. Life Insurance Co.; American Broadcasting Co.; chairman of Federal Reserve Bank of N.Y. Served on many national and international trade and economic committees. Made a Mason in Evergreen Lodge No. 363, Springfield Center, N.Y. on Dec. 4, 1920, and later served on the committee of grand lodge awards of the Grand Lodge of New York.

Richard M. Young (1798–1861) U.S. Senator from Illinois, 1837–43; Illinois supreme court justice, 1843–47; commissioner of General Land Office, 1847–49; clerk of National

House of Representatives, 1850–51. b. Feb. 20, 1798 in Fayette Co., Ky. He moved to Ill. in 1817, where he practiced law at Jonesboro. Member of Bodley Lodge No. 1, Quincy, Ill. but during the anti-Masonic period, he dimitted. d. Nov. 28, 1861.

Thomas L. Young (1832–1888) Governor of Ohio, 1877; U.S. Congressman, 1878–82. b. Dec. 14, 1832 in Killyleagh, Ireland. Came to U.S. at an early age; served in U.S. Army during last year of Mexican War. Entered National Army at beginning of Civil War and became brevet brigadier general of volunteers in 1865. Graduate of the Cincinnati law school and admitted to the bar in 1865. Served in both branches of state legislature. Member of McMillan Lodge No. 141, McMillan Chapter No. 19, R.A.M., Cincinnati Council R. & S.M., Cincinnati Commandery, K.T. and 32° Scottish Rite, all in Cincinnati, Ohio. d. July 20, 1888.

Luther W. Youngdahl Governor of Minnesota, 1947–51; Minnesota Supreme Court Justice, 1942–47; Judge, U.S. District Court for District of Columbia from 1951. b. May 29, 1896 in Minneapolis, Minn. Graduate of Gustavus Adolphus Coll., 1919 and Minn. Coll. of Law, 1921. Practiced law in Minneapolis. Served in WWI. Member of board of trustees, American University. Received degrees in Minneapolis Lodge No. 19 on Sept. 11, Oct. 18, Nov. 10, 1920 and withdrew on Feb. 17, 1923 to affiliate with University Lodge No. 316. On Feb. 17, 1925 he affiliated with Lake Harriet Lodge No. 277 and served as master in 1938. In Scottish Rite he was commander of Council of Kadosh at Minneapolis, 1940–42 and a member of Zuhrah Shrine Temple of that city.

Oscar F. Youngdahl (1893–1946) U.S. Congressman to 76th–77th Congresses, 1939–43, from 5th Minn. dist. b. Oct. 13, 1893 in Minneapolis, a brother of Luther W. Youngdahl, q.v. Graduate of Gustavus Adolphus Coll. in 1916 and Minn. Coll. of Law in 1925. He first taught in high school, then sold bonds and securities. By studying at nights he was admitted to the bar in 1925 and practiced law in Minneapolis. Served in U.S. Navy in WWI. Received degrees in Lakeview Lodge No. 143, Ortonville, Minn. on March 4, April 11, May 8, 1918, withdrawing on Feb. 16, 1923 to affiliate with University Lodge No. 316. Shriner. d. Feb. 3, 1946.

Jesse A. Younger U.S. Congressman to 83rd–86th Congresses from California. b. April 11, 1893 at Albany, Oreg. Graduate of U. of Washington in 1915. In banking business from 1935 and is executive vice president and director of Citizens Federal Savings & Loan Assn., San Francisco, and director of Western Title Insurance & Guaranty Co. Live member of Lafayette Lodge No. 241, Seattle, Wash., 32° AASR (SJ) at Burlingame, Calif. and member of Islam Shrine Temple, San Francisco.

George Yount (1794–1865) California pioneer who was an associate of Kit Carson, Charles Bent and David Waldo. b. May 4, 1794 in N. Car. He came to Cape Girardeau, Mo. as a boy with his parents. Enlisted at age of 18 in War of 1812 and fought under Capt. Maurice Young. In 1818 he engaged in cattle raising in Howard Co., Mo. and accumulated a large estate. Losing his money, he started for Calif. in 1826 over the Santa Fe Trail with Hichman and Lamb of Old Franklin, Mo. He did not see his family again for 17 years, and in the

meantime his wife, who thought him dead, remarried. His two daughters came to Calif. to live with him. He made the first shingles in Calif. In 1835 he was baptized a Roman Catholic at the San Raphael Mission. Yount continued to add to his land holdings and eventually had a baronial domain. He was a generous man, and among other things supplied provisions for the Donner party, taking one whole family into his home until they recovered. He bequeathed a church to the people of Yountville "to be used by all denominations." When he died, an Episcopal minister officiated at his funeral. He was made a Freemason in Benicia Lodge No. 5 in 1850; assisted in the organization of Yount Lodge No. 12 of Napa; and in 1855 organized Caymus Lodge No. 93 at Yountville, was the lodge's first junior warden, holding some office every year thereafter until his death, and was master in 1859. He was grand Bible bearer of the Grand Lodge of California. At his death on Oct. 5, 1865 he was treasurer of his lodge. The lodge named for him (Yount of Napa) is today the eighth oldest lodge in the state.

David Levy Yulee (1810–1886) U.S. Senator from Florida, 1845–51 and 1855–61. b. June 12, 1810 in St. Thomas, West Indies as David Levy. Immigrated to U.S. with his father and settled in Norfolk, Va. Admitted to the bar in 1836 and practiced in St. Augustine, Fla. He was clerk to the Florida Territorial legislature in 1841. Was elected a delegate to the 27th–28th Congresses (1841–45) from the Florida Territory, and upon the admission of Florida as a state, was elected one of the first senators. His name was changed to "Yulee" by an act of the Florida legislature, and in 1846 the U.S.

senate ordered his name changed on its rolls and journals in conformity with the act. Was president of the Atlantic & Gulf R.R. and served in the Confederate congress throughout the Civil War. Member of Hayward Lodge No. 7, Gainesville, Fla. d. Oct. 10, 1886.

Z

Pasha Saad Zaghlul (1860–1927) Premier of Egypt in 1924. A lawyer and statesman, he was minister of public instruction in 1906, and later, minister of justice. After the close of WWI, he became head of the Nationalist Party, which advocated and demanded the breaking of ties binding Egypt to Great Britain. He failed in his attempt to conclude the negotiation with British Prime Minister Macdonald. He was deported to Malta in 1919 and then to Ceylon, returning to Egypt in 1921. One of the two Egyptian grand lodges to which he belonged ordered seven weeks of mourning after his death.

Louis J. Zalce (?–1955) Mexican Governor, Senator and Director General of the Postal Department. b. in Guanajuato. He affiliated with the Democratic party, headed by Francisco I. Madero, became governor of the state of Zacatecas and senator from that state. Under President Carranza, he headed the Postal dept., and developed the efficiency of that organization. From 1921–24 he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Valle of Mexico. He wrote much on Freemasonry,

his best work being Annotations for the History of Masonry in Mexico. It is a study of the Mexican Craft from the years of the viceroyship, 1822, until 1950. d. Nov. 4, 1955.

Giuseppe Zanardelli (1829–1903) Italian patriot and friend of Garibaldi, q.v. He fought with the great emancipator for the unity of Italy. Active in the nationalist movement from 1848–49. He was minister of public works, 1876–77, minister of interior, 1878, minister of justice, 1881–83, 1887–91 and 1897–98. From 1901 until his death in Oct., 1903 he was Premier of Italy. His nickname was “The Old Man of Madero” (from his birthplace). A Freemason, after his death the bishop of Brescia refused him a Christian burial, unless the floral offering on the coffin sent by the Italian Freemasons, was removed.

Darryl F. Zanuck Motion picture producer. b. Sept. 5, 1902 in Wahoo, Nebr. Was successively in advertising and writing with Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc. and then producer and finally supervisor of production. Vice president of 20th Century Fox Pictures, Inc., and now vice president of 20th Century Fox Film Corp. in charge of production. Member of Mount Olive Lodge No. 506, Los Angeles and Al Malaikah Shrine Temple.

Lorenzo de Zavala (1788–1836) Mexican statesman and First Vice President of the Texas Republic. b. Oct. 3, 1788 in Merida, Yucatan. Participated in the revolutionary movement of Yucatan and founded the first newspaper in the peninsula that defended liberal policies. Arrested in 1814, he spent three years in prison, during which time he studied medicine and

English. Came to Mexico in 1822, where he was elected to the first congress, and soon became a leader. After the fall of the empire under Iturbide, he was the chief defender of the Federal cause in the *Aguila Mexicana*, and in congress. As president of that body he signed the Federal constitution, Oct. 4, 1824. In 1825 he was elected senator for Yucatan in the 1st Constitutional congress and in 1827 became governor of the state of Mexico. After the accession of Gen. Vincente Guerrero, he was called in 1829 to head the treasury. When the government was taken over by Bustamante, he spent his time traveling in the U.S. and in Europe. When Bustamante's government fell in 1832, Zavala returned and was reinstated as governor of the state of Mexico. In 1833 he was sent to France as minister, but later returned to Texas where he owned extensive property. When the province rose in rebellion against Mexico, Zavala joined the insurgents, proclaiming the reestablishment of the Federal constitution of 1824, and was sent as a deputy for Harrisburg to the convention of Austin, which on Nov. 7, 1835 declared war. He was also a member of a deputation sent to Washington which declared the independence of Texas on March 2, 1836. He was first master of La Independencia Lodge (location unidentified), a Royal Arch Mason and a 33° AASR. d. Nov. 16, 1836.

Thomas Dundas, 2nd Earl of Zetland (1795–1873)

Grand Master of Grand Lodge of England, 1844–70. Initiated in Prince of Wales' Lodge No. 259 in 1830, he became its deputy master in 1837, and was appointed deputy grand master in 1839. He was the third generation of Dundases to serve under the Duke of Sussex, either as deputy or pro-grand

master. He was appointed to the latter office in 1841 by the duke, whom three years later he was to succeed as grand master. In 1844 he was elected first grand principal in the Royal Arch. His title was a variant of "Shetland."

Florenz Ziegfeld (1869–1932) Theatrical producer. b. March 21, 1869. He married Anna Held and later Billie Burke. Entering the theatrical business at Chicago in 1892 he brought military bands from Europe for the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893. Was manager of *Sandow* the magazine. He produced Ziegfeld's Follies on the New York stage yearly from 1907. Among his productions were *Papa's Wife*; *The French Maid*; *The Little Duchess*; *The Parisian Model*; *Miss Innocence*; *The Pink Lady*; *Sally*; *Kid Boots*; *Louis XIV* and many other spectacles. A member of *Accordia Lodge No. 277*, Chicago, Ill., he received his degrees on Jan. 5, 25, March 12, 1866 and received the Scottish Rite degrees in Chicago (NJ) on Feb. 20, 1896. d. July 22, 1932.

William Ziegler (1843–1905) Capitalist who financed the Baldwin–Ziegler Polar Expedition. b. Sept. 1, 1843 in Beaver Co., Pa. Educated in public schools of Iowa and learned printer's trade as a boy in office of *Muscatine Journal*. Graduate of *Eastman's Business Coll.*, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. in 1863 and then engaged in bakers' and confectioners' supplies on his own from 1868. He organized the *Royal Chemical Co.* in 1870, which he developed into *The Royal Baking Powder Co.* Bought *Price Baking Powder Co.*, Chicago, in 1890 and *Tartar Chemical Co.*, (N.J.) in 1891. He then retired and operated in N.Y.C. real estate. He outfitted the Ziegler Expedition to

explore the Arctic via Franz Joseph Land and to reach the North Pole if possible. His original lodge is not known, but in Nov., 1885 he affiliated with Altair Lodge No. 601, Brooklyn, N.Y., and was knighted in Columbian Commandery No. 1, K.T., N.Y.C. on May 21, 1874. d. in 1905.

Fred R. Zimmerman (1880–1954) Governor of Wisconsin, 1927–28. b. Nov. 20, 1880 in Milwaukee, Wis. Served as director of industrial relations, Nash Motor Co., and then engaged in building materials and supply business at Milwaukee, 1910–20.

Johann Heinrich Zschokke Member of Republican National Comm. many years and secretary of state for Wisconsin, 1923–26 and 1938 until death. Member of Milwaukee Lodge No. 261, Milwaukee, Wis., receiving degrees on April 23, May 14, July 23, 1902; 32° AASR and Shriner. d. Dec. 13, 1954.

Orville Zimmerman (1880–1948) U.S. Congressman from Missouri, 74th–80th Congresses, 1935–49. b. Dec. 31, 1880 in Glen Allen, Mo. Graduate of S.E. Mo. State Coll. in 1904 and U. of Missouri, 1911. Began law practice in Kennett, Mo. in latter year. Member of board of regents, S.E. Mo. State Coll. at Cape Girardeau. Mason and Shriner. d. April 7, 1948.

Johann Wilhelm von Zinnendorf (1731–1782). b. Aug. 10, 1731 in Halle as Johann Wilhelm Ellenberger, he was adopted by his mother's brother, and subsequently took the title of Von Zinnendorf from his adoption. Initiated at Halle,

he moved to Berlin, where he was appointed general staff surgeon and chief of the medical corps of the Army. Here he joined the Lodge of the Three Globes and became an ardent disciple of the Rite of Strict Observance, in which he took the title of *Eques a lapide nigro*. As treasurer of the order, he refused to make an accounting, and was expelled. He then turned against the Rite of Strict Observance and denounced its theory of the Templar origin of Freemasonry. He turned to the Swedish Rite, and in 1766 established the Lodge Minerval at Potsdam, and in 1767 the Lodge of the Three Golden Keys at Berlin. By 1770 he had established 12 lodges of the system, and then formulated the "Grand Lodge of all the Freemasons of Germany." In 1774 he secured the protectorship of the King of Prussia for his grand lodge, which greatly extended its influence and growth, so that in 1778 it had 34 lodges from Austria to Russia. He was elected grand master in 1774, and held that office until his death. Sweden later withdrew its recognition and charged that he had organized his lodges under a spurious and unauthorized warrant. He was undismayed, and continued to preside over the grand lodge with unabated zeal and vigor until his death on June 6, 1782.

John Zoffany (1733–1810) British painter of portraits and conversation pieces. b. in Germany. He came to England in 1758, where under royal patronage, he became a success as a painter. He was an original member of the Royal Academy at its foundation in 1768. Was an early member of the Lodge of Nine Muses, London.

Felix K. Zollicoffer (1812–1862) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 33rd–35th Congresses, 1853–59 and Brigadier General in Confederate Army. b. May 18, 1812 in Bigbyville, Tenn. Became a printer, and was in newspaper work in Paris and Knoxville, Tenn. until 1832, and then in Huntsville, Ala., 1835–43. He was state printer of Tenn. in 1835. Served as a lieutenant in the Seminole War. Was owner and editor of the *Columbia Observer and Southern Agriculturist* in 1837 and editor of *Republican Banner* in 1843. Member of the 1861 peace conference at Washington to devise means to prevent the impending war. He commanded 10,000 troops as a Confederate brigadier general in Civil War, and is one of the Tenn. generals whose figure is carved on Stone Mountain, Atlanta, Ga. Died from wounds received near Mill Springs, Ky. on Jan. 19, 1862. Member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Tenn.

Johann Heinrich Zschokke (1771–1884) German writer. b. in Switzerland. He wrote mainly of Bavarian and Swiss history. Authored *Pictures from Switzerland* and the eight-volume *Hours of Meditation*, the last being a religious work. He was initiated in the lodge *Zur, Aufrichtigen, Herzen* at Frankfurt and in 1812 he formed a new lodge at Aarau entitled *Zur Ed-/en. Aussicht*. He was also master of the lodge *William Tell*, and initiated his son into the same. He preached that Freemasonry was the missing link between the church and state, and that only after the broken chain was closed again, would the world attain to higher ideals.

Adolph Zukor President of Board of Paramount Pictures Corp. b. Jan. 7, 1873 in Ricse, Hungary. He was educated in

Hungary and came to the U.S. in 1888. In America he engaged in the hardware, upholstery and fur business in New York and Chicago. While in the fur business, he invented a clasp which is still in use on many fur pieces. In 1904 he became associated with Mitchell Mark, who was the owner of the Strand Theatre in N.Y., and with Marcus Loew, presenting vaudeville acts and motion pictures. He is the founder of Famous Players Film Co., in 1912. He has been revered as a “pioneer and father” of the motion picture industry for more than 50 years. He has received citations from all over the world. It was Zukor who discovered a poor little girl who was later to be known as America’s sweetheart—Mary Pickford. A member of Centennial Lodge No. 763, N.Y.C., he has been presented a 50-year pin by the Grand Lodge of N.Y.

Manuel Zuralds The first man, together with a Frenchman and an Italian, to be tried by the Mexican Inquisition on charges of being a Freemason, circa 1785.

Addenda

There are three types of entries in the Addenda: new biographies which have been omitted by oversight; corrections or comment on biographies previously printed, and additional information of importance on persons listed in the first three volumes. They are keyed as follows:

New biographies

* **Indicates** correction or comment

** **Indicates** additional information

Ivar Aavatsmark (?–1950) A prominent Norwegian Freemason and officer of the Grand Lodge of Sweden who played an important part in the reorganization of Norwegian Freemasonry after WWII.

Grafton M. Acklin (1851–1926) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1909–12. b. July 30, 1851 at Aberdeen, Ohio. Was manager of the Toledo Machine and Tool Co. from 1896–1911, retiring on latter date. He also was associated with his three sons in the Acklin Stamping Co. Raised in Rubicon Lodge No. 237, Toledo on April 27, 1874; exalted Dec. 16, 1875 in Ft. Meigs Chapter No. 29, R.A.M.; greeted in Toledo Council No. 33, R. & S.M., Jan. 13, 1876, and knighted in Toledo Commandery No. 7, K.T., on Sept. 2, 1881, all of Toledo, 32° AASR (NJ) at Toledo in 1898. Was

grand master of the Grand Council of Ohio in 1890; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Ohio in 1897; received 33° AASR in 1913. d. Dec. 17, 1926.

* **Andrew Adams** J. R. Case says probably. not a Mason, but confused with another of the same name.

Henry Rice Adams (1861–1928) Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota, 1903–04. He was born in a Masonic lodge and fatally stricken in a Masonic lodge. b. Sept. 15, 1861 in the lodge room of Monticello Lodge No. 16, Monticello, Minn., on Sept. 15, 1861. His father, Samuel E. Adams, was a pioneer merchant of that city and rented a room above his general merchandise store to the lodge. When their living quarters at the rear of the building became crowded, Mrs. Adams was moved into the lodge room on the night her son was born. The attending physician, Dr. James W. Mulvey, was junior warden of the lodge. In Feb., 1884, Adams was initiated in the lodge room in which he had been born. He moved to Minneapolis, became a member of Minneapolis Lodge No. 19 in 1885, served as its master, and in 1898 affiliated with Minnesota Lodge No. 224 and was charter master. Member and past high priest of St. John's Chapter No. 9, R.A.M.; Zion Commandery No. 2, K.T.; 32° AASR (NJ) and member of Zurah Shrine Temple. He engaged in the real estate and insurance business until 1895, when he was employed by the city water department of Minneapolis until retirement in 1927. He was stricken fatally, while attending a communication of Minnesota Lodge No. 224, and died, March 30, 1928.

**** Kenneth S. Adams** Received Distinguished Gold Medal Award of General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, in Sept., 1960.

Thomas P. Akers (1828–1877) U.S. Congressman from Missouri to 34th Congress, 1856–57. b. Oct. 4, 1828 in Knox Co., Ohio. Admitted to the bar, he taught school for a time in Ky., then moved to Lexington, Mo. in 1853, where he was a professor of mathematics and moral philosophy in the Masonic College in that city, 1855–56. He was also pastor of the local Methodist church. Moved to N.Y.C. in 1861 and became vice president of the gold board. Moved to Utah for his health and then returned to Lexington, Mo. Member of Lexington Lodge No. 149, and was exalted in Lexington Chapter No. 10, R.A.M. on Jan. 16, 1856. Suspended NPD from the latter on May 6, 1861. d. April 3, 1877.

*** Miguel R. de Alva** d. 1843 not “1943.”

*** Prince Alexander** of Orange Grand Master 1882–84.

*** Ethan Allen** Probably not a Mason. On date given for degree, he was a prisoner in England.

Willis Allen (1806–1859) U.S. Congressman to 32nd–33rd Congresses, 1851–55, from Ill. b. Dec. 15, 1806 in Roanoke, Va. Taught school, moving first to Wilson Co., Tenn. and then to Franklin Co. (now Williamson Co.), Ill. in 1830, where he engaged in agricultural pursuits and studied law. Was admitted to the bar and commenced practice in Marion, Ill. Served

in both houses of the state legislature, and after retirement from congress, resumed law practice and was judge of 26th circuit court. Member of 'Fellowship Lodge No. 89, Marion, EL, at time of his death on April 15, 1859.

**** J. Lindsay Almond** Governor of Virginia from 1958.

Ignacio Manuel Altamirano (1834–1893) Mexican poet, journalist, patriot and government official. b. Dec., 1834 in Tixtla, Guerrero, Mexico, of pure Indian blood. His poems, mostly descriptive, include Rhymes (1880) and his novels include Clemencia (1869); The Christmas of the Mountains (1870) and El Zarco (1888). In 1869 he founded the publication, The Renaissance, which was widely read and was of great social importance to the liberal movement. In 1861 he was elected to the Mexican congress and when the French invaded Mexico, he took up arms in defense of his country. He was appointed consul general to Spain in 1889 and later held the same position in France. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge Valle de Mexico from 1885–90. As a teacher of writers for two generations, he was affectionately called "The Master." d. Feb. 13, 1893.

*** Count Goblet d'Alviella** Incorrect spelling on page 19. See on page 287 under d'Aviella. He is also listed on page 281 out of alphabetical order.

**** Richard H. Amberg** Presented distinguished service medal by Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Mo. on April 27, 1959, for his sympathetic and factual feature story on Freemasonry

in the Sunday magazine of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**** Lord** Amphyll Member of Apollo Lodge, Oxford, England.

***Roald Amundsen** Grand Secretary of Grand Lodge of Norway says he was not a member in that country, but might have held membership in another.

John H. Anderson (1868–1948) General Grand High Priest, Royal Arch Masons, 1939–42. b. in Wilmington, Del. Moved to Brooklyn, N.Y. In 1908 he went to Fayetteville, N.C., where he engaged in the retail dry goods business until 1918, when he became a government auditor. Served in Spanish-American War and WWI. Active in all branches of Freemasonry and received the 33° (SJ) in 1941.

*** Joseph I. Anderson** Last word in biography should be “New Jersey” and not “Tenn.”

**** Robert B. Anderson** U.S. Secretary of Treasury under Eisenhower, elevated to rank of Grand Cross of the Court of Honor, AASR (SJ) in Oct., 1959. Only three others to date hold this honor—Renah F. Camalier, Charles B. Newcomb, Frank S. Land, qq.ty.

Thomas McArthur Anderson (1836–1917) Brigadier General, U.S. Army. b. Jan. 21, 1836 in Chillicothe, Ohio. Graduate of Mt. St. Marys Coll. (Md.) and Cincinnati Law School, he was admitted to the bar in 1858 and practiced until 1861, when he volunteered as a private with the 6th Ohio Inf.

on April 20. He advanced through grades to brigadier general in regular army in 1899 and retired in 1900. He was twice wounded in the Civil War, and afterwards saw frontier service, in command of a district in Alaska during the gold excitement. He then commanded the first expedition to the Philippines and had a notable correspondence with Aguinaldo, q.v. He commanded the land division in the capture of Manila and headed the 1st Division of the 8th Army, winning the battles of Santana, San Pedro Macate and Guadalupe. Seven times he was vice president general of the Sons of the American Revolution. Raised April 24, 1864 in St. John's Lodge No. 11, Washington. Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Portland, Oreg., March 31, 1896; KCCH, Oct. 19, 1897 and 33°, Oct. 20, 1899. d. May 8, 1917.

Bernt Anker (1746–1805) Norwegian financier and owner of mines, estates, forests, ships; exporter. Interested in science and arts. He built the first Masonic lodge of Norway, St. Olaus til den hvide leopard (St. Olaus to the white leopard), in 1780 and served as its master from 1780 until 1792.

**** Lewis A. Armistead** Charter member of Union Lodge (now 7), Ft. Riley, Kansas.

**** David H. Armstrong** U.S. Senator from Missouri. d. in 1893. Was a member of George Washington Lodge of St. Louis for 43 years. His son, Samuel T. Armstrong, M.D., was high priest of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of New York City in 1895.

**** Lebbeus Armstrong** The first United States Anti-Masonic Proceedings, printed in Philadelphia in Sept., 1830, gives his membership data in the report of seceding Freemasons as follows: "Lebbeus Armstrong, Grand Elect, Perfect, and Sublime Mason, North Star Lodge No. 162; Sacondaga Royal Arch Chapter; Lodge of Perfection, held by the Grand Princes of Jerusalem, in Mayfield, Montgomery Co., N.Y. Anti-Masonic Delegate from New York."

Isaac N. Arnold (1815–1884) U.S. Congressman from Illinois to 37th–38th Congresses, 1861–65. b. Nov. 30, 1815 in Hartwick, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in 1835 and began practice in Cooperstown, N.Y., moving to Chicago, Ill. in 1836, where he continued practice. Member of state house of representatives in 1842–43 and again in 1855. He was the sixth auditor of the U.S. treasury, Washington, D.C. from 1865–66. In the Civil War, he was an aide to Col. Hunter at the Battle of Bull Run. Member of Lafayette Lodge No. 18, Chicago. (It became defunct about 1864.) d. April 24, 1884.

**** William W. Arnold** d. Nov. 23, 1957.

**** Edward Ashley** Received 33° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 23, 1903.

*** James M. Ashley** d. Sept. 16, 1896. Was congressman from Ohio not Pa.

*** Richard Aspinall** Grand chaplain, Grand Lodge of West Virginia, 1936–43.

Smith D. Atkins (1836–1913) Union Brigadier General of 92nd Illinois Volunteers in Civil War. b. June 9, 1836 in Horseheads, N.Y. Admitted to the bar in 1854 and practiced in Ill. Breveted on Jan. 12, 1865 and mustered out that June. He was editor of the Freeport (Ill.) Daily Journal from 1878, and was postmaster of Freeport. Member of Excelsior Lodge No. 97, Freeport, Ill. d. March 27, 1913.

**** Henry C. Atwood** b. 1801.

James McM. Austin (1813–1881) General Grand High Priest of General Grand Chapter, R.A.M., 1868–71. b. in Salem, N.Y. Received M.D. degree from Albany (N.Y.) Medical School at age of 30 and practiced at Waterford and Lansingburg. In 1853 he established a practice in N.Y.C. Was initiated in 1844 and affiliated with Mariner's Lodge No. 35 in 1857. He served as grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1855 until his death. Member of all York Rite bodies, he received the 33° AASR (NJ) in 1866.

William Bainbridge (1774–1833) Commodore, U.S. Navy. b. May 7, 1774 in Princeton, N.J. He went to sea at the age of 16 and commanded a ship at 19. In the reorganization of the Navy in 1798, he was appointed a lieutenant. His vessel and crew, captured in the West Indies by a French cruiser in Sept. of that year, were released in Dec., and on his return home he was promoted to the command of a brig. In 1800 he was commissioned a captain, and in the ship *Washington*, he carried tribute from the U.S. to the Dey of Algiers. The latter treated him with insolence, and after a trip to Constantinople,

Bainbridge returned and frightened the Dey into releasing all the Christian prisoners then in his possession. In 1801 he was sent again to the Mediterranean with the frigate Essex. Upon declaration of war against the U.S. by Tripoli in 1803, Bainbridge was put in command of the Philadelphia. In Oct. of that year his ship struck a rock near Tripoli and was captured. Later, Bainbridge, who had remained a prisoner for 19 months, was received with great respect on his return to the U.S. Becoming commodore, he assumed command, in Sept. 1812, of a squadron consisting of the flag ship Constitution, the Essex and the Hornet. In Dec. of that year he captured the British frigate Java off the coast of Brazil, and for this received the thanks of Congress and a gold medal. In 1815 he was the commander of a squadron of 20 ships. With it, he set out for Algiers, but peace was concluded before he reached the Mediterranean. He settled disputes with the Barbary States; again commanded in the Mediterranean from 1919–1921, and after that time served on shore. He was initiated in Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa. on June 14, 1810 “by dispensation.” d. July 28, 1833.

John Lawrence Baird (see Baron Stonehaven).

* **Abraham Baldwin** Not a Mason. The “visiting” Baldwin to American Union Lodge was Col. Jeduthan Baldwin (1732–1788) of Mass. whose diary contains Masonic references.

3rd Earl of Balfour (see Robert Arthur Traprain).

Everette E. Ballard President of All American Life and

Casualty Co. from 1954. b. Oct. 11, 1901 in Cobden, Ill. He taught school in southern Ill. from 1919–29 when he entered the insurance field. He was vice president of Jefferson National Life of Indianapolis from 1939–52, and with All American Life & Casualty Co., Park Ridge, Ill. from 1952, as vice president. Member of Union Lodge No. 627, Lick Creek, Ill., since 1922. 32° AASR (NJ) in Indianapolis, Ind.

**** Hosea Ballou** Was grand warden of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire between 1811–15.

**** Nathaniel P. Banks** Member of St. Paul's Chapter, R.A.M. and Boston Encampment, K.T., both of Boston, Mass.

**** John Barker** (1794–1845).

**** Henry A. Barnum** Member of Syracuse Lodge No. 102 and Syracuse Chapter No. 70, R.A.M. of Syracuse, N.Y.

**** Robert S. Barrett** d. Feb. 24, 1959.

*** John Barry** There is some question as to whether the "John Barry" of Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia, is the Naval officer, Commodore Barry. William J. Paterson, librarian of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, states that a check of the signature of "John Barry" in the by-laws book of Lodge No. 2 does not compare with the signature of Commodore Barry in Appletons' Cyclopaedia. The only letter in Barry's signature in the Lodge No. 2 book that compares with Appletons' signature is the letter "a." However, the Pennsylvania Historical Society

has a Barry letter signed in 1793 and it is identical with the Appletons' signature. The Society also has some earlier signatures of Barry that resemble the signature in the lodge book.

**** John H. Bartlett** d. March 15, 1869.

Robert E. B. Baylor (1793–1874) American jurist and Baptist clergyman. Baylor University at Waco, Texas named for him. b. May 10, 1793 in Lincoln Co., Ky. He was the only son of Walker Baylor, who commanded Washington's life guards at the Battle of Germantown. Served in the War of 1812 under Col. Boswell and was in the fight near Fort Meigs. Returned to Ky. after the war and acquired a large law practice. In 1819 he was elected to the state legislature, but moved to Alabama the following year. Was elected to the Alabama legislature in 1824 and elected U.S. congressman from Alabama to the 21st congress, serving from 1829–31. During the Creek War he commanded a regiment of Alabama volunteers. Moving to Texas in 1839, he became associate justice of the Texas supreme court from 1841–45 and U.S. district judge, 1845–61. He was instrumental in obtaining the charter for the first Baptist college in Texas, and gave considerable land and money to it. Chartered at Independence, Texas, it later was moved to Waco. This prominent university bears his name, as does one of the counties of Texas. He was a member of Baylor Lodge No. 125 at Gay Hill, Washington Co., Texas, and of Murichson Chapter No. 18, R.A.M. of La Grange, Texas. At one time he served as grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Texas and of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Texas. d. Jan. 6, 1874.

William H. H. Beadle (1838–1915) Founder of public school system of South Dakota. b. Jan. 1, 1838 in Howard, Ind. A.B., A.M., LL.B. and LL.D. from U. of Michigan. Served in Civil War and was mustered out as a brigadier general of volunteers (Indiana). He practiced law at Evansville, Ind. and then at Boscobel, Wis. until 1869, when he was named surveyor general for the Dakota Territory. In 1876 he was a member of the commission to codify the laws of Dakota Territory, and a member of the territorial house of representatives from 1877–87. From 1879–85 he was superintendent of public instruction of the territory and founder of its school system. He was a leader in the statehood movement, and his statue represents South Dakota in the National Statuary Hall of the U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C. He was president of the Madison State Normal School from 1889–1905. He wrote the articles and secured the adoption in the South Dakota constitution fixing high limitation on the sale of school and endowment lands granted by the U.S. This same feature was inserted by Congress in enabling acts of N. Dak., Mont., Wyo., Idaho, Wash. and Okla. He wrote *Geography, History and Resources of Dakota Territory*. He was raised on Aug. 12, 1861 in Montezuma Lodge No. 89 of Montezuma, Ind.; exalted in Yankton Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of Yankton, S. Dak on May 25, 1881; knighted on May 11, 1882 in DeMolay Commandery No. 3, K.T., Yankton and received 32° AASR (SJ) on Feb. 25, 1883 at Yankton. He received the 33° in Washington, D.C. on Oct. 22, 1897. He affiliated with St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Yankton in May, 1874 and was active in the organization of the Grand Lodge of South Dakota in 1875, being grand marshal at that time. He served as

chairman of various committees, and was fraternal correspondent. d. Nov. 13, 1915.

**** Dan Beard** Raised Nov. 30, 1917 in Mariners' Lodge No. 67, N.Y.C.

Rev. John Beardsley (1732–1803) Founder of Freemasonry in New Brunswick, Canada. b. in Stratford, Conn. in 1732. He had strong Loyalist views during the American Revolution and as a result migrated to New Brunswick in 1783, where he was rector in Kingston and Maudersville, N.B., from 1784–1803. He was previously a missionary in Norwich and Poughkeepsie (1761–76), and first junior grand warden of the Provincial Grand Lodge of New York in 1783. Active in Freemasonry until his death in 1803.

Clyde Beatty Animal trainer. Member of Craftsman Lodge No. 521, Detroit, Mich. Received chapter degrees in Monroe Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., Nov. 22, 1958; commandery orders in Damascus Commandery No. 42, K.T., Nov. 24, 1958, and became a member of Moslem Shrine Temple on the same date, all in Detroit.

Duchess of Beaufort Wife of Henry, 5th Duke of Beaufort, who was grand master of the Grand Lodge of England from 1767–71. When her husband was master of Friendship Lodge No. 6 of London in 1767, the duchess was “unanimously elected” to the unusual office of Lady Patroness of the Lodge of Friendship. The lodge presented her with a pair of embroidered gloves, at a charge on the treasury of five guineas. The

his-torian of Friendship Lodge intimates that this is the sole known instance of a lady serving as patroness of a lodge.

Eugene de Beauharnais (1781–1824) Viceroy of Italy and imperial prince of France; Duke of Leuchtenberg and Prince of Eichstatt. He served with Napoleon in Egypt in 1798–99 and was made viceroy of Italy in 1805. He was formally adopted by Napoleon and made heir apparent to the crown of Italy in 1806. He commanded an army corps in the Russian campaign of 1812 and retired to Bavaria after 1814. His sister married Louis Bonaparte and was the mother of Napoleon III. He was grand master of the Grand Orient of Italy.

**** William Beaumont** The records of Champlain Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. of St. Albans, Vt., show that he petitioned in Feb., 1809, received the Mark and Past degrees on March 7, Most Excellent and Royal Arch degrees on March 8 and paid fees of \$23.00 for same on the latter date. On Dec. 17, 1811 he was elected scribe of the chapter. On Nov. 15, 1814 a committee was appointed to examine into the difficulty between Comp. B. Chandler and Comp. William Beaumont. On Feb. 22, 1815 this complaint by Beaumont against Chandler was withdrawn. Chandler was high priest at this time. This is interesting because Benjamin Chandler is the doctor under whom Beaumont studied medicine.

Timothy Bedel (1740–1787) Colonel in American Revolution. b. in Salem, N.H. about 1740. He served as a lieutenant in the French War and in July, 1775 was appointed captain of rangers. Promoted to colonel of the 1st N.H. regiment in Jan.,

1776, he was with Montgomery in the taking of St. John's on the Sorel and was in command of the forces at the Battle of the Cedars, near Montreal, when attacked by Brant's, q.v., Indians. The Continental forces surrendered without resistance by order of Capt. Butterfield, the subordinate officer in command during the absence of Bedel, who was ill at Lachine. Gen. Arnold, q.v., threw the blame on Bedel, who was deprived of his command, but subsequently reinstated. He was later major general of N.H. militia. It was at the Cedars where the life of McKinstry, q.v., was said to have been spared by Brant when he found McKinstry to be a Mason. Bedel was a member of Union Lodge No. 1, N.Y.

S. Clark Beise President of The Bank of America, the world's largest bank, since 1954. b. Oct. 13, 1898 in Windom, Minn. Graduate of U. of Minnesota in 1922. Began with the Minneapolis Trust Co., 1922–24. Successively he was a national bank examiner, 1924–27; trust officer of Peoples National Bank, Jackson, Mich., 1927–33, and again a national bank examiner, 1933–36. Became associated with the Bank of America, San Francisco, Calif. on Feb. 1, 1936; was executive vice president, 1945–51 and senior vice president and chairman of the managing committee, 1951–54. Member of Prudence Lodge No. 97, Windom, Minn. and 14th degree in Enoch Lodge of Perfection, Fargo, N. Dak. AASR (SJ).

* **Jonathan Belcher** Colonial governor of New Jersey in 1747 (not 1947).

Charles H. Bell (1823–1893) Governor of New Hampshire,

1881–83 and U.S. Senator from New Hampshire in 1879. b. Nov. 18, 1823 in Chester, N.H. Graduate of Dartmouth in 1844, studied law and practiced in Chester, Great Falls and Exeter. Was county solicitor for 10 years, a representative in the state legislature, 1858–60, and speaker the last year. Was state senator, 1863–64, and president of that body in the latter year. Served in U.S. senate only three months by appointment to fill an unexpired term. Was president of state constitutional convention in 1889 and president of state historical society for many years. He did much historical research and writing. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1862–63. Member of Star in the East Lodge No. 59, Exeter, N.H. and past master of same. d. Nov. 12, 1893.

**** John Bell** Secretary of War. Was also a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn. at one time.

Mrs. Bell Claimed to be a Freemason. The following advertisement appeared in the Newcastle Weekly Chronicle (England) on Jan. 6, 1770: "This is to acquaint the public that on Monday, 1st inst., being the Lodge or monthly meeting-night of the Free and Accepted Masons of the 22nd Regiment, held at the Crown, near Newgate, Mrs. Bell, the landlady of the house, broke open the door with a poker, by which means she got into an adjacent room, made two holes through the wall, and by that stratagem discovered the secrets of Masonry, and knowing herself to be the first woman in the world that ever found out the secret, is willing to make it known to all her sex. So that any lady that is desirous of learning the secrets of Freemasonry, by applying to that well-learned

woman (Mrs. Bell) who has lived 15 years in and about Newgate, may be instructed in all secrets of Masonry.”

Oliver H. P. Belmont (1858–1908) Capitalist and philanthropist. b. Nov. 12, 1858 in New York. Educated in U.S. Naval Academy and served two years in Navy. Was member of August Belmont & Co., banking firm and also published *The Verdict*. From 1901–03 he was U.S. congressman from the 13th N.Y. dist. His father was August Belmont, noted financier, and his grandfather was Commodore Matthew C. Perry, q.v. His brother was Perry Belmont, q.v., and his second wife was Mrs. Alva (Smith) Vanderbilt, who was active in the woman suffrage movement and the abolition of child labor. He was a member of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, Newport, R.I., receiving his degrees Nov. 30, Dec. 7, and Dec. 18, 1896. He served as master in 1899 and was an active member at the time of his death on June 10, 1908.

**** Charles R. Bennett** On the original petition to the lodge, his name is spelled “Bennet.”

S. F. Bennett A physician of Richmond, Ill., who wrote the words for *In the Sweet By and By*. The music was written by Prof. J. P. Webster, a music teacher. Bennett told of the unusual circumstances under which it was composed: “Mr. Webster came into my office one day in a depressed and melancholy mood and I asked him what was the matter. He replied ‘No matter, it will be all right by and by.’ The idea of the hymn came like a flash of sunlight, and I replied ‘The sweet by and by! Why that would make a good hymn.’ ‘Maybe it would,’

said he with indifference. Turning to the desk I penned the lines as fast as I could write and handed the hymn to Webster. As he viewed it, his eyes kindled, and his whole demeanor changed. He began to write the notes. Taking his violin, he played the melody. In a few minutes he had the notes for four parts jotted down. It was not half an hour from the inception of my part to the close of his." The piece was first published in the Signet Ring in 1868, but has since been reproduced in numerous collections of vocal music, translated into foreign languages and sung throughout the world. Dr. Bennett was a member of Richmond Lodge No.113, Richmond, Ill. He died in 1894 and there is no more record of him in Illinois.

William Benton (1750–1831) Colonel of American Revolution. b. in Providence, R.I. in 1750, he effected the capture of Prescott, the British general, for which Congress voted him a sword and a grant of land in Vermont. He was disabled at Bath's Hills in Aug., 1778. He became a Mason in St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Providence, R.I. in 1779. He later became involved with the law and was imprisoned for debt. In 1825, Gen. Lafayette, having heard of his incarceration, liquidated the debt and he was released from prison. d. in 1831 in Providence.

Phillip Best (1814–1869) Founder of the Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. b. at Mettenheim, Germany. He was a member of Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee, Wis., petitioning for the degrees on July 6, 1853. d. July 16, 1869.

Edwin S. Bettelheim, Jr. (1887–1959) Colonel, U.S. Army

and “Father of Army Day.” A graduate of Columbia U. and George Washington U., he served in the Field Artillery for 36 years before his retirement from active duty in 1948. In 1929 he headed a mission into northern Russia to recover the bodies of Americans lost in the so-called Polar Bear Expedition of 1919. Bettelheim staged Army Day parades in Washington, D.C. and drafted and guided through congress (1937) legislation which formally recognized Army Day. He was executive officer of the Military Order of the World Wars and in 1953 was a member of the awards Jury of the Freedoms Foundation. Member and past master of Sojourners Lodge No. 51, Washington, D.C., he was grand master of the Grand Lodge of District of Columbia in 1949. Head of his chapter, council and commandery, he received the KYCH in 1956. He was past national commander of the Heroes of ‘76 and secretary-treasurer of Washington Chapter No. 3 of same for 25 years. d. July 7, 1959 and buried in Arlington National Cemetery with military and Masonic honors.

Bernhard Beyer M.D. of Bayreuth, Germany who maintained the Masonic museum for many years at Bayreuth. b. 1879, he was a member of the Lodge Eleusis zur Verschwiegenheit. Served as grand master of the Grand Lodge Zur Aufgehenden Sonne for many years, and many of his articles are still available in the Masonic paper *Latomia*.

John Bird (1768–1806) U.S. Congressman to 6th and 7th Congresses, 1799–1801, from N.Y. b. Nov. 22, 1768 in Litchfield, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1786. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in Litchfield, Conn., but moved

to Troy, N.Y. in 1793, where he practiced. He was a member of the N.Y. state assembly from 1796–98. Member of Apollo Lodge No. 13, Troy, N.Y. d. Feb. 2, 1806.

John Blair (1790–1863) U.S. Congressman to 18th through 23rd Congresses, 1823–35, from Tennessee. b. Sept. 13, 1790 at Blairs Mill, Tenn. Graduate of Washington Coll. (Tenn.) in 1809. Admitted to the bar in 1813 and practiced law. He served in the state senate in 1817–21 and lower house, 1815–17. Was a member of Rhea Lodge No. 47, Jonesboro and Washington Chapter No. 21, R.A.M. of that city. Also a member of White-sides Lodge No. 13 at one time. In 1844 he was deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee. d. July 9, 1863.

John A. Blake (1843–1926) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1912–15. b. April 15, 1843 in Danvers, Mass. Served as a midshipman on the ship New Iron-sides in Civil War. Was member of state legislature at one time and was a shoe manufacturer. Raised in Amity Lodge, Danvers, Mass. on July 13, 1866 and was master in 1877 and grand master of Mass, in 1905. Exalted in Holten Chapter, Danvers, Oct. 14, 1872, he became grand high priest of Mass. in 1891. Greeted in Salem Council, April 8, 1878 he was grand master of Mass. in 1894. Knighted in Winslow Lewis Commandery Oct. 10, 1876, he was grand commander of Mass. in 1911. Created 33° AASR (NJ) Sept. 13, 1900. d. Nov. 27, 1926.

* **Richard P. Bland** Buried in a cemetery in Lebanon, Mo. and not St. Louis.

Albert Blatz (1823–1881) Part owner of the Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. b. at Mettenheim, Germany in 1823. A member of Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee, Wis., he petitioned for the degrees on Jan. 24, 1854. d. April 12, 1881.

Valentine Blatz (1826–1869) Principal owner of Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis. b. Oct 11, 1826 in Mittenberg, Germany. Member of Aurora Lodge No. 30, Milwaukee, Wis., petitioning for the degrees on April 24, 1866. d. May 17, 1869.

Nelson C. Bledsoe Active Member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (Si) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Arizona. Received 32° in 1917; KCCH in 1921; coroneted 33° in 1926; appointed deputy in Arizona in 1952 and active member in 1957. A physician, he has been retired since 1952.

Johann K. Bluntschli (1808–1881) One of the founders of the Institute of International Law. b. March 7, 1808 in Zurich, Switzerland. A Swiss legal scholar and statesman, he was professor at Zurich in 1833; Munich in 1848 and Heidelberg in 1861. Chief works were *Allgemeines Staatsrecht* (1852) and *Das Moderne Vo/kerrecht* (1868).

Carl Fredrik Johannes Bodtker (1851–1928) Norwegian Major General. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Norway from 1923–28. K.C., Order of King Charles XIII.

Conrad Bonnevie-Svendsen Minister for the Deaf in Norway. Former Secretary for the Church and Schools. b.

1891. A former vice president of Rotary International, he has been grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Norway since 1945.

Preston Bradley Protestant minister and founder of the Peoples Church at Chicago. b. Aug. 18, 1888 in Linden, Mich. He studied law and is a graduate of the Hamilton Coll. of Law, Chicago. From 1907–09 he was a student pastor at Grand Blanc, Mich. and from 1911–12 was pastor of the Providence Presbyterian Church of Chicago. He withdrew from the Presbyterian Church on July 1, 1912 and began preaching independently. He founded the Peoples Church on July 5, 1912, and held services at the Wilson Avenue Theatre and Pantheon Theater until 1926, when the church built its own building. In 1922 he united with the Unitarian Conference, accepting full fellowship in that church in 1923, but continuing as pastor of the Peoples Church. He is the author of many books, including *Courage for Today*; *Mastering Fear*; *Life and You*; *New Wealth for You*; *Meditations*; *My Daily Strength* and others. Member of Blaney Lodge No. 271, Chicago, Ill.

Margrave of Brandenburg-Anspach (see under “Karl Wilhelm Friedrich”).

Margrave of Brandenburg-Bayreuth (see under Frederick Christian).

Margrave of Brandenburg-Kulmbach (see under Frederick).

Margrave of Brandenburg-Schwedt (see under Frederick Albert).

Nicolas Bravo (1790–1854) President of Mexico, 1842–43 and 1846. b. in Chilpancingo, Guerrero. He took part in the first revolution of 1810 and served in all the actions until 1814, fighting under Father Morelos, q.v., at Acapulco. He was a zealous supporter of Emperor Iturbide, q.v., and became a member of the regency that exercised supreme power for 40 days in 1822. However, in 1823 he was one of the leaders that overthrew Iturbide. In Dec., 1827 he headed a revolt against President Bustamante, q.v. He was vice president at this time. In 1830 he commanded against the insurgents under Guerrero, q.v., and it was by General Bravo's order that Guerrero was executed on Feb. 17, 1831. In 1839 he became president of the council and in 1842–43 served as president of Mexico during the absence of Santa Anna, q.v. In 1846 he was again temporary president from July 29 to Aug. 4, and was deposed by a revolution. During the war with the U.S. in 1847, he participated in the Battle of Cerro Gordo and was later captured by the Americans. He was head of the Scottish Rite in Mexico. General Vincente Guerreo, whom he executed, was head of the York Rite. d. April 22, 1854 under suspicious circumstances.

**** Mason Brayman** Member of Springfield Lodge No. 4, Springfield, IR. in 1864.

**** Basil Brewer** Received his degrees in Heights Lodge No. 633, Cleveland, Ohio, June 10, 1921, June 7, 1927 and Feb. 2,

1928. Affiliated with Abraham H. Howland, Jr. Lodge of New Bedford, Mass., Nov. 10, 1931.

Foster V. Brown (1852–1937) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1895–97. b. Dec. 24, 1852 in White Co., Tenn. Graduate of Burritt Coll. (Tenn.) in 1871 and Cumberland U. (Lebanon) in 1873. He began law practice in Jasper, Tenn. in 1874, moving to Chattanooga in 1890. From 1910–12 he was attorney general of Puerto Rico. Member of Chattanooga Lodge No. 199, Chattanooga. d. March 26, 1937.

Milton Brown (1804–1883) U.S. Congressman, 27th through 29th Congresses, 1841–47 from Tennessee. b. Feb. 28, 1804 in Lebanon, Ohio. Moved to Nashville, studied law, was admitted to the bar and began practice at Paris, Tenn. He later moved to Jackson, Tenn. He was one of the founders of Southwestern U. (later Union U.) and of Lanibuth Coll., both of Jackson, Tenn. He was president of the Mississippi Central & Tennessee Railroad from 1854–56 and president of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, 1856–71. Member of Rolla Lodge No. 465. d. May 15, 1883.

**** James Bruff** (1734–1815) Original lodge was No. 7 at Chestertown, Md.

**** Maximilian, Prince of Brunswick** The youngest brother of Frederic August and William Adolf and son of Karl I. He was initiated in 1770 in the Saint Charles Lodge and afterwards became patron of this lodge. He was drowned April 27, 1785 at Frankforton–Odor, Germany, while trying

to rescue a family on a bridge that had been swept away by a flood. At this time he was venerable master of the lodge, Zum Aufrichtigen Herzen. His full name was Joseph Leopold Maximilian.

Henry H. Bryan (?–1835) U.S. Congressman, 1819–21 from Tennessee. b. in Martin Co., N. Car. He moved to Tenn., where he held several local offices. Member of Montgomery Lodge No. 10, and junior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee in 1815. d. May 7, 1835.

Richard Bulkeley (1717–1800) Founder of Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada. b. in Ireland in 1717. Graduate of Trinity College, Dublin. He was secretary of the province from 1757–92; judge in Admiralty, 1769–1800 and a brigadier general. He was active in Freemasonry for half a century and was grand master in 1791–1800.

***William M. Butler** b. Jan.. 29, 1861. d. March 29, 1937. Received degrees March 15, April 12, May 10, 1886 in Star in the East Lodge, New Bedford, Mass.

Daniel Butterfield (1831–1901) Major General in Civil War; received Congressional Medal of Honor. b. Oct. 31, 1831, at Oneida Co., N.Y., son of John Butterfield, originator of the American Express Co. Graduate of Union Coll., receiving three degrees from that institution. He studied law, but entered commercial life. Entered war as colonel of 12th N.Y. militia, taking regiment to front in 1861. Became major general of volunteers in Nov., 1862 and later brevetted same rank

U.S.A. He commanded the 5th Corps at Fredericksburg and was wounded at Gaines' Mill and again at Gettysburg. Was chief of staff of Army of Potomac; chief of staff of 11th and 12th Corps in Chattanooga campaign. He commanded a division of the 20th Corps at Atlanta. Received U.S. Congressional Medal of Honor for action at Gaines' Mill. Resigned from army in 1869 and became U.S. sub-treasurer at New York and later president of Steam Boat and Ferry Co. Member of Metropolitan Lodge No. 273, New York City. d. in 1901.

Robert C. Byrd U.S. Senator from West Virginia since 1959. b. Jan. 15, 1918 in North Wilkesboro, N. Car. Served in W. Va. house of delegates, 1946–50; state senate, 1950–52 and was U.S. congressman from the 6th W. Va. dist to the 83rd–85th congresses. Member of Mountain Lodge No. 156, Coal City, W. Va., the Scottish Rite and Shrine in Charleston.

* **Joseph W. Byrns, Sr** Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 131 and Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., both of Nashville, Term. Father of Joseph W. Byrns, Jr. (see below) who was also a congressman and member of same lodge.

Joseph W. Byrns, Jr. U.S. Congressman to 76th Congress, 1939–41. b. Aug. 15, 1903 in Nashville, Tenn., the son of Joseph W. Byrns, Sr., q.v., who was also a congressman. Graduate of Emerson Institute (Washington, D.C.) and Vanderbilt U. (Nashville, Tenn.). Admitted to the bar in 1928 and practices in Nashville. Served in U.S. Army from 1942–45 with 30 months in European Theater. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 131, Nashville.

**** John Cadwalader** Also master of Military Lodge No. 55.

Thomas Cadwalader (1778–1841) Major General of Militia in War of 1812. b. Oct. 29, 1778. Graduate of U. of Pennsylvania in 1795, he studied law but never was in active practice. He entered the War of 1812 as a private and advanced to lieutenant colonel of cavalry and subsequently major general of the First Division, Pennsylvania Militia. He later revised the tactics of the U.S. Army at the request of General Scott and Colonel Zachary Taylor. He declined President Monroe's appointment as minister to England. Cadwalader was regarded as one of the most scholarly men of his time. He was wounded in a duel on April 5, 1823 with a Scottish physician named Granville Sharp Pattison, the latter presuming that Cadwalader had prevented him receiving a professorship at the U. of Pennsylvania. He became a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, on Oct. 27, 1808. d. Oct 31, 1841.

Madam Cagliostro (see Lorenza Feliciana).

Ben F. Caldwell (1848–1924) U.S. Congressman to 56th through 58th Congresses, 1899–1905, and 60th Congress, 1907–1909 from Ill. b. Aug. 2, 1848 in Greene Co., Ill. Served in both houses of the state legislature. Was president of Farmers' Natl. Bank of Springfield and Caldwell State Bank of Chatham, Ill. Member of Elwood Commandery No. 6, K.T., Springfield, Ill. d. Dec. 29, 1924.

Robert P. Caldwell (1821–1885) U.S. Congressman,

1871–73, from Tennessee. b. Dec. 16, 1821 in Adair Co., Ky. Moved with parents to Henry Co., Term. and then to Obion Co. Studied law at Troy, Tenn., was admitted to the bar, and began practice at Trenton in 1845. Served in both branches of the state legislature. During Civil War he was a major in the 12th Regiment, Tennessee Infantry of the Confederate Army. Member of Trenton Lodge No. 86 and Trenton Chapter No. 31, R.A.M., both of Trenton, Term. d. March 12, 1885.

Simon Cameron (1799–1889) American financier, U.S. Senator and U.S. Secretary of War. b. March 8, 1799 in Lancaster Co., Pa. Learned the printing trade and worked as a journeyman in several Pa. cities. In 1820 he was editing a newspaper in Doylestown and in 1822 one in Harrisburg. Accumulating capital, he became interested in banking and railroad construction. He served as U.S. senator in 1845–49; 1857–61; 1867–77. Between 1857–77 he controlled the Republican political machine in Pa. Lincoln appointed him Secretary of War in 1861, but when he was criticized for the manner of awarding army contracts, he resigned in 1862 to become U.S. Minister to Russia. Became a Mason in Perseverance Lodge No. 21, Harrisburg, Pa. on July 12, 1826. d. 1889.

John Campbell Civil War General, commanding 3rd Brig., 4th Div., Ohio Militia. He was also state senator of Ohio. Member of Unity Lodge No. 12, Ravenna, Ohio.

Manuel F. de Campos Sallas (see under Salles).

Lazaro Cardenas President of Mexico, 1934–40. b. May 21,

1895 in Jiquilpan, Michoacan, Mexico. He started as a printer in his native town, but in 1913 he joined the Revolutionary Army just after the death of the “apostle of the revolution,” Francisco I. Madero, q.v. He was a colonel at the age of 20 and a general at 25. He commanded the expeditionary army in the state of Sonora. He was a follower of General Calles, q.v. He commanded several military jurisdictions and was governor of the state of Michoacan in 1920. and 1928–32. He was twice secretary of war and once secretary of interior. As president, he launched his Six-Year Plan, marked by the redistribution of land, industrial and transportation development, renewal of the struggle with the Roman Catholic Church and 1938, the expropriation of foreign-owned oil properties. In 1941 he was commander of the forces on the Pacific coast; commander of the Mexican Army in 1945 and minister of defense, 1943–45. He was initiated in the city of Guadalajara early in 1925. He founded lodges in every jurisdiction where he was military commander, and under his patronage, many traveling lodges were founded within the Mexican Army. He attempted to bring the concepts of Freemasonry to the people of rural areas, but most of the lodges thus established were forced to close through the influence of the clergy. Cardenas believed that such lodges would aid in removing ignorance and superstition and lead the poorer peoples into paths of light and wisdom.

Edward W. Carmack (1858–1908) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1897–1901; U.S. Senator from Tennessee, 1901–07. b. Nov. 5, 1858 in Sumner Co., Tenn. He attended Webb's School, Culleoka, Tenn., studied law and was admitted to

the bar in 1879. He practiced at Columbia, Tenn. He joined the staff of the Nashville Democrat in 1888, and was editor in chief of the Nashville American when the papers were merged. In 1892 he was editor of the Memphis Commercial. He was an unsuccessful candidate for nomination as governor in 1908. Assassinated in Nashville on Nov. 9, 1908. Member of Memphis Lodge No. 118.

John M. Carnochan (1817–1887) Gained world-wide fame as a bold, dexterous and successful surgeon. b. July 4, 1817 in Savannah, Ga. Taken to Scotland in his boyhood, he was graduated from the U. of Edinburgh. Studied under Dr. Valentine Mott in N.Y. and then returned to Europe for further instruction at London, Paris and Edinburgh. In 1847 he began practice in N.Y.C. He performed an operation for the cure of elephantiasis, which had heretofore resisted all methods of treatment. He was the first to remove the entire lower jaw at one operation (1851) and in 1856 performed an original operation in the case of chronic facial neuralgia. He was professor of surgery in the New York Medical Coll. and health officer of the Port of N.Y. Member of Holland Lodge No. 8, N.Y.C., receiving degrees on May 9, 23, and June 13, 1869. Was exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M., N.Y.C. d. Oct 28, 1887.

Benjamin Carr (1769–1831) Musician and composer. b. in 1769 in England, son of a music publisher. He began his studies under Dr. Samuel Arnold and completed them under the noted John Wesley, q.v., a nephew of the founder of Methodism. He came to America in 1793, settling in

Philadelphia with his family. Here he opened the city's first music store, known as the "Musical Repository," at what is now 332 Market St. It was here that he first published Hail Columbia. He became known as a composer, conductor and teacher. In Philadelphia he was organist of St. Peter's and Trinity P.E. Churches as well as St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church. Often compared with Haydn for his religious inclination in music, he wrote Federal Overture; Masses, Vespers and Litanies; Lessons in Vocal Music; A Collection of Chants; The Chorister and The Archers. He became a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa., on March 13, 1794. d. May 21, 1831.

James R. Case Educator, army officer, genealogist and historian. b. Nov. 28, 1894 in Colchester, Conn. where he graduated from Bacon Academy. Received B.S. from U. of Connecticut; M.A. from Columbia U. and graduate study at Northwestern U. (Ill.). He has taught school, served as a 4-H Club agent and was an administrative officer at Hampton Institute (Va.); Fairfield Co. extension service and U. of Connecticut. In WWI he was an infantryman with the 77th and 32nd divisions of the A.E.F. In WWI he served in the artillery and with the military government as a civilian affairs officer in Europe for five years. He is a member of the Conn. Historical Society and several others. He is the genealogist of the Dawley family of R.I. and a writer and lecturer on local Conn. history. He is historian of the grand lodge, grand chapter and other Conn. Masonic bodies. Author of numerous biographical, historical, genealogical and Masonic articles and pamphlets. Member of Wooster Lodge No. 10, Colchester, Conn. and the York Rite bodies in Conn. Is honorary member of American Union

Lodge No. 1, Marietta, Ohio; 32° AASR (SJ).

* **Lewis Cass** b. in Exeter, New Hampshire. Although he was first high priest of Monroe Chapter No. 1 (Mich.) under the charter, he was not the first high priest of the chapter, as Edmund Kirby, son of Ephriam Kirby, q.v., served as high priest when the chapter was under dispensation with Cass as king. He served only one term as grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan (1826–27).

Jose Maria Castro (see under Madriz).

** **John D. Caton** d. July 20, 1895. He was one of the first lawyers in Chicago. He was installed master of Occidental Lodge No. 40 on Oct. 10, 1846, the day the lodge was constituted.

** **Cenon S. Cervantes** Member of Phoenix Chapter No. 2, R.A.M.; Adelpic Council No. 7, R. & S.M., and Constantine Commandery No. 48, K.T., all of New York City. 33° AASR (SJ).

Thomas Chalmers (1816–1903) Founder of Fraser and Chalmers Co., now the Allis–Chalmers Co. b. June 14, 1816 in Dundee, Scotland. Served apprenticeship as a machinist in his native city of Dundee and worked three years on marine engines for the steamships of the West India trade at Greenock. In 1843 he came to America, landing at New Orleans and thence by the Mississippi and Illinois Rivers to Peoria, where he spent a winter with relatives of his wife. The following spring he came to Chicago and resided there

until his death. He was initiated in Cleveland Lodge No. 211 on April 23, 1864; exalted in Washington Chapter No. 43, R.A.M. and knighted in Chicago Commandery No. 19, all of Chicago. He was a member of the Masonic Veterans' Assn. d. July 13, 1903.

**** George E. Chamberlain** Was master of St. Johns Lodge No. 62, Albany, Oreg., in 1883; high priest of Bayley Chapter No. 8, Albany, in 1889–91; commander of Temple Cornmandery No. 3, K.T. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Oregon in 1892. In 1888 he was a subscriber to the capital stock of the Masonic Building Association of Albany.

Edward T. D. Chambers (1852–1931) Editor of Quebec Daily Telegraph (Canada). b. June 26, 1852 in Saffron Walden, Sussex, England. He was the author of several books on game and fish. Initiated in St. Andrew's Lodge No. 6, Quebec, on March 6, 1878 and active in all branches of Masonry. Was first grand principal, Grand Chapter of Quebec; grand master of the Grand Lodge of Quebec; 33° AASR and member of Royal Order of Scotland. d. Oct., 1931.

Henry Champion (1751–1824) Revolutionary War soldier and financier. Born and died in Colchester, Conn. He was a company and battalion commander in the Continental Army, fighting at Bunker Hill, Long Island, West Plains, Germantown and Stony Point. He led the battalion of selected Connecticut troops in the audacious assault on Stony Point on July 1516, 1779. He was later general of Conn. militia. He established the Phoenix Bank in Hartford, Conn. and was an extensive

land speculator, having towns in New York and Ohio named for him. He was a brother-in-law of Moses Cleaveland, q.v. Four other brothers-in-law were Masons. Son-in-law Elizur Goodrich was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut in 1825. Champion was initiated in American Union Lodge at Redding in 1779 and served in several positions as an officer. He was named charter master of Old Wooster Lodge of Colchester in 1781, formed by a dozen old Revolutionary veterans. He was past high priest of VandenBroek Chapter, R.A.M. and grand treasurer of the Grand Chapter of Conn. for 14 years. A member of Washington Commandery, K.T. he joined when it was an "encampment" at Colchester and was generalissimo of same for ten years. A good friend of Thomas Smith Webb, q.v., he was in Cleveland, Ohio the day after Webb dropped dead there. Champion assisted with the funeral arrangements.

Baroness Chanowsky de Langendorf (see under Langendorf).

Charles Augustus Duke of Saxe-Weimar (see under Karl August).

* **Charles XIV John King** of Sweden. Birth and death date correction —1764–1855.

* **Joseph Charless** Member of Missouri Lodge No. 111 and later No. 12 (instead of 11).

2nd Baron Chelmsford See Frederic Augustus Thesiger.

See also Frederic John Napier, his son and 1st Viscount Chelmsford.

**** Claire L. Chennault** d. July 27, 1958.

**** George W. Childs** Member of Industry Lodge No. 131, Philadelphia, Pa.

**** Morgan H. Chrisler** Master of his lodge (No. 22) at Greenfield Center, N.Y. in 1861.

**** George H. Christopher** d. Jan. 23, 1959.

**** Winston L. S. Churchill** He was entered and initiated into the Craft on May 24, 1901 at the age of 27 under the full name of Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill in Studholme Lodge No. 1591 at the Cafe Royal, London, England. He was passed on the following July 19 and raised on March 25, 1902 in Rosemary Lodge No. 2851, which also met at the Cafe Royal. He had just returned from the campaign in South Africa, during which he had been taken prisoner, but escaped. His Masonic activities after membership of ten years, were discontinued in July, 1912. We are unable to learn whether it was by suspension or dimit.

Thomas Claiborne (1780–1856) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1817–19. b. May 17, 1780 near Petersburg, Va. (His father of the same name was also a congressman from Tenn.) He served on the staff of Gen. Andrew Jackson in the Creek War, studied law and began practice in Nashville in

1807. A member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8 and Cumberland Chapter No. 1, R.A.M., both of Nashville, he was the first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, serving from 1813 to 1815. d. Jan. 7, 1856.

Conrad Clauson (1753–1785) Norwegian mine operator and owner of estates. In 1784 he founded the only Royal Arch chapter ever organized in Norway—Dovre Chapter which became dormant in 1803.

* **Henry Clay** p. 222 line 13 should be “in the senate chambers on March 9, 1822.”

John Claypoole Third husband of Betsy Ross, who is reputed to have made, at the request of George Washington, the first U.S. flag, adopted by Congress on June 14, 1777. Her first husband was John Ross, whom she married in 1773; he died in 1776. Second husband, Joseph Ashburn, whom she married in 1777, died in 1782. She married Claypoole in 1783. Claypoole was a member of Lodge No. 2, at Philadelphia.

James Clinton (1733–1812) Brigadier General in Revolution. b. at Little Britain, N.Y. He was the brother of George, q.v., and father of DeWitt, q.v. He was a captain in the French and Indian Wars, a colonial legislator. Served as a colonel of the 3rd N.Y. Continentals in the Canadian expedition of 1775, and made brigadier general the next year. Wounded at Fort Montgomery in 1777, and was on Sullivan's expedition and at Yorktown, where his brigade received the surrendered British colors. Member of Warren Lodge at Little Britain.

**** Arthur R. Clippinger** d. July 18, 1958.

James H. Coates Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. He served with the 11th Ill. Infantry. Listed in the 1864 lodge roster for Acacia Lodge No. 67, LaSalle, Ill.

John W. Coburn (1841–1913) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1894–97. b. April 2, 1841 in New York City. Began as a nursery operator on Long Island, but later became an accountant. Was major in New York national guard. Served as grand master of Odd Fellows in 1906. Initiated Jan. 16, 1867. Was grand master of Grand Council of New York in 1885 and its recorder from 1882–1913. d. Jan. 7, 1913.

Moses Cohen First man of record to confer the degree of Select Master. He was a member of a lodge of perfection in Philadelphia. Sometime prior to June 25, 1781, he became a Knight of the Sun. In 1785 he acted as sublime grand secretary, and in 1786, as steward, he donated 2,000 bricks for the use of the lodge. In 1784 he joined Lodge No. 2, Ancient York Masons, in Philadelphia, and in 1785 was listed as a broker and shopkeeper. About 1790 he went to Jamaica, where under the authority from Spitzer through Hays, he established a consistory. Here he met Abraham Jacobs and conferred on him the Scottish Rite degrees as well as the “Select Mason of 27” (Nov. 9, 1790). Jacobs, on his return to the United States, immediately began to exercise the authority given him by Cohen, engaging actively in the spread of the rite.

**** R. K. Colcord** Name in full was Russell K. Was past master of Carson Lodge No. 1 (Nev.) and a Royal Arch Mason. At time of his death on Oct. 30, 1939, he was the oldest living Mason in Nevada and the oldest living governor of that state.

Robert G. Cole Masonic writer. b. June 4, 1893 in DeWitt, Ark. Presently in charge of customer relations for Greyvan Lines, Inc., a subsidiary of Greyhound. He was associated with LaSalle Extension U., Chicago, from 1921–44, and from 1944–50 was with the Central Technical Institute of Kansas City as director of accounts and was also director of the retail credit association. Served in WWI in Engineer Corps, 1917–19, and in 1919 went to Siberia as captain in the Russian Railway Service Corps. Has written much on credit and collection matters and Masonically is best known for his Masonic Gleanings. Member of William McKinley Lodge No. 876; Lincoln Park Chapter No. 177, R.A.M.; Apollo Commandery No. 1, K.T.; 33° AASR; Medinah Shrine Temple; Illinois Masonic Veterans Association; Theodore Roosevelt Post No. 627 (Masonic) of the American Legion—all of Chicago. He is past secretary of the Chicago Scottish Rite bodies, and received 33° in 1951 in Boston.

Norman J. Coleman (1827–1911) First U.S. Secretary of Agriculture. b. in Richfield Springs, N.Y. He moved to Kentucky in 1847, where he taught school and attended the U. of Louisville Law School. He then practiced law in New Albany, Ind., and was elected district attorney in 1852. He moved to St. Louis in that year and purchased the Valley Farmer, changing its name in 1865 to Coleman's Rural World

and Valley Farmer, and eventually to just Rural World. He increased it from a monthly to a weekly and was editor for 56 years. His subscribers increased from 10,000 to 50,000. He was president of the Missouri Press Association in 1870–71. Appointed Commissioner of Agriculture in 1885, he was instrumental in the passage of the bill establishing agricultural experiment stations in land grant colleges. Three weeks before his term of office expired (March 4, 1889) the U.S. Department of Agriculture was established, and he was named first secretary of same. He resumed active editorship of the Rural World after this. He was also state representative; lieutenant governor of Mo. in 1874–76; member of state board of agriculture and trustee of the U. of Missouri for 16 years (1870–86).

Bert T. Combs Governor of Kentucky, 1950—. Member of Zebulon Lodge No. 273, Prestonsburg, Ky., receiving degrees Dec. 14, 1948, March 5, April 16, 1949. Exalted in 1951 in Prestonsburg Chapter No. 182, R.A.M. and knighted in Ashland Commandery No. 28, K.T. Created noble of the Shrine in El Hasa Temple of Ashland, Ky. on March 22, 1954.

John Amos Comenius (see under Jan Amos Komensky).

Oliver Comstock (1780–1860) U.S. Congressman to 13th through 15th Congresses, 1813–19 from N.Y. b. March 1, 1780 in Warwick, R.I. He studied medicine and practiced in Trumansburg, N.Y. He was a member of the N.Y. state assembly in 1810–12 and first judge of common pleas for Seneca Co., N.Y. from 1812–15. In 1817–18 he was first judge of court

of common pleas for Tompkins Co. He abandoned the practice of medicine, studied theology and was ordained a Baptist minister, serving the church at Rochester, N.Y. In 1836–37 he was elected chaplain of the U.S. House of Representatives. In 1829 he moved to Michigan, where he held a pastorate in Detroit; was a regent of the U. of Michigan and from 1843–45 was state superintendent of public instruction. Member of St. John's Lodge No. 22, Greenfield Center, N.Y. d. Jan. 11, 1860.

Duc de Conegliano (see B. A. J. de Moncey).

James A. Connolly (1843–1914) U.S. Congressman to 44th and 45th Congresses, 1895–99 from Ill. b. March 8, 1843 in Newark, N.J. Moved with parents to Chesterville, Ohio in 1850 and became assistant clerk of the Ohio state senate in 1858–59. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1859, practicing at Mount Gilead, Ohio. He moved to Charleston, Ill. in 1861. In Civil War he served from private to lieutenant colonel in the 123 Ill. Vol. Regiment. He served in 111. lower house and was U.S. attorney for Southern Ill. from 1876–85 and 1889–93. After 1898 he was a lawyer in Springfield, Ill. Member of Elwood Commandery No. 6, K.T. of Springfield. d. Dec. 15, 1914.

Louis Alphonse Constance (see Eliphas Levi).

Grand Duke Constantine (see under Pavlovich).

Constantine I (1868–1923) King of the Hellenes (Greece), 1913–17 and 1920–22. The eldest son of George I, q.v. Received

a military education in Germany and married Princess Sophie, sister of William II, German emperor. He commanded the Greek forces in the disastrous Turkish War of 1897 and in the Balkan War of 1912–13, meeting with remarkable success in the latter. Became king in 1913 upon the assassination of his father. In WWI he advocated neutrality, but was opposed by the majority of the Greek people, and under Allied pressure was forced to resign in 1917. He lived in Switzerland until 1920, when recalled by a plebiscite. In spite of British and French protests, he continued his former policy against the Turks and it led to the disastrous campaign in Asia Minor that compelled him to abdicate in favor of his son, George II. He was made a Mason “at sight” by the Grand Lodge of Greece.

Roy Bird Cook Author and druggist at Charleston, W. Va. b. Aug. 1, 1886 in Weston, W. Va. Raised in Weston Lodge No. 10 of that city in 1908, and a member of the Scottish Rite and Shrine in Charleston. Wrote *The Life of Stonewall Jackson*, and has published a history of all the lodges in W. Va. chartered by the Grand Lodge of Virginia prior to the Civil War. He also has written histories of many other lodges of that state.

George W. Cooley (1845–1920) General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1889–91. b. Jan. 19, 1845 in New York City. Was with U.S. survey parties through Minn. and the Dakotas and was employed by the Northern Pacific Railway as the first location and construction engineer on that system. He established a general engineering office in Minneapolis and was state engineer of Minn. in 1907. He toured Europe, studying roads, and laid out the present road

system in Minn. A member of Minneapolis Lodge No. 19, Minneapolis, Minn. (1868). Exalted in St. John's Chapter No. 9, R.A.M. in 1869; greeted in Minneapolis Council No. 2 in 1871; knighted in Zion Commandery No. 2 in 1871. He was grand master of the Grand Council of Minn. in 1876 and was at the Buffalo convention in 1877, where he assisted in the formation of the General Grand Council and was its first general grand recorder. d. Sept. 25, 1920.

**** Jere Cooper** Member of Hess Lodge No. 93, Dyersburg, Tenn.

Robert Crighton Captain of the British Ship, Three Bells, which rescued a regiment of U.S. troops at sea. The poet Whittier immortalized his heroic deed in verse, of which the following are the last two stanzas: "Sail on, Three Bells, forever—In grateful memory sail! Ring on, Three Bells of rescue—Above the wave and gale! Type of the Love eternal—Repeat the Master's cry—As tossing through our darkness—The lights of God draw nigh!" The following is taken from the minutes of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, N.Y.C., on March 22, 1854: "The degrees and membership of this chapter, having been conferred on Comp. Robert Crighton of the Three Bells in initiation as a token of his great service in the cause of humanity, and Comp. Alex. Frear having paid the fees demanded by the By-laws, it was on motion of Comp. Samuel C. Wsartz, resolved that the fees (\$20) be refunded Comp. Alex. Frear, also the thanks of the chapter tendered to him for introducing Comp. Crighton to this chapter."

John W. Crockett (1807–1852) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee to 25th and 26th Congresses, 1837–41. b. July 10, 1807. He was the son of David Crockett, q.v., famous frontiersman who was killed at the Battle of the Alamo. He studied law and began practice in Paris, Term. He moved to New Orleans in 1843, where he was a commission merchant. He became editor of the *National* in 1848 and established the *Crescent* in 1850. In 1852 he moved to Memphis, Tenn. Member of Trenton Lodge No. 86, Trenton, Tenn. and Paris Chapter No. 14, R.A.M., Paris, Term. d. Nov. 24, 1852.

**** Carl T. Curtis** Elected. U.S. Senator from Nebraska in 1955. Received 33° AASR (SJ) in Oct., 1959.

Duke of Dalmatia (see under Nicolas Soult).

John M. Dalton Governor of Missouri for term of 1961–64. b. Nov. 9, 1900 in Vernon Co., Mo. Graduate of U. of Missouri in 1923 and practiced law in Kennett, Mo. until 1952, when he became attorney general of the state. Reelected for second term in 1956, and in 1960 elected governor of Missouri. A trustee of Westminster Coll.; board of curators, Stephens Coll. and member of board of visitors, U. of Missouri, 1949–53. Served as president of the National Association of Attorneys-General and is a fellow of the American College of Trial Lawyers. Raised in Acacia Lodge No. 17, Columbia, Mo. and presently member of Kennett Lodge No. 68, Kennett, Mo. Grand Orator of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, 1960–61. Exalted in Columbia Chapter No. 17, R.A.M. and in 1930 affiliated with Helm Chapter No. 117, Kennett. Suspended in 1934

and reinstated in 1954. Knighted in St. Graal Commandery No. 12, Columbia, Mo., and affiliated with Malden Commandery No. 61, Malden, Mo. in 1930. Suspended in 1932 and reinstated in 1954. Member of the Scottish Rite and Shrine in St. Louis.

Count Christian C. Danneskiold-Laurwig (1725–1783) Norwegian nobleman, who in 1749 founded the first Norwegian lodge of Freemasons under the name “St. Olaus.” It is now No. 1 on the roster and is known as St. Olaus ti/den Hvide Leopard (Oslo).

Nicola D’Ascenzo (1869–1954) Artist and manufacturer of stained glass windows. b. Sept. 25, 1869 in Torricella Peligna, Italy. He studied art at the Scuola Libera, Rome; Academy of Fine Arts and School of Industrial Art, Philadelphia; School of Design, New York. He was one of the foremost artists of stained glass windows in the U.S. Examples of his work are to be found throughout the country. A few are: Washington Memorial Chapel, Valley Forge, Pa.; Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa.; St. Thomas’ Church and Riverside Baptist Church of N.Y.C.; Canterbury School, New Milford, Conn.; Christ Church, Detroit, Mich.; Princeton University Chapel; Folger Shakespeare Library, Washington, D.C.; Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio; Divinity School, Philadelphia and Scripps’ College, Claremont, Calif. Received the degrees in Golden Rule Lodge No. 748, Philadelphia, April 24, 1928, Jan. 22 and April 23, 1929. On March 24, 1932 he affiliated with Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia. d. 1954.

**** Clifford Davis** Member of Stonewall Lodge No. 723 and Memphis Chapter No. 95, R.A.M., both of Memphis, Tenn.

**** Edwin L. Davis** Member of Tullahoma Lodge No. 262 and Tullahoma Chapter No. 193, R.A.M., both of Tullahoma, Tenn.

**** John W. Davis** (1873–1955) Received 33° AASR in Washington, D.C. in 1953.

Thomas Z. Davis (?–1807) U.S. Congressman to 5th through 7th Congresses from Ky., 1797–1803. Admitted to the bar in 1789 and commenced practice in Mercer Co., Ky. Was a member of state house of representatives from 1795–97. In 1803 he was appointed U.S. judge of Indiana Territory and served as chancellor of Indiana Territory from March 1, 1806 until his death. He was made a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia on Feb. 14, 1799, while a congressman. d. Nov. 15, 1807. (In the lodge record he is listed as “Thomas Z. Davies, a native of Va. and member of Congress of the United States, from Ky., whose place of residence is distant from any established lodge, wishes to be initiated a Mason, and, as the shortness of his stay in Philadelphia would not admit of his waiting the usual course, has applied for dispensation.” He received the first degree Feb. 14, 1799 and the second and third on Feb. 28, resigning at once; “the foregoing giving ample reasons for his not remaining a member for a longer period.”) Frank H. Davison Active Member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Idaho. Received 32° in 1943; KCCH in 1949; coroneted 33° in 1954; appointed deputy in Idaho in 1957 and crowned active member that year. He

is an attorney and member of the firm Davison & Davison.

William M. O. Dawson (1853–1916) Governor of West Virginia, 1905–09. b. May 21, 1853 in Bloomington, Md. Was editor and owner of the Preston County (W. Va.) Journal until admitted to the bar in 1892, when he practiced in Kingwood and Charleston. Served in the state senate; was chairman of Republican state committee; served as clerk of house of delegates, and from 1897–1905 was secretary of state of W. Va. Member of Preston Lodge No. 90, Kingwood, W. Va. d. March 12, 1916.

Charles Dayan (1792–1877) U.S. Congressman from New York, 1831–33. b. July 8, 1792 in Amsterdam, N.Y. He taught school early in life and served as a lieutenant colonel in the War of 1812. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1817, practicing in Lowville, N.Y. In 1827–28 he was a member of the state senate, serving as president pro tern in the latter year. From 1830–38 he was supreme court commissioner and from 1835–36 was a member of the state assembly. He was the last master of Jefferson Lodge No. 164, when due to the anti-Masonic movement, it was forced to discontinue its meetings. An old biography states, “he now reverts with pride and pleasure that when elected to congress in 1830 he, as a Mason, was elected over all opposition.” He was the first master of Lowville Lodge No. 134 in 1848. d. Dec. 25, 1877.

Lewis Deer (see Oskenonton).

William DeLacy Union General in Civil War. Member of

Independent Royal Arch Lodge No. 2, New York City.

Milton Delano (1844–1922) U.S. Congressman from New York, 50th and 51st Congresses, 1887–91. Aug. 11, 1844 in Wampsville, N.Y. Engaged in mercantile, banking and real estate business as well as the manufacture of window glass. Served as sheriff of Madison Co., N.Y., 1873–75 and 1879–81. He aided in the organization of the Canastota Northern R.R. Co. Member of Oneida Lodge No. 270, Oneida, N.Y. d. Jan. 2, 1922.

**** Rafael del Riego y Nunez** Executed Nov. 7, 1823.

**** Cecil B. de Mille** d. Jan. 21, 1959.

**** Edwin** Denby Received Scottish Rite degrees on Oct. 24, 1919.

**** Ray V. Denslow** Raised in Twilight Lodge No. 114, Columbia, Mo. at request of Censer Lodge No. 172, Macon, Mo. Date of resignation from postal service was 1921 (not 1911). d. Sept. 10, 1960.

**** George H. Dern** Received 32° AASR (SJ) at Salt Lake City, Utah on Nov. 17, 1904.

D'Essenelli (see Edouard G. Hesselberg).

**** Charles A. Dewey** d. March 2, 1958.

**** Elisha Cullen Dick** (1750?–1825) A volume entitled *The Lodge of Washington*, published in 1899 by Alexandria Washington Lodge No. 22, gives the birth date of Dr. Dick as “about the year 1750.” He married Hannah Harmon of Pa. and moved to Alexandria prior to 1783. He was an eminent physician, and attended George Washington in his last illness. Dick had two children, Archibald and Julia; the latter married Gideon Pearce of Kent Co., Md., and was the mother of James A. Pearce, U.S. senator from Maryland. In 1794 Dick commanded a company of cavalry, raised in Alexandria, to suppress what was known as the Whiskey Insurrection in Pa. On Feb. 22, 1800, Dr. Dick delivered at the First Presbyterian Church in Alexandria an oration on “The Day and Decease of Washington.” On this occasion both Brooke Lodge No. 47 and Alexandria Lodge attended. He died in Alexandria in 1825 and was buried in the Friends’ burial-ground.

**** John Dickinson** Raised Jan. 11, 1780.

William Dickson (1770–1816) U.S. Congressman to 7th through 9th Congresses, 1801–07, from Tennessee. b. May 5, 1770 in Duplin Co., N. Car. Moved with parents to Tenn. in 1795. He studied medicine and practiced in Nashville for many years. He was a member of the state legislature from 1799–1803 and served as speaker of the house. He was a trustee of the U. of Nashville, 1806–16. Member of Greeneville Lodge No. 3, Greeneville, Tenn. and deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of Tennessee, 1815–16. d. in Feb., 1816.

John George Diefenbaker Prime Minister of Canada since

1957. b. Sept. 18, 1895 in Grey Co., Ontario, Canada. Received degrees from U. of Saskatchewan in 1915, 1916 and 1919. Called to the Saskatchewan bar in 1919 and became King's Counsel in 1929. He practiced in Prince Albert, Sask. from 1922. Active in politics since 1925, he was elected to the house of commons in 1945–49–53–57. Was adviser of Canadian Conservative party to UN organization at San Francisco in 1945. Served as a lieutenant in the Canadian Expeditionary Force in WWI. Mason and Shriner, he received the 33° AASR at Windsor, Ont., Sept. 10, 1958.

Andrew W. Doig (1799–1875) U.S. Congressman from New York to 26th and 27th Congresses, 1839–1843. b. July 24, 1799 in Salem, N.Y. Moved to Lowville, N.Y. early in life and engaged in the mercantile business. He served as town clerk, county clerk, and member of state assembly. He moved to Martinsburg, N.Y. in 1833 where he was a bank cashier, but returned to Lowville in 1835. In 1849 he went to Calif. in the gold rush, but returned the following year to Low-vile. Member of Lowville Lodge No. 134. d. July 11, 1875.

Michael Dorizas Athlete and adventurer. b. April 16, 1890 in Constantinople where his father was first secretary of the Greek legation. Graduate of Robert Coll. in Constantinople and became faculty member of same. He possessed great physical strength, and represented Greece in the Olympic games at Athens in 1906; London in 1908 and Stockholm in 1912. He visited almost every country in the world —walking through most of them. He has been through revolts in Turkey and Peru and captured by bandits in Russia and China.

Received M.A. de-gree from U. of Pennsylvania in 1915 and Ph.D. in 1925. While here, he was intercollegiate heavyweight wrestling champion and set a new record of 2200 points in the 1916 strength testing examination. He later taught geography at the Wharton School of Finance and Commerce at the U. of Pennsylvania. He served in the U.S. Army in WWI as a sergeant, and after the armistice was at the Paris peace conference as an interpreter. Made member of a Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 29, 1919.

Thomas Earl Doss General Grand Master, General Grand Council, R. & S.M., 1954–57. b. June 3, 1890 near Canton, Ga. Early in life he was connected with the Adams and Southern Express Co. and the L. & N. Southern Railroads. He was then chief clerk in the traffic department of the Clinchfield Railroad at Erwin until 1930, when he was appointed grand secretary of the York Rite bodies of Tenn. Raised in Gate City Lodge No. 2, Athens, Ga. on March 14, 1916, he affiliated with Johnson City Lodge No. 486, Johnson City, Tenn. in 1918, and was master in 1922. Exalted Nov. 30, 1917 in Thos. E. Matson Chapter No. 131, R.A.M. of Johnson City, he was high priest in 1927. Greeted in Greeneville Council No. 77, R. & S.M., on Oct. 24, 1918, he later affiliated with Erwin Council No. 97, and was master in 1930. Now a member of Nashville Council No. 1. Knighted April 10, 1919, in Watauga Commandery No. 25, Johnson City, he affiliated with Malta Commandery No. 30, Erwin, and was commander in 1928. Since consolidation of 30 and 25, he has been a member of No. 25. Received 32° AASR (SJ) in Nashville in 1924; made KCCH in Oct., 1927 and 33° on Oct. 12, 1943. Member of Kerbela Shrine Temple

in 1920 and later of Al Menah Temple, being past potentate of both. Charter member of Cabiri; Royal Order of Jesters; Red Cross of Constantine; past prior of Tennessee Priory No. 15, K.Y.C.H.; Royal Order of Scotland, and holds honorary memberships in many Masonic bodies throughout the U.S.

Edwin L. Drake (1819–1880) American pioneer in the oil industry, he was the first to tap petroleum at its source by drilling (at Titusville, Pa., Aug. 27, 1859). b. March 29, 1819 on a farm near Greenville, Greene Co., N.Y. Eight years later the family moved to Castleton, Vt., where he lived until he was 19, when he went to Michigan, worked for a year on an uncle's farm, and then worked for two years as a hotel clerk in the nearby town of Tecumseh. Returning to the East, he was a dry-goods clerk, first in New Haven, Conn. and later in N.Y.C. About 1845 he moved to Springfield, Mass., where he was an express agent for the Boston & Albany Railroad, and then returned to New Haven, where he became a conductor on the new New York & New Haven. Ill health required him to retire. He owned stock in the Pennsylvania Rock Oil Co. and the company hired him to visit its property on Oil Creek near Titusville, Pa. He secured a lease on the company's land and started drilling, hitting oil at 69 feet. He perfected the use of pipe as a casing, but failed to patent it. The money he had saved (about \$16,000) was soon lost in oil speculation. He retired to Vermont in broken health and later lived, destitute, in Long Branch, N.J. The citizens of Titusville contributed to his support and the Pa. state legislature gave him a \$1,500 annual grant. His original lodge is not known, but on Oct. 6, 1859, Oil Creek Lodge No. 303 of Titusville, elected him

to affiliation. This is now Titusville Lodge No. 754. d. 1880, in Bethlehem, Pa.

**** Louis Dreller** Member of Faith Lodge, Charlestown, Mass., 32* AASR (SJ) at Washington.

Arthur C. Ducat Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. Served in the 12th Illinois Infantry. Listed in the 1864 lodge roster for Blaney Lodge No. 271, Chicago, Ill.

John A. Dundas Executive Vice President of Douglas Aircraft Co. from 1957. b. Aug. 10, 1905 in Portland, Oreg. Graduate of U. of California in 1927 and 1930. Admitted to the bar in latter year and practiced at Los Angeles until 1939. Became associated with Douglas as attorney in 1944 and from 1953–57 was general counsel. Raised in The Harvard Lodge, Cambridge, Mass. in 1928 and presently a member of Wilshire Lodge No. 445, Los Angeles, Calif.

William C. Dunlap (1798–1872) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1833–37. b. Feb. 25, 1798 in Knoxville, Tenn. Admitted to the bar and began practice in Knoxville in 1819. He served in the Indian campaign of 1818–19 and held a commission in the U.S. volunteers in 1830. He moved to Boliver, Tenn. in 1828. He was a circuit court judge from 1840–49 and served terms in both branches of the state legislature. Member of Union Lodge No. 38, Kingston, Tenn. d. Nov. 16, 1872.

Pierre Samuel DuPont de Nemours (1739–1817) French economist whose two sons founded the two branches of

the DuPont family in America (see Victor Marie DuPont in Vol. I). b. Dec. 14, 1739 in Paris. When 23 he published two pamphlets on finances, which attracted the attention of the celebrated Quesnay. He then expounded the doctrines of Quesnay's school, "the physiocrats." Went to Poland in 1774 at the request of King Stanislaus-Augustus to organize a general system of national education. When Turgot became comptroller-general of French finances, DuPont was named inspector-general of commerce. When Turgot fell from favor, DuPont also was let out of the government. He was recalled by Vergennes to assist in negotiating with England the treaty to accord independence to the U.S. In 1789 he was a member of the States-General, but his reactionary views led to his imprisonment in 1792. Previous to this he had been hidden by the astronomer Lalande, q.v., in an observatory. Only the death of Robespierre in 1794 saved him from the guillotine. He renewed his attacks on the Jacobins and when they again gained power, DuPont was imprisoned again. In 1799 he emigrated to the U.S. with his family, and at Jefferson's request, started on a plan for national education in this country. He returned to France in 1802 and was instrumental in promoting the treaty of 1803, by which Louisiana was sold to the U.S. He was opposed to Napoleon, q.v., and refused to serve in his government. When Napoleon escaped from Elba in 1815, DuPont again rejoined his sons in America and died near Wilmington, Del. on Aug. 6, 1817. It recently has been brought to light through the Longwood Library, Kennett Square, Pa. that DuPont's ledger accounts show that he regularly made payments to Masonic organizations in France.

**** Victor Marie DuPont** Grand Marshal of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Delaware in 1822, 1823, 1825 and 1827. Became a member of Washington Encampment No. 1, K.T. of Wilmington, Del. on June 10, 1814.

Allan C. Durborow, Jr. (1857–1908) U.S. Congressman from Illinois, 1891–95. b. Nov. 10, 1857 in Philadelphia, Pa. He moved to Indiana in 1862 with his parents, who settled at Williamsport. Graduate of Indiana U. in 1877. After residing at Indianapolis, he moved to Chicago in 1880 and in 1887 became business manager of the Western Electrician, a trade magazine. In Chicago he affiliated with Dearborn Lodge No. 310, Washington Chapter No. 43, R.A.M., Chicago Commandery, K.T., Oriental Consistory, AASR (NJ) and Shrine. d. March 10, 1908.

Daniel Dustin Union Brigadier General of Volunteers, Civil War. Commanded 105th Illinois and was brevetted brigadier general on March 13, 1865. Member of Sycamore Lodge No. 134, Sycamore, Ill.

Prince Edwin The English Ancient manuscripts claim that he called a great communication of operative Masons at York in the year 926. This legend is not accepted by modern historians.

Leopold Garcia Ehlers Mexican architect and Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, Valle of Mexico. b. July 8, 1913 in Concordia, Puebla, Mexico. His father, also a Freemason, fought in the revolution in the Zapatistas and Carrancistas

forces. The son became a graduate engineer in 1936 and then specialized as a civil sanitary engineer. He has been a professor of mathematics and architectural composition at the National Polytechnic Institute since 1937. Since 1937 he also has been engineer in charge of the water and drainage dept. of the Federal District (Mexico City). He has designed and built residences, apartments, factories, churches, schools, etc. The present new grand lodge building of the Grand Lodge, Valle de Mexico at Sadi Carnot No. 75 is of his design. He donated his services to the grand lodge on this work. In 1959 he became grand master of the Grand Lodge, Valle de Mexico.

Duc d'Elchingen (see under Michel Ney).

**** Stephen B. Elkins** While in Washington as a representative for Territory of New Mexico, he met and married the daughter of Henry Gassaway Davis, q.v., U.S. senator from W. Va. Davis, a man of great wealth, brought Elkins to W. Va., and although one was a Democrat and the other a Republican, they worked together in both business and politics. They founded Davis-Elkins Coll.

John Valentine Ellis (1835-1913) Canadian Senator, journalist and publisher. b. Feb. 14, 1835 in Halifax, N.S. Was a member of the House of Assembly, N.B., 1882-1900 and appointed Canadian senator in 1900, serving until death in 1913. Raised June 6, 1856 in The Lodge of Social & Military Virtues, Montreal (now The Lodge of Antiquity No. 1). Was active in the formation of the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick in 1867 and was grand master of same in 1872-74, 1884-86.

An active leader in all branches of Masonry, he was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of New Brunswick, 1894–98. He revived the Grand Council of Maritime Provinces in 1892 and was grand master of same that year. In 1899–1900 he was supreme grand master of the Sovereign Great Priory of Canada, and instituted the Scottish Rite in N.B. under Supreme Council of Scotland in 1871. He was member of first supreme council for Canada in 1874 and sovereign grand commander in 1886–1902. Was provincial grand master of Royal Order of Scotland, 1895–1913. d. July 10, 1913.

Emerson Etheridge (1819–1902) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1853–57 and 1859–61. b. Sept. 28, 1819 in Currituck, N. Car. Admitted to the bar in 1840 and practiced at Dresden, Tenn. Served in both state legislative branches. From 1861–63 he was clerk of the national house of representatives. Member of Dresden Lodge No. 90, Dresden, Tenn. d. Oct. 21, 1902.

Henry C. Evans (1843–1921) U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1889–91; Assistant Postmaster General, 1889–93; U.S. Consul General at London, 1902–05. b. June 18, 1843 in Juniata Co. Pa. Served as an enlisted man in Civil War with 41st Regiment, Wisconsin Vol. Inf. He settled in Chattanooga, Tenn. in 1870, where he manufactured freight cars. He was mayor of the city in 1881, organized the public school system and served as first school commissioner. In 1894 he was elected governor of Tenn. on the face of the returns, but a legislative recount declared his opponent elected. Member of Temple Lodge No. 430 and Hamilton Chapter No. 49,

R.A.M., Chattanooga. d. Dec. 12, 1921.

Hugh I. Evans (1887–1958) National head of the Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. in 1950–51. b. March 6, 1887 in Delaware, Ohio. Graduate of Wooster (Ohio) Academy and Coll. of Wooster and Princeton Theological Seminary. Was a Presbyterian pastor at Gallipolis, Marysville, Portsmouth, and Dayton, Ohio. Retired from active ministry in 1955 and became director of the Foundation of the Presbyterian Church at N.Y.C. He was moderator of the 162nd General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, U.S.A. in 1950–51. He was past president of the Board of National Missions, and represented the U.S. at the meeting of World Council of Churches in Holland in 1948. Raised in Palestine Lodge No. 158, Marysville, Ohio and affiliated with Horace A. Irvin Lodge No. 647, Dayton, on Sept. 19, 1928. Was grand chaplain of Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1926. Member of Unity Chapter No. 16, R.A.M.; Reese Council No. 9, R. & S.M. and Reed Commandery No. 6, K.T., all of Dayton. 32° AASR (NJ) in Columbus, affiliating later with Valley of Dayton and received 33° on Sept. 25, 1946. d. April 23, 1958.

Robert Field (1769–1819) Portrait painter. b. in England in 1769. He resided at Philadelphia from 1795–1800; Washington, D.C., 1800–02; Annapolis, Md., 1802–03; Baltimore, Md., 1803–05; Fort Boston, Mass., 1805–08 and Halifax, N.S., 1808–16. He moved to Kingston, Jamaica in 1816 and died there in 1819 of yellow fever. He was a leading portrait painter of his time and his biographer claimed he was “second only to Gilbert Stuart in his work.” Some of the leading citizens

painted by Field were Sir John Wentworth, Sir George Prevost, Sir John C. Sherbrooke. George and Martha Washington commissioned him to paint miniatures of them. He was raised in Annapolis Lodge No. 36 (now 69), Annapolis, Md., on Dec. 29, 1802 and in 1812 was master of St. Johns Lodge No. 211 (Eng.). d. in 1819 at Kingston, Jamaica.

Everett R. Filley (1894–1958) Vice President of The Texas Company from 1953; President of Texas–Zinc Minerals Corp. and Texaco Exploraation Co. b. Sept. 5, 1894 in Filley, Nebr. Graduate of Baker U. in 1915. Went with the Texas Company in 1915 in production department and rose to executive secretary, assistant division manager, division manager, assistant manager, and vice president. Affiliated with Holland Lodge No. 1, Houston, Texas, Dec. 25, 1946 from Delta Lodge No. 425, Tulsa, Okla. d. March 21, 1958.

****David E. Finley** Member of Philanthropic Lodge No. 32, York, S. Car.

Charles Fitzsimmons (1835–1905) Brigadier General, U.S. Volunteers. b. Dec. 26, 1835 in New York. He entered Union Army in 1861 as a captain of 3rd N.Y. Cavalry. Wounded in 1863, returned to service in Oct. that year as lieutenant colonel. Was wounded again at Ashley's Gap in 1864. Served on Western plains until mustered out in 1866 with brevet rank of brigadier general. Entered contracting business in Chicago; was active in Ill. National Guard, becoming brigadier general U.S.V. in June 1898 during Spanish–American War, but resigned shortly afterward. Member of Yonnondio

Lodge No. 163 of Rochester, N.Y. d. in 1905.

Hans Kirkgaard Fleischer (1803–1884) Norwegian Lieutenant General and Lord Steward of the King. Master of the Norwegian Steward Lodge, and later provincial grand master, at which time Norway worked under the Grand Lodge of Sweden. K.C. of the Order of King Charles XIII.

Thomas Barnard Flint (1847–?) Member of Canadian House of Commons, 1891–96, 1900–02. b. April 28, 1847 in Yarmouth, N.S. He was a graduate of Mt. Allison U., Sackville, N.B. and Harvard Law School. He was clerk of the house of commons, 1902–17 and a recognized authority on parliamentary procedure. An eloquent and forceful speaker, he was raised in St. Andrews' Lodge No. 1, Halifax, N.S., on Jan. 5, 1871; master of Scotia Lodge No. 31, Yarmouth in 1877 and grand master of Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia in 1897–99. Deceased.

* **Robert L. Flowers** Member of Durham Lodge No. 352, Durham, N. Car., receiving degrees on July 6, 20, 27, 1925.

James H. Forsee Brigadier General, U.S. Army Medical Corps. Deputy Commander of Walter Reed Medical Center and chief of its Professional Services in 1959. Member of Aurora Lodge No. 156, Colorado and 32° AASR (SJ) in Colorado Consistory.

Greenbury L. Fort (1825–1883) U.S. Congressman to 43rd through 46th Congresses, 1873–81. b. Oct. 17, 1825 at French

Grant, Ohio. Moved with parents to Marshall Co., IR. in 1834. Studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1847, practicing at Lacon, Ill. He served as sheriff, county clerk, county judge and in the state senate. He served in the Civil War with the 11th Regiment, Ill. Infantry from first lieutenant to lieutenant colonel (brevet). Knighted in Peoria Commandery No. 3, K.T., Peoria, Ill. on March 24, 1882. d. Jan. 13, 1883.

* **John F. Fort** Former governor of New Jersey. Dates of his degrees do not coincide with his life span. It is therefore presumed that he was not a Mason.

** **Winfred E. Fouse** d. July 22, 1958.

** **Daniel G. Fowle** Member of Hiram Lodge No. 40, Raleigh, N. Car.

Marvin E. Fowler Provincial Grand Master of Royal Order of Scotland for United States since 1953. b. Oct. 12, 1904. Graduate of Central Coll., Fayette, Mo. in 1926 and of George Washington U. in 1931. Taught science in high school at Mexico, Mo., 1926–29. He is with the division of forest pathology of the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture and the author of many scientific publications. Raised in Hebron Lodge No. 354, Mexico, Mo. in 1927; knighted in Crusade Commandery No. 23, K.T., Mexico same year. In Washington, D.C. he became a member of Lafayette Lodge No. 19 and master in 1940; Columbia Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and high priest in 1944; Adoniram Council No. 2 and master in 1944; Columbia Commandery No. 2, K.T. and commander in 1946.

Received 32° AASR (SJ) in 1932 and 33° in 1943. Was grand master of the Grand Lodge, District of Columbia in 1950 and grand high priest of Grand Chapter, District of Columbia in 1952. Past sovereign of St. Simon Stylites Conclave, R.C.C.; member of Almas Shrine Temple, Grotto, Tall Cedars, National Sojourners, Allied Masonic Degrees and York Cross of Honor.

Eugene M. Frank Methodist Bishop. b. Dec. 11, 1907 in Cherryvale, Kans. Graduate of Kansas State Teachers Coll., 1930; Garrett Biblical Inst., 1932; Baker U. (Kans.) 1947. Ordained to ministry in 1932 and served the following Kansas pastorates Tonganoxie, Americus, Olathe, Kansas City, Topeka. Consecrated bishop in 1956 and bishop of Missouri at St. Louis same year. Member of Wyandotte Lodge No. 3, Kansas City, Kans. and grand orator of the Grand Lodge of Kansas in 1959–60.

Duncan Cameron Fraser (1845–1910) Justice, Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, 1906–10 and member of Canadian House of Commons, 1891–1904. b. Oct. 1, 1845 in New Glasgow, N.S. Was admitted to the bar in 1873. Member of legislative council of Nova Scotia and of the cabinet in 1875–78 and 1888–91. In 1906–10 he was lieutenant governor of Nova Scotia. He was raised in Truro Lodge No. 43, Truro, N.S. on Jan. 3, 1872; master of Albion Lodge No. 5, New Glasgow in 1882 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia in 1892–93. d. Sept. 27, 1910.

****Orville Freeman** Named Secretary of Agriculture, 1961 by President Kennedy. Was initiated in 1950 and began in

chairs in 1953. Was installed master of his lodge on Dec. 18, 1959 while governor.

Eduardo Rincon Gallardo Mexican General. b. April 27, 1900 in Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico. Attended the Heroica Colegio Military, later becoming an instructor in this military school and a general of the Army. He was director of the Dept. of Transit, Mexico City; administrator of the Port of Tampico; chief of the Import Dept. and Federal treasurer. In the last ten years he has been head of the Automobile Club of Mexico. He was initiated in 1925 in the lodge Gnosis No. 6 under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge, Occidental Mexicana. On this same day another distinguished Mexican Freemason was initiated—Lazaro Cardenas—later a general and president of Mexico. Gallardo served as treasurer, senior and junior warden of the lodge Masones Mexicanos No. 51. He became grand master of the Grand Lodge, Valle of Mexico and president of the Interamerican Masonic Confederation.

Finis J. Garrett (1875–1956) U.S. Congressman to 59th through 70th Congresses, 1905–29 from Tenn. b. Aug. 26, 1875 near Ore Springs, Tenn. Graduate of Bethel Coll., McKenzie, Tenn. in 1897. Before completing his college courses, he was editor of country newspapers at Dresden and McKenzie. After teaching school at Como and Milan, Tenn., he studied law and began practice in Dresden in 1899. President Coolidge appointed him judge of the U.S. Court of Customs and Patent Appeals and he became presiding judge of the court under Franklin D. Roosevelt. Raised in Dresden Lodge No. 90, Dresden, Tenn. on June 3, 1905. d. May 25, 1956.

Sir John Morison Gibson (1842–1929) Canadian Major General in WWI; first president of Canadian Red Cross; Governor of Province of Ontario for six years. b. in Peel Co., Ontario in 1842. He was graduated from U. of Toronto in 1863 and became a barrister in 1869. He was a member of the 13th Royal Regiment (Canada) and rose from private to major general. He was elected to the provincial legislature of Ontario, serving from 1879–95. Was initiated Nov. 19, 1867 in Strict Observance Lodge No. 27, Hamilton, Ontario, and was grand master of the Grand Lodge of On-tario. He was sovereign grand commander of the Scottish Rite in Canada, 1904–13 and 1922–23. d. June 3, 1929.

Emilio Portes Gil President of Mexico, 1928–30. b. in 1891 in Victoria City, Tamaulipas, Mexico. A lawyer, he served several years in a legal capacity with the war and navy as well as military justice departments. He was a congressional deputy to the 27th, 29th and 30th legislatures. He was provisional governor of Tamaulipas in 1917 and constitutional governor, 1925–29. From 1930 he was secretary of the government and afterwards (until 1959) was president of the executive committee of the National Revolutionary Party. He has served his government as minister to the French government and first representative of Mexico at the League of Nations in Geneva. He also has been Mexican ambassador to the Dominican Republic and India. Since 1959 he has been president of the national commission on insurance. The recipient of several honorary doctorates and decorations from foreign governments, he is the author of 15 books on both legal subjects and in the field of the humanities. While he was president he

put down a revolution of fanatics who had been encouraged by the Catholic hierarchy. He occupied a number of Masonic offices, and from 1933–34 was grand master of the Grand Lodge, Valley of Mexico.

Joseph A. Gilmore (1811–1867) Governor of New Hampshire, 1863–65. b. in 1811 at Weston, Vt. He was made a Mason at sight by Grand Master Charles H. Bell, but there is no record of his affiliating with a lodge. He was active in railroad interests. d. April 17, 1867.

William E. Glasscock (1862–1925) Governor of West Virginia, 1909–13. b. Dec. 13, 1862 near Arnettsville, W. Va. Admitted to the bar in 1902. Taught school in Ia., Nebr. and W. Va., and was county superintendent of schools of Monongalia Co., 1887–90. Was U.S. collector of internal revenue for W. Va., 1905–08. Member of Acacia Lodge No. 157, Fairmont, W. Va. as well as the York Rite bodies of that city, and a Shriner. d. April 12, 1925.

* **Benjamin Gleason** Not the first appointed Masonic lecturer in the United States. Jonathan Heart, q.v., was appointed as lecturer in Conn. by a convention of lodges in 1783. George Richards of N.H. may also have served as lecturer before Gleason's time.

Barry M. Goldwater U.S. Senator from Arizona, from 1953. b. Jan. 1, 1909 in Phoenix, Ariz. Attended Staunton Military Academy and U. of Arizona. Has been with Goldwater's, Inc., since 1929; president, 1937–53, and now chairman of

the board. From 1948–50 he was a member of the advisory committee on Indian Affairs of the Department of Interior. In WWII he served as a pilot in the Air Force from 1941–45, and was chief of staff of the Arizona national guard, 1945–52. He received the U.S. Junior Chamber of Commerce award in 1937. Raised in Arizona Lodge No. 2, Phoenix, April, 1930; 32° AASR (SJ) at Tucson and 33° in Oct., 1959. Member of Shrine and Eastern Star. His uncle, Morris Goldwater (1852–1939) was the 8th grand master of the Grand Lodge of Arizona; grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Arizona and grand master of the Grand Council of Arizona.

Marie F. P. Gonthier (see under Maine de Biran).

**** Albert G. Goodall** After removing to New York, he affiliated with Holland Lodge No. 8 and with Morton Commandery No. 4 and Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. He was commander of the commandery in 1872–73, was active in the Grand Commandery of New York and was deputy grand commander when he died. He was high priest of the chapter in 1884.

Bazil Gordon (1768–1847) Sometimes “Basil.” Said to have been America’s first millionaire. b. May 15, 1768 in Kirkudbright, Scotland. His monument in the Masonic Cemetery at Fredericksburg, Va. is most pretentious and the monument to his daughter is even more exquisite. He was a member of Fredericksburg Lodge No. 4, of Fredericksburg, Va. d. April 20, 1847.

**** William C. Gordon** d. Jan. 10, 1959.

Joseph V. Graff (1854–1921) U.S. Congressman to 54th through 61st Congresses, 1895–1911 from Ill. b. July 1, 1854 in Terre Haute, Ind. He moved to Delavan, Ill. in 1873 and engaged in mercantile pursuits. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1879, practicing at Delavan and later at Pekin. Following his terms in the legislature, he continued law practice at Peoria, where he moved in 1899. Knighted in Peoria Commandery No. 3, K.T. on Nov. 23, 1897. d. Nov. 10, 1921.

Edwin Grafton Active Member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Montana. Received 32° in 1919; KCCH in 1925; 33° in 1934; appointed deputy in Montana in 1951 and crowned an active member in 1957. He is administrator of the Montana Children's Home and Shodair Crippled Children's Hospital.

William L. Gravatt (1858–1942) Protestant Episcopal Bishop of West Virginia from 1916. b. Dec. 15, 1858 in Port Royal, Va. Graduate of Virginia Theol. Sem. in 1884; Washington and Lee U. in 1904. Ordained deacon in 1884 and priest in 1885. Served churches in Richmond, Va., 1885–87; Norfolk, Va., 1887–93 and Charles Town, W. Va., 1893–99. Was elected coadjutor bishop of W. Va. in 1899 and bishop in 1916. He was grand chaplain of the Grand Lodge of West Virginia from 1917–35; grand chaplain of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of W. Va. from 1909–29 and grand prelate of the Grand Commandery, K.T. of W. Va., 1916–40. Was a member of

Beni Kedem Shrine Temple and a 33° AASR of the Southern Jurisdiction. d. Feb. 14, 1942.

* **John Greateon** The Grand Lodge of Massachusetts met in his tavern in 1761. He was junior warden of Washington Lodge No. 10 (military) in the Mass. brigade when it was organized at West Point in 1779.

****Dwight H.** Green Member of Lincoln Park Chapter No. 177, R.A.M.; Chicago Council No. 4, R. & S.M.; Chicago Commandery No. 19, K.T.; 32° AASR (NJ) at Chicago on Nov. 8, 1934.

* **Nathanael Greene** His Savannah monument's cornerstone was laid with Masonic ceremony, making the most of the presence of Lafayette in that city. However it was dedicated to the "Saviour of the South" and not to a "brother." Obviously he did not wear any Masonic medal presented to him by Lafayette "throughout the Revolution" as Lafayette was not in this country until the middle of 1777. Historian James R. Case asks "And where were Lafayette and Greene associated —and when?" Greene and Washington were not the only general officers to serve "throughout the Revolution"; Putnam, Gates and Heath were others.

Thomas Grosvenor (1744–1825) Revolutionary patriot. b. in Pomfret, Conn. Graduate of Yale in 1765. Was a lieutenant under Putnam in 1775 and later a colonel. He was wounded at Bunker Hill and John Trumbull's painting, Death of General Warren at Bunker Hill, shows Grosvenor being helped off

the field by his servant, Peter Salem. He was a lawyer, judge and state legislator. Made a Mason in American Union Lodge, Redding, Conn. and served as secretary and senior deacon.

**** Felix Grundy** Also a member of Cumberland Lodge No. 8, Nashville, Tenn. at one time.

**** Hezekiah A. Gudger** Initiated, passed and raised in French Broad Lodge No. 292, Marshall, N. Car. in 1870. Dimitted from same on Oct. 22, 1915 and affiliated with Mount Hermon Lodge No. 118, Asheville, N. Car. on Dec. 2, 1915.

**** Edgar A. Guest** d. Aug. 5, 1959.

*** William Gurney** Continental Lodge No. 287 instead of "Centennial."

Cyrus Hall Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. Served with the 14th Illinois Infantry. Listed in the 1864 lodge roster for Jackson Lodge No. 53, Shelbyville, Ill.

James F. Hall (1822–1884) Union Brigadier General in Civil War. b. Jan. 31, 1822 in New York City. In 1861 he assisted the state of N.Y. to equip 28 regiments for the field and with that completed, equipped one for himself, which he led as colonel. He was prominent at the taking of Port Royal; constructed the works on Tybee Island; was present at the capture of Fort Pulaski, Ga.; mentioned for gallantry at Pocotaligo and Olustee, Fla.; was present at capture of Morris Island; and

cooperated with Sherman against Savannah and Charleston. For two years he was provost marshal general of the Dept. of the South. Was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers in Feb., 1865. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City.

T. Graham Hall Grand Sword Bearer, Supreme Council, 33° AASR

John H. Halliburton (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Tennessee. Received his 32° in 1908; KCCH in 1911; 33° in 1917; appointed deputy in Term. in 1946 and crowned active member in 1949. He was appointed to his present office in 1957. He is engaged in the general insurance business in Nashville.

John H. Halliburton Vice President of Eastern Airlines, Inc. in charge of flight operations since 1957. b. May 21, 1906 in Brownsville, Tenn. Graduate of U. of Tennessee in 1929. Began with Ford Motor Co. as an engineer in the flight test department of the airplane division in 1929. From 1930–31 he was a pilot for the Curtiss Flying Service. Has been with Eastern since 1931 as line captain, director of military training and operations manager. Received degrees in College Park Lodge No. 545, College Park, Ga. Presently a member of Coral Gables Lodge No. 260, Coral Gables, Fla. and master of same in 1942.

Joseph E. Hamblin (1828–1870) Union Major General (brevet) in Civil War. b. in Yarmouth, Mass. He was a member of the 7th N.Y. regiment many years prior to the Civil War.

At the outbreak of hostilities, he became adjutant of the 5th N.Y. regiment, and in Nov., 1861 transferred to the 65th N.Y. regiment. Participated in Grant's campaign of 1864 and then to the Shenandoah Valley to resist pressure on Washington and Maryland. Was severely wounded at Cedar Creek, and for this action was made brigadier general (brevet) and placed in command of a brigade. In the spring of 1865 he was promoted to full rank and participated in all subsequent engagements of the Army of the Potomac to the surrender at Appomattox. For bravery at Sailor's Creek (last engagement between North and South) he was brevetted major general and mustered out in Jan., 1866. Member of Kane Lodge No. 454, New York City. d. July 3, 1870.

John Francis Hamtramck (1756–1803) Colonel of American Revolution; military commander of Detroit. b. Aug. 16, 1756 in Quebec, Canada, the son of French refugees. He was baptised Jean Francois. Parents later settled just north of Lake Champlain in N.Y. In Sept. 1775 he joined General Montgomery's army marching on Montreal, and was appointed continental commissary. He was commissioned a lieutenant early in 1776, and on Nov. 21 captain of the 5th N.Y. continentals. Became a major Jan. 1, 1781; lieutenant colonel and commander of the first sub-legion under General Anthony Wayne on Feb. 18, 1793. When Detroit was occupied by the Americans under Article 2 of Jay's Treaty, Colonel Hamtramck was ordered to descend the Maumee River, and on July 13, assumed command of Detroit. On July 24, 1775 Dr. Peter Middleton, provincial deputy grand master of New York, issued a warrant to form St. John's Regimental Lodge No. 1.

From the diary of Ensign John Barr of the N.Y. Line on Feb. 3, 1780 we learn: "Our lodge (St. John's) formed at Captain Hamtramck's hut." This was while in camp near Morristown, N.J. St. John's Lodge is now settled at Clark's Town in N.Y. Later we find Hamtramck as a member of Union Lodge No. 1 (now Mt. Vernon No. 3 of Albany), having signed the register of that lodge as "No. 63," with no date shown. Hamtramck, Mich., a suburb of Detroit, was named in his honor, and it is interesting to note that as the largest Polish city in America, even today it does not possess a Masonic lodge because of its heavy Catholic population. d. April 11, 1803 and is buried at Mt. Elliott Cemetery in Detroit.

**** Edward Hand** Served as master of his lodge.

William Hanna (1833–1907) Brigadier General (brevet) in Civil War. b. June 23, 1833 in Lexington, Ind. He moved to Camp Point, Ill. in 1857, where he engaged in the mercantile business until the Civil War. He assisted in raising troops and was made captain of the 15th Regiment, Ill. Vol., becoming major, lieutenant colonel, colonel and brevetted brigadier general for bravery at the Battle of Altoona. After the war he lived at Golden, Ill. and was postmaster there for many years. Raised in Justice Military Lodge U.D. (Ill.) in 1862 or 1863, affiliating with Benjamin Lodge No. 297 and later with La Prairie No. 267 of Golden. He was exalted in Quincy Chapter No. 5, R.A.M., and knighted May 12, 1875 in Delta Commandery No. 48, K.T., of Clayton, serving as commander. d. Aug. 4, 1907.

**** William C. Hansen** Initiated May 8, 1924 in Neillsville Lodge No. 163, Neillsville, Wis., and presently a member of Evergreen Lodge No. 93, Stevens Point, Wis. 32° AASR in Madison, Wis.

Thomas Douglas Harington (1808–1882) Deputy Receiver General of old Canada in 1858–78. b. June 7, 1808 at Windsor, England. He served in the Royal Navy and with the East India Company's navy. Raised Dec. 13, 1843 in Duke of Leinstat Lodge No. 283 (Irish) at Kingston, Ontario and later affiliated with lodges in Montreal, Kingston, Quebec and Ottawa. Was provincial grand master of Lower Canada in 1853; provincial grand master of Canada East (Scot.), 1853; past grand master of Ancient Grand Lodge of Canada West in 1856; grand master of Grand Lodge of Canada in 1859. Was grand first principal of Grand Chapter of Canada in 1859–71; grand master of Cryptic Rite, Ontario, 1871; honorary provincial grand master of Cryptic Rite, Ontario, 1871; honorary provincial grand master of Grand Conclave, K.T., Ontario, 1859–71 and firstsovereign grand commander of Supreme Council, Scottish Rite in Canada, 1874. d. Jan. 13, 1882.

Thomas L. Harris (1816–1858) U.S. congressman to 31st and 34th–35th Congresses, 1849–51, and 1855–58 from Ill. b. Oct. 29, 1816 in Norwich, Conn. Graduate of Trinity Coll., Hartford, Conn. in 1841, studied law and began practice in Petersburg, Ill. Served as major in 4th Reg. Ill. Vol. Inf. in Mexican War and was presented with a sword by Ill. for gallantry at the Battle of Cerro Gordo. Was elected to 36th Congress, but died before taking office. Served as master of

Clinton Lodge No. 19, Petersburg, Ill. in 1849. d. Nov. 24, 1858.

**** Byron P. Harrison** Received 32° AASR (SJ) on Oct. 12, 1923.

Joel Hart Dr. Hart was U.S. consul to Scotland in 1817. Member of Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of N.Y.C. and high priest in 1812.

**** Charles H. Haswell** Exalted in Jerusalem Chapter No. 8, R.A.M. of New York City in 1888 at the age of 79. He was master of Kane Lodge U.D. (now 454) in 1858. He published a volume of reminiscences of New York life and society from 1816–35. In 1836 he was engineer of the first steam war-vessel in the U.S. Navy.

Henry D. Hatfield Governor of West Virginia, 1913–17, and U.S. Senator, 1929–35. b. Sept. 15, 1875 in Logan Co., W. Va. Received medical degree from U. of Louisville (Ky.) in 1895 and from N.Y. University in 1904. Was Medical Corps major in WWI. He joined all the Masonic bodies early in life, but after his term as governor expired he bought a hospital, and when the Shrine started to build its hospitals for crippled children, Dr. Hatfield thought it would hurt his business, so he dropped all Masonic affiliations.

Mark O. Hatfield Governor of Oregon from 1959. b. July 12, 1922 in Dallas, Oreg. Graduate of Willamette U. in 1943 and Stanford in 1948. Was resident assistant at Stanford U., 1947–49; instructor at Willamette U., 1949, and dean of students and

associate professor of political science at the latter, 1950–56. Mason and Shriner. Member of the Scottish Rite in Salem, Oreg. He placed the name of Richard Nixon in nomination for the presidency at the Republican convention of 1960.

**** Charles M. Hayes** d. Oct. 16. 1957.

**** Isaac I. Hayes** This interesting information has been found on page 263 of Memoirs of Lodge No. 51, F. & A.M. of Philadelphia, Pa. “At our meeting on Nov. 28, 1861, Bro. Isaac I. Hayes, a physician, who was initiated on Feb. 24, 1859 (by dispensation, in Lodge No. 51, A.Y.M.) was present, having then recently returned from an Arctic expedition. The W.M. called upon Bro. Hayes, who thanked the brethren for their assistance rendered the undertaking at a critical moment. . . . He stated the fact of his having displayed his Masonic flag on land at a higher Northern latitude than had yet been greeted by the Compass and the Square, namely 81° 35’, etc.”

*** M. M. Hayes** Appointed deputy by Francken (not Trachen). p. 201, fifth line of biography.

**** Leonard D. Heaton** Since promoted to Lieutenant General. With Walter Reed Hospital, 1952–59.

Adolphus L. Heermann (1822?–1865) Naturalist and ornithologist. b. about 1822 in S. Car. Moved to Philadelphia, Pa. in the 1840’s. Elected a member of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences in 1845. In 1846 he received a medical degree from the U. of Maryland. In 1843 he had crossed the

Rockies, possibly with Fremont. In 1848 he made a trip to Florida, collecting bird specimens, and in 1849 made the trip to Calif. by way of the Isthmus. Here he collected and studied birds for three years, returning to Philadelphia with 1,200 specimens, nests and eggs. Each winter from 1854–56 was spent in Calif., and this was followed by an expedition with the Pacific Railroad survey parties seeking passes through the mountains, Heermann being surgeon and naturalist for the trips. About 1862 he moved permanently to San Antonio, Texas. Several birds of the West coast are named for him—*Larus heermanni* and *Melospiza cinerea heermanni*; also the snake *Pityophis heermanni*. He became a member of Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, Pa., on April 22, 1847. d. in Sept., 1865.

Alexander Henderson Commodore, U.S. Navy during Spanish–American War. Member of Nepparhan Lodge No. 736, Yonkers, N.Y.

Percy Mark Herbert (see under Bishop of Norwich).

**** Francis J. Herron** d. Jan. 8, 1902.

**** Christian A. Herter** Became U.S. Secretary of State in April, 1959, succeeding John Foster Dulles. Received the Gourgas Medal of the Scottish Rite on Oct. 23, 1959.

Rudolph Hess Nazi third deputy to Hitler, second only to Goering in line of succession to supreme power in German dictatorship. An anti–Mason. b. in 1894 in Alexandria, Egypt. Followed Hitler from 1921, becoming secretary and bodyguard

to Hitler in 1925. He took down *Mein Kampf* from Hitler's dictation. He was designated by Hitler as head of the political section of the National Socialist party in 1932 and admitted into the newly formed cabinet council in 1934. He created a world sensation by a solo flight in 1941 to Scotland where he was held as a prisoner of war. In 1946 at the Nurnberg trials, he was convicted as a war criminal and sentenced to life imprisonment. Among the documents used by the prosecution in this trial was an article in the *Voelkischer Beobachter*, Aug. 28, 1939, reporting a speech by Hess at Graz on Aug. 26, which included the statement "Jews and Freemasons want a war against this hated Germany, against the Germany in which they have lost their power."

**** Joseph Hewes** Buried with Masonic honors.

**** Miguel Hidalgo** (see also Miguel Hidalgo y Costilla). Catholic priest and liberator of Mexico. Although it is claimed that he was a member of Arquitectura Moral Lodge, receiving his Entered Apprentice degree in 1808, there is no documentary evidence to support the belief. This lodge met at 5 Calle de las Ratat (today 7th and Bolivar) in Mexico City. It was a Scottish Rite lodge established in 1806. It is claimed that immediately after Hidalgo received the degree, all the papers and books of the lodge were destroyed.

**** Matthew W. Hill** Coroneted 33° on Dec. 8, 1945. Active in York Rite, Red Cross of Constantine.

Charles C. Hilton (1843–1905) Early day Chicago hotel

owner. b. Oct. 24, 1843 in Madison, Maine. He came to Chicago in 1865 to become the manager of the old Briggs House. From this hostelry, he went to the Sherman House when it was built and subsequently with the Tremont, Palmer House, and Grand Pacific hotels. At the time of his death he was the proprietor of the Hotel Hilton. He served as a private in Co. K. of the 5th Mass. Inf. in the Civil War, and later was adjutant general of Ill. He was initiated in 1866 in William B. Warren Lodge No. 309 and was a member of Apollo Commandery No. 1, K.T., both of Chicago. d. June 28, 1905.

**** Frank T. Hines** d. April 3, 1960.

**** Alonzo G. Hinkley** Received 60-year palm from his lodge in 1959. Is past potentate of Ismailia Shrine Temple and past monarch of Zuleika Grotto.

**** John T. Hoffman** d. March 24, 1888.

John William Hofmann (1824-?) Union Civil War General. b. Feb. 18, 1824 in Philadelphia, Pa. He recruited the 23rd Regiment of Pa. Vols. and was later lieutenant colonel of the 56th regiment. As a colonel, he gave the orders to open fire at the Battle of Gettysburg (July 1, 1863). A member of. Lodge No. 51, Philadelphia, he received the degrees Feb. 24, March 24 and May 26, 1853. At that time he was 29 and his occupation was given as a storekeeper.

**** Moses D. Hoge** Details of his deathbed initiation from

the minutes of Dove Lodge No. 51, Richmond, Va. A called communication of the lodge was held in the office of the grand secretary of the grand lodge at the Masonic Temple in Richmond on Nov. 22, 1898. The master announced that the lodge had been called for the purpose of conferring the degrees upon the Rev. Hoge. The grand master then stated that in consequence of the physical disability of the candidate that permission was given the lodge under dispensation which he personally granted to meet at the residence and without charter. The son, Moses D. Hoge, Jr. met the lodge members at his father's residence (N.E. corner of Main & 5th) and Grand Master R. T. W. Duke, Jr. then conferred the three degrees "dispensing with such portions of the ceremony as in his opinion the physical condition of the candidate required." At the completion of the ceremonies, Rev. Hoge stated he desired to become a member of Dove Lodge No. 51, and without any ballots being taken the Master appointed him chaplain of the lodge. He died Jan. 6, 1899.

**** Moses Holbrook** b. in 1783.

Ernest F. Hollings Governor of South Carolina since 1958. b. Jan. 1, 1922 in Charleston, S. Car. Graduate of The Citadel in 1942 and U. of South Carolina in 1947. Admitted to the bar in 1947. Member of state house of representatives, 1948-54 and speaker pro tern, 1950-54. Lieutenant governor of S. Car., 1954-58; governor from 1958. A member of La Candeur Lodge No. 36 of Charleston, he was made a life member of the lodge on Dec. 16, 1959.

**** Gilbert C. Hoover** Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy, retired. Received degrees in Overseas Lodge No. 40, Providence, RI. and now affiliated with St. Albans Lodge No. 6, Bristol, R.I. Received 32° AASR in Denver, Colo. and presently member of Scottish Rite in Providence, R.I. Member of Narragansett Bay Chapter No. 14, National Sojourners.

*** Odus C. Homey** Received degrees in Alamo Lodge No. 44, San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 12, Sept. 20, Oct. 20, 1921, affiliating with Mechanicsburg Lodge No. 113, Mechanicsburg, Ohio on Feb. 7, 1922. Not a member for 50 years as stated in Vol. II.

**** Stephen T. Hosmer** Grand Master of Connecticut 18 years (1798–1816).

*** Timothy Hosmer** b. 1745. d. 1815. Birth and death dates incorrect in Vol. II. Was not a brother of Stephen T. Hosmer, but was an uncle. Was brother of Stephen T.'s father, Titus. Was a surgeon in the 6th Conn. Regt. in the Revolution and attended and certified the death of Major John Andre, the British spy in 1780. He became a member of the lodge at Waterbury, Conn. (now King Solomon No. 7 of Woodbury) sometime between 1765–1775. In 1787 he became the first senior warden of Frederick Lodge, Farmington, Conn. (now No. 14 of Plainville, Conn.) when it was organized in 1787. On Aug. 20, 1779 he became a member of the famous military lodge, American Union No. 1, signing the by-laws on that date. In 1792 he became charter master of Ontario Lodge No. 23, Canandaigua, N.Y., the oldest lodge in Ontario Co.

**** Sam Houston** There has been much misinformation on the religious status of this great Texas Freemason. To set the record straight, we quote from a letter written by his grandson, Temple H. Morrow, past high priest of Z. E. Coombes Chapter No. 421, R.A.M. of Dallas and 33° AASR (SJ). . . . “I am calling your attention to the last sentence in the biographical sketch concerning Sam Houston . . . this sentence reads: ‘Houston died a Roman Catholic.’ I have never been guilty of parading my relationship to the illustrious dead, but in order to identify myself I will state that my mother was the second child and oldest daughter of General and Mrs. Houston and I was named for the youngest member of the family. The facts concerning his church relationship are as follows. When Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna became president of Mexico, he immediately discarded the constitution of his country and assumed the role of a dictator. His unreasonable decrees and edicts worked untold hardship on the people of Texas, one of which was that no one would be allowed to become a citizen and land-owner unless he was a member of the Roman Catholic Church. General Houston was then living with his old friends, the Cherokees, in what is now Oklahoma. He decided to come to Texas and assist the patriots throw off the yoke of despotism, tyranny and oppression which Santa Anna had placed upon them. Arriving at Nacogdoches, he met an old friend, Adolphus Sterne, who told him of the edict which required every emigrant to be a member of the Catholic Church. Not to be thwarted in his intention to become a citizen of Texas, he told Mr. Sterne to get a priest and he would go through a short form ceremony necessary to become a member. This was done at the home of

Mr. Sterne and only took a few minutes. If General Houston ever entered a Catholic Church, I have never heard of it. Mrs. Houston was a devout member of the Baptist Church, and I have many letters she wrote him when he was serving in the U.S. senate, urging him to become a Christian. In the year 1854, while at his home in Independence, Texas, he attended a service in the Baptist Church, and at the invitation of the minister he came forward, knelt at the altar and arose to make his profession of faith. He was baptized by Rev. Rufus C. Burleson in Rocky Creek. He became an active member of that church, thereafter lived an exemplary Christian life and died in that faith.”

**** William A. Hudson** Elected Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Michigan in Oct., 1959.

**** William E. Hull** Received Entered Apprentice degree in American Union Lodge at Roxbury, Mass. on March 13, 1776.

**** Ebenezer Huntington** Was one of the first initiates of American Union Lodge at Roxbury, Mass. (Feb. 20, 1776). A Royal Arch Mason. Became charter member of Somerset Lodge No. 34, Norwich, Conn. in 1795. Was senior grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Connecticut, 1798–1801.

**** Samuel Huntington** Was second grand master of Ohio, not first. Received all three degrees, June 3–4, 1795, in Wooster Lodge at Colchester, Conn. A week later was first secretary of Somerset Lodge of Norwich, Conn., just organized.

William E. Hutchison (1860–1952) Justice, Supreme Court of Kansas, 1927–39. b. July 14, 1860 in Oxford, Pa. Graduate of Lafayette Coll. (Pa.) in 1883 and 1886. Admitted to Pa. bar in 1886 and Kans. bar in 1887. He first practiced in Ulysses, Kans. and later in Garden City. He was county attorney, district judge, secretary of state board of bar examiners (1912–27) and pardon attorney of Kans. in 1925. He was raised in Santa Fe Lodge No. 312, Sublette, Kans. on May 14, 1892, was master in 1896 and grand master of the Grand Lodge of Kansas in 1912. He was exalted in Dodge City Chapter No. 75, R.A.M. on Jan. 20, 1895 and affiliated with Garden City Chapter No. 83 as a charter member in 1901, being charter high priest and serving until 1903; grand high priest, Grand Chapter, R.A.M. of Kansas in 1924. Member of Dodge City Council No. 16, R. & SM., having been greeted in Wichita Council No. 12 on Dec. 14, 1920. He was knighted in Dodge City Commandery No. 35, K.T. on July 2, 1895 and became a charter member of Garden City Commandery No. 50, serving as commander from 1905–07 and grand commander, Grand Cornmandery, K.T. of Kansas in 1928. Member of Red Cross of Constantine and 33° ASSR (SJ). d. April 5, 1952.

**** Ralph I. Ingersoll** Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Connecticut, 1923–24.

Charles Inglis (1734–1816) First British Angelican Bishop in overseas empire. b. in 1734 in County Donegal, Ireland. Coming to America, he taught school in Lancaster, Pa. from 1754–58. He was ordained in England in 1758 and appointed missionary at Dover, Del. serving there from 1759–65. He

became assistant minister and later rector of Trinity Church, N.Y.C., 1776–83. A devoted Royalist, he replied to Paine's *Common Sense* by pamphlet. Although Washington requested him to omit the prayer for the king and royal family, he refused to do so and after the Declaration of Independence, he closed his church and retired in Aug., 1776 to Flushing, L.I., which was then in the possession of the British. He followed the British Army to N.Y. and was chosen rector of Trinity Church in 1777. In 1781–82 he was chaplain of the 1st battalion of N.J. volunteers and at the evacuation in 1783 went to Halifax, N.S. He was consecrated the first bishop of Nova Scotia in England in 1787, with jurisdiction over the other North American provinces, and as such was the first colonial bishop of the Church of England. In 1767 King's College (now Columbia) conferred upon him the degree of M.A. and in 1770 he became one of the governors of the college. He addressed the Grand Lodge of New York on June 24, 1783 and on other occasions as well, appearing before the Grand Lodge in Nova Scotia. d. Feb. 24, 1816.

Leonard M. Jacobsen Radio sports announcer. b. Oct. 15, 1900 in Brooklyn, N.Y. He was an amateur and professional wrestler until 1947, engaging in 302 matches. Some matches were in the Hollywood Legion Stadium against such greats as Lord Lans Downe, Pat Magill, Duke Pettibrove, Billy Gribbs, etc. He is probably the best known sports announcer on the West coast. Mason, Knight Templar and Shriner.

Berryman Jennings (1807–1888) First school teacher in Iowa. b. in Kentucky. He moved to Ill. and in 1830 to Iowa,

where he became the first school teacher in the first school-house north of the Missouri and between the Mississippi River and the Pacific Ocean. The dam at Keokuk, Ia. now covers the site of the original school. He became the first grand treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Calif. (1850) and first grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon. Was raised in Des Moines Lodge No. 1, Burlington, Ia. in 1845 and affiliated with Multnomah Lodge No. 84 (now 1), Oregon City, Oreg. He lived a short time in Calif. and became senior warden of New Jersey Lodge U.D. at Sacramento, in Dec., 1849. In April, 1850 he was a member of the convention that organized the Grand Lodge of California. He helped establish Willamette Lodge No. 2 of Oreg. and was a member of the convention called to form the Grand Lodge of Oregon. California's New Jersey Lodge was named Berryman and later Jennings No. 4 (now extinct).

David Jewett (1772–1842) American who was Admiral of the Fleet in Brazil. b. in 1772 in Montville, Conn. Studied law, but shipped out on a vessel bound for Spain and thereafter followed the sea. He spent two decades in the American naval or merchant service and at one time commanded the American 20-gun Trumbull. In 1822 he entered the employ of the United Provinces along the Rio Plata (now Argentine Republic) and was given command of a naval flotilla. His expedition to the Falkland Islands and beyond is still cited in support of Argentina's claims to Antarctica territory. In 1832 he transferred to the naval service of Brazil, which had recently become an independent country. He became general of the naval armada, or admiral of the fleet, and here built up the

finest navy in South American waters. He remained there until his death at Rio de Janeiro in 1942. Brazil looked upon him as the Americans looked upon Lafayette. Jewett was instrumental in introducing the Ancient and Accepted Rite into Brazil about 1832. There were indications of Freemasonry of a sort before 1800, and as early as 1804 a short-lived Grand Orient of French origin was formed. It was revived in 1822 under Dom Pedro, but fell apart again. Jewett had been created a deputy grand inspector general in 1826 in N.Y. by the DeWitt Clinton-Cerneau Supreme Council, a dubious organization. In Brazil he was lieutenant grand commander, yielding the highest office to a native born Brazilian accredited from the Supreme Council of Belgium. Jewett made many trips to the U.S. and while visiting relatives in Conn., he was knighted in Washington Commandery, K.T. of New London on Oct. 18, 1826 at 6 a.m. On Nov. 3, 1826 he received the 33° in N.Y. He appears to have received his craft degrees in Wooster Lodge of Colchester, Conn. and Uriel Lodge No. 24 of Tolland, Conn., being raised Aug. 8, 1793 in the latter.

Lyndon B. Johnson U.S. Senator from Texas since 1949. b. Aug. 27, 1908 near Stonewall, Texas. He taught in the Houston public schools, 1930-32, and was then secretary to Congressman Richard M. Kleberg until 1935. Was elected to 75th congress to fill unexpired term and reelected to next two congresses, serving from 1937-49. Received Entered Apprentice degree only on October 30, 1937 in Johnson City Lodge No. 561, Johnson City, Texas.

**** Nels G. Johnson** d. 1958. Both Scottish and York Rite

member; also member of St. Felix Conclave No. 45, Red Cross of Constantine at Fargo, N. Dak.

Charles A. Jones Chief Justice, Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. b. Aug. 27, 1887 in Newport, Pa. Graduate of Dickinson School of Law, Carlisle, Pa. and admitted to the bar in 1910, practicing at Pittsburgh. From 1939–45 he was judge of the U.S. circuit court of appeals, 3rd circuit. Has been a justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania since 1945 and chief justice since 1956. Served in the American ambulance service with the French Army in 1917 and in 1918–19 was an ensign in U.S. naval aviation. Was Democratic nominee for governor of Pa. in 1938. He was made a Mason “at sight” on Sept. 1, 1959 by Sanord M. Chilcote, grand master of Pennsylvania, at a stated meeting of Verona Lodge No. 548 at Syria Mosque, Pittsburgh.

**** Edward F. Jones** Affiliated with Otseningo Lodge No. 435, Binghamton, N.Y. on Jan. 13, 1887 from St. Paul’s Lodge, Mass.

Francis Jones U.S. Congressman from Tennessee, 1817–23. Received limited education, studied law and practiced at Winchester, Tenn. Member of Winchester Lodge No. 26. Birth and death dates unknown.

George W. Jones (1806–1884) U.S. Congressman to 28th through 35th Congresses, 1843–59. b. March 15, 1806 in King and Queen Co., Va. Moved with parents to Fayetteville, Tenn., where they settled. He was apprenticed to the saddler’s trade.

He served in both branches of the state legislature. He was elected to the first house of representatives in the Confederate Congress and served from Feb. 18, 1862 until Feb. 18, 1864. Member of Andrew Jackson Lodge No. 68, Fayetteville and Union Chapter No. 18, R.A.M. In 1847 he was grand scribe of the Grand Chapter of Tennessee. d. Nov. 14, 1884.

Stephen S. Jones Active Member of Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Kentucky. Received 32° in 1937; KCCH in 1941; coroneted 33° in 1945 and appointed deputy in Kentucky in 1954 and active member in 1955. Is senior member of the law firm of Jones, Keith and Jones and is a judge of the Jefferson circuit court in Louisville.

Clifford D. Jory President of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial Association since 1952. b. April 17, 1892 in Sioux Rapids, Iowa. Attended Morningside Coll. at Sioux City three years and was graduated from Iowa U. Law School in 1915. He began law practice in Sheldon, Iowa in that year. Raised in Mistletoe Lodge No. 376, Shelton, Iowa in 1916 and served as master in 1921; grand master of the Grand Lodge of Iowa in 1943. Exalted in Samara Chapter No. 105, R.A.M.; greeted in Chariton Council No. 42, R. & S.M. and knighted in Petros Commandery No. 54, K.T. Member of the Scottish Rite in Sioux City, Iowa and a 33° (SJ). Member of Red Cross of Constantine. He is an honorary member of Alexandria-Washington Lodge, Alexandria, Va. Past sovereign, Red Cross of Constantine. Has been member of board of directors of the George Washington Masonic National

Memorial Assn. since 1946. Received the Henry Price Medal from the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts.

Lincoln G. Kelly Active Member, Supreme Council, 33° AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Utah. Received 32° in 1923; KCCH in 1935; coroneted. 33° in 1941; appointed deputy in Utah in 1954 and made active member in 1957. He is past president of the Utah Assn. of Certified Public Accountants; is a member of the Utah state board of examiners and has served as president of the National Assn. of C.P.A. Examiners.

**** Percy R. Kelly** Grand master of the Grand Lodge of Oregon in 1925 and conducted the ceremonies of the laying of the cornerstone of the Portland Masonic Temple in that year. Was grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of Oregon in 1933 and grand commander of the Grand Commandery of Oregon in 1940.

****W. Wallace Kent** Elected Grand Master of Grand Lodge of Michigan, May 25, 1960.

**** Joshua King** King married and established his business at Ridgefield, Conn., being prominent in finance and legislative circles. Made a Mason in Union Lodge, Danbury, he was later a member, in turn, of St. Johns Lodge in Norwalk and first treasurer of Jerusalem Lodge No. 49 of Ridgefield.

**** Frank S. Land** d. Nov. 8, 1959.

* **Miguel A. C. Lanuza** Initiated Sept. 19, 1927 (not 1827).

** **Curtis LeMay** Vice Chief of U.S. Air Force. Received 33° AASR (SJ), Oct., 1959.

** **Lyman L. Lemnitzer** Became Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, U.S.A. in August, 1960. Received 33° AASR in 1959.

Elmo Lincoln (1889–1952) First “Tarzan” of the movies. b. Otto Elmo Linkenhelt on Feb. 6, 1889 at Rochester, Ind. For five years commencing in 1918 he was the original “Tarzan” of the screen. Was raised Nov. 19, 1917 in Elysian Lodge No. 418, Los Angeles. Suspended NPD on Oct. 3, 1935. d. June 28, 1952.

Edward V. Long U.S. Senator from Missouri, 1961–66. b. July 18, 1908 in Lincoln Co., Mo. Was student at Culver–Stockton Coll. and U. of Missouri. Began law practice in Bowling Green, Mo. in 1936. Served as city attorney and prosecuting attorney of Pike Co. Elected to state senate in 1945; majority floor leader in 65th general assembly and president pro tern in 68th assembly. President of the Canton State Bank, Canton, Mo., Farmers William B. Massey State Bank, Greenfield, Ill., Long and Company, Tower Loan Co., Federal Loan Co., Long Theatre Co. and owns and operates farms in Mo. Member of Phoenix Lodge No. 136, Bowling Green. Exalted in Pike Chapter No. 86, R.A.M., Louisiana, Mo. on April 18, 1944 and knighted in Ascalon Commandery No. 16, K.T. of St. Louis in 1946. Received 33° AASR (SJ) and is member of Moolah Shrine Temple, St. Louis.

* **John Wesley Lord** Correction. Did not receive Gourgas Medal.

Harold O. Lovre U.S. Congressman to 81st–84th Congresses from 1st S. Dak. dist. b. Jan. 30, 1904 in Toronto, S. Dak. Graduate of U. of South Dakota in 1927. Practiced law in Hayti, S. Dak., 1927–44. Was state senator, 1941–44. Now practices law in Washington, D.C. Mason, 32° AASR (SJ).

Titus Lowe (1877–1959) Methodist bishop. b. Dec. 17, 1877 in Bilston, England and came to the U.S. in 1892. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan U. in 1900 and 1908. Ordained to Methodist ministry in 1900, he served churches in Braddock, Pa., Calcutta, India, South Fork, Pa., Cedar Falls, Iowa and Omaha, Nebr. Elected bishop in 1924, he was assigned to Singapore until 1928. Was in Portland, Oregon, 1928–39 and at Indianapolis from 1939. In 1946 he was elected president of the Council of Bishops, the highest Methodist office. Member of Black Hawk Lodge No. 65, Cedar Falls, Iowa and AASR (SJ) at Portland, Oreg. He received the KCCH in 1919 and 33° in 1931. d. Nov. 27, 1959.

William A. MacCorkle (1857–1930) Governor of West Virginia, 1892–97. b. May 7, 1857 in Lexington, Va. Graduate of Washington and Lee U. in 1879 and practiced law at Charleston, W. Va. from that date. Was in charge of the Liberty Loan campaigns of 1917–18. Member of lodge, chapter and-commandery in Charleston and a charter member of Beni Kedem Shrine Temple, having been created in Osiris Temple, Wheeling.

***Edwin Markham** Received Achievement Award of the Grand Lodge of New York (not Masters Medal).

**** George C. Marshall** d. Oct. 16, 1959.

Walter Marshall b. Mannheim, Germany. He first received Masonic light in Goethe Lodge No. 379, Paris. Served with French Army in WWII, and when the light was extinguished from the French Masonic temples, he found his name listed as a Mason in the official journal of the Vichy government and was forced to flee for his life. He went first to Spain, then Portugal and in 1942 reached the U.S. Currently he is a manager of the C.R.A. Corp. (machinery for the garment trade). After the liberation of France, he passed the Tribunal of Honor and was reinstated as a Mason. He became affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 86, Union City, N.Y. and in 1950 joined King Solomon Lodge No. 279, N.Y.C., serving as master in 1955. Member of Scottish Rite and Philalethes Society.

William B. Massey Grand Chamberlain, Supreme Council, AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Missouri. b. March 16, 1881 in Kearney, Mo. Graduate of William Jewell Coll. (Mo.) in 1901. In 1901–02 was manager of water works at Naco, Ariz. Returned to Mo. to enter lumber business at Bonne Terre, and in 1917 became president and general manager of the largest lumber and hardware company in Southeast Mo. He sold his interests in 1929 and retired. Was active member of Southwestern Lumberman's Assn. for many years, it being the largest of its kind in the world. He organized the Bonne Terre William C. Mathes Building & Loan

Assn. and was its president for several years. Elected vice president of the Bank of Bonne Terre at the age of 23 and has served on board of directors of several banks. He is considered an authority on real estate values of the Southwestern area of Mo. He was one of the original advocates of hard roads in Mo. and was chairman of committee that constructed by private subscription a road that connected Desloge, St. Francois, Flat River, Rivermines and Elvins. Raised Aug. 2, 1902 in Kearney Lodge No. 311, Kearney, Mo. and affiliated with Samaritan Lodge No. 424, Bonne Terre on April 14, 1903. Exalted in Uel Chapter No. 129 in 1909; greeted in Hiram Council No. 1, St. Louis in 1909; affiliated with Bonne Terre Council No. 43 in 1924 as charter member; knighted in De Soto Commandery No. 56, K.T. in 1909. Member of Moolah Shrine Temple, St. Louis since 1911. Received 32° AASR at St. Louis in 1914; KCCH in 1917; 33° in 1921 and appointed deputy in Missouri in 1939. Crowned active member of Supreme Council in 1941 and appointed grand chamberlain in 1955.

William C. Mathes Federal Judge, Southern District of California since 1945. b. Dec. 17, 1889 in Hale Center, Texas. Graduate of U. of Texas in 1921 and Harvard in 1924. Admitted to Calif. bar in 1924 and began practice in Los Angeles. Raised in Austin Lodge No. 12, Austin, Texas, in 1921.

George A. Mattison, Jr. Imperial Potentate of the Shrine, 1960–61. Graduate of Auburn U. in 1919, he and his father organized the Woodstock Slag Corp., and he became president of same in 1937. It was later sold to Vulcan Materials Co., and he is presently president of Mathoff, Inc., Birmingham, Ala.;

Hurock, Inc., Houston, Texas, and a partner in Houston Slag Materials Co., Houston. Member of Anniston (Ala.) Fraternal Lodge No. 700 since 1922; member of Scottish Rite and KCCH at Birmingham, Ala.; also Anniston Chapter No. 105, R.A.M.; Anniston Commandery No. 23, K.T.; Zamora Shrine Temple (potentate in 1947); past sovereign of St. Dustan Conclave, R.C.C.; past director of Court No. 127, Royal Order of Jesters. Served in WWI as an Infantry lieutenant.

Frank E. McCaslin President of Oregon Portland Cement Co. from 1942. b. Nov. 2, 1897 in Lake Wilson, Minn. He was with the U.S. Civil Service and dept. of Agriculture before going with the Portland Cement Co. in 1923. He became a director of same in 1932 and president in 1942. Served overseas in WWI. Member of Lake Wilson Lodge No. 262 (Minn.) and of Portland Scottish Rite bodies and Shrine since 1923.

**** John A. McClernand** Member of Central Lodge No. 71, of Springfield, Ill. in 1864.

John L. McCreery (1835–1906) American poet. Best known for his poem *There Is No Death*, written in 1863 and published with a collection at N.Y. in 1883, entitled *Songs of Toil and Triumph*. Its first appearance was in *Arthur's Home Magazine* in 1863. This poem has often been erroneously credited to Lord Bulwer Lytton. Although T. S. Parvin referred to him as “brother” in the *Grand Lodge of Iowa proceedings* of 1893, no record of his membership has been found in that state.

Alexander McDowell McCook (1831–1903) Union General in Civil War. b. April 22, 1831 in Columbiana Co., Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1852 and promoted through grades to major general, U.S.A. in 1894. Retired in 1895. Was at Bull Run, capture of Nashville, Shiloh and Perryville, Ky. Made brigadier general in 1865. He represented the U.S. at the coronation of Czar of Russia at Moscow in May, 1896. Was a member of the commission appointed by the president to investigate the War Department during the War with Spain. Member of Lancaster Lodge No. 106, Timber Post Office, Peoria Co., Ill. d. 1903.

**** Ross T. McIntire** Member of Portland Lodge No. 55, Portland, Oreg. from at least 1922 until his death, Dec. 1959.

**** Victor McLaglen** d. Nov. 7, 1959 and his lodge conducted the funeral.

Emmett J. McLoughlin Former Catholic priest who wrote the revealing book, *People's Padre*. b. Feb. 3, 1907 in Sacramento, Calif. of Irish emigrant parents. Impoverished in childhood, he attended parochial schools. Entered the Franciscan St. Anthony's Seminary at Santa Barbara, Calif. in Sept., 1922 at the age of 15. After 12 years in the seminary, he was assigned to the parish in the South side of Phoenix, Ariz., a spot characterized by U.S. officials as the worst slum area in the U.S. Here he became as well known as the mayor of Phoenix, and one of the most famous personalities of the Southwest. He secured Federal funds for three major housing projects; started a church for the poor in a vacant

store building and crusaded for a hospital for the poor. He persuaded Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt to make a special trip to Phoenix on behalf of the project, and in 1943 a 232-bed St. Monica's Hospital was built at the cost of more than \$500,000. He served as superintendent of the hospital; was chairman of the Phoenix Housing Authority and secretary of the state Board of Health. The national Catholic press lauded him for his work among the poor and the minority groups of Negro and Mexican citizens. He eventually was called on the carpet by church authorities for spending too much time in secular activities and not enough in the spiritual welfare of his parish. He was ordered to resign and leave Phoenix. He refused and resigned as a member of the priesthood. Then followed a period of testing by fire—threats, anonymous letters and telephone calls. He survived and is now superintendent of a large hospital in Phoenix. He received his degrees in Sahuaro Lodge No. 45, Phoenix, April 1, April 24 and May 22, 1959.

**** John Meek** Was high priest of Honolulu Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. in 1871.

*** Daniel Morgan** Revolutionary hero has never been proved a Mason. J. R. Case of Conn. states that time and place hardly permit him to be identified with one of the same name made a member in Williamsburg Lodge, Va.

**** Jacob Morton** d. in 1836.

Audie Murphy The most decorated soldier of WWII, and

later a movie actor. Received the 32° AASR (SJ) at Dallas, Texas about 1957.

* **John Nixon** There were two John Nixons. The one who was the visitor to American Union Lodge at West _ Point in 1779 was probably the farmer who answered the Lexington Alarm with the Minutemen. He was wounded at Bunker Hill and later at Saratoga. He resigned from service because of his physical condition, moving to Middlebury, Vt., where he lived to the age of 90.

Christopher North (see under John Wilson).

** **Ben W. Olcott** Raised Jan. 26, 1918 in Salem Lodge No. 4; suspended NPD Jan. 6, 1933. Also suspended NPD from Multnomah Chapter No. 1, R.A.M. and DeMolay Commandery No. 5, K.T., all of Salem, Oreg.

Eleazer Oswald ** Eleazer Oswald Was only a visitor to Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia. Became master of Lodge No. 19 (Pa.) in Dec., 1789, later withdrawing, but no date entered. Made a Mason in the lodge at New Haven, Conn. (Now Hiram No. 1) on March 17, 1777.

Eleazar A. Paine (1815–1882) Union Brigadier General of Volunteers in Civil War. b. Sept. 10, 1815 in Park-man, Ohio. Graduate of U.S. Military Academy in 1839 and assigned to 1st Infantry, serving in Florida War of 1839–40. Resigned from service in latter year, studied law and practiced first in Painesville, Ohio (1843–48) and in Monmouth, Ill., 1848–61.

Served in Illinois legislature and was a deputy U.S. marshal for Ohio. Held rank of brigadier general in Ohio militia. Entered Civil War as colonel of 9th Illinois Volunteers in 1861 and made brigadier general in Sept. of that year. Led a brigade at Paducah, Ky. and Cairo, Ill. in 1862 was under Gen. John Pope in the Army of the Mississippi and participated in the Battle of New Madrid (Mo.). Present at capture of Island No. 10, advance on Corinth and Farmington. In command of Gallatin, Tenn. and commanded Western Kentucky district at end of war. A personal friend of President Lincoln. Member of Monmouth Lodge No. 37, Monmouth, Ill. d. Dec. 16, 1882.

* **John Park** (1754–1789) He signed his name PARKE. Was first senior warden of American Union Lodge at Roxbury, Mass. on Feb. 13, 1776.

Paul L. Patterson (1900–1956) Governor of Oregon, 1952–56. b. July 18, 1900 in Kent, Ohio. Graduate of U. of Oregon in 1923 and 1926. In private law practice at Hillsboro, 1932–52. Served as state senator. Was preparing to run for U.S. Senator against Wayne Morse when he died, Jan. 31, 1956. Raised in Quality Lodge No. 6, Hillsboro, Ore. in 1940.

William J. Paterson Dean of Masonic librarians, having been librarian and curator of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania since 1934. b. Aug. 25, 1885 in Philadelphia. Raised March 13, 1907 in Gothic Lodge No. 519, he was master in 1919 and secretary from 1923–42. Received 50-year award in 1957 and has served as chairman and member of several grand lodge committees. Exalted in Temple Chapter No. 248 in

1908; was high priest in 1917 and is representative of Grand Chapter of Scotland. Greeted in Philadelphia Council No. 11, R. & S.M. in 1922 and is a life member of same. Knighted in Pennsylvania Commandery No. 70, K.T. (now merged with Kadosh No. 29) in 1915, served as commander in 1923 and is a life member of same. Was grand standard bearer, Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania in 1935 and was director of the Pa. K.T. Educational Fund until 1958. Member of the Benjamin Franklin Consistory, AASR (NJ) since 1919 and received 33° on Sept. 24, 1941. Member of LuLu Shrine Temple; Philadelphia Conclave No. 8, R.C.C.; Pennsylvania College Society Rosicrucians; Royal Order of Scotland; fellow of Grand College of Masonic Rites. He is the author of numerous Masonic books and an authority on Benjamin Franklin's Masonic papers. In his custody are some of the rarest books in our Masonic history. He has made the Pennsylvania library progressive by circulating books by mail throughout the state and providing reference facilities for scholars and researchers.

George W. Peck (1818–1905) U.S. Congressman to 34th Congress, 1855–57, from Mich. b. June 4, 1818 in New York City. Attended Yale and studied law in N.Y.C. Moved to Mich. in 1839 and settled in Brighton, where he was admitted to the bar and practiced from 1842–45. Served in lower house, 1846–47, and speaker of same last term. Moved to Lansing when state capital was located there in 1847, and was first postmaster of that city. He was secretary of state of Michigan, 1848–49, and state printer, 1852–55. He was editor and owner of the Lansing Journal. Served as mayor of Lansing in 1864. Moved to East Saganiga, practicing law there, 1864–73. Then

moved to St. Louis, Mo. in 1873, Hot Springs, Ark, in 1880 and Bismarck, Mo. in 1882. He was grand master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan in 1854–55. Raised March 17, 1846 in Detroit Lodge No. 2, Detroit, Mich. Was first senior warden of Lansing Lodge U.D., and on death of its master in Jan., 1849, became master. He was installed as first master on Jan. 31, 1850 when it was chartered as No. 33. In 1852 he was a member of Brighton Lodge No. 42, returning to Lansing Lodge No. 33 in 1853. He dimitted the same year to become a member and first master of Capitol Lodge of S.O. No. 66 of Lansing, and on May 6, 1857 he again became a member of Lansing Lodge No. 33. d. June 30, 1905 at home of daughter in Saginaw, Mich.

Plantagenet (Pen name for Edouard Ignace Engel) (1892–1943) Editor and martyr. h. 1892 in Brussels. He was a newspaperman, reporter and editor, whose name was known in all liberal and freedom-loving circles of Europe. He started his newspaper career at 16 and at 18 had published a book on the Germanization of Poland. Visited most European and South American countries. During WWI he worked as a reporter and editor of the Belgian newspaper in exile at London and was the leader of the group known as The Human Rights. Following the war he settled in Paris where he took over the publications *La Paix* and *Evenement*, the latter having been founded by Victor Hugo. He was honored with decorations from France, Siam, Yugoslavia, Poland and Serbia. A member of the Grand Lodge of France, he founded the Lodge Goethe No. 379 in 1926. It was the only German-speaking lodge in France, and served as master many years.

He was the French delegate to the International League of Freemasons, and after the Fall of Paris in WWII, he aided many Masons to escape from their countries. For this, and for working with the French resistance, the Nazis arrested him in Oct., 1943 and on the following Dec. 25 he was killed by them in the Buchenwald concentration camp.

Edgar C. Powers Grand Chaplain, Supreme Council, AASR (SJ) and Sovereign Grand Inspector General in Maryland. Received A.B. from George Washington U. and in 1908 was ordained elder in Methodist Church. Served as a chaplain with national guard for 20 years and was chaplain three years at Md. penitentiary. He is now executive secretary of the Maryland Bible Society and district secretary for the American Bible Society. Received 32° in 1920; KCCH in 1927; 33° in 1935. Appointed deputy in Maryland in 1938 and chaplain of the Supreme Council, 33° in the same year.

Samuel Woodson Price (1828–1918) Artist and soldier. b. Aug. 5, 1828 at –"Sugar Grove" near Nicholasville, Ky. Showed an unusual talent for drawing and painting at a very early age. Studied portrait painting under artist, Oliver Frazer, in Lexington, Ky. In 1847 he painted a portrait of William "King" Solomon, a local character, which set him off on his long career of portrait painting. He entered the Union Army at the outbreak of the Civil War with the rank of major and was soon made colonel of the 21st Kentucky Volunteers. He participated in the battles of Stone River, Resaca and Kennesaw Mountain, where he was seriously wounded above the heart. Brevetted brigadier general of volunteers on March

13, 1865. Served as military commandant of Lexington, Ky. in 1865, and from 1869–72 was postmaster of that city. He then moved to Louisville, Ky. He painted more than 200 well-known Kentuckians and prominent people of his day and is considered one of Kentucky's greatest portrait painters. Wrote *The Old Masters of the Bluegrass* (1902), story of noted artists, painters, sculptors of Ky. He was a member of Good Samaritan Lodge No. 174 of Lexington from 1850–52 and records show he was a member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky. from 1867–74. d. Jan. 22, 1918.

* **Vernon E. Prichard** T. S. Parvin Consistory, Iowa (not La.).

* **Thomas Proctor** (1729–1806) He signed his name as PROCTER. The poem in his biography contains a typographical error. The word “Hannon” should be “Shannon.”

** **Henry Purkitt** b. 1755.

William F. Reborn, Jr. Vice Admiral and first Director of Navy's Fleet Ballistic Missile Program. b. June 8, 1905 in Decatur, Texas. Graduate of U.S. Naval Academy in 1928, advancing through grades to rear admiral in 1956 and vice admiral in 1960. Designated Naval aviator in 1934 and assigned to battleships, destroyers and aircraft carriers, 1928–40; established the aviation gunnery school at Barbers Point, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, 1940–42; was executive officer of the U.S.S. Hancock, 1943–45; chief staff commander of Task Force 58 and commander of Carrier Division 2, Eastern Pacific, 1945–47; operations officer commander for Air West Coast,

1947–49; with research and development of guided missiles, Naval Operations, 1952–54 and assistant chief of staff, Atlantic Fleet, 1955. Raised in Lodge of the United Services No. 1118, N.Y.C., Nov. 29, 1954. On that night he presented a gavel to the lodge that was made from the burned decks of his ill-fated ship, the U.S.S. Bennington. Member of Almas Shrine Temple, Washington, D.C.

William H. Rockwell (1870–1960) Chief of the Oneida Indians. b. May 10, 1870 in log cabin in Oneida, N.Y., and lived in that city all his life. He was a tool designer, retiring at the age of 73. He was widely known as a lecturer on Indian customs and medicines. From 1932 he lectured each year at the New York State Fair Indian Village and was a popular guest speaker for many social and–civic organizations. Was member of Oneida Lodge No. 270, Oneida, N.Y. d. July 30, 1960.

Vincenzo Sellaro b. April 24, 1868, was founder of the Order of the Sons of Italy in America (OSIA). Knighted by the Italian government in 1922 for his aid to the Italian American community. Grand Master Garibaldi Masonic Lodge No. 542. d. Nov. 28, 1932.

Charles W. Somers (1868–1934) Principal owner of the Cleveland Blues, baseball team. Was raised in Tyrian Lodge No. 370, Cleveland, Ohio, March 3, 1895.

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